

TURKISH TORPEDO BOAT SUNK BY RUSSIAN WARSHIPS ATTACKING BOSPHORUS FORTS

KASER AND WAR STAFF PLANNING NEW CAMPAIGN TO OFFSET LOSS OF PRZEMYSL

Return of ex-President Venizelos to Athens Reveals Rumors That Greece Will Soon Abandon Neutrality—Survivor of the Falaba Says Crew of German Submarine Wore Khaki and Warship Flew English Ensign When Sighted by British Steamer.

London, Mar. 30.—Germany's next move in the military field—for some time either in the east or the west is expected before the Allies attempt their spring advance—is at present the chief subject of speculation and conjecture. According to reports reaching here from Petrograd, the German Emperor is now at Berlin holding a war council with Field Marshal Von Der Goltz, the German military commander of Constantinople, and other leaders, and is planning a new campaign to offset the fall of Przemysl, and meet the situation in the Dardanelles.

There has been nothing of an outstanding nature in either theatre of the land operations since the surrender of the Austrian fortress, although the British cabinet met today, and there is every reason to believe that it considered the liquor question and the stamping out of the evil which is now one of the great problems of the nation. There is still much talk on prohibition, but it is not generally be-

AIRCRAFT AID ALLIED FLEET IN THE DARDANELLES

Operations on Small Scale Resumed Sunday—Only intermittent bombardments—Turks Trying to Repair Damage to Forts—Concentrating Forces at Smyrna.

Dardanelles, Sunday, March 28, via Sofia, to London, March 30.—After being remained almost totally inactive since March 18, vessels of the Allied fleet today developed slight activity near the entrance to the Dardanelles, bombarding lightly what appears to have been an untenanted infantry position.

ALLEGED SCANDAL PROVED A BUBBLE

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, March 30.—The terrible scandal which F. H. Markey, K. C., of Montreal, has been hinting that he will spring at the boot inquiry in regard to the Ames-Holden boots, absolutely blew up today.

Mr. Markey, who is a Montreal lawyer, once famous for having received a concession from the Laurier government of all the fish in the Hudson Bay, has no status before the committee. He represents a Montreal client against whom Ames-Holden have filed suit for statements made in regard to their boots. He is on a fishing expedition for evidence for this libel suit. The members of the committee have been lenient with him and have allowed him to cross-examine at will.

Mr. Markey several days ago produced a couple of Ames-Holden boots bought for the Militia Department which had a lined vamp. He intimated that this was a palpable fraud. Today, the factory manager of Ames-Holden, H. V. Matthews, went on the

stand and showed conclusively that the boots which they had made with lined vamps were better than those of solid leather. They were better and longer. He made them this way because in some cases the leather was a little thin. He was anxious to make the best possible boots and ordered the superintendent to line the vamps so that there could be no doubt as to their wearing ability and value. Such a boot cost eight to ten cents a pair more to make.

Two soldiers, Private Ross and Sergeant Muskie, who were both at Valcartier and Salisbury Plain, had testified that their boots had given eminent satisfaction and were still good though having been in use over six months. Their boots which were in evidence were cut open and were found to have lined vamps thus bearing out the contention of Mr. Matthews that lined vamps wear longer than the ordinary vamps.

Besides Mr. Matthews several tanners were put on the stand. They swore that the lined vamps were the best.

LIVELY SESSION OF ACCOUNTS COMMITTEE

Carvell Gets Worst of it in Tilt with Witnesses at Inquiry.

PURCHASE OF HORSES SUBJECT OF PROBE

No vouchers produced by two Liberals who bought horses in Maritime Provinces.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, March 30.—If the examination of witnesses in the Public Accounts Committee this afternoon did not provide a very great deal in the way of actual evidence as to the price paid for individual horses for the first contingent, the sitting was one of the liveliest of the session and there were some interesting contretemps. F. B. Carvell conducted the examination almost the entire afternoon, and the witness that broke over his devoted head.

The chief witness was W. P. MacKay, who acts as private secretary to the chief Conservative whip during the session, and the tilts between him and the member for Carleton, N. B., provoked a good deal of amusement. He was much too clever for Mr. Carvell.

It seems that when the war started Mr. MacKay was doing a commission business in Ottawa, but the war left him more or less free, and he was employed by a man named F. B. Koeber to assist him in purchasing horses for the military. He went with him to Nova Scotia, bought 113 horses from farmers around Berwick and Kingston, paid \$19,530 for them, which money he received from Koeber by cheque signed by A. DeWitt Foster, M. P., and came home again after over a fortnight's work, for which he was paid \$150. Out of this he had to meet his own expenses.

When asked by Mr. Carvell for the vouchers and receipts to give all the vouchers and receipts to Mr. Koeber who employed him, and he could not remember the names of the farmers from whom he had purchased the horses.

Mr. Carvell—"And you expect the committee to believe that?"

Mr. MacKay—"I don't care whether they do or not." (Laughter.)

Mr. Carvell—"You won't help your cause by any of this smart, Alice business." This was Mr. Carvell's method of getting after a witness when he saw the laugh had been turned against him.

Mr. MacKay said he had last seen Mr. Koeber on September fifth in Montreal, and had not heard from him since.

"Koeber flew the coop," remarked Mr. Carvell.

When witness and his interrogator were sparring, Geo. W. Fowler made a jocular reference to the fact that Mr. Carvell had more than met his match.

"To this member for Carleton, N. B., returned: "You watch the papers tomorrow and see what comfort you can get out of it."

"You've had a pretty good dose of what papers have to say," replied Mr. Fowler, amid laughter.

These two members had several exchanges which were much enjoyed by the committee. Mr. Fowler invariably getting the better of the member for Carleton.

Some Lively Tilts. The witness had just said that Mr. Foster, M. P., had had nothing to do with him regarding the buying of horses, although of course he knew he was buying them. "The same as you know," he said, nodding across to Mr. Carvell. He said he had never discussed the buying of horses with Mr. Foster and when doubt of this word was expressed by Mr. Carvell, he said: "I would trust the committee, but I would not trust you."

Mr. Fowler's amusement at this reply was quite evident, and Mr. Carvell turned to him and said: "George, you seem to be enjoying yourself. I've seen you in committee before." (Continued on page 4)

RUSSIAN SHIPS ATTACK FORTS ON BOSPHORUS

Czar's Warships Fire 128 Shots From Distance of 11 Miles.

TURKISH TORPEDO BOAT SENT TO BOTTOM

Fleet of enemy's torpedo boats attempt sortie but driven to cover by fire from Russian ships.

Berlin, Mar. 30 (by wireless to Sayville)—Included in the items given out today by the Overseas News Agency is the following: "A special despatch received here from Constantinople says the first bombardment of the Turkish fortifications on the Bosphorus by the Russian Black Sea fleet consisted of a firing of 128 shots at the forts from a distance of seventeen kilometres (11 miles). The forts did not reply to this."

Petrograd official reports say the Bosphorus forts were bombarded by Russian warships last Sunday, and that the Russian fire was accurate. The vessels of the Black Sea fleet drove back some Turkish torpedo boats which attempted a sortie and they sent one Turkish ship to the bottom.

AMERICAN ON STEAMER SUNK BY GERMANS

London, Mar. 31.—The official announcement is made that among missing passengers of the steamer Falaba, which was sunk by a German submarine, is Leon Chester Thrasher, an American engineer, who has been living for the past year on the Gold Coast, British West Africa.

ONLY 2 P.C. INCREASE IN UNEMPLOYMENT AMONG BRITISH TRADE UNIONS

London, March 30.—Returns furnished by trade unions show that out of a membership of 1,250,000, the unemployment on February 1 were 20,000, or 1.6 per cent, as compared with 4.7 per cent, a year ago.

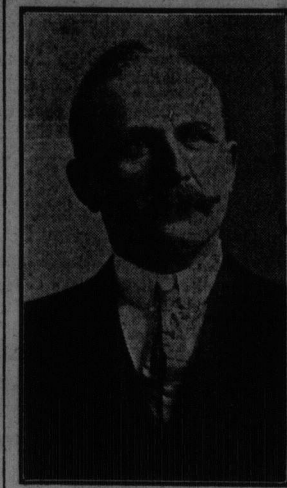
CANADIAN LOAN MET WITH GREAT SUCCESS

London, Mar. 30.—Allotments of the Canadian government loan today showed that there was not enough to go round. Applicants for large amounts received only sixty-six per cent, while small applicants, ranging from £100 to £3,000 received full allotments. The successful result of the loan had a good effect on the market.

Sir George Perley, together with other representatives of the overseas dominions, recently met Lloyd George, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and discussed financial arrangements, the decision arrived at being that loans to be floated were to be devoted only to the payment of maturing indebtedness and the carrying on of works under construction and contract.

The Imperial government, says Sir George Perley, is acting fairly all round, as indicated by the fact that

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY REPORTS A SURPLUS OF \$11,455 FOR THE YEAR



HON. DR. LANDRY, Provincial Secretary.

MAJ. GEN. STEELE TO LEAD SECOND CONTINGENT

Toronto, March 30.—Major General Sam Steele, inspector general of the western forces of Canada, will be the man to lead the Second Contingent to the front. General Steele, who is at the general hospital as a result of his recent accident, stated today that he had been offered the command by Sir Robert Borden and Major General Sam Hughes, had accepted it, and believed that within the course of a week he would be in condition physically to leave for the front on a moment's notice.

ALLAN LINE MAKES CUT OF \$15 IN FIRST CLASS PASSENGER FARES

Minimum \$67.50 from St. John to Liverpool—New tariff effective April 30.

Montreal, March 30.—The Allan Line has made a cut in first class passenger fares of \$15 to go into effect April 1. The first application of the new rate will be in connection with the sailing of the Hesperia from St. John, N. B., April 30. The minimum first class rate will be \$67.50 to Liverpool, instead of \$82.50. For the summer season between Montreal, Quebec and Liverpool the Allan Line minimum first class rate will be \$75 instead of \$90. Whether a rate war is developing or not is a question that cannot be answered in this city yet.

THE MUNICIPALITIES COMMITTEE SESSION

Fredericton, N. B., Mar. 30.—The Municipalities Committee met this morning and the bill to fix the valuation on the saw mill property of John Maloney at Chatham for assessment purposes was withdrawn. The bill to authorize the municipality of Queens county to make temporary loans; bill to exempt from taxation investments by local people in towns of Sussex; debentures to authorize a bond issue of \$25,000 for extension of the water system at Chatham, and bill to change date of holding municipal election in Victoria county to such date in September as may be decided upon by the county council were agreed to with amendments.

The Manchester City Corporations application for permission to float a loan was recently turned down.

Estimated Revenues for Coming Year Are \$1,565,750.15 and Estimated Expenditure \$1,557,493.75—Liberal Provision for Roads, Bridges, Education and Agriculture—No War Taxes Found Necessary For This Province.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, March 30.—The Legislature passed the first war time budget without discussion this afternoon and before the House adjourned tonight more than half of the supply had been passed.

Commodore Stewart, the North Shore critic, intended to make a speech in the budget debate which he anticipated would take place, but after all his long experience in legislative matters, the Commodore gave a fine impersonation of that famous living picture "Asleep at the Switch" while the House voted itself into committee on supply.

While the Commodore sat in his seat huskily shouting that it was six o'clock (something of which most of the members were pretty well aware) the Speaker waited for Mr. Stewart to move adjournment of the debate. Instead the Commodore seemed intent to have the Speaker take recess. However, the Speaker called for a vote, and before the Commodore woke up to what had happened the House had voted itself into committee on supply.

At the evening session when items were being passed the Commodore asked for an explanation of one item after another, whether new or old, and they were courteously given by the minister. It was a sad day for the Commodore, for earlier in the afternoon Dr. Price, of Moncton, had spoken to a question of privilege to call attention to a gross misrepresentation regarding him which had appeared in the Chatham World, in some of the correspondence sent over from here by its editor-in-chief. The doctor promised that something further would be heard of this matter later on.

The Budget Speech.

Hon. Dr. Landry's second budget speech was clean cut, clear exposition of the financial standing of the province. It was not so flowery, perhaps, as some of the budget speeches of the past, but it was the speech of a man who knows his department, has thorough knowledge of the entire financial operations of the province, and who has a wealth of statistics culled from official statements for years past which prove each point

TWO MILLIONS FOR PENSIONS IN THE SUPPLEMENTARIES

Additional Estimates tabled yesterday total \$6,667,540—Vote of \$1,137,400 for building Branch Lines of I.C.R.—\$10,500 for Harbors and Rivers of New Brunswick.

Ottawa, Mar. 30.—Supplementary estimates, tabled in the Commons today by the Minister of Finance, provide for a further vote of \$6,667,540, of which \$4,630,140 is chargeable to revenue and \$2,037,400 to capital account. This brings the total amount which parliament has so far been asked to vote for the coming year to a little over \$197,000,000, or within \$5,000,000 of the total amount asked for last year. The total amount of the main and supplementary estimates chargeable to revenue is now \$163,416,000. Of the expenditure chargeable to revenue the supplementaries today contained an item of \$2,000,000 for pensions and \$1,375,000 for relief of settlers in the provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan, owing to the crop failures of last year.

Other votes included \$19,000 to provide for payment of the full seasonal indemnity of members of the House of Commons, who have been unable to attend either through illness or because they are on active service; \$1,137,400 on capital account for construction of branch lines of the Intercolonial and a new coaling plant at Louis; \$500,000 for harbor and river improvements at Port Arthur and Furt William; \$850,000 for Vancouver harbor improvements and \$175,000 for building wharf, \$2,700,

For the I. C. R. The Intercolonial Railway items are as follows: Bathurst, spur line, \$62,400. Branch line from Sunny Brae to Mulgrave, \$1,000,000. Lewis—New coaling plant, \$75,000. Votes for public buildings in the Maritime Provinces are as follows: Halifax Customs House—Improvements, \$3,000. Sydney—Public building, improvements, \$3,000. St. John—Custom House improvements, revote, \$1,500. For Harbors and Rivers. Nova Scotia—Total for Nova Scotia, including revote, \$4,650. New Brunswick—Lower Caraque—Repairs to wharf, \$1,800. Quaco—Repairs to breakwater extension, \$4,500. Stone Haven—To repair breakwater, further amount required, \$1,500. Upper Caraque—To repairs and rebuilding wharf, \$2,700.

he makes, one after another, and cannot be contrived.

Hon. Dr. Landry's budget speech was strongly in contrast with those delivered in some other provinces in which Liberal governments are in power since the war commenced. Nova Scotians are being called upon to pay special war tax for maladministration of their affairs under the Murray Liberal government. New Brunswick, under the Clarke administration, is to see no curtailment in expenditures for necessary public services and there will be no war tax. On the other hand estimated receipts and income for 1915 are greater than last year, the largest, in fact, in the history of the province. Important public works are to be carried on; New Brunswick's financial stability will carry it through the world's greatest crisis without phasing its prosperity.

Assembly Chamber, March 30.—The House met at 3 o'clock. Mr. Carter presented the report of the committee on standing rules.

Mr. Munro presented the report of the committee on Municipalities.

Hon. Mr. Wilson moved for suspension of the rules to permit the introduction of a bill relating to the Pine Valley Cemetery Company. Mr. Tilley moved for a similar suspension in favor of bills relating to St. John Protestant Orphan Asylum, the St. John City Assessment Act of 1909 and (for Dr. Bourque), relating to a bill to incorporate Richibucto and Buxton for electric light purposes.

Mr. Gramann moved for a similar suspension in favor of a bill relating to the Cedar Hill Cemetery, Parish of Lancaster.

Mr. Grimmer presented the petition of the Town of St. Stephen in favor of the bill to enable the town to make loans, also the petition of Henry M. Smith and others in favor of the bill to incorporate Miram Lodge I. O. O. F. Mr. Stewart, Northumberland, introduced a bill to amend the act relating to the Town of Chatham.

Mr. Smith introduced a bill to amend the act incorporating the South West Boom Company. Hon. Mr. Morrissey presented the petition of the South West Miramichi Driving Company against the bill containing an act incorporating the South West Boom Company. (Continued on page 2.)

NEW BRUNSWICK'S FINANCES IN FIRST "WAR BUDGET" COMPARE WITH THE VERY BEST IN ALL CANADA

Splendid Showing Made by Hon. Dr. Landry, Provincial Secretary, in His Financial Statement Presented to Legislature Yesterday—Public Services Well Maintained and Tidy Surplus Reported—"Business As Usual" the Motto for Coming Year.

(Continued from page 1.)

Dr. Price introduced a bill to authorize the City of Moncton to issue debentures for the construction of a market building, and for other purposes. Dr. Price arose to a question of privilege and said he and the government had been grossly misrepresented by a paragraph which had appeared in the Chatham World of the 24th instant in reference to his notice of inquiry in regard to the payment of a check of \$21 to Auguste Dugas of Madawaska. He then read the article which sought to excuse Mr. Dugas, but while it was admitted that the money had not been earned, no effort had been made by him to return it. This matter would be taken up, and he would content himself now with saying that the article grossly misrepresented him. The government had no knowledge whatever that he was making the enquiry.

Hon. Mr. Baxter introduced a bill to incorporate the Grand Orange Lodge of New Brunswick and subordinate lodges.

The Budget Speech.

Hon. Dr. Landry, at 4.05, presented message from His Honor Lieut-Governor, submitting estimates for current year, and moved that consideration be referred to the committee on supply.

Estimated Income, 1915.

Dominion subsidies	\$637,976.16
Territorial revenue	550,000.00
Fees, Provincial Secretary's Office	31,000.00
Taxes incorporated companies	51,000.00
Private and local bills	500.00
Succession duties	135,000.00
King's printer	3,000.00
School books	17,200.00
Probate Court fund	16,500.00
Supreme Court fund	25,000.00
Provincial Hospital	31,000.00
Jordan Memorial Sanatorium	8,000.00
Factory Inspector	550.00
Liquor licenses	43,000.00
Motor vehicles	46,000.00
Agriculture Department, notes, etc.	1,600.00
Seed wheat	10,000.00
Wharves—half cost from Dominion government	5,223.99
Miscellaneous receipts	5,000.00
Total	\$1,565,750.15

Memo—

Estimated receipts	\$1,565,750.15
Estimated expenditure	1,557,493.75
Abstract of Estimated Expenditure, 1915.	
Administration of Justice	\$ 25,700.00
Agriculture	60,000.00
Seed wheat	3,700.00
Auditor General	3,700.00
Boy's Industrial Home	1,500.00
Campbellton Relief (Fifth annual payment)	5,000.00
Colonization roads	3,000.00
Commission to investigate crown land and Valley Railway charges and other matters	4,300.00
Education	285,185.00
Executive government	54,100.00
Elections	1,000.00
Factory Inspector, Board of Engineers, moving pictures	3,165.00
Fish, forest and game	30,000.00
Classification of crown lands	1,200.00
Free Grant Act	1,000.00
Guarantee bonds—government officials	900.00
Immigration	10,700.00
Interest	350,000.00
Jordan Memorial Sanatorium	25,000.00
Legislation	39,258.75
Liquor Licenses	27,000.00
Mining and mineral development	2,000.00
Natural History Societies	600.00
New Brunswick Historical Society	125.00
New Brunswick Rifle Association	300.00
Public health	5,200.00
Public hospitals	10,000.00
Provincial Hospital (Insane)	91,000.00
Printing	18,100.00
Probate Court salaries, etc.	13,500.00
Public works	379,000.00
Refunds	600.00
Revisors	1,800.00
Roads and surveys, settlement lands	900.00
School books	16,000.00
Sinking funds	31,760.00
Surveys, crown lands and railway inspection	7,000.00
Stampage collection	28,000.00
Succession duties collection	6,250.00
Superannuations	2,900.00
Tourist Associations	2,500.00
Unforeseen expenditures	3,400.00
Total	\$1,557,493.75

Hon. Dr. Landry on rising to move the house into committee on supply, said that when making his budget

speech last year he was pleased to be able to make a statement to the house that the province was to be congratulated upon the fact that the ordinary revenue for the preceding fiscal year had exceeded the ordinary expenditure by the sum of \$1,207,378. This year, notwithstanding the fact that the whole civilized world is confronted by conditions the like of which have not been known since the beginning of time, in spite of all the absorbing war in which the whole British Empire is at present engaged, notwithstanding the fact that the trade of the universe is disturbed and paralyzed, indeed to know that Eastern Canada, and among the eastern provinces our own province of New Brunswick has withstood the shock the best of any, and that during the fiscal year just ended ordinary revenues have again been larger than current expenditures by the tidy sum of \$1,454,555. Who would gainsay the assertion that to-day New Brunswick is enjoying a comparative degree of prosperity which is not enjoyed apparently by the western provinces, nor enjoyed to the same extent by other portions of the American continent. He had a number of newspaper clippings of recent date bearing on this subject and he asked the house to bear with him while he read several. Some of the clippings gave interviews with persons showing the stability of trade and the flourishing conditions existing in the province, and one gentleman sent out by a Montreal newspaper inquired into conditions throughout Canada told of the situation as he found it in the Maritime Provinces, paid particular attention to the prosperity of New Brunswick and added that while there had been bread lines in some Canadian cities during the past winter, "in the Maritimes, Providence you don't know what a bread line is."

Continuing Dr. Landry said it might not have been necessary for him to have referred to the healthy condition of trade in this province but he wanted it to be a matter of record that New Brunswick, limited in its area, limited in its revenue, handicapped, perhaps, in its geographical position from extending its boundaries, was being governed by political, civil and religious institutions which through this crisis made the people happy, loyal and contented as well as free from many of the hardships being endured by citizens of other provinces and other sections of America.

The Telegraph Answered

Before proceeding to an examination of the estimated revenue and expenditure for the year, he wished to briefly refer to an article which appeared in the St. John Telegraph of Monday, January 4th last. This article was supposed to be a criticism from the opposition, not the leader of His Majesty's Loyal Opposition within this house, but the leader of the opposition outside the house.

That gentleman had held the position of premier and provincial secretary and thus he knew of the provisions under which the business of the province was carried on, and he also was responsible for what he said. The statement which that honorable gentleman had criticized was that which was published in the Royal Gazette under the provisions of the Consolidated Statutes, 1903, which called for the publication in detail of a satisfactory statement of accounts by the auditor-general at the end of the fiscal year. He would ask whether in this house or out of the house if that statement as published in the Royal Gazette by the auditor-general in December last did not fully come up to the requirements of the statute and was not a statement in detail giving a satisfactory explanation of the accounts of the province.

If that was not enough he would ask the leader of the opposition outside the house if this was not the same style of statement which had been published when he was provincial secretary. There never was a government in this province or any other province in Canada or in the Dominion which took into consideration capital expenditures for the year in endeavoring to place before the country a statement of their financial operations for the year showing the surplus which they had.

It was always ordinary revenue and expenditure which was given. Mr. Robinson, when he was provincial secretary, had called upon a firm of chartered accountants, Messrs. Jenkins and Harvey, to come down and help him and they had done so. They examined the statement which was published at the close of each fiscal year, the mode by which it was made up, and they approved of it as it had been submitted. If Mr. Robinson had not failed to find with the statement then why is he criticizing it now? Simply because he felt he had to make some kind of criticism, but that which he had made would not hold water,

nor would it pass the consideration of thoughtful business men.

Special Warrants

He would next take up the various special warrants which had been passed under the Audit Act during the past year as shown in the auditor-general's report. These were orders passed by the treasury board and it was one of safety provisions under the present audit act that there could not be such a chaotic state as existed before the present administration came into power and found that bills were being paid before the auditor-general ever saw them, and that often they were paid on the word of one member of the government without the others knowing of them at all.

Under the act of 1908 the accounts were handled in a safe and proper way so that the interests of the province were protected, and that, when unforeseen expenditures occurred which required special grants, this money was available only when passed by the treasury board. The first of the items usually reported was that for the extermination of the brown tail moth, for which a vote of \$1,500 was passed on April 24th to finish the work then in hand. It had been the policy of this government to grapple with the brown tail moth pest in a determined manner so as not to let it get too much headway. He believed that the good results which had come from expenditures for the brown tail moth surveys amply justified payments which had been made.

The next item was a special warrant for \$800 for legislative contingencies. This was made necessary by the session of the legislature being somewhat longer than anticipated and thus increasing the cost of contingencies in that connection.

The next item was a vote made necessary by the grant to the Centreville Agriculture Society towards its exhibition building and prize list, which was money well spent.

The next item was a special warrant for \$4,508 necessary in connection with immigration and largely for work being carried on by the Ontario office. It had been this government's policy to make this province known not only in this country and the American Republic but also in Great Britain, and the success which had attended the work carried on in London during the past few years as indicated by the number and fine class of immigrants brought out to this country, amply justified the expenditures being made.

The Jordan Sanatorium

The fact that the Jordan Memorial Sanatorium was a new institution made it rather difficult to estimate exactly the amount of money necessary for its maintenance, and thus it had become necessary to pass an order to pay certain amounts which had been incurred in making up the estimates for the year. However, all knew the great ravages which the dreaded consumption was making throughout the world and all realized the noble and good work being carried on by various institutions in trying to cope with the scourge. Now that the institution was no longer new it was expected that the superintendent would be able to more closely estimate the expenditures required and in this connection he was able to say it was expected that the expenses for the present year could be materially reduced.

Roads and Bridges

The order for \$10,000 which had been voted on the 8th of September for roads and bridges was made necessary by a large expenditure necessary to repair the damage caused by heavy rains in the fall of 1913 and the exceptionally high freshets in the spring of 1914.

The government since its advent in power in 1908 had been paying out as much as it felt it ought to pay for this important public service, and any time when the revenues came in and it was found that there was additional money which could be expended for this service the administration was always glad to be able to give it for this purpose, expenditures having been incurred during the past few years because of the neglected condition in which the roads and bridges were found when this government came into office.

This government's policy had been to try to keep the public services so as to make this province such a country to live in as would keep the young people here.

There was also an order passed during the year to supplement the amount voted for fish, forest and game protection. What he had said as to the other public services applied also to this important service. New Brunswick's big game had become a revenue producer and it was necessary to see that it was properly conserved in order that the province and people might enjoy the benefits therefrom.

Fish, Forest and Game

The increased cost of living and increased number of patients was responsible for a supplementary vote being necessary for provincial hospital maintenance. And thus every order which had been passed by the treasury board could be satisfactorily explained.

Votes to the Empire

There were, however, two special warrants to which he wished to call attention. They were each for \$75,000 and were for special votes to the Empire. In this great crisis when history was being made, it was felt by the

government that New Brunswick could not do too much towards assisting the Motherland and therefore this province had been in line with the other provinces of the Dominion and in fact was the first to offer to do her share in the matter of assistance. He did not believe there was a man either within or without this House who would enter any objections to New Brunswick having made gifts which she did towards the Imperial Government's requirements at this time.

A Comparison.

Taking up the statement of receipts and expenditures as estimated and as actually made during the past year, Hon. Dr. Landry laid before the House the following comparative statement:

RECEIPTS ON ORDINARY REVENUE COMPARED WITH THE ESTIMATES OF 1914.

	Receipts	Estimates	Receipts in Excess of Estimate	Estimates in Excess of Receipts
Dominion Subsidies	637,976.16	637,976.16		
Territorial Revenue	554,361.01	550,000.00	4,361.01	
N. B. Settlements	2,157.00			
Fees, Provincial Secretary's Office	30,739.56	32,000.00		1,260.44
Taxes Incor. Companies	60,801.82	61,000.00		198.18
Private and Local Bills	559.99	1,250.00		690.01
Succession Duties	20,108.55	50,000.00		29,891.45
King's Printer	3,089.30	2,800.00	289.30	
School Books	17,242.17	17,000.00	242.17	
Liquor Licenses	44,088.36	43,000.00	1,088.36	
Probate Fee Fund	16,487.54	16,000.00	487.54	
Supreme Court Fee Fund	2,316.83	2,500.00		183.17
Provincial Hospital	30,778.53	30,000.00	778.53	
Jordan Memorial Sanatorium	7,538.60	8,000.00		461.40
Motor Vehicles	15,330.00	12,000.00	3,330.00	
Factory Inspector	529.00	600.00		71.00
Sales Agricultural Live Stock	159.78	1,756.69		1,596.91
Miscellaneous Receipts	4,552.53	5,600.00		1,047.47
Fisheries Claim against Old Government	66,382.00		66,382.00	
Wharves one half cost from Dom. Government		5,223.99		5,223.99
Total	\$1,505,228.78	\$1,477,406.84	\$27,821.94	\$44,778.01

EXPENDITURE OF 1914 COMPARED WITH ESTIMATES.

	Expenditure	Estimate	Expenditure in Excess of Estimate	Estimate in Excess of Expenditure
Service	\$ 21,954.51	\$ 20,776.84	\$ 1,177.67	
Administration of Justice	46,082.34	47,700.00		1,617.66
Agriculture	3,369.43	3,400.00		30.57
Auditor General's Office	2,000.00	2,000.00		
Boy's Industrial Home	5,000.00	5,000.00		
Campbellton Relief	3,542.95	3,000.00	542.95	
Colonization Roads	2,717.15	2,500.00	217.15	
Crown Land Classification		100.00		100.00
Commission to Investigate Crown Land Limits and Val. Ry.	666.28		666.28	
Contingencies Department	21,872.16	21,300.00	572.16	
Exhibitions	12,137.98	12,000.00	137.98	
Elections	1,730.34		1,730.34	
Engineers Services and Expenses				
Valley Railway Bridges	2,153.09		2,153.09	
Executive Government	45,344.61	45,275.00	69.61	
Education	276,750.88	274,050.00	2,700.88	
Factory Inspection	1,988.92	2,000.00		11.08
Fish, Forest and Game	33,229.45	30,000.00	3,229.45	
Farm Settlement Board	1,555.37	1,500.00	55.37	
Free Grants	932.37	1,000.00		67.63
Natural History Societies	83.50	900.00		816.50
Interest	270,125.77	290,000.00		19,874.23
Immigration	16,568.68	12,000.00	4,568.68	
Jordan Memorial Sanatorium	26,509.90	20,000.00	6,509.90	
Liquor License Fund	26,906.90	27,500.00		593.10
Legislative Assembly	29,984.20	29,508.75	475.45	
Legislative Library	812.35	750.00	62.35	
Mining	861.81	2,000.00		1,138.19
Moving Picture Censors	1,000.00	1,100.00		100.00
Monuments (Cartier)	3,000.00	3,000.00		
N. B. Historical Society	125.00	125.00		
N. B. Rifle Association	300.00	300.00		
Natural History Societies	600.00	600.00		
Probate Fee Fund	14,296.59	13,000.00	1,296.59	
Printing	18,531.01	18,100.00	431.01	
Provincial Hos. Maintenance	93,724.99	89,000.00	4,724.99	
Pensions School Teachers	6,587.19	6,250.00	337.19	
Public Health, Small Pox	3,938.13	4,000.00		61.87
Public Health, Hospitals	10,000.00	10,000.00		
Public Health, Salaries, & Ex	2,189.16	2,200.00		10.84
Public Works:				
Ordinary Bridges	194,521.51	295,000.00		105,478.49
Roads	126,756.21			
Public Buildings	30,185.95	32,500.00		2,314.05
Steam Navigation	23,531.27	24,000.00		468.73
Wharves	9,948.79	10,000.00		51.21
Miscellaneous Bldg Works	5,977.15	6,000.00		22.85
Motor Vehicles	1,458.56	1,400.00	58.56	
Roads and Surveys Settlement Lands		800.00		800.00
Revisors	1,846.64	1,800.00	46.64	
Refunds	531.56	1,250.00		718.44
Stampage Collection	27,814.78	30,000.00		2,185.22
Succession Duties	3,465.30	5,000.00		1,534.70
School Books	16,783.26	17,000.00		216.74
Superannuation	2,550.00	2,250.00	300.00	
Sinking Funds	28,997.00	25,585.00	3,412.00	
Surveys, Crown Lands, etc	3,998.58	4,000.00		1.42
Railway Inspection	4,557.65	4,000.00	557.65	
Tourist Associations	2,500.00	2,500.00		
Unforeseen Expenses	3,657.30	3,500.00	157.30	
Total	\$1,493,774.23	\$1,468,420.39	\$25,353.84	\$60,802.21

Total expenditures in excess of estimates \$25,353.84

Referring to the various items making up the receipts, he said that a bill which was being introduced by the Attorney-General would make it so that receipts from various sources for the provincial secretary's office would be up to the amount of last year despite the ruling of the Privy Council regarding the taxation of certain companies.

Passing along to the various items he mentioned that the receipts from the King's Printer during the past year were twice as much as from that service as in the last year of the old government's regime.

School Books

As long ago as 1903 the present Premier made the accusation in house that there was a school book ring and that school books were costing the parents of the province thousands and thousands of dollars annually more than they should. Year after year the matter came up and we claimed something should be done to remedy this grievance. When the present government came into power they at once took hold of the matter and the whole of the then opposition with one voice declared that our policy could not be made a success. At that time we claimed that every book which was sold in the province had to pay a toll to the nefarious book ring at St. John and when we came into power we found evidence to prove that our claim

We Have the Largest Stock of MILLINERY In Eastern Canada To Select From

The original Hats from Paris have been given to one of the largest Canadian hat manufacturers to copy for us in the very best qualities of Tagel, Hair, Hemp and Milan, and having purchased in such large quantities we are selling Hats at prices lower than the average milliner can buy.

Novelties in Millinery Accessories arriving weekly from Paris and London and daily from New York.

Marr Millinery Co., Limited

It appears that the present school book policy was a losing game he was only too pleased to have such questions put as it gave him an additional opportunity every time of showing the many benefits that the government's policy was producing. Taking it all around, the loss in the whole six years amounted to \$5,137, and out of this amount was paid freight, salaries of all men attending to the business and any other expenses incurred thereby. Under the circumstances if it were any satisfaction to the opposition and their press to ask questions about school books he would be only too pleased to answer them.

Liquor Licenses

In the matter of liquor licenses the actual receipts were \$44,088 as against an estimate of \$43,000 which showed an excess of receipts of \$1,088. As he said last year, this was an item which he would very much like to see struck out altogether, for all would agree that the less liquor sold in the province the better for every one, however, while it was not expedient at the present time to deal in a drastic manner with the question, the government was doing what it could to further the temperance cause. They had provided extra facilities for the people to rid themselves of the license law if they wished to, and in several places in Gloucester and Restigouche counties the people had shown their appreciation of the facilities afforded by the government by taking prompt advantage of them.

The items for the probate fee fund and supreme court fee fund vary a little from year to year and the government had no control over them.

Regarding the provincial hospital there was an excess of receipts over the estimate of \$778. When the present government came into office it found the various municipalities indebted to the government to the extent of \$24,000 or more, but since that time the government had succeeded in reducing this indebtedness to little more than half and they were doing their level best to reduce it every year.

Receipts from the Jordan Memorial Sanatorium were \$461 less than the estimate.

Regarding motor vehicles the receipts had exceeded the estimate by \$3,330. This was an item which would grow every year as the people became more and more prosperous and with the wisdom of the policy of present bridges in thorough repair the people appreciated advantage of motor travelling.

The factory inspector produced \$71 less than was anticipated and the receipts from the sale of live stock were considerably less than it was expected they would be.

In the matter of miscellaneous receipts the estimate was \$5,500 while the receipts were \$4,552, a difference of \$1,047. These receipts were made up from various sources particulars of which would be found on page 34 of the auditor's report.

The total receipts for the year were \$27,821.94 in excess of the estimates.

Expenditures.

Turning now to the expenditures Dr. Landry compared them with the estimates. Regarding the expenditure for Crown Land Classification, which was \$2,717 or \$217 in excess of the estimate, he said he did not wish to anticipate anything the Premier might wish to say on the subject at a later stage of the session. In the speech from the throne it was stated that it was intended to introduce measures to provide for a reclassification of the Crown lands as it was felt that the present arrangement was neither fair to the lumbermen or the province. Before the government could deal intelligently with the matter they must be thoroughly aware of the different classes

MOTHER! THE CHILD IS COSTIVE, BILIOUS

If tongue is coated, breath bad, stomach sour, don't hesitate.

Give "California Syrup of Figs" at once—a teaspoonful today often saves a sick child tomorrow.

If your little one is out-of-sorts, half sick, isn't resting, eating and feeling naturally—look, Mother! see if tongue is coated. This is a sure sign that it's little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with waste. When crows, irritable, feverish, stomach sour, breath bad or gas, stomachache, diarrhoea, sore throat, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs" and in a few hours all the constipated poison, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

Mother, can rest easy after giving this harmless "fruit laxative," because it never fails to cleanse the little one's liver and bowels and sweeten the stomach and they thereby love its pleasant taste. Full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups printed on each bottle.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs"; then see that it is made by the California Fig Syrup Company. Don't be fooled!

1909	
1910	
1911	
1912	
1913	
1914	
Total	
Average	

MORE MONEY FOR PUBLIC SERVICES AND STILL SHOWS A GOOD SURPLUS

Result of wise administration at Fredericton evidenced in financial statement for 1914, presented by Provincial Secretary—Better Roads, better Bridges and increased Grants for Agriculture and Education.

(Continued from page 1.)

The expenditure for education during the past year had been the greatest in the history of the province and he was also glad to be able to say that it showed a larger ratio of increase than any government had been able to boast of since 1865.

The following statement showed the expenditures for education each ten years since 1865:

Table with columns: Year, Expenditure, Increase, Decrease. Rows for 1865, 1875, 1885, 1895, 1905, 1914.

He was pleased to be in a position to announce such an increase as this because he did not believe that there was anything better any administration could do than to encourage education to the utmost limit of its resources.

The next item on the list was that of \$2,153 for Valley Railway engineers services and expenses respecting bridges.

This represented the amount paid to Mr. C. N. Monarrat, C.E., an expert bridge engineer, who had been engaged by the government in connection with the preliminary arrangement for the construction of a bridge over the St. John River for the Valley Railway.

Mr. Monarrat had been one of the engineers in charge of the construction of the Quebec bridge since it fell down and was regarded as one of the leading experts in bridge engineering in America.

Comparing this with the last two years of the present government's administration there was an expenditure of \$19,159 in 1913 for printing on a total expenditure of \$1,446,963, while in 1914 the amount paid for printing was \$15,531 on total expenditure of \$1,605,228.

Under the old government there were so many over drafts, suspense accounts and so forth that year after year passed without the province ever receiving a cent in interest on the credit balance.

Under this administration these conditions had changed until now, even with the expenditures for important public services more than double in some cases, the province had credit balances at the bank and did not have over drafts such as in old days.

The following statement showed the amount of interest paid on current account at the bank for the last six years under the old administration and the first six years since the change:

Table with columns: Year, Interest Received. Rows for 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, Total, Average.

When the deeds of the Canadian soldiers and their track shooting on the battlefields of Europe were read in the newspapers it showed the people of New Brunswick that the \$300 which the province voted annually for prizes for shooting on the rifle ranges was money well expended and that the expenditure was bringing good returns.

The reason that the expenditure for public health during the past year was not as much as in previous years was the result of the government's policy

not to pay the expenses of small pox outbreaks except in cases of epidemics. That explained why it was that this item had been cut for it was felt that the municipalities were well able to pay the expenses connected with small pox outbreaks where there was only a case or two and not a real epidemic.

But after the votes were counted on one time fearing that almost everybody, including those gentlemen who were running against them had small pox. It was found that their opponents had something worse than that.

Mr. Stewart (Northumberland)—"You must have had something even more catching."

Hon. Dr. Landry said he and his colleagues had something that was good enough to elect them and re-elect them in 1912, and it would be time if there was any one thing which seemed to stick in the crops of the opposition more than anything else.

If there was one department of which the government might well be proud, it was the public works department. During the administration of the present government the roads and bridges had undergone a wonderful improvement.

The new steel bridge at St. John was a structure of which the people of the province should be proud. It was the greatest span arch in the world, he had been informed, and it was pleasing to the people, to note that this bridge was necessary, not because the old structure was falling down, but because of the increased traffic between east and west St. John was becoming so great that a new bridge over the Reversing Falls had become necessary.

Then there was the bridge over the St. John River at Grand Falls, which would be a monument to the ability of this administration. It was a creditable structure and was calculated to last for many years. It became necessary because the piers under the old structure were being undermined by the great force of water passing through the gorge at that point.

The new bridge over the Miramichi at Newcastle was necessary, because another bridge of short distance further up river, had been so long in use that it fell down three years ago. It was only reasonable that in erecting a new bridge a site should be selected which would give immediate access and egress for such a thriving and progressive town as Newcastle.

This new bridge had therefore been built across the Miramichi from Newcastle to the populous territory immediately opposite the town, thus affording communication between these districts. This was also to be another fine permanent structure erected in this province, and he believed that within a short time would introduce a bill to provide for the construction of a new steel bridge over the Pettaucodiac River connecting Moncton with the prosperous territory in Albert county.

The following statement showed how much more was being devoted to the roads and bridges of the country under this government as compared with the old.

Table with columns: Year, Ordinary Bridges, Roads. Rows for 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913.

The increased cost of living and increased number of patients was responsible for increasing the cost of maintenance at the Provincial Hospital. The number of patients at the institution was growing larger. The \$93,000 which was spent for this institution last year was well spent. The patients were getting the best of

service and the best of care. At one meeting of the commissioners held last summer, and he well remembered that Hon. Mr. Fleming was at that meeting, there had been sufficient saving on the purchase of a supply of butter to offset more than the cost of the salaries of the commissioners for the whole year.

In passing he would like to say that the question which was asked in the House regarding Mr. Fleming's attendance at meetings of commission as very much out of place and very ill mannered. But returning to the transaction to which he was referring it had been a decision to purchase under a contract the butter for the institution for a long period at a price which was so much below market prices, which had since ruled, that the saving had been as large as he had mentioned.

In passing he would like to say that there was no item which gave him any more pleasure to refer to than that of pensions for school teachers. Just as it was necessary to provide all facilities possible for education it was also necessary to encourage the teachers of the province so that they would have the satisfaction of not only knowing that they had been engaged in a good work during their active career, but that when the time came for their retirement the province shows its appreciation of their good services by sending a little gratuity to them each year.

The Teachers' Pensions. In passing he would like to say that there was no item which gave him any more pleasure to refer to than that of pensions for school teachers. Just as it was necessary to provide all facilities possible for education it was also necessary to encourage the teachers of the province so that they would have the satisfaction of not only knowing that they had been engaged in a good work during their active career, but that when the time came for their retirement the province shows its appreciation of their good services by sending a little gratuity to them each year.

Receipts and Estimates of 1914 and Estimates of 1915. Service, Dominion Subsidies, Territorial Revenue, N. B. Settlement Lands, Fees Provincial Secretary Office, Taxes Incorporated Companies, Private and Local Bills, Succession Duties, King's Printer, School Books, Liquor Licenses, Supreme Court Fund, Provincial Hospital, Jordan Memorial Sanatorium, Motor Vehicles, Factory Inspector, Sales Agriculture Live Stock (Notes etc.), Miscellaneous Receipts, Wharves, % cost from Dom. Govt., Fisheries Claims against Old Govt., Seed Wheat.

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ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 31, 1915.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H. M. The King.
 TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

THE PROVINCIAL BUDGET.

The people of New Brunswick have reason to congratulate themselves on the really excellent showing which Hon. Dr. Landry, Provincial Secretary, was able to make in his budget presented to the provincial legislature yesterday. The past year has been an exceptional one, in that gloom and uncertainty settled over many Canadian business communities. There was a pronounced financial depression affecting public as well as private business and it was a wisely managed concern indeed which, in the face of such unfavorable conditions of business, could show that it had kept its expenditures within bounds and still had a credit balance on the year's work.

It is all the more gratifying therefore that, under such unusual conditions, the Provincial Secretary is able to announce a surplus of \$11,454.35 on the year's operations. And, unlike surpluses proudly flaunted by governments which administered the affairs of this province prior to 1908, it is a real surplus produced by careful and honest collection of the public revenues and expenditure of public funds and not manufactured by trick books keeping with a trail of suspense accounts and overdrafts in the background. Under the system of accounting which has been in use in Fredericton since the advent to power of the Hazen Government the people can easily see that they receive absolute value for every dollar spent and that no public money is unaccounted for or diverted from the purpose for which it is intended. The books of the province no longer require a chartered accountant or a Philadelphia lawyer to interpret them but are simply and openly kept. There is nothing hidden because there is nothing to hide. The transactions of the Government are open and above board and will stand the fullest scrutiny. Under such conditions it is not surprising that Dr. Landry was able to produce a statement so satisfactory as that of yesterday but it may be of interest to make a few comparisons of matters affecting the people in which this Government's record can fairly be placed beside the best records of the Pugsley, Tweedle or Robinson administrations.

One matter which, to a great degree, interests all classes of people in this province is that of education. Since 1908 the sums devoted to this most important service have been far in excess of the best efforts of preceding administrations. In connection with education the question of school books naturally arises. When the Robinson government was in power members of the then opposition declared that the notorious "school book ring" in St. John was forcing the people to pay far more for school books than was necessary. It is the inalienable right of every child to get the best education his parents can afford and any government moving to reduce any items of expense in connection with education is acting decidedly in the interests of the people. Such an idea was ridiculed by Mr. Robinson and his colleagues but after Mr. Hazen became premier it was one of the first acts of his government to put their theories into practice. Dr. Landry, yesterday, after six years' experience with this policy was able to make an interesting report. Since 1908 the Government in the operation of its school book policy, has lost the sum of \$23,367 while, at the same time, it has been able to put into the pockets of the people in the way of cheaper school books a saving of \$37,961, sufficient to meet all costs of operation and still give the people almost \$15,000 of a net gain.

Next to education the most important of the public services is that of roads and bridges and in this department too the government stands far superior to any previous administration. More money has been devoted every year to improving our roads and bridges than in the best years of former administrations, and that the people have received value for every dollar expended is evidenced by the great improvement to be seen in every county.

is doing a real work. Perusal of the statistics presented by the Provincial Secretary will show that the grants for the development of this most important of all industries are far greater than they were prior to 1908. And as in other departments value has been given for every dollar expended.

Coming to smaller matters it is interesting to note the criticisms which have appeared in the opposition press regarding alleged extravagance on the part of members of the Government in the matter of travelling expenses. Dr. Landry had a word to say about this too yesterday and he showed by official statistics that during the six years since 1908 the total travelling expenses of Government members reached the sum of \$23,457 compared with \$35,446 for the luxury loving gentlemen who held office during the six years prior to 1908. And the business of the province is immeasurably greater now than under former administrations, requiring necessarily a greater amount of travelling.

For the coming year the Government has modelled its course on the slogan "business as usual." There will be none of the Pugsleyian methods of economy—saving money at the expense of the public services. All necessary work will be done and the aggressive policy which has marked the Government's course in regard to education, agriculture and roads and bridges will be continued. At the same time there will be a continuance of that wise watchfulness and care which brought order out of the chaos in which Mr. Hazen found the financial affairs of this province. The people may well feel satisfied with the splendid showing the Government has made and with that satisfaction exists also the knowledge that the Clarke administration will live up to its well earned title of THE SQUARE DEAL GOVERNMENT.

THE CIVIC GRANTS

As was expected the commissioners yesterday yielded to the appeal of the delegations which waited on them at City Hall and asked for a restoration of the civic grants to the various organizations which, in the past, have been receiving public assistance. The next problem will be to get the money. If, as the commissioners claimed several weeks ago, the sums provided for the departments were already the lowest they could get along with and give good service, it will be interesting to see what they can do if they provide something like \$8,000 in grants and still maintain their departments at the desired standard of efficiency. The estimates for the year have already been determined upon, so it is likely the money for the grants will be taken from general revenue.

There will be general approval over the decision to restore the grants even though the amounts to be paid will be twenty-five per cent. less than last year. The organizations affected are all doing excellent work and have much to commend them to the public. It must not be imagined that the grants awarded to them yesterday will be sufficient to maintain the activities of those worthy organizations. The public will still be called upon to contribute largely to their support and the first opportunity will come on Saturday, when violets will be sold for the benefit of the Playgrounds Association. This association had planned on an extension of its work during the coming summer but unless the public responds very generously to the appeal it is possible they will be obliged to limit rather than expand.

Some of these days, when financial and business conditions are again normal, the civic rulers will be called upon to grapple with the problem of supporting all organizations operating for the public good. If these organizations can justify their existence they should be assessed for in the same way as any other civic department. At present, however, such an idea is out of the question and it will be generally accepted that in restoring the grants the commissioners have acted wisely.

THE PROVINCIAL BUDGET

(Continued from page 3.)
 course to spend money upon which interest had to be paid. Owing to special circumstances with which the financial world was confronted at the present time, money was dearer than usual consequently the interest paid now was higher, it appeared to him to be a matter for the greatest gratification that a small province like New Brunswick was able to go out in the money markets of the world and borrow money at a lower rate of interest than any other province. He was very much surprised to hear a member of the House speak lightly of this the other day. He had disposed of the 900 worth of bonds in the United States and even after having paid all expenses they had a profit of \$1,500 over and above par.

Immigration.
 The item for immigration was considerably less than the actual expenditure last year. The reason was that owing to the war they did not expect many settlers to come out, and therefore it would not be necessary to go to so much expense in looking after them at this end. Another thing, by the death of the late provincial representative \$2,000 a year was saved in salary. Mr. Sumner of Moncton has undertaken to perform the duties of that office without remuneration. Mr. Sumner was a gentleman with whom most everyone was acquainted, and at a banquet recently tendered him in Moncton public men of all shades of political opinion testified to the esteem in which he was held and he need hardly say he heartily endorsed every word which had been said on that occasion.

The item for mining, the estimated expenditure was \$2,000 as against an actual expenditure last year of \$861. The excess was caused by the fact that a diamond drill had to be provided for carrying on such work.

The item for printing was the same as last year, an expenditure which it was felt would be sufficient and the same remark applied to the Provincial Hospital.

Public health was practically the same as before and various items in the appropriation for public works were made upon the same basis as last year. He thought that honorable members would agree with him that money could not be better spent than on the roads and bridges of the province, and thus providing the best transportation facilities possible.

Business as Usual.
 In conclusion he might say that the government's intention was to continue "business as usual" and while they did not intend to have any let up in the expenditure for necessary work, it would be carried on on economical lines as had been their aim since coming into power. At the same time, they were keeping an eye on efficiency and he hoped if it was his duty next year to lay the estimates before them he would be able to show that the expenses for the current year worked out in accordance with the estimates he was laying before them today.

The motion carried without division and the House went into committee of supply with Mr. Young in the chair. The committee took recess until 8 o'clock.


THE WAR STAMPS

Instructions have been received for the use of the war stamps, an extra cent on letters and postal cards to any point in Canada, United States, Great Britain or Mexico. The new regulations will go into force on April 15.

The postal authorities have also been notified to charge one cent for a stamp on postal notes in addition to the regular commission and two cents on all money orders, no matter what size. Provision is made for collection at the purchasing office, but if the notes or orders go through collection may be made from the payee and in case of his refusal, the notes or money are to be returned. The war tax stamps will be here in a few days and will be available before the new regulations go into force. The postal authorities, in their circular just issued, state it is desirable that the extra tax be paid with war tax stamps instead of the ordinary one cent stamp. The ordinary stamp will be accepted, however, in case the war tax stamp is not available, but only in such cases, although under no consideration will the war tax stamps be accepted in payment of postage.

NEW VAUDEVILLE NOVELTY FOR YOUNG-ADAMS COMPANY

As an added vaudeville novelty for the last half of this week at the Opera House, the Young-Adams Company will offer "Kubell," known all over the world as "The Crazy Violinist." While "Kubell" is an artist of rare musical ability, he is also an eccentric genius and delights in rendering his selections in all sorts of peculiar poses, standing on his head, hanging from a trapeze and other difficult positions. He makes his first appearance with the company tomorrow night.



OXO

OXO CUBES are exactly suited to the needs of men in training for the war. They build up strength to resist climatic changes, they promote fitness, and counteract the effects of cold and fatigue.

CUBES

Little Benny's Note Book.

By LEE PAPE
 Puds Simkinsez stesey cnzsin Persey startid to kum up wile us fellos was awl setting awn my frunt steps today tawking about the war and wat we wood rathir tde wih, and Reddy Merly sed, Lets pertend Persey is a spy and lock him up in Benny's vesterbule.
 Wich jest then Persey cam up, saying, Helo, fellos.
 Helo, we awl sed, and Reddy Merly sed, To arma, to arma, hes a spy.
 To arma, to arma, we awl yelled. And we jumped up and awl got around Persey and psuade him in my vesterbule and shut the doar and kepp a hold of the doornob so he coodent open it.
 Lets make him say, Herryay for Ingland, sed Sam Krawes.
 No, lets makeh im say, Herryay for Germlany, sed Ed Warnick.
 And sum of the fellos wuntid him to say Herryay for Ingland and sum wuntid him to say Herryay for Germlany, and we kepp awn holding the doornob and argewing about it, and aftir a wile we comprised awn Masicko, awl calling in to the spy, Say Herryay for Mexicko, say Herryay for Mexicko.
 Wich the spy didnt say anything, and I called in. You better say it, spy, or we will kum in thare with a submeren and a lot of cannins and blow you awl ovr the vesterbule.
 But Persey kep awn not saying anything, and Reddy Merly yelled, Hey, you spy, you bettir say Herryay for Mexicko quick or ill kum in thare and beet you up.
 Now I bet he will say it, awl rite, sed Sid Hunt. And we awl lisenend, but we didnt heer anything, and Reddy Merly sed, Forward march, we will go in and execute him.
 And we quick opened the vesterbule doar and awl ran in, and heer no bobby was in thare but us, awn akount of Persey not beeing thare.
 G, I bet he ran in the house, I sed, And we awl ran back to the kitchen, and Nora, beeing our cook, sed, Well, wats the meening of awl this kumng tramping throo the cleepn house.
 Did you see Persey, I sed.
 He cam throo the kitchen and went out the back way 10 minnit ago, now you kids cleep out of this, sed Nora.
 Wich we did.

ST. JOHN BILLS IN HOUSE TODAY

Delegates from this city to oppose and support legislation — Tax exemption the centre of interest.

W. H. Barnaby, W. C. Allison, Commissioner Wigmore, Russell and Potts and several others went to Fredericton last night in connection with the civic legislation that is to come up in the House today. Other representatives of the Board of Trade and the Retail Merchants' Association will go to the capital this morning, as well as a large delegation from the labor organizations.
 The chief interest in centered in the bill to amend the assessment laws of St. John, whereby incomes up to \$1,000 would be exempt from taxation, and the right to vote in civic elections would be given on the payment of a poll tax of \$2. The Board of Trade and the Retail Merchants' Association will oppose the bill. It is expected that there will be at least fifty citizens ready to oppose the bill, while the labor men will support it.
 It is expected that the following

PILES

Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Painful Piles. No surgical operation required.

Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as a certain cure you will be able to walk, stand, or sit as usual. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamps to pay postage.

Sharpe's Never Sell "Almost Right" Glasses

Every person who buys glasses at Sharpe's secure perfect fitting glasses. We never let a customer leave our Optical Department without lenses accurately ground to correct the particular defects in that person's vision. And these lenses are held in the right position before the eyes.

Another feature of Sharpe's service is that frames are fitted to improve your personal appearance, and to be comfortable.

Sharpe's glasses are always economical. You cannot buy perfect fitting glasses cheaper than our prices.

L. L. Sharpe & Son,

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,
 21 King Street, St. John, N. B.

DESIGNS SKETCHES TRADE MARKS CRESTS COATS OF ARMS

Designs in Color Carefully Prepared

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 65 1-2 Prince Wm. Street.
 ENGRAVERS PRINTERS

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are not only unprofitable, but they endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA?
 Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Drops and Soothing Syrup. It is pleasant, it contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of



The Kind You Have Always Bought
 In Use For Over 30 Years
 THE GREAT LAKES COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY, U.S.A.

MODERN TIME PIECES

The accurate Time Keeping qualities of "The Modern Watch" are to be found in the Watch of Moderate and even Low Price, as Compared with those of our Grandfathers time.
 Our large stock of Watches, are from "The Best" only of the "Modern Watch Factories."
 You should consult us about Watch accuracy.

Ferguson & Page,
 Diamond Importers and Jewelers—King Street.

"HARTT" SHOES

MADE IN NEW BRUNSWICK



The Leaders in Men's High Grade Footwear

Dark Tans Dull Calf
Vici Kid Kangaroo
and Patent Colt
 in Bleucher, Seamless, Laced, Button and Low Cuts.

Prices \$5.50 and \$6.00

Francis & Vaughan
 19 King Street

Flash Lights

We have a splendid assortment of these useful articles at prices ranging from

—: 65c. to \$1.50 —:

T. McAVITY & SONS LTD., 13 KING ST.

SAFETY FOUNTAIN PENS

Can be carried in any position without leaking.
 In Gold and Silver Mountings

BARNES & CO. LTD. - 84 Prince William St.
 ST. JOHN, N. B.

D. K. McLAREN, LIMITED

Manufacturers of

Genuine English Oak Tanned Leather Belting, Balata Belting
 Lace Leather and Belt Fastenings of Every Description.

Complete Stock at
 64 Prince Wm. St. Phone 1121. St. John, N. B.

Full Staff of Trained Teachers. The Best Course of Instruction. Individual Attention given each Student.
 Our Best Advt. the Success of our graduates.
 Students can enter at any time.
 Catalogues to any address.

For Good Friday Order ROBINSON'S HOT CROSS BUNS

Leave Orders Early At Your Grocers

S. Kerr, Principal

NEW BRUNSWICK'S GREATEST SHOE HOUSE
Waterbury & Rising Limited.

COLONIAL LOW SHOES AND PUMPS
Soon the weather will allow the wearing of dainty low pumps. The indications are that Colonials and Pumps will be most popular. All our Low Cuts are selected from makers who study the requirements of the women of St. John with the result that wearing a Low Cut from our establishment means a perfect fitting shoe.
\$2.00 up to \$5.50 a pair



Summer Hotels and Cottages
No modern hotel or country residence, church or store is complete without a modern lighting system. Our "Scientific acetylene generator" are used in hundreds of buildings and are highly recommended and fully guaranteed.
Send for circular or call and investigate.
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Get what you require in the printing line from us and it will be done RIGHT
Commercial Printing of All Kinds
Standard Job Printing Company
St. John, N. B.

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SAFE CLEAN FRESH MILK FROM CONTENTED COWS
Milk that Human Hands Have Never Touched

Before you take a drop of milk from Primecrest Farm, let us tell you how it is produced, how it is handled and how carefully we guard it all the way to peoples' homes.
PRIMECREST FARM MILK comes, in the first place, from clean and perfectly healthy cows, cows that regularly undergo the tuberculin test and are GUARANTEED FREE FROM DISEASE, cows that are carefully fed, in the best way, on the proper food and comfortably housed in clean, sweet, airy barns. PRIMECREST FARM MILK is handled by men who must be personally clean, who are medically examined, regularly, who wear clean, white duck suits and caps while milking and who wash their hands after they've milked each cow.
PRIMECREST FARM MILK is passed through sterilized gauze and strainers to free it from sediment, is handled in sterilized pails and cans, scientifically cooled to further prevent disease, then DELIVERED IN STERILIZED SEALED GLASS JARS. Pure Milk, 8c.; Certified Milk, 9c.; Special Baby Milk, 12c. a Qt.
Let Us Start Next Month and Supply You, Every Day, with PRIMECREST FARM MILK.
PRIMECREST FARM - South Bay, St. John - Phone W. 287-43

DIED.

PHELAN—At Halifax, N. S., on Monday morning, March 29, 1915, Alice Mable Phelan, youngest and dearly beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Phelan. (Massachusetts papers please copy).
WETMORE—Suddenly, in this city, on March 30, Katherine B. Wetmore, beloved wife of Henry S. Wetmore, in the 43rd year of her age, leaving a husband and seven children to mourn.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

Violated License Act.

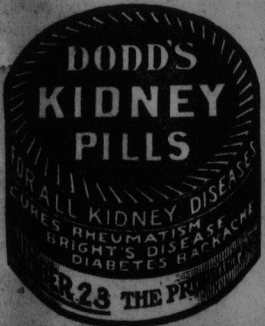
In the police court this morning two beer dealers on Brussels and Britain street, respectively, will be charged with selling liquor. It is stated that the beer has been analysed and will be shown that the sale was a violation of the act.

Broken Windows.

Some person at midnight, Monday, threw a rock which smashed through the basement window of J. W. Andrews' residence at 174 Sydney street. The matter has been reported to the police.

WEDDINGS.

Pettie-Rathburn
The marriage took place yesterday afternoon at the residence of Hiram Rathburn, Victoria street, of George Fraser Pettie of South Clones and Miss Alma Odessa Rathburn of Hibernia, Queens county, sister of Mr. Rathburn at whose home the ceremony took place. Rev. B. H. Nobles officiated. The bride's costume was of white silk. The couple were unattended.
Mr. and Mrs. Pettie will leave today for South Clones where Mr. Pettie is a prosperous farmer.



LIVELY SESSION OFFICERS OF 55TH BATTALION OF ACCOUNTS APPOINTED PROVISIONALLY COMMITTEE

(Continued from page 1)
To which Mr. Fowler retorted: "I've seen you too, and heard you. We could hear you roar three miles away."
On asserting that he had not been paid a commission on the horses he bought Mr. Carvell remarked:
"Mr. MacKay, I think that a saint like you ought to be in Holy Toronto."
Another amusing passage occurred when Mr. Carvell asked the witness if he had asked Mr. Stanfield to find Mr. Koeber.
"I asked Mr. Stanfield sensible questions," was the quick reply, and Mr. Carvell subsided for a while.
In answer to Mr. Fowler witness said he had paid every dollar and every cent of the \$19,630 he had received to the farmers for their horses.
Mr. Carvell asked if some of the horses had not been sent to the glue factory.
Mr. Fowler—"Not one."
W. H. Bennett—"Maybe those that Major Anderson bought from his brother."
Mr. Carvell—"Have you heard that horses bought by you never went on the cars?"
Mr. MacKay—"No, but that might have happened regarding those bought for the South African war."

Carvell Called to Order.

At this point Chairman Murphy objected to Mr. Carvell asking questions of this sort unless he was prepared to bring evidence forward to substantiate the allegations contained in the questions. He insisted that Mr. Carvell be fair. For a few minutes there was uproar in the committee and finally Mr. Carvell interjected that "we have no Keever in my county and I am glad to say we have no Mackay's either."
E. N. Rhodes sprang to his feet and defended Mr. Mackay warmly. "I have known Mr. Mackay intimately for 25 years," he said, "he bears the reputation of being an honest and honorable man. I have always found him so. I say this in common decency to Mr. Mackay, because of what you have said. I do it in consequence of what you have been blurring out for the benefit of the press."

No Vouchers from Liberals.

Records produced by the auditor showed that the following average prices had been paid for horses. Lieut. Col. H. I. McLeod, of Sydney, \$190.07; Major S. B. Anderson, of Moncton, \$235.70; Major General Lessard, of Toronto, \$171.24, and A. Dewitt Foster, M. P., \$170.54.
There were no vouchers produced for the horses purchased by Anderson or McLeod, who are strong Liberals, in the Maritime Provinces, and the Liberals of the committee avoided the subject, but it was shown that Major Anderson's first purchase of horses had been from his brother, W. H. Anderson. Anderson also bought three from his brother-in-law, W. H. Copp, for \$565, an average of \$188.33.
The average price paid by the department east of the Great Lakes was \$173.31, and west of the Great Lakes, \$151.14.
The auditor general stated that between the horses given to the permanent force and those sent across the water for the first contingent there was a balance of 379 unaccounted for. So far as he knew, he said in reply to Mr. Rhodes, these were still in the possession of the government.
Philip Parent, a chauffeur who was at "Valcartier" a good deal, as often as four times every day, testified that he saw only five horses shot, and saw six others being carted to the glue factory at Quebec.
Col. Stoneman, of Hamilton, who was 45 years in the militia, and who has been retired for seven or eight years, was called by Mr. Carvell regarding the combined spade and shield which has been patented by Miss McAdam, private secretary to the Minister of Militia, claimed he had invented the spade in 1902.
On cross examination Col. Stoneman admitted that his invention was not a spade at all. It did not have a handle even.

A Grass Fire.

Yesterday afternoon the West Side firemen were called out by an alarm from box 212 for a grass fire in the Queen Square.

Keys Found.

A bunch of keys found by the police on Main street yesterday can be obtained by the owner applying at the central police station.



Capt. Brown appointed Junior Major of 26th Battalion - 50 men for Railway Construction Corps arrived from West-Army Service Corps quartered in Exhibition Buildings.

Following the announcement of the appointment of provisional officers of the 65th Battalion, it is the intention of Col. Kirkpatrick to take more active measures to recruit the battalion up to strength, and a recruiting campaign, with public meetings, will be started in various provincial centres next week. Yesterday Col. Kirkpatrick called on the Mayor, and was offered the use of the Belgium Relief warehouse on the Pettigill wharf in connection with the work of the officers of the battalion for the next few weeks.
Announcement was made yesterday that Captain Brown, who has been adjutant of the 26th since its mobilization had been promoted to the rank of major, succeeding Major McAvity, who was promoted to the position of brigade major. Captain Brown is very popular with the officers and men of the regiment. He is well qualified to take the position, having spent 15 years in the regular Irish Dragoons, and five years in the Westminster Dragoons, both regiments of the regular army.

More Men From West.

The Railway Construction Corps on the West Side was augmented yesterday by the arrival of 40 men from Winnipeg and nine from Calgary under the command of Lieut. Hudson. There are now about 150 men of the corps quartered in care at Christopher's Pl. Col. Ramsay spent the day making arrangements for the reception of other detachments which are expected here in the next few days. He will probably return to Montreal today. The men are being given training in the regular infantry drill. Every member of the corps is an expert in some particular line of railway construction or repair, and their training while here will be on military lines rather than of a technical character.

Yesterday three companies of the Army Service Corps which arrived from the West on Monday marched over to the exhibition buildings and took up quarters there. The officers of No. 7 company which came from Winnipeg are Major H. F. Freeman, Capt. R. A. Laird, Lieut. E. O. Leadley and R. W. Marshall. The officers of No. 8 company which comes from Vancouver are Major Mitchell, Capt. Morrison and Lieut. Morton.
Capt. McArthur, Captain Dunfield and Captain Kinnear, who have been

CHIEF SIMPSON SOLVES TERESA MULLEN CASE

After many days of hard work and a great deal of correspondence, Chief Simpson has been able to unravel the identity of one Teresa Mullin, nee Casey, and the matter is rather interesting. In being able to give the information requested the chief says that the newspapers both in St. John and Boston worked an important part in it.

The inquiries at first came from New Zealand, the amount of settlement of money that had been left to Teresa Mullin nee Casey, and it was stated at the time that persons in Ireland who claimed to be brothers and sisters were asking that the money be paid to them as the party in question was dead. From the information received by Chief Simpson it appears that the Teresa Mullin is no relation to the people in Ireland who are seeking for the money, but the person who died and has the Irish brothers and sisters was a Margaret McCready who was born in Ballysagar, County Donegal, Ireland. The late Teresa Mullin has a son and daughter in East Boston, Mass., and instead of the money going to the people in Ireland who requested it, the cash will become the property of the son and daughter.

Teresa Mullin married Patrick Mullin of the 15th Regiment in St. John and afterwards removed to Elgin, Albert County, where they purchased a farm and settled. She died in New Ireland, Albert County, in 1899, and Patrick Mullin died about eight years ago at the residence of his son, 84 Brook street, East Boston. Records of interment were not regularly kept in the parish at the time but witnesses can be furnished. She left four children, viz., Michael, who died in Philadelphia; Teresa, who died in New Ireland; John, who died in New Hampshire, but who was buried in New Ireland; Mary, now Mrs. McDoal, still resides at 69 Bennington street, East Boston, Mass.

A Disturber Ejected.

The police were called into O'Keefe's saloon on Union street last evening to assist in ejecting a man who was not wanted there.

Assaulted a Soldier.

A young man named Chambers was arrested on Brussels street last night and is charged with using profane language and assaulting Ernest White, a private in the 26th Battalion.

BOY SCOUTS MOVEMENT INCREASING IN INTEREST

Progress reported at meeting yesterday--Six active troops now in St. John.

A meeting of the executive of the Boy Scouts Association was held last evening in the board room of the Y.M.C.A., A. C. Skelton, president, in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. The term of the appointment of Mr. Legge as secretary, pro tem, was, by request extended until the end of the scouts' year, October next. Progress was reported in all the churches, and the revival of the Boy Scout movement was reported as very promising. The total number of Boy Scouts in the city was stated to be 148, in six troops. It was agreed that the different troops in the city should be classed as follows: (1) Waterloo street church; (2) St. Paul's; (3) St. James; (4) Germain street Baptist church; (5) Queen St. Methodist; (6) St. Jude, West End. These troops are active and are registered and recognized. Additional troops are expected to be in evidence soon, Centenary church and the churches in Fairville and other outlying parts being active in the matter. Troops amongst the Catholic community are in course of formation, and it was stated at the meeting that before long there is sure to be a fine assemblage of boys upon the plans approved by Sir R. Baden-Powell and his followers. Richard Ingeston was appointed city commissioner of troops for St. John.

"OUR JIM" NEXT WEEK

The advance sale of seats for the coming presentation of the rural comedy-drama "Our Jim," to be offered at the Opera House on Monday and Tuesday of next week under the auspices of the Loyal Order of Moose, will open tomorrow morning at the box office. A large sale of tickets is reported by the energetic members of the order. The rehearsals have been progressing satisfactorily and the performances promise to reflect credit on the director and the picked local cast.

If your grocer tries to substitute another tea for "SALADA" you may be sure his object is to obtain larger profit than "SALADA" shows him, and you can be just as sure that the other tea will be inferior in flavor and strength, and remember that "SALADA" Teas are free of dust. All pure Virgin Tea Leaves.

OPERA HOUSE

TODAY - Young-Adams Co.
MAT. "Fatal Wedding"
NIGHT "A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL"
Chocolates at Mat.-Souvenir Photo of MARGUERITE at both Performances
Thur--"St. Elmo"
Souvenir Photo of Miss Stevenson
FRI. MAT. "A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL"
NIGHT "ON THE WHEEL"
Souvenir Photo of Miss Adams
SAT. MAT. -- "HER GREAT TEMPTATION"
NIGHT -- "THORNS AND ORANGE BLOSSOMS"
Mon.-Tue., April 5-6
LOYAL ORDER OF MOOSE Present
"Our Jim"
Seats On Sale Tomorrow

IMPERIAL THEATRE TODAY

Daniel Frohman and The Famous Players Co. Present That Splendid Player
MR. WILLIAM FARNUM
In Wilson Barrett's Drama
"THE SIGN OF THE CROSS"
A STUPENDOUS AND IMPRESSIVE VERSION

THIS PLAY derived from the symbol which scores of millions has for many centuries borne so profound a significance, has been filmed by the Famous Players Film Co., with an extravagance of scenic and spectacular effects and a faithfulness to the original settings and atmosphere seldom seen in motion pictures. Everything has been done to give the most sumptuous and lavish production to a play which lends itself admirably to spectacular effects. For many years the original play has fascinated the imagination and swayed the emotions of audiences throughout the civilized world as has no other drama of its type. For the most part, it glows with Titianesque luxuriance of coloring as befits a fearless picture of life in the Rome of Nero. But this exciting world of intrigue and unbridled luxury covers but a portion of the canvas, and the play also reveals, through its Christian characters, the exquisite reverence and saintliness and the serenity of unquestioning faith; and it is through a gallery of startling scenes, now splendid with throned sensualities and stately luxury, now beautiful with piteous suffering and illumined with holy hope and love, that Mercia and Marcus, the unflinching Christian and doubting Pagan, march to their decreed doom. It would be impossible to overestimate the emotional power of the film. In the role of Marcus Superbus, William Farnum is noble and dignified, both in the tender love passages with Mercia or when turning in fierce wrath upon his enemies and calumniators. The production will undoubtedly be conceded the foremost film classic ever produced in America.

THE OXFORD FOUR--Musical Treat

Tremendous Hit at Every Performance
Shows Start at 2 p. m., 3.30, 7 and 8.30

These are the biscuits that vanish fast behind busy little milk teeth. Puffs and rolls, snaps, waffles, cakes and crumpets -- for all your goodies -- Five Roses.



Five Roses Flour
Not Bleached Not Blended

MADE BY THE FLOUR MILLERS COMPANY LIMITED, CANADA



Painless Dentistry!
We extract teeth free of pain.
Only 25c.
We do all kind of dentistry. Call and see us. No charge for consultation.
BOSTON DENTAL PARLORS, 627 Main St.-245 Union St. Dr. J. D. Maher, Proprietor. Tel. Main 652. Open nine a.m. until nine p.m.

STEAM BOILERS

We have on hand, and offer for sale the following new boilers built for a safe working pressure of one hundred and twenty-five pounds:— One "Inclined" Type 50 H. P. One Return Tubular Type 60 H. P. One Locomotive Type 20 H. P. Two Vertical Type 20 H. P. Full particulars and prices will be mailed upon request
I. MATHESON & Company, Ltd.
BOILER MAKERS
NEW GLASGOW, NOVA SCOTIA.

MOLASCUIT

If you wish your horse to have a nice coat this summer try mixing some Molascuit with his grain each meal during April and May while he is shedding his old hair.
For Sale by

A. C. SMITH & CO.
New Brunswick Agents
UNION STREET - WEST END

Turn it Upside Down
"No Sediment"
Apply any test to 'CONVIDO' PORT

and its generous body and full, rich flavor will never disappoint. Has standing since 1670. "In the spotlight of honor."
At all good dealers, cafes, etc.
D. O. ROBLIN
Agent in Canada --- TORONTO

EASTER HOLIDAY EXCURSION FARES.

Canadian Government Railways.
Round trip tickets will be issued at single first class one way fare, going April 1 and 2, returning April 5, 1915, and for fare and one third ticket will be good going April 1, 2, 3, 4, returning April 6, 1915.

Late Gossip Of The Sporting World At Home And Abroad

GREAT INTEREST IN WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP CONTEST; THE WHITE HOPE IS EVEN BIGGER THAN TITLE HOLDER CHAMPION AND CONTENDER ROUNDING INTO SHAPE FOR BIG FIGHT.

The history of the prize ring offers no parallel to the battle for the world's heavyweight championship in which Jack Johnson and Jess Willard will engage next Monday at Havana, Cuba. Big men have fought for this premier title of fistiana since the early days of the eighteenth century, but never through the long list of champions from James Figg to Jim Jeffries have two fighters of the physical proportions of Willard and Johnson crossed arms in the roped arena.

Of the champions of modern times Corbett, Jeffries and Johnson all passed the six-foot mark, while Sullivan, Sharkey and Fitzsimmons were from one to three inches below this height. When the negro title holder and his challenger step into the ring on Monday, Willard will tower six feet six inches in the air, while Johnson will stand five and a half inches below him. In weight these fighters are also far above the ring average of the heavyweight class. Willard will weigh close to 235 pounds, which will give him an advantage of about twenty pounds over Johnson in the clinching and tussling which will doubtless play an important part in the battle.

Next to Jim Jeffries, the Goliath of modern ring times, Johnson is the biggest man who ever held the title. Jeffries weighed 220 pounds, and stood six feet one and a half inches in fighting shoes; Johnson is six feet and one-half inch tall and weighs about 215 pounds in condition; Jim Corbett scaled 187 pounds at his best and was six feet one inch tall; Fitzsimmons was one and one-fourth of an inch shorter and fought at about 170 pounds; Sullivan stood five feet ten one-half inches, and fought at 195 pounds; Tom Sharkey was five feet nine inches, and fought his best bouts at close to 190 pounds.

Compared with these past heavy-weight gladiators Willard appears a Samson. Even when ranged along side of Johnson the Kansas cowboy overshadows the negro title holder in almost every point of physical measurements. In addition to his 5 1/2 inch advantage in height and ten years difference in age, he outweighs Johnson by twenty pounds. His reach of 83 1/2 inches against the negro's 75 inches will also prove of exceptional value if properly used. In all the measurements of trunk and limbs Willard shows an advantage in structure, muscle and chest expansion varying from two to four inches.

To offset these physical assets Johnson has the benefit of ring wisdom and craft cultivated during his long career as championship contender and holder. Just as Willard surpasses Johnson in every point of physical make-up the Galveston pugilist excels the Kansas boxer in all departments of the science of giving and evading glove punishment. With youth and power ranged against experience and skill, the battle is likely to develop into a contest in which ring strategy will equalize brute strength and courage.

Johnson's ring assets are well known, but uncertainty clouds Willard's prospects. In his short period of active glove battles he has never faced an opponent of the power, skill and experience of Johnson. The negro is no physical weakling even at the age of thirty-eight years and while Willard must be accorded the advantage here it is likely that the champion's offensive and defensive skill in both boxing and clinching will nullify this to a considerable extent. In the closing rounds of the battle it is probable that endurance and courage will play an important part.

Willard has shown both these qualities, but up to the present time has not been noted for aggressiveness or boxing ability. Whether he can rise to the opportunity will be demonstrated in the supreme test at Havana next Monday. The future drawing powers of a new champion, towering far above many of his predecessors adds a glamour to the battle which the promoters have had in mind since they began the preliminary arrangements some months ago.

That the match making was not without its delays and upsets is shown



"JESS" WILLARD SPARRING

JOHNSON AND "JACK" CURLEY THE FIGHT PROMOTER

"JACK" JOHNSON

"Jack" Johnson and "Jess" Willard are now rounding into shape for their big bout at Havana on April 5. The big black champion, despite reports to the contrary, is going through a strenuous campaign of training with a husky set of sparring partners and expects to enter the ring against Willard in as good condition as when he defeated Jeffries for the world's title. Big "Jess" Willard is also an earnest worker and has won hundreds of admirers by the manner in which he goes through his daily stunts. "Jack" Curley, the fight promoter, is enthusiastic over the prospects of a bumper crowd and a slashing good fight.

by the fact that if the pugilists meet as scheduled next Monday exactly six months will have elapsed since the day Jack Curley and the other promoters of the big bout decided upon securing Johnson's signature to the articles of agreement. The big champion was in France at that time and Curley was entrusted with the commission to go and find the Texas negro and secure his endorsement on the articles which had been signed by Willard a day or two previously. The syndicate which promoted the bout had picked Willard as the most promising of the white heavyweights to take the title from Johnson, and they still believe that the Kansas will prove the victor.

Curley arrived at Paris, France, early in November, only to find that Johnson had gone to London, England. There Curley found him and after a good deal of persuasion succeeded in securing the champion's consent and signature. The moment Johnson signed his name to the contract which stipulated that the contest should be scheduled for twenty to forty-five rounds, Curley handed \$1,000 to Johnson, which was half the amount to be allowed him for travelling and training expenses. This contract bearing the date of November 16, last, assures Johnson that his end of the purse, \$30,000 shall be paid to him before he enters the ring and that in addition Johnson is to receive one-half of the net amount received from moving pictures to be taken of the contest.

Curley came back to America and completed arrangements to hold the fight on the race track at Juarez, Mexico, on March 6. Early in January Curley received a cable from Johnson at Buenos Ayres, and immediately wired him \$1,000, the other half of the expense money, from New York, and left for Juarez the day following. At that time and for several weeks afterward Curley believed that the bout would surely take place at Juarez, but subsequently he had to change all his plans.

Willard left New York for El Paso, Tex., in January and began training at the Knabrick Ranch January 25, where he remained hard at work for a month. Meanwhile Curley was dis-

turbed with rumors that Johnson would not be able to reach Mexico in time. The negro and his party arrived at Barbados, B.W.I., February 8, and sailed from that port for Cuba three days later. On February 21 Johnson reached Havana and kept the wires to Mexico busy with messages to the effect that he would not fight at Juarez. Curley was persistent in his efforts to bring off the bout as scheduled and started for Havana, where he met Johnson on March 3. There he made arrangements to have the bout take place at Havana on April 3, but finally settled every detail for the decision of the world's championship at the Mariano race track next Monday.

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In the meantime Willard had broken up his training camp and started for Los Angeles, Cal., but was induced to return to Texas. He got to El Paso on March 11 and accompanied by his manager and handlers left for New Orleans en route to Havana the same day arriving in Cuba March 16.

BASEBALL PEACE PLAN.

New York, March 30.—From statements made by Pres. James A. Gilmore of the Federal League before he left for Chicago today, it was learned that discussion of a peace proposition occupied some of the time of the league magnates at their schedule meeting here which closed yesterday.

While it is not asserted that organized baseball has made any overtures to the Federals, it is understood that an intermediary has proposed that the baseball war be settled by an amalgamation of the two major leagues and the Federals, 16 clubs to be picked out of the 24 to make up two major circuits next year. The remainder of the territory would be taken care of by existing Class AA organizations, when the possible formation of a third league of that class.

BRITISH RELIEF.

The following subscriptions to the Belgian Relief Fund were received yesterday: Daniel T. Hill, Centreville Carleton county, \$5.00; Young Ladies, Wilson's Beach, \$3.10

LOCAL BOWLING YESTERDAY

THE CITY LEAGUE.

Last night in the City League on Black's alleys the Ramblers captured four points from the Glants which placed the winners in the lead, but are only one point ahead of the Sweeps. The scores in the match follow:

Ramblers.	
Duffy	105 93 86 284 94 2-3
Jordan	89 87 81 257 85 2-3
Beateay	93 105 101 299 99 2-3
Covey	101 91 81 273 91
Wilson	88 103 104 295 98 1-3
476 470 453 1408	

Glants.

Carleton	84 70 87 241 40 1-3
Cooper	75 88 71 234 78
Wheaton	88 99 80 267 89
Corbett	73 83 74 230 76 2-3
Baillie	76 80 89 245 81 2-3
396 420 401 1217	

A. Duffy with a score of 127 won the daily roll off.

Tonight in the City League there will be a double header when the Braves will play a match with the Tigers, and also one with the Ramblers.

VICTORIA ALLEYS.

Much excitement prevailed at the Victoria alleys last night. Every alley was busy with match games and much expert bowling was witnessed. The Two Men League and the Five

Men League were the centre of much admiration, and time after time, the large auditorium rang with cheers as the favorites pulled off hair-raising shots. The results in the Two Men League were as follows, No. 3 team winning 4 points:

No. 1 Team.	
Leonard	99 103 92 93 92 479 251-5
Vaughan	91 96 94 76 106 463 92 3-5
190 199 186 169 198 942	

No. 3 Team.

Latham	98 104 90 82 88 462 92 2-3
Taylor	80 103 92 101 122 498 99 2-5
178 207 182 183 210 960	

Second Game.

Wright	84 84 91 103 90 452 90 2-5
Anthony	82 106 102 92 82 464 92 4-5
166 190 193 195 172 916	
Ritchie	83 83 88 86 105 445 89
Boyers	86 69 104 108 105 472 94 2-5
169 152 192 194 210 917	

Three points for each team.

Taylor was in great shape, rolling for an average of 99 2-5. With Latham they make a great team. 1,915 pins for twenty strings (which is their score) is some bowling for first year men.

A MATCH GAME.

In a match game on the Victoria alleys between the C. P. R. team and the Dominion Express the latter won out. This is the first of a series of five games. The Express team won three points. Following is the summary:

Dominion Express.	
Bartlett	89 96 95 280 93 1-3
Warwick	62 89 91 242 80 2-3

Donovan	86 84 82 253 84
Woods	92 82 79 253 84 1-3
Doherty	101 108 95 304 101 1-3
430 459 453 1331	

C. P. R.	
Clary	83 83 97 273 91
McLaren	83 87 77 247 83 1-3
O'Neill	73 75 72 226 75 1-3
McGovern	89 90 86 265 88 1-3
McKean	90 84 84 268 89 1-3
434 419 426 1279	

No. 3 Team.	
Morgan	91 91 87 96 98 463 92 3-5
Chase	110 87 82 98 104 481 96 1-5
Norris	105 96 78 82 85 446 89 1-5
Coughlan	89 106 118 84 95 492 98 2-5
McKean	97 106 96 99 90 488 97 3-5
493 486 461 459 472 2370	

No. 6 Team.	
Stevens	85 84 107 92 104 472 94 2-5
493 486 461 459 472 2370	

FIVE MEN LEAGUE.	
In the play off for third place, in the Five Men League, between No. 3 team and No. 6 team, No. 6 won out by 37 pins. The line-up follows:	

No. 6 Team.	
Stevens	85 84 107 92 104 472 94 2-5
493 486 461 459 472 2370	



"MADE IN CANADA"

Ford Touring Car Price \$590

No advance in the price of the "Made in Canada" Ford will be made because of the additional 7 1/2% War Tariff. We as loyal Canadians will gladly absorb whatever increased duty we are forced to pay on such raw material as cannot be obtained at home. The Ford is manufactured in Canada—Not assembled in Canada.

The Ford Runabout is \$540; the Town car \$540; the Coupelet \$580; the Sedan \$1150—all fully equipped, f.o.b. Ford, Ont. Ford buyers will share in our profits if we sell 30,000 cars between August 1, 1914, and August 1, 1915.



You can taste QUALITY in every drop of

WHYTE & MACKAY'S

Here is a perfect blend of the highest grade whiskies aged in wood, and exported to Canada.

Today Whyte & Mackay's is one of the most popular whiskies in this country.

Every dealer sells it.

Bringing Up Father



UPWARD CONTINUED Volu... show... New York... specialties... active mark... transaction... last Decem... Bethlehem... ship advan... of 31 1-2 at... gain of 1 1-... Virtually... traded along... points on... Maxwell, St... land, were... this group... which subst... values were... States: Rub... Chalmers o... Texas Com... Rock Isl... feature of... precedence... reason of... The... believe... able co... forthcoming... For the s... W... MINIA... MARCH P... Full Moos... Last Quar... New Moos... First Quar... Full Moos... City of Wash... Can... C... POR... Sailed... Steamer... Atlantic... BR... Greenock... Marina, Br... Kinsale, I... Scotch Mon... for Glasgow... Liverpool... Antarian... FO... City Islan... Charles L... Eastern por... Mobile, M... Pensacola... Chiala, M... die, Easton... Vineyard... schrs J Ho... New York;... B. bound w... Boston, M... Bernard, M... Portland, M... Glenstra, F... REC... Schooner... ville to San... p. t., sch... to Boston o... schr Perry... New York... P Smith, N... coal, \$7.25... PAN... New Orle... Heredia to... stine Par... Mississippi... sank the s... shore Weem... were rescue... the Parisian... understood... mules, was... Heredia wa... Weems to... C... The two... tion in Gre... Pacific Atla... was recent... named "Me... been name... dora." The... one-cabin t... for 500 cab... third-clas... ST... The stea... called yeste... Atlantic po... The Head... Capt. Butt... Dublin with... Since the... gone on th... word has b... ments thou... turning to... likely load... Line for he... Five stea... aggregating... arrived at... days. The... wool and... to the incr...

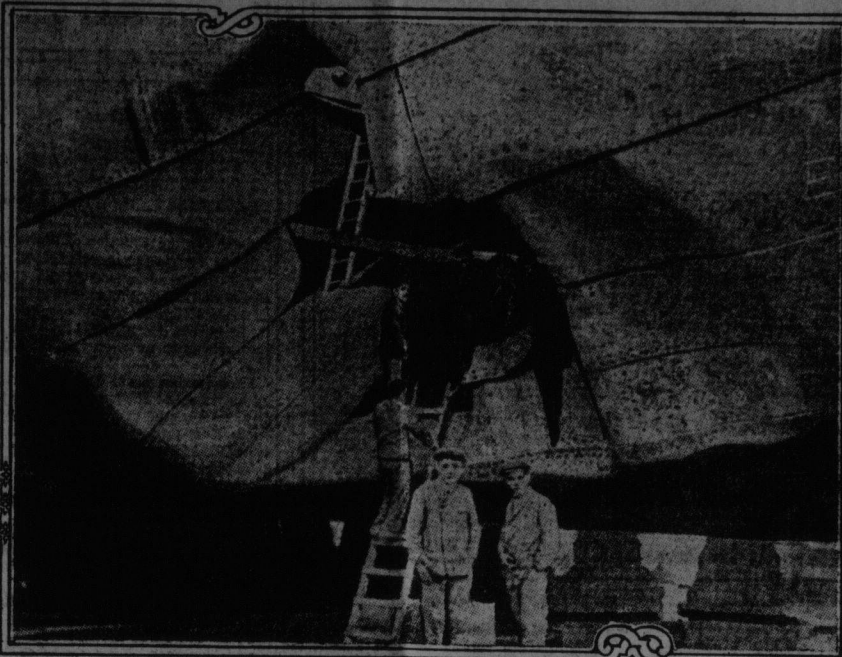
All the Latest News and Comment from the World of Finance

UPWARD MOVEMENT IN WAR SPECIALTIES CONTINUED WITH BIG VOLUME OF TRADING

Volume of Day's transactions larger than for any day since reopening of Exchange — Canadian Pacific shows buoyancy in London.

New York, March 30.—Further sensational gains were made by "war specialties" in the course of today's active market, in which the volume of transactions exceeded any seen since last December's renewal of business. Bethlehem Steel retained its leadership, advancing to the new high price of 91 1/2 and closing at 88 1/2, a net gain of 1 1/8 points. Virtually all the automobile stocks trailed along with gains of two to five points on very extensive trading. Maxwell, Studebaker and Willys-Overland were the strongest features of this group. Other special stocks in which substantial increases of quoted values were made included United States Rubber, National Lead, Allis Chalmers common and preferred and Texas Company. Rock Island was the conspicuous feature of the railway list, taking precedence over high grade shares by reason of its activity at increasing prices. The movement in this stock is believed to have its origin in a forthcoming annual meeting. For the greater part of the session,

THE WORK OF A TORPEDO FROM A GERMAN SUBMARINE.



Here is shown the hull of the Swedish steamship Svartholm showing hole made by a torpedo from a German submarine in the North Sea. The picture, which shows the huge hole made by the torpedo, gives a good idea of the damage the submarines are capable of doing.

World's Shipping News

MINIATURE ALMANAC. MARCH PHASES OF THE MOON.

Full Moon 1st 2h 35m—am.
First Quarter 8th 2h 28m—m.
New Moon 23d 3h 42m—m.
Last Quarter 23d 6h 48m—am.
Full Moon 31st 1h 38m—m.

PORT OF ST. JOHN.

Sailed Tuesday, March 30.
Steamer Mascara, Limond, trans-Atlantic port, C. P. R.
Greenock, March 27.—Arrd strmr Marina, Brown, Newport News.
Kinsale, March 27.—Passed strmr Scottish Monarch, Dalsell, Philadelphia for Glasgow.
Liverpool, March 28.—Arrd strmr Astorian, Couling, Mobile.

BRITISH PORTS.

Greenock, March 27.—Arrd strmr Marina, Brown, Newport News.
Kinsale, March 27.—Passed strmr Scottish Monarch, Dalsell, Philadelphia for Glasgow.
Liverpool, March 28.—Arrd strmr Astorian, Couling, Mobile.

FOREIGN PORTS.

City Island, March 28.—Passed schr Charles L. Geoffrey, New York for Eastern port.
Mobile, March 27.—Arrd schr Zeta, Penacoda.
Catala, March 28.—Arrd schr Fredric Eaton, Beverly.
Vineyard Haven, March 28.—Arrd schr J. Howell Leeds, Halifax for New York; Lucia Porter, St. John, N. B. bound west.
Boston, March 28.—Cld schr St. Bernard, Moncton.
Portland, March 28.—Arrd strmr Glenstra, Henderson via New York.

RECENT CHARTERS.

Schooner Carrie A. Lane, Jacksonville to San Juan, P. R., with lumber, p. l., schr Helen W. Martin, Gulfport to Boston or Portland, with ties, 32c.; schr Perry Setzer, Jacksonville to New York, ties 21c.; schr Melbourne P. Smith, Norfolk to Rio Janeiro, with coal, \$7.25, prompt.

PARISIAN RAMMED.

New Orleans, La., March 27.—Strmr Heredia today rammed the stranded strmr Parisian at the mouth of the Mississippi River, then swerved and sank the small coasting strmr Theodore Weems. The Weems' crew of 20 were rescued. Both the Heredia and the Parisian are damaged badly, it is understood. The Parisian, loaded with mules, was bound to Calcutta. The Heredia was bound to Colon and the Weems to Tampa.

C. P. R. STEAMERS.

The two new vessels under construction in Great Britain for the Canadian Pacific Atlantic service, and which it was recently announced were to be named "Melita" and "Medora," have been named "Melita" and "Minnedosa." These vessels will be of the one-cabin type, with accommodations for 500 cabin passengers and 1,500 third-class passengers.

STEAMER NOTES.

The steamer Mascara, Capt. Limond sailed yesterday morning for a trans-Atlantic port with a large general cargo.
The Head Line steamer Torv Head, Capt. Butt, sailed Monday evening for Dublin with general cargo.
Since the steamer Morwenna has gone on the West Indies route no word has been received of her movements though it is believed she is returning to New York, where she will likely load freight for the Red Cross Line for here.—St. John's Telegram.

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speculative favorites like Reading, the Pacific, United States Steel and Amalgamated Copper were under pressure. In the final hour these shares made partial recovery under the lead of Amalgamated, which rose to its best price for the current movement on another advance in the price of refined copper and announcement that shippers had perfected arrangements to export their product to neutral European countries. Apart from the pronounced gain shown by speculative issues, the market closed with an irregular undertone.

American wires stronger and more active in London. Canadian Pacific manifesting buoyancy and United States Steel selling above its previous day's close here.

Cables from London pointed strongly towards the early consummation of credit arrangements with this market.

Total sales of stock amounted to 694,600 shares.

Bonds reflected some irregularity, mainly as a result of recessions in some of the investment issues. Total sales, par value, aggregated \$3,656,000.

given as the cause of the impetus in the shipping business from South America. The freighters all came from Buenos Ayres filled with wool, wet hides and skins. The arrival of this fleet has given employment to hundreds of longshoremen.—Boston Advertiser.

The Eastern Steamship Corporation announce the resumption of service on the Portland-Rockland route, beginning from Rockland at 5.15 a. m. on Monday, the 29th, and from Portland at 7 a. m. on Tuesday, the 30th, the regular summer schedule of the steamer Monhegan will be resumed, leaving Rockland at above hour on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and Portland on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, taking freight and passengers for Boothbay and from that point east on her regular route, including Rockland and Penobscot Bay points, to and including Bar Harbor.

Abandoned strmr Deaver (before reported) was passed 23rd by strmr Ionian (Tr) in lat 39 06 N, lon 43 23 W, in the path of transatlantic liners. Schr Catherine C. Burke reports March 15, lat 45 06 N, lon 67 15 W, passed south of a large field of ice, which was apparently not very heavy.

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MORGAN'S COMPANY TO HANDLE FRENCH GOVERNMENT BONDS

Between 25 and 50 Million dollars worth of one year 5 p. c. Treasury Bonds.

New York, March 30.—J. P. Morgan & Company, together with the National City Bank and the First National Bank, have concluded arrangements with the French government under which they will shortly make an offering to American investors of one-year five per cent. French treasury bonds, according to announcement made here today.

The bonds will bear date of April 1, and will mature April 1, 1916. Interest will be payable semi-annually. The bonds will be offered to investors at 99 1/2 and interest, and will be payable at the option of the holder, both as to principal and interest, in New York in dollars, or in Paris at the rate of 5.18 1/8 francs.

The proceeds of these bonds will be used for the purpose of paying for purchases made by the French government in this country.

The amount of the bonds to be purchased has not yet been determined, but probably will not be less than \$25,000,000 and may be as much as \$50,000,000.

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ENGLAND SEEKS WAY TO HELP STEADY THE EXCHANGE RATES

London, March 30.—Donald Maclean the deputy chairman of ways and means, is the chairman of a sub-committee appointed by the commercial committee of the House of Commons to consider what steps should be taken to have rates of exchange fixed between neutral and allied countries in such a way as to prevent the fluctuations of exchange, so detrimental to commerce. As a result of the deliberations of this body Mr. Maclean recently led a deputation of the sub-committee to the chancellor of the exchequer, the lord chief justice and the governor of the Bank of England also being present.

The deputation put before Mr. Lloyd George's memorandum calling attention to the fact that the rate of the London exchange on Russia was 115 1/2, or at a discount of 20 per cent. It was urged that having regard to the advances England was making to her ally, something should be done to maintain Russian credit and the rate of exchange at a normal level.

With respect to that the balance of trade in that country's favor in 1915 would amount to nearly £20,000,000 which, in the ordinary course, would mean shipping sold from London to Buenos Aires. There was little doubt that with proper diplomatic action the greater part of the sum could be kept in London. It had come to the knowledge of the committee that large quantities of wool and wheat had been purchased by Italian houses, causing the Italian rate of exchange

to advance from 25 to 28, with likelihood of a further rise. The memorandum proposed that the exchange situation between England and the United States should be relieved by the depositing of treasury bills. With a view to securing banking advances from New York houses of say \$50,000,000 for an initial period of six months.

The attention of government was also drawn to the operation of the moratorium still in force in other countries, and to the reinstatement of the three months bill on London to its former position as the premier means of settling debts throughout the business world.

The chancellor of the exchequer after hearing Mr. Maclean and other members, said that he had specially arranged with Russia that no embargo should be placed on butter, wheat or foodstuffs, so far as England was concerned, and he specially asked the committee to obtain information as to whether there had been any departure from that undertaking. With regard to America, he declared that so long as Great Britain enjoyed the confidence which existed respecting loans it would not be to their advantage to borrow in America at present. He was of the opinion that the exchange with Russia would right itself, so soon as exportation from that country had improved by the opening of the Black sea ports. With regard to the question of the Argentine, he promised to give it his earnest and careful attention. As to France he said he had not heard that France would place between 20,000,000 and 30,000,000 of treasury bonds on the London market, and that there was no need for her to do this, having regard to the enormous resources that country enjoyed.

WINNIPEG WHEAT CLOSE.
May—151%.
July—150%.
Oct.—116%.
May oats—63%.
July oats—63%.

Wheat.
May 153%
July 123%
Sept. 111%
Corn.
May 73%
July 76%
Oats.
May 58%
July 54%
Sept. 46%
Portk.
May 17.45
July 17.30

Chicago, March 30.—WHEAT—No. 2 red 1.61 3/4; No. 2 hard, 1.53 1/2.
CORN—No. 2 yellow, 73 1/4 @ 73 3/4 No. 4 yellow, 70 @ 71 1/2; No. 1 white, 71 @ 71 1/2.
OATS—No. 3 white, 56 3/4 @ 57 1/4; standard, 57 3/4 @ 58 1/4.
RYE—Nominal.
BARLEY—71 @ 77.
TIMOTHY—4.50 @ 6.25.
CLOVER—8.00 @ 13.00.
PORK—17.00; lard, 9.70; ribs, 9.12 @ 9.62.

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MONEY TO LOAN

\$5,000 on Freehold; Smaller Sums at Current Rates.
CHAS. A. MacDONALD,
Solicitor - - - - - 49 Canterbury St.

Queen Insurance Company. Agents Wanted.

C. E. L. JARVIS & SONS 74 Prince William St.
THOMAS BELL & CO., St. John, N. B.
PUGSLEY BUILDING, 49 PRINCESS STREET
Lumber and General Brokers
SPRUCE, HEMLOCK, BIRCH, SOUTHERN PINE, OAK, CYPRESS, SPRUCE PILING AND CREOSOTED PILING.

LABATT'S LAGER

IS MILD, PURE, APPETIZING
Just the Beverage for the busy man—rests the nerves and ensures sound sleep.
If not sold in your neighborhood, write
JOHN LABATT, LIMITED
LONDON - - CANADA
Special arrangements for direct shipment to private consumers.

ROBERT CARTER CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT

Auditor and Liquidator
Business Systematized
Cost Systems Installed
McCurdy Building, Halifax.

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Auditor and Liquidator
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Cost Systems Installed
McCurdy Building, Halifax.

Small Deposits Welcome

If you wish to start a Savings Account do not hesitate because you have only a small sum to begin with; you will be welcome at our office. Some of our large accounts began as deposits of \$1.

The Bank of Nova Scotia

Capital - - - - - \$ 6,800,000
Reserves - - - - - 12,000,000
Total Resources over - - - - - \$9,000,000

ST. JOHN BRANCHES
Main Office, 110 Prince William Street
23 Charlotte St.; 365 Main St.;
Haymarket Square; Cox, Hill and
Paradise Row; Fairville; 100 Uni-
on St., N. B.

West Indies

Excellent Accommodation for 1st, 2nd and 3rd Class Passengers.
Special Facilities for Tourists.
Next sailing from St. John N. B. S. S. "Chaudiere" April 11, 1915.

WM. THOMSON & CO.
Agents - St. John, N. B.

New Zealand Shipping Co. Limited.

Proposed sailings from St. John, N. B. S. S. "Tongariro" March 20th
S. S. "Whakatane" April 20th
To be followed by steamers at regular monthly intervals.

For rates of freight and all other particulars apply to
J. T. KNIGHT & CO., Market Square,
Agents, St. John, N. B.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY

GENERAL SALES OFFICE
118 ST. JAMES ST. MONTREAL

R. P. & W. F. STARR, LTD., Agents at St. John.

Georges Creek Blacksmith Coal

The Best in the Market
OLD MINES SYDNEY
SPRINGHILL RESERVE
SCOTCH AND AMERICAN ANTHRACITE
In all sizes always in stock.
R. P. & W. F. STARR, Ltd
49 Smythe Street. 226 Union Street.

SOFT COAL

I have left only a small quantity of the Scotch Soft and New Brunswick Soft Coal, which I want to sell at once.
JAMES S. MCGIVERN,
5 MILL STREET.
Tel.—42.

Nut and Chestnut

FREE BURNING
GEO. DICK, - - 48 Britton St.,
Tel. M. 1116. Foot of Germain St.

H. M. BRADFORD, INVESTMENT BROKER

Metropole Building - - Halifax

STEAMSHIPS. ELDER-DEMPSTER LINE

South African Service.
S.S. "Benin" April 25th
Port Elizabeth, East London, Durban and Delagoa Bay. Cold storage accommodation on each vessel. Accommodation for a few cabin passengers. For freight and passenger rates apply to
J. T. KNIGHT & CO., Agents.
St. John, N. B.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

INTERNATIONAL LINE
REDUCED FARES.
St. John to Boston \$5.00
St. John to Portland \$4.00
Steamers, \$1.00.
Leaves St. John Thursdays at nine a. m. for Lunenburg, Eastport, Portland and Boston.
Returning leaves Central Wharf, Boston, nine a. m. Mondays for Portland, Eastport, Lunenburg and St. John.
City Ticket Office, 47 King Street.
A. C. CURRIE, Agent, St. John, N. B.
A. E. FLEMING, T. F. P. A., St. John, N. B.
C. B. KINGSTON, Commercial Agent, Eastport, Me.

MANCHESTER LINE

From Manchester. From St. John.
Jan. 29 Man. Inventor Feb. 22
Feb. 27 Man. Spianer Mar. 22
Mar. 6 Man. Shipper Mar. 23
Mar. 13 Man. Citizen Apl. 5
Mar. 20 Man. Miller Apl. 6
Mar. 27 Man. Inventor Apl. 19
Apl. 3 Man. Port Apl. 19
Steamers marked (*) sail via Philadelphia.

WILLIAM THOMSON & CO.
Agents, St. John, N. B.

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED)

Until further notice the S. S. Connors Bros. will run as follows:—
Leave St. John, N. B., Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co., on Saturday, 7.30 a. m., for St. Andrews, calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Black's Harbor, Back Bay or Letete, Deer Island, Red Store, St. George. Returning leave St. Andrews Tuesday for St. John, calling at Letete or Back Bay, Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor and Thorne Wharf, tide and weather permitting.

AGENT—Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co., St. John, N. B.
*Phone 2551, manager, Lewis Connors, Black's Harbor, N. B.
This company will not be responsible for any debts contracted after this date without a written order from the company or captain of the Steamer.

FURNESS LINE

From London. From St. John.
Feb. 17 Start Point Mar. 9
Mar. 3 Sagamore Mar. 20
Mar. 12 Caterino Mar. 30
WILLIAM THOMSON & CO.
Agents, St. John, N. B.

DONALDSON LINE

GLASGOW-ST. JOHN SERVICE.
Leave Glasgow Leave St. John
Mar. 8 . . . S. S. "Orinda" . . . Mar. 27
Mar. 17 . . . S. S. "Orcaidan" . . . Apr. 6
Apr. 3 . . . S. S. "Marina" . . . Apr. 22
(Dates subject to change.)

The Robert Reford Co. Ltd.,
AGENTS, ST. JOHN, N. B.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Panama-Pacific Exposition
San Francisco.
Tickets on Sale March 1st to Nov. 30th. Limit Three Months.
\$115.70
From ST. JOHN, going and Returning via Chicago.
Going via Chicago and Returning via Vancouver, or vice versa, \$17.50 additional.

RAILWAYS. CANADIAN GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

INTER-COLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND BY
EASTER HOLIDAYS
Single Fare.—Going April 1 and 2. Returning April 3, 1915.
Fare and One-Third.—Going April 1, 2, 3, 4. Returning April 6, 1915.

DAILY SERVICE

Halifax, St. John and Montreal.
MARITIME EXPRESS
Leaves Halifax 3.00 p. m.
Leaves St. John 6.35 p. m.
Arrives Montreal, 6.30 p. m. daily
Through Sleepers. Excellent Dining Car Service.

PATRIOTIC SPIRIT SHOWN BY WOMEN'S INSTITUTES OF NEW BRUNSWICK

The following donations, in clothing and money, have been contributed by the Women's Institutes: Port Elgin—Hospital Ship Fund, \$60; Belgian Relief Fund, \$7, 129 pairs of socks, 39 pairs of wristlets, 27 Balacava caps, 19 pairs of hospital socks, 5 pairs of bed socks, 20 night-shirts, 9 doz. handkerchiefs, 1 doz. roll handkerchiefs.



"The New and Better Sugar" Lantic Sugar

Refined from pure CANE only, in the new Atlantic Refinery where every step in the process of manufacture is one of care for purity. Wonderful machines automatically refine, weigh and pack Lantic Sugar in cartons and bags.



Blackville—Hospital Ship Fund, \$60; Patriotic Fund \$28, to the Belgians 3 boxes of clothing, 9 doz. handkerchiefs, 23 night-shirts, 13 scarfs, 15 pairs of wristlets, 2 pairs of socks, 1 pneumonia jacket.

THE TURKISH ATTACK ON THE SUEZ CANAL; SCENE DURING FIGHTING AT TOUSSOUM.



This picture, drawn especially for this newspaper, the New York Herald and the London Sphere, depicts an incident which occurred during a night attack made by the Turks on Toussoum.

Blackville—Hospital Ship Fund, \$60; Patriotic Fund \$20, to the Belgians 1 box of clothing, 11 pairs of socks, 18 night-shirts, 3 scarfs, 35 pairs of wristlets, 13 1/2 doz. handkerchiefs, 1 pair of blankets, 8 quilts.

Struck The Root Of Her Troubles

Why Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Madam M. Blanchard. She Suffered from Rheumatism and Heart Disease for Two Years but Found Speedy and Complete Cure.

Blackville—Hospital Ship Fund, \$60; Patriotic Fund \$20, to the Belgians 1 box of clothing, 11 pairs of socks, 18 night-shirts, 3 scarfs, 35 pairs of wristlets, 13 1/2 doz. handkerchiefs, 1 pair of blankets, 8 quilts.

Belgium Scrupulously Kept Faith With Powers on Matter of Neutrality, King Albert Says

Belgium Monarch again denies his country by certain conversations compromised her neutrality - Unable to understand German's cruelty.

INDIGESTION ENDED, STOMACH FEELS FINE

"Pape's Diapepsin" fixes sour, gassy, upset stomachs in five minutes.

HARBOR REVENUES SHOW INCREASE

March will be at least \$7,000 ahead of corresponding month last year.

OVER MILLION IN CASH CONTRIBUTED FOR THE RELIEF OF BELGIANS

New York, March 30.—The cash contributions to the Belgian Relief Fund, according to an announcement made by the committee tonight, passed the million dollar mark today.

IF CATARRH KEEPS YOU HAWKING USE "CATARRHOZONE" -- THE QUICKEST CURE

Nothing Known So Sure For Throat Weakness, Bronchial Trouble, &c. No doctor attempts today to cure a genuine case of catarrh or bronchitis except by the inhalation method.

NORWAY'S CABINET DIVIDED OVER COST OF MILITARY PLANS

Government may split as many of the members threaten to resign.

UNSTRUNG, UNSTEADY SHAKY NERVES

MAY BE TONED UP BY USING MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS.

BET ON THE FIGHT

Havana, March 29.—Holiday crowds watched Jack Johnson and Jess Willard work hard today in their training for the heavyweight championship battle April 5.

FUNERALS.

The funeral of Mrs. Alexander J. Taylor took place yesterday afternoon at half-past two, from her late residence 115 Erin street.

POLICE COURT

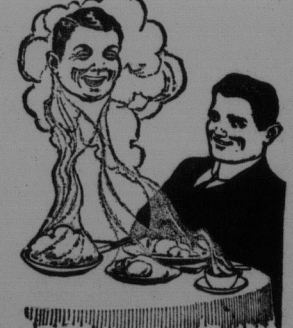
In the police court yesterday two men arrested on drunkenness charges were fined \$8 or two months in jail.

MINISTER MARRIED

Rev. F. H. Eaton, Freeport, N. S., and Miss Lola Campbell, Freeport, were married on March 28.

HOLIDAY FOR FIGHT

For the first time in the history of pugilism a half-holiday has been declared because of a world's championship heavyweight fight.



"Every Meal Smiles at Me Now Since I've Been Taking Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets."

FREE TRIAL COUPON form with fields for Name, Street, and City.

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Strong westerly to northwesterly winds, local snow flurries, but mostly fair and cold.

Toronto, Mar. 30—The pressure is lowest tonight in the Maritime Provinces and highest over Dakota, with the exception of a few light local snow falls, chiefly in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. The weather has been generally fair, and in the western provinces comparatively mild.

Temperatures.	Min.	Max.
Dawson	10	6
Prince Rupert	42	50
Victoria	44	53
Vancouver	46	56
Edmonton	44	56
Kamloops	26	46
Edmonton	16	42
Prince Albert	12	34
Medicine Hat	28	48
Regina	11	40
Toronto	11	32
Ottawa	10	26
Quebec	14	30
St. John	20	40
Halifax	28	42

—Below zero.

Around the City

Will Leave Tomorrow

Rev. J. H. MacVicar, D. D., who has resigned from St. Andrew's church to resume missionary work in China, will leave St. John by the C. P. R. express this evening for Montreal. He will spend several months there with his mother before proceeding to Honan.

Motor Exhibit.

The various automobile dealers in the city are displaying considerable energy in decorating their show-rooms for an automobile opening being held Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Salesmen will gladly welcome all interested, and explain the changes in the 1915 models. Show-rooms will be open until 10 p. m.

St. John Boy President.

George M. McDade of St. John, who is taking the law course at Dalhousie University, Halifax, has been elected president of the Dalhousie Law Society. Mr. McDade is the son of Michael McDade, and was secretary of the Royal Commission, which investigated the Dugal charges. He was formerly publicity commissioner for the city of Fredericton.

Red Cross Donations

From many parts of the province donations of knitting and other work are continually being received at the local branch of the Red Cross Society. Forty boxes have been packed and sent away by the knitting department during the last three months. There has been a generous response to the appeal for workers in groups and circles in all parts of the province.

N. B. Boys At Shorncliffe

David Hipwell has received a letter from his son Jack, who is with the New Brunswick field batteries now in training at Shorncliffe, England. The letter states that at the time of writing all the members of both No. 23 and No. 24 companies were in the best of health and spirits. Shorncliffe is not far from Dover, and the batteries there would be able to reach the front in five or six hours if necessary.

St. John River Commission

M. G. Teed and John Keefe of the St. John River Commission arrived home from Bangor last evening. A meeting of the commission was held and the commissioners made progress in the work. It is expected to have the work of the commission completed sometime this summer. Hon. John B. Madigan, who was appointed to succeed Hon. George A. Murchie, was present. The commission has been at work for five years investigating the uses of the St. John river and preparing suggestions for improvements in relation to log driving and power purposes.

Violet Day.

Good progress has been made in connection with Violet Day in aid of the Playgrounds Association on Saturday. C. D. Howard announced last night that one bunch of violets had been sold for \$200 to a citizen, deeply interested in the work. Two other bunches had been sold for \$25 each and one at \$10. Although the city council has decided to give three quarters of the grant of last year, this will only mean about \$1,500 for the playgrounds. It will take more than this to carry on the work and there is need for a generous response to the appeal on the part of citizens generally.

Knitted Goods For Soldiers

Brunswick Chapter Daughters of the Empire in response to the appeal for national service are sending a box of knitted goods to France to the soldiers in the trenches and wish to thank through the press the following ladies for their kind help. Mrs. Brooks, Mrs. Bustin, Mrs. George Clark, Mrs. John Cruikshank, Mrs. Carrie, Mrs. N. A. Wilson, Miss Morris, Mrs. Manchester, Miss Armstrong, Miss J. McKim, Mrs. J. F. Tilton, Mrs. J. E. Ellis, Mrs. Bray, Mrs. Dean, Mrs. Hanson, Mrs. Russell and circle, Mrs. Hiram Humphreys and circle, McDonald's Corner, Queen county, and Mrs. R. Mawhinney and circle, Mace's Bay.

WANTED once, a piano player. Apply to Wasmaker's.

LESLIE CREIGHTON WRITES OF CONDITIONS AT THE FRONT

St. John Signaller Had Exciting Experiences as a Lime Man—English Boots Not as Comfortable as the Canadian Issue—The Baptism of Fire.

With "our boys" from St. John at the front letters from them in which they speak about their trying experiences are always read with the greatest interest by their friends. That the St. John boys are being given their baptism of fire is plainly shown in letters recently received by H. C. Creighton, 187 Queen street, from his son, Private Leslie Creighton, who is a member of the first Canadian division, British expeditionary forces, first infantry brigade, section two, divisional signal company. The letters are sent from some part of France, but of course the part of the country is not known as the writer is not allowed to mention it. The last letters received by Mr. Creighton from his son were sent from the front on February 26th, and March 18th.

Private Creighton states in his February letter that he is in sound of the guns on the firing line and has had a hard and tiresome march to get there. He says in part: "I like France alright. The country is pretty and the people very nice. My French does me good and I can get by with quite a bit of it. Most all the people know a few English words as there have been so many English soldiers around. All the matches and cigarettes are made by the state here and cost a good deal, but are not much good. We are billeted in the loft of a barn and my duties have been to carry messages from the brigade headquarters to the different battalions on a bicycle. We have had a long march of fifteen miles in full marching order and some of our chaps had pretty sore feet when we reached our destination. The boots we have now are English and are not half as comfortable as the Canadian issue.

The place where we are is a large town and has been shelled by the Germans, they were also here once. All around the place are holes in the houses and streets. A good many of the inhabitants have left. We are now in an old hospital, an immense place, and are "Jake" (Jake is the soldier word for "alright"). We have a large room about sixty by thirty for our section alone with a good coal stove in the centre. Bedsteads with straw ticks make mighty comfortable sleeping too. It seems the nearer we get to the front the more comfortable it is and I only hope we don't go back at all. The trenches are only a mile away and one can hear the artillery, machine guns and rifle fire very plainly all the time. The infantry live in the city and go to the trenches for four days on and four days off. Some of the infantry (Canadian) went to the trenches last night to get broken in and we have heard that there was only one casualty, a chap hit by shrapnel in the leg.

Us fellows (signalers) have been here two days now and not allowed out of billet. I wish they would put us on duty.

On our march here the French people gave us coffee for nothing and the Belgian soldiers who are all through the country even offered us their ration of soup. The grub is not much and the French tobacco and cigarettes are also bad. As for matches, you can't buy them. The soldiers in the trenches get cigarettes and tobacco issued to them, but as we are not in the trenches yet we are without which is mighty inconvenient.

A Week in the Trenches

On February 25th Private Creighton writes: "Well, we are back in our first billet again after spending a week in the trenches. One can hear a continuous roar of guns and rifle fire with the sound of machine guns every once in a while like a trip hammer. We were billeted in a town near by and a couple of companies of infantry went to the trenches in turn

for twenty-four hour shifts. When all the infantry had been in we came away.

We have been in the trenches and have had the experience of having bullets whizzing over our heads. The weather here is quite bad, for instance we woke up this morning with the ground covered with snow and still snowing, while now the sun is shining and everything is muddy. Well, we had a hot time the other night. At about 10.30 p.m. I was awakened by the voice of our Sergeant Thompson which sounded like a roar saying "everybody turn out with rifle and ammunition." I thought the Germans had got through and were advancing on our position. He did not know what was up himself, only having orders to turn us out at once. Well, I got dressed as fast as possible, jumped into my equipment, grabbed my rifle and slipped down the ladder from our "Chateau de Bum" (the name of our hay loft). I lost no time in getting to headquarters. There was great excitement, but I couldn't find out what it was all about but every one thought it was a false report that the Germans had got through. In a little while a battalion of infantry was on the scene. It was all false, however, and everyone went back to bed disappointed.

Forty Casualties.

This brigade had about 40 casualties in the trenches, only four or five being killed. One man in the first battalion was shot through the leg while getting into the trenches, and he said when hit, "The sons-of-guns, here I've been training for six months and get hit before I even see them." Although Mr. Creighton does not mention it in his letter who the man was that was hit in the leg by the German bullet, it might be stated that he was a Mr. Mahoney, a nephew of Peter Mahoney of the North End.

In the letter written on the 18th of March and received yesterday, Private Creighton gives some more of the experiences he and his comrades are going through. He says: "We are having a good living here. I am now a lime man and I guess that will be my permanent position. We inmen (there are six of us) have a room in a house with a stove in it and cook stuff for ourselves, and in general are "Jake." Our job is to go out to the trenches at night and repair the lines if there is a break. Oftentimes the wires get broken by shell fire, and the report is sent in from the stations in the trenches. Then we go out after dark and mend the break. Our work often takes us near working parties who the Germans try to get by sending star shells over first, which lights everything as bright as day, then they send a volley of rifle fire down wherever we are, often right in the mud. It sure is some sport. Spencer was out with us two or three nights, and one night a star shell lit right over us. Of course we dropped, but luckily we were near a couple of small bridges over a ditch and I dropped on one; Spencer dropped on another, while Lou LeLacheur crouched behind a big tree. It seemed very comical, and Spencer started to yell. Of course Lou and I could not help following suit, even though there was a literal hail of lead over us.

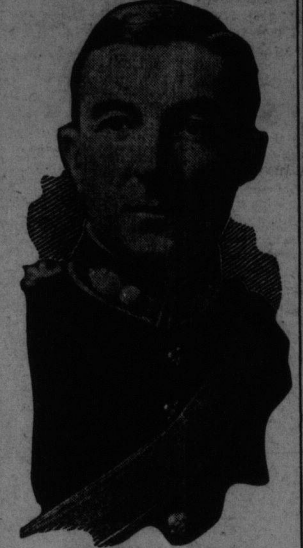
The weather here is great now and the flowers are all in bloom."

When the meeting opened Commissioner Wigmore took the chair and the

ST. JOHN OFFICERS WIN PROMOTION

Now on the firing line in France and all doing good work.

St. John officers with the First Canadian Expeditionary Force in France have in several cases received promotion. Major Frank Magee has been given charge of a heavy artillery battery and in action recently was successful in demolishing a German observation tower which had been the



MAJOR F. C. MAGEE

target for many of the British guns. For this fine work Major Magee was complimented by the general in charge of the Canadians and British army officers.

Major Thomas E. Powers has also won promotion and has been placed in charge of a division of signalers with the Canadians at the front. He has been doing excellent work in keeping up communications between the different parts of the force.

Lieutenant Cyril F. Inches is also forging ahead and has been mentioned in connection with promotion to a higher office.

The request of Percy Williams for a position as city constable was referred to the mayor with power to act. Commissioner McLellan then introduced a resolution for the advertising and presentation to the legislature of his amendment to the police act concerning second-hand dealers and junk dealers. Under the new regulations, if they pass, the dealers will be required to keep a book in which all articles bought must be entered. Reports of all transactions must be given the police every morning at nine o'clock and a description of the sellers of goods must be kept.

Commissioner Wigmore seconded the resolution. Commissioner Russell objected to the clause for forty reports but finally voted for the bill. Commissioner Potts was opposed to it.

Commissioner McLellan introduced a bill for the regulation of boarding houses and the payment by each of a licence fee of \$1. This resolution was not seconded.

On motion of Commissioner Potts the Playgrounds' Association will be provided with a band on Thursday afternoon.

Commissioner Wigmore gave notice that within thirty days he would move a resolution for the issuing of \$25,000 of city bonds to cover the water and sewerage work in Adelaide road and Spar Cove road.

The matter of the petition from the Free Kindergarten representatives was next taken up and on motion of Commissioner McLellan it was decided to take the matter up at a future meeting.

Commissioner Potts then moved that a bill be prepared providing for the city to assess for \$9,250 for the Rockwood Park, Blewervue Park and the Playgrounds. This was not seconded.

Nickeled and Copper Tableware

Few things there are that appeal more strongly to the housewife than a well-ordered table of which shining Nickeled and Copper Ware form important appointments. In these, we are showing a very complete and exceptionally attractive line which embraces

Coffee Machines, nickeled \$8.50, \$9.25, \$10.00, \$14.75
Coffee Machines, in copper \$7.40 and \$12.25
Percolating Coffee Pots, nickeled \$2, \$2.20, \$2.50
Chafing Dishes, nickeled \$5.40, \$6.50, \$7.00, \$9.00
Copper Chafing Dishes \$9.50
Chafing Dish Server, Fork and Spoon \$7.00 a set
Crumbs Trays, nickeled \$1.50, copper \$1.60	
Copper Table Kettles, with spirit lamp \$5.75, \$7.70
Separate Kettles, nickeled \$2.60, \$3.25, \$3.40
Tea and Coffee Pots, nickeled \$2, \$2.10, \$2.15, \$2.25, \$2.55, \$2.70, \$2.75 and \$2.85.	

See Our **EASTER HARDWARE MILLINERY WINDOW**
King Street Store

W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD. - - - MARKET SQUARE AND KING STREET

Macaulay Bros. & Co., King Street, St. John, N. B.

Stores Open 8 a. m. on and after April 1st. Closes Saturday 10 p. m.

MANY ARE THINKING ABOUT WHITE DRESSES FOR GRADUATION TIME

Graduates Can Find in Our Stock Every New Fabric of This Season

White Crepe de Chine—40 inches wide, \$1.50 to \$2.00	White All-Wool Nuns' Veiling—42 in wide 50c. and 60c.
White Wash Jap Silk—36 inches wide, Only 75c.	White Wool Volls.
27 in. Wide Jap Silk—in white.....60c. up	Mercerized Lawns for Linings—44 in. wide, 28c. a yard
40 in. Wide Pure White Silk Pallettes, 95c. a yard	White Chamollette Gloves.
White Cotton Volls.	White Silk Gloves.
White French Organdy Muslins.	New Lace Collars, New Muslin Collars; also Collar and Cuff Sets in great variety.
Dainty Rice Volls (quite new).	

MACAULAY BROS. & CO.

The Enterprise "Royal Grand"

Is Made to Please the Cook

You Want a Range that is roomy, will bake evenly and well, don't you? One that will give the most heat for the least fuel, one so strong and durable that it will not burn out, but will last for years.

THE ROYAL GRAND WILL FILL ALL OF THE ABOVE REQUIREMENTS.

The money that is used in constructing this range is spent for durable materials and skillful workmanship.

—THE STOVE WITH A GUARANTEE—

Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Commencing April 1st M. R. A. Stores Will Open at 8.30 and Close at 6 o'clock. Saturday Evenings Open Until 10 o'clock.

MILLINERY FOR EASTER

A WONDERFUL EXHIBIT OF CHARMING NEW HATS FOR LADIES' MISSES AND CHILDREN IN MILLINERY SALON.

Dainty Easter Neckwear for Ladies and Misses

A magnificent showing comprising all that the chief fashion centres have accepted as the most popular for the new season.

ORGANIE COLLARS, roll effect, plain, embroidered, pleated backs, lace trimmed. Each 25c. to \$1.00
LACE ROLL COLLARS. Each 70c. to 85c.
FANCY ROLL COLLARS. Each 80c. to \$1.15
RUFF COLLARS. Each 40c. to 55c.
COLLAR AND CUFF SETS, plain, pleated, hemstitched, embroidered and frilled, white, sand. Per set 30c. to 75c.
ORGANDIE VESTS, plain, embroidered; military and pleated backs. Each 30c. to \$1.25
LACE VESTS, in white, cream, sand. Each 50c. to \$1.00
CREPE DE CHINE TIES, sand, putty, blue, peach, tango, red, etc.
SILK TIES, in black and white stripes and checks. Each 25c. to 75c.
FOX TROT TIES AND BOWS. Each 15c. to 25c.

NEW PLEATINGS AND FRILLINGS, COLLARS, ETC.

NECKWEAR DEPARTMENT—ANNEX.

SEE KING STREET WINDOW DISPLAY

Easter Gloves for Ladies and Children

The mention of Easter at once brings to mind the question of Gloves and it is a great display we have ready to enable you to select with the utmost satisfaction.

REYNIER FRENCH KID GLOVES, unexcelled for style, fit and durability.

Two-dome, black, white, tan, brown, grey. Pair..... \$1.00
Two-dome, black, white, tan, brown, grey navy green putty. Pair..... \$1.40
Three-dome, black, white, tan. Pair..... \$1.60
Two-dome, Suede, pique sewn, tan, black, grey. Pair..... \$1.50
One-dome Suede, pique sewn, grey. Pair..... \$1.30

PERRIN GLOVES—

Two-dome Kid, tan, black, white, grey. Pair..... \$1.25
Two-dome Chevreton, tan. Pair..... \$1.00
One-dome Cape, tan. Pair..... \$1.00
One-dome, black, white. Pair..... \$1.40
FOWN'S GLOVES in one-dome, tan. Pair..... \$1.00
DENT'S one-dome Cape, tan. Pair..... \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.60
DENT'S one-dome Cape, black. Pair..... \$1.40
DENT'S one-dome Cape, white, black points. Pair..... \$1.00
DENT'S one-dome Cape, grey. Pair..... \$1.45
LONG WHITE KID GLOVES. Pair..... \$1.75, \$2.25, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.25
DOE WASHABLE GLOVES, white, one-button. Pair..... \$1.25
DOE WASHABLE GLOVES, white, two-button. Pair..... \$1.75
DOE WASHABLE GLOVES, white, eight-button. Pair..... \$2.50
DOE WASHABLE GLOVES, white, twelve-button. Pair..... \$2.75
DOE WASHABLE GLOVES, white, sixteen-button. Pair..... \$2.80
CHAMOISETTE GLOVES, white and colors. Pair..... 25c. to \$1.00
CHILDREN'S ONE-DOME CAPE GLOVES. Pair..... 65c., 75c., \$1.00, \$1.10, \$1.25
CHILDREN'S TWO-DOME KID, tan. Pair..... 50c.
CHILDREN'S ONE-DOME CAPE, white. Pair..... 70c., 85c.
CHILDREN'S DOE WASHABLE GLOVES, one-button, white. Pair..... \$1.00

GLOVE DEPARTMENT—FRONT STORE.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited

CITY COMMISSIONERS VOTED TO RESTORE USUAL GRANTS

Three-quarters of last year's amount restored and \$500 to the Red Cross — Delegation of Mothers present plea for Civic aid—Police Act amended.

By the vote of three commissioners yesterday afternoon the City Council decided to give to all associations receiving civic aid last year three-quarters of the amount given last year and it was also decided to give \$500 to the Provincial Red Cross Society. The motion to restore the city grants was moved by Commissioner McLellan and seconded by Commissioner Russell. Commissioner Wigmore voted for the resolution.

A large delegation of mothers of children attending the Free Kindergarten was present in the council chamber and presented petitions asking for the renewing of the grants.

Commissioner McLellan recommended an amendment to the police act connected with second-hand stores and junk dealers. All proprietors of such businesses must give the police a record of business done each twenty-four hours.

Handsome Easter Waists.

F. A. Dykeman & Co. are showing this week one of the finest collections of waists that they have ever gathered together. They consist of those fine sherry voile waists with dainty embroidery, hemstitching and pleated edge. Silk waists consisting of the finest Japanese silk, or those made from European silk. They are shown in white and colors, and priced from \$1.50 up to \$7.50, while the voile waists are being sold from \$1.25 up to \$5.50 each.