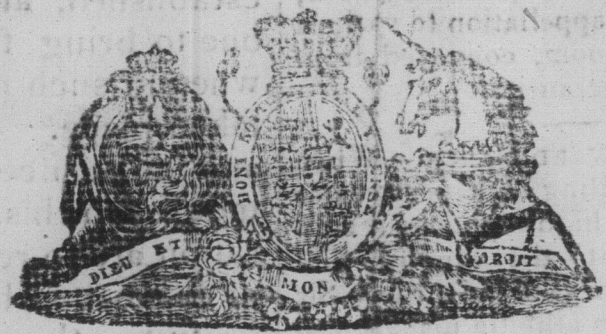


# THE



# STAR,

## AND CONCEPTION BAY JOURNAL.

Vol. IV.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1833.

No. 233

HARBOUR GRACE, Conception Bay, Newfoundland:—Printed and Published by JOHN THOMAS BURTON, at his Office, opposite Mr. W. Dixon's.

### ST. JOHN'S.

#### SUPREME COURT, 10th Dec. 1833.

The fall term of the Supreme Court commenced this day agreeable to Proclamation.—On the Grand Jury being sworn His Honor Chief Justice Bourne delivered the following charge:—  
*Mr Foreman and Gentlemen of the Grand Jury:*

The Attorney General is about to present for your consideration, three cases of the most serious and painful description.

One is that of a female, who stands committed on the Coroner's Inquest for the concealment of the birth of her illegitimate child. The law on this subject formerly depended on an act of Parliament called Lord Ellenborough's Act; but this was altered about ten years ago, and by the 9th Geo. IV. cap. 31, s. 14. it was enacted: "That if any woman shall be delivered of a child, and shall by secret burying, or otherwise disposing of the dead body of the said child, endeavor to conceal the birth thereof, every such offender shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and being convicted thereof shall be liable to be imprisoned with or without hard labor in the common gaol or house of correction for any term not exceeding two years; and it shall not be necessary to prove whether the child died before, or after its birth: Provided always, that if any woman tried for the murder of her child shall be acquitted thereof, it shall be lawful for the jury by whose verdict she shall be acquitted, to find, in case it shall so appear in evidence that she was delivered of a child, and that she did, by secret burying, or otherwise disposing of the dead body of such child, endeavor to conceal the birth thereof, and thereupon the Court may pass such sentence as it shall think fit, not exceeding the term of years which may be passed upon an indictment for the concealment of the birth."

The other two cases are on charges of Arson,—a crime of enormous magnitude in any country, and of most peculiarly dangerous tendency in this country, where the buildings are almost universally constructed of wood. The Law on the subject of Arson has lately been revised in England. By an act which received the Royal assent on 17th July, 1837, certain former acts were in part repealed, and it was enacted:—"that whosoever shall unlawfully and maliciously set fire to any dwelling-house, any person being therein, shall be guilty of felony, and being convicted thereof, shall suffer death." By sec. 3, a severe, but not capital, punishment is assigned for the setting fire to any House, Stable, Coach-house, Out-house, Warehouse, Barn, and certain other buildings therein described. The fourth section relates to the firing, or in any way destroying, Ships or Vessels, for which crime, if the life of any one be thereby endangered, the life of the Offender is forfeited. The following section imposes capital punishment for hanging out false lights to vessels; and the remaining sections impose less severe punishment of crimes of less magnitude,—such as the setting fire to agricultural produce, and to straw, wood, &c. And in all cases this act provides that accessories before the fact shall be liable to the same punishment as the principal offender, whether it be death, or transportation, or imprisonment.

The alterations which this Act has made in the law of Arson, are amongst those which have been imported into this Island by an Act passed here in November, 1837, by which it is enacted:—"that the Criminal Laws in force in England, on the 20th June, 1837, are to be the law in this Island; and that all Statutes of the Imperial Parliament of Great Britain in further amendment or alteration of the criminal law of England, passed, or which may be passed subsequently to the 20th June, aforesaid, shall, in twelve months after the passing of the same, respectively, extend to, and be the law of,

this Colony, so far as the same can be applied."

It is to be observed that some English acts come into operation immediately on their being passed while others have a day named in them whereon they are to be taken effect; for instance, this very act amending the law of arson, did not come into force in England until the 30th September—being between two and three months after it had passed.

To attempt to give an outline, however general, of the Criminal Law of England as it stood on the 20th June, 1837, would be a trespass upon your attention, and quite beyond the limits of a Judge's charge; but to have pointed out the amendments which have been made since the day which our Colonial Legislature has named, may not be uninteresting to some of you, and may be useful to those of the public who are now in Court, many of whom want the facilities which gentlemen in your station possess, for acquiring by other means, a knowledge of changes made in those laws under which they live, which they are bound to obey, and for disobedience to which, the law itself says, that ignorance of the law is, no excuse.

An act had passed in the first year of Wm. 4. amending the Laws relative to Forgery. By an act passed on the 17th July, 1837, the capital punishment is further taken away, and transportation, or imprisonment, substituted.

1 Victoria, cap. 85, amends the laws relating to offences against the Person. By this act, one administering poison, or stabbing, wounding, or causing any bodily injury dangerous to life, with a malicious intent, is to suffer death. Any person administering poison, or causing another or in certain other ways attempting to murder, shall, although not actually

the same punishment as principals; and in all cases the Court may add to the imprisonment, hard labour, and solitary confinement. This act contains one very salutary provision: by sec. 11. it is enacted:—"that when the crime charged against any person under this act or on his trial for any felony whatever, shall include an assault, the Jury may acquit of the felony, and find verdict of guilty of the assault, if the evidence will warrant such finding; and the Court may imprison, &c." Formerly, it was too often the case that prisoners were acquitted entirely, because some defect in proving the full technical description of the offence, whilst there was no doubt that an assault had been committed. This is now guarded against.

The 86th cap. of 1 Victoria relates to Burglary and Stealing in Dwelling-houses. All those who commit the crime of Burglary are liable to transportation for life or not less than ten years, or to imprisonment. But if they add to this crime violence to the inmates, they are to suffer Death. Burglary is house breaking in the night; formerly there was some uncertainty as to when the night might be considered to commence and end; by this act its period is distinctly defined. House breaking in the day time has severe, though not equally severe, penalties assigned to it; and there is, in this act also power given to award hard labour and solitary confinement.

Cap. 87 relates to Robbery, and Stealing from the Person. Any robbery accompanied with stabbing or wounding is to be punished with Death; if with personal violence of a less aggravated character, with transportation or imprisonment; and even attempts to rob have their punishment assigned. This act, too, contains provisions as to accessories being punished like principals, and as to solitary confinement, &c.

By cap. 88, the crime of Piracy is punished with Death in cases where there is intent to murder, or violence dangerous to life is used; and with transportation or imprisonment in other cases. There is also the like provision as to accessories—solitary confinement, &c., as in the preceding chapter.

Cap. 90 alters the amount of punishment in certain cases, where it had been allowed to imprison previous to transportation, and also where public or private whipping was added to other punishments. By this act the period for which solitary confinement can be imposed is limited.

By cap. 91, the punishment of transportation, or imprisonment with hard labour and solitary confinement is substituted for that of death, in certain cases, which were capital under 1 Geo. I. cap. 5.—21 Geo. III. cap. 17.—37 Geo. III. cap. 49. The other provisions of this act are local, and confined to England, except one relating to the Slave Trade, whereby the capital part of 5 Geo. IV. cap. 113. is repealed.

On the whole these acts evince a merciful spirit in the British Parliament, and a great tenderness for the lives even of offenders. In some instances where mercy to a culprit might be considered no mercy by the community, they have retained the fearful punishment of death, which in many others they have removed from the Statute Book. Even when they have imposed the punishment of solitary confinement, a punishment designed to afford opportunity for reflection for contrition for resolution to lead a new life, they have used precaution to prevent his punishment being carried to excess.—It is to be hoped that experience will shew the soundness of their views, and that punishments by becoming less severe, will become more certain. Even had men have a new motive given them to check the commission of greater crimes, when they find that the law has drawn a fixed scale whereby a less offence has a less punishment: even the highwayman may hesitate for adding violence, when he remembers that the blow which he might inflict upon his victim would strike amongst his own life. To mitigate punishment, and to make them not so light as to be disregarded, but proportionate to offences, is so far from granting impunity that it tends to take from witnesses all reluctance, and from prosecutors all excuse from smoking from their duty to society, while it prevents the public from merging the outrage it has received in sympathy for the offender.

By the arrival of the *Lady Turner*, from the Clyde, Greenock papers to the 2d Nov. have been received. It is stated in the *Advertiser* of the 30th Oct. that the Merchants of Poble, interested in the trade of Newfoundland, had recently memorialized the Colonial Secretary on the state of that Colony, and prayed for an alteration of the Elective Franchise there; and that in reply, Lord Glenelg informed the memorialists that measures had already been taken for maintaining the public peace in the Island, which it was hoped would be found sufficient for the purpose. In reference to the franchise qualification Lord Glenelg stated that this could only be effected by the Imperial Parliament.—*Gaz.*, Dec. 11.

The Liverpool merchants connected with the Newfoundland trade, have addressed a second memorial to the Right Hon. the Secretary for the Colonies, upon the subject of Newfoundland affairs, of which the following is a copy:—*Ledger*, Dec. 11.

"To the Right Hon. Lord Glenelg, principal Secretary of State for Her Majesty's Colonies, &c. &c. The Memorial of the undersigned Merchants, resident in Liverpool, connected with the trade of Newfoundland, Humbly sheweth:—

"That the Memorialists have had the honour to receive through Mr. Brooking and Mr. Christophers, the communica-

tion made to three gentlemen by Sir George Grey, in reply to a memorial addressed by the undersigned to your lordship, relative to the prevailing excitement and dissension in the Island of Newfoundland, in connexion with certain proceedings of the House of Assembly there. That the Memorialists feel bound, gratefully to acknowledge the consideration which your lordship has given to the statement and prayer of the said memorial, and the promptitude with which instructions have been transmitted to his Excellency Governor Prescott, such as your lordship conceives will prove effectual for the maintenance of the public tranquillity. That with these feelings, the memorialists nevertheless remain impressed with the apprehension of impending danger. They are aware that for a considerable period during the winter season, the great body of the men in the colony are unemployed, and that strong political excitement amongst them cannot fail to be perilous to the peace and safety of the community; and they know moreover, that the additional troops which have been solicited, and would be invaluable in the event of any disturbances, could scarcely be expected to reach the colony this season, unless sent out immediately. That the memorialists forbear advertising again to the recent proceedings of the House of Assembly, further than to express their confidence that Her Majesty's Government will not fail to have them fully investigated, and to conjoin whether the House, as at present constituted, be consistent with the well being, or even with the safety of the colony."

That the Memorialists trust your Lordship will forgive the anxiety and earnestness which urge them again to address your Lordship and to pray.

That Her Majesty's Government, in addition to the instructions transmitted by your lordship to his Excellency Governor Prescott, may be pleased before the season be too far advanced to send out some additional armed force for the support of the Executive, and the more effectual protection of the colony of Newfoundland and the Memorialists, &c. &c.

Signed as by former Petition."

No arrangements has yet been consented to on the subject of the slave trade. The Portuguese seem anxious to brand their country with the indelible infamy of being the last among the nations of the earth to renounce this horrid traffic in human flesh. The Government, it is to be feared, are but too generally supported by popular opinion, in the resistance thus offered to the cause of civilization and humanity.

The Lisbon Papers continue their attacks on the absent Duchess of Braganza, for not yet having taken the oath to the new constitution. The object is to constrain her Majesty to take the required oath, by suspending, in the mean time, the payment of her pension.

Prince George of Cambridge arrived at Lisbon on the 24th ult., by the Braganza, and was to proceed to Gibraltar on the ensuing Saturday. His Royal Highness, who traveled under the name of Lord Callodeu, dined with their Majesties on the day after his arrival.

Some outrages in the provinces are again spoken of, as have been committed by Miguelite guerillas.

This is only a more respectable name for the banditti who at all times infest the Peninsula, for most of the free corps that wander about Spain and Portugal are very little interested in politics.

The result of the second scrutiny for the Lisbon elections was not yet known; but the Arsenal, or Ultra-Liberal party, it was generally thought, would have the majority, if not the whole of the returns.

The corporation of Cork have voted an address accompanied by a silver box containing the freedom of the city, to Lieutenant Richard Roberts, commander of the Sirius the first steam ship which, achieved the passage of the Atlantic.

Dr Chalmers has now completed his Church extension tour through the south west of Scotland. In the course of it he has addressed ten Presbyteries, comprising 170 of the clergy of the Church of Scotland, and not fewer than from fifteen to twenty thousand people.

BELGIUM.

The high price of corn in Belgium gives rise to many complaints and disputes about the cause of the advance, and a remedy for the evil. In 1834 a law was passed, somewhat similar to the English corn laws, regulating the duties on import by the average prices; and it is now asserted that the speculators who have traded in foreign corn having sustained heavy losses by the operation of this law, the trade has been abandoned, and the country left without supplies to fall back upon, in case of deficient crops.

The exchange at Antwerp has been agitated by disputes and lawsuits arising out of several public trading companies established there by subscription, which have turned out most lamentable failures. Morel's Company has lost the whole paid-up capital of a million of francs, and is in debt 575,000 francs additional, for which the shareholders are not liable by law, and the creditors must probably lose their claims.

ORIGIN OF THE TERM "MUSLIN"—The city of Mosul, formerly the capital of Mesopotamia, stands upon the right or western bank of the Tigris, opposite to the site of ancient Nineveh. "All those cloths of silk or gold which we, the Venetians (says Marco Paolo) call muslins, are to the manufacture of Mosul."

greatest ENTREPOTS of Eastern commerce, may have given the appellation to various productions of the loom, conveyed from hence to the Mediterranean.

THE LATE SIR EDWARD NAGLE.—When a young man, travelling in a post-chaise up Shooter's Hill, a highwayman rode up presented a pistol into the window, and demanded his money or his life. Sir Edward, then a very athletic man, seized the arm of the ruffian, twisted the pistol from it, dragged him through the window, and placing him by his side to keep him quiet, ordered the post boy to drive on. The humble supplications of the robber were answered with "Be easy boy, be easy, I won't hurt you."

THE STAR

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1838.

To Correspondents.

For the meaning of "hook laborest" we must refer "J. L." to the learned Editor of the "PATRIOT"; or to the great Presbyterian-Socinian-Protestant who "never bows at a human altar"!!

To those of our readers who had been "halting between two opinions" we trust our remarks of last week furnished some timely hints; and effectually rivetted them in the conviction, that to countenance the exclusion of the BIBLE would be neither more nor less, than to turn their backs upon the very principles which it ought to be their boast and glory to defend.

Abandoning then the idea of mixing Schools as utterly impracticable, under the National System, or indeed under any prescribed system whatever, we again assert that there is no possible alternative but the division of the Money; this and this only will carry out the primitive intentions of the Legislature and place all denominations of Christians upon an amicable footing. We are aware that two objections have been taken to this proposition, but both of them are easily met.

There is also a further Reward of 10 Guineas offered to any person who will give information of the Persons by whom the Meadow and other ENCLOSURES belonging to said Estate, have been destroyed.

established, and yet we defy any one to bring forward an instance wherein such party collisions have taken place. No, the whole sum and substance of the matter amounts to this, if the rising generation are to receive the blessings of Education by means of public gratuity, they can only do so by DIVIDING THE MONEY.

Extract from the Calendar of the Autumn Term of the Northern Circuit Court:— AT TWILLINGATE

Giles Norromore—taking Salmon out of a net; fined twenty shillings.

James Lush—marrying without a license; fined five pounds, and to be imprisoned till the fine be paid.

Moses Cheater—Larceny; Imprisonment at Trinity for three months, and to be kept at hard labour until his arrival at Trinity.

John Cox—malicious mischief, killing a horse; verdict, not guilty.

James Brown, receiving stolen goods; to be confined in Her Majesty's Gaol at Trinity for three Calendar months.

Patrick Power—Perjury; to be imprisoned in Her Majesty's Gaol at Harbor Grace for six Calendar months, and pay a fine of Ten Pounds.

Her Majesty's Solicitor General filed informations against the following persons, for selling Liquor without a License, to which they severally pleaded guilty, and judgment passed thus—each shall pay a fine of Five pounds, sterling, and a further sum of Two pounds Ten shillings, on amount of Costs, viz.:

Mr. William Brown and Mr. Henry Hearder, at Carbonear. Mr. Arthur Thomey, at Musquito. Mr. Thomas Butler, at Port de Grave, and Mr. Francis Lynch, and Mr. Roger Hamalau, at Harbor Grace. About twenty five other such Informations, will come on for trial next Term.

FIRE—On Saturday last, about noon, the Farm-house of Mr. Michael Allen, situated in the vicinity of the town, was unfortunately burnt down, in consequence, it is believed, of a spark of fire from the chimney, which it appears was defective, having communicated with a quantity of straw in a loft adjoining the dwelling.—Gaz., Dec. 11.

Arrivals from Newfoundland.—Dash at Liverpool, 13 days; Victory at Waterford, 26th October; Scipio at Clyde. The George Robinson, for Newfoundland, cleared at London 27th Oct.

Died

On the 7th inst., after a long and severe illness, aged 56 years, Mr. Thomas Pynn, formerly of Musquito.

On the 16th Nov. on board the Brig Sophia, of St. John's, on her passage from St. Jago de Cuba to Turks Island, after a short illness, much regretted, Ann, wife of Captain JOHN HUMPHREYS of said Brig, and daughter of the late Mr. Adam McLarty of that town.

TWENTY GUINEAS REWARD!

Cow Stolen.

WHEREAS some evil disposed Person or persons did on the night of the 12th instant, or early on the morning of the 13th instant, break open the door of the STABLE on the Premises of SLADE, BIDDLE & Co. and STOLE therefrom a

MILCH COW,

Any Person giving information of the offender or offenders, so that he or they may be brought to Justice, shall receive the above Reward

10 Guineas

offered to any person who will give information of the Persons by whom the Meadow and other ENCLOSURES belonging to said Estate, have been destroyed

JOHN W. MARTIN, Agent

Carbonear, December 19, 1838.

LAST NOTICE.

ALL Persons intending to claim their WATCHES &c. left at Mr. PETER GUIGNETTE'S, will apply to the Subscribers on or before SATURDAY next, otherwise they will be

Sold by Public Auction

at the COURT HOUSE, at 11 o'Clock in the forenoon, on that day, for the purpose of paying all DEBTS contracted since we became his Attornies.

JAMES SHARP, J. E. CHURCHWELL

Harbor Grace, Dec. 19, 1838.

WANTED TO PURCHASE.

Hydrate Subscribers 40 TO 50 TONS Cod Oil,

To be delivered at their Wharf

Payment, —CASH, or Exchange on LONDON.

RIDLEY, HARRISON & CO.

Harbor Grace, December 19, 1838.

ALL Persons having legal claims on the Estate of the late Mrs. CHARLOTTE CAWLEY of Harbor Grace, Widow, deceased, are requested to present their accounts to the undersigned for liquidation; and those indebted to the said Estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment to

ANN ELIZABETH HENDERSON, Administratrix. FRANCES MARIA BAYLY, Administratrix.

Harbor Grace, Dec. 12, 1838.

ALL Persons having Claim on the Estate of the late WILLIAM HOWELL, of Carbonear, Merchant, are requested to present the same; and all Persons indebted to said Estate, do make immediate payment to

her MARY + HOWELL, mark JANE GOULD, Administratrices

Carbonear, December 5, 1838.

The following Valuable Mercantile and Fishing Establishments situate at St. Mary's, belonging to the Insolvent Estate of SLADE, BIDDLE & Co., of Carbonear.

Will be offered for Sale

By Public Auction, On FRIDAY, the 28th Dec. next, At 12 o'Clock,

AT THE COMMERCIAL ROOM St. John's

THAT Eligible Room, known as RIDOUBT'S ROOM—consisting of a Large DWELLING HOUSE, with OUT BUILDING HOUSE, adjoining; Three STORES, One SHOP, One COOK ROOM, Two STABLES, One BEACH, FLAKES, MEAD W. and GARDEN. The Eligible Room, known as PHILPARD'S ROOM—consisting of One DWELLING HOUSE, One STORE, One STABLE, Extensive MEADOW Ground, with right and privilege of Pecuary at Great Salmonier.

That Eligible Room known as CHRISTOPHER'S ROOM—consisting of One DWELLING HOUSE, FISH STORE, STABLES, FLAKES, BEACH, GARDEN, and MEADOW.

Also

The Boat BETSY, that will carry about 80 qtls Round Fish The Boat HANNIGAN.....65 do. EMMA.....50 do.

Now in the Harbour of St. John's.

AND, 10 FISHING BOATS, carrying from 16 to 30 qtls Round Fish At St. Mary's.

Together with sundry SKIFFS, PUNTS, CRAFT, CASKS, &c. Particulars of the Rooms may be known on application to Mr. LUSH, St. Mary's; Mr. J. B. Wood, at St. John's; or at Carbonear, to

J. W. MARTIN, Agent. Carbonear, Nov. 13, 1838.

In the Honourable Court for the County of Newfoundland, Grace, October 1838.

In the matter of the estate of Mark S. Major, and late of Carbonear, Copartners

WHEREAS

senr., Major, and Robert Fortieth day of form of Law, &c. said Court of Queen. And with TRY, of Carbonear, HENDERSON, and JAMES MERCHANT, Creditors, and late of Carbonear, the Creditors of the said Estate, and the Trustees of the said Estate, and the said Major, and late of Carbonear, are hereby notified to deliver the said Trustee.

Court House Harbor Grace, 9th Nov., 1838.

WE the undersigned, the Insolvent Estate of SLADE, BIDDLE & Co., of Carbonear, have appointed Mr. J. W. MARTIN, AGENT, to transact all matters connected with the said Insolvent Estate.

As witness of the above, J. W. MARTIN, Agent.

RESPECT THE GE that in compl several of her SCHOOL for LADIES.

The Branch are Reading, Grammar, Fancy Needlework, French, Italian, &c. Hours, 9 to 12 Saturdays, &c. Terms on application to Mrs. BIDDLE, 100 St. John's St. Harbor Grace, Nov. 14, 1838.

400 Bags

50 Firkins

RIDLEY Harbor Grace November

In the Honorable the Circuit Court for the Northern District of Newfoundland, Harbour Grace, October Term, Second Victoria.

In the master of Robert Slade, senr., Mark Seager, Robert Major, and Rolles Biddle, late of Carbonear, Merchants, Copartners.

WHEREAS the said Robert Slade, senr., Mark Seager, Robert Major, and Rolles Biddle, were on the Thirtieth day of April last past, in due form of Law, declared Insolvents by the said Court of our Sovereign Lady the Queen. And whereas JOHN MCCARTHY, WILLIAM RENDELL, of St. John's, Merchant, and JAMES SLADE, of Trinity, Merchant, Creditors of the said Insolvents, have by the major part in value of the Creditors of the said Insolvents, been in due form chosen and appointed Trustees of the Estate of the said Insolvents. Notice is hereby given that the said JOHN MCCARTHY, WILLIAM RENDELL, and JAMES SLADE, as such Trustees, are duly authorized under such orders as the said Northern District Court shall see fit to issue, to receive, collect, and manage the said Estate, and all Persons indebted to the said Insolvents, or having in their possession any Goods or Effects belonging to them or either of them, are hereby required to pay and deliver the same forthwith to the said Trustees.

By the Court.

JOHN STARK,

Chief Clerk and Registrar.

Court House, Harbour Grace, 9th Nov., 1838.

WE, the undersigned, Trustees to the Insolvent Estate of SLADE, BIDDLE & Co. of Carbonear, in the Island of Newfoundland, Merchants, have appointed, and by these presents do appoint Mr. JOHN WILLS MARTIN of Carbonear, Gentleman, to be our AGENT, to transact and manage all matters connected with, and relating to the said Insolvent Estate.

As witness our Hands, this 10th day of November, 1838.

(Signed)

JOHN MCCARTHY,  
WILLIAM RENDELL,  
JAMES SLADE.

**A CARD**

MRS. M. A. STOWE

RESPECTFULLY begs to acquaint the Gentry and Public in general, that in compliance with the wishes of several of her Friends, she has opened SCHOOL for a limited number of Young LADIES.

The Branches she purposes to Teach are

- Reading, Writing and Arithmetic
- Grammar
- Fancy Needle Work, Embroidery
- Elementary Lessons on the Piano Forte
- And Drawing.

Hours of attendance from 10 to 4, Saturdays excepted.  
Terms can be known on application at Mrs. Stow's residence opposite Mr. Jacob Moore's.  
Harbour Grace, Nov. 14, 1838.

**Norval,**

Capt. WILLS from Copenhagen.

400 Bags Fine and Common

**BREAD**

and 50 Firkins

**Butter**

By the above Ship

For Sale by

RIDLEY, HARRISON & Co.

Harbour Grace, November 21, 1838

On Sale NOW LYING AT THE WHARF OF THE SUBSCRIBERS And will be Sold on accommodating Terms,

THE FINE FAST-SAILING BRIG

**ANN,**

Burthen per Register 97 <sup>537</sup>/<sub>3500</sub> Tons, N. M.,

Built at Harbor Grace in 1834, of the best Materials, is Ironsheathed and well found in Anchors, Cables, Sails, Rigging, Boats, &c.

Also,

THE SCHOONER

**Wave,**

Burthen per Register 52.79-94 Tons,

Built in 1831, at Shelburn, N. S., principally of Oak Timber and Plank, and Copper fastened to the bends. This fast sailing and beautiful Vessel is exceedingly well adapted for the Coasting Trade of this Island, or if required might also be fitted out for the Seal Fishery at a trifling expense.

Inventories of the Materials belonging to the above Vessels may be seen on application to

THORNE, HOOPER & Co.

Harbour Grace,

Nov. 7, 1838.

AT LOW PRICES For Cash or Produce,

THE UNDERMENTIONED

**GOODS,**

Viz.

- BREAD, fine and common, Hamburg FLOUR, fine & superfine, do. & Dantzic PORK, BEEF, barrels & half-barrels BUTTER, 1st Randers and 1st pickled Holstein for Families
- OATMEAL, Oat Grits, PEASE, RICE MOLASSES, Moist & Loaf SUGAR TEAS, Hyson, Twaskey, Souchong, Congo, & Bohea in Qr.-chest
- SOAP, CANDLES, TOBACCO Snuff in bottles
- Glue, Pepper, Mustard, COFFEE VINEGAR in Jars and by the Gallon Hams, Westphalia
- GENEVA in cases & barrels Sugar Candy in cases
- WINE, a few dozen very fine OLD PORT and "G." SHERRY
- GUNPOWDER, BB. and MX. Shot Sheet Lead
- Bolt, Bar, Sheathing and Sheet IRON Sheet COPPER and TIN, NAILS
- Cabin STOVES GRATES, Chain Cable 7-8 inch ANCHORS
- Iron round Pots, Bakepots & Covers Rat Cages
- Axes, and a general assortment of IRONMONGERY
- FITCH, Coal and Scotchholm TAR VARNISH
- CORDAGE, Oakum, Lines & Twines, BLOCKS, Dead-eyes, Trucks, Hanks, Sheaves, &c.
- COMBS, Brushes, Black Lead HATS, Fur Caps, STATIONERY
- Account Books
- BLANKETS, PILOT Cloths, WITNEY and Flushing, SERGES
- FLANNELS, Carpeting, Hearth Rugs
- BLANKETING
- HOSIERY and Gloves
- Stays, Thread
- MERINOES, SHAWLS, MUSLINS
- CALICOES, Printed Cottons
- Beaverettes
- BANDANA & Barcelona Handkerchiefs
- Ribbons
- TABLE Carpetings, Pasteboards
- Ships Compasses
- Half-hour & Log Glasses
- ENSIGNS, Bunting
- Coopers Rushes, TINWARE
- Signal Lanthorns, LEATHER CANVAS, No. 3 to 7
- RUSSIA Ducks
- DECK Boots, Shoes, Snow Boots
- COALS and Bricks, Chalk
- EARTHENWARE
- SPARS, 6 to 16 Inches
- Pine PLANK
- Pine, pruce, & Hardwood BALK.

BY

THORNE, HOOPER & Co.

Harbour Grace,

October 31, 1838.

**TO BE LET**

ON A BUILDING

**Lease,**

About Two Acres of Cultivated Land, well Fenced, situated on the Carbonear Road, immediately in rear of the Court House.

Apply to

Mrs. CAWLEY.

Harbour Grace, Oct. 31.

On Sale

EDWARD WALMSLEY & Co

Offer For Sale

THEIR PRESENT STOCK,

COMPRISING A VARIETY OF

**GOODS,**

Of every description, suitable to the TRADE, of this Island, to which is now being added,

THE CARGO OF

The Brig SARAH lately arrived from LIVERPOOL,

CONSISTING OF

- A Few Bls. Excellent Archangel PORK
- Hamburg BREAD
- A Quantity of TEAS
- CORDAGE
- HARDWARE, &c. &c.

AND,

A Choice Assortment of MANCHESTER AND OTHER

**GOODS,**

Carefully selected, and which they intend disposing of on Reasonable Terms for Cash or Produce.

Carbonear, October 31, 1838.

FOR SALE at the Office of this Paper, Price 2s. 6d. (prompt)

**A RECORD**

OF THE EXTRAORDINARY PROCEEDINGS OF THE

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY OF NEWFOUNDLAND,

IN THE

ARREST AND IMPRISONMENT OF

Surgeon KIELLEY,

AND SUBSEQUENT ARREST OF

The Honorable Judge LILL Y

AND THE

High Sheriff (B. G. GARRETT, Esq. For, (as the House has it!) "Breach of Privilege!!")

Harbour Grace,

October 10, 1838.

**G. P. Jillard**

HAS RECENTLY RECEIVED

FROM ENGLAND,

And just opened a handsome assortment of

PATENT LEVER and other WATCHES With a great variety of Watch Chains and Ribbons

Gilt, Silver, and Steel Guard Chains Seals and Keys

Women's Silver Thimbles Silver Pencil Cases

German Silver Table and Tea Spoons Gold Wedding Rings

Lady's Ear Rings and Finger Rings Very Superior Single and Double Bladed Pen Knives

With a variety of other Articles, which he will Sell very Low for Cash.

Harbour Grace,

July 4, 1838.

**COMMISSION**

WILLIAM DIXO - having a commodious Premises, which from its detachment is comparatively secure from Fire, will be happy to receive GOODS of any description for disposal on Commission, by Private or Public Sale.

N. B. A Public Sale will take place weekly.  
Harbour Grace,

**Notice.**

THE Partnership heretofore subsisting between us, the undersigned, carrying on business as Merchants, at this place, has this day been DISSOLVED.

All Debts due to, or from, the said late Firm, will be received and paid by Mr. EDWARD WALMSLEY, who, alone, is authorised to settle the same and who will continue the Business at CARBONEAR, under the Firm of EDWARD WALMSLEY and Co.

THOS. CHANCEY,  
WM. WILKING BULLEY,  
By his Attorney  
E. WALMSLEY.

Witnesses,

W. BRANSCOMBE,  
WM. BEMISTER, Jr.

Carbonear, Newfoundland,  
13th October, 1838.

PORTUGAL COVE ROAD. Stage Coaches, 'Victoria,' 'Velocity,' and 'Catch'

THE Proprietors of these Coaches having made arrangements conducive to the greater comfort and convenience of Passengers by having Luggage-Carts &c. &c. to accompany them, beg leave to inform the Public that they have now commenced running. Starting from the Commercial Hotel for the Cove every Morning at 9 o'clock, and for St. John's immediately after the arrival of the Packets.

TERMS

Passengers ..... 5s.  
Luggage over 20lb weight cannot be carried without a reasonable charge.

N.B.—All Letters, Parcels, Luggage, &c. &c. intended for inception Bay to be left at the Commercial Hotel, where Passengers will please apply to secure the Coaches.

St. John's,  
May 13, 1838.

**NEWFOUNDLAND**

Northern District, }  
Brigus, to wit. }

COURT OF SESSIONS,  
JANUARY 9th, 1838.

THE Justices in Sessions, have this day, under the Colonial Act 4, Wm. 4th, cap. 9. Sess. 2, intitled "An Act to regulate the Standard of Weights and Measures in this Colony, and to provide for the Surveying of Lumber," appointed Mr. SAMUEL WILLIAM COZENS, of BRIGUS, to be an Assayer of Weights and Measures for the aforesaid Northern District.

ROBERT JOHN PINSENT, J. P.  
Chairman of the Court

I hereby give Public Notice pursuant to the Act abovementioned, that my Office containing the Standard Weights and Measures is situated at my Store in BRIGUS aforesaid, where I shall be in daily attendance.

SAMUEL W. COZENS.

Assayer of Weights and Measures  
Brigus,  
January 9, 1838.

WE, the undersigned, being appointed by PETER GUIGNETTE, Watchmaker, of Harbour Grace, as his lawful Attornies, to collect and dispose of his Goods, and Effects for his own benefit

**NOTICE**

ALL Persons having WATCHES in possession of the said PETER GUIGNETTE, are hereby Notified, and required to make application for the same to the Subscribers, on or before the last day of this Month, otherwise the same will be SOLD by PUBLIC AUCTION. All Persons indebted to the said PETER GUIGNETTE, are required to pay into our hands, the amount of their Accounts due, otherwise Legal proceedings will be taken against them.

JAMES SHARP,  
J. E. CHURCHWELL.

Harbour Grace,  
July 19, 1838.

**Indentures**

FOR SALE at this Office.

Harbour Grace,  
October 31, 1838.

POETRY

PARTING WORDS.

"And he said, let me go, for the day  
breaketh." Genesis xxxii. 26.

Let me go, the day is breaking—  
Dearest company, let me go:  
We have spent a night in walking  
In the wilderness below!  
Upward now I bend my way;  
Part we here at break of day.

Let me go; I may not tarry,  
Whistling thus with doubts and fears;  
Angels wait my soul to carry,  
Where my risen Lord appears;  
Friends and kindred weep not so  
If ye love me, let me go.

We have travelled long together,  
Hand to hand, and heart in heart,  
Both through fair and stormy weather,  
And 'tis hard 'tis hard to part:  
While I sigh, "Farewell to you,  
answer, one and all, "A heu!"

'Tis not darkness gathering round me  
That withdraws me from your sight:  
Woe of flesh no more can bound me,  
But translated into light,  
Like the lark on the mountain wing,  
Though unseen, you hear me sing.

Heaven's broad day has o'er me broken,  
Far beyond earth's span of sky;  
Am I dead? Nay, by this token,  
Know that I have ceased to die.  
Would you solve the mystery,  
Come up hither,—come and see.

THE VOICE OF GOD.

What called me forth from dust?  
What bade my blood  
Throughout my veins thus warily flow?  
What bade me live, and it was so?  
The voice of God!

What, even from my youth,  
Where'er I've trod,  
Has warned dread danger from my way  
and called me back when I would stray?  
The voice of God!

What, when affliction reared  
Its weighty rod,  
and I stood tremblingly in tears,  
Fell most melodious on my ears?  
The voice of God!

What, when I mouldering lie  
Beneath the sod,  
Shall bid the tomb resign its trust,  
and rouse again my sleeping dust?  
The voice of God!

Then ever let me heed,  
at home, abroad,  
Where'er my earthly lot is cast,  
While duty calls, and life flows fast,  
The voice of God!

**A Candidat's Pledges.**—Immediately after the Rochdale Radical demonstration last week, the clown or fool of the ring to the Rochdale Circus came forward into the middle of the ring, there being not less than 2000 persons in the house, and, appearing to the audience for their sufferages, called upon to elect him their member. He said, "Gentlemen, my qualifications are that I am a fool and a beggar; I will promise to fill my own pockets first, and then yours if there is anything to spare. I will bring in bills to do away with all taxes, and keep every poor man out of the public purse without work. Every man shall eat, drink, and get drunk, and beat his wife to boot, without paying for it. I will abolish all labour or work, every man shall have as many clothes as he likes without paying a farthing for them. I will abolish all magistrates, judges, police officers, bailiffs, sheriffs, jails and jailers, executioners, stocks and whipping posts, as I them to be directly opposed to true and rational liberty." At this stage of the address, the master of ring, feared that his fool might in his satire be going too far with the audience pulled the chair from under the patriot's feet, and whipped him round the ring, the fool exclaiming, "Oh Sir, you know how to justly pay a patriot's wages."

**NOTICE**, the PUBLIC are informed that besides the usual course of Education afforded at the *St. Patrick's Free School* in this Town, the Establishment is now open for the admission of PUPILS desirous of being instructed in the higher branches of Learning, viz.—Practical Geometry, Navigation, &c. Free of any charge.

A good Fire will be kept in the School Room during the Winter season.

PETER BROWN,  
President,  
THOMAS POWER,  
Secretary.

Court of Sessions,  
Harbour Grace, Newfoundland,  
10th November, 1838.

**THE** Fire Wardens and Captains of Fire Companies duly chosen and appointed under and by virtue of the Statute 3rd, Wm. 4, cap. 4, having applied to us, *Thomas Danson* and *James Power*, Esquires, two of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Northern District of Newfoundland in Sessions, and a majority of them having requested in writing, that an additional Assessment of *Six Pence* in the Pound be made on the estimated value of the Rents of all Houses, Stores and Buildings, in the said Town of *Harbour Grace*, for the purpose of liquidating the expenses of the ensuing and previous years, in conformity with the provisions of the said Act, and having laid before us, a statement in writing, of the Appraised value of the said Rents, and also an account showing the sum collected under a former Order of the Justices in Sessions, and the expenditure of the same.

We do therefore, hereby by virtue of the power and authority given unto us, by the seventh section of said Act, Order and direct that the sum of *Six Pence* in the Pound be raised and levied on the Landlords, Lessees, and other Persons at *Harbour Grace*, agreeably to an Assessment and Rate on the said Appraised value of the Rents of all Houses, Stores, and Buildings within the boundaries of the said Fire Companies, made by the said Fire Wardens and Captains of Companies under the seventh section of the said Act.

Given under our hands and seals in Sessions as aforesaid, the second year of Her Majesty's reign, also the day and year before written.

THOS. DANSON, J. P.  
JAMES POWER, J. P.

Mr. JOHN FITZGERALD, is duly appointed Collector of the above-named Assessment.

JOSEPH SOPER,  
Chairman.

On Sale

BY  
**THORNE, HOOPER & CO.**

Just Received per *EMILY*, Turner  
100 barrels Flour  
185 bags Bread  
10 Hhds. building Lime  
7000 Brick

And  
150 Hogsheads best House

Coals.

Harbour Grace,  
August 13, 1838.

THE SUBSCRIBER

**BEING** about to retire from Trade, requests that all Persons to whom he is indebted will furnish him with their Accounts; and those who are indebted to him, will please to make settlement by the 31st of December next.

JAMES POWER,  
Carbonear,  
Nov. 14, 1838.

Dr. Arnot's Stove

**DRIVER** and **MELFORD** beg to inform the Nobility and Gentry, that they Manufacture the celebrated *Dr. Arnot's Stove*. This invention combines the greatest economy, safety and cleanliness, with the most effective operation of any mode of heating yet discovered, and is adapted to places of Public Worship, public establishments, halls, vestibules &c. May be seen in operation at their Stove Grate Manufactory and Iron Works.

Southampton, March 9, 1838.  
[Dr. Arnot's Stove.—We see by advertisement that this useful and economical Stove is now manufactured to any size, by *Driver & Melford*, this town of the article has been so highly approved of by all who have seen or used it, that it is quite unnecessary for us to say a syllable in its favor.—*Hampshire Telegraph*, March 12, 1838.]

[From the contiguous of Southampton to Poole, orders from hence may readily be executed for this celebrated Stove.—*Ed. Star*.]

FOR SALE

By Private Bargain

An excellent Dwelling House and a quantity of Land attached thereto, situate on the South side of *Carbonear*, and lately occupied by *William Thistle, Junr.*

AND,

A large piece of cleared Land, at the Water-side of *Musquitto*, late the Property of *Mr. Dennis Thomey* deceased, being one half that extensive Plantation formerly belonging to his Father, the late *Mr. Roger Thomey*.

For further particulars apply to *Thomas Ridley & Co.* or to

ALFRED MAYNE,  
Their Attorney.

Harbour Grace,  
June 6,

BY

**MICHAEL HOWLEY**

Sealers' Scalping Knives  
Men's Great and Pea Coats  
Horn, Half-horn and Log Glasses  
Blanketings, Serges  
Flannels, Yarn Stockings  
Gun Locks and Gun Lock Vices  
American Coasting Pilots  
Nails, from 1 1/2 to 5 inches  
Scupper Nails, Pump and Tin Tax  
Men's Boots and Shoes  
Waist Belts  
Canvas Frocks & Trowsers  
Iron Pots & Kettles  
Hatchets, Shovels  
Saws, Claw Hammers, Lanthorns

ALSO, ON HAND,  
Rum, Brandy, White Wine  
Molasses, Sugar  
Green and Black Teas  
Coffee, Pepper  
Pork, Tobacco, Dip Candles  
Leather, &c. &c.

Carbonear,

**THE** Co-partnership Trade hitherto carried on by us under the firm of *BENNETT, MORGAN & Co.* is this day Dissolved by mutual consent.

All Persons having claims on said Trade are requested to present the same for payment, and all Persons indebted thereto are requested to make payment to *C. F. BENNETT*, who alone is authorized to receive the assets of said Co-partnership Trade.

C. F. BENNETT,  
GEORGE MORGAN.

Witness,  
GEORGE BRADY BECK,  
THOMAS BENNETT,  
St. John's Newfoundland,  
1st February, 1838.

The Business for the future will be carried on by *C. F. BENNETT*.

**THE** Public are hereby notified, that my signature to the Advertisement contained in the *Gazette* of Tuesday last, announcing the Dissolution of Co-partnership of *BENNETT, MORGAN & Co.* was obtained from me under a misconception of the term of its duration, not having in my possession at the time the Deed of Co-partnership between us:—I now find by reference to a copy of the Deed of Co-partnership, which I have since obtained, that the Co-partnership does not terminate until the first day of January, 1841.

GEORGE MORGAN,  
Feb. 10, 1838.

Notices

CONCEPTION BAY PACKETS  
St. John's and Harbour Grace Packets

**THE EXPRESS** Packet being now completed, having undergone such alterations and improvements in her accommodations, and otherwise, as the safety, comfort and convenience of Passengers can possibly require or experience suggest, a careful and experienced Master having also been engaged, will forthwith resume her usual Trips across the BAY, leaving *Harbour Grace* on MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY Mornings at 9 o'Clock, and *Portugal Cove* on the following days.

FARES.  
Ordinary Passengers ..... 7s. 6d.  
Servants & Children ..... 5s.  
Single Letters ..... 6d.  
Double Do. .... 1s.  
and Packages in proportion

All Letters and Packages will be carefully attended to; but no accounts can be kept of Postages or Passages, nor will the Proprietors be responsible for any Specie or other monies sent by this conveyance.

ANDREW DRYSDALE,  
Agent, HARBOUR GRACE  
PERCHARD & BOAG,  
Agents, St. John's  
Harbour Grace, May 4, 1838

Nora Creina

Packet-Boat between Carbonear and Portugal Cove.

**JAMES DOYLE**, returning his best thanks to the Public for the patronage and support he has uniformly received, begs to solicit a continuance of the same favours.

The *NORA CREINA* will, until further notice, start from *Carbonear* on the mornings of MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, positively at 9 o'clock; and the Packet Man will leave *St. John's* on the Mornings of TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY, at 9 o'clock in order that the Boat may sail from the cove at 12 o'clock on each of those days.

TERMS.  
Ladies & Gentlemen ..... 7s. 6d.  
Other Persons, from 5s. to 3s. 6d.  
Single Letters  
Double do.

And Packages in proportion  
N.B.—*JAMES DOYLE* will hold himself accountable for all LETTERS and PACKAGES given him.

Carbonear, June, 1838.

THE ST. PATRICK'S

**EDMOND PHILLIPS**, begs most respectfully to acquaint the Public, that the has purchased a new and commodious Boat which at a considerable expense, he has fitted out, to ply between *Carbonear* and *PORTUGAL COVE*, as a PACKET-BOAT; having two cabins, (part of the after cabin adapted for Ladies, with two sleeping berths separated from the rest). The fore-cabin is conveniently fitted up for Gentlemen with sleeping-berths, which will he trusts give every satisfaction. He now begs to solicit the patronage of this respectable community; and he assures them it will be his utmost endeavour to give them every gratification possible.

The *St. PATRICK* will leave *Carbonear*, for the *Cove*, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 9 o'clock in the Morning, and the *Cove* at 12 o'clock, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, on Mondays, leaving *St. John's* at 8 o'clock on those Mornings.

TERMS.  
After Cabin Passengers 7s. 6d.  
Fore ditto, ditto, 5s.  
Letters, Single ..... 6d.  
Double, Do. .... 1s.  
Parcels in proportion to their size or weight.

The owner will not be accountable for any Specie.

N.B.—Letters for *St. John's*, &c., &c. received at his House in *Carbonear*, and in *St. John's* for *Carbonear*, &c. at *Mr. Patrick Kieley's* (*Newfoundland Tavern*) and a *Mr. John Cruet's*, *Carbonear*, June 4, 1838.

TO BE LET

On Building Lease, for a Term of Years.

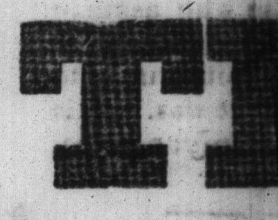
A PIECE of GROUND, situated on the North side of the Street, bounded on EAST by the House of the late captain *STABB*, and on the east by the Subscriber's.

MARY TAYLOR,  
Widow.

Carbonear, Feb. 9, 1838.

Blanks

Of Various kinds For Sale at the Office of this Paper.



Vol. IV.

HARBOUR GR

THE IR

(From

The Irish p dishonesty in management not succeeded. tance between fice. On the proach of the wards the cita pable and reg that policy—u draw in the T tained. Can result? It b sideration of in chief the, perpetrate in say the Whigs "the Tories e slavery: we s upon Orange s upon us." J the Tories h imputed to th means of inde so much more in 1829, or the sistance so n the Tories we whole people Wellington g and dotard, c ness with ye both would contest which when their o numerous, i Tory leaders schemes, may the whole te policy.

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It is true were put in by Sir Robe the good-wil tion of the inclination first act tow tration, the Stanley (be Whigs, not carried hisp question, e difference, e in a mixe Lord Hader nobleman Public; by meek and e