

Weekly Monitor, PUBLISHED Every Wednesday at Bridgetown.

HENRY S. PIPER, Proprietor.

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Yearly advertisements changed often than once a month, will be charged 25 cents extra per square for each additional alteration.

The average daily circulation of the Weekly Monitor is 12,154, being considerably larger than that of any other paper published in the City. The average circulation of the Evening Star in the City of Montreal is 10,200, according to a copy of a report made by the Montreal Standard.

THE PAPER OF THE PEOPLE.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership. Notice is hereby given that the Co-partnership hitherto existing under the name and style of SANCTON & PIPER, Printers and Publishers, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, the partner partners, JOHN E. SANCTON, retiring from the late firm. The business will in the future be conducted by HENRY S. PIPER, who assumes all liabilities against and for the late firm.

BUCKLEY'S ENGLISH & AMERICAN BOOK STORE. So universally known for many years at 101 Granville Street, has taken a more respectable and steady side of the same street. Remains nearly opposite the old stand.

NEW RICH BLOOD! Parson's Purifying Pills make New Rich Blood. It is a blood purifier and a blood tonic. It is a blood purifier and a blood tonic. It is a blood purifier and a blood tonic.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE. For Internal and External Use. CURE—Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Headache, Toothache, Sore Throat, Sore Lungs, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hooping Cough, Chronic Bronchitis, Chronic Catarrh of the Bladder, Chronic Catarrh of the Prostate, Chronic Catarrh of the Uterus, Chronic Catarrh of the Vagina, Chronic Catarrh of the Cervix, Chronic Catarrh of the Vagina, Chronic Catarrh of the Cervix.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral. For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

THE reputation it has attained, in consequence of the marvellous cures it has produced during the last half century, is a sufficient assurance to the public that it will continue to realize the happiest results that can be desired. In almost every section of country there are persons, publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs, by its use.

As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of Childhood, it is invaluable; for, by its timely use, irritations are removed and restored to health. This medicine gains friends at every trial, as the cure it is constantly producing are too remarkable to be forgotten. No family should be without it, and those who have once used it never will.

Eminent Physicians throughout the country prescribe it, and Clergymen often recommend it from their knowledge of its effects.

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., Practical and Analytical Chemists. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Windsor & Annapolis Railway. Summer Arrangement. Time Table.

COMMENCING 1ST JULY, 1879.

Table with columns: GOING WEST, Express Daily, Windsor, Annapolis, Kentville, Digby, Yarmouth, Pictou, St. John's, Halifax, and other stations.

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St. John's—leave. 8:10 A.M. 12:00 P.M. 4:45 P.M. 8:00 P.M.

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Cloths and Clothing, A Speciality. B. Starratt. Paradise, July 7th, '79.

John H. Fisher, (Late of Mechas, State of Maine.) Merchant Tailor, has removed to the store under MASONIC HALL, GRANVILLE STREET, BRIDGETOWN.

35 PER CENT! A 35 per cent is now the duty imposed on American Furniture, the subscriber wishes to inform the public generally that he is raising the price of his FURNITURE, as he is still further Reduction.

He does not intend raising the price of his FURNITURE, as he is still further Reduction.

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Hardware AND CAPRINGS STOCK EMPORIUM, MIDDLETON, Annapolis County, N. S.

OUR IMPORTATIONS this season have been unusually large, and our Stock in the following lines is very heavy. To those who are building, or who contemplate doing so, we are offering, at a special price, a lot of US FIRST BEFORE SENDING AWAY FOR THEIR

Building Materials, SUCH AS NAILS, 3d, 4d, 5d, 6d, 7d, 8d, 9d, 10d, 11d, 12d, 13d, 14d, 15d, 16d, 17d, 18d, 19d, 20d, 21d, 22d, 23d, 24d, 25d, 26d, 27d, 28d, 29d, 30d.

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Poetry. Ho Giveth His Beloved Sleep. Swiftly the seasons have come and gone. 'Till four-score years are told; Again the lingering sun looks down On a stable-field and orchard brown, And gaunt oaks bearded and old.

While over the mountains that proudly rise Castle with turrets high, The cloud, like banners with billows fold Shaded with crimson and wrought with gold. Are floating across the sky.

In a shaded room, whose casement low Looks out on the western skies, Where woodbine clings to the moss-grown eaves, And the sunshine creeps through the sheltering leaves, An old man thrills lies.

Scattered and thin from the bloodless brow Fall locks of silver white. The faded fingers nerveless lie, And the light in the faded eye, That watches the sunset bright.

He heeds not the loved ones gathering near With voices hushed and low, He sees not the present, he feels not his sin, In fancy a child he wanders again Through scenes of the long ago.

He hears the honey bee's drowsy hum, And watches the swallow's flight; Laughing aloud to his childish glee, When floating down from the laden tree Fall feathered blossoms white.

Like a weary child the worn old man Lays down his weight of care, And softly, as in days of yore, With reverent lips repeats once more His childhood's evening prayer.

'Now I lay me down to sleep, As I have done from childhood on, If I should die—'tis the voice slinks low, The soul still green 'neath winter's snow Has found the wished-for rest.

tain night—something which was the making of both of us; and it's about that night, sir, that I'm going to tell you. I remember it well. The wind was howling past our cabin, and the rain threatened to burst in our rude window. We had a great wood fire crackling and sputtering on the hearth, by which I was sitting, mending a whip, while Tom was lying in his bunk, groaning disconsolately at the chance which had led him to such a place.

'Cheer up, Tom, cheer up,' said I. 'No man ever knows what may be awaiting him.' 'I'll luck, I'll luck, Jack,' he answered. 'I always was an unlucky dog. Here have I been three years in this abominable country; and I see lads fresh from England jingling the money in their pockets, while I am as poor as when I landed. Ah, Jack, if you want to keep your head above water, old friend, you must try your fortune away from me.'

'Nonsense, Tom; you're down on your luck to-night. But hark! Here's some one coming inside. Dick Wharton, by the way, he'll rouse you, if any man can.' Even as I spoke, the door was flung open, and honest Dick Wharton, with the water pouring from him, stepped in, his heavy red face glowing through the haze like a harvest-moon. He shook himself, and after greeting us, sat down by the fire to warm himself.

'Whereaway, Dick, on such a night as this?' said I. 'You'll find the rheumatism a worse foe than the Caffres, unless you keep more regular hours.' Dick was looking unusually serious, almost frightened, one would say, if one did not know the man. 'Had to go,' he replied—'had to go. One of Madison's cattle was seen straying down Sasassa Valley, and of course none of our blacks would go down that valley at night; and if we had waited till morning the brute would have been in California.'

'Why wouldn't you go down Sasassa Valley at night?' asked Tom. 'Caffres, I suppose,' said I. 'Ghosts,' said Dick. We both laughed. 'I suppose they didn't give such a matter-of-fact fellow as you a sight of their charms?' said Tom, from the bunk. 'Yes,' said Dick, seriously—'yes, I saw what the niggers talked about; and I promise you, lads, I don't want ever to see it again.'

Tom sat up in his bed. 'Nonsense, Dick; you're joking, man. Come, tell us about it. The legend first, and your own experience afterward. Pass him over the bottle, Jack.'

'Well, as to the legend,' began Dick, 'it means that the niggers have had it handed down to them that the Sasassa Valley is haunted by a frightful fiend. Hunters and wanderers passing down the defile have seen its glowing eyes under the shadows of the cliff; and the story goes that whoever has chanced to encounter that baleful glare has had his after-life blighted by the malignant power of its creature. Whether that be true or not, continued Dick, ruefully, 'I may have an opportunity of judging for myself.'

'Go on, Dick; go on,' cried Tom. 'Let's hear about what you saw.'

for a week. You'll promise that, won't you? I could see by the look on Dick's face as he acquiesced that he considered poor Tom to be mad; and indeed I myself was completely misled by his conduct. I had however, seen so many proofs of my friend's good sense and quickness of apprehension, that I thought it quite possible that Wharton's story had had a meaning in his eyes which I was too obtuse to take in.

All night Tom Donahue was greatly excited, and when Wharton left, he begged him to remember his promise, and also elicited from him a description of the exact spot at which he had seen the apparition, as well as the hour at which it appeared. After his departure, which must have been about four in the morning, I turned into my bunk, and watched Tom sitting by the fire sipping two sticks together, until I fell asleep. I suppose I must have slept about two hours; but when I awoke, Tom was still sitting working away in almost the same position. He had fixed the one stick across the top of the other so as to form a rough T, and was now busy in fitting a smaller stick into the angle between them, by manipulating which the cross one could be either cocked up or depressed, to any extent. He had cut notches, too, in the perpendicular stick, so that the aid of the small prop, the cross one could be kept in any position for an indefinite time.

'Look here, Jack,' as soon as he saw that I was awake. 'Come and give me your opinion. Suppose I put this cross-stick pointing straight at a thing, and arranged this smaller one so as to keep it so, and left it, I could find that thing again if I wanted it; don't you think I could, Jack—don't you think so?' he continued nervously, clutching me by the arm. 'Well,' I answered, 'it would depend on how far off the thing was, and how accurately it'd be pointed. If it were any distance, I'd cut sights on your cross-stick; then a string tied to the end of it, and held in a plumb-line forward, would lead you pretty near what you wanted. But surely, you don't intend to localize the ghost in that way?'

'You'll see to-night, old friend—you'll see to-night. I'll carry this to Sasassa Valley. You get the loan of Madison's cross-bar, and come with me; but mind you tell no man where you are going, or what you want to do.'

All day Tom was walking up and down the room, working hard at the apparatus. His eyes were gleaming, his cheek hectic and he had all the symptoms of high fever. 'Heaven grant that Dick's diagnosis be correct!' I thought, as I returned with the cross-bar; and just as evening drew near, I found myself imperceptibly sharing the excitement.

About six o'clock Tom sprang up his feet and seized his sticks. 'I can stand it no longer, Jack,' he cried, 'up with your cross-bar, and hey for Sasassa Valley! To-night's work, my lad, will either make us or mar us. Take your six-shooter in case we meet the Caffres. I haven't taken mine, Jack,' he continued, putting his hands upon my shoulders—'I haven't taken mine; for if any ill luck sticks to me to-night, I don't know what I might not do with it.'

Well, having filled our pockets with provisions, we set out, and as we took our wearisome way toward the Sasassa Valley, I frequently attempted to elicit from my companion some clue as to his intentions. But his only answer was: 'Let us hurry on, Jack, Who knows how many have heard of Wharton's adventure by this time! Let us hurry on, or we may not be first in the field.'

Well, sir, we struggled on through the hills for a matter of ten miles till at last, after descending a crag, we saw opening out in front of us a ravine so sombre and dark that it might have been the gate of Hades itself; cliffs many hundred feet high shut in on every side the gloomy bowlder-studded passage which led through the haunted defile into Caffras. The moon rising above the crags threw into strong relief the rough irregular pinnacles of rock by which they were topped, while all below was dark as Erebus.

'The Sasassa Valley?' said I. 'Yes,' said Tom. 'I looked at him. He was calm now; the flush and feverishness had passed away; his actions were deliberate and slow. Yet there was a certain rigidity in his face and glitter in his eyes which showed that a crisis had come.'

We entered the pass, stumbling along amid the great boulders. Suddenly I heard a short quick exclamation from Tom. 'That's the crag!' he cried, pointing to a great mass looming before us in the darkness. 'Now, Jack, for any favor use your eyes! We're about a hundred yards from the cliff. I take it; so you move slowly toward the other. When you take more than twelve inches in a step, and keep your eye fixed on the cliff about eight feet from the ground. Are you ready?'

'Yes,' I was even more excited than Tom, by this time. What his intention or object was I could not conjecture, beyond that he wanted to examine by daylight the part of the cliff from which the light came. Yet the influence of the romantic situation was so great that I could feel the blood coursing through my veins, and count the pulses throbbing at my temples. 'When the swallows homeward fly, then the homeward fly is swallowed.'

(To be concluded in our next.)



The Weekly Monitor.

BRIDGETOWN, NOVEMBER 26, 1879.

COUNTY INCORPORATION.

The election throughout the Province last week was something new, and it excited almost as much interest and activity among the people as elections for Parliament usually call forth.

LOCAL AND GENERAL EDITORIAL ITEMS.

There is considerable drift ice in the river.

Two feet of snow reported 'Out South.'

The social disturbances in Ireland are still raging, causing alarm and perplexity to the civil Government.

Hanan contemplates a visit to England in January.—Will Courtney follow him?

During the week before last 2,494 tons of coal were shipped from Spring Hill over the Intercolonial.

A telegram says the winter prospects for the laboring class in Ottawa is gloomy indeed.

Dickens' widow died last Friday at Regent's Park London, after an illness of 18 months.

The Dominion Parliament is further prorogued till the 5th of January and is then called for the dispatch of business.

Belcher's Farmer's Almanac for 1880 is now ready, and contains more than its usual amount of useful matter. Can be had at any book store.

Sir Leonard Tilley has been itinerating in Ontario, visiting some of the manufacturing districts. It should have been otherwise. *Flashes for office—not party antecedents*—should be regarded as the only legitimate criterion of choice.

The Governor General has presented two medals—gold and silver—to be competed for by the students of McGill College.

The Hon. S. C. Biggs, Minister of Public Works in Manitoba, resigned last week; and the Government of that Province has been reconstructed.

Although Christmas is a month away, the little folks are hopefully prattling about an expected visit from Santa Claus.

Mr. D. Banks McKensie, the well-known advocate of Temperance, has been doing effective work in his line in western New Brunswick.

Schr. Forest, Capt. Nicholson, arrived in port from Boston last Friday. Cargo, miscellaneous. This is her last trip for the winter, we understand.

Attention is directed to the auction sale in another column to be held next Saturday, 29th inst. in N. H. Beckwith's shop near the railroad station. See ad.

Mr. E. Lockett makes his bow to our readers this week; and offers an attractive display of goods in the Jewelry and Fancy line for the Holiday Season. See ad.

The annual meeting of Paradise Agricultural Society will be held at the residence of the Secretary on Tuesday the 2nd Dec. at 1 o'clock p.m.

W. M. Foxstey, Secy.

Schr. Inca, Capt. Longmire, from St. John, in port. Cargo, coal and sundries. The captain has not yet decided whether he will make another trip before laying up for the winter.

Adante Guardie, the Bonapartist organ was fined 100 francs for reprinting from *Marsellaise* M. Rochefort's letter to the electors, urging them to support Humbert.

Shediac in N. B., which has suffered severely within the last few months from fire and storms, is being rapidly rebuilt. The element of recuperative energy is strong in the Slediac people.

Last week the Hon. Edward Blake was elected by acclamation to the House of Commons for West Durham, Ontario. He may be regarded (intellectually) as the most eminent statesman of the Dominion.

Three hundred vessels arrived in New York during the week ending Nov. 15th. Only 72 of these were American. Most of the others, it is probable, belonged to Great Britain or her colonies.

Bunthorne Magrarr, Esq., a gentleman of rare talents and attainments and well known in this county, was recently, by ordination, invested with clerical functions in the Reformed Episcopal Church.

During the last few months a strong tide of European emigration has been flowing into the United States. This unprecedented rushing from the old world to the new, is mainly attributed to hard times in the eastern hemisphere.

The widowed king of Spain, Alfonso, is espoused to a German Princess; and shortly his by-gone bereavement will be a thing of the past, and in the arms of his new bride, he will once more realize the felicity of conjugal blessedness.

The deck-load in reference to vessels bound to the West Indies came in force Monday, and will extend until March 16th, 1880. By a vessel sailing for any port in the West Indies is not allowed to deckload higher than six inches of the rail.

A few days ago, Mr. Samuel Gates, a collector of county rates in East Chatham, County of Halifax, was waylaid in a lonely place, and by two assassins, was robbed of \$53.10. It is believed that the robbers were man and wife.

It is announced that Amor De Cosmo, a prominent M.P. belonging to British Columbia, is about to visit Halifax where he has relatives. The about name, which he now bears, is a sort of legalised non de plume. His real name is *Amor de Cosmo*, and is significant of his right to set in the Canada House of Commons.

This was done. Doctor Primrose, with Dr. Dennison in consultation, was sent for and arrived shortly after, when it was found the only remaining chance for his life was to amputate the arm.

The operation was performed, but the loss of blood had been so great, combined with the wet and cold that he only survived a few hours. The wonder is that he could have gone a mile in his wounded condition and on the road he travelled, and not have fainted or given completely up.

The deceased leaves father and mother, wife and one child. He was universally esteemed by all, and great sympathy, in which we join, is expressed for his bereaved family connections.

—Elias Whitman, Esq., Lawrence-town, killed a 7 months old pig last week that weighed 325 pounds.

ANNUAL MEETING.—The yearly meeting of the Bridgetown Agricultural Society will be held at Backler's Hotel, on Tuesday, 2nd day December next, at 2 o'clock, p.m.

D. R. BATH, Secy. Bridgetown, Nov 26th, 1879. 11

The Government and County Grants will be paid at the office of the Inspector of Schools and County Treasurer respectively to Teachers and Trustees or their written order on and after this date. The Inspector of Schools requests parties interested in the above grants to call upon him if possible before the opening of the County Court on the 2nd proximo.

S. S. COCKER.—The children of the school Sunday School intend giving a Sunday school concert next Sunday evening to commence at 7.30, p.m. An admission fee of five cents will be taken at the door. The proceeds to be applied to pay for books in library. All friends of Sunday schools are invited to attend.

An alteration has been made in Mr. John H. Fisher's tailoring establishment. The premises now occupied has been rented by Mrs. W. H. Miller for a millinery shop, she having removed from her old stand; and Mr. Fisher has removed to the premises requested to step around to the west side of the shop to the side door.

The Journal says that on Sunday morning 16th inst., His Lordship the Bishop of Nova Scotia, the Rev. Dr. Chancel later added to St. Luke's Church, Annapolis. In the afternoon of the same day the rite of confirmation was administered to fifteen candidates at Rosette. On the following morning the new Cemetery at Lequille was consecrated.

PLEASE NOTICE.—The Ladies Association of St. James' Church would draw the attention of the public to the fact that they are prepared to do any kind of plain or fancy work, or to make children's dresses, boys' or girls' suits, etc., all on very reasonable terms. All orders to be sent to the President of the Association, Mrs. L. M. Wilkins, Rectory, Bridgetown.

LAST WEEK'S SNOW.—The storm of snow and sleet which fell on the 1st week proved very severe throughout the Province. Telegraphic communication was interrupted both ways from this station, the weight of the wet snow proving more than the wires could bear. The shipping in Cape Breton suffered severely, and such a depth of snow fell for the first time since Mr. John was detained an hour on the road. In the Western States the storm was even more severely felt than here.

W. & A. R.—We understand that the W. & A. Railway Co. have secured again for the winter season the route between Windsor and Halifax. The news that a settlement has been at last arrived at that will make the rate of freight and passenger fares the vexatious delay to passengers consequent upon changing tickets and checks at Windsor, will be hailed with great interest by the travelling public. The men in general on the two lines.

BAD CROSSINGS.—Now that the days of slush, mud, and such peculiarities of the average country road, during the winter months, are fast approaching, it is not surprising that the attention is forcibly directed to the numerous bad crossings in that line that have to be passed by the unfortunate pedestrians who are obliged to cross the street to the other. These crossings could be made passable if the proper attention was only given them in the spring. It is to be regretted that money to come from the public is not money enough to do them all at once, but a drain under and raise up two of the worst crossings in the Province, the one at the crossing of the road south of, and our word for it no one will complain.

WE direct attention to the advertisement of Mr. J. E. Sanction, watchmaker and jeweler, the sole agent in this town for the sale of the celebrated perfect spectacles and eye-glasses supplied by the renowned spectacle firm of Lazarus, Morris & Co. The firm's agents are furnished with the latest and most perfect spectacles and eye-glasses for ascertaining the exact requirements of each purchaser, that is claimed to give security against injury to the eye, and to be of great benefit to those who claim that their glasses are the only kind which reclaim those sights which are and have been strained by the use of common glasses, and they are the only ones which will assist and strengthen and preserve, and often restore eye-sight that are just beginning to fail and require light goggles.

SEVEN PERSONS DROWN.—Captain Joseph Reuter is commencing to New York *Herald* with regard to the treatment of diphtheria in Russia and Germany, which we need make no apology for quoting. It is as follows:—

IMPERIAL RUSSIAN LEGATION, WASHINGTON, Nov. 16, 1879. 11

To the Editor of the *Herald*:—

In view of the increase of diphtheria in several places of the State of New York, I have the honor to communicate to you for publication a very simple remedy, which, having been used in Russia and Germany, may prove effective here.

Out of several letters, Dr. Letzerich, who made extensive experiments in the application of the remedy, has used it in twenty-seven cases, eight of which were of a very serious nature, all of which had a favorable result except in one case, when the child died from a complication of diseases. For children of one year he prescribes the remedy for internal use every one or two hours, as follows:—

Natr. Benzoi, pur. 5.0 solv. in aqu. distillat. pur. 10.0. menth. pip. ana. 40.0 syr. cort. aur. 10.0.

For children from one to three years old he prescribes from seven to eight grammes for 100 grammes of distilled water, with same syrup; for children from three to seven years old he prescribed ten to fifteen grammes, and for grown persons from fifteen to twenty five for each 100 grammes.

Besides this he uses also with great success the insufflation of the diphtherial membrane through a glass tube, in serious cases every three hours, in light cases three times a day of the natr. benzoi pulv. For grown people he prescribes for giving a dilution of ten grammes of this pulv. for 300 grammes of water.

The effect of the remedy is rapid. After twenty-four to thirty-six hours the feverish symptoms disappear completely and the temperature and pulse become normal. This remedy was used with success by Dr. Braun, Dr. Braun and Professor Klebs, in Prague; Dr. Selter, in Cassel, and several others in Russia and Germany.

It is to be regretted that the publication of your widely spread paper will prove beneficial in the United States. I remain yours, very truly,

N. SHIBIKIN, Minister of Russia to the United States.

FRENCH CROSS.—Ten casks of oil were put in the warehouse to await testing, and when tried, after a few days, every cask was found to contain only water. Not a very honest look for some people.—*Journal*.

The following is a correct return of Councilors for this County. Owing to the lateness of the hour last week we were unable to get full returns:—

Wards:—1—Wilmot—D. McGregor. 2—Middleton—George Roach. 3—Clarence—Stuart Leonard. 4—Bridgetown—A. Vidito. 5—Bridgetown—H. Young. 6—Granville Ferry—George Kennedy. 7—Lower Granville—James H. Thorne. 8—Clementon—James P. Roop. 9—Tesson, Rue, Clementon—W. Milner. 10—Annapolis—J. H. Healy and A. W. Corbit.

11—Carlton's Corner—S. E. Bent. 12—Nictaux Plains—Isaac Longley. 13—Springfield—Joseph H. Freeman. 14—Maitland Settlement—Chas. A. Ford. 15—Nictaux Settlement—W. Backler.

A member of a Canadian firm is coming to Halifax to make arrangements to ship Canadian cattle to England from that port. It is high time we did bid good-bye to the importation of raising beef cattle. There is a splendid market for them now, and if Ontario farmers made the enterprise their own, it would be a great success. We will some practical farmer be kind enough to give the reason. We invite correspondence on this subject for a few weeks. Friends, please not delay. A beautiful lot.

There is any money in it, by all means let us have it. We have got one of the finest little countries in the world, if we did but know it, and it seems to us if some of our monied men's surplus capital, instead of being invested in mortgages or locked up in their coffers, was put in giving enterprise as above, they would reap a far greater profit and have the satisfaction of knowing that they are advancing the interests of the country as well as their own.

ANNIVERSARY.—Oliver Branch Division No. 44, Sons of Temperance, located in this town, held its thirty-first anniversary on Monday night. The gathering was a most interesting one, and the members belonging and a number of invited guests. The tea provided by the sister members was sumptuous and the evening's entertainment and enjoyment will long be remembered as one of the best ever spent under the folds of the old banner. The room was beautifully decorated for the occasion with evergreens and appropriate mottoes, transparencies, etc. Songs, speeches, dialogues and recitations added to the interest of the evening. A member present felt proud that they had a name and a place in the grand army of Temperance, and especially in Oliver Branch, which is the oldest but one in the Province.—*Com.*

NOR.—Will some one who knows the history of this Division from its inception to the present time, kindly send an article to the *Monitor*, so that we may have it in our paper. It will be interesting to many. Ed. Mon.

A Halifax *Herald* reporter interviewed two Agricultural delegates from the United States, who were on a tour through our North West, for the purpose of investigating its climate and agricultural adaptability. The report is very encouraging in every respect, and they would rather give \$10 an acre for Manitoba land than accept Minnesota's or Dakota's as a free gift. The climate is considered as being better than that of any other section of the United States for Englishmen, and that emigration to this country will tend that way next spring. The reporter then asked their opinions of Nova Scotia. They replied:—

"It is very good, but you have not enough of it. You ought, with the distance from Toronto to Halifax in your favor, ship more cattle for the English market, and make money out of it than Ontario men can possibly do. Here you have a good port to ship at, within a few miles of your farms, and plenty of land for your own use, and you are raising food for the cattle, and yet you let Ontario walk right past you and ship her cattle at your port."

A New Remedy for Diphtheria.

The Russian Minister to the United States has published a letter in the New York *Herald* with regard to the treatment of diphtheria in Russia and Germany, which we need make no apology for quoting. It is as follows:—

IMPERIAL RUSSIAN LEGATION, WASHINGTON, Nov. 16, 1879. 11

To the Editor of the *Herald*:—

In view of the increase of diphtheria in several places of the State of New York, I have the honor to communicate to you for publication a very simple remedy, which, having been used in Russia and Germany, may prove effective here.

Out of several letters, Dr. Letzerich, who made extensive experiments in the application of the remedy, has used it in twenty-seven cases, eight of which were of a very serious nature, all of which had a favorable result except in one case, when the child died from a complication of diseases. For children of one year he prescribes the remedy for internal use every one or two hours, as follows:—

Natr. Benzoi, pur. 5.0 solv. in aqu. distillat. pur. 10.0. menth. pip. ana. 40.0 syr. cort. aur. 10.0.

For children from one to three years old he prescribes from seven to eight grammes for 100 grammes of distilled water, with same syrup; for children from three to seven years old he prescribed ten to fifteen grammes, and for grown persons from fifteen to twenty five for each 100 grammes.

Besides this he uses also with great success the insufflation of the diphtherial membrane through a glass tube, in serious cases every three hours, in light cases three times a day of the natr. benzoi pulv. For grown people he prescribes for giving a dilution of ten grammes of this pulv. for 300 grammes of water.

The effect of the remedy is rapid. After twenty-four to thirty-six hours the feverish symptoms disappear completely and the temperature and pulse become normal. This remedy was used with success by Dr. Braun, Dr. Braun and Professor Klebs, in Prague; Dr. Selter, in Cassel, and several others in Russia and Germany.

It is to be regretted that the publication of your widely spread paper will prove beneficial in the United States. I remain yours, very truly,

N. SHIBIKIN, Minister of Russia to the United States.

We wish that old lady would carry out her threat, and settle the matter. It's about time the people had a "rest" on this subject. That Hanian Courtney runs to all intents and purposes was a fraud throughout, and we sometimes almost wish that somebody would pack Hanian and Courtney together in a bag and pile the \$6,000 in cents on top of them and pitch bag and all over Niagara Falls.

New Advertisements.

NEW JEWELRY & FANCY STORE!

E. C. LOCKETT

Has now completed his selection of Goods for the coming HOLIDAY SEASON!

In the Jewelry Department, will be found a good assortment of English, Waltham & Swiss Ladies' Gold Hunting Watches.

A Choice Assortment of RINGS, Comprising: WEDDING, BAND STONE & FANCY, A Beautiful Lot of SILVER JEWELRY!

Consisting of Ladies' Sets, Ear-Rings, &c. Also a variety of PLATED SETS!!

EAR-RINGS, CUFF BUTTONS, CUFF PINS, NECK AND OPERA CHAINS, &c. GENTLEMEN'S Gold, Silver & Plated Chains

In the JET DEPARTMENT, will be found Chains, Sets and Ear-Rings.

IN THE CLOCK DEPARTMENT will be found a number of Plain and Ornamental Clocks, suitable for parlour or kitchen.

In the SILVER DEPARTMENT will be found

Cake Baskets, Butter Coolers, Silver Castors & Cruets, Pickle Dishes, Napkin Rings, Silver Dinner, Tea and Dessert Trays, Table and Dessert Spoons, &c.

In addition to the above will be found one of the best selected stocks of FANCY GOODS, suitable for CHRISTMAS PRESENTS, ever offered by any house in Bridgetown, among other things will be found

China and Wax Dolls, Hair Games, Playing Cards, Mustache Caps, Vases, China Sets, Wallets, Hair Brushes, Combs, Boxes Stationery, in fact every thing that constitutes a leproptory for Santa Claus's requirements.

A quantity of Cornerinas at prices LOWER than the LOWEST.

Clocks, Watches and Jewelry Repaired and Warranted.

E. C. LOCKETT, Bridgetown, Nov. 26, 79. 6m

Farm Wanted.

ANY person having a moderately sized Farm in the Annapolis Valley, for sale, willing to take a desirable and pleasantly situated residence in Yarmouth town in partial exchange, please to send particulars by letter. P. O. BOX 161, YARMOUTH, N. S. 2521f

AUCTION.

THE Subscriber will sell at Public Auction on N. H. Beckwith's Tailor Shop, near the Railroad Station, on Saturday, 29th Nov. inst. at 2 o'clock, p.m., a quantity of Household Furniture, Tinware, &c. GOOD BARGAINS MAY BE EXPECTED. Terms of Sale.—All sums under four dollars, cash on delivery. Above that amount, 3 months with approved security with interest. ALEX. FORBES. Bridgetown, Nov. 26th, 1879. 11

Why Will You RUIN YOUR EYESIGHT

—BY USING— COMMON GLASSES WHEN YOU CAN PURCHASE

LARAZUS, MORRIS & CO.'S CELEBRATED PERFECTED SPECTACLES!

The best in the World.

J. E. SANCTION'S WATCHMAKER & JEWELER, Bridgetown.

They are recommended by the faculty for PURITY OF MATERIAL, BRILLIANTNESS OF FINISH, and their strengthening power, in which they excel all others, and lasting many years without requiring to be changed. So they are the CHEAPEST as well as the BEST.

We beg to inform the public of the following:— 1st. Every pair of our glasses are warranted perfect and are fitted on optical principles. 2nd. All glasses not fitted perfectly will be exchanged by our agent free of charge. 3rd. We hereby caution the public against travelling Impostors who claim to be oculists and are fraudulently obtaining patrons for common glasses at exorbitant prices and are non-resident in the Dominion, hence redress uncertain. 4th. We also caution the public against such travellers who claim to have our Celebrated Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses for sale. BEWARE NO FEELERS EMPLOYED. LARAZUS, MORRIS & CO., Montreal. Bridgetown, November 12th, 1879.

New Advertisements.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENT.

The Subscriber will give 6c. per pound for Beef Hides

GEO. MURDOCH. Nov. 19th, 1879. 9117

Real Estate AUCTION.

That Commodious House and Highly Eligible Stand, At Paradise, known as the Thomas A. Balcorn property, will be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, 29th INST. at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Sale to take place on the premises.

TERMS.—10 per cent deposit at sale; one-half of purchase money to be paid upon delivery of the deed and the remainder in one year, satisfactorily secured and on interest.

For particulars apply to W. V. Foster, Bridgetown, or to Adolphus Foster, Granville. ADOLPHUS FOSTER, Attorney and Agent for Owners. Bridgetown, Nov. 17th 1879. 2143z

THE HYACINTH.

HYACINTHS are among the most beautiful of winter or early spring flowering plants, adorning alike the parlor, the green-house, and the garden, with their delightfully fragrant blossoms of various colors and tints, at a season when few other plants are in flower; they are also among the most easily cultivated, growing either in sand, moss, water, or earth, in pots, glasses, or baskets, producing in either a beautiful spikes of flowers as they grow in the open ground.

A splendid stock of Hyacinths and other Bulbs, For sale by BROWN BROS. & Co. Druggists, Ordinance Square, Halifax.

From whom you had free on application. A DESCRIPTIVE AND PRICED CATALOGUE, which is well worth reading. All Bulbs sent by mail to any part of the Province free of postage. 3113z

Intercolonial Railway.

Reviere du Loup Branch.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tenders for Engines" will be received at this office, on FRIDAY, the 5th of DECEMBER next, for the supply of Twelve Locomotive Engines.

Plans, Specifications and forms of Tender will be had at the Mechanical Superintendent's office at Moncton.

The Department not bound to receive the lowest or any tender.

By order, F. BRAUN, Mechanical Superintendent.

Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 7th November, 1879. 2113z

AGENTS WANTED!

THE NEW STYLE "FAMILY" SEWING MACHINE!

\$25 MACHINE!

THE USUAL \$65 MACHINE REDUCED TO \$25

Here and Wherever Free to Agents.

It makes the shuttle, double-thread lock-stitch (the same on both sides of the work), which received the highest award at the Centennial Exhibition, Philadelphia, Pa. 1876. And is complete with a LARGE ASSORTMENT of Attachments for fine work on any other machine, and reduced to only \$25.

It is an easy and pleasant machine to operate. Requires the least force, produces every variety of work, and will last until the century begins. Strong, Simple, Rapid and Efficient.

Use it once, and you will use no other. The machine cheerfully refunded if it will not out-work and outlast any machine at double the price.

Agents sell them faster than any other in consequence of their being "the Best at the Lowest Price."

Each machine thoroughly warranted with a *Warranty* for five years. No return, order paid or machine money refunded at once if not satisfactory.

It is the most solid, reliable, and satisfactory machine ever invented for all kinds of family work. It is an acknowledged unequalled success, thoroughly tested and used in thousands of homes. An efficient, silent, rapid, reliable, and every ready helper to the housewife. It will do the work of a family for a lifetime, or it will earn from \$4 to \$5 per day for any one who wishes to sew for a living. This machine costs less than the price of any new machine of like quality. Has extra long, large-sized bobbins, holding 100 yards of thread, away with the frequent rewinding of bobbins. It is built for strength and constant hard work. Inter-changeable working parts, manufactured of fine polished steel. Will run for years without repairs. It is simple to learn, easy to manage, understood perfectly in an hour, and always ready in a moment to do every description of heavy or fine work at less cost or trouble than any other machine of any price ever sold, or can do. It will sew anything a needle can pierce, from lace or canvas, to heavy cloth or harness, with any kind of thread, and will run off twenty yards per minute; it uses strong, straight needles, and never breaks them. It cannot miss or break a stitch, ravel or break a thread. If you have any other machine, buy this and have a better one. The ease and rapidity of its motion and quality of its work are its best recommendations. It will sew felt, tuck, braid, cord, braid, gather, quilt, ruffle, pleat, fold, scallop, shirt, roll, baste, embroider, run up breeches, etc., with elegance, ease and quietness, unsurpassed by any machine ever invented.

BEWARE OF IMPOSITION.

The Prices for our new machines are less than those asked by dealers in second-hand, rebuilt and refurbished machines, or those selling out old stock to close up business, many such inferior and old style machines being offered at new and reduced prices; beware of imposition and only buy new machines. There are no new first-class machines offered as low as the "Family," by many dollars.

Machines sent for Examination before payment of Bill.

Extraordinary inducements offered to Clergymen, Teachers, Storekeepers, etc., to act as agents. Horses and wagons furnished free. For testimonials see descriptive book, mailed free with samples of work, liberal terms, circulars, etc. address.

"Family" Sewing Machine Co. 755 BROADWAY, N. Y.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the delinquent tax payers on the Providence Church (Methodist) that unless the taxes are paid before the 1st day of DECEMBER, 1879, the same will be made for sale of the premises to meet the arrearages. n28 f

By Order of Trustees.

New Advertisements.

THE HYACINTH.

HYACINTHS are among the most beautiful of winter or early spring flowering plants, adorning alike the parlor, the green-house, and the garden, with their delightfully fragrant blossoms of various colors and tints, at a season when few other plants are in flower; they are also among the most easily cultivated, growing either in sand, moss, water, or earth, in pots, glasses, or baskets, producing in either a beautiful spikes of flowers as they grow in the open ground.

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By order, F. BRAUN, Mechanical Superintendent.

Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, 7th November, 1879. 2113z

AGENTS WANTED!

THE NEW STYLE "



General News.

SHADOWING SMUGGLERS. LIVELY WORK OF THE FRONTIER—THE CANADIAN CUSTOMS OFFICERS—THEIR MANY ONEROUS DUTIES—RECENT SEIZURES.

The Canadian customs officers on the frontier stations have been bothered to a considerable extent of late by parties who carry on a system of petty smuggling. To follow up and bring to an account the bulk of these small cases is as disagreeable a duty to the gentlemen in the employ of Uncle Sam on this side of the line. The very thought of demanding to know where the small quantity of tea used in home consumption was brought, seems utterly absurd; still more so would be the confiscation of such a commodity if a satisfactory explanation is not given. Nevertheless, such an extreme has this small business been carried that the most prominent and apparently honest merchants who pay their duties and never (7) smuggle, have entered complaints that the frontier is not guarded in a manner to protect their interests and enable them to obtain the amount of trade necessary for their support. It seems scarcely possible that any one could even desire the Majesty's officers to stoop to such insignificant work as that of the class above mentioned, but so numerous and persistently repeated have been the complaints that the most unimportant frontier have received orders to look into the state of things more thoroughly or the department would seem to have been engaged in the "petty" business, two or three parties owning stores which are built exactly on the line, thus enabling them to carry American goods in one half of the store and Canadian goods in the other. This is a decidedly tantalizing situation, for of course the authorities cannot be always on the watch to seize a person who has just purchased a limited quantity of American merchandise, neither is it pleasant task to search the residence of parties who are in the majority of cases, still it is proposed to pursue it vigorously until the present nuisance is effectually abated. A large number of these small stores have been recently made along the line, in the St. Armand district, particularly, and a partial list of some of the articles which are smuggled is given in the accompanying illustration of the kind and quantity of the articles smuggled. In one lot, which is of articles that have been sold, are mentioned a quantity of fancy cloths, pieces of cotton, including printed, bleached and unbleached, cambric, cotton, flannel, cotton hose, cotton yarn, buttons, several pairs of coats, some overcoats, &c. Another lot includes two horses, of great value, one single wagon, one lumber wagon, harnesses, blankets, etc. A third lot, four axes and twenty lamp chimneys. One of the articles advertised for sale by the Customs officers, seems out of place when mentioned in connection with the above. This is designated a "cow boat" and was seized from parties who were endeavoring to get a barrel of kerosene oil across the lake from Highgate into the Dominion, without the usual formality of testing its quality or paying the required duty. And just here a word about the Dominion law in regard to the quality of kerosene or petroleum. All oil of this sort that is refined in Canada is required to stand the test of 105° Fahrenheit, while any that may be imported from the States must reach at least 100°. It will easily be seen that seizing oil is, therefore, not a very profitable operation, as it is fails to reach the required standard cannot be used until it is again refined, and with a higher test in order to bring it up to 105°. The barrel above referred to is now held by the officers until the captives, a young man from the custom-house department at Ottawa, relative to its disposal. Officers have been permitted to take a considerable amount of money until the time of issuing the present order, which obliged them to obey instructions to the contrary. From this will arise many curious situations. The following one illustrates the predicament that thoughtlessness may get a person into. Several days since a most pedlar, on his way to Highgate from Franklin, was taken by an elbow in the turpentine temporarily on to Canadian soil. While passing a house he was accosted by the inmates with a request for some meat. Not realizing the frontier, happened that way, and as the structure by the law seized the team and its contents. The feelings of the owner can be much better imagined than described, and though the meat was immediately sold by the authorities to prevent loss, he can probably make arrangements to recover his team on payment of a nominal fine. Before the recent occurrence, this case would have furnished a nice opportunity for the display of the officer's common sense, but under the existing state of things this could not be allowed. A haul of more importance was made at Highgate, on the night of the 9th inst., when two large loads of American Cottons were seized by custom officers who had in some way obtained information that the goods were to be landed. The value of the loads is estimated at from \$500 to \$800, and not \$2,000, as it has been erroneously reported. The persons in charge were closely interrogated as to where he got the goods, and to whom they belonged, but he apparently was not sufficiently versed in the language of the country to give any satisfactory answers, the teams and contents were taken in custody, and will probably be disposed of for the benefit of the Government. A prominent merchant of Highgate is reported to be the consignor, but as he declines to say anything in the property, the report is, doubtless, a mistake. Many important things are reported daily, which, when sold, scarcely bring enough to pay for the trouble, and goods are found concealed in every conceivable manner. A lot of fancy cloths were recently taken from a denumer, who was striving to hide them with the assistance of a female companion. The train inspector had examined all visible parcels, and interrogated the man as to whether everything had been exhibited. On receiving an affirmative reply, he was about to pass when he was attracted by the unusually extended spread of a lady's dress. A little delicate inspection brought to light from underneath the garment so dextrously spread, a sample case containing nine "tickers." As the duty on them amounted to almost as much as the first cost, the drummer reluctantly consented to have them confiscated. Not the least amusing part in the daily drama is the surprising innocence of Dominion residents who frequently visit the States and return bringing with them dutiable articles. On being reminded that there is duty to be paid, they suddenly remember that on their return trips something of the kind was in style and accordingly promptly contribute their mites to the treasury of the Queen. Yankee ingenuity and labor-saving machinery have introduced products of all kinds to such an extent, and competition with English products, that at the present time there is some smuggling into the Dominion than

Latest by Telegraph.

EUROPE.

London, Nov. 22.—A great meeting was held today at Lonsdale. The chair was occupied by John Loudon, President of the National League of Mayo. Messrs. Parnell, M. P. Gray, M. P., and other prominent gentlemen were present. Resolutions were passed, protesting against the recent attempt of the Government to stifle the voice of constitutional agitation, and to drive the people to violence; also calling upon the people of Ireland to maintain the attitude of self control which has hitherto characterized their movements, and to carefully abstain from giving the Government any excuse for inaugurating the policy of coercion which they contemplate. Later advices from Riala indicate that extraordinary precautions were taken by the Government. More than one hundred policemen were stationed near the place of meeting, and some cavalry were in the vicinity, ready for immediate action. Mr. Parnell spoke. Besides the resolutions, already mentioned, one was passed expressing great satisfaction that attempted evictions had been abandoned, and another urging the people to continue the agitation. Great excitement prevails in Riala district, and the Government are engaged to defend the Sinn Féin prisoners. It is expected by the National League that the Government will shortly send a land writer, on which the whole case depends, will break down. The meeting at Lonsdale, on Sunday, was terminated at six this evening. Hundreds marched to the farm of Deunpey, the tenant who was to have been evicted. Much excitement was manifested. A demonstration will be made on Sunday in Dublin to commemorate the Manchester execution. LONDON, NOV. 22.—The meeting at Ballinacorney, on Sunday, was a success. The meeting at Lonsdale, on Sunday, was terminated at six this evening. Hundreds marched to the farm of Deunpey, the tenant who was to have been evicted. Much excitement was manifested. A demonstration will be made on Sunday in Dublin to commemorate the Manchester execution.

Canada.

OTTAWA, NOV. 22.—A new company is formed at Winnipeg with a capital of one hundred thousand dollars, to build a telegraph line from Winnipeg to Victoria.

OTTAWA, NOV. 22.—A new company is formed at Winnipeg with a capital of one hundred thousand dollars, to build a telegraph line from Winnipeg to Victoria. The company is called the "Winnipeg and Victoria Telegraph Company." The line will be built in stages, and will be completed in about two years. The company is managed by Mr. J. H. McLeod, of Winnipeg. The line will be built in stages, and will be completed in about two years. The company is managed by Mr. J. H. McLeod, of Winnipeg.

Lawrencetown, October, 1879.

Lawrencetown, October, 1879. The building of a bridge across the river at Lawrencetown, is a subject of public opinion with the presence of Pope, cardinal or priest, is a striking incident in the secularization of the old city. It is the old bridge, built in 1800, and in the new order of things, which is bringing the modern spirit of the old city. It is the old bridge, built in 1800, and in the new order of things, which is bringing the modern spirit of the old city.

New Advertisements.

L. H. S. THE HIGH SCHOOL, at Lawrencetown, opened for THIRD YEARS' work, OCTOBER 28th, 1879.

THE HIGH SCHOOL, at Lawrencetown, opened for THIRD YEARS' work, OCTOBER 28th, 1879. FULLY EQUIPPED STAFF OF TEACHERS. Liberal Courses of Study. SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO TEACHERS' COURSE. Room, Board, Fire, Light, and Plain Washing, \$2.00 per week. For particulars, address for Circular, C. F. HALL, Principal, or C. S. PHINNEY, Associate Principal.

New Advertisements.

Lequille Mills, Annapolis, N. S. CLOTH DRESSING.

Lequille Mills, Annapolis, N. S. CLOTH DRESSING. EVERY Farmer is aware that Honespun when Filled in Warner, More Durable, and Much Improved in Appearance, but it requires to be woven evenly and Stout, and not less than one yard wide. The Subscribers are prepared, at considerable expense, all the necessary machinery for the Filling, Dyeing, and Dressing Business, and having two sets of Machinery in operation, are prepared to execute all orders with despatch, and have appointed the following Agents to receive and forward Cloth for Filling to us, it being returned through their hands.

St. John Advertisements.

American Goods. JUST RECEIVED, one hundred packages AMERICAN GOODS.

American Goods. JUST RECEIVED, one hundred packages AMERICAN GOODS. Bleached and Brown Cottons, Canton Flannels, Ducks, Jeans, Battings, Waddings, &c. For sale low with special rates to large buyers. Teas, Teas. RECEIVED ex "HIBERNIAN" 150 HALF CHESTS Congou Tea. FOR SALE LOW. T. R. JONES & CO. St. John, N. B., June 23rd, 79.

Competition of the Annapolis County Rifle Association, held at Paradise, October 13th.

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Intercolonial Railway.

Intercolonial Railway. RIVIERE DU LOUP BRANCH. SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, endorsed "Tenders for Cars," will be received at this office up to noon of WEDNESDAY, 25th inst., for the supply of— Four Snow Plows, Three Ploughs, Three Wing Ploughs, Two First Class Cars, Two Second Class Cars, Two Smoking and Postal Cars, Two Baggage Cars. Plans, specifications and forms of tender can be had at the Mechanical Superintendent's office at Montreal. The Department is not bound to accept the lowest or any of the tenders. By order, F. BRAUN, Secretary, Department of Railway and Canals, 121 St. John Street, Montreal, P. Q.

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