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THE MONTGOMERY CO

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Iron Works

Windsor Bk.

The Edmonton Bulletin.

ENGINEER WADDELL WOULD HAVE TORN UP AGREEMENT

Said J. A. McKinnon, so he wired President Clarke to send Amended Contract to him instead.

ENGINEER STRONGLY OPPOSED ANY CHANGE IN ORIGINAL CONTRACT

Right-of-way Purchasing Agent Kept Clarke Posted on the Political Troubles at Capital

J. A. McKinnon on the Stand Most of the Morning—Dr. Waddell Produces the Agreement Made Between Himself and the Railway President, Showing the Large Salary That He is to Receive From the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Co.

James A. McKinnon, right of way purchasing agent for the Canada West Construction company, as is more commonly known, the Alberta and Great Waterways Railway Co., occupied the witness box most of the morning before the Royal commission. Just before noon R. B. Bennett commenced his cross-examination following Mr. Walsh in the direct questioning of the witness.

Mr. McKinnon gave many interesting insights on the recent crisis in the legislature. These were mainly brought out by production of telegrams between himself and Clarke by which he was keeping the latter posted on the situation in Edmonton during the session. Many of these were very amusing in their character.

The next witness this afternoon will be Geo. S. Seymour, auditor of the Alberta and Great Waterways. His examination will be brief and he will be followed by Premier Butherford. Dr. Waddell before leaving the box this morning produced his agreement with Clarke and also addressed the court in some laudatory manner of road which he would build if he were retained as chief engineer.

THIS MORNING'S SESSION:

At this morning's session Mr. Johnston re-examined Dr. Waddell produced a copy of the contract made between the chief engineer and Mr. Clarke whereby the engineer was to receive \$25,000 a year and \$75,000 bonus for other assistance and advice other than engineers in connection with the construction of the railway, the financing of the bonds and the negotiations with the Alberta government leading up to the guarantee of the bonds.

Mr. Johnston also produced the C.P.R. files several copies of telegrams translated by the Royal Commission to a conference between witness and F. S. Darling, the engineer who was leaving after the Royal Commission's interests in the Alberta and Great Waterways. Mr. Darling by his own admission was in New York when Mr. McKinnon was in Edmonton.

"Where is Mr. James now?" counsel asked the witness.

"I think he is in Winnipeg."

"Where is Mr. Clarke now?"

"The last I heard of him he was in St. Paul. This I learned from the telegram from him which was referred to yesterday."

"Where are Minty and Bowen?"

"I haven't the least idea."

To Return Money to Clarke. At this point Mr. Bennett suggested that the entire contract should be read. Dr. Waddell protested that he did not want his private business disclosed more than necessary at Mr. Bennett stated that he had no desire to pry into private business but he thought certain stipulations of the contract should be read to the court.

"As a matter of fact the contract specifies that part of this anomalous salary shall be returned to Clarke in certain contingencies," said Mr. Bennett in support of his contention for the reading of the document.

It was decided that it should be read.

***** LAURIER TO VISIT WEST THIS SUMMER. ***** Ottawa, April 19.—The Western Liberal members will wait upon Sir Wilfrid Laurier this week to urge that he carry out his long contemplated tour of Western Canada this summer.

***** It is believed that he will be able to find time during July and August next to make a trip through to the Pacific coast and if so the members from the West will endeavor to secure from him a promise to this effect before the session closes. *****

***** Waddell's Statement. My desire in making this request is endeavor to rub in an impression, an unfavorable impression to me, as an engineer, that I do not desire. Now, to begin with, when I made that first estimate for Mr. Clarke, based upon Mr. Goddard's report, and when Mr. Phillips made his estimate from going over the line, there were no specifications whatsoever in regard to the character of the road. There was nothing determined about the important points of maximum grades and maximum curvature, and the minimum tangent length between curves, and the weight of rails had not been settled. Now, the cost of a road depends greatly upon all these matters, and the weight of rails had not been settled. Now, the cost of a road depends greatly upon all these matters, and the weight of rails had not been settled.

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***** James A. McKinnon, right of way purchasing agent for the Alberta and Great Waterways railway or the Canada West Construction Company, was called by Mr. Walsh. The counsel first returned a number of telegrams which he had received last week and which were not material.

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***** KING'S MINORU IS AMONG THE ALSO RANS. ***** London, April 20.—What was a little short of a national disaster from a sporting point of view occurred today when the royal coat, Minoru, who had been heavily backed at 3 to 1, and was popularly supposed to have the race at his mercy, finished among the also rans in the City Stakes at Epsom.

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tion of the telegram, explained that he had at first intended signing a fictitious name as there was talk at the time of an investigation.

***** Another telegram to him from Clarke read: "Tell Bigger arranging matter as quick as possible." He could not explain what was meant.

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"How much are you paid per annum?"

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THOUSANDS SEE BIG MILL BURNT

Spectacular Blaze Last Night, At Lumber Yard on South Side of River

A spectacular fire which broke out about nine p.m. Tuesday at the saw and planing mill of the Edmonton Lumber Co., Ltd., on the south side of the river just below the bridge, attracted thousands of spectators from both sides. The mill which burned like tinder was completely destroyed almost before it was possible to get the water turned on the blaze. The manager, James J. Ryan, who saw the blaze from the bridge, said that the loss at about \$200,000, principally on the valuable machinery. The insurance is held with the Lumber Insurance Co. of New York and will not likely more than half cover the loss.

The cause was a large Minnesota capitalist but Mr. Clarke, who was the founder has also a big interest. He will rebuild at once in preparation for the season's log drive which will be down the river from the camps in the course of a few weeks. The next few months are the busiest of the year for the sawmills and the fire comes at the worst season of the year in the lumber business.

The fire was first noticed by an employee, J. Ryan, who saw the blaze from the Cameron House a short distance away, where he boards. With a number of others he rushed over to the mill but the interior was all in flames. An alarm was turned in to the Strathcona brigade at the same time and the mill was later sent to the Edmonton brigade to the effect that the Saskatchewan brigade was en route.

Boiler House Centre of Fire. When the foreman reached the mill from the Cameron House the fire was burning most fiercely around the boiler house and it is there that the origin is supposed to have been. The exact cause of the fire was not ascertained but it is near the furnace where the main attending the furnace had left a fire on stepping work at the mill at six o'clock. It was a few minutes before the Strathcona brigade arrived owing to the long two-mile run down the mill. It was found that the boiler house was the centre of the blaze from the hydrant near the Cameron House. Luckily a hose was thrown from Edmonton and attached to the stream was carried to the finished lumber, piled in the yards and the flames were prevented from spreading to this.

Shortly after the heavy stream was brought down from the Strathcona mill, Edmonton, and taken to the river bank near the burning building but the services were unnecessary as the water from the hydrant was brought into service.

Fire Burnt Fiercely. For half an hour the fire burned fiercely, the firemen giving their attention to the surrounding piles of boards which were kindled by the water. Gradually the fire died down and by half past ten o'clock practically all danger was over.

The blaze which made a brilliant illumination was watched by immense crowds of people who lined the banks on the Edmonton side of the river. Hundreds more came down the hills on either side and watched the fire light conducted by the brigade.

"AW, CHECK IT WITH YOUR MAT." Is the Newest Catch Line on Swift Broadway.

C.N.R.'S FIRST B.C. CONTRACT

Will be Awarded Next Month For Twenty Miles on Island.

Vancouver, B. C., April 18.—That Mackenzie and Mann intend to begin construction work on Vancouver Island, as well as on the mainland, before the end of the month, was announced by the provincial government, is indicated by a report today that the contract for the first twenty miles of the line from Victoria to Barclay Sound will be awarded within the next six weeks. This twenty-mile section is from the capital to Sooke.

Representatives of Mackenzie and Mann are now revising the survey made by the Barclay Sound Railway company whose charter the Canadian Northern took over. Within the next few weeks, a contract will be awarded for the clearing of the Canadian Northern route, which will be a number of miles from Edmonton to the junction with the addition of several miles. A stream was carried to the finished lumber, piled in the yards and the flames were prevented from spreading to this.

Free Empire Wheat. London, Eng., April 17.—It is announced that A. J. Balfour's statement concerning the wheat which was made after careful consultation with Austen Chamberlain, Bonar Law and other cabinet members, was that Lord Rosbery's appeal to the Unionist leaders to drop tariff reform with no acceptance from the Unionist press, Conservative and Radical or Tariff reform league.

Land Company Declares Dividend. Canadian Associated Press. Vancouver, B. C., April 18.—The Calgary and Edmonton Land company has declared a dividend of two shillings a share, while five shillings per share of the paid up capital is returned to the shareholders. When a further four shillings per share is thus returned, as is proposed, the capital will be reduced to one shilling per share.

600,000 For Toronto Y. M. C. A. Toronto, Ont., April 19.—"We need \$600,000 more for our campaign," said this sentence C. S. Ward, New York secretary of the international committee of the Young Men's Christian association, summed up the situation regarding the coming campaign of the Toronto branch of the Y.M.C.A. for building funds.

It Years and 24. Lashes. Winnipeg, April 20.—This morning in police court Charles Erickson was sentenced to seventeen years in the penitentiary with twenty-four lashes for seducing his step-daughter, Sarah, constantly since March 1902. The girl told a pitiful story of having four children by him, the first being born before she was fourteen.

Alien Labor Law Case Decided. Winnipeg, April 19.—The first test of the alien labor law was settled here this morning when Judge McDonald dismissed the case brought by the authorities against the Henderson Publishing company for bringing in an operative, J. McDonald, from St. Paul.

American Cruiser Ordered to China. Anoy, April 17.—The United States protected cruiser, Cleveland, which arrived here yesterday, has sailed for Hankow, because of rioting at Chang Chang. Several cruisers are also on the way to the scene of the disturbance.

No Concessions for Mechanics

Montréal, April 19.—There is every indication that the difference between the C.P.R. and its eastern mechanics, which has been the subject of prolonged negotiations, will result in no concessions from the company, but in renewal of the present agreements for 12 months, as was done on the western line.

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A. & G. W. RAILWAY INQUIRY

(Continued from Page One)

MONDAY'S EVIDENCE.

The Royal Commission resumed its sittings this morning. R. B. Bennett again took up the cross-examination of J. K. Cornwall, which he continued till noon. There was nothing new of importance brought out and after the counsel had summarized his questioning with a series of interrogations covering the evidence of the witness on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, he resumed his seat at noon. There was no re-examination by the other counsel.

Mr. Cornwall throughout made an excellent witness and his answers while under cross-examination won him the admiration of the spectators as well as apparently the approval of the courts on numerous occasions. Dr. Waddell, chief engineer of the A. & G. W. Ry. Co., was then called, and will be on the stand for some time.

Letters Put in Evidence. When the court sat this morning Mr. Walsh produced six letters which he said should be used in the further examination of Mr. Cornwall. The reason they had not been put in before was that he and Mr. Johnston did not know of one, another could not be found and the others were reserved for Mr. Minty's evidence. As it was now doubtful when he could be produced the counsel thought these should be now produced.

Mr. McKenna asked if they were original or copies and Mr. Walsh replied that two were original and four were copies. The letters were as follows: Dec. 1924, 1906, Cornwall to Minty; Dec. 21st, 1906, Minty to O. M. Biggar; Feb. 1st, 1907, O. M. Biggar to Minty; Feb. 22nd, 1907, O. M. Biggar to Minty; June 1st, 1908, Minty to W. B. Clarke; Dec. 2, 1908, Minty to W. B. Clarke.

Mr. Bennett then resumed his cross-examination, which he concluded at noon. This evidence caused considerable amusement to the court.

At that time there were few dresses of this kind in the country, said Mr. Cornwall, "and I thought it might have had a effect on the consideration of the proposed route."

The allusion was to the habit of Hawes and Faulkner. Mr. Bennett in closing his cross-examination reviewed the entire statements of Mr. Cornwall again securing the answers under oath with reference to the transactions from 1906 up to the present.

This concluded Mr. Cornwall's evidence in the court. He was then examined by Messrs. McKenna, Biggar or Woods.

DR. WADDELL. Dr. Waddell, chief engineer for the Alberta & Great Waterways Railway was called to the stand. He was examined by Mr. Johnston.

He was retained by Mr. Clarke's counsel to decide if Cecil Goddard was competent to make a reconnaissance between the Edmonton and Fort McMurray for a railroad. It was decided that Mr. Goddard should do the work.

Witness called to Edmonton in October, 1908. He identified a letter received from Mr. Goddard dated at Lac La Biche, which was a preliminary report on part of the survey. This country was easy to Lac La Biche, he said, but not so easy to Edmonton.

He named amounts which might be charged for grading, grubbing, etc., and was asked to make a reconnaissance on the letter on the A. & G. W. file and that forwarded to the public works department.

of being present when the bonds were underwritten by Morgan & Company. The rate at which they first discussed and the bonds were not for them.

He returned to Edmonton in February 1909 with Mr. Clarke while the guarantee act was passed by the provincial legislature. He went to Europe again with Mr. Clarke as his advisor. Mr. Clarke handled the financial matters himself. On the trip he was told by Mr. Clarke that he made a little deal with the Morgans, he understood, and he was getting paid par. Mr. Clarke had told him he got no commission in handling the bonds. He wasn't well pleased for he thought the Morgans were squeezing him pretty hard. He wasn't sure when he got this impression on the first or second trip.

Engaged on Surveys. He returned to Edmonton in last August and had since been engaged in the survey operations. He went to London and Fort McMurray. On the last trip he had gone to within about eighty miles of Fort McMurray. He came to Edmonton in August he was informed either by Clarke or Minty that a contract had been stipulated under bond of \$100,000 to do some time he was drawing contracts for grading with the Alberta & Great Waterways railway and he was called down by Mr. Clarke who said the contract should be with the Canada West Construction company.

"It was immaterial to me," he said, "whether I worked for the A. & G. W. or the Canada West Construction company. It was working for W. B. Clarke in either case and it was from him I largely got instructions."

Explains Telegram. A telegram reading "did C. close with M" sent by the witness to Minty was explained by Waddell to mean that he had written to Mr. Clarke, contractor for part of the construction work. Mr. Clarke was not a member of the construction company.

In answer to a question from Justice Harvey the witness said that the price of the work was about \$45,000 per mile, and he was paid \$25,000 per mile. One told him to "keep mum."

Another from him to Clarke advised him not to agree to the contract. He explained was advice to Clarke as a friend.

"What is Mr. Clarke's business?" "A banker."

"Has he ever been engaged in railway work before?" "I don't think so."

The Cross Examination. This ended the direct examination and the witness was asked by Mr. Bennett "Where is Mr. Clarke now?" "I had a telegram from him in St. Paul on Saturday."

"And Mr. Minty was with him?" "I don't know."

"What was the telegram about?" "It was about money for \$5,000."

Continuing Mr. Bennett took up the professional career of the witness. He had been engaged largely in bridge matters, more so than in railway matters. He was said by Mr. Bennett, one of the greatest authorities on structural engineers, and this the witness modestly disclaimed.

He was getting a salary of \$25,000 per year from the A. & G. W. but he averaged this salary for many years and could get even more in Kansas City at the present time. His salary had been as high as \$45,000 per year in fees etc. His firm was one of the best known in the Middle West.

Witness told of having been on a holiday trip to British Columbia. When he received the message from W. B. Clarke of the work of the railway proposed to Fort McMurray. This message came somewhere about the middle of June. Shortly after that he saw Mr. Clarke in Kansas City. He also received a letter from Mr. Clarke outlining the work to be done in Alberta. Clarke had said that he wanted a reconnaissance of the proposed route and he wished to see if he was capable of making such reconnaissance.

This ended the evidence when the court adjourned at half past four.

TUESDAY'S EVIDENCE. When the Royal Commission adjourned at noon today Dr. J. A. Waddell, chief engineer of the A. & G. W. railway, was still in the witness box. Under the suggestive tones of the witness in cross-examination he frankly telling all the details of the Alberta and Great Waterways railway and apparently has concealed nothing of which he has knowledge and about which he has been questioned. He had been in the hands of Mr. Bennett most of yesterday afternoon and all this morning. His testimony will be finished this afternoon.

Eminent Bridge Engineer. Dr. Waddell is admittedly one of the greatest authorities on bridge engineering on the continent. His knowledge of railway construction is not so great and it appears he was largely selected by Mr. Clarke owing to his acquaintance with many years in Kansas City. He holds many degrees and has been decorated by the Mikado for eminent services in Japan. He is being paid at the rate of \$25,000 a year by the A. & G. W. but he told the court that he has averaged this salary for many years and has received as much as \$45,000 per annum.

Mr. Bennett's manner in handling Dr. Waddell is exactly the opposite from that with which he questioned Mr. Clarke and Great Waterways was suggested by Mr. Minty and with a number of others were handed to Premier Rutherford for his choice in a advisory government engineers Stocks and Charters mainly relative to grades and other engineering projects.

Went to Europe With Clarke. Witness stated that he had gone to Europe with Clarke in an advisory capacity to give information. He knew very little about the financial arrangements and did not remember

of Cecil Goddard as forwarded to the government and those on the files of the A. & G. W. railway. These changes the witness avowed were not for the purpose of deceiving the government but were made as a result of his best judgment. He was getting paid par. Mr. Clarke had told him he got no commission in handling the bonds. He wasn't well pleased for he thought the Morgans were squeezing him pretty hard. He wasn't sure when he got this impression on the first or second trip.

The railway, he said, was being built on far better specifications than those in the agreement. If the work of construction were to a construction company it might cost more than \$20,000 a mile.

Pressed by Mr. Bennett for a statement as to the cheapest the road could be built for, as he intended it should be built, he said the lowest figure might be \$17,000 a mile. If it were built according to the agreement specifications it might cost \$10,000 less.

His Trip to Europe. Yesterday afternoon Dr. Waddell told of having accompanied Clarke to Europe when the sale of the bonds was effected. He did not know of a contract having received any commission, but had heard him complain that he had not.

He acknowledged a telegram produced which he had sent up to Clarke when the crisis was on in the legislature advising him not to guarantee the road, as he had stipulated under bond of \$100,000 to do in a letter to the legislature.

"When the court resumed this morning he stated that he had stipulated under bond of \$100,000 to do in a letter to the legislature. He was asked if he had any commission, but he had heard him complain that he had not.

"I didn't," he said, "I don't remember any one else having told me to do so."

This evidence caused considerable amusement to the court. Mr. Bennett pressed further for a definite reply to the question as to whether or not he had any commission. Mr. Bennett pressed further for a definite reply to the question as to whether or not he had any commission.

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could not get him to come lower, was the reply.

"Do you remember the day of the record run," replied the engineer. "Well, it was the day before."

The Finances. Mr. Bennett then took up the question of the bonds and inquired why Mr. Waddell thought the bonds should be five per cent. He replied that he thought this was the best figure in view of his experience in financing in the U. S.

Reference was made to the specifications calling for prairie loam for ballast, and the witness said such was never intended for ballast.

"Then why was it in the specifications?" will explain that," commenced the witness, but Mr. Biggar interjected that the specifications did not call for that.

"We will deal with the specifications later," said the counsel, and he passed on to another phase of the estimate.

Intended a First Class Road. "I figured in doing this road in first class style; I never thought of doing it in second class style," said the witness in speaking of the quotations on the latter.

"I'm glad to hear that and so is the country," replied Mr. Bennett. "Well, we never thought of using fish plates nor prairie loam, about building up-purges cannot do this. You didn't intend to comply with the government in their wishes in this regard?"

"What was your private estimate to Mr. Clarke?" "I didn't give him any."

"What was Mr. Clarke's own idea of the cost of the road when he interviewed the government?" "I didn't give him any."

"I didn't," he said, "I don't remember any one else having told me to do so."

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TALES FROM THE WONDERFUL WEST

It is Easy Enough to Be Pleasant When Monday Goes By Like a Dream, When the Labor is Light, The Linen is White, And You're Not Choked to Death By The Steam.

It is Easy to Banish Your Troubles With Royal Crown Soap for a Friend, 'Tis The Best in The West: And We Beg to Suggest You Can Also, at All Times—Depend on Golden West Washing Powder

It Cleanses—Purifies—Beautifies; And The Premiums are Fine.

(Design protected by copyright)

USING PURGATIVES INJURES HEALTH

What You Need in Spring is a Blood Building Tonic

A spring medicine is an actual necessity to most people. Nature demands it as an aid in carrying off the impurities that have accumulated in the blood during the indoor life of winter. But unfortunately thousands of people who do recognize the necessity of a spring medicine do not know what is best to take and do themselves with harsh, gripping purgatives.

This is a serious mistake. Ask any doctor and he will tell you that the use of purgative medicine weakens the system but does not cure disease. In the spring the system needs building up—purgatives cannot do this—they weaken you still more. The blood should be made rich, red and pure and only a tonic medicine can do this. The best blood building, nerve restoring tonic medical science has yet discovered is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose of this medicine actually makes new, rich blood. This new blood strengthens every organ, every nerve and every part of the body. This is why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure headaches and backaches, rheumatism and neuralgia, anemic pimples and eruptions, and give a glow of health to the weak and faded. Men, women and growing boys and girls who take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills eat well, sleep well, you feel bright, active and strong. You need a medicine in the spring and most likely you do try this great life-giving tonic, and see the new life, new health and new strength it will put into you.

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50. From The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE LUMBER RATES' CASE

Ottawa, Ont., April 18.—Officials of the leading Canadian railways are here in conference in preparation for further hearing before the Railway Commission of the lumber rates' case. It will be recalled that a year ago the question was gone into exhaustively by the traffic officers of the Canadian Lumbermen's association against the new tariff of the railways. The upshot of the matter then was as a reference to the traffic officers of the commission to figure out a tariff mutually satisfactory. A great deal of time and work have been devoted to this but there appears to have been no definite understanding reached. The railway companies now propose to give evidence in further justification of their new rates.

Galician Was Murdered. Rossburn, Man., April 18.—The inquest on the Galician, Kuzell, who was yesterday found with his skull crushed, was held today. The jury's finding was that the deceased came to his death by blows from a blunt instrument in the hands of a person or persons unknown. Suspicion has fallen on a comatriot, with whom he rode out on two occasions when seen last fall. It is definitely known he then had a large sum of money on his person and the suspect was later seen with a considerable sum.

Engineer's Courage Averts Collision. Wolsely, Sask., April 18.—An engine and caboose, travelling east when, as they rounded a curve, they met an immigrant special. With great courage the engineer stopped and reversed his engine, but before he could get away or the special could be stopped the engines came into contact, but without serious damage, owing to the promptitude of the eastbound engineer. The fireman of the immigrant special jumped and was severely bruised.

Shackleton to Visit Regina. Regina, Sask., April 18.—Arrangements were completed today for Sir Ernest Shackleton to appear in Regina on May 24, when he will lecture under the auspices of the Greater Regina club. During his stay in the city Sir Ernest will be a guest at government House, while citizens generally will make an effort to do honor to the point in Saskatchewan which will be included in the Shackleton's western tour.

Servia's King Murdered. Belgrade, April 19.—Colonel Alexander Maschin, leader of the band that murdered King and Queen Draga of Servia in 1903, died here today. Maschin's brother was the first husband of Draga.

Imperial Gang Plows are what the farmer needs. The Massey-Harris Mower before buying elsewhere.

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UNCLE SAM IS NOW COUNTING THE MONEY

Great Decennial Census in Progress Now Under Way—Cost \$14,000,000—Will Take 18 Months—Expected to Show 50,000,000.

Washington, D. C., April 18.—Uncle Sam's great decennial census is now well under way. The census takers are now in the field with pencil and pad, every nook and corner of the 75,000 census enumerators are in the field with pencil and pad. When their work is completed results tabulated by the electric devices now in use census officers in the city will know to what extent his has increased during the past years. He will know whether or no, as prosperous he is, his farms, manufactures, his quantities are larger, or whether he is worth knowing about his Will Take 18 Months.

The actual collection of census returns will take about thirty days in the country. Each enumerator is a certain area to cover. First of the houses, the street city or town will be taken. It is a certain area to cover. First of the houses, the street city or town will be taken. It is a certain area to cover. First of the houses, the street city or town will be taken.

It is thought that he has put away a large sum of money secured by the Farmers' Milling and Elevator company's stock, as little of it has apparently been spent. He was brought to Lethbridge and is now in the barracks.

Department Announces Sales at Cambridge and Medicine Hat. Ottawa, April 18.—Following is the dates of school lands sales to be held in the Prairie provinces: Alberta—Camrose, May 10th; Medicine Hat, May 25th. Saskatchewan—Weyburn, June 2nd; Arocha, June 6th; Stoughton, June 8th; Friesic, June 10th; Estevan, June 13th; Esterhazy, June 17th; Aberdeen, June 20th; Rosheen, June 22nd; Hentley, June 24th; Saskatoon, June 27th.

To harvest Alberta's heavy crops the Massey-Harris Floating Elevator Binder is the best.

Queen's University and College KINGSTON, ONTARIO. ARTS EDUCATION THEOLOGY MEDICINE SCIENCE (Including Engineering)

How the population of the States has grown—Pop. 1750 3,300 1800 5,308 1850 7,238 1880 9,632 1890 12,896 1895 17,993 1898 23,199 1899 25,828 1870 35,558 1880 60,153 1888 69,282 1900 (estimated) 75,303

Invest One Cent in a Post Card. For a Sample of Gin Pills. If you have Kidney Trouble—if your bladder is inflamed—if you have to urinate every few minutes—if your back aches—if your hands and feet are sore and swollen—if you are all crippled up with Rheumatism—won't you give Gin Pills a chance to show how they can help you?

Richard Hamlyn. Gin Pills proved to be just the thing for Mr. Hamlyn. They will prove the thing for you, if you will give them a chance to show their value. Invest one cent in a postcard and write today to the National Drug & Chem. Co. Limited, Dept. A.D., Toronto, for a free sample. Then, when you see that Gin Pills are doing you good, get the regular 50c boxes at your dealer's.

Where 12 Years Separated Mother and Daughter Meet in Hospital. Detroit, April 18.—After an interval of twelve years, Mary Gibson, Ont., and her mother, Mrs. Gibson, met in a hospital. Mrs. Gibson was brought back by her mother in a Detroit hospital. The meeting is arranged by the girl's first husband, who is now in the hospital. The man's name is Cohen and he is now in the hospital. G. T. R. of the Fort Erie yard first visited the station at the meeting. The man's name is Cohen and he is now in the hospital.

Weston 16 Days Ahead of Schedule. Fredonia, N.Y., April 19.—Payson Weston, who is walking Los Angeles to New York, stopped at Fredonia, where he was met by a party of friends. Weston expects to arrive at New York today. Weston is sixteen days ahead of his schedule.

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UNCLE SAM IS NOW COUNTING THE NOSES

Great Decennial Census in United States Now Under Way—It Will Cost \$4,000,000—Will Take Fifteen Days—Expected to Show 50,000,000.

Washington, D. C., April 19.—Today marks the real beginning of Uncle Sam's great decennial task of counting noses and taking stock, a task imposed upon him by the Constitution of the United States. This morning, in every nook and corner of the country, the 15,000 census enumerators look to the field with pencil and pad in hand. When their work is completed and the results tabulated by the wonderful electric devices now in use in the census office in this city, Uncle Sam will know to what extent his family has increased during the past ten years. He will know also how rich he is, how prosperous he is, and how his farms, manufactures, mines and quarries are faring, and everything else worth knowing about himself.

Will Take 15 Days. The actual collection of data will continue fifteen days in the cities, and thirty days in the country districts. Each enumerator is assigned a certain area to cover. First, the location of the house, the street and the city or town will be taken. Then will come the full name of each person, his or her relationship to the head of the family, sex, color or race, age at last birthday, whether single, married, widowed or divorced, and number of years of present marriage. Then will be chronicled the place of birth, trade or profession, general nature of industry, whether employed or employer, ability to read and write, physical defects, whether the home is owned or rented, and whether the person is a survivor of the Union or Confederate army or navy.

Will Cost \$4,000,000. Dr. E. Dana Durand, the chief of the census bureau, hopes to be able by June 15 to report the number of inhabitants in the United States, probably between 58,000,000 and 61,000,000. It will take four months to cover the manufacturing interests and probably three years to tabulate and study the vast undertaking. The completed task will represent the labor of 75,000 men and women enumerators, and 750 regular and 3,000 temporary clerks in the census bureau.

Previous Figures. Shows the population of the United States has grown:

Year	Population
1790	3,929,214
1800	5,308,483
1810	7,267,132
1820	9,833,822
1830	12,866,029
1840	17,069,453
1850	23,191,876
1860	31,443,321
1870	38,556,371
1880	50,155,783
1890	62,982,950
1900	76,303,387
1910 (estimated)	80,000,000

DROVE THE OPERATOR OUT. Crazy Man Toss Out Telegraph Lines at Niagara.

Niagara Falls, Ont., April 18.—An apparently crazy man entered the telegraph office at Marshville station on the Welland railroad about ten miles west of Welland, this morning at 7:30 o'clock, flew at the ticking telegraph instruments and pulled them off the table. The operator, afraid of the man, ran from the office to get assistance. The man, after tearing the telegraph switchboard, which contained three wires, from its fastenings on the wall, and putting all wires out of business, set both the semaphores at danger and destroyed westward. The cable passing under the canal feeder just west of Welland junction, was found the next morning torn from its fastenings and broken. It is supposed to have been the work of an insane man.

WERE 12 YEARS SEPARATED. Mother and Daughter Meet in Detroit Hospital.

Detroit, April 18.—After an absence of twelve years, Mary Gibson, a London, Ont., girl, was brought face to face with her mother in a Detroit hospital today. The meeting had been arranged by the girl's friends, and only brought about after much correspondence.

WESTON 15 DAYS AHEAD OF SCHEDULE. Fredonia, N.Y., April 18.—Edward Payson Weston, who is walking from Los Angeles to New York, spent Sunday at Fredonia, where he formerly lived. He put in most of the day renewing old acquaintances. Yesterday afternoon he delivered a lecture. A midnight start for Buffalo, where he expects to arrive tonight, was made today. Weston is sixteen days ahead of his schedule.

MUST APPEAL TO PEOPLE

Next Congress Will Discuss—Outlook for Reasonable Reciprocity Treaty.

New York, April 19.—The Journal of Commerce says: When Taft was treating with the representatives of the Canadian government to secure what might pass for "concessions" to remove "undue discrimination" which did not exist, in order that he might proclaim that Canada was entitled to a continuance of the "minimum tariff of the United States" upon her products imported into this country, he did not hesitate to hold out the inducement of readiness to confer thereafter with a view to the adjustment of trade relations "on broader and more liberal lines."

He expressed himself clearly and with evident sincerity in favor of a reasonable plan of reciprocity in trade. It was this assurance that induced the Canadian government to make a semblance of concessions sufficient to cover the President's retreat from the rather menacing candor assumed at first by his negotiators at Ottawa. That such an assurance of efforts at a policy of reciprocity which would have a substantial effect would be distasteful to such hardened defenders of the "exclusionists" as Senators Aldrich and Hale, and conservative leaders of his party generally, was certain. It is now apparent that the next Congress will have to be appealed to, but to have the appeal effective it must be made appealing to the people. If anything substantial is to be done for reciprocity it must be by the adoption of an aggressive and resolute course. Timidity and vacillation will accomplish nothing.

AWFUL MURDER OF CHILD.

Six-Year-Old Alfreda Doverska Drowned in Chicago.

Chicago, Ill., April 19.—A revolting murder was unearthed here yesterday when the body of six-year-old Alfreda Doverska, daughter of Martin Doverska, a worker, at 1461 Tell Place, was found in a disused shed two doors away. She had been choked to death. At her side the police found a ball of candy. She left her home for a neighboring candy store on Thursday evening. She bought the candy, and that was the last seen of her case and several suspects have been required to give a strict account of themselves.

GREAT HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

With Ice Breakers Believed Montreal Can Be Kept Open Ten Months.

Montreal, April 18.—Major Geo. W. Stephens, of the Montreal harbor commission, who returned from Europe yesterday, announced that work on the Montreal harbor will be started at once and will entail an annual expenditure of \$1,000,000 for the next five years. The first work to be undertaken will be the raising of the Victoria pier from a low to a high level, which will allow the navigation for 25 instead of 20 ocean vessels; the building of a new pier for a distance of seven miles eastward to eventually be connected around the whole island and the dredging of a portion of the harbor. Mr. Stephens expressed the opinion that modern ice breakers, the harbor should be open for ten months of the year.

ALBERTA KILLS HIS LANDLORD

Bert Hunter—Murders Charles Schofield in London.

London, April 19.—Bert Hunter, said to be a Canadian horse dealer, shot his landlord, named Charles Schofield and his wife, at Stoke Newington, in the Saturday night. Schofield is dead and his wife is badly wounded. Hunter, whose wife is in Canada, suicided after the murder.

SMASHED WINDOWS.

Every Irishman Has Grudge Against The Times.

London, April 19.—Horace Davis, an Irishman, called at the office of the Times and demanded to see the editor. When told the editor did not come to the office until the evening, Davis hurled a brick through a window, smashing the plate glass. He was arrested and taken to the police court. There the magistrate asked him, "What grudge have you got against the Times?"

Mining Fraud Sentenced.

Chicago, April 19.—William S. Phillips, president of the American Mexico Mining and Development Co., was sentenced to three years' imprisonment and a fine of \$1,000 by Judge Quinn in the United States District Court here today. It was alleged he sold \$500,000 worth of stock in the mining company, and to have paid large unearned dividends out of money received from purchasers of the stock. His victims are said to have lost an aggregate of \$500,000.

Toronto Users Convicted.

Toronto, April 19.—Merrill Lusher and Norman Smith were convicted yesterday on a charge of larceny. Sentences were deferred until the May session.

Octogenarian Born Blind, is Dead.

Hamilton, April 19.—David Fort, an octogenarian, 89 years of age, is dead at his home in Dundas.

NEW REGULATIONS ON MINERAL RIGHTS

Department of Interior Issues New Rules Regarding Disposal of Rights in Dominion Lands or Other Land the Property of the Crown.

The department of the interior has recently issued new regulations governing the disposal of mineral rights on government land, the property of the crown.

The lands in question are situated in Manitoba, Alberta, Saskatchewan, and the Northwest Territories. The purpose is to revise the regulations relative to all mineral rights, but specific subjects being dealt with at this time relate to petroleum, natural gas and tarsand rights.

The department is promulgating the new regulations is to conserve to the people of Canada their interest in the natural resources that are so abundantly afforded every opportunity and inducement for the investment of capital in their actual development.

In former times it was the policy of the government to dispose outright of mineral rights. It is now apparent along such lines was in its inefficiency, and it was regarded as proper and necessary that a broad liberal policy should be practised in order to encourage and foster the building up of such industries. At that time land was held but small value, and added inducement to capital, individuals and corporations were permitted to acquire freehold interests in mineral rights on lands on which they undertook to develop minerals.

Increased Value. But, times have changed; the great tide of immigration of the last few years has given a new impetus to the encouragement so liberally extended to capital and the effect of placing the development of the mineral resources of the country on a substantial footing. Hence the determination of the government to inaugurate a new policy of dealing with mineral rights, the modern policy of conservation.

Formerly, when the surface had no great value, regulations were framed whereby the applicant for mineral rights was permitted to acquire the payment of a given sum per acre. As the demand for farming lands increased, the value of the mineral lands was very greatly enhanced, and under this increase in the value of the surface lands, the government sought that mineral rights were being acquired for the purpose of getting the surface. Instead of the surface being acquired as an incident to the mineral rights, it became evident in many instances that ostensible mineral rights were merely being availed of to grab the surface.

To meet this condition new regulations have been framed, designed to segregate the mineral from the surface rights and introducing the principle that mineral rights can only be acquired for actual operation. Under the former regulations the right to acquire the surface was only acquired upon the necessary payments being made, title to petroleum lands could not be obtained until the mineral rights were secured, and a commercial flow of oil obtained. The new regulations, made to apply to all lands, were so framed as to give only the coal rights under lease, subject to being operated on demand.

Under the former regulations the same conditions had to be obtained with regard to coal lands were operating with respect to petroleum lands. To protect the public interest the petroleum regulations are now being changed.

The principle of the new petroleum regulations is that the mineral rights are secured under lease subject to an annual rental except that for the first two years of the lease the rent may be paid in prospecting operations. The lease of the mineral rights does not acquire the right to the surface. However, if a sufficient area of the surface to enable him to carry on operations.

The principle being worked out in connection with the demand for opportunity to develop the tarsand or asphalt on the Athabasca in North-western Alberta. Under the new regulations recently issued the mineral rights to these lands may be secured on the payment of \$10 an acre, and then only so much of the surface as is considered necessary for operations.

One important principle involved in the new regulations respecting the petroleum and tarsand lands relates to the rights of the prospector, the discoverer, whose interests are protected as they have not hitherto been. The new regulations all lands must be staked, and they must be staked in person by the individual making application for a lease, but the original location is given the right under certain restrictions of transferring his right.

The underlying principle of these regulations, and upon which all others in the future will be built, is that the government will no longer give or alienate mineral rights, but will only lease them subject to terms of operation; that leases shall be held subject to annual rentals, which are intended to be burdensome unless actual operations are carried on. In short, the whole tenor of them is that while actual operations in the development of mineral resources are made easier, land grabbing under pretext of securing mineral development is entirely cut out.

Orders-in-council authorizing the new regulations have just been passed within recent days. They are now being published by the Interior Department.

The tarsand regulations, which became effective on the 19th, are made to apply to that portion of the Athabasca north of township 30 and between the fourth and fifth meridians, in which territory the asphalt deposits are situated. For the purpose of developing the tarsand deposits these lands may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of fifty cents an acre in advance. No applicant is

allowed to lease more than 1,000 acres. The lease may be renewed for a further term of twenty-one years, provided the lessee can satisfy the minister he has fully complied with the terms of the lease and all the regulations under which the lease was granted. Where the surface rights to lands applied for are disposed of, no lease will be granted.

Method of Applying.

The applicant for tarsand rights must make application in person to the agents for Dominion lands or other land the property of the crown. The lease and all the regulations under which the lease was granted. Where the surface rights to lands applied for are disposed of, no lease will be granted.

The fee for a lease is \$10 an acre so much surface rights as the lessee may wish to acquire. The lessee may, upon making application, be permitted to purchase at \$10 an acre so much surface rights as the lessee may wish to acquire. The lessee may, upon making application, be permitted to purchase at \$10 an acre so much surface rights as the lessee may wish to acquire.

The lessee is required to begin active operations upon the land within one year from the date upon which he is granted the lease. If the lessee fails to begin active operations within the specified time, the lease will be subject to cancellation.

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The new regulations all lands must be staked, and they must be staked in person by the individual making application for a lease, but the original location is given the right under certain restrictions of transferring his right.

The underlying principle of these regulations, and upon which all others in the future will be built, is that the government will no longer give or alienate mineral rights, but will only lease them subject to terms of operation; that leases shall be held subject to annual rentals, which are intended to be burdensome unless actual operations are carried on.

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In short, the whole tenor of them is that while actual operations in the development of mineral resources are made easier, land grabbing under pretext of securing mineral development is entirely cut out.

Orders-in-council authorizing the new regulations have just been passed within recent days. They are now being published by the Interior Department.

The tarsand regulations, which became effective on the 19th, are made to apply to that portion of the Athabasca north of township 30 and between the fourth and fifth meridians, in which territory the asphalt deposits are situated.

For the purpose of developing the tarsand deposits these lands may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of fifty cents an acre in advance. No applicant is

National Trust Company Limited

MONEY TO LOAN

On improved farm property at lowest current rates.
Low expense and no delay.

A. M. STEWART, Branch Manager

CORNER JASPER AVE. and FIRST ST. EDMONTON

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO ESTABLISHED 1867

B. E. WALKER, President
ALEXANDER LAIRD, General Manager

Paid-up Capital, \$10,000,000
Reserve Fund, - 6,000,000

Branches throughout Canada, and in the United States and England

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Deposits of \$1 and upwards are received and interest allowed at current rates. Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons and withdrawals made by any one of them or by the survivor.

EDMONTON BRANCH, T. M. TURNBULL, Manager.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874.

Capital Authorized - - - - - \$5,000,000.
Capital Paid Up - - - - - \$3,297,650.
Reserve and Undivided Profits - - - - - \$3,759,469.

The Bank issues

Bank Money Orders

Payable at par at any Chartered Bank in Canada (Yukon excepted).

EDMONTON BRANCH, A. H. DICKINS, Manager

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO ESTABLISHED 1867

B. E. WALKER, President
ALEXANDER LAIRD, General Manager

Paid-up Capital, \$10,000,000
Reserve Fund, - 6,000,000

TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES

The new Travellers' Cheques recently issued by the Bank are a most convenient way in which to carry money when travelling. They are issued in denominations of

\$10, \$20, \$50, \$100 and \$200

and the exact amount payable in Austria, Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain, Holland, Italy, Norway, Russia, Sweden and Switzerland is stated on the face of each cheque, while in other countries they are payable at current rates.

The cheques and all information regarding them may be obtained at every office of the Bank.

EDMONTON BRANCH, T. M. TURNBULL, Manager

MONEY TO LOAN

ON IMPROVED CITY & FARM PROPERTY

By the Independent Order of Foresters

Phone 1877 McMANUS BROS., Agents. 114 Jasper St.

THE ROYAL TRUST CO

MONTREAL

Capital fully paid - - - - - \$1,000,000
Reserve Fund - - - - - 800,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
Right Hon. Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, G. C. M. G., President.
Hon. Sir George Drummond, K.C.M.G., Vice-President.
Sir H. Montagu Allan, C. R. Hogan, E. B. Angus, Sir W. C. Macdonald, A. Baumgarten, Hon. B. Mackay, Sir Edward Clouston, A. Macdonald, W. H. Murray, H. S. Meredith, E. B. Greenesields, David Morrison, C. M. Hays, James Ross, Sir F. G. Shaughnessy, K.C.M.G., Sir William C. Van Horne, K.C.M.G.

Money to Loan on Improved Farm & City Property - Bank of Montreal Building.

R. C. PARDEE, Agent.

BEFORE LUMSDEN COMMITTEE.
District Engineer Says Over Classification Less Than \$100,000.

The National Transcontinental Railway, in succession to Major Hodgins, gave evidence before the Lumsden Committee today. He said he had received his instructions from Mr. Lumsden himself. His orders were to push forward the work. In reply to Mr. Crysler, he mentioned that the method of hastening the work, he had adopted, was to erect in some cases temporary trestles over parts which could be filled in as the excavation proceeded. As to classification his opinion was that \$100,000 would cover the difference due to the misunderstanding of the orders received.

THE TRADERS BANK OF CANADA

EDMONTON, ALTA.

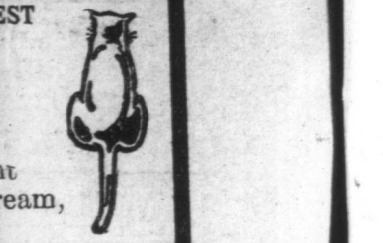
Drawing Out Money

from the Traders Bank is just as simple and easy as putting it in.

Fill out a Cheque, as illustrated, payable to yourself, present it with your Pass-Book, and you get, without delay or formality of any kind, as much money as you want, up to your total balance.

But you cannot have a balance to draw on unless you first put it in. Why not deposit some now.

EDMONTON, ALTA.



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NEY BY FRAUD
Arrested in Cranston, Police, April 18.—C. G. secretary treasurer, Billing and Elevator arrested tonight in Cranston issued on behalf of people accused fraudulently. He has put away secured by his stock, as little of been spent. He was judge and is now in

SCHOOL LANDS
Sales at Cambridge Hat. Following is the list of sales to be held May 19th; Medicine, York, June 2nd; Stoughton, June 10th; Estevan, June 17th; Abernethy, June 24th; Saskatoon, June 31st.

University
KINGSTON
ONTARIO.
S
CATION
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ICINE
ading Engineering) may be taken without students desiring attend one session. 7 students registered

NE CENT IN A
T CARD
ple of Gin Pills they Trouble—if you need and you have to minutes—if your back and feet are sore not are all crippled up—won't you give Gin how how they can help simply write us for a

ver, Nov. 10th, 1908. ago, I received your pills which I have taken effects that I herewith box of them. I be the thing for me." CHARD HAMLYN.

DR. LINIMENT

FOR THE HUMAN BODY

Bausb's Balsam

NO EQUAL

Perfectly Safe and Reliable Remedy for Sore Throat, Chest Cold, Backache, Nourishes, Sprains, Scalds, Lumbago, Diphtheria, Sore Lungs, Rheumatism and all Stiff Joints.

DEALERS: STEWART'S DRUGS, 1010 Broadway, N.Y.; J. C. BAKER, 1075 N. B.V. St., OTO; W. J. BERRY, 1010 Broadway, N.Y.; J. C. BAKER, 1075 N. B.V. St., OTO; W. J. BERRY, 1010 Broadway, N.Y.

THE EDMONTON BULLETIN

Published every Monday and Thursday by The Bulletin Company, Ltd., at the office, Bulletin Bld., 318 Jasper Ave. East.

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Classified advertising one cent per word; four insertions for price of three; and six insertions for price of four.

C. F. HAYES, Business Manager.

THURSDAY, APRIL 21, 1910.

FLANK MOVEMENTS.

The Vermilion Signal puts into words what seems to be the aim of some newspapers to turn the report of the Royal Commission into a whitewash for the Alberta and Great Waterways bargain, should that report be that no evidence of official wrongdoing had been found.

It is so happens that we are living in Canada, not Russia. And in Canada no Royal Commission has ever been fringed with the duty of saying whether a bargain was a good one or a bad one for the public.

It is the time of year when the president of a railroad-to-be built should be on the ground. But President Clarke, of the Alberta and Great Waterways is not here. Why?

useless as unfair and improper to try to invest the Commission with the authority and duty of doing this for the public.

Opposition to these bylaws does not of course imply opposition to the extension of the street railway in keeping with the requirements of the City or with the opportunities of getting business for the road.

It is unfortunate, that it is none the less a fact, that the system cannot at present bear any additional burden without a corresponding increase in business being secured.

THE EXTENSIONS SHOULD NOT BE MADE. It would be well to reject bylaws 260, 261, 262 and 266 tomorrow.

Obviously the Government has no "tag" on the Alberta and Great Waterways people; though they have a "tag" on \$7,400,000 of money raised on the public credit.

As to Messrs. Clarke and Minty being afraid of injuring their case against Mr. Hawes, this notion will not hold water.

When is the Government going to produce Mr. Clarke before the Commission? An investigation of the history of the Alberta and Great Waterways without this gentleman present would be like a wedding without the bridegroom.

BRING THEM ALONG. In defence of the Government not having produced Messrs. Clarke and Minty before the Commission it is asserted that the Government cannot compel them to come.

ARCHBISHOP FORBIDS ADDRESS BY A JUDGE

Archbishop Bruchesi Issues Mandate Against Judge Lemieux Speaking at Temperance Meeting in Methodist Church in Montreal.

Montreal, April 18.—Considerable excitement has been caused here by the unusual action of Archbishop Bruchesi in forbidding Judge Lemieux of Quebec, to speak on Sunday night at the temperance meeting held at St. James Methodist Church.

It appears that Archbishop Bruchesi did not know of Judge Lemieux's engagement to speak at the Methodist church until Saturday morning, and then kept the wires hot between here and Archbishop Bégin, at Quebec, until he had the latter command that Judge Lemieux should not fulfill his engagement, the judge residing within the spiritual domain of Quebec.

CONVICTED OF MANSLAUGHTER

Murder Charge Laid, But Reduced—Was Not Premeditated.

Port Arthur, April 18.—Hugh Harmon, second engineer on the steamer "Andromeda," was this evening convicted in the high court of justice, now sitting, of manslaughter in causing the death of Albert Wagner, the cabin steward, on board the steamer in Port Arthur harbor on the night of August 16th last.

ADDRESSED HUNGARIAN HOUSE.

Roosevelt Speaks of Reactionary Spirit to Hungarian Parliament.

Budapest, April 18.—In a speech to the Hungarian parliament today, Mr. Roosevelt took a slap at political reactionaries, who sneer at social progress.

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Hear the best Talent at its best through the Edison Phonograph. The world's best entertainers, the headliners of the vaudeville shows, the stars of the operas, the good composers, band leaders and orchestra conductors are making Records for the Edison Phonograph.

Edison Phonographs can be had from \$16.50 to \$162.50. Edison Standard Records \$5. Edison Amberol Records (play twice as long) \$5. Edison Grand Opera Records \$5 to \$12.50.

Edison Outfit No. 30. The very latest style Edison Phonograph, the NEW GEM with 12 Genuine Edison Records, 9 Standard and 3 Amberol for \$25.05. While this offer lasts, you can get the GREATEST OF ALL BARGAINS in phonographs for \$1.05 down and \$3.00 per month for 7 months.

20,000 MERCHANTS Who sell Steele-Briggs Good Seeds and Canada's Thousands of SEED-SOWERS are all linked together with CANADA'S GREATEST SEED HOUSE under one common object: BEST RESULTS. STEELE-BRIGGS-SEED-CO. LIMITED. HAMILTON TORONTO WINNIPEG.

BE PREPARED FOR THE HARVEST WITH THE RIGHT MACHINE. YOU cannot afford to run any risk of delay at harvest time. Every minute counts when the grain is ripe for cutting.

Do You Have Headache? "My first experience with Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain was a sample package. I was relieved. They relieved me so promptly that I have not been without them since."

3,000 SETTLERS IN SINGLE WEEK. This is Record From Europe And Flow Is Not At Full Tide.

Winnipeg, Man., April 17.—The week ending last Saturday, 16, approximately three thousand people arrived in Winnipeg from the West. The week was by no means exceptional one, the figures quoting merely an illustration of the constant westward which has been on for a number of weeks past.

Monday—British, 103; Belgian, 52; Scandinavians, 39; Germans, 25; Belgians, 20; Scandinavians, 28. Tuesday—British, 83; French-Italians, 7; Scandinavians, 28. Wednesday—British, 82; French-Italians, 17; Scandinavians, 50. Thursday—British, 339; French-Italians, 17; Scandinavians, 23; Germans, 77.

500 Per Day From U.S. The American immigration is amount to 50 people every day week. Each week, approximately five hundred come.

3,000 SETTLERS IN SINGLE WEEK

This is Record From Europe Alone, And Flow Is Not At All Tame

Winnipeg, Man., April 17.—During the week ending last Saturday, April 16, approximately three thousand people arrived in Winnipeg from Europe...

Landed at Canadian Ports. The steamers which brought to the Dominion the largest number of passengers who arrived in this city were the Cassandra, the Virginian, the Lake Manitoba, the Hesperian and the Pomorian...

Accommodate 800 People. The local immigration hall has been largely overflowed by travellers and several hundred people have found a resting place there every night...

Monday—British, 103; Belgians, 21; Swiss, 20; Scandinavians, 39; Galicians, 20.

From these figures it is apparent that the emigration from Great Britain to Canada is in excess of the combined emigration from all the countries of continental Europe...

500 Per Day From U. S. The American immigration is said to amount to 500 people every day of the week. Each week there are also approximately five hundred cars of immigrants.

Do You Have Headache? My first experience with Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills was a sample package handed me. They relieved the pain...

HYDRO-ELECTRIC PLANT FOR FT. SASK'CHEWAN

Town Will Submit a By-Law for \$10,000 to Provide for the Establishment of a Water Plant on the Sturgeon River—Discussed a Public Meeting.

Fort Saskatchewan, April 18.—A large and interesting meeting of the town council and ratepayers was held Friday evening in the council chamber...

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Water for such an emergency. A number of questions were asked by some of the ratepayers, some suggesting that the water supply should be sufficient all the year round...

New Paper Appears. The first issue of the new paper appeared today under the name of The Weekly Chronicle.

Generosity of U. S. Steel Co. Increase Wages of Men to Amount of Nine Millions.

Violent Storms in Southwestern States Followed Heavy Frost. St. Louis, Mo., April 17.—Special dispatches from the west...

Galician Was Murdered. Rosburn Man Missing Since Last Fall—\$210. Rosburn, Man., April 18.—The Galician, whose dead body was found Friday...

Fatal Engine Explosion. Monterrey, Mexico, April 17.—When an antiquated locomotive exploded in the yards of the National railway...

100 SQUARE MILES IS SWEEP BY FIRE

Pierce Prairie Fire is Raging North of Vermilion. Big Land Sale Made on Saturday

Vermilion, Alta., April 18.—Nearly one hundred square miles of the country northeast of here have been devastated by a prairie fire...

Big Land Sale. Eight thousand acres of land lying along the line of the C.N.R. between Vermilion and Mannville...

Religious Fanatic Fired on Tourists. Americans, Who Refused to Remove Shoes During Inspection of Mosque in Jerusalem, Were Shot by Fanatic Mohammedan.

Generosity of U. S. Steel Co. Increase Wages of Men to Amount of Nine Millions.

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Diarrhoea should be cured without loss of time, and by a medicine which like Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy not only cures promptly but produces no unpleasant after effects.

UNITED STATES WANTS CANADIAN PULP WOOD

Question of Reciprocal Trade With Canada the Absorbing Topic With State Officials and Tariff Experts

Washington, D.C., April 17.—The Canadian pulp-wood question comes to be a matter of absorbing interest with state officials and the government...

Such a treaty would undoubtedly open a long list of subjects, one of the most important of which, from the American point of view, would be pulp wood.

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CREAM CREAM

To the Dairymen of Alberta

Beginning the first week in May we want regular supplies of Cream. We will pay best prices for good stuff...

Alberta Central Creamery Clark and First Streets, Edmonton

Manitoba Shows the Best Quality Wheat. O'Brien Questions His Truthfulness.

Manitoba Shows the Best Quality. It is estimated that 95.67 per cent of the March wheat in the Dominion...

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Records for the use they believe will do them the most artistic

NEW GEM with liberal for \$25.05

Y Avenue, East Edmonton, Alta.

NTS Seeds

D=CO LIMITED WINNIPEG

HARVEST MACHINE

Do You Have Headache?

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