

# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SEERS

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 25, 1907

Vol. XXXVI, No. 38

## Beautiful Japanese China

Exclusive Designs.

Only one piece of each decoration. Special importation. Most suitable for

### Wedding Presents

Goods you cannot duplicate in any other store in Prince Edward Island.

**Prices Low Quality High**

A pleasure to show this ware, whether you purchase or not.

## CARTER & CO., Limited.

## This Bedroom SUITE



3 pieces as shown. \$12.50, at any station on the P. E. Island Railway.

We are headquarters for everything in Furniture and Carpets!

And we guarantee you Better Goods for Less Money Than you'll find anywhere else.

## MARK WRIGHT Fur. Co.

## HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Fennel and Chandler

## READY-MADE CLOTHING

### Gents' Furnishing HATS and CAPS

Don't forget to give me a call first day you are in town.

When you buy your SUMMER SUIT I will save you a dollar.

When you want a HAT or CAP or anything in the Furnishing line I can show you by far the largest assortment of up-to-date goods in the city.

If you have any wool for exchange bring it along with you.

## H. H. BROWN,

The Young Men's Man.  
Queen Street, just around Hughes' Corner.

## OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddy, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

## McKenna's Grocery,

Box 576, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddy of tea as advertised in this paper.

(Sign full name) .....

(And Address) .....

## Spring & Summer Weather

Spring and Summer weather calls for prompt attention to the

### Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We are still at the old stand,  
PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN

Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

## H. McMILLAN.

## ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,

Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames, Interior and Exterior finish etc., etc.

### Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters Newel Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors, Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage home Industry.

## ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.  
CHARLOTTETOWN.

### A Beautiful Practice Among the Filipinos.

Father Berbrugge, a missionary in the Philippines, tells of the following beautiful practice which exists among the inhabitants:

"One day I was called out to administer the Viaticum, but I had no need to ask the road. 'When the bell rings, I was told, 'go to the church, prepare yourself for a public Viaticum, and you have only to follow the crowd.' Nearly 200 children were waiting for me. As soon as I began to walk with the Blessed Sacrament they started the rosary. Wherever we passed through the village doors flew open and scores of women came out with candles and followed me. There soon was a crowd of at least five hundred people. The house of the sick person lay about a mile and a half outside the village. It was a very poor thatched hut, surely not much better than the stable in Bethlehem, but for a distance of fifty yards bamboo mats were spread, the house was hung with clean white cloth, and next to the sick bed a little altar was made, nicely decorated with pictures, statues and flowers. All the neighbors, as is customary here, had come in to help and had brought their contributions for the decoration, and when I looked out over the people praying so fervently, the poor little but changed into a clean, pure white chapel, I said to myself, 'No, the faith is not yet dead here.' It requires only good and zealous priests to raise this people. It was all so simple, beautifully expressive of faith in the Holy Sacrament of Christ's love."

### Father Campbell in Nova Scotia.

Week or two ago reference was made in our columns to the first of the Missions conducted in Nova Scotia by Father Campbell, S. J., of St. Joseph's Glasgow. About three weeks ago Father Campbell, completed the sixth Mission of the series in which he is engaged. This visit to Nova Scotia is no ordinary Mission. It is a great religious event in the history of Nova Scotia, the full significance and importance of which will, perhaps, only be recognized a generation or two hence. Some interesting extracts from a letter from Father Campbell to his brother Jesuits in Glasgow have been reprinted in St. Joseph's parish magazine, and these convey to the members of the congregation some idea of the warmth of the affection with which the Highlanders of Cape Breton Island regard their kinsman from Old Scotia. In all the Missions he is conducting in the Colony, Father Campbell is dealing with "virgin soil," as they never have had a Mission in these parts. Of course, in the English-speaking parts, Missions have already been conducted by the Jesuit Fathers. Father Campbell is therefore, the pioneer of Jesuit Missions in the Gaelic-speaking parts of the Colony—and when one remembers the vast field covered by the Jesuit Fathers in their missionary efforts, the singular importance of Father Campbell's mission is borne in upon one. His journey all along has had the resemblance of a royal progress. The second Mission preached was a Creignish, where the church was crowded every day, three services being conducted daily, at each of which he preached. So eager were all to take part that the families arranged so that every member should be able, with Confession and Communion, to get in the number of attendances requisite to gain the indulgence and the Papal blessing. Twenty-five miles separated Creignish from Glendale, where the third mission was to be conducted. Twenty-five teams from Creignish conveyed the missionary ten miles of the way towards Glendale. At that stage the Highlanders from Glendale—fifty teams headed by priest and pipe—met the Sacart Mor. The meeting was most affecting and inspiring. Exiles, and the children of exiles, gathered to give a royal Highland welcome to the priest who spoke their tongue, and who knew the people and their "place"; and the pipes struck up merrily "The Campbells are Coming to Bonnie Glendale." The fifteen miles of the road were traversed by the missionary and his remarkable escort, and at the church door dense crowds waited eagerly to give their greetings. Without pause, the priests and people entered and filled the church, and joined in the recital of the Rosary in Gaelic, after which Father Campbell was conducted to the church door, where an address of welcome was read in Gaelic, after which Father Campbell replied, telling the people how pleased he was to find himself among the descendants of those who, though they had left the country of their

### Notes From Rome.

Of the non-Catholic missionary workers in Alaska, the Presbyterian sect is the most successful.—N. Y. Freeman's Journal.

That great work Pius X. set his hand to shortly after his coronation—the revision and codification of Canon Law, with such disciplinary changes as altered circumstances here and there call for, goes steadily on.

The commission has a giant work ahead for a long time yet but its importance will be great and lasting. Since the Council of Trent's definitions and decisions nothing has been quite so important in the guidance of the Church. The first fruits of the Commission's work is seen this week in the published Decree on betrothal and marriage.

It is the latest word of the Universal Church on a subject that affects all men. It speaks with unity, simplicity and authority to the whole world and answers all doubts attending marriages of Catholics with non-Catholics, the validity of Protestant marriages, the recognition of parish rights, etc.

In the final great volumes of Canon Law, brought up-to-date, matrimony will be treated in its proper place among the Sacraments, but it is so early settled and published by itself now, because of the multitudinous appeals to the Pope to remove existing difficulties and inconveniences in the marriage laws as promulgated by the Council of Trent. All these are covered and settled for the future in this Decree which goes into effect at Easter. We publish in full the Decree as found in "Rome" of August 24.

It does really seem at least, says "Rome" as if a breath of new life were beginning to animate the religious forces of France. "I am full of hope," said the Bishop of Versailles the other day to a representative of the Croix. "The Church of France has been broken in pieces—but the pieces are good. We are about to pick them up and to make out of them a new building more beautiful than the old. My chief desire for the Church of France now is that she may be independent of the State—that no Briand may ever have the right to designate her bishops, that she may remain poor. Let us live simply—as simply as possible—perhaps even some of our priests may have to work with their hands. \* \* \* As a rule there has been too much separation between the people and the clergy, between the clergy and the bishop. \* \* \* I think the reorganization of the Church in France will have to be carried out on the lines: We must get the men to take their part in the religious life of the country—they are the first in the political, economical, intellectual life of the nation, but for the last eighty years they have been the last in the religious life. Honest men, if they wish to escape being devoured by socialism, must pass from religious indifference to practical Catholicism. Social organization must be added to our works of piety, zeal and charity. We are behind in our attitude towards social questions, and we must participate in the public life of the country."

The same ideas are to be found in the public utterances of all the French Bishops who have spoken. And this is one of the signs of the times: The hierarchy of France, so largely recruited during the last two years by the new Bishops created by Pius X., is everywhere laying the basis of the new organization of religious life in France.

The recent decision of the Holy Father that the many pilgrimages arranged for September and October be notified not to come to Rome for fear of annoyance and insult has had a somewhat sobering effect on quarters that would be ugly if they dared.

All the business people of the Borgo have petitioned the Holy Father to withdraw his prohibition against the arrival of pilgrims. The owners and drivers of public vehicles in Rome have also passed a series of resolutions protesting against the state of lawlessness which prevents them from making their living by serving the pilgrims and other strangers visiting Rome.

Cardinal Taliani died at Montecarlo on August 24, aged seventy. He was one of the Cardinals raised to the purple by Leo XIII. shortly before he died. He is gratefully remembered for his splendid services as Nuncio to Austria when his tact and firmness stayed the progress of the Leo Von Rom movement.

### A BAD STOMACH! THAT IS THE SECRET OF DYSPEPSIA.

This disease assumes so many forms that there is scarcely a complaint it may not resemble in one way or another. Among the most prominent symptoms are constipation, sour stomach, variable appetite, distress after eating, etc.

## BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

is a positive cure for dyspepsia and all stomach troubles. It stimulates secretion of the saliva and gastric juices to facilitate digestion, purifies the blood and tones up the entire system.

Mrs. M. A. McNeil, Brock Village, N.S., writes: "I suffered from dyspepsia, loss of appetite and bad blood. I tried everything I could get, but to no purpose; then finally started to use Burdock Blood Bitters. 'From the first day I felt the good effects of the medicine. I can eat anything now without any ill after effects and am strong and well again.'"

What does he know about it? Did he ever run a livery stable?"

"No."

"Or work in one?"

"No."

"Ever own a barber shop?"

"Guess not."

"Probably he has been to the legislature or something like that. These know it all fellows make me weary."

Mrs. Fred Laine, St. George Ont., writes:—"My little girl would cough, so at night that neither she nor I could get any rest. I gave her Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and am thankful to say it cured her cough quickly."

"What is he going to call his story?"

"The Tale of a Rooster."

"That is a bright idea. Then if it doesn't go his wife can use it to trim her hat."

## Muscular Rheumatism.

Mr. H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills." Price 50c a box.

"What do you know about high art?"

"I ought to know a whole lot. I have a picture in the house that cost \$550 without the frame."

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 20 and 25 cents, all dealers.

"Sorry, young man, but my daughter is out."

"But I told her I would call."

"She probably heard you."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

The woman who makes a record as a good bread maker has no time to make a divorce record.

## Sprained Arm!

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Hagyard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

"The old man couldn't find his umbrella, and he had to go away without it."

"Did it rain?"

"No, but he had a brain storm."

Minard's Liniment cures colds, etc.

## Was A Total Wreck From Heart Failure

In such cases the action of

## MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

in quieting the heart, restoring its normal beat and imparting tone to the nerve centres, is beyond all question, marvelous.

Mr. Darius Carr, Geary, N.B., writes: "It is with the greatest of pleasure I write you a few lines to let you know the great blessing your Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills have been to me. I was a total wreck from heart failure and my wife advised me to take your pills. After using two boxes I was restored to perfect health. I am now 62 years old and feel almost as well as I did at 20." Price 50 cents per box or 3 for \$1.25. All dealers, or mailed direct by The Q. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1907

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR, PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY JAMES MCISAAC Editor & Proprietor.

Please don't delay your subscriptions for 1907. We shall esteem it a great favor if you remit now.

Ottawa Correspondence.

JAPANESE TROUBLE.

PUGSLEY AGAINST GRAHAM

AYLESWORTH'S BAD BREAK.

RURALMAIL DELIVERY

(Hold over from last week.)

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1907.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier has been playing fast and loose with British Columbia on the Japanese question and is facing the consequences. He has neither allowed nor positively vetoed Provincial legislation for the exclusion of Asiatic immigrants. Matters have been permitted to drift in British Columbia. Sir Wilfrid's friends have represented the Laurier Government as favorable to the exclusion policy. Liberal Members of Parliament in British Columbia were loudest at home in their clamour against Oriental immigration, but when Parliament was in session they had nothing to say.

MIGHT HAVE BEEN PREVENTED.

Meanwhile Japanese continued to arrive. They have been coming faster than ever not only from Japan but from the Hawaiian Islands. The riot in Vancouver is the natural result of the uncertain attitude of the Government at Ottawa. The people knew what to expect from the Provincial Ministry. The British Columbia Government and Legislature have gone as far as they have jurisdiction in excluding Asiatics. If the British Columbia people had been distinctly and firmly told what they might expect from the Laurier Government they would have adapted themselves to the conditions. But years of evasion and shilly shally have made the people desperate or easily the instruments of desperate characters from the United States. The Vancouver riot with the wholesale wrecking of Japanese houses was the result of a determination to bring matters to a head.

SHOULD HAVE DONE IT LONG AGO.

And now Sir Wilfrid is doing what he might as well have done years ago. He is trying to bargain with the Japanese Government to restrict the exodus of Japanese people. Japan stands by her right to send her subjects to Canada, and properly demands that they shall be protected while they are here, just as Britain would insist that British subjects should not be abused nor injured in their persons or property by mobs in Tokio. The Japanese are our allies and the only power which can properly prevent Japanese immigration to this Country is Japan herself. This must be the basis of a future arrangement. An agreement on this principle might have been made before the country had been disgraced by the Vancouver outbreak.

MUST BE SETTLED MR. BORDEN'S WAY.

But when the Japanese question shall be settled half the difficulty will remain. Hindu laborers are coming into Western Canada by thousands. No less than nine hundred came this week in one trip. They are our fellow subjects, many of them are Sikhs, who have served in wars of the Empire. They are entitled to consideration and sympathy, but they are not as a class adapted to this Country, and its civilization. Their presence opens up new and difficult social problems which should be avoided. The sooner public action is taken to prevent or restrict this immigration the easier will be the settlement of the trouble. Mr. Borden's platform demands a more careful selection of the sources of immigration, the more rigid inspection of immigrants and in short a policy which will exclude undesirable settlers. If this rule is applied generally it will not be offensive to any race or nation. Mr. Borden's policy is the one which must be adopted if we are to escape this continually reverting trouble and avoid the

scenes of violence which have disgraced some of the cities of the United States, and have been introduced into this Country.

MR. GRAHAM'S PLEDGES.

The new Minister of Railways started out with a beautiful programme. He says that the Intercolonial must be made from free political control and operated on business principles. There are to be no more political appointments, no more political and party considerations in railway contracts, or railway freight rates or in the improvements and operations of the line. The same announcement came from Mr. Emmerson when he took office, and in the next election year he produced a deficit of nearly two million dollars made by campaign expenditures on the railway. The business management of Mr. Graham's predecessor involved the Moncton land deal, the Truro land deal, the Eastern Supply purchases, the oil contracts and other transactions which saved more of politics and graft than of straight railway business.

MR. PUGSLEY TO THE CONTRARY.

Mr. Graham may intend to do better, but he is not beginning well for in the very week when he is promising a business management his colleague, Mr. Pugsley, is running an election in St. John in the same old manner, promising revised railway rates, increased accommodation at the stations, more suburban trains, more warehouses, increases of railway men's pay and all sorts of concessions with which Mr. Pugsley as Minister of Public Works has nothing whatever to do. Mr. Graham makes himself a party to this political way of the railway by allowing it to go on, thus showing that his pledges are vain and that he is following the same old path.

UNHAPPY AYLESWORTH

Mr. Aylesworth has made another bad break. In addressing a public meeting this week, he said that remarkable revelations would have been made in the Halifax election trial had it proceeded. He had been informed that evidence would have been produced which would have disqualified Mr. Borden from sitting in the House of Commons or holding office. Mr. Borden, speaking the next day, called the Minister of Justice sharply to account. He explained that for three years the Conservatives in Halifax had tried to bring on the trial of the election petition.

AGAINST MR. AYLESWORTH'S FRIENDS

Mr. Borden himself had appeared and answered every question put to him in the examination for disclosure, wherein he differed from Mr. Fielding, who "declined to answer." He had done everything possible to bring all the facts to light and Mr. Aylesworth's friends had done all they could to prevent disclosure. His Halifax supporters had once more headed off the inquiry and now the Minister was going around making false statements of what would have been disclosed had investigation gone forward. The Government expects that the trial will be avoided until the next election. Therefore ministers feel safe in making any slanderous statements about evidence which they never intended to produce. If Mr. Aylesworth believed what he was saying he would have influenced his friends to allow the trial to go on. As it is the accusations place him and his friends in a more contemptible light than the Halifax proceedings left them.

RURAL MAIL DELIVERY.

The Conservative policy of improving the postal service, and of establishing free mail delivery in country districts, is commended by United States experience. It is the policy of that country to deliver the mail free at every door in the United States, except in the most remote, mountainous and sparsely settled districts. So far as this policy has been carried out the official report says that it is followed by a large increase in postal receipts, and part of the extra cost is offset by discontinuing many country post offices and abolishing many stage routes. Wherever the system has been applied the number of letters handled has immensely increased and much larger money order business is done. Farmers make and receive money orders, register letters, receive and send out mail at their own doors. The countryman gets his daily paper and his other mails promptly, at a great saving of his own time. Correspondence is encouraged, newspaper circulation is increased, the man on the farm is kept in close touch with the market and the affairs of the world. The tedium of life is relieved, and the rural

citizen is placed more on a level with the dweller in the town. Government now proposes to restore the one cent drop letter system. This is well, but something must be said for the rural taxpayer, who now pays the two cent rate and travels, perhaps, two or three miles, for a letter, while his friend in the city has his mail brought to the door two or three times a day.

THE COUNTRYMAN'S TURN.

The man in the country has a large share in Mr. Borden's Halifax platform. He has a right to it, for recent legislation has paid less attention to the majority who live on the farm than to the minority who dwell in the towns. The opposition leader supports the "All Red" Fast Steamship project, but gives more attention to quick and safe carriage to the home and foreign market of the perishable and other products of the farm, the dairy and the fishery. While the Conservative party assists in the promotion of new trunk railway and canal systems it proposes to give special attention to the rates and fares in local and through traffic on lines already established. The country is pushing government telegraph systems into the Yukon and other remote places. It has extensively promoted wireless telegraphy and has given great telephone franchises. Mr. Borden asks that something now be done to secure to the people at large the benefits of telephone and telegraph service at reasonable prices.

THE UTILITIES FOR THE PEOPLE.

By Government ownership of these great public utilities, where that is necessary and possible, by public supervision in any case. Mr. Borden proposes that the people shall get back for themselves a larger share of the advantages which these utilities create. Here again it is proposed to make life on the farm more attractive to check the rush of the young people from the land to the cities. Cheap and universal telephone service throughout the county districts, cheaper telegraph communication, rural mail delivery, cheap swift and safe transportation of farm products to market and of supplies to the farm will go far to amend the conditions of country life.

THE LAND FOR THE PEOPLE.

Again it is in the interest of the genuine settler on the land that the conservative party is fighting against the system of plunder of the public domain that is going on in the West. "The land for the settler, and not for the political speculator and middleman is the policy. The area of a kingdom has been thrown to political favorites under the form of Saskatchewan land grants, grazing leases and irrigation concessions. For this same land the farmer will pay high prices to the political beneficiary. Nothing has been done to protect the Western settler from the extortion of the land grabber, the holder of timber leases, the coal mine owner and the various other monopolists who have been favored by government. Mr. Borden thinks that it is time to consider the man who does the work in the country, the original producer of all the principal taxpayer, the great consumer of imports, the man for whom the railways carry, the man who pays the postage who owns or ought to own the public franchise and the public domain.

MR. HYMAN'S PAY.

Mr. Hyman drew his pay as Minister of Public Works down to the end of August in this year. That is ten months and more after he ceased to perform the duties of the position. For more than nine months of this time he was out of the country, and but for a supposed mistake in his letter of resignation he would not have been a member of Parliament. Mr. Hyman is a rich man but he drew from the people of Canada during that period of absence \$5,250.

Ottawa, Sept. 21, 1907.

Conservatives of St. John and Brockville have allowed the two new Ministers to be returned by acclamation. Friends of Mr. Graham in Brockville urged that this courtesy was due to the Minister of Railways in return for a similar concession on the part of Liberals when the late Hon. John F. Wood took office in the Conservative Government. The plea made by Mr. Pugsley and his friends in St. John was addressed not only to the courtesy of his opponents but their local patriotism. It was urged that Mr. Pugsley had taken office at a critical time in the history of the port, that he was busying himself with the improvement of the harbour as to make it important that he should not be called off to fight an election, and that in the peculiar circumstances it was the patriotic duty of the constituency to drop party considerations for the

moment and give the Minister all possible assistance in his great undertaking for the community. It was pointed out that there would be opportunity in a few months to make the party fight and the Conservatives would have won the gratitude of the business community by temporary forbearance.

EXCESSIVE GENEROSITY PUNISHED.

The result is what experienced party men expected. The moment the election is over the Government press from the Atlantic to the Pacific sounds a note of party triumph, representing the elections as a vote of confidence in the Government and a disapproval of Mr. Borden and his platform. There is no acknowledgment of courtesies rendered, no suggestion that the elections are without party significance. But there are boasts of a seat gained, as if the Conservatives had been fought and beaten or had surrendered from weakness and fear. All of which goes to show that it is not wise to take advice from political opponents or to yield to their entreaties.

MR. PUGSLEY BREAKS OUT.

In one of his St. John speeches the Minister of Public Works after he found that he was not to be opposed, declared that half a million dollars was contributed to the Conservative election fund in the last campaign, and that to his knowledge \$25,000 was subscribed for the opposition contest in a New Brunswick County which he indicates as Westmorland. Mr. Pugsley does not say who contributed these sums. Nor does he connect Mr. Borden with the matter in any way. Yet he coolly challenges the opposition leader to bring a libel action against him to disclose the facts. One would think that Mr. Pugsley has had his fill of libel actions this year, after the unfortunate experience of his distinguished client whom Mr. Pugsley succeeds in the Ministry, and whose return to the Cabinet is indefinitely postponed in Mr. Pugsley's favour on account of the result of that action. Mr. Pugsley knows, as everyone else does, that Mr. Borden could not proceed against him on statements that make no charge against Mr. Borden and do not name a single individual but Mr. Pugsley himself. The Minister also knew when he spoke that Mr. Borden was west of lake Superior on his way to British Columbia, and had dates arranged for public meetings in the West for several weeks ahead. His proclamation is therefore the cheapest kind of bluff.

THE BLUFF WILL BE CALLED.

But Parliament will meet in a few weeks. Mr. Pugsley and Mr. Borden will both be there, and so will Mr. Aylesworth of whom Mr. Pugsley has made himself a sort of understudy. That will be the time for Mr. Pugsley to tell all he knows. If he has personal information of large contributions to the Conservative campaign fund by any corporation or individuals he will need no libel suit to make it public. Nobody will check his disclosure unless it be his own friends, and a curious public will pay very close attention to Mr. Pugsley's reminiscences. Nor will Mr. Pugsley need to volunteer his disclosures. He will not be in the House many hours before he will receive a challenge to make public all the facts which he has in his possession. Not only will he be asked to make his charges, but so far as the opposition is concerned he will be given full opportunity to prove them. He will have the machinery of the House at his command and the majority of the House and its Committees behind him. Therefore it is not necessary for the Minister to beg for a libel suit which he does not want, and which he could probably cause to be postponed indefinitely as he did the Crockett prosecution. He will be able to go right ahead and establish before Christmas all the facts that he can prove.

WHAT HE KNOWS ABOUT WESTMORLAND.

Mr. Pugsley speaks of Westmorland as the county for which a Conservative fund of \$25,000 was contributed to defeat Mr. Emmerson in 1904, and says that outside contributors assisted in furnishing the money. This statement has been made before and the name of an "outsider" has been frequently mentioned in that connection by the Government press. Mr. Pugsley can inform Parliament whether the press was rightly informed. He can explain also whether this gentleman is the one who devised and carried through the famous Oledonia Springs banquet for Mr. Pugsley himself; whether this same benevolent individual was not a strong advocate of Mr. Pugsley's appointment to the position of Minister of Railways in place of Mr. Emmerson; and whether it would not have been part of his programme in case Mr. Emmerson had been defeated and the Government sustained that Mr. Pugsley should have succeeded Mr. Emmerson in the Cabinet, as he now does. Mr. Pugsley might also explain whether in case the Government had been defeated the same influence which he seems to understand so well would not have been used in the attempt to obtain for Mr. Pugsley as a Conservative, a position in Mr. Borden's cabinet.

FURTHER POSSIBLE EXPLANATIONS.

The statement of the Minister of

Public Works that half a million dollars was contributed towards the Conservative fund, is perhaps borrowed from the suggestion in a Halifax despatch to the government by Mr. MacKenzie and Mr. Mann had made notes for nearly that sum as an election gift. Mr. Pugsley will be invited to give Parliament any information he has on this point also. And while he is about it he might explain more closely his own relations as politician, lawyer and financier, with these capitalists. Incidentally Mr. Pugsley might make it known whether he received compensation for professional services from the gentlemen named or their railway company, during the year including a period in which as Attorney-General or Premier of New Brunswick he was carrying on negotiations with them for a Provincial guarantee for an extension of their railway into New Brunswick. If these various disclosures make it appear that money was illegally expended or improperly contributed to the conservative campaign of 1904 there will be the more necessity for legislation against election contribution by corporations. If also some light shall be thrown upon political manipulations affecting the personnel of the Laurier Government in the last four years the information may be useful to the Liberal party.

ELECTION FUNDS AND THE CONSERVATIVE PLATFORM.

Meanwhile attention is called to clause 3 in Mr. Borden platform. The Conservative party demands "more effective provisions to punish bribery and fraud at elections, to ensure thorough publicity as to expenditures by political organizations, to prevent the accumulation of campaign funds for corrupt purposes and to prohibit contributions thereto by corporations, contractors and promoters, to expedite the hearing of election petitions and to prevent collusive arrangements for the withdrawal or compromise thereof, to provide for a thorough investigation of corrupt practices and if necessary to appoint an independent prosecuting officer charged with that duty, to simplify the procedure therefor to enforce the laws so amended."

EAST AND WEST POLIOERS.

Mr. Templeman, who joined with his leader last January in carrying through legislation authorizing Japanese immigration to this Country, has been denouncing Japanese immigration. This he did in a public meeting in Victoria, where such declarations seem to be quite superfluous. If Mr. Templeman had anti-Japanese work to do Ottawa was the place to perform it. A Minister who denounces in Victoria what he promotes at Ottawa is too various to win respect for his statements. It is also observed that the Congress of labour organizations has passed a resolution asking the Canadian Government to request the Imperial Government to abrogate the Japanese treaty. As the Japanese consul at Ottawa explains, the treaty itself provides that neither party can abrogate it for four years, and this was known when the Government asked Parliament to include Canada in its provisions. There are in Parliament two members, Mr. Ralph Smith and Mr. Verville, who class themselves as labour representatives, though Mr. Smith invariably votes with the Government and Mr. Verville has not failed to do so for some time past. Neither of these Members had a word to say against Japanese immigration when the Bill authorizing it was before the House.

ROSS RIFLE AGAIN.

Sir Charles Ross, contractor for the Ross rifle has been interviewed and declares that the rifle which he makes was great success in recent competitions. As a matter of fact the Ross rifle was not in the Palma competition though Canadian competitors could have used it. It was used by scarcely any of the competitors of the Dominion Rifle Association matches, though the competitors are nearly all connected with the Militia or the permanent corps of which the Ross rifle is the authorized weapon. Evidently there is something radically wrong with the judgment of the Canadian shooting men, if Sir Charles Ross is right. The Militia Department and the Department in charge of the Mount of Police ought to explain next session why the Western force is still left unarmed. If the Ross rifle is not good enough for them why is it bought for the Militia? If it is good enough why don't they have it?

NOT CONSISTENT.

Sir Charles Ross further states that his factory is now in a position to produce 100 rifles per day and that the output could be increased to double that number. Having said this much he might have explained how it is that he has still on hand some 20,000 unfinished rifles on which the Government has made advances of \$18,750,000. At his present rate of delivery it would take three years for the contractor to deliver the rifles on which he has received three quarters of the price. The terms of the contract provides that no advance shall be paid more than one year before delivery, and some of these advances for undelivered weapons were made two years ago.

NOT ANXIOUS FOR DISCLOSURES.

It was announced a few days ago that the appeal to the Supreme Court in the Halifax election case would be the first heard and that a decision might be obtained in time to have the trial over before the meeting of the House would head it off forever. But it is now found that that case stands at the foot of the list and will not soon be reached. That is just where the sitting Liberal members, who have succeeded in postponing the trial for three years, desire it to be. They seem to be assured of possession for another session of the two seats to which it is claimed they never had a right. Meanwhile Mr. Aylesworth has made another loud speech in which he declaimed against alleged corruption on Mr. Borden's behalf. This time he is more cautious and says that he knows nothing about the matter except what he has learned from two supporters from Halifax. These gentlemen seem to be more anxious to load up Mr. Aylesworth with reports that they will not sustain, than they are to have the facts established. The Minister of Justice might have told them to cease their obstruction and allow the case to be tried. Instead of that he appears to have been advising them to prevent the trial, while he goes round telling what he says that they say they would prove if they did not obstruct themselves from doing so.

MR. FIELDING'S ACHIEVEMENT.

After all the jubilation over the fact that Mr. Fielding made a treaty with France without Imperial assistance, it does not appear that the Minister of Finance had any free hand than Sir Charles Templeman had when he made a French treaty fifteen years ago. Sir Charles and the French Ministers agreed upon the terms with a British representative present. Mr. Fielding and the French Ministers agreed upon the terms and the British Ambassador signed the treaty along with Mr. Fielding and Mr. Brodie.

Rev. F. C. Kelly, L. L. D. of Chicago, President of the Church Extension Society, delivered a very interesting and instructive lecture on the origin and workings of this organization in the Lyceum last evening. Very Rev. Dr. Morrison presided and there was a good audience. The Rev. lecturer in eloquent and graphic terms unfolded and explained the origin and history of this noble organization of which he himself was the founder. He held the closest attention of his audience for upwards of an hour and a half, and not only instructed but entertained them by numerous amusing anecdotes in connection with the working out of this most commendable project to which he is devoting his energies.

Meet Me at the Always Busy Store.

Stanley Bros. The Opening of THE NEW Fall Coats. They are the very latest direct from the markets, and are perfection in Quality, Style, Assortment, Fit, Finish, And Workmanship. All sizes from 32 to 44 inch. All prices from \$4.00 each and up. Stanley Bros.

Our Make Of Coats have the Perfect Fitting Lapels, Shoulders and Collars that all Tasty Dressers require. Maclellan Bros., Where all Good Garments are made.

COAL! EXHIBITION! Provincial. We would advise customers to order their Coal and have it delivered before the season gets too late, as The Strike now on at the Springhill Mines may cause a scarcity and be the means of advancing the prices. G. Lyons & Co. Sept. 4, 1907-3i. EPPS'S A delicious drink and a sustaining food. Fragrant, nutritious and economical. This excellent Cocoa maintains the system in robust health, and enables it to resist winter's extreme cold. COCOA Sold by Grocers and Storekeepers in 4-lb. and 1-lb. Tins. Morson & Duffy Barristers & Attorneys Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P.E.I. MONEY TO LOAN. Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada.

THE GRAND Cathedral Bazaar! -IN AID OF- St. Dunstan's Cathedral -WILL BE HELD IN THE- Cathedral Basement, Ch'town BEGINNING MONDAY, OCTOBER 7th, 1907 And will continue during the whole of Exhibition Week. Excellent Meals (dinner or tea) will be provided for all visitors, all of whom will receive the best attention. A most striking feature will be the magnificent display of all that is good and serviceable for the visiting public, and tastefully distributed on the different: Fancy Tables, Apron Tables, Men's Furnishing Tables, Art Tables, Variety Tables, Refreshment Tables, and in various other attractive and useful departments. A gorgeous plan of decoration has been arranged for beautifying the basement hall, and the whole appearance will be a veritable Dreamland. Musical Entertainments will be furnished every evening, and everything will be done for the comfort of visitors. Everybody invited. Admission only 10 cents. For those who purchase a Dinner or Tea Ticket at the door, admission will be Free. BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE. Sept. 25, 1907.-3i

**Prowse Bros. Ltd.**  
**Bankrupt Stock Sale Commences Wednesday, Sept. 11**

Through unfortunate and unforeseen circumstances, the old established firm of D. G. Cameron & Co., Montague, recently became insolvent. Their stock being offered for tender, we tendered, and our offer was accepted. The goods are now in our store and the sale commences Wednesday, Sept. 11th, at nine o'clock a. m.

**\$13, 00 Worth at Retail.**

The stock is a large and well-assorted one, amounting to over \$13,000 worth at retail, and consists of General Dry Goods, Men's Furnishings and Clothing, Boots and Shoes, etc. It is in first class condition, up-to-date, and purchased at close prices.

**We Want to Make a Quick Sale.**

In order that this great quantity of goods shall not interfere with our immense Fall Stock now coming to hand we desire to dispose of it quickly. Great bargains may therefore be expected.

**Country Merchants Should Come.**

Country merchants should take advantage of the splendid purchasing opportunities afforded by this sale. Many lots, especially suited to the requirements of country trade will be offered at much below regular lowest wholesale prices.

PROWSE BROS., Ltd., Charlottetown's Big Departmental Store.

**LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS**

The price of cheese at the board meeting yesterday, was 12 1/2 cts.

As an outcome of the recent race riots in British Columbia a large number of Chinamen, with their families are returning to China.

In consequence of the high rate charged by the farmers, the retail price of milk in Boston this season is likely to be ten cents a quart.

A telegraph operator on the G.P.R. at Van Leek Hill, Ontario, has been sent to jail for six months, for being under the influence of liquor while on duty.

His Lordship Bishop McDonald left here on Monday morning for Quebec where he attends the council of Public Instruction which meets there today.

The grand bazaar, in aid of St. Dunstan's Cathedral opens on Monday October 7th, and continues for the remainder of that week. See the advertisement in this issue.

At New Westminster, B. C., on the 18th, last Judge Bello sentenced John Walsh, a convicted burglar who came from the United States, to fifteen years imprisonment on three separate charges with thirty-six lashes.

At Tillamook, Pa. on Friday last, Edward Marie, driven by J. Andrews, broke the world's trotting record for a mile, on half mile track. She won the distance in 2:07. The previous record was 2:08 by Crossan.

A west bound freight train on the Denver and Rio Grand Railway was wrecked near Pando, 140 miles west of Leadville, Colorado, on the 17th, inst., killing the engineer, the driver and the fireman, all of Solida, Col. The air brakes failed to hold on the grade in the pass.

The police statistics of St. Petersburg for the month of August, record the carrying out of thirty-one sentences of death the assassination of 309 persons of whom 17 were government officials and the wounding of 573 people on various encounters.

Frederick Reed, and his newly wedded wife, while driving from Quilich to Ocala, Ont., on the 20th, were struck by an express train and killed. The buggy was smashed the horses killed, and both the occupants hurled to the ground with terrific force.

The Provincial Workmen's association, through their committee at Halifax on the 19th, inst., placed themselves on record strongly against undesirable foreign labor, especially Asiatic. A committee was appointed to draft a resolution to be forwarded to Ottawa.

The proprietor and two clerks of the Queen's House, Boston, were placed under arrest on Monday last, on a charge of drawing the color line against negroes who applied at the hotel for lodgings on Thursday night. They claim they were told there were no vacant rooms; but, they say, later the same evening rooms were assigned to white men. The complainants maintain that their action is prompted by principle only.

The worst equinoctial gale recorded at St. John's in forty years, swept the Newfoundland coast on Friday last. The storm struck many fishing vessels, and eleven schooners and sloops were driven ashore or foundered at their moorings. A large number of vessels were on the way to Newfoundland from Labrador, where the fishing season closed a few days previously, and it is feared that no disaster may have occurred there yet reported. Eleven vessels put into half a dozen harbors for shelter, but were driven ashore or sank. Several lives were lost. Later advice indicates that probably 24 lives were lost and that 70 fishing vessels were wrecked.

William Coons, living near Peterboro, Ont., had an exciting experience one day last week while crossing Little Bob Lake, on his way home from Boboysgon in a canoe. It was dusk and he encountered a black bear swimming in the water. Coons at first thought the bear was a dog and struck it with his paddle. He soon discovered it was a bear, for the animal with one stroke of his paw upset the canoe and within a few moments the man and the bear were struggling in the water. The attack evidently had infuriated the animal for he fought viciously and when Coons at last reached the shore after having been in the water about half an hour it was with a suit of badly torn clothes and a body with many scratches made by the bear's claws.

London advices say that British shipbuilders are experiencing quite a "boom" in contracts for warships. Brazil has recently given orders to Messrs. Armstrong, Whitworth and Company and Messrs. Vickers Sons and Maxim for the building of three battleships and two cruisers. Japan has ordered two submarines of the Holland type from Messrs. Vickers, and the Argentine Government two powerful destroyers from Messrs. Armstrong. The Vickers Company has also secured an order for two battleships for China. This country is also in the market for twenty shallow draught gunboats for patrol service, and these are likely to go to British firms. Tenders are also out for the 33 knot destroyers provided for in this year's naval estimates, and shipbuilders on the Admiralty list have just been asked to tender for the construction of torpedo boats, which are to form the basis of the new Australian Navy.

Very Rev. Dr. Morrison, V. G., for several years Rector of St. Dunstan's Cathedral, has been appointed pastor of St. Joseph's, Vernon River, in succession to the late Rev. Dr. Doyle. This intelligence is learned by the parishioners of St. Dunstan's with mingled feelings of pleasure and regret. All are pleased that the Very Rev. Dr. has been appointed to the flourishing parish of St. Joseph's, but his pleasure is mingled with regret as to his being torn from our midst, where he has labored so long and so faithfully, and where he is loved and esteemed by all. Under his Lordship the Bishop, the great work of building and completing the new Cathedral has largely devolved upon him. This work has been most conscientiously undertaken and the success that has crowned the work and the excellent financial management in connection therewith are, to a great measure due to his untiring energy. He takes charge of his new parish on Sunday next, but he will not remove to Vernon River until after the close of the bazaar which opens on Sept. 7th. Rev. Dr. McCallan has been promoted to the Rectorship of the Cathedral in succession to Very Rev. Dr. Morrison. Congratulations all around.

Minard's Liniment cures Burns, etc.

Our store has gained a reputation for reliable Groceries. Our trade during 1906 has been very satisfactory. We shall put forth every effort during the present year to give our customers the best possible service.—R. F. Maddigan.

Attend the Union Commercial College for a thorough business training with no waste time, no nonsense. College re-opens Sept. 3rd. Send for new prospectus.—W. Moran, Prin.

A. A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon  
**McLean & McKinnon**  
 Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law.

**LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS**

The Liberal Opposition in the Ontario Legislature have chosen A. J. McKay of North Grey, to succeed Mr. Graham, as their Leader.

The third trial of Collins, for the murder of Mayann McAnley, was concluded at Hopewell Cape, N. B. yesterday. The prisoner was found guilty and sentenced to be hanged on November 15th.

While on her way across the Atlantic ocean The Dominion, of the Dominion line, which arrived at Montreal on Monday last, encountered a terrific storm. William Roberts, one of the seamen, was swept overboard by a gigantic wave and drowned and T. Rowland, the ship's quartermaster had two ribs broken.

The plans of the admiralty London, for the newest and largest warship have been received at the construction department at Portsmouth, accompanied by orders to commence building the warship immediately. The displacement of the new ship will be 19,200 tons, and she will be launched before the one to be built at Devonport, orders for which was announced September 16th.

Everything is now actively progressing in preparation of the grand Cathedral Bazaar which is to be held in the Cathedral basement during Exhibition week. This undertaking is well deserving the generous sympathy and support of the public, and we bespeak for its full measure of success. By referring to the advertisement in another column of this issue it will be seen that elaborate preparations are being made for all visitors, who will be furnished with good meals, and will be enabled to procure many useful articles for household purposes. People visiting Charlottetown during Exhibition week, should not return home without also visiting the bazaar.

**Oil Trust Has Made a Billion.**

New York, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Records of the stockholders of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, laid bare today at the hearing of the government's suit for the dissolution of the alleged oil combine, disclosed the fact that John D. Rockefeller owns 247,896 shares, or nearly five times as much as any other individual shareholder, and that he and his associates who signed the trust agreement in 1882 still control a majority of the Standard Oil stock. Measured by the present market price of \$40 a share, the holdings of Mr. Rockefeller in the Standard Oil Company have a value of \$109,000,000. The depreciation in the price of Standard Oil stock within the past ten years, about the time the agitation against the company began, has been more than \$400 a share. This represents a loss of over \$100,000,000 in the loss of John D. Rockefeller. The shrinkage in the market value of the stock also affects the University of Chicago, which owns 5,000 shares, about \$200,000.

The respective holdings of the largest stockholders of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, are as follows:

John D. Rockefeller, 247,896; Charles H. Pratt estate \$2,582; D. M. Harkness estate, 42,000; O. M. Payne, 40,000; H. M. Flagler, 30,500; O. B. Jennings estate, 17,000; H. H. Rogers, 16,000; Charles Bostwick, 15,000; William Rockefeller, 11,700; C. M. Brewster, 10,000; Charles Lockhart estate, Pittsburg, \$500; E. C. Ledyard and Payne Whitney, 8,000; William C. Whitney estate, 8,000; W. H. Tilford, 6,000; John D. Archbold, 6,000; W. G. Warden estate, 5,858; University of Chicago, 5,000; C. M. Pratt, 5,000; Daniel O. Day, 2,665.

Through Wesley H. Tilford, treasurer of the Standard Oil Company, the government's attorney, Frank H. Kellogg, was able to obtain evidence of a verbal agreement that had been made between the Standard and Independent refiners doing business near Cleveland and Pittsburg. This agreement, which was entered into in the latter part of 1902, provided that these companies should sell their entire output of oil refined for export, to the Standard Oil Company of New York. The export department of the allied companies, in return for which the Standard was to sell the companies a certain amount of crude oil each day. Mr. Tilford said that previous to the making of the agreement the supply of crude oil to these companies had been reduced. Mr. Kellogg then developed from the witness that the export business was chiefly handled by the Standard Oil Company of New York, and that in buying oil for export it paid the market price to the independent refiners. Mr. Kellogg asked if the Standard Oil did not determine the market price, and Mr. Tilford replied that it did.

Some interesting facts concerning the marketing of the Standard's products were developed today, when it was testified to by Mr. Tilford that a committee controlled the domestic trade. Mr. Tilford stated that the United States was apportioned in districts and that the selling companies assigned to those districts confined their operations to the territory assigned to them.

The accountants for the government now at work preparing data will be ready to report next week. Their report, it is declared, will enable the government to show that since the inception of the Standard Oil trust, in 1882, up to the present time the total profits of the old combine have been between \$80,000,000 and \$90,000,000.

**DIED**

At Newton Cross, Lot 57, on August 28th, Mrs. Michael Morrissey, leaving to mourn a disconsolate husband and seven children. May her soul rest in peace.

At Bonwell, on the 13th inst., Patrick Malone, aged 19 years. May his soul rest in peace.

At Brookvale, Lot 30, on the 6th inst., Mrs. John Smith, in the 72nd year of her age, leaving four sons and four daughters to mourn. May his soul rest in peace.

In this city, on the 21st inst., Annie Mooney. May her soul rest in peace.

At Head St. Peter's Bay, on the 20th inst., Clara, A. daughter of the late John G. and Mrs. McInnis aged 9 years. May his soul rest in peace.

**The Prices**

Butter, (fresh).....	0.23 to 0.25
Butter (tub).....	0.00 to 0.00
Calf skins.....	0.10 to 0.00
Ducks, per pair.....	0.80 to 1.00
Eggs, per doz.....	0.20 to 0.30
Fowls (per pair).....	0.90 to 1.25
Chickens per pair.....	0.80 to 0.00
Flour (per cwt.).....	2.30 to 2.40
Hides.....	0.07 to 0.00
Hay, (new) per 100 lbs.....	0.60 to 0.00
Mutton, per lb (carcase).....	0.08 to 0.09
Oatmeal (per cwt).....	2.50 to 3.00
Potatoes.....	0.25 to 0.30
Pork.....	0.08 to 0.24
Sheep pelts.....	to 1.00
Turkeys.....	0.00 to 0.00
Turkeys (per lb).....	0.00 to 0.00
Geese.....	0.00 to 0.00
Hk oats.....	0.45 to 0.48
Pressed hay.....	15.00 to 00.00
Straw.....	0.00 to 0.30

Farmers who send their sons and daughters to the Union Commercial College can rest assured they will not waste their time. No nonsense. Write for new illustrated prospectus. Wm. Moran, Prin. Ch. Town.

**You Can Save \$20**

By buying your new organ from Miller Bros. Why? Because they have no big commissions to pay. Write them for particulars. The P. E. I. Music House.

Trunks and Valises.—When you want to go travelling I can fit you out with a trunk, suit case, grip, telescope or anything else you need. Don't forget my prices are the lowest.

H. H. BROWN - The Young Men's Man.

Overalls and working shirts.—At this season of the year every man wants a fitting out in this line. There is no place in town where you can get better value for your money than at H. H. BROWN'S The young Men's Man.

H. H. BROWN'S The young Men's Man.

**Are You SATISFIED**

to pay large prices for inferior goods.

**WE KNOW**

that you can get no better value in

Pianos, Organs and Sewing Machines

in the Province than at **MILLER BROS.**

We employ no agents—therefore save you all middlemen's profits.

IF you want to save

on Musical Instruments and still get the **BEST MAKES.**

CALL AT **Miller Bros.,**

The P. E. I. Music House, Charlottetown.

**Tea Party Supplies.**

We have bought out the Aerated Water Business formerly conducted by Ferris & Frederickson, and we are now in a position to supply the trade with a full line of

**SODA DRINKS,**



Such as Ginger Ale, Raspberry Soda, Lemon Soda, Iron Brew and a variety of other flavors. We will also be in a better position than ever to contract for the supplying of Picnics and Tea Parties. A full line of all requirements for above purposes on hand.

Merry-making attractions to hire. Personal supervision given free on large orders. Call or write us for prices.

**EUREKA TEA.**

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

**Preserves.**—We manufacture all our own Preserves, and can guarantee them strictly pure Sold wholesale and retail.

**R. F. Maddigan & Co.**  
 Eureka Grocery,  
 QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

**For New Buildings**

We carry the finest line of **Hardware** to be found in any store.

Architects, Builders and Contractors, will find our line of goods the newest in design, the most adaptable and improved, and of the highest standard of merit in quality and durability.

Also a full line of pumps and piping.

**Stanley, Shaw & Peardon.**  
 June 12, 1907.

**The Messenger, \$2.00 a Year**

Issued Monthly—128 Pages.

A high-class, illustrated periodical, embracing everything in history, literature and art that can be of interest to Catholics—timely and popular expositions of Catholic doctrine; Christian ethics; modern questions of sociology and political economy; religious movements and actual events; struggles and progress of the Church; education, science, music and drama. Ask for a sample copy.

Manager THE MESSENGER, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York.

**W**ITH your co-operation **W**E want a bright, active agent to represent The Messenger in every city and town.

**W**E will send free a copy of The Messenger to each person whose name and address you may send us.

**W**E have a special offer, covering both new subscriptions and renewals—a permanent business can be established.

ADDRESS **The Messenger,** 500 Fifth Avenue, New York.

**E. W. TAYLOR,**  
 South Side Queen Square, Charlottetown.

Fine Timekeeping Regina Watches, \$8.00 and upwards.	Souvenir Spoons, and Jewelry, in silver and gold enamelled.	Ladies' Chains and Bracelets.
High grade and real stone set Rings.	Solid Gold Scarf Pins; also Collar, Dress and Baby Pins	Locketts, in solid gold; also in plate that will stand engraving.
Links, Buttons, Studs, 50 cents up.	Eyeglasses, tested for and fitted to suit both eye and feature.	Knives, Forks, Spoons—best of plate.

**KING'S COUNTY Industrial Exhibition and Horse Trots!**

**Thursday, October 3rd, at Georgetown.**

Grand display of exhibits, liberal prizes in all departments.

Refreshments on grounds, lowest excursion rates on railway, 25c. admits to all departments. Round trip for Souris 90c., intermediate stations proportionately low rate. See posters.

Georgetown Driving Park Races at Exhibition. Three minute class, purse \$75.00; 2:40 class, purse \$75.00. Horses for trots to be owned in county two months before close of entries. Purse to be divided 60 per cent. to first, 30 per cent. to second, 10 per cent to 3rd. Entrance fee to be paid in advance. Ten per cent of purse payable as follows: 5 per cent accompanying nomination and 5 per cent before evening of the race; entries to close September 25th. Live stock coming from the east by rail will be carried on 2nd October evening train.

**F. G. BOVYER, Sec'y.**  
 Sept. 18, 1907—21

**\$50 Scholarships Free**

To the Student making the Highest Marks during next term.

Will **YOU** win it?

An up-to-date modern business training with no waste time. Write to-day for new prospectus, terms, etc.

**Union Commercial College,**  
 WM. MORAN, Prin.

A. A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon  
**McLean & McKinnon**  
 Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law.

Calendar for Sept. 1907.

Moon's Phases. New Moon 7d. 5h. 4m. p. m. First Quarter 14d. 11h. 40m. p. m. Full moon 21d. 5h. 34m. p. m. Last Quarter 28d. 7h. 37m. a. m.

Table with columns: Day of Week, Sun, Mon, Tues, Wed, Thurs, Fri, Sat, High Water, Low Water. Rows for each day of the month.

Scrap Book Favorites.

THE CHRIST OF THE ANDES.

(Colossal statue on boundary line between Chile and Argentina). See, where it stands in its beauty, Where the earliest sunbeams shine; Tall and stately and splendid; The Christ of the Boundary Line!

Forbidden the evil impulse

That leads to pain and crime United the faith of nations, A compact outlasting Time! Telling the coming of Man, Who is born of the Image Divine; Like a grand, full chord of music, The Christ of the Boundary Line!

As we view the beautiful statue

From the mountain paths below, As we see its face so serene In the sunbeams' latest glow; 'Tis a present peace the sign; A psalm and a prayer in marble: The Christ of the Boundary Line!

Between man's state of error

And the kingdom of the saint; Between God's perfect freedom And our mortal minds restraint; Buided the Image and Likeness In each human heart the sign; Redeeming the race from bondage, The Christ of the Boundary Line!

Lelia B. Hewes, in "Our Dumb Animals."

King Edward and the Workingmen. All that is necessary in England in order to transform a plain citizen into a full fledged knight, with the prefix of "Sir" to his Christian name, is a tap on the shoulder with a sword by his sovereign, with the utterance of the words, "Arise Sir John" or "Arise Sir James," as the case may be.

The True Cross.

Often it has been asserted that many of the relics of the True Cross are shams; that there are more than could be carried by three hundred men, that a house or a battleship could be built with them, etc.

Get the Most Out of Your Food

You don't and can't digest your food as well as you should. A weak stomach does not digest all that is ordinarily taken into it. It gets tired easily, and what it fails to digest is wasted.

Among the signs of a weak stomach are uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, and disagreeable belching.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Strengthens and tones the stomach and the whole digestive system.

Cremer was originally a workman, and by trade a carpenter. Indeed, he still remains to this day a member of the carpenters' union.

I notice that Kier Hardy and William Crooks, two of the labor members of parliament, the one a miner, the other a cooper, were present at the royal garden party at Windsor at which Mark Twain was one of the guests.

Let me in this connection recall the clever manner in which the king while still Prince of Wales transformed the late Anthony Mundella, son of a Carboniferous conspirator, from a red-hot republican and adversary of the crown into a champion of the royal family.

Somebody notified the prince of Mundella's presence. At once the prince, who had never met him before, sent him, received him most graciously, presented him to the princess, who treated him to one of her winning smiles, and then exclaimed: "I hear, my dear Mr. Mundella, that you are about to address your constituents this afternoon here."

That afternoon, when Mundella faced his constituents, instead of treating them to one of his customary red hot diatribes against the reigning house, he inaugurated his speech with an intimation to the effect that he had been commissioned by the Prince and Princess of Wales to convey to the people of Sheffield the gracious message given above.

After the body of Christ was buried the Cross was thrown into a cavern on Mount Calvary. There it remained buried until found by St. Helena in 326. The feast of "The Finding of the Holy Cross," May 3, commemorates this fact.

St. Helena built a magnificent church over the place where the Cross was found, and in it she placed the greater part of the Cross, enclosed in a silver casket. In 617 the Persians carried it away, but ten years later Heraclius, Emperor of Constantinople, compelled them to restore it.

It provides baby with the necessary fat and mineral food for healthy growth. ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND \$1.00.

per cent., and the Catholic population 46 per cent.

In an excellent address delivered before the Canadian Club of Halifax some time ago, by the Rev. Dr. Sheehan, of the Catholic University, Washington, the following passages are found:

"The city grows daily at the expense of the farm. This phenomenon, easily tangible in small countries and in countries that have reached their saturation-mark in population, is now tangible in the New World, where the citizen of the future will be more and more a city-bred man, and where the city will have eventually to furnish for itself, to a good extent, all the moral qualities and elements that have hitherto drawn so largely from the rural population."

"The cities are the lungs of modern democracy, and unless they are clean and strong morally the body politic must suffer disorder and decay."

"If we cannot acquire the most humble of arts, the least complex of the sciences, without some constant and attentive practice of the hand or the intellect, how can we hope without some practice on ourselves ever to exercise [that art of arts] which is the government of others, the creation of social cells and organisms that shall be at once viable and adapted to their ends, i. e., the family, the town, the city, the state."

Every adult man in the city is bound to exercise a severe and continuous discipline over his own spirit; to obastiate and repress its lawlessness; to lift it perforce to a higher level; to remember that he is, whether he wills it or not, a born teacher of somebody, perhaps of many; that the ideal or lack of ideal visible in him is forever like a light-house, true or false, guiding his fellow-men to the best things in life or luring them to shoals and reefs of destruction.

Every man is truly his brother's keeper; it is a law of the social order; he cannot, must not, live to himself, but can and must live for others."

You can save from 20 to 30 dollars on an organ if you buy it from us. No middlemen's profits to pay. Write to-day.—Miller Bros., the P.

Our mail order department gives immediate and careful attention to all orders received by mail or telephone. There is no reason why you should not enjoy all the advantages of a large and carefully selected stock. We can do as well for you as any house in Canada. Absolute satisfaction guaranteed or your money back. We prepay the freight on all parcels over \$5.00 in value.

The Faith in Scotland.

Scotland, like many other European countries is embracing the Catholic religion. The Columbian, in its last issue says: "There is no doubt that the Catholic faith has not only taken firm root but is rapidly growing in Scotland, one of the very strongholds of anti-Catholicism. Some convincing figures of this fact have been obtained and made public by Rev. Dr. Howie in a return made to the Glasgow Presbytery of the United Free Church of the various parishes of Glasgow and the district as compared with the population. The figures regarding the Catholic Church are very interesting and all the more convincing, seeing that they are furnished by a non-Catholic cleric."

In the year 1901, Dr. Howie estimates the Catholic population within the Glasgow City boundary was 117,361. In 1906 it had risen to 163,750. Taking in the suburbs of Glasgow, the population in 1901, Dr. Howie estimates to have been 160,385. Five years later he reckons it 193,711. Per 100,000 of the population it is Dr. Howie's estimate that in 1901 there were 1775 Catholics, while in 1906 there were 2048 for every 10,000 of Glasgow's population within the city boundary. Taking city and suburbs together, the figures are, respectively, 1697 and 1939. Coming to the matter of congregations, it is found that in the year 1891 there were 20 Catholic congregations within the city boundary. Ten years later there were 25. In the year 1906 there were 27, showing an increase in the former period of 35 per cent., and in the latter period of over 12 per cent. The increase in population between 1891 and 1906 was a little over 25 per cent. During that period the Protestant population increased 21 per cent., and the Catholic population 46 per cent.

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"They didn't bother me much. I kept thinking about the witness fees I was going to get."

Thales, the ancient philosopher, declared that there was no difference between life and death. "Why, then," cried one of those to whom the remark was made, "don't you put an end to your life?" "Because," was the reply, "there is no difference."

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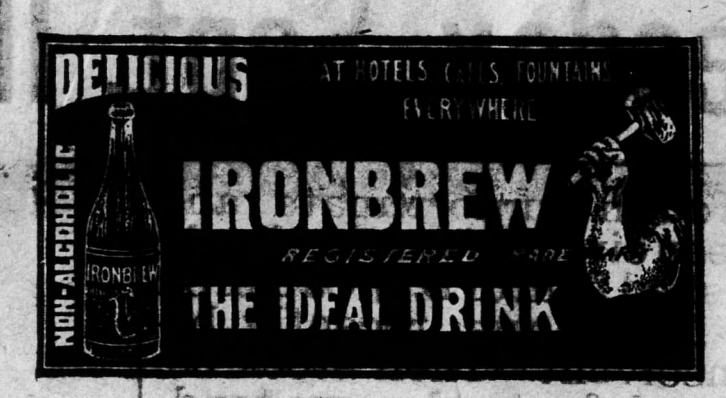
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