

DECEMBER

MINES AND MINING

What is Going on in... Shaft, Drift, Stope, Winze, Etc., Etc.

VALUABLE MINING CLAIMS.

They Are Located in the Section Just North of Sheep Lake.

Mr. Charles Lloyd has a number of high-grade specimens of ore which he brought in recently from that promising mining section, which lies about two miles north of Sheep creek. Some of the ore is from the Gem group of claims, which is owned by Mr. Lloyd and Ross Thompson. This group was located in 1895. There are four claims located on three ledges which run through them. The fifth claim in the group is located to one side. One ledge running through the Gem group is seven feet in width and has been opened by a perpendicular shaft to a depth of 50 feet. The gangue in the ledge is white quartz carrying antimonial sulfur. Assays show that it runs as high as 300 ounces in silver and \$3 in gold to the ton.

Another group in the vicinity of Sheep Lake is the Diamond group. This property is owned by Messrs. Lloyd, Shipley and Graham. There are three claims in this group and the ledge has been opened by a shaft 19 feet deep and by the stripping of the lead on the surface for a distance of 400 feet. The ledge is five feet in width and the gangue is white quartz carrying 90 ounces in silver and 3 per cent copper to the ton.

Three-quarters of a mile west of the Diamond group is the Ben Bolt mineral claim. This property has a free milling vein of ore that is five feet in width and carries ore that assays \$15 in gold and three ounces of silver to the ton.

These properties are not over four and a half miles from the Columbia & Western railway and the intention is to push work upon them in the spring on an extensive scale. Mr. Lloyd is satisfied that development will make the section north of Sheep Lake very valuable. There is, he says, considerable ground in that vicinity which has not as yet been staked.

Has a Wide Ledge.

Work on the Spitzee is making good progress. The ledge is now known to be about ten feet in width, but how much wider is not known, and it is possible that it may be 15 or even 20 feet in width. Some nice looking samples were taken out yesterday. Shipments are being regularly made.

WORK ON THE TAMARAC.

Winze Down 175 Feet—Tramway to Be Finished Jan. 10.

Late news from the Tamarac is to the effect that the winze is down a distance of 175 feet from the bottom of the lower channel, which gives it a vertical depth of 200 feet. Some delay has been experienced in the construction of the tramway, but it is definitely stated that it will be completed on Jan. 10. The company purges shipping at least 1,000 tons of ore to the reduction works at Silica to the end that thorough experiments may be made and the very best method of treatment formulated. When this is done a shaft will be erected to the end of the tramway for the reduction of the ore. The management is determined to have the proper sort of a reduction plant and the preliminary experiments are to be thorough to the end that no mistakes shall be made.

THE DARDENELLES.

Past History and Present Condition of Its Properties.

At a meeting of the Dardenelles Mining and Milling company, limited, with head offices at Victoria, held on June 20th last, it was resolved that the directors of the company be empowered to borrow on behalf of the company, on debentures, a sum not exceeding \$45,000. The purpose for which the money is required is: First, to pay off all the indebtedness of the company, which amounts to about \$11,000; second, to continue the development of the mine upon the lines advised by Captain Myers and also by the manager.

It is intended to sink a shaft for a depth of about 600 feet, and then drift on the vein. This programme was carried out and on the several hundred feet in each direction. During the drifting, one of very good grade was encountered.

On the season of 1899, a syndicate was formed, which purchased 200,000 shares of the company's stock at 12 cents, out of which money the debts of the company were paid to the amount of \$75,000, additional machinery procured and the mine run until the end of February, when the company was compelled to shut down on account of being disappointed in the sale of a considerable block of stock. The directors have made arrangements whereby all the debts owed by the company have been transferred to one man as the satisfactory arrangements for the opening up of the mine again can be made.

The Dardenelles company was formed in December, 1896, with a capital stock of \$1,000,000 in \$1 shares. It was incorporated in September 1896. The officers are: President, Hon. Fred Peters; vice-president, Colonel S. W. Roy, Port Arthur; secretary, Wm. McGrier. The other directors are Sir Charles H. Tupper, J. J. Challinor, Captain C. E. Clark and J. B. Aley.

The property consists of six claims, namely, Dardenelles, Diamond Cross, Dardenelles No. 2, Okanogan, Lady of the Lake, Bosphorus and Gibraltar. They are situated in the Dardenelles Basin, four miles from Sandon, three miles by wagon road from McGuigan station on the K. and S. Railway in the Slocan district.

On the property about 4,000 feet of development has been done. A shaft has been sunk about 500 feet. It is stated by the company that previous to 1896, 250 1/2 tons of first-class ore shipped to smelters returned an average of 260 oz. of silver and 26 per cent lead, and 99 1/2 tons of second-class ore returned 76 oz. of silver and 16 per cent lead to the ton. The plant at the property consists of a 60 horse

power boiler, a 20-horse power h. s. t. sinking pump; also a five-drill Rand compressor and two drills. These were installed in August, 1897.

WILL SOON RESUME WORK.

American Corporation Has Sold a Large Block of Treasury.

The American Corporation, which owns the Leiter, Wonder and other properties on Sophie mountain, intend to resume work on them early in the spring. A letter has been received from the officers of the company from Cleveland, Ohio, to the effect that the company has placed a large block of the treasury, which is the first that has been sold. The idea is to use the funds obtained for the purpose of developing the property. The recent discovery of the lead on the Wonder Fraction is a remarkable one, as it is fully 50 feet in width. A shaft will be sunk to the 200-foot level and then drifting on the lead will be extended to the 300-foot tunnel on the Joseph Leiter claim. The company has already spent a large sum of money on the property, and since the main lead was found on the Wonder Fraction it feels warranted in issuing the first block of treasury shares. In addition to this the fact that the group more accessible and supplies can be taken to it at much less cost than formerly. The group is close to the Velvet, Portland and the Douglas-Hunter, and the success being attained in these properties encourages the management to proceed with the development of its claims.

Will Hold a Meeting.

A general meeting of the shareholders of the Rossland-Bonanza Mining company will be held in the secretary's office, post-office block, this evening at 8 o'clock. A full attendance is requested as business of importance will come up.

IS IN 200 FEET.

Diamond Drill Boring in White Bear Still in Progress.

The diamond drill boring in the White Bear is in for a distance of about 200 feet from the north drift on the 350-foot level. The rock formation which is being passed through, is becoming more and more crystallized and carries considerable copper. Progress has been somewhat slow during the past 30 feet owing to the hardness of the rock, which is taken by the management to indicate the presence of a large ledge. Another 100 feet will have to be bored before the northern line of the White Bear claim will have been reached.

ROSSLAND-BONANZA.

Progress of the Work—An Adjoining Claim Purchased.

A general meeting of the Rossland Bonanza shareholders was held in the secretary's office last evening. Mr. S. W. Hall, the managing director, submitted a report describing the condition of the property on his last visit on November 11th. In this report he stated that the tunnel was being driven a foot a day, and that he had ordered the men to break it in two sections, one of which was being piled up for shipment in the spring and the balance placed in a dump to be concentrated at some time in the future, the shipping ore averaging over \$40 and the concentrating ore over \$15 per ton. He also stated that he fully expected by next spring to have the mine in shape for the stopping and shipping of ore.

Mr. Hall also reported that he had secured the controlling interest (two thirds) of the adjoining claims on the dip side of the Bonanza vein, and his action was approved by the directors.

A sale of 25,000 shares of treasury stock was confirmed and the directors were authorized to sell more. The finances of the company are in good shape and work will be continued throughout the winter.

THE CROMWELL BONDED.

Warner Miller Syndicate Secures an Option Upon It.

An agreement has been signed giving an option on the Cromwell mine to the Warner Miller syndicate of New York and others for the sum of \$150,000. The Cromwell mine was located in September, 1899, and when the first assessment work was done upon it the lead was found. The ore returned assays of from \$120 to \$750 per ton. The principal vein was 60 feet wide and a half ton shipped to the smelter gave returns of 5.76 ounces gold and 18.1 ounces silver to the ton. The property is in close proximity to the Troune mine and the ledge runs clear across the entire length of the claim and passes into the Cromwell fraction and the Cromwell No. 2. What little work has been done on the Cromwell has exposed a strong ore body 28 inches in width and from all appearances it is the mother lode of that district. The mine is owned by Messrs. E. Morgan and James Grant of Trout Lake City, and Edward Ballie, A. W. Smith and S. J. Graham of Rossland.

AWAY WITH CATARRH!

IT'S LOATHSOME, IT'S DISGUSTING.

Instant Relief and Permanent Cure Secured by the Use of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

Here's strong evidence of the quickness and sureness of that wonderful remedy, Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder: "For years I was a victim of Chronic Catarrh—tried many remedies but no cure was effected until I had procured and used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. First application gave me instant relief, and in an instant I was cured. I was absolutely cured."—James Headley, Dundee, N. Y. Sold by Goodeve Bros.

THE MINING REVIEW.

There is little to chronicle this week in the development of the mines, which are progressing evenly on the schemes of development laid down. It is probable that the War Eagle will again join the list of shippers at an early date, but it is more than probable that date will be postponed till well into January and may be even put off until the annual meeting. This may be predicated from the fact that there is no hurry being displayed in the installation of the new system on the gravity shipping tramway.

A remarkable feature in the camp is the unanimity with which the larger mines are continuing their sinking. The Kootenay Mines are sinking the vertical shaft towards what will be the eleventh level, or 1,100 feet below the outcrop, the War Eagle is now down 1,175 feet and is sinking to the 1,250-foot level. The Rossland Great Western is sinking to the 800-foot level, the Le Roi No. 2 is going down to the 800-foot level; the Le Roi is about to resume sinking, it is stated beyond the 900-foot level as deep as the 2,000 feet point. The machinery now being installed on this latter mine is adequate for that depth of a shaft. In addition the Centre Star has no indication of staying at the level now attained in the drift. The developments notably on the War Eagle, Rossland Great Western and Le Roi are such that it would seem to establish that with these mines at all events that with depth a better mineralized country is being pierced.

War Eagle.—The shaft is down 1,175 feet and is being driven at the rate of 200 feet to reach the ninth level at 125 feet depth by the end of the month. Men will start tomorrow setting the foundations for the machinery for the headworks of the gravity tramway. Parts of the track and supports have already been torn down in order to be rebuilt on a more scientific principle. The development is proceeding satisfactorily the management report, all over the mine.

Evening Star.—The winze has reached a depth of 2 1/2 feet and is to be extended to a depth of 300 feet. A station will be made at a depth of 230 feet and the opening of the ore bodies found in the mine will be made. This will be at a depth of 400 feet from the surface. In the winze considerable ore was encountered and the management is pleased with the condition of the property. Mr. George B. McAulay, the chief stockholder, visited the Evening Star during the week.

The Output.
The output for the week has exceeded the 6,000-ton mark considerably, but is not a record nevertheless. No less than eight shipments on the list for the week and when it is remembered that the Rossland Great Western and the Kootenay mines have each ore that is ready to ship, the former having in its stock pile and bins together upwards of 1,500 tons, it will be seen that the day when these mines are to join the shipping list cannot be much longer delayed and that the prospects of again breaking the record without straining the capacity of the mines is bright indeed. The shipments for the year are well over the 200,000 ton mark and bid fair to appreciably approach the quarter million before the end of the year.

Appended is a statement of the shipments of the week past and for the year to date:

Week, Tons.	Year, Tons.
Le Roi	4,060
Centre Star	150,798
War Eagle	2,145
Iron Mask	33,918
Iron Mask	195
Le Roi No. 2	10,762
L. X. L.	138
Giant	2,398
Evening Star	319
Monte Cristo	52
Spitzee	273
Iron Colt	22
Total	6,632

Centre Star—Shipping is proceeding at the same rate from the reserve stock pile and from the stope on the second level. The former is by no means exhausted, in fact the bigger portion yet remains for removal. A good deal of work is going on over the surface of the mine in the way of extending and levelling the timber work, fitting up the framing, erecting a machine shop and a lot of minor matters. There was said to be some difficulty in the shipment of ore by means of the huge derrick but it is stated that the new steel ropes were the cause of this by reason of their stretching. This has been obviated and the cost of shipping the stock pile by this means is now minimized.

Le Roi.—The work below in the Le Roi is progressing as usual. The station at the 500-foot level is about completed and a start will be made in sinking the shaft to lower depths this month. On the surface the head works are beginning to look like completion, although much remains to be done. The sorting belts are in position with the exception of the smallest, which is nearly completed. The motors are ready, although they are not as yet in position. The direct acting hoist is being assembled in the big engine room, the bed plates are in position and the huge crank shaft will be placed upon its bearings. The finishing of the assembly of this piece of machinery will, however, probably consume the remainder of the month.

Rossland Great Western.—The shaft is making good progress and the raise on the body of ore near the shaft at the 500-foot level is also well in hand. The connection with the compressor plant at the Nickel Plate has been shut down, but is kept in readiness as a stand-by. The starting the underpinning of the foundation of the new 40-drill compressor has been accomplished. There are 16 piers to be built of solid concrete and filled in between with rubble masonry to carry the foundations proper of the big plant. The building has been glazed and closed in and is now warmed with four four-inch steam pipes running around the walls so as to prevent the frost getting into the concrete.

Le Roi No. 2.—There is nothing new to report as to the progress of development on this mine. A little ore was shipped last week, but not enough to clear the mine of the ore which is blocking up the newly started stope. A start has not as yet been made in the sinking of the shaft so as to connect with the crosscut from the 900-foot level crosscut from the Le Roi, but this will be taken in hand just as soon as some needful preliminary work is completed around the shaft.

Rossland Bonanza.—Work on the drift tunnel continues and it is now in for a distance of 70 feet. Samples sent in from the face of the drift on Thursday last

gave for the paystreak an average of over \$40 to the ton, and from the whole face, four feet wide, over \$24 per ton. The cabin is completed and Mr. Brailo will go out on Tuesday and take with him an additional miner.

Spitzee.—Work on the Spitzee continues with the usual energy and during the week 25 tons of ore was sent to the smelter at Trail. The returns from this ore are said by the management to be satisfactory. As the work progresses the showing of ore continues to improve and the conviction is growing that the Spitzee when properly developed will make a mine. The ore shoot has been traced along on the surface to a considerable distance.

New Star Elmo.—The north drift is in for a distance of 55 feet, the ledge is four feet in width and carries very high copper values, some carrying between 23 and 14 per cent in copper, from 7 to 8 ounces in silver and from \$5 to \$11 in gold to the ton. In fact, all the ore that is now being met with in the north drift is of a shipping grade. The south drift is in for a distance of 320 feet.

Northern Belle.—The crosscut tunnel is in for a distance of 285 feet. The face of the drift is still in the ledge, which carries fair values. The ledge is now known to be 12 feet in width and may be wider. The formation is very hard and progress is therefore slow.

Green Mountain.—The drift on the 375-foot level has been driven for a distance of 200 feet. Since the thaw commenced there has been considerable bother with water, which fairly pours into the workings and the pumps have all that they can do to keep the property clear.

Kootenay Mines.—The Kootenay Mines started up again last Monday with a full force of men. The work in hand at the present is the prosecution of the vertical shaft below No. 6 tunnel to the 500-foot level, making, when completed, 1,100 feet from the surface.

Douglas-Hunter.—The work of extending the lower drift tunnel continues and ore of a good quality is being met.

Cascade.—The buildings are completed and a force will be put to work extending the tunnel some time this week.

Wallingford.—Work on the drift tunnel continues. Considerable ore carrying copper is being met.

A LARDEAU TRIP.

Promising Discoveries Made Upon the Kingston Property.

Prof. F. R. Blochberger returned early this morning after an arduous and dangerous trip from the Lardeau, whither he went on important business for the Kingston Gold mines and to pay off the men previous to his departure to Portland and eastern cities. He intended to be back a week sooner but was detained in getting to and from the Kingston property on account of some heavy slides near Seven Mile rapids and half a dozen men had to work very hard all day to open a path, before any one could pass Fish River canyon on Canyon mountain. During the whole of last winter was there not such an amount of snow as fell the last week in a couple of days, but a couple of days of rain have not only cleared the lower portions of the valley, but have also taken four to five feet from the higher levels.

Prof. Blochberger reports a great deal of activity in the Fish River country in the Lardeau district, especially on Lexington mountain, where the rich gold-bearing fine milling quartz veins surpass the keenest expectations. The Eva and Imperial camp miners have proven their properties as a much richer ore was found at a depth of sixty feet than on the surface where sixteen men (on the Imperial) are busy in the development work.

A strike of the greatest importance to the Kingston company was recently made by the foreman, Mr. Rowley, who discovered in the quartz free gold visible to the naked eye. This strike is all the more remarkable, as the vein as far as uncovered is over thirty feet wide, running straight into the mountain, permitting drifting on the vein and offering a splendid tunnel site almost at the foot of the mountain with plenty of water and water power and timber for all mining purposes. Prof. Blochberger went over the property and sampled the vein and brought with him a whole sack full of the ore, which can be seen in his office.

About four hundred feet distant from this immense vein Mr. Blochberger found another one of about fifteen feet in width with ore of the same character. Besides these veins there are several galena veins traversing the Kingston property, especially on the higher levels a high grade steel galena vein has been found of which assays gave high silver values.

This will be good news for a great many Rossland people, who are interested in the property adjoining the Kingston, namely, the Brunswick mine, as the veins mentioned are bound to run also through that property as well as into the Eva and Imperial, which are all under bond on high figures. As there are nearly 100 men at present employed in development work in the Fish Creek and Pool Creek valleys, during the winter, and next spring will most likely bring a great boom in that district, especially if the railroad, of which there has been so much talk, is completed next summer.

We Convince Skeptics.

Colds, Catarrh and Catarrhal Headache Relieved in 10 Minutes and Cured by Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.

Here's one of a thousand such testimonials. Rev. A. D. Buckley of Buffalo, says: "I wish all to know what a blessing Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder is in a case of Catarrh. I was troubled with this disease for years, but the first time I used this remedy it gave me most delightful relief. I regard myself as entirely cured after using it for two months." Sold by Goodeve Bros.

Mr. W. S. Dodd left yesterday for Winnipeg. Mr. W. J. Robinson of the Canadian-American Gold Mining company is here from Pechland on a business visit.

A BIG SALE OF ORE.

The St. Eugene Sells \$1,000,000 Worth of Ore a Year to the Guggenheims.

The largest ore deal ever arranged in British Columbia has been consummated by the St. Eugene Consolidated Mining company of Moyie, by which the Messrs. Guggenheim & Sons, the smelter people of Antofagasta, Chili, contract to purchase \$1,000,000 worth of reduced wet silver-lead ore per year from the Moyie mines, says the Nelson Miner.

The deal is of great importance, not only on account of its size, but owing to the fact that the desire of the Chili smelters to secure the wet silver-lead ore of Kootenay for fluxing purposes may cause a boom in these ores.

In the past three months \$150,000 of this ore has been shipped via the O.P.R. to Vancouver and by steamer to San Francisco, where it is transferred into other steamers for Chili. At the present time a gang of men is engaged in packing 1,000 tons of the Moyie ore for shipment, and there is some delay caused by the famine in sacks now prevalent there. The ore will run in its reduced state about 830 a ton. Next week another shipment of \$150,000 worth of ore will take place. In fact, the demand is only limited by the supply, and the possibility of getting the ore forward.

The St. Eugene mines, which are producing this vast wealth, are owned by the Gooderham-Blackstock syndicate. They were originally owned by a Catholic priest, who was shown the outcropping ore body by an Indian. The sale of the mines by the priest enabled him to build exclusively for the Gooderham-Blackstock syndicate a handsome church which he called the Saint Eugene mission. Owing to the success of the St. Eugene mines Moyie has sprung from a village to a city in a few months, and St. Eugene Mission is famed throughout the Kootenays.

Bought the Remaining Third.

At a general meeting of the Rossland-Bonanza Mining company's shareholders, held on Saturday evening, Mr. S. W. Hall, the managing director, reported that he had purchased for the corporation the two-thirds interest in the Our Hope mineral claim. This claim adjoins the Bonanza on the dip side of the ledge. Yesterday Mr. Hall succeeded in buying for the company the remaining one-third of the Our Hope claim. The claim is to be surveyed immediately and as the same has already been surveyed a crown grant for the two will forthwith be applied for.

Municipal Voters.

The householders' list for this year contains upward of 666 names, an increase of 10 per cent on the total for last year, showing how much the residential portion of the population has increased under the present well assured conditions of camp. Besides this number there are probably more than as many again who enjoy a vote under other qualifications, and it is to be expected that the total municipal voters' list will exceed 1,500 names.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia at its next session for an act declaring that under and by virtue of three certain grants of water rights dated the 23rd day of December, 1897, signed by W. J. Goepel, acting gold commissioner, in favor of F. Aug. Heinze; and another grant of water rights dated the 30th day of March, 1898, signed by O. G. Dennis, gold commissioner, in favor of the British Columbia Smelting & Refining company, all of which were subsequently assigned by the said F. Aug. Heinze and the said British Columbia Smelting & Refining company to Messrs. Richard B. Angus and Thomas G. Shaugnessy, and by them assigned to the British Columbia Southern Railway company; the said British Columbia Southern Railway company is entitled to have, hold, exercise and enjoy all and singular the rights, powers and privileges which the said British Columbia Southern Railway company would be entitled to if the said British Columbia Southern Railway company had been incorporated as a Power company under part 4 of the Water Classes Consolidation Act, 1897, and had obtained under the said part 4 of the said act records of said water.

Dated at Vancouver this 3rd day of November, 1900.
DAVIS, MARSHALL & MACNEILL,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

ING.

Notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Fisher Maiden Consolidated Mining & Smelting company has been duly and regularly called, and will be held at Rossland, British Columbia (the city where said company has its chief place of business in the province of British Columbia), at the office of Daly & Hamilton, Bank of Montreal building, at 2 o'clock, on the 18th day of December, 1900, for the purpose of authorizing the proper officers of said company to make, execute and deliver a mortgage upon the whole and every part of its property for the purpose of securing the whole of the indebtedness due or owing by said company, and to do any and all acts, matters and things necessary or incidental to said purpose.

GEORGE O. NETTLETON,
Secretary.

NOTICE.

Rossland, B.C., Nov. 9, 1900.
To F. B. Salisbury.

Notice is hereby given that I, Wm. Griffiths, intend to claim the one-fourth (1/4) interest in the "Olive" mineral claim situated on the west side of Sullivan creek, in the Trail Creek mining district, formerly held by F. B. Salisbury, on which I have done all the assessment work for the past three years, and for which the said F. B. Salisbury has not paid his share of the expense. This also applies to a certain bill of sale of said interest given to other parties. This action is taken under Section 4, of Chap. 45, of the Statutes of 1899 and amendments of 1900.
Wm. B. Towns and
Agent for Wm. Griffiths.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice.

Bluebell mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district.
Where located: On the west slope of Sophie mountain.
Take notice, that I, Kenneth L. Burnet (agent for the New Goldfields of British Columbia, Limited, F. M. C. No. B 31,110), free miners' certificate No. B 31,110, intend sixty days from the date hereof to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this twenty-fourth day of October, A.D., 1900.
10-25-111 KENNETH L. BURNET.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENT.

Notice.

Violet, Grey Eagle, Good Hope and North Star mineral claims, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay district.
Where located: On the northeast slope of Columbia mountain.
Take notice that I, F. A. Wilkin, acting as agent for the British Columbia (Rossland & Slocan) Syndicate, Limited, free miner's certificate No. B 41,161, intend, 90 days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 18th day of October, A.D., 1900.
10-18-106 F. A. WILKIN.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice.

Cruiser mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay district. Where located: About four miles southwest of Rossland, to the west of Little Sheep creek, south of Silica.

Take notice that I, F. W. Rolt, acting as agent for the owners, free miner's certificate No. B 41,071, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this fourteenth day of November, A. D. 1900.
F. W. ROLT.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice.

Caroline mineral claim, situate in the Grand Forks mining division of Yale district.
Where located: Near the head of McCrae creek in the Christina Lake section.

Take notice that I, K. L. Burnet, F. M. C. B 31,110 acting as agent for Ed Hamlin F. M. C. B 31,066, Paul Lange, F. M. C. B 31,065, and G. A. Paulson, F. M. C. B 41,031, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 1st day of November, 1900.
11-8-104 K. L. BURNET.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENT.

Notice.

"Golden Terra" Fraction mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district.
Where located: On Trau Creek, about two miles east of Rossland, between the "Palo Alto" and the "Jo Jo" mineral claims.

Take notice, that I, Wm. B. Townsend, F. M. C. No. B 3938, agent for W. Doud, F. M. C. No. B 4124, intend 60 days after date to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a "Crown grant" of the above claim.

And further take notice, that action, under section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvement.

Dated this 27th day of September, A. D., 1900, at Rossland, B. C.
WM. B. TOWNSEND

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

Notice.

Velvet Fraction No. 1 mineral claim, situate in the Trail Creek mining division of West Kootenay district.
Where located: On the west slope of Sophie mountain.

Take notice that I, Kenneth L. Burnet (agent

NICHOLAS FLOOD DAVIN, Q. C. STRATHCONA HORSE. BLOOD POISONING. A TERRIFIC EXPLOSION. Atlantic S. S. Lines.

PROGRESS MADE BY CANADA IN THE PAST 25 YEARS. The Strength of the Parties in the Dominion—Contrast With British Methods. The Press of the Country.

Mr. Nicholas Flood Davin, Q.C., late member for Assiniboia, is a gentleman who possesses an interesting history. Early in his life he was a correspondent for the London Standard during the Franco-German struggle during the early 70's, a barrister of the Inner Temple, London, and a correspondent for the Irish Times, Mr. Davin has had some considerable experience before coming to this country in 1872.

Speaking to a representative of the Miner last Monday as to the changes that have taken place in Canada since his long residence here of over a quarter century, and of the contrasts that exist between the Canada of today and the Canada which he first knew, Mr. Davin said he had not regretted the determination which he had made so long ago of binding up his life with the Dominion.

Mr. Davin, reverting to the conditions that obtained in Canada 28 years ago, said the Toronto of that day was different to the magnificent city of today. The principal buildings were of wood. Even the Bank of Montreal had not as fine a structure as it is represented by in Rossland of the present year.

It was not until getting to like the country that Mr. Davin eventually made up his mind to stay here altogether and it was not till after having been in the country for four years that he began to understand its politics. He believed in protection in new countries, the necessity for which had been admitted by the great statesman, John Stuart Mill, who was personally known to Mr. Davin in his younger days.

Contrasting the methods of party obtaining in the Dominion and those which had come under his observation when a London journalist, Mr. Davin observed that the party lines were drawn far more strongly here than in the Old Country. The consequence was that the members of the Imperial parliament were far more sensitive to the flux and reflux of public opinion than those of the Dominion house.

John Hickey, a miner employed at the Nickel Plate In-stantly Killed in the Shaft. The next advance we made was towards Lydenburg, marching along the Crocodile valley. The country was far more picturesque, but it was very rough going for horses.

Among the old families in the township of Augusta, in the neighboring county of Grenville, there is none better known or more influential than those that bear the name of Bissell. The Bissells were among the earliest settlers in the township and have ever since taken an active part in all moves to promote its welfare.

Chicago, Ill., Dec. 3.—A terrific explosion occurred late this afternoon at the Chicago & Northwestern Railway depot. A number of people are reported to have been killed and injured. The powerhouse of the depot is said to have been blown up.

Between Portland and Chicago on the "Portland Chicago Special." Sunday, April 22nd, the O. R. & N. will put on a new fast train between Portland and Chicago, via Huntington. Leaving Spokane at 7:35 a. m., giving connections from branch lines, will arrive at Pendle in time to make direct connection for all points east.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE. Four Five Fast Trains Each Way Minneapolis and St. Paul, Chicago and Milwaukee. EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR. "The North-Western Limited" steam heated, electric lighted, with electric berth lights, compartment sleepers, buffet library cars, and free chair cars is absolutely the finest train in the world.

Rossland Weekly Miner.

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A QUESTION OF IMPORTANCE.

One question upon which the election in this constituency will have an important bearing, and one which is pregnant with good or evil, not for the workingmen alone, but for the whole large community of this province, is that of Chinese immigration. The ardent adherents of Mr. Gallier in dealing with this matter point with a great display of satisfaction to the increase of the head tax upon Chinese immigrants, passed at the last session of the house, and which was directly due to the attitude taken by Sir Wilfrid Laurier. The tax upon that time was \$50 a head. It is now \$100. The Liberais say, and very truly, that throughout the many years of Conservative rule, the most persistent efforts to obtain any legislation, which was desired by the province in this direction, had failed, and that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is deserving of great credit for having doubled the tariff. There is no doubt some justice in the contention. But with the present government so strongly entrenched in power as it is, is it likely, unless this question is constantly kept before it, that it will give it the attention which it deserves and grant the province any further measure of that relief which is so pressingly needed and for which it has been clamoring so long. With Mr. Gallier in the house it stands to reason that he will not insist on bringing to the front a question which might even temporarily seem to embarrass his party or claim for it precedence over other matters of more importance to the party interest. Were Mr. McKane the member from this constituency and persisted in querulously interrogating the government in regard to its proposed action in the premises it would be imputed rather to captious opposition than to any real desire to obtain a satisfactory legislation. If, however, Mr. Foley goes to parliament as the member of the riding he will, without incurring a charge of needless insistence be in a position to keep the question constantly in view of the government and urge them to grant the relief which the province desires. As a representative of labor Mr. Foley will be naturally and properly given credit with understanding from personal experience and observation the evil which must continue to increase unless this class of immigration ceases entirely or at least such an embargo is placed upon it as will rob it of all its dangerous features. The electors ought to give this matter their serious consideration before depositing their ballots. It is one of the great issues of the campaign, and it is distinctly a provincial issue, as opposed to any on which the general elections were fought out. If we do not want this province flooded with the basest kind of Oriental scum we must send Mr. Ottawa who will counteract the effect of the sentimental religionists who exercise such a potent influence in the practical councils of the country and on questions of which they are in complete ignorance. This influence will never be counteracted by a slavish government follower; it cannot be counteracted by a violent and unreasoning oppositioist. Any hope which we may have for aid in this matter then lies in returning an independent man who understands the question and whose mission it will be to insist on having it solved. Such a man is Mr. Foley.

THE CHARGE PROVEN.

We publish this morning the finding of the committee appointed by Mr. J. B. McArthur, one of the most prominent Liberals in the constituency, to investigate the charge made by Mr. John McKane that Mr. Gallier had signed a petition against the eight-hour law. The conclusion of the committee is that Mr. Gallier did sign the petition. The investigation, at which Mr. Gallier was present, developed an unexpected feature of the case. It will be remembered that when the charge was first made Mr. Gallier entered an unhesitating and unequivocal denial. Some days subsequent to this he stated that he had signed a petition, as vice-president of the Dundee Mining company, allowing the implication to be drawn that this action was not a voluntary one, and that it did not represent his individual opinion. In making this quasi-admission Mr. Gallier accused Mr. McKane of knowing the circumstances in this particular, and therefore, of dealing unfairly and unjustly by him in making the charge without reciting the details. It appears now, however, that the petition which Mr. McKane accuses him of having signed was not the one to which he appended his signature as vice-president of the mining company, but an entirely distinct and separate one, which was prepared and circulated among the citizens of Nelson and which Mr. Gallier is charged with sign-

ing as a private citizen. Mr. Gallier states that he has no recollection of having signed such a petition, but refuses to say that he did not do so. In the words of the poet— "All his mind is clouded with a doubt." In opposition to his uncertain attitude in the matter is the clear statutory declaration received from Victoria that the name W. A. Gallier is attached to a petition from Nelson asking for a repeal of the eight-hour law. The case then stands as follows: Mr. Gallier admits having signed one petition against the act, as representative of a mining company; he does not remember having signed another petition, in his individual capacity against the law, but he will not say that he did not do so. His accusers produce proof that his name is appended in his individual capacity to such a petition and it seems to us that the committee was very right in its finding yesterday that the charge had been proven.

It is an unfortunate position for Mr. Gallier to be placed in. It reflects very seriously on his sincerity in the whole campaign, because it cannot fail to cast a suspicion upon his veracity as a political candidate. We must say that we are very sorry that Mr. Gallier was not able to disprove the charge for his own sake, because while we do not believe that even under the most favorable circumstances he could have won the election, with Mr. Foley in the field, now it is impossible even for his most ardent supporters to work vigorously in his favor.

SCURRILOUS JOURNALISM.

The scurrility of which newspapers can be guilty under certain circumstances and especially during the heat of a political campaign is shown by the statements appearing in some of the Conservative journals of the constituency at the present time. When Mr. MacNeill was nominated by the Conservative convention as the candidate for the riding there was nothing which the organs of his own party could say about him that was too flattering. He was an ideal candidate, we were given to understand, from a personal and a public standpoint. With this estimate of him the miner quite agreed. The only thing that we had to say in opposition to Mr. MacNeill's candidature was that he was an opponent of the government, which we were quite certain was going to be returned to power, and that he would therefore not be a strong representative of the district. Mr. MacNeill himself took that view of the case when the general elections were over. He had stated openly before the day of polling that if Laurier was returned it would be next to useless for him to go to Ottawa and that he might as well retire. He carried out his idea in this respect, with the consent of his supporters, and it was only after a conference with Sir Charles Tupper, on his way to the coast, that Mr. McKane jumped into the field as the Conservative substitute. Many of the Conservative papers are now attempting to decry Mr. MacNeill, who took a very sensible and very disinterested view of the situation, and who looked more to the good of the community than to the serving of his own personal ambition, with the hope of gaining sympathy and support for Mr. McKane. Some of them go to lengths which must alienate all intelligent and honest men of their own party. One of these is the Kamloops Standard, in the last issue of which (November 22nd) appears the following paragraph in capital letters: "Gallier thought he had a snap with MacNeill, but he can't beat McKane." Mr. MacNeill's reputation in this province is too assured and too far removed above the common vilification of a contemptible provincial editor to require justification at our hands. He is a gentleman of the highest personal honor and had he stood for the constituency and been elected would have been regarded by all parties as a man of the most sterling worth and integrity.

LABOR LEGISLATORS NEEDED.

Election day approaches and it simply seems to herald the selection by the electors of the riding, as their representative in parliament, of Mr. Chris Foley, a selection which seems to us to be eminently a wise one. The Independent Labor party in favoring Mr. Foley's candidature, and a majority of the electorate in voting for him, would be performing a simple act of justice toward a most important part of the community. The parliament of the Dominion as it will be constituted when it is next called to order, will contain only at most three representatives elected as Labor candidates. The Dominion of Canada is in what might be termed a chrysalis state, as it is passing from a strictly agricultural country into one which has large industries, such as mining and manufacturing. These are destined to grow till they surpass in importance the pastoral and agricultural interests. Already large manufacturing and mining communities have been built up. Where men in any number are employed in these industries conflicts between employer and employee spring up. On the one hand, the employer, whether individual or corporate, is endeavoring to have the work performed as cheaply as possible, while on the other hand the employee endeavors to sell his work for as high a price as he can get for it. Under the circumstances conflicts have arisen which have been destructive not only to those directly concerned in them, but also to the section in which they occur. These troubles, however, have

never reached the acute stage which has characterized them in countries where the population is more congested, and where the number concerned in them is larger. Then it is that the trouble assumes national importance as was the case with the engineers' strike in Great Britain a year or two since and the anthracite coal miners' strike of a few weeks ago in Pennsylvania. Naturally, the people of the Dominion are interested in avoiding, if it is possible, such troubles as these, because they are a serious menace to any country. What-ever government is in power should have in each parliament at least a few representative Labor men; men who have had years of experience in Labor matters and who possess in the fullest degree the confidence of the workers. Such a delegation in parliament, representing many thousands of workers and understanding with a thorough knowledge all the phases of Labor from the standpoint of the worker, should prove a tower of strength to the government. With their assistance the government could pass enactments of a character which would wholly or partly prevent Labor troubles in the future. Now is the time to have this done, as it is best to shut the stable door before the horse is stolen; in other words, it is wisdom to pass laws which will prevent disturbances which will upset the industrial and business affairs of the country rather than allow them to go on interminably through the lack of the passage of such laws or because of a want of knowledge in the legislative halls of the country to frame such acts as will prove effective. Mr. Foley, by his many years of experience, by his study of social and economic questions, his force and vigor and by his intimate knowledge of all the phases of the Labor question, is just the man to cooperate with the government in this important matter, and hence his election is of the greatest importance to workers as well as to other portions of the community. For these reasons he should and will be elected.

THE CONSERVATIVE LEADERSHIP.

A few days ago Hon. George E. Foster the ex-financial minister, and for the past four years the able lieutenant in the House of Commons of Sir Charles Tupper, made the statement that there was no need of haste in the selection of a Conservative leader. This opinion of Mr. Foster will no doubt carry some weight with the party of which he must be recognized as, at least, the provisional head. It may be regarded, however, from several points of view and it certainly bears a sinister aspect as well as a prudent one. Mr. Foster is no doubt troubled by the strenuous attempts on the part of several members of his party to capture the leadership. We believe him to be truly concerned about the present demoralized condition of the political organization of which he is such an important member and we agree with him in the conclusion to which he must have been forced that, of all the prominent Conservatives before the people of the Dominion today, he himself is the only one who has the ability and tact to bring order out of chaos and establish his party once more on a good working basis. He is allotted, however, with the idea that the leadership is not for him and so many of the prominent Conservatives who take an unbiased view of the situation concur with him so cordially in this conclusion that there is very little hope of Mr. Foster being chosen in succession to Sir Charles Tupper. He naturally asks himself then who is to be selected for this important position? It is John Haggart, or N. Clarke Wallace, or W. F. McLean? Mr. Foster, who has been for many years a member of the Conservative parliamentary party when men of great ability and unquestioned reputation were at its head, shudders to think that one of these men might be chosen to fill the position occupied by Sir John Macdonald. He sees, however, that each one of them is making a most determined attempt to obtain recognition. He sees also that outside of them there are few aspirants and those few are no better or more capable than they are. He, therefore, pleads for delay whether it is that he cherishes the hope that opinion in regard to himself may change or that he sees the possibility of some reorganization which may bring an untried man yet to the front. Why does he not in this extremity look to the provinces? Why does he not take example by the Liberals in 1896? In the province of Ontario there is today a man who has an unstained reputation and whose ability as a leader almost wrenched the government of that province from an administration more solidly entrenched in power, perhaps, than any that Canada has ever known. Why at a juncture like this do not the Conservatives of Canada make use of the services of Mr. J. P. Whitney, and call him from the provincial to the federal arena? The fact that they do not, the fact that they may not, will be imputed to the still existing dissensions in the party, which will never be united until some such man is chosen. Mr. Clarke Wallace's claim now endeavoring to strengthen his just to the position which he aspires by campaigning in the west. His public appearance so far, it is gratifying to know, have been dismal failures, and if anything, more than another, would render the election of Mr. McKane in this constituency impossible it would be the championing of his cause by this discredited and tenth-rate machine politician from West York. His reputation in Rossland was enough to have sat-

him that he had better take the first train for the east, but he is gifted with that want of sensitiveness which prevents men of his stamp recognizing that they are not wanted and accordingly we may expect him to insist on making other speeches in the constituency to the injury of the chances of the candidate for which he professes to be working.

BEGINNING TO MINE.

It seems from the results so far attained in this camp that the ore bodies are larger, stronger and better defined at depth than they are nearer the surface. This has been demonstrated in the Le Roi, the Kootenay mines and in the War Eagle. That "copper ore stays with the miner at depth" has become an aphorism among miners and this has so far been verified in the history of the Rossland mines. At the depth at which the gold-copper ore of this camp has been found certainly holds forth a strong promise that the deposits will yield pay ore in large quantities to the extreme limit of depth to which mines can be worked. In the Kootenay mines the lowest point reached is 1,100 feet below the outcrop. The War Eagle shaft has been run downward to a depth of 1,175 feet and is now being pushed toward the 1,250-foot level. The War Eagle shaft is, therefore, the deepest to be found in the Kootenays. The Le Roi shaft is 900 feet deep, but as soon as the machinery is ready the management will start to deepen the shaft and there will not be much cessation till the 2,000-foot level has been reached.

From the foregoing it will be plainly seen that mining at depth is commencing in earnest here. As great, however, as the energy which is now being displayed is, it will be as nothing to what it will be when the plants which are now being erected and which have been ordered are put into operation. Most of the plants will be in full motion early the coming year and 1901 should see some of the mines have a depth of about 1,500 feet. Then, too, the output for the coming year, with the enlarging ore bodies, the additional power plants and the increased number of employees, should be equal to that of all the previous mining in the camp, since the first ore was shipped.

THE CAMPAIGN.

All the indications point to the election of Mr. Chris Foley on Dec. 6 by such a substantial majority that the old parties will very clearly recognize that this is a Labor constituency and that to make it favorable to them they will have to show their desire to legislate in the interests of the working classes, which means in the best interest of the community at large. Within the camps of both of the old parties there is today the strongest conviction that they have made a very grave mistake in deciding to conduct the campaign on partisan lines and in refusing to recognize the Labor element as a genuinely organized party. They now see that the Labor votes are bound to elect the man for whom they are polled and they see that they are going to be polled for Mr. Foley. They, however, have gone so far in the campaign that it is impossible for them to recede and for either of them to call down the party nominee. They are hoping against hope, and struggling against the impossible, in their desire to influence the vote of the Labor party. They are consumed with the belief that there is a certain portion of the workingmen which will vote for them on party grounds and they are relying on this for success. The Labor party will have to guard against the insidious overtures which are made by their opponents to any wavering portion of their forces on grounds of old party affiliations. It is something that must not be forgotten by the workingmen of this community that on the result of this election lies all their hopes, for years to come, of obtaining the full measure of reasonable legislation which they expect. They must not forget that if this election goes against them the defeat of their candidate will be due to them themselves, and to no other element of the electorate. They have it in their hands to elect or defeat the nominee of their party. If he is elected theirs will be the credit, if he is defeated the shame and the disgrace will lie with them and with them only.

LIBERAL RALLY TONIGHT.

The electors of this portion of the constituency will have an opportunity this evening of listening to Mr. Aulay Morrison, the member for Westminster in the house of commons, and as Mr. Morrison is one of the ablest and in many respects must be regarded as the fairest minded of the members from Western Canada, they will no doubt crowd to hear his arguments in favor of Mr. Gallier's candidature. It is unfortunate that rival meetings will be held this evening. It has been the custom in this constituency for any party holding a public gathering to invite speakers from the opposing parties in order that the questions at issue might be fully discussed and the audience be given the benefit of the views entertained by the leaders of the contending parties. In this instance, however, it was decided by the Conservative managers that they would not invite opposition speakers nor permit discussion. In view of this the members of the Liberal committee of this city decided, in view of the nearness of the election, that they must hold a meeting of their own. It was with reluctance that they came to this conclusion, but they deemed that in taking this course they were simply acting in justice to themselves. They have invited speakers from both the Labor and Conservative parties, and as the invitation will undoubtedly be accepted by the Labor organization here, the meeting will be of the most interesting character. The Liberal and Labor adherents in this city should make a point of being present, as this is the last joint meeting which will be held before polling day.

THEY LIVED TO ENTERTAIN.

Two men, who made the world better for their having lived in it, recently died. One of these was Sir Arthur Sullivan and the other Charles H. Hoyt. Both were caterers to that portion of the public which loves to be amused. Sir Arthur was a great composer of comic opera. How many thousands have the music of "Pinafore," the "Pirates of Penzance" and the "Mikado" delighted and how many more will they please in the time that is to come? It is true that the librettist of these operas was W. S. Gilbert but the bubbling, rollicking, gay melody, was the real life and soul and the chief cause of the popularity of these operas. They were so popular that they drove the opera boures of the French composers from the stage of the English speaking countries wherever they exist. This was because they were British in tone, sentiment and melody, and this is another reason and accounts in a measure for their great, their widespread and wonderful popularity. The exotic comic opera was cast aside for the reason that the

home production was better, more wholesome and cleaner. In accomplishing this desirable result Sullivan & Gilbert deserve the gratitude of the English speaking people. That these operas will live and be performed for a long time is certain, too; at least this will be the case with one or two of them. Sir Arthur also showed strength in oratorio and sacred music, some of which will linger as long as his operas will.

It is safe to say that the late Charles P. Hoyt made more people laugh than any other playwright of his time in the United States. He was cast in even a less serious mold than Sir Arthur Sullivan. His humor was of the lightest kind and he seized the everyday incidents of hotel, political, social or railway life and out of them constructed dramas full of humorous scenes and situations that would make even Oom Paul Kruger laugh at the present time. His "Rag Baby," "Trip Trough Chinatown," and his "Razle Dazle," though made of the most ephemeral materials, still they have made the most solemn and sad guffaw like as though they had never known car or sorrow in all their lives. He created a form of the drama never seen before, but which was highly entertaining and which is likely to disappear quickly, now that its originator has passed from his sphere of laughter-making.

There are a number of individuals in this world who could have been better spared than either Sir Arthur Sullivan or Mr. Charles P. Hoyt.

MR. GALLIER'S INSINCERITY.

When Mr. W. A. Gallier received the nomination by the Liberal convention at Revelstoke, and when he knew that to insure his election, it was necessary for him to obtain a considerable portion of the Labor vote he should have been frank with his party and have told them the exact position which he had assumed towards the eight-hour law. By concealing the fact that he had taken a hostile position to that measure he deceived his party and jeopardized their chances of success. It is true, of course, that Mr. Gallier hoped that it would not be discovered that he had put his signature to a petition asking for the repeal of this act, but he might have known that it would be found out that he had done so and that his insincerity, we are sorry to have to say, his deception, would place the party in a much more embarrassing position than if he had never made any pretence of sympathy with the Labor cause. By his want of frankness he has brought himself into discredit with the electors who, more than anything else, admire openness and courage on the part of a candidate. The hesitation displayed by Mr. Gallier, the evident intention which he shown of denying the whole charge until he found that the proofs were too strong against him, made his position less excusable than it would have been had he come out openly at first and admitted that he had signed the petition under pressure. The fact that he pleads pressure, too, as an excuse cannot be regarded as creditable to him as a candidate for parliament. If as a private citizen he could be forced into attaching his signature to a document which he now says he regards and must then have regarded as inimical to the best interests of the community in which he lives, what would he not do at the dictation of his leaders as a member of the house of commons? We leave this to the consideration of the people whose votes he is soliciting and whose interests he desires to take charge of in the parliament of Canada.

NEW YORK'S POPULATION.

The population of New York state is 7,268,012. The increase in ten years is 1,270,150, or 21.1 per cent. This is slightly more than the average rate of increase of the country at large. The percentage of increase is greater than it has been in any

decade since 1850-60, when the percentage of increase was 25.2. New York easily maintains its lead in population of all the states. It is somewhat remarkable that three-quarters of the net increase of the state is due to the city of New York, which has gained nearly a million in population during the decade. Erie county, which includes Buffalo, has gained 110,765 in population. Twenty-two of the 61 counties in the state have decreased in population, the net decrease in these counties aggregating more than 30,000. These are almost exclusively agricultural counties, excepting Oswego and Rensselaer, which contain the cities of Oswego and Troy. The census returns from the Empire state indicate the trend of the population toward the great cities. In 1790 the population of New York state was 340,120. The smallest increase in any decade was 230,313, from 1830 to 1840. In seven of the eleven decades since 1790 the increase of New York has exceeded half a million. In five of these it has exceeded 700,000, the three largest being 1820-30, 826,497; 1890-90, 914,682; and 1890-1900, 1,270,150.

LAST NIGHT'S MEETING.

It is a matter of regret that Mr. Foley and Mr. Gallier were not present at the meeting last night to meet on the platform Mr. John McKane, the representative of the Conservative party. It would have been well that the electors of this important portion of the constituency should have seen the three men and been able to judge which one of them would make the most desirable representative for this district. However, the questions and policies on which the respective candidates base their claims for support were well and ably discussed, and while we doubt if any vote has been affected as a result of the meeting, the positions of the parties were defined with satisfactory clearness. Of course both Mr. McKane and Mr. Davin, who appeared for the Conservative party, and Mr. Aulay Morrison, who made such a forcible and logical argument on behalf of the Liberal government, appealed very strongly for the Labor vote, and strove to inspire their hearers with a belief that only through their organizations was it possible for the Labor cause to obtain that meed of justice and legislative redress to which they all acknowledged the laboring classes were entitled. Mr. Dick, who spoke for the Labor party, very properly exposed the shallowness of such pretensions on the part of the old-line politicians, and pointed out very vigorously and very truly that it was only by standing firmly together, by disregarding all insidious overtures from either of the other parties, and by electing their own man that they could ever hope to obtain that for which labor had been so long struggling, and was still attempting to obtain. His warning to the laboring men that the defeat of Mr. Foley would be very properly credited to them themselves is very timely and very true. The Labor party in this constituency have in their hands the election of the parliamentary representative, if they care to exercise their franchise and exercise it properly; that is, for the return of the candidate whom they themselves have put in the field and for their own interest. That they will so exercise their franchise there is no doubt. From all parts of the constituency the most encouraging reports have been received and there is every evidence that the miners, the workmen generally, and the merchants of the various towns are inspired with an enthusiasm and a determination to place Mr. Foley at the head of the poll; a fact which augurs for him a success beyond even the first expectation of his most sanguine supporters.

On the part of a portion of the constituency, a very small portion, however, and a portion actuated by the narrowest and most selfish motives, there is a desire for the defeat of Mr. Foley. A number of the members of this small class are assiduously spreading reports of combinations against the Labor candidate. In these reports, however, there is not a shadow of truth, and they are discredited by all sensible person to whom they are repeated. Mr. Foley has probably a stronger support among the business men of every portion of the constituency, except Nelson, than both the other candidates put together, and it is just as well that the rank and file of the Labor party should know and appreciate this fact. It means that the business men of this great mining district have combined with the Labor element to send to parliament men who understand our needs and will be able to advise the government as to the kind of legislation which is necessary for our interest and the development of our resources. It is confidently expected by everybody who has the good of this district at heart and by every true friend of the great masses of the people that the workingmen will turn out tomorrow and record their votes for Mr. Foley. If they do so his election is absolutely assured and he will go to Ottawa with a majority of the votes of this district behind him which will gain for him the most respectful consideration from the hands of the administration.

For Mayor.

A requisition is being handed round the city by the friends of Mr. Harry Daniel for signatures. The object is to get Mr. Daniel to run for mayor at the forthcoming municipal elections. Mr. Robert Bassett left yesterday for Southampton via the Canadian Pacific railway.

LAST MEETING

Addresses by Leading Mr. John McKane and Dick-ander to be

Last night was the finale of the campaign, and was the occasion of a full rally of the parties. Although it is known that Chris. Foley was speaking, and could not arrive until late in the proceedings, the hall began to fill an early hour and by the time the speakers had settled into full swing, the auditorium was crowded. The hall was engaged by the Labor party, but opportunities were offered to speech by the rival candidates. The chairman of the evening was Arthur Ferris, president of the Trades Council. In opening the meeting he said that the Independent Labor party had its origin in a year in a meeting of the Trades and Labor congress at Ottawa, where it was decided for the unions throughout the Dominion to enter politics on labor lines, free of all affiliation with the old parties. It thought that the legislature in Ottawa was unrepresentative of the great mass of the people. In other words, representative government was non-representative. There was too much legislation by law for lawyers.

Nearly a year later the unions of British Columbia, just before the meeting of the 1st congress, decided to take independent action. A mass meeting was held of friends of this party, which was attended that any other meeting of a class in Rossland. The action of the unions was endorsed. A convention was held at Nelson, and Chris. Foley was chosen by the choice of the convention to be held (Applause.) The speaker declared that he was an independent, neither Liberal nor Tory, and was pledged for Mr. Foley. He was sure Chris. Foley would be elected by a large majority. (Applause.) He concluded by begging the attention of the audience for the speakers. He especially asked for a defender of the Labor party, and said any such defender would be allowed 30 minutes to address the meeting.

Mr. D. C. Crowley asked the free to vote for Chris Foley because he was wise and experienced man. He was a miner and as all depended upon the mining industry it was practical that the industry should be represented by a practical miner. It had been said that the Labor party should seek an alliance with the Liberals, their natural allies. The speaker had been a Liberal in a distant country, Australia, but the Liberals there differed from the non-progressive Liberals of Canada. The C.P.R. was an octopus took \$10 to \$1 by the government of the taxpayer. (Applause.) A Labor speaker said that Canada was too good a country for that "faded" government of the Empire. Yet Europe was older, government railways were a success. Mr. McKane said this issue four years ago but did not make it an issue now. The speaker concluded by saying that in opinion state ownership of railways was the plank in the Labor platform that should be put before the electors. He said that a vote for him was a vote for a full dinner pail was a piece of nonsense inasmuch as many a man in this constituency would rather have an empty than vote for Mr. Gallier. (Applause.) Mr. Kerr had said that the third party New Zealand was not a success, that the Liberal party was the party of reform. He said that the Liberal party was not true, for the Liberal party was a party in Australia which would give a railway an act of or a dollar of money. Thomas Brownlee said that he, the former speaker, was an old time Conservative, but was now a member of the Labor party. He went on to pronounce an eulogy on Chris. Foley, which was warmly applauded. With regard to the vote, he thought that if the Labor party voted it would do good, inasmuch as it would show the laboring man would see the fruits of the Oriental evil. The speaker then showed the audience how to mark ballot for Foley. The evening paper called Foley a Canadian Irish-American workman was complimented that he should equal to three men in one. (Applause.) D. McDougall said he was a delegate for the Mechanics' union to the convention. It was an intelligent assembly and was a credit to the men who sent them. He went on to say that the East he had on solicitation voted for Chris. Foley, and he would never do it again. (Applause.) Mr. Foley was a man stood upon the rock of principle. One could point the finger of scorn at him. He was a good man, he was a solid man. It was taking a diamond in rough at Foley. Tomorrow night would see the fulfillment of the saying of the Good Book that in a few things, thou shalt lord over many. (Applause.) John McLaren said his first vote at the direction of his father, back in East. As the old gentleman was a Conservative, he had to vote that way. Since his arrival out here, many years ago he had voted for both sides, once only for the Conservatives, but tomorrow he would have his first opportunity of voting for workingmen, and he would do it. The Liberal and Conservative sides the Jory of the speakers were lawyers. They were telling workingmen what they should do. (Laughter.) The constituency was not a political but an industrial one, the ballots would prove this tomorrow night. (Applause.) John McKane said he felt grateful the Labor party for having invited him to be present. He had just visited 38 cities, and would come into this with 250 of a majority. (Laughter.) Mr. McKane, "I said at the beginning of this campaign that he laughs who laughs last," and he would repeat statement again. The Nelson Tribune today had said that Mr. Gallier had signed the petition against the eight-hour law as a president of the Dundee Mining company. This was false. A certificate before a notary public showed that he had signed three times as an officer of a mining company and once as a citizen. Similarly Mr. Gallier had a statement at Sandon that Mr. McKane

THE LOCAL FIELD

The Latest Happenings in the City

A HIGH SCHOOL NEXT.

Provided There Are a Sufficient Number of Candidates.

Provided there is a sufficient number of candidates there will be an examination held in the Central School, Rossland, on December 10th and 11th for the purpose of examining candidates for admission to a High School.

In order to secure the establishment of this institution there must be, at least 20 persons qualified and available to be admitted as High School pupils; that is, they must be holders of certificates from the educational department showing that they have within one year of the date of their request for admission as pupils of said High School passed the standard laid down by the department.

The subjects for examination are: Reading, writing, composition, mental arithmetic, written arithmetic, English grammar, British and Canadian history, anatomy, physiology and hygiene, geography, book-keeping and dictation and spelling.

Intending candidates as well as duly qualified High School pupils will on or before December 7th hand in their names to either the undersigned or H. P. McCraney, secretary of the board, who will furnish any further information that may be desired.

J. D. MacLEAN.

Hon. C. H. Mackintosh on His Way Home

Mr. D. J. McDonald yesterday received a despatch from Hon. C. H. Mackintosh from New York, which stated that he had just arrived in that city from England, and would leave on the evening train for Rossland. He requested Mr. McDonald to meet him in Spokane. Mr. Mackintosh returns for the purpose of attending the suit against the Le Roi, but while he was on the ocean the trial of the case was postponed for six weeks. Mr. Mackintosh intends to return to London just as soon as he can.

The Chief Forgot His Cap.

A few days since there was a fire on the roof of one of the bunkhouses at the War Eagle. The fire was extinguished by the employes of the War Eagle, including one member of the fire department. While this was being done the chief of the War Eagle fire department was seen to emerge in a great hurry from his residence, which is only a short distance from the scene of the conflagration. When he arrived near the scene of the fire he suddenly stopped and hurried back to his house and a moment after reappeared with his fire cap on. This was what he returned to procure. The crowd, which had in the meantime put out the fire, cheered the chief as he appeared among them with his fire cap in his proper position.

Fined for Fast Driving.

In the police court yesterday Charles Miller was fined \$10 for fast driving. The testin only showed that he drove a horse at an illegal rate of speed up and down Columbia avenue. The fine was paid.

VISITED THE MINES.

Hon. Richard McBride Spends a Day in Obtaining Information.

Yesterday Hon. Richard McBride, minister of mines, in company with some local friends, paid a visit to the chief mines on Le Roi hill, and spent some time in examining the surface works and also went underground. During the forenoon he received a number of deputations. In the evening he addressed a meeting of the Conservative association and later paid a fraternal visit to the Masonic lodge, of which he is a prominent member, and where he was afterwards entertained at a banquet in his honor. Today Mr. McBride will continue his inspection of the local mines. His original programme had been to leave for the Boundary country tonight, but pressure of business has caused an alteration and he will in all probability remain until Monday evening.

Will Remove to Greenwood.

Mr. George B. Paul and family leave tomorrow for Greenwood, where Mr. Paul goes to accept the place of accountant of the smelter of the Dominion Copper company. Mr. Paul has been the cashier and bookkeeper for the Miner Printing & Publishing company for nearly two years and here he made a number of friends who will regret to hear of his change of residence. They will all wish him the best success in his new position. Mr. Paul has had previous experience in Colorado in keeping smelting accounts and his new employers may rest assured that he will handle the affairs entrusted to him in a first class manner.

WEATHER REPORT.

Conditions Prevailing During the Month of November.

The most noteworthy point about the past month was the amount of snow which fell, which was unusually pronounced. For the past four years the nearest which approaches was that of 1896 when something over 20 inches of snow were precipitated. During November of last year there were only 10 inches, whereas the snowfall for the present year including the precipitation of October last has been upwards of 58.74 inches to date. The precipitation for last month alone amounted to 32.35 inches. Of this amount there remains a bare six inches on the ground. Rain fell on six days, the total amount being 1.478 inch. The total precipitation was, therefore, 4.713 inches, making the snow melted, or now on the ground, 5.896 for October, the heaviest month of the year. Snow fell on 14 days of the whole month. There were 13 fine days, of which only two were without a cloud. The highest temperature occurred on

the 12th, ranging as high as 54.2 and the lowest falling to 2.6 below zero in the early morning of the 21st. This is the first time the thermometer has fallen below zero so early in the cold season since 1896. The average temperature for the month was 30, or two degrees below freezing point. The wind except between the 12th and 21st was invariably blowing from the south. During the week of the 12th the wind was from the north.

Business is Good Everywhere.

Mr. Charles Auld, of Nesbitt & Auld, Toronto, is in the city. His firm deals in fine cloths for the garments of ladies and gentlemen. Business, he says, is good all over Canada. Asked whether it was much better in any one locality than in others he replied that while there might be shades of difference between different sections, but it was so small as to be hardly noticeable. The best feature of the situation, he declares, was that a most hopeful spirit was felt everywhere that in the immediate future business affairs would be still better than they are even at present.

Bank Clearances.

The bank clearings for the Dominion of Canada are as follows: Vancouver, \$857,842, decrease of 1.5 per cent.; Victoria, \$507,134, increase of 12.4 per cent.; Montreal, \$13,875,504, decrease of 7 per cent.; Toronto, \$9,953,693, increase of 6 per cent.; Winnipeg, \$2,803,272, increase of 14.7 per cent.; Halifax, \$1,549,132, increase of 1.8 per cent.; Hamilton, \$708,710, decrease of 1.9 per cent.; St. John, N. B., \$988,433, increase of 20.2 per cent.

CUSTOMS COLLECTIONS.

Imports and Exports and Duty for the Month of November.

Following are the imports and exports and duty collected for the month of November at the port of Rossland: Exports, \$232,568.00; Imports, free, \$9,292; Imports, dutiable, \$5,296.

Duty collected, \$17,155.30

Fire Alarm Material Here.

The material for the extension of the city fire alarm system has arrived and the work of placing it in position will occupy about three weeks. The new boxes are to be put in position and this will require the stringing of about ten miles of wire. There are 20 boxes in place already and the additional 10 will give a total of 30. The new boxes are of the same well improved non-interfering type and two alarms are rung in simultaneously it will not cause trouble at the fire hall.

A MAN FROM SHEFFIELD.

He is Greatly Pleased With the Rossland Camp.

Mr. B. K. Martin of B. K. Martin & Company, steel manufacturers of Sheffield, England, who has been in the city for several days, left last night for the coast. He is on a tour round the world, during which he is placing the steel and wire which his firm deals in the market. The firm has already a large trade, but it is endeavoring to increase it. He says that the drill steel which his firm sells is suitable for this country and he has been introducing it with considerable success. In speaking about the mines here he said the development and the attendant results, in the way of output, seems to him to be marvelous. While he had not visited the workings of the mines he was satisfied from the large and costly plants which were being erected that there was plenty of ore of a good grade underground, or else sensible men would not expend such large sums in plants. Mr. Martin said he was pleased with his visit to Rossland and the extent of the mineral resources. If the province had many camps like Rossland, and he had been told there were others which would in time be as large as this one, the future of British Columbia and Canada was certain to be one of great prosperity.

SCHOOL OF MINES.

It Should Be in Motion by the First of January.

Hon. Richard McBride, minister of mines, met in the Board of Trade rooms yesterday the officers of the Rossland School of Mines, consisting of C. O. Landon, president, and Trustees Smith Curtis, Ross Thompson, J. B. Johnson, H. Daniel and Richard Marsh. Mr. McBride, at the opening of the meeting informed those present that the sum of \$2,500 was available for the School of Mines. Mr. W. F. Robertson, the provincial mineralogist, had reported on the school to him. In this the course of study and recommendations of Mr. Robertson as to the employment of a lecturer and the purchase of the necessary outfit was gone into. Mr. McBride stated that he was simply here for the purpose of co-operating with the officers of the school and he was anxious to see the school in motion.

Messrs. Lalonde, Johnson and Marsh explained to Mr. McBride what had been done and suggested that a lecturer be employed and chemical paraphernalia purchased and that a small fee be charged for those who attend the school. Mr. McBride, in reply, stated that he was anxious to have the school started by the first of January, and therefore, he instructed the officers to secure a lecturer and as to the other details he requested as to the tuition fees and other details. When this was done he asked that a letter be written to him, embodying these, be sent to him to Victoria, and they would be approved of.

HOCKEY DURING THE WINTER

TWO CLUBS HAVE BEEN ORGANIZED IN THIS CITY.

A League May Be Formed Made Up of Rossland, Nelson and Revelstoke—Meeting Should Be Called.

The outlook for hockey this season is good and there is certain to be some exciting games played, declare the enthusiasts. So far the two senior clubs of last year, the Victorians and Rosslands, have been reorganized. The Victorians organized several weeks ago and have succeeded in getting together a very strong team. Of last year's team the Victorians will have McCreary, O'Brien, Winn, Harris and Townshend with some four or five other players, who are already members of the club, to draw from. From this it will be seen the Victoria's team promises to be a strong one.

The Rossland club, which was organized only a few days since, is determined to put a good team in the field and of last year's team, which gave a good account of itself, there are still in town, Kerzer, Lahey and Rea. While there are four players to secure to complete the team there is no doubt, by the time the ice is in condition, there will be gathered together a strong aggregation of hockey talent.

The hockey association of last year, which covered the Kootenays, and was not a very great success, due principally to unfavorable weather, has not yet been reorganized for the season, but as it will be to the interest of the sport to have such a league, and it is thought, by those most in touch with the game, that a league including Rossland with two teams, one team of Nelson and one of Revelstoke would be most suitable. While in Rossland the ice is uncertain enough, in the Boundary a still greater uncertainty exists; at least, this was the case last year, in Revelstoke the ice is nearly always in touch with the game, that a league including Rossland with two teams, one team of Nelson and one of Revelstoke would be most suitable. While in Rossland the ice is uncertain enough, in the Boundary a still greater uncertainty exists; at least, this was the case last year, in Revelstoke the ice is nearly always in touch with the game, that a league including Rossland with two teams, one team of Nelson and one of Revelstoke would be most suitable.

The loss of time, therefore, might militate against Revelstoke coming into the league. In all probability Mr. Archie Mackenzie, the president of the Kootenay Hockey Association, will shortly call it together for a business meeting. A quick move on the part of the Rossland club is necessary for the government of the game and that should be formulated soon as was certainly proven by the experience of last year.

FISH FROM CHRISTINA LAKE.

Local Fishermen Say That They Are Parr or Salmonoids.

A number of fish have been sent into this city from Christina lake. They are from about eight to ten inches in length and have minute scales and the backs and sides are covered with dark transverse bands on a light ground. The flesh is white. Local experts say that they are the parr or samlet, and the supposition is that they were caught by the Christina lake fishermen while going up the small streams for the purpose of spawning. The females are full of eggs of the same red color as salmon eggs and they are nearly as large, and this is remarkable when the difference in size between these fish and the salmon is considered.

Another authority, D. S. Jordan, says of the parr "that it is the young of the salmon and trout, after it has passed the fry stage and before it has reached that of smolt. These stages appear to be of indefinite duration, varying according to the food supply and other conditions. It was once thought that the parr (called also samlet, pist or brandling) was a distinct species of fish. All salmon and trout pass through a parr stage, during which the body is marked by dark cross bands."

It is claimed that parr rise to the fly and that, therefore, they are a game fish and under the protection of the law, which should prevent them from being caught except during the open season for fish. This is a matter which should be looked after by those who have charge of the enforcement of the game laws. These fish are being caught in large numbers and sent to Nelson, Rossland and other points in the Kootenays and Yale.

NEW COUNTERFEIT.

How to Detect the Spurious Five Dollar Bill Now in Circulation.

Business men in this section are advised to be on the lookout for the appearance of a new counterfeit \$5 silver certificate which the treasury department has just discovered in circulation. The counterfeit is of the series of B-21, 1899, which bears the portrait of General Sherman. The most noticeable defect is the portrait, the right cheek showing white spots, the left eye lacking life-like appearance, and about the mouth appears a smiling expression. The color of the numeral V at the left end of the seal at right end, and the treasury numbers are a lighter shade of blue than on the genuine. Notes bearing other treasury numbers than the one above will no doubt appear. The back of the note is a darker shade of green than the genuine.—Berkshire Democrat, Mass.

A Fire in Oroville.

A letter has been received from a citizen of Oroville, Washington, near the Okanagan mine by Mr. Edward Bailey of this city stating that the Oroville Trading company's store was totally destroyed by fire on the 22nd instant.

ST. ANDREW'S BALL IN ROSSLAND

THE DANCE AT ATHLETIC CLUB A SUCCESS.

About 70 People Present—The Telegrams Exchanged—The Scotch Reel—The Dancing and Finale.

St. Andrew's dance Friday night may be said to be the great social function not only of Rossland but also of the Dominion of Canada. In every large city in this country last night there were held larger or smaller gatherings, which equally rejoiced on the one day with the possible exception of Hogmanay, when those of Scottish birth and of Scottish descent held high revelry. And although the gathering held in this city cannot be said to vie with those held in the larger of the Canadian cities in point of numbers, yet in point of hilarity and general enjoyment it would give place to none.

Telegrams were received from kindred societies in Vancouver, Winnipeg, Nelson, Kamloops, Greenwood, New Westminster, Halcyon Springs and many other cities, which were at the same time similarly celebrating. Nor were these forgotten by the Scots of Rossland, telegrams of compliment and greeting were sent all over the Dominion from this city.

The decorations were the best yet seen in the halls of the city, and the walls were draped with flags among which the Scottish lion rampant was markedly to be observed. Cut flowers were scattered abundantly through the rooms, especially in the dining or rather supper hall. In addition to the importation of leather from the rugged mountains of "Caledonia stern and wild" graced the lapsels of Scotia's sons. Tartans were abundant. The Mackintoshes, MacKenzies, Stewarts, McGregors, Campbells and many another Scottish Highlander's plaid were to be seen fluttering from the coats of the men, while the ladies and young girls wore tartan attached to their well fitted dresses. The only description of flower that can be positively stated to have been absent was the wallflower; the clansmen and their guests were far too gallant to allow their lady visitors to suffer the slightest neglect.

Supper was served in the gymnasium, which was so altered by flags and flowers that its character was unrecognizable. Little tables placed at odd corners all over the room were each and all decorated with chrysanthemums, which made a particularly pretty effect.

The program had of course its special Scotch features. Not only did the Highland scottische figure prominently but the Scotch reel was the dance of the evening par excellence. The room was filled with spectators when after a few premonitory skirls on the pipes the piper, Gavin Harvey, broke into the reel and J. F. McRae and Miss K. Bontyne, John M. Smith and Miss Fraser, George Macdonald and Miss Raff, and Thomas K. Gilmore and Miss Humphries, took the floor and footed through the mazes of the dance with great spirit. As the piper quickened the music and the time grew faster the "kocks" of the male dancers and the stamping on the floor drew down the plaudits of the onlookers and such applause was evoked more than once as the vigor of the dancers did not seem to abate, although the fun came fast and furious. Indeed, it is a moot point with some as to whether the dancers grew tired or the piper lost spirit.

During the extras which were danced during the supper interval, the piper played many a stirring Scottish melody. At this point of the proceedings the sheet of telegrams were read and one was also at hand which came from John McKane, telegraphing from Slocan City, and regretting his absence on the great occasion.

Never was a ball more enjoyed than this. Even for the few among the men who had not learned the graceful accomplishment of dancing, provision was made. Whist rooms were provided for these misanthropes, but it may be stated to their credit that they derived a few pleasures in watching the dancers. Other cosy nooks which were not for whist players but which gave an excuse to the "sitters out" were one and all filled and the presence of the guests of the ball pervaded in the whole club.

SISTERS' HOSPITAL.

Typhoid Fever Decreasing—The Hospital Building Painted, Etc.

The Sisters' hospital is filled with patients at present, there being 26 in the several wards. There are not so many typhoid fever patients as there were a few weeks since, and most of these are doing very well. The hospital is not nearly large enough, but when the proposed addition is made it will accommodate 70 patients. The hospital has now been painted inside and out and rustic put on the exterior walls. This work cost about \$2,000. The Sisters are not very well supplied with funds, but they are just as soon as possible the addition must be made to the hospital in order to accommodate the patients. The intention, therefore, is to start on the addition at the earliest possible moment that funds are available for the purpose.

Robert MacCann, the veteran prospector, who was taken to the hospital several days since, in a very critical condition, was a little better last evening.

Death of Mrs. Hungerford.

Mr. J. H. M. Hungerford, the well-known telegraph operator at the Canadian jawns telegraph station in the Okanagan here for the past four years, and is one of the best respected citizens of Rossland, suffered a sad loss yesterday morning in the death of his wife from an asthmatical trouble, which was thought as lately as the end of last week to have passed out of the mortal coil. Mrs. Hungerford leaves one child, a boy aged about 2 years, besides her husband, to mourn her death. Deceased was aged 30 years. The arrangements for the funeral have not yet been made, but will be announced in a future issue.

Oriel Mining and Milling Co., Limited

Owning the Good Hope Group, Ymir, B. C.

Fifty thousand shares are now offered to the public at 15 cents. The property is one of exceptional merit, having a clearly defined vein traceable for 2,000 feet. Samples taken from various points on the outcrop from the main workings at a depth of 70 feet, gold. The ore is of a class that can be readily treated on the averaging by milling and cyaniding. Among other well-known properties in the Ymir district are the Ymir, Tamara, Dundee, Blackcock, Willcock, etc. For report and prospectus apply to

Rossland, B. C. Rolt & Grogan

WE CAN INTEREST YOU IN

ACCIDENT INSURANCE

F. A. Daggett & Co., general agents of the Maryland Casualty Co., writes all forms of Personal, Accident and Miners liability insurance. Assets, \$2,232,000. Surplus to policy holders, \$1,434,000.

SPOKANE, WASHINGTON

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MONTREAL.

Souvenir Brooches, Souvenir Hat Pins, Souvenir Stick Pins

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Maple Leaf, British Flag, Canadian Flag.

We control the trade in these for Montreal, and while they last will sell them at 20 cents each, or 6 for \$1.00.

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ESTABLISHED 150 YEARS London, Eng.

'ORBIT' Brand and PREMIER Navy Cut Tobacco

AGENTS FOR CANADA, JAMES TURNER & CO., HAMILTON, ONT.

A VALUABLE DIRECTORY.

It Will Contain Data as to the Shipping Mines.

Mr. Frank W. Peters, assistant general freight agent of the Pacific division of the Canadian Pacific, is preparing a complete directory of the shipping mining properties of East and West Kootenay and the Boundary country. This is a very important piece of work and will be of great value to all mining men and the public generally. It will contain the situation, name of the owners, and the name of each property in each district. The names will be in a tabulated form and the book will be a most convenient one. Along with the name of each property, there will be given a description of nature that is, only to which variety it belongs. A list of concentrators, stamp mills and smelters will also be given.

Mr. Peters, owing to the position he holds, and as the Canadian Pacific handles nearly all the various mines of Eastern British Columbia is probably the best informed man in the province in this connection. Time and again he has been asked for such information, and he feels that this will readily meet the requirements. It will be published especially for the capitalists of the east who are largely interested in this province, and the public generally.

THE CATHOLIC CONCERT.

Miners' Union Hall Was Crowded to the Doors Last Evening.

The concert given under the auspices of the Catholic church for the purpose of raising funds for the Church of the Sacred Heart was a great financial and artistic success. The hall was crowded to the doors and more seats had to be brought in, some of the audience having to put up with wooden benches and many more having to stand.

The programme was delightfully varied. The children bore a prominent part, and one that was well applauded, especially in the drilled numbers. The quartette "Good Night, Beloved" (Pissini), rendered by Mmes. Morkill and McInnes and Messrs. Fortin and le Maistre, was an especially good feature. The solo singing by Miss Quigley and Miss Olding (who rendered in particularly good voice the old melody by Bishop, "Should He Uphraid"), Mr. E. White, Mrs. McInnes and Mr. Fortin, was excellent, and each of the singers got thunders of applause. The instrumental pieces were also well appreciated, and the recitation by Mrs. T. B. Linton were extremely sympathetic.

Trouble Settled.

The trouble between J. R. Martin, assistant timber inspector, and the Kaslo & Slocan railway was settled last Friday by the company putting up bonds for the payment of dues and at the same time entering a claim for all dues which have been paid to the government. Since 1895 the company have been paying stumpage for timber taken off their own land under protest and this year decided to take a stand. Consequently when Mr. Martin arrived here Wednesday he was met with a refusal to pay. Upon this he immediately seized three of the locomotives and locked up the roundhouse. Friday morning an agreement was arrived at by which the company put up bonds and

Myers Creek Assay Office

J. P. BLAINE, Proprietor.

Maps of the Myers Creek District for sale, \$1.00.

CHESAW, WASHINGTON.



UNION IRON WORKS

SPOKANE, WASH.

T. Mayne Daly, Q. C. C. R. Hamilton.

W. deV. le Maistre.

Daly, Hamilton & le Maistre

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries.

olicitors for the Bank of Montreal. Rossland, B.C.

He Talked Principally About What Liberals Have Done.

Grand Forks, B.C., Dec. 3.—(Special.) W. A. Gallier, the Liberal candidate, dressed a large meeting in Alberta last night, K. A. Dickson, president of the Liberal association, presiding. Mr. Gallier reviewed the progress of Canada made during the past four years under Laurier administration. He compared showing with the record of the Conservative party. The export trade, he said, increased to \$85,000,000, or over \$19,000,000 more than under Conservative rule. He characterized the Liberal railway policy as progressive, and boasted that land grant railways had been abolished. He said Chinese exclusion policy and consular labor act before giving reasons why Liberal should be sent to Ottawa. The orator was in powerful and he pointed the advantages of having a friend not an enemy at court. He accused Kane of having misrepresented him on eight-year question, and declared there was no room for a third party Dominion politics.

SMELTER ENLARGEMENT.

A Number Figuring With a View to

ing in Tenders.

Grand Forks, B. C., Dec. 3.—(Special.) The representatives of the Morse chinery and electrical supply firms been here for the past few days in to get their information to enable to tender for the work of supplying

...NEWS FROM THE BOUNDARY

COULD NOT QUALIFY.

Grand Forks People Wanted Mr. Spraggett for Mayor.

Grand Forks, Nov. 29.—(Special.) The well-known lumberman, to be a candidate for the mayoralty has been in circulation for two days. It already the names of nearly one-third of voters when Mr. Spraggett today declared that he was not qualified to own oversight of the land office at an election in registering certain property communicated the intelligence to friends. General regret is expressed his election was a foregone conclusion. Those who signed the requisition include Mayor Manly, George Fraser, R. A. son, Fred Wollaston, P. T. McCallum Commodore Bieder, Mr. Spraggett, pioneer of the Boundary district, settled in the Kettle River valley sixteen years ago. He owns extensive sawmill and mining interests and representative and progressive citizen.

A FATAL RIDE.

A Handcar Struck by an Engine and Man Killed.

Grand Forks, Nov. 29.—(Special.) section men, Lewis Anderson and J. rie, while going up the line on a section while going up the line on a car last night at 11 o'clock, were struck by an east-bound freight near Fish Creek. Currie escaped unhurt but Anderson sustained injuries from which he died today. The engineer did not see the accident until some hours later.

IN THE BOUNDARY.

The Liberal Candidate Speaks at Greenwood Last Night.

Greenwood, Nov. 30.—(Special.)—withstanding counter attractions, attended a large St. Andrew's banquet, a large Liberal rally at the town tonight when Candidate V. Gallier addressed electors on the issue of the campaign. He retailed in most eloquent language to the odium cast upon him by the Conservative candidate. Mr. McKane was at Kamloops, regretting his signature to a petition praying the suspension of the eight-hour law which McKane had broadened by being a Judas to laboring interests. Mr. McKane had himself stirred up race cry, which in the speaker's opinion proved him, McKane, to be a traitor to his country and beyond the confines of the electorate.

Gallier goes to Midway tomorrow, thence to Phoenix, Columbia and Grand Forks, closing his campaign at Rossland and Nelson.

'M'BRIDE AT GRAND FORKS

Needs of That Section Put Before by Board of Trade.

Grand Forks, B. C., Dec. 3.—(Special.) The public requirements of the section of the Boundary district were the subject of representations today to Hon. R. McBride, minister of mines, by the Grand Forks Board of Trade. This provincial government was asked to begin the posed bridge across the North Fork of the Kettle river at Eagle City with a view to extend the North Fork road to Franklin camp, to provide a national school for the children of Grand Forks, to revise the mining laws, to tend the operations of the Rivers Streams act to the North Fork of Kettle river permitting that stream to be proved for lumbering purposes, to build a new wagon road connecting Grand Fork with Summit camp, and lastly to maintain an exhibit at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

Hon. Mr. McBride, in reply, said representations would be submitted for making a mineral exhibit at the Pan-American exposition. He was accompanied from Rossland by George Fort of Grand Forks and C. St. L. Mackie of Rossland. Hon. Mr. McBride, will visit the Granby smelter tomorrow being banqueted tonight by the Board of Trade.

GALLIER AT GRAND FORKS

He Talked Principally About What Liberals Have Done.

Grand Forks, B.C., Dec. 3.—(Special.) W. A. Gallier, the Liberal candidate, dressed a large meeting in Alberta last night, K. A. Dickson, president of the Liberal association, presiding. Mr. Gallier reviewed the progress of Canada made during the past four years under Laurier administration. He compared showing with the record of the Conservative party. The export trade, he said, increased to \$85,000,000, or over \$19,000,000 more than under Conservative rule. He characterized the Liberal railway policy as progressive, and boasted that land grant railways had been abolished. He said Chinese exclusion policy and consular labor act before giving reasons why Liberal should be sent to Ottawa. The orator was in powerful and he pointed the advantages of having a friend not an enemy at court. He accused Kane of having misrepresented him on eight-year question, and declared there was no room for a third party Dominion politics.

SMELTER ENLARGEMENT.

A Number Figuring With a View to

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Grand Forks, B. C., Dec. 3.—(Special.) The representatives of the Morse chinery and electrical supply firms been here for the past few days in to get their information to enable to tender for the work of supplying

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COULD NOT QUALIFY.

Grand Forks People Wanted Mr. E. Spraggett for Mayor.

Grand Forks, Nov. 29.—(Special).—A requisition asking Mr. E. Spraggett, J. P., the well-known lumberman, to be a candidate for the mayoralty has been in circulation for two days. It already bore the names of nearly one-third of the voters when Mr. Spraggett today discovered that he was not qualified, owing to an oversight of the land office at Kamloops in registering certain property and communicated the intelligence to his friends. General regret is expressed as his election was a foregone conclusion. Those who signed the requisition included Mayor Manly, George Fraser, R. A. Dickson, Fred Wollaston, P. T. McCallum and Commodore Biden. Mr. Spraggett is a pioneer of the Boundary district, having settled in the Kettle River valley about sixteen years ago. He owns extensive sawmill and mining interests and is a representative and progressive citizen.

A FATAL RIDE.

A Handcar Struck by an Engine and One Man Killed.

Grand Forks, Nov. 29.—(Special).—Two section men, Lewis Anderson and J. Currie, while going up the line on a handcar last night at 11 o'clock, were struck by an east-bound freight near Fisherman Creek. Currie escaped unhurt but Anderson sustained injuries from which he died today. The engineer did not know of the accident until some hours later.

IN THE BOUNDARY.

The Liberal Candidate Speaks at Greenwood Last Night.

Greenwood, Nov. 30.—(Special).—Notwithstanding counter attractions, notably a big St. Andrew's banquet, a large crowd attended the Liberal rally at the Auditorium tonight, when candidate W. A. Gallier addressed electors on the issues of the campaign. He retaliated in most vigorous language to the odium cast upon him by the Conservative candidate when Mr. McKane was at Kamloops, regarding his signature to a petition praying for the suspension of the eight-hour law in which Mr. McKane had branded him as being a Judas to laboring interests; while Mr. McKane had himself stirred up the race cry, which in the speaker's opinion, proved him, McKane, to be a traitor to his country, and beyond the confidence of the electorate.

Gallier goes to Midway tomorrow thence to Phoenix, Columbia and Grand Forks, closing his campaign at Rossland and Nelson.

McBRIDE AT GRAND FORKS.

Needs of That Section Put Before Him by Board of Trade.

Grand Forks, B. C., Dec. 3.—(Special).—The public requirements of this section of the Boundary district were the subject of representations today to Hon. Richard McBride, minister of mines, by the Grand Forks Board of Trade. This provincial government was asked to begin the proposed bridge across the North Fork of the Kettle river at Eagle City without delay, to extend the North Fork wagon road to Franklin camp, to provide additional school accommodations for Grand Forks, to revise the mining laws, to extend the operations of the Rivers and Streams act to the North Fork of Kettle river permitting that stream to be improved for lumbering purposes, to build a new wagon road connecting Grand Forks with Summit camp, and lastly to make a mineral exhibit at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

Hon. Mr. McBride, in reply, said the representations would be submitted to his colleagues for consideration. He added that a commission to revise the mining laws had been appointed and expressed himself as favorable to the proposition for making a mineral exhibit at the Pan-American exposition. He was accompanied from Rossland by George Fraser of Grand Forks and C. St. L. Mackintosh of Rossland. Hon. Mr. McBride, who will visit the Granby smelter tomorrow, was banqueted tonight by the Board of Trade.

GALLIER AT GRAND FORKS.

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SMELTER ENLARGEMENT.

A Number Figuring With a View to Putting in Tenders.

Grand Forks, B. C., Dec. 3.—(Special).—The representatives of the Montreal machinery and electrical supply firms have been here for the past few days in order to get their information to enable them to tender for the work of supplying addi-

tional plant to the Granby smelter. The capacity of the smelter, at present 600 tons per day, is to be doubled and a matte converting plant is to be installed. B. C. Riblet, the hydraulic engineer who designed the dam and power house, is also here to cooperate with the visitors. The work of enlargement will be started early in the year. During November the Granby smelter treated 18,074 tons of ore from the Knob Hill and Old Ironsides, which yielded 704 tons of matte.

Smelter Men at Grand Forks.

Grand Forks, B. C., Dec. 3.—(Special).—Andrew Laidlaw, general manager of the Standard Pyritic smelter, at Greenwood, and his associates, Wm. and H. E. Price, of Quebec, have arrived here for the purpose of inspecting the Granby smelter.

Price Purchased the Greyhound.

Greenwood, B. C., Dec. 3.—(Special).—Before leaving today for Quebec, William Price, president of the Standard Copper company, confirmed the report of the purchase of the controlling interest in the stock of the Western Copper company, owning the Greyhound in Deadwood camp. He paid \$10,000 down. Tomorrow the mine will be under the management of Andrew Laidlaw, who negotiated the deal. Price and his associates have invested nearly a quarter of a million dollars in the Boundary district in less than a year, being heavily interested in the Standard Copper company, Quebec Copper company and Western Copper company, operating in Deadwood, and in the Standard Pyritic Smelting company, which is building a 200-ton smelter three miles below here.

STEMWINDER GROUP.

George Gooderham Secures an Option on Half of it.

Greenwood, B. C., Dec. 3.—(Special).—J. E. Ross, of Spokane, representing George Gooderham, of Toronto, has gone to Fairview in connection with a big deal which Gooderham has with the Fairview corporation. President Richard Russell, of the Fairview corporation, gives Gooderham a five months option to purchase one-half interest in properties for \$100,000. The Fairview corporation owns the Stemwinder group, said to be the biggest low grade free milling quartz proposition on the continent.

THE JAP VOTE.

Trouble Is Brewing in Vancouver Over the Franchise.

Vancouver, Dec. 3.—(Special).—Allan Cameron, assistant general freight agent of the Canadian Pacific, has resigned to take the position of Oriental manager of the O. R. & N.'s steamship line from Portland to Hongkong. J. G. Scott was re-elected mayor of Westminster today.

Authorities continue to differ regarding allowing Japanese to vote. The returning officer still continues to hold that he will not allow the Japanese to vote, while the collector of votes officially declares that the returning officer knows nothing about it and that the Japanese will simply have to come forward and swear that they have been legislated against as a class and must then be allowed to vote. Ex-Attorney General Henderson today gave an opinion that Tony Hora, the only Japanese who applied for registration, was the only one who could vote.

The Sanitary Department.

It is not generally appreciated that the city has two sources of revenue outside of direct taxation, the one being the water department and the other the sanitary. While the former has many calls upon it in the installation of new pipes which take up the revenue and will continue to do so until such time as a more or less perfected system covers the city, the latter is steadily increasing and brings in a small but certain revenue monthly. There has been an increase shown in this department during the current year, as more money has been collected from this source during the past eleven months than during the whole of 1899. No small part of the credit due to this should fall to the sanitary inspector, who is an indefatigable worker.

An Almanac.

The Manufacturers' Life Insurance company of Toronto is sending out a second edition of its highly successful calendar of the present year. This consists of a map of the Empire planned on Mercator's projection and contains a lot of very useful information in a small compass. The map is to be expected that there will be as great a run upon it as there was during the present year.

Surprise Birthday Party.

A very pleasant surprise birthday party was given to Master George Howard Owen, the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. George Owen, of the Alhambra, at the residence of his parents, on Saturday evening last. It was the occasion of Master George's eleventh birthday. About twenty of the boy and girl friends of Master George were present, and they had a delightful time with games and a fine supper. The little guests departed after wishing Master George many happy returns of his birthday.

Mr. George A. Fraser, now of Grand Forks but formerly a councilman of this city, is here on a visit.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

is successfully used monthly by over 2,000,000 Ladies. Safe, effective. Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other, as all others, pills and injections are dangerous. Price, No. 1, \$1 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, \$3 per box. No. 1 or 2, mailed on receipt of price and two-cent stamp. The Cook Confectionery Works, Ont. No. 1 and 2 sold and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada.

No. 1 and No. 2 is sold in Rossland by Goodere Bros. and Rossland Drug Co.

YELLOW PERIL.

Scathing Denunciation of Asiatic Immigration by Chris Foley.

Grand Forks, Dec. 1.—(Special).—Chris Foley addressed a crowded and enthusiastic meeting in the Alberta Hall tonight. His exposition of the principles of the Labor party, his homely illustrations, scathing denunciations of the Liberals and Conservatives, pointed epigrams and rounded knowledge proved irresistible. He was cheered to the echo and won many votes. Wm. Graham presided. After expressing regret at the absence of business men, whose interests were identical with those of labor, he flatly declared that the working man would have to accomplish his own emancipation rather than look for relief from the out political parties. He pointed out that Hon. Clifford Sifton at a recent meeting here had ignored all live issues. He marvelled at the infinite gall that had inspired Sir Charles Tupper's visit after voting against the Kettle River railway bill. Then he described the modern conditions of production and distribution, which, owing to invention, tended to enrich the few while decreasing the wages of the workingman, whom he averred only secured one-seventh of the product of his labors, an anomaly that should not be permitted to exist.

He pictured the conditions which enabled capital to control the military that was used to terrorize labor. It had come to such a pass that labor organizations were prohibited in many sections. The Union at Fernie was actually losing ground because intelligent labor was being replaced by ignorant Slavonians. In Sudbury labor organizations were actually hounded by detectives and to show sympathy with the cause was to be placed on the black list. Recently matters were getting worse at Fernie, where the company was beginning to replace the Slavonians with Chinamen.

He argued that while the monopolist was protected wages throughout Canada were being reduced to the line of demarcation between life and death. He said the concessions granted labor by both political parties were only half-hearted remedies which proved non-effective through their half-hearted application. He instanced the enforcement of the alien labor contract law in the Slovan after ignorant foreigners had been imported and after Canadian miners agreeing to a compromise had actually been compelled to yield.

He regarded the question of Chinese and Japanese immigration as a gross national peril which the government would not solve. This yellow peril he asserted entered Canada to displace Canadian labor. Already its effects were apparent along the C. P. R., where section men had given way to Japs or Chinese. The same spectacle was presented in factories and canneries as well as in the sawmills at many points in the interior. He predicted that the day was not far distant when blood would be shed as a result of the wholesale importation of these Asiatics. He drew attention to the fact that Lord Aberdeen had declined to discharge the Japs employed on his Okanagan ranch and protested that the alien contract law was being violated by mining companies in Cariboo which imported labor from Frisco.

A government official had prepared him an estimate showing that 21,000 Asiatics had invaded this province to the detriment of white labor. Their annual earnings amounted to eight million dollars, six millions of which was sent out of this country. After a plea for government ownership of public franchises he showed how the monopolist absorbed the assumed in government. "Monopoly," he said, "is the outward manifestation of the inward bog." This aphorism brought down the house, and after a further scathing denunciation of the existing industrial system he made a plea for compulsory arbitration in disputes between labor and capital, and in conclusion illustrated how a labor representative could do effective work in Ottawa.

Gallier speaks here Monday night. The Court House. Mr. F. C. Gamble, the government engineer for this province, came up from the coast yesterday. He is here on business connected with the forwarding of work upon the court house, which through various causes, has been somewhat delayed in construction.

Mr. Anlay Morrison, member of the Dominion parliament for the New Westminster constituency, was in the city yesterday.

E. W. Grover

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. The remedy that cures colds in one day.

HALLETT & SHAW
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS
NOTARIES PUBLIC.
GREENWOOD . . . B. C.
Cable address: "Hallett." Codes: Bedford
McNeill's, Moreing & Neill's, Leith's.

SIMILKAMEEN CITY

The mining and commercial center of the whole Similkameen district. In the center of Camp Hedley near 20-Mile Creek and Marcus Daly's mines, half way between Keremeos and Princeton. Wagon roads now under construction from all points to the townsite. A large number of town lots will be given away to intending builders. For further particulars apply to FRANK BAILEY & CO. Fairview and Similkameen City. ERNEST KENNEDY & CO., Rossland, B. C. The latest mining map of the Similkameen country.

GRAND FORKS

The Gateway City

..... OF THE

Boundary District

Is pre-eminent-ly a financial, mining, smelting and distributing centre.

Roads extend to all the tributary mining camps throughout the Boundary.

The marvelous richness of the gold-copper ledges along the North Fork of the Kettle River is attracting-wide-spread attention.

Granby Smelter leads them all. Treats 500 tons of ore per day and its capacity is to be quadrupled.

The ores of Republic camp and other Reservation camps will seek

Grand Forks for treatment with the early completion of the Grand Forks and Kettle River railway.

Our fruit and vegetable farms are famous.

Are You Looking for a place to Open Out in Business?

Then Apply to the Secretary

..... OF THE

Grand Forks Board of Trade
GRAND FORKS, B. C.

THE SUNSET COPPER MINING CO., Limited
Sunset Mine
Sunset Shares Will Make You Rich
Apply to R. A. BROWN
General Manager Sunset Copper Mining Co., Grand Forks, B. C.

FROM THE FAR NORTH.

A Rich Strike Reported on Yellow River--First Mail Since Navigation Closed.

Victoria, B. C., Dec. 5.—The steamer Amur arrived this afternoon. She had news of two unknown men found frozen on the trail at Hed Pelly. The bodies looked as though they had been eaten by wolves.

The small pox victim is convalescent at White Horse. The epidemic is decreasing at Grand Forks.

Dawson. Carriers say the city is crowded with idle men. A despatch to the Skagway papers on Nov. 27 from Dawson tells of the trial of O'Brien and of damaging evidence against him. The police are on the trail of Brum, his accomplice, who has gone to Tanana. The steamer Eldorado was caught in the ice and found to be crushed.

Peter McDonald, a pioneer of Selkirk, died on Nov. 27.

Starling B. Higgins of San Francisco, the wealthiest man on Gold Run, died Nov. 26.

The weather was cold on the trail on the 18th, being 59 below at Selwyn.

A company is being organized here to build a fleet of lumber schooners to secure the bonus to be offered by the provincial government.

A rich strike is reported on Yellow river, 300 miles from Holy Cross mission, Yukon. Two Swedes are said to have brought out \$34,000. There were only 12 men in the district and all did well.

There arrived on the steamer Amur the first contingent of Dawsonites to reach this city since the winter sealed the Yukon waterways. They left the Klondike mecca on the 16th of last month and had difficulty to tramp out to the coast, the weather having been extremely cold on the trip, and travel most arduous.

Before Selkirk was left behind the thermometer fell to 50 degrees below zero, while it was 43 below when White Horse was reached. Prior to this cold snap several of the rivers were not frozen over firmly, and in consequence transportation companies had not got their sleds to work in time for the party to take advantage of the service.

A. J. Morris reports that the first mail from the interior since the closing of navigation, leaving on Nov. 9, arrived at White Horse before he left in bad condition, resulting from frequent immersions. Of 18 sacks received 12 were so wet that they had to be dried before distribution. Some of the bags were frozen stiff and had to be thawed out. The addresses on some were almost illegible. There were contained in the mail from Dawson many letters which report that day to be overrun with idle men who are willing to work for their board. Some skilled laborers are still paid one dollar an hour, but the prevailing wages are \$3 a day and board. Men who formerly worked on pack trains for \$30 a day and board are now receiving \$3 a day, as that is all freighters can afford to pay.

THE LAST TRIBUTE.

Many Participated in the Funeral Services of Mrs. Hungerford.

The funeral services of the late Mrs. J. H. M. Hungerford were held at the Methodist church yesterday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. It was a union service and the church was filled with the friends of the departed lady. Rev. George H. Morden, pastor of the Methodist church, opened the services with the hymn, "There's a Witness in God's Mercy."

Rev. McKay of the Presbyterian church made an impressive opening prayer. Mrs. Hungerford's Sunday school class, consisting of twenty little girls, sang "Beautiful, Beckoning Hands." Rev. W. T. Stackhouse, of the Baptist church, read the lesson, which consisted of the 15th chapter of the Corinthians, beginning: "Moreover, brethren, I declare unto you the gospel, which I preached unto you, which also you have received, and wherein ye stand."

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The Lardeau Railway. So much snow has fallen in the Lardeau country that the party of C. P. R. surveyors who have been locating a line which is to be run around the head of Fism creek from Ferguson into Arrowhead had to quit work for the winter, the depth of the beautiful snow preventing good work being done. Where the railroad will be connected to the west or south will be connected to the west or south from Ferguson or Trout Lake City has not as yet been determined upon.

The Liberal Gets the Seat. Charlottetown, P. E. I., Dec. 5.—Judge McDonald has given a decision in East Queen's election recount certifying that Martin, Conservative, McKinnon, Liberal, 2,257, thus giving the seat to the latter by a majority of seven. The parties in Prince Edward Island now stand: Liberals, 3 Conservatives 2.

CANADIANS IN LONDON

Honor Paid to the Contingent by the House of Parliament--Col. Otter Speaks.

London, Dec. 5.—Today was parliamentary day with Otter's contingent. It was full of the deepest interest for Canadians. At the entrance to parliament the contingent was received by the deputy sergeant-at-arms in state. The soldiers were conducted to the historic Westminster hall, where Howard Vincent, M. P., mounted on the steps, explained the memorable scenes in British history enacted there.

Chamberlain's arrival cut the explanation short. Otter called for three cheers for Mr. Chamberlain, which were given with a will. Mr. Chamberlain, after introductions, said he felt deeply this honor and added:

"We all feel the keenest appreciation of your splendid patriotism in coming to help the mother country at a time of great national crisis. The reports of your doings from the seat of war have filled me with pride, but no pleasure do we value your material support. Of almost equal advantage and importance was your moral support because it taught the world at large that at any great national crisis the empire presents a united front to any and all foes.

"We can rely upon that in the future as in the past and in the name of the House of Commons I bid you a cordial welcome." (Loud cheers.)

Gilbert Parker was present and many other members. Edward Blake was absent.

Chamberlain personally conducted the contingent through the corridors and the house, commenting on statues of Wm. Pitt, Edward Burke and others and explaining the mode of procedure in a most genial and friendly way. At the entrance to the house of Lords the Canadians were met by three ex-governors, Lansdowne, Earl Aberdeen and the Duke of Argyll and by Lord Strathcona, Duke Rutland, Lord Tweedmouth and others. The Canadians were seated on each side of the Lord Chancellor's sacred woolsack in the Lords and listened to cordial speeches by Lansdowne and Aberdeen. Otter replied making in the first speech any Canadian layman ever made in the great chamber.

"We are perfectly delighted," said Lord Lansdowne to a friend; "we are very proud of these men."

"This is overwhelming," said Col. Otter, "it comes next to the reception by the queen herself."

The officers of the contingent lunched with the Duke and Duchess Argyll at Kensington palace. Tomorrow the Canadians will visit Brighton as guests of the government for a little sea air after the ceaseless junketing.

Will of Thaddeus Harper.

Victoria, Dec. 5.—The will of Thaddeus Harper, once a wealthy rancher and mine owner of British Columbia, California, Nevada and Mexico, was found here. Harper was knicked on the head by a horse and lost his reason and then his fortune, dying penniless. The will was made in Ontario twenty-five years ago. He leaves \$175,000 in bequests to brothers, nieces and nephews. His old friends believe he had some personal property, but where it is they cannot say.

J. P. Rogers, division superintendent of the railroad, after a trip to White Horse, reported that while there is much snow along the line he does not fear that it will interfere with moving trains.

Provincial Gazette.

Victoria, Dec. 5.—J. McE. Smith, auditor general, appointed deputy minister of finance, vice late Alfred Flett, J. Anderson, auditor, becomes auditor general, and H. A. S. Morley becomes auditor, S. H. Odell, who returned from Africa, has been appointed clerk in the finance department, vice Morley.

A VOTE MAKER.

Ralph Smith Speaks for Maxwell in Vancouver.

Vancouver, Dec. 5.—(Special)—With two monster torchlight processions, each with 1,000 men in line and marching in opposite directions on the same streets, the Liberals and Conservatives wound up their campaign tonight. At Garden's meeting speeches were delivered by Mayor Garden, Sir Charles Tupper, Hon. T. Mayne Daly and F. C. Cotton. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed at the meeting which was jammed to the doors, many being unable to obtain admittance. Anti-Mongolian sentiments formed the text for the Conservative speeches.

The Liberals also held a largely attended meeting at which the principal attraction was Ralph Smith. His presence here on the eve of battle is said to have brought back to the Liberal-Labor ranks many union men who had determined to vote for Garden. Speeches were also made by G. R. Maxwell and George Powell of Victoria.

PERSONAL.

Mr. F. J. Daniels of the Bank of Montreal, left yesterday for Liverpool.

Mr. H. E. Macdonnell, contracting freight agent of the Canadian Pacific railway, spent yesterday in Rossland, and left for Nelson last evening accompanied by Mr. W. J. Hogg, the local freight agent of the C. P. R., who goes to Nelson to spend a few days.

Mr. J. J. Warren, managing director of the White Bear, left yesterday for Toronto.

Woodstock's Incorporation Discussed.

Woodstock, Ont., Dec. 5.—The question of the incorporation of Woodstock as a city is being discussed here.

CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS.

Mr. John McKane Returns From a Campaigning Tour.

Mr. John McKane, the Conservative candidate, returned yesterday morning from a trip through the constituency, which is as large as the whole of Great Britain and Ireland. While he was away he spoke in more than twenty places, and at more than twenty meetings. Mr. McKane stated that he was satisfied that he is certain to receive the full and strong support of the Conservative party, and also a large number of the more independent of the Liberal party, who refuse to be dominated by the province of Quebec. He said: "From the most reliable information, and from my own personal knowledge and from unbiased reports which I have taken care to have sent in to me I am satisfied that I will have a majority of at least 350 over Mr. Galliber outside of the city of Rossland. It is more difficult to ascertain the precise feeling with regard to Mr. Foley, but from all my observation I do not think that he will occupy any better position than Mr. Galliber. I believe that there will not be any material difference between the votes of the three candidates in Rossland. My friends can, therefore, consider my election as practically assured. I hope for the sake of the party and as it is of especial interest at this time to demonstrate their strength, that the Conservatives of Rossland will turn out to a man on Thursday to record the only protest they can make against the corruption and maladministration of the Liberal government."

"My reception at Revelstoke, Kamloops, Vernon, Enderby, Slokan, Armstrong, Sandon, Slocan City, Kaslo, Nelson, New Denver and Silverton was most enthusiastic, and I will in each one of these places poll a large majority over Mr. Galliber. In Sandon and Silverton Mr. Foley will lead, and perhaps in Slocan City, but in all the other places mentioned I will poll a large plurality over both the other candidates."

"I understand that a meeting is to be held on this (Wednesday) evening by the Independent Labor party, and I would be pleased to speak if an invitation is extended to me at this gathering."

Miss Cecilia Hirsch and A. W. Strickland of Greenwood to Wed Tomorrow.

Greenwood, Dec. 4.—(Special)—Invitations are out for the marriage of Miss Cecilia Hirsch, daughter of Mrs. Agnes G. Hirsch, and Mr. Alexander William Strickland, on Wednesday, Dec. 5. The ceremony will be conducted by the Rev. Mr. Henderson, pastor of the Kimberley Avenue Presbyterian church. Mr. Strickland has been a resident of the city for nearly two years, being the son of a well-known family of the bank of Montreal, and is one of the most popular young fellows in the city. Miss Hirsch formerly resided with her mother and sister at Trail, and has been here about a year. The marriage will be a quiet affair, the couple leaving their honeymoon, which will probably be spent in the south.

The two days' carnival and bazaar, given by the congregation of St. Jude's mission, Church of England, was in every way a most successful affair. Something over \$300 was realized from the sale of fancy work, etc. The proceeds will go to the funds for the purpose of a church building. The pastor, Rev. Mr. Robbins, and the ladies of the congregation are to be congratulated with the results attained.

On Wednesday evening the Auditorium will be the scene of another gay time—the occasion being the first annual ball of the Knights of Pythias. The invitation committee report that quite a number of visiting knights will be on hand.

W. O. Robbins today sold out to his partner, M. A. Harvey, all his interest in the Palace Livery stable business, which will hereafter be conducted solely by Mr. Harvey. Mr. Robbins goes to MacLeod, Northwest Territory, where he has a large cattle ranch.

Rossland Amateur Operatic Society.

A meeting of the executive committee was held last evening at which the final arrangements were made for the production of the opera "Pinafore." It will greatly facilitate matters, if each member of the society will secure a copy of the score of the opera, which can be had at Mr. McNeil's shoe store, before the night of the first rehearsal, which will take place on Tuesday at 8 o'clock in the Rossland Opera house.

JAP FRANCHISE.

Chief Justice McCall Says All Japanese Naturalized Can Vote.

Vancouver, B. C., Nov. 30.—Chief Justice McCall this afternoon rendered a judgment which states that there is nothing to hinder all of the 2,000 fraudulently naturalized Japanese in Vancouver from voting in the federal election next Thursday.

In a lengthy judgment he allows the appeal of Tony Haro, Japanese, who brought action against the collector of votes to compel him to register his name. This was a test case for the whole number mentioned. The chief justice holds that it is ultra-vires of the provincial government to legislate against any particular class, and that the enactment practically over riding the allowance of federal government cannot be upheld. The decision has caused much comment here.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Results of Month's Work—Names of the Leading Pupils.

Below will be found the names of the pupils leading their classes during the month of November:

Div. I.—Fifth Reader—1, John Preston; 2, Sarah Barnason; 3, Florence White.

Div. II.—Third Reader—1, Phil Young; 2, Margaret McCraney; 3, Polly Webb.

Div. III.—Fourth Reader—1, Selma Deming; 2, Ella Preston; 3, John Buchanan.

Div. IV.—Third Reader—1, Charles Griffiths; 2, Alma Beverley; 3, Fannie Graham.

Div. V.—Primers—First Class, 1, Liliis Kilby; 2, Albin Freeman; 3, Katie Pascoe.

Second Class, 1, Willie Richards; 2, Einar Dahlman; 3, John Henderson, Meddy Mitchell and Mae Cooper.

Third Class, 1, Helen Rees, Ethel Combs and Tommy Steinhil; 2, Phil Donahue, Eddie McDonald, Huldah Halgrew and Donnie O'Neil.

Div. VI.—Second Reader—1, Orva Yarbrough; 2, Willie Meyer; 3, Christine Buchanan.

Div. VII.—First Reader—1, Clara Stanton; 2, Lulu Putnam; 3, Hilda Lindquist.

Div. VIII.—First Reader—1, Laura Jewell; 2, Katie Leary; 3, Francis Brown.

Div. IX.—Primers—1, Glen Emick; 2, Winnifred Courbaron and Margaret Sullivan; 3, John Horrobin. Junior Class—1, Douglas Lawler; 2, Mary Fox; 3, Jack Ingram and Albert Keighley.

Div. X.—First Reader—1, Reginald Dempster; 2, Theodore Blockberger; 3, Lillian Gray.

Second Primer—1, Fred Heard; 2, Dora Grezons; 3, Agnes Inches.

Div. XI.—Primers—Class A, 1, Eliza Grant; 2, Mary Ledwich; 3, Leonard Boutbee. Class B, 1, Floyd Putnam; 2, Edward Myholm; 3, Marie Aiello. Class C, 1, Jennie Inches; 2, Mabel Marmstrom; 3, Flossy Brokenshire.

M'BRIDE AT GLENWOOD.

The Coast Kootenay Railway—Exhibits at Glasgow and Buffalo.

Greenwood, Dec. 4.—(Special)—Hon. Richard McBride, minister of mines, arrived today on his initial visit to the Boundary district. This evening he was informally entertained by the Board of Trade at the Greenwood club, where matters appertaining to the district were discussed. His attention was directed to the necessity of a wagon road to West Copper camp, the building of a provincial college, appointment of an additional county judge, a proper display of mineral resources of the country at Glasgow and Pan-American exhibitions and the urgent need of a railroad from the coast to the Boundary. Mr. McBride in reply promised to bring the matters to the attention of the government. Tomorrow he will visit the Mother Lode mine and smelter and also the pyritic smelter. In the evening he will be tendered a complimentary banquet.

Suicides Owing to Trouble.

Toronto, Dec. 5.—Robert Turner, aged 40, a native of Taunton, Mass., until lately employed in the Toronto Silver Plate company's works, committed suicide by inhaling gas at his room in the Central hotel yesterday. He had been dismissed owing to some trouble at the factory and went to his room, left a note for his relatives in Taunton, then committed suicide.

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A NARROW ESCAPE.

J. Fred Ritchie and Party in a Snow Slide.

Nelson, Nov. 28.—(Special)—A report has reached here of an exciting incident at Camp Mansfield, in which a well-known Rossland man figures. A party of engineers and surveyors has been at Camp Mansfield for some days securing data, the outfit including J. Fred Ritchie, Jean Richard, a Belgian engineer, on special service for the English capitalists who propose to take up Camp Mansfield properties, under the name of the Mt. Gold Mines, Limited; Charles Plowman, engineer and promoter, and John P. Miller, a surveyor.

The four were working on the Mona Fracton, adjoining the well-known Joker claim, when a snowslide occurred. Fortunately the slide did not move far, else none would have escaped. Ritchie and Richard were buried to the waist, but were disposed to take the matter as a joke until they realized that the other men had vanished. After a little search a hand was seen sticking up through the snow. It proved to belong to Charles Plowman, who was rescued but little the worse. A faint groan proceeding from the slide indicated where Miller could be found and he was located four feet beneath the surface. When rescued Miller was black in the face and on the verge of suffocation, but was brought around. The party has returned and Mr. Ritchie will probably be in Rossland on Saturday.

WANT TIME.

British Columbia Railway Applying for an Extension Act.

Ottawa, Nov. 30.—(Special)—The Columbia and Western Railway company will apply next session for an act assimilating the bonding powers of its railway and branch lines west of midway to powers already given to its lines constructed east of the point, extending the time within which it may complete its route, and authorizing it to construct such branches from any of its lines not exceeding in any one case 30 miles in length.

The Columbia and Kootenay Railway and Navigation company will apply next session for an act extending the time within which it may construct its railways and works, also authorizing the company to own and operate steam and other vessels for any route connected with any of its railways and appointing Montreal as the place for its head office.

The British Columbia Southern Railway company will apply next session for an act extending the time within which it may construct its railways and to construct such branches from any of its lines not exceeding in any one case 30 miles in length, and from time to time authorized by the governor-in-council.

CANADIANS IN LONDON.

Ottawa and His Men Get a Tremendous Ovation.

Montreal, Nov. 29.—The Star's London correspondent cables: The dearest welcome awaited in Canadian ears this afternoon on reaching Addison Road station from Southampton. General Trotter, commanding the home army, a group of staff officers and others were present, including Lord Onslow representing the colonial guards, and Lord and Lady Strathcona, Colonel Lake and Colonel MacKinnon of the City Imperial and Chaplain Lloyd of the Queens Own Rifles were in attendance. As the train entered the station the band of the Scots Guards played the National Anthem. The crowds outside the station, who had been waiting for several hours, cheered enthusiastically. Cheers were renewed as Colonel Otter alighted with Colonel Buchanan and Captains Maet Macdonald, Burstall, Lawless, Mason and Alford, and Lieutenants Swift, Caldwell, Lafferty, Temple and Carpenter and 288 men, who received most cordial greetings and congratulations upon their remarkably fine condition they were in. The men were drawn up on the platform and were inspected by the staff officers and Lord Strathcona. Along the crowded streets and headed by the band of the Scots Guards, the Canadian troops marched to Kensington barracks, meeting with the warmest reception en route. At barracks they were formally received by the Duke of Abercorn, Lord Grey and others on behalf of the reception committee. The Canadians leave for Liverpool on December 10th.

Colonel Otter and the Canadians interviewed express great pleasure at the general reception, which was all the more remarkable because the Guards arrived at the same hour at a different station, which tended to divert public attention. The Duke of Connaught's welcome was especially appreciated, also General Trotter's cordial recognition of the value of the Canadian services from a military standpoint. The accommodation at the barracks is most comfortable. The officers are quartered in the Kensington Palace Hotel, which has a painful interest for Canadians inasmuch as Sir Jno. Thompson stayed there the night before his tragic death at Windsor Castle. The Canadians spent a quiet evening tonight having declined all invitations. Tomorrow they will be reviewed by the Queen at Windsor and on Monday by the Prince of Wales at Albany Barracks.

THE LARDEAU.

News of the District—Some Important Items are on.

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The Nettie L. made its first shipment last Saturday. As soon as the roads better, being very soft now in places, gear loads will be taken and regular shipments can be made, so that it seems to be no doubt but that the ship will be kept open all winter, as the boats coming in for the ore will keep the ice broken.

J. Ernst, a knight of the grip in Nelson, representing the California V. Company, was in Trout Lake on Saturday. While here Mr. Ernst secured a claim upon James Comerford's property, situated near McDonald Creek, known as Mountain View and Blue Jay. The claim covers from now until August 1, 1901, the deal goes through all right it is the biggest one ever turned over in Lardeau.

At the mouth of Crawford Bay Bay McKenzie has been developing a pyrite claim for several years, but he no one who values he obtains. In vicinity of 100 bay parties have taken a 200-foot tunnel on pyrite which yields \$3,000 gold and two and one-half cent copper. On Gray's Creek, west of the mouth of Crawford Bay, \$9 in was obtained on the surface. By per centing an assessment, sinking the tunnel increased to \$23 gold per ton.

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DR. PRICES

Cream Baking Powder

An absolutely pure and healthful baking powder. Scientifically prepared from the most highly refined ingredients. Does not contain alum, lime or other adulterant. Unequaled in strength.

NOTE.—All cheap baking powders contain alum. Alum is a corrosive poison, the use of which in food is prohibited in many cities, and should be in all.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO.

FROM OTTAWA

Late Mining News from the East Kootenay, Kaslo, P.O.

Although the recent thaw has done something to retard rawhiding in the Lardeau there is quite a quantity of work being done in that section. The Nettie L. should put out quite a large shipment before spring. In the East Kootenay district there is also a good deal of work being done despite the season. The placer diggings are having the fair share of attention and the miners engaged in that branch of their industry have scored several successes, which have emboldened less venturesome men. A Chinese company is said to be starting in that favored section. In the Slocan the activity displayed some months ago, shortly after the rise in value of silver, has by no means died away, and the miners of the country are doing a great deal of development work, with the result that many more mines may be expected to join the lists of the permanent sappers by the coming spring.

In the Boundary things are much unusual. Phoenix is as ambitious as ever and now promises to exceed its previous record by shipping at least 1,200 tons per diem some time along in January. The great tonnage does not mean any very great value, but the Phoenix people console themselves with the fact that the low grade properties, where ore is to be mined in large quantities, are just the ones which have the greatest future to be seen here. The Rio Tinto has only 1 per cent of copper, and yet it has been worked for several centuries. The Futiva, another European copper proposition, carrying only three per cent, is not at all played out. Great ore bodies such as have recently been proven in Boundary country give the best evidence of the mining industry here.

KAMLOOPS.

Very gratifying showings are being secured as the result of the work on the Copper Kig mine at Cherry Creek, on the Sentinel. The drift from the bottom of the 35-foot shaft is now in over the top, and the face from the top to the bottom is exceptionally rich, being composed of high-grade borate and copper pyrites. A magnificent sample, all in pieces, weighing some 300 pounds, was brought to town last Wednesday evening and is on exhibition at the Dominion hotel.

John F. Smith of Kamloops, writing the Vancouver World, says that I have much satisfaction in being able to chronicle a satisfactory result of persistent efforts to bring to the fore those valuable deposits of white and known to exist in the Tete Jaune Ca section of this province. The east parties with whom I have been associated since the inception of the project, and these deposits, have signed their intention to purchase the property which they held under bond by making their payment thereon in the sum of \$8,000, feel much gratified with the result, especially in view of the great distance which separates the mines from rail communication, and the shortness of the season. I have, however, now not the slightest doubt but that the property will be worked, and that advantageously to the satisfaction of all concerned. The means of these deposits will be the means of opening up another source of our mine wealth, the proportion of which is due to this date to fairly measure. Investigations have revealed in this territory, the only thing lacking transportation facilities, which in the course of time will surely be extended, that section, as it is undoubtedly a country with unlimited resources.

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