## The Evening Telegram．

## By Telegraph

 LATEST FROII TWILLINGATE． The Harbor Filled With Ice． OWNERS OP SEAL NETS DONG WRLL解 Twillingate，This Afternoon．The steamer Hercules arrived here on Satu day night．She succeeded in landing mails a Fogo，and passengers at Change Islands．
Twillingate harbor is full of standing ice． Twillingate harbor is fall of standing ice．
The Hercules could not cross the Bay，and
landed all her freight was ready to start for home on Sunday night，
but is still detained by the ine outside．It but is still detained by the ice outside．It ie
still doubtful whether she will get clear．Some $f$ our people here have done fairly well with eal nets，and prospects are good．Win
rom the sonth－west，blowing a light breeze． HEAVY WEATHER ON THE ATLANTIC

The＂Sarnia＇s＂Cargo Shifted OUEEN VIGOTORIL VISTITS PARIS Spain Preparing for War

What senator hoar wants Halifax，N．S．，Jan． 24. nadian mails，coming from Baltimore，met with fearful weather．Her cargo shifted causing a hes
Queen Victoria stays a night in Paris on ber way to Italy，to receive President Carnot． England a camp equipage and hospital store or twenty－five thoussnd men．
Senator Hoar has introduced a resolution in the Senste at Washington，opening negotia－
ions with England and Canada to make the ellend Canal free，and to construct a fre Lawrence，also freedom of the Pansma an

FROM CAPE RACE．
Cite Race，This Evening． nd weather dull．The brigantine＂Adaman ne＂passed inward at 2.15 p．m．yesterday． － Auction－frest beef ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．\＆W．Pitt
Autton－ber，mutton，etc．．．．．．．．．C．irt，Wood \＆
Auction－brandy and gin．．．．．．．．．．．．


 NOTICE
The T．A．Dramatic Company will pleaso
jund rebearsal TO－NIGHT，at halt－past 7 oclocek．
jant
AKE NOTICE：


 $G^{\text {OLDPENSAND PEN－HOLDERS，UNIQUE }}$ poons，Engagement ringe，Dress Ringe，an
 pectacies a N．OHMAN＇s，Atlantle Hotel Bull
deel 4
pg，Water Street． TEA NOTICE！BE NOT DECEIVED！


$\qquad$ CARD
WITIIAM OTAPP ofFICE：＂Telegram＂Buiding．

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS．
AUCTION SALES． o－Morrow，wednesday，at 11 o＇eloct
 100 Quarters Fresh Beef．
 6 cases BRANDY
5 cases CORDIALS（Cassie Wine） 5 cases GIN．

THURSDAY next，
on the whare of
CLIFT，WOOD \＆Co．，
50 quarters Prime Fresh P．E．I．Beef，
20 carcs Prime Fresh P．E．I．Mutton
TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION，



ON SALE，
At Brooking＇s \＆McBride＇s Hill，
HAY！
OATS！ （in bags
BRI
BRAN！
POLLARD CORN！ Cheap for Cash．and MEAL Thaveling Smimise GENT＇S SHIRTS，UNDER－CLOTHING， Sox，Ladies＇Waterproofs，Furs，Gloves， Fresh Arrival Mantles，by＂Assyrian．＂
C．MACPHERSON．
SWEFT ORIDGES NEW ONIONS， Winter Apples JAMES MURRAY． TO 工円卫， 1 Siite of Offices OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL BAN Postan Rempasan Vilit

 100 barrels CORN MEAL． 50 half－barrels CORN BEEF．
100 cases， $2-16$ tins CORN BEEF MeThe above is a very choice article，packed November 17th，188，by the eelebrated
packers，Libby，MoNeil \＆Libby．Choice sirticle for family use．Half－barrels $\$ 6.00$ each WNTER STEEET，

GEORGE E．BEARNS

## WE SLLL 幣 GENUINE

## Mont Bernard Tobacco，

4 －cts plug．：－： 22 －cts for 6 plugs．－：－ 45 －cts for 13 plugs INDIAN CORN，IN TWO－BUSHEL SACKS，$\$ 2.00$ EACH F．PAERNET日，
Special to Purechasers for Clasli． TIIE ．：．NORTII ．：SIDE
on the CrurencJ Question．
W WE GO FURTHER．WE：TAKE AMERICAN AND CANA－ dian Silver at old rates．We take American Gold and Paper and Canadian Paper at full value in exchange for goods． This will onable purchasers getting money from friends in Can

## BLACKWOOD \＆BLAIR．

James \＆Win．Pitts，捾 FRESH TURKEYS．陙FRESH DUCKS．

吥皃FRESH CEESE
泾 FRESH CHICKEN
INOW RRPADY！
The Newhoundland dimalaic for 1888

25 CFIVIS．
Fresh Baltimore Flour． now landivg， 500 BRLS．NEW，INSPECTED Baltimore Flour：
 janot， $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{p}}$ JAMES MURRAY


On Sale by Clift，Wood \＆Co． bris．WINTER－KEEEPING BALD
win Apples，packed by A．s．Harris，at hi FAT GANADIAN BBEF \＆LAMIB

## J．\＆W．PITTS

70 Quarters Fat Canadian Beef， 1 crate fat Canadian LAMBS，

White Star and Bipu． $=$ Superior Ex．Flour， 1 Special llyeting H．I．TF．SOCITHY

 $\boldsymbol{M}$. FOR SALE，

## Ino Building Lats

Cook and Scott Streets

MEAC C Marda BITERS． $\left.\begin{array}{l}50 \text { tubs Selected Townshins } \\ 100 \text { tubs } \text { Selected Kamouraska }\end{array}\right\}$ FRESH $\left.\begin{array}{l}100 \text { ，tubs Selected Kamouraska } \\ 100 \text { tubs Choice Morrisburg }\end{array}\right\}:$ ：CANADTER ： $\begin{array}{ll}\text { jan24 } & \text { of exquisite flavor，for ssale by } \\ \text { JAMES MURRAY．}\end{array}$ prats samic ilis． Grand Massucerade \＆Fance Dress Sxating Canuival．




 PRELIMINARY NOTICE． The Chrich of Eygland Temperance Society Tea Mecting M Futratainmit On TUESDAY，7th February， IIN ST．PATRICK＇S HALL． A＝－：Shipunent bARCLAY，PERKINS \＆Co．＇s
Imperial Inrahid Sout Army \＆Navy Depot，

## FOR SALE，

（1II）Dwelling House，




FOR SATE．


## 

## WILLIMM FFEWS, ITI WATER STREEI.

JUST RECEIVED, PER "ASSYRIAN", AN IMPORTANT PURCHASE OF CALIcoes, which we are offering at $5,6,7$ sad 8 cents per yd , trong and wide. Best vaivi The above goods are warranted to be from 15 to 20 per cent under regular prices. Ful lines in every department at GREALLY REDUCED PRICES during the winter mo
and reliable goode, at lowest prices, our Establiehment standa unrivalled.

WTTTTATMPH.W

## BUILDERS'SUPPYY STOME

Water street.

WILLIAM CAMPBELL.
Irimk the Ileallh-Giining Waiters! FOR SALE AT FORAN'S, ATLANTIC HOTEL.
Mineral: Waters : from : the: Chalybeate: Springs. De A Genuine Blood Purifier. A certain and perfeet enre for Dyspepasia,

Patterns for Grave \& Grarden Railings, \& for Crosting of Horses,


The Lavian Giaraxited \& Acieletif Campany,
nverewarat - THE WEDMORES'HOP

The Evening Telegram


## $\underset{\substack{\text { and } \\ \text { aker }}}{ }$


 FIRST TO CROSS AFRICA. Death of sulvia Prorto A Famous Portuguese THE latest mails from Earope announce the death at Bihe, in Africis, of a Portuguese mhose
name is congicicoons in the annals of Atrican name is conspicaons in
travel. Years ago, says the New York Sun, Silvia Porto had grown old and rich in the slave and ivory trade, and for more than thitty yeay ross Atricas from sea to sea.
About two handred miles inland, and almos directly east of the Portuguese cosst town of
Benguela, is Belmont in Bibe, the settlement of Silva Porto. Here were his large plantations Bihe natives pushed into remote regions search of ivory and slaves. in 1853 Silvia Porio decided to travel through the country from
which his riches were derived. With a large aras va he started easlward, and never stopped until he had reached the Indian Ocean. F
hundreats of miles he passed through whol huadreas or miles he passed through wholly
unknown regions, bringing to light many new peoples. Crossing many of the Northern tribu-
taries of the Zambeei, he passed through a large region that was known only through his travels
until the explorations of Capello and Ivens three years ago. Rounding the south end of
Lake Nyassa he reached the coast fourteen months after he started at the mouth of th
Rovuma River. For many years bis route and the native villages he sam were quite conspicu-
ous on the maps, because great unexplored regions stretched away on all sides of them. long jornes, Livingstone Teft Loanda, and
erossing Porto's path, reached the Indis Ocean, at the mouth of the Zambesi, completing
the second journey geross the continent. number of explorers wer entertained and aided their journeys by Silva Porto, and his treat-
nent of travelers agreeably contrasted with the shabby condact of many other Portuguese
merchants who were anxious to keep white men out of their trading preserves.
"I am an old man," he wrote to Serpa Pinto "I Im am an olill tough and strong. If you find yourself on your journey surrounded by peril,
wita all but hope gone, try to hold your own, and send a letter to me by the natives at any
cost. Within the shortest possible time I will FATAL FICHTON A TRAIN Man Killed and Several Wounde Whbinne, W. $\widehat{\text { Vas., Dec. 28.-A telegram }}$ Tom Charleston sasa a serious riot occurred o a passenger train on the Chesapeake \& Ohio
Road, near Hinton, Monday night, in which Road, near Hinton, Monday night, in which
seeveral persoons were badly wounded, one of them fatally. Only meager news is at hand,
bat the facts indicate that $a$ party of half a dozen men, more or less under the influenc9 on
liquor, boarded the train at Madeira Station not atiempted to take possession. Conductor Frank Atkisson shot one of the men ia the thenen. The brother of the wounded ma and sbot his tongue oat. Brakeman William Netherland was struck on the bead and disbody. - None of the names of the attacking

## A WATERLOOO VETERAN.

 The Rev. Canon Wright writes from Con ingsby Rectory, Dec. 8 :-" Another Waterlo reteran, Jchn Williams, of Chapel hill, neaConingsby, Lincolnshire, passed away on Wedneaday last at the adranced age of 9 , his birthday being on the anniversary of the Queen's accession. He was a native or Timberland, and enisted at Booton in 1810 . He served in Holland as a driver in the Rogal Artiliery, and subsequently before Antwerp, of Wasterloo. He was also preseat at the entry into Paris on the 7th of July, 1815 , and took his diecharge in 1818 . He was a steady, cheerful old man, and, I believe, a good Chrio cheorfal
tian."

Clare? We shall have a nice scolding from promised to be at the Wedmores' by a quarte

## Clare smiled faintly.

How horribly fagged you do look! Not een lanciag. These
'Are you tired?' asked Percy of Miss Grat n, bending towards her. the tone of his voice cunsed sharp thrill of pai o hear her pwn sound uer. She was gla
answered.
Not at all, thank you.
We have come too far along the sands my arm?
He said no moll right.
Gertie, called out to two other individuals was
ad apparently forgotten everything else in the
entemplation of a dead star fish; at all events
hen Percy's voice reached them.
Hullo, Rashton! come on, itt getting late
Thus addressed, the two defaulterg move
Towl towards the rest of the little gove
shoup
Their conversation, as they stro
after this wise.
(To be continued.)

CARD
WILLIATM CLAPP,


## CHOLGEBADWIN:APTH

On Sale by Clift, Wood \& Co.
bris. WINTER- KEEPING BALD-
win Apples, packed by A. Harris, at his
AT CAMBDIN BBER \& LAMB.
J. \& W. PITTS,

70 Quarters Fat Canalian Beef, 1 crate fat Canadian LAMBS, FOR SATFM,
2 Pair Curling Stones.
Molasses.
J. \& W. PITTS 35 Puncheons Choice
MOLASSES.
FOR SALE
ByDryer \& Greene, Mmun omin

## SUGAR

10 brls Crystalized SUGAR, 10 brls Graulated SUGAR.

By Dryer\& Greene 20 QTRS. VENISON,
Freight from Boston.
Brigantine 'PLYMOUTH

ON SALE BY Jas. \& Wm. Pitts, PRIME PRESH beESE. 50 prs. prime fresh Fowl,

## BISTON KEROSENE.

On Sale by Clift, Wood \& Co.'y Boston KEROSLNE Oil,
for sale b
DRYER \& GREENE,
APPLES, consisting of Spys Seeks, Emperors, Baldwins Russetts, \&c. 50 cases Siver peel Onions, Turkeys, Geese,
and Ducks. ${ }_{\text {jan5 }}$ Ducks.
Fresh Forls!
ON SALE BY CHIFT, WOOD \&CO.
Choice FRESH Pork,
ampuis Talley hamen
ON SALE BY CLIFT, WOOD \& CO.,
100 Barrels Chioice Hand-pickedil Apples

## The Destiny of Newfoundl'd Wollon Pourt,

LAND IS THE BASIS OF WEALTH!
 POTATOES AND OATS. FOR SAIEI



## ON SALE BY

 OAKPLANK,

害huxuix fire 解surance Compauy. sTABLISEED, A. D, ......... 1782
 Wivemw

 Pianos! brinsmean: Pianos!

M. F. SMYTH, 172 Water Street, Sole Agent for Newfld. The florthern esssurauce Compang,

## FOR FIRE AND LIFE

aphat Three mullou Poundes, sterting -

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { upon the revenne of } 1869 \text {. } \\
& \text { Life premiums in } 1881 \\
& \text { Life premiums in } 1881
\end{aligned}
$$ Interest $\qquad$ ${ }^{244,6663} 117$ 157,000

101000
 $\qquad$ 1010000

 THE OLDEST INSURANOE COMPANY IN THE WORLD

## Sun Fire Office, London.

[ESTABLISHED . . . 1710.]



ADLLADE CAMROOVS "sBanow love." By the Author of Dora Thorne. chapter xxi.
Woald the day ereer comed
reign in that magnificent mansion as its mistress? She would have been its mistress now, her busband still by her side, if it had not been
for this Miss Cameron who was loved 's slmost as much as my lord.' Would she ever stand there, arrayed in fine dresses and costly jewels,
the queen of brilliant fetes, honored, happy, the queen of brilliant fetes, honored, happy,
and beloved, her husband with her, and her and beloved, her husband with her, and her
heart at reat? If they lived to see Walton together, would he tell her the secret of the have told him of the line she had read in Miss Cameron's letter, and have asked him to tell
her the secret of the will-but she mould er the secret of the will-bat she would not
do it. That knowledge which he had kept from her and had shared with another woman must be voluntarily shared with her. said to herself, bitterly -' not mine.'
And then came a reaction. How could s be unjast to one who had given her such proofs
of his love? All that concerned him concerned her too-the secret was hers as well as his. ' I never sam such a one to dream in my hee!' said Mrs. Grame to herself; and then,
with a courtesy full of respect, she said that the lady had now seen all that was generally Anown to strangers.
'ady Ryles it very much,' sai Lady Rylestone; but her heart sunk as she
spoke.
She was going now; and, although she had She was going now; and, although she had
the pleasure of seeing Allan's home, she kuew that she was as far from the discovery she She thanked Mrs. Grame in the manner best
suited to that good lady's understanding. Th esult was a still deeper courtesy, and an offe to ${ }^{\circ}$ show the conservatories if the lady liked.
The lady liked snything that would give her The lady liked anything that would give her
the chance of remaining a little longer at Walton ; so they went through the long range
of glass houses, and Lady Rylestone was reof glass houses
warded at last.

CHAPTER XXIII.

| 8. |
| :--- |
| Wh |
| wh | ${ }^{\text {Wha }}$ fr

## 

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
p aickly to the gate. Lady Rylestone looked er mind.
'and no change will come here.'
' I do not think so,' rejoined Mrs. Grame we shall have a change here soon, I expect.'
' What will that be?' inquired Lady Ryle-
I have polite deference.
'I have heard that Madame de Valmy
oing back to France; and, it so, Miss Cat eron will make some change, I suppose. She will marry, or find
thing of the kind.'
News of Mme. de Valmy had not much
interest for the wife of Lord Rylestone She interest for the wife of Lord Rylestone. She
repeated her adieus to Mrs. Grame, and takrepeated her adiens to Mrs. Grame, and tak-
ing the short path indicated, made the best of her way to the gates.
her way to the gates.
She had seen Walton. When she heard of
it or read of it in the future, she could always recall the tall towers, the square towers, the grand mass of gray stone, the light gracefal balconies, with their twisted pillars and radiant Lowers. She conld recail the gorgeous roams,
the broad corridors, the picture-gallery, the library. It was all engraved on her heart and brain : she could never forget.
But she had no clew to the secret. She was returning jast as unhappy as she had come,
her unhappiness increased by the fact that whatever the secret was, it lay huried between her husband and Miss Cameroon. It was that Lord Rylestone had alwaye spoken of stranger to him-that $h$ e once or twice. How could that be, if they had a secret between them? The sharing of a
secret betokened intimacy. Why should we
have denied all intimacy? And yet she could not doubt him-she dared not. To doubt him
would have been to lose all her faith, her hope, her love, her life-to doom herself to
the most terrible despair ; but she resolved more firmly than ever that she would find out
what the secret wes. , Time will teach

- Time wil
to herself.
It was growing late in the evening when sh eached Lutdale Station, and there was st some time to wait for the train. She was at
first inclined to remain at the "Rylestone her was a prudential one.
I could not stay there an evening with my
not do for me to be seen, lest, when Allan brings me home, I should be recognized.' She preferred waiting at the station to sta ing there; but she felt that she must have
something with which to beguile the time and seep her from thinking, or she should go mad She went to the book stalif, took up a novel and looked through some of the pages. It seemed very interesting, and she purchased
it. Perhaps, after all, the turning-point her life was the reading of that story.
She soon became fascinated by it.
ing creations she had ever met with. She rea
the opening chapters of the book daring the irst stage of her return journey, and then the light in the railway carriage grew too dim ; she could not see to continue reading until she would go direct to Marpeth.
Rylestone went into the waiting room, inten
ing to read there until the train into which she
had to change should arrive. She soon be-
came absorbed in the fascinating pages. Sud-
denly with a low cry-a cry that died away on
her trembling lips-she laid down the book. A
great, almost terrible ides had
great, almost terrible idea had occurred to her.
The heroine of the novel, wanting to see a
certain will, found admittance by stratagem
that came to Mrgrite
she should do the same. Better anything than
grorance and suspense.
What a heroine in fiction did surely a woman
in real life could imitate-could and would.
she could by some means or other see the will.
It would be kept there-either the will or a
copy. She remembered to have seen in the
library a peculigr ankn
library a peculiar oaken chest; it was curi-
ously carved, and she had no doubt but that
it was the receptacle for all private papers.
If she could reside in the house for a time, and get the key, all would be well.
But how was she to gain admittance? She
would find out a way; the scheme would re
quire thinking over, planning, but she would
accomplish it in the end. Then she opened
her book and tried to read again, but she could
not-a burning fever had seized her mind;
she could not rest, for it was consuming her.
She closed the book, and went out on to the
platiorm-that was better than the four walls
of a room. She could pace up and down with
rapid steps, without any one thinking it strange
Over and over again, antil the words sicken-
I must live at Walton, and find means to
read the will;' and the thought was repeated in the throbbing of the steam-engine, the rush and whirl of the train. No matter what peo
ple said or porters shouted, she heard only the words, I must live at Walton, and find means
When the first feverish flash of the though
had died away, an idea came to her of how she
could secure her end.
Mrs. Grame had announced that Mme.
Valmy was going back to France ; and, fron new quite well that Mme. de Volmy was Mis as to pren's chaperon and companion. What on of companion to Miss Cameron?
The magnitude of the idea at first appalled
elf to it. People looked at her in wonder
She passed with rapid steps up and down the
platform, her beantiful face so rapt, so intent, that she neither saw nor heard what was passing around her. She started back like one
rightened when a porter came up to her and


## said-

is due nowt.' the train for Marpeth, ma'am
She looked at him with such dazed eyes that - There is something
thought, as he walked sway.

HEAVY BLACK OATS. On Sale by Clift, Wood \& Co.'y, HENY-: BLACK--OATS FOR SALE.
By Dryer \& Greene
 NEW BOOKS and NEW EDTIONS.

 J. F. CHISHOLM.

By DRYER \& GREENE,
Frosil Halibat, Codidish, Partriidgo, arctic mises.
FOR SALE, One handsome Double sleigh
 newfoundland Graving Dock

## st onder seteman






 and zazwav Natw $=2=$

 new sultana raisins. Just Reeeived, It thi Citity Alition Silib-Roinins, Sultana :-: Raisins,
 Bund and dher Smane JAMES R. KNiGith, for saie. By Dryer \& Greene, TURKIES, CEESE, DUCKS FOWLS and SAUSACES,

## A: Bazaar

HARBOR GRAEE JUNOTION IN FEB. NEXT.
 Iotian of Copartaratip. Tisw

The Evening Telegram. ABOUT THE BAIT ACT. More of the Party's Selfishness. AN INSPRRED MSTREPRESEMYATION OF FACTS.
The Montreal Gazette of the 1st ultimo contains a letter from its Newfoundland corres pendent, of such a grossly-misleading tone and
tendency as to call for a few words of comment. Perbaps all our readers are not aware that the gentleman who represents that paper
is the clerical editor of the Mercury. is the clerical editor of the Mercury. Such,
however, we know to be the ease, from corres however, we know to be the ease, from corres-
pondence and other evidence now in our pospondence and other evidence now in our pos-
session.
This being so, then, it will not be hard This being so, then, it will not be hard
to assume that some, as least, of our contem
porary's statemeate are inspired by the Gov ernment, in whose service he always manages to find remunerative employment of some sor or other. One paragraph of the letter in ques-
tion refers to the Bait Bill, and to this we shall direct our attention to-day, leaving his bitter and malicious remarks on the recent Govern
ment libel suit agginst the Telkeram, and other equally venomous and untruthful "pronounce-
ments," for a subsequent issue. He (the gent and respectable portion of the inhabitants of and carrying of bait to the French is to be stopped." This assertion we have no hesita-
tion in characterizing as a deliberate and wilfu falsehood. No one knows better than the said correspondent that all classes of the people of
Fortune Bay are opposed to the Bait Act. He cannot be ignorant of the fact that last year
petition against the measure, signed by almos petition against the measure, signed by ala sen on here from that district,
the Imperial authorities. that he has read Mr. Bond's speecise on sabject in the House of Assembly, togethe with namerous well-anthenticated letters from
his (Mr. B.'s) constituents endorsing and advised Act.
The Gazett's correspondent, we contend,
cannot plead ignorance to all or any of the foregoing facts, and yet he calmly sits down
and pens the statement, for a prominent Canadian newspaper, that " the intelligent and re Bpay are heartily glad that the catching and Bay are heartily glad that the catching and
carrying of bait to the French is to be stopped." What shall we say of such an untruthful writer Is his conduct in keeping with the vows he
took on the occasion of his ordination to the sacred ministry? Not much. Is he a credit to the community in which he resides? Well,
hardly. Is it any wonder that he hardily. Is it any wonder that he takes so
kindly to $h i s$ congenial occupation of abusing the Telegram and venomonsly
private citizens? We don't think it In another part of his paragraph on the Bait Bill the reverend correspondent write
Government are preparing to Government are preparing to enforce the
vigorously next year. Not to vigoroosly next year. Not to do so would be
an a att of imbecility. Steamers will be placed on the coast to prevent smuggling of bait, and
there will be strict regulations in the Customs." That this doubt whatever. It bears the impress of inspiration on the very face of it.
" Steamers. will be placed on \&c.! Yes, that's just it. Tha Bait Act is to
be a big job for a few politioo-meroantile monbe a big job for a few politieo-mercantile mon-
opolists. In other words, the people of New
foundland in general, and the inhabitants of Fortune Bay in particular, muat suffer because the Premier and s few of his friends have two the seal-fishery is gone, sud because the want to get employment for them at the ex pense of the tax-paying fisherman and the
public treasury. Already, we believe, the matter of a subsidy to the proprietors of said old steamers has been discissed by member
of the Executive, and we shouldn't be surprised to find two or three of these $\%$ ancient halks haunting the West Coast, like phantom sbips next summer, and scaring the finny tribe
from their accustomed resorts and trysting
places along the shore, out into deep water. places along the shore, out into deep water. informed us that the people of Fortune Bay were organizing and making other prepara-
tions with a view to resist the enforcement of the Bait Act. Now, we would suggest that al the distriets, north and west, organize at once, not ondy to resist te obnoxious messure men
tioned, but, primarily, to resist the presen universally-obnoxious Government. It is ab surd to expect anything but obnoxious meas-
ures from the men who now direct the public affiairs of this monopoly-cursed colony. corrupt tree cannot bring forth good ruis evils is a change of Administration. We want
honest, competent men in office. Otherwise
things will go on from bas to worre, until the shall ereet bis throne in the cirarket place and grin at our bankrupt traders and bare-armed laborers as they drag their emaciated limbs
through the almost deserted atreets, looking in through the almost deserted streete, looking in
vain for the wherewithal to prevent body and CHRISTIAN UNITY.

## Professor BLacKIE of Edinburgh neve opens his mouth but he says something, and that something, thongh oten whimsica, is

 that something, though often whimsical, is al-ways broad and good. On Sundya, the 4th
the altimo, he delivered a lecture in St. Cathbert'
Chureb, Edinhurgh, on "Christian Unity After devotional exercises had been conduct-
ed Professor Blackie ascended into the pulpit. ed Professor Blackie ascended into the pulpit.
He said that he would speak about three
wo words-unity, uniformity and union. He had not chosen a text, as he was not assed
preach a sermon, but to deliver a lecture ; and
he and theological discourse. After defining
unity as oneness, the lecturer remarked tha
the the complete likeness in a number of combined
units of the same composition and character was called uniformity or sameness. This oc
curred very rarely in nature, and always less and less as the range of creative energy rose
The sky-terrier-(laughter)- and the St. Ber
nard were of the same type, but of a differen nard were of the same type, but of a different
variety. The Englisman was prond and dig-
nified; the Scotehman was thoughtful, sober-minded,sensible--(lasghter)--the Irishman was
lively and humolous, the Frenchman vain and lively and humooous, the Frenchman vain and
wicked - (renewel laghter)-the German was
serions tive. In religion they found the same variety.
The Episcopalians had too mach the religion
of the clerical gentlemanship. Their form of
prasers cased humdrum and routine, and there was nothing more tame than the Episco
pal preaching. (Lavghter.) Don't lavgh a
that. that. The same thing occurred in the Presby-
teries. They preached right into the prayers,
and were sometimes preaching when they ought to have been praying to Almighty God.
(Laughter.) A good thumping sermon once a fortnight would be mach better than one once


 at the Holy Communion; thirdly, they wer
bound to administer baptism indiscriminately
for Christian parents; fourthly, they wer bound to work together in all missionary
schemes for evangelising the heathen ; fifthly
they were bound to take part heartily in all they were bound to take part heartily in
social movements having a tendency to $p$ mote the happiness and to elevate the
their human hrethren ; and sixthly, they w
bound to cultivate in every possible way
society of those of antary society of those of antagonistic persuasions
Now, he thought that was a bit of a sermon
(Laghter.) Why these things were not done Wes one of three ressons-either from offliaia
self-glorification in the shape of an excluaive
priesthood; or, again, it resulted from a weakpriesthood; ;r, again, it resalted from a weak
ness of intellect and narrowness of view which
prevented their distinguishigo the essentia
from the accidental forms that Christianity had from the accidental forms that Christianity had
assumed; or, again, it might proced from
some moral weaknes or corrapt motive, such
as vanity, self-conceit, or it might be from a as vanity, self-conceit, or it might be from
worbhip of form and fashion. In conclading,
Professor Blackie read several passagke from
the New Testement the New Testament bearing on the subject of
his lecture. JUDGE PROWSE AND CITIZENS KEAN
AND FOGARTY. A Claim that was Previously Settled, Tur only case of note in the Magistrates
Court to-day was one between Mr. Owen Kean and Mr. Joseph Fogarty. Seven dollars and eighty cents was the bone of contention be-
tween them, and how it happened that they shoold relegate the eettlement of such a paltry
difference to Police Justice Prowee difference to Police Justiese Prowse, considering
that they are near neigbbors, good frineds and
and usualy arink each other's health on Shelah's
Dasy, it would be difficult to determine.
The The plaintiff, too, occupied
Fogarty's bouses in Adel Fogarty's houses in Adel
and anway found him a
lord, as the defendant
found Mr, found Mr. Kean a good tenant. When the yeer-in right shape to efendant, and the
latter says that the settlement at that time
lim wiped off all seores between them, including
the amount now sued for. His Worship toot the amount now sued for. His Worship took
that view of the case, snd thought it was pretty
ticklish to decide as between two such litigants, tickligh to decide a between two such
yet the "itigante law of probabilities" (Justice Prowe
is a great stickler for the " is a great stickler for the "law of probabili-
tieg,") favored defendant that the claim was previousiy satisiled. He added that "he
he never gave more equitable joddgent
his life," Which is saying a great deal.


## CONFEDERATION.

## Great as are the defects of our trade system,

 they do not depend entirely upon the merchant,bat chiefly on the nature of our produce and bat chiefly on the nature of our produce an
the peenliar occapation of the people. The
whole trade is precarious-it is a lottery whole trade is precarious-it is a lottery in
which there are many blanks, and it is hard to insist upon any rule for it except what guides
the science of chance. The merchants are undoubtedly the most important body of ou community, and in the circumstances in which
they are placed, have, as a body, done their
part fairly and hon part fairly and honourably enough. Profit is
the very life, the first cause and final end of the basiness they are embarked in ; but while regarding that keenly, they have certainly
done more for the people and the country than any other set of men in the community-be-
sides the benefit that results from their busisides the benefit that results from their busi
ness transactions, they are ever found foremost among contributors to works of charity and
civilization. To them, then, I appeal as the trae arbiters of the question of Confederation
from the point of view of trade-Do they be from the point of view of trade-Do they be
lieve that the Union of this Colony with Can ada will injure them or their dependents
What one advantage they now possess can b
wrested from them by wrested from them by Union with Canada
Fhat project they may contemplate can b
frustrated, what course they may choose frustrated, what course they may choose to
take can be checked, by the interference
the Dominion Government? Must not ou countries known to history, be improved by
extension of dominion, byia the commodities by whicf trade is sustained, by
an intelligent and carefol examination of the an intelligent and careful examination of th
channels towards which it should be directed and by those guarantees of wealth and power
which alone can protect its honor and secure 1s sill open their markets cheeerfully to us which
would hardly trusi us at present, and inter-
on commercial treaties will be available from
which now we are precluded. To prove this I
have but to instance two facts-the one that Confederation, besides giving as a marke
duty free in Canada for our produce, and free importation of all comnodities from any par
of the Dominion we may choose to trade with -besides all this, will ensure for us a benefi
of Reciprocity of trade with the United States, a beneit we are now deprived of, and no
likely to regain if we remain in isolation an
obscurity. It won't pay for large countries t be entering into inter-commercial treaties witt Which has bat one species of produce ; and th
reason is that sach petty communities must ex
export to their rich neighbors concessions to thene such as are always con
tained in Reciprocity treatiss tained without the States, and the States with-
exist
out Canada, bat Newfoundland cannot exist one instant without dependence on food-pro
ducing countries, so the sooner she become part of such a country the better for herself ;
and unless her legislators and her people set
to work to forec from her soil all they require
for food, and conjure up somehow fleecy herds and busy factories to supply them with cloth
ing, unless they can do this (and I admit it
were better than Confederation or anything alse) all bluster about independence and ou
liberties is simply ridiculous. The second fac
that shews how our trade would improve under Union is drawn from the visit of
unadian Commission to the Brazils an West Indies a few years ago. We were no
represented on that commission, though its ob ject, as shown by the very report of the Cans
dians, was incomparably more important to
us than to any Province of North America.
Masian Magnificent concessions were made by the brilliant prospects of trade were opened ap concessions and prospects that would since
have more largely benefitted Newfoundland, whose name made such a figure in the report, if she bad been Canada or a part of Canada,
as shée will become by Confederation as she will become by Confederation. I have
no time to refer sceurately to the report, but it is in the hands of most of our leading citi-
zens, and it proves that Canads is prepared to exert intelligence and expend money (what we
could not do for the encouragement and ex-
tension of her mercantile interests.

PROGRESS OF THE BILLIARD TOURNAMENT. The billiard tournament between cues representing the Metropolitan and the Academia
Clabs was contiaued last evening on the table Clabs was contiaued last evening on the table
of the former, between Mr. Arthur Hiscock for the Meta, and Mr. Thomas Edens for the
Academia, the game being a closely contested one, Mr. Hiscock, however, scoring one ahead of his adversary at the close. So far, there
is cnly the trifing difference of 13 pointe between both sides, but there yet remain six
pairs of cues to play off before the final issue
is determined.

TWENTY-SVENENH ANUUAL REPPORT
Of the St. John's Athenaeum.
The committee of the St. John's Athe-
næum, in reporting the result of the opera-
tions and condition of the society, regret that tions and condition of the society, regret tha
they cannot present a favorable record the past year.
For the past few years the committee has,
in its Annual Report, been compelled to attention to the constantly decreasing interes exhibited by the public in the fortunes of
one general literary institute of the city. one general literary institute of the city. The
St. John's Athenæum has now, for the firs
St time for many years, to contemplate the fac
that the receipts for 1887 did not meet the penditure by f 43 . The canses of this condition of affairs may be sought for in a variety
of circumstances. The establishment of vari ous associations, having a mixed literary and
social scope, without the wide and more liberal social scope, without the wide and more liberal
objects at which this society aims, has largely rrespassed on our domain. The cheapness
of general literature, brought about by American printed reproductions of the best British authors, has been a secondary cause, which
together with the listlessness and indifference to the efforts of our most talented lecturers,
accounts for the deficiency in our excheguer. accounts for the deficiency in our exchequer.
That deficiency can be better understood by a perussal of the following figures shewing the
receipts for lectures and entertainments for

## 

 had on its platform the most distinguishedtalent talent, lay and clerical, that the city can boas
of, the nettearnings were only five pounds.
The gross income for the past year has been

 and Library has also been reduced from 339
in 1886 to 293 in 1887 . The latter item betrays
a greater danger to the stability of the Institu-
tion than even the decline in the receipts for
 recommending any radical coenge, but merely
take the liberty of suggesting the subject for take the liberty of suggesting the subject for
the consideration of the Society. In this con the success of the coming course of lectures
and entertainments, relying on the fact, of
which they feel flattered, that His Excellency which they feel flattered, that His Excellency
Governor Blake has consented to open the series by a lecture on the 30th instant. His
Excellency's literary reputation, of which the world of letters has already had a proof, apar
from tity colony, will be certain to secure a libera
patronage for our lecture hall this season. patronage for our lecture hall this season.
The committee have to thank the following gentlemen for their talented services on the
lecture platform in aid of the society, viz. Hon. Mr. Jostice Pinsent, D.C.L., Dr. Tait, and we andso tender the thanks of the institution to those ladies and gentlemen who so
kindly and generously lent their talents and time in the entertainments.
The committee have to
gret the death, during the past year, of Wm. Boyd, Esq. Mr. Boyd was one of the original founders of the Athenæum, and his conneetion and the want ereated by the loss of his experi-
ence and ability in the management of its ence and ability in the manageme
business will be very diffleult to fill. In conclusion, we earnestly recommend the consideration of its subscribers and support-
ers, believing that hothing but a vigorous
enlightened patronage will maintain, in its ency, the oldest and most meritorions in tation of which the colony can boast.
The accounts for the year 1887 . The accounts for the year 1887 have
duly audited and are herewith submitted. Respectfully,
HAS. BOWRING, f. J. FLANNERY, Secreto It was moved by Mr. Thomas Mitchell and
seconded by Mr. J. R. McCowen, that th above report be adopted
The following The following officers were then elected Crve for the ensuing year:-President,
Charles Bowring; Vice-Presidents, Hon. onroe, James Baird, Esq.; ; Secretary,
lannery, Esq., B.L.; Committee, Hon. Pitts, Col. Fawcett, G. H. Emerson,
B.L., James Furlong, Esq., John Pye,
Dr. Rendell, M. H. Carty, Esq., B.L, W. Halley, Esq., Thomas Mitchell, Quick Passage of the "Adamantine." Tee barquentine Adamantine, Capt. Clarke 10 Messrs. Bowring Brothere, from New York,
aving made the run in less than seven da and a half. This is, so far as we reme
he fastest winter passage by a sailing and is all the more remarkable from the fac parture, by an easterly win
so that her free running ti

MISSIONARY MEETING AT TOPSAIL.
$\qquad$
LOCAL VARIETIES
he first time this season; the thermomete
$\qquad$ young Harbor Grasece aree that the energied in chan
that, as the "Mikado" Fould observe,

