

J. W. GALLOWAY, TRENTON LABOR LEADER, ENTERS CONTEST AS U. F. O. LABOR CANDIDATE

West Hastings Agriculture and Labor Joined Interests in Big Meeting at City Hall Last Night—Intense Addresses by Farmers and Labor Men—Nomination Went Begging For a Time But Mr. Galloway Finally Accepts—Three Cornered Fight in West Now Assured.

A three-cornered contest is now assured in West Hastings with the advent of John Wesley Galloway, of Trenton into the field as the U.F.O. Labor candidate. Last night at the close of a rousing union meeting, of farmers and artisans held at the city hall, Belleville, Mr. Galloway accepted the nomination.

John W. Galloway is president of the Trades and Labor Council of Trenton, business agent and organizer of the Carpenters and an agent for farm implements. He is a capable speaker.

Never has such a labor meeting been held in Belleville. About three hundred representatives of various industries were present. Trenton was largely represented. Employees of Belleville industrial enterprises were prominent, among them men from the G.R. shops. There was a sprinkling of farmers.

Councillor John Henry Jones, of Trenton, who is also secretary-treasurer of the Trades and Labor Council of Trenton occupied the chair. He outlined the purpose of the meeting.

Mr. Galloway Speaks

Mr. John Galloway, president of the Trades and Labor Council of Trenton, the first speaker was warmly greeted as he stepped to the front of the platform. "We have had enough of this crush to feel that we are now free, after the desperate war. So far we have not seen much of democracy. We do not see that we are getting much representation. The two present parties claim that the platform of the farmers is very narrow. Labor finds that the platform of the present parties are narrow. The government should tell us something of our great minerals and products. Who is using them? Are the people of Ontario getting anything out of the mines? The nickel industry would be profitable to us if used for the people and not the profiteers. Many of the profiteers live in the States. They are trying to strip our country of its silver and nickel. One man has said neither Sir William Hearst nor Hartley Dewart know who owns our nickel except that it is the capitalists. During the war, 59,000,000 pounds of our silver went to the United States and much of it went to Germany.

The two political parties do not talk much on education. Instead of staying home, Dr. Cody was sent over to Europe for three months instead of working out new plans in Ontario. They do not tell us they are giving us free school books. We claim they should be free everywhere. What is the government doing for hospitals? What about helping the poor man entering hospitals? Should the expenses not be less?

"By the number here tonight, I believe you mean business," he declared. "The Government is trying to knife Sir Adam Beck. He comes out as an independent and like one of ourselves. You hear about cheap fuel. They claim we have a peat which can help reduce the cost of living. But the parties do nothing until the monopolists get control of these peat fields. All we ask is, that we put our shoulders to the wheel

and elect a representative."

B. C. Tucker's Address

Mr. B. C. Tucker, of Harold, a representative of the great farming class next spoke. "This is one of my first experiences in coming before a Labor crowd. I honestly confess, I am somewhat at sea. I am here as a member of the United Farmers of Ontario at the request of Mr. Hoover. I am not here to make any lengthy address. The farmers are not independent of labor. The time was when we were called the most independent people. In the early days the farmer made everything, even to his own plough, independent of the craftsman. In the home his wife carded the wool. Today upon nearly every tradesman the farmer depends. Today the farmer has no independent people. The farmer has never been equally represented on the floor of parliament. He has not asked anything. Only five years ago, the farmers began to feel their own pulse. They found they could not enter into any enterprise without breaking their charter. So the United Farmers were organized. All the capitalist interests opposed us very bitterly. He was not present to knock any party, but the time arose when the farmers had to object to certain measures that would cripple them. "We found we had no friends on the floor of the provincial house. We found we needed friends in parliament. It is our duty, according to our numbers, I do not believe, in class legislation but I believe in class representation. We have 50 U.F.O. candidates in the field. I believe the U.F.O. is fighting a hard battle. The U.F.O. and organized labor can meet on a common platform. Farmers need the artisans and laborers of the cities. These interests can be affiliated. You might just as well say it is impossible for the Grain Growers of the West and the U.F.O. to meet on common ground as it is for farming and labor, for the West is grain growing and the East is largely interested in dairying.

"The farmers have a great task to clear away, the transportation blockade. The Government is not going to give us these facilities. We have to get it ourselves.

"Today we are getting 12.50 for our hogs. We are called profiteers. What do you pay for bacon or ham? 47 to 55 cents. Why the spread? We are not getting too much for hogs, but the spread is too great. The trouble is party politics have played too great a part and we have been helping it. I'm going to put the blame where it belongs, it is upon the farmers and labor. A man is sent to parliament by his party. He is sent to parliament with his feet shackled and his mouth sealed. The blame is on your shoulders for you vote party. Only 15 per cent. of the people of Ontario are said to vote intelligently. The party machine has manipulated the electors, and got them to put their cross in the one place. (Applause.) The ballot is a sacred thing. If there are differences we put our shoulders to the wheel

(Continued on page five)

Morning Dispatches

INCREASED PENSIONS FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS

OTTAWA, Oct. 8.—It is now thought that the Commons will increase pensions to soldiers' dependents and wounded soldiers who are unable to secure life insurance.

PROVINCES MAY BE ALLOWED TO VOTE ON BONE-DRY PROHIBITION

OTTAWA, Oct. 8.—A bill was introduced in the Commons yesterday allowing the provinces to vote separately on bone-dry prohibition. It is believed it will pass.

STRONG LIQUORS TO BE PROHIBITED IN NORWAY

CHRISTIANA, Norway, Oct. 8.—Norway adopted prohibition on whisky, brandy and other strong liquors at a plebiscite vote yesterday.

KOLCHAK RECAPTURED TO BOLSK

LONDON, Oct. 8.—Admiral Kolchak has retaken the Siberian city of Tobolsk which was captured by the Bolsheviks some time ago.

LLOYD GEORGE PREPARED FOR STRIKE IN ADVANCE

LONDON, Oct. 8.—Lloyd George announced in a speech yesterday that he has prepared for the railway strike last February.

Victim Was Identified

Edwin C. Roth was Man Fatally Injured

The body of the young man killed by being struck by a train at Shannonville, has been identified by the Christiana Bath of New Hamburg as that of his son Edwin C. Roth, aged 21 years. The death was done in New Hamburg, Ont. and was a farmer and carpenter. He was unmarried and was a mute.

Dr. Yeomans will open an inquest this afternoon at Bickell and Son's morgue. The remains will then be shipped to New Hamburg.

Mr. Clinton Roth was accompanied to Belleville by another son.

The presence of a ticket in his pocket led to the location of his relatives.

Napanee Chapter Visited Belleville

Royal Arch Masons Had Great Gathering Last Night—Address by Rt. Ex. Comp. Henry Smith, of Toronto

Last night the Masonic Temple was the scene of a notable gathering of Royal Arch Masons of the City and District.

Mount Siant Chapter degree team of Napanee visited Moira Chapter and exemplified the work of the M.M.M. degree. At its conclusion the Napanee brethren were warmly complimented for their impressive and brilliant work. The team was headed by Ex. Comp. A. MacGregor and he was assisted by W. J. Jewell, A. J. Arkill, R. A. Beard, Chas. A. Walters, Geo. F. Tustin, W. A. Grange, A. B. Colwell, V. W. Bryant, E. J. Laughton, A. E. Clancy, F. J. Gunning, E. R. Robinson, J. C. Pennell, P.G.S., Wm. H. Boyle, Geo. Walters, G.S., E. J. Walters, P.G.S., A. W. Reid and F. H. Crozier.

A feature of the evening was the remarkable address on the symbolism of Royal Arch Masonry by Rt. Ex. Comp. Henry T. Smith, Grand Scribe E. of Toronto.

At a lively banquet at the conclusion of the work the evening addresses were delivered by Most Ex. Comp. W. N. Ponton, Grand Z. R. Ex. Comps. O. R. McCreedy, H. F. Smith, J. J. Farley, R. H. Spencer, Trenton Ex. Comps. G. B. Bedford, Stirling, T. E. B. Yeats, Stirling, H. J. Milne, Kingston and Comps. W. W. Anderson and Herb. Wrightmeyer.

Among the other visitors present were—W. J. Foster, Jas. Shurtle, Geo. Sprentell, H. A. McClung, J. A. Bristow, J. W. Waller, Jas. H. Redick, J. B. Little, W. N. McClung, W. W. Bonsteel, Trenton, J. G. Sprague of Mountain View and Thomas W. Solmes, Stirling.

SPORTING

This evening a large crowd is expected at the meeting in the City Hall to support a scheme of a permanent athletic grounds, and a baseball diamond in Belleville.

MEN OF BRIDGE STREET CHURCH HELD A "COMRADESHIP" BANQUET

Scene of Festivity and Companionship in the Sunday School Room Last Night—Inspiring Address by the Pastor, Rev. Dr. Scott, and Others—Schemes Discussed for Organisation and Work of Business Men's Bible Class.

A memorable banquet was held at Bridge Street Church last night the purpose of which was to cultivate a spirit of comradeship in the church and extend its influence to those not at present touched by religious life. The occasion was attended by over one hundred men, the elder and younger members of the church, as well as the young men, surrounded the tables which were laden with a great variety of choice viands. Mere man did the serving and arranged all the details of the program but it was very evident that the accomplished skill of woman was the power behind the ample menu.

Mr. W. B. Deacon, presided as toastmaster and intimated that a number of others would like to have had his job but he was chosen out of a field of would-be performers.

After the patriotic toast to "The King" had been enthusiastically drunk by the singing of the National Anthem, Prof. Staples sang with an appreciative interpretation that stirring solo "The Trumpeter."

"The Returned Soldiers."

In introducing this toast, Chairman Deacon referred to the large representation of young men who were at the fighting front in Europe from the Bridge street congregation. Fortunately most of them had come back and many of them were present at the banquet. He then called upon Lt.-Col. "Eddie" O'Flynn. Col. O'Flynn said that the man who deserved our praise was not the officer, but the man in the ranks. The latter had to endure the hardships. It was the boys like Arthur Johnson and Ted Yeomans, who had gone as privates and won their promotion from the ranks who should be paid our special tributes.

Arthur Johnson briefly acknowledged the toast. His response said that one couldn't go to church and feel free and easy. What he liked about the banquet was the free and easy nature of it. The returned soldier wouldn't sell his birthright, so to speak, for a greater opportunity. It is a good thing but it can be overdone. It didn't always follow that snap resolutions passed at mass meetings represented the true sentiments of the returned soldier. It would be a fatal mistake for the government to overlook such matters as gratuities and pensions and ruin the financial standing of the country. The right way to help the returned soldier was to place him in such a position as he could help himself. That was what the government was doing.

Ted Yeomans was accorded a great reception. He appreciated very greatly the invitation to the banquet but did not realize the advantage of being compelled to speak afterwards. He said that he had entered Germany. It was amusing to watch the German hurry to hiding places when they saw the Canadians coming, evidently believing they would be thrust through with the bayonet. They soon recovered confidence, however, and did all that they could to make the stay of the Canadians pleasant.

Mr. Fred Sprague at this point sang in his strong expressive baritone, "The Song of the Blacksmith" and was most heartily applauded.

"Our Church."

This toast was eloquently proposed by Mr. F. E. O'Flynn, the recording steward. It had been 33 years since he had joined Bridge Street congregation. He had since witnessed many scenes of this kind. It brought back memories of other days and of faces now far away.

Bridge Street Church, in the power and the ability to move the city and the district. He hoped that the lines of the members of the congregation would so influence those about them by their devotion and zeal for good works that Bridge Street Church would reach the position it was within its privilege to attain.

Rev. Dr. Scott, in responding to the toast, received a very real tribute of attention and applause. There was one thing about the literary, said Dr. Scott, it gave one a wide experience with men and conditions. From that experience one was disposed to generalise.

In the light of that experience he would say that Bridge Street Church was well "manned" but

ELECTORS OF EAST HASTINGS :

Ladies and Gentlemen,—

Having accepted the nomination of the United Farmers to contest East Hastings in their interest in the coming Provincial elections, I appeal for your support.

Who knows better than the farmer who render no essential service to the public.

Who knows better than the farmer who what the agricultural interest requires? Who better than the farmer can help correct conditions that directly pertain to his calling—conditions that all serious minded men admit to be the cause of the present wide-spread discontent, conditions that we believe to be remediable.

Women and men electors, think this out for yourselves—East Hastings is a great agricultural constituency. This constituency has a long parliamentary history. But in that long history no actual farmer has represented you in the Ontario Legislature, if we except one short term.

Electors of East Hastings your support will be appreciated and if you favor me with a majority, as I feel confident you will do, I shall do my utmost to serve my constituents and my country.

Faithfully yours,
H. K. Denyes.

and the producer often has too small a margin of profit, because of intervening toll-gatherers and parasites who render no essential service to the public.

Our aim is not to destroy but to promote good government. Our motto is "A Square Deal for Agriculture." We desire to advise and assist the government of this province to work more intelligently and consistently to build up this greatest of Canadian industries.

Rural depopulation presents an alarming condition. We seek by the building up of the home and the farming community and a more adaptable system of education to check this movement and keep our young people on the farm.

Profiteering must be eliminated or both producer and consumer will suffer. The poor man pays more than he ought to do for his goods

RITCHIE'S

Holiday Style News

That's of Special Interest Now To Thanksgiving Shoppers

Select your Thanksgiving wearables at Ritchie's and you'll have the satisfaction of being correctly gowned—Be it a Coat, Hat or a pair of Gloves you'll find just the proper style and material here and at prices to please.

New Coats

Many of them just here in time for the Holiday, all the favored fabrics, colors and style features, priced from \$20 to \$100.00

New Dresses

Serges, Silks and Crepe de Chine, Georgette, Jersey Cloth are fashioned into stunning frocks for your Holiday seeing and choosing. There is style here that will exactly please you, priced from \$30.00 to \$85.00

New Blouses

The styles are so varied and "chic" that a word picture of these new Blouses would not do them justice. Jap Silk, Crepe de Chine, and Georgette Crepe are of course the favorite fabrics priced from \$5.00 to \$25.00

Separate Skirts

In New & Distinct Styles

Dame Fashion dictates that separate Skirts shall be much worn this season and we show a select array in Serges, Silk Poplins, Satin, Jersey Cloth and Fancy Plaid novelty materials; many of them right from New York. Some pleated styles and stunning plaid effects. Priced from \$7.50 to \$35.00

GLOVES

And Accessories to Help Complete Milady's Holiday Wardrobe

Kayser's Silk Gloves, double tip fingers in the new shades to match your dress or suit, at \$1.00 to \$1.50 pair

Kayser's Chamousette Gloves, in Natural, Black, White and the new novelty shades at \$1.25

Children's Chamousette Gloves in Grey, Natural and White, \$1.00 pair

Kid and Suede Gloves for Ladies and Children, White, Blk. Tan and Brown, priced to save

Novelty Purses in fancy leather; new shapes and lined with silk at \$1.00 to \$10.00

Fancy Silk Bags in the new large shapes, \$5 and \$9

Handkerchiefs in a magnificent showing, either boxed or single

Fancy lawn handkerchiefs 15c each

Boxed Handkerchiefs 2 and 3 in a box 30c to \$3.00

Ladies' Silk Hose in Radium and Kayser qualities, all the wanted shades and novelty styles, special value at \$2.00 pair with other prices from \$1.25 to \$5.00 pair

Marabon Neckpieces at \$0.50 to \$25.00

Knitted Scarfs in black & white \$5.75

Crepe de Chine Scarfs in black, white and the leading colors \$4.00

Colored Knitted Scarfs at \$2.50, \$3.50 and \$4.50

The Ritchie Co., Ltd.

Store Closed Friday 2 p.m For Ball Game



NOTICE

To Automobile Owners Who are using Storage Batteries

We are prepared to do recharging batteries at \$1.00 each, also to do repair work on any make of batteries at reasonable prices, as we have a competent man in charge of same.

Winter Storage given prompt attention at reasonable rates.

McLaughlin Motor Car Co., Ltd.

Belleville, has a visitor in the Mrs. D. Hoover, from Gasette.

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from Gasette.

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO,

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W. H. Morton, Business Manager. J. O. Hervey, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1919.

THE FIVE-THOUSAND-DOLLAR BLUFF

The Brewers' Association of Ontario has hung out a five-thousand-dollar bluff to the effect that the Referendum Committee cannot prove that the beer of the referendum ballot is intoxicating.

This, it must be admitted, is very good tactics on the part of the brewers. The latter knew very well that their challenge was given at such a time and hedged about by such conditions that it would not and could not be accepted. It was also realised that to post up a five-thousand-dollar challenge would impress the unthinking, who are always in a big majority in every community.

When you have a weak case and there is nothing for it but to bluff it through or fail, it is well to back up your position by an offer to bet money. The larger the amount mentioned the better the bluff will work.

But this question of having beer containing 5.46 per cent. of alcohol legalised for sale in Ontario is not one that should be decided by bluffs or bets.

Bluffing and betting do not get us anywhere except into deeper stupidities. Questions of right and wrong and questions of what is beneficial or harmful are not settled by some rubicund brewer, who has made millions out of beer, posting up \$5,000.

Bluffs and bets are not just now required, but the question asked on the ballot does demand careful study and consideration. The beer mentioned in the ballot contains 2.51 per cent. alcohol by weight, which means 5.46 per cent. proof spirits. This is more than double the alcoholic strength of the beer that may be legally sold under the Ontario Temperance Act. It is more than five times as strong as the beer that is legalised under the new prohibitory law in the United States.

Is beer containing 5.46 per cent. proof spirits intoxicating? A unanimous chorus of the advocates of personal liberty will immediately answer "no, it is not." But that chorus determines nothing and establishes no essential fact. We have heard hotel-keepers of long experience assert that even the two and a half per cent. beer of the O.T.A. is intoxicating.

There are not wanting well authenticated instances in which persons of special susceptibility have become intoxicated by 2 1/2 per cent. beer.

Better however than guesses by uninformed laymen, or more or less prejudiced opinions by hotel-keepers or bluffs of brewers' associations is the exhaustive, scientific, impartial finding of the Judiciary Committee of the United States Senate which has just concluded a long and thorough investigation of the whole subject as a basis for the bill that recently became law to prohibit the traffic in liquor in the United States.

The official document giving the report of the Judiciary Committee's investigation and findings has just been issued by the Government Printing Office at Washington.

An affidavit was read from Dr. Harvey Wylie, probably the greatest food expert upon the continent, and president of the Pharmacopoeial Convention since 1910, in which he says: "Alcohol is admitted by all experts to be a toxic substance without respect to its quantity. A little of it produces a small degree of intoxication, a lot of it a very advanced degree of intoxication, and a certain quantity of it produces death."

The President of the American Medical Association, Dr. Arthur Dean Bevan, presented a sworn statement as follows:—

"The question as to whether beer containing 2 1/2 per cent. alcohol is intoxicating or not is not a matter of scientific medical opinion, but a matter of common knowledge and common sense. It is a matter of common knowledge that beer which has been heretofore sold in the United States, containing from 3 1/2 to 4 1/2 per cent. alcohol, is definitely intoxicating and that an individual can get drunk on a limited number of bottles of such beer. If, for ex-

ample, the ordinary individual became more or less intoxicated on half a dozen bottles of beer which contained from 3 1/2 to 4 1/2 per cent. alcohol, it is a perfectly plain common-sense proposition that the same individual would become just as intoxicated by drinking instead of six, say eight, bottles of beer containing 2 1/2 per cent. alcohol. There can be absolutely no doubt but that beer containing 2 1/2 per cent. alcohol is an intoxicating beverage in that an individual can become drunk on the amount that is frequently consumed."

An affidavit was presented from Henry Carter, secretary of the Central Control Board (Liquor Traffic) of Great Britain, in which he said:

"Beer containing 2 per cent. proof spirit equals approximately 1 per cent. of absolute alcohol. This is the line of demarcation between intoxicating and non-intoxicating drinks, including beer, in Britain today."

Testimony was received from many other eminent men.

The conclusion reached by the Judiciary Committee of the House was as follows:—

"That the word 'liquor' or the phrase 'intoxicating liquor' used in the act shall be construed to include alcohol, brandy, whisky, rum, gin, beer, ale, porter and wine and in addition thereto any, spirituous or vinous, malt or fermented liquor, liquids and compounds, whether medicated, proprietary, patented or not, and by whatever name called, containing one-half of one per cent. or more of alcohol by volume, which are potable or capable of being used as a beverage."

But more important than the question of the intoxicating nature of 5.46 per cent. beer is the undoubted fact that such beer is habit-forming.

A great army, half a million strong, of the boys of Ontario do not know the taste of habit-forming beer. Do the fathers and mothers of this province want these boys to become acquainted with the merits of the "beer with a kick"?

This "personal liberty" that we hear so much about is nothing more nor less than the personal selfishness of the men who acquired a thirst for the same "light" beer in the past and want to have the easy means of gratifying that appetite. A sober, decent, efficient citizenship means nothing to them.

The beer habit is more dangerous because it is more insidious and poses under the guise of harmlessness. But beer, like its more powerful relative, whisky, leads inevitably to the booze habit and to all the train of evils from which the Anglo-Saxon world is seeking deliverance.

The 2 1/2 per cent. beer, of the better brands, is declared by connoisseurs to be very palatable. It quenches thirst and is very satisfactory to all but those whose alcoholic appetites demand the hard stuff. Ontario has probably had sufficient experience with tanglefoot to see to it that it shall never again be legally sold in this province for beverage purposes.

THEY WANT THE BAR.

Do you, gentle reader, in your sane moments, want to see the bar restored to Ontario? You remember very well the old-fashioned bar with the bleary-eyed loafers, the unshaven, trembling sots, the loud-mouthed profanity, the maudlin brawls, the sloppiness, the dirty spittoons and frowsy odors.

An attempt is being made by the Citizens' Personal Liberty League to fool the people of this province into the belief that a majority for the repeal of the Ontario Temperance Act will not bring back the discredited and friendless bar.

These self-styled champions of personal liberty are engaged in a last desperate attempt to give them back a business that depended for its success on the weakness and cupidity of the human race.

They have deliberately garbled the words of Premier Hearst and are publishing statements that they must know to be unfounded.

The League tells us that it is engaged in an "effort to obtain sane, moderate, temperance legislation." And the League further asks that "non-intoxicating beer and wine be sold generally."

We will have more to say in a later issue about the "non-intoxicating" claims in reference to beer containing 5.46 per cent. alcohol.

They are delivering some very plausible lectures about the merits of beer.

The same crowd used to say, "Why in Germany even the children drink beer. Beer drinking is universal there."

But they don't use Germany in their argument any more. We have all seen what beer will do when universally used. Was there ever a people more degraded, more brutalised, more deadened to the difference between right and wrong than the beer-pickled Huns?

Make the brain sodden, render it by constant soaking in beer only half active and you have a being more akin to a brute than a man. Tractable? Yes, but never dependable.

No, we no longer hold a beer-soaked people up as an example of anything. And the League is trying to make out that the G.W.V.A. and the Canadian soldiers generally resent the abolition of the bar.

Just as if our brave boys were toppers so addicted to booze that they would be fighting mad if deprived of it!

They are even attempting to make of this a religious issue by representing that some denominations are against a sober Ontario.

They are nothing of the kind. A few men of all denominations favor a "wet" condition. But the great majority in all churches are lined up for sobriety and decency.

This isn't a matter of religion or sect or creed or nationality. It is just a question of decency and efficiency and sanity and good citizenship as against rowdyism and avarice.

Watch this Personal Liberty League. It is counterfeit. It does not mean what it says. Its title is a misnomer. Its intent is vicious. It dresses in the guise of liberty. The effect of its appeal, if listened to, would be to enslave Ontario.

INCREASING FOOD SUPPLIES

Already under the Land Settlement Act, more than 22,000 returned soldiers have been given assistance in establishing themselves as farmers. The Federal Government has granted them loans sufficient to stock their farms and provide working capital, while they have also been enabled to buy necessary machinery at cost.

Last year over 1,000,000 acres of virgin soil was cultivated. What does that mean to

the Dominion and to the world? If wheat were grown on that new land, and if the average yield reached 15 bushels an acre, the addition to the national crop would be 15,000,000 bushels.

But the average annual consumption of wheat per head is six bushels. Because of the preliminary work done by the Soldiers' Settlement Board and financed by the Government, 2,500,000 persons can be provided with bread for a year. Yet only 9,043 of the applicants are now on the land.

What will be the increased production when all the approved men are established? What will be the result when thousands of other returned men get a complete realization of the opportunity which the Canadian Government offers them?

So far the total amount loaned by the Board has exceeded \$26,000,000. In order to continue this good work and to fulfil the national promise to finance all returned men who desire to go on the land, many millions will be needed. For that reason, which in itself is conclusive, the Victory Loan 1919 is a pressing need.

There is no doubt about the sentiment of the people of Ontario towards the men who marched through Hell and got home safely. This Province provided half the soldiers in the Canadian Army and raised the bulk of the money for their comfort and support while they were overseas.

Now the Federal Government is selling Bonds that money may be available to help these boys on to prosperity. If the Bonds were without interest there would be a strong argument to induce all Ontario people to subscribe. But they yield 5 1/2 per cent. The investment is absolutely sound. The money will be spent to increase production and to maintain Canadian prosperity.

OTHER EDITORS' OPINIONS

THE CASE FOR PROHIBITION

There is no question that the present fight for prohibition in Ontario is the most epoch-making one we were ever called to face, and it is gratifying to know that the evidence in favor of prohibition was never so strong and convincing as it is today. In past contests we have been met with the statement that the advent of prohibition would mean ruin to trade, but so far we have not heard this old argument advanced once in this campaign. We have had prohibition and the dislocation of industry has not been noticeable. Then we have had in other contests to face the question of revenue. The liquor man claimed that if the traffic were wiped out the poor taxpayer would be compelled to pay some millions of dollars in extra taxes to meet the deficit occasioned by the closing of this source of revenue. This argument also has gone by the board, and it is heard no more, for the simple reason that the country has now had actual experience of the facts of prohibition and some of the liquor stories have lost all their usefulness. Business has not been injured but helped by prohibition; and taxes have not been increased because of it.

On the other hand we have found that the claim of the temperance men was well-founded, and that prohibition does empty our jails and benefit our health; it does increase all legitimate business, (save the undertaker's); it does give the drunkard's family a chance; and it does produce a more prosperous community. It increases production; it decreases disease and accident; and it brings no evils in its train; and prohibition does prohibit, not absolutely.

LIBERTY

Liberty is among those things which we hold most dear in life. It

Canada's Blue Book

The roll of Victory Bond holders is the Blue Book of Canada. It is a list of true blue Canadians. It is a list of red blooded patriots who desire to see their country cleared of its war obligations so that it may forge ahead.

A new edition is in course of preparation and naturally you will want your name included.

If you a year ago, when the pall of the war war still before your eyes, felt you could qualify for entry, most certainly you can do so this year. Twelve months of prosperity on a peace basis have passed by. Ahead of us there are countless forward-looking signs. To continue to march in good times all that is required, is the investment of the country's spare dollars in Victory Loan, 1919.

Victory Loan, 1919, will clean up the war bills, pay pensions, and promote prosperity. Patriotism, as much as ever, is the big motive in the purchasing of Victory Bonds.

Foreign trade must be financed if Canada is to keep going ahead. Prepare to buy bonds and purchase prosperity.

ly of course, and this was never expected; but it certainly does decrease drinking and drunkenness. It is true that bootleggers will attempt to ply their trade, but the amount sold by them is trifling compared with the former traffic.

So strong is the evidence of these things that the liquor men have wisely refrained from using the old arguments, and the Liberty League has actually disavowed the bar, admitting that the bar as it existed formerly was absolutely indefensible. All the talk of it being the "poor man's club" has been silenced, and it is now abandoned to its foes.

The main point of attack has shifted now to the matter of beer and wine, and the liquor men are pleading, desperately for the retention of these tools of the trade. They do not claim that wine is non-intoxicating, but they do claim that the "light" beer upon which we are to vote is non-intoxicating, and they have actually challenged the Referendum Committee to prove that it is. One difficulty in the case would lie in the difference of opinion as to when a man is really "intoxicated."

We have seen men strutting along the street with their hats cocked on one side of their head, stepping very high, and possibly talking very big, and perhaps offering to fight the whole creation, and they would indignantly resent any intimation that they were not perfectly sober. Beer produces drunkenness and drunkards; and it brutalizes men, as we found to our cost when we faced in fight the army of the greatest beer-drinking nation in the world. It is a big blunder to imagine that the bar was closed because whiskey made it disreputable; for all the obscenity and degradation, the wretchedness and crime, of the licensed bar, beer must bear its full share of responsibility.—Christian Guardian.

Liberty for what? Liberty to be selfish, to debauch mind and body, to waste the money which should go to home and family, to become poorer citizens and neighbors, to fill jails and asylums of the land, to increase the crime, to make taxes heavier, to degrade manhood, to endanger childhood, to lower ideals, to enslave self and others. What a false cry is theirs! Alas, that such things should be called liberty. Liberty is sacrifice and not indulgence. Liberty builds up but never destroys. Liberty stands for all that is high and noble and God-like. No man has a right to call liberty that which does not elevate and broaden, which does not make better homes and happier citizens.

No man can claim "liberty" to do as he likes when his actions affect others. He must be made to recognize that he is a social being and not a law unto himself. He must submit to the greatest good for the greatest number. As a writer recently said: "The world is now growing larger. The number of people in it is increasing. There are more people in the boat and those who insist on rocking it must be made to behave."

Let us not be deceived by this cry of false liberty. Those forces which do not uphold must find no place in these days when we are building a new Canada worthy of the liberty that was maintained only through sacrifice and death. Booze can have no place in such a nation.—Pioneer.

TWEED

Miss Irene Kelly spent over Sunday the guest of Mrs. W. Kelly, Marlbank.

Mr. Lee Shannon of Belleville was a guest of Stocco friends for a few days last week.

Miss Elsie Gerald returned on Monday from a pleasant visit with friends at Renfrew.

Mrs. J. Mulrooney left on Friday for Toronto where she will visit her daughter, Mrs. W. Marlin.

Mr. Farrow of Collingwood spent Sunday in town the guest of his sister, Mrs. Robt. Elliott.

Mrs. E. McGrath and Miss Margaret O'Brien of Erinville were week end guests of Mrs. Lenahan.

Mr. Wm. Collins left on Monday on a holiday trip to North Dakota.

Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Casey spent over Sunday the guest of Plinton friends.

Mr. Frank McGowan of Perth spent over Sunday under the parental roof.

Mrs. Ed. Rhodens of Belleville spent Sunday in town the guest of Mrs. Foy.

Miss Mary Delors spent over Sunday the guest of Miss Lillian LaBarge, Otter Creek.

Messrs. J. P. McCabe and H. Guay of Belleville spent over Sunday with Stocco friends.

Miss Berenice Cournoyca spent the week end the guest of her friend Miss Blanche Murphy, Marlbank.

The Misses Loretta Cassidy and Stella LeSage spent the past two weeks with friends and relatives at Plinton and Cherry Valley.

Mr. T. Wheeler of Ottawa is visiting his friend, Mr. Wilfrid LeSage.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McGrath of Belleville motored to Tweed on Sunday and also called on Bogart friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. O'Riordan and children of Madoc spent Sunday, guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Trifley Meraw.

Miss Katie Farrell spent Sunday with Stocco friends.

Mr. Jas. Meraw arrived home last week from overseas. He was confined to the hospital in England for several months but says he is now feeling fine again.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Kincaid and family of Roslin and Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Doran and family of Tweed were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dan Whalen, Stocco.

Mr. Wilfrid LeSage is amongst the arrivals home from overseas. Accompanied by his mother he spent over Sunday at Kingston visiting his sister, Sister LeSage, of the House of Providence.

Mr. E. Trudeau of Stocco who has kept a record of the low water mark in the Moira at that point for the past twenty years, informs us that this season the river is three inches lower than at any time since he began observations.

Mr. Thos. Murphy returned last week from a five weeks' visit to friends at Grand Rapids, Mich. Master Will who accompanied his father on the trip did not return and will make a longer stay in the American city.

The second crop of wild raspberries is reported from different sections of the country, due no doubt to the exceptionally warm September weather. A branch containing a cluster of ripe berries was left at our office by Mr. L. Healy and the fruit is equal to that borne in regular season.

Mr. Felix Rashotte, proprietor of the Ford Service Station, is excavating for the erection of an up-to-the-minute show rooms. The building when completed will have a 42 foot frontage and 150 feet in depth, but for the coming winter he will only erect a section 42x30. The building will be of brick and besides the display rooms will be equipped with an office, ladies' waiting room and lavatory. It will also be equipped with a shower bath and lavatory for the employees. The building will be modern in every particular and will be an added improvement to Victoria street.—Tweed Advocate.

He Inherited All His Many Troubles

But Found Relief in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Evidence from Cape Breton that the Most Deeply Rooted Forms of Kidney Disease Yield to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Red River, Inverness Co., C.B., Oct. 6.—(Special.)—That even the most deeply rooted kidney disease yields to a treatment of Dodd's Kidney Pills is shown by the statement of Mr. James N. Timmons, a well-known resident here.

Mr. Timmons says he inherited his kidney trouble from his parents and suffered severely from it for six years.

"I used two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and they did me a lot of good," Mr. Timmons states. "If I had followed on with the pills I believe they would have completely cured. I am always glad to tell others how much benefit I got from using Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Mr. Timmons suffered from many of the various ills that accompany any kidney trouble. He had rheumatism, cramps in the muscles, backache, and headache. His sleep was broken and unrefreshing. He felt heavy and sleepy after meals and he was always tired and nervous.

If you have any of these ailments you can be sure your kidneys are out of order or diseased. Ask your neighbors if Dodd's Kidney Pills will not help you.

New York Health Commissioner says the city may have to commandeer milk for sale to poor families. A survey of 11,000 families showed one child in every three suffers from lack of milk.

Cou

Oshawa Ch

Oshawa,

took place in Lillian May, daughter of Mr. Barrie street received from girl, along with near the fire caught in flames could be badly burned the hospital, she expired mother in flames, was hands.

Will Hear

The Board of Stenographers of Ontario at the Central tawa, on Oct. the application Brockville, men's Board, Ganoquo, the Trade, the Kingston Board der to restore between Brock which were d

Mental Cases

Reports received from quarters indicate that several affected recovering in and that fifty admitted to hospital have returned to civil life in H. Young, of the Insane.

Landed at Sha

Pilot R. H. Ormen, the balloon was in vicinity of Athlertown and the air with Shawbridge, 1,100 miles in Had it not been pilot was not have been to the The despatch of ens was brought which Upon down near there ed up and this morning. The ens said that U at 4.30 p.m. T newell and Do the Kansas C race, landed to north of Brock day.—Cork Times.

Will Photograph

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For Muskoka L

Irving G. Gil order for two m is M. Wilcock, erican Steel Dr who has a sum maris, Muskoka craft will be use a 26-footer, with a 20 h.p. Kern accessories, and family runabout with five feet of beam, will carry gine also full ville Recorder at

Murder Trial at

Peterboro, Oct charge against Russian, accused plicated in the k noff, another R the jury of the brought in a ve being out an ho Justice Sir Wil red passing sent er until the four nek, all charged been tried. The prisoner follows: accused of havi house where Ya were sleeping, a

County and District

Oshawa Child Fatally Burned

Oshawa, Oct. 7.—A sad fatality took place here on Wednesday when Lillian May, the five-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Temperton, Barrie street, succumbed to burns received from a bonfire. The little girl, along with others, was playing near the fire when her clothing caught in flames, and before they could be extinguished her body was badly burned. She was rushed to the hospital, but despite medical aid she expired early this morning. Her mother in trying to extinguish the flames, was badly burned about the hands.

Will Hear Application

The Board of Railway Commissioners of Canada will hold a sitting at the Central station building, Ottawa, on Oct. 7, at 10 a.m., to hear the application of the town of Brockville, the Brockville Dairy-men's Board of Trade, the town of Gananoque, the Gananoque Board of Trade, the city of Kingston, the Kingston Board of Trade, for an order to restore trains Nos. 31 and 32 between Brockville and Belleville, which were discontinued on Sept. 28.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Mental Cases Recovering

Reports received at Militia Headquarters indicate that Canadian soldiers who returned to Canada mentally affected from war causes are recovering in gratifying numbers, and that fifty-eight per cent. of those admitted to Cobourg Military Hospital have recovered and discharged to civil life. The Cobourg hospital is in command of Major Ernest H. Young, formerly assistant superintendent of Rockwood Hospital for the Insane.

Landed at Shawbridge

Pilot R. H. Upson and W. T. Van Ormen, the aeronauts in charge of the balloon which passed over the vicinity of Athens on Thursday afternoon and who conversed from the air with farmers, landed at Shawbridge, Que., having covered 1,100 miles in their long distance balloon race from St. Louis, Mo. Had it not been for a rainstorm the pilot was confident that he would have been able to reach New Brunswick. The despatch from St. Louis reporting that Upson had landed at Athens was brought about by a telegram which Upson dropped from his balloon near there and which was picked up and transmitted yesterday morning. The telegram dated Athens said that Upson passed over there at 4.30 p.m. Thursday. Pilots Hunnewell and Donaldson, in charge of the Kansas City 2nd entry in the race, landed two and a half miles north of Cardinal at six p.m. Thursday.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Will Photograph Prince

Sergt. Le Savage, of the staff of the Sydenham Military Hospital, has been appointed official photographer to the Prince of Wales when he visits the city of Kingston. Sergt. Le Savage had the honor of taking Queen Mary's photograph for the Canadian War Records in England last year. He is now X-ray photographer at the Sydenham Hospital.

For Muskoka Lakes

Irving G. Gilbert has received an order for two motor boats from Curtis M. Willock, president of the American Steel Drum Co., Defiance, O., who has a summer home at Beaumaris, Muskoka Lakes, where the craft will be used. One of the boats, a 26-footer, will be equipped with a 20 h.p. Kermath engine with all accessories, and the other boat, a family runabout, 30 feet in length, with five feet and eight inches of a beam, will carry a 17-25 Sterling engine also fully equipped.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Murder Trial at Peterboro

Peterboro, Oct. 7.—In the murder charge against Tom Konek, a young Russian, accused of having been implicated in the killing of Philip Yanoff, another Russian, on June 22, the jury of the fall assizes here brought in a verdict of guilty, after being out an hour and a half. Chief Justice Sir William Mulock deferred passing sentence on the prisoner until the four companions of Konek, all charged with murder, have been tried. The trial of the second prisoner follows. The five men are accused of having entered a bunk house where Yanoff and other men were sleeping, and of having robbed

several of the inmates, first shooting Yanoff. They were arrested a few hours after the crime.

Are Presenting a Petition

Dissatisfied with the proposed new schedule on the Brockville subdivision of the Canadian National Railways, the people of Westport and townships of North and South Crosby are preparing a monster petition to be presented to the Board of Railway Commissioners protesting against the arrival of the afternoon C.N.R. train from Brockville at so late an hour. Under the new schedule this train will leave Brockville at 5 p.m. and arrive at Westport at 8 p.m. The people of North Leeds are also protesting against a long stop at Brockville Junction to make connections.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

At Church for the First Time

One doesn't often seek for humor in a church, but the other Sunday a certain congregation was nearly thrown into convulsions of laughter. The mirth was occasioned by a small boy who was being brought to service for the first time. When the choir entered in its surplice he whispered audibly "Daddy, are they going to have their hair cut?"—Port Hope Guide.

Shipment of Alcohol

During the latter part of last week while travelling on the G.T.R. express No. 13 between Brockville and the Quebec boundary line, Inspectors Sykes and Tabor took into custody an Austrian who had in his possession a suitcase containing several bottles of alcohol. Austrian appeared before Magistrate Page and was convicted of a breach of the O.T.A. and fined \$200 and costs, later being confined to the county jail until the fine could be paid. A search of his clothing revealed a bill of lading regarding a shipment of machinery from the American Machinery Co. of Montreal to a Mr. Craig, Toronto. A telegram from the inspectors here to the Ontario License Board at Toronto gave the circumstances of the case and on investigation in the Queen City it was found that the supposed machinery was in reality five gallons of alcohol and other wet goods. The Austrian is still a prisoner here.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Bad Fire Averted

Early Sunday morning the village was roused by a fire alarm and a large crowd quickly gathered at the Pease's Company's planing mill. Messrs. Wm. Ploughman and David McGarvey were passing the mill, on their way to the river for a day's fishing, when they saw smoke issuing from the door at the north side of the mill. They quickly secured pails and emptied a barrel of water on the fire, which was just beginning to spread. It burned along under the floor for several feet and the flames were just breaking through when it was discovered. A line of hose was quickly attached to the hydrant in front of the building and the fire extinguished. If it had not been noticed until a little later the fire would probably have been beyond control and it might easily have been the worst fire in the history of the village, owing to the number of large wooden buildings close together and the piles of lumber. It is thought the fire was caused by some one dropping a cigarette stub or a match when smoking and it had smouldered through the night. Some claimed the discovery of the fire just in time was a strong argument in favor of Sunday fishing, but the same kind of logic could be used as an argument against smoking.—Marmor Herald.

Fire Plays Havoc with Frame Houses

The firemen of Kingston received a call yesterday to Stephen street, where two frame houses were afire as a result of children playing with matches. On responding the firemen discovered that 110 Stephen street, occupied by Mr. Whitehead, and 112, occupied by Mr. Vancoughnet, were a mass of flames. Hose were attached from Division street and Montreal street but all efforts exerted by the firemen could not save the home of Mr. Vancoughnet, and it was burned to the ground. The home of Mr. Whitehead did not fare so badly and part of the building was saved, but not without damage. The chief reports that the fire was the hottest that the local fighters have been up against for some days. It was extinguished shortly after six o'clock. The loss is estimated at \$3,000. The dwellings were owned by Mr. Robert Wallace of Kingston.

Released the Hilda

The Donnelly Wrecking Company of Kingston completed Wednesday

evening the difficult feat of floating the large barge Hilda, which went ashore at Stony Island about a week ago. Captain John Donnelly had charge of the wrecking operations. The barge was towed to Sacketts Harbor. The contract involved the salvage of grain and other property valued at approximately \$120,000. Eleven thousand bushels of dry grain were taken from the barge and 12,000 bushels of wet grain before the barge was floated.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

A Severe Storm

A short but somewhat severe electrical storm accompanied by a heavy fall of rain and a strong south wind passed over this section this morning between 12 and 1 o'clock. As a result of the rain and wind the sidewalks this morning were dotted with large numbers of brown moths, a rather unusual occurrence for this time of the year.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Presented With Signet Ring

On the eve of severing his connection as an accountant with Abbot, Grant Co., a position he has occupied for the past 14 years, C. H. Begley a few days ago was presented with an adorned and a signet ring, emblematic of the A. F. & A. M. and I. O. O. F. by the employees of that concern. The address, which voiced the regret of his associates over his resignation, was read by William H. Rothwell and the presentation was made by Ernest Barnhart. The recipient made a suitable reply to the good wishes extended.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

May build spur line

The Canadian Pacific Railway is said to be projecting the construction of a spur line from its Ottawa- Prescott branch in Grenville county to the section known as Crowder's Hill in the township of Edwardsburg, where there are extensive deposits of gravel suitable for ballasting. The spur line would be upwards of a mile in length.

Bayside School Report

BAYSIDE SCHOOL—Sept. 1919.

Sr. IV.
Gordon Ghent, Lorne Hunt, Faye Demill, Pearl Adams, Charlie Donaldson, Willie Mallory.
Sr. IV.
Lorne Donaldson, Elsie Hunt, Doris Forge, Helen Bonistee, Kenneth Down, Lela Mallory.
Sr. III.
Everett Jeffery, Evelyn Phillips, Nellie Jeffery, Allen Mallory, Gerald Hall, Irene Fair, Arnold Bonistee.
Sr. II.
Christine Peever, Pearl Peever, Fred Thompson.
Sr. II.
Cora Gardner, Edith Harry, Gordon Jeffery, Ormel Cheesebro, George Rush, Harold Bonistee, Howard Hall, Judson Mallory.
Class, I.
Blake Hunt, Alice Fair, Walter Down.
Primer.
Arthur Pine, Donald Rush, Eva Rose, Arnold Masters, Clara Bonistee, Earl Mallory, Nesbitt Kerr, Melvin Donaldson, Edith Peever, Hazel Peever, Inez Rose, Bert Down, Helen Jeffery, Nellie Demill, James Pine, Donald Castleman, Elizabeth Jordan, Willie Kerr, Donald Hanes, Mildred Castleman, Harry Forge, Albert Hall, Albert Yatenam, Ella Fair, Clarence Thompson, Mary Ellen Jordan.
Teacher, Mrs. W. J. Hanes.

Seek to End Basil Case

Famous Kingston Abduction Case Still Drags Along

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 6.—It is learned that defendants in the abduction case of Sister Basil against Archbishop Spratt would like to settle the proceedings for a sum of money much less than the award of \$24,000 made by the jury. The case, which has gone through the Court of Appeal, has been dragging for months, the plaintiff's counsel having issued writs of attachment upon the personal property of the defendants, the Archbishop and Dr. Daniel Phelan. At the time of the trial the case could have been settled for 10,000, but the defendants refused. It is thought some settlement may be made in order that the case may be closed.

MARRIED

YORK-MARTIN
Married at the home of the bride's father, Mr. W. A. Martin, 5th Con. of Thurlow, Sept. 30th by the Rev. J. S. McMullen, of Canifiton, Mr. H. Manson, York, of Camden to Miss E. Blanch Martin, of Thurlow.

Great Industry Comes to Trenton

Chemical Products Co. Takes Over British Chemical Co. Plans To Employ 500 Hands.

At last negotiations are taking shape relating to the resuscitation on a commercial basis of the more or less dismantled British Chemical Company's plant, which helped to win the war. If the people of Trenton grant the reasonable concessions asked the work of re-building and equipping the new plant may be started within a month.

On Wednesday Mr. Bruce, General manager of Briggs, Turivas & Co., the Chicago-Toronto firm that purchased the plant from the Imperial Munitions Board, returned to town accompanied by Mr. A. H. C. Heitzman, works manager of the Chemical Products of Canada, Limited, the new enterprise.

This afternoon Mr. Heitzman met Mayor Ireland and asked if the town would grant a fixed assessment on the property and works of \$200,000 (the present assessment) for a period of ten years with exemption on all excepting school taxes. Also, if the town would maintain a good road to the plant.

A hurriedly called meeting of citizens was held in the Town Hall this evening to consider the proposition and after Mayor Ireland had explained the matter, it was unanimously decided on motion of Andrew Shurrie and W. McClung to approve of the proposition.

Afterwards a meeting of the Town Council was held, attended by all members, and a resolution agreeing to submit to the ratepayers at the earliest possible date the necessary by-law providing for the special taxation asked.

It is understood that as soon as the deal is consummated, and the by-law is passed, the Chemical Products Company will require about 2,000 men on construction work, and that when the new plant is running about 500 men will be employed at first.

The Chemical Products of Canada Ltd., have headquarters in Toronto, and one plant there. T. E. O'Reilly is president, and it is understood that Robert Cluff, of Briggs Turivas & Co. is also interested. The company manufactures fruit chemicals including salicylic-acid, aspirin and phosphate of soda.—Advocate.

Brockville Couple Tendered Banquet

Mr. and Mrs. Dingle Guests of Choir of Methodist Church Last Night

The choir of the Brockville Methodist church met last night to tender a farewell banquet to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dingle, who leave shortly to take up residence in Toronto. The banquet opened at seven o'clock and was held in the Sunday school hall of the church. Mr. William Rhodes presiding. After full justice had been done to the appetizing viands served in faultless style at the nicely decorated tables, a short toast list occupied the attention of those present.

The first toast honored was "The King", which was responded to by the singing of the National Anthem. The toast to "Our Guests" was proposed in an able manner by Rev. Dr. P. L. Richardson and suitably responded to by Mr. Dingle.

Miss Mildred Mansell proposed the toast to "The Church", and Rev. W. A. Hamilton gave the response. The work of the choir was outlined in the proposal and response to the toast "Our Ambitions", made by Miss Hazel Seaman and Dr. A. E. Shaver respectively.

At this juncture a pleasing diversion occurred when Miss Anna Sheridan read an address on behalf of the choir in which the regret of the members at the departure of Mr. and Mrs. Dingle from town was expressed. At the close of the address Mrs. Charles Gray made the presentation of a handsome pierced silver curio to the guests of honor. Vocal solos were contributed by Misses Gladys Larke and Helen Gray and the event was brought to a close with the singing of "Auld Lang Syne."

Celebrated Her 86th Birthday

Miss Rimmington, of Madoc, received many gifts. A very enjoyable event took place on Friday evening, Oct. 3rd at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Emer-

son, Forin St., when the latter's mother, Mrs. M. Rimmington, of Madoc, who is now visiting there, had the pleasure of celebrating her 86th birthday. She was the recipient of many very pretty gifts and although taken entirely by surprise, she thanked her friends in well chosen words. Music and singing were carried on and a delightful lunch, prepared by Mrs. Emerson was served, after which all returned to their homes after having spent a very pleasant evening.

Sells Minnows for a Friend and Arrested

Well Known River Man Accommodates Game Protector and Then Pays Fine.

Alexandria Bay, N.Y., Oct. 7.—An unpleasant incident occurred here when George Chayne, a well-known river man was brought before Justice John Keeler and fined \$20 and costs for selling minnows without a license.

Morris M. Brackett, of Cape Vincent, chief game inspector for that district, came down to the Bay on Thursday, ostensibly to go fishing. He stopped at the Crossman dock, where Jules Gladd has a proper license for selling these small fish used for bait. Gladd was out on the river fishing, as there is not much business at the dock; Brackett not finding him went into the hotel to inquire for the bait man.

Clerk Haley, willing to oblige, hurried out bare headed and running across Chayne told him what was wanted. Chayne then offered to count out the minnows, something the men often do for each other, and took the change for them, giving it to Gladd on his return.

Nothing was thought of it until Edward Farrel, game constable, came around and arrested Chayne by Brackett's direction. There was nothing for Chayne to do but pay the fine, although he was entirely innocent of any intent of law breaking.

Unknown Man Fatally Hurt

Struck at Shannonsville by Train—Neck Fractured.

A young man of twenty-five to thirty years, whose identity had not been established up to ten o'clock this morning, was struck by a C.P.R. train near Shannonsville on Monday afternoon. He was hurled from the track. He was picked up in an unconscious condition, his neck having apparently been broken. He was brought to Belleville hospital and died at the time of his admission to the institution.

The man was wearing running shoes and was dressed in a dark grey suit with a belt. He had nothing in his pockets to show his identity. His hands showed that he had not worked very much and his finger nails had, had extreme care. He was a fine looking man. A punched ticket was found in one of his pockets.

It is possible he may have been an inmate of a hospital and inquiries have been addressed to several institutions. An inquest may be held.

Child Abandoned at Bonar Law

C.A.S. Authorities Are Now Seeking Woman.

On Monday afternoon, Sergeant Harman, of the police department, received a telegram message from the station agent at Bonar Law, stating that a month old infant had been found in the ladies' room at that depot. A woman had been notified at the station with a child and she was supposed to have gone out on a C.P.R. train to Montreal or Toronto. The authorities have a good description of her. Captain Ruston, of the C.A.S. went out to take charge of the child.

The Real Liver Pill—A torpid liver means a disordered system, mental depression, lassitude and in the end, if care be not taken, a chronic state of debility. The very best medicine to arouse the liver to healthy action is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are compounded of purely vegetable and no other pills have their fine qualities. They do not gripe or pain and they are agreeable to the most sensitive stomach.

Falling Leaves



Remind us that Fall is here and that reasonable merchandise should be sought. As usual we are completely equipped with the very latest in our line. Drop in and inspect our stock today.

MEN'S WEAR
Men's Mackinaw Coats, Wool up to \$15.00
Men's Leather Mitts, lined and unlined
Men's Working Shirts \$1.85 to \$2.50
Men's Fine Shirts . . . \$1.50 to 98c
Men's Wool Sox . . . 75c and 50c
Men's Overalls, black and blue—\$2.75 to \$1.75
We have also a complete line of Turnbull's and Stanfield's Underwear at lowest prices.

LADIES' READY TO WEAR
New Serge Skirts in black and navy \$13, \$12, \$11, \$10, \$8.25 & \$7.00
All Wool Sweaters, rose, emerald, mauve and blue \$7.00, \$6.50, \$5.50 and \$2.49
Silk Underskirts, all colors \$6.49 and \$5.98
Corset Covers to clear at 25c
Ladies Pique Waists at . . . \$1.98
Ladies' Winter Coats, worth inspection.

CHILDREN'S WEAR
Children's Coats, all colors . . . \$18.00 to \$6.50
Serge and Plaid Dresses at . . . \$10.00 to \$2.98
Woolen Tams, all shades . . . \$1.25
All Wool Sweaters . . . \$3.98 to \$1.98
Serge Bloomers . . . \$1.49

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT
BLANKETS
Nashua Wool Blankets, . . \$6.50 pr.
Flannelette Blankets \$3.98 to \$2.75
Wool Blankets, white and grey, \$13 to \$8.00 pair
Comforters, beautifully designed at \$10.00 to \$4.50

HOSE
Venus Silk Hose, all colors . . \$2.25
Silk Hose in peach and white 75c
Silk Lisle Hose, all colors . . . 50c
Heavy Pile Lined at . . . 35c
Children's heavy ribbed 75c to 35c

Heavy Wool Coating . . . \$4.50 yd
Pure Wool Serges, navy and black, \$4.50 to \$1.50
A few mill ends in Toweling left to clear at mill prices

Wash Suede Gloves . . . \$1.00
Middy Ties . . . 75c to 50c
Towels per pair . . . \$1.50 to 50c
Flannelette . . . 50c, 40c, 35c 25c
Pillow cases . . . 98c and 50c

We have just received a shipment of O. S. Black Serge Dresses to offer at \$9.00 for this week only.

McINTOSH BROS.



MINK MARMOT
Ladies desiring an up to date set of Furs giving style and appearance can get one at a very reasonable price in Mink Marmot. We have a beautiful set, the cape being trimmed with Hudson Seal top collar and the muff having cuffs of Hudson Seal at \$43.00 the Set
Other designs in stole effects come as low as \$15.00 the Set
Come in and see our stock as we claim to have the best values in furs in the city.

Joseph T. Delaney Manufacturing Furrier

Phone 797 17 Campbell St. Opp. Y. M. C. A.

CANADIAN PROSPERITY RESTS UPON DOLLARS

Credits System Necessary If Good Times And High Wages Are To Continue.

Canada has enjoyed a large measure of industrial prosperity during the years of war. This has been largely due to the demand of Great Britain and other countries for her surplus products.

Great Britain, with France, Belgium and other Allies, are prepared to place large orders with Canada for the surplus products of her farms, forests, fisheries and factories and the industrial outlook is most encouraging.

Unfortunately, the countries that provide the best markets for the sale of Canada's surplus products are not in a position to pay cash for them. Canada has to advance them the money with which to buy their requirements. This system is absolutely necessary if there is to be a continuance of the good times and the good wages which Canadians have enjoyed.

Canada provides the credits out of her Victory Loans so that her citizens who lend money to her during the present campaign are providing her with the means to continue her business activities. Canada's prosperity, in a word, rests upon the dollars Canadians put into the new Victory Loan.

Congratulation To Belleville

The Lindsay Warder joins with all the sporting fraternity of Lindsay in extending congratulations to the foot Grand Trunk team of Belleville on their achievement on Saturday in defeating the Harvesters of Hamilton by the score of 5 to 2. It was a great victory for the Central Ontario Leaguers, and should cinch the pennant for Belleville.

Manager Bradley of the Harvesters witnessed the Oslers-Belleville game in Peterboro last week, and was of the opinion that the Harvesters could win out, but he had to change his ideas. He still has hopes of turning the tables when the return game is played in Belleville, but there are many who have their doubts as to the ability of the Harvesters to beat the Belleville crew.

The sporting fraternity of Toronto and Hamilton have considerable respect for the brand of baseball played in the Central Ontario League, and it is some consolation to know that Lindsay Greys gave the Belleville team the worst beating they received this year.

The Port Hope Guide says: You can't stop those Belleville chaps. On Saturday afternoon while Cincinnati were beating Chicago for the world's championship, the boys from the Bay of Quinte were trouncing the Hamilton team and right on their own grounds, too. The score was 5 to 2 in Belleville's favor which makes the Ontario championship pretty safe for the winners of the Central Ontario League. Goyer was in his usual good form, allowing only three scattered hits.

The Prince of Wales' latest designation is "Chief Many Smiles", conferred upon him by the Indians of Lethbridge district when they invested him with the Order of the Red Crow.

County and District

Children Found Stolen Rifle
Some children while playing Saturday on the Separate School ground, found a .22 rifle and a quantity of ammunition wrapped up in a sweater and hidden under an old building. They took their find to Principal Rogers, who immediately notified the police. The rifle is one of those stolen from Allin's store Friday last and the sweater is claimed by one of the employees in the store.—Lindsay Post.

To Bring Colors Here
Mrs. J. Amos Johnson, regent of General Brock Chapter I.O.O.F.E., has been advised that the colors presented to the 15th Leeds and Grenville Battalion at the fair grounds here on the afternoon of Aug. 17, 1918, are now in Ottawa and will be sent here within a few days. The colors were taken overseas by the unit and deposited in Westminster Abbey, London, where they remained throughout the war. So soon as the colors are returned to Canada, a meeting of the I.O.O.F.E. will be held for the purpose of deciding where the colors will be finally deposited.—Brookville Recorder and Times.

Nocturnal Prowler Disturbed Poultry
Residents on William street south were rudely disturbed from their slumbers on Saturday night by the incessant cackling of rovs indicating that all was not well in several hen-coops in that section. Windows were raised by those whose slumbers were interrupted with a view to ascertaining the cause of the uproar in chicken-dom. Nothing was seen, however, although members of the feathered tribe kept up the disturbance. One resident thought he discerned a nocturnal prowler in close proximity to his coop and shouted to him to "get to bed out there." Sunday morning birds which had lost their moorings during the night were found all over the zone where the excitement prevailed, indicating that something in human form had evidently visited the coops.—Lindsay Post.

Speaker Interrupted
During the service in Bond Street Congregational Church, Toronto, last night Major W. F. McConnell, organizer for Leeds in the referendum campaign, who was delivering an address and discussing question one on the ballot, saying that if carried the bars would come back, was interrupted by a man in the congregation stating "That is not so." Major McConnell had with him in the pulpit copies of the act, also Premier Hearst's announcement on the same and with the minister of the church also intervening the interrupter was eventually silenced. Brookville Recorder and Times.

Struck by Street Car
Little four-year-old Louise Erster daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. Erster, narrowly escaped serious injury, if not death, at 3.40 this afternoon, when she was struck by street car No. 32. The car was proceeding south on George street, when the little one ran in front of it from behind an auto standing alongside the car. The child did not see the car and the motorman could not see the girl until a few feet ahead of him, crossing the track. The former applied his brakes at once, and fortunately the child was merely struck by the car fender and rolled off the track, she sustained no injury on her head but so far as could be ascertained on going to press, suffered no other injury. Mr. and Mrs. Erster live on George street, over Mr. Zack's drygoods store, opposite the accident happened.—Peterborough Examiner.

Given Year for Chicken Theft
Lindsay.—At a session of the County Police Court, Monday, County Police Magistrate Moore sentenced Nicholson, who was held on a charge of chicken stealing and offering same for sale, to one year in the Ontario Reformatory. The accused admitted the stealing of chickens at Mr. Frank Curtin's, South Ops, but would make no further admissions as to the extent of his thefts or how long he had been operating in this section. The sentence meted out to the prisoner will, it is hoped, have a deterrent effect on the thieving which has been carried on to an alarming extent in this section.

Moving to Havelock
On Saturday evening last a number of ladies gathered at the home of Mrs. Brand, Bond street, to say farewell to Mrs. W. A. McMaster, who is leaving town in the near future. A very enjoyable evening was spent by all, a dainty lunch being served by the hostess, assisted by two or three of the ladies. Mr. McMaster has disposed of his business here and located in Havelock where they intend moving within the next week.—Lindsay Post.

A Big Seizure
One of the largest seizures of liquor made since the O.T.A. was passed occurred at Smith's Falls yesterday when inspectors A. G. Sykes and F. B. Taber seized freight car No. 201640, which was intrinsically from Montreal to Yorkton, Sask. The car contained 130 large boxes, each containing three, four or five cases of whiskey, and 16 apple barrels,

each containing a 30-gallon barrel of alcohol. The total value of the shipment is estimated at between \$15,000 and \$20,000. The liquor was billed as being shipped by Bovin, Wilson & Co. Montreal, to the Canadian Pure Drug Co., Yorkton, Sask. The freight charges on the shipment which were prepaid, amounted to \$445. The seals of the car were broken by the inspectors who examined each of the cases. Later the car was marked "Seized by the Board of License Commissioners, per A. G. S. and F. B. T." and allowed to proceed to North Bay where it will be taken in charge tonight by two government officials from Toronto who were notified of the seizure.—Brookville Recorder and Times.

Slowly Recovering
Edward L. Place, a farmer of Searington, L.L., is slowly recovering in the Bellevue Hospital, New York, from the effects of anthrax, a destructive disease most common among sheep and cattle. The ailment, according to eminent physicians and surgeons who diagnosed the case, was superinduced by the use of a shaving brush, a microscopic examination of which revealed the presence of bacilli. About two weeks ago Mr. Place bought a new shaving brush and soon after he used it he experienced a peculiar itch about his face and neck. His neck was scratched and a small sore appeared on the side of his neck. The sore enlarged to an enormous size.—Port Hope Guide.

Small Boy Bitten by Dog
Does Peterboro need a dog catcher? Ask the youthful son of Mr. T. C. Long, who received a bite from a dog on Gilmour street Saturday afternoon while delivering his papers. The dogs of the city seem to have a natural tendency toward biting since their long period of confinement and it would appear like a wise move if the city council would reappoint their official dog catcher at the regular meeting tonight.—Peterboro Review.

Residence Entered, Articles Destroyed
On returning from a visit to Toronto, Mr. L. Crown, Cambridge street, found his house broken into and things turned topsy-turvy. On Saturday afternoon a neighbor on hearing voices in the house and knowing no one was home, went to the back door to investigate, but was just in time to see two boys running out of the front way. Entrance had been gained by breaking open a small window at the side of the front door. Nothing so far has been missed, but considerable damage was done to furniture, china, etc. The matter has been placed in the hands of the police.—Lindsay Post.

Guard the Children From Autumn Colds
The Fall is the most severe season of the year for colds—one day is warm, the next is wet and cold and unless the mother is on her guard the little ones are set with colds that may hang on all winter. Baby's Own Tablets are mothers best friend in preventing or banishing colds. They act as a gentle laxative, keeping the bowels and stomach free and sweet. An occasional dose will prevent colds or if it does come on suddenly the prompt use of the Tablets will relieve the child. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ST. OLA SCHOOL REPORT
September Honor Roll
Sr. IV.—Wilfrid Weller, Cora Reid, Christine Welch.
Sr. III.—Clara Welch, Albert Embury, Cecil Greer.
Sr. II.—Iva almateer, Eric Reid, Bruce Sargent.
Sr. I.—Iva Longmuir, Ross Palmateer, Fletcher Sargent.
Emma Ham, George Casement, Violet Sargent.
Sr. I.—Emma Welch, Harold Weller.
Melville Reid, Katherine Greer, Harry Ham and Kenneth Sargent.
Eddie Palmateer.
Eddie Palmateer, Eddie Reid, Raymond Sargent.

CARMEL
Our service was conducted by Rev. McMullen at 7 o'clock on Sunday. The pastor gave a stirring address on the referendum.
Mr. and Mrs. J. Pitman, also Mr. and Mrs. B. Pitman, attended the Parliament-Spencer wedding at Burr's on Wednesday last.
Mrs. Earle Prentice is visiting friends in our neighborhood.
Mr. F. Bennett, Belleville, has purchased the farm formerly occupied by Mrs. S. J. Clarke.
We are sorry to report Mrs. John Koman in very poor health.
Mr. and Mrs. C. Pitman spent Sunday in our neighborhood.
Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Gilbert visited friends in Belleville on Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Vandewater spent Sunday with the latter's mother, Mrs. Simpson, Zion Hill.

5TH LINE OF SIDNEY
Mr. M. Rose, of Madoc has been spending a week at the home of his sister, Mrs. G. Bamber.
Mr. Charlie Lake and who have recently purchased a new Chevrolet car.
Mr. and Mrs. C. Wilson and little one, also Mr. Earl Bird, took tea at the home of their uncle, Mr. F. J. Bird, of Wallbridge, on Sunday.
Miss Katie Hammond, who has spent several years with Mrs. J. Longwell, returned to Peterboro one day last week.
Rev. Mr. Kemp made some flying calls at this line last Friday.
Mr. J. Johnston has the poles put in, awaiting with the expectation of having the telephone put in his home in the near future.
Mr. and Mrs. Way from near Wooler, called at Mr. Lake's last Sunday on their return home.
We have been favored with some beautiful weather which has pleased the farmers during their sowing and threshing and silo-filling.

CROOKSTON
A number from our vicinity attended Tweed fair on Thursday. Silo filling is the order of the day.
Misses Annie and Esther Lancaster took in Bancroft fair on Friday.
The stork visited our vicinity and left a little baby girl at Mr. and Mrs. Robert Downey's.
Mr. McKinnon, Ivanhoe station agent wears a broad smile as he is Daddy now to a fine baby boy.
One of the employees in the quarry had the misfortune to have his leg fractured on Friday afternoon. He is a brother-in-law of Mr. Jim Mahar.
The county road men are improving our gravel road by spreading a layer of crushed stone over it.
Mr. and Mrs. McCauley were visitors at Mr. Henry Mullet's on Wednesday.
Miss Bessie Fleming, of Hazzard's Corners, spent a few days last week with her sister, Mrs. C. Demille.
Mr. Cottrell gave a lecture on the war on Thursday evening last in Guild Hall.
Mr. Edward Reynolds, of Chatham is renewing acquaintances in our neighborhood.

HALLOWAY
Mr. F. Spencer and Max J. McMullen had the silo fillers last week.
Mr. and Mrs. H. Townsend and family took in the fair at Tweed on Thursday.
Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Kelly and Mr. and Mrs. E. Lowery spent Sunday last at the home of Mr. F. Howes, near Carmel.
Mr. and Mrs. T. Eggleton of Madoc Junction, spent Sunday last at the home of Mr. S. Townsend.
Mr. and Mrs. S. Bird attended the fair at Odessa on Friday last.
Mrs. R. Kerr and Mrs. D. Robertson, of Thomasburg, were guests at the home of their brother, Mr. S. Elliott for a few days last week.
Mr. and Mrs. E. Hough spent Sunday last at the home of Mr. W. Wilson.
Mr. and Mrs. B. Lowery and Mr. and Mrs. Pacey, of Trenton, also Mr. and Mrs. Sine, of Frankford, were guests at the home of Mr. J. Lowery on Sunday of last week.
Mr. Spencer and Miss B. Spencer attended the wedding of their niece near Allisonville on Wednesday last.
Mr. and Mrs. S. Bird and Mr. and Mrs. H. Townsend attended rally service at West Huntingdon on Sunday morning.
Anniversary services will be conducted at this appointment on Sunday, Oct. 12th, by the Rev. Mr. Howard of Stirling.
Mrs. G. H. Rose and Mrs. Bristol motored to Belleville on Wednesday last.

MT. ZION
Mr. and Mrs. William Baker and son attended preaching service on Sunday morning last at King St. Methodist Church, Trenton, where a very powerful sermon was preached by Rev. Mr. Ellis, of Kingston, on prohibition.
A very small crowd gathered at our church on Sunday for Sunday school, yet in spite of the small crowd we were not discouraged for God has promised to be with the two and three who gather to worship Him in spirit and truth. After a half hour spent in profitable study, the Rev. J. Barnes preached, choosing as his text, Galatians, 6 chap. 7 verse: "Be not deceived, God is not mocked, for whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap" and also 14 chapters, 12 verse: "So then every one of us shall give account of himself to God" and the faithful work had something to carry home with them to encourage them through

the coming days.
Quarterly board meets at Wooler on Thursday evening next at 7 p.m. and at 8 o'clock p.m. a mass meeting will be held in the church on prohibition.
Thanksgiving services are held at Wooler next Sunday morning at 10.30 a.m. and evening at 7.30 p.m. All are invited to attend. On the Monday evening following they give a fowl supper which is 50c a couple. Come and enjoy the fowl and program.
We are having lovely weather and could not wish for better.
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Crews called on the latter's brother and his wife, Mr. and Mrs. Blake Way, on Sunday last.
Jack Frost has made the foliage very beautiful.
In this vicinity not much garden produce has been touched with the frost yet, but we can expect it before long.
Mr. Gunter have quite recently moved from among us and gone to Gilmore to reside for the future.
Remember the day and date of the fowl supper at Wooler Methodist church.

VICTORIA
Our anniversary service next Sunday at 10.30 a.m. and at Rednersville church at 7.30 p.m.
Sorry to report Mr. Frank Delong ill with la grippe.
Mr. and Mrs. H. Lamb, Mr. and Mrs. Stanton Fox attended Tweed Fair on Thursday.
Mrs. Frances Brickman and Vera spent the week-end at Mr. W. R. Weese's, Liberty.
Mr. and Mrs. Will Hubbs and family spent Sunday at Hilton.
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Allison, Belleville, and Mr. and Mrs. Everett Brickman and family visited on Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Weese.
Miss F. Roberts, Trenton, spent a week with her sister, Mrs. Norman Weese.
Mrs. L. Brickman spent a couple of days with her mother, Mrs. D. Vandervoort, Wellington.
Mr. and Mrs. Rae Fox and family and Mr. and Mrs. H. Pulver and family called at Mr. S. Fox's on Sunday evening.

NILES CORNERS
We are having lots of rain these days.
Mrs. E. Nease spent a couple of days with Mrs. C. Ryan last week.
Mrs. M. G. Thompson took first prize for flowers at the school fair at Hillier last week and presented Mrs. Ryan with the prize bunch of beauties.
Mrs. D. W. May and two children spent Wednesday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Dudgeon and two children and Mrs. Nease spent a recent Sunday with friends near Conseccon.
Rumor says that Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Clapp of Picton are coming back to the Corners to live. They will be welcome.
Mr. Ed. Clarke filled his silo last week.
The tomato season is about over. They were an abundant crop.
Corn and buckwheat also are good but the late potato crop is light.

FOR SALE
AT CANNIFTON MILLS, GOOD Stock and Hog Feed at \$5 per ton. W. H. Lindsay.
HOTEL FOR SALE OR TO RENT
SPRATHOONA HOTEL, TRENTON, in first class condition throughout. Newly papered and painted, largest and best stables in town. Owners are leaving on extended trip. Phone 17 or write Box 207, Trenton, on or before Oct. 25. 06-6td.1w.
FARM FOR SALE OR RENT—ONE hundred acres, 2nd Con. Township, near Shawanville, fruit trees, well watered, good buildings, good fences, fruit, fall plowing, new seeded meadows, 4 miles from Shawanville, close to school, churches, factories, mail at door. Apply F. S. Graves, Shawanville. 02-4tw.
FARM FOR SALE—100 ACRES. Lot 17, 5th Con. Township, soil clay loam, large dwelling, bank barn, good orchard. For further particulars apply John Latton, Latta P.O. 02-6tw.

1 BRICK HOUSE WITH CONVENIENCES, large lot and large brick bath, good young fruit trees, good garden, buildings in first class shape, good location. Apply to H. W. Butterfield, 136 Gtra Street, West, Belleville. Phone 340. 818-4tw.
97 1/2 ACRES, MORE OR LESS, north half lot 19, 8th Con. Township, one mile west Plainfield, 2000 buildings, well watered with creek and fence. For particulars see W. Fox, on premises, R. R. No. 2, Shawanville. 12 t w, pd.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT
Farm, 100 acres, lot 19, con. 2, Township, good buildings, well watered and fenced. For particulars see W. Fox, on premises, R. R. No. 2, Shawanville. 12 t w, pd.

STRAYED
CAME TO MY PREMISES, LOT 18 1/2 4th Con. Sidney, about July 22nd, yearling heifer. Owner can have same by proving property and paying costs. This notice is given under R. No. 2, Belleville. 811-4tw.

WANTED
TWO MAIDS—ALBERT COLLEGE. Apply to the Matron, Mrs. E. F. Speer. 08-2td 1w.

COL. O'FLYNN AND LABOR
Col. O'Flynn, whose candidature in West Hastings, is proving so popular, is a firm believer in progressive labor legislation and a square deal for the sons of toil. This is no sudden manifestation of interest assumed for election purposes but has been with him a matter of settled conviction ever since he began to devote his attention to the consideration of public questions. When he was a member of Belleville city council he was a consistent advocate of the rights of labor and it was from the wards where the labor vote was strongest that he derived his chief support.
If elected, Col. O'Flynn will carry on his battle for the working people upon the floor of the legislature and he will never rest satisfied until the principles for which he contends are embodied in the statutes of Ontario.
Here are a few of the things that he believes to be fair and just as between employer and employee and between man and man:—
A general minimum wage for both men and women to apply generally to all industry throughout the province.
The appointment of a permanent commission to enquire continuously into the cost of living in various localities, and from time to time, with power to increase the min-

imum wage to such a rate as will, under all conditions, provide a reasonable living to all wage-earners.
A law fixing the eight-hour day for all industrial occupations throughout the province as applied to both men and women.
Better inspection of factories and other industries where men and women are employed, particularly with a view to the protection of the women and a more rigid enforcement of child labor regulations.
A law prohibiting employers from compelling their employees not to enter into labor unions and a recognition of the principle of collective bargaining.
Insurance against sickness and unemployment, based on the principles of English law.
Abolition of imprisonment for debt; the increase of the exemption of married men's wages from attachment, \$25 to \$40; the revision of the list of articles exempt from seizure for debt so as to leave the actual necessities of home life.
Mothers' pensions to be administered by the Department of Labor, with power to provide medical attendance and necessities whenever required for the proper birth and up-bringing of children.

AMELIASBURG
Fourth Con.
Mr. and Mrs. Bert Bonter of third con. spent a recent Sunday, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Lout.
Miss Keechle, of Adams, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. H. E. Wycoff.
Mr. and Mrs. Roy Parliament and Mrs. H. M. Dolong were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Simons.
Dr. Fielding of Conseccon was canvassing this locality last week in the interests of the Hydro-Electric.
Mr. and Mrs. Roy Morrison and Mr. and Mrs. A. McConnell motored from Wellington and spent the Sunday, guests of their brother, Mr. Halton Spencer.
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Sager spent a recent Sunday at Victoria, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sager and Mrs. Margaret Sager.
Mr. Fred Weeks of Melville and Mrs. S. Murphy of Conseccon were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Wycoff on Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Carnrike took dinner with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kemp on Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Neville Gooding spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Aylea.
Mrs. Chas. Sager and daughter, Mrs. Thos. Price, entertained the ladies of St. Albans Church Guild on Thursday afternoon last.

WESTERN AMELIASBURG
After spending two weeks with parents and friends, Miss Lulu Rathbun left for Utica, N.Y., on Oct. 2nd for another year.
Dishing potatoes and cutting buckwheat seems the order of the day.
Mr. Henry Rathbun is gaining slowly after his fall and is able to do light work again.
Mr. and Mrs. N. Gooding, fourth con., spent Sunday with Mr. Morris Aylea's.
Mr. and Mrs. W. Aylea also Earl Rathbun took in Rally Service at Adams Sunday school.
Mr. and Mrs. H. Rathbun took dinner with Mr. W. Stoneburg's on Sunday and went to Victoria church in the afternoon.
Mr. and Mrs. John Gibson and Mr. and Mrs. Norris Gibson attended Warkworth Fair on Friday.

WEST HUNTINGDON
Mrs. (Rev.) McQuade returned home on Saturday after being at the bedside of her father at Smithfield.
Mr. E. Snider and Mr. Jas. S. Wilcox motored to Shawanville on their way to the rally meeting at the M.S. branch Snider went as our delegate.
Mrs. M. Wright received a wire message saying her son, Clayton, is gaining nicely.
Mrs. Mills Reid is still confined to her bed.
Mr. Sandy McCurdy raised his new barn on Tuesday.
Mrs. W. H. Wilson took a trip to Brighton to visit Rev. E. E. Howard and other friends.
Mr. and Mrs. Jas. G. visited at Mr. J. J. Wilson's on Sunday.
Quite a number took in Tweed Fair.

Mr. Joseph Fringe returned home to Madoc on Friday after spending a couple of weeks with his daughter Mrs. George Fox, at Sunnyside Farm. Our school was well represented at Hillier school fair on Tuesday.
Mr. A. Brewer, Picton, is moving back to his farm, Picton.
A number from here attended the S. S. Rally at Crofton, Oct. 5th.
We are sorry that owing to the rain, the Temperance service at Allisonville was not so well attended as it would have been. Every one rally in the interests of prohibition, and we have a decidedly poor opinion of any newspaper who for a few paltry dollars, would publish advertisements for the "Citizens Liberty League"—Liberty to enslave themselves and others.
Mr. Percy Parliament, Mountain View, and Miss Myrtle Spencer, were married at the home of the brides parents, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Spencer last Wednesday.
A large crowd witnessed the play "The Last Word" given at Roblin's Mills on Wednesday night and were highly pleased with the performance. They will repeat it at Hillier on Friday night.
The weeks visitors—Mrs. Isaac Clarke, and Sam at Conseccon on Tuesday.

AMELIASBURG
P. E. County.
Mr. and Mrs. Derry, also Mr. and Mrs. Reddick of Trenton, spent Sunday at Mr. Charlie Scott's.
Mr. and Mrs. Morley Scott took tea on Sunday night at Mr. Egbert Sine's.
Mr. and Mrs. N. Innis of Trenton were guests at Mr. Robert Smith's on Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. R. Casement and Mrs. F. Foster of Frankford visited at Mr. eGo. Bell's recently.
Mr. Stanley Beatty of Toronto spent a few days with his brother, Mr. Nelson Beatty.
Mrs. C. Scott had the misfortune to fall and sprain her ankle on Monday.

FRANKFORD.
Mr. J. M. Bell has purchased the stock on Front street from Mrs. John Chapman.
We are pleased to see our young Dr. Jack Simmons is getting his office ready to start practice in his home town. We wish him success in his Medical Work.
A few from town took in the excursion to Bancroft on Friday.
Mr. Walter Rogers has been busy part of the week putting in cement walks and other work for Mr. S. Badgley.
There was a large number from town in attendance at the Warkworth Fair on Friday. The day was ideal and the exhibit of a high class and all seemed to enjoy the day.
The wedding of Mr. Ed. Ketcheson and Miss Gladys Clarke, was quietly solemnized in Trinity Church by Rev. E. F. Evers on Saturday morning. They were unattended. The bride was given away by her brother-in-law, Mr. D. Macrosie. Only the immediate relatives witnessed the ceremony. The bride and groom motored to Cobourg and Toronto, also taking in Niagara Falls, and other American cities. On their return they will reside in town. We extend congratulations for a happy and prosperous wedded life.
Mr. and Mrs. G. N. Simmons and mother of Belleville, were in town on Saturday afternoon, a very interesting meeting was held.
Miss Maggie Bowen spent a few days with her cousin, Mrs. Graham and other friends in Trenton.
The usual services were held in the different Churches as follows: St. Francis, mass at 9 a.m., Trinity, 11 a.m., Methodist, 10.30 a.m. and 7.30 p.m.

BURR'S.
A very sudden death occurred in our town on Sunday night, when Mrs. Alex Paris, passed away. She was only ill about two hours. All that medical aid could do was done for her but she passed away about 7.30 p.m.
Jas Batstone of Stirling spent Saturday with his friend Cecil Sarges.

Mr. Joseph Fringe returned home to Madoc on Friday after spending a couple of weeks with his daughter Mrs. George Fox, at Sunnyside Farm. Our school was well represented at Hillier school fair on Tuesday.
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The weeks visitors—Mrs. Isaac Clarke, and Sam at Conseccon on Tuesday.

SIXTH OF SIDNEY
Rev. Mr. Denny of Toronto occupied the pulpit on Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Brummell spent Sunday in Trenton.
Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Lott and Mr.

and Mrs. C. Demille spent Sunday in P. E. County.
Mr. and Mrs. Derry, also Mr. and Mrs. Reddick of Trenton, spent Sunday at Mr. Charlie Scott's.
Mr. and Mrs. Morley Scott took tea on Sunday night at Mr. Egbert Sine's.
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Mrs. C. Scott had the misfortune to fall and sprain her ankle on Monday.

Tuesday.
Mrs. Wash Pyne, and Little Alice at B. Salisbury, Crofton, on Thursday.
Mr. and Mrs. Ray Humphrey and Little Rosabel, at G. Phillips' Cherry Valley, Saturday and Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Carter, and Little Frank, at Mr. Frank Carter's on Sunday.
Mr. J. W. Snider, Toronto, visiting J. R. Marvin.
Mr. and Mrs. Harold Noxon, at D. S. Doolittle's on Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. George Fox and Howard at J. R. Marvin's on Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hazzard, Mass asaga, at Mr. Herb. Brason's on Sunday.
Mr. and Mrs. Murray Parks at Wellington on Sunday.
Clarence Hough, Hillier, over Sunday at his home here.
Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Hough accompanied Mr. and Mrs. G. Hough, Demorestville, on a motor trip to visit relatives at Holloway, on Sunday.
Miss Myrna McHenry, New York, at home last week with her parents Mr. and Mrs. C. McHenry.

GRAVEL ROAD.
We are glad to report that Raymond Brickley, who underwent a serious operation at Hotel Dieu Kingston, on Wednesday last, in doing nicely at the time of writing. His brother Harry of Detroit, accompanied him to Kingston.
Mr. and Mrs. Doyle and baby spent Sunday 28th, at Mr. J. Fahey, Westport, spent a few days with her father Mr. J. Campbell.
Miss M. McAlphine, Maynooth, with her uncle, Mr. Pat McAlphine.
Mrs. Zellor, Cleveland, is visiting her sister Mrs. W. Fanel.
Messrs. J. Topping, F. Mowbray, F. D. Oliver, and E. Clarke, and wives spent Sunday eve with Mr. and Mrs. J. P. O'Sullivan.
It is reported Mr. and Mrs. W. Cassidy intend moving to Belleville. Quite a few improvements are to be made at School No. 7.
Mr. and Mrs. J. Topping spent Sunday at Dan Jayne's, near Napanee.
Miss Marie Stack is the guest of her aunt and uncle, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stack. The latter having just returned from a trip to the coast.

THIRD LINE THURLOW.
Tilling Silas and Threshing are the order of the day. Not enough rain for plowing yet. Considerable fall wheat has been sown in this section.
On Tuesday evening a large number of friends and neighbours met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hamilton, very cordially to express their good will and best wishes. After a short time the gathering was called to order by Rev. Mr. McMullen when Mrs. Wm. Badgley read a fine address and presented Mrs. Hamilton with a library table for her kindness in filling the position as organist for many years both in the Third Line and Bethany Churches a good programme consisting of speeches, readings and music, was given. After which a tasty luncheon was served altogether a very enjoyable evening was spent together. Last Sunday we were favored at Bethany Church with a grand address, by Rev. Mr. Elliot Baptist Minister of Toronto, whose theme in the Referendum vote which takes place Oct. 20th.
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Liddall and Mr. and Mrs. A. Rutan took dinner at Ureger Young Yatenam on Sunday.
Don't forget the fowl supper to be held in Cannifton on Friday evening Oct. 10th for our young soldiers. Col. Ponton will occupy the chair. Mr. and Mrs. attended the Madoc Fair.

Young Boys Drunk in Kingston
Two young boys, evidently bent on a celebration, managed to get a keg of beer on Saturday night and together with several other chums proceeded to "start something." The result was two of them became intoxicated and this morning appeared before Magistrate Farrell. They were remanded for a day. Joseph Thornton, who last Monday was charged with vagrancy, was again before the magistrate this morning and was given another remand for a week.

Mr. W. S. J. liberately. "Mo as a farmer. I The history of history of race and always will by Government the bandage in bondage today, age, that is Ju of the black race today are not a square deal.
"There are parties who care and agriculture wonder. The scarcely anything the producer, we Can you tell me a strike threatens bacon at 65c?"

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Mr. W. S. J. liberately. "Mo

Q. & R. Clothes

A Good Fit

does not rest merely with finding an Overcoat or a Suit "your size." To secure smart appearance and a tasteful effect, the clothes you wear must "round out" your personality, melt into your own figure so to speak.

Q. & R. Clothes

are the result of painstaking effort to give the highest development of good tailoring, good materials, and careful finish. In these stylish clothes are embodied a variety of models well calculated to provide for men of every age, the particular cut best suited to individual needs.

We are now showing the new season's styles \$15.00 to \$55.00

Quick & Robertson

J. W. Galloway, Trenton Labor Leader

(continued from page 1)

between agriculture and labor, they are not vital. Send me to parliament, which is clear straight thinkers, not tied to parties, but bound to do their duty to the artisans, the farmers, the manufacturers, (we have a place for the manufacturers).

Mr. W. S. Jones spoke very deliberately. "Most of my life I spent as a farmer. I was born on a farm. The history of the world has been a history of reform. There have been and always will be abuses of power by government."

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Ballot is Labor's Weapon. "We have been told the only weapon of labor is the strike. We have another which we have not used—the ballot. People say, what does labor want? Some are afraid of labor. I'm not a radical. We want our rights. We don't want to crowd the other fellow out of his. We want our representatives to put our condition before the people. When a strike threatens, governments sit up, promise relief from high cost of living, a commission is appointed. They start in on hogs. (I mean the four leg hog.) (Laughter.) But the fellow that stands up escapes. What farmer is making profits like those of the abattoirs, packing companies, the milling industry and the textile companies. The packing companies of the United States have an interest in 200 lines of trade. They are reaching out of the cost of living. The price of living commission goes after the farmer. But he is only getting enough to pay off the mortgage. When hogs dropped in the States from 24c to 17c, who got the profits—the abattoirs and packing companies. The price of ham and pork does not come down. I just bought a pound of bacon last night and I paid 60c."

Produce to Pay War Debt.

Mr. Riley, of East Northumberland, next called on, said: "I'm one of the laborers who wear the overalls on the farm. I wish you well. We are all interested in bringing down the cost of living. Somebody between us is making enormous profits. It has been shown that the man that cuts up meat makes more than the farmer, the railroad and others all together. We are in

a financial stress. There is a great debt to be paid. We have no interest. We must get out of this interest to pay the debt. This is a producing country. We must produce or we'll never be able to pay our debt. We must see that a great deal of profiteering is cut out. The farmers have broken the binder twine combine. We shall, by co-operation, break the combines. We'd like to get out of the straits we are in just now. If we get representation, we believe this can be solved. Every sixty doctors have a representative in parliament, and every 15,000 farmers have a representative. But this is not fair. You want to vote solid. Go out and mark your ballot right."

Farmers Behind Labor. "If the labor people of West Hastings bring out a candidate you shall have the farmers behind you. If you put a farmer candidate in the field, I am sure you will be behind him. (Cheers.) Now as to the two party candidates—Billy Ireland and Col. O'Flynn, both gentlemen—do you think, though, that they know what you want? What you desire is a representative who knows your needs."

Common Ground Between Labor and Agriculture. Mr. L. Braithwaite, of Trades and Labor Congress, Toronto, pointed out the common ground between labor and agriculture. "We were once told that silence is golden. We have been silent and the other fellow has been getting the gold. We must make a noise." The speaker traced the development of civilization, the growth of agriculture, the branching out into villages where crafts were fostered. "There is the first beginning of labor. It is part and parcel of the soil. The rapid strides due to modern machinery in industry have created the United States. It is built from the workshops of the Old Land, where workers strove for a ten-hour day. They got the ten-hour day, the country did not go to the dogs. If science teaches anything it is that energy must be saved rather than having it go to the profits of the few. The man who says the farmer does not know what he is talking about, or is tried to fool us. The farmer has been ridiculed by the press. The movie films try to expose the ignorance of the farmer."

Labor Asks Reward of Labor Saving Machines. Possibly the farmer will object to the demands for reduction of laboring hours. Labor must bargain collectively. Today the labor speaker is called a ranting demagogue or a Bolshevik. We demand the reduction of the working day, because it is labor that has produced the labor saving machine. Surely some of the results of labor saving and time saving devices must return to labor. The farmer works longer and takes chances on his crops.

Labor to Use Ballot.

"We must see that there is not so much concentration in cities. Why cannot we when there is a scarcely being the farmer? The slums are increasing and the wealth is getting in the hands of the few in the cities. The natural resources of the land are being exploited. Labor must take part in this political campaign instead of chewing the rag on the

street corner. We must use our ballot to our best interest.

Intelligence of Labor.

"Some say labor has no intelligence, but you do require brains to produce things today. Go to the lunatic asylum and see if there is any production there. Labor is waking up. They've led us by the nose long enough. Let us realize that we are something more than hewers of wood and drawers of water. There must be no more secret agreements. Labor must have a voice in foreign affairs. We want no repetition of what happened in 1914. Let us not say, farmer and labor, let us say 'producers.'"

Preparation for Federal Contest.

Prepare yourselves for the Federal elections—the greatest of all. Unite farm and labor. We are not going to let profiteering continue. The profiteers are in it for what they get out of it—not for the benefit of the whole community. Labor must organize its forces right here in this district tonight. Let us utilize all our power and keep in the field until we get a fair representation. Let us abolish the profiteers for all time. The farmers, the artisans and the soldiers would form a triumvirate that will sweep the country.

Time Rather Late Says Mr. B. Lott.

Mr. Byron Lott, who resides in Turner's Settlement, Sidney, asked the privilege of speaking. He said: "I have no politics. I owe no political party any allegiance. I am here tonight as a farmer. I have always been heartily in sympathy with labor." He was one of the first to suggest a U.F.O. candidate. He suggested Charles Ketcheson, but he was sorry to say he had bowed the knee to the party machine. But he was organized for a fight. Sidney has only 4,000 residents, while Belleville has 12,000 and Trenton 6,000. The farmer did not want to bring out a man and then have the finger of scorn pointed at the candidate as a failure. There should be thorough organization. Put a good labor man in the field for the Federal politics. We put a candidate in the field in this election. Every man can get out a fair showing, and make a good showing. We don't want to hurt our cause by putting in a candidate too late. But if we organize and get to work I believe we can sweep West Hastings for the Commonsense Party. There were not more farmers present."

Nominations.

The following were then nominated for candidates of the U.F.O. and Labor: J. W. Galloway, Trenton; W. S. Jones, Trenton; James McDonald, Belleville; E. C. Tucker of Harold C. Vanalstine, H. B. Hoover, of Rawdon, F. Wrightley, J. H. Jones, Trenton; John Ballinger, of Belleville; J. Gunn, Belleville; and others. All retired, making short addresses.

The chairman said: "We've got our people organized now. If they only live up to their obligation, they can elect a candidate. Mr. C. Vanalstine, a U.F.O. member who declined, said he believed the farmers were wide-awake to the need of representation. He was not in a position to become a candidate. Belleville should bring out a labor man. Mr. Braithwaite said laboring men did not have much money. "If you want representation give the men the assurance you will give financial assistance. This is your tag day. Give till it hurts. From what I have heard there is something radically wrong in Belleville. Men are getting 30c to 35c per hour are not getting enough to support themselves and their families. What you want is representation." He suggested that Mr. Jones respect his decision. We don't expect him to go about and kiss our children as the old style politician used to do."

Mr. Riley pledged the support of Trenton Farmers' Club. "One speaker declared the farmers were the only party that favored temperance. The other political parties are hiding behind it. Mr. Lott said Mr. Chas Ketcheson the ex-reeve of Sidney, he understood, was ready to accept if assured of labor's support. Why not offer the nomination to Chas Ketcheson as a U.F.O. candidate?" A speaker stated that he had interviewed Mr. Ketcheson and that he had refused to stand. Mr. W. Harder was then nominated but declined, although sympathetic to the U.F.O. and Labor. Mr. Braithwaite called for a volunteer to stand. The chairman "Somebody stand up and take the gun!"

The time was getting very late. Numbers gathered around Mr. Jones and Mr. Galloway earnestly requesting one of them to stand. Somebody started to whistle "Nicky," another opened up on "We won't go home until morning," and a third started the tune of "Marching through Georgia." Others stamped their feet as the hall was getting cold.

Mr. Galloway Accepts. Finally at twenty minutes to midnight, Belleville time, Mr. Galloway was led to the front and was received with cheers. "If I go into the contest," he said, "I'll expect I'll be elected, believe me. I know I'll get it in the country." He then formally accepted the nomination and the meeting broke up with the singing of the National Anthem. Mrs. F. H. Henry and Master Floyd are visiting Deseronto relatives.

BUSY DAYS AHEAD IN THE TOWN OF TRENTON

Two Big Industries Locating There—"Paint and Dye Works" and "The Chemical Products of Canada Ltd." Seek Locations Along the Trent—Choral Society Elects Officers—Referendum Committees Hard at Work—Milk Price Jumps to 12 Cents.

(From The Ontario's Special Correspondent.)

Trenton has once more been placed in the lime-light when the British Chemical Co. located here the name of Trenton was known throughout the country. Once again will the old town resound with the voice of the stranger. Not only have the "Paint and Dye Works" located here, but another industry, "The Chemical Products of Canada Ltd." of Toronto is closing negotiations this week with this town. On Wednesday, Mr. Heitzman, works manager of the company made a proposition to Mayor Ireland. He asked that the town grant a fixed assessment on property and works of \$200,000 for a period of ten years with exemption on all except school taxes, and that the road leading out to the works be put in proper condition. The citizens, who met in the town hall, the following evening approved of the proposal. It will be submitted later to the people. It is understood that this plant, which will manufacture fruit chemicals, including salicylic acid, aspirin and phosphate of soda, will employ five hundred men when the buildings are complete. It will require about 2,000 men for construction. It is understood that carloads of materials are already here.

On Tuesday evening the Choral Society met and elected the following officers: Hon. Pres.—Mr. F. W. Barry. Pres.—Mr. A. E. Cuff. Vice-Pres.—Mr. A. E. Skitch. Sec.—Miss M. M. White. Treas.—Mrs. C. V. Graham. Librarian.—Mrs. W. B. Barker. Conductor.—Mr. Geo. Kenyon. At this practice Mrs. Galna accompanied. Mr. Kenyon is trying to secure copies of "Rebecca" for this production which will be given in March. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Smith Byron St. East Trenton, are moving to Oshawa. Mr. Jno. Dyer, of Toronto, a former resident of Trenton, is in town for a few days on business. Milk has advanced in price from ten cents to twelve per quart. Our milkmen have not advanced the price as early as last year. However, the increasing demand for milk will tax them to the limit, as some already cannot supply the demand. The funeral of the two-year-old son of Mr. Levy took place at the family residence, Sunday afternoon. Much sympathy is felt for the parents in the loss of this bright little boy. Those interested in the referendum are very busy this week. Workers are in every house. On Sunday impressive services were held, dealing with voting and the ever-increasing doubt as to the sincerity of "The Citizens Liberty League." A vote was taken and over one hundred voted at the service held in King St. Methodist Church. There were no ballots spoiled as all were marked correctly with "No! No! No! No!" Join the masses and be a winner! The eyes of Canada are on Ontario. Will she fall! Never!

CHEESE BOARD RED CROSS STATEMENT

Statement showing the receipts and disbursements of the Belleville Cheese Board District Branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society for Jan. 31, 1919, to Sept. 30, 1919, as submitted by the Treasurer, Mr. J. H. Elliott, the books having been duly audited by Messrs W. S. Cook and W. H. Morton.

Table with columns for Receipts and Disbursements. Receipts include Union Red Cross, Canadian Northern Express, and various societies. Disbursements include Lonsdale Red Cross Society, Phillipston Women's Institute, and various other groups. Total receipts: \$1536 09. Total disbursements: \$2016 77. Balance on hand Sept. 30, 1919: \$480 69. Audited and found correct by J. ELLIOTT, Treasurer and W. H. MORTON, W. S. COOK, Auditors.

IVANHOE

The regular meeting of the Huntingdon council met at Ivanhoe on Monday. Miss Gladys Rollins was the guest. Miss Lillian Mitz on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Bert Baker, of Chatham, formerly of Ivanhoe, spent last week visiting friends here. Mr. and Mrs. Hector Wood, Jr. and family of Bethesda, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Jones on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. T. Francis, of Moira were the Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. Elliot. Miss Tillie Wood spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Bateman Tanner. The W.M.S. convention, of the Madoc district will be held at Ivanhoe on Tuesday, Oct. 14th.

SERVICE

55 Years of Shoe Service in the Old Stand

OUR METHODS

GOOD GOODS AT FAIR PRICES ONE PRICE TO ALL

No second price, all goods marked in plain figures. Money cheerfully refunded if goods don't suit or fit.

It is perfectly safe to send the Children to us—they will get as good attention as yourself.

The Largest and Best Assorted Stock of Boots and Shoes in this District.

The Haines Shoe Houses

DRESS SILKS

That Will Delight You

Everybody who appreciates a beautiful range of fabrics and patterns for which to select her new Dress for Fall Wear will be more than delighted with what she finds here. PALETTE SILKS in all the leading shades priced at \$2 & \$2.25 SATIN DUCHESE in shades of sky, pink, taupe, grey, navy, mauve, rose, 36 inches wide, priced at \$3.50 PATRICIA SATIN, 40" wide in the new shades of navy, taupe, pekin and black, a very serviceable Silk priced at \$4.50 CREPE METEROR in navy, black, sand, brown, taupe, copen, grey, priced at \$3.50 CHARMOUSE SATIN in black, brown, taupe, navy, priced \$3.75 WASH SATINS, in pink and white at \$2.00 and \$2.25 FANCY SILKS at \$2.50 to \$4.50

Table with columns for Chamoisette Gloves and Cashmere Hose. Chamoisette Gloves in blk, white, grey, mastic, brown at \$1.00 and \$1.25. Black Cashmere Hose at 75c, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2.00. Cream Cashmere Hose at 60c to \$1.00.

EARLE & COOK CO.

Obituary

MISS AMELIA CORHAM. Miss Amelia Corham, Boswell St., passed away last evening at her home after an illness of some duration. She was born in England on April 25th, 1869 and was the second daughter of the late Captain and Mrs. William Lemon Corham of London, England. She came to Canada in 1883. She was a member of the Reformed Episcopal Church. Surviving are three brothers and two sisters, William C. Corham, of Belleville, Walter H. Corham, Belleville, Arthur Corham, of Manistique, Michigan, Mrs. R. C. Embury, 101 Cedar Street, City and Mrs. W. J. Ridley of this city.

RHEUMATIC PEOPLE

Can Only Find Relief by Enriching the Blood. Rheumatism is a disorder of the blood. It attacks people when the blood is overcharged with acid and impurities, thus setting up inflammation in the muscles and joints. Wet weather or cold weather of autumn may start the tortures of rheumatism, but is not the cause. The cause is in the blood and the blood only. Victims of this malady have every reason to fear the first dull ache in the limbs and joints, followed by sharp pains through the flesh and muscles; these are the symptoms of poison in the blood which may shortly leave the victim racked and helpless. There is only one way to cure rheumatism, and that is through the blood. Liniments, hot applications and rubbing may give temporary ease, but cannot possibly root the trouble out of the system. That can only be done by the rich, red blood which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make. This new blood drives out the poisonous acids and impurities, and the rheumatism disappears. If you are a sufferer from this painful malady begin curing yourself today by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and see how soon the pains and stiffness of the joints fade away, leaving behind new energy and new health. You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Capt. H. Welbanks V. S.

who has just returned from overseas, will begin his practice on Sept. 26th and solicits a share of your patronage. Day and night calls promptly attended to. Office at Belleville Battery Service Co., McAnnany St. Phone No. 1225. Hissanum, Conn., savings bank, only 8 per cent savings institution in that state will close, due to lack of business, and will probably pay depositors \$1.70 for every dollar. Mr. and Mrs. William Vance, of Oshawa left for their home on Sunday after visiting friends in this city, accompanied by their daughter, accompanied by their daughter "Irene" who has spent the past year and a half at the home of James Bailey, 90 West Moira.

CANADA CONTINUES IN HIGH PROSPERITY

Figures of the Trend of General Trade During Recent Years.

The numbers of failures of business concerns show whether we are enjoying "good times" or struggling in "hard times."

Older people can remember the bad times that came along in periods during the "eighties" and "nineties", and everybody can remember the days of doubt and trouble in the early months of the war, when many merchants and other concerns were forced to give up the fight and count themselves among the failures.

In the latter "eighties" it was common for 1600 or 1800 firms to "go to the wall" each year. From 1894 to 1897 there was another period of storm and stress and even greater numbers of storekeepers, commercial houses and factories were forced to give up the fight. In 1914, when the clouds of war suddenly fell on us, paralyzing business and obscuring hope, 2,898 concerns quit; and the following year almost as many, 2,661, gave up business. It is a noticeable fact that must be mentioned in dealing with the failures of these early war years that in 1914 assets were only 12 per cent. less than liabilities, and in 1915 this percentage was cut down to a small 4 per cent.

From 1915 on a remarkable improvement was observed in general

business conditions. War orders were not entirely responsible for the improvement because they did not affect every town and hamlet in the country, but they of course were a great assistance. By 1918 the number of failures was reduced to 373, a low water mark that we must go back 40 years, almost, to better.

Now what of 1919, our first after-the-war year, which many people thought would be, because of changing conditions, a year which would bring difficulties to many concerns. As a matter of fact, figures show that this year is proving to be quite the contrary of expectations, for only 335 storekeepers during the first half of the year were unable to keep alive and incomplete figures for later months continue on the same low level.

Of course there is no dodging the fact that during the readjustment to peace conditions which has had to proceed, general business has been kept going by large foreign orders. And these foreign orders have had to be financed by the country. Provided the people continue to liberally lend their money to the country by the acquiring of Victory Bonds we can continue to do an immense amount of trade abroad and keep up the era of good times right through until the country is on a normal basis, and beyond that again.

Presentation at Eldorado

On Monday evening, Sept. 22, a large crowd invaded the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jones and made the following address and presentation.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Jones and Sons Elgin and Morris.

Dear Friends: We, your friends and neighbors, have gathered here tonight to spend one more pleasant evening with you, and as a community bid you all farewell ere you depart for your new home in Peterboro.

Many pleasant memories are stirred as we think of the years you have dwelt among us. We expect to miss you.

We shall miss you as citizens, for in the various community interests all along the years, you have played no small part and in the church of your choice you will be missed; for through various channels you were found serving.

Now as you leave us and plan to follow new pursuits, and make new friendships, our best wishes for future health and prosperity go with you.

We trust that as citizens of a fair and growing city you take a worthy part, and in your new church we hope you will be found willing and energetic workers.

As a token of our esteem, and that you may ever cherish fond memories of your sojourn among us, we ask you to accept these gifts—Mr. Jones, this oak rocker; Mrs. Jones, this mahogany rocker and silverware; Elgin and Morris, these military brushes.

With these gifts kindly accept our assurance that we will be delighted to welcome you in our midst. We wish you godspeed, and our prayers are for you.

Signed on behalf of community.
Simeon Fox,
A. C. He.

Mr. Angus Nicholson, reeve of Marmora township, ably acted as chairman for the occasion. Short addresses were delivered by Mrs. F. Comerford, Mrs. A. C. He, Councillor Miller, Simeon Fox, sup. of county roads and bridges, Rev. A. Thompson and A. C. He. Mr. Harry Jones also addressed the gathering in a very appropriate manner, expression of himself and family, re the many kindnesses of their friends and neighbors. After lunch was served, singing was enjoyed for a while, and a very pleasant time was brought to a close by the singing of "Auld Lang Syne" and "God be with You Till We Meet Again."—Madoc Review.

Trenton Begins a Wake-Up Campaign

Employs Services of Canadian City Bureau to Produce a "Better and Greater Trenton."

Under the auspices of the Trenton Board of Trade, a meeting of

members of the board and other citizens was held in the Town Hall, to hear the representative of the Canadian City Bureau unfold their plan of campaign to increase the membership of the Board of Trade and put new life into the activities of the town.

Mr. J. A. S. D. Bell, secretary of the Bureau was present and addressed the meeting in stirring terms, outlining the methods followed in other towns and cities where the Bureau had conducted campaigns, and emphasizing the need of community effort in order to achieve results.

Mr. Bell's main idea was that the get-together spirit was essential in the welfare of any community. A town, he said does not grow because a river runs through it, but because of the spirit of the men in it. It was the energy and spirit of the men that made a town. Back of all the advantages of a town must, he said, exist a proper spirit and the habit of appreciation. Community progress was also a question of leadership. He believed that a campaign conducted under the auspices of the Bureau in Trenton would put the town on the road to prosperity.

Li-Col. Bywater who acted as Chairman, endorsed the views expressed by Mr. Bell and thought he had touched vital points in the need for united action to make a greater Trenton.

Mr. J. A. Sutcliffe thought there should be no hesitation in deciding to have the Bureau put on a campaign in Trenton and he moved and Dr. Farncomb seconded a motion asking that this be done.

The resolution was declared carried, and arrangements were afterwards made for the starting of the better and greater Trenton campaign on October 6th.—Advocate.

Marmora Fair the Usual Success

Fine Exhibit in Most Classes—Speed Tests Baseball and other Attractions please crowd.

Marmora Fair was held on Tuesday of this week and everything considered, it was very successful. The rain on Monday night and the cold wind on Tuesday no doubt kept many from attending, who otherwise would have, but the gate receipts were a little larger than in previous years. The exhibit of live stock was about the same as usual, and the animals were of a high standard. Those who have attended a large number of fairs stated that the display of live stock was better than at many of the local fairs.

There wasn't as many varieties of poultry shown as usual, but the competition was keener in some of the breeds. There was quite a large showing of Anconas. This breed is becoming popular and some fine birds were shown. The largest class was the barred rocks. This breed is handled by the farmers of Ontario probably more than all others put together.

The exhibit of vegetables was fine considering the past season; the pota-

toes being particularly good. There was also a fine showing of apples.

In the dairy products the exhibit was not very large, but the quality was so high the judges had a hard job making his awards.

The classes for ladies and children's work were revised this year by the Assistant Supt. of fairs and Exhibitions, Toronto, but did not result as satisfactory as had been hoped for. The articles shown were a credit to the exhibitors, but the exhibit was not as large as in previous years.

An exhibit of soldier's work by Harry McWilliam, Jonah Burns and G. A. Young was much praised. It consisted of cushions, table mats, hand carving on wood, etc.

The baseball match was one of the best seen here this season. The contestants were the Belleville Ontarios and Marmora, the latter being assisted by Fritz and Moon, of Madoc, and Charman, of Deloro. Marmora won by a score of 5 to 0. Up to the end of the 7th no run was scored by either side.

The speed tests were the best seen here in several years. The 2.20 class went four heats and the finish was close in every one of them. The result was as follows:

2.20 CLASS.	
Sedella, Turley	2 1 1 1
The Judge, McNaught	1 3 3 3
Bobby Hill, Garrison	3 2 2 2
Lucky Lou, McQuigge	4 4 4 4

2.40 CLASS.	
Mollie C. Coulter	1 1 1
Hal E. Coulter	2 2 2
May Forest, Armstrong	3 3 3

—The Herald.

NAPANEE

Mrs. Sarah Henderson is visiting friends in Toronto.

Mr. E. W. Grange, London, was in Napanee on Monday.

Mr. Harry Gleeson has gone to Toronto to resume his studies at the University.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Guess of Oakville spent the week end the guests of his father, Mr. C. W. Guess Bridge street.

Mrs. Geo. A. Blewitt returned last week from spending several weeks in Picton.

Mrs. W. J. McGuire has returned to Toronto after visiting her mother, Mrs. W. Coxall.

Miss Rae of Toronto is visiting her cousin, Miss Blanche Dunbar.

Mr. J. S. Derry spent Wednesday in Peterboro.

Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey Bartlett have secured a home in Kingston and have moved to that city.

Mr. Cecil Harshaw returned to Halifax on Saturday after spending his vacation with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Harshaw.

Mr. Sperry Joyce left last week for Pembroke where he has secured a position.

Mrs. Keen, who has been spending the summer with her mother, Mrs. W. C. Scott, returned to Edmonton on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Guess are spending a few days with his son, Mr. Ross Guess, Renfrew.

Mrs. W. D. Midmer and son Walter left London, Eng., on Tuesday, after a four months' visit with friends in the United Kingdom. They embarked at Tilbury docks on the Cunard liner Saxonia bound for Halifax.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Sproule of Brampton arrived in town yesterday and are the guests of Mrs. Albert B. Root.

Mrs. J. V. Biehl of Kitchener returned home on Tuesday after attending her uncle's funeral, the late Mr. J. B. Miller, of Morven.

Mr. Stephen Madden spent last week in the Kingston General Hospital having his left thumb amputated.

Miss Helen White, Dorland has returned home after spending some time in Kingston with her sister, Mrs. Geo. Shaw.

Mr. Ralph Parks, Napanee, arrived home on Wednesday after spending the past seven weeks at Fort William, Elva, Manitoba, and many other western points.

Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Wm. Sykes of Kingston spent the week end with Mrs. Sykes' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Norris, Robert street.

Mrs. John Stack of Marysville returned home this week after spending two months at Banff, Edmonton and Calgary.

Mrs. T. J. Faunce, who has been visiting relatives in Camden, leaves today for Grand Junction, Colorado.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wiseman of Niagara Falls, Can., and Mrs. Jas. Wiseman, St. Catharines, motored down and spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. R. Ray Valentine, Kingston.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Carscallen, Deseronto, spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Madden.

Mr. Geo. of Victory, spent the week end as the guest of his sons, Mrs. Cline.

JIM'S CASE DUPLICATED IN THOUSANDS OF CASES

Canadian Government Is Spending Millions to Replace Veterans in Civil Life.

The story of the re-establishment of soldiers in civil life is one of the most interesting chapters in the history of the war. It contains records of successful efforts to train the crippled and disabled veterans in arts and crafts and enable them to earn their own living.

In another part of this paper will be found details of the case of Jim the fireman who lost a leg in the war and now is earning more money than he ever did before as a telegraph despatcher. Everyone who reads the narrative of Jim's experience at the front and since he returned will share his enthusiasm for the D.S.C.A.

Jim's restoration to a fitting place in civil life, notwithstanding his loss of limb, is just one of numerous

examples of the great work which has been, and is being, done by the Department.

Here are a few others—a disabled farm laborer is now a machinist; a carpenter who lost four fingers of his right hand is now a draughtsman; at a good salary, a former plasterer is now a printer.

So the story of men deprived of limbs or impaired in health being trained to follow new and suitable trades continues.

To meet the expenses of this great and splendid work a part of the Victory Loan, 1919, is required. It's maintenance until every disabled veteran is equipped to earn for himself a living wage is one of the most sacred debts of honor Canada is called upon to discharge.

The presence of a few of the immediate relatives and friends. The bride was given away by her father and looked very beautiful in a dress of charming satin and white georgette, embroidered in chenille, and carried a large bouquet of white roses and orchids. She wore the customary bridal veil with flowers worn by her mother on the occasion of her marriage. Miss Grace Reynolds, aunt of the bride, acted as bridesmaid and was attired in georgette with pearl trimmings and carried a bouquet of pink roses. Miss Blanche Pearce, A.T.C.M., rendered the wedding march and also played during the signing of the register. The groom was attended by his cousin, Mr. Harland Keefer.

Following congratulations the bride led the way to the dining room where a dainty wedding breakfast was served, the rooms being prettily decorated with bouquets of pink and white carnations and ferns.

Midst showers of confetti and good wishes the happy couple left on the afternoon express for a short honeymoon in Toronto and Chicago, en route to their home in the Southern States. The bride's travelling attire was navy blue tricotine suit with sand colored georgette blouse, large hat of gold cloth and California poppies and white fox furs.

—Norwood Register.

Returned With Bride

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Casey have been spending the past three weeks in the vicinity, guests of his aunt, Mrs. Paul Rashotte, and other relatives. Mr. Casey is just returning from overseas, where he was in the service of his country and figures amongst other Canadians who chose a bride while in Sunny France, Mrs. Casey's maiden name was Emilene Pourvehomme, and was a resident of Paris. She seems delighted with what she has already seen of Canada and feels fully contented in her adopted home. Mr. Casey's career in the war is somewhat varied. In 1915 he went to Russia with 500 other Canadians and spent the winter in Lapland in the construction of railways. The following spring he returned to his home in Winnipeg and on the day after arrival enlisted with the 11th Field Ambulance. After a brief training in Canada and England he went to France where he saw service in many big engagements including the Somme, Vimy, Passchendaele, Hill 70, Hindenburg line and Cambrai. He was twice gassed, but fortunately not seriously. At Cambrai he met with an accident on the 10th of October, 1918, whereby he had several ribs broken and was sent to hospital in England where he was confined for several months. In March of this year he returned to France and the happy event above referred to was solemnized in the city of Paris. During his experiences on the battlefield Mr. Casey had many narrow escapes and one instance of which he related he was the sole survivor of an ambulance squad that went out on duty during the siege of Cambrai. He was decorated with the Military Medal for conspicuous bravery at the Hindenburg line. Mr. Casey is a son of the late Jas. Casey of Winnipeg, a former resident of Hungerford.—Tweed Advocate.

Do It Now.—Disorders of the digestive apparatus should be dealt with at once before complications arise that may be difficult to cope with. The surest remedy to this end and one that is within reach of all, is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, the best laxative and sedative on the market. Do not delay, but try them now. One trial will convince anyone that they are the best stomach regulator that can be got.

Wedding Bells

GARDNER — BUCK

The residence of Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Buck, Peterboro street, Norwood, was the scene of a pretty wedding on Wednesday at 11 o'clock a.m., when their elder daughter, Ruby Lillian, was united in marriage to Mr. Marshall P. Gardner of Los Angeles, Cal. The ceremony was conducted by the Rev. A. J. Terrill, B.A., B.D., pastor of the Methodist church, in

the presence of a few of the immediate relatives and friends. The bride was given away by her father and looked very beautiful in a dress of charming satin and white georgette, embroidered in chenille, and carried a large bouquet of white roses and orchids. She wore the customary bridal veil with flowers worn by her mother on the occasion of her marriage. Miss Grace Reynolds, aunt of the bride, acted as bridesmaid and was attired in georgette with pearl trimmings and carried a bouquet of pink roses. Miss Blanche Pearce, A.T.C.M., rendered the wedding march and also played during the signing of the register. The groom was attended by his cousin, Mr. Harland Keefer.

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—Norwood Register.



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Here is a chance to get a good pair of boots at 1/3 of the price today.

VERMILYEA & SON

THE STORE OF SERVICE & QUALITY

How Airplane Was Wrecked Near Beaverton

The Beaverton Express contains the following particulars concerning the wreck of the airplane at Beaverton:

"A couple of aviators with an airplane came badly to grief Friday afternoon and themselves granted a miraculous escape from death. The machine belonged to the Bishop-Baker Co., the aviators being engaged in taking aerial photographs of the town. They circled over the town for some time, then landed on the Agricultural Society's grounds. In retaking the air the propeller became entangled in the branches of an elm tree which rendered the machine unmanageable and it finally plunged into a group of tall cedars on the north side of river where it hung suspended and badly wrecked by the impact. One of the men was thrown out and was found in a dazed condition at the foot of the tree, the other remaining strapped in the seat until released. The machine was taken down Saturday by the bridge gang of the Canadian National Railway, who happened to be in Beaverton, the engine being about the only portion of the machine save intact. The two aviators were experienced men, having been at the front for upwards of two years, never before having met with an accident. The remains of the machine were later taken to Toronto.

Beautiful Memorial Picture

In Memory of Mrs. Ketchum.

The annual Harvest Thanksgiving Services held at Trinity Church, Colborne, on Sunday, Sept. 28th, 1919, were largely attended. The Rector, the Rev. Harold Smart delivered impressive sermons. The musical part of the services were well rendered, the solo parts in the anthems being sung by Mrs. S. E. Turpin. At the morning service, Mr. Davison Ketchum of T. C. S. Port Hope, was organist, while his brother, Lieut. Hugh Ketchum assisted in the choir. In the evening, Mrs. Smart was organist. The church was artistically decorated with flowers, fruit and vegetables.

MEMORIAL TO MRS. KETCHUM

A beautiful memorial picture has been placed in the Trinity Church, Colborne, in memory of the late Margaret Ketchum, wife of the late Judge Ketchum and a daughter of the late Canon John Davidson, who was the Rector of Trinity Church at the time of his death. It was dedicated in the presence of a large congregation Sunday morning, Sept. 27, 1919, at the Harvest Thanksgiving Services.—Port Hope Guide.

National Coal Association accuses United Mine Workers of trying to "hold up" people of the U.S. for 11,000,000 annual increase in coal prices, which would be the result of granting demands for 6-hour day and 5-day week at 60 per cent. wage increase.

Laughlin Car Badly Wrecked

Lindsay, Oct. 4.—This morning about four o'clock a Laughlin car, driven by Mr. Clifford Naylor, son of Mr. John Naylor, of Ops Township, and containing six passengers, crashed into a stone train on the G. T. R. at Victoria avenue crossing. The auto is almost a complete wreck, while two of the passengers, Stanley Naylor and Miss Laura Sullivan, sustained injuries.

The car was returning from a presentation at the residence of Mr. Long West Ops, and was proceeding east on Kent street. When near the crossing Clifford Naylor heard the stone train proceeding north, but thought it was the shunter. When nearing the crossing he realized that a collision was inevitable and slewed the auto to the right. The rear of the train side-swiped the car, with considerable force, smashing one of the front wheels, crushing in the side and tearing the rear seat out. How the occupants escaped more serious injuries, if not death, is a miracle. The car was not overturned, but was hurled to the curb on the northwestern corner of the avenue. Mr. Balfour, night watchman at the Lindsay woodworkers', heard the crash and was quickly on the scene. It was found that all of the passengers save Miss Sullivan and Stanley Naylor had escaped injuries. Dr. McCulloch was sent for and later Dr. White, G. T. R. surgeon, Mr. Naylor was found to be suffering from an injured hip with other minor injuries. He was removed to Ross Hospital. Miss Sullivan had a couple of teeth driven into her hip. Stanley Naylor was one of the occupants of the rear seat and how they escaped more serious injuries is hard to understand.

The scene of the accident was this morning visited by hundreds who inspected the damaged car and marveled how the accident occurred without a fatality.

Wedding Bells

GAFFNEY-DORAN

The marriage of Miss Kathleen E. Doran, only daughter of Mrs. P. Doran, 93 Chatham St., Belleville, to Michael J. Gaffney, was solemnized Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock in St. Andrew's Church, Chicago, Ill., Rev. Fr. Roell officiating.

Miss Doran was married in a gown of cream chiffon, bordered with duchess satin and heavily beaded. Miss K. Gaffney, sister of the groom, attended the bride, wearing a simple frock of white georgette and satin. Mr. J. Edgar Stolle served as best man.

Following a dainty wedding breakfast at the Hotel Blackstone, the wedding party left for an eastern motor trip. The bride travelled in a suit of grey tricotine with hat of black Hatter's plush, trimmed with monkey fur.

Mr. and Mrs. Gaffney have many good wishes for a long and happy wedded life.

Seventy-five returned soldiers have been selected as a guard of honor to the Prince during his visit to London.

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Country and District

Fire in Boathouses

Shortly after six o'clock Sunday morning fire was discovered in boathouses Nos. 4, 5, 6 and 7 on the east pier, and before the blaze could be extinguished the four were destroyed. They were owned by Kent Payne, Jack Hucyke, C. McDonough and Bert Clarke. Payne's boathouse and the north was the least damaged, and Stewart Jacob's canoe was badly scorched. Bert Clarke lost two docks, C. McDonough a canoe, Jack Hucyke and Jack Burnet a canoe each. In each boathouse was a quantity of furniture, and this was also destroyed. The origin of the fire is a mystery, being first noticed by a watchman on Ontario No. 2. Wednesday night fire was discovered again in the boathouses and Payne's and Dr. Kent's boathouses badly scorched. It looks like incendiaryism.—Cobourg Sentinel-Star.

Observance by Jews

The Day of Atonement, known as Yom Kippur in the Jewish church, will be observed by all Jews Saturday. This day is the most sacred and prominent in the Jewish religious calendar and is marked by solemn services. Yom Kippur comes nine days after the Jewish New Year and the interval is a period of spiritual preparatory for all those professing the Jewish faith. The observance of the day commences with sundown Friday and ends with sundown Saturday.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Presentation to Works Manager

A pleasing incident occurred yesterday at the office of the Canada Foundry & Forgings Company, when a delegation representing the office and travelling staff, together with the factory foremen, waited on the works manager, Mr. James Arnold, and presented him with a large easy chair and a handsome mantle clock. The affair was quite informal and the recipient, though taken by surprise on the turn of events, heartily thanked the donors for their handsome gifts. He was formerly with the Canada Forge Co. at Welland and came here to accept his present position on Jan. 1, 1919.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Death of J. Harold Morrow

The death occurred on Sunday morning of J. Harold Morrow, only son of Mr. and Mrs. John Morrow, after an illness since spring. Deceased was born in Colborne 23 years ago, and resided there until the family removed to Cobourg. When a boy he met with an accident by striking his head against a brick wall while playing a piece of the skull pressing in the brain, and it was this that ultimately caused his death. He was well liked by his associates, being a great enthusiast for all kinds of sports. He was a good worker in the Methodist Sunday School and church societies. Interment took place to Colborne cemetery by motor on Tuesday and it was largely attended. Rev. J. S. Wilson conducted the funeral services.—Cobourg Sentinel-Star.

Large Crowd at Demorestville

The fair at Demorestville attracted a large crowd of visitors, many attending from remote points in the county. Picton was well represented, merchants, bankers, professional men as well as a goodly number of ladies being in attendance. Picton fair details were very observant of contractors, which in many cases were for pointers. The chicken pie dinner was well named, abundance of chickens, and no veal or pork being in evidence at the dainty pasty. The proceeds, which in many years were donated for Red Cross purposes, will this year find their way into the coffers of the Hospital Board.—Picton Gazette.

Caught in Engine

Melville Corbet, a former resident of Brockville, who is employed in an Ogdensburg garage, was seriously injured on Monday last when his clothing became caught in some machinery around a shaft. He was badly bruised and shaken up, and his condition is said to be serious. His mother-in-law, Mrs. Spicer, Fairfield, passed through town today en route to Ogdensburg to visit him.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

A Very Enjoyable Trip

Mr. A. E. Wilson and his son Laurie recently returned from Algonquin Park where they had spent about a month travelling by canoe and portage and living in a tent. This was not their first visit to the wilds, as it was their habit in pre-war days to take an annual outing in this direction. Their first trip was made when the son was ten years of age. No city holiday for him, but seventy miles in a straight line back from the beaten roads of civilization actually means many more miles by actual travel. Mr. Wilson says, "We sometimes travel twenty-five miles to make ten," going through lakes and rivers with many crooks and turns and many portages. Their first portage was three miles in length. The many northern lakes about the lake which is a sort of anglers' paradise, being full of unsuspecting black bass just waiting to be caught. On the occasion of the first visit Mr. Wilson camped on the site now occupied by "Highland Inn," 2,000 feet above the level of the sea. How that famous resort has grown! First just

Wedding Bells

McKENNA — KELLY

At the Church of the Annunciation, Enterprise, was the scene of a pretty wedding on Tuesday morning Sept. 16, at ten o'clock, when Miss Sadie Kelly, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Kelly, was united in marriage to Mr. John E. McKenna, Smith's Falls, by Rev. Father McDonald. The bride, gowned in white silk crepe de chine with ball trimmings and silk braid, entered the church leaning on the arm of her brother, Patrick, who gave her away to the strains of Mendelssohn's Wedding March, played by Miss Elizabeth Byrne. The bride wore a veil of Brussels net in Juliet style, caught at the top with orange blossoms, and carried a bouquet of sweetheart roses and maidenhair fern. Her necklace, the gift of the groom, was a handsome gold anklet set with pearls. The bridesmaid, Miss Annie Kelly, sister of the bride, wore a gown of navy satin with exquisite trimmings. This costume was enhanced by a navy silk velvet with ostrich spray, and roses and maidenhair fern. The gift to the bride was a gold pin set with amethyst and pearls; to the groom, Mr. D'Arcy McKenna, Smith's Falls, a gold crescent tie pin set with pearls. After the marriage ceremony the bridal party motored to the home of the bride's parents where a delicious dinner was served to a number of guests. A perfect day was vouchsafed for the journey of the newly wedded pair, who, motoring to Kingston, took the train for Toronto, Niagara and Buffalo. The bride's travelling suit was of taupe garbine with French silk velvet hat with touches of blue and veil to match, and she wore a flesh Georgian blouse.

Marauding Gypsies Again

On Monday night some of the gang of gypsies that have been going around the country in automobiles were discovered in the garage of D. S. Haig, Front Road East, fortunately being heard before they could get away with anything. They had the door of the garage open and were at the car, and force had to be used before they left. The same day the gypsy fortune tellers were playing their fortune telling by means of the money under the handkerchiefs stunt, and did up a number in that vicinity. It is about time this gang was put in a place where they don't need fortunes told.—Cobourg Sentinel-Star.

Bass for Back Lakes

The Standard, through the kind influence of Mr. Jas. Thompson, M.L.A., made an application last spring for black bass to be distributed in the northern lakes. The bass came along on Thursday, but instead of fingerlings, as expected, they proved to be parent bass of from one to two pounds in weight. The game fish were of excellent quality and were placed in Round and Belmont Lakes.—Havelock Standard.

Returned Men, Attention

As is well known, Brockville will tender a reception to returned soldiers on October 27, the day on which the Prince of Wales is scheduled to visit here. In order that the affair may prove as successful as possible, Mayor Lewis is anxious that all returned soldiers desirous of taking part in the function will leave their names as soon as possible with the officers of the local branch of the Soldiers not only from Brockville are invited but also from Leeds and Grenville.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Wilbert Pratt's Car Stolen

On Monday night burglars entered the garage of Wilbert Pratt on Ontario street north and stole his 1917 model car, and up to yesterday no one has seen the car. The car is a 1917 model, license No. 80098, serial No. 14441, and has a dint on right front fender. The gas controlling lever on steering gear is broken. Chief Ruse has sent out cards to the police in the province, asking them to keep a lookout for the car, and Mr. Pratt is offering a reward of \$25 to whoever recovers it. Later word was received that the car had been found in a bog in Scarboro township. Chief Ruse and Mr. Pratt will go up this morning for it.—Cobourg Sentinel-Star.

Convict to be Deported

It is understood that James M. Long, the convict who was with the late Guard Purcell when he was fatally injured near Kingston penitentiary by a binder passing over him, and who was summoned to help and then returned to render what assistance he could, will shortly be paroled and deported. Long, who is an American citizen, has fourteen months of a two-year term still to serve.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Escaped from Hospital

A report from the Ontario Hospital received at the police headquarters yesterday afternoon stated that Miss Margaret Murdoch, 27 years, a patient at the institution, had escaped from custody.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Former Cobourg Curate Welcomed Overseas

Major and Mrs. H. A. Ben-Ollel and children, who returned last Wednesday after an absence of more than four years, are spending a few weeks at Point of Rocks, Stoney Lake. Major and Mrs. Ben-Ollel went overseas in August, 1915, and September. Major Ben-Ollel (then Captain) was appointed chaplain of Cliveden Canadian Red Cross Hospital at Taplin. About eight months later he was transferred to the Canadian General Hospital at Le Tre-service there moved to Hastings area and later transferred to No. 5 Canadian General Hospital at Kirkdale, Liverpool. He received his major's rank in the Liverpool area. More than 25,000 men passed through his hands. Mrs. Ben-Ollel, who accompanied him, did excellent work also. They returned to Canada on the steamer Orduvia. The people of Lakeside join in welcoming them again to the village.—Cobourg Sentinel-Star.

DIED

HALL—In Belleville on Friday, Oct. 3rd, 1919, Lawrence Hall, aged 79 years, 10 mos. Funeral from his late residence, 286 Coleman St. on Monday, Oct. 6th, service beginning at 2 p.m. Interment Belleville cemetery.

ACUTE NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

All Treatments Proved Useless Until He Tried "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

MR. JAS. S. DELGATY.
R.R. No. 4, Gilbert Plains, Man.

"In the year 1910, I had Nervous Prostration in its worst form; I was reduced in weight from 170 pounds to 115 pounds. The doctors had no hope of my recovery, and every medicine I tried proved useless until a friend induced me to take 'Fruit-a-Tives'."

I began to mend almost at once; and after using this fruit medicine for 6 or 8 months, I was back to my normal state of health. I never had such good health for twenty years as I have enjoyed the past six years. We are never without a box of 'Fruit-a-Tives' in the house."

JAS. S. DELGATY.
50c. a box, \$ for \$2.50, trial size 25c.
At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-Tives Limited, Ottawa.

King Welcomes A Battle Over His War Record

LIBERAL LEADER IN ACCEPTING NOMINATION REPLIES TO HIS CRITICS

Will Put Matter Before Veterans

Summerside, P.E.I., Oct. 4.—Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, Liberal leader, has formally accepted the nomination to contest Prince County as a Liberal in the by-election made necessary by the death of Captain Joseph Read. In accepting the nomination Mr. King dealt with the attempts which he said had been made to create the false impression that he had faltered in his duty during the war. He declared that he had kept silent under the attacks because he did not wish to traffic in patriotism for political ends, but if there should be a contest he would welcome as an issue his war record, and he hoped to have the privilege of addressing the returned soldiers on this issue.

In Canada Since 1900

In answer to the charge of his political enemies that he had resided in the United States throughout the war and had returned to Canada only to further his own political ends, he said he had never resided in the United States at any time except when he was attending the University of Chicago for a year, and Harvard for two years, and that he had resided continuously in Ottawa. Such a statement, he said, would be untrue during the war, when he was in answer to special calls to assist in bringing about industrial peace in essential war industries.

Reviews Labor Work

He reviewed his work done among the miners of Colorado and the Shipbuilding Company and other big industrial concerns to support his contention that the services which he had been able to render the fighting armies at the front were greater than any other service he could have performed in a military way at his age.

Wants to Know Canada

Mr. King thanked the Liberals of Prince County for giving him the nomination, and expressed appreciation of the warmth and cordiality of the reception tendered him on his arrival. He realized the advantage of becoming better acquainted with the Maritime Provinces. He knew Ontario well and had visited West several times, and in looking forward as assuming the leadership of the great Liberal party he desired to know Canada from east to west to the last.

CHEESE PILES UP IN MONTREAL

Reports from Montreal state that cheese has been arriving there faster than export orders with the result that a large quantity remains unsold. This applies particularly to cheese purchased during the last week which remains on the shelves of exporters, and it is not likely that demand outside of the recognized exporters will be sufficient to absorb so large a quantity. How this condition will effect prices remains to be seen, but it is likely that for the present the fixed price will be exceeded.

BELLEVILLE CHEESE BOARD

At the Belleville Cheese Board today 60 tons of twin cheese from Graton factory sold at 25 cents, 657 boxes of cheese sold at 25 cents, all being colored, except 50 which brought 25 9-16 cents. There remained unsold 50 boxes.

The High Cost of Living

Prize-Winning Speech at the Zion Rural School Fall Fair, Given by Master Gedden Nickels, Pupil of Miss P. H. Petrie, of S. S. No. 12, Ottonabee.

"Mr. Judge, Ladies and Gentlemen and Fellow Students, I wish to speak to you on the 'Causes of the High Cost of Living.'"

"When the great world war broke out many men left their former occupation as farmers, miners and lumbermen. Others started to work in munition factories. 'Many soldiers were killed at the war, and some demobilized men could not or would not work as long as the government allowances lasted. Thus, we have a shortage of labour. After so many men had left for the front, very few skilled workmen were left in the cities. At once they saw their opportunity to make more money, so the demand for higher wages and got them because no others could be found to fill their places. They began to covet the wealth, leisure and luxuries of those in high social positions. They became more and more greedy and extravagant and demanded higher wages until their employers refused them. Then they went on strike for days and months at a time until the union leaders said they might go back to work. Today the workmen do not intend to expect to go back to their old standard of living nor to produce as much as before. 'Thus the production of manufactured articles is hindered and during strike holidays stopped altogether. So up goes the price of tea, coffee, sugar, flour, machinery, cereals, coal, oils etc. 'Now are the farmers to blame for the High Cost of Living? No. They try to produce as much as possible with the aid of school boys and girls. Owing to great demand they receive a higher price for their produce but pay out exorbitant prices for new machinery made by city workmen, for repairs, for hired help. Then the government urged them to raise more cattle, hogs, chickens, grain, etc., at a great expense. Then, when these prices went down it was often a loss to the farmer. Then weather and soil conditions were not always favourable which caused a loss of production. Many city people claim that the farmers are profiteering. But after investigation of the profits and expenses on large farms the government found this was not true. Now are the large trusts and combine of the rich men profiteering? At their annual meetings they plan more economical means of production. This should lower the cost of things. But they agree to buy the same material from the business and small manufacturers at a low price and sell it to the city consumer at certain large stated profits. 'Such profiteering as this should be stopped. But what can a government do when 'Everybody's doing it.' 'Today everyone is trying to take as much advantage of everybody else as he can—to make as much money as he can, to work as few hours per day as he can; to have as much leisure time as he can; to have as grand homes and cars as he can; and to have as much pleasure as he can. 'So we must all suffer the punishment for this greed, the loss of an opportunity to sell our farm and factory products in foreign markets. 'Since the farmers are producers of raw materials and work the longest hours per day, and as we have proved are not the profiteers, then let the farming communities be well represented in parliament. Such a parliament should bring down the High Cost of Living by co-operating with the city consumers, and by developing foreign markets which would give more work and more money alike to the city laborer and the farmer. So altogether forward to support the Farmers' Co-operative Policy.'—Peterboro Review.

Poem by Canada's Sweetest Singer

Editor Ontario:—

Your readers are greatly indebted to you for the poems you so frequently print of Canada's sweetest singer, Miss Lillian Leveridge. I know of no poet who equals Miss Leveridge in her descriptive poems. She is doing for Canada what no other poet has done. Attuned to beauty, she pours out her whole soul in descriptions of the influence of the rising and setting sun, the moonlight, the fragrance of the flowers. We are so blind to all the beauty of this world—Miss Leveridge reveals to us a world of beauty unseen to ordinary eyes. I enclose a copy of her poem on "Canada."

In the heart of the New-World splendor,

Sea-guarded on either hand,
To eastward and westward
The fairest of all the daughters
Of the Mother beyond the sea,
A beautiful maiden, nurtured
There's a glorious wonder-land,
In love and in liberty.

She is called the "Queen of the Maples"

And the "Lady of the Snows,"
For her heart is a heart of whiteness
Though there blooms in her face
The rose.

New-blown in far-flung breezes

Heath-laden and blossom-sweet,
That sweep from the gates of the
dawnings
To the prairies of waving wheat.

Her feet in the march of nations

Advance with a victor tread,
Her hands to the hungry millions
Are reaching with good and
truth.

Her voice has a ring of welcome

To toilers across the foam,
Who crowd her shores of sunshine
And learn the glad song of home.
In her eyes is the hue of heaven
And the light of his morning glow
As she looks with prophetic vision
O'er the way that her feet must
go—
From glory to greater glory,
Till peoples and lands afar
Shall bind on her brows the laurel,
Enhallowed with fame's fair star,
Her name is a chime of music—
"O! hark the wild birds sing!
"Sweet Canada, Canada, Canada"
In the dewy days of the spring.
Here's love to thee, "Queen of the
Maple!"
Wherever Canadians roam,
That word in their hearts shall blossom:
Dear Canada, sweet, sweet home!
J. J. B. FLINT

Absent 30 Years Praises the City

Frank Fowler has many good things to say of old home town.

It is a trait of Peterborough men that when they leave the old town and hike for new fields that they grow their feet on the earth and in new soil, take an interest in affairs, speak well of the bridge that carries them well over, if they are not already married, select one of the girls and become one of the family. That is all in the term becoming acclimated. Occasionally a man comes back to see if the latch string still hangs outside the door, if any of the old folks are about, and if the people they left on duty are still doing business at the old stand. They come back looking happy, prosperous and well represented in parliament. Such a parliament should bring down the High Cost of Living by co-operating with the city consumers, and by developing foreign markets which would give more work and more money alike to the city laborer and the farmer. So altogether forward to support the Farmers' Co-operative Policy.'—Peterboro Review.

British Marrying German Girls

London, October, 1.—A Leeds soldier who has recently returned from the Rhine has made a remarkable statement on the way in which British soldiers there have been returning with German girls. He states that he went to Cologne cathedral and there saw 23 British soldiers being married to German women. The cathedral was full of people, and a German whom he quite surprised told him it was quite common thing to see British soldiers marrying German girls.

The soldier went on to say "One man who came home with me told me that he would forfeit his gratuity and all his pay if they would allow him to remain in Cologne to marry a German girl. The colonel said he could not do that, but explained that when he had been demobilized at home he could get a passport and return to his homeland. That man is returning to his home next Friday. When I told him what I thought about it he remarked that he had taken a fancy to a girl with plenty of money, and as well marry her. Any night in Cologne you can see our men with their arms round German girls, and young officers seem as keen as the men. You can see dozens of them at the dances."

INSURANCE

—S. J. Fisher, successor to W. H. Hudson representing the following companies: Liverpool & London & Globe; North British and Mercantile; Sun; Alliance; Norwich Union; Scottish Union and National; Gore; Waterloo Fire Insurance; Exchange; Commercial Union; Continental; Northern; Globe & Rutgers; Pacific Coast; Lloyd's Plate Glass. For rates and particulars 'phone 168 or call at office, No. 19 Campbell Street. The best of service guaranteed.

—Fire, Life, Auto and Accident.

Fair rates, and the best English, Canadian and United States Companies. Your business will receive prompt, careful and expert attention. Insure with the H. F. Ketcheson Co., Limited, H. F. Ketcheson, Mgr., 26 Bridge St., Belleville, Ont., Phone 228.

—R. W. Adams, established 1891.

Fire Insurance, Municipal Debentures and Real Estate, Marriage Licenses issued, Office 24 Victoria Ave. Phone 365.

—Farm Insurance, Frame, Buildings.

Buildings, 75c to \$1 per \$100; Brick Buildings, 50c to 75c per \$100; reduction of 10c for lightning rods or metal roof. Why an higher rates when you can get cheaper rates and Company guaranteed. Bring in your policies and let me quote many rates before you renew your insurance. Chas. J. Ashley, 299 Front St., Belleville.

—W. J. Rhodes, London Mutual

Fire Ins. Co., Phoenix, (of London) Assurance Co., Nova Scotia Fire Underwriters, Union (of Paris) Fire Ins. Co. Insurance of all kinds transacted at lowest rates. Phone 955, Office, Box 85, Union Bank Chambers.

Real Estate

INSURANCE

ESTATES MANAGED

J. C. MCCARTHY, 279 FRONT ST.

—Frank Baillie, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. Money to loan. Office in Madoc open Friday and Saturday. Opposite Post Office. Office in Bancroft open Tuesday and Wednesday.

—Mikel and Alford, Barristers, Etc., Solicitors for the Montreal Bank, W. C. Mabel K.C., G. Alford, Offices: Belleville and Trenton.

—Malcolm Wright, Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Etc. Office 15 Campbell St., Belleville. Money to loan at lowest rates.

—Fenton & Fenton — Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, Commissioners. Office East Bridge St., Solicitors Merchants Bank of Canada, Bank of Montreal and Town of Deseronto. Money to Loan on Mortgages.

—W. N. Fenton, K.C., R. D. Fenton, Solicitors and Notaries.

—Porter, Butler & Payne, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Etc., Solicitors for Union Bank. E. Gasquet, K.C., M.P., E. J. Butler, Chas. A. Payne. Money to Loan on Mortgages, and Investments made. Offices 219 Front St., Belleville, Ont.

—Wm. Carnew, Barrister, Etc., County Crown Attorney, Office: Court House Building, Phone: Office 238, house 435.

—Cut Flowers in Season; Wedding and Funeral Designs a Specialty. COLLIP, Phone 205, night Phone 176.

—Norman Montgomery, Auctioneer, Brighton, Box 130, telephone 101.

—Belleville Assay Office — Ores and Minerals of all kinds tested and assayed. Samples sent by mail or express will receive prompt attention. All results guaranteed. Blesker and Victoria Avenue, East Belleville, Phone 399.

—F—see Aylsworth, Ontario & Dominion Land Surveyor and Civil Engineer, Madoc, Phone 6.

Cheapest of All Oils.—Considering the curative qualities of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil it is the cheapest of all preparations offered to the public. It is to be found in every drug store in Canada from coast to coast and in country merchants keep it for sale. So being easily procurable and extremely moderate in price you should not be without a bottle of it.

ELECTRIFYING WHEAT

An interesting experiment on the effect of electrifying wheat before sowing it has been carried on since last November in Kent, England. The wheat which was sown according to London Times, being the more vigorous in growth and habit, and promising, so far as the experts present were able to judge, higher than that of the untreated plot. There were evident signs of rust, too, in the untreated crop, and it was a significant fact that the other plot was, at any rate at the present stage, entirely free from this disease. Nothing is said, however, about the relative costs.

All men are a little lower than the angels, and the majority of good deal more so.

INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION FOR CITY OF BELLEVILLE

Directors Appointed Yesterday Afternoon League Will Aid and Finance Industries—Business Men Consider Valve Proposition.

The Belleville Industrial Corporation is about to be organized with a capitalization of \$200,000 to aid in industrial development in this city. Mr. R. J. Graham will subscribe \$100,000 provided individual citizens subscribe \$100,000 more. The holding company will have the following directors—J. J. Graham, H. W. Ackerman, W. B. Deacon, C. M. Reid, W. C. Springer and Col. L. W. Marsh.

This was decided at a meeting of business men held in the council chamber yesterday afternoon. It was called by Ald. Bone, who is tireless in his efforts to make Belleville's future assured.

The meeting was unanimously in favor of the formation of a holding company with this purpose in view. It was largely attended.

There were present Mr. L. S. Denyes and Mr. Jenks, of St. Catharines who brought to the citizens' consideration a valve proposition.

Mr. Robert J. Graham was voted to the chair. The chairman was very optimistic. There is an opportunity to get industries. Present were several gentlemen willing to start industries here.

Ald. Bone, chairman, explained that Grahams Ltd. had put \$25,000 into a flour mill proposition and was considering investing a like sum in a machinery business for this city. The Graham Co. has put \$30,000 into the Teko proposition for manufacturing. More money is needed. My idea is for the citizens to form a company—"The Belleville Industrial Corporation." Grahams Ltd. proposed putting \$100,000 into it and the citizens putting another \$100,000. He suggested the capitalization of the corporation at \$200,000 and that four directors be appointed, two being Mr. Graham and Mr. Ackerman. They could fully investigate every proposition.

Mr. Graham said this scheme had his endorsement. Belleville needs industries. During the last six weeks this city lost an industry. Mr. Denyes, a native of Thurlow, has control of a valve for auto tires. Mr. Carlisle of the Goodyear Co. said if the valve could be manufactured in large quantities they would buy a large number. The new valve has proven good.

Mr. Denyes said the valve was not new. It was invented in Kingston by a Mr. Wood. It has been under test for four years. Mr. Graham had had the company money come to Belleville if he put money into the proposition. The directors of the company have however given consent to have the industry come to Belleville if satisfactory arrangements can be made.

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Two More Sent Up For Trial

Hearing in Logan and Summers Charges Concluded

John Logan and Matthew Summers were yesterday afternoon in police court committed by Magistrate Mason for trial on a charge of stealing on Sept. 13, 1919 a quantity of liquor from a car in the G.T.R. yards in Thurlow.

Mr. Abrams, night operator in the yard office, being sworn, testified that he knew Summers. On the morning of Sept. 13 at 2 and 2:30 o'clock Summers came in and asked if he could have the loan of Abrams' car to take a sick pal home. Witness said if he knew anybody who could run the car, he would lend it. Summers went out and did not take the car. Half an hour later Mr. Abrams saw the car still there. Ten minutes later going outside, he found the car gone. He came back to the office and went on with his work. It was still gone half an hour later. The car was back at day-break. Witness did not know who had taken it. It may have been gone an hour. He did not think Summers could drive a McLaughlin car.

Harry Elvise who was yardman's helper but is not in the G. T. R. employ was next called. Matthew Summers was his superior. He knew nothing of the theft of the liquor. The car was to be shifted to the car-house siding. This occurred between 2:30 and 3:00 o'clock on Saturday morning. He did not know of the car having been tampered with before that. Summers between that time and morning was working up and down the yard. They were not together all the time, but he hardly thought Summers could have been away half an hour at a time.

"Did you see any boxes looking like whiskey boxes on the engine?" "No sir."

G.T.R. constable E. B. Harris, testified that he discovered at 4:30 p.m. Saturday the jars along the track.

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Trenton Organizing a Choral Society

Will Have Up-To-Date Musical Circle in Short Time—Boom Among Royal Templars—Preparing for Evangelistic Campaign

(From The Ontario's Special Correspondent.)

Trenton, Oct. 2.—About thirty of the most enthusiastic young people of Trenton's musical circle, met on Tuesday evening in the Assembly Hall of the High School to consider forming a choral society. It was decided to meet next Tuesday evening to finish all business in connection with officers and selection of music. This adds one more stone to the building called "Community Spirit."

Mr. Bell, organizer for the Royal Templars of Temperance arrived in town today and will continue his work until Friday. The Templars desire a very great deal of credit, as during the past year they have had their Silver Medal Contests. The first, which was held in the parlors of King St. Methodist Church, was won by Miss Amy Asselstine, was a decided success. The second, which was held in the parlors of Grace Methodist Church, and was won by Miss Beatrice Huffman, was equally successful. We wish for Mr. Bell unlimited success. Let us put forth every effort to help the Templars, even if we don't belong. It is a worthy cause.

Rev. L. M. Sharpe, of Rednersville is in town organizing an evangelistic campaign to be held some few weeks later. Pastors and representative laymen from all the churches are in conference at the St. Andrew's Presbyterian church this evening. Mr. Sharpe is an efficient organizer.

Mrs. W. Simmonds was in Belleville today. Mrs. C. W. Saylor have returned from Toronto. Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Skitch, of Lindsay, who have been visiting their son, Mr. Albert Skitch for a few days, left for their home this morning.

Brookville Inspectors Seize Quantity Wet Goods on C. P. R. Train.

Ottawa, Sept. 27.—Temiskaming "booze" lovers are hereby notified that the consignment of hot stuff which they were going to get next week is not to arrive. It was seized last night on the western train while it was in transit between Montreal and Ottawa by the Ontario Provincial License Inspectors Sykes and Taber. The consignment was made up of seven gallons of high-wines and a few bottles of whiskey. Fred Wafer of Montreal, and Mike Jaconuleff, of Coniston, were arrested for transporting liquor into Ontario and were charged with a breach of the Ontario Temperance Act.

The local police received a message to meet the 1.22 C. P. R. train for complete search. Sergeant Harden and Constable Boehmer went to the station with the patrol and brought the prisoners and liquor to the police station.

FOXBORO
October 1st, 1919.
Rally day service was held in the Methodist church on Sunday last. A special form of service was used in which responsive readings, prayer, hymns and hymns. The church was beautifully decorated with flowers for the occasion and a splendid attendance. It was an ideal day.

Miss Little Gowsell was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Wm. Gowsell, on Sunday last. Mr. and Mrs. Elliott of Dresden Ont., have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Wickett for the past week. Miss Grace McDonnell and Miss Marion Wannamaker of Marmora took tea at the home of Miss Gladys Stewart on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Merritt Finkle and daughter Edna, of Belleville were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Gay on Sunday.

Mrs. Harry Hoard of Campbellford has been spending a few days at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart.

The school fair held on Monday, September 29th was a decided success. The exhibits were good and all enjoyed themselves. Miss Marion Wannamaker of Marmora returned home after spending the past three weeks with Miss Grace McDonnell.

Mr. and Mrs. Elliott and Walter Wickett spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Bird, 6th Concession.

Dr. E. Ward spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Gowsell, junior.

Mr. Frank Demorest left for Bowmanville on Monday to assist Mr. John Holgate in the evaporator.

Carries Canada's Name Throughout the World

Remarkable Achievement for Purely Canadian Concern.

As evidence of the way in which one enterprising Canadian firm has pushed the sale of its product into the corners of the earth, it is interesting to know that the "Salada" Tea Company sell their product not only through the United States, but in France, Belgium, Spain, Portugal, Canary Islands, Algeria, Morocco, The Gold Coast, New Guinea, West India, Island, Mexico, Cuba, British Honduras, the Guianas, Colombia, Venezuela, Brazil, Paraguay, Chile and the Argentine.

They have lately made a large shipment to Iceland, and have received inquiries from Egypt, Bulgaria, Czech-Slovakia, Turkey, Norway, Alsace, Switzerland, Peru, Denmark, Sweden, etc., etc.

The teas shipped to these countries are exactly the same quality as yours under the same familiar labels in any part of Canada or the United States. The popularity of this tea during the past century has made "Salada" a household word in America.

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CANADA MUST FULFIL HER WAR OBLIGATIONS

Industries Must be Kept Going and Markets Found for Manufacturers and Farm Products.

Before the war Canada never dreamed that its citizens could enter into the spirit of co-operation to the extent they did during the war years.

There was a definite object in view and to that end the people of the Dominion, irrespective of former class prejudice, gave their all. They contributed their men, their money and their service.

And now that the war is ended and victory is here, is that fine spirit of co-operation to be allowed to disappear? Are we going back to our old selfish ways again?

Because there is still need of co-operation, of mutual endeavor toward a common end. Canada needs more money. In the wake of the war years new problems, gigantic and pressing, have come to confront us and to demand our attention.

The country must fulfil the obligations contracted during the war; there are the crippled soldiers to look after; the men who have come back in good health must be re-established in civil life; the dependents of the fallen must not be allowed to want.

The finances of the country must be stabilized. Our industries must be kept going, otherwise widespread unemployment will be our lot; and markets must be provided for our surplus foodstuffs.

All of these things demand money. Canada therefore is about to ask her citizens once more to lend their money to enable her to fulfil her obligations to her soldiers and to maintain the country's prosperity.

To make the Victory Loan, 1919, a success, wide co-operation among the entire people of the Dominion will be required. Enter into this war that made the winning of the war possible by buying Victory Bonds.

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U. F. O. Candidate for P. E. County Retires

Clarence Mallory Disqualified by Having Been Referendum Enumerator

A surprise has been sprung in the election situation in Prince Edward by the announcement of the withdrawal of Clarence Mallory, United Farmer nominee, from the contest.

Upon the advice of his solicitor and the legal adviser of the U.F.O. Mr. Mallory has decided to decline the nomination. The legal opinion expressed was that he could not legally remain a candidate having been enumerator for the voters' lists for the election.

The following letter from Mr. Mallory explains his position:

Editor Ontario,—
Permit me through the columns of your paper to explain to the electors of Prince Edward County my reasons for resigning the nomination of the U.F.O. for a seat in the Provincial Legislature. As you know I was appointed an enumerator to Division No. 2, Hallowell, under the Referendum Act. Previous to the mass meeting at which I was selected, I communicated with the legal advisers of the Mail & Empire, but receiving no reply to my question regarding the matter in the legal columns, I accepted the nomination. A few days after this I heard that the question was being raised whether I was eligible or not, and I took the matter up with my own solicitor, laying the entire matter before him and received the following reply:

"In my opinion if the fees for your services as enumerator are paid before your official nomination as candidate, there can be no objection to your being a candidate at the next Provincial election."

I therefore supposed the matter was closed. But the Mail and Empire of Sept. 27 contained an answer to my question which I submitted to them on Sept. 8th, and held that I was not eligible. Not feeling satisfied with the matter yet I sent on Sept. 29, the following telegram to the legal adviser of the U.F.O. at Toronto:

"I acted as enumerator, preparing lists for Referendum. Does this disqualify me from accepting"

City Secures New Concern

"Judge Jones Milling Company" to Start Operations Here

Belleville has secured a new industry thanks to the efforts of Mr. R. J. Graham and Ald. J. Bone, named the Judge Jones Co., Ltd., which will manufacture flour and cereals. Mr. Bone announced yesterday afternoon that the Grahams Ltd. has invested \$25,000 in the business. It will occupy a large building near the G.T.R. station, owned by the Graham Company. This was built for the Fruit Machinery Co., but the latter took over the Walker Foundry. A large elevator will be erected along the tracks. The milling concern will employ fifteen or twenty men. The Judge Jones Co. have a mill and elevator in Montreal but the local concern will be separate and distinct.

Several other industries are likely to be secured in a few weeks' time. The Elliott Wood Working Machine Company concluded this morning an agreement by which this company will come to Belleville. It is expected the company will start operations in a month.

A tentative agreement was made this morning with the company which is proposing to come to Belleville and manufacture tire valves. The "Belleville Industrial Corporation" is busy today selling shares bringing \$10 each. This corporation expects to raise \$200,000. A paper company is looking for a location here.

A large English manufacturing company is hoping to find a block of 25 acres of land in Belleville on which to start a plant.

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Obituary

W. J. HUDSON

W. J. Hudson, a commercial traveller, died at his home in Ottawa last night. He was a resident of Belleville for many years and was known to a large class of citizens. Surviving is his widow but no family. He was about 75 years of age. The remains will be brought to Belleville for interment tomorrow in Belleville cemetery.

MARIE R. BARRIAGE
Marie Rosalie Barriage, eleven months' old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Barriage, Pinnacle street, died last evening. She remains here and is being shipped to Kingston for interment.

PLEASANT VIEW.
October is here and what lovely weather! Jack Frost has left everything green and flowers in bloom yet.

People are busy around here cutting corn and filling silos. Two machines are in this neighborhood this week. Mr. Ed. Phillips and family and Mr. J. Tucker and Pearl spent Sunday with Mrs. R. Olliver, Mountain View.

Mrs. A. Spencer visited her sister in Belleville. Mr. D. Miller spent Sunday with friends at River Valley. Mr. J. Chisholm and family, of Roslin, also Mr. Beecraft and bride of Guelph spent Sunday at S. Lloyd's.

Mr. W. Moon, of Tweed, were Sunday visitors at S. Pope's, and with them to spend a week. Miss Jessie Pope returned home. Mrs. J. Hogg is home again after a few weeks' visit with her daughters at Frankford.

Miss Flossie Jeffery had her cousin from Winnipeg visiting here last week.

Ladies' Bowling Club

Yesterday afternoon was the occasion of a very interesting function on the Bowling Green when the finals were played by six rinks of the Ladies' Bowling Club for the trophy presented by Mrs. J. Lazier, the president of the club. The interest was very keen to the last, when the rink skipped by Miss McKee won out with the handsome total of 56.

By next follow-up being Mrs. Stewart Robertson's rink with a total of 50. Mrs. Lazier has been the president of the club since its organization 7 years ago, and has every year shown interest in it by donating prizes for complete winners.

This year she presented a handsome cup, standing some 18 inches high, on a rosewood base, which is to be played for annually. The winners each year having their names engraved on the cup and each member of the winning rink presented with individual prizes by the Club. This year the individual prizes were 4 very handsome cut glass vases.

Mrs. Lazier in presenting the trophy to the club referred to the great pleasure it had given her in being selected year after year as its president and congratulated the winners on their success in being their first winners.

Mrs. Kinneer, the secretary of the club, presented the individual prizes in a few well chosen and fitting remarks. Mr. W. B. Riggs, the president of the men's bowling club, expressed the great pleasure it was to the men's club to have the ladies' organization associated with them on the green, and hoped the ladies' club would every year increase in number and compete with the men in all their matches. Mrs. Lazier referred to the pleasure it had always been to her to see the green enhanced by the presence of the ladies, and congratulated them on their excellent playing and having such an excellent president as Mrs. Lazier, who always took so much interest in its success.

The members of the winning rink were Miss Parker, Mrs. Ackerman, Mrs. McCulloch, Miss McKee, skip. The presentation of the beautiful trophy has given added interest to the members of the club and every year will see greater exertion on behalf of its members to have their names on it as winners.

A large number of the members of both clubs and many invited guests, enjoyed the excitement of witnessing the closely contested games, and by the members of the ladies' club. Members when playing are required to wear rubbers or rubber-soled boots.

Committees Named For Referendum

Strong Working Organization to Promote Interests of Prohibition

At a meeting of citizens held in the Y.M.C.A. the following working committees were appointed to complete the work on behalf of the Referendum campaign:

Foster Ward—
Messrs. D. V. Sinclair, Chas. Elving, C. S. Clapp, Ed. Britton, Frank LaPlam, W. C. Reid, E. Finkle, E. N. Fisk, L. Hughes and Capt. Ruston.

Miss M. Reeves, Mrs. McCauley, Mrs. (Capt) Smith, Miss M. Gayley, Mrs. L. P. Hughes, Mrs. E. Britton and Mrs. Robt. Wallace, Mrs. T. Carter.

Samson Ward—
Messrs. F. S. Deacon, Robt. Templeton, H. J. Clarke, S. Burrows, R. Collins, P. J. Wims, W. Lattimer, W. B. Deacon, Rev. D. P. Wilson, John Matiens, W. B. Riggs, Ralf Morden, Lieut. Wm. Finkle, R. J. Wray, Capt. M. Wilson, Lieut. P. L. Yeomans, Capt. Harry Alford, P. C. MacLaurin, Ex-Mayor Ketcheson and Ex-Mayor H. W. Ackerman, Mrs. Gibson, Mrs. R. J. Graham, Mrs. Harold Holton, Mrs.

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County and District

Many Sheep Killed by Dogs

Kingston, Oct. 2.—Dr. William Nichols, veterinary, was urgently called back north to near Opinicon on Sunday to attend injured sheep. He found that three ranches had been visited by savage dogs, and heavy losses inflicted. Only a few sheep could be saved among those that were torn by the dogs. Henry Scott, one of the largest sheep raisers, was perhaps the heaviest loser. He lost thirty-three dead, sixteen missing and eleven drowned. The dogs had driven the sheep into the water. On the late Mrs. Guthrie's ranch, eighteen sheep were lost.

Obtain Licenses

It was stated yesterday that practically all of the liquor dealers of Ogdensburg intend to take out short term licenses for the period beginning Oct. 1. These licenses will not be valid until the end of January, but constitutional prohibition will come into effect on Jan. 16. The dealers still hope the ban on liquor and beer will be removed or modified in the meantime so that they may legally dispose of the stock which was left on hand July 1st.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Sad Case of Extreme Poverty.

A case of extreme poverty has been brought to the notice of the police and yesterday Chief Short investigated. A wife and family in the East Ward was found to be in great need of help; without food and not a dollar in the house. The husband, a returned soldier, is in Oshawa learning the garage business. The Chief is placing the matter in the hands of those whose duty it is to look after unfortunate cases of this character.—Lindsay Post.

Honored by Club Members

At a meeting of the Firemen's Recreation Club held last evening in the Central fire station and attended by about 45 members, a hearty farewell was tendered Harry Armstrong, captain of the paid fire brigade, who is resigning his position to enter the services of the C. T. R. After the transaction of routine business the chairman, W. J. Reynolds, presented to Capt. Armstrong a handsome pipe, accompanied by a nicely worded address, on behalf of the club members. To the kind wishes expressed in the address the recipient made a suitable reply. Addresses were delivered by Fire Chief H. G. Gillespie, Councilors Chrysler, Mitchell, Parker, ex-Mayors George A. Wright, John A. Derbyshire, Rev. Canon F. D. Woodcock, J. Curtin, F. E. Graham and W. H. Rothwell. An excellent musical program was rendered by the fire department orchestra. In his address Fire Chief Gillespie outlined the formation of a local Fire Prevention League in connection with the Recreation Club and his suggestion met with the hearty approval of the members who will immediately for the good work.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Queen's Degree for French Woman

Among those who were granted the degree of B.A. at Queen's was the name of Mile, Anne M. Haynand of Herisson, Allier, France. Mile. Haynand is a native of France who for the last year has been on the staff of the French department at Queen's as tutor in French conversation. She has been studying at the same time as a student of which she secured the degree of B.A. this fall. Mile. Haynand is leaving Queen's this fall to accept a similar position in Wilkes-Barre, Penn.

Prince Recognized Him

While at Sudbury, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales noticed Pte. H. E. Smith, M.M., former of the 156th Battalion, in the crowd and beckoned for him to come to the platform. Pte. Smith approached and saluted. The Prince said: "I have seen you before, I think, in France, I am sure." Pte. Smith replied that he was at Arras when H.R.H. was attached to the Canadians. "Oh, yes, to be sure," replied the Prince. He inquired where the soldier had won his medal. "At Amiens in 1918, sir," was the answer. "Ah, yes, sir," said the Prince, who shook hands with Pte. Smith, congratulated him and wished him good luck.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Female Firebug Coming to Kingston

Miss Hannah Matilda Rink, on a charge of arson, was sentenced to three years in Portsmouth Penitentiary by Judge Livingston at Welland recently. Two men who set fire to the building she had purchased had been sentenced to two and three years, respectively, and another, Wm. Phillips, is on \$10,000 bail awaiting trial on a charge of counselling her to have the crime committed.

Still Being Issued

Officials of the post office department at Ottawa have explained that while no postal notes payable in the United States were being issued, this did not interfere with the money order business conducted by the post office department. Money orders issued by the Canadian post office department are payable at face value in the United States; the premium being collected from the sender when the order is issued.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Fractured Left Arm.

By falling from a fence at the residence of his parents, Edmour Cloutier, four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. George Cloutier, 36 St. Andrew street, fractured his left arm between the elbow and wrist. He was removed to St. Vincent de Paul Hospital where the fracture was reduced by Dr. J. A. McBroom, assisted by Dr. Purvis.—Brockville Recorder and Times.

Ontario History Bears Blot of Nickel Scandal

Says Mrs. Ralph Smith, M.L.A. Attacking Government—Dewart on Hydro

Whitby, Oct. 2.—An impassioned protest against the supply of Ontario nickel to the Germans in war time by Mrs. Ralph Smith, M.L.A. of Vancouver, B.C., the only woman member of any legislative assembly in Canada, and a blunt declaration by H. H. Dewart, the Liberal leader that Premier Hears is opposed to Hydro-radial construction, marked the nomination convention of South Ontario Liberals here.

Mr. Dewart made his first delivery in the Hydro question, and gave all the credit to the municipalities and Beck, declaring that he and the Liberal party are for Hydro development and Hydro-radial construction.

W. E. Dryden, son of the late Hon. John Dryden, presided. There were 500 people in the hall when Mr. Dewart arrived, and he got a most enthusiastic reception. Nearly 100 ladies were present.

W. E. N. Sinclair, Oshawa, former local member for the riding, was unanimously nominated. He was defeated in the 1914 election by a majority of 52 by the Conservative, Charles Calder.

Mr. Sinclair, in accepting the nomination, recalled that when a member of the house he voted for woman's franchise, which was then voted down by the government. In this election the government is claiming credit for giving the vote to the women. (Laughter.)

It is amusing, he said, to see the flaming posters of Sir William Hearst, claiming what he has done for Ontario by the Hydro, while Sir Adam Beck is falling away from the Conservative party.

The Liberals are advocates of public ownership, and Mr. Dewart would not allow Premier Hearst to get away with cheap talk.

Mrs. Ralph Smith said the ballot will be cast in the hands of women as of men. Her own election was admitted to have been the cleanest ever held in British Columbia, and with less spoiled ballots.

The government of Ontario, she said, had found a wonderful use for posters. Posters do not mean anything. Principles mean everything.

She asked Ontario in God's name to give H. H. Dewart the opportunity of doing the work he has undertaken.

A Human Aspect. Looking over the issues you have before you in this election, said I, coming from British Columbia, see one black spot. That black spot is the nickel question.

(Applause.) I am not going into the business aspect of this question. I am not concerned with that aspect of it. In your able province of Ontario you are endowed with the richest deposits of nickel in the world, with all the nickel deposits of this continent. But I see these natural resources owned and controlled by German capitalists.

When was your nickel, which you possess at your very doors, must be sent over to the other side to be converted into the finished article, and then was sent into Germany, through Holland to be used in the manufacture of bullets, that were discharged against the breasts of your boys and mine, and the boys of every mother whose blood was spilled in France and Flanders.

I phase of this question, I say the human side of the nickel question is black. I speak as a woman of this black spot upon your fair province. I ask you is it right it should be so? Is it just? Is it British? Your chief natural wealth should not be sent over to the other side to be finished. It should not have been sent to Germany to kill your boys and mine, North, south, east and west, your province should wipe out this black spot and demonstrate to all the people of Canada that you, the electors of Ontario, on the 20th of October, will declare what you are thinking down deep in your hearts of this nickel question. (Applause.)

Mr. Dewart spoke of the service of the late Hon. John Dryden to agriculture in the province. He congratulated South Ontario on the choice of Mr. Sinclair, even though he is a lawyer.

There are not many lawyers among the Liberal standard-bearers he said. Mr. Prondfoot was one, but he does not now call himself a Liberal. (Laughter.)

BOY CHASES GIRL OVER 17-FOOT CLIFF TO DEATH. Rochester, Oct. 2.—The youngest witness ever on the stand at a coroner's inquest here, Frank Charlton, aged 8, admitted that he chased Angelina Argeo, aged 7, over a cliff to her death last Sunday at Maplewood Park. They quarrelled over a bag of apples, and in pursuit the little girl was unable to stop herself when she reached the edge of the cliff and fell 17 feet to the rocky edge of the river.

Still Manages His Own Affairs

Andrew Howell, Jr., Falls to Have Aged Man Declared Incompetent

Mr. Justice Logie of Toronto gave judgment on an application which was made by Andrew Howell, Jr., for an order declaring Andrew Howell, sr., incompetent to manage his affairs. The parties all reside in the township of Tyndinaga in the county of Hastings, and the applicant has been away from the family of Andrew Howell, sr., for many years.

The Court directed that Andrew Howell, sr., submit himself at Toronto to be examined by Dr. Clarke and this was done, and Dr. Clarke's report was not the most favorable one; but after perusing all the material submitted, the Court gave the following judgment:—"I am of the opinion that any disturbance of the routine of Andrew Howell, sr.'s life or habits after nearly half a century of life with a faithful and devoted wife would at his age be highly detrimental. On the argument I was inclined to hold that the applicant is not a person having had the advantage of the opinion of Dr. C. K. Clarke, that the said Andrew Howell, sr., was incompetent, but on a careful perusal of all the material I find myself unable to say beyond reasonable doubt that this is so. Seven practicing physicians certify to his competency, three to his incompetency. I therefore make no finding as to the competency or incompetency of Andrew Howell, sr. The applicant has disclosed no merits, either in his material or upon the argument, and lays more stress on the property than on the person of the alleged incompetent. I see no reason why this petition is needed in order to ascertain the rights of all parties interested in Andrew Howell's estate. Motion dismissed with costs. Andrew Howell, sr., to pay the fee of Dr. C. K. Clarke fixed at \$25 and to pay the costs of the application. Porter, Butler and Payne for the applicant; Wm. Carnew for Andrew Howell, sr.

Trenton Enters Upon Evangelistic Campaign

Want Auditorium to Accommodate 1500 People—Other Live News From Our Hustling Correspondent.

Trenton, Oct. 4. The committee in charge of the evangelistic campaign are busy preparing a place to seat fifteen hundred people. These are "live-wire" men and our five weeks' campaign is sure to be a success.

On Wednesday, Oct. 1, a fine baby girl came into the world at the home of Mrs. Funnell and Mrs. Funnell. Congratulations!

Mr. Pelky has received a message that his youngest daughter, Miss Jean, has come through an operation for appendicitis successfully at Toronto General Hospital.

In the Grace Methodist Church on Thursday evening, Oct. 2, Major Rev. H. A. Frost, B.A., B.D., pastor, gave a most delightful evening among the beauty-spots of old England. With the assistance of an exceptionally clear lantern, he told us of over one hundred scenes of interest; we were shown the exterior and interior of all the churches and palaces of interest in London. Major Frost has visited these places and tells some interesting facts. The only selection was a pantomime, "Lead Kindly Light" by Misses Coutts and Allison. Mrs. Gains presided at the piano and Mrs. Claude Graham sang. At the close of the lecture, refreshments were served by the "Piano Club" in the basement. Proceeds from the silver collection was \$24.00.

The two-year-old son of Mr. Levey is seriously ill with intestinal gripe.

Mrs. Jno. Robinson, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. H. A. Frost, has left to visit other friends before returning to her home in Detroit.

Miss Maude Foster, in the absence of her mother, entertained a few ladies in honor of the birthday of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Chas. Foster.

It May Never Be Known

What happened to Steamer Waffle on Lake.

Many Mariners are of the opinion that the boiler exploded—Movements of vessels reported along the Harbor.

Kingston, Oct. 2.—Just what happened to the steamer Waffle will probably never be known. Many mariners are inclined to believe that the boilers on the vessel exploded, owing to the condition of the wreckage found, and the fact that none of the life boats were picked up. Members of the crew of the steamer Jeska, which arrived in port from Oswego on Thursday, stated that it was their belief that the catastrophe had been caused by the explosion of the boiler on the steamer.

The tug Thomson arrived with the barge Davis, on her way to Point Anne, to load cement.

The steamer Jeska arrived from Oswego, with coal for Robert Crawford.

The schooner St. Louis cleared for Oswego.

The steamer Chamberlain and barge Frank and White cleared for Oswego.

The steamer City of Belleville passed up from Montreal on her way to Toronto at 3 a.m. to-day.

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Mr. H. B. Preston has sold his residence on Shuter street to Mr. Edward L. Frazer. Mr. and Mrs. Morton Murdock leave tomorrow on a trip to the Pacific Coast. Miss Honora Goodfriend was the guest of Miss Marjorie Gotard this week. Lt.-Col. J. A. Little of Port Arthur has been visiting relatives in Trenton this week. Mr. Jack Farley left on Monday to resume his medical studies at Toronto University. Mr. Ross Bly has gone to Toronto to complete his medical studies at the University. Mr. G. A. Ireland accompanied his son, who is attending University, at Toronto this week. Miss Alice Burwash, Arnprior, is visiting Miss Doris Whittier. Mr. Hugh Farncomb went to Toronto on Saturday last. Mrs. H. F. Laing of Hamilton is the guest of Mrs. Edward A. Simmons, Henry street. Miss Helena Flindall of Trenton is spending a week in Sidney with her cousin, Mrs. John Steele. Mr. W. W. White, resident engineer of the C.N.R. at Ottawa, was in town on Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Walter Evans, Belleville, were in town yesterday. Mrs. W. H. Mathews has returned from a visit to Bancroft. Corp. O. L. Patrick, N.C.O., arrived home on Saturday last from overseas. Mr. and Mrs. S. C. James, Mrs. W. Morden, Miss Gladys Holmes, motored to Glen Ross on Sunday.

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Boy's Suits \$7.00 and \$8.00

Where Can You Get Them?



With Clothing Prices going higher all the time, don't you think we are looking after the interests of our customers when we stock in Boy's Suits away ahead and hold them? We offer you good Boy's Suits at \$7.00 and \$8.00, with \$10.00 and \$12.00 for the larger sizes.

Where else can you get them but the

PROGRESS BRAND CLOTHES

OAK HALL

The Standard Bank of Canada

Established 1873

Progress can only be assured by looking ahead and preparing for it.

Farmers—by exercising foresight in raising cattle, hogs and other readily saleable products, can add to their worth. This Bank aids and encourages every kind of agricultural operation.

Belleville Branch J. Elliott Manager
Shannonville Branch open Mondays and Thursdays
Foxboro Branch open Tuesdays and Fridays
Rednersville Branch open Wednesdays

When You Travel, Even in Canada

carry your funds in Travellers' Cheques, issued by The Merchants Bank. Personal cheques are often refused. Money may be lost or stolen. Travellers' Cheques, on the other hand, are cashed by banks, hotels, transportation companies and stores at their face value, and enable you to raise ready money wherever you happen to be. If lost, they are of no value to the finder; if stolen, they are destroyed, they will be replaced without extra charge. Use them for your next journey.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864. BELLEVILLE BRANCH. N. D. McFADYEN, Manager. Safety Deposit Boxes to Rent.

Inspect These

Phaetons, Auto Seat Top Buggies, Platform Spring Democrat Wagons, Steel Tubular Axle Wagons, Ribolster Spring, Royal Main Delivery Wagons, Factory Milk Wagons, Repairing, Painting, Trimming, Rubber Tires. All kinds of Automobiles repaired, painted and upholstered.

The FINNEGAN CARRIAGE & WAGON CO.

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

ARE YOU A CRANK?

A crank is a man who does his own thinking. I had a relation who was called a crank. I believe I have been spoken of as one myself. That is what you have to expect if you invent anything that puts an old machine out of fashion, or solve a problem that has puzzled all the world up to your time. There never was a religion founded but His Messiah was called a crank. There never was an idea started that woke up men out of their stupid indifference but its originator was spoken of as a crank. Do you want to know why that name is given to the men who do most for the world's progress? I will tell you. It is because

cranks make all the machinery for the world go round. What would a steam engine be without a crank? I suppose that the first fool that ever looked on the first crank ever made asked what that crooked, queer looking thing was good for. When the wheels got to moving he found out. Do It Now.—Disorders of the digestive apparatus should be dealt with at once before complications arise that may be difficult to cope with. The surest remedy to this end is Parnelle's Vegetable Pills, the best laxative and sedative on the market. Do not delay, but try them now. One trial will convince anyone that they are the best stomach regulator that can be got.

2.P.C. Beer is Intoxicating Provincial Road From Havelock to Trent River

At least so said drunk in police court this morning.

Claimed he drank "twenty beers" and was drunk.

Kingston, Oct. 2.—What is the effect of drinking too much 2 percent beer? According to certain pamphlets, it is non-intoxicating, but there is at least one person who thinks it will produce a pretty good jag, good enough to land him in Chief Nesbitt's private palace for the repose of unsteady limbs.

The citizen in question was drunk a week ago. There was no doubt about it. He found his legs too unsteady to carry his body, and eventually landed in the police cells. Last Thursday he didn't know where he secured his liquor, and a week was given him to renovate his weary memory. This morning he appeared again, and told Magistrate Farrell that he had "twenty beers" meaning two per cent. He insisted that the twenty beers set him drunk, and that he hadn't tasted whiskey for four years. This might give rise to the suggestion of a certain duration. At long one of four years didn't appear any rate his story didn't appear. Magistrate Farrell in the least, and another period of seven days, in which he can scrape the cobwebs off his fast-fading memory, was handed the citizen.

Another local citizen got "lit up" last night, and this morning paid in \$12.50 to the exchequer for his time. He got his liquor from the vendor's on a doctor's order, and managed to get drunk. He was randed up on Princess street by C. Leslie Armstrong last night at 10 p.m.

Lucien Lonsan and Albert Revere members of the R. C. H. A., were charged with an unnatural offence against another member of the battery. They were remanded for a week and will appear before Magistrate Farrell on Oct. 9th.

Case Settled Out of Court

Aftermath of automobile accident which occurred in Peterborough.

The case of Harry D. May against F. Percy Pocock, which was tried in the Supreme Court of Ontario now sitting at the Court House, has been settled by the parties. Mr. May's daughter, of Toronto, while visiting in Peterborough, was run down and severely injured by a car driven by Mr. Pocock at the corner of Charlotte and George streets last fall. The case was set down for trial but at the last moment, Mr. Pocock who is a traveller from Brockville, Moore & Wang acted for Mr. May and Hutchinson and Driver of Brockville for Mr. Pocock.

G.W.V.A. Disassociate Themselves From Flynn

Strong Statements Made Before Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment Parliamentary Committee.

The ill-founded and sensational statements made before the above committee by John Harry Francis Flynn, the Toronto agitator, have met with sharp repudiation at the hands of Mr. MacNeil and Capt. Wheeler. A press report of their evidence at Ottawa says:— Mr. MacNeil, in the course of a strong speech, referred to Mr. Flynn in the following language: "As returned soldiers representing responsible men, we desire to disassociate ourselves entirely from the statements made by Mr. Flynn, which seriously reflect upon British institutions and sense of fair play, and are not in accord with the ideals for which Canada's citizen soldiers have served and now seek to maintain. Those who are seriously desirous of promoting the welfare of returned soldiers in a reasonable and constitutional manner, and who consider some system of bonus payment as the proper method of relief, consider that such statements have seriously jeopardized the sympathetic consideration of the needs of the dependents of those who have fallen and the needs of disabled men."

Imperials Back G.W.V.A.

Captain Wheeler was even stronger in saying: "Mr. Chairman and every way the statement you have heard from Mr. MacNeil of the G.W.V.A. As President of the Imperial Veterans in Canada, and representing something like fifty thousand veterans, not ten months or two months men, we wish to disassociate ourselves from what Mr. Flynn has put forward in his evidence. We are perfectly aware that the vote of the returned men has sent many able men to the House of Commons to represent us in this place, and we are sure that your committee will do everything you possibly can to re-establish our men and as Imperial veterans, as I have said before, we leave our case absolutely in your hands and we do not want anyone to dictate to us in this country how it should be run by someone else from another country. "I think any man who makes a statement of what he is going to do in the proper place for the Government puts the bars outside the window, so that if he falls out he won't cut his foot."

The Department of Public Works of Ontario has authorized the construction of a first class metal road from Havelock to Trent River, a distance of two-and-three-quarter miles.

The road will be constructed under the personal direction of government engineers, and will be of ample width throughout and will be a first-class permanent provincial type of the latest method of road building.

The road will be constructed with trap rock from the Ontario Rock Co.'s quarry at Preneville, and while serving this section of Ontario as a sample of how good roads should be constructed, the main idea of the Government is to test out thereby the assertion of the trap rock quarry people that their product is by far the best in the country for provincial or any other road use, where metalled surfaces are required to stand up to heavy traffic.

Industrial and Commercial Night School

A Very Good Attendance on Thursday Evening

The following teachers were in charge of classes:—Thursday evening:—Mechanical Drawing, Mr. E. J. Batchelor. Mr. Batchelor is the draughtsman in the Marsh Engineering Works and has recently returned from overseas where he was with the C.E.F. This course should appeal to students who are anxious to take up this work. Letter and Card Printing, Mr. F. R. Wotten. This class was well attended and is likely to prove one of the most successful classes of the season. Mr. Wotten a specialist in this line of work and an experienced man who intends entering business should take this course as it will make him very much more valuable and increase his earning power.

The case of Harry D. May against F. Percy Pocock, which was tried in the Supreme Court of Ontario now sitting at the Court House, has been settled by the parties. Mr. May's daughter, of Toronto, while visiting in Peterborough, was run down and severely injured by a car driven by Mr. Pocock at the corner of Charlotte and George streets last fall. The case was set down for trial but at the last moment, Mr. Pocock who is a traveller from Brockville, Moore & Wang acted for Mr. May and Hutchinson and Driver of Brockville for Mr. Pocock.

Freight Cars Jumped: Conductor Killed

Main line traffic delayed on G. T. R. by minor freight wreck.

Robert Norris, 108 Withrow Ave., Toronto a freight conductor on the Grand Trunk, was so badly injured Wednesday night when he was crushed beneath an overturned freight car. Norris was riding on top of the car when it jumped the track. He was unable to jump far enough and was pinned beneath the car, breaking his back. Four other trainmen jumped from the train and escaped injury. The engine cab until the locomotive was brought to a standstill, and fearing that it might be pulled off by the cars, jumped from the cabin. Wednesday evening at 8.30 p.m. a freight train, south of Queen street, Toronto—Port Hope Guide.

OAK HILLS

Miss Mildred Clarke left on Saturday for Hillier where she has secured a school. Mr. and Mrs. F. Sarles attended Campbellford Fair last week. Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Stapley spent Sunday with their son, Will, of Madoc. Friends here were shocked to hear

of the death of Mrs. John Shaw. Mr. Shaw predeceased her only two months ago.

Miss B. Wilson, Holloway, returned home on Saturday after visiting Miss Mina Stapley.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. McCutcheon visited Mr. and Mrs. Fred Elliott on Sunday.

Miss E. Holcomb of Buffalo, N.Y., spent last week with Mrs. Jesse Tice. Mr. and Mrs. M. McGrath are on the sick list.

Miss Eva Ross spent Monday with her sister, Mrs. Lansing. Many from here attended Stirling Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Hoard visited Mrs. Clarence McGee on Sunday.

G.T.R. and C.P.R. in Collision

Passenger trains came together this afternoon. G. T. R. engine thrown off track and C. P. R. train damaged.

Kingston, Oct. 2.—The Grand Trunk and the C. P. R. trains came to grief shortly after one o'clock this afternoon with the result that the G. T. R. engine was derailed and the C. P. R. rear passenger car was badly smashed on the left side.

Apparently the switch was thrown open for the G. T. R. which leaves the city at 1.08 p.m. and the C. P. R. train left at the same time. When at the foot of Brock street both trains took the siding and jammed into one another. The G. T. R. train was thrown off the track, and the C. P. R. rear car was badly torn as a result of the impact.

P. C. Dowley arrived on the scene of the accident and took the statements of both engineers and conductors regarding the accident. As it is impossible to affix the blame, fortunately, no one was hurt in the collision.

Samson Ward Workers For O. T. A.

Owing to a mix-up on the part of our composing staff the names of our Samson Ward committee for those for Ketcheson, omitted and those for Ketcheson, placed under the head of Samson. Following is the correct line-up:— Samson Ward:— Messrs. B. D. Harnes, F. E. O'Flynn, D. R. Allison, J. Waddell, M. W. Mot, Mr. Robertson, Capt. Hunter, C. M. Reid, Ed. Dickens, Art Sprague, Lieut. D. Reid, A. E. Thrasher, John Laferty and Jos Waddell; Mrs. Vivian, Mrs. F. E. O'Flynn, Mrs. Bennett, Mrs. J. Waddell, Mrs. Harry Hill, Mrs. Capt. Hunter, Mrs. J. E. McFarce, Mrs. F. Denike, Mrs. Townsend and Miss L. Corbett.

THE BIBLE SOCIETY

Editor Ontario:— May I resort to my practice of past years of making free use of your valuable reading space in the interest of the Belleville Bible Society? In response to the request of the executive, the needs and work of the society, and its benefits to the world at large, were presented from the pulpits of your city last Sunday. The city has been divided into fourteen districts. Ladies, sufficient in number, to have one in each district, have kindly consented to carry the citizens for their yearly contributions to the society.

"These good yokel-fellows," will now be entering upon their duties assumed, and I humbly and respectfully ask for them, from the good people of Belleville, a kind reception, and a generous response to their appeal.

Life membership certificates may be had—in the Upper Canada Society \$50.00; in the Belleville Society \$25.00.

The annual public meeting for presenting reports, electing officers, and conferring life membership will (D.V.) be held in St. Andrew's Church Dec. 10th.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, I remain Yours, A. M. HUBLY, President, 491 Euclid Ave., Toronto.

The secretary of the Stoney Lake Cottagers' Association has been advised by the Superintendent of the Trent Canal that it is the intention of the Government to do certain repairs to the Canal this fall, which will necessitate the lowering of the water in Stoney Lake by 2 feet or more. Any of the cottagers who have repairs to make to their wharves are therefore advised to take advantage of the low water.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mother Graves' Worm Expeller, the best remedy of the

Eggs Led in the Advance

Sold Regularly for 63c per Dozen on Market

Eggs took an advance this morning to 63 cents per dozen and sold regularly at this price. This is far beyond the price that wholesalers can pay for shipment. Butter was the same price 63c per pound. Chickens were quite plentiful at \$2 to \$3 per pair.

Honey was worth 25c per pound. Apples and potatoes were plentiful, the former selling at \$1.00 to \$1.50 per bushel and potatoes at \$2 per bushel. Produce men offer potatoes at \$2.50 retail by the bag.

Tomatoes are still offering at 75c per bushel. Meats are weaker. Hogs sell at \$13.25 per cwt. live weight. Beef hindquarters sell from 15c to 17c per pound, lamb 30c, veal 20c.

Hay remains unchanged \$18 and upwards per ton baled and \$23 per ton by the load.

Belleville Car in Bad Wreck

George Hopkins Has Fracture at Base of Skull—Pat Boland's Hip Hurt—Car Turned Upside Down Near Oshawa.

OSHAWA, Oct. 4.—George Hopkins, of Belleville was perhaps fatally injured and Patrick Boland and another man also of Belleville, were hurt less seriously in an auto accident which occurred at about three o'clock on the west of Whitby about 8.30 this morning. All are returned men and were in charge of Capt. Harland, also of Belleville, who escaped uninjured. They were on their way to Hamilton to take part in a baseball tournament this afternoon. The party stopped at Whitby for breakfast and up to that time everything appeared to be going well when a short distance from Whitby when the steering gear of their car broke and their car overturned. It was going at a fair rate of speed at the time.

Dr. Warren, of Whitby was called and had the injured men rushed to Oshawa hospital where Hopkins and Boland still are. The other injured men did not require to remain in the hospital though one arm was fractured. Hopkins' injuries consist of a fracture at the base of the skull and it is feared will prove fatal. His condition is very serious. Boland's hip joint was dislocated. The party left Brock street, Belleville about eleven o'clock last night in Mr. McCuaig's car.

Story of Y. M. C. A. in the Far East

Mr. George Gleason for 18 years engaged in "Y" work in Japan, China and Siberia Witnessed Local Audience Last Night.

Mr. George Gleason, formerly of Philadelphia, but for the past eighteen years a resident in Japan, told an absorbing story last night to a thoroughly interested audience at the Y.M.C.A. of his experiences in the land of the rising sun.

Mr. Harry Ackerman, president of the local Y.M.C.A. presided and seated about the banquetting table were a number of the prominent business and professional men of Belleville.

The speaker was introduced by H. K. Caskey, of Toronto, international secretary of the Foreign Work department of the "Y." Mr. Caskey in his brief address stated that the Y.M.C.A. foreign work began in 1887 when one man was sent to Madras, Mr. Gleason went to Osaka, a city of nearly two millions population, 18 years ago. The aim was to influence the young men, particularly those graduating from the colleges and schools of the far east and thereby direct the future currents of thought among the great populations of the earth. In India a great work was being done among the boys and also among the adults by assisting in economic development. Savings Banks were being established in towns and small villages and users who were charging as high as 70 per cent. per annum on loans.

Mr. Gleason stated that he and the close of the great war between Russia and Japan and he related some amusing experiences connected therewith. His wife sang to the soldiers, many of whom these was a western white woman for the first time.

In the fall of 1918 he started on a railway journey of 4500 miles, in a box car through Siberia. His mission was to try to lessen the friction between the Japanese and the western troops. In this he succeeded well and a far better feeling existed when he left Siberia in April, 1919. The only solution for the Eastern problem, said Mr. Gleason, is to send out a sufficient number of the right type of Christian young men, trained for the work, to cultivate friendly relations and spread Christian principles and influences.

In China conditions were very bad owing to official corruption and the Japanese were taking advantage of the situation for purposes of commercial exploitation. The Christian democrats of Japan were strong in opposing this sinister influence of their fellow countrymen.

The Gompers of Japan, a great labor leader, was a Christian democrat.

W. H. Wood, a returned soldier of Brantford, and formerly in Y.M.C.A. work in Stratford and Brockville, has been appointed General secretary at Oshawa.

The plan of the Y.M.C.A. was to go over and pick out the great strategic centers. He had 21 men on his staff at Osaka, eight of them graduates of Japanese universities. He had a night school with 3000 students per annum, one of the largest in the world.

They wanted to send out 500 men to the great cities of the world. If we sent modern science, philosophy and industry to the vast populations of the east without tempering them with Christian influences we would soon have to fight again a similar contest to the one just concluded.

He appealed to the local "Y" to come to the aid of the work.

At the conclusion of the address a committee consisting of Mr. F. E. O'Flynn, Mr. H. W. Ackerman and Mr. D. V. Sinclair was appointed to take up the work locally.

Some Questions for Mr. Porter to Answer

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Mr. Joseph Archambault, K.C., M.P. for Chambly, Vercheres, gave notice that today he will ask the Government questions which appear on the official notice and proceedings of the House, as follows:— 1. Is it true that at the end of August last or at the beginning of September, all trains from Bancroft to Toronto, on the Canadian National Railway were cancelled for one day because all the cars belonging to these trains were required and used for transporting crowds to Marmora, where a political picnic was organized by E. Guss Porter, M.P. for the West Riding of Hastings, in honor of Sir William Hearst and the Hon. T. W. McGarry?

2. Is the Government aware that owing to this fact, Mr. R. H. Thompson of Hybla, Ontario, was not able to reach a certain hospital with his young daughter, who was ill, and who died because she arrived at the hospital twenty-four hours too late?

3. If so, does the Government intend to hold an immediate inquiry into this matter?

School Report

CANNIFTON SCHOOL Senior Division

Fourth Class— Margaret Smith, John Logan, Alice Parry, Helen Loucks, Bob Empson, Janet Logan, Mary Mills, Edith Smallhorn, Verna Post, Arthur Lawrence, Gernett Juby, Jack Smallhorn, Glenn Carscadden, Alva Hall, Jennie Badgley. Third Class— John Parm, Howard McMullen, Clarence McPherson, Alford Bell, Elsie Smallhorn, Lola Cole, Kathleen Barnes, Wilfred Craig, Doris Crump, Olive Lawrence, Jack Horn, Aldon Boyd, Helen Lawrence, George Pope, Arthur Parry. Senior Second— Verna Barnes, Robby Juby, Mary Vilneff, Annie Gannon, Ross Wilman. Junior Division

Class II— Patricia Jarrell, Helen Badgley, Thelma Lawrence, Willis Brenton, Willie Cooney, Max Crump, Edwin Lille, Violet Frain, Eva Badgley, Lorne Boyd, Jack Bush, Thress Vilneff, Maybelle Pope, Stella Frain, Norman Wilman, Gillian Bellis, Wendall Keller, Gordon Vandervoort, David Mason.

Class I— Marguerite Mills, Marjorie Teasdale. Mr. Cowan, Teacher.

Class II— Patricia Jarrell, Helen Badgley, Thelma Lawrence, Willis Brenton, Willie Cooney, Max Crump, Edwin Lille, Violet Frain, Eva Badgley, Lorne Boyd, Jack Bush, Thress Vilneff, Maybelle Pope, Stella Frain, Norman Wilman, Gillian Bellis, Wendall Keller, Gordon Vandervoort, David Mason. Mr. Cowan, Teacher.

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Class I— Marguerite Mills, Marjorie Teasdale. Mr. Cowan, Teacher.

THE WEEKLY ONTARIO

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JOB PRINTING: The Ontario Job Printing Department is special well equipped to turn out artistic and stylish Job Work. Modern presses, new type, competent workmen.

W. H. Morton, Business Manager. J. O. Herby, Editor-in-Chief.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1919.

LIBERTY AND THE LIBERTY LEAGUE.

For several weeks past Organizer Kelley has been making strenuous endeavors to establish here at Belleville a branch of the "Citizens' Liberty League," an association of gentlemen with headquarters at Toronto who are advising the electors of Ontario to vote "Yes" on all four questions of the prohibition referendum. So far, we are told, Mr. Kelley's efforts have proved unavailing as no men of any prominence would allow their names to be connected with any such organization. The experience of the League at London, Stratford and many other centers of population in Ontario has been similar. The people of Ontario value liberty but they apparently do not want the Liberty League.

The Liberty League, by its own advertising, proclaims itself a society of narrow prohibitionists. It prohibits men connected with the liquor business from joining the League. Why? Are not the distillers and brewers honorable men? Why should they be prohibited from joining the League and entering upon the pursuit of happiness?

The League also states that it seeks to prohibit many other things. Read any of its advertisements and it will tell you of a lot of things it doesn't want or would, in other words, prohibit. It should change its name and call itself the Citizens' Prohibition League or the Dominion Alliance and maintain consistency.

The Citizens' Liberty League is concerned only with the liberty to drink booze. For liberty in the larger sense it cares not at all. We never heard of the League until an opportunity was presented in the proposed referendum to bring back the whiskey to Ontario.

The League tells the electors to vote 'Yes' on the first question on the Referendum ballot. This means that the League desires the restoration of the once popular bar-room with all its slop and swill and souse.

What does all this fine talk about personal liberty mean? What boon do the philanthropists represented in the League wish to confer upon the people of Ontario? Do they desire to bestow upon us complete personal liberty? If so, we tell the League frankly that we do not want it.

Let us examine this theory of "personal liberty" and see how much there is in it.

An Irishman landed in New York and he went up and kicked the first man he met. He had heard that the United States was a land of liberty and he proposed to put the matter to the test. He was illustrating his conception of personal liberty.

The only man upon this earth who ever enjoyed full personal liberty was Robinson Crusoe, when he landed upon Juan Fernandez. But even Crusoe's liberty was curtailed as soon as Friday arrived, Crusoe's personal liberty ended where Friday's personal rights began.

Adam and Eve in the Garden were prohibited from eating of the fruit of a certain tree and the Children of Israel were prohibited in the Ten Commandments from having other gods, from killing one another, from committing adultery, from stealing, bearing false witness and covetousness.

To adopt personal liberty would be to accept the rule of the jungle where tooth and claw and brute strength determine individual rights.

But even the wild animals in their associations recognise certain laws of motherhood and family and herd relationships that are far more strict and unchangeable than the laws of the Medes and Persians are reputed to have been.

Personal liberty, as it is talked about, with owlish solemnity, by the Liberty League and other champions of the whiskey interests, is a jest. There "ain't no such animal."

Organised human society is only made

possible by the surrender, for the common good, of certain individual rights.

Then governments are formed, constitutions framed and laws are passed.

Just the moment that a law is passed the personal liberty of the individual who is subject to the law is curtailed to the extent of the provision of the law.

Get this fact clearly into your mind, gentle reader,—complete personal liberty never did exist, does not exist and never can exist. Complete personal liberty would mean the absence of all law.

Every statute within the law code of Canada or of Ontario, every by-law passed by the council of the Corporation of the City of Belleville is a curtailment of personal liberty and a prohibition. You can't get away from it.

The League recommends the electors of Ontario to bring back the license system and the open bar.

But the License System itself was a prohibitory measure. If John Smith, grocery-keeper wanted to sell some of the hard stuff and swell his dividends the License Act at once arose in its majesty and informed Mr. Smith that he had no personal liberty to engage in any such transaction. It was verboten and a term in jail would await him if he proceeded to vindicate the principle of individual freedom.

The Citizens' Liberty League recommends the electors to vote "Yes" in answer to the question if they want the bar and the bar-room brought back.

If the electors of Ontario vote "Yes" to that question in sufficient numbers certain important liberties will be restored.

For instance a man will be at liberty to take his weekly pay envelope and hand it over regularly to the ruddy-faced, corpulent, bustling gentleman behind the bar. The man in exchange, will be at liberty to stand up in front of the bar and drink whiskey until he is dull of intellect, unsteady of step and quarrelsome in temper. He will then be at liberty to go home as best he can.

The man's wife will also have valuable liberties returned to her. She will be at liberty to have her body bruised by brutal blows from the fist of her drunken husband. She will be at liberty to go about in rags and without sufficient food in order that the landlord and the stockholders in breweries and distilleries may be at liberty to appropriate her husband's earnings. She will be at liberty to watch her children grow up without opportunity for home training or education while she goes about scribbling or washing to keep body and soul together.

Merchants will be at liberty once more to see bills go unpaid and business turned over to the bar-keepers. Manufacturers and employers of labor will be at liberty to have their workmen unsteady and inefficient, business disarranged and contracts not fulfilled.

Will the Liberty League in its next advertising announcement discuss personal liberty as it applies to the wives and children of drunkards.

HOTEL ACCOMMODATION AND THE O.T.A.

In conversation with a commercial traveller whose business takes him on frequent tours from one end of the province to the other, The Ontario gathered some first-hand impressions as to the effect of the Ontario Temperance Act on hotel accommodation. The gentleman was neither a temperance extremist nor an ardent advocate of prohibition. He viewed the subject in a very practical manner from a judicial standpoint.

Before the passage of the Ontario Temperance Act, remarked our informant, ninety per cent of the commercial travellers of Ontario were opposed to prohibition. Their opposition was occasioned by the belief that the prohibitory law would ruin the hotel business by depriving it of the highly profitable sale of liquor.

Today, he continued, sentiment among travelling men is just about reversed. Almost ninety per cent of their number would oppose repeal of the Temperance Act and any attempt to return to old conditions under the License system.

Hotel accommodation was never so good in Ontario, he stated, as it is now. There was no comparison between the quiet, orderly, clean, home-like hotels that have now become a feature of our commercial life and the loud, disgusting, sloppy boozeries of the past. Hotel-keeping had become a decent, respectable business. The bar, with its tobacco spit, jangling and baritone brawls, was no longer pranced out to the front as the big feature in the establishment. The keepers of the standard hotels were for the most part keen business men and gentlemen. The old, beer-soaked, big-waisted, purple-nosed landlord loafer was

pretty well eliminated. He was merely a saloon keeper whose dining-room and dormitories were regarded as troublesome encumbrances to be passed off with as little attention as would enable him to retain his license.

The traveller told us of two brothers who conduct a first-class hotel in one of the larger cities of the province. They have been in the business for over a quarter of a century and have thoroughly tested out both license and prohibition. When the Referendum ballot is handed to them on October 20th they are going to vote "No" all the way down. They made good money under license but they state they are making more real money now. They are relieved from the necessity of replacing broken furniture and dishes, torn bedding and articles damaged by guests made uproarious through booze. Their help is more contented because of the repulsive duties thrust upon them because of the presence of intoxicated men and women, are no longer required of them. The hotel proprietors and their families are now received into the best circles of society because of the stigma attached to them because of participation in a dishonorable and dishonoring business has been taken away. They can now hold up their heads and feel that they are serving instead of destroying their fellow men. Their business is so much more agreeable and satisfactory in every way that they are now actually preaching the gospel of prohibition.

There are many other keepers of standard hotels who feel the same way about it.

What travellers want in hotels is quiet and a place to rest; with tastefully prepared meals and clean, well aired rooms. They tolerated the old licensed hotels, with their all-night disorders, because of a mistaken belief that hotels could not be maintained without the profits from whiskey. They failed to understand that hotel-keeping was just like any other business and subject to the same laws of supply and demand. Mix it up with bad associations and the dispensing of intoxicants and it degenerates to the level of the groggery. Evil communications corrupt good morals. Relieve the hotel of its wicked partner and it becomes clean and honorable. And it also becomes profitable if the ordinary laws governing business are observed.

Hotel-accommodation has increased in price but the increase has not been greater than in similar lines of service that have been affected by war costs. We consider the present charges of hotel men as exceedingly moderate when it is remembered, for instance, that the dollar that would at one time buy twelve dozen eggs on Belleville market is not now big enough to buy two dozen eggs.

The doleful predictions that were made by the anti-prohibitionists have practically all proved false by the stern logic of events. But perhaps the most notable failure of all has been the prophecy that O. T. A. would bring disaster to hotel accommodation. Instead of disaster it has brought about a revolution that has transformed a predatory business into a profit-bearing public benefactor.

The Kaiser Nominated
 As the Liberty League appears to be having so much difficulty to obtain a local chairman, a citizen has suggested to The Ontario that the nomination be tendered to former Kaiser Wilhelm. He is undoubtedly the most consistent and logical example of the practical working out of the doctrine of personal liberty on earth. The Kaiser ruled by divine right. He owed obedience to no law. He acknowledged no authority save his own. By the doctrine of the law of personal liberty that is now being preached so earnestly by the philanthropists of the League the Kaiser was fully justified in everything that he did. The cruelties and crimes and murders for which he was responsible are fitting illustrations of the working out to a legitimate conclusion of the law of personal liberty. All that the Allies did was to put into effect against him the law of prohibition. The gentlemen of the Liberty League, however, are concerned only about the liberty to plunder the slaves of the booze habit and to put into effect the slow tortures of starvation against the wives and children of the slaves.

AN ENCOURAGING OUTLOOK

Nearly a year has passed since the Armistice was signed. Some four prophets foretold grim things for Canada in this twelvemonth, but, happily, the times have been amazingly good. Such serious problems as appeared were met manfully and with wisdom. Even the Winnipeg strike was not an unmixed evil. Perhaps the worst workers and employers alike the disadvantages of acting on sudden impulse.

There is less talk about "direct action" to gain certain ends. Most of the class-groups continuing in the vocative mood are accepting constitutional methods of agitation and this has a steady influence. The expenditure of \$610,000,000 raised by the Victory Loan of 1918 did much to sustain general business in a period of transition, and consequently, many of

the returning soldiers found employment without difficulty. Considering the scope of the war, and the fact that every man and every business in Canada was affected by it to a greater or less degree, the change to a time of peace has caused surprisingly little friction.

If the first year of Re-construction has been encouraging, the second year is full of promise. The work of demobilization is practically complete. The crops have been moderately good. Trade payments have been satisfactory, and the oversea demand for Canadian surplus products continues eager. All that is needed to make the road back to normalcy easy and safe is the success of the Victory Loan 1919.

Much of the expenditure from the proceeds of this loan is necessary to complete the military commitments of Canada. The pay, allowances and maintenance of the soldiers are in the nature of a contract assumed by the nation when the men enlisted. The outlays are the inescapable charges of war and readjustment.

The co-operation of the people is urgently desired to clear up these national obligations. Every patriotic Canadian desires to see the continuing prosperity of the Dominion. The best means of ensuring that prosperity is to subscribe for Victory Bonds.

THE BUSINESS ARGUMENT

When it was first reported that a mission of American temperance advocates was going to Great Britain, the comic papers turned broadsides of ridicule upon what they regarded as the presumptuous crusade of Mr. "Pussy Foot" Johnson and a band of cranks, and ponderous journals which have not attempted to provoke a smile for several generations were moved to levity. Apparently the idea was that Mr. Johnson and his merry men would give some sort of Carrie Nation performance, and in the classic language of Horatio-Bottomley, editor of John Bull, make the welkin ring with the sentimental appeals of freaks and faddists and the noisy rhetoric of Stigginses and "kill-joys" But Mr. Johnson and his new crusaders have hardly opened their campaign; and already they have conquered the serious attention of the great proportion of the press. Some papers which have their own correspondents in the United States seem to be surprised at Mr. Johnson's method of attack upon the liquor question; which indicate that cable reports of the prohibition movement in the States, while they may have fully described spectacular incidents have given a rather inadequate impression of the real reasons underlying what is a great popular revolution. Apparently it was expected that Mr. Johnson would preach extravagant sermons on the sin of drinking, and call down the wrath of God upon a habit to which the Anglo-Saxon race has long been addicted, but which has not prevented them playing a great part in history. Instead Mr. Johnson merely made some matter of fact observations upon the connection between prohibition and business efficiency. Of course, there is nothing novel in the attitude that the main argument against the liquor traffic is that it detracts from the efficiency of the business man as well as the worker. But for various reasons Mr. Johnson's campaign immediately aroused an unexpected interest. The circumstances in which the campaign was opened were specially favorable. Every public man in the kingdom was preaching the need of greater efficiency in order to enable Britain to hold a commanding position in the business and industrial world; the Americans started their crusade at the psychological moment. Many newspapers began to canvass the results of government restrictions of the liquor traffic during the war. They did not need the overwhelming testimony of statistics to make them conclude that the restrictions had been exceedingly beneficial, and to argue that the national interest demanded that there must not be a return to the old conditions. Some papers have gone farther and advocated a policy of progressive restrictions, pointing out that the argument from efficiency has multiplied its force, now that the United States and the Overseas Dominions have gone dry.

THE CORE OF IT

The clock has struck the hour that calls the steel workers of the United States to lay down their tools as an act of protest against the policy of the steel manufacturers, that denies them the principle of collective bargaining through their own chosen representatives, and the system practiced by the international unions that are working co-ordinately under the protection and guidance of the American Federation of Labor.

Many long years have the steel workers of the United States suffered and endured from an industrial policy that denies them any voice in determining what the conditions of their lives shall be, especially that part of it which vitally affects every other part of their existence, their jobs.

Their labor has been kept on a lower basis than the inanimate material that the workers shape into useful articles. The manufacturer in buying raw material has to go into the market and pay the price called for. The steel workers are not thus favored in the determination of their wages, hours of toil and working conditions. They have had to work under the absolute "take what is offered, and if you don't like it you can quit" policy.

The steel manufacturers say to their employees for the retention of such a policy of management, yes, we are organized, we have put our business in the hands of our competent managerial representatives. We do this because we pay and because we have the power to do so, but you workers must not organize, must not put your industrial affairs in the hands of trade union representatives, because it interferes with our pecuniary interests and our blood and iron policy of hiring whom we please and absolutely dictating what wages shall be paid, hours worked and conditions of employment imposed.

The steel workers' object in entering the present struggle is to have the steel manufacturers released from such an arbitrary and unbearable system of managing their employees, who are feeling the degradation of it more every day. They see workmen in other industries receiving the recognition afforded them through their respective trade unions and by the presentation of reasonable deductions and facts are continually raising the standards of living and gaining the respect of all classes of society. They have come to the point when they feel that they must have the same recognition and place among their fellow workmen and fellow townsmen.

They are tired of being treated as slaves or worse, as dumb driven animals. They long for the time when they will be treated as Americans and not subjected to (bullies) having by company policemen (bullies) having every word they utter and every where they go reported to the company's information department. They have entered this struggle to win self respect, industrially, and they will measure up to the necessity of the hour to attain it.—The Amalgamated Journal.

Umbrellas and self-respect when lost are seldom regained.

OTHER EDITORS' OPINIONS

THE REFERENDUM BALLOT

The ballot is fearfully and wonderfully made, and has most wise key conceptions outclassed for ingenuity. No explanation has yet been given which clears the air. The temperance people say vote "no" to everything, which means leave the O.T.A. just as it is. The anti-temperance people say vote "yes" to every question, which means that you vote for the return of the bar (vide Sir Wm. Hearst), whiskey and all just as it was; for the sale of light beer only; for Government control; for the sale of light beer over the bar in standard hotels. Just how any man can have all these wishes granted is a mystery. If the express purpose was to confuse the electorate, it could not have been done better.

But the electors must take the ballot as it is. The R. and T. believes that the safe thing to do is to mark "NO" to every question. Why? Mightly few would tolerate the old open bar, and Sir Wm. Hearst says if question one has a majority of ballots marked "yes", that will be the case. Let the question be settled emphatically that Ontario will never again tolerate the open bar. What about the other questions? If it were not for the fact that ignoring them would spoil the ballot, the R. and T. would say ignore them, for they only confuse the issue. But as they must be answered, put "no" opposite each one. True, there are several objections to the Act that might well be remedied, and for this the Legislature will have to take the responsibility, and be answerable to the people for the conduct. It is true that many private homes were well stocked when the Act was passed.

On the other hand, the saloon has been put out of business, and right in Brockville there are families who now are happy, well dressed, well fed and comfortable, of which this could not truly be said before the O.T.A. was passed. Every employer will admit that the efficiency of the employees has been materially increased since the bars have been closed. Let us make sure that no loophole is left for the sale of the discredited bar, and make the ballot air tight.—Brockville Reformer and Times.

GOLD IN

When the star-trail diggings at 1852, the ignorant heard that gold was not knowing, and supposed it, he usually ends "mountain of gold"

GREAT MASS

For instance, a mass of native ore. Of course, it was for region. It was Minnesota (not Mt. Ontario) and the depth there was of copper 46 feet long thickness of 8 & mean width was 12 the mean thickness total weight actual 420 tons.

No such masses of course, have ever been found. Yet gold in great quantities in brief periods or beds yielded \$8 alone, and the Victoria gave \$63 in the Klondyke a miner cleaned up hours and took out claim about 80 by

LARGEST

Much of this gold pellets and nodules largest nugget ever seen was found in 1869, and weighed 43 lbs. Another weighing including some ore nearly \$42,000. The ore nearly as big, from many sources, get above described from a "quarry" gold. The nearest as yet Australian gold, the Mount Morgan, Australia, a hill above the crest of which containing several of tons.

This has been successful benches, so named to the "quartz" workings are now full of the hill. However, a quantity of gold was found in 1886, according to available, this ore yielded in excess of 2,600 gold worth \$73,000 600 tons of the mine, owning the mine more than \$37,500.

MELVILLE

Nature, with its painting a glowing October days. The woodland reveal a in the various tints of the green and the red, the pink and brown, the pink and all gleaming in the soft October sun wild flowers, too, in days, staunch, which gleam and where the Autumn drab and brown.

Mountain

Would lessen 420 tons of gold in Lake

The nearest to a "mountain" Morgan, in August, mining to-day 30 years. The been \$35,000, "mountain" of an average, half gold to the ton. This has led seriously, "What mountain of gold? For ages men writers have "mountains of gold would happen still a question as a quart was yellow stuff.

INTEREST

That it would the gold standing, and yet so in substance we found readily place in coined paper. Concerns question, mining most interesting say, who are faning, and more bonanzas of the strain our imaginations of an ore body or big enough to momentary stand pector firing his and stimulated a cup of coffee made of a golden mound pure gold that if it would never and then hear discoveries, like in June, 1910, a responsible scribbler "eam" has exhausted he usually ends "mountain of gold"

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HER TORS' NIONS

ENDUM BALLOT

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ORE OF IT

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years have the steel United States suffer- from an industrial what the conditions all be, especially that it vitally affects every their existence, their

has been kept on a the main manufac- workers shape into The manufacturer material has to go in- ad pay the price call- workers are not the determination hours of toil con- ons. They have had the absolute "take and, if you don't quit, policy.

ufacturers say to through the prac- ility of management. nized, we have put the hands of our com- paretatives. sages he pays and be- ers must not organize ur industrial affairs e trade union repre- e it interferes with interests and from policy of hiring e and absolutely wages shall be paid, d conditions of em- pment's object in en- dent manufacturers re- an arbitrary and un- of managing their are feeling the deg- every day. They other industries re- gation afforded them respective trade u- representation of re- ions" and facts are ing the standards of the respect of all Y. They have con- Y. They feel that they ame recognition and their fellow workmen

being treated as a dumb driven ani- for the time when eated as Americans ad to being watched eemen (bull's) have- they utter and every- eported to the com- on department, who- cted this struggle eed industrially and re up to the neces- to attain it.—The urnal.

self-respect when regained.

Mountain of Gold a Myth

WHAT IS TRUE.

Would lessen value of gold standard 420 tons of copper found in dump in Lake Superior region.

The nearest approach literally to a "mountain of gold" is Mount Morgan, in Australia. And they are mining to-day there as they have for 30 years. The net proceeds have been \$38,000,000. This so-called "mountain of gold" has yielded, on an average, half an ounce or less of gold to the ton. This has led many persons to ask seriously, "What would happen if a mountain of pure gold were found?" For ages men have dreamed and writers have written yards about "mountains of gold" but just what would happen if one were found is still a question with as many sides as a quartz nugget of the precious yellow stuff.

INTERESTING QUESTION.

That it would lessen the value of the gold standard goes without saying, and yet some other rare metal in substance would undoubtedly be found readily enough. To take its place in coinage if this should happen. Concerning this interesting question, mining experts have talked most interestingly. Those of us, they say, who are familiar with gold mining, and more especially, the big bonanzas of the world, need not strain our imaginations to conceive of an ore body of great size. It is big enough to upset international momentary standards. Many a prospector trying his bacon at a camp fire and stimulated by a reconcentrated cup of coffee must have seen visions of a golden mountain or a streak of pure gold that ran across creation as if it would never stop. Every now and then hear of fabulous mineral discoveries, like that of Bitter Creek, in June, 1910, and when the irresponsible scribbler of the "Daily Scram" has exhausted his vocabulary he usually ends by talking about a "mountain of gold."

GOLD IN "QUARTZ."

When the stampeede to the Australian diggings was at its height in 1852, the ignorant emigrants, having heard that gold was found in quartz and not knowing the positive mineral, supposed it was "quartz" and hence expected to gather the gold in pints and pails. This fact is vouched for by F. J. Dunn, the Australian geologist, who as a boy went to the diggings with his father. And why not? The man lay at simpton from the farm, and we may sneer (and we do) at the per- ferverid scribbler of the untechnical paper but it is doubtful whether even that peripatetic philosopher know as the conditions which could give adequate reasons for the probability of such a golden discovery.

GREAT MASS OF COPPER.

For instance, what is the biggest mass of native copper ever found? Of course, the one in the Lake Superior region. It was in the Lake Superior region, at a depth of 35 feet, at the Minnesota (not Minnesota) mine, in the Ontonagon district. At a shallow depth there was discovered a mass of copper 46 feet long, with a maximum thickness of 8 and a half feet. The mean width was four feet. The total weight actually recovered was 420 tons. No such masses of gold as this, of course, have ever come to light. Yet gold in great quantities has been found in brief quantities. California beds yielded \$3,297,000 in 1891, alone, and the shallow diggings of Victoria gave \$63,000,000 in 1858. In the Klondyke more recently one miner cleaned up \$46,000 in eight hours and took out \$750,000 from a claim about 80 by 50 feet.

LARGEST NUGGET.

Much of this gold was in coarse pellets and nodules, and yet the largest nugget ever found was picked up near Dunolly, Victoria, in 1869, and weighed 190 pounds. Another weighing 184 pounds and including some quartz brought in nearly \$42,000. There have been other large masses of gold, but this is very far above described and is still from a "quarry" or "mountain" of gold. The nearest approach to this, as yet imaginary possibility seems to be Mount Morgan, in Queensland, Australia, a hill about 500 feet high, the crest of which was a "mass" containing several ounces of gold per ton. This has been excavated in successful benches, so that it approximates to the "quarries" of gold mentioned by certain writers. But the workings are now far below the foot of the hill. However, they have yielded a quantity of gold so great as to render Mt. Morgan unique in the history of mining. Since its discovery in 1856, according to the latest figures available, this ore deposit has yielded in excess of 2,680,000 ounces of gold worth \$73,000,000 besides 33,000 tons of copper. The company owning the mine has distributed more than \$37,500,000.

MELVILLE.

Nature, with skillful brush, is painting a glowing picture, in its October days. The trees of adjacent woodland reveal a rare riot of color in the various tints of Autumn, the green and the gold, the russet and the red, the bronze and the brown, the pink and the purple, all gleaming in the mellow light of the soft October sun. There are wild flowers, too, in these Autumn days, staunch, hardy blossoms, which gleam and glow in places where the Autumn colors are lent drab and brown. These flowers

are the bright purple asters and the yellow golden-rod. Along the old rail fence the sunnocks lights its flaming torch and farther on, the old fence is hidden by a mass of vines, through which gleam tempt- ing bunches of the purple grape. In the field, the white fragrant bloom of the buckwheat has changed to a dull, dark red, and as if it com- plete the colorful picture of Autumn, the farmer's wagon creaks down the road loaded with ripe scarlet tomatoes. The summer sun- shine, stored in vine and fruit and foliage, is revealing itself in a brilliant blaze of color.

Mr. Orville Locklin is in Oshawa, where he holds the responsible position of foreman over the cement construction of the large new plant being erected by the Pedlar People in that town. Mr. Locklin, having had severe practical experience in the cement work in the United States, is fully capable of filling so im- portant a position.

Miss Hazel Boyav come down from Trenton to attend Roblin's

The lecture on the temperance re- formism, delivered by Mrs. J. Talcott, of Bloomfield in Allisonville Orange Hall on Tuesday evening, was most interesting and in- structive and held the closest at- tention of some Results of a Care- ful Enquiry.

The severe electric storm of Wednesday, Sept. 24th will be long and sadly remembered, occasioning as it did the death of one of our neighbors, Mr. Richard Dolan, and the burning of his barn. Mr. Dolan, who met such a tragic fate, was a farmer and was highly respected as a quiet, kindly neighbor and ex- cellent citizen. Beside his wife he leaves to mourn, one son, Charles, and two daughters, Misses Mrs. J. Rollinson, of Ameliasburg, and Mrs. Thomas Purtille, of Pieson. The funeral service was con- ducted in the Roman Catholic Church, Wellington, and interment was made in the cemetery there. The bereaved have the sympathy of the community in their great and sudden loss.

Mr. J. H. Chase sold a valuable team of colts to Mr. Campbell, of Ottawa, who has purchased the Cuthbert farm, Lake Shore.

Mr. and Mrs. Wright, Trenton, were guests of their sister, Mrs. (Rev.) Mounter at the parsonage on Wednesday.

Mr. James Bowers, for many years a resident of this locality, died at his home in Oshawa last week after a lingering illness. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Bowers and Mr. and Mrs. Lee Smith motored to Oshawa to attend the obsequies.

Rally Day was suitably observed in the Sunday school on Sunday last. The printed program was as follows and Rev. D. Mounter de- livered an impressive address on "What Our Home Means to Us." The address, "How the Home, the Help One Another" which was to have been taken by Mrs. W. H. Anderson, was cancelled, owing to the illness of the speaker.

Mr. Bruce Chase is spending a few weeks with his brother, Harry Chase, W. S. at his home in Burford, Ontario.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Blakely and Miss Marjorie, of Gilead, visited with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Anderson on Sunday afternoon. Mr. Albert Davern and Lancelot came down from Toronto to spend a few days with their family.

Hillier school fair attracted a goodly number from this locality on Tuesday, Sept. 30th.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Cruickshank and family spent Sunday afternoon with friends at Niles' Corners.

Mr. Henry Brezer is spending a few weeks in Toronto with his son, Harry, who is establishing a hard- ware business in that city.

Mr. and Mrs. Norris Gleason, motored down and spent the day with Mr. Thompson's brother, Mr. L. G. Thompson.

Milton Thompsons of Trenton was home for Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Russell spent Sunday with friends in Belleville. Stanley Brickman visited with friends in Belleville.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Adams spent Sunday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Weese.

Mrs. E. G. Williams and son Bert, of Toronto, also Mrs. C. L. Leach and J. Hunt, of Wooler, motored down and spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Brickman.

Mrs. Rilla Brickman and Mrs. Wm. MacAllister visited Mrs. De- long's sister-in-law, Mrs. S. L. De- long of Ameliasburg, who is very sick. We hope for her recovery.

Modern Superstition

IT IS NOT THE RESULT OF IGNORANCE

Prof. Conklin Makes Interesting Investigation and Finds that Edu- cated Men and Women Are In- fluenced by a Number of Signs and Charms. Some Results of a Care- ful Enquiry.

That superstition is not found alone among those who are steeped in ignorance is strikingly shown by the results of an investigation made among the students of the University of Oregon, as reported by Prof. Ed- mund S. Conklin, in the American Journal of Psychology (Worcester, Mass.). Prof. Conklin sent out to six hundred students, about half of each age at present:

1. Age at present. 2. Sex. 3. State briefly any superstitions which you believe or which influence your conduct. 4. State any which you formerly believed or which influenced your conduct. 5. If you formerly had such super- stitions or allowed them to influ- ence your conduct, how did you get rid of them? 6. Why do you, or did you, believe in them or permit them to influence your conduct? 7. Remarks or further information of interest on this topic.

He received a maximum of 557 answers. Somewhat more than half admitted that they still allowed superstition to influence their conduct, and of these nearly two-thirds were women. Only 158 could recall never having been in- fluenced by a superstition at any time in their lives. Sixty-one per cent. of those denying superstitious- ness at present admitted former in- fluence. Superstitions mentioned as believed in or practiced at pres- ent Prof. Conklin tabulates as fol- lows:

- No. P.C. Knocking on wood 93 31 Four-leaf clover 79 26 Dreams prophetic 59 20 Number 13 38 13 Portentous umbrella in house 24 11 Sleep on wedding cake 24 10 Cup, pain 23 9 Post coming between two walking 25 8 Friday or Friday the 13th. 20 7 Waking under ladder 19 7 Breaking wish-bone 14 5 Wishing on stars 13 4 Moon over shoulder, through trees, etc. 13 4 Premonitions 12 4 Breaking mirrors 12 4 Hoodoo, jinxes and charms 9 3 Number 3 9 3 Wishing on load of hay 6 2 Weather signs ground hog 6 2 Carrying implement through house 6 2 Five-leaf clover unlucky 5 2 Wish upon simultaneous re- mark 5 2 Third smoke lighted from same match 5 2 Spilling salt cause of quar- rel 4 1 Sing before breakfast cry be- fore night 4 1 Horseshoe 4 1 Dog howling at night death sign 3 1 Drop fork, company coming (or knife) 3 1 Cutting finger nails on Sun- day 3 1 Fear cemetery 3 1 Removing another's rib- breaks friendship 2 1 Knife cuts friendship 2 1 Bird entering house, death or bad luck 2 1 Flipping coin for decision 2 1 Toe stubbed, unlucky 2 1 Number 28 2 1 Good beginning, bad ending 2 1 Lending to player in same poker game 2 1 Moon phase affecting vege- table growth 2 1 Not definitely stated 11 4

The following superstitions were mentioned only by the men and not by the women:

Picture taken before game un- lucky; chew gum while playing ball; football passing in front of player, before football game; entering track meet in clean pants; missing bas- kets while warming for basketball game; crossing guns or bats; receiv- ing letter with name spelled down; watched pot never boils; previous actions with fortunate outcome repeated; opposite for bad outcome; sitting in same seat for examination; wearing bow tie at examination; getting Monday lessons on Satur- day; preventing being shuffled out num- ber of times; clumsy shuffle; turn- ing back when leaving house; num- ber nine; right eye twitching, lucky; left eye, unlucky; twitching, lucky; left ear, unlucky; twitching, funeral; crossing through funera- procession; working on Easter, un-

lucky; walking before a gun; re- turning for forgotten article without sitting down; stealing bottle of milk from same house twice; ap- pearing on sidewalk cracks; steal- ing and carrying food advertisement; bragging about good fortune; fish bite better in dark of moon; ate; ghosts; belief in immortality.

The following were mentioned once by the women and not at all by the men:

Accidents coming threes; crossing a snake-track; crossing a line; ear- ringing, signifying someone think- ing of you; same for hiccough; crow- ing of rooster in doorway, company coming; cat washing face in house brings company; living in neighbor- hood of recent deaths; odor of breath that accompany death; wearing green garment followed by mourn- ing; counting carriages in funeral; boys in wedding cake; wearing an- other's engagement ring; whatever thought about very hard comes to pass; thinking hard of three good things brings them to pass; alterna- tion of good and bad luck; called on if less than prepared; meanness re- turned in double dose; killing sup- per; turning chain on leg; twist towel when wiping another; friend- ship black cat; poor rehearsal, good performance; going back af- ter stumbling; in and out of same side of bed; holding candle; killing full moon; rabbit crossing path on Friday; Santa Claus; wishing by new moon; crossing street at same time a team does; counting white pebbles; washing face in dew in May to remove wrinkles; wearing ten when obliged to return after start- ing.

Prof. Conklin thinks it may be wiser not to attempt any conclusion concerning the relative frequency of the different superstitions. The table present the superstitious in the or- der of frequency. The order for the two sexes is not the same, but the difference does not appear to be sig- nificant. He goes on:

"Working over these reports of superstitions leaves one deeply im- pressed by the variety of form already mentioned. One would seem well fixed, and they are to be found at the head of the tables of frequency. The majority are bless- ings, and many variations. What is such as the person is unlucky for such and such a thing, or another, another superstitious significant event rarely certain; and new superstitions appear with little provocation. The poker-game superstition reported here had its origin shortly before the war, and was ob- served by one of the writer's advise- d students. Others in the list bear evidence of recent birth. It would seem as if human nature bore in it- self a predisposition to be supersti- tious, and that the "found" expression in forms controlled by the chance of circumstances.

"It was thought wise to ask in the questionnaire for each person's explanation of his or her own belief or practice of superstition. Not with any thought, of course, that a cen- tury ago the world would explain their own superstitiousness, but with the hope that a consolidation of their ex- planations might be of assistance in making a general interpretation.

"That 81 of these young people believe in superstitions, and that their belief is due to a few apparent- ly verifying experiences, of only one of Bacon's idols of the tribe is still in a fair state of preservation. The remark is extended to their papers to reinforce this material evidence of willingness to generalize from a few af- firmative cases. Some are probably worthy of a record as illustrations of the rest, and they follow:

"Only accidents ever had (two in number) followed a black cat crossing path."

"Everyone who has had locker thirteen in the gym has been crip- pled up, including myself."

"I knew personally an old man who climbed the mountain high to speak with God. He died, also Mr. Andrews and Miss Sar- die. The next morning he was found dead in bed."

"I have a habit of reading a chapter of the New Testament in the morning. When I fail to do so it seems that I do not have good luck for that day."

"Another insists that certain for- tune tellers have told what subse- quently happened, and therefore he believes. Still another relates that he continued to have a good attitude for one successful wish on day. In con- trast to this it is pleasant to report that there is manifest some effect of education and the development of training. One reports that his training, and good thinking banished his superstitions. These men con- sider the development of reason dis- pelled the superstitions. Another attributes his change of belief and prac- tice both to the development of rea- son and to scientific study. Two more think that only positive cases are commonly noticed, and advise mention disillusioning experiences which banished their superstitions.

"There is ample evidence, for this group at least, that the superstitious- ness is not entirely due to contact with superstitious people. The per- sistence of superstition in spite of education and the development of reason, prevalence of superstition, forms, the coincidences or trifling events which give rise to new superstitions, the readiness with which incidents are accepted as proof, and the evidence of strange feelings and emotions which impel in spite of reason, and functional predisposition to such events as re- actions to the events of life are con- ductive to belief in mystic inter- pretations. If it can be considered as established that women are more superstitious than men, then the con- siderably larger figures found in this study for the women would support this conclusion."—Literary Digest.

Boasting of being honest doesn't prove it. Only speaking, the shortest day is the day before pay day.

THE PRESIDENT IN DENVER

Written for The Ontario by Chas. M. Blee, Lawyer, Denver, Colorado.

By right of his office, by reason of the position he holds before the world, President Wilson is worthy and has received a sincere welcome in this city and state.

Further than that, that a large majority of people of Colorado, American to the core, not seriously in- fluenced in its composite judgment by the hyphen vote, is for the League of Nations on principle, in the firm belief that it will work for the good of the nation as well as for the other nations bound to us by the ties of civilization.

Woodrow Wilson is here as president of the United States to give the people on account of his stewardship at Paris. His reception of having the political significance, republicans and democrats joined in one rousing welcome and forgot politics in their great enthusiasm.

His campaign is not for partisan advantage. He is engaged in the eventual undertaking of having the U.S. senate accept the German peace treaty as it stands so that the world may be assured of peace at the earliest moment and that this peace shall be a lasting peace.

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His campaign is not for partisan advantage. He is engaged in the eventual undertaking of having the U.S. senate accept the German peace treaty as it stands so that the world may be assured of peace at the earliest moment and that this peace shall be a lasting peace.

THE HEBREWS

I've gazed into a Jewish maiden's eyes And learned why Jacob lingered by the well. Sweet Ruth is seated now up in the skies With her loved Jacob evermore to dwell. Great Moses was a Jew you must re- member Who climbed the mountain high to speak with God. He brought the Ten Command- ments as an ember To guide us as our weary way we plod. Another Jew was Joseph, good and wise, His brothers into Egypt sold him, then He became Controllor of supplies. And used his powers to help his fel- low men. Oh, Gentiles, listen to my little story And treat each Jew with kindness and be fair. For that great people's covered deep in every way you'll find them fair. And though that people still may have to wander And make their home on every for- eign sod, Yet if you ever get up into heaven You'll find that Jews are seated near your God. —Walter T. Carroll.

MADOC JCT.

"The harvest moon beams down upon the farmer's work well done; on golden fruits of victory the farmer's battle won."

Several from here attended Stir- ling fair and report one of the best in years.

Congratulations to our friend, William Fitchett on securing the prize for his fine colt. Mr. Fitchett and keeps improving his buildings and stock every year.

Congratulations also to our school for the way they have been carrying off prizes at the rural school fair this year. Mae Danford, Mary Fitzcutcheon and Libbie Moore were the hot lunch at Ivanhoe who served at Wallbridge and Springbrook. Mary Fitchett also took a prize on sewing and pickles.

The members of the W.M.S. here who attended the "hog home" at Moira on Tuesday evening report one of the largest W.M.S. gatherings of the kind and all enjoyed the

A Campaign for Good Roads in Canada

The Canadian Good Roads Association is extending its activities to a Dominion wide educational campaign with the object of stimulating a more active interest in the Good Roads movement generally, and in particular to create sufficient public opinion to influence the provincial authorities to take advantage of the Dominion aid of \$20,000,000. For some reason the offer has not been taken up as well as expected. Even the boosting given by the Commissioner (Mr. A. W. Campbell) has not made it popular, but now the Canadian Good Roads Association has determined to take up the matter there is every chance for its success. The principal difficulty that the Association has to overcome is the jealousy of the provincial authorities who seem to have a chronic resentment against any scheme emanating from Ottawa for the benefit of the citizens generally, particularly where the said scheme is of such a nature that it should have been taken up, but for one reason or another neglected by the provincial authorities themselves. This was illustrated in the Federal Aid scheme itself. Outside Quebec and Ontario roads of Canada are anything but what they should be, the principal reason being that the Provincial Treasuries are not overflowing with funds—and good roads cost money. The Dominion authorities know this and are urged by good road enthusiasts, such as the Canadian Good Roads Association, offer to subscribe \$20,000,000 for the building of good roads on certain conditions which in effect are, first, that for every forty cents put up by the Dominion Government the Provincial authorities must put up sixty cents, and second, the Dominion authorities must have a voice in the control and manage- ment of whatever roads are built with the aid of Federal funds. If these conditions are good or bad we are not prepared to say, but we do think the time has come for closer co-operation between the Federal and Provincial—and Municipal—authorities in everything that affects the welfare of the citizen. Canada has a population of less than nine million, yet she has one Federal, nine Provincial and over 3,600 her administration, which means that unless each unit appreciates and works with the other, the result would be valuable in the building and maintenance of our roads, highways and streets the three units are now associated, consequent- ly there should be the closest co- operation between them though there is a tendency on the part of both the Federal and Provincial authorities to forget that there are rural as well as municipal authorities who know local needs better than either. Be that as it may, we wish the Canadian Good Roads Association every success in its campaign for good roads.

If we are not to go into the League and "look out for ourselves," the policy advocated by the isolationists, what then? Remain content as we were before the war with an indifferent army and a navy efficient as it went, but third, or fourth in potential strength among the great powers? Far from it. We must arm to the teeth, for we will have the other nations leagued in some fashion together. From the purely material viewpoint it would be poor business for the United States to "go it alone" and encour- age business antagonism from the rest of the world. Economics de- termine most of the world's wars.

Another point of view was made clear, perhaps unconsciously, by the president, is his determination to in- volve labor issues in the League of Nations controversy. He has urged would have been considered before the war, a radical program on labor questions, which he outlined, till Oct. 6—the opening of the confer- ence on labor and capital antago- nisms. He insisted that the League of Nations makes labor a "human function," not a "pur- chase commodity," and those who seek to defeat the treaty of peace, or who would render it a de- bating society must bear the stigma of being opposed to a proper recog- nition of labor.

If the opposition does not have a care Mr. Wilson will be choosing his own battleground and the weapons that are to be used.

As he nears the end of his country-wide tour in support of the Treaty of Versailles, Mr. Wilson is standing a more positive, under- standing of his position toward the League of Nations covenant.

In his Denver address he iterated and reiterated that it was a case of line of the sea that he holds in re- serve could be developed more than once. He is not going to accept amendments or part-of-the-treaty reservations. The executive in- charged by the federal constitution with negotiating treaties. He is not going to part with one jot of title of what authority he has.

The constitution is given him. The president shall have power, with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and by and with the consent of the senate, shall appoint and receive other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law.

It was made clear by his address here, that the president is going to have the last word.

He virtually challenges the senate to accept or reject, and take the responsibility for delaying a declaration of peace between this nation and its enemy, Germany.

Future May Profit by Rise in Dollar

Appreciation of currency will Reverse conditions that Apply to-day.

It has been said that the inducements to save has been materially lessened by a depreciation of the dollar. Certainly the market has scraped together a few thousand dol- lars, as a result of years of toil, might be pardoned for wondering if he were not foolish to forego a great many things that might have brought him pleasure in the past, in order to hold his money, while every day its purchasing power was declining. It is not only in straight saving of money that the lessening value has been noticed. Holders of endowment poli- cies and annuity policies, who have been making the premium pay- ments, find that the premium pay- ment of their policies has been cut in two since they started paying for them 20 or 30 years ago. True their pre- miums have been paid with the de- preciating currency, but that applies only to the past few years. The man who took out a \$2,000 fire in- surance policy twenty years ago, figuring that \$2,000 would nicely provide for his widow in case of his death, finds it necessary to double his in- surance now to provide his wife with the same protection.

There is no need for the young people of to-day to avoid insurance because of this condition of things. With a return to normal conditions there is a fair prospect of the pur- chasing value of the dollar increasing and if that period comes, then the value of their policies will be greater than the real value of the pre- miums would warrant under present conditions. The reversal of conditions to-day would add as much to the people's savings as the depreciation of money has taken from them.

FOUR AUTOS STOLEN

But all of them were recovered where deserted.

Keep your eye on your automobile if it looks as if a band of "joy riders" are at work nabbing cars in Kingston. Four automobiles were reported to have been stolen since Friday night, but all were recovered where they have been deserted.

Two horses were also reported stolen, and they were also recovered. On Monday morning the theft of an automobile was reported from Yar- ker.

The horses were stolen on Sunday night. One was taken from the stables at Colborne street, and was found with a buggy near the Ontario Hotel. The other stolen outfit was found near the Folger stock farm.

CANADA EXPECTS

To-day Canada adopts the fam- ous phrase of the historic message issued by Nelson to his gallant sail- ors at Trafalgar. Canada has in- finite faith in her sons and daugh- ters. She knows she has only to hoist the signal and they will do their duty right well. They have never failed yet. They will not fail her today.

BEER AND WINE IN QUEBEC

By Edith M. Luke.

As all the world knows, we expected to join the prohibition provinces last May, for by long, hard fighting 1,200 municipalities in Quebec had gone dry in recent years under local option, leaving only 100 more to be reclaimed, and Sir Lomer Gouin had declared himself a partisan of temperance. We had also found, in all our local option campaigns, that the Dominion Alliance and the Anti-Liquor League might depend fully upon the co-operation of La Ligue Anti-Alcoolique, led by Judge Lafontaine, for it may be said, en passant, that the French and English have co-operated more fully in the fight for temperance than in any other movement. Then, too, we had learned that the priests for the most part were with us, and many an interesting story might be written of the co-operation of Roman Catholic priest and Protestant minister in this or that hard-won local option victory. Archbishop Bruchet declared some years ago that he would never rest until every municipality in Quebec had gone dry, and Cardinal Bégin advocated a temperance vote in L'Action Catholique. Then again, the Premier of the province stated that if we would be patient and wait until May 1st, 1919, the Province of Quebec should have a prohibition law more permanent, and on a surer foundation, than that of any other province. In fact, the Provincial Government gave to Quebec in February, 1918, what was to be a permanent prohibition measure, coming into effect May 1st, 1919. This measure was to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors, save for sacramental, medicinal and sanitary purposes. So it was felt that at last the battle was won, and that children would be clothed, fed and educated, and wives and mothers would breathe freely in Quebec, as elsewhere. As late as February and March old timers here in Montreal were known to say, "I know it has got the best of me, and I seem powerless to resist; but, thank God, after May 1st it will be taken out of my hands, for I shall not be able to get it. Then I shall be a man again." Doctors who were watching anxiously over alcoholic patients told me that there would be hope for all after May 1st. But while the temperance people were thus looking forward to the dawn of the new day, the liquor people were haunting the legislative halls at Quebec, and craftily, adroitly, surreptitiously planning a "coup."

They knew that it was useless to ask for or expect a concession of the old regime of bars and hard liquor, so they joined the temperance people in their cry of "Away with the bar and away with hard liquor"; but they added this corollary, "leave us beer and wine." The legislators were won over; some say money was given as freely as spirits; at any rate the Premier announced that in place of the promised temperance legislation he would submit a beer and wine referendum to the people on April 10. Temperance forces were hastily organized, and a heroic effort was made to lay the matter before the people in its proper perspective; but, to the surprise of everyone, the Archbishop failed to issue a pastoral letter enjoining the people to vote against beer and wine. In talking with Mr. Carson a few evenings ago at the Bible House as to the reason of this default, the veteran temperance campaigner said: "I think the Roman Catholic Church was afraid to take the risk of issuing a mandatory letter to the faithful, for if they had done so, and the vote had gone contrary to their instructions, it would have been a loss of prestige that the church would never have recovered in Quebec." So Cardinal Bégin and Archbishop Bruchet it allowed the church to remain neutral and the people to vote as they chose, with the result that on April 10th last the beer and wine referendum was carried in Quebec by an overwhelming majority.

And so we became the largest "wet" area in North America, and one of the Hearst papers not long ago had the audacity to refer to Montreal as "the booze capital of the continent; the Mecca of the thirsty, towards which thousands of booze pilgrims from American and Canadian cities, within a radius of 1,000 miles, journey every week." Since May 1st it is illegal to have a bar in Quebec, and beer and wine are the only liquors authorized for beverage purposes—beer of a strength of 2.51 per cent. by weight alcohol, equal to 1.50 per cent. proof spirits. Cider and wine may legally contain 8.94 per cent. by weight alcohol, equal to 15 per cent. proof spirits. These liquors are not "temperance drinks," but intoxicating. The beer is more than five times the strength of the beer under prohibition in the U. S. The word "light," therefore, as applied to beer and wine in Quebec is a delusion and a snare.

Nearly five months have now passed since Quebec embarked upon her perilous course, so the time has arrived for inquiring as to results, and weighing in the balance this "Act to Provide for the Prohibition of the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors and to Amend the Quebec License Law in certain cases." I have a copy of the law before me, secured from Mr. Boisseau of the Inland Revenue Office, the day I called upon him, and have given it some study. Let us see what it means. Twenty-five vendors have been appointed by the Government to sell intoxicating liquors, such as whiskey and brandy, under diet's license. Twelve of these vendors are in Montreal, one in Sherbrooke, one in St. Hyacinthe, one in Three Rivers, and so on. Quebec City is still under the Scott Act, which, I hear, is not working well. The law says, "The words 'authorized vendor' mean a person

authorized by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council to keep for sale and sell such wines as are required exclusively sacramental purposes, and such intoxicating liquors as are required for exclusively medicinal, mechanical, industrial, scientific or artistic purposes, in accordance with and as permitted by the Quebec Prohibition Law." The law also says that any person "guilty of an infraction of the Quebec Prohibition Law shall be liable, in addition to the payment of costs, for the first offence, to a fine of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than three hundred dollars, and, in default of payment of such fine and costs, to imprisonment in the common jail for three months; for a second offence, to a fine of not less than three hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, and, in default of such fine and costs, to imprisonment for three months; and, if he is a licensee, to the forfeiture of his license, in the discretion of the court; and for a third or subsequent offence, to imprisonment for not less than three months nor more than six months, in the discretion of the court, without option of a fine."

We have now 250 beer and wine cafes in Montreal and 350 grocers' licenses, so it will be seen that we are still fairly well supplied with the means of quenching thirst. The "Licensed to sell spirituous liquors," still decorates many of the doorways of the saloons; but such a sign is now illegal, and an abortive effort was recently made by the police to have all these signs removed, but they seemed to get weary before their work was done.

Imagine an immense farm kitchen, with hardwood floor, and a few cheap pictures on the walls. Place tables within the kitchen, with four chairs at each. Then picture forty or fifty men at these tables, with flowing mugs of beer before them; poorly-dressed, dirty-looking men, who look as though they should be spending their little money in food and clothing rather than drink. This is a fairly accurate picture of a cafe as I saw it on St. Antoine Street a few days ago.

One of the perils of our present position is that municipalities under local option are rapidly voting themselves "wet" again, so as to come under the beer and wine law; for instance, Lachine, which by long-fought contests was won for temperance, has now rejoined the wets. On the other hand, the municipality of St. Rose recently voted to remain "dry." It was also stated in the press, August 27th, that the town of Lévis just across the river from Quebec, would repeal its present prohibition law, so it really looks as if the temperance work of many years will be undone. That there is no warrant for reliance on the new law is amply demonstrated by such reports as the following, which appeared in the Star a short while ago: "There were forty-three cases of drunk, or drunk with disorderly conduct, on the list of the Recorder's Court this morning." Another day in August, we were informed that "a formidable list of thirty-seven charges of drunkenness in various degrees confronted the Recorder this morning."

In order to clarify the matter by official information, I called on Chief Belanger at police headquarters a few days ago. He was interested in the fact of Ontario voting on the referendum on Oct. 20th, and frankly told me that in his opinion the beer and wine law in Quebec is a failure. "We have more drunks, more commitments and more trouble than we had before," said the Chief, in his frank, decisive way. "The law might not be a bad one if it were enforced, but the vendors are not observing the law. They are supposed to sell only on a doctor's prescription, but they are not confining themselves to that. The chief then called an assistant, who gave me the following official report for July and August, 1918, and July and August, 1919, as taken from the police records. Comment is superfluous.

MONTREAL POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Extract from statistics for the month of July, 1918, and July, 1919.

Males	
Offence	1918 1919
Disturbing the peace	48 53
Drunk	426 432
Drunk and disorderly	23 43
Drunk in charge of automobile	6 9
Drunk in charge of vehicle	8 10
Non-support	35 17
Selling liquor without a license	6 21

Females	
Disturbing the peace	5 1
Drunk	33 24
Drunk and disorderly	4 4
Non-support	— 1
Selling liquor without a license	2 3

Extracts from statistics for the month of August, 1918 and August, 1919.

Males	
Offence	1918 1919
Disturbing the peace	26 38
Drunk	380 516
Drunk and disorderly	28 48
Drunk in charge of automobile	7 9
Drunk in charge of a vehicle	7 10
Non-support	43 23
Selling liquor without a license	4 17

Disturbing the peace . . . 3 1
Drunk . . . 32 9

Drunk and disorderly . . . 8 23
Non-support . . . 2 —
Selling liquor without a license . . . 6 6

In the endeavor to present the case clearly to the readers, I wrote Hon. Walter Mitchell, Provincial Treasurer, asking him for statistics in regard to the working out of the new license law. He was kind enough to telegraph me, authorizing me to Mr. J. W. Lewis, Government Inspector of Vendors, 61 St. Gabriel street. I called on Mr. Lewis, and was very cordially received. He is a former Bank of Montreal man, and last winter did some expert work on the staff of the Fuel Controller. Mr. Lewis owns a me room full of confiscated hard liquor, and several drawers containing confiscated bogus doctors' certificates to vendors. He told me that he had a squad of inspectors and spotters at work all the time, and hoped to have the law better observed in the near future. Mr. Lewis states that although not a total abstainer he is in favor of temperance, and that it is his "inflexible intention to enforce the law as it appears on the statute book."

Obituary

JOHN MILTON PLATT

John Milton Platt was a native of the county of Prince Edward, having been born in the township of Athol four score years ago. His early life was spent at home on the farm. His education was acquired under the limitations of those early days, and it is a tribute to his abilities and energies that he emerged from such conditions with the qualifications of a school teacher. After teaching for a time his good work found recognition in his appointment as Public School Inspector. Later he turned to journalism and published a paper in Picton known as the "New Nation." The physician's calling had attracted him, and finally he gave up everything else to pursue the studies necessary to qualify him as a medical practitioner. In due time he was established in Picton, a physician and

surgeon of good repute. Dr. Platt had too much public sentiment, and was too much concerned with public questions to confine himself to the routine of professional life. In the early eighties he was a member of the House of Commons, having been elected thereto by the vote of his fellow citizens in this county. He was of a philosophic frame of mind, a man of good judgment, calm deliberation, strong conviction, able by voice or pen to impress his ideas upon the people. These qualities made him not only popular on the public platform, but a valuable addition to the debating power and the committee work of Parliament. In 1899 he was appointed Warden of the Provincial Penitentiary at Kingston, which position he continued to fill until failing health compelled his retirement in 1913. Since then he has lived in Picton. His activities belong more and more restricted by growing infirmities. These latter years were spent in domestic happiness, fellowship with friends, and quiet waiting for the Messenger whose call came unheralded on the morning of September 27th.

It is as a physician that Dr. Platt will be best remembered. He added to a knowledge and skill in which he was well abreast of the times, the kindness of a tender and sympathetic heart. He went far beyond the bounds of mere professionalism

in attention to his patients. There are hundreds still living who remember with gratitude his services in their homes. A profound respect for citizenship such as was represented in the life and work of the deceased brought together a large and reverent company for the funeral which was conducted by Rev. Alfred Brown, interment taking place in Glenwood cemetery—Picton Gazette.

Laid to Rest

LATE W. J. HUDSON

Mr. and Mrs. Stag, of Brockville are in the city attending the funeral of the late W. J. Hudson, whose remains arrived here today from Ottawa, where he passed away. The Rev. A. S. Kerr, of St. Andrew's Church conducted the last sad rites. Interment was made in Belleville cemetery.

LATE MARIE R. BARRIAGE

The remains of the late Marie Rosalie Barriage were taken today to Kingston for interment.

There are more thorns than roses on the path that leads to a woman's heart. The smaller a man's mind, the longer it takes him to make it up.

Lake of the Woods Very Prosperous

Net Earnings for 12 Months Ending August 31 placed at \$756,616

Montreal, Oct. 4.—Net profits of the Lake of the Woods Milling Company, Limited, for the twelve months ending August 31 last, according to the financial statement submitted to the shareholders at their annual meeting, amounted to \$756,616, a decline of \$101,298, or 11.8 per cent. from the total reported for the previous year's operations, but \$136,369 in excess of those for the twelve months period ending August 31, 1917.

After the payment of dividends on the common stock at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, together with a bonus of two per cent. and an additional dividend of two per cent. from the earnings of the Sunset subsidiary, there remained a balance of \$63,616, compared with \$446,914 last year, and \$245,747 the preceding year.

BIRTH

VANCE—At Belleville, Wednesday Oct. 1st to Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Vance, a son.

The Expenditure of \$610,000,000

How the last Victory Loan was spent

For Demobilization

For Trade Extension

BEFORE buying Victory Bonds again you may want to know how Canada used the money you loaned her last year.

Canada borrowed the money to carry on the war and to provide credits for Great Britain and our Allies.

CONSIDERABLY more than one-half of the Victory Loan 1918 was spent on our soldiers. This included \$312,900,000 for paying them, feeding them, bringing them home, separation allowances to their dependents, maintenance of medical services and vocational training schools.

\$59,000,000 of the Victory Loan 1918 was paid on account of authorized Soldiers' gratuities.

\$9,000,000 was spent at Halifax for relief and reconstruction after the disaster.

Other disbursements were not strictly speaking expenditures, but National Re-investments.

To Great Britain for example.

\$173,500,000 was loaned for the purchase of our wheat and cereals.

\$9,000,000 for our fish.

\$30,000,000 for other Foodstuffs.

\$2,900,000 for Canadian built ships.

\$5,500,000 to pay other British obligations in Canada.

Making in all \$220,900,000 advanced to Great Britain.

To our Allies, we loaned \$8,200,000 for the purchase of Canadian foodstuffs raw material and manufactured products.

The Re-investments will be paid back to Canada in due time, with interest.

These credits were absolutely necessary to secure the orders for Canada because cash purchases were impossible.

They have had the effect of tremendously helping agricultural and industrial workers to tide over the depression that would have followed the Armistice, had we not made these credit loans.

As far as money is concerned 1919 has been, and is still—just as much a war year as 1918. Our main expenditures for war cannot be completed until well on into 1920. Thus another Victory Loan is necessary—Get ready to buy.

Victory Loan 1919

"Every Dollar Spent in Canada"

Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

ESTABLISHED

POINT
HEAD

E. D. O'NEILL
day Ni

The City Hall when we heard the L. E. D. O'Flynn, of Toronto, discuss day. Many were throughout the outlined his manner, and pointed out the failure of the government with the Attorney-General. The meeting was the five hundred to applaud the star young candidate. Dr. J. A. Fa chair. He added particularly that the first time to exercise the chairman declared when the boys of nothing too good. "I am here si porter of Ed. O' tawa and Toronto years will be th of social condit to Belleville he contact with the soldiers. Le has always do relatives and fr and the returne

Tory Ears

"I am support I am against the

tion. It is not the Hearst Adv tained on a vo the bar." Then with public op out as the part tion. If there is it is to see me ear the Hearst with the hares hounds?" Dr. Faulkner Workmen's Con which the Libe tion. The late 3 for votes to won ed by the Libe but was turned ment. Then the in Queen's Park ground and the granted woman The chairman Ponton who ma in support of the paig.

Col. Ponton, supporter, said he word was sa comrade and Eddie O'Flynn, that the whole and in that arm boys. (Cheers.)

Appeal for

"We need the because we cess, because we can a creditor ican continent; Victory Loan wi for votes for 1 er. The honor county of Hask