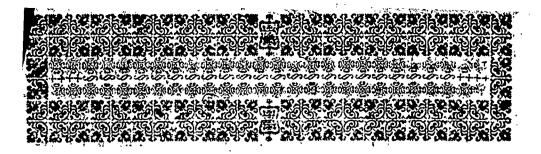
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At the GENERAL-ASSEMBLY of the Province of Nova-Scotia, begun Province of Nova-Scotia, begun and holden at Halifax, on Monday the 2d Day of October, 1758, in the 32d Year of His Majesty's Reign, and there continued by Prorogation untill Wednesday the First Day of August 1759, in the 33 Year of His Majesty Reign.

# ANACT

For regulating and maintaining an House of Correction or Work-Houle within the Town of Halifax, and for binding out Poor Children.

Cap. Ca

HEREAS by an Act of the General Assembly of this W Province, intitled An Act for erecting an House of Correction or Work-House within the Town of Halifax, made and paffed at their Seffion begun and bolden at Halifax the Second Day of October, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Fifty Eight; The Sum of Five Hundred Pounds of the Monies then in the Treasury of the Province, collected for the Duties on Spirituous Liquors, was appropriated for erecting an House of Correction or Work-House within the Town of Halifax.

Se it enacted by His Excellency the Governor, Council; and Africandly, and by the Authority of the Jame it is bereby enacted. That the Overleers of the Poor of the Town of Holifax be, and accordingly they hereby are authorized and impowered, when and for foon as the faid House of Correction shall be built and finished, to agree with some different and sit Persons to be the Master and Keeper, and needfall Assistants for the Case of the same; and to provide, at there shall be Occasion, suitable Materials, Tools, and Implements, needslary and convenient for keeping to work such Persons as many be committed to the said House; and generally, to inspect and district the Assistants of the said House; and generally, to inspect and district the Assistant of the said House, said from Time to Time, to make such Rules, and Orders as they shall judge belt for the good Government thereof.

And be it further enacted. That it shall and may be lawfull for the Justices of the Peace in their General Sessions, or for any one Justice of the Peace out of Court, to send and commit to the said Huse of Correction, to be kept, govern'd, and punish'd according to the Rules and Orders theseof, all disorderly and idle Persons and such who shall be sound begging, or practising any unlawfull Games, or pretending to Fortune-telling, common Drunkards. Persons of lewd Behaviour, Vagabonds, Runaways, stubborn Servants and Children, and Persons who notoriously mispend their Time to the Neglect and Prejudice of their own or their Family's Support; upon due Conviction of any of the said Offences or Disorders.

And be it further ehacted, That the Master or Keeper of the said House of Correction, shall have Power and Authority to set all such Persons as shall be duly sent or committed to his Custody, to work and labour, if they be able, for such Time as they shall continue and remain in the said House; and to punish them by putting Fetters and Shackles upon them, if necessary, and by moderate whipping, not exceeding Ten Stripes at once, which sunless the Warrant of Commitment shall otherwise direct) shall be inflicted at their first coming in, and from Time to Time afterwards, at his Discretion, in Case of their being stubborn or idle, and neglecting to perform such reasonable Tasks as shall be affigued them, and to abridge them of their Food, as the Case may require, untill they be reduced to better Behaviour.

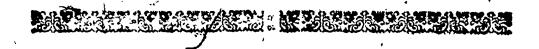
And be in further enacted, That no Person committed to the said House of Correction, shall be chargeable to the Government for any Allowance, either at going in or coming that, or during the Time of their Abode there: But shall be maintained out of their Earnings, and the Remainder thereof shall be accounted for, by the Master or Keeper of the said House; who shall keep an exact Account thereof, and render the same upon Oath, if required, to the said Overseers when demanded.

And be jt further enacted, That if any Person or Persons committed to the said House of Correction be ldiots, or Lunatic, or Sick and weak, and unable to work, they shall be taken Care of and releived by the Master or Keeper of the said House, who shall keep an exact Account of what Char-

ges he shall necessarily be at therein; to be render'd to the said Overleers, upon Outh, it demanded.

And be it further enacted, That the Pay of the Master or Keeper of the said House of Correction, and the Charge for any Materia's, Tools, or Implements purchased as beforemention'd, or arising by the Relief of Persons unable to wook, and other necessary Expences of the said Hule, shall be destrayed out of the Surplus of the Sarnings of the Labour done in the said House, if the same shall be sufficient thereto; or otherwise, shall be a stranged out of Money in the Treatury of the Province, to be issued by Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Governor or Commander in Chief for the Time being, and His Majesty's Council of this Province; to be embursed to the said Treatury out of such Profits as may afterwards arise as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted, That the faidOverseers of the Poor shall take Order, from Time to Time, by and with the Consent of Two or more Justices of the Peace for the County of Hulitax, for setting to work the Children of all such, whose Parents shall not, by the said Overseers, or the greater Part of them, be thought able to keep or maintain them, or any Poor O phane; or by Indenture to bind any tuch Children or Ocphans as aforesaid, to be Apprentices, where they shall fee convenient, till such Man Child shall come to the Age of Twenty One Years, and I ch Woman Child to the Age of Eightein Years, or the Time of her Marriage; the same to be as effectual to all Purposes as if such Child were of full Age, and by Indenture of Covenant had bound him or herfelf. Provided always, That one of the Conditions of faid Indentures shall be, that if the faid Master or Mistress of taid Apprentice, or other Person to whom: faid Indenture may be affigued, that transport or carry faid Apprentice out of this Province, to relide or dwell in any other Colony or Plantation, that then the faid Indenture shall be void and of none Effect, and the laid App enrice thall thenceforth be discharged from any suither Service to his faid Master, Mittress or Assigns. Provided also, That the Children maintain'd and supported in the Orphan-Houle at the Expence of the Crown, shall remain and be under the Direction of the Governor as heretotore, and bound out in such manner as he shall order and direct.





## CANCIDATE CONTRACTOR C

An Act for regulating and maintaining a Light-House on Sambro Island.

HERE AS by an Act of the General Assembly of this Province, interled An Act for erecting a Light-House when the first state of the Harbour of Halifax, made and for the find to unds out of the Momes then in the Ireasury of the Province, collected from the Duties on Spirituous Liquors, was apprepriated for the erecting a Light-House on the Island commonly a cause and known by the Name of Sambro Outer-Island, at the Entrance of the Harbour of Halifax: And it was enacted, That untill such Light-House should be erected the Commissioners appointed for carrying the said Act into Execution, should cause a Beacon and Light to be placed on the said Island for the Benefit of Vessels coming into the said Harbour.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governor, Council and Assembly, and by the Authority of the same it is hereby enacted, That from and after the First Day of September next, there shall be paid by the Master of every Merchant Vessel coming into or going out of the Harbour of Halifax, at her going out of the said Harbour, (other than Coasters and sishing Vessels, and such Transport or other Vessels employed in His Majesty's Service as shall, by their Charter Party, be exempted from paying Port Charges) a Duty of Six Pence per Ton Currency, for so many Tons as shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Receiver, or by the Oath of the Master, (which Oath the said Receiver is hereby authorized to administer) to be the real Burthen thereof.

Provided, That all Ships or Vessels wholly belonging to any Person, that is a Freeholder and Inhabitant in the Province, shall only pay Four Pence per Ton: The said Duty to be paid before clearing the said Vessel, to such Person or Persons as shall hereaster be appointed by his Excellency the Governor for that Purpose; who are hereby authorized to demand and receive the same, and upon Resulal of Payment, to sue for and recovers the said Duty before Two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, or in Case the Sum shall not exceed Forty Shillings, before One Justice.

And be it further enacted, That no Vessel shall be deemed a fishing Vessel, within the meaning of this Act, excepting such as shall be wholly employed in that Business, nor shall any Vessel be deemed a Coaster, excepting such as shall be wholly employed within the Province.

And be it further enacted, That every Coasting Vessel shall pay, in Lieu of the said Duty, at the Rate of Twenty Sinlings per Annum, and no more, to be received and recovered in manner as aforesaid.

And be it further enacted, That all Monies arising by the aforesaid Duty shall be paid into the Treasury of the Province, and be applied towards the Support of the said Light-House; to be issued for the said Purpose, by-Warrant under the Hand and Seal of the Governor or Commander in Chief for the Time being, of the Province; and in Case there be more Mories raised than is necessary for the Support of the said Light-House; the Surplusage to be applied to the Uses of the Government.

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An Act for the Quieting of Possessions to the Protestant Grantees of the Lands formerly occuppied by the French Inhabitants, and for preventing vexatious Actions relating to the same.

HERE AS this Province of Nova-Scotia or Accadie, and the Property thereof, did always of Right belong to the Crown of England, both by Priority of Discovery and ancient Possession, and that no Grant of Property to any of the Lands or Territories belonging thereto, is of any Validity, or can give the Possession thereof any legal Right or Title to any Part thereof, unless derived from thence.

And whereas by a Treaty of Peace concluded at Utrecht, in the Year of our Lord, One Thousand, Seven Hundred and Thirteen, between her most Sacred Majesty Ann of Giorious Memory, Queen of Great-Britain, & Sc. And His most Christian Majesty, it was concluded and agreed on, that all Nova-Scotia, or Accadie, with it's ancient Boundaries, and all other Things in those Parts which depend on the said Lands, together with the Dominion, Property, and Possession of the said Lands and Places, and all Right whatsoever by Treaties or any other Way attained, which the most Christian King, the Crown of France, or any other the Subjects thereof, had to the Lands and Places, and to the Inhabitants of the same, are yielded and made over to the Queen of Great-Britain, and to her Crown for ever.

And whereas at the Time of that Cession, many of the French King's Subjects did reside and dwell within this His Majesty's Province of Nova-Scotia, and did not remove from the same, within the Space of Twelve Months, according to the Limitation of that Treaty, whereby they and their Posterity became Subjects of the Crown of Great-Britain in every Respect; notwithstanding which, contrary to their Allegiance, they began from that Time, and continued at all Times to aid, assist, and support and join with His Majesty's Enemies; and a tho His Majesty's Enemies.

Cap. 3

jesty hotwithstanding their maniscst Treasons and Rebellion, in order to estated His Indulgence towards them, and if possible to reclaim and reduces them to His Obedience, was most graciously pleased, by His Royal Instructions to the Governors of this Province, to declare that the faid French Inhabitants should have the peaceable Possession of such -Lands as were under their Cultivation, Provided, That they the faid Inhabitants should within Three Months from such Time as should be thought proper by the Governor, take the Oath of Allegiance appointed to be taken by the Laws of Great-Britain, and likewife behave themselves as became good Subjects: And althor several Proclamations had hitherto been issued by His Majesty's Governors of this Province, requiring their Oath of Allegiance, yet so far were they from obeying the same, that by a general Deputation of their principal Men. before His Majesty's Governor and Council, they absolutely refused to take the faid Oaths to required of them, but on the contrary did still continue to aid, affist, and join with His Majesty's Enemies, and Five Hund-· red of them were found in Arms, within the Fort of Beaul jour when the fame was furrendered, and many of them, in Company with the Indian Savages, did frequently commit many horrid and barbarous Murders on His Majesty's Protestant liege Subjects, who were endeavouring to settle themselves on the Lands within this Province, whereby the Progrets of the Settlement of this Province, with His Majesty's Protestant Subjects was retarded, and the Crown put to an excessive great Expence, to defend and protect them; and also by such their treacherous Practices, His Majesty's most gracious Designs, as well towards them. as allo towards His faid Protestant Subjects, were frustrated; and had they not been timely removed by the Prudence and Vigilancy of His Excellency the present Governor, from the laid Lands and Territories, · into other His Majesty's Dominions, this invaluable Province, during the Course of this War, must inevitably have fallen into the Hands of His Majesty's Enemies the French.

And whereas fince the Removal of the said French Inhabitants, His Excellency the Governor, in order to make an effectual Settlement in this Province, and to strengthen the same, has been pleased to make Grants of Townships to many substantial and industrious Farmers Protestants, His Majesty's Subjects of the Neighbouring Colonies, in which Townships are contained some of the Lands formerly occupied by the said French Inhabitants; and as many other substantial and industrious Farmers, Protestants, are daily applying for Grants of Townships, wherein such Lands will be comprehended: And as some Doubts have arisen among the said Persons intending to settle the said Lands, concerning the Title of the said French Inhabitants to any of the said Lands, that may sall within their Townships: And altho' the said French Inhabitants have not, nor ever had, any legal Right or Title to the said Lands, derived from the Crown of Great-Britain, yet in order to remove such Doubts, and to prevent any troublesome or vexatious Suits of Law that may

tended Right to any of the Lands within this Province, formerly possess

· sed or occupied by the said French Inhabitants;

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governor, Council and Assembly, and by the Authority of the same it is hereby enacted, That no Action shall be retained in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in this Province, for the Recovery of any of the Lands, within the same, by Virtue of any former Right, Title, Claim, Interest, or Possession, of any of the former French Inhabitants, or by Virtue of any Right, Title, Claim, or Interest, holden under or derived from them, by Grant, Deed, Will, or in any other manner whatsoever:

And be it further enacted, That when any Action shall be brought for the Recovery of any Lands within this Province, and it shall appear upon Evidence, that the Grounds of such Action is founded upon any such Right, Title or Possession of the said Erench Inhabitants, or derived from them as aforesaid, that then this Act may be pleaded in Bar to all such Actions: And all His Majesty's Judges and Justices of the said Courts, are hereby required and enjoined, upon such Plea and Proof thereof, to dismiss such Action, and award Costs for the Defendants.



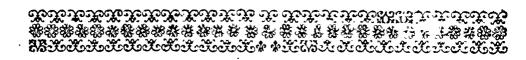
An Act for the Relief of the Poor in the Town of Halifax.

HERE AS there are, or bereafter may he, Persons refiding within the Town of Halifax, who, notwithstanding their
bonest Endeavours for obtaining a Livelyhood, may by the Prowinds vidence of God, thro Sickness or otherwise, he rendered incapable
of supporting themselves or Families, Be it therefore enacted by
His Excellency the Governor, Council, and Assembly, and by the Authority
of the same it is hereby enacted, That a Sum not exceeding One Hundred
Pounds, he paid out of the public Treasury of this Province, by Warrant
under the Hand and Seal of his Excellency the Governor, into the Hands
of the Overseers of the Poor of the Town of Halifax for the Time beings to be by them applied within One Year from the Receipt thereof,
towards the Relief and Assistance of such Persons as shall appear to them,
upod strict Inquiry and Examination, to be proper Objects of such Charity.

find it is further enacted, That the said Overseers of the Poor are hereby authorized to open Subscriptions, and collect and distribute such

Cap. A

Sums as shall be subscribed by any well disposed Persons, for such charitable Uses. And the said Overseers shall, and are hereby obliged to keep a fair Account of the Receipts and Distributions of all Monies, which shall be paid into their Hands for such Purposes, and upon the Expiration of their said Office, lay the same before his Excellency the Governor, and His Majesty's Council for their Inspection, and what Ballance may remain in the Hands of the said Overseers at the Expiration of their Office, shall be by them paid into the Hands of their Successors.



An Act for allowing a Drawback of Part of the Impost Duties on Wines, Beer, Rum and other distilled Spirituous Liquors, on their being exported out of this Province.



HERE AS by an Act passed the last Session of .

Where the General Assembly, intitled An Act for establishing with the General Assembly, intitled An Act for establishing with the second and regulating several Duties of impost on Wines, Beer, Runs, and other Spirituous Liquors, no Provision was made for allowing a Drawback of any Part of the said Duties upon the Exportation thereof out of said Proposed Theorem.

Be it enacted by His Excellency the Governor, Council, and Affembly, and by the Authority of the same it is hereby enacted, That from and after the Publication hereof, Two Thirds of the Impost Duty which may have been paid, or secured to be paid on any Wines, Beer, Rum, or other distilled Spirituous Liquors imported into this Province, shall, upon the same being exported out of this Province within Six Months from the said Importation, be repaid to the Exporter thereof, by the Treasurer of the Province, out of the Money arising from the said Impost Duty, upon the said Exporter's producing a Certificate within Six Months after the Time of the Exportation, from the principal Officer of His Majesty's Customs, or commanding Officer for the Time being, of the Port to which the same shall be carried, of it's being there duly landed; together with a Certificate from the Collector of the Impost Duty that the Duty thereon had been duly paid or secured before such Expost tion.

And for the better preventing Frauds herein, the following Oath hall be taken by every such Exporter, at the Time of Exportation (which Oath)

Outh the Collector of the Impost Duty is hereby authorized to administer)

"bona Fide by you shipt for Exportation out of this Province, on board the Master, bound for and that the Impost i) uty for the same has been paid, or Security given, as by the Law of this Province is required."

An Act for regulating Petit Juries, and declaring the Qualification of Jurors.

E it enacted by His Excellency the Governor, Council, and Assembly, and by the Authority of the same it is bereby cnacted, That from and after the First Day of October next, no Person shall be qualified to serve as a Petit Juror, unless he hath a Freehold Estate of the Value of Twenty Shillings a Year, or is possessed of Ten Pounds in personal Estate.

Cap. 4 Udd ! A

And be it further enacted, That the Provolt Marshal or his Deputy shall, as soon as conveniently may be, make out a List of all Persons qualified as aforefaid, who have dwelt and refided within the Town and County of Halifax, for three Months preceding, and return the same into the Clerks Office of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for faid County; who shall thereupon make out a Number of Ballotts of an equal Size. One for each Person, inscribing thereon the Persons Name; which Ballotts shall be fately kept in a Box, to be lockt up by him, and shall be opened Ten Days before the fitting of faid Court in the Presence of the first Justice, and Twenty Four Ballots for the Juries of the Inferior Court; and the Court of General Quarter Seffions of the Peace, shall be drawn from thence by the Clerk of laid Court, and a List of their Names shall be taken and delivered to the Provost-Marshal or his Deputy, who shall s funimon the Persons so ballotted, to attend at the next Sitting Court, and they shall be accordingly differed on the Venires and returned to serve ast. Jurors at the laid Court & and then the faid Box shall be delivered to the Gleik of the Supreum Count, and Thirty Six Ballotts shall be drawn, in manner paforelaid by their Clork, of faid Court in the Prelence of the Chief Tulice, Tenti Dayna before the Sitting of Ital Court, and

the Persons so drawn, shall be summosted, entered on the Venire issuing from that Court, and returned as aforesaid; and so from Court to Court till the whole Number of Freeholders and other Persons qualified as aforesaid, shall have served as Jurors.

Provided, That if upon the Return of the Venires into the Supream Court, Inferior Court, or General Quarter Sessions, it shall appear to any of said Courts, that the Persons so ballotted for, and summoned by the Provost-Marshal, cannot attend by Reason of some unavoidable Accident; that then and in such Cases, the Chief Justice at the Supream Court, or the First Justice at the Inserior Court or General Quarter Sessions, shall order their respective Clerks in open Court, to draw out as many Ballotts out of said Box, as will amount to the Number that cannot attend, who shall be immediately summoned by the Provost-Marshal to attend as Jurors, and Ballotts for the Names of those that are unable to attend, to be returned into the Box, and a List of all Persons qualified as aforesaid within the said Town and County, shall be taken by the said Provost-Marshal or his Deputy from Year to Year, and returned as aforesaid, or as often as the said Lists shall be sully drawn.

And be it further enacted, That every Person summoned and returned as aforesaid to serve as a furor, who (without sufficient Reason to be judged of by the Court) shall refuse or neglect to give his Attendance at the Court whereunto he is notified and summoned to appear, shall forseit the Sum of Five Pounds, to be paid into the Hands of the said Clerk, and on his neglecting to pay the said Fine, before the End of the Term, it shall be levied by Warrant of Distress, to be issued from the said Court; and for any willful Absence or non Attendance on his Duty during the Sixting of the said Court, he shall forseit for every Day's Neglect, the Sum of Ten Shillings, to be paid or levied in manner aforesaid; and the Fines so collected by the Clerks aforesaid, shall be paid by them to the Treasurer of the Province for His Majesty's Use.

Provided always, That if by Reason of Challenge or otherwise, there shall not appear a sufficient Number of good and lawfull Men to make up a Petit Jury or Juries, then and in such Case, the said Jury or Juries shall be filled up de talibus Circumstantibus, to be nominated and returned by the Provost-Marshal or his Deputy; and where the Provost-Marshal or his Deputy is concerned, or related to either of the Parties in any Case, then the Jurors shall be nominated and returned by the Coroner.

Provided also, That no Persons ballotted for as Jurors for any Court, shall at the same Court, be returned to serve as Grand Jurors.

Provided also, That the Members of His Majesty's Council, the Members of the Assembly, the Treasurer of the Province, Register of Deeds; Chief Surveyor of the crown Lands, Secretaries, Ministers, Officers of His Majesty's Customs, Naval Officer, and his Deputy, Attorneys at Law, Officers of His Majesty's Courts, Commissary of the Ordnance Stores, and Surgeons, shall be excused from serving as Jurors.

Resolution

Resolution of His Excellency the Governor, in General Assembly, in Explanation of the Impost-Act.

HERE AS a Doubt has arisen upon the Construction of the Word Importer in the Ast for consuming the Proceedings on the Jeveral Resolutions of the Governors and Council of this Province, relating to the Duties of Impost, on Rum and other distilled Liquors; and enabling the late Collector or Receiver to recover the Monies unpaid for any Bonds or Notes remaining in his Hands: And for establishing and regulating several Duties of Impost on Wines, Beer, Rum and other distilled Spirituous Liquors, battered, or so'd in any Port or Harbour, should be deemed an Importation, so as to subject such Wines, Beer, Rum, and other distilled Spirituous Liquors, to the Payment of Duties, it is declared by His Excellency the Governor, Council, and Assembly, That it was the Intention of the Legislature, that all Wines, Beer, Rum, and other distilled Spirituous Liquors, sold of battered in any Port or Harbour, should be liable to the Duties imposed by the said Act, altho' such Wines, Beer, Rum, and other distilled Spirituous Liquors, should not be landed.

Cap. Inverte Impos



