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## S. GREENSHIELDS, SON \& C0.

MONTREAL and VANCOUVER, B.C.


## DEPARTMENTS

A
Grey and White Cottons Cottonades, Prints Ginghams, Linings Flannelettes, Haircloths Canton Flannel Striped Tickings, etc.

## B

Canadian Tweeds and Friezes Shirts and Drawers and Gents' Furnishings Worsted Coatings Golf Cloakings Mantle Beavers White and Colored Saxony Flannels Etc., Etc.

## c

Carpets, Floorcloths
Cretonnes, Art Muslins Curtains, Chenille Portieres Table Covers, etc. D
Linens, Damasks
Towellings, Towels, Quilts Canvas, Blankets, etc.

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32 Inch Black Silk Velvet
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Millinery and Dress Velvets
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# WILLIS, NELSON \& CO. <br> <br> New Premises <br> <br> New Premises 26 and 28 Oucen Strcet <br> GLASGOW 

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Straws, Leghorns, Felts, Fur Hats.
Laces, Veilings, Frillings, Ladies' Collars and Cuffs.
Swiss Trimmings.
Silk, Linen and Cotton Handkerchiefs.
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Flowers, Feathers, Ospreys, Wings, Birds, etc.
Bonnet and Hat Frames.
Infants' and Children's Millinery.
Ladies' Trimmed Millinery, Bonnct Ornaments, Hat Pins, ctc.
Ladies' Underclothing and Skirts. Children's Costumes, Tunics, ctc.

# Samson, Kennedy \& Co. 

Wholcsalc Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

## TORONTO

Our offerings for the Fall Trade are so numerous and so well selected that Live Netail Men should inspect them before making their Purchase.

We have now in stock a complete ramge of French, German, and British Dress Goods, and notwithstanding the advance asked to-day by manufacturers, we siall maintain our low prices on all lines bought previous to advances.

The following are a few specials selected at random from our immense range :


## Our Linen Department is now complece

Specials in thls Department are:


## Fancy Wool Goods Department

An Immense varlefy of teootecs, fnfanfecs. Hoods. Caps, Shawls, Tam O'Shanters, Black Mitis, ctc.
Specials l.mpress Tan ()'Shanter \$s.00
" (rarina " 4 2.40

- W100 Black Woul Mitts
1.20


## Our Ribbons

comprise all the staple varietics of (inlored and 13lack satin, Colored and Black Fallic in whths 5.9, 16, 20, 22. and 30.
A Special Range of Fancy Millinery Ribbons.
 30 Shades

## Gents' Furnishing Department

Neckwear in Knots, lherbys, and bows an adlew varicty. We lead the trade in our $\$ 2.25$ range.
KK 200 doz. Job (ients' Silk Handkerchiefs . Sy, s

## Dress Trimming Department

We have an Immense Range of Noveltics, compris ing Jet Gimps from the low gides to the finest Cut Beads, in Insertlons, Edginys, Points, and Garnitures. An actual inspection of these goods can unly give a correct idea of their attraction and value.

Millinery Ornaments, comprisiug
Jet Crowns, Bows, Wings, Algrettes, Cabouchons, Buckies, Bandeaux, Steel and Rheinstone Buckies. Dur Selections should not be overiowed by SHREWD MILLINERS.

## Hosiery Department

Our lines of Merino, Cashmere, Wool hose and Hall Hose In Children's, Ladies', and Men's wear for the Fall season are now full and complete.

```
ALL GRADES. ALL SHEES.
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Sec our
" BUSTER " mange and " M/LFORD" range:
These goods were bought lefore the advance in materiah and will be sold at the lowest market prlce.

## Qrfers $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { No order so large that its detals escape our attention. } \\ \text { No order so small that we do not cater for it. } .\end{array}\right.$

# SAMSON, 



Vin. $V$.
MONTREAM, ANI TORONTO, SEITEMEBER, 1895.
No. 9.

## THE OUTLOOK.

Hiv J. C. Camithrit., Wombuich


VERV mamer of work has its periods of enforced idleness, when, alter personal work has done its leest, there remains but to await results. The physician watching by the side of his patient knows it; the lawyer in the courts waiting for the verdict knows it, and so on through each business and profession there come times when actual work ceases. If experiences were asked from them they would agree in this : that the varying emotons of hope of success and fear of fature, that alternate as the tume feres by, are far harder to bear than the actual work just done. To the dry goods merchant every day brings a series of such stuations, and at each turn of the season he is subjected to an unusual strain. Amid all the active preparations for the appreaching fall or supring season, as the case may be, there has leen no point nor circumstance with which he had to deal that has giten so much anxiety as this latter preriod, when his labors are in a sense perfected and the results placed before the public on ther merits. In numberless individual cases he has had no pant theory or praciple, except experience, to guide him; he hisi been virtually his own master, and though it lee natural to fuenton personal actions rather severely, there are reasons for this Eoncern.

Bejond the fixed line of utility he knows fashion is fickle and tastes differ, and it remains to be seen whether his best juldement is also the opinion of the buying public. Though he hav chosen with the greatest care both at home and abroad, there sternly meets him an inherent element of chance, that lurh, in all situations not get tested and proven. With these, comuler the fact that the monetary loss or gain of the six munths' labor is borne by himself, and do not the first days of a the "season become the focus of interest to an ambitious merchant? What then is to be done? Is it possible to work wit success where it depends on many uncontrollable items? In tumes of war we know of generals who, after calculating the strength of their several forces, adopted the plan of cam-
phign that would yield the most effective results, and virtually had the victory leciore a shot had been fired. (an the dry goods merchant in some analagous way not calculate and oper. ate his forces and decide upon a platu of campaign that will also produce as certain results? It ought to be murh more easily constructed, for the elements of dishonesty and trenchery which enter as a part of war, and may sometimes succeed, do not enter, cannot succeed, and need never be taken into the pro blem in trade matters.

I aying down the principle that the only way past chance is through it, and adding the fact that wise plans in anty pursuit will repay effort by increase, we find ourselves convened into a committee of ways and means, approaching a decision by first reckoning some of the chief influences that exist and will be prominent during the commg season.

There are ordmary characteristics that exist in the trade of every season; for instance, there is never wantugy a number of changes in style, color and shape, and the fall season of a Sas has brought its share of all threc. . Mong with them come other conditions peculiar to the season, all of which will yield a direct infuence on the volume and character of the dry goods trade.

Unusual causes are followed by unusual effects, and the past years of commerce have been strikingly unusual. From present indications, it is predioted that better business times are just alend. In the total effect this will be a gain : modilied, however, by the tendency to rush to extremes (which is to so great an extent both the cause and the effect of seasons of business depression) and requiring from the merchant decisions as to what is real, and what fictutious, in value and demand. Specially is this important with the strong upward tendency in the price of all classes of materials, for if he 1 it 0 get his fullest share of prosperity, he must use courage, almost to the degree of spreculation, in buying staple articles. Sill another feature (new as to its personnci but finding a proto type in (; rmany after the liranc .(ierman war) claims atten tion. The war in the East has been a huge advertisement for the manufactures of Japan and China. Possessing the adsantage of silver coinage, Japan can compete and undersell, in any market, and Canada is one of her most conventent markets. The popularity Japanese goods have already attained presages the extent to which they will replace goods of a smilar nature heretofore imported from other countries There will also ine a

Our representatives are now showing full range of

# Domestic and Imported Fabicics 

## FOR FALL.

These goods have been bought at bottom figures. Many lines have already advanced, and, as stocks have been depleted, both at retail, wholesale, and in manufacturers' hands, we advise our friends to place their orders early. The goods cannot go lower, and carly buyers will be surc of satisfactory delivery before market is bare.

All the indications are that Country Merchants will have a satisfacfactory trade during the balance of 1895 .

# KNOX, MORGAN \& CO. 



We make the lowest priced all Down filling and Down-Proof sateen-covered quilt on the marhet Our Wadding Quilts are unsurpassed for combination of design and lowness in price. Our Fancy Pillows are endless in variety. See samples of above before buying; it will pay you.

## Toronto Feather \& Down Co boutrer \& stewart

step : ' ward taken in the wholesale manufacture of costumes for the if whes. It is singular, when the rapid changes in the tenly" ature of Cannada are considered, that so convenient a splew has been o long the peculiar advantane of the mate sax. The progressive merchant must wateh the growth of this adhengh, for it will have a direct bearing on the quantity of modnum and low.priced dress materials sold at retal. Together with theere intluences, which belong exclusively to the dry goods trat, must tee considered the general facts that in many sections agriculture has not given the aserage return, that (anada as a whole has not recovered from the effects of past jear or business depression in the same measure that prices of m.mulatured articles have advanced, and that both of these facts will operate lo reduce the volume if not the amomint of busimes.

These, then, being some of the known forces that enter and lend their support either to increase or decrease the business io te donce, are we any nearer a basis for securing a fair share of it? let us return to the illustration of a good military commander again. Among the active forces toward victory that he would adopt when a battle was eminent would be, tirst, oceupa. tion of the gromd. Next to having bought the right things, priority in the time of placing goods on sale is the condition whose efficacy to win success is the most important. And of course this power is still further increased when it is used with wisdon at the commencement of the season. Howe unt the importance of the start increase as the race frows shorter? And what merchiant is there who does not see that the times for regular and profitable modes of stlling diy goods grow shorter each season? Though the chief result aimed at is the future gain throughout the season, there are immediate returns from such wide awake methods. Those who buy carly are mainly providen, prosperons people, wanting the choicest articles, for which they are ready to pay a fair price. It is a pleasure to sell the goods they choose, and to anticipate the adrertisement and further sales they will make. To secure this trade two methods of informing the public reguire to tre used vmultancously. As a medium abroad there cannot be in this cone, where speed is the chief poim, anything else that will eefual the daily press. A plain annonnement, with short description, a tew figures and teclanical mames, to serve as a guideand metrodurtion, will be enough. The display of the goods, to te inaductive as a means at home, should coincide in the most ." , urate way with the announcement, so that probable purchas. . . ...n at a plance recognize them from what they have read. It a hard matter, when so many new things are pressing for ". tue, to confine the work to a complete display of one or two i:t:, , but if they be well chosen and the display made attrac: bly, the result is larger than by distributing energy over a - weter number. With this advantage gained, the merchant - If ind much of the chance element removed. What he has
won will serve as anl impetus to more good work, and this sjstem continned throughum the season must produce the greatest possible result.

## THE FAST ATLANTIC SERVIOE.

Sir Charles Topper jesterday had an interview with Mr. Chamberlan as to the fast Athantic service, says The Montreal (Fanctie of July 3 tst, and there can loe no doubt that the project is now in a more promisugg position than has been the case for a long time back. Those who have followed Mr. Chamberlain's utterances sunce he leceane Colonial tecretary will have noticed that he has more than once declared himself in favor of improvmg tase means of communication with the colonies. It is known that lood Ripon was a strong supporter of the improved service, and has left a memorandum in its favor at the Coloni,ai Office for Mr. Chamberlain's bencefit. If Lord kipon had his own was, he would probably have recommended a subsidy, but he had the Chancellor of the Excheguer to deal with, and Sir Willam Harcourt was never eager to commit the (iovermment to expenditure which promised no immediate return in the was of votes. The Salishury (iovernment is in a stronger position, and will not be so much concerned as Lord Kosebery's Administration was in keepung iteelf in existence. Mr. Chamberhain is a person of great weight in the new Mmistry, and will somen be beginning to show his mariable activity in his new department. An Imperial subsidy for a fast service between (anada and the Mother Cunntry will tre one of the first things to suggest themselves to him, and if he asks for it he will most likely get it without further question. The project is one which commends tectf naturally to a Liniomst (iovermment, which prides utself on ths aim of strengthening Imperial unity; and, in view of l.ord Ripon's memorandum, it is not likely that the l.itherals would offer any very serious opposition to the money being woted. Not that it would matter much if they did, but as the subsody, though not exactly in the nature of a gift to (anada (for it would be of benefit to both gartues), is still granted a the refuest of the 1 ommion (iovernment, it is just as well that it should te given with the consent of both sides of the British House of Commons.

## NEVER CANOEL ORUERS.

"We never cancel an order," said Mr. Inavid (inthrie, of l'aterson \& Co., the wool importers, Montreal. "That is the firm's invariable rule, which has been adhered to for gears. If someone else weat to a man who had bought from us the day before and offered wool at a cent a pound lower we could not cancel the order so as to enable hm to take advantage of the cent. I see no reason why a similar rule should not be applaed to sales by the manufacturer and the wholesaler. Wool being a raw material does not make it any easier to maintain this rule, for the principle is the same in all cases."

# Thibaudeau Bros. Jas. A. Canilie e CO. \& C 0 . Inmorters of ENGLISH FRENCH . GERMAN \& AMERICAN DRYGOOOS <br> general MERGHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS <br> ONTREAL AND... <br> TORONTO <br> <br> Canadian Tweeds 

 <br> <br> Canadian Tweeds}

## Flannels

Dress Goods

> Knitted Underwear
> Blankets, etc.

THIBAUDEAU BROTHERS \& CO.<br>London, Eng.<br>THIBAUDEAU BROS. \& CO. 332 St. Paul St.

MONTREAL

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 thaty jears expernence in the largest and lxas factones an the Linted states. .III garments stamped woth my name and "Sl.Ik MK.iNl" are made m ans fuliory by complent opratues ung the most modern machmery. lin: are double stitched, with riveted pockets and worked button holes. and ciert artule is cate fult impuriod labite lantir plated in 4n

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## J. B. GOODHUE, ROCK ISLAND, P.Q.

## Robert C. Wilkins



Manufacturer of SHIRTS, OVERALLS,
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## Rosster Brand Specialties

SHIRTS Neghgee and Top Shurts of every descripn on. 1 Tannelette Night Shirs and Gowns. Imported and lhamestic matenals used.
OVERALLS lhan and with louibe kils, Inmet.an toly, and sond fittug Jachets to match, all made wath or without Rivets.
PANTS ( un Buy, Wurhmgrmens and Buys Knce lawi.
EXTRAS White Duck and Satine Coats, Corduroy 1 ists emhroidered in silk.
NOTICE. Goods well made and large sizes.


## White Man's Fancy.

the maiden of the mist.

MOLERY lancy portrays the real spirits of the Indian maidens sacrificed to the spirit of Niagara in days gone by. as idealized Into the Nairien of the llist a mythical and typical maiden dwelling at the base of the Falls. and continunusly. both by day and night. disporting herself in the ever-rising and never-falling clouds of mist ur spray. awating and greeting the spirts -If those victims sume unfortunate by accident. and some more unfortunate by suicide who from time to time yield ug their lives to Niagara. or, as the Indians pronounced it.



## Red Man's Fact.

## THE MAIDEN'S SACRIFICE.

TRADITION tells us that the Indlans llving near the Falls used annually to offer as a sacrifice to the great spirit of Niagara. the fairest maiden of the tribe. sending her over the Falls in a white cance. which was decked with fruits and flowers. The honor of being chosen as the heroine of this human sacrifice was eagerly coveted by the Indian maldens.

On ene occasion the daughter of the chicf was sclected. Her tather betrayed no feeling. but as the white cance, gulded by hls daughter's hand. reached the Rapids he leaped into a cantoe and followed her. nearly overtaking her. and meeting his death a few moments afterwards.

## our travelers.

Frosi Tisk Drarzos' Krcome


1 MUST not be supposed for a moment that I have any objection to commercial travelers calling ubon me; for, on the contrary, I number some of them among my best friends; and, even of those who only give me an occasional call. I can truthfully say that I invariably give them a courteous reception, even if 1 have no time to look at
their samples.
Hut there are travelers and travelers, some to the manner bonn, with an easy way of introducing themselves and their goods that rather makes you do business with them whether you will or whetiner you won't. And, again, there are others who, no mater what special lines they deal in, are handicapped by a mannerism which is repellant. There are tavelers who are brimming over with common sense and tact, and who know to a nucety when to push the trade and when to just run in and give a shake of the hand and rush off again ; and there are travelers who go blundering on without the slightest bit of tact or dis. cretion, sud are always pushing their gonds at the nost inop. prortune moment.

This last individual generally calls on a market day, and Ieyins by saying that he is sorry for interrupting you when your shop is full of customers, but what with early closing days and narket days, he finds a difficulty in dodging around so as to avoid them. He is profuse in his apologies, and eloguent on the advantages that will accrue to you if you sill only leave your customers, and give him just five minutes to look through his samples. You, of course, feel very much inclined to tell him that he is only an ass to attempt to do business at such a time. But still, even then, he can't quite see that his presence is not required, and so long as you are civil to him he will go on "pushing the trade," and it is not until he sees a storm gathering that he will pack up his traps and be off.

It is necessary, of course, for travelers to push the trade, as, If they took "No" for an answer every time, they would do precums latle business; but the best traveler is the one who can fuhh in such a quiet way that his customer does not notice that there is any pressure being brought to bea. upon him.

One of the best-known drapery travelers was a perfect demon for work. He would go without food for a long time, or just have a stand-up snack at a bar so that he could continue his husiness with the least possible interruption. When his day's work was done he would do his traveling at night and sleep in the train. By this means he did an extmordinary return, but he was one of the best-hated men on his ground, both by his cussomers and by his fellow travelers.

When he came into a shop he in inariably brought in a -.,uple of parcels with him, and, if the least encouragement was given, he very soon had half his samples ljing about on the counters and floor.
"lling in the barrow, Mr. —," was a remark he heard . fen enough, but he was so thick-skinned that a litule suggesi.nn of that kind had no effect upon him. Thete was only one way of check-mating him, and that was by keeping our of his
way altogether; but, as he traveled for a good house, that was not always conve ient.

Of quite an opposite chameter is the jorular taveler, generally a fine big chap with his heart on his sleeve. When a young fellow wants a berth it is to this kind of traveler he applies, and he gous through the form of asking all particulars, only to forget them ten minutes afterwards. But he has a good heart iar all that. He comes in smiling and shakes hands all round, as if it was his greatest pleasure in life to see them all after an absence of about six weeks. Then he makes for the governor, and takes him aside and relates one of the latest commercialroom tales, spicy or otherwise, according to the taste of the customer. He has no samples now, but has just looked in to say that he is here, and will be ready for business at mone o'clock next morning. As he is friendly with the assistants, they take the (rouble to look up all the orders they can for him, and when he departs he takes leave of them in the most affectionate manner.

A harmless individual is the: "suggesting" traveler. You are contemplating some alterations in your premises (drapers generally have some project of this sort in their minds), and it is he who can put you up to a thing or two in that way. lou must do this and not do that, and mind and not neglect the other; until you begin to think that jou ought to commence pulling down forthwith. Meanwhile you are order ng away between whiles until by the time the suggestions are completed you are pretty deep in the traveler's crder-book.

Everybody knows the talkative traveler how he does talk, to be sure. What wonderful orders he has taken! He sold a big line of this to Smith, and Brown offer:d to take live hundred pieces of that if he would only give him an cighth off, and Jones's account had been closed simply because he had insulted the speaker. As I am not interested in what Smith, llrown \& Co. buy, I feel somewhat annoyed with my taikative friend, and whilst he is jabbering on 1 am thinking of the most diplomatic way of getting rid of him without insulting him and getting my account closed.

There is not much to say of the masher traveler, as he is getting rarer every gear, but at present he is still to the from. With collars of the latest cut, and a suit of the loudest pattern, he has an idea that he can book orders by a simple process of fascination. If he is traveling in ladies' outfiting he might possibly stand a chance of occasionally booking a line through being got up in a killing manner; but, as a rule, he is classiticd as a fop, whom sensible men avoid.

A rarer bird still is the lazy traveler, but even he is to be met with. He would never dream of taking a line or two in his hand when hegoes in to sece a customer. Oh, no! that would be quite out of the question. He must come in and have a long chat, and if he is told that there is nothing wanted, he wiil most likely say: "Well, I shall tre here again in a month, perhaps you will find me a line then." It was one of this species that made an appointment in his stock-room with a customer, and when the customer got there he found the traveler fast aslecp.

There is one class of traveler that almost every draper dees his best to avoid, and that is the bompous traveler. What a tremendous man he is to te sure. He walks into the shop and shouts " How dey do!" in such a sone that customers turn round and wonder who the dickens has conce now. He is such a mighty big man that one fecls that it is a grant rennlucremion

T11: . . .

# C. Turnbull Co. <br> or GALT, ("mmon) 

Full-Fashioned Underwear. Ladies' and Children's Combination Suits, Men's Shirts and Drawers. Jersey Ribbed Perfect Fitting Ladies' Vests. Drawers, and Equestriennes. Ladies' and Children's Anti Grippe Bands. Sweaters. Stripéu Shirts and Knickers.
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TORONTO OFTICE:

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27 Wellingion Street East.

## HUTCHISON, NISBET \& AULD <br> 34 Wcllingion Sr. West. .

Corner Yonge and Walton Sts.

## Umbrellas



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## Select Woollens

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()ur stock is now complete in all departnients with a cho...e selection of all the newest and most desirable goods suited fir the Fall and Winter Trade.

## Mitchell's Fashion Plates kept in stock.

HUTCHISON, NISBET \& AULD

# Wyld，Grasett \＆Darling 

## FALL IMPORTATIONS， 1895



## Dress Goods

Mack and Cold Henriettas，in French and German make．
Black and Col＇d all wool Serges（four spucial numbers）． black and Cold all wool Soliels and Pancy Figures， Box Cloths，Satin Amazones，Estamenes and Coating Serges，Crepons．
Black ligured Satin Berber and Soliels．
Black Curls and Reversible Biaritz Cashmeres．
Fancy 7 weed Mixtures，Plaids，and Boucle effects．
Costume Twills and Meltons，special value．
Black and Col＇d Velveteens in our well known hmand ＂Iancaster，＂almost equal to Silk Velvet in appearance
＂Mantings，＂in Beavers，Curls，Golf，and Diagonals．
＂Silks，＂llack and Col＇d Surahs；Bengalines，Pongees． longors，Merveilleux，Satins and Fancy Taffellas， Black Peau de Sow，lialles，Duchesse，and broches at close prices．
$2 S \times 3^{6}$ in．Grass Cloth－－the popular dress lining．

## Merchant Tailors＇Woollens

## And Trimmings

SUITINGS，it 3 条 and $6 \cdot+$ Scotch，Irish，English，and Canadian liweeds，Worsteds，etc．，in newest makes and colorings．
trouserings，in $3^{3 / 4}$ Wool and Worsted in neat effects．
OVERCOATINGS，in 6．4 Cloth Beavers，Fur Beavers， Meltons，Vicumas，Naps，liricees，in all shade： and qualitics．
FANCY VESTINGS．I ark and light（olors．
overcoat linings，in Wool and Mohair，Plan and Fancy Checks．
Trimmings． 6.4 Black and Colored Italians，Beatrice Twills，Mohair Slecvelinings，I＇lain and lancy Silesias．Canvas，Scrims，Dressed and Undressed Hollands，Buttons，Braids，cte．
the herald of fashion．Mitchell \＆William－ son＇s Fall and Winter Reports．

## Men＇s Furnishings

NECKWEAR．Fall stock now complete in both black and Fancy l＇aterns，latest colorings，newest shapes，including＂Club House，＂＂Pcyton llows，＂2＇í Derby，（iraduated Derby Knots， Mustin full Dress llows，Muslin＇I＇r＇lies，liqu： Derbys，ctc．
UNDERWEAR in Foreign and lomestic makes， Natural and Shetiand Shades， $3=$ to 46 inch， Natural Arctic Underwear in various qualities．
mufflers．Coton，Merno，Cashmere；and Silk， neat patterns，special values．
ENGLISH COLLARS，＂Grandee，＂＂（；lendowe，＂ ＂Mentone＂＂Ainster＂and＂Paris＂Cuffs．
FULL DRESS SHIRTS，WHITE KID GLOVES， CGLORED KID GLOVES，ETC．

# IT WILL PAY YOU 

TO VISIT MONTREAL IN SEPTEMBER AND OALL AT 188 MoGILL STREET

We will show you Beautiful Dress Goods, the handsomest, we believe, in the lominion, with trimmings to match.

## Our Silk Department

Wian never so complete as at presemt. In liancy Silks we have new lines only to offer.

SILK VELVETS, MILLINERS' VELVETS, CAPE VELVETS, velveteens

## COSTUME TWEEDS. CAPE CLOTHS. ULSTERINGS


flannels and blankets

Woolens stints, pmases, Jersess, C'ardigans, Tuques, Tams, Caps, Hoods, Cleuds, Gloves, Hosiery.

Wo aro constantly adding NEW LINES to our Fancy Goode and Smellwary Dopartmonts.

## BROPHY, CAINS \& CO. <br> 196 McGILI. STREET <br> Moritral

## There's money for you

IN HANDLING OUR
NECKWEAR • • -
We are catering for up-to-date Furnishing Trade. Don't fail to see our lines; our travelers are now on the road.

## SPWCIAITIES

French-made Lawn Dress Bows, hand-stitched. Better grades in great variety: all the latest put up two bows in a box.
Satin-lined Neckwear. 200 designs at $\mathbf{\$ 2 . 2 5}$ per dozen.

## GLOVER \& BRAIS

Wholesale men's furnishings
184 McGill Street, MONTREAL
ou :. purt to come and book a line from a small draper ; but it : . .if when he begins to get confidential that you discover Whi' Areat personage he really is. He tells you, strictly entre now. . if course, what the firm said to him the iast time he was up. ral by the time he has finished you begin to wonder why so mu. 1 importance has been allowed to run it the wrong channel. Such a man ought to be at least the senior member of the lirm.

The old order of travelers is changing, and it is no uncom. mun thing to find them hunting in pairs now. A special man from the department to show the goods, and the regular traveler to trow them, is the fashion that is gaining ground just now, but which is trying the patience of retail dealers. Vers few drapers object to see the regular traveler, even though there is nothug much to order of him ; but when he brings along a special man, with an extm barrow load of samples, it is pretty nearly time to cry, " Hold! Enougi !"

Speaking generally, it is, of course, to the advantage of drapers to have travelers calling upon them, even though they morht live in the suburbs of London: for the traveler has his eve's around to pick up cheap lines, and he generally knows where he is most likely to plant them. On the whole, my experience has been that the nen I do with are far more anxious to satisfy me in the matter of prices than they are to satisfy their firms, for they know that, if they keep well in with their customers, they are assured of a good trade, and without a connertion the work of a traveler is very hard indeed.

## MEETING OF THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

AGENLERAL. Court of the Covernors and Company of Adventurers in England trading into Hudson's May, was held at the Cannon Street Hotel, L,ondon (Eng.), on Monday, Jal; Igth. Sir IJonald Smith, the Governor, presided, and the other directors present were the Earl of I, ichfield (1)eputy Governor), Mr. Kussell Stephenson, Alderman WV. Vaughan Morgan and Mr. John Coles. There was a fairly lange attendance of shareholders.

The Governor said: "You will have seen by the repol' that the profit for the year with which we are now dealing is $\mathcal{E} 60,-$
 making altogether $X_{5} \$_{5,305}$ A dividend of 12 s . per share alnorbs $f_{6} 60,000$, leaving to be carried forward for neat jear $\therefore 25.305$. We trust that under all the rircumstances of the case the adverse circumstances with which we have had to deal, and with which all connected with business in dmerica have had to deal within the last twelve months this will be considered by the shareholders to be a salisfactory exhibut. It was, as you will sec, derived almost solely from the fur trade and sales shons. The amount of land altogether sold realized only with the interest $f_{1}=5,479$, as against $f=S, S 49$ last year, which was anything but a good result; yet it is not surprising, for liaving had a poor harvest last year, and the crops having - - ine to a very bad market with prices abnormally low, much lower than for many years, there was very litte money in the - ountry, and it was impossiole for those who under ordinary - ireumstances are our best customers, those already settled on newhboring lands, to make such purchases of land as under more favomble circumstances they would have made. The tur sales of last March were fortunately better as regards prices
than in the gear before or than for two gears previously: Marten advanced 75 per cent., mink 15 , lyne 5 , white fox 130 per cent. -- a very large advance, indeed, in the case of the lastnamed fur ; but then the amount altogether of it was comparatively small. We give these as the principal furs, but it must not be overlooked than in january thece was a decline in the prices of furs. Beaver, a most important article of trade, went back is per cent., and musquash, which is got in very great quantities, $121 / 2$ per cent. as compared with January, 1894. But, as I have said, taking all the circumstances into account, we are glad to find that the dividend for the present gear as proposed to you to day is really what we consider good."

Continuing, he took a very hopeful view of the future prospects of the company:

Speaking of the proposal to grant 213 millions to the liudson's lay Railway, the (iovernor said that it had not been carried cut-and, he belleved, was not to be carried out-and he did not hesitate to sigy that it would be a great misfortune were that sum of mones given for such a purpose. It would be thrown away worse than thrown away - for if they threw that amount of money into the fire it alone would be lost, whereas the (iovermment, by giving thes money for such a purpose, might lead the people of this comery and in burope to put their money into a venture for which they certainly would never receive a penns in return.

## A BRAND OF SAXONY.

F1:W brands of Saxons are receiving such liberal advertising as the "(iloria" brand, which is being systematically pushed by Macabe, Robertson \& (.o. Moronto. Moreover, its merits are such as to bear advertising and explanation.


The method of muting it up) is, in itself, a great advantage, as shown by the illustration here, as the labelled box is much more of an urna ment to the dealers' shelves than was the old - fashonted, bulky and shapeless parcel. Be. sides, the box wall better keep out the dust, and can te more quickly and expeditiously opened when the contents are reppired.

The skeins are each enclosed in a nicely.urinted wrapper of tissue paper, and are drawn out from behind, thus making it unnecessary to spoil the front of the package.

They claim that the wool itself is the bevt in the trade for kniting and crocheling purposes, and makes a friend of every lady who uses it.

With each first parcel bought, three lage and handsome show cards are sent, so that this specaly; can be brought to the notice of the public without expense.
JOHN FISHERSON \& CO...
W00LLEIS
$\qquad$

# Tallors' Trimuings 

st. janas tre strect. Montreal
co bay street
Toronto
101.10S ST. PETER ST.

Quebec

JOHN FISHER \& SONS
Haddermfield, Eog. London, leng.
Glangow, Scotland IBclfant, Ireland

## Always the Best

## SOFTER AND CLEANER COTTON BATTING

$\Lambda$ marked
Improvement in the quality of

## NORTH STAR CRESCENT. PEARL . .

## Patent Roll Cotion Batting

Will make these lirands sell unusually well during the Season of 1 SO 9 and ISg .



## a Review of the past season.

JINl'ARl' opened up quiet, with the foreign markets dull mal uninteresting. Canadian cotlon and woolen markets wer pulet, prices easy and prospects not brilliant. Poronto was made notorious by two disastrous fires in the wholesale sece tum. On January Gh S. F. Mck: anon © Co.'s fine new huilling, after a few days' occupation, was totally destroyed. The las on stock and building was about $\$ 150,000$. The same tire destroyed Nicholas Rooney's building. Both warchouses are now being rebuilt. On Jamary toth Brereton © Manning, Thumas Dumet \& Co., Boisseau \& Co., R. H. Cray \& Co., Robnert larling \& Co., and many smaller firms were burnt out ba areond great fire. Gray's new building is almost completed, but will not be occupied by the old firm, while Hutchi (om, Nostet N. Auld occupy the bulding formerly occuped by Rounct Darling © Co.

In February markets abroad were still easy, although there nete signs of a revival. Ribbons showed much stronger, whle muslons advanced 25 per cent. All travelers for Canadian wholesale houses were out, but orders were barely averare. The trade were much pleased at having a dry goods man as president of the Boards of Trade of both Montreal and Toronto, Mr. Cantlie and Mr. Caldecott respectively. A large carpet and upholstery firm in Toronto gave up the ghost, but hate since regained part of its life. Some United States cottons were sold in Canada.

In March foreign markets were showing signs of improving, inut the cotton trade was depressed. Silk goods, especially veteets, were firm. Domestic fleece wool had adranced. The I.ondon fur sales in Jamary showed an advance, and this was mantained and increased in March. . Istrachans, wool seals and matens went away up. The millinery openings occurred the last week in February and the first week in March, and were a vuccess. A wholesale dry goods house in Montreal assigned. Foronto had another fire, in which many retail dry goods men vuliued, notably Simpson, Sutcliffe and Jamieson.

The April number of this journal contained the following prophecy. "If present indications are a reliable criterinn, the comung summer and fall is to withess a firm woolen market, wad much higher prices on all kinds of fabrics of this class" K.tw woul was 25 per cent. higher than in January We showed tue urmaness of the cotton market, and predicted higher prices "u coltun goods. Pasments improved In agitation for a I culeral lBuard of Customs was being carried on The milli nery trade was booming. Gloves were advancing.

May was an encouraging month, and domestic markets took on a better tone. Raw cotton liad advanced 20 per cent., and a rise in domestic cottons was again predicted, and bleached heetings went up 5 to $61 / 2$ ger cemt. The Dry Goobs Review lor May contained a number of excellent photos of windows. It was worth a dolla: of any man's money. Straw hats went hyither in price. Advices from I3radford and Manchester lawed a firmer feeling.

June was a splendid month, the sorting trade being excellent. 1 mm foreign narkets came news of advances in all lines and of a plethora of orders. Raw cotton and raw wool were both very thrh and we said: "A freedom in ordering will not necessarily ". venturesome" The prospects for fall looked very bright, as thees of agricultural produce were advancing. A line of donestu shirtings was advanced. The Insolvency bill was introduced
into l'arliament and ever since the boards of Trade have been singing: "O where, 0 where, Is our litte -.."

July was a doubeful month. 'lihe sorting trade was only fair and fall orders were scarce. Domestic woolens remained low in spite of the rise fin wool, but about the end of the month manufacturers realized they had taken contracts at too low a price. Raw coton remained firm and mannfactured goods were likewise. Early closing engrossed the attention of retailers, and stock-taking that of the wholesalers. Kaw silk advanced and niece goods followed.

August is nearly over. Fiall orders are not too large, but prospects are good for an excellent sortung trade. Kaw cotton and raw wool are still lirm. Many lines of domestic woolens have advanced, atad shirtings, tickings, and cottonades followed the raw cotton market. All lines of goods are advancing and increased prices must be paid for late supplies of thes season's goods. Wholesalers have bought freely and generously, showing that they have faith in the fall trade. Their announcements in this issue are worth reading. The proposed agreement concerning a fixed price on Magog prints has been under consider. ation all month, with good prospects of success.

## SARAPLE ROOMS.

Abraham \& Straus, a large retail house in Brooklyn, have arranged a series of rooms in their buitding for the accommon dation of salesmen wishing to show samples to their buyers, and send line Revisw an announcement of the fact. This is not new to Canadians. Several large houses have had rooms for this purpose for some years, though perhaps not on so large a scale. The samples are frequently placed there, and the buyers look over them at leisure and alone, and pive the order on the return of the salesman.

## USE OUR ADDRESS.

This month the Exhbitions at Montreal and loronto are on. The Toronto dates are from september and to ifth, and the Montreal Expustion lasts from September $\mathbf{z}$ th to 2 ist. From adices receved these Exhontums will be attended bs a number of people from the Martime I'rutinces, as well as from the ex treme West. The sulsonbers to Thi. Dki (ioots Rtwan, who are in ether city durng these events, mas, as herctufore, nate their letters addressed to the care of lint. Rtarew', uffices at 26 I- ront street west, Toronto, or $\mathbf{i}^{4} \mathrm{St}$. James strect, Montreal.


# THOMAS MEALEY \& CO. <br> manufacturers of <br> Wadded Carpet Lining 

 AND

STAIR PADS HAMILTON, ONT.
OFPIOR 24 Cathaine St. Moth

# $\sqrt{\text { ESTERN }} \begin{gathered}\substack{\text { Incorporated } \\ \text { ibsi. }} \\ \ldots \text { ASSURANCE } \\ \text { COMPANY. }\end{gathered}$ Head ortice <br> Toronto <br> Ont. <br> Capital . . . \$2,000,000.00 <br> Assets, over - 2,375,000.00 <br> Annual Income $2,200,000.00$ 

Gro. A. COX. Prosidant.
J. J. KHNKY. VICo-Pronldent.
O. C. FOSTER, Soorotary.
$\xrightarrow[\sim]{\text { TO CANADIANS ... }}$

## Miles \& Co.

new ampres....
TAILORS
4 Sackville St.. Piccadilly.
London, W.,
Latc 21 old mond Streek.
ENGLAND.

## Dogs for Business Men

Irish Terrier Puppies for Sale-From stock that has won first prizes in leading lritish and American shows. They are now the fashomable breed in (ireat Britain. They are the most faithful companions, best watch dogs (the Standard Oil Co. use them exclusively), for they will fight until the last drop of blood in their daring little bodies in defence of their master or his property. No rats can live where they are. They are evcellent dogs for the woods, and very fond of the water.
KINKORA KENNELS
P.O. Box 2179 MONTREAL
P.0. Box 2674 TORONTO


## Dress Goods

The latest novelties in Nigger Heads, Crequons, Archaic l'haids, 56 in. Tweed Suitings, etc.

## Woolens . . .

Just received - choice styles Worsted lantings. Fall Oeercoatings in great variety

## Carpets

Our buyer has picked up several lines 'lapestry Carpets much under value, now opened up, also

## Lace Curtains

Astounding value and low prices.

## Linens

Unsurpassed value m Black Canvases, Towellings, Table l.mens, etc.

## SPECIAL VALUE IN

Black Cashmere Hosiery and Gloves, Umbrellas, Waterproofs, etc.

Having placed our orders early, before the advance in prices took effect, we offer the merchants of Canada a choice collection of new styles of goods, at lowest prices, to select from Don't delay.




## advances in values.

WHOI, liSALIERS are experiencing great trouble in secur ing repeats, even at advanced prices. Delivenes are wh low. One house, which expected a lange shipment of lmuk le and other fancies on June 25, will not receive them untul Seplember 15. Costume cloths cinnot be repeated, as mills cannot promise deliveries in time for this seasun's trade. It ibradford, bright goods, silesias, brilliantines and lustres have adsunced in price from 25 to 50 per cent. Orders for these hens for next spring's delivery have been well placed. Crepons are stili selling, but are not so strong. Alpacas are growing in popularity for next spring.

One most gratifying feature of the season has been the popularity of domestic tweeds for bot. ladies' and men's wear. Their styles, colorings and quality seem to have been matern ally mproved, to the genemal benefit of the manufacturer and jubber.

## MANTLINGS AND DRESS GOODS.

(iolr-suitings and cloakings, in about 100 patterns and in qualuies ranging from 75 c . to $\$ 3$ per yard, are shown by $W$. R. Brock $\mathbb{N}$ Co. In mantlings they also show ranges of beavers, senges, friezes, brocades, curls and scalettes.

Iadies' tweed costumings, six-quarter goods, small diagonal effects, are shown in the new bronze and other sensonable shades. Costume cloths, including Venetims and cedan cloths, have sold extremely well with them, as have their ranges of Scotch and domestic tweed fancies.

In dress stiffenings they carry Textile Buckskin, Fibre Chamois, Fibre l3uckskin, grass cloths (from $41 / 2$ to 100 .), wrettes, hair cloth, both genuine and imitation, and special makes of canvas.

## SOMETHING NEW.

Browhy, Cains © Co. are showing red senges for race gowns, ruther rough makes being most worn, but they have them in line and medium as well; also in browns and blues.

These senges are being made into stylish capes for traveling, golf, lacrosse and outdoor wear, where a cosy handsome sarment is wanted. They should be lined throughout with corded silk.

## VELVET LEATHER.

A German, Hans lebel, has patented a process for manutacturing velvet leather, which, it is chamed, will become an mportant addition to that class of articles which are useful for fersonal attire. The new velvet leather has a fine solt nap, and may be either printed or embossed, which is quite a new departure, as hitherto velvet leather could not be primed or - mbossed, and could only be colored with a single shade. The new velvet leather can be dyed in many shades, and its nap is en solt and fine that it can be brusioed down in any direction. It is, in fact, claimed for the new material that it resembles the
best silky velvet. The fibre of the nap will show different shades, changing with the direction in which they are brushed down, bringing about some remarkable an' beantiful combinations.

## RIGBY CLOTH.

The two latest lines in which II. Shore) 心. (\%) have made Righy cloth successful are in lades' costumes and in coats for conchmen. The experiment of proofing cloth for a strect costume, consisting of skirt and blazer, having turned out most satisfactor), provides a dress for strect wear in all weather, and as the material is not affected in appearance or quality by the process there seems to be practically no limit to the demand. In drowng conts for conchmen the advantages of lighby are also apparent, and as these goods can be made to tetail from $\$ 10$ upwards the sale will likely be large.

## VELVETS.

Phain velvets will be very much worn this authmon and winter. In a previous number reference was made to the many new shades shown in silk velvets, milluers' velvets and velveteens, by Brophy, Cains 心 Co.

## FOK LADIES' WEAR.

The fame of the dress goods department of caldecott, Burton $\mathbb{N}$ spence is well maintained by this season's display. Espectally in serges do they show an extensive range, in which the finish and dyes are as perfect as mechanical skill and chemical ant can make them. In fancies they show the cream of the French and (;erman markets in medium goods. Boucle effects are bright and takug, crepons are in heasy weights, mohair and silk effects are abundant. The patterns are mostly plaids, in some form or other, and in definite figures and designs. The display is fully up to date.

One of the latest shipments to arrive is a lot of bright Sicilan cloths, the newest thing for fall costumes. Since purchasing these the demand has run up the price nearly 50 per cent. They are very suitable for early trade.

In mantlings, hosiery, gloves and underwear equally flattering remarks could be made concerning their ranges and the bounds of cool judgment be preserved. Other prominent lines are Japanese silk handkerchiefs at very low prices, ribbons in the popular tartans and all leading makes, shawls and tams.

Extensive preparations have been made to meet all the demands of the fall trade.

## HOW TO SHOW DRESS GOODS.

A cleverly devised plan for showing how dress goods in the piece will look when made up is by the use of fashion plates which, being perforated to show the outlines of the costume, can be placed against the material. Thus, the purchaser, who is always anmous to know how the stuff will make up, can take one of these large white card surfaces, in the centre of which is the full length figure cut out, and puit in front of the cloth. The result is a perfect model of what the dress will be like, because in cutting the outine narrow dark lines are left to show the trimmings and folds of the dress. By crushing the cloth a little the effect of reality is even better secured. This devise from

# Dominion Oil=Cloth Company 

## MONTREAL

BRANCH OFFICE :
Cor. Front and Yonge Streets TORONTO mantractukfrs of . . . .

## OIL-CLOTHS <br> of every description.

For Fall Season we offer a splendid line of New Designs and Colorings.

## Floor Oil-Cloth

we make in enc folfowing grades:

## NO. 1 QUALITY

Our standard line, in widths of from if to 10.4 : beantiful patterns and varmished backs, finest color. ings and best finished goods in the market.

$$
\text { NO. } 2 \text { QUALITY }
$$

The leadung erade, also made in wodths of $i t+$ to 10.4. Thus line will give perfect satisfaction.

## NO. 3 QUALITY

In wadhs of $4+4$ to $\$ .4$, are superior (n) anty other low-priced poods in the market, both in styles and euxality

## Table Oil-Cloth

Our new patterns for fill excel anything heretofore produced, both in quality and fimsh.
Wy also manuractiay

Floor Oll-Cloth in + yd. wide sheets, $C$ quality. . . Oil-Cloth Mats or Rugs. . . • Cotton, Canvas and Painted Back Stair Oil-Cloth.
Carriage, Enamelled Leather Cloths, and Shelfoll-Cloths.

Our goods are handled by all the Wholesale Dry Goods Trade in the Dominion, and our Fall patterns will be in their travelers' hands carly in June. Be sure and sec our samples before placing your liall orders, as our goods and prices are RIGHT.

## 

Parr, known as " la Mode Realiste," is always a taking adjunct to the store where dress goods are sold, and Brophy, Cams \& Co., Montreal, have imported a number for the exprew benefit of their customers, who will doubtless appreciate greaty so convenient and effective a method of helping the sale of costume cloths. Sets of these handsome phates are sent fret, so that those who desire to possess them should send their application to Brophy, Cains $\mathbb{N}$ Co. at once.

## GOLF JERSEYS IN PLENTY.

The reports from all quarters confirm previous reports that goll jerseys would be good sellers. S. Greenshields, Son \& Co., Montreal, have met with success in their first lot, which have all gone out of the warehouse before the travelers got samples. Neat week a shipment of navies and blacks is expected, and in two or three weeks a further shipment in all shades and qualities will be received, and of these samples will be show:a to the trade throughout the country.

## 8PEOIAL LINES.

Three special lines in colored velveteens, all shades: No. 202 at 20 cents, No. 203 at 25 cents, and No. So8 at 40 cents. Excellent value.

A line of 46 inch henrictta, No. 400 at $371 / 2$ cents. A pretty thing.

A job line of honeycomb shawls at $\$ 2.50$ per dozen ; whites, creams, cardinals, pinks and greys. Extraordinarily suitable as a "Bargain."

These are a few of Samson, Kemnedy \& Co.'s quotations. Their advertisement gives others.

## FIFTEEN TONS.

Filteen tons of wools have been shipped by Samson, Kemedy \& Co. during the first twenty-four days of August. This included Berlins, fingerings and Saxonys, both domestic and imported. This is an exceptionally large sale.

They report a brisk enquiry for pearl buttons in high grades and numbers. They have a mes assortment in jet, pearl, rhinestone, steel and pearl inlaid.

In millinery supplies they have an abundance of wires, ribbons, jet goods, buckles and other ornamentations. Dress trimmings, such as bead gimps, pointed and phain, are also in full display:

## OANADIAN DYEING.

An unfortunate and untrue impression is abroad that dyeing as done in this country is not equal to that of older countries. Nevertheless there is a great deal of it done. The Merchants Dyeing and Finishing Co. has a substantial brick building, 165 $x$ So feet, two storeys high, on liberty strect, Toronto. This concern was started less than three years ago, and was forced to double its capacity last winter. Their special work is dyeing wonsted and woolen dress goods of British, French or German nanufacture. Their work is fully equal to forcign work, and it wdoubtul if there is a dry goods merchant in Canada who could tell the difference.

The appliances ate of the latest sort. The manager, Mr. .Mfred Burton, got his technical training and professional ex-
perience in the best concerns in England. Mr. Edgar Burton is a graduate of the University of Toronto in chemistry, having taken very high honors. Every part of the business is founded on thoroughly prepared bases, and hence the success it has met with was only to be expected and deserved. Their advertisement on page 60 is readable.

## FANCY SLEEVE LININOS.

One of Wyld, Grasett \& Darling's specialties is a woven brocaded sleeve lining for men's garments. It is cheap, and has an exceedingly rich appearance. In the same department they are doing a rushing trade in overcoatings. Beavers, meltons and fur beavers are good, although meltons are more popular in london and New York than here.

Scotch tweeds have sold exceedingly well in drab and brown mixtures. A long range in neat worsted effects for trousering is a point worthy of note, and blacks promise to be: scarce.

## PRETTY OlL-OLOTHS.

Those who would like to view samples of pretty oil-cloths should call on A. T . Johnston, the well-posted western representative of the Dominion Oil-cloth Company, whose office is at I Front Street East, Toronto.

These goods are handled by the jobbers, and comprise floor, table and enamel cloths in great variety and new designs.

Prices are somewhat lower than last year, despite the rise in raw cotton and in linseed oil. This company have decided that so long as they can afford it they will sell at the present prices, in order to give merchants every opportunity to do well with their stork of domestic cloths.

## ENTIRELY NEW STOOK.

I ast season's stock of neckwear was entirely cleaned out and a wholly new stock put in by Wyld, Grasett i\& Darling. For this reason, they clain, they can show the finest collection in Canada. Colored Club house ties, and bows to imitate them, are leaders. The knots with two pleats and long.pointed ends are in favor. In Derloys, $2 / 1 /$ inch and graduated are the styles. All their $\$ 2.25$ lines are satin-lined. An all-round china is a ineauty. Blacks are a specialty in every varicty.

In collars, the Mentone or rolling comer variety is the leader.

In wateryroof goods they aim to have the nobbiest things. The latest for men is a coat without cape, doublebreasted and with lonse back.

## RETURNING THANKS.

Mathews, Towers \& Co., Montreal, announce that thes never were in a better position to send over their huyer to bring in new goods, as the sorting trade was ahead of anticipations, and the stock has been so run out that the firm are left with practically few old goods. This enables buging to better advantage, and customers may rely on getting no goods of a jear old. The firm are hopeful of the outhook for rade, and wish through The Review to thank customers for support in the past.

do So many ladies never catch a COL.D, GRIPPE OR RHEUMATISII ?


BECAUSE THEY WEAR

## The "HEALTH BRAND"

They know that this Underwear is a certain protection and they will be sure to buy it again this season. They will take no substitute, as this brand gives them more satisfaction than any other. Your stock will not be complete at the beginning of the Fall season without the "Health Brand."
THE WRITE FOR SAMPLES TO

## Montreal Silk Mills Co. <br> MON'TREAL

## 

We would ask our customer, throughout the Dominion for a
 Fall busmess h.es been thee tumes what we anticipated. Tree facton' wouks oucratme tive dius in the week. and we are trying nur utmost in avond delavs, hut if your gults and Cushions d.e not come within a week or ten days of the aypointed tune, do exerrise a Histe paruenic : when the fowis are opened you wil be more than siltistied.

Gne set of poner sewing marhines is doing nothing but yenetbaring Down gullfs night and way The venulang wath silk eyelets all Alaska lown gails ame made that way now' gaves
 the matket. It takes ume. but it also sakes the eye of the pubtir, and the trade appiectates the "tiansh oi our Guits.

The ALASXA FEATHER AHD DOWH CO. Itd.
J. H. SHERARD.

Managcr.
K. BOISSEVAIN. Sccresmry.

Wo aro Hoadquarters for

## HAIR

 ORNAMENTS
## SIDE COMBS

 BACK COMBS HAIR NETS HAIR FRAMESHAIR CURLERS
A.DD $\qquad$
FRIZETTES FOR THE HAIR
liuyers visitug this market will find our ware house full of uptodate sellers.

## Macabe, Robertson \& Co.

 8 Wellington St. Hest . . TORONTO

## AN ADVANCE ON DOMESTICS.

(0n July $3^{111) . ~ M o r r i c e, ~ S o n s ~ a n d ~ C o . ~ i s s u e d ~ a ~ c i r c u l a r ~ a n-~}$ nannemg an increase in the prices of seven lines of shartings, two lim , of tickings and one line of cottonades, as follows :


There were no heavy stocks of these goods in the retail trade, and hence the demand for them did not drop off on accome of the increased price. Moreover, wholesale stocks were light, and there were almost no deliveries to come to the joblers at the old prices. These circumstances combined will force the joblers to advance prices about September 1. They will not ank increases before their present stocks get low, but the ordmary demand will clean them up about that time. Hence, retailers who buy now at July prices may comider themselves very lucks.

The Dominion Cotton Mills Co. have adnanced two lines of cotton bags, X and Spring (irone $\mathrm{B}, 50 \mathrm{c}$ a bale.
last week denims took an upward urn of half a cent ger yard. The Canadian Colored Cotton Co. advanced Nos. boo, +50, 400, $350,300,200$ and $1 \cdot 1$, all being 27 -inch geods; twists, $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{F}=\mathrm{F}=\frac{\mathrm{F}}{\mathrm{F}}+\mathrm{F}$ and $13 \times$ fancy. They also advanced the Hamilton Co.s brands: Nos. $50,40,35,30,20$ and 10 , all being 27 inch goods.

All white cottons have leen adwanced from 5 to to per cent. Wale grey sheetings, Nos. $30, \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{~K}$, fo and $\mathrm{X} A$ have alow heen adianced.

## THE AGREEMENT ON PRINTS.

The agreement for a lixed price on Camadian prints will tre Garned out. Already nearly all the lirnse, with one or two ex - ephons, have signed and those who do not will receive no -upplies Messers. D. Morrice, Sons © Co. whd Tur Kisur.w last week they expected the new condition would prove satistaclury to the joblers and would bring more money to the mills. diter discusston sonie changes were made in the agrecment, as anen in our last issuc, and another circular to the trade was :wind from Montreal under date . lugust $S$, as follows:

Ton meet the wishes of the trade we have decided to change -le rate of pre paynaent on the alove goods from ot (1) ; jer -ont. jer anman. The item of serms in our circular lether of luly ath will thus read and form part of shid arrecinem:
-. Terms-Credit on wheh the gerods will be sold not (1) - veced the following:
" Four months, tint of the following on deliveries made after
the 15 th September, and prior to the ist of necember, and after ist April, and prior to ist June.
"Lour months, ist of April, en deliveries after ist lecem. ber and priur to ist April.
"A discount of \& per cent. may be given for cash in thirty dajs, or prepagment allowed at the rate of 7 per cent. per amum."

## WILL SHIP CANADIAN COTTONS TO AUSTRALIA.

The representative of 1). Morrice, Sons $\mathbb{N}$ Co., who has been making a tour in Australia and South $\lambda$ frica, in order to place: the products of the Canadian cotton mills in those markets, has returned to Montreal. Mr. Melaren was away about nine months, and visited all the principal points in those regions. He found the prospects for Canadian cotton goods better in Australia than in South Africa. In the latter country the demand to be met in many lines would require special features, which would increase the cost to the manufacturers. The Australian market, however, seemed well pleased with the notelties of Canadian preduction, especially in ducks, denims and prints, and a fair trade was done, notwithstanding the genemal tendency to throw all orders to Enghand. Considering the difficulty of placing new goods in a new market this initial trip has been on the whole most satisfactory, and the Canadian mills will consider how this export trade is to be best maintained, by the appointment of permanemt agents or cother means.

## THE MONTMORENCY STAYS OUT.

No arrangenemt has been come to with the Montmorency cotton mill, which withdraws from the arrangement with the other mills on Septeminer i. Its product, after that date, is expected :o 16 sold in the Canadian market independently of the other cothons. The representative of the Riverside yarns, whech mill is situated beside the Montmorency, will, it is said, in future handle the cottons as well. The Montmorency output has hitherto fone to China.

## BETTER GOODS.

The Canadian Colored Cotton Mills Company are showing a range of geods this scavon which areahead of previous years. A still further advance in reeprect of guality and variety will be shown next year, as a new aniline priming machine has leen put in this seasm, and the goods turned out by this new process are very superior. Samples will be shown to the trade next season.

## A CORRECTION.

A paragraph in the Iondon, Eng., Drapery World, of luly 13, wheh appared in these columns last month, contams an meorrert statement. The item stated, referring to the insol. vent estate of Shaw, Lons 太: Co., Hudderstield, that, " It has been found advasable zo send a clerk out to Canada to examine the books of Messts. W. Shaw \& Co, and Messtrs. .I. Small \& Co." Thas assertom is untrue No clerk could have Ireen com missioned to examine the broks of .1 . Small ic (\%o, Monlteal, as no one had any authority to do so. This lirm is not concerned in the failure of Shaw, Sons $\mathbb{N}$ ( 0 ., and The l)rapery World muse have leen under a misapprehemion in making this
 standing, Tue Kevitw cheeffully make thas corsernom

# ROBERT LINTON \& CO. 

Corner of St. Helen and lemulne Sts.

Montreal.


## Departments

Cottons Dyed
Dress Goods
Flannels Gloves and Hosiery

Haberdashery
Laces. Linens
Mantles, Muslins

Prints. Bibbons
Shawls, Silks Stuff Goods Smallwares

Ties . . . . Wgelens, broad Woolens, narrow

## W00LENS AND TAILORS' TRIMIMINGS <br> mam Specialty:

## Canadian.


(omToNs blel)
corrons diRE:
(0) 1 rows blig.achal)

 olWEED) VAKNS

## Agents

E.T. corsets of st. Hyacinthe.

## HIOHER PRIOES IN FURS.

TIIE: advices regarding furs indicate admances in the price of ,kms. These affect all classes of furs, but are particularly meticable in seals, wool seals and astrakhans. Mr. Edgar, of (m, ne 心. Soms Co., Montreal, who has just returned from the uthir ide, confirms these reports, and states that all stock is heit, and some furs hard to get. The price of wombat, or husu.lhan tear, has advauced, although the firm show this season many gentlemen's conts


Nilmor-A. A. Amaris Cor in this fur and in coon, which are not high.piced, and are of grod value. The finishing and lining of these less expensive coats are well done, and a very effective garment is turned out at a figure within anyone's reach. The Messts. Greelle are Fottug up a finely illustrated catalogue, an advance copy of which was shown The Rewnew last week. The artist has drawn the firm's own new styles of coats, jackets and other fur garments for ladies and men, and shows very effer. twit) what will be worn this season. The electric seal Trilly booa is fashiomable, and the figures drawn by the artist indicate the full sleeves, the long cloaks, and large reveres in fromt, which continue to be the prevailing tastes. The catalogue, when ready, will lee sent forward to those who desire a copp:

## SHIRTS AND COLLARS.

OF the making of shirts and con....s in this country there is practically no end, and our manufacturers have been mons successful in this branch of trade. Pre-emment amons the mare Tooke Bros., Montreal, whose amouncement in auother column ior the spring of isyf will be read with interest. The, firm are adding this season a new departmemt, that of hader durts, waists, blouses, fronts, collars and cuff. The new goods are exceedingly well made, and the extent to which it is intended to cater to the public taste is seen in the three or four hundred sareties of pattern and material which are being utilized. The lirm also import a full stock of higheclass furnishings for men, Ining well situated to do a large wholenale trade in the best dass of goods. To give the trade sin .ade puate opportunity of araping the merits of goods it is intemed to cend the nine irnelers over the country with distine lines on each trip, 50 that the merchant may concentrate his custom, winle as the ane time choosing goods with deliberation and care. Tine firm aim, they say, at doing in Canada the same kind of trade dane by Welsh, Margetson © Co. in Engiand, and the extent of weir operations and equipmemt is illustrated by a vist to their manufactory: A walk through the establoshment is interesturg .und impressive: Hundreds of skilled hauds work by the latest anarhinery and by individual effort at the varions processes of $\cdots$ nt and collar making. On one floor is done the cutting out it hirts from cotton and other materials, and the making's of . . ll lars: on another the making of shirts by 200 cmployes, uning mi.e hinerf; where the work is all done in deparmenents, each worker 4 ms one particular operation and nothing che, and a sown $\therefore$ wn being the result of this carefully planned process. Tio weure perfect linish inspection is made of all stitched work, and

22 stitches tw the inch are insisted on as the standarl, or the work is thrown back to the maker. By employing the newest machines and skilled operators, a high-class product is obtained, and thus the Tooke shirts get a repuation all over Camada. Not less interesting is the haudry department. Here are found machines for starchung shirts and collars, and inventive genius and modvedual skill agang go hand in hand, for the best made slurt must be well turned out if justice is to be done it. The machine for iroming collars is one of the best in the world, while the ironing of shirst is an elabomate process, being done in different machines until the finished article is completed without a flaw. Such pams are taken with the open-in-fromt shirts that there ate romed by hand, and the services of experienced meth, who earn high wages, are drawn weon to do it. In the great wash-room new applications of invention are made to give the product of the manutactory on appearance according with the fineness of the make. In the case of collars, one of the characteristies which have made the English collar the vogue is the method by which the raw starch is cooked, as it were, into the collar, giviug a hard and timished look and feeling. This is effected by a peculiar process, and Tuoke Bros. are now, by new machuery and a new process, bringing out collars to rival the mimorted, and will have a range, at $\$ 1.25$ per doeen which are expected to surpass thore from abroud sold at $\$ 1.50$ and $\$ 1.75$. It is by long experience, enersy and the employment of the latest idens that surcess of this kund is ohtaned.

## FURS AND HATS.

Mr. J. I. Allan, of .1. A. .Illan © Co., evplained to Tur Re: vand why wool seal was up about is per cent, by pointing out that the average cateh of Newfoundland seal was only about 300,000, and that about so per cemt. of this graded up to fur, the rest beung useful only as leather. Ths year one london house bought the whole catch, paying a umform price per skin, good and bod, and now have a corner.

He also puinted out that the demand in Europe had greatly increased this jear, on aconamt of the heavy winter of 'i4f"05. Astrachan had sone up over 50 per cent., and l'ersian and gray lamb 25 per cent., as a conseguence of this demand. Fortumately, Mr. .Illan purchased all his seasmes furs in January, and is thus in a pontion to give his customern propet prices.

Capris are sellmg in ladies' someds. but jackers are lumming up on the hurion of populatity. What jackets are now selling are in 30. 33 and 36 inch lengiths.

 In capes, so inch is the leader, with 24 , $=7$ and 33 selling in small numbers. Men's fur conts are likely to her m great demand this season, espucially to supply the Northwest trade

Two hats on this pare indicate what . A A. . Ilan S. (ion are showing in fall hatc. The Valley hat, wilh it, wate brim, maw edpe, and marrow band is disphating the Fedoms. In ulfif hats. the full reown and wide brin are gainms headway. In colors for carly fall, Bismarck, a medium brown, is lxיy, hat, of course, lor the later trade liachs will hane that numil jrominunce.

## CALDECOTT, BURTON \& SPEICE

All the signs that denote REVIVED PROSPERITY indicate INCREASED COST OF PRODUCTION. This, to the JUDICIOUS BUYER, will be CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE of the KIND OF ACTION he should take.


## $\frac{\text { All Our D }}{\text { Co }}$

Will be fully assorted and ready for bujers from 26th August, 1895.

## Dress Materials Mantle Materials Hosiery, Glove, And Underwear <br> Lace and Embroidery <br> Linen and Staples Smallwares And Notions Silks and Ribbons

Our contracts were made before the sharp advance in goods, and while the stock lasts the full beneflt will tre given to our customers.
buyers will be cordially welcomed.

## Caldecott, Burton $\boldsymbol{\mathcal { E }}$ Spence

 'TORON'TO
## FALL AND WINTER BUSINESS

And invite BUSINESS VISITORS to the TORONTO INDUSTRIAL FAIR to inspect their stock of DRY GOODS and WOOLLENS which will be found to be one of the most cxtensive in the Dominion.

## New Goods at Popular Prices

In every department. Liberal terms and business.like methods, and "THE TRADE ONLY" supplied. Merchants unable to visit Toronto carly in the season are requested to try our LETTER ORDER SYSTEM. Great care exercised in tilling orders.

## W. <br> R. <br> Brock <br> \&

BROCK

the maclean publishing CO.. Ltd. Trade Journal Publishers. and
Fine Magazine Printers.


Subs.rIption, soco.
Pablishod tho
First of Ench Month

## WHAT ARE THE TRADE PROSPECTS?

T'HI: reports published in the daily press on this subject are not always reliable, for their information comes from those not acturely engaged in business. Such correspondents are not able to get at the facts as business men, who are in daily touch with the producer, can.

We propose to gather reports from the best sources and publish them in next issuc. No one has a more thorough knowledge, or can give a more intelligent report, than readers of The Keview. Dry goods is the most sensitive of any business to trade conditions.

We want to make the report as complete and reliable as possible, and would like to hear from our readers in every part of Canada. The letters should be brief and to the point They should state the industries in which their customers are chiefly chaged, whether agriculture, dairying, fishing, mining, lumbermg, manufacturing, etc. ; how the industry has prospered; any new features that have developed ouring the year; and, last, the prospects for the coming fall and winter trade.

These reports should be in the hands of the managing editor by September 20. Unless requested not to do so, names of correspondents will be published. As this will be the most saluable compilation ever published, contabutors should give the matter their best attention.

## the conclusion of the whole matter.

Cotton is about 2 cents per th. more than it was on March 1.

Cotton goods (domestic) are from 5 to 10 per cent. higher than in April.

Wool is trom $S$ to 9 cents per lle. more than it was in Junc, ing, and + cents perlb. nore than it was in May.

Woolen goods are rising slowly in Canada. The Tremt

Valley Woolen Manufacturing Co, of Campbelliord, have advanced their costume cloths and their $\lambda$. Navy flamel, 25 inch, to per cent. Almost all Canadian blankets, hosiery and under wear manufacturers are refusing repeats at old prices.

Bradiond serges have advanced 10 to 25 per cent. So have Bradford dress goods.

Bright Sicilian dress goods are up 50 per cent.
Ribbons advanced 5 per cent. on January t . They have since advanced 55 per cent.

Kid gloves have long teen low, hence the trade increased. Now prices are stiffening.

Repeats can be obtained from liurope only with difientes.

## THAT'S WHAT HE SAID.

"I would sooner sell ten dollars' worth of goods for cash than thirty dollars' worth for credit."

That's what he said.
He was a man who has grown gres-headed in retailing, and in rumning a smali business accumulated $\$ 6,000$ of book-debts. Then he called a halt. Now he sells for cash and is happy.
" But if your customess are rich and you trust no other kind, wouldn't you be ().K.?" said I.
"No, indeed! Customers who should pay best usually pay worst. Kich people are often too aristocratic to pay poor trades. people. Then, when they are dunned, they get mad and go to another store. You lose their trade because you trusted them."

I thought perhans he was a crank, or lacked common sense and cool judgnent. But I incquired around, and found he was a man who had fought his way to wealth and prominence, and was accounted a wise man. So I was forced to add his evidence to the accumulations of the past which have driven me to the conclusion that giving credit is "a pitfall of the retal trade."

## CANADIAN GOODS.

There are still a good many shirts, collars and cuffs imported into Canada, although the mative articles excel in finish, quality and price. P'eople who prefer the imported article will probably always exist in large numbers. They cherish a notion that a foreign make is necessarily supherior in all respects. In fact, it may be said of the native maker, as of the prophet, that he is not without honor save in his own country. He has had in nearly every branch to live down, and frequently to fight down, a popular prejudice. There will, doubtess, always be a large importmg trade done for those who ca: afford to pay, and who desire to $1.2 y$, the price which a taste for foreign goods entails. This, however, should not prevent mative goods getling a fair treatment. They ought to go on their merits, and are entited to careful examination in all the respects that govern the purchasers. This is true of shirts and collars, of cottons, of oilcloth, and of other lines, as we have frequently nointed out. No ill-founded prejudice should be allowed to rule the trade or the consumer. Gre (ianadian goods their fair chance. A few years ago the ultra-fastidious used to mport their cheese. "loday if they contended that the Canadian make was not up to the standard they would simply be laughed at. l'et it is much to be feared that the Canadian article had to be appreciated abroad lefore its merits were fully recognized at home. This sort of thing is wrong.

## TRUSTED EMPLOYES.

EMPIGIERRS should have and always will have "trusted" employes. Firm (Yueen Victoria's honest John Brown down to the farmer's "hired.man," there are employes who are faithful, honest and truc. And from Gueen Victoria down to the humble farmer, there are employers who deserve and have servants whom they can trust, who would lay down their lives mother than sacrifiee their honor.

Indecrimimate trust of employes is, however, to be aroided. (ireat tempations should not be laid in their way. Eispecially in the handling of money should care be taken that all neces. sary checks to embezaling are present. Too great a trust may overpower a man whose honor has hitherto been above reproach.

But above all thungs, an employer should not for a moment allow an employe to see that he is not trusted. The employe who cannot be trusted in a warehouse, a workroom or an office should be summarily dismissed. It gulty, he will thus be properly disposed of, and if mocent, he will be saved the heartbreaking awakening that comes to an honest man when he finds himself regarded as a convicted felon.

A great English judge, when dying, was asked: "What is the world's greatest need?" The answer is immortal: "Sympathy." Eimployers who do not exalt their own importance. but have a broad and generous sympathy with their employes, are men who are fostering honesty, uprightness and "peace-onearth."

## A MARITIME BOARD OF TRADE.

THIE convention of the Martime lloards of Trade, held in Halifas last week, has resulted in the formation of a Mantme lload of Trade, embracmg the varoous lloards in Nowa Scoma, New limaswick and Prmee Edward Island. The convention opened on Tuesday mormeng in the City Hall. In the absence of leresdent liwyer, of the Hahiax Board, W. A. Black, M.l.I', weepresuden, presuded, and A. M. Bayne, of the firm of John silver © (o., acted as secretars:

The following delegates were present: Hon. David laurd, Charlottetown; (i. Wetmore Merrit, W. Jrank Hatheway, (iconge kolvertson, H. A. 1)rury, St. John: W. S. Logetc, Chatham, N.B.; 1:. W. Beckwith, Canning ; J. W. Bigelow, Wolfille: F. II. l:aton, Kentville: Hon. I. E. Baker, larmouth: 1:. C. Ianrahan, Sydney : lames R. Rudolf, W. N. Zwicker, 1. 1). Basenhaur, lanenburg: Allan Tupper, Queen's County : James bastwod, acting major of New (ilasgow, Dr. 1). H. Murr, (; . A. Hall, Truro.

After prelomuary work in the morning a Maritime lBoard was organized in the atternoon, whit the followng ofticers:

Presidemt -Mayor Kubertson, St. John.
First Vice-prestent - (ieorge J. Tromp, Halifas.
Second Vicepresudent -P. Blake, Charlottctown.
Secretary Treasurer -Ira Cornwall, st. John.
This Board shall lxe compenerd of delegates from the various Atantme Boards, shall deal expectally with commercial interests of the said provinces, and the amoual meeting shall be on the shird Wednesday in August.

Kesolutions were adopted on Wedneveday deriding that the Dommon (iovemment should te memornaliad to have the selceraph and cable rates to l'rame lidwand hand reduced, that another memorial ank the Guterment to cooplemte with
the Imperial Government in extending the Bermuda calle to Jamaica, British Guiana, etc.; that any cold storage schemes by transportation companies should be encournged; and that ('ape Breton should have a better freight service.

Another resolution was passed, and as it pertains to a sub ject in which all Canada is directly interested, the admuable language in which it was couched is given in full:
 dian frigit. cartivi on atceners mimidizerl liy our Cammian forerintuent, after maits have
 ment of the Martume I'rorlnces: therefore,

 Kinglom and iort or porte In Catianla only : alno.

 aulialdice al will reault lit the through gaceape of tho mall anil frelght businean laniss tooe throush Canmilian jorta

The Maritime Board has thus held its initial meeting and passed some strong resolutions. If its members are as carnest in securing the carrying out of these ideas as in passing them on paper, the lloard may do Canada an inestimable benetit. If its members are not in earnest it will come to grief, as the old Dominion Board did.

## GANADA'S OROF PROSPECTS.

NOMHING is more important to the nerchants of this Do. minion, at the present moment, than the state of the crops. If the harvest is unsatisfactory and the granaries are only partially filled when threshing time has passed, the farmers' creditors, the farmers' wives and daughters, and the farmers themselves are not able to purchase with any freedom, the amount of money in circulation does not enlarge or hasten its movement, and general stagnation fills the business air to the disgust of those with "consumables" to sell.

As we come before our readers, the crasis is at hand. Another fortnight and the full result will be known. Jown by the Atlantic, through the broad undulations of Ontario and Queleec, away across the prairies of Manitoba and the Territones, even to the verdant shores of the Pacific, the greatest hum of the monent is that of the reaping and the threshing machines. The click of the silver and the gold on the counter of the merchant or banker, the hum of hurrying tram or train load of merchandise, even the cry of the hungry politician, all are drowned out by the ceaseless crooning of the tireless reaper.

Perhaps never in her history has Canada entered upona fall season with such illuminating prospects. The great province of Ontario sends forth the report that her harvest is aver age, and, were it not for June frosts, would have been much above the usual standard. From every other province come reports of a more than average grain and fruit crop. To accen tuate this prices are higher in nearly all lines.

To descend from generalizations to particulars. Mamola will produce as follows:

. 1 trainload comprises 20 cars , each containing 600 busthls, or 12,000 bushels jeer train. Supposing $48,000,000$ bushel are to be exported --and that is about right-it will require t.25
traw to carry them out. That is 20 trailis a day for 200 days. Adit to this all the product of the whent fields and ranches of the lemritories, and 25 trainloads a day will have to be exported from that grandest of the world's productive regions every day durng the shipping season.

It will test the railroads, and perhaps the lesson will be, " mure milroads."

| Ontario's crops will be about as follows : |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Wheat. | 16,750,000 bushels |
| liarley. | 11,000,000 |
| Oats | 75,000,000 |
| Hye | 2,000,000 |
| P'eas | 16,000,000 |
| leans | S00,000 |
| Hay and | 2,000,000 tolls |

Did space permit interesting figures might be given of the other provinces, although all of them are less of grain-growing provinces than Manitoba and Ontario. Enough has been said, however, to show that Canada is holding to her lips the horn of plenty and during the next twelve months will drink deeply. Prosperity is singing her joyful songs throughout the land.

## BUSINESS MEN IN PARLIAMENT.

THE new British House of Commons contains a very substantial proportion of business men in its total membership of 6;0. The preponderance of hawyers, which is so marked a feature of the Canadian and other Parliaments, is not nearly so observable in the Mother of Parliaments. Adding together the barristers (in and out of practice), the solicitors, the university professors, the doctors and Government officials, to form what may be conveniently called the professional element, we get a representation of 180 ; that is, 131 barristers, 19 solicitors, in ductors, etc Now, taking the representatives of the landed interest, viz, land-owners, tenant farmers and agriculturists, the total shows 182. The financial men number 30 , the newspaper propricturs and journalists 31 , and the naval and military officers
45. Even in a chamber of 670, each of these groups could very effectually contend for the interests of its order. When we come to the commercial element, the showing is not a whit less imposing. The following may fairly be counted together as representing the great branches of trade and commerce in the three kingdoms:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Manufacturers and spimers . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 54 \\
& \text { Merchants . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 35 \\
& \text { Steamship owners and builders.................. IS } \\
& \text { Shopkeepers and iraders....... . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . } 6 \\
& \text { lirewers, distillers and wine merchants........... } 19
\end{aligned}
$$

lhis gives commerce a representation of 183 , and sbtains for it a protent voice in the framing of legislation. Many of its spokes. men are leading members of the House Some sit in the Govcrnment. It is enough to make a Canadian business man's mouth water when he thinks of a representation in Parliament 4pproaching one-quarter of the whole House. Jesides that, there are the 120 landed proprietors and farmers, who have hreat commercial interests at stake. They must form a valuable reinforcement to the business clement. If we had 55 or 60 insiness representatives in our House, in addition to the agri-
cultural elenent, we would see less professional legislation, tariff mequalties and useless waste of public money -or demand the reason why.

## A GOOD STORY.

This story is based on fact. It illustrates the value of knowing how to sell goods. The incident took place in a large dry goods store on Sparks strect, Ottawa. The store had two elltrance doors from the street, with the large display window between them, so that if you were not very observant jou might suppose the doors belonged to different establishments. One day a lady entered by one de, ar, and, walking up to the counter on that side of the shop, asked the proprietor, who stood behind it, to show her a certain line of dress goods. She looked over what he had, but retired without busing. In half a minute she entered by the other door, supposing she was in a different store, and demanded from the clerk at the counter a sight of the satme dress goods she had already examined and rejected. The clerk was a better salesman than his employer, being quickwitted and intelligent. He took in the situation at a glance, and motioned to his employer across the store to imitate Brer Kabbit and "lay low and say nutfin'." The lady, like several others of her charming sex, did not know her own mind. Neither did she recognize the stuff again. Under the clerk's deft handling and encouraging explanations she bought and went away satisfied. That clerk occupies a very high position in the province of Ontario to-day.

## THE NEW MERCHANT.

- You are one, of course. 'That is, you are one of the new merchants-those new, new fellows whe rush into the markets about once a week to buy new goods, who worry people to death with persistent advertising, who depend a great deal on windows full of tickets and ticketed interior displays, who try to do $\$ 25,000$ a year on a $\$ 5,000$ stock.
"Now, 'fess up, my boy, you are onc? You are one of those rushing young merchants who write weekly articles on trade for their customers. You go througin three or four trade papers as you smoke your cigar of an evening and then you think you know it all. You say you won't sell to any man, woman or child unless you get the cash, and you revile us old ledger-merchants.
"You think you are fine, don't you? You have a big store with a plateglass from and a showy stock. You buy small quantities and blow about cash discounts. You are filled up with new fangled ideas of 'concentration,' 'special sales ' 7 gain days,' 'quick turnovers,' etc. You are going to do us d fell ws up, are you? Well, we'll see!"

And the old man with the shiny black coat went down the street with a scowl on his face. The young man watched him for a moment then turned on his heel and walked away towards his own store. But his thoughts were sympathetic.

## A ST. JOHN FIRM.

The advertisement of W. C. Pitficld \& Co., St. John, N.B., appears prominently in this issue, and is worthy the notice of intending purchasers. Their business, which is steadily increasing, has doubled in value in the last few years. They have a large and commodious warehouse, and when TII: Review paid its usual visit every fiat was filled with choice goods

## reqular halifax letter.

H.N.IFAN, Jug. 23.

WHIll.e I am not permutted to say that the dry goods trade in Nova Scotia is booming, still circumstances will permit me to say that it is fairly good. Reports from all sections show a fair volume to have been done during the past month. In the city there has been a general briskness. There is one assignment to report, that of F . C. Elliott, gems' furnish. ings, 105 (iranville stree:. W. C. Northrup, of Northrup \& Cossey, is the assignee.

I take pleasure in announcing the marriage of Mr. John Feth, of the firm of kane \& Fent, dry goods merchants, this city, to Miss Matel Hilbon, daughter of station Master Hillson, of Moncton, which event took place last week. Mr. Flett is une of our most popular merchants, and his many friends will join in wishing him every prosperity The bride and groom were the recipients of many handsone presents.

The new wholesale millinery and fancy goods firm of Wellner, Moore © Partridge is about commencing business. They have had their premises, 117 (iranville street, fitted up in the most improved style. All the members of the firm are well known to the trade of the Maritit: IProvinces, and will doubtless come in for a fair share of business. They will employ there travelers. Their stock has arived from Eughand, and is now being assorted.

Mr. I. O. Lee has upened a retail dry goods store at Am apolis. Mr. Iece comes from St. John, where he has had some statectn years experncile in the business. Huring the past jear he has been in the empluy of P'utter Brus., Amapolis
bunlop, Couk is Cu., Imberst, recently reccised a con signment of furs from leeppig.
M. S. and J. (ioodstem have opened a dry groods store at Amherst.

Messrs. Beer Bros., dry gouds, Charlottetown, have just completed their wenty-first year in business. This is one of the solid island firms.

One of the moving figures in the recent Maritime Boards of Trade Conference was Mr. A. M l'ayne, of the firm of Jolm Stilver © Co. Mr. layne is foremost in all matters pertaining to the genemi welfare of the trade and the community in general. He is an ardent advocate of a fast Atlantic line.

Messrs. Clayton si Sons are doing a splendid business in the manufacture of boys' clothing. 'They have all they can attend to just now.

Tiunton.

## FOR LIVE MERCHANTS.

The use of cash carriers is becoming indispensable in modern stores, and the demand has led to a variety of systems suited to the needs of particular branches of business. No new store is put up without a complete provision for cash carriers; and public othices, where cast is recelved, are also nowadays fitted up with a system. Mr. St. Amour, Montreal, who represents the Iamson Company in Canada, states, for example, that be is now furmshing estumates for the eatensive new retail dry goods store of Oghly, on St. Catherine street, Montreal, and the same thing is being dune for the new City Hall in (Yuelec, where payment of water rates and uther taxes is simplified and facilitated by cash carriers. The great factory of the lamson concern at lenvell, cotering several acres of
ground and employing three hundred hands, makes all st. les of cash carriers and confines itself to this branch of manufinture. All the largest retail stores in this country have been fittod up with one or another of the carriers, and such dry goods hiuses in Montreal as Hamilton's, Valiquette's, Boisseau's, Dulort's, etc., have gone in for this means of facilitating the operat.on of a retail business. The merchant, being able to get any kind of system, will naturally choose the one best suited to his brimch of trade, and the situation of his store, and they are suppleed at all prices from $\$ 10$ to $\$ 300$ per station. The pheumatic system is much in demand, is one of the quickest and most effertwe cash carriers in the market, and being swift, noiseless, and neever selting out of order, is found in many stores. It can be adapled for foot, steam, electric or other power, and occupies no space needed for dispiay of goods. The fact, however, that esery style is supplied, and at all prices, simplifies the matter, as Mr. St. Amour says, to the question of each individual merchant's tastes, means and requirements. He can get any kind he wants.

## WINDOW DRESSERS' EXPOSITION.

The Window Dressers' Exposition this jear was set down to take place in Chicago the last week in August, and the programme is being carried out as this number of The Review goes to press. The affair is under the management of Harry Harman, and Battery 1) and the Second Kegiment Armory were secured for the place of meeting. Here sone one hundred and twenty booths were erected in the halls for displays wher trmmers could conypete for prizes in arrauging goods, and addresses on the best means of developing the art of windur dressing cuuld be delivered. There was to be a special street procession, and members of the National Association of Windor: Dressers would wear a special unifurm. The Canadian representative of the association, Mr. Eugene Viau, 5: St. Hubert strect, Montreal, who was to attend from this country, was unable through press of business to go.

## DANTSU RUGS.

The hand-made Dantsu or jute rugs now being offered in thos market, are shown in the handsomest designs, mostly imiations of the best Turkish rugs. The patterns from which the originals are taken are principally in the possession of the European aristocracy or are displayed in the art museums of the old World. Only the finest patterns are selected, with a view to make these rugs as attractive as possible. Retailers find that they belong to the best sellers, and as the prices are really low for the value given, a retail upholstery deparment can safely try a full line. Thes are all of one quality only, but come in all the different sizes, from the smallest sizes up to 12 by 15 feet. The coloring is beautiful, mostly in the light, faint shades which are so very popular at present. The manufacturets strive hard to please their trade, and they really seem to have succeeded. The rugs are all hand-made Japanese goods, and sell at alwut 85c. per square yard.

## VELVET COLLARS.

Men's waterproofs, the " Ascot," with velvet collars, ceol and comfortable, in greys and hrowns; also all-wool checks and maxtures, with 20 inch capes, are new lines shown by Brophy, Cains \& Co.

# J. Frank Riepert 

 162 St. James StreetThe exclusive silk house of Canada.
$\longrightarrow$ Montreal.

## Spring

SILKS

Japanese, - Chinese and European

## 189

## Important to the Retail Trade.

Our assortment the Spring and comprise in latest novelties of Japanese, a
French, German manufactured

of designs for
Summer season, addition to the the progressive full range of and Swiss silks. . . .

Comprising the newest effects in Taffeta, Brocades, Cote Russe, Polonaise and Pequin Gauze.

Our travellers will shortly be on the road, and an inspection of the samples shown by them will be of interest to all the Dry Goods Merchants.

# Why? 

Thete is a reason for every success. It either fills a long.felt wamt, corrects a mistake, or is an mprovement on the then-considered best.

In Iress Stays two faults have long been ap. parem. They would either bend out of shape $\because$ or cut through the dress.

BRUSH'S PEERLESS DOUBLE DRESS STAY is a success beeause it overcomes both these faults. Made of double steels, one placed above the uther, with the ends so secured as to make it impossible for them te cut through the dress, it $N$ more pliable than any other 1 )ress Stay, and camot lend out of shapre. Neither will it melt apart from the heat of the body.

> Mado in Black. Whito, Drab. Bluo, Plnk and Old Gold. Sizes, 8 to to in. Put up in hall-gross boxes or in sets of 9 steels.

Altufacturct only oy


# Supplement 

数 類 呺
## TRADE CHAT．

TIIE old Erskine Church property at the comer of l＇eel and it．Catherme streets，Montreal，has been purchased by the retal dry goods firm of II．\＆N．E．Hamilton．They will uthlere the walls of the existing building，but will reconstruct it into a modern dry goods warehouse．Me．ssrs．lumbop \＆ Hernot are the architects in charge of the construction．No contracts have been given out get，but the firm expect to be in their new quarters by next January．

S．K．Colyuhoun＇s store at Hartney，Man．，was hurglarized． The Bon Marche，Toronto，has given up its shoe depart ment．

O＇Boyle \＆Co．，Brechin，Ont．，lost $\$ 300$ by burglars on August 12 th．

The banque du Peuple is rapidly redeeming its notes and will likely start again．

The great tailor strike in New York is over．Another in Rochester takes its place．

The jute workers of Dundee are out on strike．This in－ volves sume 20,000 workmen．

The 7inger woolen mill at Teeswater was injured by fire to the extent of $\$ 4,000$ on August 2.

Kobertson，Lindsay \＆Wilcox，St．Thomas，have completed some improvements to their store．

It is said that the laris Carpet Company，whose mill was re－ cently burned，is to be reorganized．

J．G．Molleur lost $\$ 2 \mathrm{t}, 000$ worth of hats by fire at it． John＇s，Que．，on August 3．The insurance was $\$ 10,000$ ．

The profits of Wannamaker＇s Philadelphia store reached $\$ 4,000,000$ last year－all due to liberal and persistent newspaper advertising．

A fanily of Indians making baskets was the attraction in the window of James Robinson，dry goods merchant，Goderich， Ont．，one day recently．

A．Murray \＆Co．，Hamilton，are fixing up a new front． Their plate glass windows are said to be the second largest in Canada，leing each it $\times 14$.

R．Secord，Edmonton，N．W．T．，recently paid $\$ 20,000$ to one trapper for one lot of furs．It included 3,016 marten，$S_{12}$ leater， 106 bear，nearly 200 fox，etc．

On August $\mathrm{g}^{\mathrm{t}}$ ，Spring Hill Mines，N．S．，had a disastrous tire．Bell \＆Co．，J．W．Fraser，and J．Murray were heavy losers， and nearly all the busmess men suffered more or less．

Hodgens Bros．have bought the stock of dry goods belonging to the Hodgens estate，Clinton，at 60 cents on the dollar，and will contmue the business．They are bright business men and will succeed．

The trade community of Quelece city is complaining that while the forwarding of freight from Halifax，St．John，N．B．， etc．，w）Quebee der the Intercolonial Kalway，takes about or a
litte over twents－four hours，it takes from eight to ten days to have merchandise forwarded from（）uebee to points like （amphellton，Dahousic，st．John，etc．The Council of the Board of I＇rade has forwarded a memorial on the subject to the Hom．Munster oi Ralway，and to 1）．l＇ottingen，general superin－ tendent of the Intercolonial，setting forth the facts as above and anking for regress．

The fohn liaton Co．，Toronto，are asking permission to in－ crease their capital stuck from $\$ 2,000$ to $\$ 100,000$ ．＇They nre enlarging their store on longe street，and will add a grocery de－ matment，a butcher shop，and a bakery．

The bankrupt stock of Mr．Abraham Royer，dry goods mer－ chant，（uachec（ity，valued at $\$ .4 .450$ ，was sold at public auc－ tion August 22 to Mr．A．P＇．I aine at 6 gentes on the dollar， and the book debts，amomenting to $\$ 573$ ，at 12 cents．

Canada and New \％ealand are thinking of arranging a free trade treaty．One of the most important commodities ex changed is wool，of which Canada imported from New \％ealand last jear upward of $3,000,000$ pounds．The duty on this was 3 cents per pound．

The Toronto Carpet Manufacturing Company＇s business is not affected by the assugment of James P．Murray．His brother has succeeded him as president of the company． The Worsted and Braid Cempany，of 1 oronto Junction，gous down with Mr．Murray．There will be quite a deficit．

The dry goods stock of Mcl can \＆Co．，Windsor，amounting to about $\$ 12,300$ ，was sold the other day at 59 cents on the dollar．Mr．J．O．Peck，of Windsor，was the purchaser．The dry goods stock of Spence $\mathbb{S}$（．o．，Kingston，amounting to $\$ 6, S 00$ ，was sold to R．J．R．lyea，ol Cimanoyue，at 55 cents on the dollar．

Dulude \＆Bourdon，merchants，Montreal，have assigned． liabilities between $\$ 15,000$ and $\$ 20,000$ ．The principal cred－ itors are：Thibaudeau \＆Co．，$\$ 10,93^{\circ}$ ；Gault llos．\＆Co．， $\$ 125$ ；l．onsdale，Reid © Co．，$\$ 859$ ；J．Cirenier \＆Co．，$\$ 826$ ； liddell，lesperance \＆Co．，\＄627；J．Fisher \＆Co．，$\$ 854$ ； （ilover $\mathbb{N}$ Brais，$\$ 500$ ．

Kerr \＆Co．，Paisley，and J．\＆P．Coats，of the same city，are two spool cotton firms．The leading members of both have long been related．Now，the senior member of the Kerr firm having died，all the business，except that in the United States， has been sold to J．\＆1．Coats．Thus the hatter firm will sell part of their goods through the Agency and part direct without a pooling arrangement．

The British Imerican land Company，of Sherbrooke，have given notice that they intend to make repairs to the big dam on the Magog river，and will consequently have to let the water out and thus be unable to supply the usual water power for some considerable time．This will necessitate the closing down of the l＇aton Manufacturing Company，the Lomas mills， and the other works which obtain their power from that part of the river for a formight．Ihis will throw over a thousand wage earners out of work for that lengith of time．

## Mollison Bros. \& Co.

Thute is trating that worrects tike sucoss. In altain Wholesale Dry Goods Merchants




ST. JOHN, N.B.

WOOLEN FABRICS Of all classes and kinds have been sharply advanced in price by the manufacturers. Without any exception, line by line of our foreign and domestic purchases were made at the lowest market quotations. As usual, we give our customers the full beneflt of all the advances. Hence those who favor is with their orders can meet successfully all competitors. Buyers will find our collection of Foreign and Jomestic Dry Goods complete in assortment and very attractive in designs and colorings.
Our representatives are now on the road with complete sample sets and are being liberally favored with an incressed volume of orders-a safe and sure indication of the trend of trade-
We ad:ise and urge our friends to place their orders now, before the ranges are culled and broken.

Letter Orders receive personal attention and yuick despatch by

MOLLISON BROS. \& C0.

## K. ISHIKAWA \& CO.



YOKOHAMA, JAPAN

## Japanese Silks

Silk Handkerchiefs Mantle Drapes Table Covers, Et.

Dressing Gowns, Jackets, Etc., Etc.
Neckties, Mufflers, Etc. Dantsu Rugs And Mattings.

Sole Agents for
ORIHIME.Satin


- Niman onfol:


## No. 23 Et Jonn stog plantient




## SUPPLEMENT

## TO THE

## THE CLOAK MARKET.

F. $11 . \mathrm{L}$ cloaks and capes are now being shown in profusion in c'anada in some half dozen houses. Some are imported ani ume are domestic. Kegarding the styles not much can be sad owing to the great varicty shown and bought. The New liok Cloak Review says that more jackets are being bought than capes, and adds: "Iwenty-eight inches seems to be the pupular length. Kough effects lead and boucle has advanced from 12 l , to 50 cents during the past few weeks. Kearseys in the arades are also very fopular. In misses' cloaks a slight change is noted in the cut, being a trifle shorter and having box fronts."

## A HANDSOME JACKET.

The illustration here is taken from one of the pretty jachets , hown by S. F. McKinnon \& Co. bj Tus Review's special artst. It is a beautiful and stylish garment, and concejs at a


A Handonax Jackit.
shance the characteristic cut and style of this year's jackets. liuyers will find many varicties quite as taking in this firm's usually extensive display.

## DOMESTIC JACKETS.

When one drops into the show room of Alexander \& Anderwn, who are the leading and most extensive manufacturers of I anadian caples and cloaks, one is immediately impressed with the magnficent display of new fall and winter garments. There is a wealth of rariety and novely in this collection, and beatuty and elezance reign supreme. It is difficult to believe that these artistic productions can be the product of a domestic
factory. Yet the click of the shears and the hum of the swiftly running sewing machines assures one that they are.

Because they are native productions they should appeal irresistibly to the pride every Canadian must feel in having such a live, enterprising firm in the country. They deserve the en courngement and support of all dealers in these goods, and with fair play and unbiased judgment their goods will be found equal to anythng in the market.

They show many smart short jackets, which are to be the prevailing taste for the approaching season. Beavers, cheviots and freses are promanemt, the latter material promising cxtremely well for Iadies' winter garments.

## DRESS GOODS AND HABERDASHERY.

Alexander $\mathbb{N}$ Anderson occupy a keading pusition as a live dress goods house. Their display of new goods is lange, varied and comprehenswe. The prevailing taste, according to their display, runs to crepons, astrachan suitings, cheviots, black lustres and tweeds. The Cote de Cheval is a leader. Silk mixtures are shown in considerable range. Silk and wool tartans for dresses and blouses are abundant and striking. In mantlings a full range of the season's novelties is apparent.
lange shipments of hosiery; gloves, underwear, ribbons, laces, veilings, frillings, curtains, buttons, dress trimmings, neckties, mumers, etc., make their haberdashery department complete and attractive.

## - PERSONAL MENTION.

1). A. Hyslop, formerly of Stratford, is now in Mitehell.

Geo. Caldbeck, Woodstock, has relurned from Eingland.
James Johnson, a small hat manufacturer, Toronto, is said to have left the cits.
1). White, Ingersoll, began in the dry goods business in 1857 . Now he fails, having had particularly hard luck.
l'aul Camplell, of John Macdonald \& Co. is still at Windermere, England. His many friends will be glad to know that he is recovering his health.
A. A. Allan returned from Fingland on the Campania. leaving there on Saturday at noon, he arrived in Toronto on the next Saturday at $10 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$.
M. Markus, foreign manufacturers' agent and importer, Montreal, spent a week of last month in 'loronto. Mr. Markus represents one of the largest and oldest dress goods houses of Germany.

Mr. J. I. Magrath, formerly clerk in Walley's store; has opened a store on his own account in the Meredith block, in Main strect, Yorkton, N.W.T. There are six dry goods stores in that town.

On August 20 an interesting event took place in St. Mary's church, lindsay, Ont., being the marriage of Mr. 13. J. Gough, of the firm of Messts. Gough Bros., clothing merchants, Iindsay, to Miss Amic O'Brien, daughter of Mr. John O'Brien.

Simon Neal, one of Firedericion's oldest dry goods merchants, died on Firiday, August ifth, aged 70 , of hemorrhage of the brain. His wfe, who survives him, is a daughter of the late Hon. Francis Kice, for some time a member of the Provincial legislature.

## w．

## C．PITF

IIIPORTERS

# British，Foreign， ，Domestic Dry 

 Announce the completion in every $D_{\mathrm{f}} \mathrm{f}$ ferConsisting of 398 Cases and Bales of British and
Foreign Dry Goods，assorted as follows：

5 Cases Ties and Scarfs，latest styles＂．Edges and Laces3 ＂Hamburg Embroideries
13 ＂Linen，Cambric，Fancy \＆Silk Hdkfs．＂．Braids and Bindings

## 生

We firmly believe that you can obtain your supplies from us at as close quota－ tions，and as liberal terms， as from any house in the Dominion

## 于



玍

We respect－ fully ask an inspection either for purchase or comparison
 liool Hose．

7 Cases Men＇s，Boys＇，Ladies＇，and Children＇s Fancy Knit Ringwood and Cash－ mere Gloves．
＂．Bibs
－IBlack and Colored Skirt Braids
－．Mluslins and Victoria Lawns
．－Silk and Velvet Ribbons
．－Black and Colored Silk Plush
Ciase Silk Collar Velvet in desirable shades

## ELD

# Goods, Clothing and Smallwares 

## ent of their Fall and Winter purchases

|  | Cases | Umbrellas |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | " | Mohair, Pearl, Metaland Agate Buttons |
| 2 | " | Bone Pant Buttons |
| 3 | " | Combs |
| 9 | " | Berlin Wool Goods |
| 3 | " | Scotch and German Half-hose |
| 1 | Case | Reversible Linings |
|  | Bales | English Prints |
| 3 | Cases | Cretonnes |
| 5 | " | Cardigan Jackets |
| 3 | " | Scotch Lambs' Wool Shirts \& Drawers |
| 3 | " | Linen Threads |
| 2 | " | Shoe Threads |
| 17 | "' | Clark's Reels |
| 5 | Bales | Russia Crash, and Linen Towellings |
| 57 | Cases | Dress Goods, consisting of Black and Colored Wuol Cashmeres, Merinos, Henriettas, French Goods, Cashmeres, Fancy Bradford Stuffs |
|  | 13ales | Scarlet and White Flannels |
| 61 | Cases | Assorted Notions, Smallwares and Fancy Goods. |

1798 bALES AND CASES OF

## Domestic Manulactures

Consisting of
273 Bales Grey Cottons, asst'd prices and qualities
47 Cases White Cottons, asst'd prices and qualities
" Grey and White Sheetings, $\$ / 4$.
9/4, 10/4, twilled and plain
15 Bales Twilled Drills

33
13
" White Ducks, 7, S, 9, 10 and 1207.

- Blue and Brown Derims
". Black and White Wadding
" S, 12 and 16 ounce Batting
Cases Canadian IVool Tweeds
". Union Tweeds
". Grey Wool and Union Homespuns
" Etoffes
". Shirts and Drawers
" Knit Top Shirts
" Clothing, containing Ulsters, Overcoats, Suits, Tweed, Etoffe and Homespun Pants, Etofic Jumpers
ij " Hats and Caps
10 " I. R. Coats
46 " Canadian Prints
12 S " Assorted Notions, Sm illwares and Fancy Goods

The abore, with stock on hand previous to receipt of the large purchases enumerated here, makes our stock complete and specially attractive-

## W. C. PITFIELD \& CO.

$$
30,32,34,38,38,40,42 \text { AND } 44
$$

Canterbury Street, - ST. JOHN, N.B.

## SUPPLEMENT TO THE DRY GOODS REVIEW

## Mantle Department



## SUPPLEMENT TO THE DRY GOODS REVIEW

## SHIPMENTS DAILY.

TH1E: turnover of dry goods made by the firm of John Macdonald $\&$ Co. is hardly exceeded in Canada. Shipments of a momous size come in every week, year in and year out, and malions of dollars worth of goods are distributed through every pronnee of this vast Dominion. Their immense warehouses are always scenes of bustling activity.

Ihis; week they report novelties in tweed, serge, beaver, curl,小erachan and frieze mantlings, golf cloakings, hace and chenille curtains and chenille table covers. Repeat orders in their best selling Brussels and tapestry carpets, black silk velvets, and plushes, suitable for ladies' mantles, are fast being filled Spectal lines in ladies' black wool hosiery, ladies' wests, black carbmere gloves; a low line of union flannels in light and dark grevs i gres blankets are in unprecedented demand. They have jut recerved from two of the principal malls in Canada the overmakes and seconds of their product, at considerable reduction off regular prices, consisting of men's underwear, half-hose and top shirts.

## FANOY GOODS.

liancy lines, hair ornaments and specialties are lines giving good margins. lloyd, Bower \& Brumell, Toronto have issued their " Beehive" catalogue for the fourth time, and dealers who buy these classes of goods cannot afford to be without it for reference. It gives illustrations, descriptions, and prices of all lines, and goods can be freely ordered by mail. No misunderstanding can arise, as experience has taught the compilers of
the catalogue exactly how to arrange the matter to make it most convenient and most explicit. Any merchant can secure one by a postcard to the firm.

## LINENS AND WOOLENS.

There may have been lower lines of linen than W. R. Brock is Co.'s in former seasons, but this season, owing to special efforts on the part of their buyer, they are offering values which, they clam, are unsurpassed in the market. This is especially noticeable in their lines of towellings and tablings.

In men's heavy shirts and drawers they have good value in several lines confined to themselves. Of course, when present stocks are moved repeats can be secured only at higher figures. liwo special lines of grey flamels to retail at 15 and 25 c . are neeting whth unprecedented success. Two special lines in blankets are also doing weil, being shown in all sizes and being guaranteed to be made from pure Canadian fleece.

## BETWEEN SEASONS.

Sharp lawyer: "You say the evemng wore on. What did it wear on that patticular occasion?" Witness: "The close of the daj, I presume."

An Irish judge and the Master in Chancery were standing together at a castle reception when a stout hady whose dress was cut very low in front passed by. "Did you ever see such a sight?" said the Master. "Never," said the judge, with great gravity-"Never since I was weaned."

# Grain is King - 

This is th: estimated crop for 1895 . It means millions of dollars to the farmers and proi; le generally.

This money will go into all chauncls of business, and will be a rich harvest for the tivertiser.

## Fat Hogs,

Fat Cattle,
Fat Purses
and a
Rich Harvest
For Advertisers

## The <br> Dry Goods Review

Is the only dry goods paper in Canada. Canvassers have just returned from a thorough canvass of Manitoba, the NorthWest Territories and British Columbia. We now claim and prove that every live dry goods and general merchant in those provinces subscribes for and reads Tine: Revien.

## SUPPLEMENT TO THE DRY GOODS REVIEW

## TRILBY OORDS.

TR11.13Y cords are the newest thing shown in McMaster \& Co.'s dress goods department. It is a fabric much like a cotton pique in finish, and is shown in creams, blacks, navjs, browns, tans and myrle green. Ihtere are two qualities.

Black Biarritz cloth is another of the latest noveltics. It is a reversible cashmere. Besides these two, boucle and tweed effects are in great display. light shades in mixtures are strongly in favor, with greenish shades predominating. Persian suitings make fine strect costumes, and, being two toned, are used as self-trimmings.

In their haberdashery depmoment gloves and hosiery are being given special attention. In the former they have bought largely, and find that their values are unsurpassed. In hosiery they have also leading lines, among which is (i 10 at a popular price. Their famous R. D. braces are still holding the facor of the trade as a job line to retail at 25 cents.

Visitors will find this firm's assortment in all lines most worthy of inspection.

## IN OVERALLS AND SHIRTS.

The announcement made to the trade this month by M. I. \& H. Schloman is worthy of note. During the past eight years the firm have steadily augnented their business, and have been forced from time to time to add largely to their plant by increase of sales. The latest improvement in the establishment is the berst laundry plant that could te got, and a special effort in laundried goods is thus leeing made. The firm believe that they are now the langest manufacturers of overalls and coton pants, and show a large range of these goods in style and price. A
recent line being st:own is the new O.K. overalls. is cial line of white shirts, of special value at $\$ 6.50$ and $\$ 9$, is wimething new. The firm are showing special lines of regattin for the coming season.

## IMITATION LINEN.

In 1889 A. B. Mitchell, of Toronto, began manufacturmg celluloid collars and cuffs called "Rubberine." later he went on to Vulcanite goods, with linen finish and reinforced button holes. Now his waterproof linen is becoming famous. It is a muslin covered with celluloid, and is the best imitation of linen ever produced. It is produced in the different colors so as in suit the purpose and season. Collars, cuffs and dickies are made to the extent of from 500 to Soo dozen per week.

## A NEW WAREHOUSE.

At 22 Front Street West, Toronto, is a well-finished and well-furnished warehouse, occupied by John Muldrew $\mathbb{\&}$ Co., the new firm of woolen merchants. The building itself is attmetive inside and out, is well lighted by plate glass windows and elec tric lights. Morcover, it is well stored with the season's novelties in woolens and tailors' trimmings. lby its coming into existence Toronto has one more well-equipped nercantile estab. lishment.

The writer received an ocular demonstration of the amount of business done during the few weeks of the firm's existence. The order.book backed upin an unmistakable way the asserion of Mr. Muldrew that orders had been plentiful beyond his expectations.

## We have not much to say

llut done thise
rexductis.

## It is Solid Facts

We are preparing one of the largest ranges of
regatta, negligee and white shirts crer placed on the Canastan market.
Our Travellers will ic around to show you samples next month.
We also carry the largest stock of Overalls and Cottonade Pants in Canada.

If you want the best value there is on the market in these goods, you are bound to buy from us.

The Make and Finish is second to none. We tead: others try to follow.

Sole controllers of the O.K. Elastic Suspender Bib Overall.
four Travellers don't call on you, wrife for samples.
Nall orders will recelve prompt atcenelon

## W.H.Storey \& Son

Glove Manufacturers,
ACTON, ONT.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE: CEI.FHRATED

Tus Napa Buck Glove
Price refunded if it does not meet our representatlons. We have the exclusive right for Canada.

## Watson, Foster \& Co.

Manufacturcra of


Our Linesfor $1895-6$ are now ready. They are in a greater variety of pattern and style than ever. They are so fresh and attractive that big American houses are buying them.
11 YOU have not yet seen them, drop us a card and we will arrange to show you samples.

# W live to protect the cash buyer 

TELEPHONE
2400
and we ask him to come
 and see the live firm of . .

## GILMOUR, SCHOLFIELD \& CO.

# General Jobbers and Wholesale Dry Goods Importers 1865 NOTRE DAME STREET, MONTREAL 

We bave bat twenty-fise years of experience both in the retat and whotevie alry

 then to lake it. Come and price wome of our jolos and rexillar suak, that we may have ath onjortumty to ofen guir eyes to the fact that you have been lowing money all thas tatue, ared whave we. Quantity is nulling to us; if the price is rixht, we have the corb to pas fors is.

For the Sjpring of sigh we will show the hareest ranke of Fimbroideries, tates, Veshons., Kiliwous, etc., ctc, in Canada, and he guarantec to save yout at least to pet cent., athl as mach as so fier cent.

We fave contracted for the Fill trade the outpat of a lange lioniery mill. We say nothing alxut price -- come and we us


 sente ofder early, as this is a gereial line, and there isvery litte proft for us, and we

 to $3^{t}$ b per entit. dixumbt off regular gitices. Wearealw showing a full range of small. wares.

Wo roprosont

## GEO. BRETTLE \& CO., Dry Goods Manufacturers

LONDON, ENG.

The following is a copy of an injunction granted in favor of the Canadian libre Chamois Co. in an action brought against I. H. Buissenu \& Co., proprietors of La Cie Generale des Bazars, Montreal.
(COFY OF INJUNCTION)

No. 1022.
Province of Queleec. I SUlIERIOR COUR'T. In Chambers. On the twenticth day of August, District of Montreal. eighteen he, dred and ninety-five.

Iresent : The Honorable Mr. Justice Pellier.
Having heard the parties by their respective counsel upon the plantiffs' petition for an interim order or injunction on defendant Fortunate Dufort to restrain her from selling and uffering for sale certain cheap and inferior articles of merchandise as "fibre chamois," plaintiffs alleging that the; have an exclusive right to use the said words "fibre chamos" as a trade mark in the Dominion of Canada, and that unless such a temporary order be given they, said plaintiffs, will suffer damages;

Having also examined the proceedings and proof of record; we the undersigned judge do gereby forbid and restrain the said female defendant, her agents, clerks and servants, and each of them during the pendency of the present action and until it is finally determined, from selling or offering for sale as "fibre chamois," or under that name, designation or title, or under any name, designation or title simiar to "fibre chamois," or of which said words or either of them forms a part, or under the name of "papier chamois" or "papier chamois lining," or "doublure en papier chamois," any goods, sul). stances or materials not manufactured by the plaintiffs and known as "fibre chamois," and from selling, advertising or offering for sale any goods like "fibre chanois," but which are not "fibre chamois," under that name or any name containing said words or either of them, or similar thereto, and we do further order and enjoin the said female defendant, within twentr-four hours from service of the present order, to take down and cease from displaying the sign attached to the building containing the store of said defendant, and on her default of so doing, the said phaintiffs shall be and they are hereby authorized to cause it to be-taken down at her expenses, costs reserved.
(Signed), I.OUIS TEI.I.iER, J.S.(\%.

## A Recognized Fact



thtutwhthtwtit
FANGY LINENS HAIR ORNAMENTS OHRISTMAS NOVELTIES


## The BOYD, B0WER \& BRUMELL C0., ta.

If you have not received a copy of our New lall Illustrated Catalogue and l'rice list, drop us a card and we will mal you one.
if Wellington Street West
Toronto, Ont.


## kID GLOVE NOTES.

As the season advances interest in this important department increases, and retailers who have had enquiries for styles and stzes of which they are out have good reason to try and cover themselves. This season exceptional conditions prevail in kid centres in France, Germany and Austria. Skins of all kinds are very high, 10 to 20 per cent. higher than even last year, when it was thought they had reached a limat. In Firance especially labor is very scarce. A widespread strike has existed, which has been ruinous to the manufacturers, though some well-known makers have made this a pretext to repudiate sup. plementary orders, being unable to handle them at a profit owing to a rise in skin values. It seems wise, therefore, in the dealer to ill upat once short numbers. He must not forget that Christmas trade demands a stock in excess of current requirements, especially in good goods, the difference between a good glove and a German Schmaschen or even lambskin being really small. The former gives satusfaction, sells out clean and is a credit to the store handlugg it; the latter, in a word, isn't.

Mr. Richard l'atton, mamager of the Canadian agency of Limil lewny $\&$ Co., has just returned from Grenoble, France, where he spent sume two weeks at the factory. The principal object of the trip was to insure the careful and prompt execution of the many orders entrusted to this house for fall importation, and Mr. Patton has come back fully assured that everyone receiving their gloves during the coming season will be thoroughly satisfied with them. He also spent some time in london, England, and was particularly struck with the fact that the linglish buyers were always willing to sacrifice fancy accessories, such as embroidery, colored sewing, pearl buttons, etc., in order to secure a better quality of stock in the glove; whereas the Canadian buyer will always demand something fancy in the nanshing, wheh adds to the cost of manufacture and lessens the quality. He hopes that this market will take a pointer in this respect and demand the best possible wearing quality at a price, ill preference to something that will look pretty but be of inferior quality.

One of the best lines to be seen this season are silk lined cashmere gloves, imported by Brophy, Cains \& Co. They are showing black, white and fancy Ringwood glowes for ladies. For outdoor wear, riding, walking, or on pleasure bent, there is nothing more conifortable than Ringwood gloves.

- For convenience of the trade during millinery opening and the Exhibition week, Irving $\&$ Co. will show their samples in

Room 8 of the Merchants' Building, 50-54 Bay street, 'Toronto. In men's umbrellas they will have a range of "specials" that çuick delivery may be given.

## A POINTER FOR KID QLOVE DEPARTMENTS.

It is obviously a mistake, cspecially in colors, to place a four-dozen box containing a range of sizes before a customer, who is more than likely to desire a shade she sees in some size but which is sold out in the number required. To meet this and at the same time prevent unnecessary handling of surplus stock, the "Jammet " agency supply its customers with ver; neat linen covered boxes holding one dozen of a size, the result being that sales are effected quicker and more satisfactorily, the adage, "what the cye does not see," etc., being here very apropos.

## DRY GOODS IN NEW BRUNSWIOK.

Mollison Bros. \& Co., St. John, N.B., are showing an unusually fine range of goods this fall, and some pretty close figures on woolen fabrics are being quoted. They were evidently bought low, and they are not taking advantage of the advance in the market on these and some other lines being shown on therr sample tables. St. John and the lending centtes in Eastern Canada are really nearer the head in the procession than are the nore populous western cities when it comes to dry goods, millinery, furs, etc. Hence the necessity for the jobbing trade to buy at low prices and carry a long range of samples.

## VICTORIA LAWNS.

Victoria lawns do not belong to any season in particular. They must be kept in stock all the year round.

Brophy, Cains \& Co. have just opened another shipment to hand ex steamship Laurentian. They are in ther well known numbers-13 60, 70, 80, 90 and 100, 39 -inch goods.

## NEVER READS BUT HE LEARNS SOMETHING.

DRy (Gnots Kxvizw:
Grentiemen,-You will find enclosed P.O. order for $\$ 2$, as a renewal of my subscription for Tut: Dry (ioond Review. I thank you for not stopping my paper when the time ran out. It was carelessness on my part in not remitting sooner. I think The Dev Goons Revifw is improving all the time. I never read a number but I learn something from it. Yours truly,
J. Lambence

Dresden, Ont.

## REGARDING SILKS.

REPORTS from the European silk centres forwarded to us through Mr. J. Firank Kieprert, of 162 St . James strect, Montreal, who has just returned from an extended visit through France, Germany, Siwitzeriand and Jingland, indicate that the year 8806 will be a record breaker in the demand for this deservedly popular and useful artiele, the bulk of the manufac turers being already in receipt of heavy advance orders from both the Continental and American buyers, and prices for next season, owing to the great prospective demand for all classes of silk, are very firm, withanticipated advances as the season progresses. The prevailing and most propular effects among the l'arisian and New York houses are "taffetta shots," both in plain colors and mixed stripes and brocade designs. Black silks and satins are also much in favor in damask and brocades. pejpin gaure is a new and handsome production of a medum priced sitk, woven partly solid and partly with open work in stripes and fancy figures. Cote russe and polonatse are also shown 1 strues and fancs effects, and being very firmly woven and extremely pretty should be sery popular for blouse waists. With the variety of new and tasteful productions at command, silk will no doubt be the leading article for an unlimited period.

## SPRING SILKS.

J. Frank Referet, the piencer as a direct importer of Japanese and ( henese silks, has alreads receis eda lange portion of samples for the commeng season of ibyo of the very newest productions of the progressive Japanese silk weaver, which include a variety
of effects and designs equal, if not superior, to some on the European makes, in taffetas, brocades, etc., these lines i- us thoroughly in touch with the novelties being shown by the 1 n. ing lirench manufacturers.

Owing to the increased demand for silks, Mr. Riepert has extended his business, and for the coming season, in additurito his already large variety of lapanese silks, is showing a collection of samples of goods, personally selected by him trom among the leading manufacturers of Europe, comprising all the latest novelties in taffeta, silk and satin brocades, cote rume, pequin gauze and polonaise effects. His travelers will be early on the road, and from the variety of novelties it has been nur pruilege to examine, merchants interested should not fail tonee the new lines carried by this progressive firm.

## VELBINDA.

Velbinda is a new velvet trimming cut on the cross, does not ravel, specially adapted for binding skirts, protects the dress better than braid and does not wear the boots, put up is yards on a reel in a continuuus length. Brophy, Cains is Co. have it in 40 colors.

## DOWN-PROOF CLOTH.

J. H. Sherard, one of the directors of the Alaskia Feather and 1 Jown Co., has just returned to Montreal from a trip to New hork and Philadelpha, where he contracted for next jeat's supples of down-prouf cloth, making some heary cash fur chases at low prices, of which the trade will get the advantage in due course.


## BEATTY, BLACKSTOCK, MESBITT, CHADWICK \& RIDDELL Barristors, Solloltors, Notarios, Eto.

Orfices-Bank of Toronto, cor. of Wellington and Church Sts. TORONTO,

ONTARIO.
 tile Asency). atc.

## HHOLESALE ONLY

## MONKHOUSE BROS.

manlificturers mients - - go mai st., toronto
Towels, Tablligs, crc., of IRELAND \& WISHART, Kirkcaldy Cardlgan Jackers, Swearers, Golfers, etc.,
of WM. LANGHAM © CO., Lelcester ANJ FUI.I. R.NES FROM OTHEK MANUFACTUKEKS

# NORTHERN <br> Established <br> ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON 

Capital and Funds, \$36.465,000
Revenue, $\$ 5,545,0(6)$
Dominion Deposit, $\$ 200,000$
Canadiata llrancli Office
1724 Nutre lame Sis, Montreal.
RORERT W. TYRE.
G. E. Moborloy, Inspector.

Alanager.

## MANNHEIM INSURANCE CO. Marine Risks Exclusively <br> 

 Capital and Assets Exceed $\$ \mathbf{2 , 6 0 0 , 0 0 0}$Jas. J. Riley \& Sons, . MONTREAL
Suli Agrita In chief Citios and Towne

# W. R. BROCK \& COMPANY 

W. R. BROCK<br>B. B. GRONYN<br>T.J.JERMYN<br>W. L. BROOK



New Goods
Close Prices ${ }^{*} \quad \begin{gathered}\text { Stock in every } \\ \text { Department }\end{gathered} \iota^{*}{ }_{\star} \begin{gathered}\text { All Orders } \\ \text { Carefully } \\ \text { Filled }\end{gathered}$

## wholesale <br> HATS, (äpS AND FURS *** <br> Soft and Stiff Hats <br> Of English, American <br> and Domestic makes, of latest styles

## ALDAYS IN STOCK

Orders by mail receive prompt attention.
Prices the lowest and terms liberal.
11 King Street, St. John, N.B.

## Hamilton and Montreal



## Rubberine, Vulcanite and Waterproof Linen

COLLARS, CUFFS . IND SHIRT FRONTS, all strictly waterproor.

Supkrior to anything manufactured or advertised as

## WATERPROOF GOODS

$\square$
16 Sheppard Street, $=$ TORONTO, ONT.


FIXED PRICES ON MAGOG PRINTS.
Fither liky limos Ravikw:
1):ar Sik,-I amione of thousands that have read the article in your August issue under the above heading. You, no doubt, have received many expressions of opinion as to the course adopted by Messrs. D. Morrice, Sons \& Co. in their laudable efforts to prevent cutting of prices. You say, "There are three gave objections to the plan outined. The first is that four or fire large retailers are being asked to sign the agreement, and they can thus sell as cheaply as the wholesaler and still make 10 to $12 \frac{2}{2}$ per cent. profit."

Ihis first objection is grave enough to be the death of the agreement, and I am surprised to since learn that many of the best wholesale houses in Montreal, Toronto and elsewhere have signed it, notwithstanding that they were being placed upon a level with "four or five large retail houses."

It strikes me forcibly that in doing this they are helping in the best possible manner to lessen their usefulness as wholesale houses.

They sign a writen consent to these four or five retailers buying from the same mills on the same terms and conditions that they do. These four or five retailers claim to buy nothing, or almost nothing, from wholesale houses in Canada, and in return the wholesalers are desirous of placing them upon an equal fowting with themselves with Canadian mills, to the positive detriment of the balance of the retail trade who are their customers.

In other words, these four or five retail houses, who give litte or no support to wholesalers here, are by permission of these same wholesalers, to be allowed to sell as cheaply as we buy. Such shortsightedness on the part of the wholesale trad: is bound to be resented by the remaining 95 per cent. of the retail trade throughout the Dominion.

I for one will not buy a yard of Canadian printed cotton gonds for spring 1896 . I have ventured to speak to every man in the trade in this town, and they all without exception feel as I do. I purpose writing to friends in the tade in Pembroke, Armprior, Almonte, Carleton Place, Ouawa and elsewhere, and will endeavor for all I am worth to resemt this action on the part of those who should know better.

There is no medium in Canada whereby this matter can be hrought so directly before the diry goods trade as Tus Krview. I thercfore ask your consideration and the publication of this letter in September issuc.
1.et Messrs. 1). Morrice, Sons \& Co. go to the retail direct with everything, or let them do what in the past they were supfrowed to do, sell the strectly wholesale trade only.

> Yours truly,
I. I. Prem.ow.

## Renfrew, Ont., Aug. 17.

[We are very glad to give space to Mr. Pedlow's letter, uncause it is more to the point than any other received. Thos: of us who have watched similar efforts made 3 . other defart-
ments of trade at once recognized in this feature of the agrecment a very serious objection. In every instance it has been found impossible to carry out any scheme that did not draw hard and fast lines between wholesale and retail customers. The grocers struggled with and settled it, and it is now a source of constant worry in some departments of the metal trade. In the grocery irade some retailers did a larger jobbing business than several exclusively wholesale houses, and at first they were put on the preferred sugar list. They gave so much trouble, however, that the manufacturers finally limited their sales to houses doing an exclusive wholesale business only. We cannot see that Messrs. Morrice have anything to lose by confining themselves exclusively to the wholesale trade. If they do not do so at once they will have to eventually. It is to their own and to the trade's best interests that they should do so now.-liditor Dry (ioons Review.]

Eidizor Day Goome Reviziv.
Sik,-I suppose it will be conceded that the retail trade are as much concerned in the prices and terms upon Magog prints as are the wholesale trade of Canada. My object in writing you is to draw the attention of the general trade to the fact, as expressed in your article upon the question in the August number, that "four or five retailers, including the T. Eaton Co., are being asked to sign the agreement," and they can thus sell as cheaply as the wholesaler and still make 10 to $121 / 2$ per cent. profit. I wonder what Messts. D. Morrice, Sons \& Co. think of the great body of Canadian matailers who are handling the Magog prints. Is this their idea of honor in business? One price to one retailer and another for the rest of them. Messrs. D. MI. \& Co. ought not :o forget that there is no better or surer way of crippling their own customers than doing business upon such a plan. If Messrs. T. Eaton Co. have a larger output that is no reason why other merchants should be handicapped by an advantage of 10 to $121 / 2$ per cent. against them in prices. Let them meet competition upon the same basis as their neighbors, not receive privileges of this character and then argue that it is the overcharging of other men in business which makes the difference in their prices, if there is any. If Messrs. D. M. \& Co. re going to do business with the wholesale trade let it be so, but, if with the retail trade, let it be understood, and not, while posing as high-minded men, indulge in double daaling. The circumstances of retailers, through the forcing of joiss on the market when dealers are loaded, has brnight evil upon many honest business men, and others have only held their own by extreme caution, and I think the Canadian cotton manufacturers are greatly responsible for this. If setailers are successful under such circumstances, it is in spite of them, and not on account of them. Why ought retailers to be handicapped by such action as it is now patent that Messrs. D. Morrice © Co. have indulged in? Possibly the large consumption, of the goods they handle. by the customers of others than "the largest retail dealers," is a matter worthy of consideration by a firm enjoying such an evident monopoly as even Messrs. 1). Morrice \& Co. do. A jear or two aso I wrote them personally asking thein if they, under any circumstances, sold their goods direct to the retail trade, and they evaded a direct reply, saying that "merchants would talk," giving me to understand by inference they did not.

I am, yours sincerely,
Woodstock, On!.
T. H. Fordian.

## Wholesale Millinery



We have made every preparation for the largest season's business in the history of our house. Early in the season we made large contracts for several lines of goods, some of which have advanced nearly 25 per cent. We purpose giving the trade nearly the whole advantage of these contracts as long as they last.

## FALL OPENING

On Monday, and September, the openings will commence. Stock in every department will be complete, and every huyer of millinery is invited to call and inspect.


## THE PROSPECTS AT MONTREAL.

T111: tendency in hats, as indicated by the Montreal dispiays, is to somewhat greater height in the crown than distungished the styles for the summer, although the general idat of the low crown and wide brim will continue to detine the larfe hats of the next season. The bell crown, in most models only medium low, appears with various brims, while there are shapes with the narrow rolled brim of the linglish waiking hat, of which the crown is medium high rather than medium low. The low square crowns, and the bell crowns, in large hats, are bured by low, dome-shaped crowns; and models are shown formed of plaques or plateaux, the crown being only a slight clevation in the centre, to fit easily on the top of the wearer's head.

Ilain felts are again at the front for serviceable hats and bomets for the cold sea-


Nu: Castuilizl is Kicukn. sons, with velvels for fine millinery. For utility, pure and simple, the hat is wholly of felt; but with the felt crown, as with the crown of velvet, there is fre ciuently a brme of fames braid, or the braid borders the brim. In some models the brim is bordered or edged with a narrow hand of beaver, an occasional model wholly of beaver ap pearing in the collec tions that have conc out ; and models of beaver crowns and braid biuns serve to illustrate the varicty seen in the imported hats and bonnets.

The velvets are in plain weaves and phain colors, and in miroir and glace finish, varied by fancy manulactures in stripes, checks and lersian effects of dhenge and colors. For the mont part the imported pattern hats and bomets, if of velvet, are of the material of plain finish, the fancy manufactures appearing much less frequemty. It is, however, yet too early to venture wh tate definitely what may concto pans in the use of velvets, whe the present trend of the mode seems to be for the plain tabre Chenille braid trinmings are quite a new idea for mak. : innets and toques made of chenille on a wire shape are puite - new novelty and have a very pretty effect. lilowers will, nu - alth, form a conspicuous part in trimmines the comine ceason. fones are the flowers seen chicfly on imported modeh. The finers are mostly made of velset, but the latest fancy has ex 1.senion in flowers made of feather, the shout apill feathen of - me birds and the breast feathers of ohers lending themseleen r-adily to the flaring petals of the puppies, and the multiple
petals of the roses and other blossums simu lated. Ostrich plumes will be much worn, but there is promise of equal favor for fances feathers of certain character. Birds' wings will be much used, both in from pieces and set in among bows, and double couplets of mercurs wings trim some of the new models. Birds will also be worn considerably.

Kibbons in wide widhs of double satin. shot, taffetas and cashe-

 mere effects are largely used tor trimmings this season, as also satin and velvet ribbons.

## It C.averimi. 太 kisuck's.

In the fine collection of laris models shown to our representative through the courtesy of Messers. Caverhill i: Kissock, 91 St. Peter strect, Montreal, from Mille. Julia Jelmotte, was a capote of velvet in Margottin red under an arrangement of wired jet, the jet forming wings at the sides and holding a large rosette of the velvet set with a jet cabochon, at the left side a back ostrich pompon, momeded, with a wisy, of aigrette and narrow black velvet ribton strmas trom the cars. Irom Mme. louganne a tongue of chenille braid in matelot blue, the brim bondered with loosplating, trimmed at each side with great


# S. F. MéKinNon \& Co. 

W$E$ extend a cordial invitation to the trade to be present at our Millinery and Mantle opening, which takes place on the and, 3rd, and 4th September, when we will show all the latest Eneglish, French, German, and American novelties and ideas in trimmed and untrimmed Millinery, Mantles, Capes, and fancy Dry Goods. Our entire stock for Fall and Winter is new and exceptionally good value. We had plased large orders with the manufacturers prior to the recent heavy adoances in prices, many lines in our offering having advanced from 15 to 25 por cent. since our contracts were placed. Our showing is not confined to Millinery and Mantles only, but embraces Dress Silks, Silk Veleets, Velveteens, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, I'eilings, Mantle Plushes, Mantle V'evets, Sealettes, Mantle Cloths, and Golf Cloakings, etc. Whether you handle Millinery, Mantles, Dry Goods, or all three, we have stock which will. interest yous. Come in and look through achen in the city: it will cost you nothing; and the chancos are it will lead to your making a paying inewstmont from our stock.

## S. F. McKINNON \& Co. <br> 6I Bay Street, Toronto.

Irun of No． 60 gros－grain ribbon in purplish pink，the bows hel：by steel ornaments，and set with birds＇wings in macre effi ．$s$, a bunch of aigrette at the left side，and under the brim at the back a chou of velvet by a stecl ormament．

## AMONG THE TORONTO HOUSES．

Nearly all the new fall hats are large，and the general effict of the trimming makes them appear wider than ever． killons，wings and plumes are all arranged with this end in


S゙ロ \＆－S F．MeKisnon \＆Co．
view，and jet there are few of the new hats that are not pretty． On the whole the styles for the coming season are remarkably artistic and becoming．

A great many of the hats are covered with velvet，and in many instances these velvet shapes are edged with the new felt brids，with which the market is crowded．These braids are， indeed，the most notable feature of the season＇s millinery，and they come in a great variety of materials．Sometimes they are all of felt，sometimes of felt mixed with chenilfe．Crowns are viten of this plaited che aille with frit brims，and another novelty is a hat with a felt crown and straw brim；this comes both in sailor and English walking shapes．

S．F．McKinnon i犬 Co．are showing an assortment of each of the shapes i have mentinred，as well as many others，and their assurtment of jet and cher onaments for trimning is ex－ tremely large and varied．Mercury wings of feathers，jet，stecl， and colorec．paillettes are selling freely，and also larger wings of the same materials，which are so wide and spreading as to the yuite Mephistophelian in character．

Il：ones are as much used as we foretold they would be earlier in the season and chine ribbons still hold their own．

A child＇s hat of felt has a beefeater crown of beaver and the wise brim edged with the same pretty fur，and the result is excellent．

Of the two hats sketched at McKimon＇s one shows the pretty rosette which they are making and also the first of a
row of small black mercury wings，which are arranged on the left side of the jet crown．The other hat shows a very novel crown of gathered velvet，which will be sure to be popular．

The wide brimmed velvet hat，raised so artistically on the left side，is one of the models of J．D．Ivey \＆C．o．＇s．It was of green velvet，with lovely black plumes，and a velvet beefeater crown．The other hat made by this firm was of brown straw， with wide chine ribbons and the much sought after quills．In this instance the quills were of the same color as the hat，though just as often they are black．

A novelty which this house is introducing into Toronto is the accordeon pleated silk，made in points，something like leaves，which is used both on hats and muffs．An extremely pretty toque was trimmed with thas pleated silk in a charming shade of green，and the muff to match had frills of the same at cach side．

A curious combination of colors which is popular in New York is blue with green．This idea will possibly be copied here， but not，I fancy，to any great extent this season．Shaded vel－ vets as well as ribbons are to be used，and wings of all kinds， especially black ones．Fur bindings are seen on some of the hats，and a great deal of steel is used as well as jet．

D．McCall \＆Co．supply us with the subject of the last sketch．It is a very stylish hat，somewhat after the fashion of

the Napoleon，but less exaggerated，fortunately，and trimmed in quite a different manner．The ribtons used are a sort of paisley pattern in mauve and green．Therquills were black，

## Ready for Inspection



# Our Fall Importations 

## Millinery, Mantles and Fancy Dry Goods

September 2nd, 3rd and 4th


WE will do our best to make a visit to our establishment not only pleasant, but profitable. Come at any time, and you will receive every courtesy in our power.

We propose to show the largest and most novel, as well as the most varied, lines in Ladies' Neckwear ever before attempted by us, introducing all the new materials now being shown abroad, together with the latest imported shapes, and also those of our own designing.

## BRAIDS AND TRIMMINGS

New ideas-absolute novelties
Jet and Steel Ornaments will be largely worn . .

## In Fur and Wool Felts, in style, taste and combination of color, we show a superior range . .

See our range of Ribbons, Silks, Laces, Velvets, Veilings, Feathers, Wings, Birds, Tips, and everything necessary to equip a first-class Millinery Establishment.

# D. McCall \& Company TORONTO M MONTREAL 

the unall lower ones being tipped with gold and green. Two hat whme green plumes fell over the right side and at the baek wete two large accordeon pleated ribbon rosettes at the top of the wide green strings, which I regret that 1 forgot to add to


No. 6-J. 1). נer \& Co
the sketch. Across the from was a large steel buckle holding the green velvet folds in iheir place.

Some felt shapes sold by this firm were very much the same style as this hat, being 10 inches from side to side and only ily from from to bark. A picturesque shape, called the bileen, caught my fancy. It had a wide brim, mised on the left side, and a pointed crown with a curious ditch between it and the brim to raise it from the head instead of the band which milliners use.

Another of their novelties is a felt hat something like a silor. It has a wide brim and a high crown, which is very small and unlike the high-crowned straw which we are all so tired of. The crovit is the same size all the way up.

## A GOOD ADVERTISER.

John Macdonald $\&$ Co. have a good advertising manager in John I. Peace, who for a number of years has aitended to the details of this department of the business. One of his latest ideas is a folder containing an abridged programme of the

Toronto Exhibition. The front cover is beantitied with a magnet and needle, done in colors. The magnet is "John Macdonald \& Co.," and the needle is "The Trade."

Mr. l'ace was one of the first to recogniae the value of 'lue Dry Gooms Review, and no advertisers have stuck so persistently to this journal as the house whose advertisement occupies the outside back cover of every issue:

## SPECIAL• RATES TO MONTREAL.

The railways are granting special rates to those attending the millinery openings in Montreal, September 3. Dexcursions will leave western points on August $; 0,31$ and September 2 , and tickets are good to return up to September 17. The return fare from Toronto to Montreal is $\$ 7$, and from other points in proportion.

## CANADIAN WALL PAPER IN THE LEAD.

A few years ago Canada imported most of its wall paper, only the very inferior grades being made here. Now things are gradually changing. Our own manufacturers have not only almost entirely cut out the imported paper, but they are shipprin to the states. One firm (Witson, liuster © Co., Montreal) have gone further, for they have made large shipments to Aus. tralia and South Africa, where they have resident agents. There seems to be no reason why they should not get control of these markets as well, for theis patterns are as new as any from the European makers.

## FIBRE CHAMOIS WINS AGAIN.

In the action brought against I. H. Boisscau ii Co. for $\$ 5,000$ damages for selling and offering for sale Teatile buckskin as Fibre Chamois, the Hon. Justice Pellier, of the Superior


Court, Montreal, has rendered judgment upon the combany's application for a temporary injunction and has restrained the defendant, her clerks, agents, etc., from selling Textile IJuckskin, or any imitation of libre Chamois as Fibre Chamois.


## THE RAW WOOL MARKET.

TClll: wool situation this month continues to be marked by high prices. The Canadian market is cleaned out by the Ame rean and home demand, and one Ontario dealer who has som. is holding out for 24 and 25 cents. One mill was not prepared to buy at such a figure, which is higher than what the Candian market has seen in ten or fifteen gears, and would preter to close down, but the holder expects American requirenevents will meet that price. In imported wools the report is also of ming values. A Montreal inporter, who has a cargo of fine Capes just in, has sold to the Canadian manufacturers at ligures rangung from 5 per cent. to $7 \frac{1}{2}$ and 10 per cent. in advance of those obtained a few months ago. The quotations for greasy C.pes are $\times 3$ to 15 c , and for scoured 25 to 33 c ., which is an advance in the latter of about 2 c . over last month. There is very little Australian in the market just now, the quotations leing about 14 to 18 c . There are several factors working at present for higher prices besides the greater activity in trade. At the last wool sales in London, for instance, the American buyers purchased 60,000 bales, as against their usual 3,000 or 4,000 bales, and this would naturally tend to help wool generally. Another leature is that the next sale will not be held until September 24, which gives a longer interval between sales than has occurred for some years.

A little British Columbia wool has been sold in the east, but its condition and the freights are against it, as only about 100 . can be got for it.

## THE JULY WOOL SALES.

The fourth series of London sales of Colonial wool has closed, says an English exchange. A total of 371,202 bales were catalogued, against $237,49^{6}$ bales in the corresponding series of last year. The net total available amounted to 391,000 bales. Of these 358,000 bales have been sold, 100,000 for home consumption, 138,000 bales to the continent, and 60,000 bales to America, leavmg 33,000 bales to be carried form ird to nevt series. Messrs. H. Schwartz and Co. report that the sales nopened with an advance of 5 to 7 per cent. on Australian merino wools and of to per cent. on crossbreds. The neat few days established a further nise, and mermo wools rose to 10 per rent., and crossbreds to 101015 per cent. above May. The advance was not only maintained, but was increased towards the end. The results vary considerably, according to whether a type of wool was suitable to English and American demand or not, but, takmg the market on the average. Australian greasy merino wool may be said to stand to to 15 per cent., scoured 5 to to, and crossbred 15 per cent. above the May level.

## THE BRADFORD WOOL MARKET.

The I ondon Drapery World, of August 3, says: "The wool market in Bradford has this week been characterised by increased firmness, which can be accounted for by the general revumption of business after the general election, and the great upirit shown right up to the conclusion of the London Colonial wool sales, which always have a dominating influence on the market here. All classes of both tops and wool of the merino and crossbred order could be sold at prices which were ruling here lefore the election, but now holders are asking rather more money, and are not anxious sellers. A better tone is also notice-
able at the low wool sales in Liverpool, where a brisk sale has been experienced for both carpet and clothing wools. English wools, with the exception of pure lustres, show no change, but all bright wools are now being held for a further advance, which seems likely to come before many days are past. In mohair also there is talk of another forward movement being possible; should this set in, raw material would soon be carried some pence per lb. higher still."

## A WOOL-PRODUOTION E!AGRAM.

The report published by the United States Government, entitled "Wool and the Manufactures of Wool, 189.1, " contains a diagram showing at a glance the proportionate wcol production of the leading sheep-raising countries in the world. The postion occupied by Australasia will, in a measure, explain the

reason for the great depression in the value of wool, and particularly of merino wool, during the last few years 'That Russia should rank second as a wool-producing country will come as a surprise to many beople. The Argentine Republic occupies the third place, and if the industry progresses in the way that is anticipated that country will soon rank second in the list.

## SOME LINES WORTHY OF NOTE.

Among special lines Messrs. Greenshields, Son \& Co., Montreal, will offer September : are several qualities of boys' and misses' black cashmere hosiery at special prices.

The house has done well this season in butter colored Valenciennes laces of different widths. There is still a small stock on hand.

A line of very handsome fancy shawls have arrived in a large shipment. The designs and shades are very effective. They are sold at popular prices, $\$ 3, \$ 9$ and $\$ 12$, and the low prices are making them sell rapidly. Customers have already been sending in repeats.

Among the lines of ladies' Ringwood gloves there are some special desigus in combinations of colors in light and medium shades, which are pretty sure to be fashomable in the early autumu.

## IS YOUR SAFE A TAYLOR?

It can be said of these safes that after being on the market forty years, in not one single instance have they failed to preserve their contents in a fire.

OUR CARPET . . STOCKS . .

For the Fall Trade are the largest and finest we've ever shown, and prices most reasonable.
Many new and select designs you'll not find elsewhere.
\% Samples furnished the trade as is our usual custom.

## John Kay, Son \& Co. <br> IMPORTER8

34 King Stroot
Wost.
TORONTO

## Takes a . . Heap of Thinking

To make money nowadays. A man needn't be much behind his competitors to lose a race. Dry goods margins are close, and a change of style in shades may make a loss that will wipe out the profits of several days, unless-you change the shade to fit the style.

That's our business.
We re-dye and re finish new goods for dry goods merchants. We put new life and new value into sun-faded or soiled goods. Our charges are small. Write to us about it.'

Circulars and Price List for the asking.

## NEW UPHOLSTERING MATERIALS.

NL:W goods for draperies and upholstering depend a good deal for patronage on the general condition of the people. E.w mitures for furnishing are regulated by the times being good or hat, and the outlook for public prosperity being now much mure satisfactory, the houses handling this class of goods are well equipped with handsome new lines. In upholstery goombs Peter Schneider's Sons is Co., Montreal, are this jear offering some very attractive lines. The house makes a special feature of its upholstering materials, and a complete mange is carried, so that:the wants of the trade and the consumer can always be supplied. This season the aim seems to have been to auticipate the most fastidious tastes, and the new designs and effects are haudsome and varied. One of the most striking is an all-silk material for upholstering called stalenza, a floral pattern of the most beautiful finish, and shown in several collus. There are some very handsome cretons in original patterns and delicate combinations of color, which will cover in fine style. The house carries a full line of upholstering materials, including the very' highest grades, as well as the jute and cotton goods. In draperies the season's goods are likewise attractive, and chenille curtains are extensively shown. A chief reason why tashion cannot dislodge the chenille is that no other curtain of the same grade has been able to replace it, possessing the same rich appearance and reversiblequality, so that the looms are as busy as ever they were, and improved desigos are the order of the day. The range this season, therefore, is as varied as usual. In the less expensise grades the firm have their new Derby curtain now out. It is a special threcegard line, fringes, and is shown in several colors.

## NO RDVANCE YET.

Fitzgibbon, Schafheitlin \& Co., Montreal, when waited upon by our representative last week reported business, as evidenced by orders from travelers now on the road with laces, embroideries, curtains, etc., as very satisfactory, with indications of a den ded revival in fall trade conditions. Shipping of special lines in dry goods, woolens and kid gloves is in full swing, in the latter line a larger business than usual having been done.

A choice stock of French "Jammet" laced gloves in light, medium and dark tans and in blacks is now on hand; also cheaner grades of staples in laced and button styles, with spe cablies for autumn and the Christmas trade. As yet they yuote in. .dvance on recent prices.

## THEIR ADS.

Several Maritime Province dealers have sent us samples of their advertising lately. It is not alwass possible to notice these, but we appreciate the compliment always, and are glad to see what the retailers are doing. By the way, the Maritime l'mince dry goods men are improving very much in the style of their advertising. On the whole, they are ahead of the other prowinces containing towns of equal size.

The most pretentious circular we have seen is one issued by lames laton \& Co., Charlottetown. It contains twenty pages, Iroides the cover, and is full of bright matter and fair illestratwons. It seems to be however, like a yard of elastic stretched out to two yards. The whole thing could have been put in ten papes or less. If the circular is backed up by stirring and perwhent newspaper advertising, James Paton \& Co. should make money in ' 25 .

## A. 13. MITCHELL'S <br> Rubberine, Vulcanite and Waterproof Linen

Collars, Cuats, and 8hire Fronts, white and colors, Apecially ndapted for Traselers, Sportanten, and Mechanice for ale by all wholesale houce If gun cantrot prucure, write direct for el

omfe and Factory : 16 Sheppard St., Toronio, Dnt.

## CHARLES H. RICHES <br> SOLICITOR OF PATENTS

Canada Life Bldg., King St. West
Patents and Truale Marka procured in Camala and forcisy
countries llandbouk selating to latents free on application.
Toronto.

## Miller Bros. \& (0. Montreal . .-

## Manufacturora $\mid$ COLLARS Comet, Opara, Hanlad Tor tho Wboloanto Trato of Stabdard Iftnos of Fino dinon Facod Collars nnd Cuns <br> Onlv tho rory MOZART CUFFS <br>  aro unci In tho mnuufncture of thoso Goods



Montreal Fringe and Tassel Works

CORIS, 'TASEIFIS, IOMIDONS,

## Dress and Mantle Ornamento. <br> Hat .usel Cis) Ornatucuts



- hack am color
farticular attenibu given to special ondera accoupmanied (1) sumples
moUlton \& Co. Montreal



## "mrs urza Alowe THOMSON'S <br> ENOLIBH MADE,



Glovo.Fitting. Long Waintol. trade kank. consets

At Popular Prices:
The Pafaction of shapx, Fintich and Dravaltity. APPROVED by the wholo pollto world. TFELVE FIDBT MEDILS. sals oten oif: million palrs axnoally. A large stock of thesc COOD VAI.UF. Corsts always on hand at

JOIE MACDONAIII \& CO'S, TORONTO.
JOLIN MIACDONAID \&
HOMSON \& CO., LIMITED, LONDON.

.. First Shipment . .

Or New Stimpiow In

# ENGLISH AND AMERICAN STIFFS AND FEDORAS 

WE EXIPCT TO ARRI'F: ABOLT 15 TH Alliust.

SIIBLES THE HANESI
QEAI.ITY'MHE E3YST
MIRICES THE LOWEST
Lottor Ordorn oarorally attondod to.


## D. Magers Sons

ST. JOHN, N.B.


Hats, Furs Robes, and

Gloves
$\qquad$

## Winter Caps

THI:

tundrining and "Fowler"

Are two lines you cannot afford to do ivithout.

A Full Range of Everything in Our Line

# Greenc \& Sons Co . 

 MONTREALWHOLESALE MANUFAOTURERS OF FINE FUR GOODS, JAOKETS, OAPES, COATS, ETC.

# HATS <br> CAPS 

Importers of

## Gentlemen's Furnishings

LATEST STYLES.
LOWEST PRICES, LETTER ORDERS CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO.

# GREENE \& SONS CO. 

## Geo. A. Thorpe

 \& Co.
## DRY GOODS <br> WOOLENS, Etc.



Spectal value in
Worsteds Hosiery

Underwear
Suspenders Corsets, Etc.
Great Snap in Blankets. N B.--Send for a sample of our " SPECIAL" TWILL WORSTED

GEORCE A. THORPE \& CO. - TORONTO

## THE :- DRY :- GOODS :-- REVIEW

## foreign intelligenoe.

## THE LEEDS WOOIEN MAKKET.



HE Drapery World of August 3 says of the I eeds market: "Instructions for spring are coning to hand with much greater freedom, and the business of the past week has been upon an unusually large scale. Tweeds of cheviot make seem to be in best favor for futures, but the call for good and mediun class serges is still very great, and makers of these puods are kept very busy. Worsted manufacturers are well emplaned, but although prices in this branch are very firm, with every indication of advancement, they do not get appear to have increased in proportion to the prices of raw material. Spuners in this branch are very well engaged, and will continue to be so for some time ahead. Good repeats for winter cloths are constantly to hand, vicunas, meltons, serges and tweeds bemg about equally in request. Many mills in the district are working overtime, many running day and night. A few of the leading blanket houses who are engaged in the foreign trade are reported busier, but the home department is very dead, and the dulness complained of in the carpet trade for some weeks past still remains."

## THE SILK MARKETS.

The london silk market has a weaker tendency.
It Crefeld and \%urich the dead season is on and there is little doing. Manufacturers are full of contracts at advanced prices, however, and prospects are good. All silk fabrics for dress and trimming purposes are still in the lead. Mantle plushes and changeable velvets are active.

## BRADFORD DRYSS GOODS.

The Bradford correspondent of The Drapery World, speaking of the dress goods trade, says: "lirom the Continent renewed inquiries are to hand for mohair yarns suitable for dress goods. and the increased prices affixed to these indicate that the maunfacturers there mean to make determined efforts to capture at least some part of the bright goods trade which is at present sa exceedingly good. It is quite possible that some fairly satisfactory mohair goods may be woven on the Continent, but there are practically no spinning mills where the mohair yarns could be made, so the Bradford manufacturers will be greatly to blame if they allow themselves to be beaten in the manipulation of goods made from yarns produced at their own doors It is certain that the effort is being made, however, from the inguries which have recently been made in this market for operatives accustomed to bright goods to go abroad.
"The demand for bright dress goods here is certainly at least equal, if not increasing, in intensity, and inquiries for the best classes of goods, made from pure lustre wool, are following closely on the demand for pure mohair dress goods. The outery for plain goods is so great that there is little encouragement to trouble with the production of fancy goods of an claborate character, as of course the risk with the latter is far greater. It seems likely that in addition to dresses and jackets, mohair goods will also be largely in request next summer for dustcloaking purposes.
"The taste for chine effects seems to be developing, and
very considerable preparations are being made on these lines by some of the leading dress-goods makers here for next spring."

A correspondent of The Drapers' Record adds: "Crepons of a bright character are still selling well, and are being made very largely for the coming winter wear, but I think that amazons and clothy materials have been in rather less demand, and are being replaced to some extent by neat worsted coating styles in dress weights."

## SPANISH COTMON INDUSTRX.

In Spain more men are employed in the cotton industry than in any other, except agriculture. 'This fact is brought out in a report on the Spanish cotton industry recently made to the State Department at Washington by Consul Bowen, of Barcelona. It appears that in thread alone there are 3,000,000 spindles, $\$ 40,000,000$ of capital invested, and 34,866 workmen. In white woven cotton goods there are large exports from Barcelona. 'ren thousand workmen are employed in cotton thread lace manufactures near Barcelonn, and 38,000 are at work in other parts of Spain. In djed and printed cotton factories there are $10,63+$ looms and 32,000 workmen employed, producing $48,800,000$ metres of cloth. Cuba and l'uerto Rico received the most of this. The total number of spindles in Spain employed in cotton works is $2,614,500$, and the number of looms is 68,300 , with a total capital of $\$ 60,000,000$. Cotton thread workmen are paid by the piece, as are also the weavers. The average wages paid per week are as follows: Directors and superintendents, $\$ 12$ to $\$ 25$; major domos, $\$ 8$ to $\$ 10$; machinists, $\$ 4$ to $\$ 16$; firemen, $\$ 3$ to $\$ 6$; thread workers and weavers, $\$ 4.75$ to $\$ 6$; carpenters, $\$ 4.75$ to $\$ 6$; ordinary workmen, $\$ 3$ to $\$ 4$. 'The average workman's wages in Barcelona and vicinity are less than 700 . a day. The most of the cotton that comes to Spain is from the United States, and amounts to about $\$ 15,000,000$ each year. Considerable cotton, however, also comes from Egypt. While Spain is poor, the consul says, the province of Barcelona is rich.

## FIAX AND JUTE

A Dundee despatch of Aug. 3rd. says: "The markct opened yesterday after the holidays with a firm tone. Jute, indeed, is easier for forward sailing, but with a large crop in sight there is litte disposition yet on the part of the large buyers ap operate. For October firsts $£ 10{ }^{155}$. is named.
"Yarns are steady at is. $21 / 4 \mathrm{~d}$., say, for 8 lb . common cops, 15. $3^{1 / 2} \mathrm{~d}$. for warps, and is. $6 d$. for 8 lb . good yarn. In hessians a large trade has been again done for South America in fime goods, and the price is steady.
"Flax is quict, and tows are offering a shade easier, but still pounds out of proportion to flax prices. There is nothing of consequence doing. Flax yarns are quiet, but not lower, and there is again inquiry for tow wefts, but at prices spimers refuse to entertain. Hows, it would seem, must give way a litte more before business is possible.
" linens are in fair request. Fife, long so busy, is less active than Forfarshire. Belfast, with extmordinary push with new designs and fine finish, is running Fifeshire hard in the race for supremacy in fine linens. There is more dumg in canvas. Arbroath starts after the holidajs on full time.
"The fancy jute trade is brisk. The new designs again lead, and the best makers are well engaged. There is a good deal doing in twines, ropes, and cords. This branch of trade continues to extend."

## KYLE, CHEESBROUGH \& CO.

## The Lace Warehouse of Canada.

Dry Goods,
Trimmings,

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Silks, } \\
& \text { Braids, } \\
& \text { Curtains, }
\end{aligned}
$$ Silks,

_-_: Intokters or novelties in:-

Embroideries, Gloves, Hosiery, Muslins, and Dress Goods, etc., etc.

A fresh and attractive lot of Plain, Printed and Fancy Blouse Silks just received and put into stock. Our travelers are just starting out with a fuli line of Fall samples, which comprise the most complete selection we have ever shown. We hope to interest our many friends as usual.

We carry the celebrated fibre chamois in stock.

## Kyle, Cheesbrough \& Co. MOINTERAI.

## Peter Schneider's Sons \& Co.

185 \& 187 CANAL STREET
27 \& 29 VICTORIA SQUARE

## UPHOLSTERY AND DRAPERY G00DS

Special Designs in Chenille Curtains for Fall Trade. Saxony, Bengal and Nepaul Chenille Table Covers Cotton Derby Curtains

Cotton Derby Piece Goods


## A WINTER WINDOW.

Tr may seem strange that winter windows should be attracting Ittention while the demand for fans, hammocks, and icecremm sodas still keeps up. But this issue is devoted to fall and winter goods, and fall and winter window dressing is hence to lex considered at the same time.

The illustration on this page shows a window diessed by Chas. Morton, of E. R. Bollert \& Co., Guelph. It represents Cbristmas evening in the country. The picture does not bring out the ground-work well. The bottom is a snow scene made of batting and "flake." A mirror lies flat on the right-hand side of the picture representing an ice pond over which the children have thated The buckground is of evergreens, with "snow" puled up in moundsinand around them. The cabin is a perfect model of the early settlershouse, built of tamarack logs and covered with bark. Santa claus has brought his sleigh loaded, and is in the utoldescending the chim. nes with his load of presents. The top is made of sky cambric, with gold spangles as stars, and the moon's crescent, lit up with electric light above and through the cambric, makes the scene very realistic. Please note the snake fence. For one week this wene held crowds in front of the store, which the police found hard to "move on." The building of the house was repecially good and perfect.

## THE FALL CAMPABGN.

The term "originality," when applied to the work of a winduw dresser, should not merely indicate his skill in evolving a meritorious or particularly attractive display, for often that sort of originality tends to lead the decorator from the direct purprose for which his work is intended, namely, influencing the: sale of goods, and causes the loss of time and opportunity.

The dress goods buyer, the silk buyer, the advertisugg man,
all think ahead and make plans. Why not the window dresser? says The lory (ioods keconomist. His work is a very important factor in the season's business, and it is often the case that the windows suffer during the height of the busy season, because the trimmer is kept so busy at other duties that he has not sufficient time in formulate a correct plan of procedure. At this season of the year the window trimmer has probathy less to do than at any other time. Wouldn't it be a good idea to take half a dey once or twice a week and use it to work out idens for future reference, and put them on paper so as to have them hand) when wanted?

## FOR WINDOW TICKETS.

A quick glance at these shirt waists tells instantly why we are selling the most.

You nught compare this heap of white goods to a snow drift; it will melt away almost as fast, with the price jc. a yard.

Prettierpatcerned wash goods were never seen on this side the Atlantic.

No guess work when you buy black hosiery here for 25 cents a pair.

Good gloves are hard to find-it took us a long time to find these; $\$ 1.50$ the pair.

Have you ever noticed what good, srue loght we have to show goods in?

Forty-five cents a yard, 45 in . wide-
littl: to pay for good goods, isn't it ?
The correct laces for dainty lingerie-and the prices are very tempting.

Because these good prints are Ge. a yard is no reason why you should pass them.

This is "a bargain" in the true sense of the word.
Better buy half-a-dozen at this price-you won't get them soon again.

These are reduced; if we told you how much you would think we were exaggerating.-Economist.

## FRAMING WINDOW TICIEETS.

We have many times discassed the advantage of having neat window signs, and in connection therewith it might be well to sughest a light, plain frame, made of some hard wood, to hold

## BEEN MAKING HOMESPUNS 28 YEARS

 OXFORDFor Spring and Summer. Handsome, Cool, Durable Unexcelled for

## Tourists' and Business Suits

 eriow coers mell

OXFORD MFG. CO. - - OXFORD, N.S.

## Reliance Brand

Full fashioned Kibleod Mose, llain Hose, Gents' Half-hose in Mlack and (olors, Elastic ()ver-huse, Ladies' and Chulẻen's Mits. We are offenng sonve sood drives in
BOYS' RIBBED COTTON HOSE
To clean out Stock. Warranted Sitanless. Letrer Orders prompris atreaded 80.

## -. manufactured by -

the williams, hurlburt co. COLLINGWOOD.

## Matthews, Towers \& Co.

## $\underset{\text { WHOLESALE }}{+\dagger}$ <br> Men's Furnishings

73 ST. PETER STREET
WE WANT your trade

- Montreal, Que.


## ANADIAN OLORED OTTON MILLS CO.

Ginghams, Zephyrs, Flannelettes, Dress Goods, Skirtings, Oxfords, Cottonades, Awnings, JlckIngs, Etc., Etc. . . . .
—: MOW READY :-

See Samples in Wholesale Houses.
D. MORRICE, SOKS \& CO. ACEKTS
anostheni, and tohonto

## THE ：－DRY ：－GOODS－：－REVIEW

the digns．As the signs can be made of a uniform size，the fram can be made to fit without difficulty．These frames can In made with a glass and adjustable back，and will make the Hens look much neater and more attractive than other－ wh：We have seen frames，however，that，instead of making the ugns look any better，really made them look worse．

## BRIEF HINTS FOR BEGINNERS．

Br W．K．McCons．Oney Sown．

STORE：windows are a standing advertisement，and are to the store what the wrinkles are to a man＇s face－a very inn index to his character．
＊

1 she ralf：
NいいてVir．u
op ir．

One cannot move them nor hide them，nor stop people from looking into them ；therefore，to not keep them looking their very best all the jear round is to miss one＇s best advertisement．

is Hox
l＇i Act．

Window displays create wents，are seen and criticised by thousands who seldom read adver tisements，and educate persons who are not familiar whth the prevailing fashions；few ！adies care to expose their zanorance on dry goods subjects even to salesmen，and many of them get their timely tips on curremt modes and ma－ terials by studiously watehing the latest window displays．

Strive．
心
fictublva．

The best advertisement can but describe the article for sale and tell the price；the window display shows how it looks．

## ＊

Any clerk who has the ability to sell goods，to

Jar is thir
Wは， attractively display his wares so as to create or excite in his customer a desire for possession， cancertainly irain himself to drape，arrange，or finger－fix in a window the same naterials with as much catchiness．

Iet tersely．worded window tickets be placed on

CVRtMalart
जatmusN． the goods as lithe silent salesmen．If pointedly and pertinemely put，they have a dumb way of yraking that carries conviction－when they tell the truth．

The first and fundamental thing the bexinner has

4xAhy
frosis． to learn is to make the windows thonoughly clean inside and out．Make them shine：Cant le tes clean－the danger line is not on that side．

W．rix or


ATow
last graduates in the School of Experience find and thorougly applied，to the the easiest and －leanest way to remove dust and specks．Kub off with soft －inton mags and polish with tisutu paper．

The rindow ready，it should be your nim to so

Aix 11
s．x ridive． dress it as to arrest the attention of those who might go drifting past，some to your neighbors， and others to those lejond your ken．lina are after results．

To get best results you must have something to display your wares upon．

11rm
Auy person ordinarily handy with saw，plane， driver，hammer and mails，can make from packing cases，lath，and strips of lumber（and the greatest of these is hath），almosi any framework necessary for the most elaborate design．

Make plemy of $\Gamma$ stands，varying in height from 2 to + feet， by zo inches wide，for draping silks and dress goods．

Have openended boxes，te：a inches square，and one，two， three，four，five and six feet high．These can be dmped as they are，or with mill－cloth boards tacked across their tops．

Take clean，empty barrels，and mail the houps tightly to each stave．Now saw the hoops through on the two opposite sides， and divide the barrel into two semi－circular forms．
linese can be draped and stood dingonally，or with either the convex or concave sides to the glass．

With the dofferent arrangement of these stands that will suggest itself to the druper，almost any material can be artisti－ cally handled．

For side and back walls use 泊 round hardwood rods at－ tached to three rows of ladder chain with patent hooks，permit－ ting the rods to be raised or lowered as desired．

If heave twine ：s ever used，do make it perfectly tant，as a drooping line is very suggestive of a washing hung up to dry．

Advice，outside a lawyer＇s den or a doctor＇s
Vにない oltice，is a commodity seldom asked for or taken； therefore，we shall offer little．（ioods will fade，and the most artistic designs will fail to draw prople who are looking at them every day：therefore，change the windows once a week when at all possible．
rion Avoid copying from your rivals as you would the l．we pestilence；le original，think out your own de－
Wirs sigus－－the man that follows the procession is never a leader．

Fintic Pamtsem
A＊は
Mb．irks．
new design frame work．Then think it out in detail and prepare your can be used over arain with little alteration．and should be carefuily preserved in part of the cellar or a room kept for that purpose．

Carry a note book alwajs，take notes，or make a rough sketch of anything and everything that you think can in any way aid you in working out a
 Wrax Make a tower and dress with spools（in full Con lir boves）．Build a windmill，and trim with but－ 1rian． tuns，garns in packets，or gentemen＇s furnish． ings．Eirect a pramid．

Arrange in fan shape one dozen bromms，tie near the heads with large bows of ribbons，and run rays of brightcolored rib－ bons to the fioor．

Make a well，and dress with riblsons，over which suspend

## WE WANT your FALL ORDER

＂Al．asika Brand Imom quitem are the Uuilte that mell．
－AbAstia Itrand Down（undiuse wre all the sa


THIS IS ONE OF THEM．
IT CARRIES OUR TAG AND OUR GUARANTEE．



The＂ALASKA＂Feather and jewn Co．，Ltd． Hosd 0 moo＊－＝＝nctory．MONTKEN工

## Perrin＇s Gloves

## PERRIN FRERES \＆CIE．

## The Glove House of（anada

7 Victoria Square，MONTREAL． Fス（＂TORリ：

IRRANCHES：
GRENOBLE，FRANCE Paris，London，New York

Always on Hand， ＾

Fresh Stock


## WRITE FOR SAMPLES

We Carry the Largest Stock in Canada
Do not place your lyall order before jou have an opportunity of secing our samples．

## THE :- DRY :- GOODS :- REVIEW

tw" "old oaken bucket " on a rustic pole and crotch. 'Prim low: het with flowers.

Build tiny opera boxes all around the window, drape with sths and laces, and stand millinery in each box.

With three rough saplings make a triporl, from which susprid a basket of flowers hung up by festoons of lace.

With two buggy wheels and a round cylinder make a hose rell and trim with lace; use stockings for hose.

Make a fireplace and trim with handkerchiefs.
These examples are merely a finger-long list,
roms. used suggestively, and intended to start you thanking. Get started. The beginning is the hard part. The hard part of everything is the begming.

Avoid overcrowding as much as possible. Many

Nitt a Wins, Stcrav Derrand linin It. fine displays are oveidone by putting too much into them. Make the greatest possible display with each article, and see how litte you can use. Just bump
jour head against that last line again that you may get real well açuainted witi it. May it stick in your memory like burs.
*

Als IIIcat.
In dressing any window it should be your aimto sell goods. Ticket the leading lines, even if price goods are high priced-there's a higher aim than selling cutprice merchandise-everybody don't want that kind.

If dress goods, silks and similar materials are An Anvantagr. shown, always show the trinming with them, and match with buttons or other garniture.

Blend colors that accord well and form an agree-
Ting Tuntcitic. able combination. When two shades accord badly it is always advantageous to separate them by white.

Good color combinations are fawn with emerald greell, golden brown with eminence, mid brown with opera bluc, ye!low with indigo blue, pink with olive, buttercup with white, light fawn with dark brown, ctc.

Inovit
Don't put all the handsome soods in stock in

Ion't dress with evening shades or light colored materials wihout first papering the window floor.

Hon't tread on and soil expensive goods - they belong to your employer, and he expects you to handle them as if the; were your own.

Horit fade a web of goods and put it back into stock withont mentioning it. The "boss" is sure to find you out and place the fault where it belongs. His conclusions, too, you may find difficult to unhorse.

Horit parade yourself on the pavement before each window you druss with an "I did that" air.

He willing to learn. You may know lots of things,
 who obtain information whenever and wherever they can. (iet
up new idens, and never fail to jot down in your memorandum book any thought or object that can in any way assist you. Change your windows often, and by study, practice and some tedious work you are sure to succeed.

## the green grass av owld ireland.

The green grass av nwld Ireland, Whilst I be far away,
All fresh an' clean an' iewel-green, It's growin' there to day. Oh, it's cleaner, greener grown'All the grassy worrld around,
It's greener yet nor any gras:
'lhat grows on top o' ground.
The green grass av owld Ireland Indade, an' balm't 'u'd be
To eyes like mine that drip wid brine
As salty as the sea.
For still the more I'm stoppin' here, The more I'm sore to see
The glory av the green grass av owld Ireland.
Ten years ye've paid my airnin'sl've the l'avin's on the shelf,
Though I be here widout a gueen, An' own meself meself.
I'm comin' over steernge, But I'm goin' back firrst-class, P'atrolin' av the foremost deck For firrst sight av the grass.

God bless yez, free Ameriky, I love yez, dock and shore, 1 kem to jez in poverty 'That's worstin' me no more.
But most I'm lovin' lirin yet, Wid all her graves, d' ye see,
By reason av the green grass av owld Ireland. -Jan:es Whitcomb Riley, in Century.

## THEIR MARITIME AGENTS.

The Alaska Fenther and Down Co., Montreal, have appointed as their agents in the Maritime lrovinces the well-known firm of Afanchester, Robertson \& Allison, St. John, N. B., who will carry a full line of samples, and sell to the trade at factory prices The Alaska Fenther and Down Co. are now represented elsewhere in Canada by the following: Perry $\mathbb{\&}$ Co., loronto, who cover Ontario west of Kingston ; James W. Woods, Ottaw, who represents them in that city and the Oltawa Valley; J. M. Macdonald, Wimipeg, whose territory extends to the Pacific Const.

## A PRETTY LITTLE FOLDER.

One of the prettiest little folders to arrive is the one and nouncuing the dissolution of the firm of Mathews i Fraser, lort, Arhur, and the advent of J. I. Mathews \& (.o. It is neat and attractive

The announcement is made that "in future we will cater more for a Cash Exchange." Why not go the whole way, and cater entirely for a Cash Exechange ?

## Off Color

YES-you have some Dress Goods left over from your past scason's trade-perhaps some from several seasons.



Measure them carefully, atach the colors you wish, and we will re-lye then the best shade suited to your wants and the present colors. Black is always safe. Browns, Navys, and Garliêz are always safe. Our

FAST 3 ACR withstands perspiration, fruit stains, ctc. We will re-finish them equal to new, and save you carrying them over. It will reduce ysur stock and be much cheaper for you than jobbing out at Halt Price.

Henriettas, Serges, Estamenes, Mixtures, Debeiges, Crepons, Satin Cloths.
Anything in the Wool l)ress Coods way we are specially fitted up for.
Also

## Cloakings, Coatings, Trouserings

THE
Merchants Dyeing and Finishing Co.
Factory: Liberty Street. Nat fine sure TORONTO

## THE USE OF CAPITALS.

AIISCARDIN( of capitals is a new feature introduced into advertising which adds character and impressiveness. The first merchants who follow the models preselled here will reeve the greatest benefits from this new feature and gain reputation as bright advertisers.

Take the first advertisement shown here. No capitals are uned except on the first three words. Here they are necessary for emphasis. The body of the ad. is without capitals, except for one word which is emphasized, yot it is plain and striking.

## Planning <br> Preparing Placing

## ADVERTISING

is a science, a business of itself, in which the saving and making of money is the SOLE business in hand, as banking or any other individual business.

Then the second advertisement shows only one capital letter, yet the effect is to make a very prominent ad. Your printer will be startled, astonished, dumbfounded when you ask him for this effect, but

## Twenty advertisers

## spend

a million
a year
in advertising and by the use of right methods and mediums
they

## make

## several millions

## a year

through their advertising
if juu insist on having it he will produce it for you.
An ad. should make its chief pomt with just the right amount of emphasis, and run in its minor points smoothly,
clearly and distinctly. The best way to do this is usually to bring out one point in display, and run the balance of the ad., with the possible exception of the name and address, in clear, easy-reading type, suited to the size of the ad. and the space it occupics.

## GLOVES

are going to day at 25 cents and the original price was jo cents, while

## parasols umbrellas

for the ladies are reduced from $\$ 1.25$ to 89 cents and from $\$ 100$ to 67 cents, so that everybody may avail them selves of them. These are the

## reductions

for to-day, but we have many lines at regular prices which are excellent value.
Smith,Jones\&C0.

## ADVERTISEMENTS AND WINDOWS.

If few prominent houses are now adopting the policy of putting the windows under the immediate furisdiction of the advertising man, insomuch as he shall decide what departments shall have displays and the time and space to be allowed each show. This change makes the window dresser subordinate to the advertising department, but as the supervision includes only such functions as were formerly exercised by the manager or superintendent, the change is undoubtedly for the better.

In many stores where the window trimmer works independently of the advertising man, he might do well to take frequent counsel from the advertiser and make his work harmonize more closely with the printed announcements.

Window dressing and advertising are so closcly related that far better results can be obtained when one utilizes the assistance of the other than otherwise.

The window and store tickets should especially be in charge of the advertising man, as no one in the store is usually so well fitted to furnish the short, pithy phrases that make tickets valuable. We would advise all readers of this, mage whose work is partly or all window dressing to concall fredy and frequently the man who tells the story of the store in the newspapers.
-Economist.

## LAMSON



# CASH CARRIERS 

## MODERN MERCHANTS <br> Save time, money and labor by using the Lamson Company's Devices for Store Service. Cash, Parcel, Message and Pneumatic Carriers, adapted to all needs, sold or leased.

WE NAME A FEW OF OUR DEVICES:

Nonparell Cash and Parcel Carricr. Imperlal Cash and Parcel Carrler. Circie Scrvice Cash and Parcel Carricr. Reversible Wire Cash and Parcel Carricr. Spring Cash and Parcel Carricr. Level Wire Cash and Parcel Carrier. Spllt Wire Cash and Parcet Carricr. Pneamafic Cash Carrler. Ofnce Pneumatic Stock and Bond Careler.


Ball Cash Carricr. Electric Cable Cash Carricr. Power Cable Cash Carricr. Number One Spring Cash Carricr. Number Two Spring Cash Carrier. Double Wire Cash Carrler.
Silding Cash Carricr.
Level Hire Cash Carricr. Little Monarch Cash Carricr.

-     -         - 

ALL PROGRESSIVE
Dry goods dealers use Lamson devices, and thus attest their merits. They save time, labor and money.

## THE LAMSON CARRIERS

are protected by nearly five hundred patents, and the service to-day is the resultant of the best mechanical skill and thought of the age.

> SEND FOR OUR NEW CATALOGUE

## We Have Removed

To these large and commodious premises, situated on Victoria Square.

## Our Travelers

are now on the way with


# Samples for Fall and Winter, 1895 <br> Before Purchasing See Thea. It Whll Pay You. 



Manufacturers of Clothing

# S. Lemnard \& Sons HOSIERY and UNDERWEAR <br> II. atr [bate litecs antid side  <br> <br> " <br> <br> " Infants' Vests Infants' Vests <br> Math fivill fanest Lurnipan Varm Wholesale trade onls supplied. <br>  <br>  <br> <br> S. Lennard \& Sons - Dundas, Ont. 

 <br> <br> S. Lennard \& Sons - Dundas, Ont.}

## Wm. Parks \& Coy, Ltd. S'T. JOHN, N. B.



> Cotton Spinners,
> Bleachers, Dyers and Manufacturers


Grey Cottons, Sheetings, Drills and White Ducks, Ginghams, Shirtings. Tickings, Denims and Cotlonades, in Plann and Fancy Mixed Patterns. Cotton Yarns, Carpet Warps, Ball Knitting Cotions, Hosiery Yarns, Beam Warps, for Woolen Mills, and Yaras for Manufacturers' uso.

## THE ONLY "WATER TWIST" YARN MADE IN CANADA

MILI.S $\begin{aligned} & \text { INEW BRUNSWICK COTTON MILLS. } \\ & \text { (ST. JOHN CUTTON MILLS. }\end{aligned}$
ST. JOHN, N.B.

- धनल

FACSIMILE OF TAG GIVEN FOR
EACH GARMENT.
"ses ree.ne" dithectert. Giurr stanke arll anid.int is nlly urth whit efth. Altru bitis. Dien buesti, shaklly.

FACSIMILE OF TAG GIVEN FOR EACH GARMENT.


6


j

Rich Silk Seals, Rainproofed by Special Process.

