

42ND YEAR. NO. 17760.

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1906.—TEN PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

NEW PROPOSITION ON UNIVERSITY QUESTION MADE AT CITIZENS' MEETING BY BISHOP WILLIAMS

**Suggests Management Remain
Unchanged, City to Control
the Arts Training.**

**Civic University Strongly Ad-
vocated by a Number of
the Speakers.**

The meeting called by Mayor Judd to consider the matter of the taking over of the Western University as an undenominational institution, brought out a crowd of about two hundred prominent citizens in the city hall Saturday night.

A number of ladies were present, the attendance including ecclesiastical and lay representatives of nearly every denomination in the city, and this despite the fact that the weather was most unpropitious. Mayor Judd presided, and the greatest possible freedom was given the discussion.

The speakers included His Lordship the Bishop of Huron, Hon. Adam Beck, Rev. W. J. Clark, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church; Principal Merchant, of the Normal School; Rev. Dr. Ross, pastor of St. Andrew's Church; Mayor Judd, Dr. Moorhouse, Mr. Fred. W. Daly, Mr. T. H. Pardon, K. C., Mr. G. N. Weekes, Dr. John D. Wilson and others.

The result of the meeting was that a committee was appointed to deal with the important question, the following gentlemen being named, Mayor Judd, having power to add such names as he deems prudent:

Rev. Dr. Ross, pastor of St. Andrew's Church, Right Rev. Fergus Macdonald, Roman Catholic Bishop of London, Rev. Mr. Baker, Principal of Harding Hall, Mr. G. N. Weekes, barrister, Rev. Dr. S. Hamilton, pastor of the First Congregational Church, Dr. Merchant, principal of the London Normal School, Rev. J. W. Graham, pastor of the First Methodist Church, Mr. Fred. Daly and Mayor Judd.

Compromise Offered.

The most important event of the meeting was a new proposal made by Bishop Williams, that the city, if it is not prepared to wholly take over the university, might pay the salaries of two arts professors, the Church of England to pay all other expenses and to have the control of the institution, but the city to control the appointments of the professors, and also the examinations.

Before making this proposition, which he put forth in the nature of a compromise, the bishop stated plainly that if the city intends to take over the university, it will not be able to purchase or rent the university buildings and grounds, on a business basis, from Huron College.

In this connection there appears to be a difference of opinion amongst English churchmen as to whether the church is able or is able to run the university as it should be run. It may be said that the bishop is not one of those who leans to the latter belief.

Dr. Moorhouse said the Church of England is not strong enough numerically or financially to run the university properly, but the bishop disagreed with him.

Hon. Adam Beck addressed the meeting, but he did not commit the Government. He hinted at legislation which the Whitney Government is to introduce, and which will increase the revenue of the city of London so that the city will be in a financial position to make a grant of \$5,000 to the university. What this legislation is, Mr. Beck would not say.

Mayor Judd opened the meeting with a short address, explaining his interview with Bishop Williams, which had resulted in the meeting being called. Personally, or as mayor of the city, he said he hadn't as yet very much to say on the subject, and he called upon Bishop Williams to explain the position of the Church of England on the question. Speaking of the financial aspect of the matter, the mayor said the people would have to decide as to whether the city should aid the university or not.

The Bishop's Statement.

His Lordship Bishop Williams next addressed the gathering. He said that as bishop of the diocese he was naturally much concerned regarding the education of the men who were being prepared for the ministry, and this led him to investigate the workings of Huron College. The result was he had arrived at the conclusion that the work being done by the college was not all that it should be.

FLIM-FLAMMER GOT TWO YEARS COULD NOT "JOSH" MAGISTRATE

**Wm. Carleton Sent to Kingston
for Robbing Old Man of
His Life's Savings.**

William Carleton, the young farm hand who stole \$800 a week ago from William G. Marsh, an aged laborer, with whom he was working in Westminister Township, was this morning sentenced to two years in the Kingston Penitentiary by Magistrate Love. The spectators' box in the police court was crowded when the magistrate asked Carleton if he had anything to say why sentence should not be passed. The prisoner followed the same

Kaiser's Hint to France.

New York, Feb. 26. — A Berlin dispatch to the Herald says that the Kaiser, upon the occasion yesterday of the opening of the celebration of the 21st anniversary of his marriage, received among others the Regent of Brunswick, Prince Albrecht, who presented congratulations on the part of the army and navy. The Kaiser in reply said:

"My first and last care is for my fighting force on land and sea, and that of the Empress is for the alleviation of those who are the victims of poverty or illness."

"May God grant that war may not come, but, should the cloud descend, I am firmly convinced that the army will acquit itself as it did so nobly 35 years ago."

CLOSE WESTERN, SAYS MR. LOUDON

**Thinks All Energies Should Be
Devoted Towards Provin-
cial University.**

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Feb. 26. — Speaking on the London university problem today Prof. Loudon, of Toronto University, said: "We are always ready to affiliate with other colleges, whether outside or inside Toronto, but the best thing would be to close up Western University altogether and devote all energies to building up a provincial university. If London people really want to affiliate with Toronto they might retain the theological instruction in the college, and let the students take their arts course here, as is done in the case of Wycliffe College. Students could not very well take a part of the arts course here and part in London, although this is done in the case of Trinity and Victoria."

ANTI-INUNCTION LEAGUE

**Printers Launch a General Fight Upon
Restraining Writ.**

Chicago, Feb. 26. — Asking the co-operation of all the labor unions in the country, Typographical Union, No. 16, has launched an anti-injunction league, with the purpose of opening a general fight against the issuance of restraining court writs during times of strikes and other labor troubles. The Federation of Labor will be asked to promote the league, and, if possible, make it national in its scope. As a preliminary step, however, the printers authorized a committee of five to draw up a plan of action. It is probable that the movement will follow political lines. The league will start, it is expected, with a membership of 75,000 trade unionists in Chicago. It was declared by the printers that more than 50 per cent of the labor organizations in the country have been enjoined during strikes. These have a membership of close to a million men and women. Allied in action, it was said, a strong political force might be exerted against the issuance of labor injunctions.

The Second Levee.

London, Feb. 26. — King Edward's second levee at Buckingham Palace was held today. Immediately after the levee Viscount Hayashi presented the Japanese ambassador to the court of St. James.

On a Gold Basis.

Mexico City, Feb. 26. — The exchange and currency commission has received bids from both New York and London bankers for another million dollars' silver money in pursuance of the policy of exchanging silver for gold to expedite the work of placing the country on a gold basis.

Gold money is already entering into circulation. The general financial situation is remarkably good.

Instructions have been sent to the Philadelphia mint to ship here another million dollars in New Mexican gold coins.

Aged Citizen Passes.

Thorold, Feb. 25. — George Gray, a respected citizen, passed away here yesterday in the 84th year of his age. Mr. Gray was a native of Scotland and came to Thorold when a young man.

WHITNEY KNOWS NOTHING OF IT

**Up to Mr. Beck, He Says, to
Explain Statements Made
at Saturday's Meeting.**

[Special to The Advertiser.]

The correspondent of The Advertiser interviewed Premier Whitney at Toronto this morning, and was informed that he (the Premier) knew nothing of proposed legislation to be introduced which will materially increase the revenue of municipalities. Mr. Beck hinted at such a move by the Government at the meeting held in the city hall on Saturday night, and Mr. Whitney says it is up to Mr. Beck to explain.

TO EXPEDITE HEARINGS

**Railway Minister Urges Speed in
Quebec Southern Case.**

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Feb. 26. — In the supreme court this morning a motion was made on behalf of the Minister of Railways to expedite the hearing of the appeals in respect to the sale of the Quebec Southern Railway system. On the grounds of public policy and the possibility of the portion of the railways being tied up, should there be a failure on the part of the purchaser to secure the necessary legislation during the coming session of Parliament, the motion was opposed by the Rutland Railway Company and others. The court made an order for hearing of the appeals on 1st of March, Thursday next.

WILL FIGHT THE MOVE

**Property Owners Opposed to Closing
of Burwell Street.**

A property owner of Burwell street waited on City Engineer Graydon today and laid down the law in emphatic terms as to the attitude of the people interested if an attempt is made to close Burwell street for the Grand Trunk Railway.

"We will fight such a move at every turn," said the property-owner. "We intend to petition the council to keep the street open, and if this will not suffice, we will go further and resort to the law."

Mr. Graydon remarked that there is not much traffic on the street anyway. "There's more traffic on that street today than on Colborne or Maitland streets combined," the angry citizen retorted. "If you go down and spend a couple of hours there for a few days you will change your opinion as to whether it will make no difference to close the street."

It is understood that the property-owners interested intend to write the city council on the matter and also saw the mayor today and secured a promise from him that they would be given every opportunity of opposing the closing of the street if the proposition ever reaches the council.

Not Going to Liverpool.

Hamburg, Feb. 26. — The Hamburg-American Line declares that the reports to the effect that it contemplates making Liverpool a port of call are unfounded.

Alexander Will Live.

New York, Feb. 26. — The recovery of James W. Alexander, former president of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, who recently underwent two surgical operations, was announced today to be practically certain by his physicians. H. M. Alexander, his son, said that with proper care his father would be able to go out of doors in a month.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Steamer Reported at From.
La Touraine.....New York.....Have New York.....New York.....Southampton
Minnehaha.....New York.....London
Nordland.....Philadelphia.....Liverpool
Buenos Ayres.....Philadelphia.....Glasgow
Lake Champlain.....St. John.....Liverpool
Southwest.....Halifax.....Liverpool
Arabia.....Algiers.....New York
Castilian.....Liverpool.....Boston
Cymric.....Queenstown.....Boston
Brooklyn.....Genoa.....New York
Mount Temple.....St. John.....New York
Breslau.....New York.....Bremen
Philadelphia.....Southampton.....New York
Malta.....Malta.....New York
Lucania.....Liverpool.....New York
Roma.....Marseille.....New York



THE GERMAN KAISER.
Makes Speech Which Hints at Possi-
ble War with France.

SACRED WINE POISONED

**Archbishop of Venezuela Narrowly
Escapes a Dreadful Death.**

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Feb. 26. — According to advices received here from Caracas, President Castro is greatly unnerved as the result of an unsuccessful attempt by an unknown person to poison the most Rev. Dr. Juan Batista Castro, a rich bishop of Venezuela, by putting nitrate of silver in the communion wine on Sunday, Feb. 18, which caused a great sensation. The archbishop some time ago issued an encyclical rebuking the Venezuelan clergy for their immorality. The attempt on the archbishop's life is generally attributed to a priest.

To Go Home July 7.

Toronto, Feb. 26. — The Huron Old Boys met at the King Edward Satur-

day and decided to hold their annual excursion to the old county on July 7. The returns from the recent "At Home" were received and proved to be very satisfactory. Mr. W. O. McGargart, president, was in the chair.

The Insurance Inquiry

**The Commission to Consist of Judge,
Financial Man and a Business Man.**

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Ottawa, Feb. 26. — The commission to inquire into the life insurance business will consist of a judge or lawyer as chairman, a financial man and a business man. No one connected with an insurance company will be selected.

The superintendent of insurance has asked the companies to supply the names of every manager who is in receipt of a larger salary than \$2,000 a year, showing what he is paid and the services rendered.

No Strike, Is Latest

**John Mitchell Declares There Will Be
a Long Period of Peace.**

New York, Feb. 26. — John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers of America, today endorsed the opinion that there will be no general strike in the mining industry, on which was given out last night in Indianapolis by Vice-President T. L. Lewis, of the United Mine Workers. President Mitchell was shown the vice-president's statement, in which the latter said: "There will be no general strike in the mining industry, on April 1. Operators will restore the reduction accepted by the miners two years ago, and perhaps more, and an era of peace will be established for another period of years."

President Mitchell said: "I guess that that is right."

HASTEN RONCESVALLES LINE

**The York Loan Liquidator Will As-
sist Railway Company.**

Toronto, Feb. 26. — Mr. W. T. White, general manager of the National Trust Company, liquidators of the York County Loan and Savings Company, stated on Saturday that his company would facilitate the construction of a sewer on Roncesvalles avenue at once.

Mr. White also said that he had the direct assurance of the general manager of the railway company that if the present arrangement between the Toronto Railway Company and the city was effected, the extension on Roncesvalles avenue would be begun the day after the roadway was ready for the rails. The extension on Roncesvalles avenue, he said, meant hundreds of thousands of dollars to the York County Loan and Savings Company liquidation, and was of direct interest to only 18 children from the city, and (Continued on Page Eight.)

City Is Educating County

Children Free of Charge

Chairman Strong Finds Sixty-
Eight Deadheads in Three
Schools Alone.

In St. George's school, where all the talk for increased accommodation comes from, there are 23 children from the township, and none of these pay a cent to the city for tuition.

In the West London school there are 30 children from the township, but not one of them pays anything to the city.

As the annual fee charged outsiders is \$1 a month, or \$10 for the school year, it is seen that on these 58 pupils the city is losing annually \$580.

And the taxpayers of the city are putting up the money to educate these children whose parents live outside of London in order to avoid the city tax rate.

At the present time the city of London is paying \$550 a year for a teacher, \$100 a year for a janitor, and has over \$4,000 invested in the Richmond street school for the purpose of educating only 18 children from the city, and (Continued on Page Eight.)

New Move by Castro.

Willemstad, Island of Curacao, Feb. 26. — It is learned from official sources at Caracas, Venezuela, that President Castro's next move in the French question will be to call upon the United States to arbitrate the question of the amount of damage done by France in permitting the fitting out of the filibustering steamer Ban Righ at Fort-de-France, Island of Martinique, to prey upon Venezuelan commerce and transport troops during the Matos revolt. The United States claim against Great Britain in the case of the Alabama will be cited as a precedent.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow — Fair and Cold.

London, Monday, Feb. 26.
Sun rises, 7:59 a.m. Moon rises, 8:46 p.m.
Sun sets, 6:02 p.m. Moon sets, 3:31 a.m.

Toronto, Feb. 26-8 p.m.
Minimum and maximum temperatures:
Dawson, 18 below; 6 below; Athabasca, 20-44;
Victoria, 40-48; Vancouver, 35-48; Kam-
loops, 22-44; Calgary, 14-29; Edmonton,
6-18; Qu'Appelle, zero-12; Winnipeg, 15
below; Port Arthur, 2-36; Parry Sound,
28-44; Toronto, 24-41; Ottawa, 32-33;
Montreal, 34-49; Quebec, 23-36; Halifax,
23-32.

FORECASTS.

Monday, Feb. 26-8 a.m.
Today—Strong northwest winds; fair and cold.
Tuesday—Northerly winds; fair and cold.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Max. Weather.
Calgary.....12.....19.....Cloudy
Winnipeg.....10.....18.....Clear
Parry Sound.....8.....15.....Fair
Toronto.....22.....22.....Snow
Ottawa.....24.....24.....Snow
Montreal.....34.....36.....Cloudy
Quebec.....32.....36.....Cloudy
Fother Point.....36.....8.....Cloudy

The sign indicates below zero.
The weather is decidedly cold in Mani-
toba and the Northwest Provinces, 25°
below being reported this morning, and
15° below from Winnipeg. The tempera-
ture is falling in Ontario and snow is falling
in many parts of Eastern Ontario and
many parts of Eastern Ontario and
Quebec.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the
thermometer at the local observatory for
the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Saturday
were: Highest, 57°; lowest, 35°; above
Sunday: Highest, 43°; lowest, 23° above.

More Missionaries Killed and the Stations Razed

**Outbreak Against Foreigners in Nan Chang Province—
U. S. Gunboat Rushing to the Scene.**

Washington, Feb. 26. — Consul-General Rodgers, at Shanghai, cabled to the state department under today's date that the American mission stations at Nan Chang and Kienze have been destroyed. The probable cause is local. Telegrams received from those points state that the fourteen American missionaries at these places escaped, but the Kienze family, English, two adults and two children, are reported to have been killed. The American gunboat Elcano, at Nankin, has been ordered to proceed immediately to Kienze, where she will probably arrive by Wednesday. The scene of the trouble is about 400 miles up the Yangtze River.

A still later dispatch from Mr. Rodgers, received today at the state department, says that the inland British missions are reported to be safe.

A cablegram from Commander Fletcher, the senior officer of the Raleigh, at Shanghai, received at the navy department today, confirms substantially Consul-General Rodgers' report.

Rev. F. A. Steven and Mrs. Steven, of the China Inland Mission, Dundas street, were laborers in Central China for several years, and are naturally very much interested in the trend of events there. They were located in Nan Chang, capital of the Province of Kiang Si, and Mrs. Steven told The Advertiser today that there are one hundred missionaries scattered broadcast throughout the province. The latter is densely populated, and the fear is felt that if the uprising becomes general the missionaries will not stand much chance of reaching a place of safety. Mr. and Mrs. Steven are among the missionaries now in Kiang Si.

The experiments at the Soo Prove Successful.

NICKEL PIG ALSO PRODUCED

Electric Smelting Made Commercially Useful—Great Future for Canadian Mineral Industry.

Ottawa, Feb. 26. — Canada is on the eve of remarkable developments in the smelting of magnetic ores, the manufacture of steel and the production of nickel pig by the electric system. This is proved beyond all doubt by a telegram which Hon. Frank Oliver, minister of the Interior, received from Dr. Eugene Haanel, superintendent of mines. The telegram in question reads as follows: "Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Feb. 24.—To Hon. Frank Oliver, Ottawa: Successful demonstration of all points stated in my memorandum on electric smelting of Canadian iron ores requiring investigation. Output greater than figure adopted by Harbord in report of commission. Successful smelting of magnetite and desulphurization of pig. Successful substitution of charcoal, and therefore of peat for coke. Consumption of electrode insignificant. Production of nickel pig of fine quality from roasted pyrrhotite. Forty tons of pig have so far been produced. Process admits of immediate commercial application. Experiments will be completed in about two weeks. (Signed) Eugene Haanel, superintendent of mines."

The movement which has resulted in this complete success at Sault Ste. Marie began about three years ago, when Hon. Clifford Sifton sent a commission to Europe, headed by Dr. Haanel, to investigate the system of smelting iron ores and making steel by electricity. The system was found to be in successful operation at Gysinge, in Sweden, and at Livet and La Praz in France. Samples of the steel produced were submitted to Professor Harbord, a noted metallurgist, in England, and after being tested at Woolwich reported on favorably. The electric process was thus shown to be a sound and commercially viable one, but apparently the cost of manufacture was not brought down below that of production by the blast furnace. The ore employed in France was hematite, and it still remained to be seen whether the Canadian magnetite ores could be successfully treated, and at a lower cost than when coke was used. Dr. Haanel, of La Praz, France, the inventor of a system of electric smelting, thought he could demonstrate the commercial feasibility of smelting magnetite by electricity, and Dr. Haanel recommended that he be given a chance. Hon. Mr. Oliver approved the experiments, and it was decided that they should take place at Sault Ste. Marie, where the Algoma Steel Company offered a site and a supply of electricity free of charge for six months.

The Soo Experiments.

Last fall Dr. Heroult arrived in Canada and immediately went to work at Sault Ste. Marie. Electric furnaces of special design were constructed of electrical appliances of the finest kind obtained from the Westinghouse Company and from Sweden. The apparatus was a long time in coming, and all sorts of unexpected delays occurred. The greatest possible care had to be taken in installing and adjusting the electrical machinery, for nothing could be left to chance. The preliminary experiments took place in a small furnace, and resulted in the successful production of pig iron from hematite ore, and of nickel pig from nickeliferous pyrrhotite. A larger furnace, the fittings of which were invented by the scientists employed in the experiments, was afterwards erected. It is in this furnace that pig iron, steel and nickel pig have been produced on a large scale.

It is impossible to overstate the important consequences to Canada bound to follow from these successful experiments. With vast deposits of iron ore existing throughout Ontario and Quebec, and contiguous to them large water powers for the cheap production of electrical energy, it does not need much thinking to see that iron and steel industries free from the smoke nuisance will speedily be established. The successful production of nickel is also a wonderful achievement. In the Sudbury district the supply of ore is almost inexhaustible, and for the finished product there is an immense and ever-growing demand. Further particulars of the scientific triumphs at the Soo will be eagerly awaited, but enough has been learned to prove that Canada will be one of the greatest iron, steel and nickel producing countries in the world.

GOVT. TO LOOK INTO INSURANCE

Commission to Take Up Investigation and Present Act May Be Amended.

Ottawa, Feb. 26. — The Government have determined to appoint a commission to investigate the whole question of insurance in Canada. This announcement was made Friday evening by Hon. W. S. Fielding, who is still confined to his house owing to his recent accident. The gentlemen who are to act as commissioners have been chosen, but for the present the Minister of Finance withholds their names. It is expected that their appointment will be approved at the next meeting of the cabinet on Tuesday next, and that they will commence the investigation within a few days. The commission's report will be presented to Parliament during the coming session in sufficient time to enable any necessary changes in the insurance act to be made forthwith. It is not to be assumed that any irregularities exist in connection with Canadian life insurance, nevertheless in view of the unrest which naturally prevails as a result of the New York disclosures the public would like to be assured that the insurance system of the Dominion is sound, and that if there are any defects they will be promptly remedied by legislation.

Russ Assembly Meets May 10.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 26. — An Imperial ukase was issued today, announcing that the national assembly will meet May 10.

MILLION DOLLAR FIRE AT MONCTON

Moncton, N. B., Feb. 26. — The destruction of railway property valued at not less than \$1,000,000, and the loss of one life, are the results of a conflagration at the Intercolonial Railway carshops Saturday evening. Practically half of the plant has been wiped out. It has been established that the dead man is Abraham Jones, a painter in the employ of the shops. In an effort to carry from the burning paint shop,

certain personal effects he was over-

come by smoke and flame. His charred body was discovered this morning lying in the street, and a few coins found among the ashes. When the fire was at its height it was thought the entire works were doomed. J. T. Hawke sent a telegram describing the situation to Hon. H. B. Emmerson, minister of

railways and canals.

(Continued from Page One.)

"The next thing I would like to point out is this: If the city of London should take over the university and make it undenominational, and a popular secular institution, it would have to provide all the accommodation; it would have to provide all the running expenses of the university, buildings, grounds, etc., because all the buildings and grounds belong to

Finds Grape Nut Food Invaluable in His Practice.

"I have found Grape-Nuts an excellent food for patients convalescing from exhausting fevers, as typhoid and pneumonia, and always recommend its use by such. It is admirably suited to these cases, not only because it is easily digested, but because of the great amount of nourishment it contains. Its use rapidly restores vitality and strength." Name given by Postum Copany, Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

"Question," interrupted the bishop, who did not agree with the doctor, on

Dr. Merchant then discussed the question of standing. This is a matter which faces all who have the good of the institute at heart. There is only one way of getting a freshmen's class the next year sufficient to keep up the diversity, and that is to give students standing equal to that of any other class here. This is not all.

Mr. Beek said he was inclined to agree with Dr. Ross, who had agreed with Mr. Daly, that Toronto University behind the times, and he said it is the policy of the government to

F. T. H. Purdom, K. C.
Mr. Purdom spoke strongly in favor of the Western University, of the advantages of higher education. He said the fact that the Medical College has been so firmly established in London is the best proof that the city of London is a municipal institution can establish and maintain a university of this nature. He was very anxious that

Mr. G. N. Weekes.

City Should Assist.

Mr. D. M. Fraser said it was time get down to something more practical. All are agreed the Western University is worthy of support. He thought the city should assist the university. As regards the city maintaining the institution, he said he felt this was impossible. Perhaps the city will do something—perhaps the Government will. But, first, the citizens will have to go down in their pockets and

See Tomorrow's Paper for Announcement of Another Silk Sale.

Nearing the February Cotton

SMALLMAN & ING

2
(See W
8-quart Dishpan

...at as were never made before."

St. Mary's Reply.

In reply to the bishop, Mayor Judd said that the matter of the compromise and by his lordship was one which, on other matters, would be considered and he was committed to the city council. As far as the city council is concerned, he thought the aldermen is a whole would not be averse to all it can do for the university, but he would only say that the city council for a year, the question of a year to the university would have to be to the people for their approval. He thought the aldermen would

Many more kinds will be found with these on a special table near the Lace Section. Hurry.

RAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155
Dundas Street

5c Day on Wednesday
(now) Every Article on Tables at 25c
vs. regular 50c Wednesday price

INSURES
PURE FOOD
NEW GULF COMPANY

PURE FOOD.

Transient Condensed Advertisements—No Advertisement Less Than Ten Cents.

MEETINGS.—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion. **ARTICLES FOR SALE.**—To LET. **HELP WANTED.** **SITUATIONS WANTED.** **BOARD AND LODGINGS.** **LOST AND FOUND.** **ROOMS TO LET.** **REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.** **First** insertion, one cent a word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisements less than ten words.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS.

DEATHS.
SIFTON.—On Feb. 24, 1906, at the family residence, Woodstock, Charles Sifton, in his 34th year, second son of Charles W. Sifton.
 Funeral from Ferguson's undertaking parlors, on Tuesday, Feb. 27, at 2 p.m. Departure for Woodland Cemetery.
BRUNNITT.—At Toronto, Feb. 24, 1906, Matilda Brunnitt, aged 77 years, widow of the late Reuben Brunnitt, of London, Ont.
 Funeral from Ferguson's undertaking parlors on Tuesday afternoon; services at 3 o'clock; funeral at 3:30, to Woodland Cemetery.
SHARP.—On Feb. 20, 1906, of typhoid fever, at St. Vincent Hospital, Portland, Ore. U. S. A., John A. Sharp, son of Archibald Sharp, 230 Central avenue.
 Funeral private, Tuesday, Feb. 27, services at 2:30 p.m., from the family residence, 330 Central avenue, 63c.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

BENNETT'S
 JUST LAUGH. THAT'S ALL.
 A clean-cut comedy bill this week.

Masons of London District

can secure tickets for Kilwinning's semi-centennial concert and ball, Thursday, March 1, from members of the lodge. Blue Lodge regalia will be worn. 60c.

Panama's Squandered Millions

The great entertainment of the season. Original moving pictures, tells the fiction.

DR. E. B. McDOWELL

Traveller, Correspondent.
AUDITORIUM, THURSDAY EVENING.
 Y. M. C. A. Course. Phone 60. Reserved seat plan open Tuesday.

WESTMINSTER RINK—CAPTAIN BAND

tonight. Ice in perfect condition.

PRINCESS—OPEN TONIGHT

Bad Tuesday. Skating first-class. 5c.

DATE CHANGED—ADVANCED CLASS

meets Thursday, March 1, instead of Wednesday, Feb. 28. All other classes postponed for week. Dayton & McCormick.

PAARDEBURG TEA, UNDER THE

auspices of the Daughters of the Empire, in Y. M. C. A. parlors, Tuesday, Feb. 27, from 7 to 9 o'clock. Patriotic addresses and songs. Mrs. Nordheimer, head of the order, Toronto, will be present. Silver collection.

ILLUSTRATED LECTURE ON "TRAVELLERS ABROAD"

by Rev. J. J. Ross, in the Tait Theatre Church, Tuesday evening, Feb. 27, 8 o'clock. Admission, 10 cents.

CONCERT UNDER THE AUSPICES

of the Guild—Presentation of medals and prizes by Bishop to teachers and scholars of Sunday School. Cronyn Hall, 9 p.m., Monday next. Silver collection towards purchase of piano.

EXCURSIONS

to the Old Country. Read Clarke's ad. Allan Lillie, below.

CERTAIN SHIPS WILL SAIL SATURDAY

at second cabin rates to England. Call on F. H. Clarke, Richmond street, next new Bank of Commerce.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING

by R. B. Miller, Waite, two-step. Lessons any hour. Residence and academy, 245 Princess avenue.

LONDON MINERAL BATHS—NEW

baths now open. Everything new.

625 PUPILS ATTENDED LONDON CONSERVATORY

of Music last year. Mr. Harrison, 1000 College street, gives report.

CHOICEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR

private parties, balls, banquets, etc. Telephone 1356. Tony Villa's Italian Harpers, 125 Queen's avenue.

TONY CORTESI—THE ORIGINAL

London Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple street. Telephone 1520.

MEETINGS.

REVIVAL MEETING AT THE CHRISTIAN WORKERS. King street, tonight. Come.

AN EMERGENT COMMUNICATION

of St. John's Lodge No. 29 will be held on Tuesday evening, 27th, at 8 o'clock. Degrees conferred. Visiting brethren cordially invited. M. D. Eason, secretary, 230 Central avenue.

BOARD OF TRADE—A SPECIAL

general meeting of the board will be held in board rooms, Richmond street, on Tuesday, 27th inst., at 8 o'clock p.m., for general business. Professor J. C. McLennan, of Toronto University, will deliver a lecture on the metric system of weights and measures. Arthur W. White, president; J. A. Nelles, secretary.

BROKERS.

WANTED—NORTHERN LIFE ASSURANCE stock. John Wright, 437 Richmond street, London, Phone 63.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 59 Dundas street.

HELP WANTED.

FIVE MEN FOR WORK ON FARM: also four cooks and five general servants. Apply 269 Dundas street.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON MAY

earn a good income corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; for particulars, write to Northern Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COBALT SYNDICATE NOW BEING formed to develop claim situated two miles from Cobalt, adjoining gold mine and limestones. Unit. Make one of twelve at \$250 each, and have the assurance that every dollar is spent on work. For full particulars address J. A. Gormay, 26 King street east, Toronto. 60c-25w.

EDUCATION.

WYNNEFRED LOGAN, F.T.C.M.—TEACH- ER reading, dramatic, literature, vocal culture. Late London, England, 252 Central avenue. 25w.

SLATE ROOFING, ASPHALT, CEMENT

work for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 254 York street, London.

MALE HELP WANTED.

SMART BOY WANTED FOR SORTING department. Apply Parisian Steam Laundry.

WANTED—MARRIED MAN

for stock farm; house furnished; also a good teamster. Apply Western Oil Company.

WANTED—RELIABLE YOUNG MAN

for butcher business; must come recommended. Wm. A. Brown, Belmont, Ont.

CAN WE SEND YOU OUR HAND-

SOMELY illustrated new telegraph book, showing how you can become a competent telegrapher and qualify for a position at from forty-five to sixty dollars per month? A postal, giving name and address, brings it to E. W. Somers, principal, Dominion School of Telegraphy and Railroading, Toronto.

SALESMEN WANTED FOR AUTO-

SPRAY, best compressed air hand sprayer made; liberal terms; sample machine free to approved agents. Canada Export, Galt, Ont. 491-1585.

TRAVELERS WANTED. APPLY 335-337

Church street, London.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

MILLINERY APPRENTICE WANTED at once. Apply Mrs. A. G. McLeod.

A GOOD MAID FOR GENERAL HOUSE-

WORK. Apply between 4 and 6 to Mrs. Morrison, 238 Hyman street. 60c-25w.

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at the Protestant Orphans' Home.

WANTED—CAP. TRIMMERS. F. C.

Fraser & Co., 96 Carling street. 60c.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED DRESS-

MAKERS. L. & G. Logan, 169 Dundas street.

WANTED—LADY CLERK FOR RE-

TAIL business; must be experienced. Apply by letter, X. Y. Z., this office. 60c.

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Fraser & Co., 96 Carling street. 60c.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SER-

VANT; family of four. Apply Mrs. B. A. Mitchell, 304 King street. 60c.

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MAKERS wanted. Smallman & Ingram.

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Department. Apply Darch & Hunter Seed Company, Limited, 119 Dundas street, city.

LAUNDRESSES WANTED. APPLY AT

once, Victoria Hospital.

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ERAL HOUSEWORK. Apply Mrs. Frank Love, 562 Wellington street. 61c.

WANTED.

RESPECTABLE LADY WISHES SITU- ation as housekeeper; country preferred. Box 2, Advertiser.

WANTED BY YOUNG MAN—FURNISH-

ED room in good locality, with or without board; modern conveniences. Box 1, Advertiser.

WANTED TO RENT—FROM TEN TO

fifty acres of land, with buildings, not too far from city. Address Box 5, Advertiser office.

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PEOPLE'S MOVING VANS—LARGEST in city. A. Henderson, 100 Colborne and Chesapeake. Phone 174.

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Vans—W. Broughton, 240 Central avenue. Phone 1444.

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VANS

Furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, 240 Central avenue. Phone 1444.

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LANGLEY, MY VALET—CLEANING, repairs, repinning, etc. 238 Dundas street. Phone 1721. Wacon calls.

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LOST ON FRIDAY, FEB. 16, BETWEEN London and Paris, a valise containing a watch, dark woolen baggy rug. Finder please return to W. J. Kennedy, 60c-25w.

LOST—GOLD LOCKET, WITH CHAIN.

Return to owner for reward. 60c.

LOST—GOLD MEDAL, CENTER, L. C. I.

championship, 1903. Reward at this office.

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DR. R. OVENS, EYE AND EAR SUR- GEON—Phone 1019. Office, 238 Queen's avenue. Residence, 171 Queen's avenue.

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DR. ERNEST WILLIAMS, 288 DUNDAS street. Hours, 11 to 4, 8 to 12. Phone 1342.

DR. J. B. CAMPBELL, 80 DUNDAS street. Hours 12 to 4 and 6 to 8.

DRS. Y. COWEN AND HENRY M. COWEN 288, Broadly street. Telephone 1323. We give to other city office.

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DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND residence, 330 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to surgery and diseases of women. Office hours, 11:30 to 4 p.m.

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FOR SALE—NEW MILCH COW. AP-

PLY to D. Ferguson, lot 25, con. 2, Westminster.

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what we have. F. S. Orr, Fish Market. Phone 1230.

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FOR SALE—AMERICAN CORN, \$17

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wood dealers. Wood cut speciality. Try Road E. Wood, 800 Adelaide and Bathurst. Phone 1312.

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baseburners, at Keene's, 141 King. Large stock second-hand furniture on hand.

JUST RECEIVED—THOUSANDS OF

new premium pictures for Bee Hive Soap wrappers at the premium room, South street. The London Soap Company.

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promotes growth of hair. Guaranteed. Price, 1c. James T. Gleason, 205 Dundas.

ONE BEAUTIFUL ROSEWOOD PIANO,

7 octaves, in first-class condition, thoroughly renovated inside and out, and we will guarantee it for five years. Price \$100, payable \$3 per month. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence.

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CHINES—New machines, 15 up. J. H. Cunningham, Dundas street, East London.

RAYMOND BROS., 172 KING, FOR

coal bags, waterproof covers for horses and wagons.

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THE RAYMOND—GUARANTEED FOR

ten years. Second-hand machines. 217 Dundas street. Phone 109.

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London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1863.

TWO EDITIONS DAILY WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.Business Office107
Editorial Department134
Job Department175
The London Advertiser Company,
Limited, 121-123 Dundas street, Lon-
don, Ont.

LONDON, MONDAY, FEB. 26.

The University Question.

A committee of citizens has now been nominated to negotiate with the university senate, Mayor Judd, the president, having power to add to the number. The committee is by no means complete or perfect as yet, and no doubt the mayor will make it thoroughly representative of all classes.

There was one clear note in common to the many diverse speeches at Saturday night's meeting. It was clearly recognized that the aim of the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, of the late President Harper and other eminent public men, to "bring the university to the doors of the people," is the ideal policy. Hon. Adam Beck hinted the probability that London would soon be put in the way of a new revenue, part of which would be devoted to a civic university. He said that \$10,000 a year could thus be given without any added taxation to the ratepayers. This pleased the meeting, and there was general accord that at least something should be done for the university, that several months should be devoted to "educating the people," as Chamberlain would say, that a vote of the people should be taken at the end of the year, if possible.

This being the feeling of the meeting, the committee to confer with the senate should contain few croakers or none.

The committee should seek not only fair terms, but endeavor to gain a large extension of time. One year is not long for the senate to wait, while the city informs itself and makes up its mind. The present university is said to have funds sufficient with the fees to run it for a year or two. Why should the senate or the synod be in such a hurry to secure diocesan and synodal control? Perhaps the bishop's compromise offer might be accepted by the committee for this year, provided, however, nothing be done in the meantime to transfer the university management from the senate to the synod.

The committee may find it also worth considering that the senate is not necessarily united in its views of the future. Perhaps the terms suggested on Saturday night by the bishop are not exactly what other senators, e. g., Vice-Chancellor Moorhouse, might propose or accept. A counter proposal might better hit the ideas of some senators. For example, why should a civic institution give free tuition to students of Huron College? The committee will, of course, investigate all the facts and conditions of which the bishop disclosed a certain part.

Popular Control of Municipal Thoroughfares.

Mr. Langlois, a progressive member of the Quebec Legislature, has a bill before that body intended to provide that municipalities shall have complete control over the streets, roads, and public places in the midst of them. There is no reason why this very salutary legislation should not pass in Quebec, and be generally imitated in every Province of the Dominion. The municipal authorities cannot take a too tight grip of their thoroughfares, and keep them intact for the benefit of the public.

There is just one other proviso that ought to be insisted on. It would never do to let one municipality act like a dog in a manger with regard to other civic corporations, and the Montreal City Council, at its last meeting passed a resolution in favor of the bill being amended so as to govern a situation which, if not provided against, might result in serious inconvenience to many municipalities. Instances have arisen in which towns have been deprived of the right to obtain electric power, because adjoining towns refused to let them string their wires over their territory. The promoter of the bill will doubtless agree to so reasonable an amendment.

Is our legislation in Ontario so that can be desired in these respects?

The Algerias Conference.

The proceedings of the Algerias conference have been shrouded with more than the usual secrecy which has attended great international conventions of the same character in the past, but there is no mystery in the present case, as the issues have long been public property. The central point of the dispute between France and Germany is that of the police control of Morocco. The Sultan's authority has been unequal to the task of preserving law and order, and France has been compelled to interfere for

the protection of her contiguous colony of Algeria from the depredations of Moroccan bandits. The French have already established a frontier police force on account of these irruptions, and are undoubtedly in a more advantageous position than any other power to effect reforms in the Sultan's dominions. France's paramountcy in Morocco has been conceded by Great Britain unreservedly, but the German Government, while disposed to admit this special interest in a restricted sense, takes the ground that French police control virtually means a French protectorate over Morocco. Germany demands some form of international control, and to this France has so far refused her consent. The Kaiser, in his ostentatious speech at Tangiers, which was a direct challenge of the Anglo-French agreement, declared that Germany would uphold the integrity of Morocco, and it is upon this declaration that his Government takes its stand. France disclaims any design upon Moroccan independence, and enters a plea of self-defense.

If the conference proves fruitless, as it probably will, the situation will revert to the status quo, France will be obliged to maintain her frontier police force and the Sultan will be under no compulsion to improve his administration. The worst result will be a further estrangement between France and Germany, introducing a new source of friction in the relations of the powers of Europe.

The London Saturday Review accuses Sir Wilfrid Laurier of uttering "jingo rant," and yet the Canadian jingoes are always ranting at Sir Wilfrid.

Hon. Sydney Fisher's proposal to send \$25,000 worth of flour to the famine-stricken districts of Japan does credit to his heart and head and will be approved by the Canadian people. It will be casting bread upon the waters in the scriptural sense.

The third rail system will be adopted by a number of railroads in the United States to compete with inter-urban electric railways. It will not be long before every important steam railroad in the United States and Canada will be operating motor cars for local passenger traffic.

A farmers' society in the United States purposes organizing a strike of wheat growers to keep the price of wheat not lower than \$1 a bushel. The farmers are about the only class of producers who can't have the prices of their products raised by means of the tariff. If they try to devise some other means, who shall condemn them?

The result of the election in Maisonneuve, Que., is causing some speculation. Maisonneuve is almost a workshop, and the majority of the workmen preferred one of themselves to an employer of labor. The labor candidate declared he was not an opponent of the Government, and that he would recognize no party ties. It is impossible to say whether the result is significant of any widespread political movement or sentiment among the working classes as in England. Only a general election will reveal that.

Hon. Mr. Hyman has proposed that a committee of expert engineers report on the question of the development of Niagara power in relation to the preservation of the scenic beauty of the Falls. The Falls have not yet been impaired as a spectacle, and there is no danger of any further charters being granted power companies on either side of the line. A report, such as Mr. Hyman proposes, would be the groundwork of negotiations between the two countries and enable them to approach the problem more intelligently.

It Pays to Smile.

[South Bend Tribune.]
The next time you look in the glass remember that the world is but a mirror. Remember that if you face the world with a smile it will smile back at you as does the reflection in the glass.

Contingency.

[Illustrated Bits.]
"Do you really think kissing is unhealthy?"
"It depends on whether the girl's father catches you."

Lear and Others.

[New York Sun.]
Lear was making his remarks on the sharpness of a serpent's tooth.
"That's nothing," replied a modern parent, "just wait till you have paid \$3.00 on your daughter's voice to hear her sing 'Everybody Works but Father.'"
Here with the king perceived that things really might be worse.

Reassuring.

[Punch.]
Nervous Player (deprecatingly playing card): "I really don't know what to play. I'm afraid I've made a fool of myself."
Partner (reassuringly): "That's all right. I don't see what else you could have done!"

His Specialty.

[Philadelphia Press.]
Dr. Younger: "You're a little bit under weight. You don't eat enough."
Mr. Misset: "Nonsense! If I were to eat more I'd have dyspepsia."
Dr. Younger: "I know that, but that's my specialty, you know."

Ice as a Cigar Lighter.

[Minneapolis Lighter.]
The skater's matches were all gone, but nevertheless he smiled.
"I'll light my cigar with a piece of ice," he said.
"A piece of ice? Rubbish!"
But, still smiling, the young man carved a fragment of ice into a rude lens, and held beneath the lens his cigar. The rays

of the sun concentrated on the cigar in a round, bright spot of gold. Soon this spot began to smoke. Another moment and the cigar was lighted.
"An ice lens," said the skater, puffing up, "concentrates the heat of the sun almost as well as a glass lens. I have seen a giant ice lens make water boil, ice boiling water—almost impossible, eh?"

The Journalist's Level.

[New York Globe.]
No doubt there are bad journalists as there are bad grocers, and doctors, and ministers; but we fancy that, taking business as a whole, the newspaper fraternity in the matter of common honesty, goodness of purpose, intelligence, and high ideals will measure up well as the individuals of any other profession.

Room for Doubt.

[Philadelphia Bulletin.]
"Our cashier seems to be a frugal chap."
"How so?"
"Always brings his lunch with him and eats it at his desk."
"Huh! That may be frugality and it may be fear of leaving his books. Better have him investigated at once."

One of Her Rights.

[Cleveland Plaindealer.]
"And do you claim that woman has the right to bear arms?" he demanded.
"I will admit that he somewhat alarmed me. Nevertheless, I yielded the point grudgingly."
"At least," I said, "she has the right to wear elbow sleeves."

Nothing There.

[Detroit Free Press.]
"There seems to be a hollow sound when I knock here," said the fallen magnate, pointing to his head. "What is that?"
"That," explained the phenologist, "is the place originally intended for your conscience."

He Has a Difficulty.

[Chicago News.]
I like the comfortable life—
Above all things to take my ease;
But then, you see, I have a wife,
Whom it is my desire to please.
And pleasing her, I grieve to say,
My hopes of sweet content take wing,
Because it isn't quite the thing.

I like to elevate my feet
Upon a table or a chair;
In times of quite excessive heat
I coat I always hate to wear.
Some pie-crust really needs a knife,
And to old habit still I cling.
That doesn't go to my whole wife,
Because it isn't quite the thing.
I may not breakfast till I dress,
My pipe indoors I may not smoke—
To which, however, I confess,
She hasn't got me wholly broke.
Whatever I may do, I find
Some rule of etiquette she'll spring,
And language can't relieve my mind,
Because it isn't quite the thing.

Economical.

[New York Sun.]
Dentist: "Will you take gas?"
Uncle Hayrick: "Not much, young man; I'll wait till it's down to 30 cents."

Recognized the Spirit.

[Washington Star.]
"Do you think that spiritualistic medium was really controlled by the eminent financier you wished to consult?"
"Yes, I recognized his methods. She insisted on getting the money first and making me take all the chances."

Animalistic.

[Chicago Journal.]
"Ah, your language! Eet ees so different!"
"What's the matter, count?"
"First, zis novel eet say zee man was unhorsed."
"Yes."
"Zen it say he was cowed."

Gladstone's Boyhood Poem.

[London Mail.]
The famous William Ewart Gladstone is said to have written, when a boy, this poem, entitled "An Ode to the Shade of Wat Tyler":

Shade of him whose vallant tongue
On high the song of freedom sung;
Shade of him whose sublime soul
Would pay no tax on life and fling,
Though swift as lightning, civil sword
Descended on thy fated head,
The blood of England's bravest poured
And numbered Tyler with the dead,
Still may thy spirit flap its wings
At midnight o'er the couch of kings,
And peer and priest will tremble, too,
In dread of mighty interview.
With patriot gesture of command,
With eyes that like thy forged gleam,
Let Tyler's voice and Tyler's hand
Be heard and seen in nightly dream.

Novel Effect.

[New York Sun.]
Knicker—So Jones has a new idea for opera?
Bocker—Yes; his notion is to have the house sing and the stage talk.

No Family Skeleton.

[Chicago Tribune.]
Poor little Boni,
Who's matrimony
Made such a tremendous pow-wow!
He has lived so fast
The pace couldn't be kept—
He's just about boned out now.

A "Gold Brick" of Old Time.

[London Post.]
In one of the Tel-el-Amarna letters, written during the eighteenth dynasty, the King of Babylon begged the monarch of Egypt of sending him a mass of base metal for gold. He says: "The twenty minas of gold you send me last—when melted down, only five minas of pure gold."

Hindu Woman's Sad Lot.

[Chicago Journal.]
The Hindu holy books forbid a woman to see dancing, hear music, wear jewelry, blacken her eyebrows, eat dainty food, sit at a window or view herself in a mirror during the absence of her husband. It allows him to divorce her if she has no sons, injures his property, scold him, quarrels with another woman, or presumes to eat before he has finished his meal.

Revival.

[Milwaukee Sentinel.]
"I see that another old song has become popular again."
"What is it?"
"My Boni lies over the ocean."

Cold Comfort.

[Chicago Tribune.]
The horrified and indignant wife ran upstairs and woke her husband.
"John," she exclaimed, "that new girl of our went away in the night and took every decent dress I had! She has left me without a thing to wear!"
"Yeah! O' yeah!" yawned the sleepy husband. "Isn't that the way you're always been, Maria?"

Had Not Observed It.

[Chicago Tribune.]
Mr. Upjohn (at a banquet): "The colonel is a good after-dinner speaker, but did you notice how queerly he mixed his metaphors?"
Mr. Struckoyle: "Why—er—no; he's been talking 'em straight, I think, so far."

PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SLANDER.

[Toronto Star.]

Puck has a joke in which there is quite much truth and wisdom as humor. There is a scandal in the town, but it has been carefully kept out of the papers. Nobody knows a word about it except the Embroidery Club, the Missionary Sewing Circle, the Daughters of Rebekah, the Art Club, the Y. M. C. A., the Social Science Federation, the Shakespearean Coterie, the W. C. T. U., the Knights and Ladies of the Kiosk, the Royal Neighbors, the Rannakaboo Club and the claim paddler. "The Weekly Plaindealer" don't dare to print it, and of course the injured hasn't caught on—so, as you might say, the secret is as inviolate, or whatever the word is, as the grave."

A tremendous clamor is made about the mischief done by newspapers in defaming character, and it is right that that sort of journalism should be discouraged. But the yellowest of yellow newspapers is clean and fair as compared with the private slanderer or even the thoughtless gossip-monger. If a man is attacked in a newspaper he has an opportunity to defend himself, and if the matter is libelous he has redress in an action against a responsible institution. But the work of the private slanderer is done in the dark; the injured party does not know where the blow comes from, and is often ignorant of the fact that he or she is being assailed until the cold looks of friends or the grins of enemies indicate that something is wrong. A newspaper rarely makes an attack that is not aimed at some public abuse, while the mark of secret slander is always private character. There is an immense amount of humbug and hypocrisy in the lectures that are administered to a newspaper for a practice that is far more prevalent and far more mischievous in the ordinary intercourse of daily life.

POEMS THAT LIVE

Oh! Snatched Away in Beauty's Bloom.

[George Gordon, Lord Byron.]

Oh! snatched away in beauty's bloom,
On thy soft breast no more I find repose;
But on thy turf shall roses rear
The earliest of the year;
And the wild cypress wave in tender gloom:

And oft by yon blue gushing stream
Shall sorrow lean her drooping head,
And feed deep thought with many a dream,
And lingering pause and lightly tread:
Fond wretch! as if her step disturb'd
The dead!

Away! we know that tears are vain,
That death nor heeds nor hears distress;
Will this untold us to complain?
Or make one mourner weep the less?
And thou—who tell'st me to forget,
Thy looks are wan, thine eyes are wet.

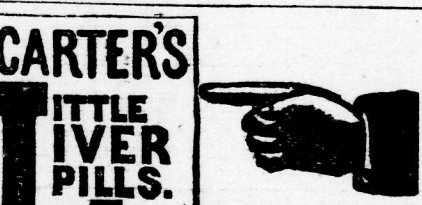
MARRIED AT WILD GALLOP

Ceremony in the Carriage With Angry Mother in Pursuit.

Bristol, Tenn., Feb. 26.—An elopement marriage took place here at midnight tonight, in a carriage drawn by galloping horses and pursued by an angry mother in another carriage. A minister was in the carriage with the elopers, and rising superior to the difficulties of the situation, made Miss Elizabeth Clark, a beautiful young woman from Max Meadows, Wythe County, Va., the bride of F. M. Tate, an employee of the commissary department of the South and Western Railway at Clinchport.

Miss Clark, while on the train from Wythe to meet Mr. Tate, discovered that she was shadowed by her mother, who was bitterly opposed to the match. She wired her lover to have a carriage in readiness, but Mrs. Clark also wired for a carriage. When the train arrived, Miss Clark left the Pullman car on the opposite side from the depot, and this gave her and her lover an advantage, but soon both carriages were on the street, and a wild run was made by the lovers, in whose carriage was also a minister, Rev. W. H. T. Squires, of the Central Presbyterian Church.

This plan was to be married in the postoffice lobby, but the pursuing carriage kept so close after the couple that the minister was obliged to perform the ceremony in the carriage while the horses were in a gallop. The couple managed later to escape from a furious mob, whose carriage chanced to make the wrong turn after a race that lasted an hour. With an air of triumph the bride played the wedding march on the hotel piano after the couple had concluded a thoroughly exciting race.



CURE SICK HEADACHE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious condition, such as indigestion, flatulence, nervousness, dizziness, nausea, drowsiness, distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also cleanse the bowels of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Know if they only cured

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J. H. CHAPMAN & CO.

Close of Stocktaking Sale

THE BARGAIN SEASON WILL BE OVER IN TWO DAYS. Tuesday and Wednesday are the last days of the Stocktaking Sale. Buy now and save while you can. Prices have been cut to a point that's bound to sell the goods in double quick order. You cannot but be interested in our offerings.

Boys' Overcoats At Exactly Half-Price.

Twenty-five Boys' Overcoats, that will fit boys 6 to 13 years, are here to sell before stocktaking. Don't you want an Overcoat for your boy? Half-price.

Were \$2.95 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50
Now \$1.48 \$1.75 \$2.00 \$2.25

Men's Trousers, 98c.

Working Trousers—cut on proper lines, good fitters. Choice, good wearing tweeds in desirable dark colors, all sizes. Over a hundred pairs to choose from. Regular \$1.25 and \$1.50 value, at, per pair.....98c
A Stocktaking Special. Come early.

Quilts---Last Chance.

An enormous pile of makers' seconds is down to a very few dozen, but we don't want one of them to appear in the final reckoning. It's your last chance.

Single Bed Spread (pure white), worth 90c, at65c
Double Bed Spread, full size, worth \$1.25, at85c
Double Bed Spread, full size, worth \$1.35, at95c
Extra large Double Bed Spread, worth \$1.50, at\$1.15

RIBBONS.

In Millinery Section
Extra heavy double-faced Black Satin Ribbon, 3-inch, was 40c and 45c yard, tomorrow 30c
Extra heavy double-faced Black Satin Ribbon, 2 1/2-inch, regular 30c yard, tomorrow20c
Blue Silk Neck Ribbon, white spot, reduced to10c
Wide, soft Messaline and Duchess Silk Ribbon for neckwear and hair-ribbons, all colors; were 25c to 50c yard, at 19c

TIPS.

In Millinery Section.
An extra offer in all black and all white ostrich tips, regular 50c and 75c value, tomorrow35c

APRONS.

Ladies' White Lawn Skirt Aprons, deep hem and cluster of hem-stitched tucks, each 19c

CORSETS.

Tape Girdle Corsets, ladies' and misses' sizes; special offering at 35c

Ladies' Capes and Coats, \$4.85.

Last chance for Winter Coats and Capes, \$7.00, \$8.50 and \$9.00 values on table for.....\$4.85

Ladies' Black and Gray Coats, golf cloths and plain eskimo, some are lined. Regular prices \$8.50 and \$9.00. Tomorrow\$4.85
FUR-LINED CAPES
5 only Black Fur-Lined Capes, plain and gray, coverings, square neck lining, regular prices \$18 and \$20. To sell before stocktaking at\$10.50
Elderly Ladies' Fancy and Plain Black Capes, some have fur collars, others are braided-trimmed, \$7.00, \$7.50 and \$8.50 values. Tomorrow\$4.85
GOLF CAPES.
40 and 42 inch Long Golf Capes, blue and gray, reversible golf cloth, high collar and stole effects. Regular \$7.50 and \$8.00. Before stocktaking\$3.50

Girls' Coat Clearance.

Attention to this special bargain in Girls' Winter Coats! Mothers can save a great deal of money by buying now.

Little Girls' Handsome Winter Coats, full length styles in nobby tweed effects and plain heavy cloths; strapped and belted, some are trimmed with covert cloths, finished with braid; to fit ages 8 to 15, at ..\$5.75
Girls' Tweed Coats, full lengths, all colors, 27 to 36 inches long, regular \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$6.50, at\$3.85
Girls' Nice Looking Tweed Coats, a few blue Chevots, ranging from \$2.95 to \$4.00, at \$1.50

Cashmerettes 8c Yard.

Fast-Colored American Cashmerettes, twill-finished, in blues, fawns, pink, green and black. Regular prices, 12 1/2c and 15c yd. Tomorrow8c

Wrappers, 98c.

Six dozen Flannelette Wrappers, nicely made. Regular \$1.50, at.....98c

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128 1/2 Dundas St.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!

The Great Fire Sale Starts
TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 27th

Everything in stock is to be sold, including
Stoves, Tinware, Graniteware, Japanned Ware, Bird Cages, Carpet Sweepers, Cutlery and Kitchen Utensils of All Kinds.

As large quantities of these goods are hardly damaged, the public will have an opportunity of securing the greatest bargains ever offered.

Our tinmiths are all at work again, and all contracts on hand will be attended to without delay; also all orders received for TINSMITHING and JOBBING will be promptly attended to while our premises are being rebuilt.

Don't forget the date and place, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 27th, at

STEVELY'S

362-364 Richmond Street : : : Phone 452

LAUGH COST HUSBAND

Mirth at Spoiled Shirt Front Broke Off Engagement.

Geneva, Feb. 25.—A pathetic ending to a village romance is reported from Simmenthal, in the Canton of Berne. According to ancient custom, the bride and bridegroom must walk to church unaccompanied on their wedding day.

On the way the bridegroom, dressed in smart evening clothes, slipped on the snowy ground and spoiled his shirt front. The humor of the situation was too much for the high-spirited girl, who burst into a peal of laughter.

Her lover, however, took another view of the case, and was so incensed at the levity of his bride that he left her and returned home.

The girl went on to the church alone, and in tears told the story to

the waiting crowd. Relatives tried to prevail upon the young man to return, but he was obdurate, and broke off the engagement.

\$1,000 Pile Cure.

A thousand dollar guarantee goes with every bottle of Dr. Leonard's Hem-Roid—the only certain cure for every form of Piles.

George Cook, St. Thomas, Ont., writes:

"Dr. Leonard's Hem-Roid cured me of a very bad case of Piles of over ten years' standing. I had tried everything, but got no permanent cure till I used Hem-Roid. I had Blind and Bleeding Piles, and suffered everything. Ointments and local treatments failed, but Dr. Leonard's Hem-Roid cured me perfectly."

Hem-Roid is a tablet taken internally which removes the cause of Piles. \$1, all druggists, or The Wilson-Eyle Company, Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

"BY MEDICINE LIFE MAY BE PROLONGED."—So wrote Shakespeare nearly three hundred years ago. It is so today. Medicine will prolong life, but be sure of the qualities of the medicine. Life is prolonged by keeping the body free from disease. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, used internally, will cure coughs and colds, eradicate asthma, overcome cramp and give strength to the respiratory organs. Give it a trial.

The Russian minister at Rio Janeiro and all his family are Buddhists, while the Japanese minister and his secretary are Christians.

During the recent yellow fever epidemic in New Orleans, not one case made its appearance among the soldiers of Jackson barracks, only 150 feet from the nearest infected point.

IN ITS INITIAL STAGES a cold is development easily dealt with. But neglect it, and the result is often a bronchial tube and lungs that render it miserable for the unhappy victim. As medicine line so certain in curative, the far-famed remedy for colds and coughs

Shadow and Sunlight

The news of his return soon spreads, and his man comes and knocks at the door to inquire if he can do anything.

Guy waits a moment, then admits him; his man is too discreet, too well-trained to let his shocked astonishment at his master's face discover itself, and affects to busy himself at one of the drawers.

"Get a bath ready. What are they all doing? Where are they?" The man looks at him with a fixed surprise.

"They are all gone, my lord, excepting Miss Newson; she is in the drawing-room, and desired me to tell her when your lordship arrived."

"Ask her if she will kindly let me see her in the library in half an hour," is the reply.

Then he undresses slowly and has his bath, and before the half hour is up goes wearily down the stairs.

As he enters the library a figure comes toward him in the dimness. It is Adelaide Newson.

She goes up to him and lays her hand upon his arm, and looks up into his face with a strange look in her eyes.

"Have I done right, Guy?" she says.

"What have you done?" he asks, stern and harsh, but calm and restrained.

"I have sent them away. I thought you would rather that they went. It was bold and presuming, but I thought only of you, and did it at the risk of offending you."

"It was thoughtful," he says moodily. "What did you tell them? What reason did you give them?"

"I told them that her father—that Mr. York was ill, and that she had been sent for, and that you had followed her."

He makes a gesture with his hand. "By chance you spoke the truth. He is very ill."

"And Madge is there?" she said, innocently.

He looks at her with keen, stern scrutiny.

"Yes, she is there—she went there last night."

"I am so glad," she says, softly. "And it is all right now, Guy?"

He is silent for a moment, and stands looking at the ground, hesitating what he shall say to her. Then he looks up and meets the gaze, anxious and full of subtle sympathy.

"No," he says, "it is not all right. Adelaide—her heart leaps as she speaks her Christian name—a great trouble has fallen on us, I can not tell you what it is. I do not think, if I know you, that you will ask."

"I shall not ask, you may trust me," she says, softly. "But, oh, Guy, I am so sorry that you are unhappy."

"Thanks," he responds, quietly. "Yes, a great calamity has befallen us. It will right itself in time—a sinister light gleams for a moment in her eyes—it shall right itself. But for the present it is all dark and uncertain. Adelaide, have you proved yourself a true friend, Adelaide, and I thank you for both of us."

She is silent for a moment, then she looks up at him.

"And what will you do now?" she asks.

"Heaven knows," he says, with a strange and bitter helplessness. "Leave her at once," he adds, after a moment. "The place will be shut up. I shall go to London—I have work to do there."

Silence again, then gradually she draws nearer to him.

"Guy, is there anything I can do for you? If there is, you will let me do it for the sake of old times."

And her hand glides down to his and closes over it.

There are moments of intense wretchedness, when the touch of a hand, the sound of a voice attuned to loving sympathy, have power to move when all else is powerless.

The strong man quivers and his lip twitches.

"You are a good girl," he says, hoarsely. "Some day I shall try and thank you for your goodness at this time, the worst, the hardest I have ever known. No; there is nothing you or any other human being can do, Adelaide. Go home and be happy."

"Happy," she murmurs, and her eyes look up at him yearningly. "Yes, I will go home, Guy, but I cannot be happy, with the remembrance of your face as it looks now, haunting me day and night."

He puts his other hand on hers. "Go now," he says gently. "I will write—yes, I will write, if you can be of any use to me."

"You will not forget that I will go to the other end of the world to help you—to make you happy again, Guy?"

"No," he says, quietly, "and I believe me, yes."

And he opens the door for her. She lingers a moment, still her eyes fixed on his with a wistful, devoted look, then passes out, and he closes the door.

In the hall she pauses a moment and looks round. At the end of the left-hand side there hangs the last of the family portraits, a portrait of Madge.

Adelaide looks up at it with a sinister smile. "Good-bye, Madge York!" she murmurs. "I shall come back, but you will not see me."

Then she goes out. In a few hours the fact that Lord and Lady Lashwood had returned to town suddenly, in consequence of the sudden indisposition of her ladyship's father, is known throughout the neighborhood, and therefore no surprise is felt that the castle should be closed and lapse back into its usual solitude and desertion.

You cannot dismiss an army of servants and close a big place like Trent castle without some stir and bustle, and in the confusion consequent on the sudden shutting up of Lord Lashwood's country seat, the small and unimportant incident of the burial of an unknown stranger passes unnoticed and unremembered.

Even the fact that the stranger is buried at the earl's expense, and in a part of the churchyard set apart for the castle household, does not excite surprise, for it is known that Lady Lashwood was at the death-bed of the unknown Alice Lisle, and had displayed true womanly sympathy and charity.

The homeless wanderer is carried to her rest in a corner of the country churchyard, and there is no sign to give a hint of her strange, sad story.

But, on the night before his departure, Lord Lashwood goes silently through the private gate and stands beside the newly-made grave.

What thoughts, what pangs of vain remorse assail him cannot be known. He stands for full five minutes, his eyes resting on the plain gravestone, with its simple inscription, with grim, stern features, then turns away, and in silence goes as he came.

It may be that his thoughts and remorse are all for that living love whom he has wronged far more deeply than the woman who lies at his feet, but be it as it may, she is avenged more fully and terribly than even she should desire or expect.

CHAPTER XXVII.

Three weeks have passed since Madge wandered through the London streets at midnight, alone and friendless, and the world, which was rather inclined to gossip and grow curious about the sudden break-up of the Castle Trent party, has almost forgotten her existence.

Society, daily mindful of its social duties, has left its card and kind inquiries at the chambers, where, its great ornament, the Hon. Francis York lies ill. Society is also somewhat wary of the uncertainty of the whereabouts of Lord and Lady Lashwood, some reports asserting confidently that her ladyship is nursing her sick father, others affirming with equal assurance that the earl and countess are abroad; but society does not peep itself long about anything, and after undergoing Lady Carlton for a day or two about her friends the Lashwoods, and receiving in return a neatly concocted tissue of fibs, rests satisfied.

But Lady Carlton is not satisfied. That something has happened, her ladyship is quite certain, and she is determined to clear it up.

"They may be abroad," she says to Sir Robert; "but people don't rush off at a moment's notice, and leave the castle to clear out as best they may. Like a chess-board, only his is all black instead of black and white. Something has happened, Madge is just the right kind of girl to resent anything crooked in her husband's life, and she is just the kind to leave him. She may be at her father's, but it is strange, to say the least of it, that she does not come down and show herself."

"If Lashwood had gone in for farming and studied crops, he would have kept straight," grunts Sir Robert.

But as the days run into weeks, and no word of Madge is heard, even Lady Carlton is convinced that they have gone abroad. No one, least of all she, guesses that Madge is living within a few miles of Berkeley Square.

There are some women who nurse a sorrow as they would a baby, and get as fond of it; watching its growth day by day, and at last getting almost as proud of it. After all, as the French playwright remarked, there is some amusement to be found in martyrdom. Of a certainty, Madge is in that class. She has had her sorrow, as deep a one as it is possible for a proud, pure-hearted girl to have; but instead of nursing it, she has risen and grappled it, and if it still lives, it makes no outward show, but is hidden within her bosom.

For some days she has been ill; the physical exhaustion bore its usual results, and she lay in Ada Ransome's bed, as near death as it was possible to be, but Madge is of the sort that take a great deal of killing, and then die hard.

In this way, her illness was rather a benefit than otherwise; for when the body is racked with pain, the brain is too numb to think and realize; and those few days gave her some respite from the anguish and misery of her sorrow.

Now, as she sits beside the fire, clad in a soft voluminous dressing gown of rose pink, on which the hands look white and thin, few would guess, looking at her, that she had been so bitterly wronged. Occasionally, it is true, an expression comes into her large dark eyes which it is not good to see; but generally the beautiful face is at rest and in repose.

Her room is exquisitely comfortable. A small table stands beside Madge, loaded with invalid's delicacies, of which Ada Ransome, who is paid in and fro, with a small yellow-covered book in her hand, every now and then begs her to partake.

"You must eat, you know, my dear Madge. You know what the doctor said. Try and take some of that Jelly. Jelly's a thing I hate and detest myself—and I dare say you do; but there is some magic power about it that renders it a necessary condiment for you. Are you sure you feel better?"

"Quite sure," says Madge, looking up at her with a smile. "I am quite well now. I'm afraid I worry you tremendously; but do not be anxious. I am never ill—never. I don't think I have had a day's illness in my life, until—until now. What are you doing?"

And she glances curiously at the little yellow-covered pamphlet.

The actress smiled.

[To be Continued.]

A jocular American once wrote Rudyard Kipling: "Hearing that you are retelling literature at \$1 a word, I enclose \$1 for a sample." Mr. Kipling sent him the single word "Thanks" and kept the dollar.

LOCAL CHINAMEN ORGANIZE TO AID THE REFORM MOVEMENT

Want to See Present Dynasty Overthrown, and China Become Powerful Nation.

Chinamen all over the world are at present deeply interested in the reform movements in their native land. In every country, the loyal Chinaman thinks of the land of his birth, and his patriotism quite often grows in geometrical progression the farther he gets away from his own country.

The Boxer movement, which is a revolutionary movement against the foreign element in China, a revolution against western civilization, its ideas and ideals, finds few supporters among the Chinamen who have left their own country to seek fortunes elsewhere. They think and rightly, too, that the Boxer movement is inspired by the present dynasty.

The wide-awake Chinaman believes the present Government to be retrograde, that it does not properly represent national thought. With this view of the matter, Chinamen all over the world—and where has the Chinaman not gone?—are organizing themselves into societies looking toward the national emancipation.

The Chinese Reform Society has been the result. This society has a very large membership in all Anglo-Saxon countries—in Canada, Australia, the colonies and the United States. There are also many societies in South America. In nearly every city in Canada, and the States, societies have been formed and plans for the future outlined.

What Society Aims At.

The aims of the organization are educational—a sort of peaceful revolution. Chinamen who have visited the other portions of the world are anxious to see China a mighty nation. They are anxious to see her civilized, they are anxious to see her responsible government, they are anxious to see China the greatest commercial nation of the world.

To awaken China from her lethargy is a giant's task, no doubt. In fact, it means, practically a revolution. The present system of government must be necessarily overthrown, for it is reactionary and uncivilized. It means that an enormous amount of money must be spent to educate the masses into the western idea. This educational work is the main branch of the reform movement's work. They welcome the missionary, especially the college bred missionary, because he brings western culture and western education to them.

With many, the Christian religion is a mere detail, a necessary one to get the rest.

Another branch of the work will be the commercial. There is dawning a new industrial era for China. Large enterprises are in the process of formation, and at present there are in Canada agents who are soliciting funds for these enterprises and Chinamen are showing a keen interest in them. There is also a great demand for Chinamen who have been trained in western business methods. So great has this demand become that one London Celestial made the statement that within five years there will not be a Chinaman left in Canada. They will be needed in the industrial enterprises at home, he said.

Kong Wing is President.

There has already been a branch of the Reform Society organized in London. It contains from 30 to 50 members, and is seeking permanent quarters. The officers are:

President—Kong Wing.

English Secretary—Leo Fong.

Chinese Secretary—Wong Lee.

Willie Lee, one of the most progressive and wide-awake Chinamen of the local colony was spoken to about the society by an Advertiser reporter.

"We want a free country in China," he said. "We don't like the present Government. We want a free government, like they have here. Our society has a large membership in Canada and the States. We are peaceful. We want to like you have it in this country."

Willie Lee went on to explain the nature of the society's work, which is as above outlined. In some places, there is an active military movement. Wealthy Chinamen are behind the movement to send soldiers to China to overthrow the Boxer movement, by force, and after the educational movement, to overthrow the present Government and institute a responsible government. Whether republican or monarchial has not yet been settled.

The new movement will have its motto, "China for the Chinese." At present there is a decided antagonism to Americans especially. It has at last dawned on the Celestials that they have been exploited by the Yankee, and that the time for such exploitation to cease has come.

The movement has many interesting features, and it will be watched from a local standpoint with much interest. Will China duplicate the wonderful success of Japan during the next 10 years? is a question of mighty import just now.

Hinks being the other two; and they were men with very strong convictions. Baldwin was born in Toronto, his father came to Canada from Cork County. Hinks was born in Cork City; Daly came from Galway; Sullivan was born in Cork County, and Killy was from Dublin. Dun's name is Irish, but I am not aware of his nationality. It is with Killy, however, that I have now most to do.

Was Member for London.

"He was a very modest man, and his name has few, if any, places in Canadian biography. The few facts about him that I am here able to produce were obtained some time ago from a member of his family, and may be relied on as being correct."

Mr. H. H. Killy was born in Dublin in the year 1800. His father was director of public works in Ireland, and built all the relief works before 1850 and afterwards all the public works were erected under his direction. The name is undoubtedly Celtic, and therefore he must be set down as a genuine Irishman. His mother belonged to the Hamilton family of King's County, Ireland. Mr. Killy was partly educated at the Finagham Institute. At the age of 16 he entered Trinity College, Dublin, and received his professional training from his father, who was an eminent engineer, and once proposed to build a canal from Dublin to Galway.

"Mr. H. H. Killy came to Canada by way of New York. In the year 1834, his brother John accompanied him. He settled at a place named Wacoona, near London, where several Irish families, that have since become famous, had settled not long before. Among those families were the Blakes and the Cronyns. He farmed for a while with more or less success, but in 1840, at the time of the union of Upper and Lower Canada he engaged in politics, and ran for member of Parliament for the new town of London, on the Reform ticket, and was elected by a very small majority, his opponent being a leading London merchant. Engineering talent was not then very prominent in Canada, and Mr. Baldwin no doubt had then an engaged in the construction of public works, and appointed him to that bureau when forming his celebrated responsible government cabinet. He was also a member of Lord Sydenham's executive council. In private life he was a contractor, as well as an engineer, and got the reputation of being somewhat eccentric.

Not Much for Politics.

"Killy did not care much for politics, but he was a good head of a department, and was never happier than when engaged with his political duties. He was largely engaged with the construction of the Welland Canal, and during a portion of his official career resided in St. Catharines. Subsequently he resided in Toronto, where he ended his days in Picton, where he owned some land, and died in the year 1873. His brother John, who came out with him to America, went to New York, and died there a few years ago.

"His son, Richard F., is entry clerk in the central office of the high court of justice in Osgoode Hall, and recently.

Necessary Ingredients

The ingredients necessary for the successful treatment of consumption are combined in Ather's Emulsion. That is why it is particularly adapted for the cure of chronic coughs, weak lungs and wasting disease. It makes breathing easy, relieves irritation and soreness of throat and lungs, improves weight and strength.

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Dainty New Silks For Shirtwaist Suits

We have received and are showing one of the brightest and most complete stocks of New Silks for spring and summer wear that has ever been opened in London. The assortment includes all the new shades, and from it you can select anything you desire in the way of stylish and becoming patterns. These are not the most expensive Silks offered, but they are just as new and serviceable as the most expensive kinds.

5 pieces figured Louise Silk, in cardinal, reseda, brown, green and cream. A Silk that is easily worth 75c. Our price.....50c

New TAMALINE Silk, in black and white and blue and white check; also the new blue with a small figure, correct for shirtwaist suits. The best value at our low price, the yard.....50c

The "Favorite" Silk in the new shades of light, mid and dark gray, with a fine check and polka-dot combination. A Silk that will suit YOU at our price, the yard.....75c

20 pieces of Silk in shirtwaist suit lengths, in all the correct shades, exclusive lengths. A very stylish and elegant silk at only, the yard.....75c

New Persian Silk, beautiful patterns, light and dark shades. Our price only, the yard.....\$1.00

Ask to see our plain colored Louise Silks in all the leading shades at only, the yard.....50c

Black Dress Goods Specials.

Our Black Dress Goods stock is complete; elegant goods and prices to suit everybody.

Crepe de Chine, all pure wool, 44 inches wide; beautiful black; our price.....50c

Black TOILE DE LAINE, correct for summer wear; 48 inches wide, all wool; the yd.....75c

New Black Mohairs, good values; splendid finish, per yard.....25c, 35c, 40c, 50c, 60c, 75c, \$1.00

GRAY & PARKER, 150 Dundas and Carling

sides at 64 Hazelton avenue, Toronto. The father was married in Dublin, Ireland, to a Miss Handy, of Bracco Castle, King's County, the lady whose death is announced above.

and who was over 97 years of age, her last birthday being the 8th of November, 1905. Mr. Killy's father lies buried in St. Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin.

Get What You Ask For!

There is a Reason—Why the Good People of America buy Cascarets as Fast as the Clock Ticks.

Every second some one, somewhere, is buying a little Ten-Cent Box of Cascarets.

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6—60 times to the Minute, 60 Minutes to the Hour, 3600 Boxes an Hour, 36,000 Boxes a Day of Ten Hours, 1,080,000 Boxes a Month, and then some.

Think of it—220,000 People take a Cascaret tablet every day. Millions use Cascarets when necessary.

The Judgment of Millions of Bright Americans is Infallible. They have been buying and taking Cascarets at that rate for over Six years.

It is not an Experiment, not an Accident or Incident, but a sound, Honest Business, based on Time-Tried-and-Tested Merit, never found wanting.

There is a Reason—Cascarets are the implacable foe of All Disease Germs; the incomparable cleanser, purifier and strengthener of the entire Digestive Canal.

They Act Like Exercise on the Bowels. Muscles, make them strong and active—keep themselves clean.

Cascarets are the safe-guard of Innocent Childhood against the Dreadful Death-dealing Dangers that threaten the Lives of the Little Ones.

They are Purely Vegetable, absolutely Harmless, always Reliable and Efficient.

a true, faithful, loyal servant of Mankind. Over Five Millions of Dollars have been spent to make the merits of Cascarets known, and every cent of it would be lost, did not sound merit claim and hold the constant, continued friendship, Patronage and Endorsement of well-pleased people year after year.

There is also a Reason—Why there are Parasites who attach themselves to the Healthy Body of Cascarets' success—imitators, Counterfeiters, Substitutes.

They are Trade Thieves who would rob Cascarets of the "Good Will" of the people, and sneak unearned profits, earned and paid for by Cascarets.

Beware of the Slick Salesman and his ancient "Just as Good" story that common sense refutes. He will perpetrate a fraud on you for a stolen profit.

Cascarets are made only by the Sterling Remedy Company, and the famous little Ten Cent "Vest Pocket" box is here shown. They are never sold in bulk.

Every tablet marked "CCC."

Be sure you get the genuine.

All Druggists everywhere sell them, and Millions of Men and Women carry them constantly in vest pocket or purse.

A sample and the famous booklet "Curse of Constipation," Free for the asking. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

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It is not an Experiment, not an Accident or Incident, but a sound, Honest Business, based on Time-Tried-and-Tested Merit, never found wanting.

There is a Reason—Cascarets are the implacable foe of All Disease Germs; the incomparable cleanser, purifier and strengthener of the entire Digestive Canal.

They Act Like Exercise on the Bowels. Muscles, make them strong and active—keep themselves clean.

Cascarets are the safe-guard of Innocent Childhood against the Dreadful Death-dealing Dangers that threaten the Lives of the Little Ones.

They are Purely Vegetable, absolutely Harmless, always Reliable and Efficient.

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IT'S NOW STRIKE OR BACK DOWN

Mitchell Submits His Case to the Operators.

HAS NOT MODIFIED DEMANDS

Miners Do Not Believe Employers Will Accede to Requests and Expect Bitter Fight.

New York, Feb. 25. — When John Mitchell yesterday dispatched a messenger to Philadelphia bearing the formal demands of the coal miners, to be placed in the hands of George F. Baer, miners and owners of mines realized that the first decisive step had been taken toward the biggest coal strike this country has ever seen.

In the document sent to Mr. Baer there is no equivocation—in fact, little deviation—from the demands agreed upon by the anthracite miners in their convention at Shamokin last November.

Recognition of the union, an eight-hour work-day for all men employed about the mines, an increased wage scale, and revision of the conciliation board, are all set forth, with arguments to support them, and all these demands the operators have declared they would not grant.

The miners realize that it is now a matter of striking or backing down, and they declare that the latter course is out of the question.

A few hours after Mitchell's communication had reached Mr. Baer, Mitchell was informed that the operators' committee of seven would meet on Monday to consider the demands.

At a meeting, which will be held Tuesday or Wednesday, it is expected that the operators will inform the miners that the demands have been rejected.

The next move will be to report to the committee of the whole, which comprises the miners' scale committee of thirty-six and a like number of operators and mine superintendents.

This formally having been finished the next step will be a tri-district convention of anthracite miners, to be held at Wilkes-Barre or Hazleton.

There is little question about the action that the convention will take when the scale committee reports that all of its demands have been rejected.

This part of the programme completed, a national convention of both anthracite and bituminous miners will be called to take final action for the miners of the entire country. That convention will be held in Indianapolis, and if the delegates vote to ratify the strike order of the anthracite convention, every union coal miner in the

United States and Canada will be called upon to quit work.

If the programme is carried through as now planned, the last conference in New York will have been held, and negotiation will have been closed here by next Friday.

Whatever happens a definite decision must be reached before April 1, as the present agreement between the operators and the miners expires on March 31.

Mitchell is in close touch with every mining locality, and his knowledge of the attitude of the miners generally has led him to put aside all hope of compromise.

Back of the mere demands of the miners for recognition of the union and other things, are conditions which, the miners say, will soon cause a sensation throughout the country.

The men hint in guarded fashion at quarrels among the operators, which will involve several large corporations and make a tremendous stir in the financial world.

ENGLISH BEAUTY MISSING

Wealthy Miss Bradley Said To Be Hiding in Detroit.

Detroit, Feb. 26.—Hiding from relatives and friends, while detectives of two continents search for her, the pursuit of Miss Bessie Bradley has been transferred to Detroit.

Telegrams from New York, the vanishing point of the English beauty, say that the young woman has been seen in this city.

The motive for the silence and absence of Miss Bradley is unknown. The many officers, in Liverpool, New York and Detroit, can find nothing that they can twist into a possible motive. They are mystified.

Bessie Bradley is a well-bred and athletic young woman 31 years of age. She comes of a wealthy family, and has money in her own right.

The New York police scout at the theory of robbery. Miss Bradley never wore sufficient jewelry to attract a thief. Her relatives can find no reason for foul play, nor can they give any for her voluntary absence.

Miss Bradley has spent several seasons in the United States and is familiar with the country. That she is taking a holiday and traveling incognito is the last hope of the family, who are still persisting in their search.

HAD TWENTY-FIVE CHILDREN

Nineteen Boys, Six Girls and Six Pairs of Twins.

Denver, Feb. 25.—Mrs. Elizabeth Conway, the mother of 25 children, 19 boys and 6 girls, of whom there were 6 pairs of twins, died recently at the age of 59 years from heart disease.

Mrs. Conway was the youngest of a family of 27 children. She was married at the age of 14, and her husband was the youngest of a family of 30. She was the grandmother of 25.

Her mother lived to be 99 years old, and her husband's mother and father, of the 25 children, 2 daughters and 5 sons survive Mrs. Conway.

Advertiser Correspondence.

MRS. BOOMER'S EXPLANATION.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

It seems from inquiries which have reached me that there is still a little misunderstanding as to the scope of the work of the Victorian Order nurse, the word "charity" having been somewhat misleading, whereas the word applies to her ministrations in the same sense only as it might apply to the professional services so often given by the medical men of our city, without fee or reward, when the call comes from a home of extreme poverty.

While the Victorian Order nurse holds herself ready as far as her time and strength permit, to respond to any call of that nature, it is expected that her services in London, as in other cities, will be required by those who can afford and would prefer to pay a fee, either within the limit of 5 to 50 cents per visit, or as much more as they may feel disposed to offer as a contribution to our supporting fund.

There are many such patients in our city who need only occasional ministrations, chronic cases not requiring a resident nurse, even if there were means to pay for her services; fractures, which require skilled care from time to time, etc. Our board of management greatly desires that both sides of the work of our Victorian Order nurse should be understood, so that none should hesitate to send for her, merely because there are others who can only pay a trifle, or nothing at all, for her services.

Our effort on behalf of our fellow-citizens is in its probation stage, and it depends upon them and upon its recognition by our medical men, whether it lives or dies. Other cities have begun with one nurse, too, and have sent for a second, and so on, until the Hamilton branch are considering whether they shall not soon require a third.

Kindly let me repeat Nurse McLean's address, which is 635 Richmond street, her telephone number (not yet in the telephone book), 1707.

Thanking you for your readiness to help on every good cause, very faithfully yours,

H. A. BOOMER,
Acting President V. O. N.

THE STANDING COMMITTEES

Special Striking Committee Delivers Report to the Legislature.

Toronto, Feb. 23. — The report of the special committee to strike standing committees for the session, presented by Hon. Mr. Matheson, was as follows:

Private Bills—Messrs. Auld, Beck, Bowman, Bradburn, Brower, Calder, Cameron, Carscallen (Hamilton), Carscallen (Lennox), Clarke (Northumberland), Craig, Crawford, Currie, Downey, Duff, Dunlop, Ferguson, Fox, Fraser, Gallagher, Ganev, Graham, Hanna, Harcourt, Hendrie, Hodgins, Hoyle, Jamieson, Jessop, Kennedy, Kidd, Kohler, Lennox, Lucas, Mackay, Mahaffy, Matheson, May, Monteth, Morrison, Munro, McDougall, McGarry, Pense, Preston (Durham), Preston (Lanark), Preston (Brant), Pyne, Racine, Rathbun, Reed, Ross, Smith (So.), Thompson (Simcoe), Tucker, Whitney, Willoughby, (61).

Railways—Messrs. Anderson, Aubin, Beck, Bowman, Cameron, Carscallen (Hamilton), Carscallen (Lennox), Clarke (Northumberland), Cochrane, Crawford, Currie, Downey, Dunlop, Elber, Fisher, Fox, Fraser, Gallagher, Ganev, Galna, Graham, Hanna, Harcourt, Hendrie, Hislop, Hodgins, Jamieson, Jessop, Kerr, Labrosse, Lackner, Lennox, Lewis, Macdonald, Mackay, Mahaffy, Matheson, May, Morrison, McColl, McDougall, McGarry, McMillan, Neeley, Nixon, Pense, Pratt, Preston (Lanark), Preston (Brant), Pyne, Racine, Rathbun, Reed, Ross, Smith (So.), Smyth, Thompson (Westworth), Torrance, Tudhope, Whitney, Willoughby, (63).

Municipal Law—Messrs. Anderson, Atkinson, Aubin, Bowyer, Brower, Beck, Bradburn, Calder, Cameron, Carscallen (Hamilton), Carscallen (Lennox), Clarke (Northumberland), Craig, Crawford, Currie, Dargavel, Duff, Elber, Fisher, Fox, Fraser, Gallagher, Ganev, Galna, Graham, Hanna, Harcourt, Hendrie, Hislop, Hodgins, Jamieson, Jessop, Kerr, Labrosse, Lackner, Lennox, Lewis, Macdonald, Mackay, Mahaffy, Matheson, May, Morrison, McColl, McDougall, McGarry, McMillan, Neeley, Nixon, Pense, Pratt, Preston (Lanark), Preston (Brant), Pyne, Racine, Rathbun, Reed, Ross, Smith (So.), Smyth, Thompson (Westworth), Torrance, Tudhope, Whitney, Willoughby, (63).

Agriculture and Colonization—Messrs. Anderson, Atkinson, Aubin, Bowyer, Brower, Beck, Bradburn, Calder, Cameron, Carscallen (Hamilton), Carscallen (Lennox), Clarke (Northumberland), Craig, Crawford, Currie, Dargavel, Duff, Elber, Fisher, Fox, Fraser, Gallagher, Ganev, Galna, Graham, Hanna, Harcourt, Hendrie, Hislop, Hodgins, Jamieson, Jessop, Kerr, Labrosse, Lackner, Lennox, Lewis, Macdonald, Mackay, Mahaffy, Matheson, May, Morrison, McColl, McDougall, McGarry, McMillan, Neeley, Nixon, Pense, Pratt, Preston (Lanark), Preston (Brant), Pyne, Racine, Rathbun, Reed, Ross, Smith (So.), Smyth, Thompson (Westworth), Torrance, Tudhope, Whitney, Willoughby, (63).

Public Accounts—Messrs. Anderson, Bowman, Carscallen (Hamilton), Carscallen (Lennox), Clarke (Northumberland), Craig, Crawford, Currie, Dargavel, Duff, Elber, Fisher, Fox, Fraser, Gallagher, Ganev, Galna, Graham, Hanna, Harcourt, Hendrie, Hislop, Hodgins, Jamieson, Jessop, Kerr, Labrosse, Lackner, Lennox, Lewis, Macdonald, Mackay, Mahaffy, Matheson, May, Morrison, McColl, McDougall, McGarry, McMillan, Neeley, Nixon, Pense, Pratt, Preston (Lanark), Preston (Brant), Pyne, Racine, Rathbun, Reed, Ross, Smith (So.), Smyth, Thompson (Westworth), Torrance, Tudhope, Whitney, Willoughby, (63).

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The Virtue Of Liquezone Is Best Told by a Test--and the Test Is Free

Won't You Learn What It Means to You?

You who lack Liquezone—you don't know what you miss. And the product itself can best tell you.

We ask again—may we buy you a bottle to try? You who are sick and discouraged—You need it most. You who are treating germ diseases with remedies which have no effect on germs. A new remedy for such troubles has been created from gas, and millions have already used it. Countless cured ones—scattered everywhere—know that Liquezone made them well. Won't you let us show you a way to be one of them? Let us show you what the product can do?

What Liquezone Is.

The virtues of Liquezone are derived solely from gases, created from five substances, all of which are stated on the bottle. These substances include the best producers of oxygen, sulphur dioxide and other germicidal gases.

The process of making requires large apparatus, and from 8 to 14 days' time; and it is directed by chemists of the highest class. The object is to so fix and combine the gases as to carry their virtues into the system, and uniting with which is now indorsed, as a remedial agent, by the world's highest authorities.

The gases are harmless, and the product they create is harmless. The gases are beneficial, and the result is a tonic. The gases are germicidal, and the result is a liquid multiplies their germ-killing power.

Liquezone contains no alcohol, no opiates, no narcotics. Every virtue comes from gas alone. The invention of Liquezone has meant a way to utilize gases in the treatment of germ diseases.

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Since then we have let every sick one we learned of test it at our expense. The result is that millions have learned by experience some things that Liquezone can do. Most of the cured told others, and the others told others. The result is that about 12,000,000 bottles of Liquezone have been taken, mostly in the past two years. There is now almost no hamlet—no neighborhood—without living examples of its power.

Now other chemists and companies, in alliance with us, are supplying it to other nations. It is hoped, before long, that every nook of the world where sickness exists will have Liquezone there to combat it.

Germ Diseases. In the past few years, scores of diseases have been traced to germ attacks. All of these diseases, until a few years ago, were attributed to other causes, and treated in various and ineffective ways.

The list of known germ diseases now numbers about one hundred. It includes most of our minor ills, and most of our serious sicknesses. And there are very few diseases which are known not to be due, directly or indirectly, to a germ infection.

Some germs—as in skin troubles—directly attack the tissues. Some create toxins, causing such troubles as rheumatism, blood poison, kidney disease and nerve weakness. Some destroy vital organs, as in consumption. Some—like the germs of catarrh—create inflammation; some cause indigestion. Directly or indirectly, nearly every serious ailment is a germ result.

Any disease which calls for a germicide, or for a tonic, calls for Liquezone. In this class of troubles, this gas-made product has rendered immeasurable service. It brings such

germicide so certain that we publish with every bottle an offer of \$1,000 for the discovery of a disease germ which Liquezone cannot kill.

Common germs are poisons which cannot be taken. They destroy the tissues as well as the germs. That is why medicine has proved so helpless in dealing with germ diseases.

Liquezone is not only harmless, but it is a tonic. Its effect is exhilarating, vitalizing, purifying. Its benefits are quickly apparent—often from the very first dose.

The fact that Liquezone is so destructive to germs is attributed to the fact that germs are of vegetable origin, and Liquezone is a vegetable product, and it ends their activity. But the cells of the body—being animal—thrive by Liquezone.

We Paid \$100,000 For the American rights to Liquezone, after its power had been demonstrated. This was after the product had been tested for years, in hundreds of cases, including many of the most difficult diseases of mankind. At first the results seemed incredible, and the tests were repeated again and again.

When the power of the product was thus proved beyond question, we purchased the rights and brought it into wider fields.

Now It Is Cuba—Fast Service by the Grand Trunk.

In this age of rapid progress and rapid transit people want to "get there in a hurry." You can certainly do this now as far as Cuba is concerned, on the new fast service arranged by the Grand Trunk, as you can leave London every Thursday by the International Limited at 8 p.m., connecting at Chicago with Havana Limited, which runs over the rails of the Chicago and Alton, and Mobile and Ohio Railways, embracing everything that one requires to make a journey in comfort: Club car, dining car, observation cars, etc. The train runs through without change to the steamship dock in Mobile, reaching there at 3 p.m. Saturday. Transfer is made on the dock to the new steamer Prince George, which leaves Mobile Saturday at 4:30 p.m. and anchors in Havana Bay by daylight Monday. For full particulars call on E. De La Hooke, city ticket agent, corner Richmond and Dundas streets.

Delightful Trip—Low Rates to New Orleans.

This is the time of the year when a trip to New Orleans is one of interest and pleasure. The Mardi Gras festivities will be held there shortly, and the very low rate of \$32.75 for the round trip will be in effect from London by Grand Trunk Railway, good going Feb. 21 to 26, valid returning until March 3, with further extension until March 17, if desired, on payment of 50 cents. Call on E. De La Hooke, city ticket agent, for full particulars.

What ails most people seems to be an excess of appetite.

CLARK'S LUNCH TONGUE, tender, tasty and ready to serve when you want something extra good and appetizing.

Other people's money always seems made for spending.

Always Remember the Full Name **Laxative Bromo Quinine** Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. H. Brown on every box 25c

A WOMAN'S BACK IS THE MAINSPRING OF HER PHYSICAL SYSTEM. The slightest Backache, if neglected, is liable to cause Years of Terrible Suffering.

No woman can be strong and healthy unless the kidneys are well, and regular in their action. When the kidneys are ill, the whole body is ill, for the poisons which the kidneys ought to have filtered out of the blood are left in the system.

The female constitution is naturally more subject to kidney diseases than a man's; and what is more, a woman's work is never done—her whole life is one continuous strain.

SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS

The Globe seems to be taking Falconbridge's decision on the Rowe case very much to heart, in fact it almost loses its temper in the matter. It says: "The belief that the Ontario Hockey Association has met with a serious setback in its efforts to keep its inclosures clear of those not entitled to admission is largely a delusion, but the delusion is a source of great glee in some quarters. The idea that a body which has secured a record in the performance of its duties, strikes the 'crabs' as something to be relished mightily. That feeling and its active demonstration are counted on by any body exercising disciplinary powers. The O. H. A., ever, in its judicial relations with its players, is a court of equity, and the petty-luxury technicalities that largely determine what is known as law have no place there. The sole question considered in passing on the eligibility of a player is whether he meets the requirements of the rules and practice of the association. If, in the opinion of the executive, he does not, 'all the King's horses and all the King's men' can't qualify him to participate in the association's games. And it is a satisfactory record in this respect that the executive can look back on. In no single instance in all the history of the O. H. A. has a player been excluded who was really entitled to play in the association series."

Whoever the writer means by "crabs" is hard to find out, but we fancy it refers to any persons who has the temerity to criticize the actions of Star Chamber of the O. H. A.—the sub-committee. We thought their action in this case high-handed and illegal to a degree, and that opinion has been borne out by the recent decision. The unseemly haste of the committee to suspend Rowe before the Barrie-Argo game, led us to the belief that it was not so much justice as the desire for a Toronto team to win the district. That others took the same view is very apparent. Nothing was to be lost by delay. No harm could possibly be done by waiting. But the sub-committee acted just as its critics expected it would, and a cry of "Hogtown" has been the result. Toronto evidently does not care three hurrahs who runs the executive as long as it runs the sub-committee. This is no time for winning and calling names. Play the game squarely and then there will be no such difficulty. The O. H. A. certainly has not done itself proud this year.

The East London League has been organized as outlined in these columns some time ago, and will be launched in the spring. It will take the place of the old Wholesale League, and no doubt will receive considerable patronage locally. The officers will be elected next Wednesday night at the Jubilee Rink.

Noah Brusso will now claim the heavyweight championship title, once claimed by the gift champion Marvin Hart. His claims will have to be recognized, as he is a dangerous customer if he continues to improve as he has done. Judging from the details of the fight, he outboxed, outgeneraled and out-fought Hart every foot of the way, and was a great deal the better of the two men. He simply chopped Hart to pieces, and a knockout was but a matter of a few rounds more. Brusso is the first Canadian heavyweight to ever get so far in the fighting game. He and Jack O'Brien will make a fine go.

A Jap has a scheme for growing bigger men in Japan. They must want to capture the heavyweight championship in pugilism.

Mike Ward is another Canadian seeking fighting honors in France. If he had a punch he might land something.

Noah Brusso's birthplace has been located, in many different parts of Ontario, but Detroit, a suburb of Windsor, is really there with all the claims for the fighter's success.

Tonight, the Berlin-Argo final will be played. The ice will be fast, a fact decidedly in favor of the "Flying Dutchmen." It looks as if there is nothing to it but the Kaiser's bunch.

Swimmer Daniels is breaking all the swimming records at New York, but has not tackled those made at the last Berlin-Argo game.

The practically unanimous decision of the Ontario Association of Fairs & Exhibitions for a repeal of the Ontario act prohibiting horse racing at fairs is the concrete expression of the fact that the law, instead of representing public sentiment, was quite contrary to it. The prohibition has never been regarded, though the directors of some fairs made a poor pretense, by altering the wording of the conditions of the harness races, and abandoning those for the runners. The State Association of Fair Managers of Ohio have just put themselves on record with a declaration that their strongest attraction was in the racing department. Winnipeg has the same experience to relate, and so also the Minnesota State Fair, probably the most important and extensive annual fair in the whole United States. The horse industry in Ontario has never been dealt with by the agricultural department of the Government from a national, not to say equitable, standpoint. The race course is the show ring of the breeder of light harness and thoroughbred horses, and all that has ever been done to him has been to discourage and restrict or abolish his field of operations.—Globe.

Jockey Herman Radtke, by winning four races on Friday, smashed the world's record for winning mounts during a week. The record first belonged to Ted Sloan, who rode eighteen winners in one week; then to Eugene Hildebrand, who rode twenty. By Friday's victories Radtke brought his record for one week up to twenty-one mounts.

The ancient sport of falconry is being followed with renewed interest in the old countries, and the talk of falcons, tereels, and merline is frequently heard in the smart sporting set, while the relative merits of the sparrow hawk, the peregrine and the goshawk are gravely discussed. The best birds come from France and Sweden, and there is a growing importation of them. The art of breeding and training is now being taken up by a number of enthusiasts in England.

When Borghesi beat Wire in the two-mile race at Los Angeles on Thursday he came close to the time record for the distance, and surpassed the best previous record at that track by 5/4 seconds. The world's record is still held by Judge Denny, who ran in 3:26 1/2, at San Francisco, eight years ago. Ten Brock, running against time, made a record of 3:27 1/2, nearly twenty years ago. Borghesi's time on Thursday was 3:27 1/2, and the racing report says he won pretty easily.

There was more criticism among turfmen yesterday for the Lansing-Cassidy anti-race-track betting bill, which has just been introduced in the senate at Albany. "The bill has been looked over by eminent counsel," said a leading turfman, "and it has been pronounced too drastic. It discriminates against betting between individuals on the results of horse races, and should it become a law similar legislation could be enacted that would make betting on poker, football and baseball games a felony which would land guilty persons in jail for sentence. How are the crusaders who are behind this bill going to prove to the Legislature that the gambling laws are violated at the racetracks? Can any one produce tangible evidence that bets are made at the track in violation of the law when not a scrap of paper passes between the layers and the players? If the law is not infringed upon, then why put up a crusade against something that has been pronounced legal by the court of appeals?"

"The American people like to speculate. They play stocks and the races for amusement and profit. They bet on elections, boat races, prize fights, bicycle races, football games, baseball contests, bowling and billiard matches. They are prohibited by law from playing roulette, faro, klondike and other gambling games in which the paraphernalia cannot always be depended upon. Poker, craps, fan tan and other games of chance in which the passing of money between winners and losers is in evidence are also illegal, all which may be proper. But if betting on one sport is to be made a felony, then all such forms of speculation should be treated in the same way. There should be no favors and no discrimination. Racetrack betting is a fact. It is not gambling, in the strictest sense of the word, and cannot be suppressed. The racing game in this state, should it be prohibited, would be the means of throwing thousands of persons out of employment and would kill the American breeding industry in which millions of dollars are invested. The fact that such men as William K. Vanderbilt, August Belmont, H. P. Whitney, Clarence H. Mackay and James R. Keene are in practical control of the sport in the east and especially in this state should prove beyond peradventure that the turf is in good hands and that attempts to kill it are not sanctioned by the general public."—New York Sun.

COVERPOINT.

A SUDDEN DEATH GAME WEDNESDAY

Woodstock and Port Hope Juniors to Play Final for Championship at Toronto.

Arrangements were completed Saturday morning whereby Woodstock and Port Hope will play off a sudden-death game for the junior championship in Toronto on Wednesday next. Parry Sound plays at Peterborough in the intermediate semi-finals on Monday, and the return will be played on Wednesday.

WINNIPEG DEFEATS BRANDON. Winnipeg, Feb. 24.—The Winnipeg Vics defeated Brandon in a Senior League game here last night, 2 to 1. It was the surprise of the season. The Brandon team was down in full strength, while the Vics only played two senior men, the balance of the team being made up of juniors. Brandon scored their only goal in the first ten seconds of play. The Vics played an aggressive game from start to finish. It was the cleanest game of the season, not a single player being ruled off.

POLO. NEW RECORDS.

New York, Feb. 25.—In the final contest for the water polo championship, the Chicago A. C. team defeated New York 4 to 3. The final of the 200 yard relay championship was won by the New York A. C. in 1:52, a new American record. C. M. Daniels won the one-half mile championship in new American figures. He won by fully 35 yards in 12:29 1/2.

BASKETBALL. DETROIT DEFEATS TORONTO.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—In a close and exciting game of senior basketball played here last night, Detroit Y. M. C. A. team defeated Toronto West End Y. M. C. A. by a score of 45 to 43. The match, although very fast, was quite free from roughness and both teams put up a good gentlemanly game.

BASEBALL. SILVER SIGNS WITH DETROIT.

Eddie Silver, the ex-London pitcher, has signed his Detroit contract, and will in all probability be a fixture on the team this season.

TORONTO HAS SEVENTEEN.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—It is announced that Manager Barrow has already seventeen signed contracts to hand, as follows: Catchers, Jack Toft, Meek, of Sioux City; pitchers, Fred Mitchell, Brooklyn; C. Jaeger, Detroit; C. Currie, J. Maroney, Rusty Owens, Leroy Urbach, W. B. Kerwin, D. McEachern, Al. Watts, London; outfielders, Jack White, J. Becker, Fred Crolius and W. J. Cheney; infielders, W. Yale, A. McGulgan, T. Roman.

Team Play Source of Berlin's Strength; Never Depend on One Man for Victory

The Berlin Senior Hockey Club has had a good and consistent record for five or six years, says a Berlin correspondent of the Toronto News. In fact, Berlin was one of the earliest towns in the west to encourage the game, being the first winners of the O. H. A. intermediate series in 1897, when they beat out the Kingston Frontenacs 3 to 0. But as far back as 1893 the game was introduced here largely through the instrumentality of that veteran sportsman, Eddie Wettlaufer, at present a member of the O. H. A. executive. He has been the daddy and guardian angel of the game here, and bears the high esteem of all the players and citizens, for they all know that "Ed is square." For a team that has broken into senior ranks from the second series, they have established a wonderful record. Their showing has been an eye-opener to the Province generally; though the home town would have been surprised to have seen the result, otherwise, for they knew that the hockey played by the W. O. H. A. champions was as fast as in the "big league." Their record this year has justified this view, for they played almost—if not fully—as fast and clever hockey than as they do now.

Their great strength lies in the years of association and play of the majority of the boys. Four of them have been playing together five seasons, and understand each other in every detail.

Team-Play Their Strength.

Wherein lies their strength? In team play, emphatically. Though every man on the lineup is a clever stick handler, and several exceptionally fast skaters, they do not depend for victory on any one man. They do not have one star and the others to bolster him up. Every man plays an unselfish game in the hunt for goals. Their combination is almost indefinable—sometimes it is a two-man—then a three-man—and then again the whole advance guard takes a hand. It is a puzzle for any defense. And their back checking is a department in which they lead every other team in the association. The players hang to their checks like leeches, and this following back and helping out the defense accounts for the smallness of the scores against them. Their wings and center men are hard, accurate shots, and take a chance from all distances. One could not find a better-balanced seven—the defense men interchanging readily, both being strong at blocking, lifting and rushing. There is always system in their play, and good generalship. Captain Cochrane has the confidence and respect of his players, who would go through fire and water for him. On the ice they are always out to win—so long as it can be done fairly. They play hard but square; and off the ice, too, they are gentlemen, and a credit to the favorably known Busy Berlin.

Goldsie Plays a "Heavy" Game.

John Goldsie Cochrane, the captain, has been playing hockey eight years

HAVE BIG OPINION OF THEMSELVES

"Pro" League Team Think They Can Beat the Best in Canada.

Hancock, Mich., Feb. 25.—The International Hockey League season is drawing to a close, and it has been the greatest in the history of the game in this country. Certainly no faster teams than those of Pittsburgh, the American Soo and Portage Lake have ever been assembled on this side of the international border, and with all the players men who had won distinction on the ice in Canada, especially selected by the American managers, it is believed that any one of the sevens is capable of defeating the best the Dominion has to offer this year.

SHAMROCKS LOSE TO OTTAWA.

Montreal, Feb. 25.—The Ottawas defeated the Shamrocks in the championship hockey match at the Arena on Saturday night by a score of 9 to 3.

MARKHAM TOURNEY ENDED.

Markham, Feb. 25.—In the final match in the hockey tournament played here tonight Fenelon Falls defeated the Kinnears of Toronto by a score of 2 to 1. The final time score was 2 to 0.

QUEBEC LOSES 5 TO 2.

Quebec, Feb. 24.—The Montreal Hockey Club defeated the Quebec Hockey Club here tonight 5 goals to 2.

BASEBALL. ROCHESTER CLUB FOR SALE.

Rochester, Feb. 25.—Charles T. Chaplin, president of the company controlling the Rochester Eastern League Club, has found baseball an unprofitable business. Mr. Chaplin backed the Rochester team through the seasons of 1904 and 1905 and dropped thousands of dollars. Tonight he offered all his holdings, carrying full control of the club, to John B. Nash, an ex-Rochester magnate for \$8,500.

HANLON WANTS MCCONNELL.

The Buffalo club is in receipt of and offer of \$2,500 for McConnell, the player secured by Buffalo from Johnstown. The offer was made by J. Hanlon, of the Cincinnati team. Some of Hanlon's scouts evidently have a good line on McConnell, and the former Brooklyn manager probably wishes that he had secured him before.

BUFFALO AFTER AN INFILDER.

Buffalo is after Infielder Knight, of the Philadelphia Athletics, a player and a hitter, and an all-round athlete. He is one of the champions of the American League last season. Knight is a college boy and a great player, in addition to being a slugger with the stick.

Team Play Source of Berlin's Strength; Never Depend on One Man for Victory

on Berlin's team, beginning when he was 16 years of age. Four years he played center and four rover, and this year he has done most brilliant work. It is generally conceded here that his superior is not in the association today. He is always on the puck and plays the game with his think-tank, as well as with his feet and hands. For an all-round athlete, figuring on the Berlin W. F. A. eleven as center halfback, and also plays consistent baseball, being a fast outfielder and heavy stickler. He weighs 164 pounds, is single, and the pride of the town. He has two brothers on the intermediate team that are dandies, and when he retires, as he intends to this season, they will be

ARGONAUTS HAVE WEIGHT ADVANTAGE

According to some figures given out, the Argonauts have a decided advantage over the Dutchmen in the matter of weight. Of the Berlin team, only one player is heavier than the man who plays the same position for the Argonauts. Schmidt is the person who has that "distinction," but he exceeds Hamilton, the Argos' left wing, by only one pound. The aggregate weight of the oarsmen is 1,164 pounds, an average of 166 per man, while the aggregate of the Berlin boys is 1,092 pounds, an average of 156 pounds. Here are the weights of the players:

Berlin.	Position.	Weight.
Mickus.....	Goal	158
Charlton.....	Point	152
Gross.....	Cover	172
Cochrane.....	Rover	154
Knell.....	Center	153
Schmidt.....	Left wing	153
McGinnis.....	Right wing	150
Argonauts.	Position.	Weight.
Cochrane.....	Goal	160
Reiffenstein.....	Point	168
Hamber.....	Cover	190
McGaw.....	Rover	175
Tome.....	Center	163
Hamilton.....	Left wing	152
Bloomfield.....	Right wing	156

worthy successors to one of the best hockeyists the town ever had.

Working backward toward goal, one next encounters Nelson Gross, "Uncle," as he is generally known. He's a husky player, and many a contending player knows his solidity and aggressiveness, by personal contact. He is not the sort to start roughhouse—but if nagged on, there is no one more able to look after himself. Gross is a tower of strength, and cannot be beaten in breaking up combination. His deadly rushes and long runs are matters of history in hockey-lore. He too, has been in the game eight years, graduating from the City League five years ago. He succeeded the famous Jack Gibson, of Houghton fame, and has ably filled the breach. He is married,

GREAT ENGLISH LAD IS HOPELESSLY BROKEN DOWN

New Orleans, La., Feb. 24.—English Lad, the chunky son of Requitall-English Lady, and one of the most popular horses that ever raced on western tracks, has hopelessly broken down and will never face the barrier again. This positive announcement has been made by Fred Cook, owner of the thoroughbred, and confirmed by Bill Phillips, his trainer. This is the horse for which Owner Cook refused an offer of \$35,000, made by "Boots" Durnell, as agent for Ed Alvy, the Cincinnati poolroom proprietor and horse owner.

"Yes, English Lad has run his last race," says Owner Cook. "I had brilliant hopes of winning some of the big Eastern handicaps and stakes the coming season, for English Lad was going along nicely, and had already worked a mile for my trainer over the City Park track in 1:42, a thing he had never done before, as he was never a work horse. This time his right foreleg gave way, and veterinarians, who have examined him, tell me he will never stand training again."

"Early this week I will ship him to my farm near Mulberry Grove, Bond County, Ill., not far from St. Louis, where he will be at the head of my farm. Some people have laughed at the story that I refused an offer of \$35,000 for him, but it is true, as Durnell and Alvy will substantiate."

In three years' racing English Lad started 32 times and was first 11 times, second five times, third seven times and nine times unplaced.

English Lad only raced five times in his 4-year-old form last season, and did not win a race. He was second once, third twice and twice out of the money. His last start was in the Suburban Handicap at Sheepshead Bay, Jan. 15, 1905, in which he finished ninth with 117 pounds up and broke down. The race was won by Delmar, with Proper second and First Master third, with Jacquin, Delmar, Allan-a-Dale, Ostrich and Abdul in front of the western colt. The time for the mile and a quarter was 2:05 1/5. English Lad was held at 30 to 1 as he had not shown his best form prior to this race.

THE TURF. SATURDAY'S WINNERS.

At City Park, New Orleans—Miss Nannie, 1 W. H. Range, Robin Hood, Debar, Big Bow, Suzanne Rocamere, Florizel.

At Hot Springs—Mafalda, Idalla, Red Leaf, Miss Ferris, Proteus, Sam Primo. At Oakland—Queen Aileen, Jarrett, D'or, Shady Lad, Nealon, Modicum, Toccol.

TENNIS. OLD CHAMPIONS WON.

New York, Feb. 25.—H. H. Hackett and F. B. Alexander, the old champions of Yale and Princeton respectively, yesterday won the national double championship for indoor lawn tennis on the courts of the Seventh Regiment armories.

Team Play Source of Berlin's Strength; Never Depend on One Man for Victory

and occupies a good position as assistant electrician at the town lighting plant. He plays the game for the fun and honor, and has turned down more than one offer from the pro teams.

Yes, Pete's a Good One.

Peter Charlton, the point player, better known as "Pete," was born in England 28 years ago, and came to Canada eleven years ago. He has played the game for ten years and has been a prominent figure in Canadian hockey circles during the last eight years. He started his career in Montreal and after playing several seasons with the Monarchs and with the Shamrocks he came to Berlin and played two seasons with the W. O. H. A. champions. He moved to Toronto and played with the Marlboros for two seasons, and also took part in Stanley cup games. During the summer he returned to Berlin, and is playing a good game for the undefeated leaders of Group 2. He started out with the team this season to win the Robertson trophy, and is on the road to that goal.

John Mickus is a lad of 18—a jolly German, who until this season played City League hockey. He has developed wonderfully and plays the game with coolness and ability of a veteran. His future is decidedly bright.

In front of Captain Cochrane is Billy Knell, plumber and tinsmith. When he plays, he is a horse to work. He knows no such thing as fear, and checks the corners. Every bit of his 154 pounds is hard as nails, and his back-checking and wicked shooting make him a valuable member of the seven. He has been on the town's first team for five years.

Claim Schmidt is the Best.

Berlin claims to have in Chas. W. Schmidt the finest left wing in Ontario, and his performance certainly ranks him among the top-notchers. There is no closer or more persistent checker or a stronger shot. He has played the left boards five years and he and Captain Cochrane understand each other like a book. Their trick plays are a revelation.

James McGinnis, the new man on the right wing, is a rubber-worker who played his first game at Port Dalhousie eight years ago. He has a good position there, and played on the W. O. H. A. championship team two years. In 1903-04 and 1904-05 he worked and played in Preston, and this season is doing consistent and often brilliant work on the right boards. He is big, active, a close checker and dangerous shot.

The team has had a strong business management and are well looked after. Their dressing-rooms are up to date, their trainers are able and willing, and the rink management considerate. The club gets 50 per cent of the gross receipts at games, and has liberal hours for practice without extra charge.

H. E. Wellington is president, Geo. De Bus, secretary-treasurer; William Sileman, manager, and Alex. Watson, official timer.

Brim Full of "Features," Was That Indoor Game

Some "Striking" Things in Baseball Match Between the 7th and 21st.

The officers of the Seventh Regiment defeated the officers of the Twenty-first Regiment, Windsor, at a game of indoor baseball at the armories Saturday night, by a score of 33 to 25. They could have made it larger, but both sides were blown at the end of the ninth round. The London officers started fast, but the Windsor fellows were going some at the end, and nearly won out a victory.

There were several striking features in this game, although some of the players did not strike. The features were:

Capt. Reid's heavy hitting and equally heavy holtering.

Capt. C. Becker's tired feeling. He and Capt. Wigle did a lovely "Tag-you're it" turn. The Windsor man had the last grab and Becker was out.

Lieut. Bentley made a hit. This was a startling feature, only rivaled by the feat of story that he caught a fly.

There was the piece de resistance of the evening, whatever that means. Capt. Macbeth played center serenade in lovely style. Once he corked through the whole bunch for a tally, with the infield tagging at his heels. He was the idol of the ladies' gallery.

Capt. Gauthier hit some, and he also stopped some.

Capt. Morton's "leap for life" performance in the left field was the event of the evening, from an acrobatic standpoint.

Lieut. Green came nearly being ruled out. He was a good player.

As a sleeping beauty, Capt. McCormick took the biscuit. He slid to a base once.

Lieut. Reid, of Windsor, almost caused a stampede among the passengers on the aqua pura bus, by knocking out a home run. Better counsel prevailed, but one or two did not scramble back on the wagon.

Capt. Wigle's scrambling act was a

O'BRIEN READY TO GIVE BURNS THE FIRST CHANCE

New York, Feb. 25.—"Philadelphia Jack" O'Brien, who, on his defeat of Bob Fitzsimmons, claims the heavyweight championship title, today declared his readiness to fight Tommy Burns, the conqueror of Marvin Hart.

The decisive defeat of Hart takes him out of the front rank of heavies, according to O'Brien, and the Quaker boxer stands ready to give the Canadian a chance to contest with him for the title given up by Jeffries.

O'Brien will be ready to take Burns on after May 1, when his theatrical engagements end. He would like to have the battle come off between that date and July 4. Here is what O'Brien had to say on the matter today.

"Tommy Burns has proved his right to fight for the heavyweight title, and as I am always ready to give any worthy fighter a chance, I will take him on. The easy manner in which he defeated Hart shows that he is to be counted as a good man.

"I have received an offer from James Coffroth to fight before his San Francisco Club on July 4, and if that suits Burns I guess we'll have it out there. It Burns wants an earlier date he can name it any time after May 1.

"I am also ready to fight Tommy Ryan for the middleweight championship title, and will do 135 pounds at 3 o'clock for him."

THE TURF. RAM'S HORN EASY WINNER.

New Orleans, Feb. 24.—Ram's Horn

CANADIAN'S VERY RAPID CLIMB TO THE HEAVY CHAMPIONSHIP

Noah Brusso, Conqueror of Hart, Has Been in Ring Four Years.

Speaking of Noah Brusso, the Canadian who defeated Marvin Hart in the twenty-round battle for the world's heavyweight championship on Friday night, the Detroit Free Press says:

"Two years ago he left here, a boxer whose townsmen gave him little credit, and who had engaged with few boxers other than those of purely local reputation. He has now made good on his promise to show his home town that he possessed the ability to put himself in the championship race. In all, his experience in the ring covers but a few weeks more than four years, his first appearance as a mitt artist having been either in December, 1901, or January, 1902. The ring records have Brusso fighting in 1900, but this is incorrect. His first thought of entering the ring came while he was watching the Ferns-Thurston bout at Light Guard Armory, on Thanksgiving night, 1901. The then welterweight champion, it will be recalled, made a very bad fight, and got a very lucky decision. Brusso, an athlete, already noted as one of the fastest lacrosse players of Canada or the United States, became impressed with the idea that being a boxer wasn't tough if Ferns was a good specimen of the top-notchers. He went to work to get a match, Billy McIntosh backing him and "Brooklyn" Bray getting him his first engagement. Then followed a series of successful appearances at Delray, Detroit and Mount Clemens, a trip up the state, and finally his departure from the city. When he got away he began to go against tougher men than he had met in Michigan, and this proved to be his making."

That Brusso is advancing and improving all of the time is shown by the very cleverly judged battle that he fought. Hart is neither fast nor especially clever, and Brusso took advantage of this fact. He neither made it exclusively by his right hand, which his friends had feared or a pure stand up and slug affair. He used his footwork to avoid being forced to take a punch while Hart was set—the time when the big fellow is really dangerous and at prime one. A disordered liver means a disordered stomach, and a disordered stomach means disturbance of the nervous system. This brings the whole body into subjection and the victim feels sick all over. Farmeole's Vegetable Pills are the only medicine in this state, and relief will follow their use.

hair-raiser. He gave a splendid imitation of a plunge for life.

Lieut. Westland made a noise like a base-hit once. If he hit him, his voice he will be able to make a noise like a ball player.

Lieut. Ware delivered the goods. His hitting was most unseemly, but timely. Lieut. Kent also made a few wicked passes at the ball. He strained his vocabulary considerably in his hitting.

Capt. Kenning was the hardest-worked man on the job. He caught high ones splendidly.

Lieut. Mercer was the hero of the night. The writer does not know what for, but he was all right.

Lieut. Healey did some lovely jabbing on second. He was warned not to hit in the clinches. He didn't.

Capt. McKay stepped on this third finger, left hand, making a stop. He played manfully to the end. He was great.

Two of Windsor's pitchers were chased to the barn. They were Lieut. Reid and Capt. Wigle. Both have splendid wrist movements. Lieut. Green was not so. He made good in the box.

The teams lined up as follows: Seventh Regiment—Capt. Reid, catcher; Capt. C. Becker, pitcher; Capt. McCormick, first base; Lieut. Kent, left short; Lieut. Hart, second base; Lieut. Bentley, left field; Capt. Macbeth, right short; Lieut. Ware, third base; Lieut. Westland, right field.

Twenty-first Regiment, Windsor—Capt. Wigle, first base; Lieut. Green, right short; Capt. Gauthier, left short; Lieut. Reid, pitcher; Capt. Kenning, catcher; Lieut. Mercer, right field; Lieut. Healey, second base; Capt. McKay, third base; Capt. Morton, left field.

Score by innings:

Seventh 47234256—33

Twenty-first 036020693—29

Batteries—Seventh, Capt. Becker and Capt. Reid; Twenty-first, Lieut. Reid, Capt. Wigle, Lieut. Green and Capt. Kenning.

Umpires, Dunley and Insley.

made his first appearance at the fair grounds today in the Boston Club Handicap, for which he was a strong favorite, at even money. The race was worth \$3,500 to the winner, and Lieut. Williams' colt, never fully extended, centered home an easy winner.

WILL REVIVE DERBY.

New York, Feb. 25.—It is probable that the Brooklyn Jockey Club will next season revive the American Derby, which went out of existence when the Washington Park Club at Chicago closed its gates, or institute a new event for 3-year-olds so much like the great Chicago race, that it cannot fail to become as popular as the Derby used to be.

ATHLETICS. RECORDS DON'T STAND.

New York, Feb. 25.—The annual convention of the Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletics of America was held here yesterday. On the recommendation of the executive committee, this resolution was adopted: "Resolved, that records of Arthur F. Duffey are no longer acceptable to this association and that the list of intercollegiate and of collegiate records be amended so

CITY ASSISTANCE FOR UNIVERSITY A GOOD BUSINESS PROPOSITION

Would Help to Attract Many
More Students to the
City.

The statements made by His Lordship Bishop Williams at the meeting in the city hall on Saturday night have created widespread interest in local educational circles.

The proposition which he puts forth as a compromise, meets with pretty general approval, but as it involves the city paying the salaries of the arts professors until further notice, the feeling is expressed that any such measure, if submitted to the people, would be killed. However, many prominent citizens do not hesitate to say they are in favor of the scheme.

Perhaps more important to Londoners is the statement of the bishop in regard to what will be done if the city or some body of citizens cannot see their way clear to take over the institution.

After pointing out that it is not to be expected that the Church of England will allow the charter of the university to pass out of its hands without receiving something in return, and that the taking over of the institution by the city or any body of citizens would mean that the Church of England would have to be paid on a business basis for the buildings and ground, the bishop deals with what the Church of England intends to do in case none of the schemes mentioned materialize.

In plain words, he says it will be the policy of the church to push the work of the university as never before.

The Church of England will continue to control the university, but the senate will be thrown open to the representatives of all those, of no matter what denomination, who contribute towards the support of the institution.

This means that the Church of England, in the scheme which the bishop refers to in case the university is not made un denominational, does not propose to make the university in any sense a theological institution, or as simply an annex of Huron College. On the contrary, the aim will be to make it a thorough teaching institution, with a senate board composed of laymen, nominations, to allow all denominations to have a vote on its policy, but, of course, with the control in the hands of the Church of England.

What will this mean?
As far as can be seen from this distance, it will mean that the 180 parishes of the Church of England in the Diocese of Huron will be called upon to pay a nominal sum toward the maintenance of the university. It is estimated that each parish could with-
ingly pay \$5 a year, which would

mean an annual income of the college of \$4,500.

Friends of the move also say that there are 300 men in London who would find themselves to pay \$10 a year, for say, ten years, to the university, and here would be another \$3,000 a year.

Thus, it is argued that as a denominational institution the university will be bound to be prosperous, as it will have, like Queen's, which is under Presbyterian control, the goodwill of all denominations and classes in London and the district.

There is no good reason why the university, whether as a denominational, or an un denominational institution, should not have the hearty support of the city council and the people of London.

The bishop's statement makes it an apparent fact that come what may, the city is to have the university until such times as it shall have been shown that the Church of England cannot maintain it. This means that every effort is to be made to put it on its feet, and the friends of the movement declare that it will not be long until the university will be in a position to boast of 150 students.

In a short time there will be in all probability 200 students attending the Medical College, and when the School of Hygiene comes to London it will in all likelihood be the possessor of 100 students.

"Just think of the importance of this to students to the city," said a prominent citizen today. "We are now fighting for the School of Hygiene and we will in all probability get it, but should we not do something for what we already have. To my mind one educational institution depends largely on another and help one another, if we are to draw education and refinement toward London, we must protect and help those institutions which we already possess.

"With the Western University in a flourishing condition, London's reputation as an educational center will be greatly added to, and students will flock to the Medical School and to the School of Hygiene. Those who say that London is too small to compete with Toronto in education, and that the people like to go to school in a large city, should remember that Oxford, where the famous university is located, is scarcely as large as London.

"With the Western University, the Medical School and the School of Hygiene, the student can be given a pass in arts and science which will be equal to that he will be able to secure elsewhere, unless he desires to go into metallurgy, hydraulics or the like. And the 400 or 500 students who will be attracted to London will spend an immense amount of money in the city annually, so that it would appear a good proposition for the city council to assist the university, whether as a denominational or an un denominational institution."

Teachers want
bigger salaries

Collegiate Staff Buttonholing
Already—Public Teachers
To Do Likewise.

The teachers of the Collegiate Institute and those of the public schools are looking for an increase in salaries.

Today a deputation of high school teachers were busy interviewing the members of the board of education.

The public school teachers are also getting ready to make a demand. At present the minimum salary is \$350 a year and the maximum is \$550.

The teachers are pointing out that the price of living has materially increased the past few years, and that wages in all lines of trade have been advanced.

They say it is next to impossible to exist on the present salaries, and they quote figures from other cities to show that London is anything but liberal toward its teachers.

Mr. John McCool, who has been appointed public schools inspector for the county of Bruce, now desires to remain at his post in the Collegiate Institute, until the 1st of May, but as the board has made arrangements to fill the vacancy from the 1st of March, it is not likely the services of Mr. McCool will be retained after that date.

Miss McCutcheon will act in Mr. McCool's place until the vacancy is filled in the midsummer.

MAKES STEADY PROGRESS
Ontario Loan and Debenture Company Has Satisfactory Year.

The report of the Ontario Loan and Debenture Company, presented at the annual meeting of the shareholders held in their offices here on Feb. 14, will be found in today's issue.

HERE IS A NICE STATE OF AFFAIRS MAY PAY TOLL IN GOING TO CLUB

School Closed in Middlesex Because Cause Section Had Only One Child of School Age.

A special from Toronto to The Advertiser says:
"According to the report of one of the Farmers' Institute lecturers, there is much need of reform in Bruce, Huron and upper Middlesex. He finds more bachelors and fewer children there than in any other part of old Ontario.

"One Middlesex section, he announces, has closed the school because there was but one child of school age in its boundaries. The farmers are almost exclusively raising cattle, and mixed farming is at a standstill on account of scarcity of help, and barns which formerly held big crops of grain will soon be in ruins."

CITY EDUCATING
COUNTY CHILDREN

[Continued from Page One.]

the gratuitous tuition of 15 children from the county.

Consequently, the chairman wants to know what good such a school as this is to the people of London? What accommodation does it afford the children of the north end?

Mr. Strong declares that of the children who attend St. George's School, many come from the district around Hellmuth avenue. He would, as a consequence, favor the closing of the Richmond street north school, purchasing the Chapter House, and converting it into a modern school.

Chairman Strong says he feels that if the other schools in the city were investigated, it would be found that there are dozens of other children from outside London who are being educated at the expense of the city, the same as are those in the West London School, St. George's School and Richmond street north.

"If we are going to educate free the children of the townships, why should we discriminate and refuse to allow the children of Chelsea Green to attend our schools?" the chairman asked. "If we are going to be so good-natured we certainly should play no favorites."

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Ald. Gillespie, accompanied by Mrs. Gillespie, left on a two weeks' trip to New Orleans and other cities in the south on Saturday night.

—Mayor Judd was in Sarnia today. As his worship transacted all the civic business before he left for the tunnel town, there was, there was, there was.

—Sunday evening's service at the first of a series of bright evangelistic meetings to be held at Egerton Street Baptist Church every evening during this week.

The members of No. 3 committee will take a trip around the city tomorrow night for the purpose of investigating where new electric lights should be placed this year.

—Mr. C. Vansickle, of 539 Elizabeth street, entertained the members of the Adelaide Street Baptist Bible class at his home the other evening. The entertainment is an annual affair, and is always looked forward to with interest. Solos were rendered by Misses Daisy Quick, Millard, Smith, Story and others. Miss Mildred Moorhead and Miss Margaret Smith were the accompanists. Mr. Vansickle's class is one of the largest in the school, and with the increased accommodation provided in the new building, it is expected to grow.

—Mr. Charles Sifton, whose death occurred at Woodstock on Saturday, was 34 years of age and a native of London township. He was educated in the public schools, and at the London Collegiate Institute, after which he went into the stationery and fancy goods business in this city. He found the business too exacting on his health, and took up photography with Frank Cooper, of Dundas street. After some years in business in the Forest City he went to Woodstock and purchased the business at Dundas and Graham streets, which he has conducted for about seven years. In Woodstock he hosted the church and charitable work which he began in London. Identifying himself with the Central Methodist Church, the remains will be buried in Mount Pleasant Cemetery tomorrow morning.

—Mr. Henry Sifton, one of the oldest residents of the county of Middlesex, passed away on Friday last, at his home, lot 3, con. 4, London Township. He was 85 years of age and had spent the greater part of his life in London Township, having lived on the farm on which he died for 32 years. Mr. Sifton's farm, "Sunnyside," was known as such in the county for 75 years. At his bedside when he passed away were his wife, son, daughter and granddaughter, Dr. Harry Sifton, of Milwaukee, Mrs. Emily Mathe, of Milwaukee, and Mrs. Winnet, respectively. Mr. Sifton leaves two other sons besides Harry, Dr. Alfred Sifton, of California, and Eugene Sifton, in Colorado. The dead man was well known and admired by all who knew him in the county. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon to St. John's Cemetery, Arva.

CASE WAS DISMISSED.
The case against Amos and Thomas Chisney, Western Ontario farmers, who were charged with stealing hay under seizure, was dismissed by Squire "Chick" this morning. The difficulty will be arbitrated.

CONSENT JUDGMENT.
A sitting of the high court was held this morning, with Hon. Mr. Justice Street presiding. In the case of Lee vs. Percival, Mr. McKillop moved for judgment. By consent of all parties, the widow is allowed certain amounts out of the estate for maintenance. Murphy, for plaintiff, Fraser & Moore, for defendants, and Cronyn & Betts, for official guardians.

MAY PAY TOLL IN GOING TO CLUB

Road Company May Erect a Gate Just This Side of Glenmore.

The members of the London Hunt Club were much disturbed today by a rumor to the effect that the Proof Line Road Company intends to erect a toll gate just this side of the hunt club's quarters "Glenmore."

If the gate were erected it would mean that the members of the club would be compelled to pay a pretty stiff tax in order to attend the club if they brought their horses and vehicles with them.

The gentlemen who made the statement to The Advertiser hint that perhaps if a gate were built this side of Glenmore, the township of London would find it to its advantage to buy the road and throw it open to traffic.

Mr. Andrew Ellis, secretary of the Proof Line Road Company, when questioned by The Advertiser, said he did not know anything in regard to a gate being erected.

FLIM-FLAMMER
GOT TWO YEARS

[Continued from Page One.]

and Mr. William G. Marsh. I will not, and in fact I can't say in what manner events happened that unfortunately brought me into this predicament. It would be hard to say, for I don't understand myself, and I will just leave it to your worship's superior knowledge, and as a good judge of men and character to solve a matter, which, I tremble to think, might have brought disaster and ruin to a kind and confiding man. I would further call your worship's attention to the absolute ignorance displayed in trying to evade detection and capture, which clearly demonstrated that I had no previous experiences in crime, and further, could I get your worship to believe, that I have never been in prison before, and so far as my own statement would be credited and any previous knowledge you may have obtained as to my character, would go fully to corroborate the assertion that I am very young in crime and in knowledge of the world.

Your worship, an man of very respectable parents, the only son of a widowed mother, whose heart would be broken if she knew of her son's disgrace, I am truly repentant of the wrong, and if your worship would take into consideration my youth and inexperience and also the promise of an amended life in the future, and deal with me a little charitably, I would beg of you your debtor to the end of your most humble servant.

"WM. CARLETON."
The prisoner was arrested in Toronto a week ago on Friday when he was taken to England with the \$500 which he had stolen from Marsh. Magistrate Love held that the deed was premeditated and that it was a heinous and cruel. Carleton's intention had been to defraud the old man, and in what would happen to him when all his savings were gone. Two years at Kingston was the sentence.

Carleton had a trunkful of articles, most of which he disposed of this morning to a local pawnbroker. Among other things he had a valuable suitcase, a fur overcoat and fur cap.

FEW CASES OF "ITCH" HERE.
There are twenty cases of scarlet fever in the city, no typhoid, and but very few cases of "itch," such as is reported from Toronto, Hamilton and other places.

BROKE INTO TOOLHOUSE.
Some person or persons last night broke into the toolhouse of the board of works, which is situated down the river, on the hammerside property. Several shovels, thieves left the tool, the precaution to nail up the door. The police have been notified.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.
Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, for The Advertiser.

Wheat—Open High Low Close
May 82 1/2 83 1/2 84 1/2 85 1/2
July 81 1/2 82 1/2 83 1/2 84 1/2
September 81 1/2 82 1/2 83 1/2 84 1/2
Corn—
July 43 1/2 44 1/2 45 1/2 46 1/2
October 44 1/2 45 1/2 46 1/2 47 1/2
Oats—
July 30 1/2 31 1/2 32 1/2 33 1/2
September 31 1/2 32 1/2 33 1/2 34 1/2
Pork—
May 15 1/2 16 1/2 17 1/2 18 1/2
July 14 1/2 15 1/2 16 1/2 17 1/2
Lard—
May 7 1/2 8 1/2 9 1/2 10 1/2
July 7 1/2 8 1/2 9 1/2 10 1/2
Short Ribs—
May 8 1/2 9 1/2 10 1/2 11 1/2
July 8 1/2 9 1/2 10 1/2 11 1/2

STOCK MARKETS.
NEW YORK.
Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, for The Advertiser.

Open High Low 2 p.m.
Anal. Copper 110 1/2 111 1/2 112 1/2 113 1/2
American Locomotive 12 1/2 13 1/2 14 1/2 15 1/2
American Foundry 43 1/2 44 1/2 45 1/2 46 1/2
American Refining 10 1/2 11 1/2 12 1/2 13 1/2
Atchafalpa 10 1/2 11 1/2 12 1/2 13 1/2
Atchafalpa 10 1/2 11 1/2 12 1/2 13 1/2
Brooklyn Transit 8 1/2 9 1/2 10 1/2 11 1/2
C. P. R. 17 1/2 18 1/2 19 1/2 20 1/2
Chicago & Western 17 1/2 18 1/2 19 1/2 20 1/2
C. & O. Western 17 1/2 18 1/2 19 1/2 20 1/2
Colorado P. & L. 6 1/2 7 1/2 8 1/2 9 1/2
Erie 4 1/2 5 1/2 6 1/2 7 1/2
Illinois Central 7 1/2 8 1/2 9 1/2 10 1/2
Kan. Pac. 24 1/2 25 1/2 26 1/2 27 1/2
Louisville & N. O. 14 1/2 15 1/2 16 1/2 17 1/2
Metropolitan St. Ry. 11 1/2 12 1/2 13 1/2 14 1/2
Mexican Central 6 1/2 7 1/2 8 1/2 9 1/2
Missouri Pacific 10 1/2 11 1/2 12 1/2 13 1/2
N. Y. Central 18 1/2 19 1/2 20 1/2 21 1/2
N. Y. & N. E. 18 1/2 19 1/2 20 1/2 21 1/2
Ontario & Western 5 1/2 6 1/2 7 1/2 8 1/2
Pennsylvania 18 1/2 19 1/2 20 1/2 21 1/2
People's Gas 6 1/2 7 1/2 8 1/2 9 1/2
Rock Island 17 1/2 18 1/2 19 1/2 20 1/2
Reading 17 1/2 18 1/2 19 1/2 20 1/2
Republic Steel 27 1/2 28 1/2 29 1/2 30 1/2
Rock Island 17 1/2 18 1/2 19 1/2 20 1/2
Southern Railway 17 1/2 18 1/2 19 1/2 20 1/2
Southern Pacific 17 1/2 18 1/2 19 1/2 20 1/2
St. Paul 15 1/2 16 1/2 17 1/2 18 1/2

Teething Babies

suffer more discomfort than we probably imagine, but the teething period can be made easier by keeping the baby's digestion regular with Strong's Carminative. It relieves colic and prevents that troublesome affection of the membrane of the mouth known as "White Mouth of Infants." Strong's Carminative is mild, safe and effective. Intended particularly for infants. Price 25c.

Strong's Drug Store
184 Dundas Street.
Strong's Baking Powder—there's nothing better at any price, 25 cents pound.

TORONTO, Feb. 26—12:30 p.m.
Ontario Bank Ask. Off.
Bank of Toronto 150
Bank of Commerce 181
Imperial Bank 248
Donland Bank 250
Bank of Hamilton 225 1/2
Bank of Ottawa 220
Traders Bank 153
British America 153
Western Assurance 157
National Trust 159
Consumers Gas 208
Ontario & Qu'Appelle Land 100
Canada Northwest Land 450
C. P. R. 171
Molson's Brewery 171
Sovereign Bank 153
Toronto Electric Light 160 1/2
Canadian General Electric 148 1/2
Dominion Telegraph 122
Bell Telephone 159
S. L. C. Navigation 89
Niagara Navigation 84
Toronto Railway 122
Twin City Railway 117 1/2
Winning Highway 145 1/2
Sao Paulo Tramway 130
Dominion Steel, com. 33 1/2
Dominion Steel, pref. 33 1/2
Nova Scotia Steel, com. 60 1/2
Mackay, com. 60 1/2
Detroit Railway 75
Lake of the Woods 96
Mexican Stock 66
Electrical Development 59
Canada Landed 123
Canadian Landed 123
Dominion Savings 130
Electrical Dev. bonds 90 1/2
Mexican Electric 81 1/2
Sao Paulo, bonds 121
Hamilton Prov. 70
Imperial L. & I. 70
Landed B. & L. 70
Manitoba Loan 75
London Loan 128
Toronto Savings 128
Nova Scotia Steel, bonds 107

MONTREAL, Feb. 26—12:40 p.m.
Canadian Pacific, ex. 171
Minneapolis & St. Paul 171
Montreal Railway 270
Toronto Railway 122 1/2
Twin City Railway 117 1/2
Detroit Railway 100 1/2
Bell Telephone 159
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