



EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Parliament.—The business of sessions, all the most important measures have been introduced and discussed, and the greater portion of the supplies being passed, the prorogation may be daily expected.

A bill for the better security of the Royal person, has passed both Houses of Parliament and become a law. It directs such offences as those lately perpetrated against Her Majesty of the dignity which accompanies treason, and treats the culprits more in their true character, as regicides and traitors. It provides for the due punishment of those offences against the royal person which amount to persecution and annoyance, without being positively dangerous—such as pointing firearms at the Sovereign, discharging them, or explosive or destructive materials, near the person of the Sovereign, or throwing any substance at the Sovereign. These offences are to be punished as felonies; but power is given to the judges to direct that the convicts be liable to personal chastisement.

On the 5th inst., in the Committee of Supply, the following votes were agreed to:—£102,879 for the expense of convicts at Bermuda, Gibraltar, and at home; £203,000 for the same purpose at New South Wales, &c.; £25,000 for the support of negroes and liberated Africans, under the Acts for the abolition of the Slave trade; £3,070 to defray the expenses of the civil establishment in Prince Edward Island; £3,108 for the civil service in the Bermudas; £10,650 for the civil establishment on the Western coast of Africa; £7,099 for the same purpose in Western Australia.

On the sum of £13,215 being proposed to defray the charges of the ecclesiastical establishments in the British Provinces of North America and New Zealand.

From the London Globe July 9. The whole body of the delegates of the anti-corn law conference—a hundred and forty-four in number—had an interview with Sir Robert Peel this morning, at his official residence in Downing street. The delegates arrived punctually at half past eleven and having arranged themselves in a circle in one of the large rooms upstairs, Sir Robert Peel entered, and bowed to the delegates. Mr. P. A. Taylor, of London, and a number of the delegates from Liverpool, Manchester, Bury, Leeds, Sheffield, and other places, entered into a statement of the distress which exists in the country—represented their belief that a repeal of the corn laws was the only means of relief—and implored the right hon. gentleman to do something to save the country from anarchy and ruin, before it was too late.

At the termination of the statements, the right hon. gentleman, upon whom they appeared to make some impression, returned the following answer:—"You must be aware that the subjects which you have this morning brought under my consideration, are of daily and nightly discussion in the houses of parliament, but of course you will not expect me to make any statement to you on the subject. I have received with the greatest attention to the statements that have been made, and particularly to the "facts" of those statements, and I beg to say that I shall feel it my duty to bring those facts under the notice of the government. Gentlemen, I have no further communication to make," (then pausing and recollecting himself, the right hon. baronet added in a hurried manner)—"except to say that I have heard with the deepest sympathy the statements which have been made of the great distress which exists in the country."

The delegates, who appeared much disappointed that the Minister had not entered at all into the question of their grievances, then took their departure for Browne's Hotel, Pallace Yard, where the result of the interview was communicated to an open meeting.

A Costly Breakfast.—A Brussels paper says that at Ostend the king of Prussia was charged £200 Sterling, for his breakfast.—It adds that the king would not of course stoop to bargain, and quietly submitted to the extortion.

A grand entertainment was given on the 26th June at Goldsmith's Hall, to Sir Robert Peel and the rest of her Majesty's Ministers, at which the right honorable Baronet indulged in a speech alike distinguished for its strength and length.

Six sail of line-of-battle ships had been put in commission by the British government, in addition to those already in service, and it was supposed they were destined for China.

That trade and commerce in Britain have been for sometime suffering under a depression of no common order, is now on all hands admitted. Various however, and contradictory, are the causes assigned by different parties in the State to this phenomenon. If we may credit anti-corn law orators, the restricted importation of foreign grain is alone chargeable with its existence; another class—the universal free trade men—point to our protective tariff at large, as the originator; while a third class of economists, with more wisdom than the other two can claim, assign as the proximate source of our commercial paralysis, that long sustained system of over production, which, beside glutting the available markets of the world, has created a supply sufficient for all its inhabitants.

That the late Government, by their almost universally erroneous or criminal foreign policy, contributed much both to hasten and aggravate the crisis which was come upon us is not to be doubted. We need only instance as a proof of their implication, the outrages perpetrated against, and checks given to, British commerce in Turkey, Greece, Caraccia, and China, at Caracas and at Buenos Ayres; which may be keenly remembered by all connected with those markets; and the effects of which, in part, it is probable, will never pass away. But after making every allowance for

the fearful damage thus done to our interests through the misconduct of Lord Melbourne's Cabinet, it will appear that over-production has had, and still maintains, a principal share in the authorship of our existing misfortune.

Over-production has therefore brought matters to such a pass, that we can neither advance nor draw back without disastrous consequences. The latter course is demanded by the ultimate exigencies of the public service,—the former may be meanwhile less severe on individuals, which will Britain have the wisdom and fortitude to choose!—Glasgow Constitution.

By the death of Lieut. General the hon. John Ramsay, which took place last week at Edinburgh, the Colonelcy of the 79th Foot is vacant. General Ramsay had held the regiment little more than a year, and the date of his commission as Lieut. General was Nov. 23, 1841. He was brother of the late Earl of Dalhousie, and in his 65th year. He has left a very large family behind him.

Death of Mrs. Fox.—We regret to announce the death of Mrs. Fox, the widow of the late Right hon. Charles James Fox. This venerable lady expired yesterday morning, at her seat at St. Anne's Hill, near Chertsey, in the 79th year of her age.

Ninth Lancers.—Immediately after the departure of this gallant and often tried regiment for India, a high compliment was paid to Captain Cooke by the non-commissioned officers, who, remembering his kind administration of his duties to them for ten or twelve years, as Adjutant of the regiment, presented him with a splendid service of plate, in token of their respect for him as their immediate superior officer, and in proof of the great estimation which they, in common with the whole regiment, feel towards him as an officer and a gentleman. The party, between Captain Cooke and his subordinates, when the route arrived at Canterbury, is described as one of the most affecting events known in the annals of this distinguished regiment. Since his selling out, Captain Cooke has been gazetted as Captain and Adjutant to Lord Wharncliffe's regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.—London Globe.

The Late Lord Leicester.—Advice To His Eldest Son.—His admonition to his eldest son, repeated necessarily, was, that agriculture, planting, and building were to be his pursuits. He inculcated adherence to public liberty and Whig principles with the same fervency. He alluded to racing and gambling in all their phrases, although one of the most skilful players of whist in the kingdom. Often and often have we heard his precept, "Tom, when you go through Newmarket, draw down the blinds, never look at the place."—Norwich Mercury.

Drunkness no Excuse.—A Correspondent of the Globe says—As some of the Tory papers seem to consider intoxication an excuse for the conduct of a gallant Colonel, allow me to direct your attention to the opinion of Sir Walter Scott, in a case very similar. It appears that some of the officers of the 15th Hussars were under the very severe censure of the Commander-in-Chief for irregular conduct, and language of a dangerous political nature used at their mess. Sir Walter Scott's son, then a Colonel in the Regiment, but in no wise implicated with the offenders, in a letter to his father, excused their conduct under the plea of drunkenness. Sir Walter's immediate reply was as follows:—"10th May, 1821.—My dear Walter, I wrote yesterday, but I am induced immediately to answer your letter because I think you expect from it an effect on my mind rather different from what it produces. A man may be violent and outrageous in his liquor, but wine seldom makes a gentleman a blackguard, or instigates a loyal man to utter sedition. Wine overrules the passions and throws away restraint, but it does not create habits or opinions which did not previously exist in the mind."

Terra Giarissa.—A fine specimen of this beautiful plant, which rarely blows in this country, is just now coming into flower at the Surrey Zoological Gardens. The principal stem is about seven feet high, and is literally covered with large bell-shaped flowers of a yellowish cream colour, growing so closely together as when fully expanded, entirely to hide the stalk.

There is an old proverb which says "that an empty house is better than a bad tenant." Is this adage at all applicable to the present unrepresented state of the borough of Belfast?

UNITED STATES.

Distraintive Shell.—We understand that a weapon of the most destructive character has lately been invented by an American resident in England, and the model sent to this country to be submitted to the United States Government for their purchase or approval. The principles of its destructibility have not been divulged, nor will they probably be if our government purchases the exclusive right. It is represented to be an "infernal machine" of the first water, not only scattering destruction where it strikes, but cutting and slashing as it proceeds, with two-edged teeth and cutters. The model is in the hands of an intelligent engineer of this city, who will shortly proceed to Washington on the subject.—N. Y. Com. Adv.

In Washington, Maine, a man by the name of Thomas Nelson knocked his wife down, and with his feet so drove her stomach that she has since died. His father coming to house about an hour after, he found her extended upon the floor, to whom she related the fact. Nelson fled for the Provinces, but was overtaken between Bangor and Houlton and brought back. It was probable the act was done in a fit of passion, murder not being contemplated.—Belfast Journal.

Escaped.—Two convicts, named Samuel Hartwell, and Barney Hiner, escaped from

the State Prison at Auburn, N. Y., on Saturday last.

BOUNDARY QUESTION.

The Treaty.—The Eastern Argus professes to give the whole substance of the treaty with England. It is supposed with good reason, that Mr. Preble, one of the Maine Commissioners is an authority, and we can have little doubt of its correctness. As all parties in Maine appear to be pleased with the treaty we can hardly suppose that it will be rejected by the Senate of the United States.

The terms as stated in the Argus are the following:—

The boundary is to be substantially the one fixed by the King of the Netherlands. It includes, we believe, a small strip of barren territory at the extreme north, in the Canadas, not given in the award. For the claim to the territory ceded to Great Britain, the United States get the disputed grounds in N Hampshire, also a strip about three quarters of a mile wide, the whole distance of the line of Vermont bordering on the British Possessions, and House's Point in N. York.

Massachusetts gets \$150,000, and Maine an equal sum, as the value, in part, of the land surrendered. Maine also gets the expenses of the Aroostook War, and the Civil Poise, amounting to about \$353,000, making about half a million, in all. She also gets the free navigation of the St. John to the mouth—and all its tributaries, with the right of exporting all the lumber and produce in British vessels, to England, and her dependencies, on the same terms and conditions that they would be entitled to, if the product of the Colonies. This arrangement gives the whole valley of the St. John, on the American side, including the Aroostook and its other tributaries, the choice of markets. It is easy to see, therefore, that the products of that whole region will be shipped to the West Indies and other British ports.

Under these circumstances it is but reasonable to suppose that not only will the timber be rapidly stripped off and carried to a good market, but that the fertile lands in that section will soon fill up with hardy yeomen. As a matter of dollars and cents, we do not hesitate to say that Maine will make a capital bargain, if the treaty shall be ratified. Now we are prepared to say that the equivalents in the lands ceded in New Hampshire, Vermont, and New York, together with the free navigation of the St. John, and the Free Trade in the lumber and products of its fertile valley, are not a full compensation for the territory and jurisdiction surrendered. On the contrary, we think it is.

The United States get less territory, in quantity, than they surrender, to be sure, but it is more valuable in quality, and if it really lacks any thing in value, which is a question, it is much more than made up in the free navigation of the St. John, and the free trade in the products of its valley.

The question of State pride in parting with an almost valuable strip of territory for equivalents, we leave for others to discuss. On that subject there are various honest opinions.

The South has no good ground of complaint, because the United States undertook to pay Maine \$500,000, and Massachusetts \$150,000—nor has the West. The Florida war cost immense sums in comparison.

Public Opinion in Maine.—On the question of confirming the treaty.—During the last two days, we have conversed with a great many respecting the treaty, recently entered into between Great Britain and the United States; and we have seen but one who was opposed to its confirmation by the Senate. In this city, so far as we have heard, an opinion expressed it is unanimous. We have seen men from York, Kennebec, and Lincoln, and all agree that it should not be rejected. Some think the terms ought to have been more favorable to the United States, but none deny, so far as money is concerned, that Maine has not made a good trade.

We were however, prepared to hear of considerable dissatisfaction at first. In a great question like this, of a boundary, so long, and so eagerly agitated in high party times, when men of both parties, endeavored to make capital out of it, by saying harder things of John Bull, than their neighbors could, extend, deep, and bitter prejudices were necessarily engendered; and we are only surprised that it has been met by the whole people with so much coolness, and good sense. The causes of dissatisfaction with Great Britain have been many and just; and it is very gratifying to see that a whole people smarting under such provocations, on the first opportunity presented by England, could lay aside all party strife and the majority meet the minority in a spirit of national brotherhood on a great national question, and divide the honors and responsibilities of negotiating a treaty of peace.

We feel proud of the course the Democracy of Maine has pursued on this question. And we are very much obliged to our political opponents for accepting, in so good spirit, and in so good faith, the full share of the honors and responsibilities, tendered to them by the majority, in the State, and its Legislature.

Plan to Remove Stumps.—The following simple and efficient plan to remove stumps is copied from the Western Gardener. To any farmer who is annoyed with these incumbrances this short paragraph is worth a years subscription to a newspaper ten times over.—There is scarcely a stump or a bush to be seen on my farm, except some very handsome shade trees purposely left for sheltering in the heat of the summer. The removal of these stumps has been accomplished by a very simple and economical process, which I will attempt to describe. Procure a dry elm lever about twenty feet long, and six to eight inches in diameter, a good stout long chain, with two yokes of oxen; this is all the machinery that

is necessary. The mode of operation is thus: wrap the long chain around the stump a little above the ground, and make what is called a log hitch; lay the lever horizontally on the ground the large end next the end, and against the stump; make the other end of the chain fast to this end of the lever, drawing the lever tight against the stump; the cattle are hitched to the small end of the lever, and driven around the stump in a circle, of which the lever is the radius. One revolution of the oxen around the stump will generally twist out the largest of them; but should not the power thus applied be sufficient to remove the stump, the side roots may be uncovered and cut partially off; after this is done the stump will easily be removed. You will find this plan much preferable to any "patent stump extractor" that you may have seen published in the papers.

Great Riot in Philadelphia between the Whites and Blacks—Bloodshed.

The Philadelphia Gazette says:—"This morning between ten and eleven, a most alarming riot and fight, attended with much personal injury and bloodshed, took place between white and black persons, in the vicinity of South and Seventh. All ages and sizes and colored persons of both sexes were engaged in it.

The affray began in Shippen street, in consequence of an attack made by several white boys upon a procession of temperance colored men and boys who were marching through the streets, intending to participate during the day in a temperance festival near Schuylkill.

Soon after the onset the fight became general, and missiles of every description were thrown—clubs, brickbats, stones were thrown and numbers severely injured. The procession dispersed and the crowd highly incensed proceeded to the neighborhood of South and Sixth to Seventh and through St. Mary's street, where for a time the melee was of the most violent character. All the houses in the vicinity occupied by black persons were attacked, and in a few moments thousands of bricksbats hurled through the air, back and forth, with the greatest profusion and violence.

A large number of white and black persons were seriously injured. The city police officers with the Mayor soon arrived, and the combatants were dispersed. A number of the ringleaders were arrested and put in confinement. Officers Winsler, of Moyamensing, arrested one desperate character who it is believed stabbed one of the white men.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock, although the throng was immense, the rioters had dispersed and partial quiet was restored. As the night drew on the riot wavered, and two houses in Lombard street were attacked, the windows and furniture destroyed.

A large building in Lombard st., new and handsome, was set on fire and destroyed. It was erected at the cost of a wealthy colored man, and an impression prevailed that it was intended for the use of abolitionists.

The Gazette says that the ferocity of the white mob was beyond all precedent.

CANADA.

The Kingston Chronicle has an article on the subject and the meeting of the Legislature, which we have copied, as it seems to have something of an official character. The Chronicle expects a "political millennium" before the end of the world, which is predicted for April next, and believed by many in the neighboring States and Townships.

We are inclined to agree with this writer that the members of the "Provincial Administration will not quarrel among themselves. Why should they? They are agreed on most things. They are agreed in supporting an appointment of the representation which gives to the western section of the Province, formerly Upper Canada, the means of disposing of all that remains of the revenue and resources of the eastern section, under the direction of a Provincial administration, composed almost entirely of residents in the western section. It enables this administration to divide among themselves eighty-three thousand pounds a year, chiefly of the revenues of Lower Canada, appropriated by act of the British Parliament; and to regulate, besides, their own fees and emoluments of office, and to distribute largely among their supporters in the Assembly. They would be great fools indeed to quarrel about "political quackery" the "prosperity of the country," &c. They in truth can't afford it. Would you have them to resign, or be ruined out, leave their thousands a year to go back to their former avocations; if things go on "prosperously," perhaps they may be able, in a few years, to retire with something to live upon, or a pension; but at present.... They are not Peels nor Russells, independent of the salaries and emoluments of office.—Quebec Gazette July 20.

From Bermuda.—The Mail-Boat Lady Ogle, which arrived on Tuesday, brought us Bermuda dates to the 23d ult. The papers are barren of news. Parliament was prorogued on the 21st.—An Act had passed encouraging emigration from the British Islands on a limited scale—and a large sum of money placed at the disposal of the Government for the improvement of the Ship Canal leading to St. George's Harbour. His Excellency the Governor, in his speech, alluded to these matters, expressing his approbation.—Newscotian.

Another Surgical Cure.—We have more than once had the pleasure of alluding to various eminently successful operations performed by Drs Joseph and James Farish, of the cure of club feet, &c. Another case of still greater importance, and attended with the same gratifying result, has come within our knowledge. The patient was a little girl,

daughter of Mrs. Gowens, widow, of this place, now about six and a half years old. Her deformity was produced five years ago by a disease of the knee joint, causing contraction of the muscles on the back of the thigh, bending the knee at a right angle, and consequently preventing her walking. She was so young (only 18 months old at the commencement of the disease,) that she does not recollect ever having put the foot to the ground. The operation of dividing the tendons for the restoration of the limb was performed last winter by the above named gentlemen. In three weeks after, she walked with a crutch, and in three weeks more without crutch, and any other support. A few weeks since, she walked three miles without a rest. We conversed with the little girl last week, and she appeared highly delighted—as well she might—with the cure. We have great satisfaction in recording this instance of surgical ability and skill, not so much in justice to the operators as that others who may be afflicted in a similar way may benefit by it.—Yarmouth Herald.

PROVINCIAL.

In addition to the many marks of esteem shown by the members of his congregation to the Rev. Robert Wilson, on the resignation of his charge in this city was the gift of an elaborately chased Silver Snuff Box from the Ladies of Portland, which, however, could not be presented to the Reverend Gentleman previously to his departure from the Country, in consequence of the time necessary for engraving a suitable inscription; but while public notice has been taken of other tokens of respect on this occasion, it would not be proper to omit to record an act of affectionate remembrance on the part of the fair sex, who, justly appreciating the services of their friendly feelings.—The Snuff Box, we understand, will shortly be forwarded to Mr. Wilson in his native land and cannot but prove highly gratifying to his feelings.—Courier.

We deeply regret to learn, by a private letter this morning, that the Lady of the Hon. Mr. Justice Carter, who has been in a declining state of health, died last week, and was interred yesterday morning at 9 o'clock. The decease of this amiable accomplished, and highly esteemed Lady will long be ferretly regretted by all who enjoyed the pleasure of her acquaintance.—Observer.

Geology.—The celebrated Mr. A. P. Pelee President of the Royal Geological Society of London, who has of late been lecturing on his favourite science to the students of the United States, has recently visited the Chignecto Coal-field in New-Brunswick and Nova Scotia, and other interesting localities, in that quarter, accompanied by Doctor Gesner, whom he met by appointment at Parrsboro', and the English Geologist has expressed, as we understand, a high degree of satisfaction in being able to visit a number of places described in the works of our Provincial Geologist, and to confirm the important and interesting discoveries therein contained. Mr. L. proceeded towards Halifax, via Truro and Pictou, to take passage by the next Steamer for England, and we are happy to learn that he intends to visit New-Brunswick during the next or the succeeding season. We rejoice that these Colonies are beginning to share the attention of the Scientific world, and we acknowledge that Dr. Gesner deserves much credit from the inhabitants of New-Brunswick and Nova-Scotia, for his successful labours in these pursuits.—Courier.

Quick Travelling.—The Victoria Coach, which left the Bend on Friday, the 20th July, at half past three o'clock, A. M., arrived in this City at a quarter past twelve, performing the distance of 95 miles in the short space of eight hours and three quarters!—This is decidedly the quickest the distance has ever been performed by any line of Stages in the Province.—Observer.

The West India Royal Mail Steamer Texel, took fire at Havana on the 14th July, by the spontaneous combustion of the coal in her lower hold. She was run ashore and scuttled, and the fire thus extinguished. Subsequent accounts state her damage was not material, and she was to leave on the 15th for Nassau. Capt. Elliot, of Canton notoriety, was on board, and rendered important service.—B.

Miramichi, Aug. 1.—Proceedings of the Session.—We understand the Clerk of the Peace received a Circular from the Lieutenant Governor, on Friday week, requesting him to call a Special Session of the Peace, for the purpose of acquainting His Excellency with the condition of the inhabitants of this county, whether distress prevailed, and if so to what extent; & to know if the Justices had any funds to appropriate towards alleviating such distress; and to communicate to His Excellency the best way, in their opinion, the people could be relieved.

The General Sessions being assembled, it was deemed a proper time to take into consideration the communication of the Lieutenant Governor. It was Resolved, that the Sessions deeply regretted that distress to a very considerable extent did exist, and that they had no funds at their disposal, and if they had, they did not possess the power to disburse it in the way suggested in the Circular.—The best mode, in their opinion, to relieve the present distress, would be for Government to issue the Rye Road Grants, which would enable the labouring poor to relieve the wants of their families, and the country people to pay their taxes.—Glean.

The drafts of the 52d Regiment, consisting of 85 men, under the command of Capt. Forrester, which came out to Halifax in the Crocodile from Dublin, last week, arrived here in the steamer Neva Estria this morning from Windsor, on their way to join the

Regiment at Fredericton in the steam to day. Her Majesty's 5th Cavalry, Sir Charles Commander in Chief North America's on Friday the 29th Charles and Lady good health.

MILITIA G.

His Excellency has been pleased to promote, &c. 2d Battalion (Lieutenant Davice Malcolm M. to retire from the Major, from long to B Ensign W. W. allowed to retire Ensign John M. more, dated 31st Ensign Peter more, removed 1 August Ensign Thom mor, superceded General Aspect General Robe ner, promoted, Ensign Alex more, superceded General Aspect Ensign and have the rank of Ensign.

Charles Carr John Boyd, Hugh M. Le Henry G. S. William M. John Craig

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THE

SAINT ANDREW Cba Hon. 1 Director Disco Hours Lodged with us, other next week. Bill Commissionariat Dir Office day, Sun

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London, Liverpool Edinburgh Paris—Toronto, In our ty of extr The B tled, as by the S An Sa on the 1 will be f

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Regiment at Fredericton, whither they proceeded in the steamer *New Brunswick* on Monday to day.

**MILITIA GENERAL ORDER.**  
Fredericton, July 30, 1842.

His Excellency the Commander in Chief, has been pleased to make the following Provisions, &c.

2d Battalion Charlotte County Militia.  
Lieutenant David Turner to be Captain, vice Malcolm McFarlane, who is permitted to retire from the service with the rank of Major, from long service.

Ensign W. W. Hawkins, vice C. Hawkins, allowed to retire, dated 30th July 1842.

Ensign John Mann, vice Abraham Wetmore, dated 31st July.

Ensign Peter Clinch, jun. vice Josiah Wetmore, removed from the County, dated 1st August.

Ensign Thomas Davies, vice Daniel Gillmor, superceded for absenting himself from General Inspection, dated 2d August.

Ensign Robert Atchison, vice David Turner, promoted, dated 3d August.

Ensign Alexander McKay, vice Justus Wetmore, superceded for absenting himself from General Inspection, dated 4th August.

Ensign and Adjutant Richard McGee, to have the rank of Lieutenant, dated 5th August.

TO BE ENSIGNS.  
Charles Carson, dated 30th July.  
John Boyd, dated 31st July.  
Hugh M. Leod, jun. dated 1st August.  
Henry G. Seeley, dated 2d August.  
William Mahood, dated 3d August.  
John Craig, dated 4th August.

By Command,  
GEORGE SHORE, A. G. M.

**THE STANDARD.**  
SAINT ANDREWS, FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1842.

**Charlotte County Bank.**  
Hon. HENRY HATCH, President.

Direct next week—G. Gilchrist  
DISCOUNT DAY—TUESDAY.  
Hours of business, from 10 to 2.

BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

**Marine Insurance Association.**  
Director next week—F. A. Babcock.  
Office hours from 10 till 3 o'clock, every day, Sunday excepted.

**Saint Stephen's Bank.**  
WILLIAM PORTER, Esq. President.  
Director next week—N. Macleod.  
DISCOUNT DAY—SATURDAY.  
Hours of business, from 10 to 1.

BILLS and NOTES for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before FRIDAY, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

**LATEST DATES.**  
London, July 18 Montreal, Aug. 3  
Liverpool, July 19 Quebec, Aug. 3  
Edinburgh, July 15 Halifax, Aug. 3  
Paris, July 15 New York, Aug. 6  
Toronto, July 28 Boston, Aug. 8

In our columns to-day will be found a variety of extracts from our exchanges.

The Boundary Question is not finally settled, as the treaty has not yet been ratified by the Senate.

An Savage riot took place at Philadelphia on the 1st and 2d inst. an account of which will be found in a previous column.

At a Special Session held at the Court House, in Saint Andrews, pursuant to Notice on Wednesday the 27th day of July 1842.

RESOLVED, the opinion of the meeting, that the general distress prevailing in the Province, affects this County very materially, but the Magistrates not having any funds at their disposal, are unable to grant relief to individuals who are at present in a state of destitution, they would therefore respectfully suggest for the consideration of His Excellency, the great good that would result from the immediate issuing of the Bye Road and other Warrants for the County. The expenditure of which amounts, would greatly alleviate the suffering that now exists.

AND FURTHER RESOLVED; That no artificial means in our opinion, will remove the existing distress, which arises from causes and circumstances, entirely beyond the control of this meeting. The heavy burdens now to be born, in supporting the local Poor, being very great; this meeting view their continuance with much anxiety and alarm.

THEREFORE RESOLVED, That a communication be addressed to the Secretary of the Province, in reply to his Circular, enclosing the foregoing Resolutions.

Extracts from the Minutes  
W. HATCH,  
Clerk of the Peace.

The above Resolutions were enclosed by the Clerk of the Peace to the Secretary of the Province, to be laid before His Excellency the Lieut. Governor.

Notices of the appointment of Captain Crawley, of the Royal Engineers, to execute

a survey of the line of canal proposed to be cut to unite the waters of the Bay of Fundy and the Gulf of Saint Lawrence, and of Mr. William Page, to inspect and report upon the Post Office establishments in New Brunswick, are published in the last Royal Gazette, by order of His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, and directions given to all Magistrates and others to afford them every facility in the prosecution of their duties.

**CEMENT.**—Two parts of Ashes, three of clay, and one of sand; this composition, called by the Moors, *Fabbi*, being again mixed with oil, resists the inclemencies of the weather better than any other Cement. Try it.

**THE AMARANTH** for August is received. It is almost filled with original matter, and is without doubt the brightest gem in our provincial literature. The mechanical execution is very neat and would be a credit to any City.

**MARINE ASSURANCE ASSOCIATION.**  
At a General Meeting held this day of the Stockholders, the following gentlemen were chosen Directors, viz.

Hon. James Allanshaw.  
Hon. H. Hatch,  
Wm. Babcock, Esqrs.  
Wm. Garnett,  
R. M. Andrews, Esq. Solicitor.  
R. M. Law, Inspector.

The office will now receive applications as heretofore, for Insurance on vessels, cargoes, and freights.

J. Allanshaw, Chairman.  
John McKean, Secretary.  
August 12.

**From Jamaica.**—Dates from Jamaica to the 9th July, have been received at Baltimore. The Kingston Prince Current of the 7th, states that no recent change in prices worth mentioning had taken place.

The Belgian speculation of running the steamer British Queen between Antwerp and New York, seems rather unlikely to answer. There has been a loss of £5,800 sterling on the two voyages already made.

We have frequently paid postage on our Correspondent's letters, when the subject has been of no service to us, and for the future no letters will be taken out of the Post Office, unless the postage is paid. H. A. is received, but he must pay postage, before he hears further from us.

We observe in the *Courier* an advertisement announcing the publication of a new paper by J. R. Fitzgerald under the title of the *St. John Mediator*, which is to be issued about the middle of this month.

Francis Richards, Esq., of Gardner, Mc has been appointed by Mr. Webster, bearer of dispatches, to the American Minister at the Court of Saint James.

Lady Bagot held a drawing room at Quebec on the 29th ult. which was most numerously attended by the ladies of that city. His Excellency Sir Charles Bagot also held a levee. The *Canadian* says—Our ladies are enchanted with the amiable qualities of Lady and the Misses Bagot, who all speak French with elegance and facility.

St. Stephen, Aug. 10.  
**Drowned.**—On Saturday last, three persons started in a Boat from Mr. Waite's Ship yard in Calais, for the Union-Mills. When they reached the wing-dam, the tide was not sufficiently high to enable them to pass, and in attempting to land upon the Dam, a young man named James Holaday, was swept off, and perished before assistance could be rendered. The deceased was an informed man on board the Boat in St. John Harbour a few weeks since, at which time he narrowly escaped a watery grave.

**MARRIED.**  
On Tuesday last, by the Rev. Samuel Robinson, Mr. Jeremiah Young, to Miss Abigail B. Fenjoy, both of the parish of Portland.

At St. John, on Wednesday the 3d instant, by the Rev. W. T. Wishart, Mr. Arthur Rowe, to Miss Mary Ann Crawford.

**DIED.**  
On board the Brig *Corvair*, on her passage from Barbadoes, of Yellow Fever, Stephen Millidge Cornwall of Dorchester, New Brunswick, Male.

At Chatham, Miramichi, on the morning of the 26th ult. Mr. Patrick Henderson, in the 76th year of his age. He was born at Spawside, (Scotland), and emigrated to this country in the year 1775, and has ever since resided in Chatham. He was the last of the first body of settlers who took up a permanent e-bode on the Miramichi.

Yesterday, the 29th inst. after a lingering illness, William Henry, second son of Mr. Samuel Holstead, aged eleven years and fifteen days.

**SHIPPING JOURNAL.**  
PORT OF SAINT ANDREWS.  
—ARRIVED—  
Aug. 6, schr. Mary Jane, McMaster, Eastport, sundries.

—S, Steamer Nova Scotia, Leavitt, St. John, Passengers.

—CLEARED—  
Aug. 8, bqa. Clifton, Bisson, Cork, Timber & Deals, H. Frye, & Co.

—schr. Mary Jane, McMaster, Eastport, ballast.

Cleared at Maguadavic, brig Kate, Duffy, Cork, Deals by E. & J. Wilson.

Brig Resolution, Davis, Honduras, boards, by E. & J. Wilson.

### AUCTION.



### Bread & Co. by Auction.

TO-MORROW, (SATURDAY)  
At 11 o'clock, in the forenoon,  
The Subscriber will sell by Public Auction,  
WITHOUT RESERVE,  
20 Barrels Ship Bread, for the  
benefit of all concerned.

ALSO,  
A few Barrels Pickled Herrings,  
of the very best quality.  
August 12. W. McLEAN.

### MILITIA BATTALION ORDERS.

#### SECOND BATTALION CHARLOTTE COUNTY

**THE** First Division of the Battalion consisting of Captains Clinch's, Seely's, Pratts, Wallace's, Matheson's, Knight's, Caldicott, and Jewesson's Companies, to muster at the Lower Falls of Maguadavic, on FRIDAY the 16th of September next, at 10 o'clock, a. m. for General Inspection.

**The Second Division** consisting of Captains Turner, S. McFarlane, McCallum's, and D. McFarlane's Companies, to muster at the Lower Mills Digbywash, on SATURDAY 17th of September next, at 10 o'clock, a. m. for General Inspection.

By Order of the Lieut. Colonel Commanding  
RICHARD MCGEE,  
Adjutant.  
St. Andrews, August 12, 1842.—132

### Passage to Liverpool.

The fast sailing Copper fastened Barque "LORD SEATON" BILSON, Master, will sail for Liverpool, on or about the 20th instant and can accommodate two or three Cabin Passengers.  
Apply to J. W. STREET.

POST OFFICE,  
St. Andrews, 4th August, 1842.

**THE** Mail to meet the sailing of Her Majesty's Steam Packet COLUMBIA, from Halifax on 15th inst. will close at this Office on Friday the 12th at 6 P. M.  
GEO. F. CAMPBELL,  
Postmaster.

**NOTICE.**  
The subscriber will make advances on Cargoes Consigned to his friends in Jamaica by drafts on New York at 30 days sight as follows, on Board \$4 per M.  
on good Shingles \$2 per M.  
The Vessels to call at Morant Bay for orders.  
WILLIAM KER.  
St. Andrews, July 29, 1842.

### Pews For Sale.

PEWS No. 10 and 19 in All Saints Church, LORD SEATON BILSON, Master, on Monday the 15th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the door of the Church.  
J. W. STREET,  
Auctioneer,  
St. Andrews, August 4, 1842.

### Strayed or Stolen,



From the pasture of Mr. James Marland, between the Upper and Lower Falls, St. George, on Saturday the 26th day of June last,  
A Dark Brown Horse,  
5 years old, white stripes on his face, the left fore foot white, with a split in the hoof, believes the right hind foot white also, has a short tail.

Any person returning said Horse or giving information which will lead to his recovery, will receive the thanks of the owner and be handsomely rewarded.  
ROBERT JOHNSTON.  
St. David, July 16, 1842.—11

### CHARLOTTE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

All persons who intend to compete for the Premiums offered by the Society for the best crops of Grain and Roots, raised in the County, must notify the subscriber in writing, on or before the 10th of August next, in order that the different Committees may have an opportunity of viewing the growing crops.

Further notice will be given as soon as the Committees have made the necessary arrangements as to receiving the samples, &c.  
By order of the Board,  
D. D. MORRISON,  
Secretary.

July 12, 1842.  
The Durham BULL imported by Col. Mills, having been purchased by the Society, will stand for the season alternately at the Poor House, and on the farm of Mr. John McCurdy, in the Parish of St. Andrews.

### LONDON WHITE LEAD.

JUST RECEIVED,  
10 CWT. best No. 1 London White PAINT.  
J. W. STREET.  
St. Andrews, July 12, 1842.

### FOUND.

A FROCK COAT, TWO SOCKS, and a SILK HAT, were FOUND on the Road from St. Andrews to the Poor House, on last Monday. The Owner by proving property and paying the expense of Advertising can have them by applying to John Daly, Teacher Chapel School.  
St. Andrews, July 24, 1842.

### THE FIRST PRODUCTIONS IN THE WORLD FOR THE HAIR! THE SKIN! THE TEETH!!!

#### ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL,

A VEGETABLE PRODUCTION.  
The only article that produces and restores the HAIR; also WHISKERS, MUSTACHIOS, and EYE-BROWS; prevents Hair from falling off or turning grey in the best period of life; changes grey hair to its original colour, frees it from scurf, and makes it beautifully SOFT, CURLY, and GLOSSY. In dressing RAIN, it keeps it firm in the curl, unimpaired by damp weather, crowded rooms, the dance, or in the extreme of riding. To Child ren, it is invaluable, as it lays a foundation for a BEAUTIFUL HEAD OF HAIR.

**ON PURCHASING, BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!** Ask for "ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL," and see that those words are on the envelope, with the Signature and Address, thus—  
A. ROWLAND & SONS, 29, Hatton Garden, London.

Counter-signed ALEX. ROWLAND.  
To ensure the genuine article, see that the words "Rowland's Macassar Oil" are engraved on the back of the envelope nearly 1,500 times, containing 29,023 letters—WITHOUT THIS NOSE IS GENUINE. Price 2s. 6d.; 7s.; Family Bottles, (containing four small), 10s. 6d. and double that size, 21s. per bottle.

#### ROWLAND'S KALYDOR,

A preparation from *Oriental Exotics*, is now universally known as the only safe and efficient protector and beautifier of the SKIN and COMPLEXION. Its virtues are commonly displayed in thoroughly eradicating all pimples, spots, redness, tan freckles, and other unsightly cutaneous defects, in healing chilblain, chaps, and in rendering the most rough and uneven skin, pleasantly soft and smooth. To the complexion it imparts a juvenile rosiness hue, and to the hand, arm, and face, a delicacy and fairness unrivalled.

It is invaluable as a renovating and refreshing Wash, during travelling, or exposure to the sun, dust, or harsh winds, and after the heated atmosphere of crowded assemblies—GENTLEMEN, will find it peculiarly grateful after shaving in allaying the irritation.  
Price 4s. 6d. and 8s. 6d. per bottle, duty included.

#### ROWLAND'S ODONTO,

PEARL DENTIFRICE,  
A WHITE POWDER, of *Oriental Herbs* of the most delightful fragrance. It eradicates Tartar and decays spots from the Teeth, preserves the Gums, and keeps the Teeth firmly in their sockets, rendering them delicately White. Being an Anti-Scorbutic, it eradicates the Scurvey from the Gums, strengthens the roots, and preserves them of a healthy red, it removes unpleasant tastes from the mouth, which often remain after fevers, taking medicine, &c. and imparts a delightful fragrance to the breath.  
Price 2s. 6d. per box, duty included.

**NOTICE.**—The Name and Address of the Proprietors, J. ROWLAND & SONS, 29, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON, are engraved on the Government Stamp, which is on the "KALYDOR" and "ODONTO," also, printed in red, on the Wrapper in which the Kalydor is enclosed.

**BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!** composed of the most precious and costly ingredients, and which are frequently pressed upon the unwary under the name of being cheap. Be sure to ask for "ROWLAND'S" Articles. Sold by every Grocer and Minicestee Vessels throughout the civilized world.

#### FANCY STORE.

SUMMER SUPPLY.  
THE subscriber respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Saint Andrews that she has received her SUMMER SUPPLY of GOODS, consisting of—  
Fashionable & Fancy Goods  
suitable for the Season, and at the lowest Prices.  
Also, a general selection of  
GROCERIES,  
which she will dispose of on reasonable Terms.  
JANE 4, 1842—4493  
M. SHERLOCK.

#### THE STEAMER.

**NORTH AMERICA**  
WILL RESUME her Old Track on WEDNESDAY NEXT, going direct to BOSTON—she will leave on her old days, Wednesdays, and leave there, on her return, on Saturdays.  
JAMES WHITNEY.

#### MARCH 1, 1842.

ON SALE,  
By the undersigned, at the lowest Market Prices—as follows:  
7 HOGSHEADS Porto Rico MOLASSES,  
5 Hogsheads BRIGHT SUGAR,  
7 Barrels  
19 Chests Siamong and Congo Teas  
2 Half chests old Hyson do.  
6 Bags Cuba COFFEE  
25 Boxes refined LOAF SUGAR  
27 Do. Liverpool do.  
Boxes London mould and sperm CANDLES  
Do. Poland STARCH  
40 Kegs white, red and black PAINTS  
Hogsheads bottled and raw LIPPED OIL  
Windsor Glass, assorted sizes, &c. &c.

**LIQUORS.**  
Do. do. best Cognac Brandy, as proved brandy.  
Hogsheads Best L. P. Madeira, Port, Sherry, &c. &c. 5 Broun and other Wines.  
6 Franceaux strong Jamaica Rum.  
**BOTTLED WINES, &c.**  
Best red double diamond Port.  
Do. do. London choice Madeira.  
Sherry, Claret, Champagne,  
St. John Hupe's old Jamaica Rum  
Old Arrack, &c.  
Do. Holland Gin.  
Do. Pale Ale do. do.  
**ON DRAUGHT.**  
Best old pale and colored Brandy,  
Do. Holland Gin.  
Do. Malt Whiskey.  
Do. old London particular Malein.

**ON CONSIGNMENT.**  
Port, Brandy, Sherry, &c.  
J. W. STREET.

#### FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale at the Store lately occupied by Wm. Ker, Esq. an office, a general assortment of GROCERIES. Also—Superfine Flour, Corn Meal, Ham, Brooms; and a quantity of Herring News, Fishing Lines & Twines &c. very low for cash.  
ROBERT KER.  
St. Andrews 19th May, 1842.

### Prime N. E. Scythes.

Es. "South Esk" from Liverpool via St. John, 2 Bales N. E. Scythes, 35 & 40 inches.  
1 Cask Waggons Boxes.  
J. W. STREET.  
St. Andrews, July 4, 1842.

### Hardware.

JUNE 16, 1842.

THE Subscriber has imported Ex-Elizabeth Grimmer, from Liverpool via St. John, the following—  
Copper and Hogskin Powder Flasks,  
G. & B. Coffin Plates,  
Iron Nail  
Plough Plates,  
Timber Scaibes, Turn Screws,  
Sawtoe Shells and Belts,  
Sawtoe Plates,  
Painted Suffer Trays,  
Anticorrosive Petroleum Caps,  
Cast Irons—plain iron,  
C. S. Mill Saw Files—Taper Head do.  
Do. Iron Saws and Steels,  
Tale and Desert Knives, Carving do.  
Razors, do. in cases,  
Writing Station, Log do.  
Opening and making irons for vessels  
Ship Scaipers,  
Nurfolk Latches, Carpenters 2 foot Rules,  
Sawtoe Shells, Spokeshaves  
An assortment of Locks, Hinges and Screws,  
Shingling Hatchets, Iron squares  
Scratching Brushes, Putt do.  
Beard's pat. Coffee Pots  
Painted Candlesticks

Do. Scauffers and Taps  
Sandwich Trays and Waiters  
Bread Huskers, Shave Thread  
Head Bails, Brass Locks  
Bed Screws, Gun Locks  
Brass shoe Bills, Sine Pens  
Ballast Shovels  
16 long Wrought Nails  
2 casks do. from 4 lbs to 20 lbs &c. &c. which with his former stock of Hardware, he offers for sale on reasonable terms.  
JAMES W. STREET.  
June 17, 1842.

#### AN ACCOUNT

Of the Constitutional English Policy of CONGREGATIONAL COURTS,  
With two Tracts on Colonization, by the late GRANVILLE SHARP, Esq. and now revised and adapted to the altered circumstances of the country, with a short Memoir of the Author, by  
J. J. BURN,  
Author of "Letters on Emigration, &c.  
London, JOHN W. PARKER, West-Sternd, 1841—Price Five Shillings.

A few copies of the above valuable little work may be had at the Store of THOMAS TUCKER.

#### D. B. Stout & Pale Ale, MOULD CANDLES, &c.

EX "Edwin" from London via St. John, just arrived—  
6 Bales D. B. Stout and Pale Ale  
25 casks 4 oz. ea. D. B. Stout & Pale Ale  
10 do 6 do do do do (in pint)  
24 Boxes London Mould & Dip Candles  
40 do Spain Candles  
J. W. STREET.  
St. Andrews, June 22, 1842.

#### LEGAL NOTICE.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the Estate of ROBERT LINDSAY, Esq. late of Saint Stephen's County of Charlotte, deceased, are requested to present the same duly attested within three months from date hereof, and all persons indebted to the said Estate are desired to make immediate payment to  
ANNE LINDSAY,  
Administratrix.  
St. Stephen, N. B.  
June 21, 1842.

#### NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that no person other than the Subscriber, (by virtue of Trust for the benefit of his Family,) is entitled to receive or claim the Rents of the following premises in Saint Andrews, viz:—  
Town Lots No 2, 3, 6, and 7, respectively, in block letter B.—Lots No 1, 2, and 3, in block letter H., comprising what is now known as Wat's Wharf, formerly Kell's Wharf, with the Buildings thereon belonging—also Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 in block letter E.—and Nos. 3, 4, 7 and 9 in block letter L.—also lot No. 4 in block letter I.—all in Bulkley's Division of the Town Plat.—That Miss Elizabeth Watt Bell has no Legal or Equitable Interest therein, and that the paper writing under which she pretends to claim the same is null and void—and all the Tenants of said Premises or any part thereof are hereby Notified not to return to or in any wise treat with said Elizabeth Watt Bell, or any person on her behalf as the owner of said premises or any part thereof.—Dated this 14th day of March 1842.  
THOMAS WATT,  
111st Per A. CAMPBELL, Adv. Attorney.

#### A CARD.

MRS. JACKSON respectfully announces to her friends and the Public, that she has opened a SELECT HOUSE, for the accommodation of Permanent and Temporary Boarders,—situate in a central and pleasant part of the town;—directly opposite the Commissariat Office in King Street, and within two minutes walk of the Steam-Lost Landing, Barracks and Public Offices.  
The House is in good repair, has suitable Parlours and Bed Rooms; is comfortably furnished and fitted up.  
Mrs. Jackson begs to insure those Ladies and Gentlemen visiting Fredericton, who may favour her with their patronage, that every care will be taken, and no pains shall be wanting on her part, to make their stay agreeable.  
Fredericton, June 17, 1842.

#### NOTICE.

ALL Debts due the subscriber of longer standing than Six Months, at this date if not paid by the 1st day of August next will be handed to an Attorney for collection.  
JOHN LOUHART.  
May 8, 1842. 185311

#### Ships Articles, For Sale at this Office.



SHERIFF'S SALES.

To be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY the 9th day of JULY next, between the hours of 12 o'clock noon, and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the same day, at the Court House in St. Andrews.

All the Right, Title, Interest, Estate, Claim, Property, and Demand, of the ACADIAN COMPANY, of and to all the Lands, Tenements, Premises, and hereditaments of the said Acadian Company, situated in the Parish of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, together with the Houses, Mills, Sluices, Dams, and other erections thereon, seized by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court for £145, &c. at the suit of Wm. Smith, Alexander Smith and John Smith.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. St. Andrews, Jan 6, 1842.

The above sale is Postponed until MONDAY the 15th day of August, when it will positively take place, at one o'clock p. m.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. St. Andrews, Jan 6, 1842.

To be sold at public auction, at the Court House in Saint Andrews, on SATURDAY, the 24th day of SEPTEMBER next, between the hours of noon and 5 o'clock, P. M.

THAT piece or parcel of Land situated on GRAND MANAN and containing about Two Acres, and lying at or near Sprague's Cove, being a part of Lot No. 15, conveyed by one John Sprague to John Cunningham, the present occupier, with the House, Stores, Wharf, and other improvements thereon. The same having been taken by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court to satisfy Wm. Dougan, Assignee of Colin Campbell, Esq. in a debt of £16 12s. 10d. recovered by him against John Cunningham et al, besides Sheriff's fees &c.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. St. Andrews, 13th March, 1841.

To be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY the 26th day of NOVEMBER next, between the hours of 12 and 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House in Saint Andrews.

ALL the Right, Title, Claim, and Demand of JOHN McLAHLAN, Esquire, of, in, and to, those certain Lots or Tracts of Land, situated at Chamcook, so called, in the Parish of St. Andrews, known and distinguished as Lots No. 10, 11, and 16, containing 233 Acres more or less, together with all and singular the Buildings and Improvements thereon. The same having been taken under and by virtue of several Executions issued out of the Supreme Court.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. St. Andrews, 17th May, 1842.

To be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY the 17th day of DECEMBER next, at the Court House, in St. Andrews, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim, and Demand of Gordon McKay, to all that Lot of Land, situated in the Parish of St. Patrick, in the County of Charlotte, on the east side of the Digdegush River, known as Lot No. 30, formerly granted to John McEroy, containing about 112 acres. And also to that other Lot of Land situated in the same Parish on the East side of the River known as Lot No. 10, granted to John Johnson, containing 112 acres, and purchased by the said Gordon McKay, from the heirs of the said John Johnson. The same having been seized to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court for £32 19s. 6d. at the suit of the Hon. James Allan Shaw.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. St. Andrews, June 8, 1842.

To be sold at Public Auction, at the Court House in St. Andrews, on SATURDAY the 17th day of DECEMBER next, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m.

ALL the Estate, Right, Title, Interest, Claim and Demand, which Angus Daniel McMaster had, on the 11th day of December last, or now has, as Heir at Law of the late John McMaster, deceased, of and to all the Real Estate, within the County of Charlotte, owned by the said John McMaster, at the time of his decease, comprising among others, the following Tracts and Parcels of Land, viz:—A Tract of Land in the Parish of St. Patrick, on the North-west side of Passantiquoddy Bay, formerly granted to Capt. Faircliff, with the Mills, Houses, and erections thereon, commonly known as the "Digdegush Property" now in the occupation to the Hon. James Allan Shaw.

Also—Lots Nos 2 and 3, at the Rolling Dam in the said Parish of St. Patrick, with the Mills and Mill Privileges thereon.

Also—A Tract of Land at the Lower Falls, in the Parish of St. George, on the West side of the Maguadavik River, purchased by the late John McMaster, from one Joseph Gunnison, together with the Houses, Mills, Sluices, Dams, and other erections thereon, seized by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court for £145, &c. at the suit of Wm. Smith, Alexander Smith and John Smith.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. St. Andrews, June 9, 1842.

To be Sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the Ninth day of JANUARY, 1843, at the Court House in St. Andrews, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 4 p. m.

ALL the Right, Title, Interest, Claim, and Demand of James Pratt, jun., to that certain piece, parcel, or tract of Land, containing two acres more or less, situated lying, and being on the Western side of the Maguadavik River, near the Second Falls thereof, in the Parish of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, bounded as follows, to wit: beginning at the South-east corner of a Lot of Land owned by Daniel Gillmor, and bounded North by the said Gillmor lot, West by the road on Highway, South by Land owned by George D. Gillmor, and East by the Maguadavik River, with all and singular the appurtenances, &c. The same having been seized to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court, at the suit of John P. McKay, endorsed to levy £57 19s. 3d with Sheriff's fees, &c.

THOMAS JONES, Sheriff of Charlotte. St. Andrews, June 14, 1842.

Genuine Medicines.

For sale by Dr. W. C. McStay St. Andrews.

HEADACHE.

CERTAIN CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE, which has been used in families every month, for which has had sick headache from insanity, as a constitutional family complaint, and has cured effectually in every instance yet known, amounting to many hundreds. It is not unpleasant to the taste, and does not prevent the daily avocations of one using it. It must be persevered in, and the cure is gradual, but certain and permanent. Distresses are consequently multiplying where this distressing complaint is completely relieved and cured, although of years standing. By the use of Dr. Sydenham's celebrated remedy. One decided preference is its pleasantness, having none of the nauseating effect of common drugs.

It is so perfectly satisfactory, that the proprietor has given direction for his agent to refund the price to any one who is not pleased with, and cured by it. He hopes also that this may secure its great benefits to the distressed sufferers who are labouring under headache.

E. Schour, M. D. Inventor and Proprietor. COMSTOCK & CO., 71 Maiden Lane, New York.

MYSTERIOUS.

A gentleman belonging to one of the most ancient and wealthy families of this city, who must be well known to numerous friends, having since the year 1815 up to recently been afflicted with double, and for several years confined to his bed, has been restored to good health—has regained his natural erect posture—and has quitted his carriage, and now walks with ease. We believe this is the gentleman's own description as near as possible, and there is no exaggeration in it. We will give inquires his address, and doubt not his humane feelings will excuse the liberty, so that any one doubting may know these facts—though he requests his name may not appear in print. Among other similar instances, Mr. James G. Reynolds, 144 Christie street, has been restored, and will give personal assurances of the facts of his case. Both were Rheumatism, and contracted cords & sinews, How has this been done?

Answer.—By the Indian Vegetable Elixer internally, and Hees Nerve and Bone Liniment externally. Sold only by COMSTOCK & CO., 71 Maiden Lane, New York.

\$100 REWARD.

ONE Hundred Dollars Reward has been offered for months to any one who will use a bottle of Hays Liniment for the Piles without being cured. Of thousands sold, in no one instance has it failed of a cure. Proof of our healing to be had where it is sold. It is also a certain cure in nearly every case.

(externally) in the following complaints: Tightness of the chest, especially in children, Tendr Feet, Swart throat by cancers or ulcers, however obstinate or long standing, Whopping cough, Fresh Wounds, Chilblains, &c. &c.

LOOK OUT.

Some counterfeiters have counterfeited this article and put it up with various demass. Do not be imposed upon. One thing only will protect you—it is the name of COMSTOCK & CO. that name must always be on the wrapper, or you are cheated. Do not forget it. Take the direction with you, and test by that, or never buy it, for it is impossible for any other to be true or genuine. Sold by Comstock & Co, 71 Maiden Lane, New York.

Double the Quantity and Better Quality than any other for the same price!!! Remember this!

LIVER COMPLAINTS AND ALL SICKNESS AND DISEASES DR. LIN'S TEMPERANCE LIFE-BITTERS, AND CHINESE BLOOD-PILLS.

The greatest Secret discovered!

PURGE—purge—purge—has been the cry for the last few years. This has been effectually tried, and yet sufferers have multiplied—and died—and why? Not because purging was not necessary, but too much has been done—without the tonic

to follow, and sustain the system. Purge, you must! The sickly humours of the blood must be carried off—or the accumulation of them prevented. Prevent, then, the growth of such humours.

Why do the Chinese live to such immense ages, and still retain the powers of youth or middle age?—Because they purify the blood. The Chinese Blood Pills—so called because they work upon and cleanse the Blood—are the standard remedy. These pills will do it, and the Temperance Bitters, taken as directed, will strengthen the system and prevent the accumulation of the base humours which taint the blood, and which only increase by purges unless the Bitters are taken after. Buy, then, these pills and Bitters. Take weekly the pills and daily the Bitters, and if you are or have been invalid for days, weeks, months or years, you will find the sickly humours driven off, and prevented from a return, and the salutary yellow bile of sickness change partly to the full blooming glow of health & youthful buoyancy.

There are cases so numerous, of these brilliant effects, that time and space forbid an attempt to set them down. Buy and use these medicines, and use no other, and health and strength shall be yours. See wrapper and directions that come with them.

FRAUDULENT COUNTERFEITS will be attempted. Buy no remedy of the kind unless it have my name—O. C. LIN, M. D.—on the wrapper, and also the name of the medicine. Entered according to Act of Congress, A.D. 1841 by Thomas Conant, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of New York.

Meass Comstock & Co. New York, are the sole wholesale agents for the United States and all neighbouring countries. DOCTOR O. C. LIN.

TO THE OLD AND YOUNG.

HO! YE RED HEADS & GREY! PHENOMENON IN CHEMISTRY. EAST INDIA HAIR DYE.

THIS dye is in form of a powder which in plain matter of fact may be applied to the hair over night, the first night turning the lightest red or grey hair to a dark brown, and repeating a second or third night, to a bright jet black. Any person may, therefore, with the least possible trouble, keep his hair any dark shade or a perfect black,—with a positive assurance that the powder, if applied to the hair, will not colour it. There is no trouble in removing it from the hair, as in all powders before made. By an occasional application, a person turning grey will never be known to have a grey hair. Directions complete with the article. There is no coloring in this statement, as one can easily test. If these facts are warranted by the gentleman, who manufactures it, who is the celebrated chemist, Dr. Comstock, author of Comstock's Chemistry, Philosophy, and many other works well known and widely circulated by the public.

This dye is sold only by COMSTOCK & CO., 71 Maiden Lane, New York.

OLDRIDG'S BALM OF COLUMBIA.

THIS article was first introduced into New York market about twenty years since, and from its superior virtues in repelling hair, when it had fallen out, keeping the head free from dandruff, (a most loathsome article on a gentleman's coat) and giving a softness and beautiful lustre unknown before to the hair, has induced some persons to set up advertisements for the true and genuine article, keeping the head free from the same purpose, none of which stand the test of trial, professing as most of them do, to be Oils of various kinds, all of which are positively injurious to the human hair. Let none be deceived, no other article will make the hair grow rapidly and of a good quality but the Balm of Columbia, and no article purporting to be the Balm of Columbia is genuine without the name of COMSTOCK & CO. on the outside wrapper. Some have been deceived, and obtained a counterfeit article for the true and genuine Balm of Columbia. Remember to look for the name of COMSTOCK & CO. on the wrapper, before you purchase, and get none but the genuine. Don't be deceived with the assurance that any without that name is made in the same way, and is just as good, all such pretensions are false, and known to be so by the counterfeiters.

DR. TAYLOR'S BALSAM OF LIVERWORT, FOR CONSUMPTION AND LIVER COMPLAINT.

COUGHS, Colds, Asthma, Difficulty of breathing, Pains in the Side or Breast, Spitting of Blood, Catarrhs, Palpitation of the Heart, Oppression and Soreness of the Chest, Whooping Cough, Pleurisy, Hectic Fever, Nig. Cough, Difficult or Profuse Expectoration, and all other affections of the Chest, Lungs and Liver.

This Medicine is for sale by the sole Proprietors, or, 375 Bowery, between Fourth and Fifth sts. New York, Geo. Taylor, M. D. and by Comstock & Co., Wholesale Druggists, 71 Maiden Lane, New York; and by every Druggist in New Brunswick.

GINGER BEER FOUNTAIN, AND Temperance Reading House.

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the liberal patronage which he has received in his line since he commenced business, and respectfully informs them that he has taken that commodious and central House No. 2 King street, owned by Mr. B. McGarry, which is being fitted up for the accommodation of transient and permanent boarders, and trusts by attention to business to merit a continuance of public patronage.

A few steady Boarders can be taken immediately. Ginger and Spruce Beers will be supplied to Innkeepers in the Town and Country at a very liberal discount.

RUSSELL MOTT, 16th May 1842. 22ND OCTOBER, 1841.

WILLIAM BARCOCK & SON, HAVE received in addition to their former STOCK advertised 26th September 1841 be following:

FALL & WINTER GOODS: Pilot Cloths, Peterboroughs, Beaver Cloths; White, Bead, Green and Blue Flannels, Blankets, Merinos; Plain and Figured Orleans and Saxony, Satinets, Pilot and Beaver Cloth Over Coats; Winter Suit Clothing, with many other articles suitable for the season—all of which are offered for sale on their usual terms.

TO BE LEASED.

THE STORE, WHARF & PREMISES lately occupied by James Rair, Esq. Enquire of S WATT, Att'y for Thomas Watt.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY Connecticut, United States. Incorporated in 1810—with a Capital of \$150,000.

THIS long established Institution has for more than twenty-six years transacted its extensive business on the most just and liberal principles—paying its losses with honourable promptness. During this period have settled all their losses without compelling the insured, in any instance to resort to a Court of Justice. The present Board of Directors pledge themselves, in this particular, fully to maintain the high reputation of the Company. It insures on the most favorable terms every description of property against Loss or DAMAGE BY FIRE but takes no marine risks.

Application for insurance may be made either personally or by letter to the Secretary of the Company, or to its Agents, who are appointed in many of the principal Towns and Cities in the United States, and in the British Provinces. PRESIDENT BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Eliphalet Terry, Samuel Williams, James H. Wells, F. J. Huntington, S. H. Huntington, Elisha Colt, H. Huntington, E. B. Ward, and Albert Day.

Eliphalet Terry, President. James G. Bolles, Sec'y. The Subscriber having been appointed Agent for N. Andrews for the above mentioned Company is now prepared to take risks on every description of Property against loss or damage by Fire.

PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY.

WM. GARNETT, OF SAINT ANDREWS, AGENT OF THE PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY of Hartford, Connecticut, offers to insure Houses, Stores, Mills, Factories, Barns, and their contents and all other descriptions of insurable property, AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE.

The rates of Premium offered, are as low as those of any other similar institution, and every man has now an opportunity, for a trifling sum, to protect himself against the ravages of this destructive element, which often, in a single hour, sweeps away the earnings of many years.

The course of the office in transacting their business, and in the adjusting and payment of losses, is prompt and liberal. For terms of insurance, application may be made to the above named Agent who is authorized to issue Policies to applicants without delay.

WM. CONNER, Secretary. Hartford, Connecticut, July, 1841.

Mr GARNETT also offers his services as an Auctioneer and Commission Agent. St. Andrews, 5th Nov. 1841.

TO SELL OR LEASE.

THAT well improved and advantageously situated FARM & ISLAND, with Dwelling House and two Barns at Oak Bay, five miles from Saint Stephens, lately owned by Thomas Dunn, now occupied by David Woodcock.

Apply to J. H. Whitlock, Esq. Saint Stephens, or JOHN DUNN, Saint Andrews, Feb. 1, 1842.

10 COPIES A YEAR FOR \$10!

The handsomest and cheapest Periodical for the Young. Every Youth's Gazette. Illustrated by Elegant Engravings.

TO BE PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY. ON Saturday the 22d day of January, will be commenced the editing and publishing of a new weekly paper, which will be called "EVERY YOUTH'S GAZETTE." It will be of the quarto form, containing eight pages similar to the New York Mirror. Every number will be embellished with BEAUTIFUL PICTURES.

Of an instructive and pleasing character. The contents will be for the most part original, and adapted to the wants and capacities of youthful readers. Not only will the exclusive services of an accomplished Editor be given to the work, but the talents of many popular writers will be enlisted in its support.

All the new popular works for children which appear in England will be obtained; and from these the best articles will be chosen and published entire in the columns of the Gazette, together with the engravings by which they may be illustrated. Thus, in our catalogue of contributors, there will be many names, dear and familiar to the young—Miss Edgeworth, Mrs. Holland, Mary Howitt, Miss Martineau, Mrs. Barwell, Miss Mulock, Mrs. S. C. Hall, Joanna Baillie, Mrs. Southey, Miss Coleridge, and others. Thus, at a price far less than that for which such works could be reprinted in the shape of books in this country, will the most excellent treatises and stories for the young be presented.

Arrangements will also be made to obtain original articles by favorite American authors, and a pure moral tone will pervade every sentence of the new periodical. Every thing like sectarian, acrimonious, or political bias will be sedulously avoided. In fine, the Journal will be adapted to the tastes and capacities of all children, and thus merit its name.

EVERY YOUTH'S GAZETTE will, on and after the 22d of January, be issued on Saturday mornings, at the office of the New World 30 Ann street, New York.

To place Every Youth's Gazette within the means of all the girls and boys in the country, it will be sold to subscribers at the following low rates:—For one copy, sent to any part of North America, \$2 a year, for 2 copies \$3, for four copies \$5, for ten copies \$10, to be paid in advance. When 4 copies for \$5, or 10 copies for \$10 are ordered, the remittance must be made in current money, of New York or New England—and the papers directed to one address. Letters on business, and all communications to be addressed to "The Editor of the Youth's Gazette, 30 Ann street, New York," (boxed or post paid).

BANK STOCK. ONE SHARE Charlotte County Bank Stock for sale. Apply at the STANDARD OFFICE.

THE CHARLOTTE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY Offer the following Premiums for the Crop of 1842, Viz:—

Table with 3 columns: Description of crop, Quantity, and Premium amount.

The affidavit of the Applicant and one respectable witness will be required as proof of the quantity of each description of Grain and Roots. Further notice will be given as to where samples will be received and the Premiums paid.

SELLING OFF! AT REDUCED PRICES!

The Subscriber is selling off his large and well assorted Stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS! at much lower prices than heretofore offered in the market. The goods are all lately imported; and of the best quality,—consisting of

BLUE, black, invisible green and clear Broad Cloth, pinst and duffles do, blue, black and grey Cassimeres, Buckskin, Sattinetts, Malines, Towns and Fustians—20 pieces of white and red Flannels—Wool, Salsbury and Swandown do—twilled blue and heavy Kerseys do—2 bales Blankets assorted, from 14 4 to 5 4—Counterpanes and Coverlets—Carpetings of different colors—14 pieces brown cotton from 3 4 to 3 4, green bleached white cotton, linen do—64 pieces of Orleans & Saxones of different shades and patterns, Orleans de Floris and Meris oval colors—250 pieces of prints suitable for winter and spring—lustrous cotton, cloths and homespun, twilled junc and lining cotton, cotton stripes and fine Regatas—table covers blue and crimson, white and brown cloths do—Ladies plain silks & Handkerchiefs, silk Handkerchiefs and Scarfs, Stays white and brown do—woollen & worsted Yarns all colors—cotton Warps white and blue, Ladies winter Boots and Shoes, carpet & Kid Slippers, prunella and morocco walking Shoes—Kid Gloves, lined Berlin do—Linen towel Hosiery, Mohair and worsted do, Bobbinets and Ladies, facconnet, book and mail Mousins, Bolognaises and combetics, Insertion Bobbinets, Quinnetts and Edgings—Gents beaver and silk Hats, fur and litch Caps, Southwaters, oil cloths and covered lace, a large assortment of ready made clothing, 20 pairs of pantaloons of different qualities, frock coats and ready jackets, peak coats, gaiter stocks, red and striped shirts, with a variety of other articles in the list.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

Knives and forks, 8-vegers large and small, of an excellent quality, Razors, pocket and pen knives, ivory combs, pocket do, lake pens and covers, flat iron, Italian do, fire shovels and tongs, long spades and shovels, axes and scrubbing brushes.

GROCERIES: 10 Boxes of Ballast white Soap, 15 Boxes of Glasgow Soap, 30 Boxes London and Liverpool ditto, 10 Boxes London mof d and dip Candles, 1 Case of double refined Leaf Sugar, from 4 to 6 lbs, for family use, Southing and green Tea, Souchong and ground Coffee, Nutmegs, Cheese, Cloves, Cinnamon, Pepper, Allspice, and Salsaparilla, A few cases of 42 sizes Indigo and Bluing.

A quantity of Black Lead, A lot of corn brooms, Lamp Oil, A few boxes window Glass 7 1/2 x 10 1/2, A quantity of Flour and corn meal, pork & fish.

P.S. Those indebted to the subscriber either by note or book account, are requested to call and arrange the same forthwith and save expense. C. BRADLEY, St. Andrews, 5th February, 1842.

Salt and Coals, Per Barque Brunwick Daily expected from Liverpool.

3000 bushels Liverpool SALT will be sold on reasonable terms for prompt payment if taken from the vessel. J. B. STRELET, ROBERT WALTON, Committee W. WHITLOCK St. Andrews, June 24 1842.

THE SAINT ANDREWS STANDARD IS PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY, BY A. W. SMITH.

At his Office in Saint Andrews, N.B. 15s. per annum, delivered in town or called for 17s. 6d. do. when forwarded by mail. No paper discontinued until arrears are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS, Inserted according to written orders, or continued if so forbid in no written directions. First insertion of 12 lines, and under, 3s. Each repetition of Do. 1s. First insertion of all over 12 lines 3d per line. Each repetition over 12 lines 1d per line. Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.

Legal notices by individuals who have no account with the Office to be paid only in advance. Blanks, Handbills, &c. struck off at the shortest notice.—to be paid for on delivery.

AGENTS: St. Andrews, Parish by STAPLES, MILLTOWN, St. DAVID, TOWN HILL, OAK BAY, St. PATRICK, St. GEORGE, Upper Falls, FANFIELD, GRAND MANAN, St. JOHN, RICHMOND, FREDERICTON, MIRAMICHI, Mr. John Cotterell, Mr. W. Campbell Esq, James Alben Esq, Thos. Moore Esq, Jas Brown Esq, Mr. J. Geddesy Oak Bay, Mr. Charles Hanson, Mr. Wm. Braith, Mr. D. Gilpin Esq, Mr. James Hunter, Wilford Fisher Esq, D. McMillan Esq, W. J. Layton Esq, Mr. Henry S. Beek, Jas. Caie Esq.