

The GAZETTE

DEVOTED TO COUNTY NEWS AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

GODERICH, ONT., FRIDAY, JANUARY 12, 1883.

McGILLICUDDY BROS. PUBLISHERS
\$1.50 A YEAR IN ADVANCE.

New Advertisements.

Tea.—G. H. Old.
Notice.—Peter Adamson.
Medical Hall.—F. Jordan.
Cheap Hardware.—J. A. Nairn.
Card of Thanks.—Hugh Dunlop.
Servant Wanted.—Mrs. J. I. Morton.

Dentistry.

M. NICHOLSON, SURGEON DENTIST.
1151. 1151. Office and residence, West Street, three doors below Bank of Montreal, Goderich.

The People's Column.

SERVANT WANTED.—A GOOD
general servant to go to Port Grotto during the present month. An intending person good wages will be given. Apply to Mrs. J. I. Morton, Trafalgar-st.

NOTICE.

The Council of the corporation of the County of Huron will meet in the Court Room in the Town of Goderich, on Tuesday the 22nd January, 1883. All accounts against the Council must be sent in before the first session of the second day of meeting. **PETER ADAMSON,** County Clerk. 1873-21.

CARD OF THANKS.

TO THE ELECTORS OF ST. GEORGE'S WARD:
GENTLEMEN.—Allow me to return my best thanks to those who supported me at the recent municipal contest. I need not say that I am deeply indebted to you, and that I am proud to have been elected to the honor of representing you in the Council. I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant, **HUGH DUNLOP.**

FOR SALE.

A first class brick house, cellar under the whole house, and 1 1/2 acres on the Bay View road, Goderich, there is a good stable and driving shed, and a well, and a good garden, and a good water supply. Also a first class span of working mares 7 years old in foal. For particulars apply to **SEAGER & MORTON,** Goderich Foundry. 1873-4.

MUSIC.

Miss Skimming is prepared to receive a limited number of pupils, after the Xmas holidays for instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music. Terms, \$3 per quarter in advance. Jan. 15th, 1883. 1873-21.

PIANO FOR SALE.—I AM IN-

STRUCTURED to receive offers for the purchase of a seven-octave Steinway Piano, now at Mrs. T. V. Adams, Goderich, on Wednesday, Jan. 17, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of circulating the annual report of the directors, including directors and officers for the coming year, and other business. John Vercoe, Secretary. 1873-21.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the West Riding of Huron Agricultural Society, will be held in the Court House, Goderich, on Wednesday, Jan. 17, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of circulating the annual report of the directors, including directors and officers for the coming year, and other business. John Vercoe, Secretary. 1873-21.

FOR SALE.

Mrs. Nolan offers for sale the following property in the town of Goderich, Lot 177, the east half of Lot 178, and the west half of Lot 179. There is a story and a half frame house in good repair, 12 room and kitchen, good stone cellar, hard and soft water. Terms easy. For further particulars apply to **E. CAMPION,** Solicitor, Goderich. 1873-21.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS.—NOTICE IS

hereby given that all parties indebted to the undersigned by note or book account, are requested to settle the same on or before the 15th day of January, 1883, and to do so by cash or by a bill of exchange payable to order of **ABRAHAM SMITH,** 1823-4.

HOUSE AND LOT NOS. 33 AND

34, corner of Victoria and East streets, in the town of Goderich, for sale cheap, or will be exchanged for farm property. For particulars apply to **JAS. SUTHERLAND,** Office Crabb Block or J. C. CURRIE, notary.

FOR SALE.—THAT DESIRABLE

residence, corner Victoria road and Bedford street, opposite the school, and on two lots. The house is in good repair with carriage house and stable and other out buildings. The garden is well stocked with fruit trees, grape vines, etc. For terms apply to **JAS. SUTHERLAND,** Barristers. 1883-4.

MISSE SERGILLER.

Having completed her studies in music under Prof. Shipp of London, and having received a certificate from the same, she offers a limited number of pupils for Piano instruction. Miss Sergiller is also prepared to take orders for Grand Portables. Satisfaction in every case guaranteed. Residence, corner Cambria Road and St. George's Street. 1883.

BOOKBINDING.—WE HAVE MADE

arrangements with Mr. D. McGregor, the well-known bookbinder of Seaford, to take orders for work in his line. All work done in the plainest and most superior style. For terms apply to this office which will receive his personal attention. 1883.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT.—THAT

valuable Property known as the Sheppard Store and Post Office, with quarter of an acre of land, is offered for sale or to rent. Stock in store all new and fresh this year. The proprietor has other business which will require his sole attention. Also the west half of lot 5, con. S. E. D. Ashfield, all new land; two good orchards, two good wells, and comfortable frame houses. The lot contains 100 acres, of which 50 are cleared and all well fenced. Renting 50 acres heavily timbered with hardwood. For particulars address: **182, T. HAYNES,** Sheppard P. O. 1883.

Medical.

DR. W. G. S. MACDONALD, M. D.,
C. M. Physician, Surgeon, Acoucheur, etc. Office and residence, Main street, Ashbury. 6m-1863.

DR. R. C. DONAGH, M. D., PHYSICIAN,
GRAN. SURGEON, &c. Graduate of Toronto University. Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians, London, England, &c. &c. M. C. P. S., Ontario. Office and residence Opposite Bailey's Hotel, Hamilton street, Goderich. 1735-6m.

DR. MCLEAN, PHYSICIAN, SURGEON,
CORNER E. & C. Office and residence Bruce Street, second door west of Victoria Street. 1731.

DR. G. MACKID, M. D., PHYSICIAN,
H. G. Surgeon and Acoucheur, Graduate of Toronto University. Office opposite Cameron & Cameron's Bank, Lucknow. If not in office, enquire at the Bank. 1783-7.

DRS. SHANNON & HAMILTON,
Physicians, Surgeons, Acoucheurs, &c. Office at Dr. Shannon's residence, near the school Goderich. G. C. SHANNON, J. C. HAMILTON. 1751.

Strayed Animals.

CAME ON THE PREMISES OF
Subscriber about the 5th of December, a cow, Durham grey color, with short tail. The owner is requested to prove property, by charges and take it away. **CHAS. H. HURON,** Goderich.

STRAYED FROM THE PREMISES OF
the subscriber, about the middle of October, a large steer, marked at that time between the pin bone and rump, the hair being out in two places. Any information leading to its recovery will be suitably rewarded. **ROBERT MCKEAN,** butcher, Goderich.

Loans and Insurance.

MONEY.—PRIVATE FUNDS TO
lend on easy terms in sums to suit borrowers. **ALEX. MUIR ALLAN,** Goderich, Nov. 17th 1882. 1882-1m.

\$300,000 TO LOAN.—APPLY TO
CAMERON, HOLT & CAMERON, Goderich. 1731.

\$75,000 TO LEND ON REAL ESTATE
Terms favorable. Apply to **E. L. DOYLE,** Goderich. 1731.

\$50,000 PRIVATE FUNDS TO LEND
on good farm or first-class Town Property at 5 per cent.—Apply to **R. RADCLIFFE,** 1731.

MONEY TO LEND IN ANY
amount to suit borrowers at 6 to 8 per cent. Private funds. Apply to **SEAGER & MORTON,** Goderich. 1731.

MONEY TO LEND.—A LARGE
amount of Private Funds for investment at low rates on first-class Mortgages. Apply to **GARROW & PROUDFOOT,** Goderich. 1731.

LOANS FREE OF CHARGE.
Money to lend at lowest rates, free of interest. Apply to **SEAGER & MORTON,** Goderich, 2nd March 1881. 1773.

\$20,000 PRIVATE FUNDS TO LEND
on Farm and Town Property at lowest rates. For particulars apply to **SEAGER & MORTON,** Goderich. 1731.

R. RADCLIFFE, FIRE, MARINE,
Life and Accident Insurance Agent. Office in the Court House, Goderich. 1731.

LEGAL.
R. C. HAYES, SOLICITOR & S.
Office corner of the square and Washington street, Goderich, or at Butler's bookstore. Money to lend at lowest rates of interest.

LEWIS & LEWIS, BARRISTERS,
Office in the Court House, Goderich. E. N. Lewis. 1823-4.

GARROW & PROUDFOOT, BARRISTERS,
Office in the Court House, Goderich. 1731.

D. E. DOYLE, BARRISTER AND
Solicitor, Office in Chancery, Goderich. 1731.

SEAGER & MORTON, BARRISTERS,
Office in the Court House, Goderich. J. A. Morton, Wingham. 1781.

CAMERON, HOLT & CAMERON,
Barristers, Solicitors in Chancery, &c. Goderich and Wingham. M. C. Cameron, C. P. Holt, M. G. Cameron, Goderich. W. E. Macrae, Wingham. 1731.

INSURANCE CARD.

BRITISH ASS. COY. Toronto—Established
1853

PHOENIX INS. COY. of London (England)—
Established 1837

HARTFORD INS. COY. of Hartford, Conn.—
Established 1818

Risks taken in the above first-class Offices, at the lowest rates by **HORACE HORTON,** Goderich, and in the above second-class Offices, at the lowest rates by **CANADA FIRE, LOAN AND SAVING COY.** Toronto.

Money to Loan on first-class security, from 7 to 8 per cent.—Charges moderate. **HORACE HORTON,** Goderich Sept. 10, 1882.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LAND.

COUNTY OF HURON. By virtue of a writ of Habeas Corpus issued out of the County of Huron, and to me directed against the lands and tenements of John McLeod, and taken in execution all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the defendant, John McLeod, in and to that certain parcel or tract of land, situate, lying and being in the County of Huron, and being the North half of Lot 7, concession 15 of the township of Stephen, comprising fifty acres of land more or less.

Which lands and tenements I shall offer for sale, at my office in the Court House in the Town of Goderich, on Saturday the Seventh day of March, 1883, at the hour of twelve of the clock, noon. **ROBERT GIBBONS,** Sheriff of Huron. Dec. 6th, 1882.

J. C. CURRIE, THE PEOPLE'S AUC-
TIONEER, Goderich, Ont. 1731.

BORN.
In Ashfield, on the 12th con., on Christmas Day, the wife of Mr. James Bayne, of a son.

MARRIED.
By the Rev. James Caswell, on the 3rd Jan., Mr. Wm. Smith, to Miss Rebecca E. Roach, all of West Wawanosh.

At the residence of J. R. Grant, Esq., Brussels, on the 10th inst., by Rev. J. L. Kerr, W. H. Kerr, editor and proprietor of the Post, to Miss Helen Kay.

By Rev. R. C. Henderson, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Wm. G. Sherwood, to Miss Elizabeth Twamley, all of Ashfield.

DIED.
In Goderich, on Monday, January 8th, Elizabeth Alice, third daughter of Mr. J. H. Williams, aged 7 years, 7 months and 5 days.

Northern Ohio was visited by a violent earthquake on Saturday morning.

Mann, the Little Rideau murderer, is reported to have complained of unkind treatment at the hands of his victims. He does not display any feelings of remorse at the terrible deed with which he is charged, and maintains a dogged silence upon the motives which prompted him to the commission of the crime.

NEWS ABOUT HOME.

"A child's amany ye, takin' notes, An' faith he'll prent it."

TOWN TOPICS.

Don't read Geo. Sheppard's advertisement for fancy goods in this issue as he has been busy supplying school books and school requisites during the present week, that he has not had time to advertise his special school supplies.

I beg to notify the public in general that I intend to remove my stock of tin and hardware, by selling at the lowest remunerative prices. And don't you forget it! Witness my hand, this 12th day of January, 1883. Yours truly, G. N. DAVIS.

"One of the finest photographs ever saw," was the remark made with reference to a picture lately turned out at Johnston's Gallery. The same remark would also apply admirably to some very fine frames just received, at the first price gallery. Geo. B. Robson, Manager.

The Christmas holidays have passed, and the New Year has opened, but there is no reason why persons should not have good liquors in the house for domestic and other purposes. For this reason, W. L. Horton is prepared to offer the choicest liquors at the lowest price during the year now entered.

They speak around the Albion store of the easiest and best way of keeping peace in the family, and one had said the best way was not to forget the thousand and one little things you are asked to bring home during the year, when the other said, "O, that the little things were asked all round." "Well, when Mrs. Horton had a mad-on, I calmly surveyed her and told her I never saw her looking better, and she will confer a favor on me by getting to the store, and getting the things she wants at R. Bellows, so that her friends will share in my joy. That does the business."

Miss Alice Smith is ill of pleurisy.

Mr. T. Saunders left for Emerson last week.

The week of prayer has been held a week later than usual.

Mrs. Black is paying her New Year's visit, to the Queen, City.

Mr. Wivian, who was away on business, has returned, and is spending his holidays here.

Miss Seegmiller has gone to Nebraska to visit her sister Mrs. G. Cameron.

Miss E. Ball, of Hensall, is spending her holidays with her parents in town.

Mr. W. Craig, who has been travelling in California for his health, has returned.

Capt. Gregor MacGregor is among the list of returned to winter in the Salt City.

Rev. Mr. Sutton and wife spent their Christmas holidays with friends in Essex.

The Epiphany, or old Christmas day, was kept as a holiday in the R. C. Church.

Mr. O. Sturdy, of Chicago, formerly of the Kingston street bakery, has been spending his holidays here.

Mrs. Wm. Watt, from Beverley township, is in town visiting her cousin, Mr. John Mitchell of this place.

Mr. Zebo Tolama was in town during the week, arranging for the repairing of his tug Dispatch, now lying here.

Miss Oliver was unable to return for the opening of the High School having been ill of typhoid fever at her home at St. Mary's.

Mr. Wm. Reid, accompanied by his wife, has been visiting friends during the past week or two. He is flourishing in the North-west.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Williams have lost from their circle of thirteen children, a pretty little girl of 7 years, one of a pair of twins.

Mr. W. H. McCracken, Reeve of Brussels, gave us a call during the week. Mac will look carefully after the interests of his constituents.

A span of horses belonging to Mr. Wm. Hinks ran away on New Year's day, and running up against a tree one of the animals was severely injured.

Brother Dack, of the Kincardine Reporter, has improved his paper by enlarging it and altering its form to the popular eight page. Map-sources are stated him.

POSTPONED.—Owing to the illness of Rev. John Wakefield, the annual missionary meetings of the North St. Methodist church have been postponed until further notice.

We find our editorial slipper after W. H. Kerr, of the Brussels Post, who led Miss Ella Kay, of Brussels, to the marriage altar. We wish the young couple abundance of joy.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Noble, of Montreal, are spending a couple of weeks in town. Mr. Noble did not remain in the New York Head Office long as he preferred to live in Montreal.

The sale of periodicals, etc., of the Mechanic's Institute, held this week, netted \$36, this is a good sum, and brings the actual cost per annum of the papers and magazines to a very low figure.

Mr. J. W. Small, late of Goderich, appears to be an institution in Crystal City, Manitoba. His name frequently appears in the Herald of that city, in a professional capacity. He is in the law and conveying line.

CHORAL SOCIETY.—A meeting will be held in St. George's school-room on Monday evening next at 7.30 for the purpose of organizing a choral society. Every one who feels an interest in musical matters is invited to be present.

ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn of a very painful accident which occurred in our town, Mr. James Saunders on Saturday last. He was driving a horse near the market, when turning a corner sharply the sleigh was upset and he was thrown out, badly bruising his sides. We are glad to say that no ribs were broken, although he has since been confined to bed. We hope to see the gentleman about soon.

"FAREWELL."

Rev. R. Hicks Presented with an Address—His Reply Thereon.

On Sunday evening last, after service, Rev. R. Hicks, who has recently been appointed assistant-rector of Trinity Church, Winnipeg, was called before the congregation of St. George's by the Ven. Archdeacon Elwood, and the following address was read by Mr. F. W. Johnston on behalf of the members to whom the retiring clergyman had ministered for the past five years.

ADDRESS.
Rev. R. Hicks, Assistant-rector, St. George's Church, Goderich.

REV. AND DEAR SIR,—Having learned that you have decided to sever your connection with us, we feel that we cannot allow you to part without expressing some token of our feelings for the deep interest you have taken in our spiritual welfare while amongst us.

Coming to us as you did, a perfect stranger, fresh from your scholastic labors, we feel that you had not calculated the laborious duties before you, but not only have you surmounted all these difficulties but you have the proud satisfaction of knowing that in the completion of our church and school house you leave a lasting monument of your zealous labors while amongst us, and we can assure you that we feel you have not only done this, but you have brought our Sunday School to the highest state of perfection, largely increasing its numbers the result of which must, in time, be beneficial to our church membership.

The doctrines you have announced have met with our approval, and your teachings have been most beneficial to us all, and we regret that they have so soon to cease.

Your happy and genial disposition towards your parishioners while visiting was always most favorably received, and many of us will miss those kindly words of comfort spoken at the bedside of the sick or the grave of the departed.

We pray that in your new sphere of labor He who has guided you hitherto will ever be present with you in your good work, and rest assured that you have the heartfelt wishes of this congregation for success in your new department.

Signed on behalf of the Congregation.
E. L. ELWOOD,
Archdeacon of Huron,
Rector of Goderich,
Dated 6th January, 1883.

MR. HICKS' REPLY.
VERY DEAR FRIENDS,—Among all the painful and interesting associations involved in the term "Farewell" I scarcely know of any circumstances under which it can be pronounced, with greater anxiety, or more thrilling solicitude than by an ambassador of the Gospel of the Lord Jesus, when about to separate himself from those with whom he has for some years ministered and preached the unsearchable riches of the grace of Christ.

The recollections that must come back upon his mind in such a moment, how varied are they, diversified as the scenes unto which the duties and privileges of his vocation have called him. If through his instrumentality any have been turned from darkness to light, and from the services of Satan, to that of the living God, then it tells us, that it is God alone who gives the increase, who maketh the weak things of the earth to praise him.

May the grace of God which passeth all understanding by your portion here and in Eternity; may you enter on the full fruition of the salvation purchased by the cross, passion and precious death of our Lord and Saviour, Jesus Christ.

I remain, my very dear friends,
Yours most faithfully,
RICHARD HICKS.
Sunday, Jan. 7th, 1883.

"A Letter From Home."
This is what they think of THE SIGNAL over in Minnesota. We give it as a fair sample of what this paper is to friends afar off.

St. Paul, Jan. 3rd, 1883
To McGILLICUDDY BROS., Gentlemen,—Enclosed please find the sum of \$1.50 amount of subscription of "HURON SIGNAL" for one year. Some of our own family find it impossible to get along without the weekly visit of THE SIGNAL, and we have got to look upon it in the light of a letter from home, which is eagerly seized and ravenously devoured, immediately on its arrival. Wishing you every prosperity and a Happy New Year I am yours truly,
F. R. MANN.

SUPERANNATION AND APPOINTMENT.
The dawn of 1883 brought a change of governor at the Lighthouse to the north of us, known as Pine Point or Point Clarke Light, which for a quarter of a century has been run by its first and only keeper, John Young Age and only keeper alone cause his leaving a post that he ever loved. A soldier in his younger days, the duties of the Lighthouse were to him only a pleasure. His courtesy to the many visitors of the place was equalled by his devotion to and care of that far flashing beacon light, upon whose guidance depended the safety of many a mariner in the dark and dreary night. His life at the Point has been one almost continuous scene of kindly assistance all around whether by land or water. All who struck that lonesome spot, found John's door open with a welcome. His little boat was always ready, everything in order to advise and help the well-combed. He was indeed a friend to all in need, in his own good and simple way. Such men are valued for their solid worth

without regard to nice distinctions, theories or creeds.

He is now with his aged spouse living near his respected brethren the "Youngs" of Colborne. His successor Mr. Small, of Kincardine also an old warrior, will be "hailed" with pleasure by all who know him, to his new appointment, and no doubt will most worthily fill the charge vacated by his veteran brother, John Young.

The Big Convention.
The Liberal Convention must be admitted to be a great success. The delegates have fairly taken the town by storm, and no doubt the result of the meeting will be to give Liberalism in Ontario a great "boom." We may be sure that Ontario's interests are safe when so many men will leave their business and travel to the capital to assert the principles of provincial rights. The delegates on this occasion appear to be quite as much in earnest as were those to the late Conservative convention, when the attempt was made to draw the N. P. into the by-elections. The fact that Mr. Howat has been so successful in holding the Province for the Liberals is an encouragement to Mr. Blake in Dominion politics, and the idea evidently is to make as big a sweep in Ontario as possible, thus making this province once more the Liberal stronghold, which it in a measure ceased to be when Sir John Macdonald carried it with the N. P. There is one thing that must be said in fairness to Messrs. Blake and Howat, and that is that they seem to be more in earnest than the Conservative leaders. They are not so tricky as Sir John; nor so changeable as Mr. Meredith. The bulk of the delegates to the Convention seemed to be farmers. No doubt they were. The Ontario Government has always evinced a lively interest in the agricultural class and has been particularly careful to cultivate its good opinion.—(Toronto Telegram.)

Loburn.

THE LATE ELECTION.—For the benefit of readers here I inserted the following returns for the polling at the Temperance Hall, here: For Reeve—Wm. Young 51, A. McNeil, 20. For Deputy Reeve—A. Allan 71, A. Milloy, 6. For Councilor—J. Beck 53, P. Carroll 63, J. Gledhill 27, W. Treble 18. No elector was butted by the goat.

Saltford.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—Defiance Division No. 309, Saltford, was organized last month, with the following officers for the first quarter of 1883:—Charles Stewart, W. F.; Chauncy Long, W. A.; James Stewart, R. S.; Geo. Morris, Ast. R. S.; Edwin Morris, F. S.; James Morris, Treas.; R. D. Morris, Chaplain; Harvey Groer, Con.; Maggie Beck, Asst. Con.; Minnie Long, I. S.; W. Stewart, O. S.

Auburn.

The annual congregational meeting of Knox church here was held on Monday last. The Treasurer's books showed that the congregation had raised for all purposes during the year, including stipend, \$640.41; leaving a balance in the hands of the treasurer of \$65.21.

The Rev. A. E. Smith and wife were visiting friends in and around Woodstock last week.

Miss M. Kernighan, of Colborne, is visiting friends about Auburn.

Those persons who are in the habit of driving over bridges at a faster rate than a walk had better be careful. There is some one on the look-out for them here.

Arabi Pasha and his fellow exiles have arrived at Caylon.

At St. Petersburg it is stated the Czar has signed a decree dissolving all secret societies in Russia.

The confession of O'Donnell of his connection with the Phoenix Park murders is discredited at New York.

John Devan, a West Flamboro' toll gate-keeper, was recently fined for collecting from a person driving to church.

The administrator of Cephas Woodruff killed in a disaster at Parker's Creek, New Jersey, has obtained a verdict of \$25,000 against the railroad.

Three thousand cases of smallpox are under treatment at Baltimore outside the pest houses. Great alarm is felt, and other cities are taking precautions against the spread of the loathsome disease.

James Carrol, of Biddulph, wholly denies the statement of the alleged mental derangement of John Maher, and claims the young man is perfectly sound mentally, although unwell. He also states the party said to be demanged was not arrested in connection with the Biddulph tragedy, and was never a member of the vigilantes.

Another fearful holocaust, the result of tolerating miserably fire traps, is reported from Milwaukee. The Newhall House Hotel, a six storey building, caught fire early yesterday morning and was destroyed in a short space of time.

The house was crowded with guests whose avenues of escape, staircases and elevator, appear to have been simultaneously cut off by the fiery element. Many were killed in jumping from the upper stories, and an unknown number perished in the flames. There appears to have been absolutely no means of escape from the upper stories provided, and all the ladders, and apparatus of the fire department were too short to be of service.

FIRE AND SWORD:

A Story of the Massacre of Glencoe.

CHAPTER I.

There was commotion in Glenorchy. Earl Breadalbane, the feudal laird of the district, had important state business in hand. He held a commission from the State for the pacification of the disaffected clans, and had invited the Jacobite chiefs and officers to friendly intercourse at his Glenorchy estate.

This was reception day, and his own numerous retainers were attired in special holiday garb, and had gathered in great force on the stretch of green ground fronting his princely residence at the head of the Brae of Orchy.

The year was 1691, and on the failure of the Jacobite party to maintain itself against the Whig party, Breadalbane—who was a professed and trusted supporter of King William's Government, now that that Government was on the winning side—had received a most important commission to conciliate the Highland Chiefs by the distribution of £15,000—an immense sum in these days—along with the promise of an indemnity against loyalty to the new order of things; the conditions of all which were an acceptance, on the part of the disaffected Chiefs, of the Oath of Allegiance.

The Earl had therefore entered into negotiations, on behalf of the Government, with the principal Chiefs and officers of the Jacobite party; and in the hope of furthering a successful issue had invited them as guests to a friendly conference in Glenorchy.

There was thus commotion in the quiet Glen that day. Each Chieftain, accompanied by a small body-guard of armed retainers, entered the seclusion of the beautiful Glen with pipes playing and ribbons and tartans flying; and from early morn till well on the afternoon the arrivals continued to pour in, from districts distant and near, to strains of warlike and inspiring music.

It was a bright, warm summer day, the exact date being June 30, 1691. The Vale of Orchy—beautiful in itself, although surrounded on all sides by moors and mountains—was looking its very best in the rich, warm sunlight, while the mingled assortment of plaid and tartan which everywhere glanced along its level length added a picturesque and striking beauty to the scene.

From Rennoch the clansmen came; from Glenarry; from Glenlyon; from green Appin; from Lochiel; from the wilds of Lochaber; and from numerous other quarters, remote and near, where loyalty to the Stuart dynasty of King James was still lovingly adhered to—even in the dark hour of misfortune—as an article of duty and true faith.

Some of the Clans had been three days on the road, but that was no hardship in fine weather to men accustomed to the rude life of that period, and to the wild and bloody forays of intestine war. They trod the rugged mountain passes with practised feet, and when the shades of night came down they slept soundly on the open heath, or within the shadow of the silent glen.

Stalwart men and strong they were—rough-bearded, broad-chested, long of arm, and lithe of limb; and when they awoke from a night's sleep on the rough hillsides they merely shook the dew from their plaids, and strode sturdily on.

Arriving on the ground, the retainers were provided for outside the Earl's mansion; and by noon-day several hundreds were gathered, camp-like, on the green plateau facing the house, where they were invited to regale themselves with great draughts of home-brewed ale, and such solid refreshments as were common to that rude period.

Inside the Earl's princely domain a special table had been set for the entertainment of the Chiefs, Breadalbane presiding over the business of the hour in person.

Over a dozen Chieftains—the powerful heads of clans or sept of clans—were assembled round the Earl's board, sitting down to the table belted and sworded as becometh their rank.

The Earl himself wore the picturesque dress of his Clan, with a strip of dark-green plaid thrown over the right shoulder above his sword-belt, a pair of silver-buckled shoes on his feet, his stockings being tied below the knees with red ribbons. A pair of handsome pistols were stuck in his broad waist-belt, and a silver crest of a boar's head adorning the top of his shaggy sporran, bearing the motto—Follow Me! engraved in silver letters over it.

A word regarding the Earl's character and standing may not be inadmissible here:—

John, Earl of Breadalbane, was the head of a younger branch of the great house of Campbell, and ranked high among the pretty princes of the mountains. He could bring 1700 claymores into the field, and was consequently proud of the solid fact. A man of double character, he had regularly practised in his castled home among the hills the barbarian pride and overbearing society of a Highland Chief; and super-

added to these dubious qualities was a deep taint of treachery and corruption acquired in the Royal Council Chambers, Edinburgh. After the Revolution, he had, like others of his fellow nobles, joined and betrayed every political party in turn. He had sworn fealty to William and Mary, and had afterwards secretly and systematically plotted against them. His uncertain and disreputable course—which had all along been full of shifts and doubles—became somewhat less tortuous after the Whig ascendancy consequent on the battle of the Boyne. His position and talents marking him out to the new Government as a man who could do much to pacify the Highlands, he accepted, and at once proceeded to execute, the important commission entrusted to him, and hence the convention of the chiefs and hence the convention of the chiefs and officers of the Jacobite party at Glenorchy.

"Another arrival, my Lord Breadalbane," announced an attendant Duncie-wassal, saluting the proud Earl.

"Who?" he inquired.

"Cameron of Lochiel," promptly answered the attendant.

A smile of satisfaction momentarily lit the dark features of the haughty Earl, which was succeeded by a buzz of conversation amongst the Highland chiefs seated round the table.

"No word yet of M'Ian of Glencoe?" he inquired, as the attendant turned to leave the hall.

"None, my lord."

The Earl resumed his seat, from which he had momentarily risen on receiving the announcement of Lochiel. The non-appearance of M'Ian, the Chief of Glencoe, had mentally disquieted him. A dark shade of mingled anger and disappointment clouded his handsome countenance, which was noticed by those who sat in his presence.

The Earl's suspicious of M'Ian's personal jealousy and hatred, apart from his mere political disaffection as a Jacobite, was natural, and perhaps in a sense justifiable. For generations past the "Men of the Glen," as the Macdonalds of Glencoe were familiarly called, had been regarded as enemies of the Breadalbane branch of the powerful Campbells. The Earl entertained not patiently nursed a strong, if not a just, grudge against the old chief and his "thieving people," as he was accustomed to name them, and knowing well the stern old chief's perfidious attachment to the Jacobite cause, joined to their personal dislike and suspicion of each other, he promptly concluded that M'Ian's protracted absence from the convention was another insult offered to his dignity as convener of the meeting in the King's name.

"The wily old fox will not readily leave his den," he whispered in a low tone aside to Captain Robert Glenlyon, an unscrupulous partisan of the Earl, and a laird on his domains.

Glenlyon smiled grimly, and suggestively shook his head, not venturing an open remark lest the chiefs assembled round the table should overhear it.

"He wants correction," again whispered the Earl.

"Yes, his son," responded Glenlyon, striking the massive hilt of his sword.

Further parley was presently interrupted by the entrance of Lochiel, the ancestor, in a later generation, of the gallant and chivalrous adherent of Prince Charles of the '45.

"A courteous welcome," shouted Breadalbane, rising and extending his hand.

Lochiel returned the frothy greeting less effusively than the proud Earl would have wished. He was, however, too astute a diplomatist to show his resentment, and friendly greetings went round the circle, with a fair show of sincerity and good faith, succeeded on which conversation became general, the main topic of business being studiously avoided by the Earl, in the hope that M'Ian of the Valley might still put in an appearance, whose adherence to the new Government was the more to be desired because of the respect in which he was held by his brother chiefs, and the influence his counsel had with them.

"His land lies nearest us, and he is the slowest of appearance," again muttered the Earl to his trusted henchman Glenlyon.

"Which means—"

"Opposition to our plans," interjected the angry Earl.

By-and-by, however, the attendant Duncie-wassal rushed in and almost excitedly announced the arrival of M'Ian, occupied by his two sons John and Alister, the old Chief's piper, and a small body-guard of retainers.

A gleam of satisfaction lit up the Earl's dark face, and he smiled significantly to his trusty partisan Glenlyon.

Presently the old Chief entered the hall, supported right and left by his two stalwart sons, who each saluted the Earl.

M'Ian was a tall, fine-looking, muscular man, with broad, square shoulders, upon which rested his long white flowing locks. He was descended from Ian Fraoch—from whom he derived the patronymic of M'Ian—a brother of John, Lord of the Isles, who flourished in 1346, and is said to have acquired Glencoe in right of his wife.

M'Ian was a striking figure to look at as he stood before his old enemy, the haughty and over-reaching Earl. He appeared in kilts, and wore the alternating pale-green and pale-blue tartan of his clan, transfused with a picturesque profusion of crimson checks, with jacket of home-spun cloth of a lighter color, a plain, old-fashioned sporran, with sword and dirk, and with shoes made of deer-skin on his feet. The broad woollen bonnet which he held in his hand was fitly adorned with a badge of heather blossom and a single white eagle's feather. It was further noticeable that the heather badge was artistically tied together by a white ribbon arranged in a double loop-knot.

The quick eye of the Earl noticed these slight yet significant indications of hostility to the business at issue. He promptly judged them as being equivalent to an assumption of the "White Cockade," and the arrogance of the act annoyed him. He accepted it as a defiant challenge against the success of the important commission with which he stood entrusted.

"Macdonald is late of arrival," remarked the Earl, affecting by the tone of his voice to be more concerned in his guest's welfare than dubious of his sincerity in attending the business of the conference.

The old Chief tendered the Earl an evasive reply, and entered forthwith into a spirited conversation with his brother Chiefs around him.

The spacious baronial-looking hall wherein they were gathered presented a picturesque and most striking appearance. On every side the walls were hung with numerous trophies of the chase, huge horns of beasts, suits of chain-armor, old swords of traditional note, with rows of emblematic shields and banners, and with rude arms and accoutrements native to the period, and to preceding ages of rapine and blood. Each article of honor, and each relic family history and worth had a story of its own to tell, details of which had been traditionally handed down from sire to son. In many cases battle dents, and dark stains of blood-rendered longbladed broadswords and short-hafted, heavy-headed axes of great traditional value in the eyes of succeeding chief of the family. In addition, the huge antlers of the latest slain stag fitly adorned the centre of the table, and portions of its flesh were served up a repast for the Earl's guests in another part of the building.

These martial and striking accessories, commingling thus with the picturesque and many-hued garbs of the different Highland Chieftains, conspired to render the scene a notable one, and not unworthy of the important historical episode which occasioned it.

Outside the scene was equally interesting to look at, and hardly less picturesque and striking in effect. On the green plateau before the Earl's mansion the rival clansmen heartily fraternized, and pouring out copious libations of foaming ale drank to each other generally, and pledged each their own chiefs in particular, dancing between times, horn-pipes on the grass to the scream of the pipes and the approving shouts of spectators. It was enough that their beloved Chiefs were in conference with the Earl inside the hall. They were content to go, or remain, as directed.

Meanwhile Breadalbane had cautiously opened business by unfolding the Government plan of reconciliation and clemency towards the rebellious Jacobite Chiefs. Past offences, he explained, were to be overlooked, additional portions of land were in some cases to be ceded, and as a catching bait money inducements were held out to them, and all on the single condition of their acceptance of the Oath of Allegiance.

Breadalbane urged on their attention the generosity of the Government terms, an anxiously watched the effect of the proposal on the assembled guests. For some moments there was no verbal response, and the profound silence with which the Earl's scheme of reconciliation had been received argued but poorly for its ultimate success.

Breadalbane urged a reply, and, all looked to M'Ian for counsel. His courage, his sagacity, and his years all combined to give him that priority of speech and place among them which his brother Chiefs with one accord conceded.

Rising to his feet, he spoke with firm deliberation, and having the courage of his convictions, he fearlessly deprecated certain of the terms of the proposal, alleging that loyalty to a fallen cause was preferable to chicanery in the matter of a successful one.

Breadalbane scowled disapproval of M'Ian's remarks, and looked round the circle anticipatory of a friendly and sympathetic discussion of the proposal. In this, however, he was doomed to disappointment.

M'Ian's disparaging and defiant strictures seemed to give a mental keynote to the Jacobite circle. From its first inception the Government scheme had been regarded by the bulk of the disaffected Chiefs with suspicion and distrust, and the present personal conference with its reputed author—the ambitious Earl—did not seem at all likely to further it in any special way.

Ignoring M'Ian's arguments, and even his existence at the table, the wily Earl again pleaded the acceptance of the amnesty, the catching bribe of money rewards was again held out and largely dwelt upon by the astute Earl, who knew the Highland character well, and who was determined at all hazards to effect a successful issue of the commission in hand, being at heart more directly anxious for his own personal court favor and preferment than for the social welfare of his brother Chieftains.

"Nothing will be wanting on the part of the King's Government," he continued, "to make the social position of the Highland Jacobite leaders better than formerly. They will all secure a new social standing of adherents of the King, and many of you will have court privileges extended to you, with actual money wealth. But as for our friend M'Ian," he added, after a detailed statement of pecuniary rewards, "he must, of course, forego his share of the money in respect of certain just claims which I have against his lawless and thievish tenants for plundering my lands of goods and cattle (M'Ian glared at the speaker), and for which I insist on compensation and retention out of Glencoe's share of the reward money entrusted to my care."

An audible murmur of dissent supervened on the Earl's concluding remark, and the assembled Chiefs each turned their eyes towards M'Ian to see how he would take the open affront.

"Sir," answered the aged Chieftain, "I repudiate your false claims, and I dare you to again call the Men of the Glen lawless or thievish."

"And I press the charge, and strongly insist on the retention of your portion of the money," retorted the unabashed Earl, between whom and M'Ian a long-standing personal feud was thus unexpectedly renewed.

"Then I deny it, and appeal to the honor of the sword," exclaimed the heroic M'Ian, and, suddenly unheating his claymore, he advanced a step on the confounded Earl. "Draw!"

In a moment the crafty and scheming Glenlyon was on his feet, and sword in hand, had thrust himself between the malcontents.

"Stand aside, catiff!" said the brave and chivalrous Lochiel, springing aside to his feet and thrusting Glenlyon aside in turn.

John eldest son of the aged chief, also sprang to his aid, sword in hand, and momentarily there was a seizure of sword-hilts and dirk-hands all round.

"Catiff!" repeated Glenlyon, defiantly brandishing his sword in the face of the brave Cameron. "Lochiel shall not thus speak of me! Whatever Lochiel may be in point of rank, in arms, at least, Glenlyon is his equal!"

The rival disputants glared savagely at each other, and seemed on the point of open and deadly conflict, when Breadalbane, remembering the kindly dignity of his commission, at once desired to sink all personal feeling in the matter, and fervently petitioned the recalcitrant Jacobites to do the same.

Peace thus restored, the proposal was once more pressed for acceptance, the astute Earl enlarging on the power and wealth of the reigning Government, their firm determination to suppress disaffection at whatever cost, and the hopelessness of further resistance which could only end in disaster to the recognized heads of the Clans. "Were there any real chance of success in the desperate game you are playing, he added, "I would willingly be one with you in action as I am in heart. But there is none. The Whigs are powerful and numerous, the Jacobites feeble and few. Therefore, it is good policy to submit ourselves to the King."

The Chiefs, however, with one accord, declined acceding meantime to any definite arrangement, requesting liberty to send Sir Geo. Barclay and Major Menzies to France to obtain the sanction of King James, permitting them to enter into a treaty with the new Government, such as Breadalbane now proposed.

This request was reluctantly acceded to, and, during the necessary interim, a cessation of hostilities till the first day of the succeeding October was subscribed to on both sides.

The immediate business of the convention thus concluded, M'Ian hastily got to his feet, and, adjusting his shoulder-plate, he summoned his two sons to follow him, and having taken a formal adieu of the haughty Earl, and a warm all-round leave of his brother chiefs, he hurried off northwards in the direction of Glencoe, followed by his trusty body-guard, his "piper" playing a defiant pibroch as they left the grounds.

Several of the other chiefs followed suit, setting off homewards in different directions, but the majority—who had long journeys to undertake—agreed to remain over night, and accept the Earl's hospitality at Kilchurn Castle, a magnificent feudal castle situated some miles distant at the foot of Glenorchy.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Worth knowing. A fact worth knowing. The best household remedy known for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough and all throat and chest troubles tending toward Pulmonary Consumption is Hagar's Pectoral Balsam to be prepared of any Druggist.

WILSON'S GREASE advertisement featuring a wheel graphic and text describing its benefits for machinery.

MICA MANUFACTURING CO. advertisement for mica products.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS advertisement with a hand pointing to the product name.

CURE SICK HEADACHE advertisement describing the symptoms and benefits of Carter's Little Liver Pills.

XMAS ANNOUNCEMENT advertisement for GEO. SHEPPARD, featuring illustrations of children and a list of products.

WILSON'S GREASE advertisement featuring a bottle of the product.

ONE, TWO, THREE, FOUR advertisement for Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Bark Balm, listing symptoms and benefits.

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, including 'WHO S...', 'Who shall...', 'The stand...', 'In answer...', 'Properly...', 'It is music...', 'Wm. player...', 'arrived...', 'Glasgow'.

WHO SHALL GOVERN ONTARIO.

Notes to Crack for the Electors.

Who shall govern Ontario?—the electors of the province, or the Premier of the Dominion? What, (very pertinently, asks the Hamilton Times), is the use of a Provincial Legislature which is to be responsible, not to the electors of the Province, but to Sir John Macdonald? Sir John Macdonald has more supporters from the other Provinces than from Ontario, and he is apt to be guided in his decisions by the opinion of the majority of his supporters. In a case where the claims or prejudices of the rest of the Dominion of Ontario conflict with the claims he would enforce the will of the Tories belonging to other Provinces. Where, then, is the responsibility of members of the Ontario Legislature to their constituents? What becomes of the control of the people of Ontario over the Provincial Legislature?

The Mowat Government acknowledged its responsibility to the people of Ontario; the Opposition, led by Mr. Meredith, prefers to make Sir John Macdonald the judge of legislative acts. Will the people of Ontario retain their control of their representatives, or abdicate in favor of the Premier of the Dominion?

The Slanders on Mr. Roberts.

The slanders of the Mail on Mr. Doherty in charging that hotel keepers were compelled to buy their licenses have received the most complete refutation. And yet the organ does not apologize. Nay, it even refuses to publish the letters of parties whose names have been wrongfully used in support of the organ's baseless charges. One of the names mentioned was that of Edward Hanlan who gave the contradiction in the following letter, which speaks for itself:

"In your issue of the 18th inst., under the heading of 'Mr. Doherty's monopoly of the cigar trade among hotel keepers,' you say, 'It is openly stated that Edward Hanlan and Mr. Mead, hotel keepers on the Island, were forced to purchase 10,000 cigars each, from Mr. Doherty before their licenses were granted.' As far as I am concerned the statement is wholly untrue, and I consider it a slander upon Mr. Doherty and myself." He states that he was in England in April last when his license was granted. After his return in July he bought \$150 worth of cigars from Nerich & Co., as he would from any other firm. He continues: "In future when you attack a political opponent please leave my name out unless the statements you rely on me to prove are true. I am a good Conservative, and I will not conquer an opponent by foul means. I have not done it in my professional capacity, and will not do it any way, nor for anything."

The Law on Strayed Cattle.

In answer to a correspondent requesting information concerning stray cattle, the Collingwood Enterprise gives the following summary of the law, which we copy for the benefit of our country readers:

Properly speaking all stray animals should be taken to the nearest pound-keeper, but stray horses, bulls, oxen, cows, sheep, goats, pigs or other cattle, may be retained by any person, providing no claim for damages made, and due notice of their detention is given. The owner, if known, must be notified in writing. If unknown, the Clerk of the municipality must be supplied with a written notice, containing a description of the animal. The Clerk is required to enter the notice into a book to be kept by him for the purpose and to post a notice in a conspicuous place, or near the door of his office, for one week. If the animal is worth more than \$10, the distrainer must also publish a notice in a country newspaper once a week for three weeks. The distrainer must feed the animal, and recover value for the same, as well as for time, trouble and attendance. If the "stray" is not claimed within the time mentioned in the notice, an affidavit to that effect must be made before the Justice of the Peace, and notice of sale given. The sale can be conducted by any poundkeeper but not by private individuals, and the animal must be sold by auction. Notice of sale for pigs, goats or sheep, may be given one month after the animal is taken up; for horses and other cattle the notice may not be issued until after two months. All charges are deducted from the amount realized by the sale and the surplus, if any, must be paid over to the Treasurer of the municipality. If the charges of the distrainer are disputed, any three fence viewers are empowered to act as arbitrators.

It made me feel like a "Band of Music," was the rather forcible expression of an individual who was praising "Pectoria," the great remedy for Coughs and Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Bronchitis. It is safe, pleasant and effectual. If you suffer, try it. For sale by all Druggists and general dealers at 25 cts. a bottle. For sale by Geo. Rhynas.

Wm. McLennan, champion bagpipe player and Highland dancer of Scotland, arrived in New York on Thursday, from Glasgow.

RULES OF CONDUCT FOR '83.

Some Wise Variations of Old-Time Advice to Young Men Starting in Life.

- 1. Speak your mind freely so that people will know that you have a mind.
2. Never learn to write if you would be sure to make your mark in the world.
3. If you hear anything against a person repeat it as often as you can. It will wear it out on their guard.
4. Never stop to consider, but make up your mind on the instant. It shows promptitude of decision.
5. Having made up your mind stick to it, though you know you are wrong. The most obstinate rule is likeliest to win.
6. Never mind about principle unless it be the principle of money.
7. Don't bother about details of business. Leave small things to small minds.
8. Believe that you are made of superior clay and turn up your nose at every body else.
9. Boast that all the girls are dying for you.
10. Shun work; it is vulgar. Hang round the big hotels and workmen will envy you.
11. Make acquaintances of people beneath you—if you can find any—for it is pleasant to be looked up to.
12. Avoid men who know more than you do. It is unpleasant to be patronized by such fellows.
13. Never mind about the rules of politeness. Leave such stuff to old men and school girls.
14. Never throw the mantle of charity over any but your own sins.
15. Never miss a chance to sneer at religion, or to denounce professors as hypocrites. Thus you will show that frankness of opinion which should be your pride.
16. Honor your father and mother by calling them old fogies, and boasting that you know more than they ever did or ever can.
17. Avoid hard work. Never use great muscular power except in a boat race.
18. Endure the trial of other people with placid resignation; but about your own make Rome howl.
19. The cause of death. It is known almost to a certainty that in fatal diseases the individual dies either by the brain, heart or lungs. How wise then is the effort to maintain a perfect state of health? Dr. Carson's Stomach and Constipation Bitters are a veritable "Health Giver." They free the system from all impurities; cure Biliousness, Dyspepsia, and all diseases of the Stomach, Liver or Bowels. In large bottles at 50 cents. Sold by George Rhynas.

There are many foolish things done in this world, and one of the most foolish (and we may add wicked) things is to neglect a Cough or Cold. Now we know that Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Catarrh, and all Chest, Throat, and Lung Troubles, if neglected, are sure to end in Consumption and Death. They may be easily cured by using as directed Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops, there is no remedy equal to it. It never fails. Sold every where in large bottles at 50c. For sale by Geo. Rhynas.

Thousands of dollars can be saved by using proper judgment in taking care of the health of yourself and family. If you are Bilious, have sallow complexion, poor appetite, low and depressed spirits, and generally debilitated, do not delay a moment, but go and get a bottle of the wonderful Electric Bitters, which never fail to cure, and that for the trifling sum of fifty cents.—(Tribune.—Sold by Jas. Wilson.)

Mr. N. G. Dean of Charlottetown, Ont., sought a severe cold. In a few days the symptoms became so like those of consumption that he and his friends began to despair of his recovery. His physician, who thought more of his patient's welfare than of the "quack" medicine he recommended, Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balm as the very best remedy known to human skill, and Mr. Dean took it and in a very short time restored to health. It is a genuine pleasure to refer to such wonderful cures as this in these days of quackery and of professional etiquette.

A BEAUTIFUL HEAD OF HAIR—There is nothing more pleasing in the external appearance of women or men than a beautiful head of hair, and it is possible for every person to possess it by using the long and well known Cingulas Hair Restorer. Sold at 50 cents per bottle by all Druggists and James Wilson. 2m.

MAITLAND HOTEL, GODERICH, ONT. The above new and first-class house, close to the Railway Station and convenient to the town, is second to none in Ontario, for comfort and accommodation. Is heated by Hot Air.

CONSORTIAL. W. KNIGHT, PRACTICAL BARBER and Hair-Dresser, begs to return thanks to the public for past patronage, and solicits a continuance of custom. He can always be found at his Shaving Parlor, near Post Office Goderich. 1753

DOMINION COUGH BALSAM. The great lung remedy is also a valuable antidote to Croup. Mrs. Quinn, Wellington-st., Brantford, says: "One of my children was seized with cold measles at six months, and the child got black in the face I was frightened and ran in for my neighbor, Mrs. English, who handed me a bottle of Dominion Cough Balsam, which Mr. English had been using for some long time. The first dose gave complete relief, I soon gave another, and very shortly the child was all right and at play, I sent for a bottle to keep in the house as I believe it was the means of saving my child's life."

Always avoid harsh purgative pills. They first make you sick and then leave you constipated. Carter's Little Liver Pills regulate the bowels and make you well. Dose, one pill.

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THE DISTINGUISHED DR. LOUIS BLANC, of Paris, has been using Phosphates largely in treating consumption, and says he considers them the most reliable agents yet discovered, and reports that of all the cases tried of none have become worse and the majority materially benefited, and manifesting signs of permanent recovery. This is the record of Wheeler's Phosphates and Calissay which cures a larger proportion of cases than any preparation hitherto known.

Walter Linton, of Waterloo, writes that Haggard's Yellow Oil has done great good in his family, his wife being cured of callous lumps that other medicines failed to remove, he also states that a neighbor was promptly relieved of Rheumatism by the same remedy.

Success.

The habitual loafer never brings anything to pass. The young men whom you see lounging about, waiting for the weather to change before they go to work, break down before they begin, get stuck before they start. Ability and willingness to labor are the two great conditions of success. It is useless to work an electric machine in a vacuum, but the air may be full of electricity, and still you can draw no spark until you turn the machine. The beautiful statue may exist in the artist's brain, and it may also be said in a certain sense to exist in a marble block that stands before him, but he must bring both his brains and his hands to bear upon the marble, and work hard and long, in order to produce any practical result. Success also depends in a good measure upon the man's promptness and skill to seize opportunities, and take advantage of the rise of the tide. A great deal of what we call luck is nothing more or less than this. It is the man who keeps his eyes open, and his hands out of his pockets, that succeeds. "I missed my chance," exclaims the disappointed man, when he sees another catch the ball and "go in." If he had been as alert as the other he might not have missed. But something more than alertness is needed; we must know how to avail ourselves of the emergency. An elastic temperament, which never seems to recognize the fact of defeat, or forgets it at once and begins the work over again, is very likely to ensure success. Many a great orator has made a terrible breakdown in his maiden speech. Many a merchant loses one fortune only to build up another and a larger one. Many an inventor fails in his first efforts, and is at last rewarded with a splendid triumph. Some of the most popular writers wrote very poor stuff in the beginning. They were learning their trade, and could not expect to turn out first-class work until their apprenticeship was over. One great secret of success is not to be discouraged.

There are many foolish things done in this world, and one of the most foolish (and we may add wicked) things is to neglect a Cough or Cold. Now we know that Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Catarrh, and all Chest, Throat, and Lung Troubles, if neglected, are sure to end in Consumption and Death. They may be easily cured by using as directed Dr. Carson's Pulmonary Cough Drops, there is no remedy equal to it. It never fails. Sold every where in large bottles at 50c. For sale by Geo. Rhynas.

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Little by Little. The constant dropping of water will wear away even the hardest stone. So the constant irritation of a cough will so wear upon the lungs as to induce incurable Consumption. Haggard's Pectoral Balm will cure the worst cough, speedily and effectually.

Never Give. If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement (that will follow); you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle, by Jas. Wilson. [5]

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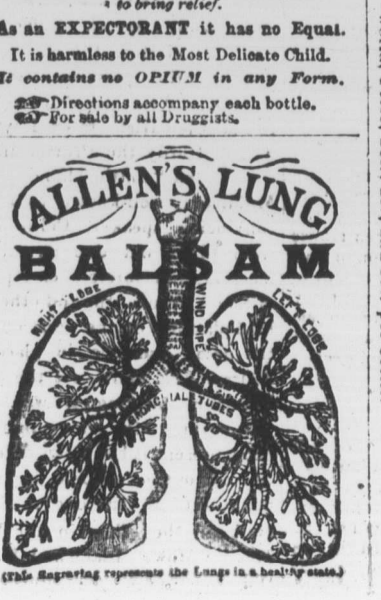
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DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, resulting in Insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex, Involuntary Losses and Spermatorrhoea, caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by JAMES WILSON, sole authorized agent for Goderich, Ont. JOHN C. WEST & CO., sole proprietors, Toronto, Ont.

Gray's Specific Medicine. TRADE MARK THE GREAT TRADE MARK ENGLISH REMEDY. An unfailing cure for Seminal Weakness, Spermatorrhoea, Impotence, and all the diseases that result from self-abuse or over-exertion of the brain. The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at 25c per package, or six packages for \$1.50, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. U.S. Sold in Goderich by J. Wilson.

This celebrated Medicine is recommended by Physicians, Ministers, Missionaries, Managers of Factories, Work-shops, Plantations, Nurses in Hospitals, in short, everybody, every where who has ever given it a trial.

TAKEN INTERNALLY, it cures Dyspepsia, Cholera, Diarrhoea, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaint, Parity's Cough, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Stomach Cold, Sore Throat, Coughs, &c. Used externally, it cures Hoarseness, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Old Sores, and Sprains, Swellings of the Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia and Rheumatism, Clipped Hardly, Frost-bitten Feet, &c., &c.

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THE HURON SIGNAL

Published every Friday Morning, by McILLICUDDY BROS., at their Office, North St. (off the Square)

GODERICH, ONTARIO.

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JOB PRINTING.—We have also first-class jobbing department in connection, and possessing the most complete outfit and best facilities for turning out work in Goderich, are prepared to do business in that line at prices that cannot be beaten, and of a quality that cannot be surpassed.—Terms Cash

FRIDAY, JAN. 12TH, 1883.

If the wonderfully clever editor of the Mail were lashed to the helm of the Charybdis, and that noble vessel were headed for the mid-ocean under a full head of steam to meet Prof. Wiggin's great storm in March next, the Conservative leaders would perhaps get rid of two very great party incumbents.

The South Huron Reform Convention to nominate a candidate to contest that riding at the coming local election, has been called to meet at Hensall on the 20th inst. It would be useless to speculate on the probable nominee at present, for there is no knowing where luck, a stray steer or a political convention will run to. One thing is certain, however, and that is that South Huron has a full share of good material for parliamentary members.

If by any possible happening Hon. Mr. Mowat and his colleagues were defeated at the next election, who on the Conservative side of the house would be able to take their places in the Cabinet? Beside Mr. Meredith, who is a second-rate man, and Mr. Morris, who is even weaker, the Conservative party in the Legislature have a man the mention of whose name in connection with a portfolio would not raise a smile. On the other hand, there are behind the treasury benches of the Legislature enough first-class Liberals to form a new government if the call were made to-morrow.

It was rumored in Toronto on the second day of the Reform Convention that Sir John Macdonald was in the city to see the material of which the gathering was composed. We do not know what ground there was for the rumor, but if the Chief was there he must have been extremely sorry that his swash-buckler of the Mail so grossly and without provocation insulted the sturdy yeomen who largely composed the delegation. Sir John is too shrewd a politician to offend the farming community by criticizing their homespun garments, their frugality etc., and it would not surprise us to learn that the Blue-nose snob who cast snut at the farmers through the columns of the Mail will shortly get his come. If the Mail is to become a respectable organ, "Griffin must go."

MR. MEREDITH, who essays to lead the Opposition in the Ontario Legislature, is continually getting his foot into it. On Monday he spoke in the House urging the raising of the dues on pine and other timber in the Parry Sound and Muskoka district, and accused the Government of trying to purchase the lumbermen by giving them cheap timber. Hon. Mr. Pardee showed conclusively that there had been strong reasons for reducing the dues in 1876, and told the House plainly that Mr. Meredith when in Muskoka had been in favor of cheap dues. Upon a denial from the leader of the Opposition, Mr. Bettes, just elected from Muskoka, rose and charged him with having been in favor of free pine for the settler when he spoke in Muskoka, and now he was asking for double dues. Mr. Meredith dropped the subject like a hot potato.

THE conduct of the Opposition "leaders" at Toronto would be amusing if it were not contemptible. Mr. Meredith, of London, is trying to make capital out of the fact that the Government is going to spend a large sum of money in new parliament buildings. Mr. Morris and Mr. Bell, his (r)usty lieutenants, of Toronto, on the other hand, are assailing the Government for not going on with the work at any price. The Commissioner of Public Works on Monday showed that the matter was in an unsettled state, as the sum set apart for the purpose in the first place (\$500,000), was found to be too small, and the Government did not intend to push the work until it had again consulted the House on the matter of expenditure. Mr. Meredith tauntingly replied that the position of the Government was one of weakness. Upon being questioned by Mr. Pardee as to his own position on the matter, Mr. Meredith was as dumb as an oyster. He says he wants the question submitted to the people. He may rest assured that the people will not give up a just, economical and faithful administration for an impotent political faction, which is bound together by but a single tie—a longing for office.

UNDER the circumstances, the appointment of B. L. Doyle, Esq., as Junior Judge of the County of Huron, is satisfactory. Mr. Doyle has good legal abilities, and we wish him a long and prosperous career on the Bench.

At the nominations for Morris to worship on Jan. 1st, the hour set apart for nominating candidates for members of the Council was allowed to pass by without any nominations being made, and the result was that the old council was declared elected for the ensuing year by acclamation. It seems there were a number of aspirants, but each was anxious to see "the other fellow" nominated first. George Forsyth, the willy reeve, must chuckle when he thinks of the job so quietly "set up" on his would-be appointment.

When the Tories, quoting from the blackguardism of the Mail, endeavor to impeach the respectability of the composition of the great Liberal Convention, our friends can quietly refer them to the Mail, and ask them to inspect to the police court reports of that journal at the respective periods of the Tory and Reform conventions. In the first instance, although only about 2,000 delegates were present, a number of them faced the police magistrate the morning after this convention, charged with being drunk and disorderly; at the Reform convention held last week with fully four times the representation, the Toronto cells didn't have to shelter a solitary belated Liberal. "Facts are chieftains that winna ding."

MR. F. C. ROGERS, of Brussels, who has represented that village in the County Council during the past two years, was on New Year's day defeated for the Reevship by Mr. W. H. McCracken. Mr. Rogers, we understand, was led to believe he would be the next Warden of Huron were he elected Reeve of Brussels this year, and naturally felt taken aback by the defeat at the poll on election day. Last week he was in town to make arrangements for a recount, and had an order served upon Mr. McCracken to that effect. The matter came before his Honor Judge Toms, on Tuesday last, and on contention of Mr. Garrow, who appeared for the Reeve elect, the order for inspection was declared ultra vires. We might say, in connection with the above, that even if he had been elected, Mr. Rogers would have 47 men ahead of him for the Wardenship.

THE DESERTERS.

We Hold the Recrunt Opposition to their Record.

Facts for Mowat Electors that Cannot be Denied.

Up to the last meeting of the Dominion Parliament, when Sir John A. Macdonald, at the bidding of his Quebec supporters, refused to ratify the Boundary Award, the Conservatives in Ontario were just as strong for the interests of the Province in the matter of the award as were the Reformers. Only a few months previously, on the 3rd of March, 1881, the entire Local Legislature with one dissentient voice, applauded the ground then (and now) taken by Mr. Mowat. The vote was the honest expression of the members, uninfluenced by instructions from Ottawa. From the high ground then taken the Conservatives of this province have receded. They have forsaken their principles, they have betrayed their province, but their record is there. They cannot deny it. They do not attempt to do so. This is what Mr. Meredith and his followers voted for in March, 1881—

"1. That this House deeply regrets that notwithstanding the unanimous award made on the 3rd of August, 1878, by the arbitrators appointed by the joint and concurrent action of the Government of Canada and the Government of Ontario, to determine the northerly and westerly boundaries of this Province, no legislation has been submitted by the Government of Canada to the Dominion Parliament for the purpose of confirming that award, nor has the validity of the award yet been recognized by the Government of Canada.

"2. That the omission of the Government and Parliament of Canada to confirm the award is attended with great inconvenience, has the effect of retarding settlement and municipal organization, embarrasses the administration of the law, and interferes with the preservation of the peace, the maintenance of order, and the establishment of good Government in the northerly and north-westerly parts of the Province of Ontario.

"3. That it is the duty of the Government of Ontario to assert and maintain the just claims and rights of the Province of Ontario as determined by the award of the arbitrators, and this House hereby reaffirms its determination of give its cordial support to the Government of Ontario in any steps it may be necessary to take to sustain the award, and to assert and maintain the just claims and rights of the Province as thereby declared and determined."

A Clean Record. It is a strong point in favor of the Mowat Ministry that although it has been twelve years in office its opponents have no charges of corruption or improper exercise of power to present against it. Such an unimpeachable record shows that the confidence of the people has been well bestowed. [Sarnia Observer.]

THE GRAND RALLY.

The Ontario Liberal Convention.

The Gathering of the Masses—"Dinna ye Hear the Slogan?"—7,000 Reform Delegates say, "Mowat Must Not Go."

The greatest political convention—in point of numbers, in intelligence, and respectability—ever seen in Canada, was held in Toronto last week, under the auspices of the Ontario Reform Association. Even the remotest corners of Ontario were well represented, while full delegations attended from more central points. The Conservative organ-chief had sounded out the call to its followers that "Mowat must go," and the Liberals all along the line had accepted the challenge, and poured by thousands into Toronto to protest against the Kearneyite yell from the Tory machine. The bone and sinew, brawn and brain, of the Province were well represented, and some of the interest taken in the welfare of the Mowat Administration may be had from the fact that the 121,000 voting power of the Liberal party of Ontario fully 7,000 were present at the convention to represent their localities, and by voice and vote to state plainly that "Mowat must not go."

The convention was mainly drawn from the agricultural community—the men of stout hearts and brawny arms—and showed conclusively that the farmers of the country, the backbone of the Province, were proud to respond in overwhelming numbers to the call of the Provincial Premier, when they considered the interests of Ontario to be at stake. The "bummer" element was wanting, and the gambler, the blackleg, the pickpocket, the dogfighter and the cockfighter, who formed so noticeable an element at a late political convention at Toronto, were nowhere to be found. The delegates to the Reform convention were earnest men, down at the call of their Provincial leader, to give him hearty encouragement, and right nobly did they respond. Men from Halton and York stood side by side with delegates from Algoma and Muskoka, while representatives from Lanark, Renfrew, Prescott, Ottawa and Russell were shoulder to shoulder with those from Essex, Kent, Lambton, Huron and Bruce. All creeds, all complexions, all nationalities were represented, and a common bond—a broad-spirited Liberalism—made the members of the grand gathering brethren indeed.

The magnificent proportions of the convention were matter of surprise to all, and to none more than the people of Toronto. That a large number of Liberals would attend the meeting was a foregone conclusion, but that more than 2,000 would be in attendance had not been surmised even by "the most sanguine"; but when, anterior to the Wednesday evening meeting, 6,200 Liberals had presented their credentials to the secretary, and with the late trains yet coming in heavily laden with delegates, it was small wonder that enthusiastic congratulations passed from one to another, and that the hearts of the leaders felt glad, while the enthusiasm of the rank and file raised high.

At the hotels there was a heavy scramble. Preparations had been made for an influx of Liberal delegates, but not for an invasion. The consequence was that on Wednesday night many found anything but a comfortable bed, and some found no bed at all. But all felt satisfied to undergo privation, and pay for the privilege, rather than not take part in what would be known in the time to come as the great Liberal convention of 1883.

It had been arranged that the Wednesday afternoon meeting would be held in Shaftesbury Hall; but at 2 o'clock, when the hall was packed to the doors it was found that Queen street, almost from Young to Bay, was blocked with delegates, and a motion to adjourn to the Horticultural Pavilion was consequently made. At the pavilion, which is capable of accommodating over 5,000 persons, the crush was something terrible, and many were unable to secure satisfactory positions. Of the speaking at the afternoon meeting we will not attempt to give a resume, owing to want of space at our disposal. Suffice to say that Capt. McMaster, the chairman did his duty in the premises, and Messrs. Young, of Waterloo, Peter Ryan, Toronto's talented Irish orator, Doyle of Owen Sound, Hardy the Provincial Secretary (pet-named "Little Thunder"), Ross of Middlesex, well-known as a solid and convincing speaker, Colin Macdonnell from Elgin, old Joe Rymal the ever-facacious and forcible ex-representative of South Wenworth, and others of note, held platform on the occasion, and kept the great audience in place for three hours and a half. At the close of the afternoon meeting it was announced that, owing to the great numbers of delegates present it had been determined by the committee to hold in the evening dual meetings, the one in Shaftesbury Hall and the other in the Pavilion. Messrs. Mowat, Blake and Mackenzie to address both audiences during the evening.

THE PAVILION MEETING.

When the hour of meeting arrived both halls were packed, and many could not find entrance. In the pavilion fully 5,000 appeared in the audience. The meeting opened with the presentation of a complimentary address to Mr. Mowat, endorsing his past action as Premier of Ontario, and pledging him the hearty and undivided support of the Reformers of Ontario in the fight for Provincial Rights. Mr. Mowat, on coming forward to respond, was received with a perfect ovation, and cheer upon cheer rang forth from the large audience. When the applause had died away the Premier replied, thanking those present for the kind address they had been pleased to present him with. He then entered into a full exposition of the work done by the Government of Ontario, the contents of the Government on the question of Provincial autonomy, and the policy of the Local Administration in the time come on the Boundary Award and the Streams Bill. Much of the matter given was not new to many of those present, but the sincere utterance on the part of the speaker and the earnest advocacy of Provincial rights by the Premier did much to stir up the hearts of the audience, and to make them determined more than ever before that "Mowat must not go."

When Hon. Edward Blake was called upon to address the gathering, cheer after cheer was given, and as the tall figure of the leader of Her Majesty's loyal Opposition at Ottawa strode forward to the centre of the platform, the great assemblage with one accord rose to its feet and "three times three" were given. It has been said that Reformers can not be made enthusiastic, but those who were present at the pavilion, Toronto, on Wednesday evening, January 3rd, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three will never forget the enthusiasm evoked when Blake came on the platform. For an hour and three-quarters the great Liberal orator held the audience by the spell of his utterance. There was no clap-trap given and no appeal to passion made. But there was a comprehensive and logical discourse upon the subjects that most affected the Province of Ontario at the present time. When he said the great Liberal heart of Ontario beat warmly for Mowat, and that when the day of trial came the electors would turn out and testify that they had no sympathy with the cry, "Mowat must go," loud applause was his portion; and when he repeated the refrain of the Cornish men when Trelawny was adjudged to die.

"And must Trelawny die? And must Trelawny die? Then 30,000 Cornish men Shall know the reason why!"

And stated that the fidelity to Mowat on the part of the patriotic sons of Ontario would, it possible, exceed that of the Cornish men to Trelawny, the spontaneous outburst of deep feeling from the audience showed that he had touched a kindred chord in the heart of every elector within sound of his voice. Mr. Blake completed his magnificent oration by appealing to all present to remain true to the interests of Ontario, to endeavor by voice and vote to maintain her rights, and to use their best influence to return supporters who would strengthen the hands of Mr. Mowat and his ministers in their patriotic fight for Ontario's cause.

And now the chairman announces that Hon. Alexander Mackenzie will next address the gathering, and as the crowd of prominent men on the platform separate to form a lane for the ex-Premier of Canada to come before the audience, a great cry goes up from the gathered thousands. Calmly the grand old Liberal acknowledges the joyful salutations, and essays to thank them from a full heart for their kind welcome, but his voice is drowned by the loud huzzas that tell of the deep affection and reverence which the men from the back townships, as well as the city-bred Liberals, have for the veteran lieutenant of the late George Brown. Some minutes elapse before Mr. Mackenzie can proceed, and then he addresses the great gathering in his old-time, solid, sensible fashion. Old-time, did we say? Well, yes—old-time in the common-sense views which he enunciated, but we regret to state, that owing to the severe illness from which he has recovered so recently, his voice is still weak and his frame emaciated. But the fire of yore is ever and anon visible in his utterance, and though his voice has not full strength, yet when he charges Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues from Ontario with being recreant to the interests of their native Province, and when he raises his tone to denounce the incapacity and inability of Meredith, Morris & Co., and the treachery to Ontario evinced by the "miserable rump of an Opposition" in the Local House, the audience duly appreciate the fact that, despite his weakness of voice, there is "life" in the old man yet.

It was now 11 p.m., but the gathering had not been surfeited yet with the good things of Liberalism which had been placed before them by the three able speakers who had spoken. The delegates were there to hear the "big guns," and one orator was present whose

voice had not been heard, and whose utterance was wanted. "Patterson! Patterson! Patterson! Patterson!" rang out from every section of the vast assemblage, and as the dark-visaged, compactly-built, broad-chested Boner-ger from Brantford stepped forward, the generous reception accorded him by the audience must have been gratifying indeed to the "stumper" par excellence of the Reform party. He began quietly, and explained why they were gathered together, but as he touched upon the injustice which Sir John had attempted to foist upon Ontario, his tones grew in volume until they penetrated every nook and cranny of the immense pavilion. There was no exclamation of "Louder, please," when Patterson held the platform, but the delighted audience divided the time between listening eagerly to his vigorous utterances, and applauding the points which he made against the Ontario Opposition and the Dominion Government. His concluding words were: "Men of Ontario, to your beds, for the night is fast spent; to your work to-morrow morning at the convention; hence home and to work again in the interests of Reform; and let it be known in the vigor with which you do that work that you have been at the great Liberal convention of 1883."

Cheers were given for the Queen, and the convention dispersed to meet again at half-past nine next morning.

THURSDAY MORNING. Long before the time announced for meeting, thousands of delegates had taken seats and standing room in the pavilion, eager to hear the speeches of the gentlemen whose duty it was to move and second the resolutions, which were to contain the planks in the Reform platform for the Provincial Campaign of 1883. Elsewhere in this issue will be found the text of the fifteen resolutions unanimously adopted by the thousands of delegates who composed the convention. In the absence of Mr. McMaster, the chair was taken by Mr. W. J. Copp, the well-known iron manufacturer of Hamilton, who in unmistakable language stated that the manufacturers of Ontario were not of opinion that "Mowat must go."

The meeting was then addressed by Messrs. Holjins, McLaughlin, M.P. for West Durham, Wm. Kerr, of Cobourg, Sir Richard Cartwright, ex-Finance Minister of the Mackenzie Government, who received a perfect ovation from the great audience as he came forward to address the meeting, Hon. David Mills, the victim of the Bothwell "steal," B. E. Charlton, of Hamilton, A. M. Ross, M.P.P. the talented representative of West Huron, Thos. Gibson, M.P.P., the tried and trusty member for East Huron, Patrick Hughes, the well-known representative of Catholic opinion in Toronto, Jas. McMullen, M.P. for North Wellington, Dr. Sanson, of Kent, a strong man as his name implied, G. Sandfield Macdonald, son of the late Hon. John Sandfield Macdonald, Jas. Young, M.P.P. for Brant, Jas. H. Coyne, of St. Thomas, Hugh O'Leary, of Lindsay, Isaac Bowman, of Waterloo, W. D. Balfour, M.P. P. who sealed Essex to Reform at the bye-elections, Dr. Cascaden, M.P.P., for Elgin, Chas. Drury, M.P.P., for Simcoe, John White of Halton, C. M. Gilder-sleeve, of Kingston, J. M. Gibson, M.P. P. for Hamilton, R. Harcourt, M.P.P. for Welland, H. M. Deroche, M.P.P. for Addington, J. Dowdall, North Lanark, J. Kormann, of Yorkville, W. Bettes, M.P.P., the new representative of Muskoka, Jos. Tait, of Yorkville, — Edwards, of Russell, D. D. Hay, M.P.P. for North Perth, W. H. Doel, of East York, J. M. Ferris, M.P.P. for East Northumberland, J. McMillan, President of the Sons of Temperance organization in Ontario, W. Johnston, the able Secretary of the Convention, and Ira Morgan, of Russell.

After the series of resolutions had been duly passed, Hon. Oliver Mowat was asked to again address the convention, which he did in a stirring manner. He placed before the members of the convention their duty. It behooved them to be up and doing from now until five o'clock on the evening of election day. There was work to do, and he was perfectly satisfied from the representative character of the men before him that it would be done, and well done; and when each and every man here present had done his duty it would be clearly demonstrated on election day that "Mowat shall not go."

The burst of applause that greeted the closing-remarks of the Premier gave evidence that he had not miscalculated when he had expressed himself as willing to place his dependence upon the result of the work to be done by the men before him.

Cheers were then given for the Queen Hon. Messrs. Mowat, Blake, Mackenzie, Fraser, Sir Richard Cartwright, and the chairman, vice-chairman and secretary, and the greatest political convention ever held in the Dominion of Canada was brought to a successful and harmonious close.

HURON'S DELEGATION. The following gentlemen represented Huron at the convention. There may have been others who did not register: HURON WEST—Wm. Coats, jr., Wm. Robertson, J. Wilson, D. McKinnon, D. Stewart, J. Row, W. F. Brackenshield,

Wm. Taylor, George McKibbin, Ed. O'Connor, J. Stevenson, Jos. Griffin, H. J. Strong, Thos. Brown, H. Morris, T. J. Gibbons, Wm. Downs, Wm. Malrough, H. Watson, A. Milloy, A. Fraser, Robt. Currie, John Anderson, T. Ankerson, J. McCluskey, J. G. Murdoch, T. F. McLean, Dr. Young, R. B. Coombs, Henry Horton, G. H. Parsons, J. Scobie, M. Graeme Cameron, D. McGillicuddy, W. J. McCutcheon, E. Holmes, J. Young, M. C. Cameron, M. P., J. du Marquis, J. Duncan, J. Munro, Alex. Young, R. B. Scott, Peter McCann, C. L. Crenawell, G. McKibbin, Joseph Williams, James Symington, F. Anderson, R. Maxuire, W. J. Hayden, D. McInnes, J. Mahaffy, J. B. Durst, Thos. Gedhill, D. A. Forrester, Wm. Young, R. McGowan, J. L. Courtee, J. Scott.

HURON EAST.—John Alexander, Alex. L. Gibson, J. Fortune, J. Leckie, J. Fraser, Wm. McCrorcher, J. Ginnell, F. S. Scott, J. Moffat, W. Sanderson, Dr. Brown, T. B. Sanders, A. J. Snyder, G. Nicholson, T. Gilmour, D. Moffat, R. Gibson, C. Fortune, Jas. Hudwoll, J. R. Williams, Geo. Murdie, Angus McLeod, John Robertson, Richard R. Bin-gon, Thomas Prior, James Hamilton, Geo. McMillan, John Wankles, Robert Miller, Peter Thomson, Alexander Stewart, W. Milne, Alex. Kerr, John Petrie, John Walker, Wm. George, Joseph Smillie, Hiram White, David McGregor, Arthur Woodman, Peter McDonald, Anthony Baymann, J. McGregor, J. McEwen, John McMillan, M. P., Thos. McFarlane, Robert Young, Thos. Moon, Jas. Edgar, Geo. Dorrance, James McLaughlin, W. W. Gordon, Geo. Armstrong, Dr. McDonald, James Elliott, George Thompson, W. B. Elliott, Wm. Robinson, Wm. Lyon, John Anderson, Thos. Wilson, J. A. Morton, Jas. Scott, Robert Goodenock, Thos. Strachan, Wm. Bishop, Stephen Brown, Sam. McGeorge Dan Robertson.

HURON SOUTH.—Henry Pasmore, D. McColl, P. McTavish, Wm. Buchanan, Alex. McLaren, Wm. A. Elcott, Geo. Walker, Wm. McMillan, Geo. Somerville, J. W. Browning, Sotimus Hughton, John Matheson, Samuel Brockenshire, Wm. Lewis, Daniel French, John Esso, John Morgan, John Hannah, John Beattie, Samuel Rennie, John Parsons, Luther Hooper, David Marso, James Hackney, John Johnston, Charles Perkins, Geo. Johnston, Robt Kidd, Thomas Allen.

A BRUTAL INSULT.

Resented by the Toronto Newspapers.

The "Mail" without a Defender—Recent Conservatives Ashamed of It.

The Toronto Times is an independent paper, with a strong feeling in favor of the commercial policy of the Dominion Government. The Toronto Telegram is also independent, and has no party record. The Canadian is the daily edition of Mr. Boyle's Irish Canadian, and is opposed to the Ontario Government at present. The opinions of these papers regarding the vulgar abuse of the Reform delegates by the Toronto Mail, give some indication of how the uncalled for insults of that sheet is looked upon in Toronto.

INDIGNANT JOURNALISM. We must protest, in the interests of all parties, against the style and tone of the articles in which the Mail and its evening reprint have, in the subject of the delegates who came to Toronto to look for old clothes and cold victuals. They were good samples of the average Canadian citizen, and worthy of any country. This is not a land of aristocrats, and we hope it never will be, if the Mail gentry are samples of what aristocrats ought to be.—Toronto Canadian.

A WANTED ATTACK. There is no excuse for the sneers at the delegates to the Liberal Convention indulged in by the Conservative press. The delegates may fairly claim to be representative men in their own localities, chosen for the purpose of representing their fellow-Liberals. Nothing is to be gained, even from a party point of view, by ridiculing them, while it is very un-hospitable in a Toronto paper, no matter what its politics may be, to make under-bred attacks upon respectable people who come to the city for a day or two.—Toronto Telegram.

A CULTURED ORGAN. There was a time when the Mail professed to be a gentleman's paper, "written by gentlemen for gentlemen," but all pretence to decency has apparently been abandoned, as an extract or two from an editorial in yesterday's issue respecting the liberal convention will show. It says the delegates have been tempted to Toronto by "cheap railway fares, board at half price, whisky and cigars at the expense of the combined license commissioners," and "such a combination of free lecture and free lunch" as "never yet tempted the imagination of a somewhat dull-witted mob of semi-civilized partisans." It is further of opinion that "all that was needed was a promise to throw in some old clothes and a few spelling-books, a ration of cut plug, the promise of an illustrated paper, and the rush would have been tremendous." It suggests also that the delegates should have labels attached to them, so that they may be known when frequenting "cheap restaurants and free lunch bars." And this we are to suppose, coming as it does from a journal that not long ago professed to be "sensitive" about its "style," is a specimen of refined wit and humor. People who are not so highly cultured as the editor of the Mail, who do not find it necessary to show the extent of their reading by making three consecutive literary allusions in one breath, and in a corner softer might well be ashamed, blackguardism. But the audacity of the Mail exceeds in this instance even its insolence. After insulting in the most wholesale style a body of gentlemen of whose personal character it cannot possibly know anything, after representing them as fitter for a cell in a police station than for a place amongst respectable persons, it calmly invites them to come and inspect its "free" and see its "prices in operation."—Toronto World.

COM

We do not have opinions of ours to this effect to put to the Editor.

A correspondent ever the cogly I described in Port Albert that our you'd be visiting districts in Now, cannot men in Port the young ye able haun't years ago came to our evidently to less modern him a well v ed before ou Mr. Editor, west have v Port Albert his map it e fano atlas e Port Albert used vier t old man wit make matte call present held an offic acquainted true, I do n- ough sho' home to les men reform an example, city for pr benedictio

Dungam

Professr Struetic le Phreologic on last Tue

Mr. Wm Mr. McAl \$3,800. M to a residen list of Marc

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Chicago abe nothing exc distress h but by his x has since fort the most pr Phoenix C sociable ar as he was a genial di friendship, neighborh to visit Ch friends est possesed n of a true g industry, i young man seek their

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The i volunta Province sidence their de coming hold. N before i tion, as ruled U to defe to cont are gra

Fun and Fancy.

John—"Miss, could you ever love a beast?" "Jane—"Am I to consider that in light of a proposal?"

Mr. Kingmill—"Patrick, that is the worst looking horse I ever saw; why don't you fatten him up?" Patrick—"Faith! the poor beast can hardly carry the little mate that's on him now."

A certain clergyman asserted that of his 600 written sermons, not one had ever been repeated. The person with whom the conversation was held, wisely remarked, "A remarkable lot of lessons that can't be made dry by the first squaring."

A little six year old boy had both wearing undershirts which were too small, was one day after a bath put into one too large, the little fellow shrugged his shoulders, shook himself, walked around, and finally burst out with, "Ma! I do feel awful lonesome in this shirt."

Gus—"What are those purple spots down by the brook?" Clara—"If you mean those gorgeous masses of emerald effluence that bloom in dusky dells and fringe the sparkling streamlets, they are campanula rotunda flora." Clara was just home from a ladies' college.

"Pray, sir," said Lady Wallace to David Hume, "I am often asked what age I am; what answer should I make?" Mr. Hume, immediately guessing her ladyship's meaning, said, "Madam, when you are asked that question again, answer that you have not yet come to years of discretion."

Son of Erin was one time summoned before a bench of magistrates for being drunk and disorderly. The Chairman addressed him thus: "Do you know what brought you here?" "Pat—"Faix, your Honor, two policemen." The J. P., (frowning) said, "Had not drink something to do with it?" "Shurely," observed Pat, "They were both drunk!"

A minister who had a reputation for being a very hard student, and a most learned preacher, was once settled over a certain congregation. A Scotchman, in making inquiry about the newly settled pastor, asked of a friend, who sat under the reverend gentleman, how he liked him. The reply of the friend was as follows: "Ah well, he's a' evensible six days, and on the seventh he's a' incomprehensible."

Never exaggerate. Never betray a confidence. Never leave home with unkind words. Never laugh at the misfortunes of others. Never neglect to call upon your friends.

Never give a promise that you do not fulfill. Never make yourself the hero of your own story. Never fail to be punctual at the time appointed.

Never fail to give a polite answer to a civil question. Never question a servant or child about family matters. Never refer to a gift you have made, or favor you have rendered.

Never associate with bad company. Have good company or none. Never appear to notice a scar, deformity or defect of any one present.

Never answer questions in general company that have been put to others. Never exhibit anger, or impatience, or excitement, when an accident happens. Never loan an article you have borrowed unless you have permission to do so.

Never pass between two persons who are talking together without an apology. Never enter a room noisily; never fail to close the door after you, and never slam it.

What is Loyalty?

The chief organ of the Government, which went out of its way to insult several thousand delegates to the Liberal convention, accuses one of its contemporaries of disloyalty, on the ground that it does not speak in the highest terms of the Princess Louise. It seems to forget that people can be loyal to the Crown without playing the sycophant to every member of the royal family, and it also seems to forget that it is only a few weeks ago since it published an account of the doings of the Prince of Wales, whom it characterized as a sad rake. Evidently nobody is loyal but itself, and its loyalty permits it to insult all who differ from it in party matters. It would be a great deal more to the purpose if it would pay some slight respect to the representative men of our own country instead of wasting it all on people on the other side of the ocean. The first duty of freemen is to be loyal to themselves. The idea of accusing any paper of being disloyal because it says that the Princess shows plainly that she does not please to live in Canada, is wildly absurd.—[Ex.]

Free of Cost

All persons wishing to test the merit of a great remedy—one that will positively cure Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs—are requested to call at Jas. Wilson's Drug Store and get a Trial Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, free of cost, which will show you what a regular dollar-size bottle will do.

Free of Charge

All persons suffering from Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Loss of Voice, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs, are requested to call at Wilson's Drug Store and get a Trial Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, free of charge, which will convince them of wonderful merits and show what a regular dollar-size bottle will do. Call early.

OUR BOOKS

Firm to the End—A Moment—Landing—Brooka.

Milton, Jan. 6. 1883. who murdered the man's daughter in Avon county, in January at 8:10 the morning of the last, but made no mention of the fact, Father O'Connell's words in his behalf, people witness that was carried out with it.

Another Account—Milton, Ont., Jan. 6. 1883. of O'Rourke took place minutes after 8:10 the morning of the last, but made no mention of the fact, Father O'Connell's words in his behalf, people witness that was carried out with it.

Given away—A million bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have been given away as Trial Bottles of the large size. The surplus bottles would be distributed to the poor, were it not for the rare merits possessed by this wonderful medicine. Call at Wilson's drug store, and get a Trial Bottle free, and try for yourself. It never fails to cure.

General Statement—A million bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have been given away as Trial Bottles of the large size. The surplus bottles would be distributed to the poor, were it not for the rare merits possessed by this wonderful medicine. Call at Wilson's drug store, and get a Trial Bottle free, and try for yourself. It never fails to cure.

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Paris, Jan. 6.—Reinach, an intimate friend, in a detailed account of Gambetta's sound, states that Gambetta was trying a new revolver when the breech stuck fast owing to the cartridge not fitting properly. Holding the pistol by the muzzle he endeavored to close the breech forcibly when the cartridge exploded. The lady falsely mentioned as the cause of the accident, was the one who nursed him.

Locklow—A valuable blood cell belonging to Mr. Wm. Melis, broke its leg in the stable, on Wednesday morning last. The animal had to be destroyed.

Mr. Walter Campbell, son of Malcolm Campbell, Esq., our respected postmaster, who has been spending his Christmas holidays in this village, left on Thursday last for Milton, where he intends going into the law business. Walter is a good fellow and carries with him the well-wishes of a large circle of friends, who will always be glad to hear of his success.

The knack of getting a supply of eggs summer and winter is to keep the pullets of the early spring and summer hatch. Feed them all they will eat clean of the best and most nutritious and egg producing food, with such simple condiments as pepper, ginger, and mustard to stimulate them. Kill off the hens before they moult in their second year, and keep none but young hens.

An old man, in Montreal, named Jno. Dunn, over 60 years of age was almost instantly choked to death in Joe Beer's restaurant on the 7th inst., with a piece of beef which stuck in his throat.

Do Not be Discouraged—In these times of quack medicine advertisements everywhere, it is truly gratifying to find one remedy that is worthy of praise, and which really does us recommended. Electric Bitters we can vouch for as being a true and reliable remedy, and one that will do as recommended. They invariably cure Stomach and Liver Complaints, Diseases of the Kidneys and Urinary difficulties. We know where to speak, and can readily give you a trial. Sold at 50 cents a bottle, by Jas. Wilson. [3]

"You are mistaken, sir," said Miss Snikins, haughtily, to bashful young Thompson, who had just stepped on her flowing robe, "my train does not carry passengers."

Thousands bear witness to the positive curative powers of the GREAT GERMAN REMEDY, the only remedy that has proved itself a specific for general debility, seminal weakness, impotency, etc., and all diseases that arise from self-abuse or overtaxed brain, finally ending in consumption, insanity and a premature grave. Sold by all druggists, or will be sent free on receipt of \$1.00 per box, or six boxes for \$5. Address F. J. Cheney, Toledo, Ohio, sole agent for the United States. Send for circular and testimonials of genuine cures. Geo. Rhynas, Goderich. 3m

Bellevue, N. B. Jan. 6, 1882. I caught cold last fall on the coast while going to Chatham, which settled in a very severe cough, and finally I was confined to my room. I feared it would very soon terminate in consumption as I was growing weaker and weaker every day. I got very much alarmed and could not sleep for want of breath when my doctor advised me to try Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Cure bottle found it at free, but after using one bottle found I was recovering, and on finishing my third bottle was a new man, cough gone and completely cured. It is well named the great remedy. Jas. W. D. Barker.

A week made at home by the industrious, best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will assist you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly so well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

Profession, and all whom it may concern.

or Nerve Food, a Pharmaceutical based upon Scientific Principles, discovered by Professor Austin, Boston, Mass., cures Asthma, Sick Headache, Nervous Vertigo and Neuralgia, all diseases of the human system, because it contains no Opium, no Stimulants, but simple and natural Elements, and is daily food. A single bottle is sufficient to convince. All Druggists sell a bottle. Lower & Sons, Agents for the Dominion, 100 East Toronto.

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A week made at home by the industrious, best business now before the public. Capital not needed. We will assist you. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly so well. No one can fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily, and honorably. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.

1883. HARPER'S BAZAR, ILLUSTRATED.

This popular journal is a rare combination of literature, art, and fashion. Its stories, poems, and essays are by the best writers of the time and America; its engravings possess the highest artistic excellence; and in all matters pertaining to fashion it is universally acknowledged to be the most authoritative and most brilliant novelties.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

PER YEAR: HARPER'S WEEKLY \$4 00 HARPER'S BAZAR \$4 00 HARPER'S MAGAZINE \$4 00 THE THREE above publications \$10 00 Any TWO above named \$7 00 HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE \$1 50 HARPER'S MAGAZINE \$1 50 HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE \$1 50 HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY (52 Numbers) \$10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in United States and Canada.

The Volumes of the Bazar begin with the first Number of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of Harper's Bazar, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for \$7 per volume. Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postage on receipt of order, for \$2 per volume.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss. Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

1883. HARPER'S MAGAZINE, ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Magazine begins its sixty-sixth volume with the December Number. It is not only the most popular and best illustrated periodical in America, but also the most beautiful in its appearance. Its subjects are the best magazines for the home, now novel, entitled "For the Major," by Constantine Fenimore Woolson, the "Auntie" was begun in the November Number. In literary and artistic excellence the Magazine improves with each successive number. Special efforts have been made for the lighter entertainment of its readers through humorous stories, sketches, etc.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

PER YEAR: HARPER'S MAGAZINE \$4 00 HARPER'S WEEKLY \$4 00 HARPER'S BAZAR \$4 00 THE THREE above publications \$10 00 Any TWO above named \$7 00 HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE \$1 50 HARPER'S MAGAZINE \$1 50 HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE \$1 50 HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY (52 Numbers) \$10 00

Postage free to all subscribers in United States and Canada.

The Volumes of the Magazine begin with the numbers for June and December of each year. When no time is specified, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to begin with the current number.

The last Eight Volumes of Harper's Magazine, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, as receipt of \$10 per volume. Cloth Cases, for binding, 50 cents each, by mail, postage.

Refer to Harper's Magazine, Alphabetical, Analytical and Classified for Volumes 1 to 60, inclusive, from June, 1856 to June, 1880, one vol. cloth \$4 00.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss. Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT needs only to be better known to add to its already large list of friends. It has been published for thirty-five years and has acquired a world-wide reputation as the best religious and literary newspaper.

THE INDEPENDENT is not denominational. Its creed and field are broader than any sect. As a Christian journal, its aim is to strengthen and extend Evangelical religion and to defend the rights of the oppressed, the poor, the ignorant, and the unbelieved. It is free to approve or criticize in any of the denominations whatever it believes is designed to advance or hinder the progress of the Gospel of Christ.

We pay large prices to obtain the most eminent writers. Besides the editorial, there are twenty-two distinct departments, edited by twenty-two specialists, which include Biblical Research, Sanitary, Legal, Fine Arts, Music, Science, Personal History, Intellectual Register, Hymn Notes, School and College, Literature, Intelligence, Mystical, Finance, Commerce, Insurance, Stories, Puzzles, Selections, and Agriculture. 28 Pages in all.

We will report in full Rev. Joseph Cook's celebrated Boston Monday Lectures, which will begin in January. Mr. Cook has just returned from a two years' trip round the world and his lectures this Winter will attract great attention than ever.

OUR NEW TERMS FOR 1883. One subscription ONE YEAR \$3 00 For 3 months \$1 50 For 6 months \$2 75 One subscription TWO YEARS \$6 00 One subscription FIVE YEARS \$10 00 These reduced prices (\$2 per annum in clubs of five or more) are very much lower than any of the standard religious weeklies.

"TRIAL TRIP." In order that one may read a few consecutive numbers of THE INDEPENDENT, and thus learn its value, we offer a month's subscription, as a "Trial Trip," for 20 cents, which can be sent by postage stamps. Payment of \$2.70 in addition will secure the balance of a year's subscription. Send postal card for free specimen copy and judge for yourself. Address THE INDEPENDENT, 251 Broadway, New York.

JAMES SMALL, ARCHITECT, &c. Office, Crabb's Block, Kingston St., Goderich. Plans and specifications drawn & worked by Carpenter & Plasterer's and mason's work measured and valued.

CHEAP GROCERIES DEANS

Bugs to announce to the people of Goderich and vicinity that Mr. A. Phillips has purchased from Mr. A. Phillips his stock of Groceries and has continued the business in the Corner of Victoria and

Having bought the goods for cash, and as I intend to sell wholesale men for cash also, I will be able to sell at Very Low Prices for Cash. My stock will always be fresh. I will keep the best of everything in the grocery line from the best of the etc., always on hand in season. I am determined to call at the stand, Victoria street, opposite Strachan's machine shop. D.S. Goderich, March 9th, 1882.

Extensive Premises and Splendid

G. BARR

CABINET-MAKER AND UNDERTAKER, Hamilton Street, Goderich.

A good assortment of Kitchens, Bed-rooms, Dining Room and Parlor Furniture, such as Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads, and wood seats, Cupboards, Bedsteads, Mattresses, Washstands, Lounges, Sofas, What-Nots, Looking Glasses.

N. B.—A complete assortment of Coffins and Shrouds always on hand. Also Hearses for hire at reasonable rates. Picture Framing a specialty.—A call solicited. 1751

BOOTS & SHOES

Downing & Weddup. We announce to the Public that they have opened business in the above Store in the store lately occupied by Horace Newton. Having purchased a large and well assorted stock of Spring and Summer Goods at close figures, we are determined to give the Public the benefit.

QUICK SALES & SMALL PROFITS WILL BE OUR MOTTO. Please call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere. Remember the place, next door to J. Wilson's Drug Store. None but the best of material used and first-class workmen employed. Repairing neatly done on the shortest notice. Goderich, March 9, 1882. DOWNING & WEDDUP

Woman's True Friend. A friend in need is a friend indeed. This none can deny, especially when assistance is rendered when one is sorely afflicted with disease, more particularly those complaints and weaknesses so common to our female population. Every woman should know that Electric Bitters are woman's true friend, and will positively restore her to health, even when all other remedies fail. A single trial always proves our assertion. They are pleasant to the taste, and only cost fifty cents a bottle. Sold by James Wilson.

A Vexed Clergyman. Even the patience of Job would become exhausted were he a preacher and endeavoring to interest his audience while they were keeping up an incessant coughing, making it impossible for him to be heard. Yet, how very easy can all this be avoided by simply using Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. Trial Bottles given away at Wilson's drug store.

Thousands of graves are annually robbed of their dead, and lives prolonged, happiness and health restored by the use of this great

ROBBER GERMAN INVIGORATOR

which positively and permanently cures impotency (caused by excess of any kind), restores weakness, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of Self-Abuse, as loss of energy, loss of memory, universal lassitude, and the best of all, restores youth, and old age, and all other diseases that lead to insanity or consumption and a premature grave.

Send for circulars with testimonials free by mail. The INVIGORATOR is sold at \$1 per box or six boxes for \$5 by all druggists, or will be sent free by mail, securely sealed, on receipt of postage stamp. F. J. CHENEY, Druggist, 187 Summit St., Toledo, Ohio.

HALL'S CATARRH CURE

In Recommended by Physicians. Cures Catarrh of the Nasal Cavity—Cerebral and Uterine Catarrh of the Eye or Throat. It is taken INTERNALLY, and acts DIRECTLY on the Blood and Mucous Surfaces of the System. It is the best Blood Purifier in the World, and is worth ALL that is charged for it, for the

ONLY INTERNAL CURE FOR CATARRH. \$100 OFF IN THIS MARKET. We Offer \$100 for any case of Catarrh it will not cure. \$100

WELLAND, Ont., March 23, 1882. My little daughter was troubled with Catarrh for two years, and was very much benefited by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. She is now about cured. W. T. HOUSH.

WELLAND, Ont., March 30, 1882. I have used Hall's Catarrh Cure, and judging from the good results I derived from one bottle, believe it will cure the most stubborn case of Catarrh if its use is continued for a reasonable length of time. W. H. HELLEMS.

WELLAND, Ont., March 30, 1882. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Gentls.—Have sold Hall's Catarrh Cure for the last year, and it gives entire satisfaction. Yours truly, H. W. HOBSON, Druggist.

Hall's Catarrh Cure. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists and Dealers in Patent Medicines in the United States and Canada. PRICE: 5 Cents a Bottle. \$5.00 a Doz.

The only genuine Hall's Catarrh Cure is manufactured by F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Beware of imitations. Bottled for the Ontario trade by H. W. HOBSON, Welland, Ont. GEORGE RHYNAS, Sole Agent, Goderich.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered liver. Only one pill does.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN, AND every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD. T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

McCULL BRUS & CO. TORONTO.

MANUFACTURERS LARDINE OIL AND CYLINDER OIL.

Four Medals and three diplomas awarded last year at the leading Exhibition of the Dominion.

MANUFACTURERS. Add all men running machinery will save money by using our LARDINE and CYLINDER OIL has no equal. Facts speak for themselves and you can find out that the foregoing assertions are true, by trying one sample of our Oil prices etc., on application.

McCull Bros & Co Toronto.

The Lardine is for sale in Goderich by R. W. McKENZIE, G. H. PARSONS, C. CRABB, and D. K. STRACHAN. 1825-7

JACOBSON'S

TRADE MARK. THE GREAT GERMAN REMEDY.

FOR RHEUMATISM, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quins, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals Dr. Jacobson's as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but its comparative trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. Directions in Eleven Languages. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS IN MEDICINE.

A. VOGELER & CO., Sole Agents, 251 Broadway, N. Y. & S. A.

RE-OPENING OF SCHOOLS.

SEASON 1883.

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SUPPLY OF SCHOOL BOOKS

USED IN THE

Public, Model, High & Separate Schools

All New Books or Latest Editions

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Students will consult their own interests by purchasing their Class Books at

IMRIE'S BOOK STORE

as by doing so they can depend upon getting the latest edition of each book at the lowest prices.

Special Terms to Teachers and School Trustees for Quantities.

JAMES IMRIE, Successor to T. J. Moorhouse.

JOHN A. NAFTEL

CHEAP HARDWARE STORE.

New Firm! New Goods! New Prices.

LARGE ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS. GOODS ARRIVING DAILY

SPECIALTY:—Come Club Skates and Climax (something new). Owing to the universal demand for the same, there are few to be had in Toronto. Skates from 50c. up to \$5.00. I intend to keep a full and well assorted stock of everything in the hardware line and will sell for cash at prices which cannot be beaten.

ENCOURAGEMENT TO THE CASH PURCHASER.

I will from this day forward 5 per cent on all purchases paid down, amounting to \$1.00, (not exclusive of mail). I buy from the wholesale dealer at these terms and will do the same with those who buy from me. I am still selling a large quantity of goods at a discount of from 15 to 50 per cent.

JOHN A. NAFTEL.

1883.

HARPER'S WEEKLY.

ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Weekly stands at the head of American illustrated weekly journals. By its unpartisan position in politics, its admirable illustrations, its carefully chosen serials, short stories, sketches and poems, contributed by the foremost artists and authors of the day, it carries instruction and entertainment to thousands of American homes.

It will always be the aim of the publishers to make Harper's Weekly the most popular and attractive family newspaper in the world.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

PER YEAR:

- HARPER'S WEEKLY, \$4 00
HARPER'S BAZAR, \$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE, \$4 00
The THREE above publications, \$10 00
Any TWO above named, \$7 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE, \$1 50
HARPER'S MAGAZINE, \$1 50
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE, \$5 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, (52 Numbers), \$10 00

Postage Free to all subscribers in United States and Canada.

The volumes of the Weekly begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of Harper's Weekly in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for \$7 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of \$1.00 each.

Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROTHERS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

Fire and Sword.

OUR NEW STORY.

BOOKS

SALE OF BOOKS.
DICKENS, and every
edition of Interior Finish
SPARKS, HANDRAILS,
WAGNERS and BALUSTERS
A Socialist. Send for Price
Lists. SHINGLES,
LATH & LUMBER.
Estimates on applica-
tion. Address
FRANCIS SMEETH,
Goderich

Mr. Wm. McKay, who is at present teaching at Comberwood, was home visiting his friends during the holidays.

Mr. John McKay, son of Doctor McKay as one to spend a session in the Comberwood Collegiate Institute.

Miss Jane Disher, who succeeded in passing the requisite examinations for a third class certificate, has been appointed junior teacher in the Hensall public school, and went to take charge of her duties on Jan. 2nd, 1883.

Rev. Mr. Caswell's two sons from Toronto, and his daughter from Lucknow, are at present visiting the parental home.

School re-opened here on Jan. 3rd with an average of 60 pupils.

New Year's Day passed off very quietly. Very few persons indulged even in the time-honored custom of New Year's calling.

The Trustees of this section have furnished their school with a copy of Worcester's Unabridged Dictionary.

On Wednesday evening 27th ult the usual Anniversary of the Presbyterian Sabbath School was held in the Orange Hall. The Hall was crowded and a good time generally was experienced apparently.

On New Year's Night the Anniversary of the Methodist Sunday School was held in the Methodist Church. Tea was served in the Orange hall, and the speeches, recitations, given in the church after tea was served.

The road from here to the Nile is reported to be in a wretched condition. No less than one hundred and fifty large pitch-holes have been counted, while the number of small ones is estimated to be countless. The stage experiences on an average, one unsteady night.

The latest excitement in this village is a shooting gallery. The young man of the period goes there—shoots—and comes away satisfied—that his cents (sense) are less than they were before.

The younger members of Mr. Caswell's family treated their young friends of the village to a very successful and entertaining party on Tuesday evening, Jan. 2nd.

At an annual School Meeting of this Section, Mr. John Brown was elected Trustee for the ensuing term in the room of Mr. J. M. Roberts, retired.

On Saturday evening last the drum of Mr. Wilson's stove exploded causing the inmates of the house a feeling of no slight alarm.

A VALUABLE FOX KILLED.—On Friday last a party of hunters, consisting of Messrs. B. Augustine, B. J. Crawford, A. Augustine and F. Davis shot a valuable silver grey fox. Messrs. B. Augustine and B. J. Crawford fired at the same moment, and both bullets hit the mark. The animal is now very uncommon, and the skin is said to be very valuable.

GREAT DAY IN DUNGOON.—Considerable amusement was occasioned in this village, one day last week, by the rather singular result of a shooting match. The parties concerned are four of our citizens: three of them having hitherto borne considerable renown as marksmen. The fourth had no brilliant record to refer to, and consequently neither of the three "professionals" would consent to take him as partner, so they were forced to shoot, "every man for himself." They proceeded to business, but who could imagine the result. At the end of the three rounds, the "Amateur" was found to be victorious, and was so generous as to allow each of the others two shots extra in order that they might have an opportunity of regaining their laurels. They accepted the offer, but to no avail, and were compelled to admit to an ignominious defeat. The moral in this is obvious.—Nimrod.

Port Albert.

Mr. and Mrs. Delong have just returned from a visit to friends in Clinton.

Mr. Thos. Hawkins has been re-elected school trustee. He has creditably filled the position for a number of years.

Miss Theresa Perry, of Ailsa Craig, and Miss Stella Preston, of Denver, Col., are spending the holidays with their cousins, Mrs. G. Erwin.

Mr. R. Delong narrowly escaped losing his well-known running mare, Minnie, recently. The animal became entangled in its head gear while in its stall, and had not assistance been speedily rendered, Dick, would have been mourning the loss of his favorite equine. The animal is none the worse for her adventure.

A rather humorous incident occurred in Mr. H. Otway's store the other day. A lady entered and asked the storekeeper if he had "any common men's braces?" Scarcely were the words uttered, when another lady stepped up to the counter and wished to know "if he had any black women's stockings?" There was soon a burst of laughter all around. It is needless to say that the ladies did not belong to Port Albert.

At a proof of the favor in which THE SIGNAL is held here, I might mention that as your correspondent was entering the post office a couple of weeks ago, he met a very angry and disappointed looking party of men coming out, and upon enquiring what the trouble was, was informed that "THE SIGNAL hadn't come."

Mr. T. R. Hawkins, who during the past year taught the young idea of Lechlach how to shoot, and who previously acted for two years in the same capacity at Gesto, Essex county, is taking a three month's course at the Goderich High School, preparatory to commencing the study of law. If the possession of a large amount of common

sense and intelligence be of any benefit to him he should succeed. At the early age of fifteen, and with but very little previous study, this young gentleman succeeded in capturing a third class certificate, coming out very high on the list, while other much older candidates who had spent all their lives in training were most ignominiously plucked. Success attend him.

I have been requested by a friend, to enquire of Joe Mayweed, of Leeburn, if the geese and ducks have commenced laying in that locality yet. My friend informs me that Joe used to chronicle all such important incidents during the past few years, and he would like to hear from him next week. Answer him, Joe.

Kingsbridge.

Mr. Ford, of Dakota, is visiting his friends here. He intends to return in the Spring, but, we believe, not alone.

RE-ENGAGED.—Mr. H. McPhee has been engaged for another year to teach our school, at a salary of \$425. He is an excellent teacher and the trustees have done well in retaining him. Miss Keefe has been engaged for the junior department.

No less than three very interesting accounts of the recent concert of the literary association have reached us, and we have chosen the first to hand. In the future our Kingsbridge friends may look for pretty regular correspondence in THE SIGNAL from this point. Get your friends to subscribe for it.

CONVERSATIONS.—Some town people fancy that all good things are enjoyed by them during the festive season; but such is not the case, as country people have their good things also. The Kingsbridge Literary Society held a CONVERSATION in the school house at Kingsbridge on the last Friday evening of the year just closed, which was a complete success. A thing of this kind must possess two essential points before it can be pronounced a success. It must be satisfactory to the audience and to the financial committee; and truth forces me to declare that it was highly so to both parties. The weather being favorable the house was soon filled to its utmost capacity, so that standing room near the door was considered a boon. The prelude, which was of an animated character, assured the assembled crowd that there was a good time coming. All necessary arrangements being made, D. Buchanan, Esq., was elected to preside and most efficiently did that gentleman discharge the duties devolving upon him. The first dropping of the curtain exposed to view a large array of talented singers, who were as eminent for their good looks as their skill in music. The selection was a beautiful hymn which was well received; but I must forbear entering too minutely into particulars, otherwise I'll impose on your time and space. After some very fine singing and acting the audience was taken by complete surprise by the appearance of the Port Albert Jubilee Club, whose dusky faces and peculiar garb were as amusing as their singing and their histrionic powers were entertaining. Their leader, who is said to be a Zulu of royal blood, is a conspicuous figure in the club, and well did he sustain the reputation of his countrymen for their skill in music and actions to accord with it. This noble gentleman sang several solos during the evening which were well rendered and received with bursts of applause. The other members of this young club are highly deserving of a meed of praise for rare musical talent and deportment. Long life and speed to the Jubilee Club, say I, and may your shadows never grow darker. The singing was highly meritorious throughout and reflects great credit on the amateurs of this beautiful art who sang on the occasion. "The Imps of the Trunk Room" in which two little girls bore the chief part, was remarkably well executed and afforded the audience special delight; little girls are more natural than large ones; and the absence of affectation in their performances render them very agreeable to us. Still there may be a difference of opinion on the subject. At least it is true that these two little girls acted their part admirably, as did the other little girls who sang and acted on the occasion. "Mike" was an original character in his way and sustained his part well in "Too Greedy by Half." His imitation of the dialect of the south of the Emerald Isle was complete producing roars of laughter. "How she made him propose" was very quaintly gone through and evoked much merriment. Several good readings supplied a pleasing variety and were received with applause. The national anthem brought to a close the best entertainment enjoyed in this part, and all departed to their respective homes well pleased with what they saw and heard on the last Friday evening of '82.

THE BOUNDARY AWARD.

Sold Sense upon the Subject by Hon. E. Blake.

Hon. E. Blake, at the recent Reform Convention, spoke with great directness and force on the matter of the Boundary Award. Mr. Blake has been so persistently misrepresented by his opponents as to his attitude on this question, that our friends should make a note of his words in order to be able to pin ignorant Tories who may in the future, as they have done in the past, charge Mr. Blake with not being in accord with Mr. Mowat on this point:—

Upon the Boundary Award the people of Ontario, as has been said, are practically united, and have repeated in her legislation in two successive sessions that the Award is right, that Ontario expected the Dominion Government to take the necessary steps in order that it may be finally settled upon that basis. There was a time when we could make the boast that was made; there was a time, as a poet has said of ancient Rome, "When none were for 't'ye part," "When all were for the state."

and we found the gentlemen in the Opposition standing to record their opinions—though they acknowledged it was against their feelings—adversely to the Government at Ottawa on this matter. But after two years more determined action was decided upon by the Government at Ottawa. Up to this they had only shrilly dealt with the question, and now action was taken in the direction of refusing to ratify the Award, and the moment that that conclusion was reached those gentlemen who had been with us, now were unwilling to protest against repudiation. If they were right in those two sessions, and we think they were, when they voted in favor of the award, as a just award, as one which we ought to expect the Dominion Parliament to make final and conclusive, we cannot see why they are not wrong now. Now they have turned round and taken a diametrically opposite course. It is just the same as it was in former days when those gentlemen called for "no party," and at this time they are animated exclusively by the party spirit. (Cheers.) Suppose we hold these gentlemen to their word. They have said we ought to accept the award, and now they tell us the direct opposite, and give as a reason for the change of their opinions that they do not wish to divide the Dominion, now the Dominion Parliament has pronounced upon the question. It is obvious that this statement will not hold water. When you remember that the author of that has made a declaration that no part of the disputed territory is to be ours, that we can make no title to it, and that it will go to the Dominion or Manitoba, I will give the answer to the gentlemen how far the interests of Ontario are being met by this course to those who have those interests in their keeping.

The steamship City of Brussels has sunk off Liverpool. Of ten persons reported drowned two were passengers.

VIATOR.

Goderich Township.

TRAMMEETING.—The annual teaming of the union Presbyterian church will be held on Friday evening next, the 19th inst. A excellent programme of speaking and music has been prepared, and the committee are endeavoring to make it "the best yet."

Dunlop.

Mr. Neibergall has secured the severed services of Mr. G. McKee as overseer in the handling of saw logs, stave bolts, etc.

The bridge at Salford has been put in good order by your council getting a quantity of snow put on it, so as to permit teams to draw heavy loads across it. Our "heavy draughts" can no longer have no fear of being struck in mid stream when they go to the County Council.

Benmiller.

The oyster supper and dance under the auspices of the Benmiller Court 86, Order of Foresters, held here on Wednesday evening, was largely attended. The weather was most propitious.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE.—The following is the result of the election of officers for the ensuing quarter of Benmiller Division No. 308, A. Heddlie, W. P.; Sarah Heddlie, W. A.; T. Heddlie, R. S.; Ida Walters, A. R. S.; S. Heddlie, F. S.; C. Walters, T. W. R. bertson, Chas.; Geo. Stewart, C.; M. B. Gledhill, A. C.; Sarah Heddlie, jr., I. S.; Wm. Moore, O. S.; Jos. Moore, P. W. P.

A Teaching Incident.

A pleasing feature of the reform convention was the hearty cheer accorded to young George Brown, when his name was mentioned as one of the secretaries. It was a fine tribute to the memory of the great senator. The son is a fine looking pleasant faced lad of fourteen, who "favors" his mother's appearance. He took great interest in the convention and heartily assisted in the preliminary work. It was a happy thought that placed his name on the list of secretaries. Mr. Brown and family are living in Toronto, and it may be mentioned without intruding on the privacy of a home, as an indication of the strength of Canadian national feeling, that the young people decidedly prefer Toronto to Edinburgh, and resolved to make Canada their home. Much interest will naturally be felt in young Brown's future.

J. C. Currie's Auction Sale List.

January 13th.—Great sale of Household Goods, etc., sharp at 1 o'clock, taking place at the new auction mart on Hamilton-st., opposite Colborne House.

January 13th.—Ball's sale of the goods and chattels of Martin Fenlow, Charles Kendrick and C. J. Reeve, taking place at the mart at 1 o'clock.

January 27th.—Sale of town property at the mart, commencing at noon. For particulars see advertisement.

Goderich Markets.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes Wheat, Flour, Potatoes, Beans, etc.

AUCTION SALE

Town Property in Goderich.

Under a power of sale contained in a Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, made by Malcolm McQuarrie and others dated the Fifteenth day of March, A.D. 1876, there were sold by public auction, by John C. Currie, auctioneer, at his auction mart, opposite the Colborne Hotel, in the town of Goderich, on SATURDAY, THE 27th DAY OF JANUARY, A.D. 1883, at twelve o'clock, noon, the following property, viz: The East half of lot running number 84, in the said town of Goderich, containing an acre of land, more or less.

This property is situated on the north side of Newgate-street, and is a desirable property for building purposes. There is erected thereon a large frame building formerly used as a sawing mill by the mortgagor.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent down, and the balance within 30 days thereafter, when the purchaser will be entitled to a conveyance and possession. The said property will be offered for sale subject to a reserved bid.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer, or the undersigned.

GARROW & PROUDFOOT,

Vendors' Solicitors.

Dated at Goderich, January 2nd, 1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS

COUNTY OF HURON. By virtue of a writ of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Huron, and to me directed and delivered, against the lands and tenements of John S. Walker, at the suit of David Ross, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, interest, and equity of redemption of the above named defendant, John S. Walker, in and to all that portion of lot eight, in the twelfth concession of the township of Grey in the County of Huron, lying south of the River Mattland and containing sixty nine acres of land, more or less.

Which lands and tenements I shall offer for sale, at my office in the Court House, in the town of Goderich, on Saturday, the thirty first day of March, 1883, at the hour of twelve of the clock, noon.

ROBERT GIBBONS, Sheriff of Co. Huron.

1879-1883.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS

COUNTY OF HURON. By virtue of a Writ of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Huron, and to me directed against the lands and tenements of JAMES STRACHAN, at the suit of FINLAY MCKIBBON, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the above named defendant, in and to lot five hundred and ninety two (592), situated in the Town of Goderich, in the County of Huron, comprising a dwelling house and one quarter of an acre of land, more or less, and subject to a mortgage of three hundred dollars, which lands and tenements I shall offer for sale, at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Tuesday, the 30th day of January, 1883, at the hour of twelve of the clock, noon.

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ROBERT GIBBONS, Sheriff of Huron.

1881-83.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS

COUNTY OF HURON. By virtue of a Writ of Her Majesty's County Court of the County of Huron, and to me directed against the lands and tenements of JAMES STRACHAN, at the suit of FINLAY MCKIBBON, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the above named defendant, in and to lot five hundred and ninety two (592), situated in the Town of Goderich, in the County of Huron, comprising a dwelling house and one quarter of an acre of land, more or less, and subject to a mortgage of three hundred dollars, which lands and tenements I shall offer for sale, at my office in the Court House, in the Town of Goderich, on Tuesday, the 30th day of January, 1883, at the hour of twelve of the clock, noon.

ROBERT GIBBONS, Sheriff of Huron.

1881-83.

Vertical text on the right edge of the page, including "Dog Le Allan", "Farm", "See the", "Come t", "Agricu", "High C", "M. 7", "three d", "U", "D", "inst.", "to be", "reward", "FAE", "