

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, MAY 1, 1912

Vol. XLI, No. 18



TRY OUR Home-Made Preserves!

Made from home grown fruit. We have a large stock on hand. Sold in Bottles, Pails, and by the lb.

EGGS & BUTTER

We want EGGS and BUTTER for CASH, or in exchange for GROCERIES.

House Cleaning Supplies!

We Have a Full Line in Stock

Give us a call.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales of it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.



Price \$2.50

Amherst Boots

Are the Farmer's friends.

Made from Solid Leather throughout, counters, in-soles and heels. They stand up and stand the strain of hard wear through all kinds of mud, slush and wet.

Men's Amherst Boots, \$1.60 to \$2.75
Women's " " 1.25 to 1.75
Boys' " " 2.00 to 1.50
Girls' " " 1.10 to 1.35
Children's " " 1.00

Alley & Co.

Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.

Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless.

A. J. FRASER, D. D.
Aug. 15 1906-3m

COAL!

All kinds for your winter supply. See us before you place your order.

HARD COAL—Different Sizes
Soft Coal—All Kinds

C. Lyons & Co.

Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Nov. 30 1910.

JAMES H. REDDIN

Barrister, etc.
Has Removed his Office from the City Hotel Building, Great George Street, to rooms over Grant's Implement Warehouse, Corner of Queen and Sydney Streets.

Collections attended to. Money to loan.
Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1911-6m

JOB WORK!

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office.

Charlottetown P. E. Island

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Dodgers
Posters

Check Books

Note Books of Hand

Receipt Books

Letter Heads

Note Heads

Join the Army of Successful C. B. C. "Grads."

Look up the records of nearly all graduates of the C. B. C. and you will find that they are holding down the most responsible, prominent and lucrative positions that an appreciative business world can bestow.

Wherever you go you will find men and women who owe their present success and prosperity to the practical business training which they secured at the C. B. C. From Sydney to Hong Kong and from Vancouver to Bombay you will find hustling, successful and enterprising people who would now be drudging at their tasks in their home town if it were not for the rich opportunities their C. B. C. training developed for them.

There's no need of staying in the ranks with the common crowd, no need of slaving away for a pittance when practical training will enable you to create your own opportunities for a richer, bigger and better future.

C. B. C. courses cover bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, business correspondence, banking, reporting, modern office practice, navigation and engineering.

Write today for free prospectus, C. B. C. blotter and full information.

Charlottetown Business College

AND INSTITUTE OF

SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING

L. B. MILLER - - - Principal

VICTORIA ROW.

FOR HEALTH AND COMFORT Wear Stanfield's Underwear!

For the man who must work out doors in winter, and be far and hard work both for boys and girls, but for girls I regard it as the first step toward breaking down the delicacy and modesty which is their most precious possession. School should be a second home, and its work be almost private. This evil, however, although serious, is remote; but a far greater evil is already upon us, and seems to me to call urgently for attention. A considerable number of Catholic girls are following the courses of our Universities and Colleges in exactly the same conditions as young men, with no distinction between them in studies, or even social conditions, but thrown into large towns to rough it as best they can away from their parents and all the protection of home. In England they have special colleges in connection with the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge and London for women. It is a strange thing, and suggests an unpleasant commentary on the drift of things that we have not one such College in Ireland, where we boast so much of our religious faith and the virtue and modesty of our women.

Into the Turmoil of Politics.
Another phase of this modern movement is the agitation which has been set on foot to draw women into the turmoil of politics. I do not refer now to their taking part in local affairs, especially those, such as the administration of workhouses, which are more or less of a charitable nature, and afford scope for their special energies, but to their claim to get the Parliamentary suffrage and to vote, and of course to set equally with men in Parliamentary elections. Hitherto this very grave question has been merely academic, and provoked a smile of amusement, rather than serious consideration. Now it has come within the range of practical politics, and it is for everyone to weigh well the consequences, immediate and remote, of so profound a change in our social conditions. Many women who will bear this letter read will think that it is impossible that a measure for which none of them have ever asked, which most of them regard as an absurdity, which public opinion in Ireland has not demanded, should be suddenly imposed upon us. Yet it is quite possible. The game of parties in Parliament often leads to strange results, and it is well for us in Ireland to realize the danger that, without our consent, this measure may become law, and the women of Ireland be placed in a position from which all their instincts and habits of thought would shrink.

As well made, every stitch is put in just right. It is made to fit perfectly, which insures extra comfort. "Stanfield's" is the cheapest Underwear to buy. When you buy "Stanfield's" you get one hundred cents worth of value for every dollar you spend. We sell Stanfield's in all the different weights. Stanfield's "Green Label," a heavy ribbed Underwear, all pure wool, double breasted, well made; absolutely unshrinkable.....\$2.00 a suit. Stanfield's "Red Label," a heavier and finer grade, soft and warm, unshrinkable. All sizes.....\$2.50 a suit. Stanfield's "Blue Label," a very heavy line. Will keep you warm in any climate, no matter how cold. Won't shrink. All sizes.....\$2.80 a suit. Come in and have your Underwear needs supplied.

MacLELLAN BROS.
258 QUEEN STREET.

Fall and Winter Weather

Fall and Winter weather calls for prompt attention to the

Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We beg to remind our numerous patrons that we have REMOVED from 23 Prince Street to our new stand

122 DORCHESTER STREET,

Next door to Dr. Conroy's Office, where we shall be pleased to see all our friends.

All Orders Receive Strict Attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

H. McMILLAN

ONE VIEW OF WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

(New York Freeman's Journal.)

From the recent London Pastoral Letter of Right Rev. Dr. O'Dwyer, Bishop of Limerick, we take the following interesting remarks on the woman suffrage question:

The Sacrament of Marriage is the corner stone of human society, and, therefore, it has been left by its Divine Institutor, not to the guardianship of His Own Church, to whose jurisdiction it belongs no less fully than any other Sacrament or rite of our holy religion. And you see that as soon as men throw off the Christian faith, or lose a hold of its principles, one of the first practical consequences is an attack upon the marriage tie. What they call modern progress, in the moral order, may be measured by their divorce laws. They would put woman back again in her pagan condition, in pre-Christian times, and it is a sad fact, but an eloquent demonstration of the need of an inflexible guide in morals, as well as in faith, that the only religious body which now stands like a wall of brass against this onrush of human passion is our Holy Church. In Ireland we have been able by God's blessing to keep out this fatal evil, but we have to be on our guard against the advance of principles, and the admission of practices which are the first steps in the same direction. There has been for some years a movement to draw women from their homes, and to engage them in occupations which an elder generation thought entirely unsuited to them. Even in our Catholic schools one can perceive a spirit of publicity, a craving for notoriety, which is entirely new amongst us. For myself, I am convinced that the annual publication of children's names, and sometimes even of their photographs, must on educational grounds be injurious, and be fatal to hard work both for boys and girls; but for girls I regard it as the first step toward breaking down the delicacy and modesty which is their most precious possession. School should be a second home, and its work be almost private. This evil, however, although serious, is remote; but a far greater evil is already upon us, and seems to me to call urgently for attention. A considerable number of Catholic girls are following the courses of our Universities and Colleges in exactly the same conditions as young men, with no distinction between them in studies, or even social conditions, but thrown into large towns to rough it as best they can away from their parents and all the protection of home. In England they have special colleges in connection with the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge and London for women. It is a strange thing, and suggests an unpleasant commentary on the drift of things that we have not one such College in Ireland, where we boast so much of our religious faith and the virtue and modesty of our women.

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Criminality Among The French Youth.

PARIS, April 2, 1912.

We have often had occasion to notice the startling increase of criminality among the youth in France, a symptom so generally recognized and so alarming that even non-Catholic papers are bound to acknowledge its existence. In the eyes of Catholics of the Government schools, whose so-called neutrality is a sham, and whose rank irreligion is, in most cases, openly professed. The natural and logical consequence of this teaching is the casting away of the laws of morality, which, without the basis of religion, are not strong enough to act as a barrier against man's passions. When in 1882, M. Jules Ferry organized the lay schools, he openly stated that his object was to organize humanity without God. His system has now been in force for thirty years, and of its results the following statistics will give an idea:

In 1886 the law regarding lay schools was not as yet in force all over France; there were 4,937 criminals among boys under sixteen, and 659 girls. In 1889 (when the law had been universally carried into effect) there were 6,743 criminals among boys, and 1,097 among girls. In 1897, the official statistics inform us that, taken as a whole, "the criminality of children under sixteen is almost double that of adults." In 1905 the statistics were such that the Minister of that day, M. Guyot-Dessaigne, is known to have modified them before he allowed them to be published; nevertheless, we gather from official reports that 35,000 boys and girls were, in the course of one year, condemned for criminal offences. It was ascertained, moreover, that out of 100 children condemned in Paris, 20 belonged to religious and 80 to lay schools; and that out of 100 boys, who were imprisoned at "la petite Roquette," eighty had been educated in the Government schools, eleven only in religious or free schools.

A few days ago a young soldier, who was executed for murder, left a written declaration attributing his

downfall to the education he had received in the Government schools. It did not please the anti-clerical papers. Many of them simply omitted to mention it. La petite République made it a subject of derision, and les Nouvelles put it down to the influence of the priest who heard the murderer's confession, and who, it adds, probably took advantage of his 'mental depression' to make him write the letter. But les Nouvelles goes too far when it adds, that nowhere would a Government professor be found capable of teaching his pupils to set their parents' authority at defiance. All those who have had occasion to observe the methods of the Government teachers, especially in the elementary schools, are ready to endorse this unfortunate young soldier's assertions. Contempt for parental authority, a spirit of independence and rebellion, starting in small children, a disposition to cast aside all control, human and divine, such are the 'fruits' of the tree planted thirty years ago by Jules Ferry, one of those who have most effectually contributed to the un-Christianizing of France. Le Matin, an anti-clerical in its tendencies, but more faithful in its methods than les Nouvelles, quoted the young soldier's letter, but skillfully changed the words that accused the lay schools. The Croix promptly took up the subject and printed side by side the soldier's original letter and the Matin's version of the same. 'If I have fallen so low,' wrote the murderer, 'it was owing to the teaching received in the lay schools.' 'If I have fallen so low,' quotes the Matin, 'it was owing to the teaching received in my youth.'

So poor an attempt to disguise the truth proves that the Matin attached more importance than it care to acknowledge to the testimony of a man at the point of death, who had nothing to gain by his statement.—Anglo-French Catholic, in America.

Kisses For Mother.
Lips Too Often Neglected Until It Is Too Late.
A father, talking to his careless daughter, said:
'I want to speak to you of your mother. It may be that you have noticed a careworn look upon her face lately. Of course it has not been brought there by any set of years; still it is your duty to chase it away. I want you to get up tomorrow morning and get the breakfast, and when your mother comes and begins to express surprise, go right up to her and kiss her on the mouth. You can't imagine how it will brighten her dear face.'

'Besides, you owe her a kiss or two. Away back, when you were a little girl, she kissed you when no one else was tempted by your furtive breath and swollen face. You were not attractive then as you are now. And through those years of childish sunshine and shadow she was always ready to care, by the magic of a mother's kiss, the little, dirty, chubby hands whenever they were injured in those skirmishes with the rough old world.'

And then the midnight kisses with which she rooted so many bad dreams as she leaned upon your pillow, have all been on interest these long, long years.

'Of course she is not so pretty and kissable as you are; but if you had done your share of work during the past ten years the contrast would not be so marked.'

'Her face has more wrinkles than yours, and yet, if you were sick that face would appear far more beautiful than an angel's as it hovered over you, watching every opportunity to minister to your comfort, and every one of those wrinkles would seem to be bright washers of sunshine chasing each other over the dear old face.'

'She will leave you one of those days. Those burdens, if not lifted from her shoulders, will break her down. Those rough, hard hands that have done so many necessary things for you will be crossed upon her lifeless breast.'

'Those neglected lips that gave you your first baby kiss will be forever closed, and those sad tired eyes will have opened in eternity, and then you will appreciate your mother; but it will be too late!'

Portugal.
The royal palace of Necessidades suffered from unknown hands. Objects of art, including some masterpieces of Benvenuto Cellini, have disappeared, and the wine cellars have suffered from Republican thirst. Even the royal automobiles have vanished into thin air. The Government, however, gives out the consoling news that the inventories made after the flight of Manoel have been preserved.

THE POOR DYSPEPIC Suffers Untold Agony After Every Meal.

Nearly everything that enters a weak, dyspeptic stomach acts as an irritant; hence the difficulty of effecting a cure. Burdock Blood Bitters will relieve all the distressing symptoms of dyspepsia in a short time effect a cure.

Mrs. F. C. Gross, Berlin, Ont., writes: "I have been troubled with my stomach for the last seven years and tried all kinds of medicine for it, but none of them ever cured me, for as soon as I would quit using any of them, the same old trouble would come back. Last fall I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters, which I did, and used four bottles, and now feel so strong I can do all my house work nicely and can eat almost anything without it affecting me in any way."

Tramp—Please help a cripple, sir.
Old Gentleman—How are you crippled?
Tramp—Financially, sir.

W. H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says: "It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price a box 50c."

'You don't mean to say she has accepted him? He isn't at all her idea!'

'Well, it didn't take her long to choose between a fance in the band and a idea in the bab.'

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Beware Of Worms.
Don't let worms gnaw at the vitals of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

A militia man laughed at a timid little woman because she was alarmed at the noise of a cannon when a salute was fired.

He subs quantly married that timid woman and six months afterward he took off his boots in the hall when he came in late at night.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25 and 50 cts.

Harry one day climbed up in a parlor chair, in order to reach something he wanted. 'Don't get up in that chair with your feet, Harry, exclaimed his mother.

'I just have to mamma,' replied the little fellow. 'I can't take my feet off.'

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

'Come Bob, get up,' said an indulgent father to his hopeful son the other morning. 'Remember, it's the early bird catches the worm.'

'What do I care for worms?' replied the young hopeful, 'mother won't let me go a-fishing.'

Minard's Liniment cures neuralgia.

He—Good night, dear. We must not kiss or you will take my cold.
She—Never mind—I can pass it on!

She—You say you can't live without me. Supposing I had not been born for another fifty years?
He—I should have waited!

A WEAK ACHING BACK Caused Her Much Misery.

Mrs. W. R. Hodge, Fielding, Sask., writes: "A few lines highly recommending Doan's Kidney Pills. For this last year I have been troubled very much with nasty sick headaches, and a weak aching back, which caused me much misery, for I could not work, and had no ambition for anything. My kidneys were very badly out of order, and kept me from sleeping at nights. I tried many kinds of pills and medicines, but it seemed almost in vain. I began to give up in despair of ever being well and strong again, when a kind neighbor advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills, which I did, and am thankful for the relief I obtained from them, for now I am never troubled with a sore back or sick headaches."

"I will always say Doan's Kidney Pills for mine and can highly recommend them to any sufferer."
Price, 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct, on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.
When ordering direct specify "Doan's."

THE HERALD

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Please send in your Subscriptions.

THE BUDGET SPEECH.

At 8.20 Monday evening Hon. Premier Mathieson rose to deliver his first budget speech. He pointed out in the first place that some elections had been held since the last session of the Legislature. Referring to the general Provincial elections, he said that, for the first time at least for many many years, not one dollar of public money had been spent for voting purposes. The election of 1908 had cost \$4,734, while the election of January last cost only \$2,900, a saving of \$1,800.

He expressed the hope that we had reached the time when we should turn our faces towards the future instead of reiterating the political history of the past, as had been the custom of the late Liberal Government.

Referring to the public works of the Province, he went on to show how terribly dilapidated the bridges and other public structures had become. Several of them had followed the example of the late Government, and fell to pieces and disappeared. The roads, too, had fallen into a most wretched condition. Henceforth, all this must be changed, and our public works shall be constructed and maintained, as far as possible, in the most up to date fashion. It was intended, he said, that a practical trained engineer should be employed by the Government to attend to the public works of the Province.

He next enumerated the number of bridges that had been merely kept together for several years by the late Government, but were now falling into the water. Among these were the North River Bridge and the Montague Bridge. It was intended to spend on bridges this year \$40,000, besides \$10,000 for creosoted piles and pine. A part of this was to pay for legacies of debt in this connection, inherited from the late Liberal Government.

The late Government, Mr. Mathieson pointed out, during the two months they held office after the end of the fiscal year, Sept. 30, spent \$8,000 more than they collected. The present Government have to assume this debt with the rest of the debt. Then the extending of the fiscal year to December 31 made it necessary for a very large estimate of expenditure for the fifteen months. This change would be to the disadvantage of the Government to the extent of \$62,000.

The total estimate of expenditure less cost of departmental building, is \$585,593. The debt of the Province, when the present Government assumed office was, according to the report of the expert bankers employed, \$1,008,000. He estimated that all expenditures, including an increase in the teachers salaries, would be met and that we would have a surplus of about \$8,000 on the period from Dec. 2nd, 1911, to Sept. 30, 1912. The two ends of the long fiscal period would not be so favorable, but the present Government could not control this.

He estimated the total revenue at \$474,000. But the two items above enumerated, \$83,000 of deficit left by the late Government and \$62,000 against the Government in consequence of the change in the termination of the fiscal year would leave a shortage of some \$111,000. This would all disappear in a future year.

The Premier next turned his attention to the question of education. He referred to the school act of 1877, and showed how education had advanced and progressed for a few years thereafter. But in an evil day the Liberal Government had interfered in many ways. At election times, for instance, in the establishment of political schools. The supplements were wiped out, and many other mutilations of the act were perpetrated. So wretched had our educational system become, in consequence of this interference, that last year matters had gone to the bad, money was wasted and schools had deteriorated.

A beginning of improvement would now be inaugurated, and later other improvements would be made. The supplementary arrangement at the rate of 25 per cent. of the salaries would now be put in force. An arrangement would also be effected for paying a bonus to experienced and specially meritorious teachers. The normal deficit of the Province, in consequence of the maladministration of the late Government was about \$60,000. He hoped after this year, that we would have a surplus of about \$50,000. This would be divided between education and the public roads.

He held out high hopes for the future of this Province, and then took up the question of our oyster fisheries. He went into the history of this question to some considerable extent. He said it was not easy to define what a harbor was; under these circumstances it had been hard for the Provincial or Federal Government to take any practical step in this matter. An arrangement had previously been made between the Federal Government and the New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Governments, but this Province refused to assent. But in virtue of arrangements made when at Ottawa our Province would now have full control of the oyster fisheries and all receipts therefrom would come to us. We have, the Premier said, about 100,000 acres of these oyster areas, and he anticipated large revenues therefrom in years to come. The revenues derivable from this source would, he believed, be sufficient to meet the future expansion of our public business.

We had our subsidy largely increased, \$100,000 additional had been received from Ottawa. In 21 years previously only \$88,000 had been added to our revenue from that quarter. The present Provincial Government had been in power about five months. One month of this time was spent in the elections, another month and more had been consumed in the matter of the delegation to Ottawa. A considerable part of the remaining time was taken up with the session. It would, therefore, be seen that the Government had had very little leisure time.

Continuing the history of our claims, the Premier pointed out that the former Liberal Government had not done anything practicable towards forwarding these claims against the Dominion. This the delegates discussed when they went to Ottawa. The Premier here recited the history of the distribution of public lands by the Government of the United States, to different States of the Union, and compared their arrangement with the Canadian plan.

In virtue of the amount of work the Federal Government had on hand during the recent session, our delegates did not ask consideration for any claims except those special to Prince Edward Island. Other claims, common to the Maritime Provinces were left over for future consideration. From these remaining claims further increased subsidies would be secured. The Premier closed his admirable budget speech in a glowing peroration outlining the bright and glorious future in store for Prince Edward Island. He spoke for an hour and fifteen minutes, and concluded amid applause.

With reference to the advertisement of the Public Works Department, Ottawa, recently published in the HERALD, inviting competitive designs for a monument to be erected at Ottawa to his late Majesty King Edward VII., attention is drawn to the fact that the name of the Jury that will make the award are not given. As it is reasonable to expect that artists intending to compete would like to know who will be the judges in the competition, it is proper the names of the judges should be published. The judges will be the Advisory Arts Council, whose members are, Sir Edmund Walker, Toronto; Dr. Francis J. Shephard, Montreal, and Senator Boyer, Montreal.

Sessional Notes. The House met at 8.40 Tuesday afternoon April 23. After routine Hon. Mr. Stewart moved the following resolution. Resolved, That it is expedient to amend 9 Edward VII Cap. 7, and to repeal certain sections thereof and to substitute in lieu thereof and to make provision for placing a direct tax on every casual trader not permanently residing in this Province, doing business within this Province and who solicits or canvasses for orders for the sale or exchange of intoxicating liquors within the Province and to make other provisions for more efficiently and effectively collecting said tax, and for the appointment of persons to receive payment of said tax, the said person to make returns to the Provincial Treasurer and to give security for the execution of their duties. The House went into committee on the resolution, which was duly reported and a bill founded thereon was introduced and read a first time.

Hon. Mr. Dalton introduced the following resolution. Resolved, That it is expedient to make provision for the better government of the village of Tignish and that the said village be defined and the regulations be made for the government thereof. A bill founded on this resolution was received and read a first time.

When the orders of the day were reached, on motion of Hon. Mr. McNeill the bill to incorporate the Prince Edward Island Fox Breeding Association was read a second time and committed to a committee of the whole. Mr. Dobie in the chair, in committee the bill was amended by striking out of the title thereof the words "Prince Edward Island," and inserting the word "Progressive," in lieu thereof. The bill was reported with certain amendments, and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Stewart, the bill to amend an act for a written memorandum necessary to the validity of certain promises and engagements, was read a second time and committed to a committee of the whole. Mr. Dobie in the chair. The bill was reported without amendment, and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Stewart, the bill to incorporate the Eastern Teachers' Association was read a third time and passed. The bill to incorporate Rogers & Company, Limited, was also read a third time and passed on motion of Hon. Mr. Stewart.

On motion of Premier Mathieson, the road act, 1912, was further considered in committee of the whole. The bill was reported with amendments, and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Hon. Mr. McNeill, the bill to incorporate the Riverside Farming Company was read a third time and passed. Several other third readings went through, and some more bills were advanced a stage.

Hon. Mr. Stewart moved the following resolution: Resolved, That it is expedient to amend the 57th Victoria, Cap 16, intitled "An Act for the appointment of Stipendiary Magistrates for the different Counties in the Province of Prince Edward Island," by repealing Section 4 of said Act and by substituting in lieu thereof "that the Magistrates appointed under said Act shall in future hold office during pleasure." The resolution was agreed to, and a bill founded thereon was presented and read a first time. The Commissioner of Agriculture presented the Report of the Agricultural department for the last fiscal year. The House then adjourned to Wednesday afternoon.

It was 4.10 when the House opened Wednesday afternoon. After routine, Hon. Mr. Stewart presented a petition praying for the incorporation of the Charlottetown Insurance Company, formerly the Charlottetown Mutual which asks to be made a joint stock company. The petition was received and read, and a bill in accordance with the prayer thereof was presented and read a first time. Hon. Mr. Stewart also presented a petition asking for certain amendments in the Charlottetown incorporation act, as well as a petition from the City Council asking for power to issue debentures to the amount of \$25,000, to be expended for waterworks improvements. Bills in accordance with the prayers of these petitions were introduced and read a first time.

Mr. Feehan presented a petition asking for better wharf accommodation at Presquid, and during question time, Mr. Feehan also asked the Commissioner of Public Works if it is the intention of the Government to have the Steamer Harland call at Red Point Wharf, East River, during the present season. In answer to this question regarding the Steamer, Hon. Mr. McNeill said the contract did not provide for such a call.

Hon. Mr. Stewart moved the following resolution: Resolved, That the Act 42nd, Victoria, Chapter 5 intitled "An Act respecting certain departments of the Public Service be amended by providing for the payment of a salary to the President of the Executive Council without infringing any of the provisions of the Act for securing the independence of the Members of the Legislative Assembly. Mr. Stewart explained that the President of the Council had not had a salary in the past. The Attorney General's salary was fixed 36 years ago at \$1600, since reduced to \$1200. The cost of living has increased. The time had come when the affairs of the Province required the constant supervision at the Premier. True other Premiers had sometimes served for nothing and some of them suffered. It was unfair to ask our ablest public men to serve for nothing. In other Provinces the emoluments of Premiers ran up to \$9,000 or \$10,000. It was not intended to pay such salaries, but the feeling was that the office should carry a salary somewhat proportioned to the importance of the duties and the ability and service required. The resolution was reported without amendment and a bill founded thereon was presented and read a first time. The salary named is \$1500.

Hon. Mr. Mathieson presented a resolution changing the fiscal year, so that it would correspond with the calendar year and end on 31st December as formerly. He pointed out that this would give a fiscal year of fifteen months instead of twelve for the current year, and a proportionately large expenditure, while the Dominion Subsidy, being only paid half yearly, would give but two payments within that time. When the change was made some years ago it had increased the receipts of that single year. There would now be a proportionate loss on this year's accounts, but the public interest and the regularity and convenience of accounts would be served by the change.

The second reading of Hon. Mr. Stewart's bill providing for a tax on traders taking orders for liquors within the Province was under discussion at 6 o'clock, when the House adjourned to 8 o'clock the following afternoon. The House opened on Thursday, 25th, at 8.40. Hon. Mr. Arsenault presented a petition asking for an act amending the act incorporating Sinclair & Stewart. A bill in accordance with the prayer of the petition was introduced and read a first time. Dr. Dewar presented a petition asking for an act incorporating the Presbyterian church of Brackley Point Road. A bill in accordance therewith was introduced and read a first time. On motion of Hon. Mr. Arsenault a bill, following a petition, to amend the Summer side incorporation act, was introduced and read a first time.

During the time for questions, the Commissioner of Public Works said that nothing would be done relative to the road from the Cable Head Road to the shore of the Gulf of St. Lawrence until the whole question would be enquired into.

After the private bills committee had presented several reports, Hon. Mr. McKinnon presented a bill entitled "The Vital Statistics Amendment, 1912," which was received and read a first time. Hon. Mr. Arsenault introduced a bill, following a resolution, amending the Public Schools Act, 1877, and amendments thereof. The bill provides for increasing the teachers' salaries by the restoration of supplements and bonuses; increasing the travelling allowance of the Chief Superintendent of Education, and the salary of the clerk of the Superintendent.

When the resolution on which the education amendment bill was under consideration in committee, the Leader of the Opposition offered some criticism. Referring to the intended increase of travelling expenses of the Superintendent of Education, he said the present Government had anticipated, when in opposition, on the travelling expenses of the former Superintendent of Education. He found no fault with the prospective inauguration of the supplements; but he said the supplements had been abolished in consequence of frauds and bogus reports of supplements voted by districts.

Premier Mathieson said he could not allow the remarks of the Leader of the Opposition to go unchallenged. It was not correct to say that the supplements had been abolished for the reasons set forth by the Leader of the Opposition. If any frauds had cropped up in this connection the former Government should have prosecuted the perpetrators instead of abolishing the supplements.

On motion of Hon. Mr. McKinnon, the bill for the encouragement of horse breeding in this Province was read a third time and passed. Several other bills were also read a third time and passed. On motion of Hon. Mr. Stewart, the committee stage of the Imperial Motor Car Company, Limited, was resumed. After the chairman read the title of the bill, the promoter moved that the chairman leave the chair. This was done and thus the bill died.

On motion of Hon. Mr. Dalton, the bill for the better government of Tignish was read a second time and committed to a committee of the whole House. Mr. Dobie in the chair. The bill was reported and ordered for a third reading. Several other bills were advanced a stage before the House adjourned at six o'clock to Friday.

The House met at 11 o'clock on Friday forenoon. After questions, presentation of petitions and other matters of a routine character, the committee stage of the bill prohibiting the soliciting of orders for intoxicating liquors was resumed. Mr. J. A. Dewar in the chair. After some discussion, the Speaker took the chair and progress was reported.

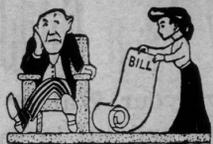
The bill to incorporate the George E. Brown Farming Company was read a second time and put through the committee stage. Mr. Dobie in the chair. The bill was reported and ordered to a third reading.

The bill to incorporate the Town of Georgetown was read a third time and passed. The bill to amend an act respecting the collection of taxes and assessments was read a second time.

The Busiest Store on Charlottetown's Busiest Street
MOORE & McLEOD.
121 Queen Street, - - Charlottetown.
The Great Annual Sale of White Goods IS NOW GOING ON.
The greatest array of Dainty Undermuslins, Table Linens, Sheetings, Pillow Cottons, Towels, Towellings, White Cottons, ever shown under this roof, is now awaiting you at our Great Annual White Goods Sale.
You have seen our large ads. in this, and other city papers, you have noticed the wonderfully low prices therein quoted. Will you come today and see that the goods are just as represented and the prices are just as low as we have promised.
Sheetings and Pillow Cottons Will be Neatly Hemmed Free.

SEE THE NEW Spring Hat Styles!
We have just stocked an advance shipment of new spring styles in soft felts and derbies from the leading American factories.
Among the new arrivals is a splendid line of the famous Franklin, the best \$3 hat money and brains can produce.
The styles in derbies this year show a lower crown and broader rim than usual, while the soft felts are exceptionally good. Prices of derbies range from \$2.75 to\$3.50
Prices of soft felts\$1.75 up.
H. H. BROWN'S The Home of Good Hats.
Montague Dental Parlors
We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.
Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless.
A. J. FRASER, D. D.
Aug. 15 1906-3m
JAMES H. REDDIN Barrister, etc.
Has Removed his Office from the City Hotel Building, Great George Street, to rooms over Grant's Implement Warehouse, Corner of Queen and Sydney Streets.
Collections attended to. Money to loan.
Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1911-6m

FIRE INSURANCE.
Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B.
Sun Fire offices of London.
Fidelity Phenix Fire Insurance Co. of New York.
Combined Assets \$100,000,000
Lowest rates and prompt settlement. Losses.
JOHN MACBACHERN AGENT.
Telephone No. 362.
Mar. 22nd, 1906
D. C. McLEOD, K. C. | W. E. BENTLEY
McLEOD & BENTLEY
Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors.
MONEY TO LOAN
Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.
STEWART & CAMPBELL,
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.
Offices in Dearying Block, Corner Queen and Grafton Streets, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.
MONEY TO LOAN.
W. E. STEWART, K. C. | I. A. CAMPBELL
July 8, 1911-1y.
I. A. McLEOD, K. C. | Donald McKinnon
McLean & McKinnon
Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law,
Charlottetown, P. E. Island



YOUR BILL

for Tobacco will be much reduced if you will ask for our

RIVAL OR MASTER MARINE

Smoking Tobacco, or our BLACK TWIST Chewing Tobacco, and what is still more important you will get a great deal more comfort and value out of every pipeful. Try it and prove it.

HICKEY & NICHOLSON Tobacco Co.

Now Is a Good Time

To have your Watch or Clock, repaired and put in serviceable order.

We also repair Barometers musical boxes and all kinds of Jewellery in a workmanlike manner:

Goods For Sale:

- Eight Day Clocks
Alarms and Timepieces \$1 up
Girl's Watches \$3 to \$10
Ladies' Watches \$10 to \$35
Men's Watches \$4 to \$40
Boy's Watches \$1.75
Half doz. Tea Spoons, \$1.25 to \$2 up
A nice Butter Knife, 75c., \$1. \$1.25
Cake Baskets, Tea Sets, Bread Trays
Necklets 75c. up
Locketts 50c. to \$20.50
Reading Glasses 25c. up
Telescopes
Spectacles, 75c. and \$1 up
Fobs and Chains, \$1 up
Bracelets 75c. to \$8
Hat Pins 25c. up
Ladies' and Gents' Rings
Cuff Links, Collar Studs
Field Glasses, \$3.75 to \$20
Barometers \$4 to \$8
Thermometers 25 cents up to \$5
Mail orders filled promptly.

E. W. TAYLOR,

South Side Queen Square, City.

Fall and Winter Weather

Fall and Winter weather calls for prompt attention to the

Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We beg to remind our numerous patrons that we have REMOVED from 23 Prince Street to our new stand

122 DORCHESTER STREET,

Next door to Dr. Conroy's Office, where we shall be pleased to see all our friends.

All Orders Receive Strict Attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

H. McMILLAN

and committed to a committee of the whole House, on motion of the Premier, the chairman left the chair. Several other bills were then advanced a stage.

On motion of Hon. Premier Matheson, the bill amending the act imposing certain taxes on companies and brewers was read a second time and committed to a committee of the whole. It provides for the payment of taxes for broken periods, or part of a year in proportion to the tax for each full year, and makes it imperative to pay in advance. It was reported without amendment. A bill amending the act to provide a new jail for Queen's County was on motion of the Premier, read a second time and put through the committee stage. The Premier introduced a bill entitled the Marriage Law Amendment Act, 1912; also a bill entitled the Income Tax Amendment Act, 1912, and a bill entitled an Act to authorize the further issue of debentures. He then submitted a message from the Lieutenant Governor transmitting the estimates for the fifteen months ending with December next. The House then adjourned to Monday afternoon, April 29th.

ESTIMATES OF EXPENDITURE.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes Supreme Court, County Magistrate, Inspectors, etc.

CAPITAL ACCOUNT.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes New Jail, Concrete Culvert, Rights of Way, etc.

Total expenditure \$613,093.

Bodies Recovered.

Halifax, April 30.—While the city Church bells tolled and British flags floated down to half mast, the cable ship Macky-Bennet steamed slowly into Halifax Tuesday morning bearing the dead bodies of the passengers of the White Star liner Titanic. She reached her dock in the Navy Yard a little after half past nine o'clock and as soon as the ship was sighted down the harbor the canvas curtains shielding the coffins and embalmers' tents on the pier were lowered and twenty sailors from H. M. C. S. Niobe, which is in the Harbor for repairs, lined up as guard on a patrol boat which took up its vigil in front of the pier in order to prevent and craft docking in the vicinity. The sky was cloud-flecked, the air crisp and biting, both conditions which the surgeons pointed out as ideal for the tasks confronting the embalmers. A woman was the first mourner to arrive on the pier. She was Miss Eliza Leno, wife of Mrs. Wm. Augustus Spencer, 77 East Eighty-sixth St. New York. Mr. and Mrs. Spencer were passengers on the Titanic and Mrs. Spencer was saved. Other mourners arrived a little before nine o'clock with a view to identifying the bodies recovered. Her own flag at half-mast the death ship docked slowly. The crew manned the decks with bare heads and on the aft deck were stacked the coffins with the dead. Members of the crew talking over the side said that everybody picked up had been in a life-belt. The first body was that of a seaman. When the tarpaulin was thrown back more than fifty bodies were disclosed. Men with stretchers quickly came on board and the work of removal was begun silently. It was announced that the total number of bodies on board was 190 and it had been found necessary to bury no less than 110 at sea. Among those brought to port were the bodies of two women.

LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS.

The Legislature prorogues tomorrow.

The Venezuelan Cabinet resigned yesterday at Caracas although no reason was given for the step.

Mr. Horace McEwen has been appointed Superintendent of the P. E. I. Railway, congratulations.

We extend our congratulations to Mr. Francis Koughon of the Registry office on his promotion to the position of assistant Registrar.

The body of Frank Beaton, who disappeared from his home at East Point last winter was found the other day floating in the landwash on the South side of East point.

The Ontario Casket Company Toronto received an order from Snow & Co., undertakers Halifax, the other day for three car loads of caskets at once. This means over 500 coffins. Necessary in connection with the recovered bodies of the Titanic victims.

Capt. Peter Gamey and three members of the crew of the fishing schooner Ranger were drowned in West Harbor near Block Island N. Y. Yesterday when a rowboat, in which they were returning from a visit to their schooner, overturned in the heavy seas.

Mrs. Patrick McGee, St. Mary's Road, whose six children died recently under suspicious circumstances, was arrested on Saturday last on a charge of murder and placed in Georgetown Jail, awaiting her preliminary trial, which will be held tomorrow before Stipendiary Magistrate Reddin.

Among those who went down with the ill-fated Titanic were two priests, one an Englishman from the diocese of Westminster, the other a German. In the last trying scenes on board the big liner, these two heroic men were surrounded by the doomed passengers; were busy to the last moment ministering to the people and went down with them. We shall refer to them at greater length next week.

The historian of Our Own Times, Justin McCarthy, man of letters, and member of Parliament for many years, passed away a few days ago at Folkestone, England. He was an ardent home ruler, and was for 25 years a political writer of one of the London daily papers. His publications included 'History of Our Own Times', 'A History of the Four Georges', and 'William IV' 'Life of Pope Leo XIII.' 'The Story of Mr. Gladstone's Life' 'Modern England', and 'Reminiscence', together with a large number of novels. He was born in 1830.

Harry Arbing, the eleven year old son of Mr. James Arbing, N. Tryon, came to his death a few days ago, under peculiarly unfortunate circumstances. He had the task of making the fire in the schoolhouse, and on this morning he was passing there before the usual time for starting the fire, and did not have the key. He stood a piece of board against the side of the building and climbed up to the window, which he raised. It is supposed that just as he had got his head in the board slipped, and the window came down on his neck. About a half hour later some one passing found him suspended from the window. He hastened to the rescue, but life was extinct.

A Washington despatch of yesterday's date says: Owing to the absence of a treaty with Great Britain covering the disposition of the effects of American citizens who die on a British ship on the high seas it probably will be impossible for the state department to directly assist the relatives of American victims of the Titanic disaster to obtain possession of any valuables found on the bodies brought to Halifax. The property must be dealt with under Canadian law which probably means that it will be necessary for the relatives and friends of the deceased to go to the Canadian courts to obtain the property to which they lay claim.

DIED.

MURKIN—On Friday, April 28, at Fort Augustus, Bernard Murkin, aged 72 years.—R. I. P. PAOLI—At New York City, Saturday, April 20th, 1912, Mary Josephine Paoli, aged 38 years.—R. I. P.

The All Canadian Route To Montreal.

Via the Intercolonial Railway Maritime Express is the only All Canadian Route to Quebec and Montreal from the Maritime provinces. The Maritime Express is generally admitted by experienced travellers to be the most comfortable train in America. This is especially true in regard to the dining and sleeping car services. The diners of the I. C. R. are roomy and well ventilated and furnished in the best of taste. The most excellent meals are served. Table d'hote at a price away below the a la carte rates prevailing on the company owned lines. The sleeping coaches are up to date in every particular, and the smoothness of the road bed makes the long journey easy and pleasant. Being popular with a class of travellers who are generally found to be the acme of good company, the through journey is never found dull, and even during the winter months there is much of scenic interest in the day's ride through the Province of Quebec. Montreal is reached at the convenient hour at 6.30 p. m. and connections are made at Bonaventure Union Station with the through trains of the Grand Trunk Railway for Toronto, Buffalo, Detroit, Chicago and other points in Western Canada and the United States. Connecting train for the Maritime leaves Pictou at 14.20.—if.

Ocean Limited Early On Route.

SUMMER TIME CHANGE ON INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY JUNE 2ND.

The summer change of time on the Intercolonial Railway will go into effect on June 2nd when the famous Ocean Limited will be placed on the route between Montreal, St. John, N. B. and Halifax N. S. with connections for and from the Sydney, and Prince Edward Island, in anticipation of an early rush of summer travel. The time schedule is expected to be practically the same as last year which means that the "Limited" will leave Montreal at 7.30 p. m. reaching Lewis at midnight, and giving through passengers the opportunity of seeing the famed Mariposa Valley during the early hours of the morning and a view of the Restigouche River and the blue waters of the Baie des Chaleurs. The beautiful Valley of Wentworth, N. S. will be seen in the more mellowing light of early evening, and the train will reach Trent at 8.00 o'clock connecting with the through night express for the Sydneys and arriving at Halifax at 10.00 p. m. The Maritime Express under the summer schedule will leave Montreal at 8.15 a. m. and through passengers will have the daylight journey through Quebec, and a view of the majestic St. Lawrence as it widens in its course to the sea. Making connection at Moncton with morning express for St. John the Maritime continuing eastward will reach Halifax at 13.30. The Ocean Limited will leave Halifax westward at 8.00 a. m. and the Maritime Express will leave as usual at 15.10 this there will be a through week day service by two trains equal to the best on the coast.—if.

The Market Prices.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Price. Includes Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Pork, etc.

Mail Contract.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 14th June, 1912, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mail, on a proposed contract for four years, three times per week each way, between

Arlington and Richmond

(Greater Route) (Rural Mail Delivery) from the 1st October next. Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Richmond, Arlington, McDougall and Lot 14, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN F. WHEAR, Post Office Inspector. Ch'wown, April 30, 1912. May 1, 1912—3.

Notice to Quabang Fishermen

The season for fishing Quabang in Prince Edward Island this year will be the same as last year, that is fishing will be permitted in May, June and September. Grand River will be closed as usual. By order of the Department. J. A. MATHEWSON, Inspector of Fisheries. Charlottetown April 27, 1912. May 1—3.

Morson & Duffy

Baristers & Attorneys. Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P. E. I. MONEY TO LOAN. Solicitors Royal Bank of Canada.

TENDERS FOR DREDGING

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and addressed "Tenders for Dredging Maritime Provinces" will be received until MONDAY, MAY 6, 1912, at 4 p. m., for dredging required at the following places: PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—Victoria River. NOVA SCOTIA—Chesapeake, Harcourt, Sydney Harbour, I. B. Digby, Macdonalds, etc. NEW BRUNSWICK—Frasers Co., St. Andrew's, St. Stephen. Tenders will not be considered unless made on the forms supplied, and signed with the actual signatures of tenderers. Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained on application to Secretary, Department of Public Works, Ottawa. Tender must include the drawing of the plant to be used and from the work. Uredges and tugs not owned and registered in Canada shall not be employed in the performance of the work contracted for. Contractor must be ready to begin work within thirty days after the date they have been notified of the acceptance of their tender. A separate cheque for each place for which a tender is submitted must accompany the tender. This cheque must be equal to five per cent. (5 per cent.) of the amount of the tender, based on the approximate quantities set opposite the name of the place, but in no case must the cheque be for a less sum than \$1,000. The cheque must be accepted on a chartered bank, and payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works. The cheque will be forfeited if the person tendering declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so or fail to complete contract, but will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender. The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. By order. R. G. DESROCHERS, Secretary. Department of Public Works, Ottawa, April 11, 1912. Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they assert it without authority from the Department. April 17, 1912—2.

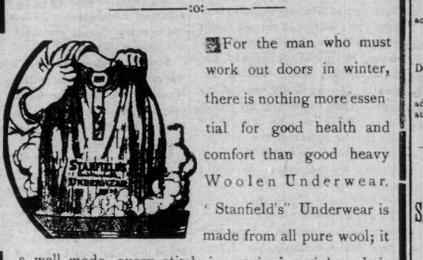
Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations.

Any person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years of age, who has been a resident of any Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-agency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader. Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister. In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra. A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00. W. W. COOBY, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

Mortgage Sale.

There will be sold at the Court House at Georgetown, in King's County, on Friday, the 10th day of May, A. D. 1912, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon, All that tract, piece and parcel of land situated lying and being on Township Number Fifty-one, in King's County aforesaid, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing on the south side of the Montague River at the northwest angle of land sold to John McInnis; thence south to the division line of Townships Numbers Fifty-one and Fifty-two; thence west to the east boundary line of land sold to Donald McLeod; thence north to the river; thence along the river to the place of commencement, containing one hundred acres of land a little more or less. The above sale is made pursuant to and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 12th day of February A. D. 1910, and made between Gordon Beaton, of Montague, in King's County, aforesaid, Farmer, of the first part, and the undersigned of the second part, default having been made in payment of the interest money due thereon. For further particulars apply at the office of Matheson, MacDonald & Stewart, Solicitors, Georgetown. Dated this 6th day of April, A. D. 1912. WILLIAM HURSTIS, JOHN BYRNE, Trustees under the last will of Charles Moore, deceased. April 10th, 1912—4.

FOR HEALTH AND COMFORT Wear Stanfield's Underwear!



For the man who must work out doors in winter, there is nothing more essential for good health and comfort than good heavy Woolen Underwear. Stanfield's Underwear is made from all pure wool; it is well made, every stitch is put in just right. It is made to fit perfectly, which insures extra comfort. "Stanfield's" is the cheapest Underwear to buy. When you buy "Stanfield's" you get one hundred cents worth of value for every dollar you spend. We sell Stanfield's in all the different weights. Stanfield's "Green Label," a heavy ribbed Underwear, all pure wool, double breasted, well made; absolutely unshrinkable.....\$2.00 a suit. Stanfield's "Red Label," a heavier and finer grade, soft and warm, unshrinkable. All sizes.....\$2.50 a suit. Stanfield's "Blue Label," a very heavy line. Will keep you warm in any climate, no matter how cold. Won't shrink. All sizes.....\$2.80 a suit. Come in and have your Underwear needs supplied.

MacLELLAN BROS. 253 QUEEN STREET.



TRY OUR Home-Made Preserves! Made from home grown fruit. We have a large stock on hand. Sold in Bottles, Pails, and by the lb.

EGGS & BUTTER

We want EGGS and BUTTER for CASH, or in exchange for GROCERIES.

House Cleaning Supplies! We Have a Full Line in Stock Give us a call.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales of it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.

JACK

How a Mother Loved and Trusted Through Hours of Darkness

As he turned the corner of Elm Avenue, the postman stopped abruptly in the middle of the merry hum...

Aching Joints

In the fingers, toes, arms, and other parts of the body, are joints that are inflamed and swollen by rheumatism...

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Removes the cause of rheumatism—no outward application can take it.

house now. Well it is pleasant to have plenty of money.

"Since you think so I hope that you may have it some day," Mrs. Martin said innocently...

BRONCHITIS

Was So Choked Up She Could Hardly Breathe.

Bronchitis is an acute inflammation of the mucous membrane lining the air tubes of the lungs...

Prince Edward Island Railway

Commencing March 28th, 1912, trains on this Railway will run as follows:

Table with columns for Trains Outward, Trains Inward, and Stations. Includes routes like Charlottetown to Summerside and Summerside to Charlottetown.

Now Is a Good Time

To have your Watch or Clock, repaired and put in serviceable order.

We also repair Barometers musical boxes and all kinds of Jewellery in a workmanlike manner.

Goods For Sale:

- Eight Day Clocks
Alarms and Timepieces \$1 up
Girl's Watches \$3 to \$10
Ladies' Watches \$10 to \$35
Men's Watches \$4 to \$40
Boy's Watches \$1.75
Half doz. Tea Spoons, \$1.25 to \$2 up
A nice Butter Knife, 75c., \$1.25
Cake Baskets, Tea Sets, Bread Trays
Necklets 75c. up
Locketts 50c. to \$20.50
Reading Glasses 25c. up
Telescopes
Spectacles, 75c. and \$1 up
Fobs and Chains, \$1 up
Bracelets 75c. to \$8
Hat Pins 25c. up
Ladies' and Gents' Rings
Cuff Links, Collar Studs
Field Glasses, \$3.75 to \$20
Barometers \$4 to \$8
Thermometers 25 cents up to \$5
Mail orders filled promptly.

E. W. TAYLOR,

South Side Queen Square, City.

HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Fennel and Chandler

W. J. P. McMillan, M.D., Physician and Surgeon.

148 PRINCE STREET CHARLOTTETOWN.

June 15, 1910-11

J. A. Mathieson, K. C., & A. Macdonald, Barristers & Solicitors.

W. S. Stewart, K. C., & E. A. Campbell, Barristers & Solicitors.

Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart, Barristers, Solicitors, etc.

McLean & McKinnon, Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law.

Hard Coal

Daily expected per schooner "R. Bowers" and "Freedom," one thousand tons best quality Hard Coal in Egg, Stove and Chestnut sizes.

G. Lyons & Co.

July 24, 1911-12

KING EDWARD HOTEL

Mrs. Larter, Proprietress

Will now be conducted on KENT STREET

Near Corner of Queen.

Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first class accommodation at reasonable prices.

June 12, 1907.

WAS TROUBLED WITH HEART DISEASE AND NERVOUSNESS

SEVERAL DOCTORS COULD DO HER NO GOOD. THREE BOXES OF MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS COMPLETELY CURED HER.

Hard Coal

Daily expected per schooner "R. Bowers" and "Freedom," one thousand tons best quality Hard Coal in Egg, Stove and Chestnut sizes.

G. Lyons & Co.

July 24, 1911-12

Minard's Liniment

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff. Milkman—I see by the papers that a Frenchman has invented a new way of transforming water into milk.

A Sensible Merchant.

Milburn's Stinging Headache Powder gives women prompt relief from monthly pains, and leave no bad after effects whatever.

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont.

My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good.

Countryman (to boarding-house keeper).

And what time do you have dinner here? Boarding-house keeper, From twelve to three.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Milkman—I see by the papers that a Frenchman has invented a new way of transforming water into milk.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

There is nothing harsh about Lax Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickness.

The early-haired little sprite of the house came running to her father in the study.

and throwing her arms about his neck, whispering confidentially in his ear.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

There is nothing harsh about Lax Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickness.

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