## PAGES

MISSING


## Peek, Frean \& Co.'s

## ZELLER WAFERS

Chas. Gyde, Canadian Agent, Montreal, Que.

Are just the thing for particular people.

TAE CANADIAN GROCEL


Perfection in Pickles has been attained in Heinz Pickles and Pure Food Products.
thene ane 57 VIRIETIES.

## EXTENDED INSURANCE.

One of the maix "iberal featares embodied in the
 issued by the

## Confederation Lifc Association.

HEAD OFFICE-TORONTO.
 have beep paid, the insured is entiled ro Extended Insixa tice for the foll amount of the policy for a term of years defintely thed therelo, patavip and cash yalues atso guanteed:

Rater and full information seit gin applichion to the HiEd office tononto, or to any of the association : sent
w. G. Mapdonild
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## GURNEY

Accurate and Durable.

Quality considered, the cheapest scale on the market.


A Firm wich introdiceses customests to your establishment by widely advertising a preparation of recognized merit, and, at the same time,

## Offers



Deserves your cooperation and support.

THAT IS WHAT YOU MAKE ON

## MAYPOLE SPECIALTIES

viz., "MAYPOLE SOAP" for Home Dyeing.<br>"ORIOLE SOAP" for the Complexion.<br>"STRAW HAT POLISH" for renovating Straw Hats, etc.

WRITE US FOR CATALOGUE.

ARTHUR P. TIPPET \& CO.
8 Place Royale.
MONTREAL.

| HOW ABOUT YOUR | SNOW DRII | SEE OUR NO.'S 30,60 AND 70-FULL 2 OZ BOTTLES IN ALL SELLING LINES. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FASA |  | WE CLAIM A PLACE ASTOQUALI STRENGTH and STYL |
| TRADE? | $\xrightarrow{+}$ Branitooro Ont $^{\text {and }}$ | always buy snow drift EXTRACTS |



## LICORICE . .

We manufacture everything in the Licorice line carried by the Gro-
cery, Drug and Confectionery trades. We might mention-Y. \& S. Stick
 Licorice, all sizes ; Acme Licorice Pellets; Y. \& S. Licorice Lozenges, in cans or glass jars; A B C Blocks; Purity \& Dulce Brand one cent sticks Bundled Licorice Root; Small Cigars, 300 to box, etc. In Pliable Licorice, Triple Tunnel Tubes, Mint Puff-Straps, Navy Plugs and Golf-Sticks ino to box; Blow Pipes 200 to box. Write for illustrated catalogue.

Our latest novelties; Corrugated Y. \& S. Stick Licorice, packed 80
sticks in wood box; Manhattan Sticks in wood box i Manhattan
Wafers, in Pliable Licorice, $2^{1 / 2}-$ lb. boxes.

YOUNG \& STYYLIE Istablished 1845. BROOKLYN, N.Y.

## DUNN'S PURE MUSTARDS

GIVE UNBOUNDED SATISFACTION.
The reason is-They are profitable to dealers and satisfying to consumers.

## They All Come Back!

If proof were needed that my "Pebble" 5c. cigar was the best 5 c . cigar that can possibly be made and sold for that price; if proof were needed, I say, then I could produce such proof quick as a wink, because I have a big pile of letters here from grocers for other brands that I make and can sellfor a trifle less than what I get for my "Pebble." Without exception, every one of these grocers all came back eventually to the "Pebble"-thousands of them.
I certainly advise the "Pebble" for a 5 c. line, but I am going to fill orders, of course, promptly on all the other lines that I makeThe fact remains though, that "they all come back" for the "Pebble." Let me send you samples and prices.
J. Bruce Payne, Mfr., Granby, Quebec.

## We Are Not Experimenting.

We have a thorough knowledge of the art of making

## VINEGAR

 and we do...MAK K , AGB, and
SEND OUT the Finest Flavored Vinegar in Canada.

The Wilson, Lytle, Padgerow Co. TORONTO.

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EXTRACTS OF PURITY
Greig's Crown Flavors

GREIG MFG. CO'Y, Montreal.

meets the call of YOUR BEST CUSTOMER

It pays to cultivate the good trade of any community. It can be done by keeping good goods only. And customers judge a store in large measure by the quality of such articles as pickles and relishes.

Make sure that your stocks are always well assorted with "Sterling" brand pickles and there will be no disappointment.
-These are made from best -selected Canadian vegeta--bles; skilled help puts them -up; the outcome of Canada's -largest and best appointed --pickle factory.
T. A. LYTLE \& CO. 124-128 Richmond St. W., TORONTO, CAN.

of the
counter where that woman is standing, and try to see yourself as she sees you when you urge her to accept a substitute for something that she wants and that you do not happen to have on hand-something " just as good."

That woman is not a fool-when she asked you for

## Jonas' Flavoring Extracts

knew exactly what she wanted. It's ten to one that next time she'll buy of the grocer who gives her just what she asks for. It's your mistake when you substitute.

She knows that weak, adulterated Extracts are the most expensive Extracts that she can buy-her time alone is worth saving, to say nothing of the loss of a baking. Absolutely pure Extracts of great strength and of a rich, delicate flavor are the most economical Flavoring Extracts for you to sell or for her to buy. Thirty years of practical experience in the manufacture of Flavoring Extracts prove Jonas' Extracts best by every test. "Put yourself on the other side of the counter," please; when you try to substitute.

Henri Jonas \& Co., M'f'rs., Montreal.

FIGS-All kinds and sizes.
VALENCIA RAISINS
Best brands selected and fine off-stalk.

CURRANTS-Paradise and Haycastle.
PEELS-Crosse \& Blackwell's, and York.
NUTS - New arrivals in store.?
W. H. GILLARD \& CO., whatane fores. Te. Hamilton, Canada

The Get Up sells Goods.
The Quality brings repeat orders.
This is especially true of

## SOAPS ANd PERFUMES.

A trial of Yardley \& CO.'s IINES WILI PROVE THIS.

Yardley \& Co., MAKERS, LONDON and PARIS.

Ask the GREIG M'F'G CO'Y, Montreal
For our Illustrated Price List.


PRODUCINC A CUP OF DELICIOUS COFFEE AT A MOMENTS NOTICE.

ASK YOUR WHOLESALE GROCER FOR IT.


Reported for
$T_{\text {gres }}^{\mathrm{HE}}$ gres
mon very impor discuss ma prartical principal them mor for exampl Canada th port Tradi Commerci Exports, the British with Aust all countı representı from Lon New Zea Victoria; and othe: Althou tioned in not unre the Cani trade we and $M$. B. Nortc Joseph F John Ma real ; Ja S. F. W Andersc Couver ; Winnipi

THIS JOURNAL is the only one of its kind in Canada circulating extensively among Grocers and General Merchants in the Provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, Newfoundland, Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba, British Columbia and the Territories. In using THE GROCER you cover the field.


VOL. XIII.

## AN INTERNATIONAL TRADE CONGRESS.

Canadian delegates at philadelphia-a vigorous speech by mr. james d. allan-reciprocity in coasting trade and natural products endorsed.

Reported for The Canadian Grockr.

$T^{H}$HE International Commercial Congress, which met at Philadelphia last month, opening on the roth, was a very important affair. It was summoned to discuss matters affecting the world's trade : prartical subjects that interest all the principal civilized nations, and none of them more than Canada. What subjects, for example, have a more direct concern for Canada than these: Reciprocity and Export Trade, International Arbitration from a Commercial Standpoint, Railways and Exports, International Canals, Future of the British West Indies, United States Trade with Australia, etc.? Representatives from all countries were there. Australasia was represented by three of the agents-general from London: Hon. W. P. Reeves, of New Zealand; Sir Andrew Clarke, of Victoria; Sir Horace Tozer, of Queensland, and other prominent gentlemen, 20 in all.
Although Canada was not officially mentioned in the programme, the Dominion was not unrepresented by able men. Among the Canadian delegates sent by boards of trade were: George Mitchell, E. de Wolfe and M. Dwyer, Halifax ; James Paton, R. B. Norton, Charlottetown ; A. Desjardins, Joseph Haynes, C. F. Smith, J. K. Ward, John Macfarlane, and Henry Miles, Montreal : James D. Allan, W. F. Cockshutt, S. F. Wilson, Edgar A. Wills and George Anderson, Toronto ; G. D. Brymner, Vancouver ; J. F. Hume, Victoria; D. W. Bole, Winnipeg; Hon. R. R. Dobell, J. F. Lang ${ }^{*}$
lois, M. Joseph and B. Rattray, Quebec ; J. H. Preston, Brantford ; John McLaren, J. M. Gill and R. A. McLelland, Brockville ; E. J. B. Pense, Francis King, John Gaskin and Allan Chadwick, Kingston; John Pringle and J. A. Relles, London; J. E. Hening, Napanee ; W. J. Ferguson, Wm. Preston, E. K. Barnsdale, W. S. Thornton and George McLagan, Stratford, and others. Hon. R. R. Dobell was present not as a member of the Dominion Government, but simply as a delegate from the Quebec Board of Trade. While the aim of the Congress was to discuss the prospective growth of trade between the United States and such countries as Australia, South America, China, the West Indies, etc., the obvious wisdom of cultivating closer commercial relations with Canada was not considered. And this somewhat extraordinary omission, seeing that statistics laid before the Congress showed Canada to be the third best customer of the United States, was remarked upon by one of the delegates from another country. As no place in the programme was assigned to them, the Canadian delegates held a short informal meeting of their own, and passed a resolution favoring the revival of the Dominion Board of Trade, in order that some body might be in existence in Canada to take advantage of such opportunities as this to increase Canada's trade and emphasize her commercial postion.
The commercial Museum in connection with the Congress and Exhibition was a
great building of five storeys filled with exhibits and arranged so as to give the commercial men present information as to the chief products for international exchange. The members of this exchange or mart pay an annual fee which entitles them to all the reports issued in connection with it, It enables them, as a combination of individuals, to get information regarding openings for foreign trade, etc, which, as single individuals, would cost them too much. Prof. Wilson, formerly of Yale, the director, is a man of many energies and accomplishments. The Canadian delegates, notwithstanding that the Dominion had no distinct place in the Congress, did well. They were able to show, mainly through the speeches made by two of their number, that Canada has a place in international commerce, and is a country of many resources and excellent prospects.
mr. james d. allan on international trade.
It happened that on Saturday, October 14, the subject of transportation as it influences trade, especially between two contiguous countries like Canada and the United States, was discussed, and, on Monday, October 16, some further debate took place upon it. Director Wilson, therefore, called upon a Canadian delegate, Mr. James D. Allan, Toronto, to make some remarks, and the vigorous and earnest eloquence of that gentleman's speech as it is found in the official record, must have grearly impressed the listeners, for it brought forward promin.

# The Rising Sun Stove Polish-and-The Sun Paste Stove Polish 

MORSE BROS., Proprietors, Canton, Mass.
For sale by all Wholesale Grocers; also the McClary Mfg. Co., London, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver and Toronto.
ently the direct interest the Western States have in our water routes, and also most happily alluded to some of Canada's rich resources.
Mr. Allan began by a reference to the lake and river route for freight. "These waterways," he said, " are largely-almost entirely, I may say-within Canadian territory. Obstructions do exist, but these have been overcome by the enormous expenditure of money by the Canadian Government * * * and, if you will trace these waterways through the interior of the country, you will see that the western part of the United States is just as much interested as Canada can be in the perfecting of the system of cheap communication. * * * We in Canada have adopted a very liberal principle, partly of our own free will and partly as a result of the treaty meeting in 1871 with the United States Government, by which we have given the free use of our canals to the Americans." The speaker then proceeded to point out the significance of the Parry Sound Railway, and its effect opon the carriage of western grain to the seaboard the enormous development of lake tonnage, exceeding the wildest dreams of men who considered the subject years ago; the opening up of the western agricultural lands, and especially the vast Canadian wheat land containing $1,600,000$ square miles of magnificent agricultual soil ; and showed that the products of the region must get to the seaboard, and that it behooved them, as shrewd commercial men, to look to the future, for the resultant trade was the heritage of both countries, for the people of Canada were their brothers and cousins, part of the same stock. (Loud applause.) Tnrning again to the question of international traffic, Mr. Allan, with much courtesy, but with admirable point and force, alluded to the one-sided coasting laws of the United States and to their refusal of the use of the New York canals to Canadian vessels. His concluding words have the right ring, and are quoted entire :

You all ask what we are doing. We are only asking to take a part in liberality with you in trade matters, and in that matter we appeal to your good sense. Our mineral discoveries and developments up there read almost like a fairy tale. We have the greatest nickel deposits in the world. Ac cording to Congressional reports furnished your American Congress, we have one district, lying 200 miles north of Foronto, 300 miles long and 75 miles miles north of corontisting of $650,000,000$ tons of nickle. What possibilities there are in this for manufacturers of the United States and Europe it is not necessary for me to state. You can estimate the vast possibilities of this. You are all business men. We have made rich discoveries in copper, and with We have made rich discoveries in copper, and, with it seems to us a the discovery. We have opened up corundum mines, which are very wonderful. We invite you to come in and develop them. We have no alien labor law in force; we are willing to make all these things as free as possible. We ask the attention of the world to us as a country to be developed, and we do not fear. You will find in us veloped, and we do not fear. You whildren of the same parent stock which wrested from King John the rights of Magna Charta and from King John the rights of Magna Charta and
made the Anglo-Saxon race throughout the world made the Anglo-Saxon race throughout the world
synonymous with justice and fair play and of benefit synonymous with justice
to civilization generally.
Mr. Allan then moved, seconded by Mr. Bole, of Winnipeg, a resolution of reciprocity on equal terms to both countries in respect of navigation in the inland waters and canal systems. The resolution was unanimously carried by a standing vote.
mr. COCKSHUTT'S RESOLUTION.
Another important motion was presented in a resolution by Mr. W. Foster Cockshutt, Toronto, in a resolution which embodied this sentiment: "That the world's commerce would be benefited by the United States extending to other countries the same freedom of trade as those countries extend to the United States." Mr. Cock. shutt said it was simply reciprocity, and that if their American friends could pass the re solution the work will not be put back. The motion was endorsed and passed by the commercial delegates present. Mr. Mitchell, of Halifax, presented another motion that a joint commission be appointed to arrange free trade in natural products between Canada and the United States. This, too,
passed. Later on, Mr. Reeves, representing New Zealand, delivered a clever and eloquent address, in which he put some kindly, but pointed, criticism of the policy of the United States towards other countries.
"We are always glad to see you," he said, " but if you pursue the policy of doing the selling without doing any buying, you will find that the countries on the other side of the ocean can play the same game." (Hear, hear.) "So far this great republic has not thought it worth while to make any special exertion to get our trade, but there is another country on the north of you that has had the far-sightedness to look a little in our direction-(hear, hear)-and I take the opportunity to welcome, on the part of New Zealand, that great country (Canada) on the north that is endeavoring to meet us half way.

The Congress was, therefore, not without its practical results and good influences.

## WASHING STORE WINDOWS.

Strange as it may seem, there is a right and wrong way to wash windows; and as this operation is usually dreaded, the following method given by an exchange, will doubtless be appreciated, as it saves time and labor. Choose a dull day, or at least a time when the sun is not shining on the window ; for when the sun shines on the window it causes it to be dry streaked, no matter how much it is rubbed. Take a painter's brush and dust them inside and out, washing all the woodwork inside before touching the glass. The latter must be washed simply in warm water diluted with ammonia. Do not use soap. Use, a small cloth with a pointed stick to get the dust out of the corners; wipe dry with a soft prece of cotton cloth. Do not use li.ien, as it makes the glass linty when dry. Polish with tissue paper or old newspaper. You will find this can be done in half the time taken where soap is used, and the result will be brighter windows.

Alexander Lloyd T. A. G Osbc

Repres
and $\mathrm{Bi}_{1}$

## 

with your "Coffee Trade" put in a can of L. S. \& B. BLEND. A grocer tells us it has doubled his trade since introducing it. The quality attracts new customers and enables you therefore to increase sales of Tea, Spices, etc.

Alexander Turner.
Lloyd T. Mewburn.
A. G Osborne.

JAMES TURNER \& C0.
Wholesale Grocers
LUCAS, STEELE \& BRISTOL, - HAMILTON, ONT.

HAMILTON.

Represented in Alberta and British Columbia

SAMUEL VILA Calgary, Alberta.

Manitoba and Algoma
C. H. ROSS

Winnipeg, "Leland," Fort William, "Kaminstiqua."

Controllers and Wholesale Agents for the celebrated blends of
PACKAGE TEAS Ram Lal's Indian Tea, Golden Age, Mascot. BULK BLEND Rangnugger. COFFEES Mecca, Damascus, Cairo, Sirdar, Zacapa.

## GRAND MOGUL Comontoo

"is pure tea" shows the grocer an average profit of over $38 \%$ on investment, and over a $100 \%$ better satisfaction to consumers than any other tea.

RE COUPONS, 30 letters and 35 new coupons will make a sett until December 31st.

# FRUITS <br> RAISINS <br> CURRANTS PRUNES DATES <br> EVAPORATED PEACHES <br> IN bags <br> ALL BEST BRANDS. FIGS in boxes and tapnets 

## T. Kinnear \& Co.,

Wholesale Grocers, 49 Front St. Toronto.

## THE LARGEST ADVERTISERS.

The largest advertisers in the world, says an exchange, are patent medicine men. Some of them invest even as much as 75 per cent. of their yearly revenues in adver tising. One of the largest advertisers, whose wares are advertised all over the globe, is Beecham. In his advertising empire the sun never sets. His yearly appropriation for advertising is stated to be $£ 250,000$ or $\$ 1,250,000$. He does not use large space, but large territory. His ad. can be seen in nearly all papers published in English-speaking countries. He is also advertising in Sweden and Norway, Denmark, France and Roumania.

The largest general advertiser in the United States is the Centaur Co. with about $\$ 500,000$ a year, Sarsaparilla Hood with about the same amount. Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo with about $\$ 300,000$, Lydia Pinkham about $\$ 250,000$, Sarsaparilla Ayer with $\$ 250,000$, Brent Good (Carter's Little Liver Pills) about $\$ 200,000$, Scott \& Bowne with $\$ 250,000$. There are about 150 adver tisers using up a yearly appropriation of $\$ 100,000$ to $\$ 150,000$, among them the Sterling Remedy Co., Postum Cereal Co. Frank Stuart (Dyspepsia Tablets), Caiifornia Fig Syrup, Warner's Safe Remedies, Pyle's Pearline, Cuticura Pond's Extract Co.

Sapolio. There are at least 500 advertisers spending from $\$ 25,000$ to $\$ 50,000$ a year to secure business from every part of the country. That these concerns are prospering and have become so by advertising, does certainly not show that advertising does not pay.

## LIKE SHEEP.

The Dayton Computing Scale Co., Dayton, O., write as follows: "We have noticed and perhaps the public have noticed that certain so-called, "computing" scale concerns have copied our efforts whenever they could, regardless of infringement and encroachment upon our rights. They have borrowed (or simply taken without asking), the form of our scale, making their scales so near the appearance of our own that they have often been palmed off on the public as the genuine. When we painted our scales a maroon color, our ever-ready followers, like chameleons, would change their color; when we changed to an olive green, our chameleon mimics would change to an olive green. It is certainly a compliment unconsciously bestowed and very "sheep-like" in its nature. But someone must invent, some one must lead, and as acknowledged leaders (even by our competitors), we ask for full recognition by the
public and users of system scales. We have asked the assistance of the courts to suppress this unfair competition and infringement of trade mark rights, and have recently had an important decision, the United States court enjoining W. B. Hoyt from using our name. We are pressing our trade mark rights in the courts and hope soon to enjoin. others from equally flagrant violations of our trade mark rights. If you want a genuine computing scale, one that will do what it is represented it will do, buy a computing scale of The Computing Scale Co., Dayton, Ohio.

## FOOD FAIR HYPOCRISY.

Merchants' Review, New York, says 'What sickening hypocrisy has characterized the pure food movement generally ! Farmers, dairymen, wholesale grocers, and manufacturers have from time to time, taken an active part in the movement for their own ends solely, but always have claimed to act in the interests of the public, and, worst of all, the retail grocers have been often 'roped in' to endorse proposed legislation for the benefit of other classes, notwithstanding that they, the grocers, always bear the onus. Oh, Pure Food, what atrocious hypocrisy and sickening humbug have been exhibited in thy name!''


## Somewhere Between

 Here and Europeare large shipments of cheese, including Roquefort, Edam, Gorgonzola, Gruyere (Swiss), and Pine Apple, which we expect to arrive in a few days.

We also have an exceptionally fine stock of English Stilton, Canadian Stilton, Canadian Factory Cheese, Canadian Twin Cheese, Neufchatel Cream Cheese, etc. Particulars and quotations on application.

The
Barly-Closing
Movement
progressing are still at grocers and to be prese committee expect final a week or s have been the report the necessa and groce merchants small, are signatures i

WE HAVE SOMETHING TO OFFER IN...

## AMONG TORONTO RETAILERS.

The
Early-Closing Barly-Closi
Movement.

The early-closing movement instituted by the Toronto progressing satisfactorily. The canvassers are still at work securing the signatures of grocers and butchers to the petition which is to be presented to the city council. The committee who have the matter in hand expect final reports from the canvassers in a week or so, and, from the way signatures have been secured, they are confident that the report will show that many more than the necessary three-fourths of the butchers and grocers have been secured. All merchants of these classes, whether large or small, are being visited, and the array of signatures is a big one.

Dried Fruits In Demand.

Most grocers having an extensive trade with boardinghouses, and many having a good family trade, report that the demand for dried fruits is opening out considerably earlier than is usually the case. It is not easy to state definitely the cause for this, though it may be due, to some extent, to the comparative scarcity and high price of fresh strawberries, raspberries, etc., during the summer. A good demand for figs and
prunes is generally noted, and some grocers have had frequent inquiries for Californian dried peaches, etc. The demand for raisins and currants is, of course, always good at this season, but this year the city grocers are selling them more readily than usual.

## Is it Worth Having?

There is a grocer on Yonge street who is as noted for his candor as he is for shrewd business ability. A few dajs ago he was present when a few grocers were discussing the necessity of an early-closing by-law and the difficulty of closing at 7 , or even 8 o' clock, when one's competitors do not and will not. He was silent until each had expressed his opinion, then he exclaimed : " It's easy for you to lay the blame for keeping open on your competitors, but they are not to blame any more than you are. You keep open, and by so doing gain a little trade. The trade you get that way is not worth having. I would not be bothered with it. If ycu let such trade go where it wanted to, and you just served your regular customers the best way you could, you'd not lose much." This gets down to the root of the whole matter. Is transient trade worth the attention of the average grocer? To many of the grocers situated
on the principal promenade streets, like Yonge and Queen, transient trade is unquestionably an important item. But is it to the majority of the grocers in the city? I don't believe it is. It may mean quick returns, but generally the profits are small, very small. It has been the prop that has given way and caused the collapse of more than one business in Toronto. On the other hand, I suspect that Swan Bros., Michie \& Co., R. Barron, P. Macdonald and others that have made money in the grocery business put very little dependence in their transient trade. Like the man who built his house upon a rock, they have sought that which might be depended on to last.

The Rambler.

## NEW STORES STARTING.

A. Lax has opened a general store in Hawkesbury, Ont.
G. F. Atkinson is starting a general store in Kingston, N.B.

Johnson Henderson has opened a general stote in Bellirica, Que.

Morran \& Bordeau are opening up as grocers and liquor dealers in Strathcona, N.W.T.

Are the best value obtainable, and it will not take your customers long to discover it.
In I-Ib. glass jars; 5-Ib. tins; and 7-Ib. wood pails.
HENRY WRIGHT \& CO.

## CARDS FOR GROCERY STORES.

AGROCERY store is one of the few wherein a customer must wait a little while being served. It, therefore, affords a good opportunity for the profitable display of attractive advertising cards that will call the attention of the customer to other articles that he or she may forget if not put in mind of them. The grocer, indeed, should have his store liberally hung with advertising announcements of the goods he carries in stock. These might be varied according to season; in fact, they ought to be changed at least once a month, and oftener if possible, as otherwise they will grow familiar to the eye of the regular customer, and we all know that " familiarity breeds contempt.'

Appended are a few ideas for cards that may be useful to the enterprising grocer who carries an up-to-date stock

Are you a judge of butter? Those who are considered the best judges proclaim ours to be super-excellent. Suppose you try it and pass judgment on their judgment ?

With our superior brands of teas
The people well remark,
We generally And always "hit the mark.

Enjoy your morning coffee. There is pleasure in every cup of our " Brownberry
brand. Its odor alone is an appetizer. cents per lb .

While you're here, please use your nose as well as your eyes. Nothing smells stale, does
it? We won't keep anything here that is not fresh and sweet.

You don t need to pay extravagant prices for good groceries. There are no better goods in the market than we sell, and no prices more reasonable.

Fruits and vegetables from the garden gisect. We have the options on the
growings. You can share it with us,

Eggs fresh from the hen. "A new lay
very day. every day.

If you bake your own bread let us sel If you bake your "own bread let us sell
you some of our "Unexcelled "Houseyou some of our hold Flour. There will never be any pure hold Flour. There will never be any pure
on the manket. Cost is slight considering
the quality.

## Everything fresh here except the salesmen.

## -John C. Graham in Printers' Ink.

## A QUEER DRINK.

A popular drink in Paris is made from dried apples, raisins and water, with a little sugar, which is warranted not to intoxicate. It is called piquette. In 1898 about 50,000 ,000 gallons were consumed, and the consumption is on the increase. The bourgeois prefer it to wine because it is cheaper. Piquette drinkers generally make the excuse that wine is adulterated with harmful substances. However this may be, the wine consumption has fallen off greatly. At first cider began to take its place, and in 1895 10,000,000 gallons were consumed. Then there were poor apple crops for two years, and as a very high duty prevented the importation of American cider the scheme for using dried apples, which are largely imported, was invented.

## A CIRCULATION OF 8,256.

One of the recent notable increases in circulation of the daily newspapers of Canada is that of The London Advertiser. This journal has been published for nearly 40 years, and has an unrivalled patronage of advertisers. It has now the largest sworn circulation in Canada, excepting the cities of Toronto and Montreal. The last sworn statement to hand, for the month of September, being 8,256 . In The Advertiser's columns can be noted many of the prominent advertisers of Canada and the United States.

## PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. Homer, of Homer \& Co., general merchants, Gravenhurst, was in Toronto on Wednesday.

Hon. Geo. E. Drummond, president of The Canada Sugar Refining Co., Montreal, was in Toronto on Tuesday and called upon the wholesale trade in company with the local representative, Mr. Murray.
Mr. Chas. Sutherland, manager of the branch of The "Salada" Ceylon Tea Co., in Detroit, was in Toronto a couple of days last week. He says that "Salada" is making rapid progress throughout the State of Michigan, and that they are doing four times the trade now they were doing this time last year.

## FRUIT CROPS DAMAGED.

A despatch from Kingston, Jamaica, states that a hurricane badly damaged the banana, coffee and orange crops in that section of Jamaica on Tuesday.

## TRADE CHAT.

MACKAY BROS., general mer hants, Renfrew, Ont., are having a coldstorage warehouse built in connec. tion with their store. It will be of considerable size and completely fitted up for the preservation of fruit, butter and other perishables. It will be constructed so as to fit into an addition store building which it is their intention to erect next year
The Card Steamship and Trading Co, Victoria, has been incorporated.
B. C. Wales, London, is removing to Aylmer, Ont., where he is opening a tobacco store.

The postage rate between Canada and Cape Colony has been reduced from 5 c . to 2c. per $1 / 2-\mathrm{oz}$,
Application has been made for the incorporation of The Cornwallis Valley Packing Co., Limited., Kentville, N.S.
The Simcoe, Ont., Reformer states that the merchants of that town deserve credit for the artistic and catchy way they had their windows dressed during fair week.
The Gallagher-Hull Meat and Packing Co., Limited, are seeking incorporation, with headquarters in Edmonton, N.W.T., and with a capital of $\$ 75,000$. The company propose carrying on business as meat curers, pork-packers, tanners, greengrocers, etc. The directors are Cornelius Gallagher and John Sproatt Willmott, Edmonton, and William Roper Hull, Calgary, N.W.T.

## A STRIKING ADVERTISEMENT.

The Regina, N.W.T., Leader contains a unique yet effective full-page advertisement of The Regina Trading Co., Limited, one of the few departmentals of "the Great West." The strong features of this advertisement are the use of 13 cuts illustrating the several departments of the store, and the brief, pithy manner in which the writer says what he has to say. And he does not say too much, as is frequently done when full-page advertisements are written. The printers have helped the good effect created by displaying the " ad." well.

## VENISON WILL BE PLENTIFUL.

It is likely venison will be plentiful and cheap in Toronto this season. Among the sportsmen that have gone a-hunting are: Messrs. Luttrell, Sykes, Panter and D. Bell, grocers, and C. H. Wilson, traveler for Todhunter, Mitchell \& Co. These famous shots declare that there will be a slump in the price of venison when they return. They also advise grocers not to stock up heavily with partridges, as prices are likely to fall when they get home.
T. Kinn carload of The Gl received 1 wine.

## Repeat

 been rece Limited.Griffin \& and dried by the tra
A. P. T large shi steamer Y

Laporte another p they are f
Macurc being lar Co. are l:
S. H. I of Frencl tumbler, trade.

Laport quality a large anc low figur
The
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liquoring they inv The : in 1899 tions.

# BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS STOCK EARLY. 

## Salt is A Staple

When you sell Salt, please remember that Salt is as staple as Flour. There is nothing luxurious about Salt-it is an absolute necessity. The woman who buys it, buys it because she has to have it. If she can't get

## Windsor Salt

at your store she goes to your competitor for it, and she takes some of her other trade along with herplease remember that!

In a staple article like Salt, a woman doesn't hesitate to buy the best-she gets it when she orders the "Salt of Quality"-clean, white, perfectly crystalized Windsor Salt. Sold by leading wholesalers everywhere.

## THE WINDSOR SALT CO., LIMITED

 Windsor, Ont.
## Hin Presidı Montrı THE Macl <br> North-We: Quebec, N , <br> 屋 <br> MONTREAL <br> TORONTO <br> LONDON, EI <br> MANCHESTI <br> WINNIPEG <br> ST. JOHN, s

The Canadian Grocers Know a good mill when it is presented to them. They have taken up the

COLES COFFEE MILL

Because it saves them dollars in money and pounds of energy when they grind coffee. It works easily, grınds evenly, and is recommended earnestly

DHUNTER, MITCHELL \& CO., Toronto.
$\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { DEARBORN } \\ \text { FORBES BROS., Montreal. }\end{array}\right.$
Coles Manufacturing Co. PHILADELPHIA, PENN'A.

涥

## Wool sa p

W. T. Strong \& Co., London. E. A. Richards \& Co , Hamilton



ADECISION has been given by Chancellor Boyd which is of more than usual interest to business men. As every business man knows, several attempts have of late years been made to secure such amendments to the law as would deprive civil servants of the peculiar privileges whereby their salaries are exempt from garnishment. But all these attempts have, so far, been abortive.
By an interpretation, however, which Chancellor Boyd has put upon the law it does not, unless his interpretation should be upset by a higher court, much matter whether or not legislation is obtained to remove the peculiar privileges which civil servants now enjoy in regard to the nongarmshing of their salaries.
Under an order of a division court judge, a Dominion civil servant was ordered to be brought up on a judgment summons to pay monthly installments. Against this order an appeal was entered, the ground being take:i that to bring the appellant up on such an order would be contrary to public policy, inasmuch as it would take him from his duties as a public officer.

The learned chancellor before whom the appeal was heard, did not, however, see eye to eye with him, for he very wisely overruled the objection.

It is better that the public service should suffer than that a dishonest civil servant should, in the law, find a place of refuge from whence he can defy his creditors. But the argument is only a specious one ; public business will not suffer to the extent of one farthing because a civil servant is made to pay his debts.

## A STORAGE PLACE FOR BREAD.

I

IT is a mistake for grocers or general merchants to keep their stock of bread upon their counter exposed to dust and flies. There are a good many who do not do so, but there are some who do. Others, again, keep it in uncovered boxes, open-mouthed to catch dirt and droppings of various kinds from the counter.
A simple method, and one which can be highly recommended, is to have constructed one or more boxes which shall rest on the floor and fit under one of the shelves, either inside or outside the counter, and so placed that it can be easily tilted over when it is necessary to remove a loaf for a customer. The outside of the box should be stained or painted to match the shelves, and a neat little handle or knob should be fastened near the top to facilitate the manipulation of the box. A catch is not necessary as the weight of the box should be inward.

## CANNED BLUEBERRIES FOR CHICAGO.

Our St. John, N. B., correspondent advises us that quite a nice shipment of canned blueberries was shipped a few days ago to Chicago. There were no less than seven carloads in the shipment. The freight and duty, which were paid in advance, amounted to $\$ 6,000$.
It is to be hoped there will be a further development of this export trade.

## OVER $\$ 5,000,000$ INCREASE.

The bank note circulation in Canada in September last was $\$ 46,682,028$.

This was an increase of nearly $\$ 5,250$, ooo for the month, the largest increase in any previous September on record.

Another good evidence of the commercial activity obtaining in the Dominion.

## GETTING A GRIP ON THE MARKET.

THE remarkable growth in our export butter trade to Great Britain is well understood by all Canadians, but the reason for this development has not been so well realized.
There have been those who argued it was merely a case of supply and demand ; that the make in Britain was short, and that it was but natural to expect that country to import more butter than usual.
But the reason lies deeper than this. True, the Mother Country has needed a great deal more butter than usual this year, but a comparison of the imports into that country for the nine months of the present and of last year, and of the exports from Canada up to September 27 in 1898 and 1899, show that Canada's trade has grown out of all proportion to the development of that of other countries.
The shipments of butter from Montreal up to September 27, this year, were 354,646 packages, as compared with 156,304 packages to the same date in 1898 , showing an increase of 198,342 packages, or about 127 per cent. As nearly all packages sent from here are 56 lb . in weight, this increase may approximately be placed at $99,160 \mathrm{cwt}$.
According to the latest reports from the British Board of Trade returns the imports of butter into the United Kingdom up to September 30 this year were $2,604,326 \mathrm{cwt}$., as compared with $2,425,870 \mathrm{cwt}$. in the same period last year, showing an aggregate increase from all countries of $178,456 \mathrm{cwt}$.
When the gain in Canada's shipments, $99,160 \mathrm{cwt}$., be taken from the total gain, $178,456 \mathrm{cwt}$., the increase from all other countries but Canada is shown to be but $79,296 \mathrm{cwt}$., so that the development of Canada's export trade to Britain has been much greater than all other countries combined.
It is but fair to draw from these figures the inference that our butter is getting a grip on the British market ; and the inference is well sustained by a comment in the Grocers' Journal, of London, one of the most reliable of the British trade papers. In its issue of October 21 it says: "Buyers here are finding out that the Dominion dairies can turn out quite as good stuff as can be found anywhere on the continent, and this year a scarcity has given the exporter good advertisement.'

## WILL PUT UP BUSINESS MEN FOR PARLIAMENT.

IN two counties in the Province of Quebec the business men and farmers have reached an understanding whereby, at the next general election, men of business experience shall be brought out for Parliamentary honors.

Since The Canadian Grocer, some years ago, inaugurated an agitation for the election of business men to Parliament, the idea has been gradually gathering force in the country.
There is still a far too small representation of the business element in the different legislative bodies, parliamentary and municipal, but there is much satisfaction in the fact that many members of the independent press are now champions of the same principle, while Governments, Federal and Provincial, consider it something to boast of if they have an odd business man or so in their composition. And if they can by any stretch of the imagination term themselves a business man's government, they do not hesitate to do so.

It is evident, therefore, that no small advance has been made in this movement for government on business principles and by business men. At the same time no thoughtful man, no man who is free enough from party to have his perspective destroyed, can fail to realize that we are yet a great distance from the ideal.

Most men have and always will have their party predilections. And there is nothing to be said against this. But there is against a blind adherence to party, for it is the root and branch of all bad government.

With blindness of this kind obtaining, the elector will not stop to consider whether the candidate of his party is qualified or not. If he considers anything it is merely as to his soundness in the faith. As to his business common sense, that is as far from his thoughts as is the north pole from the south pole.

Just as the source is so will the stream be; just as the elector is so will the representative be in Parliamentary or municipal hall.

The business men of this country areor should be-more interested in the question of good government than any other class,
for they probably suffer more than any other class from the effects of bad government.

There are altogether too many who are quite unconcerned in regard to such matters. But it is certain he who is unconcerned about the government of the State cannot be accounted a good citizen. And it is equally certain that without good citizens it is impossible to get good government. You cannot gather figs from thistles, or grapes from thorns.
We are time and again told that the representative system of government is upon its trial. We are more inclined to think that it is the people who have the exercise of the franchise that are upon trial.
If there is any question at all in regard to the matter, it is not, is the principle of representative government a good one? but have the people a sufficient sense of the propriety of things to properly run the machinery of representative government ?
For an answer it is only necessary to refer to the quality of altogether too many of the men who sit in Parliament, and to the exposes during the recent election trials.
These certainly do not tend to convince one that the people have a sufficient sense of the propriety of things as far as their duty as electors are concerned.

What is wanted is a thorough awakening of the business men of the country. Then Parliamentary candidates of both shades of politics will be selected, not because of their party fealty, but because of their business common sense and records for honesty.

## LOWER SUGAR.

A rather unexpected decline of 5 c . per 100 lb . took place on Tuesday in the price of refined sugars, of all grades.
The European markets have been somewhat irregular during the past week, but, on the day the price was reduced in Canada, beet sugar appreciated slightly abroad.

It is the general opinion that competition had more to do with the reduction than the condition of the sugar market generally, there being, it is believed, a good deal of foreign sugar coming into the market again.
Our St. John, N.B., correspondent states in his correspondence this week, that some

British refined sugars are arriving at that port.
The fight between the refiners in the United States appears to be as brisk as ever, and the refineries in Canada are evidently feeling its effect as keenly as ever.

## COURSE OF BUTTER VALUES.

THE butter market has again commenced to show some improvement. The late collapse on the market was due to the heavy supplies of Canadian and United States butter received in England, which drove the Danish quotation down from 132s. in September to 1195 . per cwt. on October 20 , as against 1255.6 d . same time in 1898.
This is about the sharpest tumble that butter prices ever have had since the fall of 1895, when prices on Danish butter fell during one week of November from 1405. to 126 s., the next week again declining to i ios., a slump in a single fortnight of 305. per cwt.
As a consequence of large supplies of Canadian butter, Manchester firms practically withdrew from the Danish trade, and the decline of 12 to 14s. per cwt. in Danish was an effort of the latter to regain the market in the northern English markets from their Canadian competitors.
Of course, Canadian and Australian butter had to meet the Danish cut, and the fact was reflected in the slump in Canada from $24 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$., the top price, down to 20 c .
The action of the market lately leads some observers to believe that there will be a rebound again this fall similar to that of the fall of 1895 . The reason for this belief is that the price of Danish, which rules the market in Britain, is now 7s. 6d. below where it was last year at this time, while, on the other hand, supplies are lighter all around.

From now on the exports of Canadian butter must steadily decrease, so that, witp dimunition in the exceptionally heavy supplies from this side of the Atlantic, steadier markets are looked for, as the above shortage in the exports from the Baltic countries demonstrates that the summer's drought had severe consequences on their productive capacity.

## A STRONG OUTLOOK FOR CANNED GOODS.

CANNED corn and tomatoes continue to gather strength. All the evidence points to this.
There is not a great deal of corn offering, buf the little that is, apparently, cannot be obtained except at prices which are simply fabulous.
In Montreal, for example, round lots have been purchased at $\$ \mathrm{I}$, but some of those who sold at that figure are now asking as high as $\$ 1.05$ to $\$ 1.10$ for round lots. The highest price asked in Toronto, as far as can be ascertained, is $\$ 1$, and sales are reported at 90 to 95 c . per dozen. One wholesale house in Toronto during the past week tried to buy corn from some of its confreres, offering 95 c . per dozen for 100 cases, but we do not hear that it succeeded in purchasing the goods.
The price at which a great deal of the corn was sold was decidedly moderate in comparison with that which is now demanded. Consequently, for some little time we may expect to see the retail price of corn even below the figures asked for that in first hands.
There is a retailer here and there in Toronto to-day who is pricing canned corn at 7 c . per tin, but the figure which appears to be most common is 9 c ., or three tins for 25 c . This latter price is what some of the departmental stores have been advertising corn at the past few days.
The experience of the retail trade is that when three tins of corn cannot be sold for ${ }_{25}$ c. consumers will turn their attention to something else. Hence, when it comes that the retailers will be compelled to replenish their stocks at the high figures now ruling there is certain to be a curtailment of the consumption. Anomalous as it may seem, it is the experience of retailers that they can get even better prices from whole. salers than from consumers when prices get high.
Butit must at the same time be remembered that there will not be the same inducement to turn to other lines of canned vegetables, as ail other lines are more or less firm. Tomatoes, for instance, are scarcely any less strong than corn. The lowest price at which they can be bought in quantities at first hands is from 75 to 8 oc . per dozen f.o.b.
the factory, and the wholesalers are little by little working their prices up. Beans, too, are scarce and high, while the same can be said of practically all lines of canned fruits.

One does not require to be much of a prophet to predict that the canned goods season of $1899-1900$ will be the strongest for some years.

## QUALITY OF CANNED TOMATOES.

Although the pack of tomatoes in Canada does not appear to be up to expectations, as far as quantity is concerned, as far as the quality of that now arriving on the market is concerned there is not much left to be desired.

Those who are qualified to judge, declare that the quality is more than usually good. The explanation advanced by some for this is, that as the season was brought to a sharp and sudden termination, there was not the same opportunity for careless packers to put up the poor quality tomatoes which are the dregs of the season.

Satisfactory and all as the quality is that is now arriving upon the market, The CANadian Grocer has been notified that a packer here and there is putting up tomatoes which have been frost-damaged which may be expected to come upon the market later.

## A SHORT MOLASSES CROP.

Indications point to a strong market for New Orleans molasses.
Advices received in Toronto this week state that in a good many sections of Louisiana the planters have not cane enough to justify operating their sugar houses, and will save their cane for seed for next year's crop. Other planters are combining with their neighbors and operating one where, under ordinary conditions, they would be operating several houses.
It is estimated that the crop generally will be 50 per cent. of the average, while of open kettle molasses only about one-third the usual quantity is expected.

## CONSUMPTION OF TEA IN BRITAIN.

The consumption of tea in the United Kingdom continues to increase. According to the British Customs house returns, the duty payments from Jan. Ist to Sept. 30 this year were made on $178,562,356 \mathrm{lb}$. of
tea, as compared with $173.402,395 \mathrm{lb}$. last year and $173.522,89 \mathrm{llb}$. the year previous.
The importation also shows an increase, the figures being $187.022,199 \mathrm{lb}$. in 1899 and $178,134,434 \mathrm{lb}$. in 1898 . On the other hand, exports have declined, only $23.172,557 \mathrm{lb}$. being exported, as compared with $26,754,143 \mathrm{lb}$. in 1898 . This decrease was almost altogether of China teas, the exports of which fell from $11,875,913 \mathrm{lb}$. to $8,565.590 \mathrm{lb}$. in the year.

The stock of all tea in the United Kingdom on September 30 was estimated to be $84.128,000 \mathrm{lb}$. in 1899 ; 77,160,000 lb. in 1898, and 78,934,000 in 1897.

## BOOKKEEPING FOR MERCHANTS.

THE more expeditious a system of bookkeeping is commensurate with exactness the better it is for the retailer or any other kind of merchant. In an effort to secure the desideratum men without number have spent years of their lives. One of the best, simplest and most exact that have been evolved from this concentration of energy is what is known as the " Mechanical ledger."
This system does away with day book and ledger, and yet the device furnishes day book and ledger in one.
Briefly outlined, the system works as follows: There are two classes of pass books. One is employed where the customer keeps his own pass book, the other where he does not. When the customer who carries his pass book orders goods, the merchant enters the order in the pass-book, and, in adding the several items up, he also takes in the amount that was previously owed, so that the last row of figures always shows the total indebtedness. By the aid of carbon paper every entry is duplicated. This duplicated paper is then torn off, and, if the merchant is at the time busy, is placed in a box prepared for the purpose. At the merchant's leisure these slips are taken out, neatly folded and placed under their own number in the mechanical ledger. This ledger is made up of a series of tills with a spring at the bottom, and the slip of paper is so placed that a merchant can at a glance, without turning over any leavesfor there are none-see what every customer owes him. With the pass book, which the merchant, and not the customer keeps, the procedure is practically the same, only the pass book is kept in a cabinet prepared for the purpose. Under this system a disputed account is a possibility, while an error is scarcely possible. The Beverley McDonald Co., Picton, Ont., are the manufacturers, to whom merchants or others can write for particulars.

## ARE YOU SELLING 

If not, you are not keeping up with the times. Green Ceylons will displace all Japan Teas Inside flve years, just as Ceyion Blacks have Congous. Write us for samples.

## Ivory Bar is PUT UP IM <br> 1-lb. bars. <br> $26-16-\mathrm{lb}$. bars. $\} 60$ bars in box. 3-lb. bars. <br> Ivory Bar Twin Cake 12-0z., 100 cakes in box. <br> Quotations for "Ivory Bar" and other brands of <br> Soap furnished on application, <br> The BRANTFORD SOAP WORKS CO. <br> Limited <br> Seeded Raisins

Freshly done after you send in your order.
Quality guaranteed second to none. Write for quotations to
The Acme Fuiit Cleaning Co. 128 Queen Street, MONTREAL.

Boston.
Detroit.
Buffalo.
Pittsburgh.

THE COWAN RAMSAY CO., LIMITED IMPORTERS OF TEAS

## RED CROSS TEA

in lead packets, and CLUBHOUSE
in 2 lb . Cartons, 50 and Ioo-lb. Tins. These brands are registered, and the quality guaranteed by us.


## HORSE HAIR.

Have you any? We buy it. GEO. ROSSITER \& SONS
$\qquad$
 trade mark HORSE-SHOE SALMON

Is packed ONLY from the finest
Fraser River Sockeye Salmon.
For twenty years the leading
brand on the Canadian Market
It pays to buy the best.

For Sale by all Wholesale Grocers throughout the Dominion.

## THE STANDARD STOVE POLISH FOR THE WORLD.

## Tiger Stove Polish.

For sale in two sizes, a 5 and ro-cent size. The packages are large and handsome, and give a good profit to the dealer. The polish does not dry or rust in the tins, but will impart a beautiful and lasting shine. Sold by all wholesale dealers, and by The F. F. Dalley Co., Limited, Hamilton, Ont., Canada.


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Should readers of this journal desire to secure between regular issues, the quotations on any staple line, they will, on application, be furnished by return mail or by telegraph; if by the latter method, at the cost of the person seeking the information.

## ONTARIO MARKETS.

November 2, 1899.

## GROCERIES

AS far as prices are concerned, the principal feature is a reduction of 5 c . per 100 lb . in all refined sugars, caused chiefly by the competition of the United States. The demand for sugar still keeps up well. Outside sugar, the general tendency of prices is upward. Foreign dried fruits are decidedly firm, and there is a continual gathering of strength in canned goods. Tapioca shows a further appreciation in the outside markets. Syrups and molasses are meetung with a fair demand. Coffees are in good request and firmer in the primary maikets. The tea market has lost none of its strength. On the contrary, it has gained more. Generally speaking, the wholesale grocery trade is active and health $\gamma$.

## CANNED GOODS.

The position in regard to both corn and tomatoes appears to be still gathering strength. All sorts of figures are heard as to the prices being asked by the few packers who have any corn to offer. Some are said to be asking $\$ \mathrm{I}$, and sales between wholesalers are reported at 90 to 95 c . per dozen. One wholesaler on the street tried to buy too cases the past week from his confreres, offering 95 c ., but, as far as can be learned, did not succeed. Most of the houses are now quoting $\$ 1$ per dozen to the retail trade, but there are some who are still willing to accept 95 c.

A continued firmness is to be noted in canned tomatoes. Some brands have, during the past week, been advanced to goc. $r$ dozen to the retail trade. The general 1ange of prices is from 85 to goc. There is not much business being done, the orders that are coming in being small, as a rule. This is of course to be expected, seeing that the new pack is only being delivered to the retail trade.

Canned fruits are quiet, but in light supply and firm in price.
Advice from the Coast corroborate what
has already been said in regard to the smallness of the cohoe salmon pack. There are not many offering, and firms selling are asking $\$ 340$ to $\$ 3.50$ per caie f.o.b. the Coast. A good deal of canned salmon is still being delivered by the wholesale to the retail trade, and quite a few new orders are being received.

COFFEES.

The market for Rio coffee is firm, and in New York prices are about ic. per lb. above the lowest point of a month ago. A good business is being done on retail account, and some orders are being placed for importation.

## sugar.

The feature of the local sugar market is a decline of 5 c . per 100 lb . in all refined sugars. The outside markets have been a little irregular, but at the time of writing they have taken a slightly firmer turn, and the decline in Canada appears to be more due to the competition of United States

sugar than anything else. The Guild price in Toronto is now $\$ 4.63$ for Montreal granulated and $\$ 4.58$ for Acadia granulated. The change went into effect at 2 p.m. on Tuesday. The demand for sugar is good, and rather unusually so for this time of the year.

SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.
A good business is being done in corn syrups, and a fairly active demand is being experienced for molasses. Advices from New Orleans, in regard to molasses, report the market decidedly firm, on account of the shortness of the crop.

## taploca and sago.

The tapioca market is firmer, prices for November and December shipment being ${ }^{15} \mathrm{c}$. per cwt . higher than for September and October. Sago is also firmer, rather better prices than a month ago having been obtained for brown sago. Wholesalers are quoting as high as 5 c . per lb . for tapioca.

## teas.

Private advices to hand this week from Colombo, under date of September 38, state that both Ceylon and India are expected to export about the same quantity of tea as last year, instead of more, as anticipated a
short time ago. "With only the same amount to deal with," add the advices in question, "the position is an exceptionally strong one, and we think prices are pretty certain to keep up." At the auction in London, Eng., this week, both Indian and Ceylon teas sold at slightly higher prices. On the local market flavory Indian and Ceylon teas are still scarce in first hands, and teas of these descriptions which were a short time ago held at 16 or 17 c . can now easily be sold at an advance of 3 to 4 c . Japan teas are still firm, but importers are pretty well supplied at the moment.

## nuts.

A cable to hand this week from Bordeaux reports the stock of Marbot walnuts exhausted. Grenoble walnuts are also reported high, and will cost about Ic. per lb. more than last year.

FOREIGN DRIED FRUITS.
Currants - The market in Greece is reported to be slightly easier, but it has not made any difference in the price here. The demand keeps fairly good. Filiatras are quoted at 5 to $51 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. per lb ., and Patras at $51 / 2$ to $6 c$.

Valencia Raisins -The market abroad is so high that there is little or nothing doing on importation account. Selected would still cost about $61 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. per lb . to import in quantities. Stocks of Valencia raisins on the local market are still light and prices firm. Fine off-stalk is quoted at $5^{\frac{3}{4} / 4}$ to 6 c .; selected at $61 / 4$ to $61 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. per lb .
Sultana Raisins-Further supplies are expected to arrive in about a week or 10 days.

Malaga Raisins-The usual shipments by direct steamer are due to arrive in about io days.

Figs - There is a little business being done both in tapnets and in boxes.

> GREEN FRUITS.

The only change of any importance in prices is in Palermo lemons, which are 25 c . cheaper than a week ago. There is how a good supply, and a steady demand at $\$ 3.25$ to $\$ 3.50$ per box. The supply of oranges is sufficient for the good demand noted, and prices are steady. The supply of bananas is limited, and a shortage is expected unless arrivals, which are looked for late this week, are ripe or turning. Prices are firm. Some of the better qualities of stock are being sold as high as $\$ 1.75$. Malaga grapes are in fair supply. The demand has not yet started. The quality

# THE WAR WITH THE BOERS WILL NOT STOP PEOPLE FROM USING SURPRISE SOAP. 

The only way to peace and prosperity in South Africa is by war. The only way to peace, comfort and ease on wash-day in the home is by the use of "Surprise.

BE A PEACEMAKER-SELL SURPRISE.

THE ST. CROIX SOAP MFG. CO.
of stock received here so far has been better than usual, but the general report of the crop is that it is not of good-keeping quality. They are selling here at $\$ 5.50$ to $\$ 7.50$ per barrel. There is a fair supply of native grapes which are in excellent demand at 17 to 25 c. The demand for sweet potatoes is moderate. The low prices of cranberries, $\$$ I less than a year ago, have caused the demand to keep decidedly active. Canadian peaches are done. Pears are still selling moderately at 20 to 50 c . The prices ruling for Ontario winter apples in Great Britain are even lower than a week ago, and the weak feeling is more pronounced than ever.

COUNTRY PRODUCE
Eggs-Receips are light. The demand is fair and prices are firm. Some dealers quote an advance of ic. in strictly fresh stock, which is now quoted at 18 to $19 c$. per doz., though ordinary fresh.gathered stock can be still had at 17 c ., while 14 c . is the price of cold stored supplies. At outside points prices are firm at 15 to 16 c
Potatoes-The market is in a worse state than ever. On Tuesday this week twenty-seven cars of potatoes were on the track at once, and some of them were not sold, though offered at 33 c. per bag. Small lots are selling at 40 C to 45 c ., out of store.

Beans-The market keeps firm. The jobbing price keeps steady at $\$ 1.30$ to $\$ 1.35$ for hand-picked, and prime at $\$ 1.15$ to $\$ 1.20$. The consumption is large.
Honey -The demand is brisk. Prices are firm. We quote : Clover extracted, 9 to 10 c . per lb ., according to package Clover comb No. 1, $\$ 2$ per doz. ; No. 2, $\$ 1.65$ per doz.; No. $3 . \$ \$ 50$ per doz.

Dried and Evaporated Apples-A good movement of evaporated apples is noted, with prices steady at 8 to $8 \frac{1}{2}$ c. Dried apples are offering more liberally, and are in fair demand at $51 / 2$ to $6 c$. per lb ., in a jobbing way.

Poultry -The offerings of turkeys are increasing, and though the demand is improving prices have been forced down ic., the price now being io to Ifc. per lb. Geese are selling better than last week, at $51 / 2$ to $6 c$., a decline of $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Chickens are in good demand at 25 to 50 c , and ducks at 50 to 75 c .
GamE-The warm weather continues to limit both the supply and demand for wild ducks, though rather more business is now being done than was reported a week ago. Prices are steady at from 25 c . per pair for teal and other small varieties, to $75^{\mathrm{C}}$ per pair for large black ducks. Partridge are in better demand, and prices are up 5 to $10 c$., the figure now being 50 to 55 C . per brace.

Vegetables-There is a good demand for nearly all lines. Cauliflowers are io to 15c. per doz. cheaper, while squashes have advanced 25 to 50 c . We quote : Cabbage, 40 to $50 c$. per doz.; red cabbage, 50 to 75 c . per doz.; cauliflowers, 40 c . to 60 c . per doz.; celery, 40 to 75 c . per doz.; parsley, 10 to 15 C . per doz.; pickling cucumbers, 40 to 60 o . per hundred; muskmelons, 50 to 70 c. per doz. ; native watermelons, 50 to 75 C . ; onions, 60 to 75 C . per bush. ; green beans, 30 to 50 c . per basket fall apples, $\$ 2$ to $\$ 2.50$ per bbl.; squash, $\$ 1$ to $\$ 1.25$ per doz.; vegetable marrow, 40 to $6 o c$. per doz.
butter and cheese.
BuTTER -The receipts of all dairy butter but large rolls are light. The demand is excellent, and little, if any, exporting is possible. The same conditions apply to creamery. The home demand absorbs the supply, Prices are firm throughout. We quote as follows : Choice dairy large rolls at $181 / 2$ to 19 c .; tubs at 17 to 18 c ., and dairy prints at $181 / 2$ to 19 c . Creamery i worth 21 to 22 c. for tubs and boxes and 22 to 23 c . for prints.
Cheese-The decline in Montreal has affected Ontario factorymen to some extent, and some sales are reported on country boards at II to $111 / 8 \mathrm{c}$., a decline of $1 / 8$ to $1 / \mathrm{c}$. The majority of factorymen are selling. A fair jobbing trade is reported a 12 to $121 / 4$ c. for September makes.

FISH AND OYSTER A
The Hallowe'en demand for oysters was very good, more, in fact, than could be supplied. The oysters now arriving are


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better in quality than has been the case, and the trade is taking more in proportion as the quality improves. Dried fish are starting to come in. They are not as plentiful as last year, and prices are rather higher. Finnan haddies are easier, but the prices are as yet unchanged. We quote as follows: Trout, 7 to $7 \frac{1 / 2 c}{}$ c. ; Niagara whitefish, 8c. ; pickerel, $71 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. ; herrings, $4 c$. ; halibut, $12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. ; Seattle salmon, 13 to 15 c .; steak cod, 7 c . ; haddock, 5 c .; finnan haddies, $61 / 2$ to 7 c .; boneless fish, 5 c .; quail-on-toast, 6 c .; steak cod, $61 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.; ciscoes, $\$ 1.25$. per basket. Oysters, Booth's standards, $\$ 1.25$; selects, $\$ 1.65$; other brands, $\$ 1.25$ per gal.
GRAIN, FLOUR. BREAKFAST FOODS.
Grain-The feature of the wheat market is the deline of 3 to 4 c . in goose wheat, caused by a falling off in the demand from Italy for this grade of wheat. Fall wheat is firm at 67 c ., with deliveries active. On the local street market farn ers are bringing in principally goose wheat, barley and oats. Barley has advanced 1 to $2 c$. per bushel. We quote the street market as follows Wheat, white and red, 70 to 7 Ic. ; goose, 71 to $7 \mathrm{I} 1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.; peas, 62 c .; oats, 32 c .; barley, 45 to 48 c .; rye, 54 c . A brisk export demand for Manitoba No. I hard wheat keeps prices firm at at $801 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. Toronto and West.

Flour-Prices are steady and unchanged. The home demand keeps large. We quote: Manitoba patents, $\$ 4$; Manitoba strong bakers', $\$ 3.70$; Ontario patents, $\$ 3.70$; straight roller, $\$ 3.35$, Toronto freights.

Breakfast Foods-Prices are steady. A good business is reported. We quote as follows: Standard oatmeal and rolled oats, $\$ 3.50$ in bags and $\$ 3.60$ in bbls.; rolled wheat, $\$ 2.50$ in 100-lb. bbls.; cornmeal, $\$ 2.50$; split peas, $\$ 4$; pot barley, $\$ 4$.

HIDES. SKINS AND WOOL.
Hides-Cured hides have advanced $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. In consequence, another rise of $1 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. is noted in the price of green hides. We quote: Cowhides, No. 1, 9 /1/4c. ; No. 2, $81 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. ; No. 3, $7 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. Steer hides are worth $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. more. Cured hides are worth $93 / 4 \mathrm{c}$.

Skins-Sheep and lambskins are 5 c . dearer, otherwise prices are unaltered. We quote: No. I veal, $8-1 \mathrm{~b}$. and up, loc. per lb.; No. 2, 8c.; dekins, from 35 to 40 c .; culls, 15 to 20 c . Sheep and lambskins are selling at 8 oc .

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Wool-The feeling continues to improve. The demand is good, but holders are waiting for higher prices, which are expected soon. We quote: Clothing wool, 17c. combing fleece, 15 c .; unwashed, 9 to 10 c . seeds.
The red clover market keeps firm with buyers paying $\$ 4.50$ to $\$ 5$ at outside points The alsike market is easier, if anything, this week, but prices are unchanged at $\$ 7.50$ per bushel for finest qualities. A fair move ment of timothy is reported at $\$ 1.25$ for extra choice to fancy, and 75 c . to $\$ 1$ for choice to fancy stock.

## MARKET NOTES.

Refined sugar is 5 c. per 100 lb . lower.
Cured hides have advanced $1 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., and green hides are $1 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. dearer.
Indian and Ceylon tea is cabled slightly dearer from London, England.
Goose wheat is 2 to 3 c. per bushel cheaper. Barley has advanced I to $\mathbf{2 c}$.
Cheese is $1 / 8$ to $1 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. cheaper at country boards. Strictly fresh eggs are ic. dearer.
The "Blue Ribbon" Tea Co. is removing its Toronto office from 42 Scott street to 12 Front street.
Boneless fish at 5 c .; quail-on-toast at $6 c$., and steak cod at $61 / 2 c$., have been re. ceived on the market.
Tapioca for November and December shipment is 15 c . per cwt . higher than for September and October shipment.
Palermo lemons are 25 c . per box cheaper. Malaga grapes are offering at $\$ 50$ to \$7.50. Canadian peaches are done.

## QUEBEC MARKETS.

Montreal, November 2, 1899. GROCERIES.

THE grocery market has shown a steady volume of business, and there have been both advances and decline in values to report. In the latter respect, the most prominent feature of the week has been the continued unsettled feeling in refined sugar, the Montreal refiners on Tuesday again marking down prices 5 c . per 100 lb . all round. This is due to competition from refined stock from across the line, and the weakness in raw beet. Syrups were quiet, while molasses have an upward tendency under light stocks. Valencia raisins have advanced quite sharply in sympathy with primary markets, and canned corn and tomatoes are on a much higher level of value than last week.

SUGARS.
The sugar market has continued unsettled,
owing to the competition from refined across the line and further weakness in raw beet. The circumstances have led to a decline of 5c. all around in refined here, granulated selling at $\$ 4.50$ and yellows at $\$ 3.70$ to $\$ 4.35$, according to grade. In London, beet was cabled $3 / 4$ d. lower: October, 9 s. $11 / 2 \mathrm{~d}$. , and November, 95. $21 / 4 \mathrm{~d}$. Cane was reported firm; Java, IIs. 3d., and fair refining, ios. 6 d .

## SYRUPS.

Business in syrups continues very quiet, and the market is featureless, prices being unchanged at $13 / 4$ to $21 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. per lb ., as to quality.

## molasses.

The tone of the molasses market continues very firm, but there is nothing new in the situation to mention. A fair amount of business is reported in a jobbing way, and Barbadoes in carlots is selling at 37 c ., and, in smaller quantities, 38 c . Some sales of Porto Rico in round lots are reported at 33c.

DRIED FRUITS
A much stronger feeling prevails in Valencia raisins, as cable advices from Denia note further strength, prices being Is. higher all around. In sympathy with this news and the continued good demand from local buyers, coupled with small offerings, values have been marked up $1 / 4$ to $3 / 4$ c. per lb .; with sales of off-stalk at 5 c . ; fine off.stalk at $5 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. ; selected $61 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., and layers $61 / 2$ to 7 c .
Currants continue firm also, with a good trade doing at $43 / 4,5$, and $5 \frac{1}{4} \mathrm{c}$., as to quality.
Bosnia prunes to arrive remain at $5 \frac{3 / 4}{} \mathrm{c}$.
Dates for future delivery are unchanged at $51 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.
Loose Malaga muscatel raisins are unchanged at $61 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. on 2 crown ; 7 c . on 3 -crown, and 8 c . on 4 -crown fruit.

Sultana raisins continue firm in tone at 9 to Ioc., as to grade.

## nuTs.

Business in this line is quiet. New Grenoble, to arrive, are steady at $121 / 2$ to 13c., and Marbots at 9 to loc. Shelled walnuts for December delivery are quoted $161 / 2$ to $17 c$.
canned goods.
The canned vegetable situation seems to increase in strength, and prices show a steadily advancing tendency. An active demand for corn is the chief feature, and late sales have been on the basis of $\$ 1$ per
doz., but now holders ask $\$ 1.05$ to $\$ 1.10$. Canners, according to agents here are completely sold out, and, as a result, ivany jobbing houses are said to be oversold on this staple. Tomatoes also are stror ger, and 5 c . per doz. higher, with sales reparted at 8 oc . f.o.b. factory, and sellers operate very sparingly at the advance.

## rice.

There is nothing new in rice to report. Demand is still good, and the market firm, in sympathy with the strength outside.

## SPICES.

A fair trade is noted in spices and values generally are firm. We quote : Nutmegs, 35 to 60 c . per lb ., as to size ; mace, 45 to 50 c . per lb ., as to quality, and pimento, 8 c . coffees.
A better feeling is reported in coffee, owing to the stronger markets reported from the outside. Maracaibo has sold at 8 to 9 c . and Santos and Rio at 7 to 9 c. in $50-\mathrm{bag}$ lots.

A fairly active business has been done in teas, there being a good demand for most grades, while values generally are firm. There are no pea leaf gunpowders to be had under 17 to 20 c ., and all other grades are very strong. Sales of new crop Japans have been made at 13 to 16 c . In blacks, several lines of packlings have changed hands at 17 to 18 c . All reports from both China and Japan indicate higher prices, and shipments cannot be duplicated at present prices.

FISH.
A fairly active trade continues to be done in all lines of fish, and, in spite of the recent larger arrivals of some lines of pickled, prices have been well maintained. There is a steady demand from both local and country buyers; in consequence, stocks dio not accumulate much, and as soon as the colder weather sets in a more active demaind is anticipated. The following quotations are for jobbing lots: No. I new Nova Sco tian herring, $\$ 5.25$ per bbl.; $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 2$. per half-bbl.; N.B. do, $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 2.75$; Nu I green cod, $\$ 4.75$ to $\$ 5$ per bbl.; No. I larg//

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$\$ 5.50$; No. $2, \$ 4$ to $\$ 4.25$; No. I green haddock, $\$ 4$; No. I green pollock, $\$ 4$; No. 2 Labrador salmon, $\$ 13.50$ to $\$ 14$; British Columbian salmon, $\$ 14$ to $\$ 14.50$; No. I Red Sea trout, $\$ 10$ to $\$ 12$, and pail do., $\$ 8$ to $\$ 9$; No. 2 mackerel, $\$ 15.50$ per bbl.; Dried codfish, $\$ 5$ per 112 lb .; large dressed do., $\$ 4$. 50 to $\$ 4.75$ per case of 100 lb . boneless codfish, $51 / 2$ to 6 c . per lb .; smoked haddies, $61 / 2$ to 7 c . per lb .; St. John bloaters, $\$ 1$ per box; Yarmouth do., $\$ 1$; smoked herrings, medium, 12c.; Lock Fyne do., \$1 per keg ; large do., $\$ 3.50$ per halfbbl.; kippered herrings, $\$ 1.25$ per box and 65 c. per half-box.
Fresh fish are: Haddock, 4c. per lb.; whitefish, trout and dore, $7 \frac{1}{2}$ c. per lb .
Demand for oysters is good. Ordinary malpeques, $\$ 3.50$ per bbl. ; hand picked do., $\$ 4.50$ to $\$ 5$; standard, in bulk, $\$ 1.30$ per gallon ; select do., \$1.50.

COUNTRY PRUDUCE.
EgGs-The tone is firm, with a good demand for choice stock. Strictly new laid are selling at 21 to 22 c .; candled stock at $191 / 2$ to 20 c ., and No. 2 at 12 to $121 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.
Maple Product - Business in maple product was slow, and prices were nominally unchanged. We quote: Syrup, in small tins, 60 to 65 c .; and sugar, $73 / 4$ to 8 c . per lb.

Honey-The demand for honey continues
,
quiet, but prices rule steady. White clover comb is quoted at 12c., extracted at 9 c ., and buckwheat at 8 c . per lb .
Beans-The demand for beans is fair, and sales of carlots were made to-day at the advance. Choice hand-picked are quoted at $\$ 1.45$ to $\$ 1.50$, and primes at $\$ 1.371 / 2$ to $\$ 1.40$.
Game - There was a firmer feeling in the market for partridge, owing to smaller receipts, and sales were made at 50 to 55 c . for firsts, and at 30 to 35 c : for seconds, per brace.
Potatoes - A fair trade was done in potatoes, and the market is moderately active, but steady, at 40 to 45 c . per bag in round lots.

Ashes-There was no change in the market for ashes. We quote: First sorts, $\$ 4.10$; seconds, $\$ 3.8$, and pearls, $\$ 5.15$ per 100 lb . provisions.
There was no change to note in the market. The demand for small lots was fair. We quote as follows: Canadian short cut mess pork, $\$ 16$; short cut back, $\$ 15.50$; selected heavy short cut boneless mess, $\$ 16.50$; and heavy long cut mess $\$ 15$ per barrel. Pure Canadian lard in pails, 7 to $71 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. per lb .; and compound refined, $51 / 2$ to $53 / 4 \mathrm{c}$. per lb. Hams 12 c . to $131 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., and bacon $111 / 2$ to $12 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{c}$. per lb .

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FEED-The demand for feed was good and the market is active and firm. Manitoba bran is selling at $\$ 15$; shorts at 817 per ton, including bags; Ontario bran at $\$ 15$ and $\$ 15.50$; shorts at $\$ 17$ to $\$ 18$, and mouillie at $\$ 20$ to $\$ 24$ per ton, in bulk.
$\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{AX}}-\mathrm{A}$ fair trade was done in hay, and, as supplies are not large, prices rule steady. We quote: Choice No. 1, $\$ 8.50$ to $\$ 9$; No. 2, $\$ 7$ to $\$ 7.50$; and clover, $\$ 6.50$ to 87 per ton in carload lots.
cheese and butter.
Cheese - The week has witnessed an improved feeling in cheese, the available stock here having been cleaned up at the recent decline, and now, with continued demand, an advance has been established. In fact, Eastern cheese have sold freely at IIC. and over, and no figure is obtainable on Western at all.
Butrer - The market is firmer in tone, and bids of 21 c . were made quite freely today for creamery, but we quote $201 / 2$ to 21 Ic . to cover all opinions. Export orders are numerous now, on the basis of 20 to $201 / 2 \mathrm{c}$.,
but it is difficult :o get right quality at this range.

## montreal notes.

Prices have stiffened both on butter and cheese this week.
Stocks of Barbadoes molasses here are remarkably light.

There has been another decline of 5 c . in the price of all refined sugar.
Sellers are asking an advance of 5 to ioc. here for canned corn, and 5 c . for canned tomatoes.

Prices for Valencia raisins here have been advanced all around owing to the further rise at primary markets.

## NEW BRUNSWICK MARKETS

 Office of The Canadian Grocer, St. Jонn, N.B., November 2, 1899,OCTOBER, which has just closed, has been a particularly busy month with the wholesale grocery trade, and has shown a splendid profit on nearly all sales. In fact, dealers never felt more satisfied than with the conditions of busi-
ness during the present fall. Sugar is still low, but there is a firmer tendency. Beans are a matter of interest, and prices have further advanced, and there seems no chance of any lower figures this season. The leaving of the soldiers for the war was the feature during the week. They left the city about 6 p.m. on October 25. At 5 $o$ clock nearly all the stores in the city were closed and everyone was on the street. The route traversed by the contingent was hand somely decorated, and the boys where everywhere greeted with cheers. The crowd at the station was one of the largest eve seen in the city. Our citizens have subscribed with great liberally to a fund to augment the regular pay of the soldiers.
Oil-Dealers are very active. They do not find that the late advance has in any way affected the sale. Market is firmer Paint oils are high, with further upwar tendency. Trade at this season is ligh Lubricatings are also quiet, but are held a full figures. Supply of cod oil is not larg but that arriving finds quick sale at eve figures.

SALT-If the demand was at all active this would be a fair market, as stocks are very low ; that is, in Liverpool coarse, which has the demand from the fishermen, and there seems no chance for further supplies, as at present no tonnage is offering. When there is a chance to bring some, the freight charged is likely to be much higher than usual, which will cause an advance in price. In Liverpool factory-filled and in Canadian there are ample stocks. We quote as follows: Liverpool coarse, 48 to 55 c . ; English factory-filled, $90 c$. to $\$ 1$; Cana dian fine, $\$ 1$ per bag; cheese and butter salt, bulk, $\$ 2.50$ per bbl.; $5-\mathrm{lb}$. bags, $\$ 3$ to $\$ 3.25$ per bbl.; io-lb. bags, $\$ 2.85$ to $\$ 3$ per bbl.; 20-lb. wood boxes, 20c. each ; ro-lb. wood boxes, 12 c . each; cartons, $\$ 2$ per case of 2 doz.; English bottled salt, $\$ 1.25$ to $\$ 1.30$ per doz.; mineral rock salt, 60 c . per 100 lb .
Canned Goods-Supplies continue to come to hand, but in every line stocks are light. Perhaps, gallon apples are the one exception. Even these rule higher than last season. Corn, tomatoes, and peaches continue to be the lines of chief interest. Prices are firm and supplies very much below the average. Dealers feel that in corn some packers have hardly treated them right, while others have filled their orders. String beans, while not very large sellers, are short in stock, and are firmly held. Salmon are slow in coming forward. Prices are rather firmer. In local canned fish, such as haddies, bloaters, and sar-
dines, the fact that there are a number of small canners, and that they cannot agree among themselves, has rather tended to easier figures, though in haddies, supply being short, they are not likely to be much affected.

Green Fruits-Business is active; large quantities of Ontario grapes continue to arrive, and prices are quite firmly held. Malagas show better demand. In apples, while the crop in Nova Scotia is large, full figures are maintained, and quantity offering here is not large. In gravensteins the quality is very fine. They are a lovely fruit. No winter stock is yet offering. Jamaica orange find a fair sale. They are about the only grade offered. Lemons have fair sale at even figures. There are practically no native cranberries, but Cape Cod stock of extra quality continue quite low. In pears and peaches there is nothing but retail trade. There is a fair demand for sweet potatoes.

Dried Fruits-Dealers are anxiously awaiting arrivals of Valencia raisins. These should show a good margin as the market has advanced from I to $2 s$. since they were bought. In Malaga loose, in which quite a number are bought for here, prices have already advanced about 1 s . for a 50 lb . box. Except in seeded, practically no Californians are expected. This will be a new feature, as in late years they have played a very important part. They would now cost about double what we were accustomed to pay for them. In prunes, Cali-

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fornians are likely to have the market to themselves. While prices keep quite low they are looked on as extra good stock. Small sizes are scarce this season. Figs to hand are of good quality, and move freely at full figures. Peels have a steady demand; the cut and assorted peels in small packages did not prove a seller here. Evaporated apples keep firm. There have been fair receipts. Dried apples come to hand slowly. In nuts, sales have been active, except in peanuts ; prices are firm. In these, new goods are now quoted at much lower figures than have ruled. Stock is said not to be as good as last year.

Dairy Produce-In eggs firm prices rule. Stock is coming to hand slowly. Quality shows an improvenent. Rather higher figures are expected. Butter has a good steady sale, and, while prices move up but slowly, there is a demand for extra quality at rather higher figures. It is quite hard to get. Cheese are in light supply, both in the local market, and throughout the Province. There is a fair demand.

SUGAR-The tendency is to rather higher figures, but prices are still very low. A large business continues to be done in American, in both yellows and granulated. Some English sugars are also being sold.
Molasses - Dealers watch chances sharply to pick up desirable lots. Trade is being largely done in small packages, and New Orleans moves more freely than ever before, but dealers buy in small lots. Some choice Porto Rico is still held, and full figures are asked. Syrups have no sale here.

Fish - The supply is still very light. Dealers find it impossible to fill orders in almost any line except smoked herring, but it is in pickled herring where the shortage is most felt. Bay herring are the only grade offering. Price shows no further advance, as they will not bring much higher figures, but there is not nearly enough to go around. In dry cod full figures are obtained; stocks are light. Pollock are scarce and bring full price. They are not favorites, but, owing to codfish keeping so high, they are in demand. Smoked herring are a better price than they have been; new fish are rather easier, owing to improved receipts. Finnan haddies have a good sale, but owing to lack of stock, orders cannot be filled. Bloaters and kippers have a fair sale. Pickled shad are firmer and stock is now very light. We quote : Large and medium dry cod, $\$ 3.85$ to $\$ 4$; small, $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 2.75$; pickled shad, $\$ 4.50$ to $\$ 5$, as to quality; haddies, $41 / 2 \mathrm{c}$ per lb.; smoked herring, 6 to 8 c .; halibut, 12 to 13 c . per lb .; fresh haddock and cod, 2c.; boneless fish, 4 to 5 c . ; pollock, $\$ 2.10$ to $\$ 2.25$ per 100 ; pickled herring, $\$ 2.00$ to $\$ 2.20$ per half bbl.; bloaters, 60 c .

Produce-In barreled poik the usual fall demand has made an active movement. Prices are firm and slightly advanced. In beef the market is even stronger. In this line the effect of the war is more felt. Lard moves up, but still shows quite a range in prices. There are fair stocks.
Flour, Feed and Meal-In flour there seems a firmer feeling, but in the local market there is no change in quotations. In Manitobas there is quite a change in western figures. Millers advise very active sales. Oats and oatmeal show no change, but a steady market is to be noted. Cornmeal moves freely, the more as feed continues scarce and high; price shows no change. Beans show an almost unprecidented advance, and it is said another month will see the entire crop in the market. Our dealers, while making a fair profit, and in some few cases carrying fair stocks, were caught short. Hay is tending higher. All grains are held firm. We quote as follows : Manitoba flour, $\$ 4.50$ to $\$ 4.70$; best Ontario, $\$ 3.85$ to $\$ 4.00$; medium, $\$ 3.60$ to $\$ 3.75$; oatmeal, $\$ 3.80$ to $\$ 4.00$; cornmeal, $\$ 2.20$ to $\$ 2.25$; middlings, $\$ 21$ to $\$ 2$; oats, 41 to 43 c .; hand-picked beans, $\$ 1.25$ to $\$ 1.35$; prime, $\$ 1.15$ to $\$ 1.25$; yellow-eye beans, $\$ 1.90$ to $\$ 2$; split peas, $\$ 4$. 1 o to $\$ 4.15$; round, $\$ 3.25$ to $\$ 3.40$; pot barley, $\$ 4$. 10 to $\$ 4.15$; hay, $\$ 7$ to $\$ 7.50$; timothy seed, American, $\$ 1.50$.

## St. JOHN NOTES.

Joseph Finley is offering New Orleans molasses in both choice and fancy grades.
A shipment of Cuban molasses is to hand this week consigned to T. Collins \& Co.
Fancy molasses is getting very scarce. W. Frank Hatheway is still able to offer a small quantity. The market has never been so bare.

Rice has advanced 6d. on the English market during the past week. Dearborn \& Co. have a shipment to hand, bought at the lowest figures.
A. L. Goodwin is daily expecting a car of Californian prunes. The first, if not the only, direct car to arrive this fall. They are choice Santa Claras in $25-\mathrm{lb}$. boxes.
Perhaps the largest shipment of canned blueberries to leave our Province was shipped by A. \& R. Logge to Chicago this week. There were seven carloads. They paid freight and duty in advance, the amount being $\$ 6,000$.
J. Hunter White, representing Cochrane \& Willson, of Ridgetown, Ont., bean merchants, received the following in a letter this week: " We are putting out about one car per day, and believe another month will see all the beans marketed, something never
known before. Michigan and New York are in about the same boat. South Atrica has lately taken 12 cars from us, and we look for a duplicate order."

## FOUR BIG STARCH COMPAN:ES MERGED.

The organization of the United tatys Starch Company, a consolidation of four starch manufacturing companies, has been effected. The company has been organized under the laws of New Jersey, with a capital of $\$ 6,000,000$, composed of $\$ 2,500,000$ of 6 per cent. cumulative stock and $\$ 3.500,000$ of common. The four companies merged are The Oswego Starch Factory; The American Glucose Company, of Buffalo; The Argo Manufacturing Company, of Nebraska City, Neb, and The Sioux City, Ia., Starch Works. The organization is simply a consolidation, no factories being bought, nor any new stock issued to be sold. Stock in the new company was exchanged for the stock of the merged concerns.

The officers of the new company are: President, T. P. Kingsford, of Oswego; first vice-president, Hiram Duryea, of New York ; second vice-president, Carl Morton, of Nebraska City ; secretary-treasurer, J. D. Higgins, of Oswego. The directors are: T. P. Kingsford, Hiram Duryea, Joy Morton, of Chicago ; Charles R. Flint, of New York; J. C. Young, Carl Morton, H. H. Duryea, of New York, and Gilbert S. Graves, of Buffalo.

## CATALOGUES. BOOKLETS, ETC.

A USEFUL CONFECTIONERY REPORT.
The report of the proceedings of the sixteenth annual convention of the National Confectioners' Association of the United States, held at the Thousand Island park last July, has just been issued. This publication is most valuable to all engaged or interested in the confectionery business. In addition to the convention report it includes copies of pure food and candy laws that have been passed in various States of the Union; a copy of an official circular, which was sent during the year to members of the association, giving a list of colors that are injurious and of colors that have been shown to be harmless as used in the confectioners' art ; and other useful and interesting matters.

## CELEBRATED WITH A RECEPTION/

T. Webster, grocer, Lakefield, celebratcd the opening of his fine new store (which e has just completed) on October 25, with a reception and tea to each of his lady tomers. Mr. Webster has now the filiust grocery premises in that thriving town on the Big river.


An Indes Characti


## THERE IS ONLY ONE

perfect washing compound made which is absolutely for washing clothes without any rubbing whatever or the slightest injury to them, and that is EZE-it is pronounced "easy," and is most appropriately named, as it is easy in every particular.

The best evidence of its selling qualities is in the repeat orders we have received from the very best grocers.

Send us your name, we will mail you a sample package, you can then try it yourself and prove our statements to your own satisfaction.

EZE MANUFACTURING CO.,
Retails in
5 and 10 cent packages.
46 Front St. East, TORONTO.

THE ART OF WINDOW DRESSING.

An Index I wonder if the majority of of grocers realize that the only Character. index of the character of their shop that is before most of the people they are trying to reach is their window. This is true both in the large city and the small country town. In the principal business streets of the city there are always a number of stores which cater to transient trade, and by means of leaders have succeeded in making the greater portion of the people in the neighborhood acquainted with the inside of their place of business. But, with the average store in town or city the reverse is the case. These do a family trade extending likely for miles on every side of them, yet there are many residing within two or three blocks of their store who never saw more than its windows and doorway. They patronize some other grocer regularly. A dull, ordinary window may never attract the attention of such people, yet they know the store is there, and, if they were asked for an opinion of it, the answer would be "I never go there. They do a common, ordinary business I guess." On the other hand, a series of bright, original displays, while they may not draw the trade of these people from their family grocer, do not fail to cause these people to consider the store a progressive, up to-date one, and, in the event of their re cular grocer going out of business or befoining unsatisfactory in any way, they would naturally turn to the store in which the window displays had won their attention and approval. It is the same with a newcomer into a neighborhood. In looking around for a grocer to deal with regularly the most potent factor in the forming of their opinion is the windows of the store nearby. They naturally turn first to the
grocer whose windows or the appearance of whose shop, from the street, attracts them most. Realization of the importance of good appearances should make a grocer ambitious to have the best-looking store in his locality.

Two photographs of window Two UniQue displays made in the store of Window M. Des Brisay \& Co., grocers, Displays. Nelson, B. C., have been received by The Canadian Grocer. Both of these displays are decidedly out of the common, and must have attracted great attention to this progressive store. Unfortunately, however, the photographs were made in a bad light, for reflections of the store opposite to Des Brisay \& Co.'s somewhat blur the display, and make reproduction impossible.

One of them is a display of tea and other package goods, neatly arranged in small piles on the floor of the window. In the centre of the background, the figure of a man is shown ready for the scaffold. Around his neck hangs a placard: " Hang the man who doesn't know good tea and where to buy it."
The other display was a general one, various groceries being arranged on the window floor. In the centre, a tall, white monument bore the inscription: " Erected to the memory of a lost dollar which could have been saved by buying your goods from us."

It is not often that so many A Timely grocery windows in Toronto Winduw Display. are devoted to the display of the same line of goods as is the case just now. Almost every grocery store has one or more windows deyoted to canned goods, especially canned
vegetables. This fact is interesting, as it emphasizes the attention that is being generally given to these goods just now, and shows that grocers are taking more interest in their windows. Some very effective displays are shown. A good one is shown on Yonge street, just below College. The plate-glass front comes to within an inch or so of the floor of the window, which is fully two feet higher than the walk outside. About three feet from the front two brands of canned corn and one of vegetables are shown in the boxes which they came packed in. Two rows of boxes, one on top of the other, were shown. Un top of these three pyramidal piles reached to fully five feet from the floor. In front of the boxes three piles, one of sardines, one of salmon and one of baked beans filled up the space between them and the window front. Price tickets were used. On all but the two referring to the corn merely the price and the name of the goods were given. One of the corn tickets read: "Good Corn, 9c." ; the other, " Finest Corn, Ioc." Another excellent display that I noticed included, in addition to canned goods, bottled catsup, red cabbage and pickles. The floor of this window was about six feet long and less than three feet deep. It slanted towards the front, having a total fall of over 10 inches. The canned goods shown were peas, corn and tomatoes. Each of the three was shown in a separate $V$-shaped pile, the apex of which was at the front, and the bases of which met at the back. The piles stood about three feet high at the base. The spaces between these piles were partly filled by small circular piles of the bottled goods. Price tickets were attached to all goods shown.

John S. Pearce \& Co., seed dealers, London, Ont., have been succeeded by Fred. J. Darch and John W. Hunter, under the style of Darch \& Hunter. Both of the members of the new firm are practical seedsmen, Mr. Hunter having been 25 and Mr. Darch 15 years in the business.

## BUSINESS CHANGES.

difficulties, assignments, COMPROMISES.

P.J. SHIELS, general merchant, Lyndhurst, Ont., has assigned to John - Cawley, Athens, and a meeting of creditors has been called for November 4.
W. S. Russell, cigar manufacturer, Berlin, Ont., has assigned to C. S. Scott.
S. B. Annable, general merchant, Russell, Ont., has assigned to A. P. Mutchmor.
A. J. McLean, general merchant, Manitowaning, Ont., is offering to compromise.
Alexander J. McDonald, general merchant and fish dealer, Seaside, N.S., has assigned.
The estate of Samuel Ritcey, ir., general merchant, Ritcey's Cove, N.S., has been reconveyed to him by the assignee. partnerships formed and dissolved.
D. Shelby \& Co., traders, Montreal, have dissolved.
C. B. \& B. E. Hilchie, general merchants, etc., Tangier, N. S., have dissolved.
Partnership has been registered by Lacombe \& Gilardeau, bakers, Montreal.
Dill \& Dalgleish, general merchants, Mount Forest, Ont., have dissolved. R. P. Dalgleish will continue.
Joseph O. Bernier, Mendoza Langlois and Joseph A. Bernier have registered partnership under the style of Bernier \& Langlois, merchants, Montreal.
sales made and pending.
R. A. Snedden, flour dealer, etc., Almonte, Ont., has sold out.
G. A. Hetherington, general merchant, Luskville, Que., has sold out.
The assets of A. H. Wood \& Co., cigar manufacturers, Montreal, are to be sold.
The stock of J. O. Fontaine, general merchant, Papineauville, Que., has been sold.
The stock of Mrs. J. B. Dixon, grocer, Quebec, has been sold at $61 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. on the dollar.
T. \& H. Caldwell, general merchants, Orchard, Ont., are selling out and leaving that place.

The business of George B. Seely, grocer, Şt. John, N.B., has been closed out by bill of sale.

## changes.

J. C. Richards, grocer, Victoria, has sold out to J. F. Rausch.
Patrick Hogan has registered as wholesale fruit dealer, etc., in Quebec.
W. J. Marshall, fruit dealer, Manitou, Man., has sold out to D. L. Paulin.
The Rossin House Cigar Store, Toronto, has sold out to W. B. Ross, of London.
Wm. B. Campbell, grocer, Leamington, Ont., has been succeeded by G. A. Fox. P. Young, general merchant, Vittoria, Ont., has been succeeded by Harry Gustin.
S. McCormack \& Son intend closing their general store in Lucan on December 1 .
M. E. Riley \& Co., cornmeal millers, St. John, N.B., are increasing the capacity of their mill.

Rochon Bros, general merchants, Wilson's Corners, Que., have removed to Hintonburg, Ont.
C. F. Davies, confectioner and fruit dealer, Strathcona, N.W.T., has sold out to Sullivan \& Mortimer.

> deaths.

Joseph Maheux, soap manufacturer, Quebec, is dead.

Settlers continue to flock to the Northwest and the demand for farm lands continues particularly good for this season. Sales in some cases are double those of the same time last year.
Got Off Easily. - " When I asked for a rise, I told my employer I had grown grey in his service." "What did he say?"
" He said that if I had worked anywhere else I probably would have got bald.'

## an attractive window DISPLAY.

To the firm of J. H. Chapman \& Co., dry goods dealers, must be accredited great praise for having arranged a most attractive and unique display in honor of Londen's company of the Canadian contingent.

The west window in the elegantly appointed store of the company, at 126 and 128 Dundas street, contains a miniature camp. A sentry, dressed like a veritable Tommy Atkins, parades to and fro in front of a military tent that is supplied with all the accessories of such a one on the camp field. Flanking the tent are pictures of the Queen, the Prince of Wales, and a "What we have we'll hold" bulldog. Stacked rifles, belts and coats scattered here and there, give a touch of realism to the scene ; the low background has a unique mirror effect that largely increases the depth of the view. while above and at the rear are many well-displayed flags.-London News, Oct. 25.

## SITUATION VACANT.

$\mathrm{G}^{\text {ROCERY }}$ manager. DEPARTMENT BUYER AND well trained, with ability to take charge of a large and growing business. Apply to The Robert Simpson Co., Limited, Toronto. $\begin{aligned} & \text { (44) }\end{aligned}$

REPRESENTATIVES WANTED.
W ANTED - REPRESENTATIVES IN MONT.
White Wial and Toronto to sell
Wit the trade Concentrated White Wine Vinegar Eng tish Manufacture) one part Con. centrated Vinegar to four of water. Address "Vinezar,"
care of The Canadian Grocer, Montreal or Toronto. ${ }_{4}$.

## FLEISCHMANN'S

 HAS NO EQUAL.

ARE YOU A BUYER of
Hardware, Metals, Paints, Oils, etc.?
prop a Post Card, if you wish it, and we will were and Metal, the leading authority on these trades. Addaress
The MacLEAN PUBLISHING CO., Limited, Roard of Trade, MONTR FAL.
26 Front St. West, TORONTO


## BUY

## Star Brand

COTTON CLOTHES LINES COTTON TWINE

Cotton Lines are as cheap as Sisal or Manila and much better.

For sale by all Wholesale Dealerì See that you get them.


WASHING
MADE
EASY..
For sale by Grocers articles keep clean and wear longer.
Half the labor in half the time, and no rubbing to wear out the clothes, bett and cleaner washing with a soft smoo
articles keep clean and wear longer. articles keep clean and

QUEEN CITY OIL COMPANY, Limited
samuel rogers, President.
toronto ont.



## Do You Handle <br> Brantford Starch? <br> A trial shipment will convince you there is nothing better, purer, whiter, in the market. <br> ${ }^{\text {tre }}$ Brantford Starch Co., Lmmect BRANTFORD, ONT.



## Most

Excellent Coffee


A pure, high-grade berry at a popular price.
Trial Order Solicited.

## Well

## Dressed

## Windows!

Like well-written ads, pay only when they succeed in attracting attention of the buying public.

Secure a copy of the latest book on "Window Dressing for Grocers," by American experts. Contains $5^{2}$ designs, a change every week for a year. Gives full information on how to trim a window. Sent post-paid to any address on receipt of price, $\$ 1.00$.

## S. W. CARSON,

45 Hillside Ave.,

## THE MANITOBA

Produce \& Commission Co. WINNIPEG, MANITOBA Limited

Wholesale dealers im

Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Fuils, Cued Meads

PICKLED, DRY AND
SMOKED FISH

Consignments and
Correspondence Solicited.

Cocoanuts by the Carload.

Did it ever strike you to sell your lady customers the pure cocoanuts? They will grate it themselves. There is a good pound of meat in every cocoanüt. You can sell it at half the price of prepared cocoanut. Try one sack as a sample.

## OUR REGISTERED BRANDS OF CIGARS: <br> " 18 K" and "PALATIALS" are sellers.

They give vou a good profit and your customers good value.
ASK FOR PRICES.
The Macpherson Fruit Co., winnipeg, MAN.


## TRADE IN OTHER COUNTRIES THAN OUR OWN.

the raisin crop in California

ALETTER from Mr. M. Theo. Kearney states that before the rain raisins were being shipped from Fresno at the rate of 45 to 55 cars per day, the shipments up to October 17 amounting to 600 cars. This only covers raisins that had been paid for. Continuing, Mr. Kearney says

- We fear that the wet weather coming upon us at this time in the season will induce many growers to sell such of their raisins as are not well cured to the wineries, and, of course, there is not likely to be any attempt made to pick any more grapes for raisins this season. We are inclined to think, therefore, that our estimate of 2,800 cars for this season's crop may fall materially short, how much less than that it is impossible to make figures, well-informed people varying their estimate to the extent of 500 cars.'
canved salmon in london.
There has been little or no alteration in salmon, the demand being insignificant, and holders recognize the imprudence of forcing sales. Some sizes-notably $1 / 2 \cdot \mathrm{lb}$. tinsare in poor supply, and it is anticipated that the present stock will be quite inadequate to meet the demand until the new pack arrives.-Grocers' Journal, October 14.


## NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES.

A few hundred barrels of new crop cane juice have arrived on the levee at New Orleans and they sold at prices ranging from 46 to 53c. The local market has been quiet but steady. The purchases made have been of a hand-to mouth character, as the trade has been disposed to hold awaiting the new crop, which is expected to come on offer in the near future; prices have been unchanged.- New York Journal of Commerce, October 28.

## VALENCIA RAISINS IN LONDON.

The sales of Valencias continue to be abnormally heavy, and there is ample evidence that they are not only being bought by grocers, but are also going rapidly into consumption. This is, of course, largely due to the fact that the new fruit has been shown much earlier than usual, and contributory causes have been their good quality and comparative cheapness as compared with other competing foods. There is a considerable falling off in the shipments, and prices show a decided advance, which appears to be perfectly justified ; it is to be hoped, however, that values will not be forced down to unreasonable limits, as undoubtedly a very large proportion of the ordinary Christmas trade in this article still
remains to be done. Up to the present there has been no advance in the stoned fruit, which is being offered below the level of the market, but there must necessarily be an alteration shortly should the advance in unstoned fruit continue. - Produce Markets Review, October 21 .

## TEA IN NEW YORK.

The feature of the week was the auction sale held on Wednesday. The offerings were moderately large, but they were absorbed at prices showing a good under tone to the market. The volume of line business transacted has been moderately large, as the interior trade has continued a buyer, although the purchases made have been confined largely to such supplies as have been needed to meet current wants. Dealers have shown no disposition to hurry sales, with the result that the business transacted, particularly in the lower grades, has been at full values. There has been some trading in the market for invoices and at fairly full values. -New York Journal of Cornmerce, October 28.

## tapioca tending upward.

A New York paper of October 27 says - The tendency of the tapioca market is upward as a result of the active demand, particularly from the West, and the small available supply. Sales of medium pearl were made on the spot to day at $33 / 4$ to $37 / 8 \mathrm{c}$., and for arrival on the Pisa, which sailed October $6,33 / 3 \mathrm{c}$. was paid for 25 tons. For November-January sail shipnient $31 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. is asked for either fine or medium pearl, and per October steamer that price is demanded for the latter. Most of the stock coming is said to be controlled by strong hands.
canned goods in the states.
The situation of many articles in the line of canned goods is at present reflecting the advantage of reputation and impression on the minds of the people in general. It is very observable that consumers, and even retail distributers, obtained impressions during the season of the condition of supply to demand, and if these opinions can be sufficiently influenced in the early part of any season it is safe to calculate that such a belief will continue to impress those who have had it, although the market conditions may change entirely before the season closes. This season's pack of 1899 in many varieties illustrates the strength of these opinions and the truth of this assertion. Because all the world believes we were to have a deluge of tomatoes, the habit of that thought has almost become an
instinct with many parties throughout the country. In the same way the impression naturally got abroad in the Spring and early Summer that the Eastern peach crop was entirely destroyed by the February low temperatures. Both of these beliefs have turned out to be only partially well founded.

Tomatoes have not been an excessiy crop when the whole country is considered and peaches, on the other hand, are proven by the statistics of the receipts to be something more than half of last year's crop in quantity. -The Trade, Baltimore.

## MOCHA COFFEE.

E. S. Cunningham, American Consul at Aden, makes the following report on Mocha coffee exports to the United States
" Some time since a prominent merchant of Aden called my attention to a paragraph in an American newspaper in regard to Mocha coffee and its use in the United States. The paragraph contained this sentence : ' Indeed, there is practically no genuine Mocha coffee in our market.' This statement is quite unjust to American importers of the genuine Mocha coffee direct from ports of Arabia. As appears from the invoice books at this consulate and the consular agency at Hodeida, there have been invoiced for exportation to the United States during the year ending June 30, 1899 , 32,156 bags ( 160 pounds each- $5,144,960$ lb.) of Mocha coffee, I should think it but reasonable that at least 5,000 bags which are first shipped to Europe finally reach the American market without being mixed with inferior coffees.
" Doubtless, Mocha is mixed with cheaper coffee in Europe to a great extent, and is shipped to the United States as Mocha coffee ; but it is hardly possible that an importer who buys his coffee at an Arabian port could get anything but genuine Mocha or Harrar coffee.'

## COFFEE IN NEW YORK.

Continued firmness has been experienced in the market for Brazil grades, and prices have advanced slightly. The principal bull factor has been large movement of coffee into consumption, both in the United States and Europe; in fact, this movement has reached sufficiently large proportions to lead many of the local trade to anticipate a slight reduction in the world's visible supply during the month of October, an unusual If occurrence for the season of the year. The Brazil markets have continued firm at prices above a parity with those ruling locally. Europe has continued to be reported as a good buyer, and it also has been stated that fairly large purchases were made in the Brazil markets for the account of Arbuckle Bros.-New York Journal of Commerce.

## ATTENTION! <br> TEASTEAS

## TEAS

We have them in stock now :

> 200 Boxes Superbly Choicest Paklin Congou 200 Boxes Superbly Rich Paklin Congou 200 Boxes the very Richest Paklin Congou 400 Boxes Specially Selected Paklin Congou 200 Chests Indian Teas 300 Chests Ceylon Teas 500 Half-chests Saryune

This consignment is one of the best Money-Makers that will be offered to the trade this season.

ASK FOR SAMPLES-OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.

# L. Chaput, Fils \& Cie,., Montreal 

## HOW GREAT BUSINESSES ARE BORN.

AMASS of knotty, dusty waste, full of sticks and leaves, pierced cocoons, and dead silkworms. " Fit to be chucked away, and nothing else," said the silk manufacturer, as he stood looking at this pile of
unsavory waste.
What was his astonishment then when his companion, Mr. S. C. Lister, remarked that he would not mind giving a halfpenny a pound for the lot! "Take it, and welcome," said the man of silk. Mr. Lister had it carted off to his wool mills at Manningham, and there entered on the long series of experiments which, after bringing him to the verge of bankruptcy, ended by founding one of the biggest and nost remunerative businesses the world ever saw - the manufacture of plush. To give some idea of the pluck of the man, he was no less than $£ 360,000$ to the bad at one time.
Britain owes very much of her prosperity to the invention of steel. The present development in that direction is due more to Sir H. Bessemer than anybody else. It was in 1836 his great discovery of making steel by passing air through liquid iron revolutionized the iron trade and started one of the biggest businesses in Britain. The price of steel went down at onçe over thisty per cent. Within thirty days of his readiug the paper announcing his discovery, he received $£ 27,000$ from ironmasters for licenses to use his process. He granted these, and then regretted the step, and bought them back for $£ 31,500$. A good thing he did so. It paid him many times over in the long run.

The whole of the town of Reading, with a population now of about 70,000 , depends directly or indirectly on the giant firm of Huntley \& Palmer, the
biscuit manufacturers.
What Answerite is there who has not eaten of the dainty products of the immense factory which stands alongside the Great Western Railway? All this tremendous business, which is now capitalized at two and a half millions, owes its origion to the Palmer who, some sixty years ago, had a little shop in the town where he used himself to make one special kind of biscuit, and sell this delicacy from a tray to travelers on their way through the town. There are now no less than seven Palmers at the head of the great concern.

Many other big businesses have owed their origin to the possession by their founders of some special recipe - Lea \& Perrins, for instance, the wealthy proprietors of the famous Worcester sauce. Many people now alive can remember the
little chemist's shop in the High street, which was all they owned before they began the manufacture of the well-known relish.

Mr. Thomas Holloway's famous pills were the result of a recipe given by an old German woman to his mother. They were a failure at first, and their youthful manufacturer was thrown into prison for debt. When he got out he started a shop in the Strand, began advertising, and never looked back.
In the same way the secret of Day \& Martin's blacking was imparted to them by an old soldier who strayed one day into their little shop and asked charity. They were good to him, and, in gratitude, he gave them the recipe which has made their name known the world over.
Twenty-two years ago the idea of an Australian cricket team visiting these shores was not even mooted. That such an innovation would cover expenses, let alone pay, was

## MORE THAN DOUBTFUL

It was the proprietors of a small restaurant in Melbourne who decided to risk their entire savings in the cause of sport. They did so, and who will deny that Messrs. Spiers \& Pond deserve the success which has since attended them? The company, at the head of which is F. W. Spiers, is capitalized at considerably over a million, and supplies its customers with anything, from a suit of clothes to a beefsteak.
When a youngster will take the trouble to walk three days on end to look at some beds of tulips and rhododendrons it is quite evident that boy ought to make gardening his business. He did, leaving his father's business of corn factoring and milling, and to-day the
name of sutton \& sons
is familiar to every Briton who has a garden, whether at home or in the colonies, and to most of our American cousins into the bargain.
The country at large owes very much to the development by Mr. Martin Hope Sutton of the humble but ever-useful potato. It is due to him and his firm that the devastating potato disease is no longer the fearful danger it was when it ravaged these islands and caused the awful famine in Ireland in 1846.
This attempt of Sir Thomas Lipton to " lift" the cup is not his first experience of America. More than thirty years ago, when a mere lad of fifteen, he emigrated to the States. He took any work that came to hand, and by dint of infinite care and patience eventually amassed $\$ 500$ ( $£ 100$ ). With this he returned to the Old Country
and took a little shop in Glasgow, which he stocked with great care, and proceeded to advertise by means of gigantic colored cartoon posters hung outside. He slept in the little back room and toiled early and late. His $£ 100$ gradually became $£ 200$. He opened another shop. To-day, as everyone knows, his shops and brandes are numbered by the score. And he can afford to spend $£ 70,000$ to $£ 80,000$ in an attempt to regain for his country the cup that has been lost to it for
almost half a century.
Everyone has read with interest of the recent maiden trip of the biggest liner in the world-the Oceanic. This 20,000 ton floating palace was built at the yard of one of the biggest shipbuilding concerns in the word, Messrs Harland \& Wolff, of Belfast, Mr. E. J. Harland was born 68 years ago at Scarborough. His father, though a doctor, was himself a good deal of a mechanical genius. In 1827 Dr. Harland invented and patented a steam motor-car, which worked to admiration.
Young Harland showed his bent early. He was always hanging around the yard, watching the wooden East Indiamen being built. His father apprenticed him at Robert Stephenson's works, where he worked 14 hours a day for a very small wage. He got on so well that at the age of 18 he was got on so well that at the age of 18 he was entrusted with the building of a locomotive. Then he invented a wonderful lifeboat,
which was taken up by the Duke of Norwhich was ta
thumberland.
After a turn in the Glasgow yards, where he watched the early Cunarders being built, he went to Belfast as manager to Mr. Hickson. There he had most exciting times, for the manager he had succeeded had been very popular with the hands, who all struck very popular with the hands, who all struck plucky they all took to him, and soon he set up for himself.
He began increasing the length of ships, and building them with flat bottoms, taking fish as his model. So great was his success that the White Star gave him all their work. It was for them he turned out the first Oceanic in 1871. She, like the present ship, was the

> marvel of her year.

Lord Armstrong's name is one to conjure with amongst the steel workers of the civilized world. Few are aware that this mighty mechanic began life as a lawyer. He might have stuck to the law for life if he hadn't gone fishing one day. The fish were not rising, and Mr. Armstrong sat and were not rising, and Mr. Armstrong sat and
looked at a "force," as they call them in the North-a waterfall tumbling over the the North-a waterfall tumbling over the
rocks in front. The amount of powe1 $/$ ). rocks in front. The amount of powery
wasted there occurred to him, and suddenly wasted there occurred to him, and suddenly there dawned on him the idea of thing to make him known as a great engineei. The fame of this remarkable appliance has since been overshadowed by his wonderful guns. The gun he invented in 1859 was 57 times more accurate than any then in use, and enormously more powerful.Answers.

House, Horse, Scrub № Stove

## BRUSHES

are distinguished for their LASTING qualities-due to the manner of their construction and the excellent quality of the materials used in their manufacture.

They are, without doubt, the very BEST on the market.

DEALERS! Are you fully stocked with Brushes of our make? if not, write for samples and prices to

## ,The E. B. EDDY C0., Limited

HULL.
MONTREAL.

| Quebec, | Hamilton, | Kingston, | London, | St. John, N.B. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Halifax, | Winnipeg, | Victoria, | Vancouver, | St. John's, Nild. |

# HOW DO YOU STAND IN CANNED GOODS? 

Can we supply you with any of the following: ask for our prices.

## PEARS

ı с cases I.C.B. Flemish Beauty, 3 lbs.
20 " " Bartlett, 3 lbs.
24 " " Bartlett, 2 lbs.
40 ". Lakeport Flemish Beauty, 2 lbs.
${ }_{15}$ " Bowlby Bartlett, 3 lbs.
50 " Bowlby Bartlett, 2 lbs.

## PEACHES

25 cases Simcoe, 3 lbs.
69 " Simcoe, 2 lbs.
50 " Bowlhy, 2 lbs.
18 ". I.C.B. California, 3 lbs.
44 "" " Canadian, 3 lbs.
29 " " Canadian, 2 lbs.
18 " Log Cabin, 3 lbs.
18 \& Dunmore, 3 lbs .
50 .. Garden City, z lbs.

## STRAWBERRIES

64 cases Simcoe, 2 lbs.
50 " Log Cabin, 2 lbs .
20 " Log Cabin, 3 lbs.

## BLUEBERRIES

8o cases I.C.B., 2 lbs.
48 " Eagle, 2 lbs.

## APPLES

397 cases Lakeport, gallon.
87 " Lakeport, 3 lbs.
40 " I.C.B., 3 lbs.

## CORN


272 cases Extra Cooked. 50 "، Garden City,

## CUR/V

272 cases Extra Cooked.

2 cases Bowlby, White, 2 lbs.
20." Bowlby, Red, 2 lbs.

## PLUMS

2 cases Schenk, Lombard, 3 lbs.
38 " I.C.B. Lombard, 3 lbs.
" " Egg, 3 lbs.
" " Greengage, 2 lbs .
18 ". Fancy Blue, 2 lbs
47 " Garden City Lombard, 2 lbs.

## RASPBERRIES

7 cases Log Cabin, red, 3 lbs.
47 " Lakeport, red, 2 lbs.
25 " " black, 2 lbs

## PUMPKINS

35 cases I.C.B., 3 lbs.

1,500 cases Victoria.
800 " Simcoe.
969 " Boulter.
360 " Union.

## PEAS

400 Early June, Log Cabin.
196 Early June, I.C.B.
185 Sweet Wrinkle, Queen's
34 Petit Pois, French, Simcoe, I lb.

## BEANS

65 Refugee, Log Cabin, flat tin.
65 Golden Wax, Log Cabin, flat tin.
65 Refugee, Simcoe, tall tin.
55 Golden Wax, Simcoe, tall tin.
50 Refugee, Red Cross, tall tin.

WE ARE PREPARED TO GUARANTEE EVERY TIN OF ABOVE CANNED GOODS.

## Laporte, Martin \& Cie.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

## UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN SALMON PACK.

REVIEWING the salmon situation, The San Francisco Trade Journal says: There is no canned salmon for sale outside of Puget Sound sockeyes and humpbacks or pinks and Alaskan reds, medium reds and pinks. It is said that the pack of the latter is larger proportionately than it was in 1898 . All the Alaskan salmon is sold outside of the Alaska Packers' Association and that held by The Pacific Steam Whaling Company to meet their immediate spring call. The purchases outside of Alaska are largely from second hands, and even the supply obtainable from the latter appears to be about exhausted. We have withdrawn all quotations outside of the varieties now obtainable. The receipts of Alaskan at this port are about 950,000 cases, with 450,000 cases yet to come forward to The Pacific Steam Whaling Company. There have been received at Astoria from Alaska 21,000 cases, and at Puget Sound ports 56,000 cases, so say reports. This makes a total of $1,067,000$ cases of this year's pack in Alaska. There were packed in British Coiumbia 679,600 cases spring and about 40,000 cases fall. Total, 719,600 cases. On Columbia river the spring pack was 273,500 , and the fall pack is placed at about 50,000 cases. Total, 323,500 cases. On outside rivers in Oregon and Washington, 105,000 cases. The Puget Sound pack is placed at 514,000 cases sockeyes, 30,000 tyees or chinooks, 238,000 humpbacks, 7,500 cohoes, making a total of 850,000 cases. To this more cohoes will be added to end with chums, so that the pack on Puget Sound will not be less than 900,000 cases. The above makes a grand total of 3,114,600 cases. This total is subject to later returns, all of which will be given by canneries in our special cannery edition, but it is near enough correct to make no difference as to the final outcome.'

## FEATURES OF A MODERN STORE.

Markdale's business men appear to be enjoying the present prosperity of the northern part of Ontario, and, judging from the enlargement and improvement in the several stores in their smart town, they are not hiding their lights under a bushel. First, one notices on the main corner, what for years was considered the mart of the district, W. J. McFarland \& Son's large general store which they have now enlarged to a floor space of 25,000 square feet. Some idea of the embellishments of this big concern may be arrived at when we learned that to light the building required 1,025 square feet of plate-glass window, while 60 electric jets illuminate it at night. The
building is heated throughout by steam cash-carriers traverse the store; a chinaroom alone, in the basement, is $34 \times 70$ feet. A new department, and a very convenient one, is a well-furnished waiting-room with a ladies' lunch-room opening off it, and, conveniently situated, are wash-rooms and lavatories, so closely has the head of this firm considered the convenience and comfort of his customers. Though well advanced in years, and a very busy man, Mr. McFarland always takes time for details.

## A GROCERY PAPER'S THIRTIETH BIRTHDAY

The American Grocer, New York, has been celebrating its 30th birthday, and has marked the occasion by issuing a special number. The American Grocer always appears neat and attractive, but it has surpassed itself on this occasion. The cover is a decidedly striking and handsome piece of work, the reading matter reflects much care and wisdom in preparation, the illustrations are many and interesting, and the arrangement and display of the advertisements should be a source of gratification to the advertisers. The Canadian Grocer begs to wish The American Grocer many happy returns of the day.

## SOAP WILL RISE.

The following, from The National Provisioner, while intended for a United States constituency, may not be uninteresting to Canadian readers: "An increase in the cost of raw material naturally presages an increase in the price of the article manufactured from it. This increased price of the manufactured article must follow the increased cost of the raw material. On this basis soap must rise in price, especially soaps made from animal and vegetable oils. These materials have increased in price from 25 to 80 per cent. over their cost a year ago. Common shop fat has risen from $11 / 2$ to $21 / 2 \mathrm{c}$. per pound, tallow has gone up from 3 to $51 / 2 \mathrm{c}$., and all other animal greases have risen in proportion. Cottonseed has jumped from $\$ 6$ per ton the first week in October of last year to $\$ 13$ per ton quoted last week in Sherman, Texas. Texas crude oil has risen from 13 to 20 c . for the same dates. Oleo foots and cottonseed foots which go into the common soaps and all other soap stock from animal and cottonseed oils must, therefore, go up in price to the manufacturer. He is then left the alternative of either raising the price of his goods or of making a cheaper product -faking his brands. No reputable factory will consent to this latter alternative. As there is no immediate prospect for a lower market for raw material, there is the inevitable raising of the price of soap to the jobber, and hence to the consumer."

## Empire Smoking. Tobacco

Ask your wholesaler for a sample caddy of

EMPIRE

## at 36 <br> cents

5, 10 and 15 cent Plugs
Big Plugs
FOR
Little Money

Empire is a fine, cool smoke, and is sure to please. It is the largest, cheapest and best in Canada.
$* * * *$

Made by the

## EMPIRE TOBACC 0 CO., untres

Granby, Que.


## PURE FRUIT JAMS are what your customers want.

## A little higher in price? Yes!

 but then, they are
## SOUTHWELL'S

FRANK MAGOR \& CO., 16 St. John Street, MONTREAL. Price List on Application.

Agents for Canada.

## FIFTY-EIGHT YEARS AGO



BY AUTHORITY
J. D. CARR, the founder of the present company of CARR \& CO., LIMITED, was appointed, by special warrant,

## BISCUIT MAKER to H.M." THE QUEEN

This warrant we still hold.
Some of our Present Specialties are:

CARLISLE, ENGLAND.
FRANK MAGOR \& CO., 16 St. John St., Montreal.

| CAFE NOIR | FINGER CREAMS |
| :--- | :--- |
| CAFE AU LAIT | GINGER FLAKES |
| WINDSOR WAFERS | CRAOKNEL |
| VIENNA WAFERS | LEMON CREAM |
| DERBY | ROYAL, ETC. |

Current Market Quotations for Proprietary Articles
ke , and largest, da.

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is a great se at a low pric at least. Sa

| and puckages Variety Guun (with book in each box) <br> 150 te. pieces. Banner Gum(English or French wrap- <br> pers) 115 le. piece. Flirtation Uum (English or French <br>  <br> Mexican Fruit, 365 c bars.............. <br> Orange Sappota, 15010 pieces. <br> Black Jack. 115 1c pieces. <br> Magio Trick (English or French <br> wrappers) 115 le pieces.. <br> BISCUITS. <br> peek, frean \& co. <br> Metropolitan mixed ........ 49 lb tins 10 c . Florence Wafers <br> 8 lb tins 36 c . 8 lb tins 36 c . <br> Florence Wafers .... swail tins $\$ 3.70$ per do carr \& co., limited. <br> Frank Magor \& Co., A gents, <br> Cafe Noir......................... Ensign.......... Meropolitan mixed <br> Special price list of Fancy Tins for |  |
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EXTRAOT8. per doz Dalley's Pure Fruit Extracts, $21 / 2$ oz.
bottiles, all flavors........... 8200
Dalley'




 GELATINES.


E. T. STURDEE Mercantile Broker Manufacturers' Agent, ST. JOHN, N.B. ETc., ETc.

Wholesale trade only.

## "Daisy Fruit"

is a great seller. It is a good Fruit Biscuit at a low price. You should have a barrel at least. Samples and prices on application.

THE HOME CAKE CO.
बUELPH, ONT.

## W THE BEST <br> PICKLE PACKAGES PAINT PACKAGES and <br> SYRUP PACKAGES <br> are manufactured by <br> The Wm. Cane \& Sons Mfg. Co., Limited <br> Newmarket, ont. <br> BOECKH BROS. \& COMPANY

Toronto, Ont.

## DON'T PAY FREIGHT ON WATER

CONCENTRATED GRAPE WINE VINEGAR, best and most economical Vinegar made. One gallon Concentrated makes $25 / 27$ gallons Standard VinegarGreat saving in weight and freight. Write for sample.

## Agents-

W. H. SEYLER \& CO.

118 King St. East, TORONTO
Agents for HEINRICH FRANCK SOHNE \& CO.
German Chicory, Coffee, Extracts and Essences Ludwigsburg, Germany. Flushing, N.Y

## BUSINESS NEWS

of any kind that is of value to business men supplied by our Bureau. We can give you market quotations from any town in Canada, reports from the city markets, stock news from any Canadian paper through us. Write us, giving us particulars of what Wou want and where you want it from, and We will quote you prices by return.
"Clippings from any Canadian paper on any subject.' $\qquad$
The Canadian
Press Clipping Bureau, 505 Board of Trade Bldg.
Telephone Main 1255. MONTREAL


## Cow Brand Baking Soda

is still growing in favor with housekeepers all over the Dominion. Rich and poor all use it, and write us letters of appreciation of its quality, September averaging 31 letters each week.
JOHN DWIGHT \& CO., TORONTO, MONTREAL,
victoria, b.c., halifax, St. JOHN, N.b., St. JOHN, Newfoundland, quebec.

## WHEAT MARROW

SATISFYING FULLY, RECUPERATING QUICKLY, DIGESTING EASILY

The best properties of Choice Winter Wheat are given in this article. Ask your grocer for a $2-\mathrm{lb}$. package.

## Manufactured by <br> THE EXPRESS ROLLER MILLS

WM. MACK, Proprietor.

CORNWALL, ONT.

## MDISDDN

INDO-CEYLON TEA.

## THE BEST STORY

to tell the grocer, the one which he is most anxious to hear, is, do your goods sell.

Monsoon is a first-class seller. You can give your customers nothing which will satisfy as well.

If you are not taking advantage of the opportunity these goods give of getting a name for handling the best, it is your own fault.

THE MONSOON TEA CO.
Toronto and Montreal.

indurated fibre ware.



Fibre Butber Tubibi isoi ibisi)
Neald or 3 .i.
$\xrightarrow{\text { Milk Pana }}$

Barrel Oovers and Trays.
Railroad or Faoctory Pails.
JAMS AND JELLIVS
JAMS AND JELLLIES.
sOUTHWELL's GOODS. per Frank Magor \& Co., Agents.
Orange Marmalade Olearg Melly Marmale....
Strawberry W. F. Jam. Raspberry

| Apricot |
| :--- |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Black Currant } \\ \text { Other Jama, W. F. }\end{array}$ |

Black Currant
Other Jamb, W. F.
Red Currant Jolly
Red Currant Jelly 11 ....ies giass pots
All the above in 1 ib. olear


 | Raseberry, strawberry. |
| :---: |
| $\begin{array}{c}\text { orange, lemon, vailla, } \\ \text { pineapple, cherry, calves }\end{array}$ | pineapple, cherry, calves

foot and grape fruit,
doz. cases, goc. per doz. p. g. icinas. Chocolate. 2 doz. cases Lemon, white, pink, canary and Kerneline
2 doz. casee, 81.00 per doz. T. UPTON \& CO
Raspberry, Strawberry, R

 14-lb. wood pails, per il
30-1b. .........
LICORICE.

 "Aome" Pelleta, 5 IIb, cana, per cann. per box....................... ib .
Tar, Licorice and Tolu Wafer
 "Purity" Licorice, 200 stick Dulce, large cent sticks, 100 in box Wetheg's Condensed, per gross, net $\$ 110$
 MUSTARD.

In Jars-

 F. D. $1 / 1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. tins. fRENCH MUSTARD Crown Brand-(Greig Mfg. Co.)



Dalley's Mustard, bulk, pure, per 1b. in
Dalley's Mustard. $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. tins, 2 doz. in
Dalles' M Mustard, $1 / 4 / \mathrm{ib}$. tins, 4 doz. in ${ }^{2}$ case, per doz.........................
Dalleys Superfine Durham Mustard


1/4 ib. glass tumblers.................
Jerseen Butter Color, 2 oz. bili, per oz.
 Celery salt, 20 or. btlis, sil. topg, s er doz
Curry Powder, 2 oz. bottles, silver tops. per doz.................... 1
ORANGE MARMAYADE. T. UPTon \& \& co.
 Siver Pan, ${ }^{\text {disene, per doz ............. } 130}$
PICKLES--STEPHENS,

PICKLES--STEPHENS


 STARCH. EDWARDSBURG ETARCH OO., LTD.
 Canada Laundry
Gilvar Glogs, 6-1b. draw-iid bores
Silver Glogs, 6-lb. tin cannisters.. Siver Gloss, 6.1. tin canisters... Kegs Silver Gloss, large crystal
Benoon's Satin,
i-lb. cartong... No. 1 White, bbls. and kegs..
Benson's Enamel, per box...
 Canada Pure Corn
Edwardsburg No. 1 white, 1 -lb.cart. 009
Edwardsburg No.
Blue, 4 White or THE F. F. DALLEY 0 o.
Boston-Laundry, 40 pkgs. to box, per
package ..................... $00^{1 / 2}$


 BUMERB



## $1 / 2$

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 WCMULOX
STARCH Celluloid Atarn-
 Olllnery Satarch-Chal.








Tiger Stove Polish, $1 / 4$ gros boxes, large,
per grose, $87.20:$ small, per gross, 84.50.



Ceglon Tea, in $1-1 \mathrm{lb}$. and $1 /-1 \mathrm{lb}$ lead package


Terms, 3 per cent. off 30 days. Ceylon in lead package
 RHM1 LUDELLA OEYLON,
AND $1 / 2 \mathrm{~s}$ PEGY.

 TOBACCOS.
 Louise, ${ }^{\text {Onewing }}$


 WOOL SOAP.
Wool soap, 100 10-oz. bars to box ... 8775
Wool soap, 100 6-oz. bars to box...
45 WOODEN WARE.
$\qquad$
 SDeoial Ciobe...
Solid Back Globe

## Matohes-

$\underset{\text { Telegraph }}{\text { Telephone }}$




1 (wax stems)...... $3_{2}^{2} 25$
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Washboards, Leader Globle...


THE CANADIAN GROCER

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are always wideyivatice and ready to fill your order for any quantity of Baskets Quality wio beste

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THE DOMLNION BANK
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Fine JAPAN RICES

## dAPAN CLAOE

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 GPLMBLE A Co. Ethted London, N.W., Eng.

## the round reacting washer

## A staiovy First-amass Mgornwe. AT A REASONAELE PRtó.

Most Efficiant
A Quick Soller
Mo other machine sa easily operated
Closed in treepins suds hot and preventing escape of vapor into the room.
We commend these mach: ines to the trade

Spet for licice yad circulaes
THE DOWSWEL MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED, HAMIHTOF, OKT:

Is Honest Goods and Just the Thing on Which to Make or Extend a Business.

The Best Crocers make a point of Keeping it always in Stock.

## FANCY LINES <br> .. of.. <br> MONEY-MAKERS

ypecalaly selected for the
Sinemal Store Trade
Christmas Novelties
.. in ..
GERMAN CHINA
ENGLISH FANCY POTTERY
AMERICAN GLASS
Our Opal Decorated Lines beat them all.

## Gowans, Kent f Co.


of great value to you and your store

EVERY - PACKAGE - OF - WETHEY'S - MIN MEAT-YOU-SELL-IS-A-SPLENDID-BUSIN - BRINGER - FOR -YOU - BECAUSE - THE-P CHASER-OF-THIS-MEAT - IS - A - SATISFIf BUYER-AND-CANNOT-HELP-TALKING-ABOUT -IT-AND-WHERE-IT-WAS-PROCURED.

Your Wholesaler Can Supply You.
J. H. WETHEY

Sole Manufacturer
ST. CATHARINES, ONT.

## Crosse \& Blackwell, Limited

PICKLES, SAUCES, MALT VINEGAR JAMS and CONDIMENTS KIPPERED HERRINGS ${ }_{\text {tomato or shrimp Sauce }}^{\text {to }}$
C. E. COLSON \& SON,

CHAS. F. CLARK, President. ESTABLISHED 1849. .BRADSTREET'S...

Capital and Surplus, $\$ 1,500,000$.
Offices throughout the civilized world.
Executive Offices: Nos. 346 and 348 Broadway, New York City, U.S.A.
THE BRADSTREET COHPANY gathers information that reflects the financial condition and the controlling circumstances of every seeker of mercantile credit. Its business may be defined as of the merchants, by the merchants,
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TORONTO OFFICE : Cor. Jordan and Melinda Sts. THOS. C. IRVING, Superintendent.

Montreal.
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