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## In Memoriam.

A. V. T.

## I.

Drop low, O Dastern sky, and weep, Frist let thy rain-lears fall 1
For 'neath thee on the green, to day
Is sprend a [uneral pall.
Weyond the seas are smitten bearts, Low, bending 'neath the rod.
For there a heavg stroke of pin, Falls from the hand of Goxi.
A sudden cry of sorrow, swells Along the batte plaid,
A thousand solditers of the Lord, Deep mourn a Jeader slain.

Dróp low, O Westem sky, and weep, Fast let thy raintears fall,

- For to ? the griefolloud wastward sprends And breaks above us all.


## II.

Above the skies a soul is bome, And list! the angels' song
Swells sweeter as the spirit soars, To join the sainted throng.
And those who ages past endured
The martyrs' pain and loss,
With shouts of gladaess welcome one, Who dies beneath the cross.

The King of kings and Jord of lords, Entlironcl in wortds of light, Recelver a amint belored whose death Is precious in His sight."
Joy. $\ddagger$ joy 10 brave enduring soul Thy toll was richly blest,
Thy sheaves are garnered, rest thee now, Swect toll and blessed rest!
Ballevilla, Ont.
Idm Barea,

## Work among Women in Bengal.

The Indian Evangelical Review in an article on missions in Bengal in 8884 , speriks as follows of Zenana work:
"The number of Christian ladies devoted to this branch of labor is increasing year by year. The principal features of this department in 1884 are the increase of voluntary workers amongst the Bengali Christian ladies: and their organization ibto associations of their own, and the growing facilities for Bible work amongst the women, not only of the higher classes who are closely confined within the Zenanad, but also among the still more numer-
ous and poorer classes who are not so strictly seclided. To show the rapid developement which is proceeding, it may be remarked that two ladies alone have nearly 500 houses in regular and systematic visitation. If there were only suitable persons available in sufficient number in the native Christian community, the work of Bible. women might be almost indefinitely increased, Many restimonies are given to greater curiosity to possess; as well as to be acquainted with, portions of God's Word:

## Subsidence of Obstacles.

## BY ARTHUR T. PIERSON, D.D.

No results wrought in modern missionary history more startlingly attest the hand of God than the subsidence of. opposing syistens which leaves the Gospel tides to flood the sinking land.
When the brig Thaddeus, with her seventeen mis; sionaries, cast anchor of the coast of the Havaiian group' how little that band of workers knew how God bad prepared the Hawaiians for their approach 1 He had gone: before them, and the old king was dead, the idols burned, the old pagan faith flung away as worthless, and the first death blow struck at the tabu system. Here was a people without a religion; the isles were waiting for His, law!

We talk of McAll's wonderful work in France. But the fields were white for the harvest when he crossed the Channel. Boucbard, Reveillaud and others, disgusted with papacy and priestcraft, were already, with Gambetta, protesting against clericalism as the fae of France, and forsaking Romanism as the ally of ignorance and super stition. They were but the voice of a people rising in a new insurrection of thought and a nelv resurrection of conscience, after a thousand years of bondage and burial. Skepticism was the reaction from the atheism of Voltaire, and the people that can no longer feed on ashes.are asking for the bread of life. And so the Gospel is flooding France, not so much because the tides have risen higher, as because God has let the continent below their level.

These are but instances out of hundreds, furnished by modern missions, of colossal barriers gradually or suddenly subsiding to $/$ ging Gospel floods and tides,

The fullness of the the has surely come-for the last great crusade against tite powers of darkness. Every: thing seems ready and ripe. Within the memory of those now living the doors of the continents have been thrown open or uhhinged by the giant power of God. About fourscore missionary societies now are enclosing the world in. 3 id n network of connected effort. Ner: did such opportunity offer before. The strong walls lie prostrate and we have orly to march straight on, and take the strongholds. The Word of God is in almost every tongue, as though the Pentecost miracle
were crystallized into permanence, and multiplied into university. Immense wealth lies in the coffers of dis: ciples, sufficient, were a tithe of it laid on the altar of God; to furnish" all the funds needed for the evangelization' of the world; a vast host of disciples, needing only organization and consecration, to carry dismay and defeat to tho allied powere of tho world and Satan. Time and space are practically annihilated, and all nations neighbors. In addition to all, the volce of the Lord rings out of the midst of the shining cloud of His Providence, bidding us "Go forward !"
For what are we waiting? With the threefold inspiration of our Saviour's precepts and promises, Divine Providence going before us, and Divine Grace working with us, the eyes must be blind that see not the sigas of the times, and the ears deaf that hear not the call of God. The duty of bearing the good tidings to the world is both instant and constant. It is the first-and last command of our risen Lord, the first and-last need of a dying x world, the first and last condition of a true vital piety :Christian at Work.

## The Power and Work of the Holy Ghost.

A paper read by Mriss Frith at the January conference of Canadian Baptist Afrissionaries at Samulcotta, and pubished by request.
"Apd behold I will cond tho promiso of the Facher upon you; bat tarry yo ln the City of Jorusalco until yo bo clothed with porer from on HIgh luto 94: 49.
Jesus had already told the disciples before His death that He would pray the Father and He would send not a Comforler, but another Comforter, who would abide with them forever.

He, from the time He came up out of the wilderness into Galilee in the power of the Spirit, had been their beloved Teacher, Comforter, Companion and Friend; but now He must leave them, and that is not all, He tells them of all they shall haye to endure for His sake. They would be hated and persecuted, have sorrows and afflictions, and many of them would even be put to death ; but the Holy Ghost would be their Guide and Leader; and would teach them "all things" "guide them into all trufti" and bring "all things to their remembrance," whatsoever He Himself had sald unto them. He is no stranger, "you krow Him, He dwelleth with you and shall be in you." "He shall receive of mine, and shew it unto you; and shall shew you things to come." With all these precious promises the loving and sympathetic Saviour comforted His sorrowing disciples. In their state of anguish it may have been difficult for them to apprchend all their Master was telling them and to believe it possible that any other beside Jesus would be able to comfort or help them in such times of distress. To them His words may have at the time seemed speculative and impracticable, as it would appear they are to us very often; but this same Comforter anterwards helped them and many since, to sing praises to God even within the prison walls. He also helped them to stand boldly before kings, rulers, councils and to leave their presence rejoicing that ihey. were counted worthy to suffer shame for the sake of their Lord and Master, and to be made partakers of His sufferings that "the Spint of glory and God might rest upon them."
Paul, in His frrst Epistle to the Thersalonians, commended the church for having been followers of thena, and of the Lord; and said they had "received the word in muck affliction with the joy of the Holy Gho'st." So
we believe, the Comforter became not only to tho apostles, but also to the churches practically a source of comfort and joy,

Now that Jesus had already fully explained to them who the Comforter was, and what His mission would be in them and in the world, He, before His fnal departurt to the Father, charged them to tarry in Jerusalem until they had been clothed with His power; and He , the Saviour promised after the Holy Ghost bad come upon them, that they should be witnesses unto Him "bolh In Jerusalem, and in. Judea, and in Samaria, and unto the uttermost parts of the earh,."
The disciples, wo would imagine, ought to have been already without this power very well equipped for the work for which they had been chosen: They bad been called and designated by the Lord Jesus. Himself, so that with the exception of Judas, no mistake had been made as to whether they were the right persons to carry the gospel even into the uttermost parts of the earth. They also had the advantage of which even Paul could not'boast, of having been, for three years, under the lovingpersonal influence and teaching of Jesus Himself. From Him they had heard and received many lessons, and had seen suct mighty works wrought by Him, that one of them afterwards wrote: "If every one of thit things had been written which. He did even the world itsolf could not contain tho books that should be written.". They had learned upon His bosom, sat at His feet; had seen His miracles, and also His glory, when "His face did shine as the sun and His raiment was white as the light." Ah! They had seen His agony too in the garden, when." His Soul was exceeding sorrowful even unto death." "They: had witnessed His sufferings and death on the cross, and were with Him again'after His resiurrection'\% and doubting Thomas, that his faith might be strengthened in the risen Lord, had had the privilege of putting his finger on the prints of the nails and thrusting his bands into the pierced side. We ask what more coula possibly be required of the servants of the Lord and ambassadors of King Jesus. They had received no college or university training, and probably still wore their fishing costumes which. no doubt many of our ordaining councils of the nineteenth century would object to and so consider them unfit for the ministry, although they had been with Jesus Himself, and had been taught by Him three whole.years; tut Jesus, from other motives and for other reasons, considers the disciples, whom He has taught, still unfit for the great work of proclaiming the gospel to all the world. They had not yet been filled and clothed with the power of the Holy Ghost; and until they had been they are commanded to wait in Jerusalem. Even Jesus Himself did not enter upon His ministry without this enduing. We read of Him returning in the "power of the Spirit into Galife."
The call to service, the consecration of ourselves, our wills, our affections, our talents whether many or few; our time, our strength, and our all, whatever it may be, is necessary; to be with Jesus,' to love 'Him; and be loved by Him; to lean upon His bosom as John did; or to sit at His feet like Mary, is a preparation we all need and must have if we would be successful laborers in the vineyard of the Lord - To go to the wilderness to be tempted by the satme one who tempted our Lord, may. be a part of the preparation for work and a means Cod uses very frequently while Giting men and women for His services. Years of training by the best teachers our Christians colleges and universitles can afford is good and useful ; but all these preparations aro inefficient and are not complete of themseives, and over them all must be
wom the mantle provided for the seivants of the Lord in the Holy Ghost, without which our Captain has given no marching orders to any, no matter what their qualfications may be.

It was sald of the kings, rulers, princes and captains who wese chosen and appointed by Jehovah that "the sptrit of the Lord came upon them." It was upon Saul until he was refected by God for bis disobedience, and the spirit departed. It camo upon David when he was anointed king by Samuel. It is said of Jeptha."The Spirit of the Lord carme upon him, and he passed over Gllead and Manasseh ; and passed over Mizeph of Gilead; and from Mizeph of Gllead he passed over unto the children of Ammon" and he slew them. Job out of the fullness of his heart exclaimed "I am full of matter (or words) tand thy spinit within me constraineth me." And Micah said "Truly I am full of power by the spirit of the Lood, and of judgment, and of might to declare unto Jacob his transgressions and to Israel his sins. ${ }^{n}$ The word of the Lord by the mouth of an angel unto Zerubabel was "not by might nor power, but by my spirit saith. the Lord of hosts." Simeon, a just and devout man waiting for tho consolation of Israel, had the Holy Ghost upon him, by whom it was revealed to him that he should not see dealh before he bad seen the Lord's Christ. And aged Anna, a holy and good woman, like Simeon, had sapctified ears and eyes so that when she saw tho babe in the mother's arms she recogoized Him to be the long promised Messiali;-. It was when Peter had been filled and clothed with the Holy Spirit that he preached that memorable sermon when three thousand were pricked in their hearts, and cried out "What must we do to be saved, "-Ho and John being full of the spirit were able to: reason writh the-rulers of the people, and elders of Israel; when they saw their boldness and perceived that they were unlearned and ignorant men they marveled and took knowledge of them that they had been with Jesus." When the number-of believers grew and the apostles found they were not able to do all that was required of them, they gave the church orders to look dut among them "seven men of honest report, full of the Holy Ghost and wisdom" whom they would ordain. And of Stephen, one of these seven, it was written that "they were not able to resist the wisdom and the spirit by which he spake." of Bamabas, we rend that "He was a good man full of the Holy Ghost and faith, and much people were added unto the Lord."

These are a fev of the many mentioned in the Word of God, whowere mighty because they were under the influence of the Spirii Was there anything that could stand before this power then, and is there to-day? He has not stepped down out of the place assigned Him that other powers may take-His place in these last days, no, sinneri are now as they wore then, convinced in respect of sin, righteousness and judgment by His power, and many men:whose names are familiar to us have had the spirit: of the Lord upou them, and by Him have been mighty in leading precious souls into the way of salvation. We are comforted and our heirts made glad in the midst of numerous trials and afflictions, by this ever present Comforter. There is no danger of thinking too much of Him and by doing so, thinking less of Jesus, nor is there danger of giving too much honor to Him. But there is a dangés, and it is utterly a fault among all Christiang I fear, and 'Jesus must be grieved as well as the Holy Spiri, that we do not try to realize more than we do His presence among us continually; and that. He is wating to do the work wo commit to Him. He works with us and the Word. We depend ôn each other. The Spirit works
through the Word and through uis. He never changes, neither does the Word; but we do and God's work is hindered. The Holy Spirit cannot fill our hearts so that from us would flow streams of living water, If we do not believe in His ability to do so. Neither will be clothe uis with His power in opposition to our wish. It was when Mr. Moody sought His power and obtained it that he was the means of bringing his tens of thousands to Jesus. Dear old Mr. McPbail who labored so long in Easterm Ontario, but now is at rest, was a man full of the Holy Ghost; and it milght be sald of him as of Barnabas, " and many were added unto the Lord.".

Are there not many whose names are familiar to each one of us whom we know from their lives and works were, or are, men full of the Spirit? What can we say of Judson and Carey, of Moffat and Livingstone, and many others who have gone to the uttermost parts of the earth? We believe Mr. Day and Dr. Jewell, our first missionaries to the Telurgus, were sent here in the fulness of this same power. Wo also know that Dr. Clough, who has been the honored instrument in God's hands of bringing his thoutands, has the power of the spirit upon bim. Ten years ago Mr. McLaurin came to Canada, and others followed him and bave settled in tho diferen't stations that wo now occupy in these two missions; and what shall we say of them? Let the 1700 souls who have been redeemed from heathen darkness and idolatry speak ; and; in addition to these, those who have gone hume and are singing in the New Jerusalem above also speak, and they would tell that the Holy Spirit had manifested His power in those who are with us. But we are not satisfied, and will not be until, like Jeptha, we have gone over the whiole region of country which the Lord has committed to our charge, and have fought with and slain all the false religions and isms that oppose the religion of King Jesus, and have seen an end of idolatry and auperstition from Orissa to the Kistma river. Is it $t 00$ much to expect, to hope, and to pray for ? No. It will be to us according to our faith, for nothing is impossible with God, and He has promised that the idols He will utterly abolish. The Spirit Himself maketh intercession with groanings that cannot be uttered, and helpeth our infirmities, while we pray that such may speedily be accomplished.

And now, my dear brothers and sisters, have we to day the power it is our right and privilege to bave? Are we filled with the Spirit? Are we now endued with power from on High ? Are our workers, whether preachers, teachers, colporteurs, or Bible women, men and women full of the Holy Ghost ? Are our churches walking in the love of Christ and in communion with the Spirit? If so, may we not expect this year a great ingathering of souls? If we have not this power to-day present with us, or if we have it not in the measure we ought to have it, let us seek it, for without it we are helpless. If Jesus were talking with us today as He talked with His disciples nearly nineteen hundred years ago, would He say to us ". Youknow Him $)^{\text {" I }}$ I think He woula ; but would no doubt reprove us for not knowing Him a great deal more than we do. We seem to know Him as we do some one whom we do not quite trust, and hare only a litte faith in, or as if we were afraid of offending Jesus if we were to be intimate with the Spirit whom He Himself intended should be our leader, our helper, companion, and associate. Oh l let us seek to become personally acquainted with Him, and to bo led, guided, filled and clothed upon by Him continually. May our hearts and ears be so sanctified that we would be able to understand Him when He speaketh with us, and when He leads us,
as He led the apostles and directed them where to preach and with whom to speak.

When we are in trouble or distress and find ourselves helped and comforted by some unseen One, we at once think of Jesus as being the source and the comforter, and so He is, directly or indirectly, but has the Comforter no part in this blessed work? If not, then Ho has falled to fulfill a part of His work in the world, which would be impossible. Ho has and is accomplishing the work the Father gave Him to do.
And now,-may the God of hope fill our hearts with joy and peace in believing, that we may abound in hope through the power of the Holy Ghost.

## OUR INDIAN STATIONS.

## Cocanada.

## LAST WORDS.

There is almays a sacredness attaching to the last words of departed riends, but read in the "light of after days" the following letters, brought to us by the mail nearly four weeks after the electric flash had told of the writer's denth, are peculiarly touching and doubly sacred.

MX̀ dear Mrs. Freeland.-Here is a little letter for the Link. Brother McLaurin is here. He is not well, sick with fever and planning to go atway for a sea voyage. It makes me feel lonesome. I do hope that Mr. Craig may be back by the ist October, and that a new missionary may come. Pray God to put it into the heart of a good man to come to this work. There is a great deal of interest in all parts of our Mission Field.. I verily believe a thousand would be baptised this year could we do the work. Oh it is glorious, but where are the reapers? The girls ate doing nicely. I am trying to get a suitable matron. There are 49 girls in the boarding school. Mrs. Timpany has not been well, but is better now. Mary is well. I am well, save when I overwork and give the slumbering fever a chance. Our English School is doing well, very well indeed. With much Christian love to you all.

> Yours truly, A. V. Timpany.

## For the Link.

When 1 went to Akidu for the December Quarterly Meeting, there went with us on the boat one of the nicest of the Akidu girls to be married. She was married on Christmas day, and before we left Akidu went to her home in Lingampad. We came back to Cocanada, had our "Week of prayer" and made ready for going to our annual conference at Bimlipatam. We missed the steamer we expected to go on, and had to wait a week for another. During the time one day Mr. McLaurin came into my room and told me that Nellie bad fallen into the well at Samulcotta and been drowned.
This Nellie was one of the nicest of Mrs. Archibald's girls, and had been married only a few months before to Subaraidu a senior student in the seminary. We all felt her loss keenly. As Mr. McLaurin was not well I buried Nellie the next morning in Cocanada. A litele after I came home, the mail came in bringing a letter which told me that Susanna was dead and buried. She had died in Lingampad fifteen days after her marriage, of fever, the Colair fever, 'the same which carried of Thomas Gabriel, and which I have had more or less for the past five years.

It would seem as if the girl had had a warning of What was coming. She would not come from the girl's quarters till our daughter Mary went and brought her away. She was a nice bright yourg woman, and would have been a blessing had she lived. She was the pick of the Akidu girls in our school. You can hardly realize the loss it is to us here to give up women like Nellic and Susanna. The first especially was well cultured and promised to be a power for good. God knows what is best. His will be done.
A. V. TIMPANY.

Cocanada, Feb, 6th 1885.

## Chicacote.

## LUTCHEE'S NOSE-JEWEL

All Hindu women wear nose-jewels. Among their many ornaments theseare the nearest and dearest.
Three are usually worn-one on the outer edge of each nostril, and one, the largest, handsomest, and most valuable, on the central ridge. This is sometimes a pearshaped pendant reaching to the edge of the upper lip; sometimes a gold ring of such size that it must be removed when eating.

If these jewels be laid aside for a time, the holes are kept distended with bits of straw. These stúbbly noses have a very funny appearance.

Nose-jewels occasionally add to a Hindu woman's beauty. They never fail to add to her vanity. To people born and bred in western lands the practice has a swinish look. We ring swine, however, not to indulge them in selfishness but to cure them of it.

On first coming to India I waged righteous war againgt nose-rings. , There was one woman, howeyen'who would not ior love or money remove the obnoxious bit of gold. If she ladd it away someone would steal it, she said. As it was, it was always under her eye-and, she might have added, under her nose, where she specially desired it to be.

But winged fortune flew my way one day, and the ring disappeared. How, I will tell you; where, I don't know any more than you do.
The woman who refused to remove her nose.jewel was not a rich woman. She was very poor ; and this, perhaps, accounts for her love of a gold-tipped nose. She was one of those low-caste women who are known as tutchees, i. e., sweepers. Her occupation was sweeping and dusting the floors, furniture, \&c., of the Mission House.
Though poor, Lutchee was very polite She never forgot her manners. Her salutation of "Salaam, Babu," was almost the first sound that fell upon my ears on rising in the morning. She made her salaam in a queer, half-frightened way, and invariably finished up by bringing her hand down from the forchead to the right eye, rubbing it with the ball of her thumb with a halfecircular movement that was very ludicrous.
Lutchee's pay was small, and she had to be exceedingly frugal in her diet. She used to cook and eat ber mid-day meal in a conveniently screened corner of the back veranda! In passing I surprised her there many times, and so came to know pretty well how she fared. Her usual dish was a small pot of rice and the water in which it had been boiled, eaten with-a few green chillies or onions for. relish. Sometimes she would indulge in a bit of fish:or vegetable.
But Lutchee did not live by such food alone. The largest, if not the most delicate portion of the table scraps, gravitated naturally to her through the .medium of the
table boy and cook. These were to her the good things of this life. Often have I seen her exploring with great gusto the sadory mystery of a pudding dish or drawing her long, mahogany finger alternately around the inside of a soup chattie and across her muscular tongue. But much as Lutchee loved these honied licks and smacks, sho loved her nose-jewel more. Yet, sad to relate, her fondness for the one resulted in the loss of the other.
One day Lutchee, having performed some trivial service in the codt-house, received a cold meat bone as a reward ; and, belng ignorant of the use of plates, knives, and forks, she selzed it in her hand and came toward that corner of the yeranda where she usually concealed herself when feeding. "But the bone was savory and Lutchee was hungry. She began to gnaw it tenderly.
Now, it happened just at the instant she was closing her white teeth upon the choice morsel, and admiring at once the flavor of the meat and the gliter of the nose-jewel-as it reposed upon her projecting upper lip-it happened just at the instant when the bone and the jewel were in contact, that one of those large hawks, so common in India, sailing overhead caught sight of Lutchee and her prize and with one fell swoop carried away the bone out of her very mouth.
When Lutchee at length recovered from her astonishment and fright; she heaved a sigh of regret for the bone, rubbed her right eye with the ball of her thumb, and pro: ceeded to adjust her nosering. It was gone !
The hawk; attracted by its brightness, had made the gold pendant his aim and carried it clean off with the bone I That he took it nobody doubts. What he did with it nobody knows.
Lutchee has no ornament in her nose now but a bit of straw, but-shonever indulges in a bone without a sharp cye for hawks.
J. R. H.

## THE WORK AT HOME.

## ! Ontario and Quebec.

## -TO SUBSCRIUERS.

Please look at your label and renew promptly. The label gives the date when the subscription runs out.

## TO THE CIRCLES OF ONTARIO.

As it is very important that the Foreign Mission Circles should clearly understand the nature of the work which our Woman's Society has undertaken in Indła, 1 am'pleased to be able to say that the Board has ordered to be publisbed a number of leafets giving this information in a clear and concise manner. This leaflet has been prepared by Mrs. Freeland, the President of our Sociely. Copies of it have been sent to the Secretaries of all she Circles in Ontario for distribution among the members, and also among the women of our churches. If any: should be overlooked, or should fail to receive these from any cause, the omission will be at once rectified on applying to me.
C. E. Rose, Cor. Sec.

Address:
Mrs. H. J. Rose, 11 Gerrard Street West, Toronto.

Mr. Tinpany's last illness must have been very short, as lefters from Mrs. McLaurin and Miss Frith, dated February 13th; make no mention of it. Particulars may
be looked for by next mail, and probably before the LiNk reaches its readers all that there is to tell will be known. Mr. McLaurin had sailed for Burma on the 13 th ; therefore a few women and the Telugu Christians would be all who were left to bury their dead and "hold the fort." We bellevo that God, who is a very present help in time of trouble, would give them strength equal to their day.

The Secretary of the Foreign Mission Board has. received offers from five men and one woman for service In India. May the Lord open the hearts of His peoplein the churches to supply the money necessary for the sending forth of, at least, two of these this year. "How shall they preach except they be sent $\mathrm{T}^{\prime \prime}$

## UNION MERTING IN TORONTO.

The Women's Home and Foreign Mission Circles of the Baptist Churches in Torunto held Union meetings in the Jarvis SL. Ctrurch, on the afternoon and evening of March 10.
These meetings carefully and prayerfully planned and looked forward to with hope, proved even more interesting and useful than was anticipated. The afternoon meeting was convened at four o'clock After Scripture reading by Mrs. Arthur McMaster, President of the Wo: men's Home Mission Society, and prayer by Mrs. Alexander, came encouraging reports from the various Mission Circles, and several addresses. Mrs. Castle spoke earnestly of the need of union in Christian work. Mrs. Rose sketched the bistory of Modern Missions, and Mrs. Newman gave a vivid idea of the vigorous beginning and well defined purposes of the lately formed Women's Baptist Home Misslon Society of Canada.
Mrs. Freeland spoke fittingly and with deep feeling of Mr. Timpany's personal character, work, and relations to our Foreign Migsionary Society.
Mrs. Humphrey emphasised the personal responsibility of Christian women, and the duty of real self-sacrifice, in order that the Gospel may be given to the sad and degraded women of India.
The following resolution was moved and adopted :
"In the recent unexpected death of Rev. A. V. Tim-pany-at Cocanada, a great bereavement has fallen at once on his own family, the Telugu native Cbristians, his fellow-laborers in the mission, and the Baptist Foreign Missionary Society of Ontario and Quebec.
We recognize in the event the mysterious doings of an Infinite but All-wise and loving Disposer, to whose will we reverently bow, imploring His grace that we may prosecute the great work to which our fallen standard bearer devoted his life with increasing consecration and selfsacrifice. In tendering to our beloved sister, widowed in a heathen land, our purest and deepest sympathics and in committing her and her little ones in our daily prayers to the keeping of Him who visited the sisters of Lazarus, we ourselves mourn with her in the loss of.her devoted husband, whom we shall ever remember as the organizer of the Women's Foreign Mission Circles in this province.
Resolved.-That a copy of this minute be forwarded to Mrs. Timpany, and published in the Link and Cartadian Baptis?
The evening meeting was public, and the Sunday School room was well filled. Rev. J. W. A. Stewart spoke upon Woman's Work for Missions, Rev. Alexander Grant depicted the need and prospects of the Home work, and Rev. Jno. Craig made a brief and earnest appeal for helpers on the Foreign field now left so nearly destitute.

Both meetings were pervaded with a warnith and earnestness that was more than fieeting enthusiasm. We felt a presence with us inspining a glow and purpose that will abide to strengthen our hearts for future service.
We-saw too; more clearly, the inter-dependence of Home and Foreign Missions "The field is the world." The work is one.
E.

Bloor STreet, Toronto :-On February 14 th, a new Mission Rand (Willing Workers) was organized in connection with the Bloor Street Baptist Church, and the following officers were elected for the year. Miss Evans, President; Miss Cowan, rst Vitc-President; Miss C. Stark, and Vice-President ; Miss L. Stark, Secretary ; Miss Boyd, Treasurer. It is the intention of the Band to support a student at the Samulcotta Seminary, and to induce an interest in missionary work among the young people.

Lottie Stark, Sec.
Poplar Hill Ont : We organized a Mission Circle here at the and Lobo Church; March i2th.
Our membership commences with twelve, and more promise to join next meeting.
Officers elected-Mrs. Campbell, Pres. ; Mrs. McPherson, Vice-Pres.; Miss Pegg, Treas.; Mrs. Davis, Sec.
Four Solicitors.-Misses Maggie Paul, Jessie Ladell, Jennie Paul, Annie Grey.
The ladies seem quite enthusiastic over the work, and enter into it "heartily as unto the Lord."
March 17thi.
S. A. Davis; Sec.
W. B. F. MISS. SOCIETY OF EASTERN ONT. AND QUE.

The quarterly Board meeting was held in the parlor of the First Baptist Church on March 3rd. The-corresponding Secretary read letters from several of the Circles, and stated that missionary leaflets had been sent to all the Circles, for reading at the monthly meetings. It was decided to send some tracts every second month. It was thought very desirable that the Circles should make use of the valable books which the Rev. John Craig has placed at our disposal. The Treasurer reported only $\$ 106.00$ having been received since the Annual Meeting, so that we were unable to make the usual appropriations. ,She was instructed, bowever, as soon as the amount was received to forward the money due on Miss Frith's salary. Mrs. Frank B. Smith read a very interesting letter from Miss Frith, which was sent with her half yearly statement.
The hearts of all presentwere saddened at the recent news of the death of Mr. Timpany, and the great loss which our society has thus sustained. Part of the time of the meeting was devoted to special prayer for Mrs. Timpany in this great trial, and for some one to be raised $\mu \mathrm{p}$ to go out to India. The corresponding Secretary was instructed to write to Mrs. Timpany and enclose the following resolution :-
"It was with deep sadness and regret that we heard of the death of our missionary the Rev. A. V. Timpany.
-We feel that our society has sustained a loss that can never be made up, as it was to his zeal and perseverence; that the organization of our society was due. He was with os at the first to encourage and instruct us in the work. He has always been our adviser, inciting is to greater efiort, by his belief in the work which Christian Women have yet to accomplish, in helping to evangelize the world We desire to express to Mrs. Timpany our sincere sympathy with her in this hour of sorrow; in some small measure we too grieve for one who was much be-
loved for his works' bake. We look to our Heayenly Father, who has seen fit to call His servant home, to ful. fill His gracious promise, and sustain and comfort those who mourn ; and will continue in prayer that the burden which Jay so heavily on our dear, brothers heart- the: salvation of the Telugus-may be rolled upon others. who will go out with the same zeal and love to preach the Gospel to those who bave never heard it." On behalf of the Board.

## A: MUIR, Gor: Sec::

Change or AdDress-After the first of Mayy Miss Muir's address will be 1460 St: Catharine Street.

## Maritime Provinces.

Miss Wright and. Miss Gray; the young ladies: recently sent out by the W. M. A. Societies, arrived at Bimlipatam on the 3rd of January, just two months after leaving Halifax. S, J. M. writing on-woman's work in the Messenger and Visilor, says of these sisters :
A short tume ago do were deploring having no missionary supported directly by us, and were considerably discouraged at the prospeet. How rauch better "God has been to us than all our fears." . Letters have been received from our sisters at different points on their voyage, all speaking of a prosperous journey and bright anticipations of future usefulness. . $\ldots$. . These dear sisters' are our representatives among the heathen ; but. they cannot do our work. This remains for each one of us at home, not only to give our money for their support; but our daily earnest prayer, that the Holy Spirit may accompany them and assist in acquiring that most diffo cult language, $r$. Think how many weary months of toil before they can utter one sentence in, the Telugu language of the graclous message they have gone so iar to carry!-oh ! let us pray that God may open tho hearts of our ignorant, benighted sisters, to hear their word and accept the Christ they offer.

We also may greatly encourage them by our words. It would cost each of us bus litue time and effort to write them once in three months, and yet what a source of strength and encouragement it would prove to those homesick, tongue-tied ones to know from our own words tbat we thought of and prayed for them.

Mrs M. F. Caurchill writes trom Truro, Nova Sco-tia:-Truro hias been enjoying a very gracious revival for two months past. Mectings every evening and more than 200 have professed conversion. 0 how we have en. joyed the mectings; and the opportunity of pointing ex-: quiring souls to the Lamb of God who taketh away the $\sin$ of the world, while in our home land. . The influence of these meetings will remain with us in all our foturo years of work and discnuragement in India, if the Lord permit our return to our loved life : work, and we bless Him that He has so blessed our town daring our visit home:

O how sad were our hearts when the news of our dear brother Timpany's death reached us-sad for ourselves, sad for our poor Telugus, but sadder still for our surviving lonely sister in Indla and the fatherless children, the one cry of our hearts for days was "Lord Jesus comfort and uphold the stricken ones, and send some one to take up the work, so suddenly laid down by thy faithful, never tiring servant""

A few days ago we went over to New Glasgow. A small church has been gathered there, a small but nobie band of workers in the Lord's vineyard. Thoy have not
much of this world's goods, but have a mith to work, and such always succeed. Mr. Churchill preached to them on Sabbath moming, and spoke on missions on Sabbath and Monday evenings. There are only about 30 resident members in the chutch, but a W. M.A. S. of eight members was formed, and six new subscribers for the Link obtained, and good collections given at each meeting.

One litue giri felt so anxious to do something for the poor heathen children that she came bringing her "Chistmas: present" "a gold dollar, and gave to us to help carry the Gospel to them. We would like to trace the influencts set'at worls by this gift, both on the littlo girl' herself, and on those to, whom it was sent. Perbaps in Heaven we may be pemitted to do so.

## Important Questions.

"How shall weintirest all the sisters of the churches f" "How shall we'therest all the churches ${ }^{\text {" }}$ are the everrecurring questions in our work. Surely, we may bring to our aid every agency that is right and good, and among others is a social influence that may formulate itself into sisterly visiting. Let each circle appoint from quarter to quarter or balf-yearly some of its number as a visiting committee, from whom every sister in the church shall receive, not an official, professional visit, but a geniuine, social, church call that ahall bring the giver and receiver into nearer Christian relations to each other. The work of the church; its mission work, and the news from our missions will naturally cnough form a part of the conversation ; and you may be sure that the ladies who visit will have some message to bring to the next missionary prayer-meeting, some new faces will be among you, and a'new cord of sympathy will be felt drawitg together those who before this have folt themselves person: ally strangers, perhaps. Many of us, may never have known the feeling of the "stranger,"-these have been" spared the reading of one of life's dseary pages,-there are many who do know it ; many may bave long been with us and yet not have felt themselves "of us." Reach out to every such possible one cordlal bands and bearts in greeting. Thorough, loving church visitation will help our work for the perishing beyond the sea.

An associational committee can greaty aid the secretary in, visiting among the churches. Not always is it best to ask for a meeting at which we may "talk to the sisters of missions," but go to some sewing meeting, Sab-bath-school gathering, or other assembly of the sisters where you may gecure a litule time for telling them about the: work that God is doing by women for women in heathen-lands; and can you find on our home field a church in which there is not some heart responsive? If the church be weak, eriter into its burdeng and discouragements, and encouragement will come back to you and the cause you plead. Thorough church visitution and thorough associational visitation will do much tó bring our : work into the beart sympathy of all our sisters and all our churches. May the day of this precious' Result be hastened !-Helping Hand.

## A Good Idea

In the Helping Hand a friend writes: "We have had three basket meetioge of our own mission circle Wo carry our supper, with a napkin, cup and spoon (boardingschool fashion); and only tea or coffee, sugar and milk are provided by the hostess. : . . This plan does away with any burden of dish and napkin washing. Last week, after we had our meeting, I read to the ladies from "Pagoda Shadows," while they sewed. It works well."

For the Children-Uledland his Substitutes.
The poor Africans are much abused, and often treated as if they had no noble elements of character, and were more like! animals than men. Mr. Stanley tells a story which shows quite the contrary. In his heroic journey across Africa with his faithrul band of followers, he arrived at Mowa, on the Congoriver, sad, weary and anxious; for they bad little left, and their supply of beads and cloth for buying things of the natives was nearly used up. He. was therefore much distressed, one day, to discover that a large bag, had . been opened, and nearly all the beads stolen l and still more grieved to find; on enquiry; that the culprit was Uledi, the coxswain of the boat-a brave, generous man, much beloved by the others, several of whom he had rescued from drowning.

A council was called to determine what should be done to the man who had committed such a crime, and at such a time, when the lives of all depended on these stores. "It is a hard case," said Manwa Sera, when urged to give his views on the maller ; "for this is Uledi, whom we all love; had it been another, I would have said we should biang a great stone to his heck, and pitch him into the river. But it is Uledi; let him receive a thorough flogging, to deter others from repeating the crime." Many agreed to this, and cried out for "flogging." Then Stanley turned to the boat's crew, and said, "Now, you boys, who know Uledi so well, and have followed him through a hundred rough scenes, speak, what shall be donc with him ?" Mpwapwa, one of the most reliable and steady men. replied: "Well, Master it is a hard question, Uledi is like our elder brother; but I think he: should be beaten-only, master, for our sakes, beat him just a lilithe/" Another, who had, special reason to be Brateful to the culprit, assented to this, but added touch-: ingly, "Remember, it is Uledi." Shumari, Uledi's younger brother, a kind-hearted boy, was next appealed to, and, after pleading earnestly, concluded by saying, "But please, master, as the chiels say he must be fogged; give me half of it; and knowing it is for Uledi's salice, I shall not reel it." Last of all, the question was put to Saywa, his cousin, who threw himself at Stanley's feet, and said, "The master is wise : all things that happen. he writes in a book. The master forgets nothing. Perhaps if he looks in his book he may see something about Uledi : how he saved many men : how he worked harder than any; how he has been the first to listen to your voi e always; how he has been the father of the boatbqys. Uledi is my cousin. If, as the chiefs think, he must be punished, Shumari says be will take half the punishment, then give Saywa the other hatf, and sel Uledi free." Stanley could not but consent to these touching requests, and said; ". Uledi, by the voice of the people is condemned; but as Shumari and Saywa have promised to take the punishment on themselvies, Uledit is frece/" and feeling unable to punish the two substitutes, added, "Shumari and Saywa are pardoned." Uledi, on being released, came forward penitent and humbled by the conduct of the two generous hearted boys.: "It was the devil which entered into Uledi's heart. Uledi will be good in future ; and if be pleased his master before, he will please his master much more in time to come."
> "Thus Jeaua took tho sinner's place, To sot the ainner freo:
> And God provided, by Hin grace,. A qustituto for' mo.
> Then, Lord, roloased from Satan's power, In bumble, joyiul love,
> Help mo to servo Theo overy hour, My gratitudo to prove."

## Sister Belle's Corner.

## (For the Littte Folks who read this Paper).

Dear Boys and Girls.-Our bearts have been made very sad since I last wrote to you. Dear Mr. Timpany has been taken away from the work he loved so well in India to rest in God's beautiful home. While we know he is perfectly happy now, the dear wife and hitte daughter left mourning in the far-of land, the children here so long parted from their loved father, the work left with nobody to fill the. empty place, these fill our hearts with sorrow. 1 know you will pray often for God's help and comfort for those who need it so miuch in this great trial, and that God may soon send another missionary to the feld now ready for harvest.
Here is a little hymn about our work:
If you know that Christ, the Muster, Stood without and called your namo,
Listoning atill to catch your answer, Watching for you till you came ;
Would you lot Him call unheeded, While tho days and months wont by ?
Turning still deaf ears towarils Him All umminillul of His cry !
Siater, Cbrist is calling to thee, Hear Him sayinig "'hovest thou mo?
"Canst réturn me now no kindness For my woo on Calvary ?"
But your oyés perchanco aro blinded That you do not know your King.
And your ears are dall of höaring While thoso pleading accente ring!
You bay "'Iis tho voice of itrangers, Those who have on me no claim."
'Tis no stranger's voico, beloved, Christ, our Mlaster, calls your name,
For you surely hear the summonsMany tongued the voices beFrom the forvid plains of India, From the islands of the sca.
Frons tho prison-liko Zonanns, From tho lowly heathen kranls, lirom the poor down-trodden Orient, From old China's crumbling walls-
Fainting, hungering, thirsting, dying, Sinners jubt like you and mc,
Still are calling. sadly calling. Sister, they are calling theo !
Yot not thoy-'tis Christ, our Master, Calling to thoe in their stend;
Answer, and His benediction Bhall rest sweetly on thy heail:
"Inasmuch os thou hast done it To my people o'er the sen,
To the least of my beloved, Thou bast dous it unto me."

And for the little ones who cannot fully understand this long poem I bave a recitation to copy called

> " MiRaIONARY. PENNTRG."

Hear the pennies dropping, Liston as they fall,
Evary one for Jesus, Ho will get them all.
Droppling, dropping ever $\checkmark$ Fromi cach Itttlo hand, Tis our gitt to Jesus Fsom our little band.

> Now, whilo wo aro llttle, Painitics aro our store, But; when we amo oldar Lord, we'll give Theo more:
> Though wo have not monoy, W. can give Him lovo,
> Ho will own our offariug, Smiling from above.

It pleases me very much to hear from our Mission Bands. I like to hear of the ways you have of working, and which you find the-most-successfil. One Band, in which I am interested, tells me through a member that they are ehortly to have a "jug-breaking" meeting. They have been collecting pennieg in litle earthen jugs, and when all are full these are to be broken, and the money all seat on its mission.
A little. Band has recently held a very successful entertainment, at whictr cight: little girls, who could hardly speak plain, recited the dialogue in our Corner for December. The friends of another Band prepared a little surprise for the children at its last meeting, and affer the recitations and-singing were all over, cakes and coffee were passed around to the great delight of thie little folks. All reports tell of happy meetings and gopd being done. May God bless our Mission Bands, and teach all little workers to do with their might whatever their liands find to do. Then the good work will go on, and on, and on, until the whole world shall hear of our Jesus.

Sister Bille.
480 Lewis Street, Ottawa.
England stands before ail other countries in the extent of her Missionary efforts. She gives more money (nearly a million stenling), she has a larger number of agents (some 1400 or 1500 ), and half the converts from heathenism are baptized by English Missionaries.

## WOMAN'S BAPTIST FOREIGN MISSIONARY SOGIETY OF'ONTARIO.

## Receipt from Prb: abih, to Uarch abih, intlusios.

Miss Eliza Rowles, $\$ 12$ (towards the support of a scholar in Mr. McLourin's school); London (Talbot St.) M.C.r SIS; London (Talbot St.), M. B. $\$ 498$; Toronto (Lewis St.), M.C.C, $\$ 11$; Guelph, M1.C., $\$ 18.00$ (of this $\$ 6$. 93 from Mrs. Roberts' Sunday scbool class) ; Mrs. Wm. Rollins, \$1; Guelph, M.p,*$\$ 11$ (or this $\$ 6$ was made at a social on Jan. zilh): Plymton Township, M.C., \$6; Wanstend, MLC., \$1i ; Whitevale, M.C., $\$ 3$; Peterboro', M.C., $\$ 14.30$; St. George, M.C., $\$ 1530$; Orillia M.C., $\$ 10$; Taronto (Beverley St.) M.C., $\$ 6.96$; Mrs. A. E. Dryden, 75 c ; Dovercoat Road M.C., $\$ 5.40$; Springford, M.B., \$0. So (towards the support of a studeat); Maggie Inaines, $\$ 2.00$; Brantford (Firal Church), M.O., 825 (for support of Bible woman) ; Aylmer, M.B., Brs (lowarls the support of Morgan Samuel) ; Uxbridge, M.C. \$13.05; -8trathroy; *T.C., S22; Toronto (Jarvis SL.), MC., 820.60 ; Half of collection at Union Meeting, 825 , held in Jarvis St. Church) ; Palsles, M.C., $\$ 4$; College St Toronto, 85. Total, $\$ 283.40$. Jessie L Eltiott, Triais, 267 Sherbourne Street, Toronto.

## The Canadian ctissionary Minh.

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    gubseribert will fod tho datee whan their subeript fons explre, on the priated addreat lebele of thicir pepors.

