

The Union Advocate.

Board of Work

A WEEKLY JOURNAL.

W. & J. ANSLOW,

Our Country, with its United Interests.

EDITORS & PROPRIETORS.

VOL. XI. No. 30.

Newcastle, N. B., Wednesday, May 22, 1878.

WHOLE No. 550.

WAVERLY HOTEL,
NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.
This House has lately been refurnished, and every possible arrangement made to ensure the comfort of travellers.
LIVERY STABLES, WITH GOOD OUTFIT, ON THE PREMISES.
ALEX. STEWART,
Late of Waverly House, St. John's. Proprietor.
Newcastle, Dec. 2, 1875.

CANADA HOUSE,
CHATHAM, N. B.
WM. JOHNSTON, - Proprietor.
CONSIDERABLE OUTLAY has been made on this house to make it a first class Hotel, and travellers will find it a desirable temporary residence both as regards location and comfort. It is situated within two minutes walk of steamboat landing. The proprietor returns thanks to the public for the encouragement given him in the past, and will endeavor by courtesy and attention to merit the same in the future.
Good Stabling on the Premises.
May 13th. 1878. 14ly

"Wilbur House,"
Bathurst, Gloucester County, N. B.
This House, which has been enlarged and thoroughly repaired, refurnished and refurnished, will be open to the public on Monday next, 12th June.
As regards situation, it is located in a very pleasant town, and being in close proximity to the Bates Chateaux, is one of the very best summer resorts for tourists and families who leave the heated cities to seek the invigorating air of the North. The County excels in beautiful scenery and excellent fishing grounds. The hotel is within easy reach of the Intercolonial Railway, and every effort will be made by the Proprietor to secure the comfort and pleasure of all who may patronize the establishment, which will be conducted in the very best style.
H. WILBUR, Proprietor.
Bathurst, June 6, 1878.

ROYAL HOTEL,
KING SQUARE.
I HAVE much pleasure in informing my numerous friends and the public generally, that I have leased the Hotel formerly known as the "CONTINENTAL," and thoroughly renovated the same, making it as comfortable as any in the Province. Excellent Bill of Fare, First-class Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and superior accommodation. Blackhall's Livery Stable attached.
THOS. F. RAYMOND.
St. John, July 9, 1877.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, NEW BRUNSWICK.
THIS HOTEL is very pleasantly situated, has recently been refurnished in the latest style, is in close proximity to the I. C. Railway Station, and the wants of travellers will be attended to promptly.
Meals prepared at any hour. Oysters served up in every style at short notice.
JOHN FAY, PROPRIETOR.
Newcastle, Oct. 8, 1877. 10

NORTHERN HOUSE,
CAMPBELLTON.
THE Subscriber having recently bought and fitted up the JOHN McMEIKEN Property, is now prepared to accommodate Boarders both private and transient on the most liberal terms.
The commanding view which this House affords of the splendid Restigouche River and adjacent mountains, renders it one of the most attractive Hotels in the North.
Good Salt Water Bathing can be had in the vicinity at any time.
R. DAWSON, PROPRIETOR.
July 1st, 1877. 18

VICTORIA HOTEL,
RIVER DU LOUP.
JOSEPH A. FOUNTAIN, PROPRIETOR.
THIS HOUSE is situated in the immediate vicinity of the Railway Station, and is well adapted to meet the requirements of travellers, as neither the expense nor the distance from the city, renders it a desirable place for a temporary residence. It is situated on an elevated site, affords a splendid view of the St. Lawrence and adjacent country.
October 24, 1877. 31-ly

To Mill Owners and Mechanics.
THOS. B. PEACE,
MANUFACTURER OF
ALL KINDS OF SAWS,
Is prepared to fill orders from any part of the country. His saws are made of the best quality of English Steel, and are warranted to be equal to the best English or American makers. A fair trial will prove the correctness of these statements.
All kinds of Repairing Done.
References By Permission:-
HON. WM. MURHEAD, Chatham;
J. B. SNOWBALL, Esq.,
D. J. BUCHANAN, Esq., Newcastle;
J. FLETCHER, Esq.,
BAKER & CO., North Ek.
SHOP - Water Street, Chatham, N. B.
September, 1875. 20

TRUNK FACTORY,
ESTABLISHED 1862.
J. H. W. KNOWLES
HAS much pleasure in announcing to his many friends and customers that he has resumed business at No. 203, over A. J. Lord's Furniture Emporium, where he will be pleased to receive all orders entrusted to his care with neatness and despatch. Repairs promptly attended to.
St. John, Aug. 14, 1877. 16

Confessionary & Confectionery,
W. C. HOLSORTH,
CHATHAM AND NEWCASTLE, N. B.
Chatham - In Store lately occupied by J. V. Benson.
Newcastle - Head of Public Wharf.
Constantly on hand, a great variety of Plain and Fancy Confectionery, (Pure and Unsulphurated). WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Choice Valencia Oranges, Lemons, Dried Fruits, &c.
Newcastle, March 29, 1878.

WILLIAM A. PARK,
Barrister & Attorney at Law,
SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.
OFFICE - Over the Store of William Park, Esq.
Castle Street, - - - NEWCASTLE.
May 1, 1877. 2

Law and Collection Offices
-OF-
ADAMS & LAWLOR,
Barristers, Conveyancers, &c.
Solicitors in Bankruptcy, Real Estate, and Fire Insurance Agents.
OFFICES:
NEWCASTLE AND BATHURST.
M. ADAMS, R. A. LAWLOR,
Newcastle. Bathurst.
March 27th, 1877. 28

L. J. TWEEDIE,
ATTORNEY & BARRISTER
AT LAW,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
CONVEYANCER, &c.,
CHATHAM, - - - - - N. B.
OFFICE - Snowball's Building
May 12, 1874. 13

M. S. BENSON,
Attorney-at-Law Notary Public,
Conveyancer, &c.
Accounts Collected and Loans Negotiated.
OFFICE - OVER J. V. BENSON'S DRUG STORE.
WATER STREET, - - - CHATHAM, N. B.
Chatham, July 12, 1875. 21

WILLET & QUICLEY,
Solicitors, Barristers, Attorneys,
NOTARIES PUBLIC, CONVEYANCERS, &c.
ST. JOHN, N. B.
JOHN WILLET, RIC. D. F. QUICLEY, LL. B.
March 24, 1876. 21ac-29

A. H. JOHNSON,
BARRISTER AT LAW,
SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC,
&c., &c.,
CHATHAM, N. B.
July 10, 1877.

A. D. SHIRREFF,
AUCTIONEER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Life, Fire & Marine Insurance
AND
GENERAL AGENT,
Chatham, N. B.
August 29, 1876. 30-ly

HERBERT T. DAWSON, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
NEWCASTLE, N. B.
OFFICE - In Mr. John Dalton's House;
RESIDENCE
At Mr. Wm. Grenley's, opposite Office.
Newcastle, March 26, 1877. 28

DENTISTRY,
Dr. Freeman,
Will attend to DENTISTRY in his various Branches, as his other engagements will permit.
Having procured every appliance and the most recent improvements, Dr. F. guarantees all operations and gives special attention to the insertion of
ARTIFICIAL TEETH,
Either on Rubber or a new and improved Base called Celluloid.
Being a resident in the County his patients will find no difficulty in having every guarantee made good.
Newcastle, April 18, 1876. 19d.

CARD.
THE Subscriber respectfully announces that he has opened a new Shop near the Ferry Landing, CHATHAM, where he is prepared to execute, in the very best style of workmanship, all kinds of
MILL WORK AND GENERAL JOBBING,
having obtained improved machinery for that purpose.
Mortising Machines, and Hand Circles Sawing Machines,
for Joiners use, made to order.
JOHN THORNTON,
Chatham, May 19, 1878. 1y 19

Millinery, &c.
THE subscriber has personally selected in St. John, an assortment of
Fashionable Ready Trimmings Hats,
also Shapes, Straw Hats and Trimmings of every description, which are now open and ready for inspection at her residence near the Post Office.
M. J. QUIGLEY,
Newcastle, April 30, 1878. my4-w

London House.
WHOLESALE.
OUR SPRING STOCK
-IS-
NOW OPEN,
-AND IN-
EVERY DEPARTMENT,
We are prepared to fill the Orders of friends, personally or by letter, in our
NEW WAREHOUSES
ON THE OLD SPOT,
REBUILT WITH EVERY CONVENIENCE FOR OUR
General Wholesale Business.
ENTRANCE TO BRICK BLOCK:
3 Market Square,
-AND-
Stone Warehouse,
CHIPMAN'S HILL,
Next to Bank British North America.
DANIEL & BOYD,
May 6, 1878.

TO THE TRADE.
ENCOURAGE HOME INDUSTRIES.
C. H. THOMAS & CO.,
NECK-TIE FACTORY,
FREDERICTON, N. B.
SPRING AND SUMMER 1878.
The Latest Novelties in
MEN'S AND BOYS' NECK-WEAR NOW READY.
Please reserve orders for Agent, who will visit the North shortly.
Prices lower than the imported article - Terms favorable.
Fredericton, May 6, 1878.

D. B. DUNHAM,
ARCHITECT,
OFFICE - MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
CORNER OF MARKET SQUARE AND PRINCE WILLIAM ST.,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
REFERENCES:-
D. J. M. LAUGHLIN, STEPHEN WITTAKER,
JAS. E. WHITTAKER, S. K. FOSTER,
Owners of Commercial Block, King Str.,
G. Y. NOWLIN, SMOW JONES,
A. L. PALMER, JAS. A. TUTTS,
JOHN V. ELLIS, DR. TRAVIS,
DR. MACLEAREN, HENRY YATCHEAN,
G. R. PUGSLEY, DR. HAMILTON,
F. TURK, ETC., ETC.
May 6, 1878.

CARPETS & OILCLOTHS.
A full Stock of the above always on hand.
A. O. SKINNER,
68 KING STREET,
St. John, N. B.
May 6, 1878.

Lamps, Oils, &c.
CHANDLERS,
BRACKET,
TABLE AND HAND LAMPS,
Chimneys, Wicks, &c.,
AMERICAN & CANADIAN OILS.
WHOLESALE & RETAIL.
J. R. CAMERON,
11 King Square,
St. John, May 6, 1878.

EDWARD B. ROWE,
BOSTON FORWARDING AGENT
-FOR-
FULTON Fresh Fish MARKET,
-AND-
COMMISSION FISH DEALER,
47 Central Wharf,
BOSTON, U. S.
Consignments of Salmon carefully re-iced and placed in best hands at very low charges.
All packages must be plainly marked care "E. B. ROWE, BOSTON."
Stencils furnished if desired.
Lowest shipping rates obtained and information furnished upon application.
May 6, 1878.

Gentlemen's Double Texture
Waterproof Coats and Usters,
WITH CLOTH ON BOTH SIDES and RUBBER between, having the appearance of an ordinary Summer Overcoat, but perfectly Waterproof.
These Goods are London made and are of superior quality, can be had in any size required.
Ordinary RUBBER COATS, black on one side, in great variety, and very cheap.
MANCHESTER, ROBERTSON & ALLISON.
St. John, May 6, 1878.

TO LET.
THE commodious STORE lately occupied by Messrs. W. & J. C. Anslow, on Castle Street, Newcastle. This store is in a first rate stand for business.
-ALSO-
To let a Dwelling House with Small Store, near the Newcastle Ferry Landing. For particulars &c., apply at the "Advocate Office."
Newcastle, April 29, 1878.

TEACHER WANTED.
A SECOND CLASS FEMALE TEACHER, (required for District No. 9 Northesk, School at Redbank).
One capable of teaching the Pianoforte or Organ could meet with a satisfactory engagement. Apply to
W. S. BROWN, Trustees.
ROBT PARRS,
Redbank, April 23, 1878. if

INSURANCE BLOCK.
Fire & Marine Insurance Agency,
SAINT JOHN, N. B.
Corner of Prince William Street and Market Square.
Application for Fire Insurance may be made to the following Representatives.
NEWCASTLE - A. A. Davidson.
CHATHAM - T. F. Gillespie, W. Wilkinson.
IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF LONDON, ESTABLISHED 1803.
Capital & Cash Assets exceed £2,000,000 s.t.d.
THE AETNA INSURANCE CO'Y,
INCORPORATED 1819.
Cash Capital and Assets over \$5,000,000.
T HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE CO'Y,
INCORPORATED 1810.
Cash Capital and Assets over \$2,500,000.
BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY,
ESTABLISHED 1855.
Dwelling Houses, whether built or in course of construction, as well as furniture, contained therein, insured for terms of One or Three Years, at lowest rates. Steam Saw Mills, Vessels on the stocks or in port, Warehouses, Merchandise and Insurable property, of every description covered on the most liberal terms.
ROBERT MARSHALL,
GENERAL AGENT, NOTARY PUBLIC and BROKER.
Jan. 2, 1878.

AETNA LIFE INSURANCE CO'Y.
Assets January 1st, 1878. - \$24,000,000
Liabilities, - - - - - \$19,000,000
Surplus over Liabilities, - - - \$5,000,000
This company is one of the few that has complied with the new law in the Dominion requiring additional deposits.
The company has over Sixty Thousand members, and has paid to Policy Holders over Thirty One Million Dollars, and is unequalled in rates, profits or security. Full information will be given or printed matter forwarded upon application.
R. HARPER, MANAGER,
W. P. BISHOP, MEDICAL ADVISER,
St. John, N. B.
Newcastle, N. B. ap24

SPECIAL NOTICE.
I HEREBY give notice to my customers in the North that I have appointed M. M. SARGENT, Esq., General Agent for the sale of BAKER'S ANT-ALGIC, who will supply the liniment at the same rates at which it can be obtained from the proprietor. Mr. Sargent was the first to introduce BAKER'S Liniment in Miramichi, and with his knowledge of a good article he has cheerfully consented to push the sale of this new liniment, which will be the better offered to the public, both for man and beast. It is used both externally and internally, especially for
Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Tooth Ache and Gout, and a number of other complaints, as will be seen by reference to the label on bottle. This Liniment is sold strictly upon its own merits. A fair trial will establish its superiority over all other liniments.
JOSEPH BAKER, PROPRIETOR,
MONCTON,
PRICE 25 CENTS.
March 20, 1878. 2mos

Jas. R. Howie's
CUSTOM TAILORING
AND
CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT.
MARBLE HALL,
Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.
SPRING STOCK OF
NEW CLOTHS
of the Latest Styles just to hand, to which inspection is respectfully invited.
Fancy Worsted Coatings, Trousers, Tweeds all makes, &c.
A GOOD FIT GUARANTEED in every case.
Orders from the country especially attended to.
READY-MADE CLOTHING
AND
Cents Furnishing Goods,
of all Descriptions on hand.
Inspection respectfully invited.
JAMES R. HOWIE,
Fredericton, May 2, 1877.

G. A. BLAIR,
Merchant Tailor,
CHATHAM, N. B.
Always on hand a large and select assortment of
BROADCLOTHS, Dockings,
Cassimers, Beavers, Meltons, &c.
SCOTCH, ENGLISH, & CANADIAN TWEEDS,
Velvet and other Fancy Vestings.
Gentlemen's APPAREL,
Made up promptly, and in the best and most Fashionable Styles.
Orders from a distance will receive Especial Attention.
LATEST FASHIONS
ALWAYS ON HAND.
Remember the Stand.
Stone Building, adjoining Dr. Pallen's
Water Street, Chatham.
June 26th, 1878.

CUSTOM TAILORING.
THE Subscriber has opened a FIRST CLASS TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT in the Shop formerly occupied by Messrs. W. & J. C. Anslow, and owned by the Hon. William Mulholland, near Letson's Scales, Water Street, Chatham.
Gentlemen wanting Clothes made to order for
SPRING AND SUMMER will do well to examine his splendid assortment of
English and Canadian CLOTHS
to select from.
GENTLEMEN'S GARMENTS made up under the general supervision of Mr. Stewart, of Scotland, who is a First Class Cutter.
Cloths purchased elsewhere will be made up on the premises.
W. S. MORRIS,
Chatham, April 30, 1877. my2

The Union Advocate.
NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, MAY 22.
The 7th Carthy Inquest.
Medical Testimony.
We quote from the Times the verbatim report of Dr. Allison's evidence. Dr. Fleming, of Sackville, and Dr. Scott, of Moncton, were also witnesses, the testimony given being substantially the same as that of the evidence which we publish.
DR. LUCIUS ALLISON
being sworn said:- I live in St. John; am a physician and surgeon; have been practising since 1868. I was called upon and made an examination of the body supposed to be that of Timothy M'Carthy, in company with Drs. Scott and Fleming in a barn here in Sackville. Upon making the examination, I found the body without, but otherwise fully clothed, having on a pair of waterproofed leggings, a waterproof coat, a pair of Indian rubbers. He wore under the rubbers a pair of tolerably new leather boots; a cloth overcoat; would not like to swear to the color but would suppose that the coat was originally a dark shade of brown; also a white cotton shirt, woolen undershirt and a pair of woolen drawers; dark colored necktie fastened with a brooch pin over a collar which was perfect.
The sleeve of the rubber coat was torn. The cloth overcoat was in good condition; the sleeves were whole. The stitching of the lining was torn. The mud on the clothes was not similar to that which we found on the street - there was mud on all the clothing. The India rubber leggings were torn. There was also some stains on the clothing. In several pockets of the clothing we found a number of articles - a pair of kid mitts, a copy of Halifax Chronicle, 12th Oct., 1877; a white handkerchief without any name on it; some tobacco in a pouch; a linen collar wrapped in paper. On the table in the barn before the legs of the body was a quantity of money which, I presume came from the pockets of the deceased. The money mentioned was one 50c. piece, two 10c. and two 5c. pieces, three 1c. pieces and one \$2 bill, one \$1 bill of the Union Bank of P. E. I. I removed all the clothes and all the contents of the pockets.
The body generally was somewhat swollen. The scarf skin was separated in every direction; the body was green all over; the scarf skin was so separate as to leave the feet with the toe nails when the socks were removed. The hair was all gone from the head with the exception of a small quantity on the lower side of the head. The eye brows were all gone. There was a small wound about three quarters of an inch long over the region of the right eyebrow - not deep - not so deep as the nose. I have formed no opinion as to the cause of that wound. The stains mentioned on the clothing were on the woolen drawers, undershirt and the white cotton shirt. The stains were in the region of the chest, beginning at the upper part of breast and extending down to the waist band. They were irregular in outline. The average breadth of the stains would be about two inches. These stains were mostly on the outside of each shirt. The whole of the stains was not caused in this way. Part of the stains were caused by the red facing of the undershirt; the other part of stains were not caused in this way. I would not like at present to give an opinion as to the cause of the lining stains. I only swear positively they were not caused in the same way as the other stains were caused. The stains were composite - made partly by the red lining of the waistcoat but not wholly in this way.
We first examined the head. The scalp was separated from the bones of the skull. There was bloody serum and froth coursing left nostril and left ear. Upon opening the skull the brain was partially decomposed. At the right and back part of the skull there was a quantity of blood. There was also fluid blood diffused in the same region and at the base of the brain. The cavities of both ears were filled with a substance which I believe to be a decomposed blood clot. I don't think of anything else. No superficial wound - no superficial injury - behind either ears. Would not swear positively that none had ever been made, as putrefaction has made it impossible to tell exactly whether or not. The skin may have been bruised. Am unable to say whether wound over eye-brow was caused before or after death. There is no visible bruise now. The eyelids were open when I first saw the body. The fact of the eyes being open when found in water would not prove as to what time death took place - before going into water or afterwards. I found no other wounds on outside of body before cutting it. I am perfectly confident that death did not take place by drowning. I formed that opinion from the state in which I found the organs of the chest, and the state of the cavities of the lungs. Upon opening the chest the lungs were notably collapsed. The chest was empty. There was no fluid in the chest, which is an unusual circumstance. The substance of the lungs was not congested. There was no free blood, nor any mucous or frothy in any of the air passages. These are all the very opposite conditions of a body which had been drowned. There was no foreign body in any of the air passages from the mouth to the roots of the bronchi; a foreign body is not necessarily found in a body when drowned. The opinion I have formed as to the cause of this man's death, is in consequence of the effusion that I have described found on the back and base of the brain; that effusion was not produced by natural causes. The death was not a natural one, I think so from the condition of the effusion itself having been produced by simultaneous rupture of the small vessels. This state might be caused by any violence sufficiently strong to rupture those small vessels. A blow given behind the head, which neither broke the skin nor fractured the skull, might have produced this effect, if the vessels were full at the time the blow was given. A greater blow would be required to produce simultaneous rupture. There was not necessarily any disease in these capillary passages. I found in no part of the brain any evidence of morbid disease in any of those vessels. The lungs were notably collapsed, but not diseased in their structure. There was no organic disease in any of the vital organs. There was a small calcareous grain not bigger than a pin-head in the kidneys, which would not cause irritation in the parts where it was situated, and which was the only abnormal matter I found in the body. I could not form any opinion as to how long the body had been in the water, as this would depend upon various circumstances - the condition of the temperature, &c. A body after having been in water since last October upon being taken soon change much in appearance. The body would take the green color by which this body is characterized. A body which had received a blow producing such a state of brain as I have described, would probably be noted with fluid running from nostril and ear as I have described. A rush of blood to the head might cause blood to flow from the ear, nose and mouth. A pressure on the blood vessels within the head may cause bleeding from the ears or nostrils. The state of the brain in this case would not be caused by the natural pressure upon blood vessels in the head.
I am unable to form any opinion as to what time the body was put into water, putrefaction being so far advanced. I could not tell how long life had been extinct when the body was put into the water. I have taken out the stomach of the body and now have it for further examination; I can't examine it here.
[Proceedings at this stage were interrupted by a discussion between Messrs. Tuck and Holstead, the latter wishing to have some evidence introduced in reference to the hat, to which Mr. Tuck objected. After which the examination was resumed by Mr. Holstead.]
I examined the sleeves and velvet collar of the coat. They were unaltered. The wrists of the coat were not bound with braid. The hip-pocket of the pants on the right side was torn away, except a small portion; it was not in such a condition as to contain any coin. The condition of the pocket must have been changed if a coin was taken from it after the body was taken from the water. I saw no marks about the neck. I looked particularly for a rope mark on the neck, of which I had heard, but could find no marks. The probabilities are that if two heavy blows with a hatchet behind the right ear sufficient to cause death, would leave marks that could now be detected. I found no such marks. It would not require a very heavy blow to cause hemorrhage from the mouth or nose - a somewhat heavier one to cause blood to flow from the mouth than the nose. I think a blow made with such a hatchet, sufficiently to cause blood to flow from both mouth and nose, would leave a mark such as might easily be detected upon examination. A small blow will produce bleeding from the nose - a greater one to produce bleeding from the mouth. It would not require a heavier blow to produce bleeding from the mouth, ears and nose than to produce bleeding from the mouth and nose only. From the evidence of marks I saw on the body there was not a sufficiently violent blow given to produce hemorrhage from the mouth and nose. There was no indication anywhere upon the skull of a blow having been administered sufficient to cause free hemorrhage from the mouth, nose and ear. I saw no marks of such a blow as would produce hemorrhage from the ear. I saw no mark of any blow there at all. The effusion before spoken of might be caused by a fall from a bridge 8 or 10 ft., should the body fall upon a solid surface - a man falling 8 or 10 feet striking his head would - the effusion would be caused - not so, should he fall into water, striking no solid substance. This effusion would be produced if a heavy man should fall a less distance, and the Court adjourned until she was

able to take her place again, which she did in a few minutes.
In the afternoon Stephen M'Carthy said he had identified the body as that of his brother, and related a conversation he had had with Osborne, who said Tim had gone away. Witness had thought so till his hat was found in the Scaldone. He did not attach much importance to their talk at the time, but now thought they were bluffing him to prevent him joining Edward M'Carthy in searching for the body. He thought there was a bruise back of the right ear of corpse when taken out of the water.
Millidge Lockhart, sworn:- I live on a farm near Paislee Junction. I was born in that locality. I knew all the Osbornes; knew Mr. Osborne about eight years. He was living then at Moncton. I was at the Waverly House last fall. Can't say how long after Oct. 12th, but about November 1st. I can't say exactly the date; it was at one p. m., or a little after, Willis Lockhart, my cousin, being with me, that Osborne came in the room. First I asked him what made his hand soft and he replied he had been sick of fever and was just recovering. We talked a while, and then the M'Carthy subject was brought on. Says I "this is a queer story they have got going about you." Says he "What story?" I replied "The story is going that you murdered Tim M'Carthy and buried him in the cellar." He seemed quite taken back at the way I spoke, and went on to say it was a strange yarn to be going about a man in the business he was in. He said that if Tim never was murdered till he did it he would go a long while through the country. He then asked Eliza if she heard what he said, I noticed she had been listening by her actions. She answered that she did not care what people said for she was clear of it. She told me M'Carthy was there on October 12; that he came in after 9 o'clock in the evening and got in conversation with her about the M'Ginnis girl, of Moncton. She said they had an argument about her personation, which M'Carthy gave her, and the color of the buttons. They had about a scolding, and he bet they were not. She said when he took a roll of bills from his pocket she backed down on her bet. Eliza then denounced the yarn to me about their murdering M'Carthy. She said he did not stop there all night, though, when there, he had a conversation with him about his wife following him; that he had seen her on the wharf at Point du Chene talking to a Frenchman handy to the ship; that he tried to avoid his wife there. He was ashamed of her, with her umbrella turned inside out. He said that he intended to go to the Island, harness his horse as soon as he got to the wharf, and pick up the finest looking girl in Charlottetown, and that he would then like to see Mrs. M'Carthy catch him. He said his wife had only \$10, and, pulling out his roll of bills, said: "If that will carry her as far as this will carry me, I would like to see her do it." Witness then asked Eliza if M'Carthy left at that time. She replied that he left about ten o'clock and returned again sometime near midnight. Eliza told me "Mrs. M'Carthy might set her heart at rest, as she never would set eyes on him again, as he had told her (Eliza) that he was never coming back." Eliza told me nothing as to what took place when he came back at 12 o'clock, and I asked no questions. All this time John Osborne said nothing. I said: "Let us say no more about M'Carthy, but come and have a drink."
Cross-examined by Mr. Holstead:- I told this story to a crowd of men at Paislee Junction, and to Edward M'Carthy in Moncton, and others. I about M'Carthy being back at 12 o'clock did not always tell the whole story.

Re-examined by Mr. Tuck: I don't think the state of the blood at the time of death would occasion the effusion. A blow received after falling a distance of 8 or 10 feet and struck sufficient to produce the effusion of blood I have described, would I think have left a mark which I would have discovered in this examination. Two blows could be given behind the ear with a hatchet sufficient to produce effusion and yet not heavy enough to mark the skin. Very thick hair would make a difference as to the blow breaking the skin. If blood proceeded from the nostrils freely it would be difficult to distinguish between that blood and blood flowing from the mouth, unless examined closely. It would be easier to produce bleeding from the nose than from the ear, and easier to produce blood from the ear, than from the mouth. If a person before receiving the blow sufficient to produce effusion, were drugged, it would not require as heavy a blow as if no drug had been given.
Re-examined by Mr. W. J. Gilbert: I think death was caused by such effusion. Such effusion would cause death probably in a few hours. If a person was under the influence of drugs, death might ensue in an hour or not until 6 or 8 hours. Previous fast habits would not produce this effusion. The effusion was not produced by any external natural cause, but by violence. The previous administration of a drug would shorten the time in which death would ensue after such effusion. The body appeared to be that of a man of full habit. The effusion might or might not produce convulsions.
The skin was not fractured. I observed no discoloration in the shoulder collar which I would say was blood. There were stains on the collar but I think not blood stains.
The pin spoken of as having been fastened to the neck tie, had the appearance of a diamond pin. Could not say that it was a diamond pin.
The witness was recognized to appear at the next sitting of the Supreme Court for Westmoreland Co., and left for St. John by the afternoon train.

NOTES AND INCIDENTS.
Dr. Allison returned to St. John on Tuesday afternoon, taking with him the contents of the stomach, which he has been instructed to analyze. The Doctor is not hopeful of finding traces of vegetable poison, such as morphia, at the advanced stage of decomposition in which the intestines are at present, even supposing such a portion to have been administered before death. If a mineral poison had been taken, he would expect to find traces of it.
According to the statements of the Bank of Montreal's officers, the late Mr. M'Carthy should have had in his possession a deposit receipt of the Bank for \$700. He does not appear to have left such a receipt behind him, diligent search having failed to find it. It was supposed that he had it on his person, but it does not appear to have turned up yet. Should such a paper be found by any one, he will do well to hand it, say, to Coroner Haughton.
The M'Carthy affair is still the talk everywhere, and many residents of the County have travelled long distances to be present at the Inquest at Shediac. The Weldon House is pretty well filled with strangers, most of them in attendance at the Inquest. The medical testimony yesterday made a great impression on all who heard it. Dr. Allison, Dr. Fleming, and Dr. Scott were remarkably clear and impartial in their statements, and it is satisfactory to find that there is no difference of opinion among the medical men on any important point.

Wednesday's Proceedings.
Dr. Scott was on the stand all the morning, his evidence relative to the Post Mortem being corroborative of that of Dr. Allison & Fleming. He said that what he believed to be traces of blood were observed by him on the floor and counter side of the Osborne House bar-room, but no chemical analysis had yet been made. Copious blood stains were observed in the express wagon owned by Phillip White, the Coacque Frenchman. This wagon was in his possession. The doctor was cross-examined by Holstead, relative to the cause of death, and admitted that it would be possible for the effusion of blood in the base and rear of the brain to be produced by the blow that caused the cut on M'Carthy's forehead over the right eye. He illustrated the transmission of this force by means of a key ring, which, struck on one side, would be fractured at the opposite side of the circle.
Mrs. Osborne was taken sick while the Doctor was giving his evidence, and the Court adjourned until she was

able to take her place again, which she did in a few minutes.
In the afternoon Stephen M'Carthy said he had identified the body as that of his brother, and related a conversation he had had with Osborne, who said Tim had gone away. Witness had thought so till his hat was found in the Scaldone. He did not attach much importance to their talk at the time, but now thought they were bluffing him to prevent him joining Edward M'Carthy in searching for the body. He thought there was a bruise back of the right ear of corpse when taken out of the water.
Millidge Lockhart, sworn:- I live on a farm near Paislee Junction. I was born in that locality. I knew all the Osbornes; knew Mr. Osborne about eight years. He was living then at Moncton. I was at the Waverly House last fall. Can't say how long after Oct. 12th, but about November 1st. I can't say exactly the date; it was at one p. m., or a little after, Willis Lockhart, my cousin, being with me, that Osborne came in the room. First I asked him what made his hand soft and he replied he had been sick of fever and was just recovering. We talked a while, and then the M'Carthy subject was brought on. Says I "this is a queer story they have got going about you." Says he "What story?" I replied "The story is going that you murdered Tim M'Carthy and buried him in the cellar." He seemed quite taken back at the way I spoke, and went on to say it was a strange yarn to be going about a man in the business he was in. He said that if Tim never was murdered till he did it he would go a long while through the country. He then asked Eliza if she heard what he said, I noticed she had been listening by her actions. She answered that she did not care what people said for she was clear of it. She told me M'Carthy was there on October 12; that he came in after 9 o'clock in the evening and got in conversation with her about the M'Ginnis girl, of Moncton. She said they had an argument about her personation, which M'Carthy gave her, and the color of the buttons. They had about a scolding, and he bet they were not. She said when he took a roll of bills from his pocket she backed down on her bet. Eliza then denounced the yarn to me about their murdering M'Carthy. She said he did not stop there all night, though, when there, he had a conversation with him about his wife following him; that he had seen her on the wharf at Point du Chene talking to a Frenchman handy to the ship; that he tried to avoid his wife there. He was ashamed of her, with her umbrella turned inside out. He said that he intended to go to the Island, harness his horse as soon as he got to the wharf, and pick up the finest looking girl in Charlottetown, and that he would then like to see Mrs. M'Carthy catch him. He said his wife had only \$10, and, pulling out his roll of bills, said: "If that will carry her as far as this will carry me, I would like to see her do it." Witness then asked Eliza if M'Carthy left at that time. She replied that he left about ten o'clock and returned again sometime near midnight. Eliza told me "Mrs. M'Carthy might set her heart at rest, as she never would set eyes on him again, as he had told her (Eliza) that he was never coming back." Eliza told me nothing as to what took place when he came back at 12 o'clock, and I asked no questions. All this time John Osborne said nothing. I said: "Let us say no more about M'Carthy, but come and have a drink."
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METEOROLOGICAL. Reported for the Dominion Gov't by G. A. Blair Esq. MAY. Table with columns for DATE, Time, Height of Bar, Thermometer, etc.

The column for Maximum Thermometer shows the highest temperature for every day.

The column for Minimum Thermometer shows the lowest temperature for every day.

The Farmer's Corner. Who ate Roger Williams?

A correspondent having asked the Columbia (Mo.) Statesman what is meant by the question, 'Who ate Roger Williams?' that journal replies as follows: Last week we did not know that Roger Williams had been eaten, and so answered. Since that time a friend has given us information of the singular event, and it occurred in this wise: Roger Williams was a native of Wales, was a Puritan, and the founder of the colony of Rhode Island. He died in Providence in 1683. Many years afterwards the private burying ground where he was interred was searched for the remains of himself and his wife, for the purpose of erecting a monument over them. Very little was traced but a black line in the earth. The rusted hinges and nails and a round wooden knot alone remained in one grave, while a single lock of braided hair was found in the other. Near the graves stood an apple tree, the large root of which had pushed its way to the precise spot occupied by the skull of Roger Williams, and, turning passively around it and following the direction of the neck bone to the hips. Here it divided into two branches, sending one along each leg to the head, while the roots turned upward to the toes, the whole bearing a striking resemblance to the human form. These roots are now deposited in the Museum of the Brown University. It was thus found that the organic matter—the flesh and bones of Roger Williams—had passed into an apple tree, transmitted into woody fibre, blossomed into fragrant blossoms, and borne luscious fruit which from year to year has been gathered and eaten. These, therefore, who ate the apples from this tree ate Roger Williams.

HAY—No crop suffers more by late cutting than clover. Early cut grass is also better than that left to ripen its seeds. Hay should be pushed as fast as possible; when the crop is ready, we do not delay on account of the weather. Standing grass will suffer from heavy rains, or storms more than that which is cut. When hay is cut, it is best to cure it as fast as possible. If the weather is unfavorable, the crop should be put in large cocks as soon as it is cured, and if protected with hay-caps, may stand several days without injury. When there are plenty of crows at hand, a good coat of manure should be put over the hay, unless for good reasons. When the weather is damp, to cut in the afternoon, cure the next day, and coddle the day before evening, will be found a good practice. Then the cocks may be opened the next morning, and after a little sunning, may be put in. In dry weather, cut in the morning, turn out at noon, coddle before night, and haul the next day. Hay may be easily over-dried.

Ottawa's Clock.

The clock for the lower tower on the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa has reached the capital. It is from the establishment of Mr. M. F. Dent, London, England, and is a marvel of workmanship. It is what is termed an eight-day turret clock to strike the hours only on a bell of about a ton weight, and to show the time on four seven feet nine inch dials. The figures are gilt, as are also the minute marks, the hands, and the outer circle. The ground of the dials are blue. The mechanism is described by the maker in the following terms:—'A train gravity remounting to let off the hands every thirty seconds, double three-legged gravity escapement, compensated ink and iron pendulum, with a bob of three hundred pound weight, degree plate regulating dial in proper provision for repeating the time by means of a galvanic battery at two or more hours daily steady wire lines all complete and ready for fixing.' The maker guarantees that the clock will not vary more than five seconds per week.

Mr. Price, the Conservative candidate in Chatham, was on Monday elected by a large majority. This election completes the list of 65, and enables us to estimate how the two parties stand. According to the declarations and addresses of the several candidates, the Conservatives have elected 34 and the Liberals 31, which would seem to give the former a majority of three.—Montreal Star.

PATENT BARREL LIFTERS, (TWO STYLES).

A MOST convenient article for Flour and Fish Dealers and all who have to handle barrels.

PATENT STEP LADDER AND WASH TUB STAND

Combined with a Shelf on the Step Ladder for holding a tub or bucket. A most useful article.

Call and See these novelties at the Advocate Office.

W. & J. ANSLAW.

SPRING SUITS, &C. SUMMER OVERCOATS.

I have now on hand a Large Stock of English and Canadian Tweeds, all of the Newest Patterns and just the thing for summer wear. Also a few pieces of SUMMER COATINGS.

These cloths can be made up on the premises into fashionable suits of a perfect fit and at reasonable rates.

J. W. DAVIDSON. Newcastle, April 23, '78.

D. MAGEE & CO. MEN'S TWEED AND LINEN HATS;

BLUE SERGE AND LINEN HELMETS; Spring Styles Satin Hats. BEST QUALITY—MADE TO ORDER. A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED.

HAT STORE, 57 KING STREET. St. John, April 8, 1878.

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS.

A FRESH Supply Just Received at the NEWCASTLE Drug Store.

Early China, White Extra, White Marrow, Wax of Butter, Scarlet Banners, Horticultural, Case Knives and Broad Windsor Beans, Carter's 1st Crop, Tom Thumb, Champion of England, Dan O'Rourke, Black Eye Marrow, Early Kent and Sweet Peas, Early York, Flat Dutch, Winesap, St. Dennis, Red Dutch and Drumhead Cabbage, Early Frame, Early Cluster, Short Green and Long Green Cucumbers, Drumhead, Victoria and Early Cabbage Lettuce, Cauliflower, Celery, Tomatoes, Onions, Beets, Carrots, Radish, Corn, Pumpkins and Turnip Seed &c., &c.

Ladies Floral Tools, Trellises and Flower Pots.

Also, a Choice Collection of FLOWER SEEDS.

Call and examine before buying elsewhere. E. LEE STREET. Newcastle, March 15, 1878.

LODDON PROPERTY

and latterly as the 'ARGYLE HOUSE,' will remove into the same on the ARRIVAL OF THE SPRING GOODS, probably about the beginning of APRIL. UNTIL THEN, ALL

GOODS NOW IN STOCK

will from this date be sold at a Sweeping Reduction in Prices.

Remember this SALE IS GENUINE—intended for the twofold object of getting all the money possible, and the disposal of STOCK preparatory to removal.

WILLIAM MURRAY. S. B.—Parties who accounts have been rendered, are notified that unless paid or settled before the 1st of MARCH, they will be handed indifferently on that date to an Attorney for immediate collection.

WM. MURRAY. 'GLASGOW HOUSE,' Chatham, Feb'y 5th, 1878.

To Painters!

Just Received:— 1 CASE D. WHITE & SON PAINT BRUSHES, &c. Brandram's White Lead. MASURY'S COLORS.

W. H. THORNE & CO., Market Square. St. John, April 15, 1878.

NEW BOOKS.

CONSTANTINOPLE. By Edmund D. Amies. Translated from the Seventh Italian Edition by Caroline Tilton. THE VOYAGE OF THE CHALLENGER. By Sir C. Wyville Thomson, LL.D. F. G. S.—THE HISTORY OF A CRIME. Vol. 2. By Victor Hugo. THE ORIGIN OF NA-TIONS—In two parts. On Early Civilization on Ethnical Antiquities. By George Rawlinson, M.A. NEW IRELAND. By A. M. Gulliver, M.P. for Lond. THE GREEKS TO-DAY. By Charles K. Tuckerman. CANOEING IN KANOOKIA; or, Haps and Mishaps Afloat and Ashore. By C. L. Norton and John Haberton. VOYAGE OF THE PAPER CANOE. By N. H. Bishop. For sale by J. & A. MILLAN, Catebury Street. St. John, April 29, 1878.

BUTTER AND CANNED GOODS.

50 tubs BUTTER. 200 boxes CANNED GOODS; 20 tubs DRIED APPLES; 10 tubs BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

For sale low before moving to our new Warehouse in Smyth street. BERTON BROS. St. John, Nov. 2, '77.

WANTED.

A SHOP and OFFICE BOY—one willing to make himself generally useful. Apply to DR. FREEMAN. Newcastle, Sept. 11, '77.

THOS. F. KENNEY, AUCTIONEER.

Dalhousie, - - Restigouche, N. B. Auctions attended to in any part of the County.

GOODS Sold on Commission.

Dalhousie, Nov. 6, 1877. 7-1/2

LATEST IMPORTATIONS.

HAMS, ROLLED BACON, AND SAUSAGES. Also—ORANGES and LEMONS, 1 bbl. CRANBERRIES.

H. WYSE. Newcastle, April 2, 1878.

NOT BURNED OUT.

Leather and Shoe Finding. THE subscriber, thankful for past favors, begs to have it said to his customers and all others, that he is still able to supply at usual prices any who may favor him with their patronage. J. J. CHRISTIE, 65 King Street St. John, July 2, '77.

FOR SALE.

A FARM, in the Parish of Dalhousie, fronting on the Restigouche, within one mile and a half of Dalhousie Station, containing (200) Two Hundred Acres, is well wooded and watered, and in every way a desirable property. Terms and further particulars on application to the subscriber. Address, JAMES S. DUNCAN, Cross Point, Co. Bonaventure, Pro. Quebec. Riverdu Loup, 5th March, 1878. 6m

CRANE, WAITE & CO.

GOOD NEWS RANGE, Large and Varied Assortment of STOVES, Just Received per Intercolonial Railway, comprising: Cooking, Parlor, Hall and Office Stoves, For Wood and Coal; BASE BURNERS, For Hand Coal; FARMERS BOILERS, 20, 25 and 40 gallons. Also, LEADEN PIPES, 2 1/2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48, 54, 60, 72, 84, 96, 108, 120, 144, 168, 192, 216, 240, 270, 300, 360, 420, 480, 540, 600, 720, 840, 960, 1080, 1200, 1440, 1680, 1920, 2160, 2400, 2700, 3000, 3600, 4200, 4800, 5400, 6000, 7200, 8400, 9600, 10800, 12000, 14400, 16800, 19200, 21600, 24000, 27000, 30000, 36000, 42000, 48000, 54000, 60000, 72000, 84000, 96000, 108000, 120000, 144000, 168000, 192000, 216000, 240000, 270000, 300000, 360000, 420000, 480000, 540000, 600000, 720000, 840000, 960000, 1080000, 1200000, 1440000, 1680000, 1920000, 2160000, 2400000, 2700000, 3000000, 3600000, 4200000, 4800000, 5400000, 6000000, 7200000, 8400000, 9600000, 10800000, 12000000, 14400000, 16800000, 19200000, 21600000, 24000000, 27000000, 30000000, 36000000, 42000000, 48000000, 54000000, 60000000, 72000000, 84000000, 96000000, 108000000, 120000000, 144000000, 168000000, 192000000, 216000000, 240000000, 270000000, 300000000, 360000000, 420000000, 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