

The St. John Standard

VOL. X., NO. 20.

TEN PAGES

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 18, 1918.

UNSETLED.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Ypres Salient Practically Untenable for the British

Thirty-Seven Persons Perish in Blazing Oil and Gas on Steamer

British Steamer War Knight and United States Steamer O. B. Jennings, Both Oil Laden, Collide off British Coast—All who Perished Burned to Death on British Vessel with One Exception—Both Vessels Destroyed.

At an Atlantic Port, April 17.—Thirty-seven lives were lost when the American steamship O. B. Jennings and the British steamer War Knight, both laden with naphtha and inflammable oils, collided off the British coast on March 24, according to members of the crew of the O. B. Jennings, who arrived here today. All who perished with one exception were on the British vessel. They were burned to death by blazing gas and oil.

Those who survived the flames on the War Knight were rescued in the nick of time by destroyers, for soon after, while the blazing hull was being towed to shallow water, it struck a mine and was blown up. The destroyers went to the rescue through a field of blazing oil and took off also the crew of the Jennings.

A number of the crew of the American ship were, however, badly burned and had to be removed to hospitals after being landed.

(Continued on page two.)

N. B. TO CHANGE RULE OF ROAD

Legislature Decides that Province Shall Fall in Line with Ontario, Quebec and United States, where Drivers Keep to the Right Instead of the Left—Rule Designed to Prevent Accidents and Put Province in Harmony with Modern Ideas.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, April 17.—The budget debate was continued in the house today only for a brief time in the afternoon and the remainder of the session was devoted to the consideration in committee of the whole of the sections of the highway act that had been stood over. There was an amusing period in the evening when the section of the act providing a change in the driving rule of the road was before the committee and three votes were taken. No party line was drawn and members on both sides voted as they felt. Hon. Mr. Sweeney of Westmorland lead the opposition to the change. He claimed there was no demand for it and that it was advocated only to meet the views of tourists from the United States. The people of the province had not been consulted on it and he suggested that it might be referred to the municipal councils for their vote before action was taken by the government to change the custom of years.

An Unwise Change.

The only change the people of the province had been asked to make in the last provincial election was a change of government. That change had been made whether it was a wise change or not was a debatable question that time alone could answer.

On the voting being taken the change was adopted in committee.

Mr. Magee of Westmorland moved to add a sub-section to the act to the effect that the change should not come into effect until Nova Scotia had passed and proclaimed a similar change. This was defeated and the change will become operative on the proclamation of the lieutenant-governor or its successor.

Under it the rule will be to turn to the right.

In the budget debate this afternoon the speakers were Dr. Hetherington of Quens, Dr. J. Roy Campbell, St. John, and Hon. Dr. W. F. Roberts.

Dr. Campbell's Address.

Dr. Campbell delivered an excellent address, moderate in tone, but strong in its criticism.

Dr. Hetherington concerned himself chiefly with the contention that the other government had left roads and bridges in such a bad shape in Quebec County and that it was necessary therefore to make heavy expenditures there. The greater part of Dr. Roberts' address consisted of a plea for the passage of his health bill. He labored

considerably to make out a case but brought out no new points.

He moved the adjournment of the debate until tomorrow afternoon at three o'clock.

The indications now are that it will occupy the greater part of the remainder of the session.

It is expected now that the House will sit on Friday evening and on Saturday, the usual week-end recess being eliminated. Next week if the committees have finished their work there is a possibility of morning sessions.

HILAIRE H. MELANSON IS DEAD AT SCADOUA

Moncton, April 17.—The death occurred at Scadoua this morning of Hilaire H. Melanson, father of H. H. Melanson, general passenger agent of the C. G. R. and A. H. Melanson, jeweller of Moncton. Deceased was 88 years old and had been a resident of Scadoua practically all his life. He is survived by five sons.

His son, Dr. H. H. Melanson, died in 1915. The cause of death was heart disease. The deceased was a member of the church and a former member of the Masonic Lodge. He was a member of the Royal Canadian Legion and a past president of the local branch. He was a member of the Royal Canadian Legion and a past president of the local branch. He was a member of the Royal Canadian Legion and a past president of the local branch.

THE BRITISH RETIRE FROM THEIR POSITIONS EAST AND NORTHEAST OF YPRES RUIN

Germans in Possession of Wytschaete, Poelcapelle and Langemarck and are Now Driving for Important Junction and Supply Town of Hazebrouck—Enemy Progress Towards latter Held Up Beyond Vieux Berquin and at Nieppe Forest—Mystery Where British Reserves are.

(By William L. McPherson).

Ludendorff's capture of the British key position at Wytschaete and on the Messines Ridge has had immediate consequences on the Flanders battlefield. It has made the Ypres salient practically untenable.

Wednesday Field Marshal Haig announced a retirement from the British position east and northeast of Ypres. Last night's German communiqué disclosed the extent of the retirement. The bulk of the salient to the southeast of Ypres have crumbled, the eastern and northeastern defences became valueless. Berlin reports the occupation by German troops of Poelcapelle and Langemarck, villages which lie beyond and to the north of the Passchendaele Ridge. So the whole Passchendaele heights, so brilliantly taken by assault last summer, evidently had to be abandoned. This forecasts an almost complete straightening out of the famous Ypres salient. The British are still north, east and south of Ypres. But with the formidable ridges which defend it again in the hands of the Germans, this ruined city ceases to be of military value.

The British held on in Ypres through 1916 and the first half of 1917 only because the German command in Flanders was at that time limited to the strict defensive. In order to fortify his weak position there Field Marshal Haig last summer took both the Messines and the Passchendaele Ridges by assault. They command the surrounding country, and against an aggressive foe possession of the lowlands is a peril rather than an advantage.

Vigorous Counter Attacks.

To cover their withdrawal on the east and northeast the British made vigorous counter attacks Wednesday at Wytschaete, above Neuve Eglise and Bailleul, and at Meteren. Meteren was retaken and some progress was made at Wytschaete, but later all the ground regained was again lost. Apparently the British are going to get out of the salient before long and establish themselves on a new defensive line running south from Dixmude to Ypres, or west of it, and then turning southwest to the Nieppe Forest. Their next preoccupation must be to protect Hazebrouck, the most important railroad centre and military base in this section of the front.

French Flanders is scarcely supplied with railroads. The lateral lines centering at Hazebrouck connect the Flanders front with the channel ports. The north and south line which runs in the British salient goes down from Poperinghe to Hazebrouck, and then turns southeast to Bethune, the Allied base for the sector of the front about La Bassée.

Hazebrouck Important.

Hazebrouck is, therefore, immensely more important to the Allies at this juncture than Ypres and all the territory in the Ypres salient. It will now become the immediate German objective, having always been one of the ultimate objectives of the present drive. German progress toward it has been held up beyond Vieux Berquin and at the Nieppe Forest. It was necessary for the Germans to reckon first with the British forces strongly established on the bank of an advance on Hazebrouck. Now the way is cleared for an encircling movement, through Meteren and Merrin toward Caestre, on the Hazebrouck-Poperinghe railroad.

The unknown factor in the fighting today in Flanders is the ability of the two antagonists to draw upon reserves.

General Maurice says that, since March 21, the Germans have engaged 126 of their west front divisions. That is over half their strength. Ludendorff's reserves of fresh troops, especially of troops of first quality, are running very low. On the other hand, there is no evidence that the British in Flanders have been heavily reinforced from other parts of the line. The Allies still have a great preponderance in unused divisions.

"What is happening to Blucher? What has become of the reserves?" asks General Maurice. It is a mystery to him; it is an even greater mystery to the public.

The issue on the west front is now essentially an issue of reserves.

SCOTIA STEEL EMPLOYEES IN TRENTON OUT

Federation of Labor Declares Strike and Men in Some of the Plants Went Out Last Night.

(Special to The Standard.)

Special to N. Y. Tribune and St. John Standard.

London, April 17.—Viewing the news of today's fighting as a trifle.

The situation is exceedingly anxious but the heroic defense of the British has inspired a confidence that the future will become increasingly bright.

The Germans still hold the initiative and are still fighting for a finish.

The battle is likely to continue desparately for some days before the British are completely out of the woods.

What has happened on the front of Ypres—Here the British had a salient which narrowed as the enemy advanced through Ballouai, and the loss of Ballouai the difficulty of supplying the defenders of this salient greatly increased. After holding the Ypres salient for sentimental reasons since the spring of 1915 the British attacked on July 31 last and continued the campaign until November against tremendous obstacles and a fairly strong position on Poelcapelle Ridge. It was a campaign which many times was on the eve of a great victory, only to be balked the next day.

Now the British have cut their losses and fall back to a position easier to defend and easier to supply from the Poelcapelle region.

Territory countant at all now positions mean everything. The British have a shorter front and can now defend the channel ports with increased hope of success. Their retirement was conducted orderly and skillfully and the German claim in this region must be read in the light of the facts stated above.

The Strike is On.

At six o'clock this morning there was no flag flying from the Federation Hall and the strike is on. It is understood that the men from some of the plants walked out this evening. How long the strike will last is a problem but it is to be hoped amicable settlement will soon be arrived at.

The following telegram has been received by General Superintendent Adams of the Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Co., Ltd., and speaks for itself:

"At a meeting of the Board of Directors held this morning it was decided that the management of the company would meet a committee of seven workmen now in the service of the company at the New Glasgow works for the purpose of adjusting the provisions of the Lemieux Act."

(Signed) "F. H. CROCKARD."

wages or other matters arising out of their employment. No recognition of any union workmen can be concluded and the conference when held must be with workmen as such and not as union members. Should this suggestion not be acceptable by the New Glasgow workmen the board suggests that a board of conciliation be appointed by the Minister of Labor under the provisions of the Lemieux Act."

(Signed) "F. H. CROCKARD."

THE GERMAN ARMY IS INCREASED BY 1,600,000 MEN

This Extent to Which Russian Withdrawal Had Added to Potential Strength on Western Front, Including Italy, Without Taking Into Account Reserves, which Would Have Been Necessary for Russian Front—Serious Situation Explained at Secret Session of Canadian House of Commons.

Ottawa, April 17.—The House of Commons met in secret session for two hours this afternoon. Beyond members and officials of the house, there were present members of the Senate only.

The following report of the proceedings at the secret session was issued tonight under the authority of the Speaker:

The prime minister, on a motion to go into committee of supply, made a full statement surveying the present war situation treating of the military situation, the supply and production of food-stuffs and the problem of merchant shipping and the submarine with special reference to the man-power position of the British Empire and the Allies.

"He stated that the government, being impressed with the desirability of giving to the house the fullest possible information, had communicated to the prime minister of the United Kingdom its intention to move for a secret session and had requested from Mr. Lloyd George a statement of the present position which might be made known to the house. Mr. Lloyd George's message in response to this request was then read.

(Continued on page two.)

BATTLE LIKELY TO CONTINUE SEVERAL DAYS

Several Bright Spots Appeared Yesterday, but Some of Them Fade Away.

TERRITORY DOES NOT COUNT NOW

Position and Reserves Principal Elements of Success at Present.

(By Arthur S. Draper.)

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(Signed) "F. H. CROCKARD."

Out of the chaos of the tremendous battle along the Lys River, south and southwest of Ypres, the thunder of which may be heard forty or fifty miles away, there have come during the past day reports which are more encouraging to the Allied powers. The British have not only held all the ground which they were defending on Tuesday, but have struck back so powerfully that Meteren and part of Wytschaete were retaken and held for a time. Only after heavy attacks did the British retreat again from the village.

Further south only raiding operations have been going on.

The Turks announced that they have taken the city of Batum, on the eastern shore of the Black Sea. They report strenuous fighting before the Russian defenders of the city were driven out.

Baron Stephen Burian Von Rajecz has succeeded Count Czernin as foreign minister of Austria-Hungary, coming back to the office he relinquished on December 23, 1916.

The Macedonian front has again been active. Greek and British troops have advanced and driven the Bulgarian forces from several towns along the Struma River, on the eastern end of the line. French forces have also been active in this theatre of the war.

Fifteen British merchantmen were lost during the week from mines or submarines.

HAIG'S FORCES RETIRE AGAIN

London, April 17.—After gaining a footing today in the villages of Meteren and Wytschaete the British were forced to make a second retirement, according to Field Marshal Haig's report from France tonight.

Friar's report, it is added, has now reinforced the British lines. The text of the statement reads:

"This morning intense bombardments were opened by the enemy on practically the whole of the Lys battlefield, and from the Forest of Nieppe to Wytschaete, were followed by infantry attacks. All these attacks have been repulsed and considerably reduced in the course of the day."

"In counter-attacks reported in the morning communiques our troops succeeded in entering the villages of Meteren and Wytschaete, but, in the face of continued hostile attacks, were unable to maintain their positions there."

ENEMY CASUALTIES IN YPRES SECTION ENORMOUS

BY GIVING UP GROUND THE BRITISH WEAR OUT ENEMY

Withdrawal from Passchendaele Salient and Giving Up of Ground Won Last Autumn has Not Been in Vain, Since by Doing So Tremendous Losses were Inflicted on the Germans—Famous Statue of the Virgin in Albert Church Tower Shot Down.

British Headquarters in France, April 17. (Via Reuter's Ottawa agency)—The past 24 hours have been anything but a good time for the enemy. Von Ludendorff is doubtless telling the Germans to look at the map. Our answer is: "Tell them to look at their own shortening of the Passchendaele salient and the giving up of the ground won last autumn. It had been in vain, since it played a large part in wearing out the enemy, the last phase of which we are now entering on."

The withdrawal was accomplished with masterly skill, unhampered by the Germans. Our power of resistance has greatly stiffened, while we have forced the enemy to lengthen his communications across ground which they would infinitely soon be with out.

The bitter intensity of the fighting lulled during the forenoon, the hurricane artillery duel subsiding to spasmodic outbursts with long intervals of comparative calm.

Numerous Prisoners.

We have taken numerous prisoners in the last two days.

There are indications that an attack is coming between Bailleul and Wytschaete. At Boylees south of Arras there was a sharp conflict yesterday afternoon and night, but quiet seems to be restored there, our positions remaining the same. An expected infantry attack following fierce shelling of Villers-Bretonneux did not materialize and the enemy did not attempt an advance.

Desperate Efforts of Huns.

With the British Army in France, April 17. (The A. P.)—The desperate efforts by great forces of the enemy yesterday afternoon and last night to exact all its successes about Bailleul and Wytschaete met with a costly failure.

The battle west of Bailleul has been continuous and sanguinary. Time after time the enemy forces flung themselves against the defenders in intense assaults, but on each occasion

THE GERMAN ARMY IS INCREASED 1,600,000 MEN

(Continued from page one.)

Military Situation.

The prime minister then presented other information and considerations bearing on the situation. The military position confronting the empire was explained in detail. The enemy had clearly disclosed his intention to make a supreme effort to destroy the British army on the western front as an effective fighting force. To this end he had adopted measures placing every man in the German empire between the ages of 17 and 60 at the disposal of the government, reducing the age limit for military service and reorganizing his formations in the field. His forces and reserves for striking at the western front had been enormously increased by the withdrawal of Russia from the war. The employment of Landwehr and Landsturm formations for the defence of the eastern front, the use of these formations to supply the United Kingdom with its essential foods and materials and the sacrifices imposed upon the people of Great Britain could not be overstated. The shipbuilding programme of the empire, and the Allies was explained. The important question of the world's food supply was reviewed and the House was made acquainted with information pointing to the vital necessity for stimulating increased production.

Extremely Grave.

In conclusion the prime minister urged that it must be recognized that the position was one of extreme gravity. In view of the issued warning Germany must be defeated. There could be no other alternative. And to this end Canada must provide all the assistance in her power. We must supply the men necessary to keep our divisions up to full strength no matter what casualties were suffered and we must so organize our remaining manpower as to maintain and if possible increase our agricultural production.

Draastic Measures.

The government of the United Kingdom had accordingly initiated the most drastic measures for maintaining their effective forces and providing the necessary reserves for the future.

The military effort already made by the United Kingdom, France and the Dominion was shown by means of detailed confidential information as to the strength of the forces which have been raised by each.

As to the position confronting this Dominion, it was apparent that an attack upon the Canadian army corps in full force must be expected. No one could say when, but in view of the strategic value of their position there could be no doubt they must be prepared to meet any attack launched by the enemy and the country must be prepared to make good all losses.

The members of the senate attended the session, that house adjourning for the purpose.

Poor Shake.

"Johnnie," called his mother, "stop using that had language."

"Why?" replied the boy. "Shakespear said what I just did."

"Well," replied the mother, growing irritated, "you should stop playing with him; he's no fit companion for you." —*Advertiser's Weekly*.

H. G. WADMAN AGAIN THE GRAND MASTER OF N. B. ORANGEMEN

Grand Lodge Sits all Night to Finish Up Large Amount of business on hand—Officers Chosen.

Special to The Standard.
Fredericton, April 17.—The Orange Grand Lodge was officially welcomed to the city this morning by Mayor Hanson, and his remarks were greeted with cheers by the assembled members of the order.

Reports from the committees on petitions and appeals and suspensions and a number of county reports were received and adopted. The report of the Grand Secretary was dealt with by a special committee, and they expressed the appreciation of the Grand Lodge for the very efficient way in which that official had discharged his duties during the year.

The financial auditors and appropriations were passed.

Votes of thanks were tendered to Grand Treasurer Robert Wills for the way he fulfilled the duties of his office and who had served without remuneration; and to Past Grand Master David Hipwell, for services rendered during the year.

The election of officers conducted by Dr. W. H. Wallace, P. G. M., resulted as follows:

H. G. Wadman, grand master.

L. A. Palmer, senior deputy.

J. L. Gray, junior deputy.

Rev. Alexander Grant, grand chaplain.

Robert Wills, grand treasurer.

N. J. Morrison, grand secretary.

O. C. Smallwood, grand director of ceremonies.

S. W. Smith, deputy grand secretary.

J. H. Cochrane, J. W. McFarlane, grand auditors.

The following brethren were appointed deputy chaplains:—Rev. B. R. Penwarden, Rev. F. A. Whigham, Rev. J. C. Currie, J. A. Flewelling, D. Peterson, James Steele, Messrs. Rethie, Hatfield, McLeod and Ready.

At midnight adjournment was made for supper after which the session was resumed and the lodge sat all night in order to finish up the business.

Shortly after noon the Germans delivered an attack against the Damstrasse line between Hollenbeck and St. Eloi, but were driven off and a subsequent enemy concentration in this region was dispersed by the artillery.

The continuous enemy attacks all the afternoon southwest of Bailleul were without exception repulsed with heavy losses. The German artillery filled the area west of the stricken town with gas and high explosive shells as an adjunct to the infantry attack. At dusk the enemy drove forward again and made a vicious thrust at the British lines. The advancing troops met the hail of death but soon wavered and finally broke. Their casualties were cruel.

Further south the vicinity of Festubert was heavily shelled by the enemy and Givenchy and La Bassée were also under fire.

On the larger battlefield of the Somme the enemy artillery was more active south of the river. Villers-Bretonneux and the area just to the north were strongly bombed.

A German gunner yesterday sent a shell into the church tower at Albert, sending the famous statue of the Virgin, which hung there, crashing into the square.

THIRTY-SEVEN PERSONS PERISH

(Continued from page one.)

Story of Disaster.

An officer of the O. B. Jennings, who told the story of the disaster, supported in his statements by members of the crew, said the collision occurred shortly after 2 a. m., when they were within fifteen miles of their destination. He added that it was caused by the necessity of running without lights owing to the submarine danger.

"We had an exceptionally rough trip," the officer said. "As a result the churning of the bulk oil we carried had created a tremendous amount of gas. When the War Knight hit us, there was an instant explosion, caused no doubt by a spark from the impact of the steel setting the gas on fire.

Roar of Flame.

"Immediately there was a roar of flame shooting out of the hole in the O. B. Jennings' side, which all but enveloped the British. I learned afterwards that 36 men of her crew of about 50 were on the deck at the moment and they must have been almost instantly incinerated.

"We drifted apart and one of the destroyers by which we were convoyed managed to get a line on her and was towing her toward the beach when in some manner the burning ship drifted onto a mine field and she blew up. The case oil with which she was loaded took fire and completed her destruction.

Lifeboats Useless.

"We had our own safety to look after. The burning naptha had passed out of the lifeboats and the British had fallen to launch fireboats. It was then that the destroyers showed their resources for they dashed through the burning oil, bumped alongside of us and we jumped to their decks in safety. We lost only one man, a seaman named Shea, who was either burned or fell overboard and drowned.

"The O. B. Jennings, being a man to other ships, the destroyers proceeded to sink her" which they did through the hulls. She settled until her head. She settled until her head was level with the water, extinguishing the flames, and afterwards she was taken in tow and beached. She probably is not a total loss.

"The accident came at the close of a rough and exciting voyage which had set the nerves of our crew on edge throughout the previous month. There could be no other alternative. And to this end Canada must provide all the assistance in her power. We must supply the men necessary to keep our divisions up to full strength no matter what casualties were suffered and we must so organize our remaining manpower as to maintain and if possible increase our agricultural production.

Following the prime minister's statement a brief discussion ensued, those who took part in it being Sir Walford Laurier, Sir Sam Hughes and General Mewburn.

The members of the senate attended the session, that house adjourning for the purpose.

BORN.

SYKEMAN—At Lower Jemmes, on Friday, April 13, 1914, to Mr. and Mrs. Medley Sykeman, a son.

NO REASON TO BE IN STATE OF DESPAIR SAYS MAURICE

Chief Director of Military Operations in British War Office Returns from Front—British Gained Ground Early Wednesday, but Lost Some Later in Day—Withdrawal to New Line on Ypres Salient—Situation Very Anxious one on Tuesday

London, April 17.—The greater part of Wytschaete and probably all of it was in the hands of the British for a time, Major General F. B. Maurice, chief director of military operations at the war office announced today.

Counter-attacking successfully at Meteren and south of that place, the British have driven back the Germans half way to Bailleul. They have advanced and improved their line in the direction of Neve Egise.

"The news last night and today is better," says General Maurice, "while I am not able to say definitely that Wytschaete is entirely in our hands we hold the greater part and probably the whole of it. As mentioned in Field Marshal Haig's communiqué, we made a withdrawal to a new line on the Ypres salient. The withdrawal was decided upon Sunday. It was carried out partly on Sunday night and completed on Monday. It is a regrettable military necessity which forces us to give up ground which we won at such heavy cost. On Tuesday the Germans were still shelling trenches which we had left the day before."

Return From Front.

"I returned last night from France" said General Maurice at the outset of his talk with The Associated Press. "The situation yesterday was very anxious. The Germans had taken Bailleul, Meteren and Kystschaete and had brought four fresh divisions into action against us. If the enemy could have maintained that pressure there looked to be vital danger to the ridge of heights which includes Mount Kemmel, and which is the backbone of our defence on the northern portion of the battlefield. But the news last night and today is better."

General Maurice then referred to the successful British withdrawal in the Ypres salient and continued: "Preparations for shelling the line in the Ypres salient were made some time ago and the decision to carry it out was reached before the fall of Bailleul owing to the danger offered to our positions in the salient from a flanking movement. The withdrawal was not dictated or governed by the adverse course of events around Bailleul but by more general considerations."

What of the whole battle situation? Our army has been through a very severe strain and that strain was evident at home. The situation had had its critical moments and still is decidedly critical. But remember we have adopted the principle of a limited front and must accept the consequences of that principle. We must look at the whole battle not from our army's sacrifices and sufferings, but from the standpoint of the whole Entente.

"The British army is playing the role which it often has played before. It is fighting a Waterloo while Blucher is marching to the battlefield. Multiply the battle of Waterloo a hundredfold and the situation at noon in that battle corresponds to the situation now in the great world battle."

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"The British army has performed and still is performing may be shown by a few figures. In this battle of Armentières the Germans have suffered 223 divisions and was the most successful single offensive undertaken by any British general. Three years ago in the Ypres region to the north of the Somme and especially the Canadians were making their famous stand, though waves of gas swept over them, which saved the channel ports.

Ludendorff has abandoned the tactics of 1914 which called for a good deal of energy in crossing the Yser.

He has adopted the plan of 1915. History is repeating itself, the blood bath of Armentières of 1914 is repeated again, though the French and the British are now making a stand along a line stronger than that which they held in 1915.

No Decisive Results.

Though the German success probably exceeded the enemy's expectation, just as the Amiens campaign proved a considerable disappointment, neither has brought decisive results and there is justification for a feeling of relief, though the morrow may contain many anxious moments.

From Morville southeast to Givenchy the strongest position on the British line the situation continues satisfactory and a powerful attack is being repulsed.

The famous General Bernhardi favorite of the Kaiser, and who prides himself on his resourcefulness and adaptability to circumstances, has been checked definitely in the north. The heart of the British army is considerably larger than the Entente; that is still intact, but it is under the command of the Somme and Verdun, and that the French always repay a compliment.

In the Arras sector the British restored the position at Roye. The most significant news from the Arras front is the report of a heavy bombardment of the British line by the Somme which may prepare the resumption of the German attack. Ludendorff will almost surely order a fresh onslaught in the north. The heartening thought is worth bearing in mind at all times that the French army is considerably larger than the British; that is still intact, but it is under the command of the Somme and Verdun, and that the French always repay a compliment.

While the great battle is raging complete confidence in the ultimate success of the Allies prevails in France. Not only is the great French army intact and its spirit undiminished, but the public also is optimistic.

Mr. Alexander Bainbridge hosts a dinner on Wednesday evening in honor of Miss Anna Gamblin, nursing sister, who will soon return overseas and on her arrival will be one of the principals in a happy event.

INCENDIARISM IN YARMOUTH

Miscreant Fires Barn and Woolen Mills—Two dwellings Damaged—Fire Alarm Wires Cut.

Special to The Standard.
Yarmouth, N. S., April 17.—What seems to have been deliberate attempt to burn down portion of the town took place about midnight. A few minutes before that hour a barn on Hawthorne street was found to be on fire and alarms were sent in from house No. 12. The building was empty and being a mere shell burned rapidly.

It was soon destroyed but before the flames had communicated to the adjoining houses occupied by Mrs. Bent and Peter Rose. The former house was badly damaged and the latter slightly. Just as this fire was got under control the fire bells rang out an alarm, this time for a blaze in the large wooden building known as the woolen mills.

Enough firemen were ordered from Hawthorne street to look after it and it was soon extinguished. On investigation a bottle of kerosene was found but what was worse it was also found that the first alarm wires had been severed, thus preventing a quick alarm from being sent in. The police are investigating and it is said have a clue.

The property loss in both cases is small.

NEW BRUNSWICK BIBLE SOCIETY HOLDS ELECTION

At Annual Meeting Held in Moncton Justice Forbes of St. John is Elected President and Mayor Hayes Secretary.

Special to The Standard.

Moncton, April 17.—The ninety-ninth annual meeting of the New Brunswick Bible Society was held in the Central Methodist church here this afternoon and evening. The afternoon meeting was presided over by Reverend Archdeacon O. S. Newnham of St. Stephen, the St. John delegates present were Rev. H. R. Boyer, district secretary; Rev. Dr. Heine, Rev. H. A. Goodwin, Rev. Mr. Morton, Rev. Mr. Arthur, Rev. Dr. Hutchinson, Rev. J. M. Rogers.

Delegates were appointed to the general board meeting as follows:

Hon. J. G. Forbes, St. John; Rev. W. H. Barrallough, Moncton; Rev. Dr. Hutchinson, St. John; Archdeacon Newnham, St. Stephen; Rev. H. A. Goodwin, St. John.

Officers were elected as follows:

President, Hon. J. G. Forbes, St. John.

First Vice-Presidents, Chief Justice H. A. McKeown.

Second Vice-President, J. S. Armstrong, Fredericton.

Third Vice-President, Rev. T. P. Drumm, Moncton.

Fourth Vice-President, J. W. Spurden, Fredericton.

<p

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS IN THE LEGISLATURE

HETHERINGTON OF QUEENS RAISES A RELIGIOUS CRY

Reckless Laurierite Utters Rank Falsehood Concerning Certain Newspapers of the Province and Becomes Second Fiddle to John T. Hawke of Moncton—Dr. Campbell, St. John, Makes a Clear and Forceful Speech on Budget and Tells of Some Shortcomings of Fosterite Aggregation.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, April 17.—(From Official Report)—The House met at 3 o'clock.

Mr. Hetherington, on the order of the day being called, resumed the debate on the budget.

He congratulated the hon. provincial secretary on the able manner in which he had brought down the budget and felt sure that hon. member had been able to convince his critics on the opposite side of the House that he was quite capable of taking care of himself. He also complimented the previous speakers who had discussed so earnestly matters pertaining to the financial affairs of the province.

He had listened with amazement to the remarks of the ex-attorney-general when he had undertaken to lecture hon. members to the right of the speaker for their attitude during the last Dominion election. He held that every man had an inalienable right to his own convictions and, speaking for himself, he had acted upon those convictions and the dictates of his conscience. It was becoming daily more apparent to many people that patriotism was the camouflage behind which politics had got in the doubtful work during that election. That was not his conception of the purpose and meaning of true patriotism, nor was it the belief of one of giving expression to one's loyalty to the country and empire. He did not believe the results had justified the means and the time had now arrived when patriotism must dispense politics and selfishness; manipulation and efforts towards personal advancement must be cast aside, if the principles of justice and assistance towards securing liberty and freedom for which so much blood had been shed. Speaking from personal observation he could say that he never had anything to do with an election in which such iniquitous methods and such unblushing deception were openly practised by certain Union supporters. He believed that more than one was able to break into the House of Commons, who otherwise would have received little consideration from either of the old parties.

Delivers Lecture.

The ex-attorney-general had talked to the House on purity in elections, and as a means to that end had proposed that all voters be sworn. Perhaps the ex-attorney-general intended to follow up methods which he had not yet practiced in his earlier days in the county of Queens, particularly having the voters swear. The hon. member had said a good deal about dignity and high ideals, but his preaching he sometimes failed to put into practice, as evidenced by the spectacle the House witnessed last Thursday, when he forgot not only his own dignity, but the respect which is due the Queen. Speaker and members of the House might be a little unkind, but when the ex-attorney-general waxed oratorical and plausible, a certain passage of Scripture invariably crossed his (the speaker's) mind. He was as good a Biblical scholar as some who were dead and gone. Sunday school superintendent and potatoe for a side line, and he might not be able to quote it accurately, but the passage which he would quote was: "The words of his mouth were smoother than butter, but war was in his heart; his words softer than oil, yet they were drawn swords."

Mr. Smith (Carleton)—"Where do you find that?"

Mr. Hetherington—"My hon. friend who is a deacon of the church to which I addresse should know without asking me. For information I might say that he will find it in the 23rd chapter of Joshua, 7th verse."

The hon. member of St. John (Potts), who spoke on the previous night, seemed to be a thoroughly member's subjective mood had any had probably not been developed or out the House in many years. If one-tenth of one per cent of the hon. members subjective mood had any possibility of getting out of that mood.

Another Misstatement.

Referring to the public health act he had understood the hon. member of York to say that the medical fraternity had not been consulted in connection with the matter.

Mr. Crockett rose and said that he had made no such statement.

Mr. Hetherington said he would accept the statement of the hon. member as he might have misunderstood him.

Mr. Campbell.

Mr. Campbell said he did not know that hon. members were greatly alarmed over the threatened French invasion but there was another invasion the thought of which was in the heart of every Britisher at the present time as the circumstances seemed to be becoming more serious each day. In comparison with the awful events going on in the world the matters under discussion before the house seemed ridiculously small and he had not much heart to enter into them. If other hon. members were of the same mind with him the debate would be brought to a close as speedily as possible. He felt that it was his duty to say a few words to supplement the views so eloquently expressed by the hon. member for St. John county at the opening of the discussion. He would like to endorse the felicitations that had been extended to the hon. provincial secretary on the admirable words relating to the war which had preceded his budget speech. He believed the hon. minister was deserving of the highest commendation for the noble stand he had taken during the last Dominion election. The proposals put forward by the government had been pretty well discussed by previous speakers and it was not necessary for him to again go over the ground. There were one or two matters however about which he felt he should say a few

words. He did not approve of the transfer to the crown of a similar sum of debentures to the amount of \$400,000 at par when the market value of the same was only \$228,000, and he was astonished that the hon. premier, who was recognized as an honest and capable business man, had countenanced such a transaction. Neither did he approve of the attempt that had been made to slip through the sum of \$115,000 in connection with the assessment being made on the municipalities for patriotic purposes. If the money was needed for the Halifax fund or for the tuberculosis hospital in St. John the government should have had the stamina to come forward and say so. He had been surely surprised in view of the serious charges made against the department of public works that the hon. minister in charge of the department had not promised an investigation. The hon. minister had risen in his seat to contradict some statement made by the hon. member for York, but other charges had been made and he had said nothing. The hon. speaker had expressed horror at the use of the word "permanent," but if he (Campbell) was not mistaken that word had been coined by the government and it was a most unfortunate coinage for them.

Referring to the expenditures for the year he said he was pleased that the Natural History Society of St. John was to have its usual grant. That society had been in existence fifty years and was exceedingly well equipped. It maintained a splendid museum and a library consisting of 14,000 scientific books. Last year the museum of the society had been visited by no less than 10,000 persons. Many thousands of tufted moth clusters had been destroyed by the members and good work had been accomplished along other lines and at very small expense. He hoped the time was not far distant when the public grant would be increased.

With reference to the appropriation for public health he observed that it was not sufficiently large to enable the government to carry out the provisions of the proposed new act. He felt that it was only right that all hon. members should give credit to his assistant for his assiduity in the matter. No one questioned that hon. gentleman's earnestness in the belief that he was bringing forth something for the public welfare. He did not wish to say that the public health of the province could not be improved, but he believed it would be inadvisable to adopt such an expensive proposition.

In conclusion he said he hoped that when honorable members assembled for the discharge of their duties in another year the great work would be at an end, and that they would be able to carry on their work with greater harmony than had prevailed during the present session.

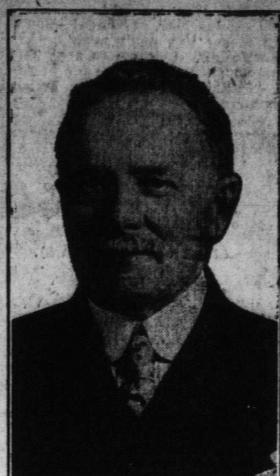
Hon. Mr. Roberts.

Hon. Mr. Roberts said it seemed to be a time honored custom for all honorable members to participate in the debate on the budget. A lot of time was consumed but many matters were brought up which were likely to be of benefit to the country. He wished to thank an honorable member from Westmorland for the handsome reference he had made to St. John when speaking of the Valley Railway. That honorable member had stated that a mistake had been made in building the Transcontinental across the province as in the interest of the port of St. John it should have been built down the valley. He (Campbell) wished to say that St. John was the only city on the continent where the people had gone down into their pockets and paid for their own wharves; in fact

ALBERT COUNTY'S ABLE REPRESENTATIVES IN THE LEGISLATURE OF NEW BRUNSWICK



LEWIS SMITH, M.L.A.



JOHN L. PECK, M.L.A.

during the present session than had been the case in many years. The forestry bill brought forward by the honorable minister of lands and mines was a step in the right direction. A similar bill had been enacted in 1914, but like many others it had lacked the machinery to make it effective. Had laws of the kind enacted during the present session been placed on the statute book for 10 years over the value of the natural resources of the province would have been greatly enhanced. It had been left to the Federal government to take the first practical step with a view of conserving the great natural asset of the country.

The continued use of this herbal balm has completely cured me.

"Although it is now two years since this cure was effected, there has been no return of the disease."

Zam-Buk is equally good for ringworm, scabies, sores, impetigo, boils, toothache, rashes, ulcers, old sores, abscesses, boils, legs, blood-poisoning, piles, cuts, burns, scalds and bruises. All dealers or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. 50c. box, 3 for \$1.25.

IT'S SIMPLY MARVELLOUS

the way Zam-Buk relieves the burning and irritation of eczema," writes Miss A. Bellant, of St. John, N.B. "For years I suffered with this disease, and tried all kinds of remedies, but nothing helped me until I used Zam-Buk. The continued use of this herbal balm has completely cured me.

"Although it is now two years since this cure was effected, there has been no return of the disease."

Zam-Buk is equally good for ringworm, scabies, sores, impetigo, boils, toothache, rashes, ulcers, old sores, abscesses, boils, legs, blood-poisoning, piles, cuts, burns, scalds and bruises. All dealers or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto. 50c. box, 3 for \$1.25.

Zam-Buk

If they stopped at the Nova Scotia border another session would see the change made in the sister province.

Mr. Dickson read a letter from a resident of Norton, a supporter of the government, who urged that the change should not be made, as it would inconvenience a million people for the benefit of a few from the United States. The letter continued, "other provisions of the new highway law appeared to be practical and up to date." (Continued by government members.) Continuing Mr. Dickson said he agreed with the first portion of the letter, but not with the last. (Laughter).

Mr. Murray (provincial secretary) heartily favored the change. He said people should control their horses and automobile drivers should not be asleep. The change need not be sudden, but in some ways it would not be a change.

Mr. Melanson said the farmers would like to keep the old custom.

Mr. Smith (Albert) said the municipal council of Albert had voted for the change and he would support it.

Dr. McGrath said the pedestrians on the sidewalk keep to the right, and if the road kept to the left, it might be wise to reverse the old rule in order that people might make the distinction (Laughter).

Mr. Magee opposed the change on account of living in Westmorland, which adjoins Nova Scotia, as it would cause much confusion. He would be in favor of the change if Nova Scotia adopted it also.

Mr. Dyer said that his personal feelings were in favor of the change, but he believed that the vast majority of his constituents were opposed to it. He would vote against the change.

Hon. Mr. Roberts said some accidents might result from the change, but if the present rule is continued accidents will continue to occur.

Local tourists are trying to come to the Maritime Provinces and obstacles should be removed from their way in order that the province might benefit from this traffic.

(Continued on page 4).

DOMINION TIRES



DOMINION means ALL CANADIAN MADE

Dominion Tires are as Canadian as the Boys who carried the Maple Leaf to Flanders.

The Dominion Rubber System—with its factories, warehouses and branches—is easily the largest manufacturer and distributor of CANADIAN MADE TIRES in Canada.

Every portion of the process of manufacture—from purifying the crude rubber, which now comes to us from our own rubber plantations in the East Indies, to the final inspection of the completed tire—is carried out in CANADIAN FACTORIES BY CANADIAN WORKMEN. More than this,

EVERY "DOMINION" TIRE IS MADE IN CANADA

Our leadership is due to the Tires themselves. Their quality has built up their nation-wide popularity.

And to think that only four years ago—in February, 1914—our first DOMINION Tire was made! Surely our achievement to leadership in four years is a record that any Canadian industry might well feel proud of.

"DOMINION" Tires are good Tires and are sold by the best Canadian dealers.

CANADIAN CONSOLIDATED RUBBER CO. LIMITED
EXECUTIVE OFFICES, MONTREAL

Branches throughout the largest cities in Canada.



Bruises and Sprains

Hove Sloan's Liniment handy for bruises and sprains and aches and pains. Quicker relief follows its prompt application. No need to rub. It quickly penetrates to the trouble and drives out the pain. Cleaner than messy plasters or ointments. Sloan's Liniment does not stain the skin nor clog the pores. For rheumatic aches, neuralgia, stiff muscles, rheumatism, lameness, sprains, etc. It gives quick relief. Generous sized bottles at all drugstores.

Sloan's Liniment
KILLS PAIN

Sloan's price not increased 25c, 50c, \$1.

Cleanses the

skin.

on the face and

and dandruff.

tion could be

not present.

itself in other

the neck, inflam-

wasting of the

dyspepsia, and

for Hood's Sarsaparilla.

medicine com-

plete.

the blood, removes

up the whole sys-

the careful train-

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for twenty years.

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The St. John Standard

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ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, APRIL 18, 1918.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved." "H. M. The King. TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace."

"SUFFRAGE AND POLITICS."

It is not often necessary for The Standard to differ with the Globe in editorial opinions expressed by our esteemed contemporary, but an article in Tuesday evening's issue under the caption quoted above, was wide of the facts and was read with amazement by those familiar with the circumstances under which the motion seeking leave to introduce bill to confer the provincial franchise on women was introduced in the Legislature on Monday evening by the leader of the Opposition and withdrawn upon the statement of the premier that the lieutenant-governor had promised the Royal assent would be withheld from the bill even though it pass the House. The Globe declares that the introduction of the motion was a "trick of the Opposition" and that the premier's action in reply was "a political bluff." Possibly the Globe is right in its characterization of the premier's course. On that point this newspaper has no knowledge. But The Standard does know that Hon. J. A. Murray in introducing his motion did not seek for political advantage but merely implemented a promise made to a member of the Social Service Congress of St. John. Hon. Mr. Murray, it will be remembered, took up this question of suffrage for women early in the session, and seconded by Mr. Tilley, introduced a motion approving the principle. This was passed by the House without dissent and it was therefore most natural that having secured endorsement of the principle the leader of the Opposition should take steps to give effect to it by the introduction of a bill in which all the formalities had been complied with and which was expected would at least receive the consideration of the members.

It is also true that the government party was divided over the bill. Some of them had previously pledged themselves to the movement, while others were most strongly opposed. Consequently if there had been a division the situation of the government and the premier might have been awkward. It was with this in mind that Mr. Foster sought the intervention of the lieutenant-governor and secured the pledge rendering it useless for Mr. Murray to proceed further.

When the Globe says that the government party numbers members who believe that the women of this province should have the ballot, but who, when the test came, lacked the moral courage to act according to their convictions, the statement is correct. It was purely a political move on the part of the premier which resulted in the temporary defeat of the suffrage proposal, but The Standard can say on the authority of the leader of the Opposition that a desire to make political capital did not impel him to introduce the motion and bill. Simply was he acting in accordance with his own belief in the justice of extending the franchise to women and in fulfillment of a promise he had previously made.

AN ACHIEVEMENT OF WAR.

A war achievement second only to that of victory over militarism is to be found in the cementing of the Anglo-Saxon nations of the British Empire and the United States. Upon these nations now devolves the task of defeating Prussianism and of sustaining the liberties of the world and they are being knit together in a spirit of brotherhood and understanding that indicates a future companionship rich with blessings to all the world.

After a considerable stay in the United States, the Archbishop of York has come to Canada, and he and Dr. Grenfell, the famous Labrador missionary and scientist, alike relate the realization that has come to the mind of the republic to the south of us of the closeness of interest and mutual dependence existing between Washington and London. Washington is relying upon the British and French to hold the lines on the western front and stem the tide of Hun aggression, and these nations in turn are depending upon the men of the United States to finally clinch the victory.

It is now clear that the war must end in a victorious peace, a peace that will be won by the sword no matter how long a time may be consumed in the winning and when that time comes Great Britain and the United States will exercise a benign domination over the world. It will be the domination of conscious strength coupled with good will to all nations, such strength to be put forth only for the preservation of world peace and the continued maintenance of liberty. The gigantic navy of Britain which has held the seas for the benefit of all will be joined in that work by the navies of the United States, Italy and France. The

exhibiting my picture upside down." "Hush!" said Whistler. "The committee refused it the other way." Boston Transcript.

Magic Required.
Betty—Papa says I shall marry the man I wish to.
Alice (who has had experience)—What will he do—hypnotize the man?—Boston Transcript.

It Made a Difference.
"Mr. Flint, I er—ah! is, can you—uh—will you—uh, yes, my boy, you may have her?"
"Eh? Who?"
"My daughter, of course! You want to marry her, don't you?"
"No sir, I came to see if you would endorse my note for \$100."
"Certainly not! Why, I hardly know you!"—Puck.

HETHERINGTON OF QUEENS RAISES RELIGIOUS CRY

(Continued from page 3).

N. S. Would Follow.

Hon. Mr. Smith (Carleton) said that the reasons which would lead Westmorland to oppose the change operated in its favor in the counties along the Maine border. Nova Scotia could not be expected to change before New Brunswick did, but he was satisfied that Nova Scotia would follow.

Mr. Jones said if the members wanted to satisfy the people they would let the ride as it is. It would cost each farmer from four to twenty dollars to change the shafts on their sleighs and sleds.

Mr. Tilley said this was a piece of progressive legislation which should be adopted.

Hon. Mr. Smith (minister of lands and mines) was very much against it. He believed it would be very unpopular among the farmers.

Hon. Mr. Foster said that there would be a continued increase in the use of motor vehicles, and it would be wise to make the change as soon as possible.

Mr. Sutton said that living near the border of Maine he knew of the need for the change, and that it would be in the interests of public safety.

Mr. Sweeney hoped that the members would vote down the change.

Hon. Mr. Murray (provincial secretary) said that there were few counties in which the winter roads were broken for double teams, and the change would not be serious on this account. For himself he would change a pair of shafts before breakfast just for an appetite.

The motion to adopt section 13 (leaving the rule as it was) failed but the chairman declared it lost. On a standing vote being demanded, he announced the result: Yeas, 19; Nays, 23. He declared the motion lost.

Hon. Mr. Veniot moved that section 15 be amended to provide for turning to the right. He said no section of the act would be put into effect until proclaimed, and this would apply to section 15.

Mr. Dickson—"What is the rule when a team meets a motor vehicle?"

Hon. Mr. Veniot—"The team has the right of way on its side of the road. The automobile should hold up and slow down or stop on a signal from the driver."

Mr. Dickson—"Has the team a right to signal the road?"

Hon. Mr. Veniot—"Yes."

The motion to adopt section 15 as amended to change the rule from left to right was adopted by a vote of 23 to 19.

Mr. Magee submitted to the committee a substitution which he asked to have added to section 15. It proposed to add to section 15 that the act in force be not issued until concurrent legislation had been adopted by Nova Scotia and arrangements had been made to bring the changes in the rule into effect in the both provinces on the same day.

After a brief discussion a motion to adopt the subscription was declared lost on a vote of 20 to 24.

Hon. Mr. Veniot said that the change in the rule of the road would not go into effect until a proclamation was issued by the government-in-council, and that proclamation would not be issued until the people had a chance to become accustomed to the new rule.

Mr. Guttal asked if it would be possible to exempt the Island of Grand Manan.

Hon. Mr. Veniot said it might be possible to do so, but he felt that the law should be made applicable to the entire province.

Hon. Mr. Veniot submitted a new sub-section to section 17. He explained it to the committee and told him that some warrants might be issued this year under the old rule, and if so they would not be collectable under the new act. The object of the amendment was to legalize such warrants. The amendment was adopted.

Hon. Mr. Veniot said that that completed his amendment and now the new sections relating solely to the Parish of Lancaster, which had been prepared after consultation with rate payers of that parish. He had heard demands pro and con with reference to the bill and he thought that the amendment which he had prepared was fairly in the situation.

The House again voted into committee, and after agreeing to a number of bills adjourned at 11:30.

With the Fingers!
Says Corns Lift Out
Without Any Pain

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply directly upon the corn a few drops of freezeone, says a Cincinnati authority.

It is claimed that at small cost one can get a quarter of an ounce of freezeone at any drug store, which is sufficient to rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound and while sticky, dries the moment it is applied and is not irritating or even irritates the surrounding tissue.

This announcement will interest many women here, for it is said that the present high-heeled footwear of marching day, uttered an exclamation of dismay on practically every woman's feet.

"Good heavens!" he cried. "you're

Little Benny's Note Book

BY LEE PAGE.

Us fellows was setting on my front steps hoping a runaway horse would go by or sumthin', and Sam Cross started to come up the street taking sumthin' out of his pocket and looking at it and putting it back in his pocket again, and he never stopped, and Sam Cross has got that watch he bin buyin' all the time he was going to get.

Lee stopped down portend they notice it, sed Puds Simkins. And Sam Cross came up and sat down and the first thing he did was pull his watch out of his pocket and look at it and put it back again, saying, tis half past 4 already, wat do you know about that?

With none of us fellow didn't say anything, and pretty soon Sam Cross pulled his watch out again, saying, 25 of 5, gosh, time setteny does go fast.

Has anybody saw Ed Wernick lately? sed Sid Hunt. And nobody let me know he had the watch, and pretty soon Sam Cross pulled it out again, holding it away out and looking at it as if he thought he was far sighted, saying, I wonder if this watch is slow, no, I believe it's fast.

And he put it back in his pocket again, and nobody sed anything and S. C. that rite, gosh, I'm glad they didn't get the initials ring.

Sam Cross is a airypiano wood go past, I sed looking up in the air. And the fellows all start to tawk about different things, and after a while Sam Cross sed, O, by the way, fellows, did you know I had a new watch?

And he pulled it out again, and us fellows all acted surprised and stuck our heads over his shoulders to see it, saying, Have you, Sam? gosh, wat do you know about that, Sam got a new watch, G wiz, lets see it, Sam, lets see it.

And Sam showed it to us and told us the time by it about every 10 minutes.

BLAMES VATICAN FOR UTTERANCES OF THE CLERGY

Whitney Warren of New York Declares Pope and his Clergy are Sincere in Attitude Regarding Peace and War but are Victims of Blindness.

(Special Cable to New York Tribune and St. John Standard.)

(By Wilbur Forrest.)

Rome, April 16.—Before the Society of Trenton and Triest, this Monday afternoon, with the president of the society, Duke di Cesari, presiding, Whitney Warren of New York, in a long speech on the subject, "The Common Task Before the Allies," made the following statement:

"Any lady or gentleman can darken their gray or faded hair, and make it soft and glossy with this simple recipe, which they can mix at home. To half a pint of water add 1 ounce of bay rum, one small box of Orlux Compound and 14 ounces of glycerine. This mixture can be purchased at any drug store, at very little cost.

Apply to the hair every other day until the gray hair is darkened sufficiently. It does not color the scalp; it is not sticky or greasy and does not rub off. It will make a gray haired person look 10 to 20 years younger."

and the Central Empires should open the eyes of the most blind and obstinate. Lenin and Trotsky know that German autocracy has no intention of treating them on the basis of the Socialist programme, the liberty of nations called for by the Soviets is not the affair of William or his government. The Trenton programme is only that all people shall come under the general rule of their authority, and become docile slaves of militarism—races made to obey without a murmur."

SHE DARKENED HER GRAY HAIR

Well Known Lady Tells How She Darkened Her Gray Hair By a Simple Home Made Remedy.

Mrs. E. H. Boots, a well known resident of Buchanan County, Ia., who darkened her gray hair by a simple home-made remedy made the following statement:

"Any lady or gentleman can darken their gray or faded hair, and make it soft and glossy with this simple recipe, which they can mix at home. To half a pint of water add 1 ounce of bay rum, one small box of Orlux Compound and 14 ounces of glycerine. This mixture can be purchased at any drug store, at very little cost.

Apply to the hair every other day until the gray hair is darkened sufficiently. It does not color the scalp; it is not sticky or greasy and does not rub off. It will make a gray haired person look 10 to 20 years younger."

CASUALTIES

Ottawa, April 16—Casualties:

Killed in Action:

H. C. Sullivan, Halifax.

Died of Wounds:

J. G. W. Cox, address not stated.

D. H. Kelcher, St. John;

Lt. F. J. Lawlor, Newcastle, N. B.

Wounded:

Lieut. E. Croft, Pictou, P. E. I.

J. R. Bonham, Sydney Mines, N. S.

C. E. Preiss, Stanhope.

G. A. Lapraik, Campbellton.

F. O. Schaefer, Halifax.

A. Poole, Fredericton, N. B.

III.

I. Martin, Burnt Church, N. B.

E. E. Thibadeau, Annapolis Royal.

W. B. Creed, Bridgewater, P. E. I.

R. V. Powell, St. John, N. B.

CAVALRY.

To me and to others it seems in-

conceivable that the strongest moral force in the world is that of its power in such a paradoxical manner. I have been schooled in the idea that the force of the clergy must be exercised and that religion and with regret feel obliged to take to task the Pope and his clergy. I cannot assign bad intentions to the Vatican in order to explain its conduct. One may suppose it is simply the victim of a terrible blindness.

Vatican Sincere.

"I admit that the Vatican is perfectly sincere, since, in the name of Christian charity it has expressed the desire for peace. But no matter how sincere its intentions it has produced only abominable effect. We have seen the proof in the last year when national discouragement both in the front and rear, partially caused by pacifist propaganda, directed by the clergy.

"To me and to others it seems in-

conceivable that the strongest moral force in the world is that of its power in such a paradoxical manner. I have been schooled in the idea that the force of the clergy must be exercised and that religion and with regret feel obliged to take to task the Pope and his clergy. I cannot assign bad intentions to the Vatican in order to explain its conduct. One may suppose it is simply the victim of a terrible blindness.

We are perfectly equipped for

examining the eyes, for prescribing

the right lenses, and you have to

pay for glasses you cannot obtain more expert and reliable advice than we furnish.

These are now displayed in our

window.

Call and have us fit you,—you

will like the combination.

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THE BEST QUALITY AT A REASONABLE PRICE

Expert Eye Examination

When you suspect that there

is anything wrong with your

eyes, you should have them

examined by someone who is

thoroughly conversant with the

different methods of eye

amination, and with wide

GOOD TASTE

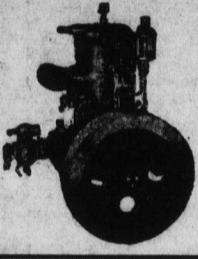
in furnishing the "Home" has a definite effect upon those who live in it. Fine Furniture need not be expensive—At Marcus' is found that rare combination of quality, beautiful designs and moderate prices.

Nothing short of an actual visit to our showrooms can convey a true sense of the immense choice of Fine Furniture, Rugs and Home Furnishings that we have available.

A Visit Should Prove of Interest and Profit

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Marine Gas Engines

"Acadia" Marine Engines are of superior design and develop maximum horse power for which they are noted.

Recommended by all users as most satisfactory for work or pleasure boats.

Call and examine.

P. CAMPBELL & CO.,
73 Prince Wm. St.

NEW ENGLISH CLOTHS Just Received Direct
Fine Spring and Summer Suitings and Overcoats
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THE UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER

Corona Portable Typewriters, Re-built Typewriters of all makes. Machines Repaired and Rented. Supplies for all Typewriters.

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HIRAM WEBB & SON, Electrical Contractors
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ALSO MANUFACTURERS OF SHEET METAL WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
COPPER AND GALVANIZED IRON WORK FOR BUILDINGS A SPECIALTY.

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GILBERT G. MURDOCH

A. M. Can Soc C. B.

Civil Engineer and Crown Land Surveyor
Surveys, Plans, Estimates, Superintendence, Blue Prints, Black Line Prints. Maps of St. John and Surroundings. 74 Carmarthen St., St. John

Canadian Prepared Barley and Groats for Infants and Invalids.

These are more reasonable in price than the imported and are reliable.

AT THE ROYAL PHARMACY, 47 King Street.

Wanted to buy a few carloads of hay at points along the Valley Railroad.

R. G. & F. W. DYKEMAN, 68 Adelaide St., St. John, N.B.

FUNERALS

The funeral of Private McLeod McFarlane, who died in the Military Hospital in Pitt street took place yesterday afternoon from the Carmarthen street Methodist church. Services were conducted by Rev. H. Penney. Interment was made in the soldiers plot in Fernhill. Private McFarlane was buried with full military honors.

ROYAL YEAST CAKES

Some women hold to the idea that bread-making is a long and difficult operation, but this is a mistake, for with Royal Yeast Cakes, light, sweet bread can be made in a few hours with but little trouble.

Price: Our new Royal Yeast Book will be sent free upon request. It contains full instructions for making bread and rolls with Royal Yeast Cakes. Send us your name and address and we will send this valuable little book will be mailed promptly.

F. W. GILLET CO. LTD.
TORONTO, CANADA
WINNIPEG
MONTREAL

LEGISLATURE ADOPTS CHANGES IN LANCASTER HIGHWAY ACT

That District Will be Separate Highway Division Under Control of Lancaster Highway Board, Such Division to be Exempt from Sections of the Road Act Relating to Road Supervisors.

Road Supervisors.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, April 17—Additions to the highway act, particularly affecting the parish of Lancaster, were considered in committee of the whole house tonight and adopted. These additions which provide special legislation for that parish are the result of consultation between the minister of public works, the members for St. John county and delegations from Lancaster. The additions provide that Lancaster shall be a separate highway division under the control of the Lancaster highway board and that such division shall be exempt from sections of the road act relating to road supervisors.

The boundaries of the district are set out and the composition of the highway board determined. That board shall consist of the municipal councillors-elect for the parish and two other members to be appointed by the government. The government shall name the chairman and secretary and the highway board shall fix the amount of the secretary's remuneration.

Full Authority.

This highway board shall have power to direct the assessment for highway purposes, to arrange for statute labor and to borrow from any charter bank up to fifty per cent. of the assessment for the purpose of proceeding with the road work, such sum to be repaid when the assessment is collected.

On the section providing the make-up of the board, Mr. Baxter moved an amendment that the section be changed to establish that the board shall consist of the councillors-elect, and eliminating the power of the government to name two members. In support of this he said that the money spent on the Lancaster highways was raised by the parish itself and little or no government money was used there. Therefore it was not necessary that the government should name men to superintend the expenditures.

Some Friction.

Hon. Mr. Veniot, in reply, said there was friction in the Lancaster highway board as two of the present members did not want the third member to be there. He had found it impossible to come to an agreement and consequently had determined that the government should appoint two members in addition to the councillors-elect. The amendment was lost and the addition to the act adopted. The whole bill was then agreed to with certain amendments and the chairman directed to report accordingly. The sections having particular reference to Lancaster are as follows:

Notwithstanding anything in this act to the contrary contained all that portion of the parish of Lancaster lying within the bounds contained in the proceeding sub-section shall be a highway division under the government and in control of a highway board which shall be a corporate body under the name of the Lancaster Highway Board, and such highway division shall be exempt from the proceeding sections of the act relating to road supervisor.

1. All that portion of the parish of Lancaster lying to the eastward of the line commanding on the shore of the Bay of Fundy where the easterly side one of the Provincial Hospital strikes the shore, thence following the said easterly line of the Provincial Hospital land to the easterly line of the town of Hartland, thence following the same along Rowan or Hathaway easterly line to the St. Andrews road, thence westwardly following the St. Andrews road to Manchester corner, so-called, thence following the Fredericton road until it reaches the western side line of land owned by the city of St. John, thence following the said line to the right of way to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, thence in a westerly direction along the right of way of said railway to the easterly side line of the land owned by the estate of the late James Lowell and dividing the same from the land of the Bogg estate, thence following said line to the shore of South Bay on the River St. John and hereinafter called the area.

2. The members of the highway board shall consist of the municipal councillors-elect for the parish of Lan-

cashere. The body of Captain James C. Price who died in Somerville, Mass., was brought here for burial and the funeral took place yesterday afternoon from the Fairville station on the arrival of the Boston train. Services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Sampson. Interment was made in Cedar Hill.

The funeral of Charles T. Pidgeon took place yesterday afternoon from his late residence, City Line. Services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Sampson. Interment was made in Cedar Hill.

The funeral of Mrs. B. V. Weston took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence, Ludlow street. Services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Sampson. Interment was made in Cedar Hill.

Washington, April 17—Production of print paper declined in the four weeks ending March 31, as shown in statistics made public today by the federal trade commission.

Shipments continued to exceed production, and mill stocks showed a decrease of more than 7,000 tons.

Too Much Indoors Causes HEADACHE
THAT miserable feeling is due to impure blood resulting from winter's indoor living.

Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Jaundice and Constipation come from impure indoor food. There's one remedy—test, taste and found efficacies for the last fifty years—and that is Dr. WILSON'S

HERBINE BITTER'S

At the first approach of "spring fever" take Dr. Wilson's "true Blood Purifier" don't wait for something worse to develop.

For the most stores 25c. Family size, 50c. 50c times as large, \$1.00.

Brewer Drug Co. Limited
St. John, N.B.

Dr. Wilson's "true Blood Purifier" is easily assimilated for women in early life.

Smith's Fish Market

25 Sydney St. Phone 1704

ARTILLERYMAN AT FRONT APPRECIATES GIFTS FROM CANADA

Interesting Letter Received by

Mr. John W. Bonnell of this City from Gunner Wilfred T. Havens.

I am sorry to say but one of these days I shall sit down and write a dozen or one.

Now I really must close with best regards and remembrances to all.

From your loving "pal,"

N.P. Havens.

N. P. Havens.

P. S.—Send us some old magazines if you have any please. N.P.H.

GR. WILFRED T. HAVENS,

R. C. H. A.

B. E. F.

France.

NO MORE KIDNEY TROUBLE

Since He Commedenced to Take "Fruit-a-tives"

73 Less Avenue, Ottawa, Ont.

"Three years ago I began to feel run down and tired, and suffered very much from Liver and Kidney Trouble. Having read of "Fruit-a-tives" I thought I would try them. The result was surprising."

WALTER J. MARRIOTT.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c.

At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

strangled in agony on the sidewalk,

and a crowd of people gathered around him. A doctor in uniform drove past in an automobile and took no notice of the occurrence.

It was some little time afterwards when a doctor arrived on the scene, but by this time the unfortunate fellow was assisted to the Discharge Depot. It was while he was being helped along the street that the first mentioned doctor again drove past but did not stop to even enquire what was wrong with the man in a private's uniform. Quite possibly that the doctor was not aware

that a person was in trouble, but at all events the occurrence caused no little comment from persons who witnessed it.

Major H. S. Jones of Apoqua in the city at present on military business. He is a returned officer and saw much service.

Former United States Senator Mason, Pioneer in Pure Food and Drugs Legislation, Father of Rural Free Delivery System Says Nuxated Iron

Increased His Power and Endurance so Much, that He Feels it Ought to be Made Known to Every Nervous, Run-down, Anaemic Man, Woman and Child.

Opinions of Dr. Ferdinand King, New York Physician and Medical Author; Dr. James Francis Sullivan, formerly Physician of Bellevue Hospital (Outdoor Dept.) New York and the Westchester County Hospital; former Health Commissioner Wm. R. Kerr, of the City of Chicago and others.

Senator Mason's statement in regard to Nuxated Iron was shown to several physicians who were requested to give their opinions thereon.

Dr. Ferdinand King, New York Physician and Medical Author, said: "I have been greatly impressed by Senator Mason's statement in regard to Nuxated Iron. There can be no vigorous iron man without iron. Pallor means anemia. Anemia means iron deficiency. The skin of anemic men and women is pale; the flesh flabby; the muscles lack tone; the brain fogs, and the memory fails, and often they become weak, nervous, despondent and melancholic."

Dr. James Francis Sullivan, formerly Physician of Bellevue Hospital (Outdoor Dept.), New York and the Westchester County Hospital, said: "Senator Mason is to be commended on handing out this statement on Nuxated Iron for public print. There is a great number of men and women who need a strength and blood tonic but do not know what to take. In my own opinion there is nothing better than organic iron—Nuxated Iron—for enriching the blood and helping to increase the strength and endurance of men and women who burn up too rapidly their nervous energy in the strenuous strain of the great business competition of the day."

Former Health Commissioner Wm. R. Kerr, of the City of Chicago, says: "I have taken Nuxated Iron myself and experienced its health-giving and strength-building effect, and in the interest of the public welfare I feel it my duty to make known the results of its use. I am 65 years old and want to say that I believe my own great physical activity is largely due today to my personal use of Nuxated Iron.

From my own experience with Nuxated Iron I feel it is such a valuable remedy that it ought to be used in every hospital and private practice by every physician in this country."

While former Health Commissioner Kerr is not himself a physician, still his experience in handling public health problems must give his opinion more than ordinary weight.

Dr. Schuyler C. Jaques, Visiting Surgeon, St. John's Hospital, New York City, said: "I have never before given out any medical information or advice for publication, as I ordinarily do not believe in it. But

to make the following test: See how long you can work or how far you can walk without becoming tired. Next take two tablets of ordinary Nuxated Iron three times per day after meals for two weeks. Then test your strength again and see for yourself how much in the case of Nuxated Iron you have gained."

MANUFACTURERS' NOTE.—Nuxated Iron was used by Senator Mason with such surprising results, and which is prescribed and recommended by physicians is not a secret remedy, but one which is well known everywhere. Unlike the older inorganic iron products, it is easily assimilated and does not injure the teeth, make them black nor upset the stomach. The manufacturers guarantee successful and entirely satisfactory results to every purchaser or they will refund your money. It is dispensed in this city by Wasson's Drug Store and all druggists.

Gentlemen:

I have often said I would never recommend medicines of any kind. I believe that the doctor's plan. However, after the hardest political campaign of my life, without a chance for a vacation, I had been starting to court every morning with that terrible tired feeling one cannot describe. I was advised to try Nuxated Iron. As a pioneer in the pure food and drug legislation, I was at first loath to try an advertised remedy, but after advising with my medical friends, I gave it a test. The results have been so beneficial to my own case, I made up my mind to tell my friends about it, and you are at liberty to publish this statement if you desire. I am now 65 years of age and I feel that a remedy which will build up the strength and increase the power of endurance of one at my age, should be known to the world.

Yours very truly,

Wm. E. Mason

Chicago, Ill.

From the Congressional Directory published by the United States Government — Wm. E. Mason, Senator from Illinois, was elected to the 50th Congress in 1887, to the 51st Congress in 1891 — defeated for the 52nd Congress 1897 to 1903.

Senator Mason is now Congressman from the State of Illinois.

Senator Mason's championship of Pure Food and Drugs legislation, his fight for the rural free delivery system, and his strong advocacy of all bills favoring labor and the rights of the masses, make him a national figure at Washington and endeared him to the hearts of the working man and the great masses of people throughout the United States.

Senator Mason has the distinction of being one of the really big men of the nation. His strong endorsement of Nuxated Iron must convince any intelligent reader that it must be a preparation of very great merit and one which the Senator feels is bound to be of great value to the masses of people everywhere, otherwise he could not afford to lend his name to it especially after his strong advocacy of pure food and drug legislation.

Investment Opportunities

	Due	To Yield
St. John	6% 1948	5.95%
St. John	5% 1934	6%
Manitoba	6% 1928	6 1/2%
Montreal	6% 1922	6 1/2%
Dalhousie	5% 1935	6 3/4%
Winnipeg	5% 1922	6 3/4%
Saskatoon	5% 1944	6 3/4%
Edmonton	5% 1933	6 3/4%

Full Particulars on Request

Eastern Securities Company, Limited.

ST. JOHN, N. B.
HALIFAX, N. S.

N. Y. QUOTATIONS.

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

	Open	High	Low	Close
Am Best Sug	72	72	70	71 1/2
Am Can Pfy	187 1/2	187 1/2	174 1/2	174 1/2
Am Loco	62	62	61 1/2	61 1/2
Am Sug	101	101	98	98
Am Smelt	76	76	76 1/2	76 1/2
Am Woolen	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
Am Tele	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2	100 1/2
Anaconda	65	65	64 1/2	65
Am Carb	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
Atchison	83	82 1/2	82 1/2	83 1/2
Balt and Ohio	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2	51 1/2
Bald Loco	76 1/2	76 1/2	75 1/2	76 1/2
Beth Steel	77 1/2	77 1/2	76 1/2	77 1/2
Brook Rap Tr	38	38	38 1/2	38 1/2
Clothes and Shoe	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2	54 1/2
Chino	41	41	41	41
Cess. Leath	68 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2
Cent Pac	127	127 1/2	126 1/2	126 1/2
Health Ins	46	47 1/2	47 1/2	48 1/2
Cruc Steel	61 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2	62 1/2
Erie Com	14 1/2	14 1/2	14	14
Erie 1st Pfd	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Gen Elec	139	139	139	139
Gr Nor Ore	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Indus Alcohol	123	123 1/2	122 1/2	122 1/2
Gen Motors	117	118 1/2	117	118 1/2
Inspira Corp	47	47 1/2	46 1/2	47 1/2
Kans City Sou	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Kenn Coop	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2
Lehigh Val	58	58	57 1/2	57 1/2
Louis and Nb	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2	11 1/2
Mer Mar Pfd	82 1/2	93 1/2	92 1/2	93
Mex Petrol	35	35	34 1/2	34 1/2
Midwest Steel	45	45 1/2	44 1/2	45 1/2
N.Y. Natl and H	20	20	20	20
N.Y. Cent H	68 1/2	68 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Nor Pac	114	114	114	114
Penn	44	44	43 1/2	43 1/2
Reading Com	79 1/2	80	79 1/2	79 1/2
Repub Steel	79	80	79 1/2	79 1/2
St Paul	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2	38 1/2
Sou Pac	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2
Sou Rail	21	21	20 1/2	20 1/2
Studebaker	37 1/2	38 1/2	37 1/2	38 1/2
Union Pac	118 1/2	118 1/2	117 1/2	118
U.S. Std Com	90 1/2	91 1/2	90 1/2	91
U.S. Rub	53	53	53	53
Utah Com	78 1/2	78 1/2	78	78 1/2
Westinghouse	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2	39 1/2
West Union	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
U.S. Std Pfd	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2

MONTRÉAL SALES.

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

	High	Low	Close
Montreal, Wednesday, April 17th.			
Steamships Pfd—5 @ 76.			
Brazilian—45 @ 35, 1 @ 35 1/2.			
Can Cem Pfd—2 @ 91.			
Steel Canada Com—150 @ 58 1/2.			
Dom Iron Com—10 @ 60 1/2, 15 @ 60, 25 @ 59 1/2, 92 @ 59 1/2, 58 @ 59 1/2.			
Dom Iron Com—10 @ 60 1/2, 15 @ 60, 25 @ 59 1/2, 92 @ 59 1/2, 58 @ 59 1/2.			
Laurentide Pulp—10 @ 159.			
McDonalds—90 @ 14 1/2.			
Ontario Steel—15 @ 28.			
Laurentide Power—10 @ 52, 108 @ 52 1/2.			
Civic Power—40 @ 79 1/2.			
1925 War Loan—2,000 @ 94.			
1931 War Loan—10,000 @ 92 1/2.			
Gas Can Pfd—1 @ 90.			
Gas Car Pfd—5 @ 71, 5 @ 70 1/2.			
1927 War Loan—10,000 @ 92 1/2.			
Can Car Pfd—25 @ 71.			
Can Car Com—50 @ 31, 10 @ 30.			
Laurentide Pulp—25 @ 189 1/2.			
McDonalds—50 @ 14 1/2.			
Afternoon.			
Dom Textile—45 @ 80 1/2.			
Steel Canada Com—5 @ 58 1/2.			
Civic Power—156 @ 79 1/2.			
1925 War Loan—1,000 @ 92 1/2.			
1921 War Loan—10,000 @ 92 1/2.			
Can Car Pfd—25 @ 71.			
Can Car Com—50 @ 31, 10 @ 30.			
Laurentide Pulp—25 @ 189 1/2.			
McDonalds—50 @ 14 1/2.			

Bld.	Ask.
Brazilian L H & P	25
Canada Car	31
Canada Cemt	70 1/2
Canada Cement Pfd	59
Car Cotton	85
Dom Iron Com	55 1/2
Dom Tex Com	85 1/2
Laurentide Paper Co.	159 1/2
McDonald Com	15
Ogilvie Bonds	10 1/2
Quebec Raffiner	18
Shaw P & Co	112 1/2
Spanish River Com	13 1/2
Steel Co Can Com	58 1/2

The Remington is the Aristocrat of the Business World—The Typewriter with the record of nearly a half century of Leadership. A. Milne Fraser, Jas. A. Little, Mgr., 37 Dock street, St. John, N. B.

NO BIG RECESSIONS IN STOCK MARKET ARE LOOKED FOR

Should Allies Win Much Ground Stocks will Probably Rise Rapidly.

NEW HAVEN STOCK LIKELY TO ADVANCE

Steel Stocks Still Favored for Investment and Boost Expected.

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

New York, April 17.—A canvass of sentiment in influential market circles indicate conclusively that should the Allies turn and make important gains on the western battlefield the effect, worldwide would be electrifying to the small amount of stocks offering at current levels. Almost every commission house in the street is calling attention to what may be a good rise in Tobacco products since announcement of the election of the new president. On recessions good buying is reported from specialist circles. "The position of U. S. Steel is simply an index to an equally strong surrounding Republic and Lackawanna steel and we believe they offer excellent speculative opportunities, particularly R. B. C." says a prominent

NO CHANGE IN THE LUMBER MARKET IN GREAT BRITAIN

Imports During March Very Small—Stocks Further Depleted and Insufficient—Changes in Conduct of Trade Expected.

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

New York, April 17.—A canvass of sentiment in influential market circles indicate conclusively that should the Allies turn and make important gains on the western battlefield the effect, worldwide would be electrifying to the small amount of stocks offering at current levels. Almost every commission house in the street is calling attention to what may be a good rise in Tobacco products since announcement of the election of the new president. On recessions good buying is reported from specialist circles. "The position of U. S. Steel is simply an index to an equally strong surrounding Republic and Lackawanna steel and we believe they offer excellent speculative opportunities, particularly R. B. C." says a prominent

STOCK MARKET BEARS UP WELL UNDER WAR NEWS

It Yields Comparatively Little Ground, Indicating Solid Out Condition.

FEW LEADERS FALL BACK FEW POINTS

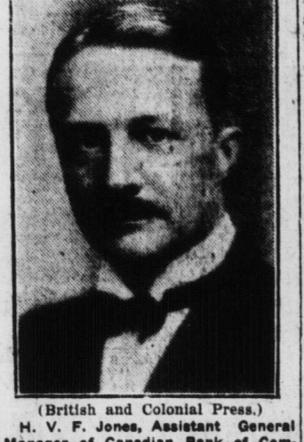
Slackening in Liberty Loan Drive and War News the Bad News.

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.)

New York, April 17.—Farnsworth & Jardine's Wood Circular says: The imports during March were very small. Deliveries made further inroads into the already insufficient and depleted stocks, leaving them in all cases lighter. Business was more or less static, changes in the conduct of trade are imminent, the condition of the woods is one of expectancy.

Canadian Woods—Pine: There was no change in the stock, which is all held in Manchester. Wansey Pine First-class: The stock is unaltered; Second-class: Stock strictly limited, demand quiet. Square Pine, Red Pine, Oak and Elm (Square).—Stocks entirely exhausted. Pine deals—No import, holdings exceeding light. Red Pine deals—No import; a nominal consumption from small stock.

New Brunswick and Nova Scotia Spruce and Pine Deals.—The import to the Mersey, including the Manchester Canal, amounted to 590 standards; the consumption accounted for about double this quantity, reducing stocks to 8,470 standards, being much below those held this time last year, viz., 18,180 standards. There is no change in the position. Pine Deals—Stocks very light.



(British and Colonial Press)
H. V. F. Jones, Assistant General Manager of Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto.

MONTRÉAL WAS FAIRLY STRONG

Trading Market Opening, but Market Again Shows Firm Tone and Recovers Most of Losses.

(N. Y. F. B.)

CHICAGO PRODUCE

Chicago, April 17.—CORN—No. 2 yellow, 1.72; No. 4 yellow, 1.68. 1.83 to 1.85; No. 4 white, 1.40 to 1.45.

OATS—standard, 88 1/2 to 89.

BRITISH WITHDRAW FROM ADVANCED YPRES LINE

BRITISH FORWARD POSITIONS EAST OF YPRES GIVEN UP

Withdrawal Carried Out in Perfect Order Without Enemy Interference—Entire Salient Menaced by Continued Advance of Germans on Lys Battlefield—Greeks Win in Macedonia.

With the Ypres salient in south-western Belgium advanced by the Germans, the British have withdrawn from the Lys battlefield front, immediately to the south, the British have begun to withdraw from this advanced line.

Today's official report from Field Marshal Haig's headquarters announces there is at least a partial withdrawal from the Ypres sector.

The British forward positions east of Ypres have been withdrawn to a line to the west occupied. The withdrawal was carried out in perfect order without enemy interference.

Apparently the retrograde movement is pivoting on the Wytschaete sector, where London today reports a successful counter-attack carried out upon the Germans, who yesterday captured the town of Wytschaete, near the highest point of the Mons ridge, and who presumably pushed out somewhat beyond the town. They are officially reported, indeed, as having advanced to St. Eloi, a mile and a half north of Wytschaete, and about six miles directly south of Ypres.

At Line of Year Ago.

St. Eloi is on the old battle line which existed before the British began their offensive last year, taking Messines Ridge, the high ground of the Passchendaele Ridge, the continuation of the spur to the northeast.

This may be an indication that the British retirement is to the line of the spring of 1917, although such a withdrawal would include the abandonment of the entire Passchendaele position as well as the Messines Ridge from the northern part of which they have been driven in the present battle. It would leave the town of Ypres, however, still in British hands.

There seems no danger at present of a retirement on any such large scale as this on the northern end of the Franco-Belgian line as the result of the recent German successes.

As a whole, however, it is held to hold as long as the railway communications remain. Apparently the security of these communications had been provided for by the massing of large forces in the northwesterly sector of the Lys battle front.

British Take Meteren.

The German objective here, as has been frequently pointed out, is Maubeuge, the important railway junction about four miles beyond the point of the farthest advance westward, near the Wytschaete sector of the Battle of Bailleul. A British counter-attack last indicated the strength of the British line in this vital sector. It resulted in the driving of the Germans from the town of Meteren, a mile and a half west of Bailleul, which they had entered.

The Germans are still hammering at the British line north of Bailleul, while to the northeast they are reported to be close to Mount Kemmel, the towering height which dominates the situation in this sector. The British now seem able to deal with them along the Bailleul-Wytschaete line, however, and the results of repeated attacks with terrific losses to the enemy in the Bailleul sector is reported.

The present attack in Flanders does not seem to have diverted material British reverses from the Somme battle field as the Germans apparently expected, and such operations as are occurring to the southward from Armentières reveal the British in strength on the Somme.

Used Return Tubular, 60 lbs., 14'—long.

ALSO—Used SMOKE STACKS—Used Condition.

Complete details and prices.

LESON & Co. Ltd.

*MFG. MACHINERY,
IRON WORKERS,
GOW, NOVA SCOTIA.*

MINION COMPANY

*SALES' OFFICE,
REGGAE,
W. F. STARR, LTD.,
Agents at St. John.*

COAL

QUALITY

REASONABLE PRICE

scale and Retail

W. F. STARR, LTD.,

Street — 159 Union Street

LANDING—

KEY SOFT COAL

S. S. McGIVERN

8 MILL STREET

F. Blanchet

Accountant

PHONE CONNECTION

John and Rothney

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quart pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier.

By squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of crushed white Carrageenan.

Take this to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in.

Then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as sallowness, wrinkles, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of Carrageenan at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands.

It really should help to soften, weaken, bleach and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is wonderful to smoothen rough, red hands.

Special to The Standard.

Mrs. A. W. Murray,

Amherst, N. S., April 17. After a lingering illness born with great patience and Christian faith the death occurred this morning of Mrs. A. W. Murray at her home, 20 Sum-

R. W. WHITLOCK OF ST. STEPHEN DEAD

Was Well Known for Years as Immigration Inspector—Was Treasurer of Agricultural Society and Secretary of Driving Park Association.

Special to The Standard.
St. Stephen, April 17.—Announcement of the death of R. Watson Whitlock came as a very sad surprise to the people of this community at about noon today.

Mr. Whitlock was one of our best known and most highly esteemed citizens with many friends in all parts of the county. He was taken ill in January and had been in hospital at Chipman Memorial Hospital since the tenth of that month. In recent days he had been improving and the morale for the first time had taken a turn in the grounds for a few minutes. He had returned to the hospital and was in one of the corridors when he suddenly fell to the floor and immediately expired.

For a number of years he had been employed as an inspector in the immigration department and before that was in business in Milltown and later in the insurance business in St. Stephen. He was treasurer of the Agricultural Society and rendered valuable service to that organization and to the Driving Park Association, of which he was a member.

He was a past master of Sussex Lodge, F. and A. M., a past commander of the Encampment of Oddfellows, and a Knight of Pythias.

He was fifty-five years of age and is survived by a sister, Miss Margaret Whitlock, and three brothers, William H. K. Julius T. and Colin W. Whitlock. The funeral will be held Friday afternoon at three o'clock from his late home on King street.

MARRIED.

LUNNEY-MORGAN.

Rev. Francis Healey, C. Ss. R., performed a pretty ceremony in St. Peter's Church at 10:30 o'clock yesterday morning when Miss Catharine Moran, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Moran of 286 Douglas avenue, was united in marriage to Lieutenant Edmund W. Lunney, medical officer at the army convalescent home, a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Lunney.

Major C. J. Morgan, the bride's cousin, gave her away. She wore a white satin gown and carried white roses. There were no bridesmaids or groomsmen. Lieutenant and Mrs. Lunney left on the Boston train last evening for a short trip and on their return will take up residence here. Lieutenant Lunney is a popular young physician and immediately upon graduating from McGill and receiving his degree, he joined the Army Medical Corps and has been attached to the Army Hospital in this city.

The late Mrs. Murray was the late Miss Dickie, of Oxford, and living in Amherst for many years. Her death will be deeply regretted by a wide circle of friends.

Miss Murray, head of Christies Limited, Amherst, died on August 3rd and was in her eightieth year at the time of her death.

Early in life he went west and began to teach school in the state of Illinois, which profession he successfully followed for many years. After returning from the west he taught in Queensbury, York County, Florenceville, Centreville and Grand Falls. He made his home in Florenceville where he spent the last forty seven years of his life. He is survived by his wife, formerly Miss Emma R. Hennigar of St. John, two sons, George H. a merchant of Florenceville, Dr. Frank of a private hospital in Edmundston, and one daughter Hattie, wife of Dr. C. A. Kirkpatrick of Grand Falls, also a number of grand-children.

OBITUARY

Richard Wheeler.

On Saturday, April 13th, Mr. Richard Wheeler, an aged and respected citizen, passed away at his home in Florenceville.

He was born in 1847 in Newmarket, Ontario, Canada.

He was a brother of Mr. and Mrs. Bailleul.

A British counter-attack last indicated the strength of the British line in this vital sector.

It resulted in the driving of the Germans from the town of Meteren, a mile and a half west of Bailleul, which they had entered.

The Germans are still hammering at the British line north of Bailleul, while to the northeast they are reported to be close to Mount Kemmel, the towering height which dominates the situation in this sector.

The British now seem able to deal with them along the Bailleul-Wytschaete line, however, and the results of repeated attacks with terrific losses to the enemy in the Bailleul sector is reported.

The present attack in Flanders does not seem to have diverted material British reverses from the Somme battle field as the Germans apparently expected, and such operations as are occurring to the southward from Armentières reveal the British in strength on the Somme.

Used Return Tubular, 60 lbs., 14'—long.

ALSO—Used SMOKE STACKS—Used Condition.

Complete details and prices.

LESON & Co. Ltd.

*MFG. MACHINERY,
IRON WORKERS,
GOW, NOVA SCOTIA.*

MINION COMPANY

*SALES' OFFICE,
REGGAE,
W. F. STARR, LTD.,
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KEY SOFT COAL

S. S. McGIVERN

8 MILL STREET

F. Blanchet

Accountant

PHONE CONNECTION

John and Rothney

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quart pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier.

By squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of crushed white Carrageenan.

Take this to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in.

Then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as sallowness, wrinkles, smoothener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of Carrageenan at any pharmacy and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands.

It really should help to soften, weaken, bleach and bring out the roses and beauty of any skin. It is wonderful to smoothen rough, red hands.

Special to The Standard.

Mrs. A. W. Murray,

Amherst, N. S., April 17. After a

lingering illness born with great

patience and Christian faith the

death occurred this morning of Mrs. A. W. Murray at her home, 20 Sum-

THE EXECUTION OF BOLO PASHA AT VINCENNES WOOD

Condemned Man Declined to Sign Registers—Received Communion Before Leaving the Prison—Mgr. Bolo With Him.

Paris, April 17.—Bolo Pasha has been executed at Vincennes. Report of the supplementary investigation of the revelations made by him will be attached to the Humbert and Callaux cases.

Bolo was one of our best known and most highly esteemed citizens with many friends in all parts of the country. He was taken ill in January and had been in hospital at Chipman Memorial Hospital since the tenth of that month. In recent days he had been improving and the morale for the first time had taken a turn in the grounds for a few minutes. He had returned to the hospital and was in one of the corridors when he suddenly fell to the floor and immediately expired.

Surrounded by a firing squad in the forest of Vincennes early today, Paul Bolo Pasha, condemned traitor, left entirely the attitude of indifference once he had maintained subsequent to and during his trial. When the order to fire was given the rifles spoke and Bolo crumpled up with several bullets in his heart.

Escorted by several guards Bolo left the state prison forty-five minutes before his execution. After leaving the automobile in which he was brought to the scene, he listened to the mortation of a prison chaplain.

Then his eyes were bandaged and he went with a struggle to his place before the firing squad.

"So much the better; I am delighted," Bolo exclaimed when awakened this morning by Commandant Julien of the third court martial, who told him that the hour of expiation had arrived. These were the only words spoken by Bolo except for instructions to the chaplain to take from his body a silk lace handkerchief which he placed on his chest, and give it to his brother, Monsignor Bolo.

The condemned man refused to sign his register to his execution, but consented to it in a new suit of clothes, brought to the prison by his brother, and wearing white gloves.

When Bolo was taken to the office to go through the formality of his removal from prison for the execution he refused to sign the registers. The officials insisted, upon which Bolo cried in an authoritative tone: "It is I who command here; no one has anything more to impose upon me, I think."

The chaplain, after the execution, found lying over Bolo's head two hands pierced by white roses. One had been pierced by the bullets. One was held by Bolo's brother and the other to his widow.

Before setting forth from the prison Bolo asked to be permitted to partake of Communion. After the execution the form of an interment at Vincennes was gone through, and then the body was turned over to Bolo's family.

Zurich, April 17.—The Austrian prisoner, Von Seydel, has resigned, according to reports received here to-day.

Builders, Attention!

FOR FOUNDATIONS AND CELLARS

Portland Cement, Sand, Gravel, Lime, Terra Cotta Pipe, Field Tile, Cement Waterproofing.

FOR WALLS

Common Brick, Natco Tiles, Hyrib Lath

FOR PARTITIONS

Metal Lath, Plaster, Wall Board, Plaster Board, Gypsum Blocks, Flat-tone Paints, Hydrate Lime, Builders' Hair

FOR FIREPLACES AND CHIMNEYS

Fire Bricks, Fancy Bricks, Fire Clay, Dampers, Flue Linings

FOR ROOFS

</

THE HOME
THE WORLD

NEWS OF SPECIAL INTEREST

THE MOVIES
THE PLAYERS

Here are Related Facts and Fancies Concerning the Activities of Individuals and Organizations, the Home, Fashions and Other Matters.

HOUSEWIVES LEAGUE**HEAR GOOD ADDRESS**

Useful Suggestions Offered at Meeting Yesterday—Miss Gladys Baxter Gives Interesting Talk on Food Conservation.

An address by Miss Gladys Baxter was a feature of the regular meeting of the Housewives' League held yesterday afternoon in the King's Daughters' Guild. Miss Baxter is a graduate of Acadia College in domestic science and has offered to be one of the dem-

onstrators for the league this coming summer.

In her well prepared talk she pointed out the grave necessity for the greatest conservation of food and described how the people of France were saving grease and fats, such as were commonly thrown away by Canadians. Soap-making was an excellent way of using up fats which would otherwise be wasted.

Miss Baxter showed how the knowledge of proper food values led to conservation of food and money.

Mrs. Flewelling moved a vote of thanks to Miss Baxter which was presented by Mrs. Lawlor.

It was moved by Miss Peck and unanimously passed that a resolution of sympathy be sent to Captain Bruce Weston on the death of his wife who was an interested member of the Housewives' League.

The president of the league spoke on the standardizing of the size of potatoes sold and other matters of interest to housewives. The cold storage question was thoroughly discussed and several ladies present expressed themselves quite strongly on the evils of food hoarding.

"We should be in St. John as if the whole success of the war rested upon us and it is the individual effort which will count in the end. Every bite we eat which we do not need is stolen from the starving people of France and Flanders," were two of the telling speeches made during the meeting.

Mrs. Flewelling read a letter written by her sister in the United States describing their methods of food conservation. In the State of Kentucky women had pledged themselves to eat potatoes for one week, doing without white flour and thus saving 10,000 barrels of flour for the Allies. The writer also told of the useful war gardens and the meatless days which had been faithfully kept for six months.

Mrs. Cowgill read the annual report of the Housewives' League which is to come before the Local Council of Women at their next meeting.

An informal discussion and the exchanging of recipes closed the meeting.

WAR COMMISSIONER**EN ROUTE TO HALIFAX.**

Hon. Everett Colby, American war commissioner, and Mr. Jones of the Food Controller's staff, passed through the city at noon yesterday en route to Halifax. They were met at the station by Mrs. J. W. V. Lawlor.

**TELLS DYSPEPTICS
WHAT TO EAT**

Avoid Indigestion, Sour Acid Stomach, Heartburn, Gas On Stomach, Etc.

Indigestion and practically all forms of stomach trouble, say medical authorities, are due nine times out of ten to an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach. Chronic acid stomach is easily cured, dyspepsis and indigestion should do either one of two things.

Either they can go on a limited and often disagreeable diet, avoiding foods that disagree with them; or irritate the stomach and lead to excess acid secretion or they can eat as they please in reason and make it a practice to counteract the effect of the harmful acid and prevent the formation of gas, sourness or premature fermentation by the use of a little Bisulat Magnesia at their meals.

There is probably no better, safer or more reliable stomach antacid than Bisulat Magnesia and it is widely used for this purpose. It has no direct action on the stomach and aids in digestion. But a teaspoonful of the powder or a couple of five grain tablets taken in a little water with the food will neutralize the excess acidity which may be present and prevent its further formation. This removes the whole cause of the trouble and the meal digests naturally and healthfully without need of peptiles or artificial digestives.

Get a few ounces of Bisulat Magnesia from any reliable druggist. Ask for either powder or tablets. It never comes as a liquid, milk or citrate and in the bisulat form is not a laxative. Try this plan and eat what you want at your next meal and see if this isn't the best advice you ever had on "what to eat."

**LADIES! DARKEN
YOUR GRAY HAIR**

Look years younger! Use Grandmother's recipe of Sage Tea and Sulphur and nobody will know.

The use of Sage and Sulphur for restoring faded, gray hair to its natural color dates back to grandmother's time. She used it to keep her hair beautifully dark, glossy and attractive. Whenever her hair took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect.

But brewing at home is messy and out-of-date. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for a bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you get the famous old preparation improved by the addition of other ingredients, which can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, it becomes beautifully dark and glossy.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire a more youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease,

PARTY OF OFFICERS LEFT FOR RUSSIA

Nine Russian Steamship Men Left Last Evening on Long Journey to Their Homes.

A party of nine Russian officers, the past commanders of a ship now in port, left for Vancouver last evening on the C. P. R. From there they go to Vladivostok. These men have been in service since the early part of the war, and one of the party, A. Kovaleff, stated that since they left Russia many changes have taken place and even a few of them are to look for their missing relatives and homes. He was also pleased at the treatment accorded them by the officials here.

"We have a long journey to cover but hope to reach Russia safely again," said one of the men.

Among the party were Messrs. G. Mustigh, A. Bocheek, P. Zalozhkin, T. Brun, A. Kovaleff, Phippeff, D. Scales, R. Olin and F. Newchinoff. Others of the crew are yet in the city.

STIRRING MESSAGE FROM FRANCE.

The stirring message which Hon. Senator Colby, of New Jersey, brought to the people of the United States when he returned from the war front, and which stimulated that nation in its war endeavors as never before, will be repeated at the High Seas Assembly Hall, St. John, tomorrow. (Friday evening). Ottawa and Montreal have heard this wonderful message and it has awakened great enthusiasm. Mr. Colby was with Field Marshal Haig at British Headquarters. He has been at Vimy Ridge. He has been with the French troops at Belhens and Verdun, and he has seen the advance guard of the American Battalions going into the trenches. What he has to say will thrill the imagination and touch the hearts of all people. Out of respect to the distinguished visitor, Lt.-Gov. Pugsley will preside at tomorrow evening's meeting.

BEST LIVER AND BOWEL LAXATIVE FOR FAMILY USE

"Cascarets" regulate women, men and children without injury.

Take when bilious, headache, for colds, bad breath, sour stomach.



SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT THE STAR
Monday—Matinee and Evening.
Tuesday Evening
"France in Arms"
Matinee, 5 and 10c. Eve. 10c

THE GEM
Afternoon 2:30—Evening 7:15, 9:00
THE VARDI TRIO
Singing and Instrumental Novelty, Men and a Woman.
BEN DORHAN
Singing and Comedy Monologue.

GARFIELD and SMITH
Man and Woman, Conversational Nonsense.

WILLBUR and DOLLS
Prize Novelty Act.

Five Reel Photo Play
Ethel Clayton in "Man's Woman." Romance, Thrills, Love, Life.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
Margarita Fischer in "Jilted Jenet" Mutual Screen Telegram.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY
Marjorie Rambeau in "THE GREATER WOMAN." Helen Holmes in "THE LOST EXPRESS."

MONDAY
"The Price of Folly" Sequel to "Who Pays."

TODAY
"The Eyes in the Wall" 12th Chapter of "The Hidden Hand" More intense than ever.

A PERUVIAN SHEEP RANCH
Other Educational Subjects.

"SIX CYLINDER LOVE"
A Novelty and a Comedy Gem.

COMING
"I'm Glad to See You Take Up Reading. What Book Did You Get? OH! JUST RETURNED ONE!"

THE NICKEL 5 CENTS

A Reliable Business Directory

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CARSON GARAGE

Food Repair Station.
All Parts in Stock
63 Elm St. Phone M. 3085

LBA — WILLARD — LBA
STORAGE BATTERY
OTTIE S. McINTYRE

54 Sydney Street. Phone M. 2183-41

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Modern Artistic Work
Skilled Operators
ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

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SOLICITOR, ETC.

42 Princess Street, St. John, N. B.
Money to Loan on City Freehold

J. M. TRUEMAN
Barrister, Notary Public,
Canada Life Building,
60 Prince William Street
St. John, N. B.

MILES B INNES
Solicitor, etc.
50 Princess St., St. John, N. B.
Money to Loan on Real
Estate.

BAKERS

HOME BAKERY
E. J. McLAUGHLIN, 92 Brussels St.
Bread, Cake and Pastry
Wedding Cakes a Specialty, Plain or
Decorated
Phone M. 2370-11

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ROBERT M. THORNE
Carpenter and Builder
Estimates Carefully Furnished.
Make a Specialty of Chamberlain
Metal Weather Strip, guaranteed
to keep out all wind and dust around
windows and doors.
Office, 86 Princess St. Phone 2475

Engineers & Contractors, Ltd.
B. R. REID — President
E. M. ARCHIBALD, Engineer

102 Prince William Street
Phone Main 1742

W. A. MUNRO
Carpenter-Contractor
134 Paradise Row
Phone 2129

Our
Mill Commences
Sawing
This Week
Let us have your orders for Refuse
Lumber, and Lumber of all kinds.
Early orders are to your interest.
MURRAY & GREGORY, Ltd.

EDWARD BATES
Carpenter, Contractor, Appraiser, etc.
Special attention given to alterations
and repairs to houses and stores.

80 Duke St. Phone M. 786
ST. JOHN, N. B.

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in Canada.

Our Name a Guarantee of the
Finest Materials.

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St. Stephen, N. B.

COAL AND WOOD

COLWELL FUEL CO., LTD.
Coal and Kindling
UNION STREET, W. E.
Phone W. 17

H. A. DOHERTY
Successor to
F. C. MESSENGER,
COAL AND WOOD

375 Haymarket Square
Phone 3030

HOTELS

VICTORIA HOTEL
Better Now Than Ever.
87 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

SAIN T JOHN HOTEL CO., LTD.
Proprietors
A. M. PHILLIPS, Manager.

DAIRIES

EXTENSION
LADDERS

ALL SIZES
H. L. & J. T. McGOWAN, Ltd.,
139 Princess St., St. John

ELEVATORS

We Manufacture Electric Freight,
Passenger, Hand Power, Dumb Waiter,
etc.

E. S. STEPHENSON & CO.,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

FIRE INSURANCE

WESTERN INSURANCE CO.
Incorporated 1881.

Assets over \$4,000,000.00

Losses paid since organization,
over \$3,000,000.00

Head Office: Toronto Ont.

R. W. W. FRANK, Branch Manager,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

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"Insurance That Insures"

SEE US

Frank R. Fairweather & Co.,
12 Canterbury Street. Phone M. 551

HUGH H. MCLELLAN,
Fire Insurance

Phone M. 2642.

47 Canterbury Street

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Ask for Our New Policy.

FIRE, THEFT, TRANSIT,

COLLISION

—All in One Policy—

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Chas. A. Macdonald & Son,
Provincial Agents.

PHONE 1536.

PAINTS

The "Brighten Up" season is again

here and everything necessary Paints,

Varnishes, Stains, Enamels, Brushes,

etc., are carried in stock.

A. L. GOODWIN

36-38 Germain Street

St. John, N. B.

Get our prices and terms before

buying elsewhere.

BOSTON, 8; Cincinnati, 1.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 17.—Pittsburgh bunched off Rogan in the

fourth inning today and when the side

was retired seven runs had crossed

the plate, the visitors eventually win-

ning, 8 to 1. Hamilton was also hit-

but managed to keep the safo-

met well scattered. The score:

Pittsburgh ... 00000000-0 7 1

New York ... 00000002-2 6 0

Coombs and Miller; Barnes and

Rariden.

BOSTON, 14; Philadelphia, 2.

Philadelphia, April 17.—Boston was

so superior to Philadelphia in all de-

partments today that the local team

never had a chance, the score being

14 to 2. Both Philadelphia pitchers

were hit hard and their support was

poor.

Jimmy Smith, formerly of Toronto,

had four hits and scored three of Bos-

ton's runs. Herzog played his first

game for the Braves.

The score:

Philadelphia ... 450014000-0 17 3

Philadelphia ... 00000002-2 7 4

Nehf and Henry; Tuscap, Woodward

and Burns, Dilhoefer.

PITTSBURGH, 8; Cincinnati, 1.

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ning, 8 to 1. Hamilton was also hit-

but managed to keep the safo-

met well scattered. The score:

Pittsburgh ... 000700001-8 11 2

Cincinnati ... 100000000-1 12 1

Hamilton and Schmidt; Reutter, Re-

gan, Eller, and Allen.

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Around the City**UNSETTLED.**

YESTERDAY'S ALARM.
An alarm was sent in from box 124 yesterday afternoon for a grass fire just beyond the bridge on the Adelaide road. The blaze was soon extinguished by the firemen.

FERRY ENTRANCE DAMAGED.
The ferry steamer Ludlow collided with the northern wing of the west side dock entrance yesterday morning about eight o'clock and caused a few hundred dollars damage to the cabin.

EXPORT FORMS.
The board of trade has received copies of forms X and Y as required by recent regulations of the War Trade Board in connection with exports from the United States. These forms may be had on application.

HEARD WITH REGRET.
The news that Rev. J. J. O'Donovan, pastor of the Church of Assumption, West St. John, is seriously ill with plural-pneumonia at Boston, was heard with general regret yesterday. His Lordship Bishop Le Blanc left Tuesday night to visit Father O'Donovan.

SEVERELY WOUNDED.
A cable message has been received stating that Lieut. Ben W. Turnbull of an imperial state battery, but formerly of the Bank of British North America here, has been severely wounded, and is at present at the General Hospital in Saint Omer, France.

ANOTHER DRAFT.
Twenty-five members of a Jewish draft reached the city at noon yesterday from Boston and New York, and were welcomed by many of their fellow-countrymen. The party will proceed to Windsor this morning. With the draft were five men who have enlisted in the British army in the States.

NOVELTY SHOWER.
A novelty shower was tendered Miss Kittle Phalen on Tuesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. P. Kiernan, 6 Spar Cove Road. The number present testified to the popularity of the young lady who is soon to be the principal in a happy event. A very pleasant evening was spent in games and music.

MILITARY NOTES.
The London Gazette recently contained the following items:

New Brunswick Regt.—Temp. Capt. C. F. Leonard, D. S. O., relinquishes act. of maj.

To be act. capt.: Temp. Lt. R. A. Major, M. C. (while spec. emplid). Temp. Lts. R. B. Campbell, A. W. Gregory, M. C. R. W. B. Coster and H. G. Ashford to be act. caps.

WAS ANOTHER ADAMS.
Following inquiry at Ottawa David Adams, 260 Main street, received word yesterday that the H. M. Adams mentioned in Monday's casualty list as having died of wounds was not his son, Corporal Harry Melbourne Adams. Ottawa officials further stated that the exact whereabouts and condition of Mr. Adams' son reported on Friday last to have been wounded, would be ascertained by cable.

SOLDIERS PLAY BALL.
A lively base ball game took place at Queen Square, West End yesterday afternoon between the 62nd Battalion and the King Square Red Triangle Club. Eight innings were played and the game finished up nine to five in favor of the Red Triangle team. Powers pitched for the 62nd, men and Stafford for the Red Triangle. Ross of the Red Triangle proved an exceptionally good man at the bat, making a two and later a three base hit.

MIDNIGHT ALARM.
An alarm from Box 42 called out the firemen shortly after twelve o'clock last night for a slight fire in a small workshop at 261 Duke street owned by O. C. Ward. No water was turned on as the chemical soon put out the blaze. The shop has been unoccupied for some little time and it is thought a cigarette end may have accidentally been thrown in through the window which was broken. Very little damage was done and it will be covered by insurance.

SCOUTS WORK HARD.
About 100 boy scouts from the various troops after procuring their supplies of war saving cards at the Natural History room yesterday afternoon, spent a couple of hours industriously posting the same on the poles about the city. The result of their labors soon became very evident so that now even the most unobservant could not go along the streets without being aware of the existence of the War Gardens Association and their energetic campaign on behalf of increased production.

RECEPTION TO HEROES.
A party of five St. John heroes arrived home from the front yesterday: Gunner F. J. Gillet, first contingent member; Corporal D. Sprague and Private Thomas Phillips, Daniel Mayes and G. C. Hannah.

The men were treated to a reception at the Discharge Depot by the members of the returning soldiers' reception committee. An address of welcome was given by mayor Hayes and the men were provided with smokes and candy by the ladies on the committee.

CREDIT TO INSPECTOR.

In Tuesday's issue of The Standard mention was made of the good work accomplished by Detective Moore of Montreal in the Thorne and Co. robbery case, and there was no intention of taking any credit for it. Inspector Crawford who made the arrest of one Max Webber who had stolen articles in his possession, it might be also mentioned that the Thorne Company and the Montreal detective have stated that Inspector Crawford was of great assistance to them in as far as searching Webber's grip, locating some of the stolen property and in making the arrest. When Webber was arrested by Inspector Crawford at the Digby boat Detective Moore was present at the time and while the inspector found stolen articles in the grip the detective found more of the stolen Imperial two years ago they will be greeted with a crowded house.

RUSSIAN OFFICERS PRESENT VALUABLE GIFT TO AID SOCIETY

Piano with Player Attachment Presented by Mariners of Steamship Now in Port — Was their Personal Property

The Children's Aid Society were the recipients of a very valuable and useful gift yesterday when the Russian officers of a steamer now in port presented the home with a very fine piano with player attachment and a number of records. As they are about to leave for their homes in Russia they desired to present their piano which was their personal property, having been purchased by them in New York last summer, to some deserving society. They consulted D. W. Ledingham of Wm. Thomson & Co., Ltd., who suggested the Children's Aid Society. Messrs. Ledingham and A. M. Belding, the latter the president of the society, wired Ottawa and were able to have the piano landed without duty and it is now installed in the new home of the society on Garden street.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. Belding, Geo. Scott, Mrs. D. McLellan, Mrs. J. H. Dooley, Mrs. J. Willard Smith, Mrs. W. B. Temple and Miss Grace Robertson, comprising the executive of the society, met the Russian officers at the office of Messrs. Thomson & Co. and expressed their deep appreciation for the valuable gift. Two of the officers spoke excellent English and they interpreted the remarks of the society to their comrades. The officers expressed the pleasure it afforded them to have assisted in adding to the pleasure of the little inmates of the home and to take occasion to wish the society every success. The members of the executive shook hands with the officers and wished them a safe and happy passage to their homes. It is estimated that the piano cost in the vicinity of a thousand dollars in New York.

JOHNSTON LODGE 23RD ANNIVERSARY

Members with Friends Celebrated Event in Orange Hall Last Evening — Enjoyable Programme Carried Out.

GLOOM OF SADNESS SURROUNDS HOME OF MRS. W.H. DENNIS

Received Word Yesterday her Husband Died of Wounds in France — Her, Brother, Pte. Vanwart, Died Suddenly Few Weeks Ago.

A gloom of sadness surrounds the home of Mrs. Wm. H. Dennis, 115 Britannia street city. A telegram received by her from Ottawa yesterday morning conveyed the sad intelligence: "Re

Pte. W. H. Dennis, Reg. No. —? succumbed to wounds on April 12th, at 56th Clearing Station, France. As near as can be learned, Pte. Dennis died from chest wound."

The sad occurrence is still deepened by the fact that Mrs. Dennis' brother, the late Pte. Jas. Vanwart, died recently in a military hospital here. This makes a double sorrow encompassing the home. Mrs. Dennis states her husband was wounded in action one year ago at Vimy Ridge on the 9th April. He recovered and had been in the trenches nearly one year before meeting death. He formerly belonged to Newfoundland and came to the city about eleven years ago. Enlisting Jan. 3, 1916, he went to England in the following August. Whilst there he wrote many letters home, but was reticent regarding the war. He always said in his letters, "I'll tell you all when I return."

Two bright little children survive, Dorothy, aged ten, and William, aged seven. Before going overseas Pte. Dennis was in the employ of Geo. Dick & Son as teamster. Yesterday, the same day on which she received the telegram reporting his death, the postman called in the evening and delivered a field card from the deceased, dated France, March 26th. Mrs. Dennis' troubles come in numbers—her husband's death, her brother's death and lately sickness of her only boy, who was confined to a hospital. But it is to be added, "Every cloud has its silver lining, the darkest is before the dawn." The fact that her husband died in the cause of right and righteousness ought to serve as great consolation to her. The citizens in general deeply grieve in her sorrow and fully sympathize with her.

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Many Difficulties are Being Experienced by Citizens in Having Household Effects Transferred.

Men Who are Liable Under the M. S. Act Anxiously Awaiting Further Results — Many Firms will Lose Employees.

The ladies of Johnston Lodge No. 14, L. B. A., with a number of their friends celebrated the twenty-third anniversary of the lodge in the Orange Hall on Germain street last evening. Mrs. G. O. Alexander, worthy grand matron, presided. An interesting programme was carried out including the following numbers:

Solo, Miss Eva Spencer; Mrs. J. T. Downey, Miss Inn Magnusson, Sgt. C. S. Sege and Peter Murray; vocal duet, the Misses Wright; club swinging; Miss Cathers Cox; piano solos, Misses E. Akerley, Miss M. E. Calvert; readings, W. Spencer; Miss Evelyn Lobb; Miss Elsie Moore and Miss Ruth Day.

At the conclusion of the programme the National Anthem was sung, after which refreshments were served.

ENTERTAINMENT LAST EVENING

Excellent Programme in the Orange Hall—Was Under Auspices of Carmarthen St. Church Junior Aid and Nfd. Society.

A large number of people attended the entertainment held last evening in the Orange Hall on Germain street, under the auspices jointly of the Junior Aid of the Carmarthen Street Methodist Church and the Newfoundland Society. The programme included many excellent numbers, nearly all of which were encored. The programme was as follows: Prologue, Mrs. Causton; songs, Eleanor and Walter Causton; Ronald Causton; dialogue, "The Moon"; Highland Flings; Laura Hardinge and Miss May Alay; umbrella drill; chorus, "Over There"; French exercise with Stella Fox as Joan of Arc; Daisy tableau and song; playlet, "Stiffy"; trio, "Boys in Khaki"; Mrs. Finn, Estelle Fox and May Alchorn; Spanish waltz; fan drill, twelve girls; Miss Stelila Earle was director and Miss May Alchorn pianist. A sale of candy was held during the intermission.

COLLEGE BRIDGE MERCHANT ENLISTS

C. Owen LeBlanc Joins the Siege Battery — Has Many Friends in St. John.

C. Owen LeBlanc of College Bridge is in the city. Mr. LeBlanc is sleeping today in a siege battery. He formerly, with his brother, ran a store in College Bridge and enjoyed a good trade. This was due to the fact of the affability and courtesy of the young men.

He received word to report at an infantry station on April 20th, but came to the city a little earlier and was successful in obtaining a transfer for another unit. Mr. LeBlanc is an old student of St. Joseph's College, and by this medium is well known by the St. John boys who wish "Owen" the best of success and now only await to see how he fits in the uniform.

WRECKED CREW LEAVE.

Part of the crew of the wrecked Norwegian bark "Ashley" who have been in the city since they were landed here two weeks ago, left last evening for Portland, Me., where they will endeavor to ship on vessels. Several of the others decided to go west.

PRENTICE BOYS' FAIR

Another good crowd was present at the Prentice Boys' Fair last night and all enjoyed the games and amusements provided. The prize winners were: door prize, ton of coal, Miss Ruth Ferguson; ten pins, silver button; T. Macaulay; bean toss, toss, clock, Miss Alice Price; air gun, thermos bottle, Sergt. T. Meehan; bagatelle, cake basket, Mrs. A. C. Smith.

Judging from a similar meeting in the detective round more of the stolen Imperial two years ago they will be greeted with a crowded house.

Judging from a similar meeting in

TWO PRESBYTERIAN CONGREGATIONS AGREE ON UNION

Received Word Yesterday her Husband Died of Wounds in France — Her, Brother, Pte. Vanwart, Died Suddenly Few Weeks Ago.

St. Andrew's and Calvin Presbyterian Churches Will Unite—Consummation Expected Within the Next Two Weeks.

The congregation of St. Andrew's and Calvin Presbyterian churches have agreed on a basis of union and it is expected the consummation will take place within the next two or three weeks.

Committees from the two congregations have been at work for some time and the result of their labors is a basis of union containing nine clauses. This was submitted to the congregation of St. Andrew's church on Tuesday evening and unanimously agreed to. Last night the report was dealt with by the Calvin congregation and they too adopted the finding of the joint committees. The next step will be taken on Wednesday, April 24 when the basis will be laid before the Presbyterians and its approval and it is expected this will be forthcoming without any difficulty.

This union will result in the closing of another Presbyterian church in this city but it was felt that in the present crisis when the need for conservation in fuel and energies was so great that it would be in the interest of the both congregations and the work of the denomination as a whole that the union should take place. The matter was talked over in a quiet way and finally each church appointed a committee who have been working on the project for some little time eventually arriving at the basis of union adopted by the two congregations last night on Tuesday.

The two congregations will be merged into one, the name to be determined by the joint committees. The Presbyterians will be represented on the new congregation by Rev. Dr. J. W. Thompson, pastor of St. Andrew's, and Rev. Dr. J. W. McLellan, pastor of the Calvin church. The Presbyterians will be represented on the new congregation by Rev. Dr. J. W. Thompson, pastor of St. Andrew's, and Rev. Dr. J. W. McLellan, pastor of the Calvin church.

MOVING PERIOD FAST APPROACHING

Many Difficulties are Being Experienced by Citizens in Having Household Effects Transferred.

"How soon before the first of May can you let me in Mrs. — as I want to get my furniture moved before then on account of the difficulty of getting hold of a truckman," remarked a widow yesterday to a lady who is vacating a house on May 1st. "Just as soon as Mrs. — moves out of the house I am going to take, replied the lady addressed. And it goes from one to the other and all attribute it to the scarcity of truckmen. This season of the year is certainly a bonanza for the men engaged in moving and every man, who is the owner of a team is booked ahead. So busy are the parties that they have thus far refused to take a load to the country and people moving out of town are obliged to await for the roads to dry up. According to some persons the roads in some directions out of the city are in splendid shape for this season of the year, but teams state the roads are bad.

The change in moving period and if anything is to be done about it and the Standard has been informed of one case where one transportation company refuses to haul a single load of furniture, but insists on two or more. Other parties are charging between \$4 and \$8 per load according to reports.

PAPER PUBLISHED BY THE AIRMEN

The Breezy Journal is Called "The Wing"—Former St. John Man is the Editor.

A copy of "The Wing," a magazine published in Felixstowe, Suffolk, has been received in St. John. The editor of the paper and his staff are members of the Royal Air Force stationed at Felixstowe. "The Wing" is a breezy little journal. One very interesting article describes a recent visit of His Majesty the King to this station. It will be remembered that it was here that the sad news of Kitchener's death was received by King George.

Lieut.-Commander Partridge, R. N. V. R. is the editor of "The Wing." The editor was a former resident of Fredericton, was a newspaper man in St. John for a few years, and at the time he enlisted in the early stages of the war he was city editor of a Rochester, N. Y. paper.

ARTILLERY BOYS HAD LONG MARCH

Returned to City After Long Tramp Yesterday — Heads Erect and all Looked Fit.

The boys who are soon to be posted to the heavy guns on the western front enjoyed a day en route yesterday. During the early hours of the day the men left barracks and with sufficient equipment for the day left the city for a few miles of a jaunt. Each carried with him facilities for a stay away from barracks for a day and although the march was heavy to carry for a long distance all of the party returned without showing the slightest sign of exhaustion. The only feature of the homeward march was the dust which had accumulated upon their khaki clothes.

Yesterday's march-out recalls the activities of the battery which was stationed here last summer and it is likely that the citizens will have the privilege of seeing this fine body of men make again before they are called upon to make their departure.

Give at least a dollar for a flag to help the Navy on St. George's Day.

In order that all the children may

have an opportunity of seeing that wonderful Monkey Circus at the Opera House, the management has arranged a special price of 5c. for this afternoon for the children. The matinees start at 3 o'clock.

THE BEST YET.

You are missing the best comedy drama of the season if you don't see Margarita Fisher in "Jilted Janet" this afternoon and evening at the Nickel, Queen Square.

FRANCE IN ARMS.

See it at the Star Theatre April 22nd and 23rd. The most instructive war picture ever dimmed. Prices Mon. day matinee, 5c. and 10c. Evenings 10c. to all.

S. O. S. MOVEMENT.

In order that all the children may

wear an English Flag on St. George's Day to show that the work of the Navy is appreciated.

The adjourned annual meeting of the Local Council of Women on Thursday at 3 o'clock, in Natural History rooms.

Now for Paint Up Time

Beauty and protection are the objects in view when you paint your property; and the paint that serves these purposes longest and best is cheapest in the end, thus paying most on your investment.

MARTIN-SEOUR PAINT

100% Pure

is made with purest materials of highest grade, thoroughly mixed by modern machinery, spreads easiest and farthest, hides best, giving an even film of finest texture and highest gloss, retaining its newness longest.

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