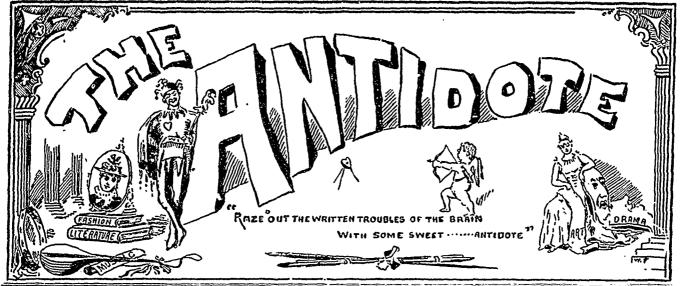
Covers de Couvertu  Covers re Couvertu  Cover titl Le titre d  Coloured Cartes gée  Coloured Encre de  Coloured Planches e	the reprodu ange the usu covers/ re de couleu maged/ re endomma stored and/o re restaurée e missing/ e couverture	r gée or laminate et/ou pelli emanque en couleur er than ble autre que or illustrati	which many of filming of filming of filming of the coule	ay ng, are ck)/		1	bibliogreprod dans la ci-dess	graphic luite, of a methous. Colour Pages of Pag	qui son que, que ou qui sode no que, que sode no que endo mon estorece estauré discolor detaché hrough parence y of prié inégal quous pution co	peuve preuve preuve preuve preuve eur ed/ ees et, ured, ées, t ees, t ees	vent ent ez e de f /ou p stain eachet	modific kiger ur ilmage ilmage elliculé ed or fo ées ou	d/ ees oxed/ pique	e imag odifica indiqu	e tion	
along inte La reliure distorsion	ding may cau rior margin/ serrée peut i le long de la	causer de la marge in	l'ombre d térieure	ou de la			، لـــــ د	Compr Fitle o	es inde rend un on head e de l'e	des er tak	) inde cen fr	om:/				
Blank leaves added during restoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming/ It se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été filmées.					Title page of issue/ Page de titre de la livraison  Caption of issue/ Titre de départ de la livraison  Masthead/ Générique (périodiques) de la livraison											
Comment This item is film Ce document es	t filmé au ta	mentaires: duction ra ux de rédi	tio check action in			22.V				2 <b>5</b> Y				20 V		
10X	14X			16.5		22X				26 X		/		30 X		
12)	<b>,</b>	16	×		20 X			24 X				28X				2 X



MONTREAL, SEPTEMBER 17,

ANNUAL SUB. \$1.00.



## ueen's : Theatre

MONDAY, 19th SEPTEMBER.

. For One Week.

**LEWIS** 

# Faust Up To Date.

#### House. GOLONIAL

•••• Phillips • Square. ••••

-WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF Fine Tweeds, Cloths and Trouserings, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Neckwear, Belts, Braces, and all Gents' requisites.

Two experieced Cutters always on hand. . . . . Fit guaranteed.

MORGAN HENRY & Co., MONTREAL.

#### · MBACHOR'S

#### **ORANGE** QUININE WINE.

THE most agreeable way to take Quinine. Each wineglassful contains 2 grains of the finest quality of Quinine.

Quinine in this form is quicker in action and more effectual than when taken in oille

taken in pills.
AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

FOR-W

General Debility, Nervousness, and Sleepnessness. ARMBRECHT'S

The great English Tonic.



# MONTREAL

STEAM

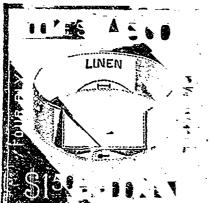
LAUNDRY

Co., Ltd.

21 and 23

St. Antoine Street.

The largest and most complete Laundry in the Dominion.



#### Exquisite Novelties

FANCY WORK!!.

# Royal Canadian Sachets

ARBUTUS. INDIA LILAC PEAU D'ESPAGNE. RUSSIA LEATHER.



Free Samples ,

mailed to any lady in Canada sending her address.

LYMAN, SONS & CO., - MONTREAL, CANADA

# High-Class FURNITURE

#### FEE & MARTIN,

-361 St. James Street.

Advertisements in this column FREE to direct Annual Subscribers.

#### Situations Vacant.

WANTED — CORRESPONDENTS at unrepresented places. Apply,
THE ANTIDOTE,
MONTREAL

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS CANVAS-SERS; liberal terms.—Address, THE ANTIDOTE, P. O. Box 885, MONTREAL.

#### Situations Wanted.

Wanted by a young man with good references, situation as Cashier or Clerk, can speak both languages.—Address,

M. T., P. O. Box 885,
ANTIDOTE Office.

# Suretyship

The only Company in Canada confining itself to this business.

# Guarantee Co.

#### OF NORTH AMERICA

Capital Authorized, - \$1,000,000
Paid up in Cash (no notes) 304,600
Resources Over - 1,112,573
Deposit with Dom. Govt. 57,000
\$916,000.00 have been paid in
Claims to Employers.

President: SIR ALEX. T. GALT, G.C.M.G.
Vice-President and Managing Director:
EDWARD RAWLINGS.

Bankers: THE BANK OF MONTREAL.

HEAD OFFICE,
Dominion Square, MONTREAL
EDWARD RAWLINGS,

Vice-Pres. and Man, Director.

WANTED by an energetic young man the City Agency of a Fire Insurance Company. Address,

P. B., P. O. Box 885, Antidote Office.

### THE ANTIDOTE

PROSPECTUS.

The Antidote, as its names implies, is intended to brush away the cobwebs, so to speak, which usually collect during the week in the minds of all who are occupied with business or household duties. One day out of the seven has been wisely set apart, from time immemorial, for rest, which means for those engaged, more or less, in mental avocations,—a change in thought or something which breaks the monotony necessarily connected with the ordinary routine of labour.

To accomplish this "The Antidote" will please everybody and thus upset the fable of the old man, his son and their ass. It will strive to call a smile to the lips of those who have laid a tired or anxious head upon their Saturday night's pillow, by comic quips picked up from every quarter. It will also strive to cheer the sick and stimulate the healthy, by light literature, which will be a recreation rather than a study, and will not forget the "fair ministering angels," without whom existence would be a dreary blank, but will devote a space to fashions and social events, to gladden their dear spark ling eyes. Neither will our young "dudes," or the "bucks" of former days, be neglected, for the theatres will have a corner set apart for their productions, and an occasional peep at Sherbrooke street, on Saturday and Sunday afternoons will not be omit-

ted, while harmless society news, far removed from objectionable scandal. will be retailed for those who take a kindly (not venomous) interest in their neighbors. "In short," as the immortal Wilkins Micawber would say, no stone will be left unturned to make the paper pleasing and attractive.

the paper pleasing and attractive.

Though "The Antidote" will be chiefly a local paper, mainly dealing with events taking place round about us, it will not eschew culling the honey from flowers in other fields, but may dip now and then into New York, keep a wakeful eye upon Chicago or San Francisco, and even once in a while draw pictures from that wondrous eastern clime, recently rendered so enchanting by the pen of Mr. Rudyard Kipling.

Its illustrations will be among the brightest features of "The Antidote," and no pains will be spared to make them both pretty and attractive.

them both pretty and attractive.
In conclusion "The Antidote" will be a family paper in the true sense of the term, and, in trusting it may call forth many a hearty and wholesome laugh, nothing shall be printed in its columns which will bring a blush to the check of any mother or daughter among its readers.

The low price of one dollar per annum will place the paper within the reach of everyone, the object being not only to give our subscribers a good. but also a popular publication,

#### SEATH'S \$4 TROUSERS

MADE TO MEASURE.

How foolish it is for any man that wears pants and likes to save money not to give us a trial order and

settle the : BO YOU Wear Pants ? : question now now that can procure from us Pants cut to his own order that will suit him. We most earnetify beg of you in all good faith, both for the sake of your pocket and for ours, to grant us this one trial. We will refund your money promptly if you so choose,

BOBERT SEATH & SONS, 1718 Notre Dame Street.

# ICE CREAM FREEZER.

Price, \$5.00.

Send for Circular,

INSTANTANEOUS FREEZER CO., 1860 Notre Dame Street, MONTREAL.

# JOHN RUSSELL, Dressmaker,

-AND MANUFACTURER OF-

Ladies' and Girls' Underclothing.

2341 and 2343 ST. CATHERINE ST.,

MONTREAL.

Inventor of the Curvilingar System of Cutting Ladie and Girl's Dresses, Underctothing, &c.

# William • Rourke,

2206 St. Catherine Street,

Montreal Junction,

# High-class Groceries, Fruits, &c.

Direct Importer of Old Wines, Ports, Sherries and Maderias.

Country & fishing orders promptly attended to.

#### W. F. SMARDON. · ·

2339 St Catherine St.,

::: MONTREAL,:::

Pashionable Ecotmaker

## THE ANTIDOTE

IS Published every Saturday at the offices, 171 and 173 St. James Street Montreal. It is issued by the Journal of Commerce plant and machinery, in time for the evening suburban trains. Personal inquiries may be made of the proprietor of Louis H. Boult. Subscription One Dol. in per annum, single copies Five Cents. May be obtained at all the leading stationers and newsdealer, in Montreal, Toronto, Quebec, Hamilton, Ottawa, London, Halifax, St. Johns, Kingston, Winnipeg, Victoria, Vancouver, &c. All communications and remittances should be addressed "The Antidoth," 171 & 173 St. James Street, Montreal. We do not undertake to return unused MSS. or sketches, Published by M. S. Foley at the above address. L. H. Boult. Eduor.

#### **#OUR PRIZE LIST**

To any one obtaining for us One Thousand new annual subscribers before 1st January, 1893, we will send one first-class Upright Seven Octave Pianoforte; for Five Fundred subscribers we will give one first-class ticket to Europe and return; for Two Hundred and Fifty subscribers, one first-class Sewing Machine; for One Hundred subscribers, a Gold Watch; or Fifty subscribers, a New Webster's Dictionary, Unabridged; and for Twenty-five a Silver Watch.

#### OUR NATIONAL GAME.

The game of lacrosse, properly played, is both graceful and interesting, and though it is essentially a masculine sport, there is nothing in itself brutal or debasing, or anything which need preclude our wives and daughters from witnessing it.

We ourselves have seen lacrosse matches both here and in Toronto, which have been delightful exhibitions of strength and skill, and have reflected credit upon the players, as each side manfully strove its best to win. It is of course agame in which accidents may happen, more or less of a painful nature, as is the case in cricket, football, or any other pastime in which the full muscular power of the combatants is put forth in the contest for victory. Just at the cricketer may receive an ugly blow from the ball, so the lacrosse player's head now and then gets a knock, aimed at his bat, but as in either case the wound is purely accidental, it is taken in good part; the recipient never dreaming of harboring malice or revenge.

Canadians have been justly proud of their national game, and have carried it triumphantly to the other side of the Atlantic; it was a game in which gentlemen could indulge, and ladies could enjoy as spectators. We have used the past tense advisedly, for after the disgraceful scenes which occurred at the matches played upon Saturday

the 3rd inst., it would seem as though all feelings of honor and fair dealing had become nearly extinct amongst the rival clubs, and that a noble game has been debased into nothing more or less than a rowdy fight. No language is too strong to apply to those, who have neither the pluck nor good temper to play fair; they place themselves on a lower level than the prize fighter and are unfit to be associated with. The officers from the French ships of war, must have been highly edified and pleased at beholding members of two of our leading lacrosse clubs, not contending for the game in a square, honest manner and allowing the best side to win, but slashing and mauling one another like a pack of savages doing battle.

In Toronto the captain of the Capitals has been committed for assault. but this is hardly the method which is likely to add to the reputation of the game, nor the true mode to stamp out such malpractises. The respective clubs should have the power and will to expel any member who deliberately strikes a foul blow, and if this is not done not only do the clubs, as a whole, become equally guilty with the particular offender but they will bring the great national pastime to a depth of degradation, which will utterly prevent the respectable portion of the community from joining in it. We trust however that the point has been reached at which the reaction will set in, and that for the honor of lacrosse and those who previously brought the game eredit and renown, steps will be taken to prevent the scenes we have condemned from being repeated in future.

Mr. Neil Warner is leaving for New York to take up a leading position at Daly's well-known theatre, and previous to his departure, will be tendered a benefit on the 19th instant at the Windsor Hall, when he will appear in his favorite part of "Othello."

┿╱

Mr. Warner is well nkown and admired in Montreal and need not, like Othello, have any misgiving as to his success, either at the above benefit or for his future career in New York.

Queen's Theatre. Next week "Faust" with Mr. Lewis Morrison.

#### THE EDITOR'S FYLE.

The other day a gentleman asked the Editor if he had ever read Mr. Bellany's book called "Looking Backward" and on receiving a reply in the negative, requested him to do so at one", as the said book was a capital exposition of the doctrines and practise of socialism, and would do much to efface, if it did not altogether obliterate some of the prejudices the Editor had expressed against that creed. The book was read, but had a totally opposite effect to that which the gentleman intended it should have had, for of all the dreary, dend-level systems ever protrayed that held up and expatiated upon in "Looking Backwards" appeared to the Editor the most complete in its unvarying anonotony and utter want of individuality of the component characters. Of course it was an entirely impossible picture because founded upon false premises, but none the less was it sad to observe that, since crime and misery had been abolished, the virtues of self-sacrifice, charity, and F. forth had also ceased to exist, being no longer needed.

Socialists would seem to argue that everybody being born equal, we should all enjoy the same rights and privileges, and that it is wrong that some should rise in the social and material scale ... o much above their fellows.

But there is no such equality in birth, and not only socially, but morally, mentally and physically some start the race of life with greater advantages than others, and to enact that none shall push ahead of the crowd, is as absurd as it would be to force the athlete always to keep beside the cripple. Would anyone take an interest in racing if nothing but dead heats were run? No, emulation is necessary to welfare and progress, and "Excisior!" should be the motto for all. Let us do our best according to the talents entrusted to us, hot burying any, and when the post which we must all pass is reached, the looking backwards will not cause the regrets the Editor experienced in contemplating socialism. Instead of levelling down let us rather place a higher mark to strive for, give honor where honor is due and let the best man win.



#### EXHIBITION FANCIES.

# Seraps from "Pick-Me-Up." HER CHANCE.

When first she stepped upon the stage Her form and style was not the rage: To reach the point of playing page Is not so far.

But then she owned a perfect face. Coull attitudinize with grace, And thus a "Breach of Promise" case

Made her a "star."

The girdle of beauty is not a stay-lace. This is the only excuse for tight lacing: a good housewife should have no waste.

The following advertisement appeared in a newspaper some time ago:-

"Mr. and Mrs. O'Grubby have left off wearing apparel of every description, inspection invited."

The advertisers of the above, being only rag-bone-and-bottle merchants, forgot to put a comma after "have."

#### NO GOOD TO HIM.

Although some thought him very wise, You couldn't make him advertise, He fails—gets poor—then ill—then dies—A not uncommon fate.

Obituary notes we read, Which glorify each act and deed Ah! noble man, we all concede, But advertised too late.

#### H. M. S. "MAGICIENE" AND "TAR-TAR."

We do not think the officers of the above ships will have occasion to complain of the "catment they have received from Montreal, for besides minor courtesies they have been given a reception and a ball both of which were very successful affairs. The latter was tendered by the officers of the various regiments and may be considered very select since the invitations were limted to the upper "four hundred" We regret it occurred too late in the week for more than this passing notice in our columns.

The Reception at the City Hall on Tuesday was largely attended, and the different uniforms, both naval and military, made the scene both gay and beautiful. The hall was tastefully decorated with flags, the Union Jack in compliment to the visitors, predominating, and we need hardly say that one of the, if not, the chief ornament, on the occasion, was the well-known and charming figure of the Mayoress, who, standing beside Capt...in Pipon of the "Magicienne," received the guests with that grace for which she is renowned.

The eards of invitation distinctly stated that evening dress was imperative, and "The Antidote" could not help wondering whether he was mistaken as to the substantive or the adjective, for he observed a few in the crowd who certainly were in morning costume, though everyone must allow it was not a "mourning" occasion. Had we the space, we could present some amusing pictures, but must content ourselves with one, that of two stout ladies in bonnets, who like a couple of gallant seventy-four frigates fought their way through the crowd undismayed by the raking fire from the eyes cust upon them. It was useless for policemen and other officials to expostulate, for weight will tell and in the end they won the day.

Dancing was kept up till past midnight and "The Antidote" whose days of the light fantastic are over, felt ashamed as he watched the well rounded figure of one of our aldermen capering round in the Highland Schottische with all the activity of a youth, but he consoled himself with the recollection that all of us are not Scotchmen. The Mayor vied with his wife in his endeavours to make the evening pass pleasantly to Montreal's guests, and those endeavours were crowned with the success they deserved.

She.—How do you think I look on the stage? I don't look so very bad, do I? He.—Charming—charming, anywhere—and unlike most actresses nowadays, you look better off than on.

#### CHARACTER SKETC; IES.

#### NO. 14 OUR DOCTOR.

A little bird has whispered to us that in these series of sketches, we have been generally too prone to find fault, and appear almost invariably to have fixed upon types of character, with a view of picking holes in their conts. might retort that, the representation of cloudless sky is not nearly as interesting for the artist to paint or the public to gaze upon, as a celestial scene with some ugly lurid spots floating across its surface, but instead of this, we full accept the rebuke in good part. and admit that we are too apt to dwell upon the little failings of our brethren and peck at the mote in their eyes, when lo! a beam is causing our own optics to squint in a terrible manner.

So we cry "peccavimus" and will try to ferget that the rheumatic season is approaching, and not be too censorious. As a pledge of our good intentions, we this week select a sketch at whom it will be difficult to cavil.

Our Doctor-in the official capacity at least in which we know him-always exhibits the best side of his nature to those he visits or attends. If the case be slight, he walks in with a brisk step, and cracks a pleasant joke or two. while noting down the symptoms, so that you feel better before he has even left the room. Should the illness be serious his foot falls as though on velvet, yet notwithstanding his voice is hushed, his smile is cheerful, and the patient feels as if he had brought the sunshine with him. Then with the children -what child does not love Our Doctor? How gentle he is with those lit ie ones, how tender in handling them. In short, Our Doctor is sympathetic; his kind face almost always brings consolation and comfort, and we must not forget that very often, he has to bury his private troubles, and when smile is brightest, he has probably been up all night after a hard day's work. Apatient ought to be what his name implies, but too frequently he is just the reverse, and we have known Our Doctor when his own head has been splitting from want of sleep, come into the sick chamber with a genial countenance, and soothe a fractious childuntil he leaves it laughing.

Surely the world would be a better place if we all did our duty with the same unassuming fortitude which appurtains to Our Doctor.

These sketches, as we have before intimated are not personal, but our readers will admit that the above "cap," so to speak, will fit very many of the doctors, who go their rounds in Montreal.

#### ON A PHOTOGRAPH.

It does not matter where the photograph was exhibited; it was a portrait of an old lady we had never seen, and yet as we gazed at it we felt we should have liked to have known the original. As a rule it is not complimentary to affix the adjective "old" before one of a sex which is supposed to be ever youthful. But in this instance—so far from anything derogotary--we intend to convey the highest praise, by the epithet old lady, for the age carries with it a respect and veneration, not reckoned so much by the mere years, as by the use those years have been put to.

There was a placid beauty about the face of that photograph, which was the "outward sign of the inward spiritual grace" it reflected, and which no time could destroy, because it did not belong to time. When we meet such a one as pretty in her declining years, as she was in the days of her maidenhood, we doff our hats in respectful homage, knowing that the life must have been pure and good. That kindly smile, and those honest eyes, must have gladdened all who came within their reach, and cheered many a wayfaver on life's journey. Madam, those silver hairs are to our mind as lovely as ever your golden tresses could have been, and to have that bright countenance by the fireside would be an honor of which any prince might be proud. We see you in imagination (which is yet quite real) seated in your easy exair listening to the prattle of your grandchildren, whose parents strive with each other to make some return for all you have done for them.

The term lady, is often much abused, but we applied it to you in its proper sense—as we held your photograph in our hand—for to be a lady, is to be modest, sweet and womanly, tender in affliction, and quietly courageous under difficulties, always courteous, having a gentle dignity, which shields you from harm, yet has ever a true consideration for others. Her we salute as a lady whether she come from a cottage or a palace. Happy the man whose home is crewned with such a blessing.

The foregoing were our thoughts as we laid down the photograph and slowly took our departure into the busy street. May many of our readers have a similar picture in their albums, to remind them that this life is not merely a passing pageant, but a path leading to the promised land.

Queen's Theatre. One week commencing Monday next, Mr. Lewis Morrison will appear in his well-known part of Mephisto in "Faust."

#### His Night's Rest.

Jones Couldn't Stand His Infant's Midnight Wails. So He Hires a Room in a Hotel.

My friend Jones is one of the most irritable and impatient men I know. He received a lesson the other night, however, well calculated to materially increase his somewhat limited stock of patience and tone down his irritability for some time to come.

Needless to remark, Jones is marriedvery much married, he says. He has a charming wife, a patient little woman, whom he bullies on all occasions, and who lately presented him with an heir in the sb , e of a bouncing strong-lunged baby boy.

Of course Jones, the infant, "yowls' at night as Jones expresses it. "Confound it, can't you keep that brat quiet," is all the sympathy he bestows upon poor Mrs. Jones, while the latter is exhausting herself with every manner of device in order to keep the infant's wails from the ears of her irascible husband.

"There," yelled Jones on the evening in question, "yell, you young fiend," and adressing his poor wife he added: "If you would only exercise the proper care over the young one he wouldn't squall so. I'm going down town to a hotel to get some sleep, I am."

And with this Jones arose, dressed himself and left the house, adds the Cincinnati Enquirer. He applied for a room, a quiet 200m, at a well known Brondway hotel. It was then near midnight.

Sorry w haven't any single rooms, sir," observed the hotel clerk. "I can give you a large room with three beds in it, though, it you want to take your chances. After this time of night it is not likely to be wanted."

Jones concluded to take his chances and was soon esconced in a large double bed in a corner of the room near a window. "Now I can take some rest," be muttered as he turned down the lights and prepared himself for Lleep. "Gracious Peter, what was that!" he suddenly exclaimed, jumping out of bea.

The door of his room was unceremoniously unlocked at this moment as a hall boy entered and deliberately lit the gas. Following the boy were two well dressed young men in an advanced stage of intoxication.

"Ta-ra-ra-boom-de-aye-hooray. Ah there joblots (to the astonished Jones) le'sav 'noth'r drink-She's my sweethcart-'Rah for us-We're the stuff!"

These and other yells broke in upon the rest of the disconsolate Jones, who remarked dryly.

"Gentlemen, would you mind making less noise? You see, my baby at home "-

Whazzer matter with y'r baby? Give m a tring 'r whisker. Come, have a drink of the old stuff, whisker," interOur Portrait Gallery.



Montreal's Chief Magistrate.

rupted the notous young men in a chorus. It was no use. Jones couldn't sleep. He was in for it now with a vengeance. The newcomers managed to make the night more or less bideous; nor did they desist until far into the morning, when they finally, and to the satisfaction of Jones, took their departure. Then Jones, with a devout eigh of relief, turned over and prepared to snatch a few hours of

Bang! bang! came on the door just as Jones had relapsed it to a refreshing dose. Bang! bang! the knocks were repeated.

needed sleen.

"Oh, Lord," groaned Jones, getting up and opening the door. "What the dash blank do you want?" said he to a porter who appeared on the threshold.

"Are you the gent as wanted to be waked at 8 o'clock?" he asked.

"Am I the man-get out!" yelled Jones, slamming the door and going back to bed. He was interrupted several times after that by hall boys, porters and chambermaids. He had lost the key somehow, and the door wouldn't stay shut. In final despair, and utterly exhausted from loss of sleep, he arose and wended his way homeward.

"Well, dear, did you pass a pleasant night, and get some sleep?" was the greeting his wife gave him as he opened

the door of his home. "And why are you not at business? Why did you come home at this time of the morning?" she again queried.

"Why did I come home?" repeated Jones with a look of abject melancholy. "I came home to get some sleep; that's what I did." And then Jones went to his room, and locked himself in.

#### WHAT HE DID.

One day, said a member of congress to the crowd of listeners, I was away off in one of the back counties of my district, repairing fences and doing some missionary work incidental to the campaign, when I sam a woman sitting on the roadside watching a man splitting rails a bundred feet farther up the hill.

"Good morning," I said, stopping my

She returned the salutation and the man kept on with his work.

"Stranger in these parts?" she inquired, after I had made a few inquiries as to health, crops and other matters of interest to a man when he is a candidate.

"Partly," I replied; "I live in one of the lower counties."

Air you a drummer?" she asked.

I laughed.

Do I look like one?" I asked.

"No, not exactly; more like a preacher."
"But I'm not," and I laughed again.
"I knowed it," she said confidently.

" How ?"

"Preachers don't pack their bottle in their outside pockets," she remarked sententionaly.

I took mine out somewhat guiltily and handed it to her.

"Oh, Bill," she called to the man splitting rails. "Who is he?" inquired William.

She turned to me before answering. "What do you do fer a livin'?" she asked.

"I'm a member of congress," I said, blushing at my own greatness.

She gave a long, low whistle.

"Bill," she called to the man up the hill, "he don't do nothin' fer a livin'; he"s a member of congress," and William came down the hill and then there were three drinks less in the bottle as I rode on.-Detroit Free Press.

#### Americans as Sugar Eaters.

····>≫≫

St. Louis Globe Democrat: The average consumption of sugar per head is greater in the United States than in any other country in the world. Americans take their coffee and tea sweeter than Europeans, and in cooking of every description sugar is used with exceptional freedom. This is especially the case with pastry and pies, the latter very largely an American institution. This excessive use of sugar at all meals is one of the causes of the prevalence of dyspepsia and indigestion, sugar, feeding both these ailments and also causing an unhealthy accumulation of intestinal corpulency or fatness.



From London Queen.

#### THE FASHIONS.

We lately informed our renders that an attempt to revive the costumes of First Empire (as the era of Napoleon Buonaparte is called) would be made, and this has actually been done in France. One introduced is of pale pink crepe, having a pattern of a deeper shade, with a long and narrow skirt having a wide embroidered Greek or key pattern border, and the same on the sleeves only narrower; there is a wide waistband almost under the arms, and fastened with a jewelled clasp; also a large "crepe de chine" scarf of a bright pink color embroidered with flowers, birds and Chinese pagodas. Another is a pale blue dress, covered with a pattern of that red shade termed "caroubler." the skirt is encircled with a wide border of the same design, and the bodice is cut round and low, finished with a lace ruche over a guimpe of cream Surah; the waistband round of caroubier velvet. A third dress is of mauve silk, with rather short sleeves made of two puffs drawn in with black velvet straps; a large blouse of very open black lace falls from a mauve yoke and comes to the edge of the skirt, but permits the whole costume to be seen through it; the bodice is closefitting and the front of the skirt embroidered in shaded silks.

The above however may be said to be experimental at present, and we prefer to give illustrations of afternoon gowns generally worn. They are as follows:—

Fig. 1. Skirt of walking length and pointed plastron in fawn-coloured corduroy crepon cloth, bordered with a cross band of dark green corded silk, framed with a rouleau. The plastron is fastened with gilt buttons. Round

bodice and high puckered sleeves in

Fig. 2. Budice with pleated basque in grey canvass cloth, enhanced with bands of silver and gold embroidery to correspond with the facings and wristlets of the close-fitting facket, which is linea with lemon-coloured silk. Skirt touching the ground, also edged with a fancy band. Toque in black chip, ornamented at the side with a cluster of black ostrich tips, shaded with yellow.

Fig. 8. Gown in cote de cheval, striped with pink and bronze-brown. Figero fronts and straight collar in either black lace or gimp. Empire sash with purse ends in black Bengaline silk. Hat in black rice straw, edged with black lace, and trimmed with piquet and wreath of variegated roses, and tinted sotrich feathers.

#### TWO VENTURES.

BY HURKARU.

CHAPTER XI—THE RETURN MATCH You will easily understand that Madeline, whom we left at Scarborough Beach in a somewhat unhappy state of mind, was quickly aware that the report of Dugdale's death from the Tunnel explosion was all a mistake, but she has never forgotten the miserable blank which had seemed to stretch out before her for the few days succeeding the first news

of the catastrophe. On returning to New York in September her life resumed "the even tenor of its way," driving or riding in the park, calling or receiving, dining or giving dinners, balls and so forth. We all know the fashionable routine and only continue it long enough, the monotony becomes as great as in the most hum drum country existence. You meet the same people day after day, dance with the same partners night after night, hear the same stories and make the same remarks in reply. Now and then Madeline might seek relief in a quiet evening with the Ralstons,who were not wealthy enough to move in the exalted atmosphere of the "four

hundred,"—but naturally these occasions were "few and far between," and Madeline in consequence would laughingly call

Annette her angel. There was a slight rapple upon the calm waters of New York society when it was announced that Lord Falconbridge, after a lengthened tour through the States and a voyage to Australia and Japan, Ind returned by way of Vancouver and was again in New York. The Van Higgins expected his lordship to call, after the hospitality they supposed they had extended to bim during his first visit, but he did not put in an appearance, and it was quite by chance that Madeline met the real owner of Bicksley Park, which happened thus: One afternoon she, accompanled by Annette, visited the Museum of Arts, and, as the two were standing before one of the paintings in the North Gallery, a lady, touching Madeline on the shoulder, said "Allow me to introduce Lord Falconbridge."

Miss Van Higgin returned, bowing coldly, "Lord Falconbridge and I have met-, but as her eyes rested on his lordship she suddenly stopped, adding "Excuse me, I took you for somebody else." Lord Falconbridge smiled, and murmured that he hoped there would be no mistakes in future. Modeline was puzzled; this was certainly not the man whom they had entertained as Lord Falconbridge some months previously, although there was a resemblance, while, as for his lordship, he had clean forgotted the name of Van Higgin and the trick he had played when last in New York, but hearing from a friend, he had met in his travels, that there were some really nice people in that city,



This is all very well, but-

he had determined to see for himself the class from which some of the English aristocracy and of late years chosen their brides. Of course the above meating was but momentary, a bow, a few words, and it was over, but Lord Falconbridge had been very much struck, ith Madeline's appearance, and resolved within himself to improve the acquaintance.

A gentleman whom Madeline knew very well—a Mr. Winston—happening to join her as Lord Falconbridge was moving away, she said "Excuse me, you will think it a strange question, but can you tell me if that is really Lord Falconbridge walking with Mrs. Morwin?"

"Certainly that is the Simon Pure, Miss Van Higgin," replied Mr. Winston. "May I enquire why you ask, for I see you have a reason?"

"He does not seem to be the Lord Falconbridge I met last year," said Madeline. "He appears smaller, not so goodlooking, yet more of a gentleman—in the society sense of the term, I mean."

"I was not in town on the occasion of his last visit," returned Mr. Winston smiling, "but I have heard a report—how far true I cannot say—that he played an atrocious practical joke, when here before, by making his man servant, who is so like him (though taller and stouter) that you might take them for brothers, represent him, but I can scarcely believe he carried the deception to the extent they say he did."

"His man servant—his valet I presume—it cannot be, and yet it is very strange," said Madeline laughing uncasily, while an indignant flush stole over her cheeks. "Is not Rosa Bonheur's 'Horse Fair' a ziccious picture Mr. Winston? You can fancy you hear those horses snorting and squealing just as they do in Normandy."

Thus it was that Madeline, after the manner of her sex, entirely changed the conversation from a subject which had become disagreeable to her. It reminds one of a hare doubling when she feels the unpleasant breath of the hounds close behind her. Men are not so quick, but stutter and stammer and show plainly the talk is not to their liking, whereas Madeline Van Higgin dismissed Lord Falconbridge and began to discuss squealing horses, as though the one naturally followed the other at that particular point.

Lord Falconbridge himself was a trifle 'piqued' by Madeline's cool treatment of him, for he had become so escustomed to be "run after," that he could not, all at once, comprehend anything which partook of a repulse. "Who the deuce is this beauty, that she should give herself airs?" he wondered to himself, and then added aloud to his companion, Mrs. Merwin, "Miss Van Higgin is very lovely, but proud, is she not?"

Oh no I nover heard that of her," replied Mrs. Merwin. "We consider her one of the leaders of New York society.



-it has its drawbacks if the grass is damp.

of course, but I never knew her to be in the least stuck up. Would you like to go to one of her receptions Lord Falconbridge, because I will take you if you would?"

"Thanks, I shall be charmed," was the answer, and so it was arranged that the English nobleman should face the eagle in her nest. The day was fixed, and Lord Falconbridge found himself at No. COC Fifth Avenue one afternoon, between five and six o'clock, struggling through a colock, struggling through a colock Madeline, his name having been duly heralded.

The hostess, as she saw him advancing, colored in that smileless way so dangerous in a woman, and bowing haughtily, without extending her hand, asked "Are you really Lord Falconbridge?"

"Why, yes, I believe so," he replied in a surprised manner.

"Then I wonder how you dare to come into this house," said Madeline in a clear hard voice. Lord Falconbridge started as though he had been struck, and had a bombshell faller among the company, the constantation could scarcely have been greater.

"This is one of the so-called English aristocracy," continued Modeline in distinct tones, scorn ringing out in every word, "who considered it, I presume, a wonderfully clever joke, when last in New York, to send his valet in his place to receive the hospitality intended for himself. Probably he is proud of his encestry and

thought himself far superior to untitled Americans, but I can only hope he is an unfortunate specimen of his class, for he has proved himself one, whom every true citizen of this republic—this democratic republic—must look down on with contempt."

A dead, in fact an awful, silence ensaed, during which you could have heard a pin drop, and then Lord Palconbridge (the recollection of what he had done flashing upon him) utterly abashed and crestfallen, said, in a low voice, "I deserve all you have said Miss Van Higgin, and more. I behaved like a brutal cad, I beg your pardon and will take my leave."

What could be say more, he was covered with shame and frankly accepted his punishment, but Madeline seeing how complete was the nobleman's defeat, relented and exclaimed, with a smile, "Stay my lord, a pardon so freely offered shall wipe out the aftent, though I cannot admit, with Sir Lucius O'Trigger, the obligation. Will you take Mrs. Merwin in for a cup of ten or a glass of wine?"

"I have no right to expect such generosity." humbly replied Lord Falconbridge, but he went nevertheless, and over afterwards if he heard Americans run down, and their manners disparaged, would staunchly meintain that he knew one of their laties, the equal of any duchess in the peerage, a perfect queen among women by George, whose shoes, he added

nearly quoting scripture unconsciously, he was not worthy to unlace. Madeline, on the other hand, while she forgave his lordship, always thought from that time that a mere title had not much to do with ennobling a name.

#### CHAPTER XII-A CRASIL

I have introduced Washington: Van Riggin as a millionaire, which term, I take it to mean, that he was worth anything from one million upwards. His wealth was variously reputed, and since he had-as it is called-numerous irons in the fire. it was difficult to estimate the exact fixures he would "foot up" from time to time. Besides having the controlling interest in the Colorado Tunnel Company, he was Director of several Railroad Corporations, and dealt largely in foreign bonds-South American and others. He also was a private banker, and his name well known in both London and Paris. He was pointed out as the lucky speculator who turned into gold every scheme he handled, and his career had been one uninterrupted success. He was looked upon as a sort of oracle upon financial matters, and his opinion carried immenso weight in commercial circles. Socially he was much liked, for he was kind and generous, giving largely to charities and always ready to help a friend, an instance of which we have clready seen. Perhaps his chief fault was an over-wearing confidence in his own sagacity and foresight, which defect had been fostered and increased by the absence of a single noteworthy failure. If he had made mistakes, they had been so trivial as to count for nothing, besides his greater and far more numerous successes. We are now however coming to a turn in the tide, when, as may be the case with any one of us, his judgment erred and when, as was perhaps quite natural, he was blind to the error with the blindness of those who won't see. It is in such a time that the character of a man is tried and tested. Many of us lead gallantly on a victorious march, but when a check comer, seem to lose the talent and courage which should be called up to meet adversity, and here I cannot help endorsing the wise words of a late author who, in comparing Van Higgin's namesake, George Washington, with General Wolfe, pointed out that the former was greater than the latter, "because it is greater to endure than to dare." So it was also that Wellington, behind the lines at Torres Vedrás, showed a higher courage than the victor of Austerlitz.

It was shortly before Dugdale Lad completed his labors with regard to the Colorado Tunnel, that a small cloud appeared on the horizon. The expenses of that undertaking had been enormous, and though now some returns were coming in from the mines, the money was far

from sufficient as yet to meet the outlay. One of two things was therefore necessary, either to stop the works or to increase the capital by a call upon the stockholders, or an issue of fresh stock.

A meeting was convened at the offices in Wall street, and after a somewhat stormy discussion Van Higgin succeeded in vetoing the first alternative, but the shareholders declining to respond to a call, the issue of further stock was finally passed. Van Higgin, whose blood was up at the opposition he had met, boldly, or more properly speaking rashly, took up a considerable number of new shares, but the remainder were allotted outside, which weakened the controlling power of the president. It would have been better had Van Higgin given way and allowed the work on the tunnel to be temporarily suspended, but he had been so used to assume the command, in every scheme he was connected with, that he did not see his mistake until it was too late. The money was collected, but owing to a sudden panic in South American securities, Van Higgin for the first time in his life found himself in what is called a corner. He still carried his head up and appeared to the world the same successful man as before, but he had received a blow and know that within a week he must find a considerable amount of cash to meet his engagements. Misfortunes, it has often been said, never come singly, and in consequence of a crop failure a large lot of railroad stock became unsaleable. Then it was that Van Higgin began to lose his head, as it were; he omitted to attend an extraordinary meeting of the Colorado Tunnel Company, which was there thrown into the hands of a receiver. He still clung, with the pertinacious grasp of a drowning man, to the belief that the panic in South American bonds was all moonshine, until a cablegram announced the failure of one of the largest banking firms in London, when he was forced to admit that the worst had come and he was beaten.

He was seated in his office when the cablegram was brought him, and the clerk quite started at the terrific oath which burst from his employer's lips. Let us hope that the angel, who has so often had to weep, had still a tear left to expunge those ugly words. He gave orders that he could not see anybody, and on being left alone he locked the door leading to the public office. Reseating himself, he took a sheet of paper, on which he put down certain figures with memoranda opposite them, but he soon desisted, and sat with his hands before him vacantly staring. His life seemed then to rise up and pass like a panorama-his business life that is-showing how he had started a comparatively poor

man, and how by industry, tact, and perseverance, he had attained his pinacle of wealth. He noted his bold strokes, and repid conquests, in the financial world, which had made him the admiration of Wall Street. Then came the false step and the crash, the latter so complete that his energies and faculties appeared shatterel and paralyzed, and he sank down with no fight left in him.

How long he remained thus he did not know, but finally he rose and let himself out by a private door leading to the hall. He made his way to the street, and hardly knowing where he went, found himself in the busy crowd of Broadway, when he turned his face uptown. As he walked along he caught himself wondering in a dull sort of fashion whether those he met knew who he was and if he saw anyone, who chanced to look at him, make a semark to a companion; he could not help thinking that such remark had reference to bimself and what had taken place. He, the great Washington Van Higgin, the successful millionaire was being pointed at as a grand failure, and he fancied people pushed him rudely on one side as though aware that he was now nobody. Of course this was all morbid imagination, for in New York, except by a very few, you are not known from Adam, but at such a time a man is upt to become over sensitive.

At last reaching the space in front of the City Hall Van Higgin stepped into a cab, and giving the driver his address was quickly rattled up Broadway towards his home. Then came the thought of Madeline and how he was to tell her, for in the midst of all his pursuit of wealth and rush of business he had always loved his daughter with the whole force of his nature, and had endeavored, so far as his lights went, to be both a father and a mother to her-his wife having died during Mudeline's infancy. He had lavished his riches upon her without stint, and of late years she had been his almost constant companion, they having travelled together not only in their own country, but in Europe. He had watched with pardonable pride how his child had gradually blossomed into the beautiful woman who had added lustre to his home and was admired by all who knew her. It had made his heart beat with joy as he saw her shine with a kind of regal splendour, even in their own democratic so ciety-and now!

Grace Church is passed and he is still pondering as to how he shall break the news to Madeline. How he must make it plain that he will have to commence over again, as they say, and that she will have to give up the luxuries which have hitherto been so pleasant. He is no nearer solving the question, when he is landed at his house door.

"Why Papa how early you are! Do you know it is only two o'clock?" cried Madeline, as she met him in the hall. "Is anything the matter that you look so strange?"

"Yes something has happened Madge," replied Van Higgin, in a voice so unlike his own that it startled even himself. "I will tell you all about it presently. Would you mind ordering the mail phacton round and coming out for a drive with me? I suppose you have had your lunch."

"Yes, but I can see you have not Papa, you are so pale" said. Madeline, taking him by the hand and leading him into the dining room.

No-I believe I forgot my lunch today-but never mind I am not hungry. Just send Graves here with some sherry and biscuits, and you go and get ready for the drive."

"Are you sure you are not sick Papa?"

"Quite-run off with you-I will tell you as we drive along-drive along," exclaimed Van Higgin in an impatient manner, and then repenting he patted her cheek and asked once more for the sherry and biscuits. As far as the latter were concerned the request was entirely superfluous, for he nover touched them, but after a couple of glasses of sherry his color came back, and as he handed his daughter into the phacton, neither Madeline nor anyone else would have guessed that he mounted that vehicle a ruined man.

To be continued.

#### GORY GAMBLES.

The Frelicsome Fancy of a Champion Footballist.

I love my adversary's legs to kick,
To frisk upon his features with my feet,
Or butt him in the beliy till-he's sick—
All this is sweet.

I smile to hear his collar-bone collapse, Accompanied by his expiring screech; To crack his ribs is happiness, perhaps Beyond all speech.

- I laugh aloud when, in the scrimmage wild,
- I smash the thigh-bone of some lusty boy,
- And see him borne off, helpless as a child— That, that is joy!

My sturdy heel into his spine to Jam,

To beat his mouth until he pouts at
fate,

 punch him sternly in his diaphragm is rapture great.

And then to batter flat his shapely snout Is pleasure that I can't afford to miss; To tear a handful of his giblets out— That, that is bliss.

Than to perceive his manly blood run red

No greater joy can unto me be given; Rut at one kick to kick him down stone dend—

That, that is heaven!

-English Sunday Chronicle.

## MALTER KAVANAGH'S AGENCY,

ST, FRANCOIS XAVIER ST., MONTREAL,

#### COMPANIES REPRESENTED,

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL OF SCOTLAND NORWICH-UNION FIRE INS. SOC'Y OF ENGLAND EASTERN ASSURANCE CO'Y. OF CANADA.

# COMBINED CAPITAL AMD ASSETS: \$45,520,000.

# THE UNITED FIRE INSURANCE CO. Lim., of manchester, eng.,

Has purchased the Canadian business

· · . CITY OF LONDON. . · .

Subscribed Capital	\$1,250,000
Capital Peid-up. Funds Exclusive of Capital	500,000
Funds Exclusive of Capital	500,000 782,500
	113

Application for Agencies Invited

T. H. HUDSON, PERCY F. LANE, Managers.

#### 

Organized 1792 - - Incorporated 1794.

Capital Paid up	.\$2,000,000
Reserve re-Insurance	3,549,822
Reserve for Unadjusted Losses, etc	502,933
Net Surplus	2,225,475
	C
	\$9,278,220

#### FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE.

ROBERT HAMPSON,

General Agent for Canada,

18 Corn Exchange.

# THE IMPERIAL INSURANCE CO'Y,

ESTABLISHED AT LONDON, 1803.

. FIRE.

Subscribed Capital.....\$6,000,000. Cash Assets over......\$9,500,000

Insures against loss by fire only. Entire assets available for fire losses.

Canadian Branch Office in the Company's Building.

107 ST. JAMES STREET.

E. D. LACY, Resident Manager for Canada, Montreal.

# WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED 2552,

HEAD OFFICE - . . . TORONTO ONT.

J. J. KENNY, Managing Director.

A. M. SMITH, President.

C. C. FOSTER, Secretary.

J. H. ROUTH & SON, Managers Montreal Branch,

190 ST. JAMES STREET.

#### THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

ESTABLISHED 1720.

TOTAL FUNDS NEARLY \$18,000,000.

FIRE RISKS ACCEPTED AT CURRENT RATES.

E. A. LILLY, Manager Canada Branch,

Waddell Building, Montreal.

#### ONDON & LANCASHIRE LIFE.

HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA.

Cor. St. James St. and Place d'Armes Square, Montreal.

World-Wide Policies, Absolute Security.

LIFE rate endowment Policies a specialty
Special terms for the payment of premiums and the revival of policies.

#### DIRECTORS

Sir Donald A. Smith, K. C. M. G., M. P., Chairman.

Robert Benny, Esq.

R. B. Angus Esq.

Sandford Fleming, Esq., C. M. G.

Manager for Canada, - - - B. HAL. BROWN.

#### MEW YORK LIFE INSURANCE CO.

STATEMENT-JANUARY 1, 1892.

From Report of James F. Pierce, Insurance Commissioner for the State of New York,

	\$125,947,290.81
Liabilities	110,806,267.50
Surplus	15,141,023.31
Incôme	31,854,194.00
New Business written in 1891.	\$152,664,982,00
Insurance in Force (over)	\$614,824,713.00

JOHN A. McCAll, President. HENRY TUCK, Vice-President.

DAVID BURKE, General Manager for Canada.

# ORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY,

ESTABLISHED 1809.

TOTAL ASSETS, AT 31st DECEMBER, \$52,053,716.51

HEAD OFFICE IN CANADA, MONTREAL

CANADIAN INVESTMENTS, \$4.599,753.00.

THOMAS DAVIDSON,

Manager-Director.

MONTREAL.

# QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY. . .

1759 NOTRE DAME ST., MONTREAL.

H. J. MUDGE,

Resident Manager

12 WITH AL	ATIDO1E#
I IVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INS CO.	PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE CO'Y,
CANADIAN BOARD OF DIRECTORS:  THE HONORABLE HY. STARNES, Chairman. EDMOND J. BARBEAU, ESQ., Deputy-Chairman. WENTWORTH J. BUCHANAN, ESQ. SAMUEL, FINLEY, ESQ. SAMUEL, FINLEY, ESQ. SIR ALEX. T. CALT, G.C.M.G.	ESTABLISHED IN 1782. CANADIAN BRANCH ESTABLISHED IN 1801.
Amount Invested in Canada,	No. 35 St. Francois Xavier Street.
Capital and Assets, 53,211,365  MERCANTILE Risks accepted at lowest current rates. Churches, Dwelling Houses and Farm Properties insured at reduced rates.	PATERSON & SON, Agents for the Dominion.
Special attention given to applications made	CITY AGENTS:
direct to the Montreal Office.  6. F. C. SMITH, Chief Agent for the Dominion.	E. A. WHITEHEAD & CO., English Department.  RAYMOND & MONDEAU, French "
PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY OF HARTFORD, CONN FIRE INSURANCE.   ESTABLISHED 1854.	O'RTHERN ASSURANCE COMP'Y.  OF LONDON, ENG.  BRANCH OFFICE FOR CANADA:
Cash Capital \$2,000,000.	1724 NOTRE DAME ST., MONTREAL.
CANADA BRANCH,	INCOME AND FUNDS (1890), Capital and Accumulated Funds
HEAD OFFICE, . 114 ST. JAMES STREET, . MONTREAL.  GERALD E. HART. General Manager.  A Share of your Fire Insurance is solicited for this reliable and wealthy Company, renowned for its prompt and liberal settlement of claims.	Annual Revenue from Fire and Life Premiums, and from Interest upon Invested Funds
CYRILLE LAURIN, G. MAITLAND SMITH.	ROBERT W. TYRE MANAGER FOR CANADA.
COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE CO., Ltd.	ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY .
FIRE! LIFE!! MARINE!!!	LIABILITY OF SHAKEHOLDERS UNLIMITED.
Total Invested Funds \$12,500,000.	Capital \$20,000,000 Reserve Funds 40,000,000
Capital and Assets       \$25,000,000         Life Fund (in special trust for life policy-holders)       5,000,000         Total Net Annual Income       5,700,000	Annual Income, upwards of 11,000,000  Investments in Canada for Protection of Canadian Policy-holders (Chiefly with Government) Exceeds \$1,000,000.
Deposited with Dominion Government	Every description of property insured at moderate rates of premium.  Life Assurance granted in all the most approved forms.  Head Office for Canada: ROYAL INSURANCE BUILDING, MONTREAL.
of the Dominion.  HEAD OFFICE, Canadian Branch  EVANS & McGREGOR, Managers.  MONTREAL.	E. HURTUBISE. Special Agents JAMES ALIN, Special Agents ALFRED ST. CYR, French Dep. W. S. ROBERTSON, English Dep. of G. R. Robertson & Sons.
NTATIONAL ASSURANCE COMPANY	A TLAS ASSURANCE COMPANY
OF IRELAND	A of London, Eng
	FOUNDED 1808.  Capital
INCORPORATED 1822	Fire Reserve
Capital       \$5,000,000         Fire Reserve       1,500,000	CANADIAN BRANCH.
Fire Income	79 ST. FRANCOIS XAVIER STREET, MONTREAL
CANADIAN BRANCH, 79 St. Francois Navier Street, Montreal	MATTLEW C. HINSHAW,
MATTHEW C. HINSHAW, Chief Agent.	BRANCH MANAGER.
A LLIANCE ASSURANCE COMPANY.	CUARDIAN FIRE AND LIFE
ESTABLISHED IN 1824	Assurance Company, of England
HEAD OFFICE, BARTHOLOMEW LANE, LONDON, Eng.	THE CITIZENS INSURANCE COM'Y OF CANADA
Subscribed Capital, - \$25,000,000 Paid-up and Invested, 2,750,000 Total Funds, 17,500,000	HEAD OFFICE FOR CANADA:
RIGHT HON LORD ROTHSCHILD, ROBERT LEWIS, Esq., Chief Secretary.	Gnardian Assurance Building, 181 St. James Street MONTREAL.
N. B.—This Company having reinsured the Canadian business of the Royal Canadian Insurance Company, assumes all fiability under existing policies of that Company as at the 1st of March, 1892.	E. P. HEATON, Manager. G. A. ROBERTS, Sub-Manager
Branch Office in Canada: 157 St. James Street, Montreal. G. H. McHENRY, Manager for Canada.	D. DENNE, H. W. RAPHAEL and CAPT. JOHN LAWRENCE, City Agents.
·	