







The Colonist

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2nd, 1900.

THE BOER COLLAPSE.

The first telegrams received announcing the collapse of the Boer resistance... The Boer army was out of the question. Bridges had been dynamited, stations burned, stores looted, farms ruined.

THE LIBERAL CONVENTION.

The Liberal Convention for this electoral district, held on Wednesday, appears to have been well attended and harmonious. The party managers took plenty of time in summoning the convention, and thus ensured numbers and harmony.

We confess to have been disappointed in the result of the Convention, not in respect to the candidates chosen, but because so large a meeting of the party in sympathy with the government adjourned without going on record in regard to the claims of the West, and especially those of British Columbia.

PATRIOTISM.

Patriotism, like charity, ought to begin at home. It ought not to stop there by any means, but when the people are told that the policy of Sir Wilfrid Laurier is an exhibition of love and affection for Great Britain, they are not unlikely to think that if he would look across the Atlantic and more across the ocean, he might devise ways and means of contributing more to the permanent prosperity of Canada than his scheme of British preference will.

THE CHINESE SITUATION.

There seems to be much difficulty in the way of an agreement among the powers as to the best method of approaching the Chinese question. Germany's proposal that the persons guilty of the attacks upon foreigners shall first be given up does not meet with much approval, not because it is unreasonable, but because it seems to be impracticable.

ORIGIN OF NAMES.

A suggestion has been made that the term "Hooper" is derived from the salutation, "Howdy yer?" which is used by the Indians. This is probably not correct, but it suggests a few observations upon the unknown origin of names.

When Collis P. Huntington died the other day the newspapers contained his name and how to make a success of it. He was a man of many talents, and his things attributed to him is immaterial, for the point is that the fact that he managed in one way or another to get to own a railway or two made a good many people think his opinions were valuable as a guide to life.

LILLITH.

According to the Talmud, Adam was married twice, and his first wife was called Lillith. As she became transformed into a demon, she can hardly have been a very estimable personage. It is interesting to know that such a person was believed to have existed.

THE WESTMINSTER FAIR.

The annual fair at New Westminster will be open on October 2nd, and continue until the 5th. It is likely to be an occasion of more than usual interest. The people of Victoria ought to make an effort to attend the Fair in large numbers, not only because they will have an opportunity afforded them of acquiring much information of value as to the capabilities of the province from an agricultural and stock-raising point of view, but because it will promote friendly relations between the two cities.

IT MAKETH NOT ASHAMED.

"Hope maketh not ashamed," said a shrewd observer and profound philosopher, whose opinions on things relating to life would hardly be given the attention of the world, if they appeared anywhere else than in the Bible. It is surprising how much people miss by not reading that time-honored, but incompletely known book. They will waste hundreds of pages of some modern speculative philosopher will wrestle with a book by Tolstoy with all its abominations, will waste time on the speculations of a notoriety seeking minister, who, for so much a

It will be utterly impossible for the Liberal Liberals to make up what they lost yesterday in the election by acclamation.

The geography in use in the public schools of the State of Washington says that Dawson City is in Alaska. It also makes the Mackenzie river rise in Hudson's Bay.

The Marquis Ito is to form a cabinet in Japan. He was the premier at the time of the war with China, and is usually regarded as the strongest Japanese statesman. He is in every respect a remarkable man.

If you notice the earth tremble on Sunday, do not be alarmed. It may only be the result of Col. Sam. Hughes once more placing his foot upon his native heather. The gallant Colonel will on that day reach Quebec.

Mr. Ralph Smith, M.P.P., announces that he will run in Vancouver Island district for the House of Commons as an Independent Labor candidate. Mr. Smith was nominated at Ottawa by the Trades and Labor Congress.

Bryan says that if elected president he will give the Filipinos their independence under the protection of the United States. One would suppose that Mr. Bryan would have learned from events in South Africa that sustainability over a so-called independent government is prolific in trouble.

With a railway in course of construction to the Leonard mine on one side of Mount Sicker, and some first-class machinery being sent in to the Tye mine on the other side, mining in that part of the Island has passed the experimental stage. Between these mines and the Ghemains saw mill the district, in which these industries are included, will soon become one of the most important in the province.

The Humboldt, which left Seattle on Thursday for Skagway, has a large consignment of goods for the use of the United States army posts on the lower Yukon, and an attempt will be made to rush them through before the river closes. The government depended upon getting on the supplies by way of St. Michael, but failed to do so. This once more demonstrates that the only route to the Yukon country, whether in Canada or United States territory, is down, and not up, the river.

A correspondent thinks that while the rights of pedestrians ought to be safeguarded, those of bicyclists are entitled to consideration. He refers especially to the fact that most persons, who are driving horses, seem to regard the road as belonging to them. It does not, and the rule of keeping to the left ought to be strictly observed by them. As a matter of fact, persons depending upon a vehicle for purposes of locomotion, whether it be the horse or the bicycle, are entitled to the same rights on the Queen's highway, and each should be respected. The prime rule of action in a free country is: So use your own rights as not to interfere with those of others. On this hangs all the Common Law of England.

The Times expects to be able to congratulate Messrs. Riley and Drury on the greatest political victory ever achieved in the history of the Dominion. There is nothing very remarkable in the election of two government supporters in a constituency, but this as clear as Victoria was in 1896, so this was not what our contemporary has in mind in using the expression quoted. What, then, can it mean? Does it mean that for any one to carry a constituency which Senator Templeman could not must be necessary to be one of the greatest things that ever were? If so, we cannot congratulate our contemporary upon its modesty. There is another interpretation, namely, that in the opinion of the Times it is "the greatest political victory ever achieved in the political history of the Dominion" to elect Messrs. Riley and Drury. If this is what it means, then the remark is rough upon the candidates of its party, and undeservedly so, for we fancy that most people will agree with us that the objection of the voters will not be to Messrs. Riley and Drury, but to the principles and record of the government of which they are supporters.

PRESS COMMENT.

A CANADIAN OPINION.

Suggestion That Militia Should Be Dressed in Grey.

From Military Gazette. The letter of a Montreal ex-commanding officer, which appeared in the Gazette a few weeks ago, advocating the adoption of a distinctive uniform for the Canadian militia force has been received with approval by the press of the Dominion. Grey seems to be the color most favored—khaki having dropped out of sight. There is no doubt that the present uniform contains nothing that is unattractively Canadian, if we except the maple leaf badge, which would not be noticed by one person out of a thousand. Now that the British authorities are likely to make a change from the historic red of the infantry—except for ceremonial occasions—is probable that the Canadian militia department, following the war office lead, as usual, may be prevailed upon to clothe our force in a uniform that will stamp them as belonging to Canada. By the way, grey was the color of the uniform of the Loyalist forces during the rebellion of 1837, so that in adopting that color we are only coming back to an old order of things.

THEY TAX LIBERALLY.

From Mail and Empire.

One reason why we are paying more taxes is the fact that the sliding in the face of a rising revenue increased the sugar duties imposed on the importation of sugar to \$5,000,000 of taxes and left the money with the people the moment that the sugar producers began to grow. When the new Liberals talk about surpluses they are really boasting of their taxing power.

SURPLUS AND TAXATION.

From Halifax Herald. The Grit ministers who have been gathering in taxes at from five to twelve million dollars a year in excess of those collected in 1895 and 1896, are going about the country now boasting of their "surpluses" and their "steady support" organs are re-echoing the boasts. Of course, of course, "surplus" is a merely nominal surplus, or bookkeeping surplus, or, as it is called, a surplus on consolidated fund or revenue account. Such "surpluses" were quite common during the Liberal-Conservative period. For example, during the fiscal years 1881, 1882 and 1883, there were such "surpluses" of from four to seven millions a year, the aggregate for the three years amounting to about \$17,000,000. In 1889 there was a "surplus" approaching four millions. This matter of revenue surpluses has been treated in this matter has been very different. The Grits used to declare that a surplus was a very bad and very wicked thing for a government to have; that it was an evidence of over-taxation and an incentive to boodling and extravagance on the part of the government. Criticism Minister Foster admitted a large part of former Grit speeches that a large surplus on the revenue account, called for taxation, and he reduced the taxation accordingly. But the Laurierite coalition has now boasted of its "surpluses" year after year, but it has not reduced the taxation at all, or reduced it so little as to be worth speaking of. Instead of reducing the taxation, it has increased it. It made all sorts of extravagant and corrupt expenditures in order to eat up the surplus, and all the time the revenue has been increasing. The revenues that are collected, Mr. Tarte told us in the House of Commons, are about forty-two millions to about sixty millions a year.

A POLISH ROMANCE.

Pusky Married His Ideal After Her Friends Objected.

From New York Sun.

The courtship of Samuel Pusky, cravat artist, of 150 Ridge street, and Mary Mill, of 125 Ridge street, ended in matrimony in the Essex Market police court last night. Pusky came here from Poland about 18 months ago with the intention of winning fame as his chosen profession. He made money, but he had to do with his customers' whiskers. Sometimes he would work for days on a picture for a Heister street merchant, who all else he rejected because the whiskers looked as though the wind was blowing through them. "Ach, mein Gott," he was driven to cry to a friend one day. "Is dot all dere is to be in this country anyway but viskers?" But about a year ago Pusky found a picture that was art. It was the face of a young woman with dark hair, fair cheeks and a prominent nose. "Such a beautiful girl," he remarked to the owner of the studio. "I could love a girl like dat." "She is around here somewhere," said the studio man.

Pusky borrowed the picture, had an enlargement printed on canvas and began to work in the back where it was needed. He worked with an enthusiasm that was of love and when it was finished he told one of his fellow artists that he must have been inspired. "It is so natural," he said. "dot I can almost see her drinking a glass of beer." He determined to find her, if present in the city, and then ask her to marry. He sought till he found her. She was bending over a sewing machine. "Mein beautiful girl," he said, "I am calling your attention to the fact that I have had articles sent me by Sir and the Marquis of —, and I need not say that when a baronet and a marquis send papers to this magazine a man without a title must stand aside." These things are mentioned to establish the truth of the proposition that the most judges of the value of a man's opinion by what he has done, even if his work have no relation to each other. Tried by this test, the opinion of Paul is worth very much indeed. It is not too much to say that Paul gave Christianity an impulse which it feels to this day. He had an enormous influence upon the formation of the religious thought of the most enlightened portion of mankind during nearly nineteen centuries. He ranks in this respect to the same class as Confucius, Buddha and Mohammed. There have been a few men who have influenced the minds of millions for centuries, and have determined the character of civilization, and Paul was one of them. His opinion on any subject is therefore most deserving of consideration. Get away from the idea of inspiration, if it bothers you, and take what he says simply as the opinion of a man occupying a very conspicuous place among men.

Such is the man who tells us that failure is the basis of hope. It is an epigrammatic and not a religious maxim. It teaches that most persons, who are driving horses, seem to regard the road as belonging to them. It does not, and the rule of keeping to the left ought to be strictly observed by them. As a matter of fact, persons depending upon a vehicle for purposes of locomotion, whether it be the horse or the bicycle, are entitled to the same rights on the Queen's highway, and each should be respected. The prime rule of action in a free country is: So use your own rights as not to interfere with those of others. On this hangs all the Common Law of England.

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WANTED—ACTIVE MAN. OF GOOD character to deliver and collect in Victoria for old established manufacturing concern. Sale home, \$800 a year, exp. pay. Honestly more than experience required. Our references, any bank in the city. Apply to Third Street, 354 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

Boroughs—I'm off for California; got a good job out there. Good-bye, old man. I'll never be able to express to you all I owe you for your many little kindnesses.

Lenders—Well, you might try a money order or a cheque.—Catholic Standard and Times.

COOK STREET (cor. of Chatham street)—Fine two-story dwelling; gas, electric, hot water; conservatory; \$4,000; easy terms. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

BLANCHARD STREET—A nice cottage in good locality, \$1,800. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

A NUMBER OF VALUABLE FARMS on the Mainland and especially in Fraser valley and on the coast. Apply B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

DENMAN ISLAND—400 acres, diving equipment of coal, \$700; terms. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

FORT STREET—Part of the Herwood estate; just above Cook street; fine building sites; prices reasonable; easy terms. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

ROCKLAND AVENUE—Fine two-story residence; one acre land; grand view; \$4,500; terms. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

COR. YATES AND COOK STREETS—Two story dwelling, \$2,000; 200 sq. ft. lot; 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

RICHARDSON STREET—Full lot and 1-roomed cottage, \$2,000; easy terms. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

HARRISON STREET—Lot and nice cottage, \$1,700; \$200 cash and balance at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

COR. MENZIES AND NIAGARA STS.—One acre, \$3,500; easy terms. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

CHATHAM STREET (near Cook street)—Lot 60x120; cottage six rooms, \$1,100; exceptionally easy terms. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

NIAGARA STREET—1/4 lot and 2-story dwelling, \$1,500; exceptionally easy terms. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

JOHNSON STREET (above Douglas—Lot 60x120, 2-story brick and basement, \$2,000; well located for factory of any kind; only \$10,000; exceptionally easy terms. Apply 40 Government street. B. O. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

VICTORIA WEST (cor. of Mary and Frederick streets)—Two lots for sale; handsome building site; fine view of the city; \$1,500; easy terms. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

ONE HUNDRED MONTHLY PAYMENTS of \$125.00 each will buy a nice 5-roomed cottage; James Bay, \$1,000; easy terms. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

KINGSTON STREET—Two-story dwelling and lot 60x120, James Bay, for \$1,000, \$200 cash and balance at 6 per cent. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

CHATHAM STREET—Cottage and double front lot, \$850; \$100 cash and balance on 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

McLELLAN STREET—Five-roomed cottage and lot 72x120 for \$1,800; easy terms. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

COLLINS STREET—Running through to Beechey street, 1/2 lot, 5-roomed cottage, \$1,500; easy terms. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

JAMES BAY—Nice cottage and lot, 54 by 120; \$1,000; \$200 cash and balance on 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

COOK AND NORTH PARK STREETS—Two-story building, containing 10 rooms; leased to responsible tenant, only \$2,500. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

BATTERY STREET, Beacon Hill—Full sized lot and good 2-story dwelling, \$2,100. This is cheap for the location. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

FOURTH STREET—2 1/2 acres; has been up to date; price \$1,750; \$250 down, balance on 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

A MODERN RESIDENCE, with 18 beautiful acres; well stocked with fruit; beautiful garden; well furnished; only \$2,500. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

OAK BAY—Nice cottage, 4 rooms; very pretty site; cheap. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

THE ARM—1/4 acre, cleared; waterfront; fine site for bungalow; electric light and water; gas; running past premises; whole amount of purchase money remains on mortgage at 6 per cent.; \$3,000. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

SALT SPRING ISLAND, Ganges Harbor—20 acres, good modern dwelling, with all modern conveniences; daily communication with Victoria; good fishing and shooting; price \$1,400. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

NORTH SAANICH—Three or four very good farms. Call and see our list. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

ESQUIMALT AND LAKE DISTRICTS—About 250 acres, within five miles of Esquimalt; price of five acres each; \$1,000. Apply 40 Government street. B.C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited.

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The Saanich Agricultural

Thirty-third Annual Exhibit of the Society Now in Swing.

Yesterday, which was the first day of the Saanich agricultural exhibit, marked by the entry of a number of exhibitors in the various fruits, grains, roots, etc., and expected that the capacity of the pens will be taxed to accommodate the showing.

So far, the exhibits as installed show a decided improvement over former years, particularly in the case of the section devoted to long lines of tables, whereon are presented a most pleasing and "teeth-watering" appearance. Exhibitors are religiously excluded from the judges' privilege of sampling the exhibits, and any one who attempts to do so will be severely reprimanded. The exhibitors are able to boast of a number of superior specimens of fruit of this character to other limited apple-eating public, the farmers must have a gold mine of their own.

Owing to the ravages of the past summer, the 35,000 bushels of apples, which were so scarce as in former years, and the giant mangolds, etc., show a decided improvement. The exhibitors are able to boast of a number of superior specimens of fruit of this character to other limited apple-eating public, the farmers must have a gold mine of their own.

Some bottled fruits, which are a natural part of the exhibit, are the cherries, berries, etc., being a blend, and of irreproachable quality, not made by the installation of home-made butter. The exhibitors are able to boast of a number of superior specimens of fruit of this character to other limited apple-eating public, the farmers must have a gold mine of their own.

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