# THE 

## NOTICE.

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Yours truly,
J. II. HUGHES.

## Besetting Sins. <br> By Theodore 1. Cryarer, D. D.

## ET us lay aside every sis which easily en-

 traps us, and so wraps us routd as to trip our feet, and cause us to stumble. That is a very fair rudering of the first vars: in the twelfth chapter of Hebrews. In our cins mon Version it reads, "The sin that doth so easily beset us." A besetting sin is the one that chimes a witi a person's strong inclinations. D res h: ove mirthfulness? Tien he must be careful lest he run into excessive levity, and play the harlequin. He will be tempted to make jests of acred things, and to crack jokes on serious oceasions. A minister ought not to be a monk; but neither should be be a social comedian.Dues a man love ease? Then he always interprets those providences in his own favor which allow him to shirk hard work, and swing in his hammock Doss he love flattery and cclat? Then he is tempted to covet applause, and to inagine that he is serving God when he is only urning incer:se on the altar (f self-worship. The ardor of love may casily kindle into unholy passion. and become "hot coals of fire" in the sosom. The most dangerous enemy is the one which wears a fair face and has a smooth tongue, Look out for selfishness!' It is the "old Adam' lurking behind every hedge. It will always keep pace with you if you give it the upper hand. Make no league with it: for Christ will never abide in the same heart with that subtle and greedy tyrant. A Christian is never safe, never strong, and never true to his Master muless he is constantly "collaring" every sinful and selfish lust, and forcing it into unconditional surrender. The test question which Jesus Christ proposes o every one at the very start is this, Will you ay aside the sins that easily beset you, and bllow me? The sin may be very dear; it may have ensconced itself in your heart: min matter, fut it away! While the love of any sin remains, the heart cannot love the spotless Saviour. There is no room for both; Christ will wot accept ne corner, and leave Satan the 'chief seats' in he soul. "Ye shall scek me, and find me, when e search for me with all the heart.
If a true Christian life is a race, then no one an win it if handicapped with besetting sins. Here is one gatuse for shallow conversions and tunted religion; they began with a compromise ith favorite sins. The old encumbering weight vas not laid aside; the entangling and entrapping arment of sin was not stripped off, If this article falls under the eye of any one who is awakened and anxious to begin a real Christian ife, I would say to him, or her-pray for a leep conviction of sin, and with the Spirit's help, or a thorough aprooting of evil principles, inlinations, and habits. Unless you "abhor that which is evil," you will not "cleave to that which is good." A true follower of Christ must not only do a great deal of sincere loving, but
also a great deat of honest hating. Dr. Johnson used to say that he liked a good hater. Vntil you hate sin as your real enemy, and as Christ's enemy that yout look it cut, there wili be tur room for Jesus to come in and dwell in your heart. The weeds must come out before the good seed can take root in the soil of your sont. It makes no odds what the sin or sins may be that so fatally beset you. A man may be crushed by an avalanche or he may be poisoned by an atom of strychnine; each one tates liff; and the sin that keeps yon from Jesus, takes your sonl's life for this world, and the next!

The command to "lay aside cien weight" means that you are not to take up with a cheap and casy religion. Some preachers and teachers, in their desire to commend the freeness of the gospel offer, the simplicity of the faith-process, hold out the delusive idea that "it is the easiest thing in the world to be a Christian." These rose-water teachers make to allowance for the weakness of human nature, of the power of the adversary, or the surrounding multitude of temptations. Such false preaching is pretty sure to either hoax its recipient intos Ifdeception, or to make him a crude, half-converted professor to the last. Of such shallow experiences grand old Samuld Rutherford said, "Many people only play with Claristianity, and take Christ for ai. most nothing. If ye never had a pained mont for sin, ye have not yet lighted upon Christ. But if ye nould quit all the world for Him , that proveth that the कork is sound." Jesus Himself put repentance lefore faith, for He knew that no man conta cleave to his sins and lay thetd on a divine Saviour with tise same hand. Tteonly effectual repentance is to lay aside the sins that entrap you; the only cffectual faith is to begin, with the Spirit's help, to keep Christ's commandments. "Lo king unto Jestr," siys the apostl: wh, wrote this dire tioa how to win the rac . That is th: secret of success, after all. L. $n$ k.ing unt.) Jesus! The one sure way, and t'ie only way to get sin ouk of our heart; the only effectuat way to do that is to admit Christ Jesus there. Looking into Jesus! A victori us life is no chill's play. We won't get to heaven on a featheried. The grip on Jesus loosens the grip of sin, and every mile on the race-cours: brings us nearter to the crowa.

## What is tt to Be a Christian?

By Rev. Spensek B. Meeser.
"I have been crucitied with Christ, and it is no longer
I that live, but Christ liveth in me: and that lif which I
now live in the flech 1 live in faith, th, faith which is in the Non of Goid, wh, love meand gave Himelf for me.".-

There can be but little doubt that Paul was the preë ninent Christian. To answer, then, the question. "What is it to be a Christian:" with Paul's wrds, is a legitimate and perhaps the surest way of obtaining a correct reply. Let us analyze his answer, that we may be sure that we come at his meaning.

And that life I now live in the flesh (that is his Christian life, his new life), I live in faith." Faith is the element in which he lives, as the air and light are the elements in which we live our material life. Faith is his atmosphere and his environment; what he breathes, what he walks in what he calculates on, what he depends on, what he acts by, plans by, hopes by, what he gets his inspiration and motives from, what he is surrounded by: the very w.rld he lives in. He lives in a faith-world.

The fact is, that man can't do business fifteen minutes without faith, faith in his employees' integrity, in the honesty of the banker, in the stability of the government, and the reliableness of the railroad. In reality, our ordinary life is such that one can't live at all without faith. Our element is a mixture of faith and knowledge. But Paul's "faith" is more than this. His life he lives "in faith;" what faith? "The faith which is in the Son of God, who loved me and gave Himself for me." The element in which

Paul's life is lived then, is rot faith in men, or railroads, or goternments, or banks; but in the Son of God. That is, he depends on, he hopes by, he plans by, he acts by, calculates on, walk in that particular faith which is in the Son of God. And just as one's faith in banks, railroads, men. and governments, affects his business action, his social action, his business ventures. his social pleasures, so Paul's faith in the Son of God influences all his hopes, plans, and actions. Being a faith in one supreme Person with one stipreme principle of action, it attaches Paul to that Person and that course of action.

Tlough I have endeavored to make this perfectly clear, I want it to be clear to every one of us; for it is a painful fact that even mauy Christian people do not have a clear understanding of what it is to be a Christian.
There are many ideas about this matter that are erroneots. One says, that to accept the sacraments of and belong to it, is to be a Christian. But the church is simply a form, or expression, of the Chrisiian life, and not the substance. Another says, that to have a clear idea of certain truths and to accepi them, the creeds of the church, that is to be a Ciristian. Faith. in such a man's conceptions, is to have a vivid perception of truth. But, as Dr. Gladden remarks, the devils also believe in this sense, and tremble. The devils are dogmatists." Still another says, to be a Christian is to have certain emotions of prace and joy. Ie says: "I feel that Cod has received me." Well, perhaps He has, but these emutions are the result of being a Chri-tian. They are not the thing itself, as feeling strong and well is not good health, but the sympton of it. And one more says, to be a Christian is to do unto thers as you would have then do unto you. To be kind to your neighbur, to be honest and do right as far as you know, that is to be a Christian. But here again, those are the ol ligations of the Christian life, not its essence.
There is one essontial, centrat thing, without which one is not a Christian, aithough he have everything else.
To define the Christian, one must find this essential thing. A congressman makes politica! speeches; but one may do that, better even than the inember of congress and still not be a con gressman. Tae congressman writes letters on government stationary and sends them through the mails without postage stamps; but ons may do that and compel his correspondent at the other end to pay the stamp, and yet not be a congressman. The essential thing in being a cong.essmin is heing chosen at the polls by a vote of certain poople to represent them in the gov. ernment.
The Christian believes what Jesus said; he beieves what the Bible says about Him; he believes most of the things the church holds abe ut Jesus he accepts the things the church does in Christ's name; he obeys the forms Christ prescribed, and does many of the things Christ commands; but one may do all these and not be a Christian That is, if language means anything, to $b c$ a Christian, a man must begin with Christ Him-self-with Christ personally, with the man God the God-man, the Saviour, the very Christ Himself.
Here, then, is the essental thing. To be a Christian, is to have a definite, personal, conscious relation to Jesus Christ; a relation attaching him to Christ. It is an attitude to a Person, a personal union with lesus Christ; a deliberate conscions adhesion to Christ; an attachment of a man who knows his own weakness, his own sin, his own fallibility; an attachment of such a person to a Redeemer whom he knows is supreme, sinless, infallible. It is something which begins in a personal experience which daily binds us more firmly to Him. It is an experience of confidence in Him , faith; and an attachment to Him, love. To be a Christian is to be personally related to a Person, Christ. Until that comes, if the Bible means anything and language means anything, a man is not a Christian. He may come to it through creeds, or sacraments or the stirring of the emotions; he may reach

## Che Fome mission Journal.

A recont of Misstomary, Sunday-school and Colpontage Wowk, Yublithed semi-monthly by th
Alt conmunications, except money semitances, are to be adhtreseal to

The Ilaye Misstov Jotranat,
34 thock :Hreet, St. John, N. B.
Ill money letters should be aldreseed to

Cancton, St. John.

## Terms,

50 Cents a Year
that relation as in a moment, or it may take years (titough think of his losses who takes years); he may have an effusion of the emstion relatively tnimportant. The essental thing is that he come to a personal ryation, consclous and deliberate, to the Person, Jesus Christ. If he reach that attachment to Jesis Christ, he is a Christian: and if he does not, he is not a Christian, tho matter what his charch, his cnotion, or his belief.

Next then, the important question is: How s the relation established? How can a close, personal relation be bronght about ketween a mart and Jesus Christ? Evidently thete mest be the expression of good will, of love, of benevolent intention, and of :uperior strong character on the part of the supreme Fersuh. This. Jesus has done for all men, What Jesus tatight, what He suffered, what He gave, and what He offered; the evident love, the offering of His life that they may be saved, the opetring uf His life and heart to the fellowship and friendstip with men, are all His invitations to all men to enter into his close, personal relation. Since Christ has done this, what eext is necessaty to athach ias to lirist?
Is there anything but trust confidencs, faith, the acceptance of Him as a p.rsual Friend and Redeemer? It is so plain, that one wonders why utan shonld fail to see how natural and right in Christian. It is the only possible thing to do. If being a Christian is the union of the personal life to Jesus, what but trust can le the cementing power? Love or trust, there is no other bond for human learts. Other things may mite us to the chureh; other things may lead us t., peraude us to do kindness t ) the needy; other things impel us to keep the law; other things may influence us to worship God; but faith is the vniy thing that can bind us to Jesus Christ.

## Health Column.

## The Science or Lowgevity.

Can longevity be cultivated? A pertinent question, and one that should appeal to the majority of mankind; but, strange to say, its consideration is well nigh totally neglected.

Anomalous as it may appear, the thing which the average man holds dearest of all-his life-is precisely that to which, apparently, he attaches the least impottance, therein exhibiting one of strangest contradictions in human nature.
Although we do not expect to find the anticipation of a ripe old age engrossing the thoughts of youth, yet we might reasonably expect to find the middle-aged devoting some thought to the pr 1 ngation of their days, even if not strencusly endeavoring to attain patriarchal honoss; but the reckless disregard of the natural law-the wanten ignoring of the simplest rules for the guidance of life, witnessed on every hand, indicate unmistak ably the absence of applied design in the pursuit of longevity.

It is a perfectly reasonable proposition, that longevity is attainable by conscious, intelligent effort, and assuming that the human entity enters upon life unhampered by inherited pathological tendencies, there is no valid reason why, with care, he should not reach the century mark Even the adverse influence of hereditary taint may, in a great measure, be overcome by a purely hygienic mode of life.

There are three cnuses of death-macident, disease and old age. The first and recond may he avoided with care, but the last must inevitably overtake us; yet death from that cause may be indefinitely postponed.
it behceres us then, to ascertain the cans: of premature old age
The excesses of the afflent, and the deprivations of the abject, are important factors in reducing the arerage duration of life, but they are exeepticnal. Physical tabor camot be a catise. for the peasantry of all nationalities have always furnished their fair proportion of centenarians. Brain work, as a cause, is equally inadmissible, in view of such examples as Gladstone, Bismarck, I. i Hung Chang, and Pope Leo XIII. Failing to find a sufficient cause in or anong external conditions, we must look within. The cause must te in the human system itself, as we shall must
see.
in

There are two prime catuses for the prenature curtailment of humas vigor. The first is the deposition of calcareons substances in the sy stem; for, physiologically considered, old age is simply ossification. These substances are chiefly derived from the water we drink, and it may be accepted as a ttuism, that if, after maturity was reached, only distilled water was partaken of, it would lengthen existence fully twenty sears. When it is remembered that the ferentage of water in the blood is 79.5 , and that jo per cent. of the body is water, the significance of the above fact becomes apparent.
The secund cause, in compatison with which the former shrinks into insignificance, is the imperfect elimination of the waste of the systen.

The body is the theatre of censtant change It is the scene of itscessant destruction and upbetilding, and it is of sital importance that the debris should be promptly and theroughly remor ed. Nature has provided several avenues by which tise waste may be removed from the body, the principal being the skin, the lungs, and the intestinal canal The latter is infinitely more imporiant than the others, sit ce by it the waste products of digestion are expelled. If it fails to promptly fulfill its office, every vital function is pronptly interfered with; and, in addition, the fluid portion is alsurbed into the circulation, re-depositing in the very fountain of life (ffete, substances inimical to the economy. Should the system, while in this endition, $\mathrm{b}=$ exposed to a chill, a congestion of the surface excretory vessels takes place, and practically the whole work of elimination is thrown upon the already hardworked kidneys, frequently resuiting in uremic poisoning and death.

The presence of a grain of sand in a watch will reiard its movements, if not stop them altoge.her. What, then, must be the effect of an accumulation of impurities in the physical system? The finely-adjusted balance that is capable of weighing the thousandth part of a grais, is care ft:lly protected under a glass cover, for even impalpable dust would clog its movements. Reflect, then, upon the amonnt of friction that must be perpetually going on in the human organism owing to the retention of effete matter! And since not even the most cunning product of man's handiwork can compare with the complex mechanism of the body, the paramont impurtance of eliminating the waste becomes manifest.
Here, in a nut shell, lies the secret of longevity -the philosoplier's stone, so long and vainly sought.-Omega.

Onions are almost the best nervine known. They are most useful in cases ot nervous prostration, and will greatly assist in toning up the system. They are useful in all cases of coughs, colds, influenza and scurvy, and kindred complaints. Eaten every other day, they soon have a whitening and clearing effect on the complexion.

The minister who largely depends for success or: his being sensational is doomed to dissapointment. It has been weil said, "Sensationalism first attracts the dissapoints, then disgustg," and in proportion as the people become more thoughtful and intellectual does this saying become more universally true.- The Telescope.

A worldly, self-seeking preacher is the modern "abomination of desolation standing where it ought not.'-Baptist Argus.

## Temperance Column.

## 'Annie! Annie!"

## By Jetita M Natr Wkight.

Two or three years ago, in the swonth of September, having left the tea table, I went out npon the veranda. Presently a member of the genus tramp entered the carriage gate and came up the drive to the house. He was more tidy and decent in appearance than most tramps, and having reached the steps, asked civilly for something to eat. As I procured, with apparent readiness, plate of griddle-cakes hot from the kitchen, he handed me a tin cup eaying: "Would you giv me some hot tea for my wife? She's sick; Annic isn't used to this bind of life; She's a lady, Atni is; she isn't common folks. She came from Bal timore, and she isn't used to anything but th best." Asking him if "Arnie" took milk and sugar in her tea, I went in and filled the pint cnp and when he withdrew I perceived that he and the "lady" were camped under the hedge. just ontside the large gate. Half an hotr later my husband, on his way to an evenirg meeting foturd these tramps still on the roadside. Th dews and shadows of an attums evening were beginning to fall. The couple had an unustal ame unt of laggage with them-a valise, two army blankets atd a large shawl. The woman, purple in the face, was towed over in ho deless intoxica tion. The man was pulling hef by the atm exhorting her, "Annie! Annie! get up! Itr late." Sceing my husbard, he said, "Porr Annie, she's sick; Iden't bnow what's the matter with her. We have tavelled tho fat; she's ovetame."

She's were mee wibl ligtor," was the refly "She's drank
"Net a mite." replid the chamgicn, stoully Ste's a lady.

She's drumk, my man, and rot may cause her death by trying to drag her about in thista e. Settle her comfortatly, and cover har us well: she Il sleep it off.

D, n't be slanderin' Annie, sir; she's a lady To think of the likes of her lyin' out all night Annie! Annie! get up." A little further expos tulation effectel mothing, and they were left to themselves. Sitting in the library with one window partly open, came constantly to my ear at about ten-minate intervals, a monotone. "Annie! Annie! get up." And then, when patience seemed gone, the man's voice rose to shriek, "Annie !!!" and died away, presently to re-legin mildly, "Annie! Annie!'

Returning an hour later, my husband found the tramps as before, and again remonstrated "Come, my man, this poor woman is drunk; le me help you to put her in a comfortable position or she may die, as the night gets cold.
-Well, your honor, I'll not dispute you any longer. Aunie is drunk; it's her failin'; it', what brought her here. Now, I do take a little now and then, but it never makes me drunk but you see poor Alnie gets overcome entirely.

One of the blankets was then spread on the ground, close under the hedge, with the valise on it for a pillow. "Annie" was then stretched on this improvised bed, and covered with the other blanket and shawl. Her heavy breathing and the strong sme!l of the whiskey seemed to strike the man, for he said: "It's plain enough she's drunk, sir, ain't it? Annie! Annie! wake up, Annie!'

Let her alone; get under the blanket yourself, and see that she does not get uncovered. By morning you can take her to an eating house for some hot coffee.

Well, but Anvie is a lady; you can see that for yourself, can't you, sir?
"How then did she come to be in this condition?
"It was the drop of liquor did it, sir. Annie was in Baltimore, just a beautiful young lady, with silk gowns, and with rings, and a nice house; oh! people didn't look down on her then. But she took to drink, sir and it went frombad to worse, till she ran off from her friends and nobody cared for her, and then she took up with a common fellow like me. I ain't no gentleman, but Annie is a lady; and once she wouldn't a looked at me. Yes, sir, there she is. It's hard, ain't it, trampin' and sleeping under hedges, and called drunk? I always denies it as long
as I eatt, sir, seein' site's a lady."
And what was the appearance of this urfortunate woman? It bore out the festimony of her tranping husband Her hands were smai! and beautifully made, cavered with wora gloves: the feet that had tramped so many dusty miles were small and slender. Here was some gay Baltimore belle betrayed by the wine eup. which in her folly she may have offered for the rais of others. Little had she thought when her health was drunk, when she lifted with jewelled hand the wine gleaming brightly in the crystal. that by this sparkling eup she should $b$ : hurled d. an such an abyss of woe that her home and irtends should forget her; that how traverns hould be her resort while she paused, weary of toiling over dusty roads after a tramp laden with his bags and blankets, and that at night tie should he senseless under a hedge, covered by the hand of charity, while all thro the dreary dours should be sung to her that monotonons cry rising at intervals to a scream of irritation and apprehension, "Annie! Auniel get up. Aanie! Annie! get up. Axnif!!!"

## Children's Corner.

## "He'll Do."

"He'tl do." said a gentleman decisively, speaking of an office boy who had been in his euploy tut a single day,

What makes you think so?"
"Because he gives himself up so entirely to the task in hand. I watched him while he swept the uffice, and although a procession, with three of fonr brass bands in it, went by the office while ire was at work, he paid no attention to it, but swept on as if the sweeping of that room was the unly thing of any consequetree on this earth at that time. Then I set him to addressing some envelopes, and although there were a 1 it of picture papers and other papers on the desk at whith he sat. he paid no attention at all to them, but kept right on addressing those envelopes until the tast one of them was done. He'll dio, becauke he is thorough and dead in earnest about every thing
Yot may be naturally a very smatt person: On may be so gifted that you can do almost any(uing: but all that yon do will lack perfection if ou do not do it wilh all of your heart and trength.
"His Name Sholt be in Their Foreheacis."
'How will God write it, papa?" asked little
"Write what?" asked her father, looking off his reading.
Eve got up from the low stool where she had reen sitting with her book, and came across to him
It was Sunday erening, and these two were ke:ping hous- whilst mother was at church.

See what it says," said sh?, resting the book on his knee, and pointing. Then she read it out: "And His name shall be in their foreheads," she read. 'It's out of the Bible," added she: "and know it means God, becanse of that big H . How will $\mathbf{G}$ d write it. papa?"

Her father put down the brok and took her on bis knee. "God will not write it at all," said he.

Not write it!"' exclaimed Eve in astonishment. "Then how will it come there?"
"Somethings write themselves," said her father. Eve looked as if she didn't understand. But of course it must be true, since father said it; so she waited for him to explain.
'When you look at grandfather's silver hair," began her father. "what do you see writen there? That he is an old, old gentlemen, don't you?". continued he, as Eve hesitated. "Who wrote it there?"'

## "It wrote itself," said Eve. <br> Father nodded.

Right," said he. "Day by day, and year by year, the white hairs came, until it was written quite as plain as if somebody had taken pen and ink and put it down on paper for you to read. Now when I look in your mouth, what do I see written there? I see, 'This little girl is not a baby now; for she has all her teeth, and can eat crusts, That has been writing itself ever since the first twoth that you cut, when mother had to
carry you about all night because it jained yot Eve langhed,
"What a funny sort of writing!" said she.
"When little girls are cross and disobedient," her father went on, "where does it write itself? Look in the glass the next time you ate nanghty, and see."
'I know," said Eire. "In their faces, doesn't it?"'

And if they are good?"
In there faces, too. Is that what the text
"That is what it means," said father. "Becanse if we go on being naughty all our lives, it writes itself upon our faces so that nothing can rub it out. But if we are good, the angels will tead upon our foreheads that we ate God's. So you must try, day by day, to go on writing it."Chiddren's Paper.

## The Ribert Quarteri'g Meating.

The Albert Co., Quatterly meeting convened with the 2nd Elgin church, Sept. 4th. Devotionat exercises were conducted by Bro. Crandall. It the absence of the Pres., Res. I. W. Thorne was appointed to the chair. and Bro. G. H. Beaman, lic., was appointed Sec'y., pro tem.

Inon calling roll of delegates it was found that not many of the churches had respondef, although a number came in later ons. This being the annual meeting new officials were elected as follows: Pres., Rev. 1. N. Thotne; ist vice. Rev, M. E. Fletcher; 2nd vice, Bro. S. C. Spencer: Sec' $y$ and Treas., Kev. F. D. Davidson. Rev. M. Addison not being present, Rev, H. H. Samdets preached the quarterly serm:on, A large congregation was present and a very profitable aftermeeting was enjoyed. In the norning session we had an address on Temperance by Bro. S. C, Spencer: Missions, by Rev. F. D. Davidson; and Education, by Bro. Robert Colpits, bic. We trust the discussions which followed were profitable and will bear fruit. The weather was all that could be desired, and the hospitality of the people so large we felt like staying longer. We unamimously voted Prosser Brook an ideal place in which to hold a quarterly meeting. Ero. Thorne is doing a good work here on his large field which now embraces tiee 2nd and 3rd Elgin churches.
F. D. Davidson., Sec'g..'Treas.

Your Example Counts.
A railroad conductor once went with a large cmpany of conductors on an excursion to a Southern city. They arrived on Saturday night. An attractive trip had been planned for the next day. In the morning, this gentleman was ot served to be taking more than usual care with his attire, and a friend said to him:

Of course, you are going with us on the excursion?"
'No," he replied, quickly; "I am going to church; that is my havit on the Sabbath.'
Another questioner received the same reply Soon comments on it began to pass around, and discussion followed. When he set out for church, he was accompanied by one hundred and fifty men whon his quiet example had turned from a "Sunday" excursion to the place of worship.

## The Personal Touch.

In a great meeting a young man was leaning forward on the back of a seat, with his face covered by his hands. There were many like him, and the workers were all too few. "Go speak to that young man," was the loving command of the leader to another young man who happened to be in the forefrout of young people's work in that church.
Fear took possession of him, he trembled as a leaf, and said, "O, I cannot go; I never did such a thing befure; I am not able to do it." "The leader was firm in his loving demand. "You must go," he said. Going down the aisle, he dropped into the seat of the young man, put his arm over his shoulder, and in a half sobbing tone said: "I have been sent to talk to you, but

1 do not know what to say. But Jesus foves you and I know He is ready to save you, They both dropped on their knees, and it was only a moment or two before a sonl was born into the kingdom. The personal touch of the loving heart was the means, undet God, of directing and winting a sobi.--Res. W. H. Gcistweit.

## Complete in Him

## By Rev. A. P. Graves, D. D.

What comfort and joy spring up in every true believing heart, at the very mention of this divinely written thought. To the eye of faith the assurance is blessed. Its strength is in the divine declatation that embodies the thought. It is this: "In him dwelleth all the fulluess of the Godhead bodily, And ye are complete in him, Which is the head of all principality and power.': This is surely a most blessed message to Christians. Well may they go forth as lights in the world to a service that is both victorious and glorious. With such a standing in Jesus, every child of the King may feel that he is fighting tuder a captain that never lost a battle. Complete in him, who is the Captain of our salvation, is a thought that ought to banish from us all fear and doubt.

The Lord has said to us by the voice of inspiration that 'he is the Saviour of the body, and that we are members of his hody and his flesh and his bores." To our faith this becomes a living reality in our relationship to Jesus. So we arc made partakers of his perfectuess, in walks, words, abd act 4 . Our completeness in him overtops all our weaktesses and frailties in ourselves and fills out souls with divine delights. How blessed and how satisfying as we pass along the rcugh paths of life! We may in varied relations with our fellow men feel the strongest confidence of our standing in wealth and worldly dependeuce, but in an unexpected hour a failure comes, all be swept away and we be left in want and distress. Not so with Jesus. If we are complete in him, it is an unchanging experience. He is the same yesterday, today, aud forever. No marvel then that the apostle to the Gentiles could cry out, "Thanks be unto God who giveth us the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ." This is not by circumstance or incident. It is conscious reality to living faith. You can carry it as an experience in your very life, in the home, the business, the daily walks, in all laudable pleasures, and all along the journey of life.

## Religious News.

## Carleron,

The Carleton church has St. John. extended a call has Nobles of Kentville. Mr. Nobles has signified his acceptance of the call, and the church is looking forward to his entrance upon the pastorate the first of November. The pulpit of the church has been acceptably supplied for several weeks by Rev. W. H. McLeod of Newton Theological Seminary.

## Permit me to acknowledge

N B HiLI., the kindness with which we new home and field of labor. On Tuesday, August 28th, a number of friends took us by surprise by coming to our home and taking possession of it and us. We spent a very enjoyable evening together. The people here seem to possess the ability to be happy and cause others to be sharers in it. Kindness and good will seem to predominate among them. Chaste in conversation, considerate in actions, kind to all. What wonder, when we meet, that hours of sociability should glide quickly away, Cake and coffee and ice cream were served. Timely and appropriate speeches were made, giving expression to the harmony and good will that prevailed. ion to the harmony and good will that prevailed.
Then we all knelt down and thanked our God Theu we all kneit down and thanked our God
for his goodness. As we retired, we all felt the joy that springs from fellowship with each other coupled with communion with our Lord. May he continue to bless the people. One has been baptized and received for membership into the Greenwich church. Our meetings are good and

## ve pray that others bay follow.

## C. S. Stearns.

Hitherto our address has been West Jeddore, Halifax $\mathrm{Co}, \mathrm{N}$. S. It is now Greeawich Hill, Kings Co., N. B.
c. s. s.

## Vascouver.

Rev. Roland D. Grant of Waterloo, N. H., has aeeepted the eall to the pastorate of the First Bap'ist church, Vancouver, and is expected to take charge of the work by Oct. ist.

Pastor Gates reports his

Germain Street, St. John. people getting back from Summer Wanderings" and settling down once more at lome. The congregations at the prayer and preaching services. as also the Sunday School. are being enlarged to sonething like a normal condition and the outlook begins to he more hopeful. One was baptized a week ago and 'we are praying for an ingathermg."

Have spent the last two
Florencentilas, weeks in Windsor, Carleton
N. 1 . Co, laboring with Bro.
Dakin, who has occupied Aberdetn and the above station since Jone; our work has been blest. On the gth inst, we had the privilege of baptizing six young people adding thetu to the little church. Others will probally come if the work can be catried on. Bra. D. will be leaving the field for sc oul about the zoth inst., then all those stations occupied hy him will he vacant.

Sussex, N. B.
Worik encouraging. Two members of my congregation are potting repairs on
will cost in the neighturthe parsurnge which will cust in the mightur-
hood of Sroog. Mr. Grorge H. White and Mr. hood of $\$$ tooo. Mr. Grorge H . White and Mr.
C . T. White whe are paying for this work have showu great liberality towards our work here. They are deeply interested in the welfare of the. church and are ever ready to respond when help is needed. May God richly bless them. Last night I baptized two young ladies inte the fellowship of our church.

The Father Crandall Me:morial. - The Baptists of Salisbury village are alont celehrating the centemial of their church organization. One hundred years ago Father Joseph Crandall came from Nova Scotia and began preaching to settlers along the banks of the Petitcodiac River. Soon there was a great turning tanto the Lord, and in the yeat 1800 the ist Salisbury Baptist church was urganized. At first the church worshipped in a log house, thet1 a frame house was tuilh which served their needs for some time. About forty five or fifty years ago the present house of worship was built. Now the time has come when the church must have another house. So we have decided to build a house adequate to our needs to be known as the "Father Crandall Memorial." We have the foundation finished and the house is now being framed. It will cost when completed about twenty-five hundred or three thousand dollars. The church in the village is only small, and many of the members are poor, but they have responded nobly, giving beyond the point of self-sacrifice. But even after all have given beyo d their ability to give we need a large sum yet to complete it to give we need a large sum yet to complete th
clear of debt. We believe that a memorial to Father Joseph Crandall should not tee caunot be, a local work, but a work of the whole denomination, because all our churches through him have been blessed. We wish to bring this matter before the denomiration through the Messenger and $V$ isitor, and this paper will echo it also, to ask your help brethren and sisters in the erection of a 'Memorial' to the man who labored much in the Lord and who to-day outside of his relatives is almost forgotten by the demonination which he served so faithfully and so well. All contributions may be sent to J. M. Crandall, Salisbury, N. B, or to the undersigued. J. E. Tiner.

Nalisbury, N. B., Sept. 14th.

The man who is always praising himself must have some reason for thinking that other pecple won't praise him.-Free Baptist.

## Personals.

We are pleased to learn from Rey. S. D. Ervine of Springfield, N. B., that he is finding tis health somewhat improved of tate. Is hope of further improvement he expects to spend the coming winter in the West. We trust that the change of climate may have a very beneficial effect. and that our brother may be given many years in which to preach the gospel which he loves and which he has proclaimed so faithfully aud effectively in the past.

## Delivered from Enemies.

It will be of interest to the friends of Rev. Fred J. Bradshaw, of Kiating, Western China, to Learn that I have this week received a letter from him describing the immitent peril in which be was placed, and how the Lord delivered him out of the hands of his enemies.
We also have a despatch from Shanghai received today, announcing the safe arrival of the missionaries from Western China. The missionaries from Western China are as follows:
Yachat:--Rev. W. M. Uperaft and wife, Breton Corlies, M, D.
Kiating:-Kev, Fr. J. Eradshaw, Mr. II. J. Openshaw and wife.
Suichaufn:--Rev. C. H. Finch, M. D., and wife, Rev. C. A. Salquirt and wife.
W. B. Bradshaw.

Hiawatha, Kansas, S ¢pt. 8.
-M. © V.

## New Brunswick Convention.

The New Brunswick Baptist Convention met with the Second Grand Lake church at Upper Cumberland Bay on Sept. 1 $\ddagger$ th.

A very rplifting conierence was enjoyed in the forencon; and at 2 p . m., the business was begun by the appointment of Deacon John R Richards, of Carleton, St. Johm, as presidert. The matter of Home Missions was discussed bv several bretliren, and a resolution passed to hand over the
work to the new board appointed by the work to the new board appointed by the ia-
tions in accordance with the agreement aried at the Maritime Convention last yar, and ratified by the New Branswick Convention held in Sept, 1899. Seven new directors were appointed to fill the places of those whose retirement oceured at this meeting. Rev. W. E. MeIntyre was reappointed secretaly, and f. S. Titus was reappointed treasurer. The Secretary not having his report sent to him ty the person to whom he gave it to lie read at the Maritime Convention gave a taemorised report of the work of the last year.
We have not at hand any data to give an outline from, and therefore cannot tabulate any of the accounts. The Treasurer read his account with the bor id which was a satisfactory one, only that the expenditure exceeded the incone, a resolution was passed asking the churches to send into the treasurer means to meet the balance that was on the wrong side, as the board did mot want to give the work over to the new board with any debts to pay. It is to be hoped therefore that the churches will speedily make up the deficiel $\mathrm{c} /$, so that the board can settle with and pay off the brethren who served them the pass year. Brothet Ycung made an appeal for help to enalle the church at St. Andrews to repair their church edifice. which was quite liberally responded to, enough so, we hope, to swell the donations to a sufficent amount to cover full cost of repairs.
The proposition to merge the Convention with the Associations into one general annual body did not meet with favour among the brethren present and no action was taken on the subject. Committes were appointed to report on various matters next year. The Arnuity Association met on Saturday afternoon, and appointed officers for the ensueing year. The Secretary not being present the report was read by Brother McIntyre. This societs is deserving of better support than it is receiving. We hope our churches will makeat least one collection for it during the incoming year.

The Sabbath services were greatly enjoyed by all who were present. Rev. Calvin Currie preached the Convention sermon in the absence of Rev. Ira Smith who was appointed last year.

It was rich in thought, and delivered with an unction from on high. Rev, George Howard gave a soul stirring sermon in the Methodist house of worship at the same time to an overflow meeting. The rain storm in the evening prevented a large crowd from-coming out as was expected but thuse who got there had a sweet blessed time.

## In Perlect Peace.

## Like strain* of tausie soft and low <br> That break upon a troubled sleeps, <br> I hear the promise old and new, <br> (iod will his faithful children keep <br> "Ia perfect peace." <br> It stills the questionings and doubts,

The nameless fears that throng the souls
It sjeaks of love unchanging, sure
"Ia jerfect quase."

## married.

Haywane Cows.-At the Baptist parsonage, Carleton ward of Coldtotemm, to Minnie 3, Cook of Windsor, Carleton Cos

Rofnitsus Iast,--At the residence of the bride's par ents, Wright St., St. John, Sept. 5th, by Rev, G. O. Gates Benjumin Robertson of Slocan, British Columbia, aut Laura S., daughter of Walter Lane.

Sxioek-Bekts-At Marysville, N. B., September 12th, by Rer. H. B. Sloat, William H. Snider to Annie B. Beers.

Polfy Beese.-At Goshen, Albert Co., N. B. September
Mh, by Pastor H. H. Saunders, Frederick Poley of Goshen and Jessie Boone of St. Johns, New foundland.

Belyma-Cleveland-At the Baptist church at Albert, Albert Ca., N. B., on September 12th, by Rev. F. D. Mavidson, V. H. Belyea of Newcastle, N. B., and Addie,
eldest daughter of the late Edward Cleveland of Albert Co.

Kilpatrick-DFware-At the residence of C. L. Smith, post-master of Woodstock, N. B., on September 12th, by
Rev. A. H. Hayward, Joseph Agustus Kilpatrick, merchant Rev. A. H. Hayward, Joseph Agustus Kilpatrick, merchant
of East Florenceville, N. B., to Jennie Deware of Cam. bridge, Queens Co.

Suith-Boyls-At Anagance, on September 12th, by Rev. W. Camp, Roy E. Smith, General Secretary of the Y. M. C. A of Bar Harbor, Maine, to Kate L., daughter of
Deacon Boyle of Anagance.

SMITH-Titcs-At the residence of the bride's parents, on the 12 th inst, by Rev, 6. O. Gates, Norman S. Smith of St. John and Alice L., Youngest dau
of Titusvile, Kings Co., N. B.

## Died.

Akbrley.-At Newcastle, Queens Co., N. B., on the 4th inst., Duncan Akerley, aged 30 years, was unex jectedly summoned to meet his Maker, while working in the coal mine, the wall of which caved in and buried him. Much
sympathy is felt for his aged mother, his five sisters and sympathy is felt for his aged mother, his five sisters and
two brothers. May the grace of God bring peace to the twourning heats.
Cony.-At Temperance Vale, York Co., Sept. 6th, of consumption. Mrs. Gardner Cory, aged 66 years, wife o
Deacon Gardner Cory. She was a great sufferer especially during the past three or four months, but bore it all patiently without a murmur looking forward to that our-ous rest that she f It was in sto:s for us.
Ballex.-At Fieder icton, N. B., July 5th, Gideon Bailey, in the forty-eighth year of his age. Brother Bailey had been suffering from what appeated a mild type of typhoid fever, when an unexpected development of the disease quenched his life in a moment. He came of a worthy family, his father being the late Abram Bailey, one of the Kaptist
stalwarts of the Grand Lake region. Converted and bapstalwarts of the Grand Lake region. Converted and bap-
tized at the early age of ten years, he adorned his profession tizert at the early age of ten years, he adorned his pisfession hy a gody ine.
and influence to the home church at Newcastle, Grand Lake, after which he removed to Little River, where he hecame, along with his brother Henry, a tower of strength to that struggling cause. They were charter members of that church and it was largely through their efforts that the bouse of worship there was built and paid for. About three years ago brother Bailey and his family removed to
Fredericton, where he won the esteem of all who knew him by his worthy life. He toak a deep interest in young men and many of our younger ministers will remember with thankfulnens the kindnesses they received from him and
his wife, and the ever ready weicome of their hospitable home. Brother Bailey leaves a widow and two sons who
cherish in their grief the consolations of the Gospel. Three cherish in their grief the consolations of
brothers and two sisters also survive him.

Patrinson,-At Five Islands, Sept. 6, Alevander Patterson of St. John, N. B., aged 73 years and 5 months.
Srains.-At Temperance Vale, Bept. 12th, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Stairs, aged 8 days.

