

Seasonable Pointers For Farmers

Successful Beekeepers Should Be Vigilant

Preparedness At All Seasons the Secret of Securing Good Honey Crop—Canadian Conditions Compel Diligence and Alertness in the Apiarist.

The season of bee activity proceeds at a rapid pace in Canada. Honey flows start up suddenly and are gone in a few days. It is therefore important that the essential requisites of the apiary should be on hand in sufficient quantity and ready prepared for the time when they will be needed. It is better to order them for delivery before time because there may be considerable delay in their arrival. If you have not figured out your requirements for the coming season, do so now. Have you honey enough to take all the swarms or increase expected? Have you supers enough to take care of the large honey crop you are hoping for this year? Have you sufficient foundation to put a full sheet into each frame? Have you hives, nailing frames and wiring them in such a way that the foundation will not stretch, takes time, and all this work should be done in winter or early spring. However, the foundation should not be fitted into the frames until shortly before they are placed in the hive.

Honey flows for the season's crop should be ordered now. Winter cases for next winter may be made now. Plans for the establishment of an out-apiary should be considered.

The successful beekeeper always looks ahead. He makes sure that every colony contains enough stores to carry it through until summer, independent of the uncertain income of spring, and he raises queens during the early part of the clover honey-flow in preparation for next year's crop. His preparations for winter are carried out thoroughly and in good time.

Canadian conditions compel vigilance and alertness. Every year, apiaries in which delay and neglect hold sway are going to pieces through starvation, foul-brood, and the final phase, the destruction of the combs by wax moth, while up-to-date apiaries are multiplying a profit and a pleasure to their owners. When expanding a pleasure to their owners. When expanding a pleasure to their owners. When expanding a pleasure to their owners.

P. W. L. Sladen, Dominion Apiarist.

crop to wilt slightly before putting it into the silo.

On the whole, ensilage of sunflowers is relieved by stock and its feeding value has proven about equal to that of corn ensilage. The observation has been made that the feeding of sunflower ensilage may in cases stimulate the kidneys too much, but, as the observation is an isolated one, we are not prepared to say anything definite on the subject.

On the whole, much more information than it has been possible to collect so far from experiments at the experimental farm is needed before any definite conclusions on the ensilage value and general usefulness of sunflowers can be drawn. Before the growing of sunflowers on an extensive scale can be safely recommended, it is among other things necessary to learn more about what effect a crop of sunflowers may have on the succeeding crops, particularly in dry sections. Trials on a small scale may, however, be recommended.—M. O. MALTE, Dominion Agrostologist.

Some Agricultural Items Regarding Oxford County

Spring Seeding Was Commenced This Year At The Earliest Date On Record—Farmers Have Increased Dairy-Business 20 Per Cent In Two Years.

A correspondent in the Princeton district reports that the crops, including fall wheat, rye, clover and grass seed, never came through in better form than from the past winter, owing to its open nature.

Cattle, especially dairy cows, wintered remarkably well, farmers having an abundance of feed left until the cattle could be turned out to graze.

This is quite different to last year when there was a great scarcity of feed.

The hog industry is almost at a standstill. The markets are so changeable, and farmers are afraid to raise too many.

The price of poultry is good for the consumer, but poor for the farmer. There has been a great slump in the price of eggs which were selling at 40 cents a dozen last year and are now 24 cents to 25 cents.

In the sugar beet industry there is little doing and farmers are not very well satisfied with last year's profits. The cucumber factory will be run as last year by Oliver Thompson who has already secured promises from patrons of the product of 75 acres.

Farmers in this section have increased the dairy business by about 20 per cent in the last two years. About 30 per cent of the dairy product is sent out in whole milk to the city dairies, and to condensed and evaporated milk factories at St. George and Burlington, and the remaining 70 per cent is sold in the form of cream or butter.

The raising of live stock has received a severe blow, therefore farmers look to dairy interests as a source of income. Stockers which sold last year at 12 cents per pound, are now only bringing 10 cents as finished cattle.

Spring seeding was commenced this year at the earliest date on record, and many have finished. This is about a month earlier than usual.

In regard to wages, married men of good experience can make \$1.00 a year with house garden and other privileges, and younger men of less experience can earn \$600, with the same privileges. Single men are getting from \$50 a

Interesting Competitions Open To Young Farmers

Acres Profit in Oats and Corn, and Feeding Hogs for Profit—Winner in Each Competition Gets Two Weeks' Short Course at Guelph.

The Ontario Department of Agriculture is conducting the following competitions this year: Acres profit in oats and corn and feeding hogs for profit. The prize given to the winner in each competition is a two weeks' short course at Guelph. They may take two weeks of any course held during January and February, 1922.

In the acre profit the prize is given to the contestant showing the highest net profit per acre. In the feeding hogs for profit, 50 points will be given for highest net profit per cwt of gain, 20 points for the best kept records, 20 points for highest gain in weight, except that for light and heavy hogs, two points will be deducted for every five pounds or fraction of five pounds under 180 or over 230 pounds.

The acre profit competitions must be confined to a field of any size, but not less than one acre, except in the case of the oats, when the area under corn must be at least five acres. The agricultural representative will inspect the field and see that it is measured correctly.

Accurate accounts must be kept of all labor, cost of seed, fertilizer, etc. We will supply forms to all contestants on which to keep records to be on hand when the crops or pigs are weighed.

These competitions are open to young men under 30 years of age. Winners in the acre profit competition are eligible for the same contest again.

Each contestant in the hog feeding must feed a pen of hogs containing no fewer than four. They must notify the local agricultural representative in advance when the hogs attain the age of six weeks. Hogs are to be weighed and weighed at six weeks of age and fed and cared for by the contestant. The local agricultural representative in advance when the hogs attain the age of six weeks. Hogs are to be weighed and weighed at six weeks of age and fed and cared for by the contestant.

All reports must reach the office of the local agricultural representative not later than November 12.

Communications should be sent to R.

A. Finn, agricultural representative, London.

OBSERVATIONS ON SUNFLOWERS.

The Dominion experimental farm system has, during the last two years, paid considerable attention to the question of growing sunflowers for ensilage. Experiments have been conducted at the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa, in Northern Ontario on all the farms and stations on the prairies, and in British Columbia. Although the results so far obtained are somewhat conflicting and by no means definite enough to allow unqualified deductions as to the value of sunflowers as an ensilage crop, yet some observations have been made which may be of interest to prospective sunflower growers.

Generally speaking, sunflowers out-yield corn according to observations made so far, in such sections where, on account of scant rainfall or cool seasons the latter cannot be grown successfully. In sections where corn is grown to advantage, sunflowers may also outyield the latter. Thus, an acre of sunflowers grown at Ottawa last year yielded about 30 tons while the best corn variety only gave 20 tons to the acre.

The yield of sunflowers may, however, be influenced by several factors, most important one, perhaps, being the method of planting. According to observations made so far, seeding in rows 2 1/2 to 3 feet apart will probably prove satisfactory for most sections of Canada. In the west the yield is not infrequently affected by the attack of rust. It may be possible, however, to lessen the damage from rust in the future by developing early-maturing varieties ready to cut for ensilage before the rust, which seems to appear rather late in the season, has had time to affect the yield and quality of the crop.

As to respect to ensilage making, it would seem that the best quality may be secured if the crop is harvested when the majority of the heads in a field have just opened up. Delaying the cutting until the seed is beginning to harden does not seem to be advisable. Early cutting may result in a heavy flow of juice from the bottom of the silo, but this may be overcome to a certain extent at least by allowing the

A Strawberry Plantation Most Desirable Enterprise

Any Fairly Dry Area Will Grow Strawberries—Much of the Failure With Strawberries Is Due to Late Planting.

Whatever else is neglected, one should not fail to start a strawberry plantation during the spring. Any fairly dry area will grow strawberries. The ground should be one on which water will not stand during the winter to form ice. Manure at the rate of ten to fifteen tons per acre may be applied and used to advantage if no other fertilizers are to be used. It is usually considered to be to apply 500 pounds of a 4-8-4 fertilizer per acre. That is one containing 4 per cent of nitrogen, 8 per cent of phosphoric acid and 4 per cent of potash. However, if the soil is in good fertility, this is not necessary, and manure alone may be all that is necessary. All fertilizers should be scattered broadcast and harrowed in.

Thorough preparation of the soil by plowing and working deeply is advisable. The soil is finally worked with a smoothing harrow, and the plants set in rows three and a half feet apart and fourteen inches apart in the row. Closer planting is unnecessary, and does not permit of easy cultivation between the rows and opportunity of picking without tramping on the vines.

Method of Planting.

The planting is done by pushing a spade into the soil, pressing it to one side, and dropping a plant, with roots spread fan-shape, into the opening, holding the crown to the top of the level soil, and pressing the earth firmly around the plant with the heel or the other way, and finally leveling with loose earth around the crown of the plant. This is quickly done. The importance of pressing the soil

firmly around the plant is very great, and the plant should be secured by a leaf the leaf will break before the plant will pull out. Only the young plants should be set; that is, plants of the previous season's growth. The earlier the planting is done, the better. Much of the failure with strawberries is due to late planting. This is a job that can be done in the early spring, when the plant is in the ground early, the earlier the formation of runner plants, and the earlier these runner plants form, the larger and better developed are the crowns, without which the stalks of well-formed fruit are impossible.

Summer Cultivation.

The summer cultivation should be shallow to kill weeds and form a loose surface in which the plant can root without difficulty. As the runners develop, the cultivator should be narrow so that the runners are not disturbed after they commence to form plants, and great care is necessary to avoid disturbing the plants at this time. Some of the runners may be shifted to give a more even distribution of plants along the row, and some hand hoeing will be necessary to prevent weeds from growing later.

It is well to plan for a new plantation every year, as it is difficult to keep weeds under control the second year without much hand hoeing.

Blossoms are likely to develop on the young plants, and these should be removed to throw all energy into the development of runners as early as possible.—W. S. Blair, superintendent Experimental Station, Kentville, N. S.

Some Facts About Ducks and Raising of Ducklings

The Duck Is a Good Sitter, But Is Seldom Used For This Purpose—Preference Is Given to Hen, Which Makes Better Mother.

Laying and incubation.

The duck, with the exception of the Indian Runner, is not noted for heavy egg production, but the Indian Runners frequently lay as many as the ordinary hen and may lay every month in the year. Usually the other ducks do not lay before spring. When they are at liberty to go where they please, they may hide their eggs in nests which are built outside the poultry yard, or they may drop them any place about the house. The eggs kept for incubation should be of average size and as fresh as possible. However, duck eggs keep their fertility longer than hen eggs. Eggs kept for incubation should receive special care; they should be kept in a cool place, on a layer of bran, sawdust or dry sand. As duck eggs are very susceptible to cold, they should be covered if set under a hen, when she leaves her nest in quest of food.

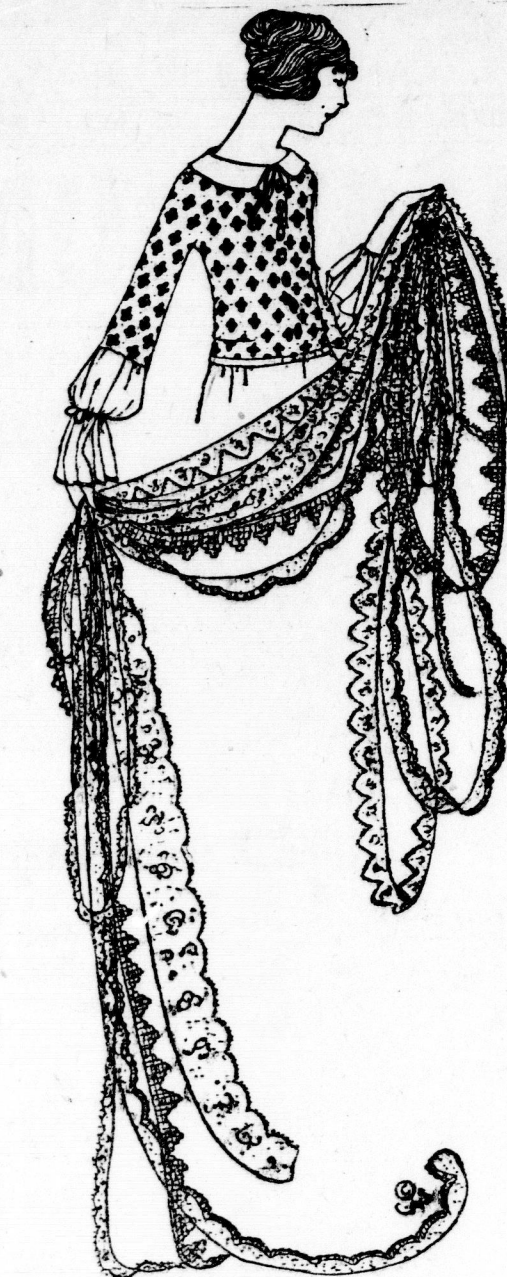
The duck is a good sitter, but is seldom used for this purpose. Preference is generally given to the hen, which takes very good care of the ducklings. Large hens should be selected for the purpose. The hatching lasts from 26 to 29 days. Artificial incubation is generally used in commercial plants. It enables the breeder to have the ducklings ready for the market at an early date.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Relieves Pain

Chamberlain's Liniment should be kept constantly in your home. Aching shoulders, necks or backs yield quickly to massage treatment with this penetrating, healing remedy. Persons subject to such attacks should keep a bottle always within reach.

LINIMENT

Lace and Embroidery Week



This event will begin Monday, when special display will be made of all the new lines for the coming season, together with a special sale event, details of which are given below.

Laces promise to be the vogue this summer and this special event will interest most women. Paris and the French resorts have put much emphasis on lace in the newest fashions, a style tendency which is already being presented by our own designers. Whether you would make an entire frock of lace or just add a rare bit for distinction; if you would beautify anything from a baby's dress to the lingerie of a trousseau, there is no way more sure than through the addition of a charming piece of lace. Look over the special lace displays next week. You'll find them inspiring.

Sale of Flouncings Monday—Half Price and Less

Qualities that are unusual at prices which are only imitations. You owe it to yourself to take advantage of these remarkable savings and this wonderful variety. A sale at a time to fulfill your spring needs. Come early.

Lot 1—150 yards of 27-inch Flouncings in Swiss and Voile, in scalloped and hemstitched edge at one-half and less than former prices. To clear at \$1.29 yard

Lot 2—75 yards of 27, 24 and 18 inch Flouncings, in Swiss, nainsook and cambie, dainty designs, just the thing for children's dresses and underwear. To clear at 98c yard

Lot 3—125 yards of Swiss and Cambrie Flouncings, 18 inches wide, pretty designs, suitable for infants' short dresses. To clear at 79c yard

We have a splendid assortment of Laces in French, round mesh, Nottingham, Maltese, B. B. Cluny and hand-made Chinese Laces. Rosemount Lace and Banding for dainty camisoles.

Lot 4—75 yards of Cambrie Flouncings, 14 inches wide. To clear at 59c yard

Oriental Rug Display

WILL CONTINUE FOR A FEW DAYS NEXT WEEK.



Owing to the fact that many intending purchasers were unable to make selection of their Rugs this week, we have arranged with L. Babayan to remain a few days longer with his beautiful collection of Oriental Rugs. We invite all admirers of Oriental art to make an inspection, even if you do not anticipate purchasing.

Third Floor.

See Window Display.

DESIGNER AND SUMMER QUARTERLY NOW IN

Subscribers please call for your copy.

An Opportunity For New Side Drapes

A special purchase of popular materials for side curtains, all new designs and color combinations. We pass these on to our customers at considerable savings.

Reversible Terry Cloth, in a variety of artistic color combinations, a very serviceable drapery for windows and archways. Special price \$1.45 yard

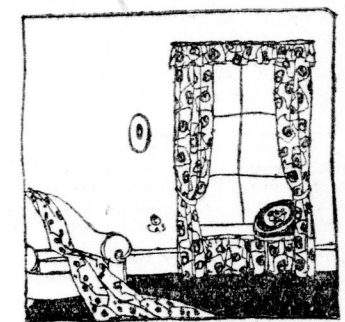
Fine Antique Serim, 36 inches wide, in colors of rose, gold, blue and grey combinations, washable colors. Special price 45c yard

Printed Madranet, 36 inches wide, in medium and dark grounds, handsome combinations, washable colors. Special price 55c yard

Heavy Quality Chintz, in a variety of effective color combinations, both light and dark grounds. Special price 79c yard

Printed Crash, very attractive designs, 36 inches wide. Special price \$1.00 yard

Printed Repps, a beautiful cloth for side curtains in bedrooms, in a variety of color combinations, 36 inches wide \$1.00 yard



Filet Nets, in neat designs, lattice and small figured designs, 36 inches wide, ivory and ecru. Special price, 75c yard

Cream Madras, 45 inches wide, in a splendid range of designs. Special price 68c yard

Fine Quality Velours, 50 inches wide, in popular shades of blue, terra cotta, mulberry, rose, coral, brown, green and olive. Special price \$4.50 yard

ORIENTAL RUGS Third Floor, Display and Sale By L. Babayan this week.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

It Costs Only Five Cents a Day

or \$1.50 per month for helpful medical treatment if you take Hood's Sarsaparilla, known in thousands of homes as the best reconstructive tonic. For nearly half a century this good medicine has stood in a class by itself in curative power and economy. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives more for the money than any other. It tones up the

Hood's Sarsaparilla

IS REGULAR TO ITSELF IN EFFICIENCY AND ECONOMY.

57 Years "On Guard"

The Reserve Fund of The "Old Huron & Erie" was increased last year by \$150,000.

The Combined Paid-up Capital and Reserve now total \$6,150,000.

Thus is additional security provided for Huron & Erie depositors.

All Savings Accounts earn interest—no matter how small the amount on deposit.

It will be a pleasure to open an account in your name!

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S. Thomas Chatham Windsor T. G. Meredith, K.C., Hume Cronyn, President, General Manager

"Older than the Dominion of Canada"

HIS BACK HAS NOT BOTHERED HIM SINCE

Why M. Wasson Knows Dodd's Kidney Pills Are Good.

New Brunswick Man Is Enthusiastic Over the Remedy That Brought Him Relief—Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Sisson Ridge, Victoria, Co., N. B., April 22 (Special).—"I know Dodd's Kidney Pills are good."

These emphatic words come from Mr. Manzer Wasson, a well-known and highly-respected resident here.

"I had an awful lame back," Mr. Wasson continued, "I tried two good doctors and they could do nothing for me. So I tried Dodd's Kidney Pills, and before I had taken three boxes I was as well as ever. My back has not bothered me since. I cannot say too much for Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are purely a kidney remedy. They strengthen the kidneys and put them in condition to do their full work of straining the impurities, the seeds of disease, out of the blood.

If you have any of the symptoms of kidney disease, Dodd's Kidney Pills are not the remedy you are looking for.

When the ducklings are hatched, they should be left for ten hours or so under their mother or in the incubator; and should not have anything to eat for 24 to 48 hours. They may be allowed a little water and milk in a shallow pan, to drink, so that they may just dip their bill without wetting their bodies. If they should become wet, they ought to be put near a fire, otherwise they become chilled and often die. The first feed should be a mash consisting of stale meal. Such roots as carrots, turnips, cooked beets, may also be used. It is well to add a small quantity of animal food, blood, meat, flour, butcher's scraps.

The mash should not be too thin, otherwise it will cause diarrhoea. A small quantity of gravel or coarse sand should be added.

All cooked roots and tubers, lettuce, fish (in small quantity) given judiciously are all suitable for duck raising.

Some Useful Hints.

Cold and rain are very injurious. A duckling that has got wet by rain or otherwise in the first eight or ten days of his life is in great danger of dying. He drowns quickly in little water. Do not leave wet ducklings in the sun for the purpose of drying them, they might get sunstruck and die. Do not let them take a bath until eight or ten days after birth, and then only for a very short while, and if for market they are better kept from swimming at all.

If no running water is available, or if there is no pool big enough so that they can swim freely, a tank should be set up with a sloping bank at both ends, so that the ducklings may easily go up or come down.

When the duckling is a month old, if for stock purposes, it may be given its entire freedom, if there is a stream in proximity. All it requires is a meal at noon, and one at night. Ducklings well fed, in regularly increasing rations, are ready to market at two to three months old.

Ducklings that are reserved for breeding purposes should be selected among the most thrifty specimens and from an early hatching.

Blackhead on Turkeys.

"Old Subscriber, Dunganon, Ont., writes us as follows:

"Please let me know what is good for blackhead on turkeys. I have a big male He is swollen around the eye. I don't know what to do for him. He is swelled right down to the bill. Also let me know if the other turkeys will take it."

This is a very serious and infectious disease, which in many cases is the cause of high mortality. It attacks the turkeys when they are young and does not exhibit at the beginning very characteristic symptoms. The turkeys appear to be tired, they lag behind the rest of the flock. Their droppings are of a light color, sometimes with yellow streaks and filled with bubbles of air, like froth.

It is recommended by Dr. Charles H. Higgins, Dominion pathologist, to carefully disinfect the houses as well as

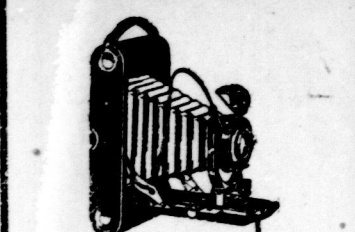
utensils used for the feeding of turkeys, to keep the sick birds during the night in a dry place, well lighted and ventilated, facing the south, and having a wooden floor kept very clean and covered with sawdust. The sick birds should be isolated and a teaspoonful of muriatic acid to a quart of water should be put in the ordinary drinking water, and used in very serious cases, should be used in very serious cases, should be used in very serious cases.

From a practical standpoint, it seems as though the best preventive of all

to meet the requirements of many homes as built in the present day, and of occupants of duplex and apartment houses, Ye Olde Firme, Heintzman & Co., Limited, 242 Dundas street, London, have built a Miniature Upright Piano that meets the space problem most completely. This piano comes within the limitations of these smaller rooms, whilst at the same time possessing the musical charm and distinctive tone of the large Heintzman & Co. Pianos.

Read My FREE Offer: To Mothers of Daughters, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectively dispels green-sickness (chlorosis), irregularities, headaches and lassitude in young women, and restores them to plumpness and health. Tell me if you are worried about your daughter. Remember it costs nothing to give my method of home treatment a complete ten days trial. If you wish to continue, it costs only a few cents a week to do so, and it does not interfere with one's daily work. Is health asking for you? Write for the free treatment to your needs, and I will send you a plain wrapper by return mail. Cut out the coupon, fill in your name, address, and return to me. Write and ask for the free treatment today, as you may not see this offer again. Address: MRS. M. SUMMERS, Box 12, WINDSOR, ONT.





A Pleasant Summer

Summer is almost here, and we are all looking forward to the jolly little outings, that are in store.

A Kodak Will Help

We have a model for every need, whether it be for pleasure or for business use, and a model that will fit every purse.

BOX BROWNIES

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BIRD NOTES

(Contributed by McIlwraith Ornithological Club.)

One of the chief fascinations of bird study is the uncertainty of each field trip. A ramble afield may yield nothing new in the entire trip, but the expectation of at any time finding a rarity keeps the enthusiasm at high pitch, so every hour is enjoyed to the full. The most interesting finds usually happen when least expected, so it proved on a little trip last January 6. Two of us went to Mr. Roger Hedley's at Dundas in the afternoon for a little field work. On passing a dense row of trees at the back of his orchard, a flash of white was seen deep in one of the trees. The bird was seen again, however, but it had creased the orchard. A grey bird with white on wings and tail, flew to a tree. At this distance the coloring closely resembled a Shrike, but when it began picking at an apple our curiosity was at once aroused. Upon closer inspection it proved to be a Mocking Bird. This bird is becoming established at Point Pelee, breeding there sparingly, but outside of Essex and Kent this is perhaps the only Ontario record. The Mocking Bird in size and shape resembles the Catbird, but is greyer, without the black cap, and with white in wings and tail. It would indeed be a very welcome addition to our avifauna.

A. A. WOOD.

COL. BROWN IN TORONTO.

Lieut. Col. Brown, executive secretary of Western University, left for Toronto Friday afternoon on an endeavor to get the Ontario Government to promise the university a building allowance for next year at least. This would enable the university authorities to initiate a campaign to secure additional funds to provide the new buildings which are urgently needed.

Perhaps you want a domestic in a hurry. Then use The London Advertiser. We have columns and you will be supplied with everything everybody wants. The London Advertiser.

RED BIRD BICYCLES

ARE GOOD BICYCLES.

Count Them On the Streets.

Wet, May 5.

STEREOOPTICS

FOR SCHOOLS, LODGES, ETC.

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TEA AND COFFEE.

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A firm is as reliable as its foundations.

High Standards

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HONEST ELECTRICIANS TAKEN FOR BURGLARS

Little Girl Sees Them Breaking Into Chesley Avenue School.

SPREADS THE ALARM

Brave Janitor Crawls Through Cellar Window While Neighborhood Stands Breathless.

One perfectly honest electrician and his assistant were the centre of much excitement in the east end of the city last night, when they were taken for burglars, suspected that they were burglars, attempted to effect a capture. It happened thus: A little girl of perhaps seven years of age was on her way home at dusk. While passing the Chesley Avenue School she saw dim figures stooping low before a cellar window. In a few minutes they disappeared into the region below. Immediately the girl's imagination began to work overtime. Just imagine two burly burglars robbing her beloved school. Hurrying home she breathlessly told her parents that two men had broken into the schoolhouse and were stealing everything in sight.

Phoned Principal. Her parents, being taxpayers, were naturally indignant, so they passed the word over the telephone to E. Gibbs, principal of the school. Meanwhile the little girl, with some exaggeration, spread the alarm through the neighborhood. Almost by magic one, two, three score people gathered about the school gazing at a torn screen and a forced window, where the two desperadoes had been seen. All, however, professed to be the recent shooting outrages, refused to lend themselves as targets to the would-be burglars by entering the building.

Mr. Gibbs called the janitor, a returned soldier, who had braved worse terrors than facing two burglars. The janitor, armed with a bunch of keys, rushed to the scene and lo and behold, the school. The spectators held their breath.

In one of the rooms in the old wing of the building he discovered the two men feeling carefully about the walls. They did not hear him. He challenged them. Then the mystery was solved.

The two men were the before-mentioned electricians, who had entered the building to measure the walls of certain rooms which they were to wire for electric lights. Rather than bother the janitor they had forced their way through the cellar window, tearing aside a screen in their endeavor.

City Briefs

SUNDAY MASS MEETING.—Professor W. D. Henderson of the University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, will address a mass meeting of boys in the Allen Theatre on Sunday afternoon on "Vocational Guidance."

MINISTERS MEET MONDAY.—The meeting of the Ministerial Alliance, which was to have been held in this city last Monday, has now been fixed for next Monday in the Y. M. C. A., at 8 p. m.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES.—The anniversary of the Ridout Street Methodist Church Sunday school will be observed at 10 a. m. on Sunday, April 24. Rev. Calvin Reid, recognized as one of the most able preachers in the Methodist church will preach at both services. The Sunday school will hold an open session.

DISCUSS "GYM" SPEAKERS.—A. M. Allen, of the Y. M. C. A. Building Bureau in New York, discussed with the local board of directors of the Y. M. C. A. this morning the plans for the renovation of the "Y" auditorium into a new gymnasium.

UNIFORMS HERE.—The G. W. V. A. band uniforms have been received and are being handed out to the members of the band for the parade to St. Paul's Cathedral on Sunday afternoon, where services will be held in commemoration of the sixth anniversary of the battle of the Ypres.

BRITISH MAIL.—The next mail for Great Britain and Europe will close at the local postoffice on Monday, April 25. This mail will consist of letters and registered matter, closing at 10 a. m., and parcel post and express parcels, closing at 3 p. m.

SPRINKLING TO SPEAKERS.—J. O. L. Spracklin will be the special speaker in the Robinson Memorial Church on Sunday at both services. Special music will be given by the choir. This church has given an extensive alterations during the past few weeks to accommodate a large new pipe organ which will be installed shortly.

SEND CONVENTION.—Several Londoners will attend the annual convention of the Ontario Social Service Council to be held in Peterboro on May 8th and 9th. Rev. D. C. MacGregor, president of the Presbyterian Church, will give the opening address at this meeting.

TEACHERS' CONVENTION.—Sixty school teachers from the London Teachers' Federation for London and district are holding their annual convention at the Y. M. C. A. here today. Business of much importance will be discussed after afternoon session today. The election of officers will also be held.

SEMI-ANNUAL SERVICES OF PRAISE.—The choir of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church will give their usual semi-annual service of praise on Monday evening next. These musical evenings have been extremely popular and have always attracted large audiences. Mr. Wheeler considers himself fortunate in being able to secure J. Cameron McLean, the premier Scottish baritone. He will appear three times on the program. The other visitor will be Marie Kyle, soprano of Detroit, who sings in London for the first time. Madam Kyle is soloist of the First Congregational Church of that city and an outstanding vocalist. Mr. Wheeler will play two nicely contrasted groups of organ pieces and the choir and soloists of the church will feature a fine program of choral numbers.

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J. ALLAN KAY ELECTED AS MAYOR OF BOYS' COUNCIL

Receives 226 Votes, Against 113 in Favor of Opponent.

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L. R. C. ASKS WHY BILLS NOT OPPOSED

Displeased With Passing of McCrae and City Gas Measures.

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NEW FOREMAN FOR G. T. R. ROUNDHOUSE

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MRS. LEAVITT FACES CHARGE LAID BY MEDICAL SOCIETY

Defendant, a Cancer Specialist, Claims Patient Died From Pleurisy.

Mrs. M. J. Leavitt, cancer specialist, 530 Ridout street, was tried by Magistrate A. H. M. Graydon in police court yesterday afternoon on a charge of violating the Ontario medical act, but decision was reserved. The information was laid by John Frye of the Ontario Medical Society.

W. R. Gleason, whose wife was a patient of Mrs. Leavitt, said that his wife died of cancer. He said that he had been promised a permanent cure by the defendant.

U. A. Buchner, counsel for the defence, produced a contract by which the witness and defendant had agreed that the witness was to provide his own medical attention and was to purchase the plaster.

Mrs. Leavitt told of the method adopted to combat Mrs. Gleason's cancer. On March 17 and 18, 1920, plasters were placed on her, after it had been ascertained that she was suffering from cancer and the size of the cancer was found. Lined poultices were then put on for six or seven days. This course was repeated twice and then from April 15 to April 29, while the patient was still at Mrs. Leavitt's, saline was put on her.

Gleason's account was for six plasters at \$5 each and \$30 worth of saline. Crown Attorney J. B. McKillop said that the ingredients for the plaster were all cheap. Mrs. Leavitt replied that she only made 20 per cent profit. She said that she did not charge for anything else. The law says that a person to practice medicine or surgery contrary to the Ontario medical act must do so for gain.

Mr. Buchner stated that his client merely sold the plasters. He also said that the action should have been brought within a year from the 17th of March, when the alleged offence was committed. It was claimed that Mrs. Gleason died of pleurisy.

Crown Attorney McKillop stated that the information was laid on April 6, and that the offence had been committed since April 6, 1920. He maintained that a clear case had been made out, and that there should be a conviction.

OWEN SOUND IS LATEST ENTRY TO TENNIS CIRCLES

Owen Sound is the latest entry into the Western Ontario Tennis League, and will probably have a four-team group, possibly more.

Roy Bongher, in care of the Dominion Bank, Kitchener, is the secretary-treasurer of the association, and clubs wishing to enter should apply to him.

R. E. O. OPPOSES IDEA OF FINANCIAL EXERT

The Real Estate Owners' Association met last night and passed the following resolution:

"Resolved, that this association does not approve of the idea of having another spender to tell the spenders how to squander, as recommended by that wise body, the Financial Research Institute. The mischief is already done, and the debenture debt has to be paid, and any suggestion from a so-called wiseacre at a salary ranging from \$20,000 to \$25,000 yearly, with a fancy office and staff, is not going to help the overburdened taxpayer much, and the only thing to do is to drift along until the old civic ship strikes the breakers of hard times and scarcity of cash, and other things will adjust themselves through the management of a receiver."

Has Australia's Confidence

An overwhelming vote of confidence in Premier Hughes and his Government was passed by the Australian Parliament, following a snap vote against the administration.

RED BIRD BICYCLES ARE GOOD BICYCLES.

Count Them On the Streets.

Wm. May 5.

To look your best, your corset must be a perfect fit.

La Diva corsets, fitted on living Canadian Models, and made in Canada's most successful and largest factory, are produced in styles to suit every figure. Materials are of the best.

Sold and recommended by leading corsetiers.

La Diva

NON-RUSTABLE CORSET

2-120

Style 7908

White law, in the Passing Show (London).

HE CAN'T MAKE IT!

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GIRDLE CANADA WITH WIRELESS

Government Improving Modern Long Distance System—Controls Coastal Points.

MONTREAL, April 22.—Wireless has become such an essential factor in the transmission of news that any nation desirous of keeping pace with world progress must give continual attention to the improving of its system of modern long-distance communication without wires. Canada has been quick to recognize the importance of wireless in her economic existence, in her shipping and trade, even in her forests and fisheries, and realizing what it means to the future of the Dominion's development, has kept well to the fore in wireless developments.

Government wireless in Canada comes under the radiotelegraph branch of the naval department, which owns the stations, but has let several by contract for operation to the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of Canada.

The primary object of the government service is to provide facilities for communication with ships at sea for the purpose of assisting in navigation and the safeguarding of lives. Incidentally, the service undertakes the handling of commercial messages with ships, and also provides means of communication with points not reached by existing land telegraphs.

Has 563 Wireless Stations. The total number of Canadian stations on land and sea operating in 1920 was 563. Of these 27 are located on the east coast, and have ranges from 100 to 1,500 nautical miles; 8 are in Ontario on the Great Lakes, with ranges of 350 nautical miles each; 10 on the west coast in British Columbia, with ranges from 150 to 350 miles; 2 public commercial stations in Cape Breton, and 1 in New Brunswick have ranges of 3,000 miles and 2,500 miles; the third being for receiving only; 2 in Hudson Bay have a range of 750 miles each; 11 private commercial stations, with ranges from 100 to 200 miles; and there are 29 Canadian Government stations equipped with wireless capable of transmitting from 100 to 400 miles.

With the exception of the small station at Pictou, Nova Scotia, all of the 47 coast stations in Canada are owned by the Government. Those on the Pacific coast, Hudson Bay, Barrington Passage, Nova Scotia, and the three direction-finding stations on the east coast, 16 in all, are operated directly by the department of naval service. The Great Lakes stations and the remainder of the east coast stations, 31 in all, are operated by the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company under contract, by terms of which the company receives an annual subsidy of \$85,200, and in return all tolls collected on messages except on government messages which are handled free.

Connects With Bermuda. The Government-owned and operated station at Barrington Passage, N. S., maintains a commercial service with Bermuda. The Marconi station at Glace Bay has a continuous trans-Atlantic commercial service with Clifton in Ireland, and as far as handling of traffic is concerned, is considered one of the best trans-Atlantic circuits. The use of the Hudson Bay stations is suspended pending a decision as to the policy to be followed respecting the Hudson Bay Railway. British Columbia coast stations are always in touch with Pacific steamers.

A total of 241,323 messages, containing 6,128,990 words were handled by Canadian wireless stations during 1920. The year's revenue amounted to \$50,222.29 as against \$44,288.77 in 1919.

School for Operators. The Canadian Marconi Company's greatest expansion came through the Canadian Government merchant marine which has placed about 50 operators on its vessels, all of which are equipped with wireless apparatus manufactured entirely in Canada. A school for operators is maintained by the Government at which about 40 pupils are always in training. Many of the operators on Government vessels are returned soldiers who reached their positions by way of vocational courses in the department of soldiers' civil re-establishment.

The establishment of a series of wireless stations across Canada to effectually connect the two coasts is under way. This is part of a plan for the formation of an "All-Red" system of wireless communication which is to girdle the British Empire and link up all the Dominions. A station at Newcastle, N. B., taken over by the Marconi Company in 1919, is to be used as the connecting station with cross-Atlantic stations and licenses have been issued to the same company for post stations at Winnipeg, Toronto, Montreal and other locations, which will act as feeders for the trans-Atlantic service and at the same time serve as a commercial service between these cities.

Forestry Service Uses System. Wireless within the Dominion itself is experiencing continual expansion as the hands of both provincial governments and business corporations. A very fine service has been built up in the forestry service of the Province of British Columbia as one of its precautions against forest fires and to keep ranges in instant touch with each other and headquarters. A system of stations is advocated for Northern Manitoba to bring this region into communication with Winnipeg. Several pulp and paper companies have received licenses to operate systems and last year the Shawinigan Water and Power Company, at Shawinigan Falls, Quebec, received a license to operate a station there to communicate with their head offices in Montreal, a distance of 82 miles.

Wireless is being successfully used

in connection with Dominion fisheries and forests and there is no doubt but that the near future will see it used very generally in bringing the rich hinterland regions into touch with the governmental and industrial centres and becoming an invaluable aid to trade and commerce.

UNIVERSITY OF B. C. IS FACING CRISIS

Provincial Appropriation Insufficient to "Carry On" Satisfactorily.

MAY RESTRICT STUDENTS

Permanent Buildings, Long Awaited, Do Not Even Exist On Paper Yet.

Vancouver, April 22.—The University of British Columbia is in a parlous state. The financial appropriation granted by the Provincial Government is insufficient to "carry on" in a satisfactory manner, and the institution is faced with the disagreeable possibility of having to restrict the number of students.

For seven years—since its inception in 1913—the university has been doing its work under most trying conditions, but now a real crisis has developed, and only the wisest statesmanship can avoid a calamity. During the war the staff put up with all sorts of shortages and got along as best they could in the temporary buildings inside the city limits, buying themselves with the hope that in a short time the permanent quarters at Point Grey, a few miles out, would be ready for occupation.

Instead of being ready for occupation, the new quarters are not even so much as drawn on paper, and it is broadly hinted from Government quarters that it would take at least seven months to prepare plans, and possibly two years to put up the buildings.

Prospects are that 1,200 students will seek admittance next year. To care for these, an appropriation of \$672,000 was sought, but this has been pared to \$445,000. It will be quite impossible to care for 1,200 students with this reduced amount, say the university authorities, and plans are being reluctantly considered to have the first-year college taken care of by the city high schools, unsatisfactory though this would be.

Several years ago, when the province was experiencing its famous land boom, and long before the university was anything more than a pleasant dream of the future, the Government of that day set aside 2,000,000 acres of land in Northern British Columbia, the intention being that this land would be sold when it had enhanced in value, and the proceeds applied to university needs.

Land Taken Back. Unfortunately, through some oversight, accidental or political, the deed to these 2,000,000 acres was never made out in trust for the university, and when it came to pass that the province was short of money for roads and railways, the land was calmly taken back by the Government and the university's hopes were told that they would get something also "just as good," in due course. They are still waiting, with more patience than hope.

TO DISCUSS MIXING RULE. REGINA, April 22.—A meeting of eastern and western boards of trade is being arranged for next Tuesday in Winnipeg, according to a statement

made to the railway commission by G. E. Carpenter, Winnipeg Board of Trade. The meeting is to discuss the proposed mixing rule of the new classification.

LACE IN FAVOR FOR DRESSES IN PARIS

Used To Adorn Hats and For Hosiery, Gowns and Even Underwear.

PARIS, April 22.—Back to the days of our grandmothers, when filmy lace instead of beaded novelties formed fashion's chief delight. That is the slogan of the French lace industry, which is commencing a campaign of propaganda in an effort to reduce the stocks on hand, which have been growing steadily since the armistice, with only a few important orders to relieve the financial strain. W. M. Butler, head of a Calais syndicate, confirms the reports that only a few American buyers have taken advantage of the low prices, and that a systematic effort must be made to make lace more desirable or the industry is doomed.

"Right now we are selling for less than we paid for the material," says Mr. Butler, "rather than have a total loss chalked up against us. But if the United States would set the fashion it would not be long before Germany, Italy and even France would follow suit."

For the summer season the beauty and coolness of lace-adorned headwear is being emphasized while some of the wisest hand-woven hosiery certainly should bid well against the costly silk stockings for American favor.

Lace gowns are to be seen more frequently in Paris ballrooms than silk and gold creations, and undoubtedly the movement will reach American dress-makers. But the biggest offer of the Calais industry to interest women is the fact that for daily undergarments lace actually is cheaper than anything to be found on the Paris fashion mart.

DUNDAS CENTRE ANNIVERSARY

The congregation of Dundas Centre Church will celebrate the jubilee of the church and the 25th anniversary of the present edifice Sunday. Tomorrow will be recognized as Epworth League day at this church. Rev. Prof. A. J. Johnston, B.A., a former pastor of the church from 1913 to 1914, will preach. Special music will be given by the choir.

CRERAR GOING TO CONFERENCE. FREDERICTON, N.B., April 22.—Hon. T. A. Crerar, leader of the Farmers' party, is coming here next week to spend April 29 and 30 in connection with the York-Sunbury by-election campaign. He is expected to speak in Fredericton, Nashua and Marysville, as well as at McAdam.

SEVENTY CENSUS TAKERS. Seventy men will be required to assist Col. J. P. French, chief census commissioner for London in his work. Colonel French stated today that returned men with the proper qualifications would be given the preference. It is expected that about two months will be taken up in the work.

ISSUES WRIT.—Through his solicitor, Fraser & Moore, Arthur A. Weekes has issued a writ in the county court against Jeremiah McDonald for damages for breach of contract. The plaintiff claims that he was employed by the defendant to make some alterations to the Iroquois Hotel, and claims that under the contract he was to be given any number of articles dismantled, and not used by the defendant in the work of altering the place.



—Hanny, in the St. Joseph News-Press.

In connection with Dominion fisheries and forests and there is no doubt but that the near future will see it used very generally in bringing the rich hinterland regions into touch with the governmental and industrial centres and becoming an invaluable aid to trade and commerce.

LACE IN FAVOR FOR DRESSES IN PARIS

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THE STRANGLER

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VICTORIAN LITERATURE FEMINISTS, BOOK OF PERIOD SHOWS

Quoted As Saying That One Advocate Should "Get a Good Whipping."

KEPT PRINCE IN AWE

Showed Little of the 'Weaker Sex' Spirit in Treatment of Edward.

LONDON, April 22.—Right back into mid-Victorianism plunges Lytton Strachey's book "Queen Victoria," one of his series of "Eminent Victorians," published today. Women who vote and smoke in restaurants, yet who are old enough to remember well the vigorous personality which ruled Great Britain for two generations during the time that Britain consolidated for her modern greatness, still read with a shock the letter quoting the Queen's views on feminism.

"The Queen is most anxious to enlist everyone who can speak or write," runs one of her letters, written less than fifty years ago, "in checking this mad and wicked folly of women's rights' with all its attendant horrors on which her poor, feeble sex is bent while forgetting every sense of womanly feeling and propriety. Lady Blank ought to get a good whipping. It is a subject which makes the Queen so furious that she cannot contain herself."

"God created men and women different—then let them remain each in their own position. Tennyson has written some beautiful lines on the difference between men and women in 'The Princess.' Woman should become a most hateful, heartless and disgusting human being were she allowed to unsex herself; and where would be the protection which man was intended to give the weaker sex?"

Made the Prince Tremble. Right on the heels of this is related an incident showing that whatever the Queen's views on "women's rights," she had more than one trait disproving the Queen's own statement that she was not a feminist. The Queen's own statement that she was not a feminist is disproved by the fact that she was a feminist. The Queen's own statement that she was not a feminist is disproved by the fact that she was a feminist.

Strachey gives astonishing details of Victoria's deep-seated devotion to her consort. The public testimonies, as expressed in the Albert Memorial, Albert Hall, the "Prince Albert" coat and other exuberances which London now tries to forget, amply testify to the public devotion. Strachey asserts that the suite of rooms which Albert occupied in Windsor Castle were kept forever shut away from the eyes of any but the most privileged.

"Everything within these precincts was as it had been at the time of the high office to which he was elected," says Strachey, "also had attached at the back above the head pillow a photograph of the head and shoulders of her consort as he lay dead, surrounded by a wreath of immortelles."

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CZECHS REBUFF BERLIN; REFUSE TO MEDIATE

Reported Germany Will Appeal to Belgium.

PARIS, April 22.—Germany has asked the Czechoslovak Government to serve as intermediary between herself and the entente powers and has been turned down flatly. It is reported here today that Belgium is now to be asked to act in this capacity. Germany making concessions to Belgium in new propositions which will be calculated to strike the public opinion of the Belgians favorably. The reply of the Czechoslovak Government to Germany was that she should communicate directly with the supreme council, this reply undoubtedly having been inspired by the French foreign office, which is in close relations with Prague, and it is intended as a hint to Germany that her intermediary plan is not helping her cause with the Allies.

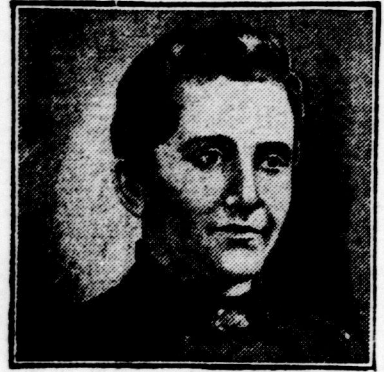
The Prague dispatch says that Germany tried to exert financial pressure on the Czechs through German banks which had threatened to withdraw the

credits they had given for raw material and purchases.

President Millerand presided yesterday over an unusual conference in the Elysee Palace attended

FREE OF TERRIBLE KIDNEY TROUBLE

After Three Years of Suffering "Fruit-a-tives" Brought Relief.



MADAME HORMIDAS FOISY.

"624 Champlain St., Montreal.

"For three years, I was ill and exhausted, and I suffered constantly from Kidney Trouble and Liver Disease.

"My health was miserable and nothing in the way of medicine did me any good. Then I started to use 'Fruit-a-tives' and the effect was remarkable.

"I began to improve immediately and this wonderful fruit medicine entirely restored me to health. All the old pains, headaches, indigestion and constipation were relieved and once more I was well.

"To all who suffer from Indigestion, Constipation, Rheumatic Pains or great Fatigue, I advise the use of 'Fruit-a-tives'.

"Madame HORMIDAS FOISY." Fifty cents a box, 6 for \$2.50; trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

G. T. R. BOARD WILL CONSIDER MEASURE TO PURCHASE ROAD

Would Expect Canadian Government to Pay Interest Arrears.

London, April 22.—Canadian Press.—The financial editor of the Times understands that the Grand Trunk Railway Board have decided to give favorable consideration to the proposals contained in the new bill before the Canadian Parliament for the acquisition of the railway provided certain conditions in connection with the arbitration proceedings are fulfilled. Presumably, says the Times, the transfer of the control of the railway to the Canadian Government, which has shown a considerable capacity to assimilate railways in difficulties, would mean that the Canadian Government would find the money to pay the interest arrears and take steps to assure the resumption of the arbitration proceedings without delay.

DOLLAR WHEAT AGAIN IN U. S.

New York, April 22.—Canadian Press.—A dispatch from Kansas City to the Wall Street Journal says: "Dollar wheat has returned to the southwest. During the entire crop year forecasts have been made that the dollar mark in the bread grain trade would be reached, but such opinions were at times considered ridiculous. A loud cry arose from the trading pit in Kansas City when the board market recorded a trade at 89½c a bushel, but aside from this nothing unusual developed when the figure was reached.

"The wheat market is now at the lowest level since June, 1916, when both cash and future quotations fell slightly below the dollar mark.

"Previous to the war, dollar wheat was considered a comparatively high price, and the interior southwestern shipper manifested as much optimism when the word went out that a dollar a bushel was paid for wheat as he doubtless manifested discouragement when advised of the level in the past few days."

MODERN PUBLIC HEALTH

(University Extension Board of Western University.)
BY H. W. HILL, M.B., M.D., D.P.H.
Director Institute of Public Health of Western University, London, Ontario, Canada.
A Column Devoted to Public Health in All Phases.
Circulation Addressed as Above Will Be Welcomed.

THE MODERN PHYSICIAN.

Early Studies.

A hundred years ago the physician had, as mentioned last week, risen from slavery and become a respected member of society, but his methods of learning medicine were still looked at askance by the public. In so far as dissection was concerned, for instance, they felt, as already stated, that the physician should know all about the human body, but they did not want him to learn it by the only possible method—at first, by minute, painstaking examination of every part inside and out. They still believed in magic enough to expect the impossible—they wanted their bricks made without straw, in the biblical phrase. They were ready to jump on any ignorance the physician displayed, but were at the same time willing to let him have the only method of avoiding ignorance—which is study.

MEDICAL SECRECY.

The physician of that day, therefore, was driven to secrecy—he dissected in secret, he studied in secret, knowledge almost guilty (in the public mind), and he was equally secretive about all his methods of pharmacy, diagnosis and treatment. This atmosphere of mystery, reticence, impressive dictatorship without explanation, suited out magic-loving forefathers. They abused and persecuted the medical student in his studies, but once he was graduated they elevated him as their attending physician into a sort of demi-god, half man, half devil, who knew all sorts of occult tricks, but would not tell them—who had a mysterious insight which they could not follow—who knew what was going on with them without examining them, so that a call from a physician of that day had some of the thrills of a spiritualistic seance. The best of the practical scientific side in the investigation and cure of disease by lending themselves, unwillingly enough, to this super-human pose demanded of them by their patients. The worst of them, the venal, the fake, the quack, or disease by lending themselves, unwillingly enough, to this super-human pose demanded of them by their patients. The worst of them, the venal, the fake, the quack, or

the merest curiosity of time and place and necessity, that physician, good, bad or indifferent, was to be worshipped thereafter for other physicians were unfortunate accidents, blots on the universe. Any other patient less supremely lucky might have to go to them—but our patient was chosen of the gods to be attended by the one great physician of the universe!

IS THERE ANYTHING IN IT? There really is a certain point in this "knowing the constitution"—but it is entirely different from the point our forefathers thought it to be.

The old time family physician, who had brought children into the world, seen them through their various vicissitudes as babies, tended them as they grew up, did know their medical histories at first hand, and could in the course of years of such experiences (not in five minutes of "tongue and pulse and staring"), if he were a wise man, retain a retentive, recall those medical histories, and use this previous knowledge, crudely and uncertainly it is true, as a rough guide in a new emergency.

For instance, if the physician had already attended the patient through an attack of smallpox, he would know that another attack he was called to see could not be that disease at least—because people do not have smallpox twice, or so seldom that a second attack was a medical curiosity. So also if he knew the family had tuberculous members, he would be careful to take tuberculosis into account as a probable cause of any lung affection which his patient might develop. If he attended one of the children through an attack of scarlet fever and found a complication of acute nephritis, he would treasure up that fact in his memory and watch the kidneys thereafter very carefully. Physicians of today do the same thing, but much more exactly and perfectly, by substituting for these years of intimate contact and slow learning through experience the taking of a careful, minute medical history from the patient, by detailed questioning and an hour, a day or two, or a week of intensive examination. That the patient's "constitution" can be learned thus by any properly equipped physician much more accurately and completely than by the old method, and in many directions not even dreamed of in the old days, all in one one-tenth of the time, is the basis of the advances in medicine to its present status.

Speeding Up Medicine.

Just as our forefathers traveled by "fast" coach (ten miles an hour) and communicated by "fast" post (15 miles an hour), and thought themselves very wonderful, so we travel 150 miles an hour by aeroplane and communicate at 150,000 miles a second by wireless, but without thinking ourselves wonderful at all—so in medicine. Moreover, the coach and the fast post were mysteries, romantic marvels to our forefathers—while the aeroplane and the wireless are plain business propositions that have no magic or wonder in them, except the wonder of hard work, the magic of persistent, careful delving into the intricacies of physics, chemistry and electricity.

CHANGES IN THE PHYSICIAN.

The physician of today parallels the engineer or the electrician of today. He has lost his mystery pose, but gained immensely in that he really knows some real facts.

Modern medicine is no longer a cult, a system, a philosophy, a religion, as it was amongst savages—it is a straight physical, chemical, biological business; an intricate, involved, difficult business, requiring six years of the hardest courses on the university campus for the student to make an adequate beginning; but yet a business, in which the trained, skillful man gives to his patients real, definite value in real service based on real knowledge.

CHANGES IN THE PUBLIC.

The public of today is very different from the public of 100 years ago. There were few public schools then, and what schools there were taught no science, no physics or chemistry or biology. So the ordinary citizen, who makes, remember, 99 per cent of the population, knew nothing outside his own business. Knowledge that is now common to the people in our high schools and public schools was then rare even amongst educated people, who, after all, were but a tiny part of the whole race. Now, however, every citizen knows something of physics and chemistry and biology—enough at all events to know that they are not different forms of magic and are not direct teachings of the devil. Today a man may know very little of electricity, but if he wants an electrician to do something for him he knows enough to want a good one, and he gets a trained man with proper certificates to show. He may know very little of chemistry, but he does know that it is a definite business, as definite as his own; that there are good chemists to be had, and when he wants chemistry done, he inquires for a trained man, with proper certificates to show. So with medicine. Today people understand as never before that medicine is a science to be learned by hard work, and they want a medical man who can show that he has had the training that would teach him his business thoroughly from the ground up.

MAGIC LOVERS STILL WITH US.

But not all people. There are people even now left—bad numbers mentally, belonging really to the times at least one hundred years ago—who think that all science is humbug and that most humbug is science—who believe in the occult and the occult applied even to business propositions—people who consult wizards (themselves starving!) about wall street speculations—people who plant their gardens in the dark of the moon and won't start any other on a Friday! Such people, of course, sneer at science or using their brains; and they cherish humbug—because their brains, from disuse, have turned to butter, or even something not half as useful.

As education increases, as more people are educated, as people learn to see out of their own eyes, and above all, to think, such relics of the dark days become scarcer—but we still have them, and will continue to have them as long as we have ignorance and feeble-mindedness.

STEFANSSON RECEIVES MEDAL.

El Paso, Texas, April 22.—Vilhjalmur Stefansson, the Arctic explorer, received here today notice of the award of the founders' medal of the British Royal Geographical Society, in recognition of scientific discoveries in the Arctic region.

Women Anxious To Again Aid in Fruit Picking

Toronto, April 22.—Women are already inquiring at the Government employment bureau if their services will be required during the coming summer on fruit farms, as has been the case for some years past. Fruit-picking camps are being established in Clarkson, Burlington, Grimsby, Beamsville, Jordan, Fenwick and Niagara-on-the-Lake, and comfortable quarters are guaranteed, with a competent supervisor in charge of each camp. Among the women who tried farm life last year and liked it.

MICHIGAN FRUIT CROPS DAMAGED BY FROST

Lansing, Mich., April 22.—Southwestern Michigan sustained heavy loss to fruit crops in the freezing weather early this week, according to the report issued by the Michigan Agricultural College today.

Early varieties of plums were virtually wiped out, while 85 per cent of the cherry and peach crops were lost. Damage to grapes was estimated at 80 per cent, and to peaches 25 per cent. Early apples were also damaged. Late crops generally escaped injury.

DANCE HALL RESTRICTIONS.

Quebec, April 22.—This city will pass a bylaw obliging all dance halls to close at midnight daily, and to remain closed on Sundays and church holidays.

CARPENTERS TO STRIKE.

Cleveland, April 22.—The Carpenters District Council has voted to call a strike of all union carpenters whose salaries are reduced from \$1.25 an hour Monday. The Building Trades Employers' Association has announced that beginning Monday carpenters will be paid 90 cents an hour.

POTATOES PLENTIFUL AT 90 CENTS A BAG

Wabash, April 22.—Potatoes are very plentiful in this section and are selling at 90 cents a bag.

Although the season is early numbers of large carp have been caught in the ditches and, as the weather is cool, they have a fine flavor.

UNITED STATES ACCEPTS GERMANY'S PROPOSAL REGARDING ALLIED DEBT

Vienna, April 22.—Announcements that the United States has accepted in principle Germany's proposal that Germany assume part of the Allied debt to the United States have been received here, and there have been expressions of satisfaction from newspapers.

In its exchanges with the German Government the United States has not accepted in any way the German proposal that Germany should assume any part of the Allied debt to the United States. The foregoing dispatch from Vienna would appear to indicate, however, that advice to the effect that the United States has accepted in principle Germany's proposal had been received at the Austrian capital, probably from Berlin sources.

When you want your entertainment to be successful you must let the people know where it is going to be held and what entertainment you intend to provide; \$1.50 is the cheapest rate for an advertisement under the heading of "Amusements."

Contains more flesh forming matter than beef."

Baker's Cocoa is for robust men

and all who must have a great deal of tissue building material to repair the waste caused by physical and mental labor. It is delicious, pure and wholesome, and is made by a perfect mechanical process without the use of chemicals, so preserving the exquisite flavor, aroma and color of the high grade cocoa beans.

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 1780

MONTREAL, CANADA. DORCHESTER, MASS.

BOOKLET OF CHOICE RECIPES SENT FREE

REPAIR DIRECTORY

Expert General Machinists

Machinery of all kinds thoroughly repaired and overhauled by experienced machinists.

Bexton & Carson

REAR OF 68 KING STREET. PHONE 3079.

Oxy-Acetylene Welding

We Weld Cast Iron, Auto Parts, Machinery, etc.

Dennis Wire and Iron Works

FOOT OF DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 3601.

Save the Pieces!

Bring your broken lenses to us. We grind our own lenses, and can duplicate any lens on short notice.

Carlyle Trebilcock OPTICIAN. 233 Dundas Street. Phone 2351.

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

Paid-up Capital \$ 9,700,000
Reserve 12,000,000
Resources 230,000,000

No Savings Account too small

Don't think that because your first savings deposit may be small that it will not be welcomed in The Bank of Nova Scotia. A savings account makes a new potential customer. It is the beginning of what may be the foundation of a valuable account later on. It is the young man's stepping stone to a business career.

That is why the smallest savings account is valued in

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THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

G. H. Montgomery Manager, LONDON.

MARTIN COAL CO., LTD.

Wholesale and Retail Anthracite and Bituminous.

OWNING AND OPERATING MARTIN-LYONS FUEL CO.
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Genuine Scranton Coal, Egg, Stove and Chestnut\$16.50 per ton
Pee Coal\$15.00 per ton
Genuine Anthracite Briquettes.....\$14.00 per ton
Redwine, Kentucky Cannel\$17.00 per ton
Miller's Creek Coal\$17.00 per ton
Empire Grate Coal\$17.00 per ton

Please Note.—We have no connection with any other coal company in Ontario doing business under a name that might be confused with ours. We are the original Martin Coal Company. tf-law-t

Use LION SHOE POLISH "safest for leather"

BRUCE'S BULBS for Summer Flowering

GLADIOLUS DAHLIAS

Unequaled for beauty of Bloom. Plant in May and June, bloom in August and September. Easily grown and bulbs good for several seasons.

BRUCE'S CHOICE MIXED. A good mixture, 10 for 50c, 25 for \$1.00, 100 for \$3.50 postpaid.

BRUCE'S SUPERB MIXED. A grand mixture of all sorts, 10 for 50c, 25 for \$1.80, 100 for \$6.50 postpaid.

SEPARATE COLORS. White, Yellow, Pink, Scarlet and Striped, 10 for 75c, 25 for \$1.50, 100 for \$5.50 postpaid.

NAMED VARIETIES. Each separate and distinct, 12 for \$1.12, 25 for \$2.65.

JOHN A BRUCE & CO., LIMITED Established 71 Years HAMILTON, ONTARIO

HOW RHEUMATISM CAN BE OVERCOME

Not by Rubbing, But by Enriching the Blood.

Rheumatism is a disorder of the blood. It attacks people when the blood is overcharged with acid and impurities, thus setting up inflammation in the muscles and joints. Wet weather or cold weather may start the tortures of rheumatism, but it is not the cause. The cause is in the blood. Victims of this malady have every reason to fear the first dull ache in the limbs and joints, followed by sharp pains through the flesh and muscles; these are the symptoms of poison in the blood, which will shortly leave the victim pinpricked and helpless. Liniments, hot applications and rubbing may give temporary ease, but cannot possibly root the trouble out of the system. That can only be done by enriching the blood. This new blood drives out the poisonous impurities, and the rheumatism disappears. If you are a sufferer from this painful malady, begin the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and see how soon the pains and stiffness of the joints fade away. Among these pills is Dr. Freeman Irving, Baxter Harbor, N. S., who says: "Some time ago my blood was in a terrible condition, leaving me very much rundown, and with boils breaking out on my body. To add to my misery, rheumatism set in, and I not only suffered greatly from the pain, but could only get around with the greatest difficulty. After trying several medicines without much success, I decided to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial, as they had been warmly recommended to me. I think I used nine boxes altogether, but the results met my every expectation, as both the boils and the rheumatism disappeared. Naturally I feel that I cannot praise the pills too highly."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

The owner of a Paige 6-66 model is, indeed, Master of the Highway.

He drives with the serene confidence and tolerant good nature of the true sportsman.

For his car is the speed marvel of modern times—a car that the sporting world has tested and officially proclaimed champion.

The world's stock car record for speed now belongs to Paige—and Paige alone.

When our "Daytona 6-66" model thundered down the beach at 102.8 miles per hour, it proved itself not only a marvelously fast car, but a superlatively good car.

Only giant strength and endurance could survive such a heroic test.

So these are qualities that you will find in any Paige 6-66.

Because they were fine enough to win a world's championship, it must follow they are fine enough for all amateur demands in years of service.

All this—and more—you can establish for yourself.

We invite you to take one thorough demonstration behind the exclusive 6-66 motor and make a record of the tests.

Then ride in any other car—at any price—and compare the results.

We do not urge you to buy the Paige because of its very great advantage in cost.

We urge you to buy it because—irrespective of cost—it offers all that any man can require in luxurious and strictly modern motor-ing.

PAIGE-DETROIT MOTOR CAR COMPANY, DETROIT, Michigan.

Manufacturers of Paige Motor Cars and Motor Trucks

HODGINS & FERGUSON, LIMITED

68 - 72 YORK STREET, LONDON.

PHONE 1204

EXPIRED SUDDENLY

DURING OPERATION

Walkerton, April 22.—John W. Freiburger, a well-known Walkerton young man, who has conducted a blacksmith shop here for a number of years, died very suddenly yesterday at Bruce Coun-

ty Hospital. He was in his usual health when he went to the hospital to have his tonsils removed, and while under chloroform suddenly expired. Mr. Freiburger was about 35 years of age, and besides his wife and one child, is survived by his father and mother, who live in Walkerton, and also several brothers.

TOURISTS TO FIND MANY CHANGES IN EUROPEAN TRAVEL

France Expects Every Visitor To Pay a Tax From 2 1-2 to 6 Francs.

RHINE NOT ATTRACTIVE

England Has Plenty of Rooms and Police Restrictions Are Relaxed.

Paris, April 22.—American tourists visiting Paris this year will be called on to pay a special tourist tax of 2 1/2 to 6 francs a day if a bill which has been presented in the chamber is passed, and it appears more than likely that it will be.

The bill is being fostered by the Paris Municipal Council, which expects to obtain 100,000,000 francs from the visitors' tax, which is to be applied for three months, just as in the fashionable Riviera, west coast and inland resorts.

But even this measure is not as radical as the charges in Germany, where the hotel bills of foreigners still are being trebled to overcome exchange depression.

GERMAN TRAVEL DIFFICULT.

Berlin, April 18.—American tourists who come to Germany this summer will find conditions of travel far less attractive than in pre-war times. In Hamburg and Berlin hotel facilities are constantly overtaxed by businessmen and even persons who have telegraphed days in advance for accommodations are turned away by the first-class hotels.

For foreigners are assigned to rooms they pay far more than is charged to Germans.

Conditions along the Rhine are not specially inviting for tourists. The larger places are overtaxed by the occupying armies, and it is almost impossible for outsiders to get first-class hotel accommodations. Cologne, Coblenz and Mayence are filled to overflowing by British, American and French officers, respectively. Most of the hotels are under control of the military and cannot be used by civilians unless they have authorization from commanding officers. Police registration is very strict and

permits must be obtained to enter and leave various areas.

In South Germany conditions are more inviting to pleasure-seekers. Dresden and Munich are not so full with businessmen and the better hotels are usually able to provide tourists with rooms at rates much lower than in Berlin and Hamburg.

But if a passport problem is annoying even within Germany's own boundaries. For example, it is necessary for a tourist going from Berlin to Bavaria to have the visa of the Bavarian legation in Berlin. This precaution has been taken by Bavaria to prevent Red agitators from invading their territory from Berlin.

Good cards are necessary to get bread in dining cars and hotels, and most of the bread served is heavy and black.

In the smaller cities and villages the tourists will find conditions much the same as they were before the war. Americans motoring through Germany or traveling on trains are courteously treated. There is no longer any disposition to resent the use of the English language.

It is almost impossible under present conditions for tourists to travel on a fixed schedule in Central Europe, especially if the trip necessitates the crossing of boundaries. Passport offices are frequently crowded. Much time is lost in getting visas and trains have interminable waits at customs stations.

Through trains are now operating between Paris and Warsaw, which makes the rail trip to Poland and the Baltic States far easier than it has been since the armistice. Trains will soon be run from Berlin to Riga, Latvia. Barring passport annoyances, travel is almost normal between Berlin and Prague and Berlin and Vienna. There are no fast trains now between Berlin and Hamburg and Berlin and Bremen, such as existed before the war.

The great German steamship lines co-operating with American lines to operate touring companies of their own, which are prepared to conduct parties throughout Germany at a fixed price, including hotel accommodations, railway fares, guides and other expenses. The rates are higher than before the war, even taking the favorable American exchange into consideration.

JAPS TURN EYES TO ASIA MINOR

Nipponese Influence Sought To Be Extended To Aid Mediterranean Trade.

PARIS, April 22.—Japan has just taken an important step in furtherance of her interests as a world power and has appointed a high commissioner to Constantinople, who later will have the rank of ambassador. Japan had no diplomatic representative at the Turkish capital before the war.

In taking this step, Japan's first aim is probably to make her strength as the principal power in Asia felt, even in Asia Minor. Her second aim is to keep watch over Russia in the west as well as in the east.

Her third purpose is to extend her field of political action with the great powers beyond the sphere of the Pacific and the Far East.

For Turk Nationalists. With a view to limiting Russia's renewed territorial expansion in the Near East, Japan seemingly intends to support the claims of the Turkish Nationalists. In this she will find herself in agreement with France and in disagreement with Britain. At the same time, Japan's general policy harmonizes rather with that of Britain than France. This situation, it is expected here, will enable Japan to negotiate profitably with both. In return for support against the United States in questions relating to Shan-Tung, Siberia and the Pacific Islands, she will have something definite from the western powers in the Near East.

Japan's policy since the peace conference has been in striking contrast to that of the United States. Japan has no faith in the League of Nations and small interest in helping to enforce European territorial settlements or war indemnities. In this she resembles the United States, but unlike the United States, she apparently fails to see what harm membership in the league or a somewhat passive participation in the sittings of the allied supreme council can do her.

She habitually takes part in the debate only when questions are raised concerning her own interests. Thus she obtains first-hand information of all the activities of the league and supreme council, defends her own interests in both and at the same time accepts no definite responsibility in Europe.

Japan profits by all privileges granted her under the peace treaty of Versailles without even bothering to ask herself whether the acceptance of these privileges harmonizes with her more general policy of "Asia for the Asiatics," for example. Like Britain, France and Italy, she has two delegates on the Dardanelles and Bosphorus Straits commission, which controls all communication between the Mediterranean and the Black Sea. The two places accorded the United States on this commission still are vacant.

If Japanese commerce in the Eastern Mediterranean and Black Sea fails to prosper, it will not be the fault of the Japanese Government.

PRINCESS MARY TO WED BEFORE PRINCE OF WALES

Such Is Rumor Inspired by Visit of "Personage" At Palace.

LONDON, April 22.—An interesting item of gossip reaches me. This is the news that the Princess Margaret of Denmark and her father, Prince Waldemar, are coming to stay with Queen Alexandra for some little time. The "White Princess" has been on an extended shopping tour in Paris. It will be recalled that on the occasion of her visit with the Danish royal party some few months ago some interesting rumors coupled her name with that of the Prince of Wales. Although it can be stated authoritatively that at present there is a long way separated from fact, it is impossible to forget that the question of the marriage of the heir apparent is one that must necessarily engage attention in the not very remote future.

I shall not be at all surprised, however, if we hear of the engagement of Princess Mary before we hear of the engagement of the Prince of Wales. The youthful "personage" who was staying at the palace recently, and went about London with the Prince of Wales's quarry in attendance, has let loose a flood of talk in chit-chat.

PASTOR SAYS EARTH SPEEDS FAST TO END

Nine Ways Outlined by Which Old World May Meet Destruction.

DETROIT, April 22.—The world is traveling on its way to destruction at the rate of 600,000 miles a day, so the Rev. George T. Gulien of the West Grand Boulevard M. E. Church believes. That was a sure thing, he declared, and further he said there are at least eight other ways in which the old world may come to its end before the fatal ending of the "death journey."

First, he declared, the axis of the earth might decide to shift about a few degrees, with the result that the oceans would sweep over the dry lands and destroy all life before an ark could be built. If that fails to occur there might be a failure of the sun's heat and the crust of the earth would absorb all the water and the air. The death of our planet might, on the other hand, be brought about by the heat of the sun drying out and leaving the earth a mass of ice. There was just a possibility that we might all be asphyxiated by the earth passing through the tail of a comet, or this planet might collide with another world wandering through space. And the end might be brought about by the slowing down or the speeding up of the rate of the earth's rotation on its own axis. The rotation at present is just sufficient to counteract the centrifugal force of the sun, and if it were slowed down the earth would fly into the sun, starting at the rate of 1,100 miles an hour and be consumed. If the rate of rotation were accelerated the earth would fly out into a temperature of 400 degrees below zero and the oceans would be frozen to their utmost depths.

Other ways by which Mr. Gulien could see the world come to its end were the closing up of all volcanoes and other vents for gases, the inevitable result of which would be a terrific explosion that would shatter the world or bring part of the atmosphere to such a heat that the oxygen and nitrogen would unite and cause a combustion of the atmosphere.

That such disasters were not impossible was shown, he said, by the spectroscopy, by means of which man could read the life history of the planets. He added:

"The spectroscopy shows that one planet is in a state of white heat, that another showing yellow is on the down grade, that Mars is dying, that the moon is dead, while Jupiter is just getting ready for sentient life. This world is on its way to death, for it is traveling straight toward Hercules 600,000 miles a day, and while the distance is immense it is not infinite.

But the greatest danger that Mr. Gulien thinks confronts the earth is a collision with a dead star. Such a star would be invisible until it came within the range of the sun's rays, which would be when it was five times as far away as Neptune. It could then be seen in the telescope. In twenty-five years more it would be visible to the naked eye. In five years more it would pass Neptune and in 145 days from that time it kept straight on, it would strike the earth. That would give us thirty-two years and 14 days of warning from the time the dead world was first picked up by the telescope.

Science tells us the end is coming, the preacher went on more reassuringly, but it does not believe the end is near. It estimates that God took ninety million years to make the world habitable by man and that man's life on it is perhaps 100,000 years.

His comparatively optimistic comment at the finish was:

"Why could God spend all that time in making a world if it is to be destroyed so soon? God wastes neither space, material, nor time. He is too busy. He is continually making new worlds, but he does not destroy them almost as soon as they are made."

YOU NEED NOT ENDURE THE PAINS OF RHEUMATISM

Neuralgia, Neuritis, Sciatica, Lumbago—100,000 Canadian men and women have proved by actual use that

Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules will remove every trace of these dread diseases and every ache and pain from your body.

Guaranteed to contain no habit-forming drug, and to be absolutely harmless to the heart, kidneys or other organs. Prescribed by doctors, sold by druggists, \$1.00 per box. Trial free on request, or write Templeton's 142 King W. Toronto. Sold by all London Druggists. In Saratoga, by Ingersoll Bros.; Stratford, Gregory & Jure; Simcoe, Austin & Co.; Sarnia, E. Simbach; Tilbury, G. P. Arnold; Tillsonburg, W. S. McDonald; Watford, J. W. MacLaren; Woodstock, Pepper's Drug Store; Wallaceburg, D. Brander; Wingham, J. W. McKillop.

WHATEVER YOU DO, DON'T NEGLECT YOUR EYES, SAYS DR. LEWIS, WHO

Tells How To Strengthen Eyesight 50 Per Cent in One Week's Time in Many Instances.

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home.

Philadelphia, Pa.—Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye strain or other eye weakness? If so, you will be glad to hear according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope for you. He says neglect causes more eye troubles and poor sight than any other one thing. Many whose eyes were failing say they had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully. Now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me."

A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes as the years go by.

Expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rule. Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one tablet in four to six glasses of water and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time.

NOTE: Another prominent physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very remarkable remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances or refund the money. It can be obtained from any good druggist, and is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family. It is sold in this city by all leading druggists, including George Drug Store or Standard Drug

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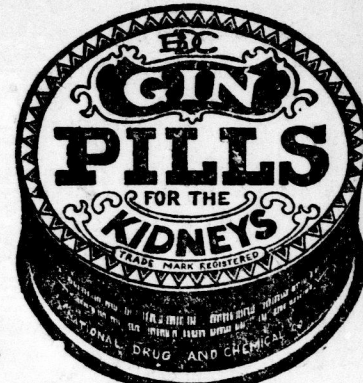
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Back to the old Price — 50c. a box



This reduced price is now effective throughout Canada

383

"Purify the Blood"

THIS is the doctor's advice to most people whose blood he analyzes at this season of the year.

Overeating of artificial foods, combined with too little outdoor exercise, leaves the human system clogged with poisonous impurities.

The liver is torpid, the bowels constipated and the kidneys so overworked that they become ineffective as filters of the blood.

The most rational treatment is Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills because of their

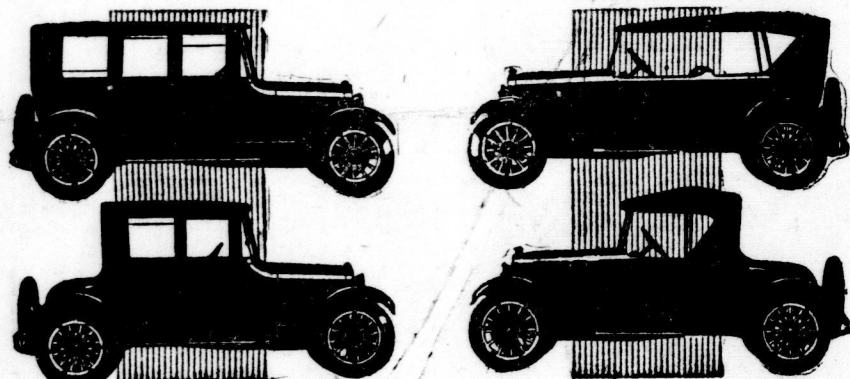
combined action in arousing these filtering and excretory organs to healthful activity.

Mrs. Albert Brunet, R.R. No. 1, Ottawa, Ont., writes:

"I have used Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills for the past two months, having been afflicted with kidney trouble. I used two doctors' medicine previous to this, without any good results. A friend told me to use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and the second box made me feel a good deal better. I have now used about six or eight boxes, and am completely relieved. I shall always praise Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, and tell my friends about the benefit they have been to me."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, 25 cts. a box, all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

REO



"Standardize on Reos"

☐ If your requirements call for several automobiles;—

☐ And if you have one Reo in your garage now;—

☐ And if you would derive the same degree of satisfaction from your other cars that you do from that dependable Reo;—

☐ Then follow the plan that so many other experienced motorists have adopted and make your home garage a Reo garage—exclusively.

☐ For yourself in business hours, a Coupe or Roadster.

☐ For the real head of the house (for her social, shopping and other activities) a cosy Coupe or Sedan.

☐ For the young folk, an open touring car.

☐ For "Junior" a Roadster, of course.

☐ Then any member of the family can drive any car in your fleet, without an instant's thought as to controls—and your chauffeur or houseman can care for four Reos as easily as for one of any other make.

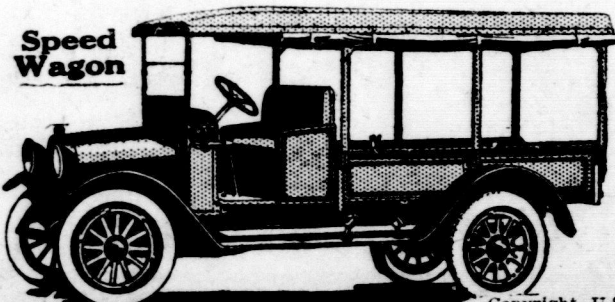
☐ Saving is surprising and satisfaction supreme.

☐ And—if you have any hauling or delivering to do, you will need a Reo Speed Wagon. That's the most versatile and economical vehicle built for every kind of carrying.

BEEMER & CO.

129-133 QUEEN'S AVENUE

Reo Motor Car Company of Canada, Ltd., St. Catharines, Ont.



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Minister de l'Agriculture de la Province de Quebec

Service de l'horticulture.

Quebec, le 6 Avril, 1921

Messrs. Tilbury Brick and Tile Co., Ltd. Tilbury, Ont.

Gentlemen:—

I acknowledge receipt of your shipment of 25,000 four inch tile which reached Portneuf last week.

Allow me to congratulate you on the way these goods were loaded on the cars. If we keep in mind the distance existing between Tilbury and Portneuf, it is surprising to note that out of a total of 25,000 tiles only 170 were broken. This testifies highly in favour of your factory, the quality of your tile and the care taken in view of protecting same.

I am having your account settled at once....

Thanking you for your prompt attention in this matter, I am,

Yours truly,

(Signed) J. H. Lavoie,

Chief of the Horticultural Service.

JHL/IM

Portneuf is situated 137 miles northeast of Montreal, and is 670 miles from Tilbury. The freight rate is nearly as great as the cost of the tile at Tilbury.

Cars shipped to Portneuf were switched at least five times. It takes exceptionally good ware to stand this strain.

Ontario Agricultural College tests show that "Tilbury Tile" stand greatest breaking strain, and are unexcelled in all other tests.

Buy "TILBURY TILE."

THE TILBURY BRICK & TILE COMPANY, LTD. TILBURY, ONT.



Aspirin

Nothing Else is Aspirin

Warning! Unless you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all.

Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 21 years and proved safe by millions for Headache, Earache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, and pain generally. Made in Canada.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets cost but a few cents—Larger packages.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetide of Salicylic acid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

"CANADA'S GREATEST SEED HOUSE"

STEELE BRIGGS SEEDS

GROW FINEST CROPS

SOLD EVERYWHERE IN CANADA WRITE FOR NEW CATALOG

STEELE BRIGGS SEED CO. LIMITED

HAMILTON TORONTO WINNIPEG

SWEDISH SHIPPERS ABANDON N. Y. PORT

Tobacco Monopoly Says Facilities Here Are Costly and Inadequate.

STRIKE A DRAWBACK

Indications That Exporters Will Follow Suit If Changes Are Not Made.

New York, April 22.—Costly and inadequate shipping and terminal facilities have caused the Swedish tobacco monopoly to abandon the port of New York almost entirely as a base from which to export tobacco to the Swedish ports of Stockholm and Gothenburg. Philadelphia, New Orleans and Charleston are the ports most favored by this exporting organization.

This shift of base is only one more illustration of the vital need of New York to extend and improve her port terminal and transportation facilities. If she does not desire to see a great proportion of her ocean-borne commerce gradually absorbed by other seaports.

The importation of tobacco into Sweden is a Swedish Government monopoly. Operating for export only, the United States office of that organization is located at 135 Broadway. It supervises the export from United States ports of about 7,000 tons of tobacco a year, of an approximate value of \$2,000,000.

In 1919, when the demand for ships to carry export cargoes was great and shippers had to do the best they could almost regardless of cost, the greater part of this export trade was shipped out of New York harbor.

But not a pound of it has gone from New York now in many months. During 1920 about two-thirds of the total quantity sent to Sweden was shipped from

Philadelphia, New Orleans and Charleston. The freight charge includes all transportation, and our only extra expense is for reconditioning. We have no trucking or lightering to pay at exorbitant rates, and we have the privilege of storing our tobacco on the upper decks of the sheltered piers themselves.

D.D.D.
The Lotion for Skin Disease
Strong's Drug Store, Standard Drug Co., Limited, and Taylor's Drug Store, 390 Richmond street, London.

Philadelphia, with the remaining one-third divided about equally between New Orleans and Charleston. In the current year, according to the American representatives of the Swedish tobacco monopoly, only one-half of the total export of domestic tobaccos will be shipped from the port of New Orleans. The other half will be divided between Philadelphia and Charleston, with New York shipping virtually none of it.

There are several reasons why the port of New York has lost this export business, and the same reasons which have caused a change of policy by the Swedish tobacco monopoly are doubtless influencing and will continue to influence other exporters to transfer their business to other ports, unless there be a speedy and radical improvement in the terminal and shipping facilities of the metropolis.

Transportation conditions in New York last year were made particularly difficult by the strikes of the truckmen and the stevedores, which for a time almost paralyzed freight traffic. This condition alone alienated much commerce from the port of New York. Furthermore, with the exception of the Bush terminal development and the plant of the New York Dock Company, this port has little or no terminal facilities now available that can compete with cities which have railroad tracks connecting trunk lines directly with their ocean piers, and extensive and convenient warehousing and storage facilities in connection therewith.

Whatever rail-borne freights destined for export may arrive in Manhattan must be transported to ocean piers by trucks, and the cost of trucking last year, in the opinion of many shippers, became well nigh prohibitive. If the merchandise for export arrives at the New Jersey terminals, then the heavy cost of lightering becomes an equally important factor. In addition to all this, warehousing and storage facilities in this port are notoriously inadequate and costly.

Many shippers from New York, furthermore, complain that they suffer because of the stranglehold maintained upon all stevedoring, lightering and co-operation operations by union labor organizations. Tobacco for export, for instance, must be packed in hogsheads, and with a nicely attained only by experience. But labor organizations here will not permit a tobacco shipper to put his own experienced men on that job even though he be content to pay the union wage scale. In Philadelphia and New Orleans, shippers say, union restrictions are not so ironclad.

"In Philadelphia," said a representative of the Swedish concern, "railroad sidings in most instances run directly down to the ocean piers. But, whether they do or not, our cargoes there are delivered either by rail or by trucks on the piers, and are even unloaded by the railroads. The freight charge includes all transportation, and our only extra expense is for reconditioning. We have no trucking or lightering to pay at exorbitant rates, and we have the privilege of storing our tobacco on the upper decks of the sheltered piers themselves."

JAPANESE NAVY GROWING DAILY

Nippon Folk Keep on Building War Craft in Accordance With Set Program.

TOKIO, April 22.—Japan's present naval program which, say officials, will be completed whatever may be arranged with foreign powers as to future curtailment, means more than the creation of the so-called "eight and eight" units.

The phrase "eight and eight" signifies, according to the official view here that Japan will build until she has eight first class battleships and eight first class battle cruisers, but it also signifies another "eight," namely, that when one of the above sixteen units reaches the age of eight years, that unit passes to the second line, to be replaced immediately by a new ship of the latest design.

Will Have 16 First Class. It is pointed out therefore that Japan's future navy, as at present outlined, will have sixteen first class fighting ships of the latest construction as well as numerous ships of the second line to which the warships now building will fall when a period of eight years makes substitution necessary. Hence, adherence to the "eight and eight" plan means constant building and constant big expenditure. It is this continuing outlay to which Ex-Minister Yukio Ozaki takes objection in his campaign for an international agreement for naval restriction on the ground that the budget involved will prove disastrous for his country.

Comparison of Strength. A comparison of the strength of the navies of Japan and the United States shows, according to the view held here, that in 1921 Japan will have one fewer major ship, two more light cruisers, 220 fewer destroyers and 11 fewer submarines than the United States. By the end of 1923, if the programs of the respective countries are carried out, the United States will lead Japan 16 in major warships, 24 more submarines, but on the other hand the American light cruisers will fall behind Japan's to the number of three. By the end of 1927, Japan will have two fewer big ships, three more light cruisers and 47 fewer destroyers. Japan is, however, devoting herself to submarines and it is expected that by 1927 she will beat the United States in submarines to the number of 32.

Will Be in the Same Position. If the United States does not start a new program after 1923 either replacing old ships transferred to the "second line" or augmenting her fleet, Japan, it is held here, after big expenditures and continuous building at her maximum capacity will, in 1927 only be in practically the same relative position as she is today, 1921.

If, on the other hand, the United States, after 1923 adopts a new building program of only replacing for her old ships going into the "second line," which is regarded as not only a reasonable assumption, but almost a certainty, then, it is the contention here, that Japan in 1927 will occupy the same relatively weak position that she will have in 1923.

United States Disregarded. Those favoring Japan's entering an international restriction agreement express the opinion that Japan's plans are laid without any thought of the United States policy after 1923. And further, that if Japan seriously favored or desired disarmament for herself she would take the lead in trying to force the world to accept it, immediately, rather than sit back and permit the United States and Great Britain to take the initiative.

Appearances here indicate that Japan is doing everything to expedite her building program. Admiral Kato, the minister of marine, recently told the Diet that the following in England of the principle of the division of work made it possible to build more quickly and at the minimum expense.

British Policy Adopted.

Heretofore the policy of the Japanese navy to make each navy yard as complete a unit as possible,

capable of doing all manner of work. When the policy of rapid naval expansion was adopted, it was found that such yards were not capable of quick expansion, in the meantime, private manufacturing facilities have developed to such an extent that the navy can now depend on some of them to supply much of its required materials. It therefore is considered probable here that the British policy cited by the minister of the navy has been adopted by the Japanese navy department.

The largest simultaneous establishment of the new naval gun factories at Hiro and Sasebo, the naval arsenal in Sunokai, which includes 800 acres of land, the Mitsubishi torpedo factory near Nagasaki, the aeroplane factories of Nagoya and Sasebo, the development of the ordnance section of the Murooran Steel Works and numerous other small projects are believed to

show, in addition to a haste in increasing armaments, a permanent rearrangement and division of work that will in the future be capable of still greater expansion without confusion or disorganization.

Has Five Superdreadnoughts. Japan has five superdreadnoughts less than nine years of age, namely, the Fusu, Yamashiro, Ise, Hyuga and Nagato. In 1923, under the age limit policy, the Fusu will fall into second line, but the new superdreadnoughts Mutsu, Kaga and Tosa will be in commission making a total of seven dreadnoughts. In 1927, the Yamashiro, Ise and Hyuga will go into the second line, but it is expected that four others will have been completed, so that the total will be eight.

In powerful battle-cruisers, Japan has strength superior to that of the United States. The Kongo, Hiyel, Haruna and Kirishima are all under

nine years of age. By 1923, all four are scheduled to withdraw to the second line defence, but the projected battle-cruisers Amagi and Akagi are expected to be placed in commission by that year. By 1927, six new battle-cruisers are expected to be added, making a total of eight.

Turning Out Submarines. In addition to pushing this continuous building program it is understood as fast as possible, realizing that under-water craft are best adapted to the defence of her empire which is composed of so many islands, and believing that, finding shelter as they can in the rocky inlets, they will offer a serious menace to ships advancing to attack in the dangerous channels that surround the Nippon coast line.

Japan realizes that she is weak in aviation and is exerting herself to

train capable airmen as well as to build high-grade aeroplanes and hydroplanes.

CAUSE OF EARLY OLD AGE

The celebrated Dr. Michenoff, an authority on early old age, says that it is "caused by poisons generated in the intestine." When your stomach digests food properly it is absorbed without forming poisonous matter. Poisons bring on early old age and premature death; 15 to 30 drops of "Seigel's Syrup" after meals makes your digestion sound.

Talk No. 7.—To Women:

Prudent young women always start life right by habitually ordering Hunt's Diamond Flour.

Its unquestioned merit is proven in the recognized quality of its bread and pastry.

By reason of its known superiority, Hunt's Diamond Flour becomes a habit that lasts.

DIAMOND FLOUR

"Becomes a habit"

HUNT BROS. LTD. LONDON ONTARIO

Also Millers of Thorobread Flour—Highest Manitoba Patent

This is Battery Inspection Week

Free examination and unbiased advice at Prest-O-Lite Service Stations



DRIVE around to the Prest-O-Lite Service Station this week and let experts give your battery the once-over. Get ready for the motoring season just ahead.

No matter what make your battery is, the service station's job is to examine it and advise you intelligently and honestly. Maybe it doesn't need so much as a drink of distilled water.

Anyhow, it won't cost you a nickel to find out. And now's the time to do that. Some little five-minute adjustment NOW may save you the price of a new battery later.

You are careful to see that your car has gas, oil and waxes. Don't overlook that equally important element—battery-juice. Every Prest-O-Lite Service Station is a life-extension dispensary for batteries.

When you do need a new battery, you'll be glad to know that Prest-O-Lite is back to pre-war prices and that an allowance will be made on your old battery. Get that examination now.

LONDON BATTERY & TIRE REPAIR CO.
339 Talbot Street. Phone 6151.

Prest-O-Lite Storage Battery

Uses less than one four-hundredth of its power-reserve for a single start—and the generator quickly replaces that.

Prest-O-Lite BATTERY SERVICE

Pull up where you see this sign

MACDONALD'S CUT BRIER

Back of MACDONALD'S Cut Briar is the tobacco standard established in the "fifties" and maintained to the present day by

The Tobacco with a heart



The Tobacco with a heart

The Economy Tin
1 lb 85¢



More Tobacco for the Money

1/2 lb. Package 15¢

MURDER MAN IN PRESENCE OF A PRIEST

Sinn Feiners Pour Shot Into
Already Wounded Man's
Body.

BURNS BISHOP'S HOME

Another Effort At Negotia-
tions With Republicans
Is Reported.

DUBLIN, April 22.—For the first time in the history of the troubles in Ireland Sinn Feiners have murdered a man in the presence of a priest who was summoned to administer the last rites. He was John Reilly, the former soldier, who was taken from his home at Ballycar by armed men Wednesday night and shot to death.

The priest was called after Reilly had been severely wounded. With the arrival of the priest, the raiders poured pistol shots into Reilly, killing him. A label was pinned to the body, reading: "Executed by the Irish Republican Army. Getting them at last. Beware!"

ATTEMPT CONFERENCE.
Following the recent visits to Ireland of Lord Haldane and Sir William Sutherland there arrived in Dublin last evening another reputable emissary of the Government, the Earl of Derby. Whether he comes authorized to speak officially for the Government is a subject of eager speculation here. It is understood that neither Lord Haldane nor Sir William was so empowered, and the efforts of the former to secure an interview with Eamon De Valera and Arthur Griffiths failed on that account. Lord Haldane, however, is reported to have talked with Professor John MacNeill in Mountjoy prison.

BEWARE OF BRONCHITIS

Bronchitis is generally caused by neglecting a cold, or exposure to wet and inclement weather. It begins with a tightness across the chest, difficulty in breathing, and a wheezing sound coming from the lungs. There is a raising of phlegm, especially the first thing in the morning. This is at first white, but later becomes a greenish or yellowish color, and is occasionally streaked with blood.

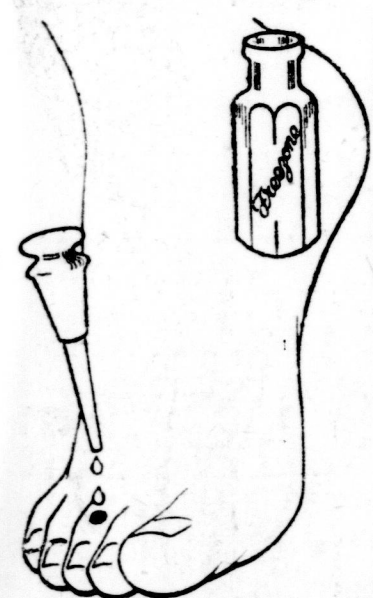
On the first sign of bronchitis you should check it immediately by using Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, thereby prevent it becoming chronic, and perhaps developing into some more serious lung trouble.

Mrs. Brice Cutham, Sheffield, Ont., writes: "In December, 1919, I was very sick with bronchitis, and had to stay in the house all winter. One day I saw Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup advertised, so I got a small bottle which helped me very much. I then got a 60c size, and it completely relieved me. I cannot praise Dr. Wood's enough for what it did. Two of my neighbors are now using it for colds."

Don't accept a substitute for Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup; the genuine is put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; price 35c and 60c; manufactured only by The T. Milburn Company, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

CORNS

Lift Off with Fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! "Drop a little 'Freezone' on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Try it!"

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the callus, without soreness or irritation.

Your Current Account

ARE you getting the maximum of service in connection with your Current Account?

We are in a position to offer close exchange rates, to give your collections prompt attention, to buy or sell drafts, and to issue letters of credit and money orders.

You will find Standard Service efficient in all departments.

379

THE
STANDARD BANK
OF CANADA

TOTAL ASSETS OVER NINETY MILLIONS

London Branch:

H. F. Clarke, Manager.

NAZIMOVA IN "BILLIONS"

A favorite stage actress, whose film productions are well patronized, at Loew's on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

is to the effect that the attitude of the Dail Eireann remains unchanged. It is asserted that its representatives are not adverse to meeting accredited representatives of the Government, but that discussions regarding peace will not be entered into until a definite offer from the Government is received.

BISHOP OF KILLALOE PLEADS CESSATION OF REPRISALS

CORK, April 22.—The Most Rev. M. Fogarty, lord bishop of Killaloe, Ennis, whose residence was set afire Wednesday night, appealed today through the newspapers of Ennis for a cessation of reprisals and counter-reprisals in Ennis. The lord bishop said the circumstances were "exasperating, but that he hoped the community would rise superior to exasperation and that no one should be moved to retaliate for the attempt to burn his house."

THREE KILLINGS DAY'S TOLL IN EMERALD ISLE

DUBLIN, April 22.—Thomas Phelan of Ballyragget was shot dead today by a body of military and police. He was running away after having refused to halt upon being challenged. Other persons killed today were John Harrison, a farmer, who was shot dead at Drumreilly, and Substitute Constable Loughlin, who was shot at a Tralee public house. An attempt was made last night to blow up the railway bridge at Castle-town. Much damage was done.

SIX MURDERS BY SINN FEIN; NINE ATTEMPTS FAIL

DUBLIN, April 22.—The weekly review of Irish conditions issued by the Government today says there has been no change in the situation. It reports 29 attacks on crown forces during the week, resulting in 30 casualties. Sinn Fein murders of civilians, it declares, were six in number, the victims including Sir Arthur Vickers, who was shot at his residence at Listowel, while the attempted murders are given as nine in number.

There were 50 raids on the mails and 50 raids on tax collectors, in which 21,400 were taken. There were 60 arrests for outrages and political offences, adds the review, and 46 trials of civilians by court-martial, resulting in 49 convictions. Persons to the number of 129 were imprisoned, making the total under internment 2,679.

MILITARY ARREST GUARD OF HONOR AT FUNERAL

CORK, April 22.—While the body of Timothy Sullivan, the prominent Sinn Feiner who was shot and killed here by the constabulary Tuesday night, was being removed from St. Finbar's Church to a hearse for a requiem mass the military arrested the guard of honor. Their places were taken by spectators, who placed the coffin in the hearse.

The military authorities previously had placed restrictions on the size of the funeral and had brought a large number of troops and an armored car to insure order at the funeral.

UNITED STATES CLOSES DOOR AGAINST ALL POLITICAL REFUGEES

WASHINGTON, D.C., April 22.—By an overwhelming vote the House of Representatives today rejected an amendment to the immigration restriction bill under which political refugees from foreign countries would have been permitted to enter the United States. Another amendment embodying a resolution introduced several days ago permitting Donald O'Callaghan, lord mayor of Cork, to remain here, was thrown out on a point of order. Representative of the United States, the Republican leader, pleading for defeat of the political refugee amendment, declared its adoption would open the gates "not only to William, the Damned, but also the emperor of Austria and all the hordes from Russia and elsewhere."

SEAMEN AGREE TO 15 PER CENT DECREASE

LONDON, April 22.—The danger of a tie-up in the trans-Atlantic shipping services, threatened by the announcement of the owners of a 30-per-cent reduction in the wages of the seamen and stewards, has been decreased by the provisional acceptance on the part of the representatives of the seamen of reductions of 15 per cent effective May 5.

All the seamen are affected by this settlement, but not the stewards, who are negotiating their schedule independently. The reductions have been approved by the shipowners.

"DRY" WORKERS SOLICIT "PERS" SAY DOCTORS

Scathing Remarks Alleged To
Have Been Made At An-
nual Meeting.

WOODSTOCK, April 22.—Scathing comment and condemnation was leveled by some members of the Oxford County Medical Association at the annual meeting toward a certain class of strong temperance and prohibition workers, who, although openly advocating and working for prohibition, still come to the doctors' offices soliciting prescriptions and practically asking the doctors to break the law.

The remarks were made when one of the doctors brought in a resolution that the physicians in future issue "pers" only to patients in bed. The resolution, however, was defeated.

Dr. Montgomery was elected president; Dr. D. M. Sutherland, Woodstock, vice-president; Dr. Brodie, Woodstock, secretary; executive, Drs. Furlong, Green, C. M. McKay and Dr. Brodie.

Oppose Capital Punishment.
At a meeting of the Beavers Women's U. F. O. Club a resolution was passed against capital punishment. A resolution asking that the Government see that all eggs imported from China be distinctly marked "Chinese" was also approved. In an effort to rid the country of sparrows, blackbirds and cowbirds, the clubs have decided to offer substantial prizes to boys and girls' clubs these birds. The most eggs from the nests of the above-mentioned birds.

Fewer Auto Licenses.
This year there has been a slight falling off in the number of auto licenses issued in Oxford County in comparison with last year. Up to date 2,836 autos, 117 trucks and 30 motorcycles, licenses have been issued, and the revenue from these will net the Government nearly \$80,000.

The Kirsch Manufacturing Company is now an assured new industry for Woodstock. Some time ago the council negotiated with the American concern, which manufactures the Kirsch drapery and curtain rods, and secured for them factory premises. Today word was received that the first carload of machinery had been shipped here.

ST. THOMAS YOUTHS HELD FOR VAGRANCY

Trio Found Hanging Around
Blenheim Are Jailed
For Week.

Blenheim, April 22.—Three young men, giving their ages from 17 to 18, were before Magistrate Whittington to answer a charge of why they were wandering about town without any visible means of support and were putting the night in around the P. M. Railway coal chute, where they were gathered in about 12 o'clock by Chief of Police Herb Wilson. They gave the following names and addresses: Clarence Sutton of Paradise St. Thomas, parents living in Niagara Falls, N. Y.; Stanley Grosbeck, 209 Centre street, St. Thomas; Emmett Barrett, 40 Barnes street, St. Thomas. From what could be gathered, they dropped off a freight train here. The magistrate did not ask them to plead, but remanded them to the county jail at Chatham for one week, when they will come up for trial here. In the meantime the police of St. Thomas will be communicated with and their history looked into. The young men seemed to take the situation with a certain amount of adventure spirit, and smiled when they were being handcuffed and taken on to Chatham. They were fairly well dressed, had no money and did not have the appearance of criminals.

Three cars of tobacco are being shipped from this point this week by the Empire Tobacco Company. Farmers who report that the prevailing prices paid for what is being shipped was from 8 to 10 cents per pound. The Canadian Co-operative Tobacco Company is busy at the grading factory, and report a steady delivery by growers, and about three tons are being graded per day, and forwarded on to Kingsville to be processed. Forty hands are employed at the factory here. Only the tobacco of those who take shares in the company are handled. It is expected that it will take well into the summer to care for the tobacco the shareholders have.

PORT DOVER BOARD ELECTS NEW OFFICERS

PORT DOVER, April 22.—At the annual meeting of the board of trade officers were elected as follows: President, F. M. Bond; vice-president, C. P. Freeman; secretary-treasurer, Ed. Moon; executive council, the president, vice-president, secretary-treasurer and G. O. Robinson, I. B. Ivey, C. W. Barwell, Capt. P. C. Robinson, Chas. G. Ivey, E. P. Bagley, W. F. Tibbitts, J. S. Martin, W. F. Tibbitts and J. H. Jackson were appointed as auditors.

RED BIRD BICYCLES

ARE GOOD BICYCLES.

Count Them On the Streets.

PROHIBIT SALE OF NATIVE WINES SAYS R. R. HALL

Tells Legislature He Is Pre-
pared To Go the Whole
Hog.

NO MORE LICENSES

The Reciprocal Insurance Bill
Meets With No Favor in
Legislature.

TORONTO, April 22.—Quite in vain did R. R. Hall, Liberal member for Parry Sound, seek to ascertain from the Government yesterday what its intentions were with regard to the bill of H. H. Dewar, Liberal leader, to prohibit the sale of native wines in Ontario and to limit the amount of liquor obtainable on doctors' prescriptions to six ounces. In the tumult of a discussion over bonded liquor warehouses the question he asked went unanswered.

Go Whole Hog.
But Mr. Hall, in making the question, gave the interesting information that "We on this side of the House have undertaken to go the whole hog. We are for prohibition because the people have said that they want prohibition. We believe in giving the people what they demand."

Hon. Mr. Ferguson—"And all they want?"

It, as Mr. Hall says, members on the Opposition side of the House are going to support the Dewar bill, there is more than a probability that sufficient members will be found on the Government side to vote for and carry it.

NO FURTHER LICENSES.

TORONTO, April 22.—Hon. W. E. Raney assured the Legislature today that the Ontario Government will urge upon the Dominion authorities that no further licenses for bonded liquor warehouses should be issued. This statement was made while the House was in committee on the latest amendments to the Ontario liquor act. There had not been any correspondence with Ottawa on the question for over a year, said the attorney-general. There had been considerable confusion when the chairman of the board of license commissioners issued a permit to the Hudson Bay Company. He had then given instructions to Mr. Flavelle that he must not issue any more permits. There had never been any doubt as to the policy of the Government on this question.

Hon. G. Howard Ferguson objected to the clause in the bill which restricted hearing of appeals in offences against the O. T. A. to the senior county judge. Hon. Mr. Raney would not drop this clause. He contended that it was well to have an established authority. The bill was amended to provide that a person appealing for a reduction in penalty shall not have to take out an affidavit. At 5:50 the premier wished to proceed with a bill providing salaries of \$6,000 for Hon. I. B. Lucas and Col. Carmichael, members of the hydro-electric commission, but a member called the speaker's attention to the absence of a quorum, and the House was adjourned.

No Reciprocal Insurance.
The Legislature threw out the bill brought in by Charles McCrea, Sudbury, respecting reciprocal insurance, by 21 to 8.

Captain J. E. Thompson (Northeast Toronto) objected vigorously to the bill and read a letter from C. D. Finlayson, superintendent of insurance for the Dominion of Canada, who was not favorably disposed to the bill, particularly at this time when steps were being taken in the United States to curbing such companies. Captain Thompson held that if American companies were to come to Ontario to do business they should put up a deposit the same as Canadian companies. Premier Dewar thought reciprocal insurance would be of great advantage to Ontario, but thought the bill might stand over for another session. He would leave the matter to the public. The attorney-general favored the bill, and thought a start should be made towards reciprocal insurance. He agreed to a suggestion by Hon. G. H. Ferguson that the bill should not become law without a proclamation. The House then threw out the bill by the vote given above.

Mr. Halerow, Hamilton, withdrew his bill respecting the public parks act.

I. W. W. SECRETARY IN RUSSIA, FUGITIVE FROM U. S. JUSTICE

Government May Extract
Bonds—Amount Involved
\$45,000.

CHICAGO, April 22.—William Haywood, secretary of the Industrial Workers of the World, who is reported to have gone to Russia just as he was about to begin a 20-year penitentiary sentence for obstruction of the United States war activities, must surrender by Monday or his bonds will be forfeited and the United States district attorney's office announced today.

Haywood was out under bond of \$15,000, and under the law double that amount had to be scheduled by his bondsmen. William Bross Lloyd, wealthy member of the Communist Labor Party, was one of the bondsmen. W. W. leaders yesterday received word that Haywood had reached Russia. Efforts are now being made to reach him by cable.

GUELPH HYDRO-RADIAL AGREEMENT MUST BE MATERIALLY ALTERED

Premier Drury Tells Legislature, If It
Is to Receive Government
Approval.

TORONTO, April 22.—There is not very much hope that the Ontario Legislature during the present session will take action in regard to taking over the Guelph Street Railway by the hydro-electric power commission. In the Legislature this afternoon Premier Drury told G. H. Buckland, South Wellington, that the matter had been given very serious consideration by the Government.

Last year the city of Guelph asked the Government for advice as to what course to take. They were told that while the Government objected to the Guelph radial being added to the hydro radial system, the Government would

not object to the city handing over the radial line to the hydro authorities for operation. The proposed agreement was to be submitted to the Government before the people voted on it. That was according to statute. The ratifiers of Guelph, however, had voted on an agreement which had not been submitted to the Government. Had it been submitted to the Government, there would have been considerable modification.

exactly as requested. The prime minister said that the agreement would have to be altered very materially before the Government would ratify it. Perhaps you want a domestic in a hurry. Then use The London Advertiser classified columns and you will be quickly supplied because everybody reads The London Advertiser.

ECZEMA
You are now experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Ointment for Eczema and Skin Irritations. It relieves at once and gradually heals the skin. Sample box Dr. Chase's Ointment free if you mention this paper and send 2c. stamp for postage. See all dealers or Edmundson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

MEIGHENITES ARE MUTE UNDER LIBERAL LEADER'S ARRAIGNMENT

Statement of L. A. Davidson At Toronto Challenged by Ernest Lapointe, East Quebec — Describes Remarks As "Vile, Mean, Despicable Slander" — Hon. Mackenzie King Asserts Davidson "Had Full Knowledge That Statement Was False and Untrue."

(Special to The Advertiser.)

OTTAWA, April 22.—When A. L. Davidson, M. P. for Annapolis, and assistant chief whip of the Meighen party, undertook in Toronto on April 20 to cast a reflection upon the selection by the Liberals of Canada of Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King as leader, he apparently forgot that he would probably be called upon in the House of Commons to substantiate his charges on his responsibility as a member of parliament or concede them on silence to be unbased on fact and unfounded.

Tory Tactics.

On the particular occasion in question Mr. Davidson, as reported in Toronto papers, is recorded as having stated that the Rockefeller interests were anxious that one of their employees should be leader of a national Canadian party, and that they had paid the expenses of young French-Canadians in Quebec to come to the National Liberal Convention to vote for the appointment of Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King as Liberal leader. The accusation is peculiarly characteristic of the tactics which Tories have traditionally used, but it did not long go unanswered.

Question of Privilege.

Before the orders of the day were called this afternoon, Ernest Lapointe of East Quebec rose to a question of privilege. He quoted the words with which the member for Annapolis had been credited in the Globe and the Mail. "This statement, if it has been made," he declared in a clear, level voice, "is a vile, mean and despicable slander."

Opposition members applauded, but there was dead silence from the government side, and Mr. Davidson said not a word. Mr. Speaker rose to a point of order.

"I say, 'if it has been made,'" said Mr. Lapointe in qualification of his declaration.

Mr. Speaker was not sure that the honorable member could use such emphatic language.

FRECKLES

New Is the Time To Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as Othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots. Simply get an ounce of Othine—double strength—from any druggist and apply a little of it night and morning, and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than an ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion. Be sure to ask for the double-strength Othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.



Charlie Chaplin and Jackie Coogan in "The Kid." Last performances today at the Grand.

would add that the statement was a cowardly statement. Mr. Speaker ceased to intervene, and the discussion ended amid cries of "coward" from the Opposition, and silence from the supporters of the Government.

In this wise was another Tory canard nailed.

CHANGE IN COMMITTEE.

OTTAWA, April 22.—A change was made at the opening of the House this afternoon in the personnel of the committee on privileges and elections which is to inquire into the right of Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux to hold the two seats of Maisonneuve and Gaspé. This change, which was moved by the premier, with the consent of the Opposition, consisted in substituting the names of Hon. Chas. Murphy (Russell), and L. N. Papineau (Beauharnois), for those of Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux and E. B. Devlin (Wright).

A bill to amend the naturalization act was introduced by J. Archambault (Chamby and Verchères). Under the existing law an alien who served in the majesty's forces is enabled to count the time spent at the front as resident in Canada, when qualifying for the five years' residence necessary for naturalization. Mr. Archambault proposes to extend the same privilege to aliens who served in the armies of our allies.

Hon. Charles Murphy (Russell) asked the prime minister, as to the truth of a report to the effect that in the Ontario Legislature a report of the chief engineer on the Chippewa power project had not been produced because the Federal Government asked that it be withheld.

The prime minister thought it very unlikely that such a request as that a report be withheld from publication would emanate from the Federal Government. However, he would make inquiries and inform Mr. Murphy of their result.

Hon. R. Lemieux asked the prime minister as to progress being made on the report into conditions at the government printing bureau, which were being investigated by Judge Colin G. Snider. The premier replied that the report in question had been submitted to his excellency the governor-general.

Third reading was given to the bill respecting the Lake of the Woods control board.

G. T. R. Arbitration.

Second reading of the Grand Trunk arbitration was then moved.

Frank S. Cahill (Pontiac) thought the House entitled to some further information before this bill was given second reading. On April 13 he had asked if the people of Canada were released from their agreement with the Grand Trunk Railway, in view of the railway company having failed to submit its case to the arbitration board in



Larry Semon in his latest scream "The Sportsman," at the Grand on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

time. The premier had made no answer. It was stated in certain quarters that the Government would be bound in regard to certain guaranteed debenture stock. On the other hand it was claimed that the Government would not be bound. He thought this matter should be settled. If Canada was released from the agreement and could honorably wash her hands of the whole affair, so much the better.

The proper procedure would have been to allow the Grand Trunk Railway Company to finance itself. He thought the whole thing was a stock jobbing proposition from beginning to end. No responsibility rested on the Canadian people, but responsibility was on the shoulders of the Government.

D. D. McKenzie (North Cape Breton) remarked that he had always been opposed to government owned railways, and he was still more opposed to them now. The House had been told that it was necessary to get hold of the Grand Trunk System in order to make the Canadian Government railways a paying proposition.

The purpose of this bill seemed to be to get hold of the railway whether the company wished to part with it or not. He had doubts whether Parliament had power to do this. A large part of the Grand Trunk system was in the United States, and the House would be in the position of legislating outside the Dominion of Canada. He was doubtful of its power to do this.

THRONE THRUST ON ELIZABETH

Former American Woman, Now Grecian Countess, One of Europe's Lovely Women.

Bucharest, April 22.—The most beautiful and in many ways most interesting of Europe's future queens will be a queen in spite of herself.

Until the other day she was Princess Elizabeth of Rumania. Today, as the result of her recent marriage to the Crown Prince of Greece, she is the presumptive successor to Queen Sophie, the strong-willed consort of King Constantine and younger sister of William of Hohenzollern.

She is an American.

But she didn't want to be a queen. The daughter of a reigning sovereign, the prospect of being the consort of one had none of the glamour which it was confidently believed to possess for the American millionaire—formerly Mrs. W. B. Leeds, and now Countess Anastasia of Greece—who at one time appeared to have more than a sporting chance of becoming queen of her adopted country.

"My daughter always wanted to lead a private life," the queen of Rumania told me with that simple directness which is one of her most engaging qualities one day when we were talking about the domestic duties of a queen which caused such a stir throughout Europe. "What she will say now that the possibility has arisen of her husband becoming king of the Hellenes I don't know. She is a very lovely girl with a smile, 'no use' for a throne, and for six years, when her present husband was crown prince and the royal family of Greece had not passed into exile, she refused his repeated offers of marriage.

Throne Thrust Upon Her. But fate has been unkind. After rejecting a throne for those six years she accepted the prince when he was an exile without any apparent prospect of ever coming to the throne. Within six weeks he was again heir-apparent with his father once more throned amid the plaudits of the fickle crowd of Athens.

Princess Elizabeth is really a home-loving girl, whose dream has been to live in a modest house in the Rumanian capital. She hoped to be free from the crippling formalities of a court. This princess who sighed for the simple life wanted to be able to do her own housekeeping, like any other Rumanian woman.

She knew—who better?—that in the "hazy life" that was hers in a throne she would be no longer free to do what she liked. She could not have her own friends unless they occupied exactly the right place in the table of precedence. She could not give snug little parties to her intimates or move about when and where she pleased just like any ordinary woman. A queen is never her own mistress. Nor can she be the mistress of her own home. She must conform to rigid etiquette and be the centre of a world of dull and deadly routine.

The transition to the court of Greece will be a strange experience. Though Elizabeth of Rumania is an accomplished linguist—she speaks English, French, German and Rumanian with equal ease—she has been used to talk English in her family circle.

MARCONI WORKING ON U. S. TO EUROPE AIR PHONE LINES

Believe People in Homes Here Will Soon Talk With Their Friends Overseas.

CARTHY'S FEAT PRAISED

Italian Inventor Predicts Great Commercial Advantages From Plan.

LONDON, April 22.—Guglielmo Marconi, the inventor, returned to Italy this week to devote all his time to perfecting the wireless telephone with a view to making it possible to communicate between Europe and the United States. Before he left London Marconi said he was certain such communication would be possible in the near future. He was enthusiastic over the demonstrations made by Col. John J. Carthy in long distance telephoning.

"Col. Carthy's achievement was a great one in so far as ordinary telephone goes," Mr. Marconi said to The New York Herald correspondent here. "However, the wireless part of it was only over a distance of twenty miles, and that is nothing. If it had been 2,000 miles it would interest me. The demonstration was said to prove that it is possible to telephone—by wire of course—from London to India and perhaps, the Cape.

"I say that it is quite true, but you would have to overcome the difficulties in connection with maintaining a telephone wire over that distance. Very long wires that go across wild or disturbed countries are liable to be broken. To telephone to India it would be necessary to have a wire that went from France or Belgium through Central Europe, through Hungary, the Balkans, Turkey, Asia Minor and Persia. It could not go by way of the Mediterranean, because telephone wire will not work through a cable of any great length.

Obstacles to African Phone. "If a wire went to South Africa, it would have to go through France and Spain and across the Strait of Gibraltar, where the cable would not be too long and along the whole of Africa to the Cape. I do not think that would be practicable in the present state of the world.

The alternative is wireless telephony. That has been developed, but I do not think that at present it is capable of going these long distances, although a few words have been got from England to America and from America to France.

"Since ordinary telephony will not work through long cables, this achievement in America does not bring the solution of the problem any nearer, in so far as telephony across the ocean is concerned.

"I am starting from here this week for Italy, where I will embark aboard my yacht, the *Electra*, on board which I purpose to carry on wireless telephone experiments between points in the Mediterranean and England.

"Good speech has already been obtained by wireless telephony between London and Rome. Wireless telephony is not, however, commercially ready yet and the object of my experiments will be to overcome the difficulties that remain.

Hopes to Talk to U. S. "I think we can get wireless telephony to work between Europe and the United States. It would be a great utility. It is not easy to pick up these messages, but even if they could be picked up easily there are many instances in which the wireless telephone would be used between America and Europe. Americans over here for example, want to talk to their wives and sweethearts at home, and they don't mind who hears their conversations if they can speak and get an immediate answer and hear the voices of those who are dear to them.

"Tapping isn't very important, because otherwise the wireless would not have been used during the war. Wireless telephony is not developed to the same extent as wireless telegraphy, but it is not any more likely to be overheard or tapped.

"What I consider remarkable about Col. Carthy's demonstration was his success in getting a telephone message through 5,000 miles of land and wire.

"I think that before long we will have wireless telephony working satisfactorily between large centres that are great distances apart. The only hope at present of speaking with America is by wireless telephony—by the ordinary telephone. If you have something with which you can speak all day with New York there will certainly be many persons who will want to use it. I do not think it will be in every home, but I think it can be connected with the ordinary telephone exchange, to enable subscribers to speak with distant countries from their own homes.

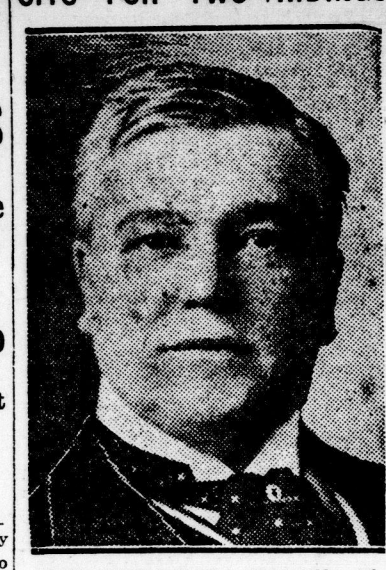
"I need not enlarge upon the importance of this development for connecting various parts of the world. I have the greatest faith in the promise of the future."

OF INTEREST TO CANADA



VISCOUNT FINLAY, British jurist, who will preside at the cattle embargo inquiry, in which Canada is intensely interested.

SITS FOR TWO RIDINGS



HON. RODOLPHE LEMIEUX, who has continued for three years to sit in the House of Commons as representative of two constituencies, Maisonneuve and Gaspé. He was the successful candidate for both ridings in the general elections of 1917. After the situation was brought to the attention of the House by Dr. J. W. Edwards, Frontenac, it was decided to investigate the matter, which is thought to be a violation of the rules of the House.

COLORED MAN WANTED ON A MURDER CHARGE CAUGHT AT DRESDEN

Logan Lee Alleged To Have Killed His Wife in Detroit.

CHATHAM, April 22.—Logan Lee, colored, was arrested yesterday by Chief Jackson on a charge of murdering his wife in Detroit. The offence was alleged to have been committed a week ago. He was brought into the city this evening and lodged in a cell at the city police station. A strong guard is being kept on him while negotiations for his extradition are being put through.

OFFERED BRIBES TO HIDE STOLEN CARS

Witness Also Asserts He Was Offered Money To Stay Away.

DETROIT, April 22.—Testimony that he had been offered money to hide automobiles alleged to have been stolen in New York, and that he had refused the offer, was given in United States District court here today by Jack White of New York and Bridgeport, Conn. White named James G. Burroughs, on trial with several others from Detroit and Brooklyn on charges of conspiracy to violate the Dyer act, as the person who made the offer. White was one of the original twelve arrested in connection with the case, but proceedings were dropped against him at the start of the trial, the Government announcing it lacked sufficient evidence.

White testified today Burroughs had offered him money "to stay away" from the present trial.

CHIMES PREACH TO PITTSBURG

Every Noon the Iron City's Crowds Pause To Hear Musical Sermons.

Pittsburg, April 22.—At noon each day they preach their wordless, pealing sermon—the bells of Trinity Episcopal Church. For ten minutes each day at noon, hurrying downtown workers, and all the myriad of life which make up Pittsburg's business life, are showered with the sweet resounding notes shed by the bells.

High above the crowds, in the belfry of the church, is the man who makes the bells sing. It takes not only a musician to do that, but strong muscles and quick hands and eyes. The little stone room where the bells, key-board stands, square and bare, filled with cobwebs and dust which were there when Trinity was young, nearly a century ago. It approached by a spiral staircase, dark and long. Modernity has put an electric bulb over the keyboard, but it has left the room otherwise untouched in its gloom and silence.

Ringers Upsets Tradition.

Here L. M. Evans, official bell-ringer of Trinity, arrives each day at 12:15, and with his appearance the ancient bell-ringing associated with the bent old bell-ringer of tradition flits out through the stone walls. Young, good-looking and businesslike, with the slang of the youthful war veteran at his command, Evans is as far removed from the legendary bell-ringer as the streets below him are from Mediaeval cobbles. He swings up the staircase, and seems to enter the room and hang his watch on a nail beside him with the same motion. Then, with another agile movement, he is before the keyboard.

The bell keyboard to the uninitiated, looks like a confusion of handles, all the same length, placed about four feet from the ground, in a simple frame. But from each handle a long strong metal wire extends high into the air, so far that in the gloom it cannot be traced. Each wire is connected directly with a bell in the bell room above and the motion of pulling down the handle swings the bell, as simply as the oldtime ropes did.

It is excellent exercise, according to young Evans, for all the muscles in the body are called into requisition and made to work hard. Cold winter mornings are cold indeed in the bare stone belfry, but ten minutes ringing the bells makes the operator descend in a warm glow, although on several mornings the belfry has been so cold that pigeons were found in, frozen stiff.

Visit to Belfry.

Again one might expect to be surrounded by a deafening clangor as Evans pulls the first lever. But the bell-room is far above, and its floor acts as a muffler. The sound comes with comparative faintness here, with their rolling tones heard outside are completely lacking. The sound of the organ in the church below comes much

Values Nothing Short Of Phenomenal

BUT our Uncalled-for Suit and Overcoat Sale is making thousands of new friends and better old ones for us.

Any Uncalled-for Suit or Overcoat in our store is yours for one price, a price that is less than the actual cost of material alone. There is a vast choice of fabrics of quality, weaves and colorings, they are all included in the lot—sizes, yes we can fit you perfectly—come, make your selection today and join the army of English & Scotch Woollen Co. friends.

Uncalled-For Suits & O'coats

Your Choice \$14 One Price ONLY

All Blue Serge Suits Values Up to \$45 Included

ODD	ODD	ODD
COATS	VESTS	PANTS
Your \$5.95 Choice	Your \$1.50 Choice	Your \$3.95 Choice

These Prices are Less than the Cost of Material alone

English & Scotch Woollen Co.

180 Dundas St.

Out-of-Town Men (You will save many dollars by attending Our Uncalled-For Suit and Overcoat Sale.)

more loudly and clearly than the voice of the bells. After his vigorous ten minutes, Evans leads his visitors up the winding circular staircase that ends in the bell room. On the way you may step out of a tiny door which leads to Trinity's roof, and from a cornice look down on Sixth avenue. You are warned not to look below. You do, of course, and then wish you hadn't. At the very top you duck your head under the floor of the bell room while the trapdoor is opened. Then, trying to forget the gaping holes in the floor on which you stand, you can look up at the great bells, ten of them, clustered like mistletoe berries, the last and highest of them looking miles away. The dust of years is over everything, and the scuffling of the pigeons is the only sound.

Perhaps you want a domestic in a hurry. Then use The London Advertiser classified columns and you will be quickly supplied because everybody reads The London Advertiser.

THE Onyx SHOE

"A Credit to Our Canadian Pride"

The Stamp of Craftsmanship

ONYX Shoe quality combines smart appearance with durability of wear and shape—Workmanship that is honest in the hidden parts—

Designing which gives beauty of outline and foot fitting comfort.

The Onyx brand on your Spring footwear is the mark of distinction—it is the stamp of master craftsmanship in shoe design and structure.

Sold in the better boot stores throughout Canada.

J. P. Cook Co., Limited LONDON.

FINANCIAL, MARKET AND COMMERCIAL SECTION

BIG TURNOVER ON
NEW YORK MARKET

Dealings Are Approximately
Largest of Any Session
This Year.

NEW YORK, April 22.—On dealings approximating the largest turnover of any session so far this year the stock market today moved forward in an impressive manner, numerous issues sharing in the extreme gains of 2 to 5 points.

Factors which contributed in varying degree to the advance included easier money tendencies, more favorable trade prospects and cables from London which seemed to justify hope of an early and satisfactory outcome of the British coal strike.

Much of the day's advance was accomplished at the expense of an extensive and over-confident short interest, when they were brought forward with many dormant speculations.

Dealings comprehended an unusual variety of popular issues, although oils, motors and kindred shares were especially prominent and scored the most substantial gains. Outstanding features of these groups comprised Studebaker, General Asphalt and McLean Petroleum.

Cruible and United States Steels and several of the popular reactionaries of 1920, which had been sold at a profit, were again bought back until the last half of the session, when they were brought forward with many dormant speculations.

Profit-taking proved a strong temptation in the final hour, reactions of 1 to 2 points resulting from selling of that character, together with a sudden rise in call money from 6 per cent to 6 1/2 per cent. The total sales of stocks amounted to 1,125,000 shares.

Dealings in foreign exchange were comparatively light to yesterday's activity. Germany's latest mediation plea was without visible influence on rates to London and continental points, aside from recovery in marks.

In the bond market all Liberty issues strengthened and local utilities improved. Success of the Goodyear offering was regarded as indicating a better investment inquiry. The total sales of bonds, par value, aggregated \$9,175,000.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Index	Open	High	Low	Close
Balt. & Ohio	33 1/2	34 1/4	33 3/4	34 1/4
Gen. Asphalt	12 1/2	13 1/4	12 3/4	13 1/4
McLean Petroleum	10 1/2	11 1/4	10 3/4	11 1/4
Studebaker	24 1/2	25 1/4	24 3/4	25 1/4
General Asphalt	12 1/2	13 1/4	12 3/4	13 1/4
McLean Petroleum	10 1/2	11 1/4	10 3/4	11 1/4
Studebaker	24 1/2	25 1/4	24 3/4	25 1/4

Write For Our Partial

Payment Plan

EDWARD CRONIN & CO.
INVESTMENT BANKERS

Cronin Building, 71 Bay St., Toronto.

NESBITT, THOMSON

& COMPANY, LIMITED
INVESTMENT BANKERS

Buy and Sell

Victory Bonds

313 Royal Bank Chambers
TEL. 164 LONDON, ONT.

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ASBESTOS ISSUES
DROP AT MONTREAL

General Feeling of Uncertainty
of Market Only Cause
Assigned.

MONTREAL, April 22.—A severe decline in the Asbestos issues and a substantial rise in Toronto Railway which was the feature of today's trading on the local stock market. Asbestos, common of which only 45 shares were turned over, sold at 54, a decline of 7 1/2 points, whilst the preferred sold at 50, a drop of 1 1/2 points. No cause was assigned for the break in price save the general feeling of uncertainty in the market and the lack of public support.

The paper section rallied, with the closing bid at 7 1/2, the utilities generally were strong, with Winnipeg Railway up a fraction, Bell Telephone, up 1 point, Quebec Railway, a fraction higher, and Detroit United Railway and Montreal Power, both up 1/2 point.

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TORONTO RAILWAY
MAKES FAIR GAINS

Closes 3 1-2 Points Up—
Winnipeg Also Advances
—Both Active.

TORONTO, April 22.—Ridion still struggled for stability on the Toronto Stock Exchange today. It was apparent that negotiations were proceeding with a view to arranging the company's financial troubles and while the latter the stock was in an uncertain position.

At first there was a good upward movement in the morning, carrying it up to 45, but afterwards it weakened to 33, and closed at 33 1/2, a loss of 3 1/2 points for the day.

The position of the company seems to have resolved itself into a matter for the banks and other backers, it being understood that certain American interests were figuring in the negotiations. Other papers were inclined to be steady.

Toronto Railway and Winnipeg Railway supplied the chief constructive developments of the day. The former at 72 closed 3 1/2 points up, and the latter 1 1/2 points higher at 41, both being uncommonly active.

There was no fresh news regarding Toronto Railway, which continues to have its annual meeting postponed pending the completion of the deal for the sale of its subsidiaries. Today's high of 72 1/2 was close to the high of 74 early in the year, which has been reached by Toronto Railway for some years. Brazilian was somewhat erratic.

As a matter of fact, the closing prices of Canadian stocks for the day were generally reactionary from the prices prevailing around noon. In several instances there was a pronounced rally which was not maintained. This gave the market something of an appearance of insecurity, and led brokers to leave the exchange at the close without any market confidence for the morning. Both issues of Steamships moved up, but failed to hold their high for the day.

Nipissing rallied after the publication of its annual report, closing at 70, up 1/2 point. Dome was steady and closed unchanged at \$23.50. McIntyre and Lake Shore made appreciable gains.

Victory bonds were steady, and the situation was cleared materially by the statement of the minister of finance that the \$10,000,000 taken over from the market committee had been disposed of to actual investors by February 21, and that any weakness in the market since then could not be attributed to the absorption of that block.

Total trading: Listed stocks, 3,400 shares; unlisted stocks, 10,145 shares; bonds, par value, \$207,650.

TORONTO SALES.

Sales. Stocks. Open. High. Low. Close.

220 Abitibi 34 1/2 35 1/4 34 3/4 35 1/4

45 Asst. Corp. 64 65 63 64 1/2

360 do. 24 25 23 24 1/2

120 do. 24 25 23 24 1/2

115 do. 24 25 23 24 1/2

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SUBSTANTIAL GAINS
BY CHICAGO WHEAT

Corn and Oats Are Strengthened
by Further Export
Business.

CHICAGO, April 22.—Wheat scored a substantial gain in price today, influenced more or less by assertions that the enforcement of the emergency tariff bill was to be looked for next week. The market closed strong, 1c to 3 1/2c net higher, with May, \$1.27 1/2 to \$1.28, and July, \$1.06 1/4 to \$1.06 3/4. Corn finished 1 1/2c to 2 1/2c up, oats, unchanged to 1/2c higher, and provisions at an advance of 2 1/2c to 3c.

The upward tendency of the wheat market began at the opening, and with only brief interruptions continued to be further throughout the day. Aside from current gossip that the Senate was turning up for quick action on the Young Emergency tariff bill, the bulls were favored by reports of orange rust in sections of Kansas and Oklahoma. In addition, more optimistic views were expressed regarding likelihood that the British coal strike was approaching a settlement.

On the other hand, recent buyers appeared at times to be disposed to realize freely. Export sales to Belgium and Germany helped to bring about rallies, however, and the market closed at the topmost figures of the day.

Corn and oats were strengthened by further export business in corn. Besides, rural offerings continued to be light.

Provisions advanced on packers' buying. At first, however, the market was weak, owing to a temporary break in the value of hogs.

PEG GRAIN MARKET
IN STRONG ADVANCE

At Close Registers Gains For
Both July and May
Wheat.

WINNIPEG, April 22.—The local wheat market today again showed a strong advance, especially for May, and at the close a gain of 6 1/4c was registered for May, and 1 1/2c for July. The right situation in the market was responsible for the strength. The July future was not displaying the same strength, thus increasing the already big premium between the two positions.

After a slightly lower opening, May wheat commenced quickly to advance, reaching a high of \$1.06 on short covering. From this high point there was only fractional reaction. Pit offerings were very light.

The cash situation was showing an easier tendency, and premiums, with offerings, a little heavier and the export demand less urgent, broke 1c early in the session. Later a 2c gain was recorded.

Course grains in sympathy with wheat were all higher today. Oats closed 1/2c higher, barley, 1/2c to 1 1/2c higher, flax, 1/2c to 3/4c higher, and rye, 3c higher.

Wheat—Open. High. Low. Close.

May 1.27 1/2 1.28 1.27 1/2

July 1.06 1/4 1.06 3/4 1.06 1/2

Barley—Open. High. Low. Close.

May 71 72 71 71 1/2

July 70 71 70 70 1/2

Oats—Open. High. Low. Close.

May 43 44 43 43 1/2

July 42 43 42 42 1/2

Rye—Open. High. Low. Close.

May 1.41 1.42 1.41 1.41 1/2

July 1.41 1.42 1.41 1.41 1/2

Flax—Open. High. Low. Close.

May 1.58 1.59 1.58 1.58 1/2

July 1.58 1.59 1.58 1.58 1/2

Barley—Open. High. Low. Close.

May 71 72 71 71 1/2

July 70 71 70 70 1/2

Oats—Open. High. Low. Close.

May 43 44 43 43 1/2

July 42 43 42 42 1/2

Rye—Open. High. Low. Close.

May 1.41 1.42 1.41 1.41 1/2

July 1.41 1.42 1.41 1.41 1/2

Flax—Open. High. Low. Close.

EGGS NOW SELLING AT
32 CENTS PER DOZEN

Active Demand Is Responsible
For Rise in Price.

Indemnet weather conditions did not keep the farmers and citizens from the local market square on Saturday morning. There were large supplies of vegetables and dairy products offered. The active demand for eggs was responsible for a slight increase in prices. Wholesale, they brought from 28c to 29c per dozen and retail 30c and 32c per dozen. All this week they have been whole, selling at 27c and 28c per dozen and 30c per dozen retail.

Butter prices were unchanged, but there was a slight tendency for it to sell at the top prices. There was a good demand for every grade.

Front and hind quarters of pork were plentiful. Today was the first time in two weeks that there have been any offered. Fronts brought 20c per pound and hinds 22c per pound. Two dressed hogs sold

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES
SACRED CONCERT
IN
PATRICIA THEATRE.
SUNDAY EVENING, APR. 24
At 8:30, under auspices of Good Cheer Club, in aid of Memorial Hospital, thirty-five-piece orchestra, under leadership of Mr. Wilfred Short, assisted by Edgar Laidlaw, Quartet, Mr. S. Chadwick, Miss Eula Kennistown, Mrs. Cora Brennan, the Harmonic Male Quartet, Rev. C. Warner, chairman, Mr. Charles Percy, accompanist.
COLLECTION AT 10:00.
ST. ANDREW'S PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH
SERVICE OF PRAISE
MONDAY EVE., NEXT, APRIL 25, at 8 o'clock.
J. CAMERON MCLEAN
Premier Scottish Baritone
MURIEL KYLE, Soprano, of Detroit.
CHARLES E. WHEELER, F.C.O.G., Organist, with Choir and Soloists of the church.
ADMISSION 25 CENTS. 4c

Jessie Alexander
Canada's Favorite Entertainer.
DUNDAS CENTRE CHURCH
(Choir Concert).
TUESDAY, APRIL 26.
Anna Cochran, Soprano, Elizabeth Kunz, Contralto, E. N. Harding, Baritone, J. Farnell Morris, Conductor.
Admission 50 Cents. 5c

Y. W. C. A.
SWIMMING CLASS
APRIL 23-JUNE 30.
Professor Butterworth, of Detroit, Instructor.
Enrollment limited. Free trial day.
Doctor's certificate as to physical condition and freedom from communicable disease.
For terms and particulars, apply General Administration Building, 137 King Street.
Admission 50 Cents. 5c

Euclid and Dance
Which was to have been held on April 22 is postponed to April 23. 4c

DANCE
IN MCCORMICK'S DINING ROOM.
Thursday, April 28, at 8:30
Selby Young Orchestra. Admission 25c. 5c

An Informal Dance
to be held at the Hyman Hall on Tuesday, April 26, under the auspices of the Daughters of England. Admission 25c. Dancing from 8 till 12. 4c

ANNIVERSARY TEA MEETING
at New St. James' Church, Tuesday evening, April 26. Tea served from 6 to 8. Good program. Admission 35c. Auspices of Ladies' Aid. 4c

FEMALE HELP WANTED
WANTED—MAID FOR GENERAL housework. Duties light. For particulars call 456 William street. 4c

MAID WANTED. SMALL FAMILY.
329 Burwell street. Phone 2971. 5c

WANTED—WORKING HOUSE-KEEPER.
Must be good cook and thoroughly reliable. Advise salary to the right woman. Glenwood Private Hospital, 435 Ridout street. 4c

WANTED—CHILDREN'S NURSE
for May and to go to Ottawa about end of May. Apply Box 26, Advertiser. 4c

NEVER WANTED BY CLARA A
CREDITED hospital, giving three-year course. Uniforms furnished, also liberal allowance. Advise salary to the right woman. Glenwood Private Hospital, 435 Ridout street. 4c

HOUSEMAID WANTED IMMEDIATELY.
References required. Advise salary to the right woman. Glenwood Private Hospital, 435 Ridout street. 4c

LADIES TO HELP WITH HOUSEWORK.
Mrs. Bucke, 292 Wolfe. Phone 59. 4c

MAID WANTED. APPLY MRS. DONALD C. McNAUGHTON.
596 Dufferin street. 4c

WOMAN WANTED TO CARE
for workingman's small home, two children. Advise salary to the right woman. Glenwood Private Hospital, 435 Ridout street. 4c

WANTED—GENERAL MAID, GOOD
references. References required. Phone 4918, Mrs. R. H. Dowler, 664 Colborne. 4c

MAID TO ASSIST WITH HOUSE-KEEPING.
Work on from the country party. Family of three. Box 23, Advertiser. 4c

NURSES WANTED
AT THE ONTARIO HOSPITAL, LONDON.
There are a few vacancies for the 1921-22 class.
SALARY: First Year, \$25 per month; Second Year, \$30 per month; Third Year, \$35 per month.
With board, laundry and uniform supplied. Apply MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT. 4c

NEAT APPEARING LADY TO ACT
as our representative introducing useful line of fast selling articles. Write Anderson Manufacturing Company, London, Ontario. 3c

WANTED WOMAN TO ASSIST
with housework on farm, near city. Phone 6329 or 2 or write Mrs. Jas. McLaren, R. R. No. 8, London, Ont. 4c

Ohio Electric Cleaners
FOR RENT.
\$2.00 Per Day, Delivered.
Electric Cleaners repaired. New parts supplied.
J. P. FINNEGAN. Phone 3476. 4c

AGENTS WANTED
\$25 A DAY, SELLING FORD-CHEVROLET power pulleys; one on your machine will sell others; free circulars. Walkers, Scott at Page, San Francisco. 4c

AGENTS—BRAND NEW SELLERS
rubberized aprons and other household necessities; big profits; no competition. Write Anderson Manufacturing Co., London, Ont. 3c

ADVERTISING RATES
Amusements—Fifteen cents per line each insertion.
Meetings—Twenty cents per word each insertion, or fifteen cents per line display.
Births, Marriages and Deaths—One insertion, \$1; two insertions, \$1.50. Memorial notices—Twelve cents per line each insertion.
Cards of Thanks—One dollar each insertion.
Help Wanted, Articles For Sale, Situations Wanted, Lost and Found, Wanted to Let and For Sale, etc.—Advertisements—Two cents per word each insertion; six insertions, ten cents; twelve insertions, fifteen cents; twenty-five cents per word; fifty-two insertions, seventy-five cents per word. No advertisement less than fifteen words.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS
TONIGHT—DANCING TONIGHT—Palace Academy. Join us. Good time. Society jazz orchestra.
DON'T WORRY—LET THE STAR Concert Company arrange your entertainment, etc. Always a success. Glendale, 146 Mill street. Phone. Teacher of national dances.

BRUNSWICK TRIO, "THE HARMONY Boys."
6th season, 400 successful concerts. Indorsed by Woman's Institute and I.O.O.F. clubs. Strong garden party program, elaborate costumes, new songs and jokes, big novelty songs, and 245 Saxophone Trio. "Jock" Ballantyne, Ontario's best Scotch comedian. Eclectic, violin songs and comedy, lots of fun and action. Strictly refined. P. R. Spence, manager. Phone 22593.

GARFIELD'S STUDIO OF DANCING.
180 Dundas street, Proctor's Bill Room. Expert teacher. Private tuition. Lady assistant. One dollar per lesson. Where good dancers are made.

HARMONIC MALE QUARTET, LONDON.
You won't have the best music you have this 500 pounds of harmony. We are ready for our fourth season of success. Open dates. Write or call. 235 Hamilton street.

KEOKA'S HAWAIIAN GLEE CLUB.
Four all-around musicians and singers. Four strong voices, violin, banjo, guitar and ukulele, and orchestra composed of piano, saxophone, violin and banjo, two kinds of music. We guarantee our program. Keoka's opera orchestra, which or part program of singing for the same money. Parties ahead. 425 Richmond street. Phone 7349.

JEAN WALKER, TEACHER OF ELUCUTION—Class engagements accepted.
Studio, Institute of Musical Art, Phone 4219.

FOR YOUR NEXT CONCERT SECURE
Hymie Madie, violinist, the boy wonder. We feature church concerts particularly. Imperial Concert Bureau, 125 Hamilton street. Phone 1708.

GEORGE STEER, ENTERTAINER
Address, 41 Horton street. Phone 3356.

MUNRO CHILDREN, WELL-KNOWN
entertainers, featuring Sam, the boy wonder, and Laurie, the girl wonder, the reputation, presenting refined program, full of fun, variety, and beautiful costumes. Program arranged suitable for church or hall concerts. 161 Waterloo street. Phone 3189.

GEORGE C. CARRIE
Pupil of Sbriglia, Paris.
VOICE CULTURE AND SINGING
Fourteen years' singing and teaching experience. 400 King Street, 556 Richmond street. Phone 2686. ywt

Harry T. Dickinson
Organist and Choir Director St. Paul's Cathedral, Organ, Piano and Singing. Terms.

London Conservatory of Music
Telephone 1101. ywt

MACDONALD JUVENILE PIPE BAND
Band of National and fancy dancers and singers, lady and gentlemen soloists and readers can be engaged for evening and concert work. For terms and dates address G. W. Stark, 40 Askin street. Phone 2130.

PERCY QUINTOS, KING, CONCERT
barritone, choir director, Wellington Street Methodist Church. Splendid concert repertoire. Other artists upon request. 4c

HENDERSON JUVENILE PIPE BAND
The celebrated kilted entertainers, expert dancers, whole or part programs supplied. Delighted committee. 101 Waterloo street. Phone 3189.

THOMAS G. SHUTER, TEACHER OF
Spanish guitar, mandolin, guitar, piano. Studio, Musical Art, 566 Dundas street. 4c

LOST AND FOUND
LOST—BUNCH OF KEYS MONDAY NIGHT between 6 and 11. Phone 6817W. Reward. 4c

LEGAL CARDS
JUDG & HENDERSON, BARRISTERS and solicitors, 110 Dundas. Tel. 408.
McKILLOP & DOUGLAS (J. B. McKillop, LL.B., crown attorney). Oak Hall Building, 305 Dundas. Tel. 272.

TED BRAND, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
notary, 12 Market Lane. Phone 1498.

U. A. BUCHNER, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 39. Money to loan.

PURDON & PURDON.
DOMINION SAVINGS BUILDING. Real floor, corner of Richmond and King.

CRONIN & BETTS & COLERIDGE.
Frederick P. Betts, K.C.; Thomas Coleridge.
C. FITZGERALD, BARRISTER, notary, 110 Dundas street. Phone 355.

MAJOR G. N. WEEKES, BARRISTER,
solicitor, notary public. Huron and Erie Building, Market Square. Hours, 10 to 5. Also evenings, 8 to 9.

M. J. McEVROY, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
Robinson Hall Chambers. Money to loan.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER,
notary, 100 Dundas. Money to loan. 98 Dundas street.

GRAYDON & GRAYDON, BARRISTERS,
Temporary offices, 309 Royal Bank Building. Phone 170.

BORN, MARRIED, DIED.
BORN.
HARDING—At Bethesda Hospital, Friday, April 22, 1921, to Mr. and Mrs. E. Harding, 785 Dundas street, a son (Albert Richard).
PENNY—At Barrie, Ont., April 23, 1921, to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur H. Penny, a son (Kenneth Levesque).
DIED.
GOODACRE—At Kitchener, on Friday, April 22, 1921, Benjamin Goodacre, formerly of this city, and brother of Mrs. W. B. Jennings of St. Thomas. Funeral service at A. L. Oatman's funeral parlors, on Sunday, April 24, at 2:30 p.m. Interment in Woodland Cemetery.
TRICK—At Vancouver, B. C., on Tuesday, April 19, 1921, Walter Trick, formerly of this city, in his 74th year. Interment was made at Vancouver on Thursday, April 21.

WALKER—At his late residence, 351
Grover street, on April 22, 1921, William, dearly beloved husband of Annie Walker, in his 62nd year. Funeral private from the above address on Monday at 2 p.m., services at 1:30. Interment Pond Mills Cemetery. Please omit flowers. 4c

CARD OF THANKS.
Mrs. Alfred Edwards wishes to express her sincere thanks to friends and neighbors for the many kindnesses shown to her during her illness, and also for the many tokens of loving sympathy in their sad bereavement. Many thanks to John Hayman & Sons, his late employers. 4c

MEETINGS
PROGRESSIVE SPIRITUALIST
Psychic Church, corner of Hamilton road and Rectory street. Sunday services 3:30. Speaker for both meetings Mrs. Whitmore of Paris. 4c

1st BATTALION
THE WESTERN ONTARIO REGIMENT.
The Battalion will parade at the Armories on Monday, April 25, at 8 p.m. All members to join, apply the Armories.

CHESTER BUTLER, Major.
Adjutant 1st Bn., the W. O. R. 4c

GREAT WAR VETERANS' ASSOCIATION OF CANADA
LONDON COMMAND
President—Dr. J. Cameron Wilson. Anniversary of the battle of Ypres. In memory of the fallen comrades. Service will be held in St. Paul's Cathedral, on Sunday, April 24, 1921, at 4 p.m. A band of attendance. Collection for the war.

ALL soldier organizations and ex-
soldiers, naval and army, together with their families, are invited to attend the parade. Meet on market square at 3 p.m. of Lieut. Col. W. G. Cole will be in charge of the parade. Citizens invited. J. W. Cunliffe, secretary. 2c-xt

ACACIA LODGE
A. P. and A. M.
Will be constituted by Rt. Wm. Bro. L. A. Boss, D. D. G. M. London. P. M. Sunday, April 24, 1921, at 8 p.m. at the Masonic Temple, Saturday, April 23, 7:30 p.m. All brethren of the craft are cordially invited to attend. J. H. C. Woodward, committee chairman. 4c

NOTICE
All members of 1st Hussars are requested to report at Armories at 8:30 p.m. Sunday, April 24, to take part in church parade. Uniform will be worn. J. P. FRENCH, Major. 4c

MYRTLE, NO. 2, KNIGHTS OF
Pythias, meets Tuesday evening. All members attend. 4c

LABOR FORUM (NEXT CITY HALL)
Sunday, April 24, 1921, 2:30 p.m. Rev. W. R. McIntosh (Labor's champion), "The Church and Labor." 4c

PERSONAL
IT IS TRUE THAT MRS. G. RASPIN brought suit against me for splashing mud upon her by my motor car. The legal suit and children after a long trial (Mrs. G. R. Raspin to the Forester City Laundry, where it was cleaned and made like new. (Signed) A. Wiseman. 4c

SCARS, FRECKLES, WRINKLES.
POX-PITS, ugly noses and all facial defects corrected by Woodbury system. Free trial. Price \$1.00. Empire Building, Denver, Colorado. 4c

WILL PERSON SEEN WITH POOR
fitting glasses please call at P. Steele, 210 Dundas street, to have them made. 4c

MRS. N. ROBINSON, GRADUATE
Massage School, Philadelphia. Office hours, 9 to 7. 2214 Dundas. Phone 1424.

AT A RECENT MEETING HELD
in the Jawdatorium, Mrs. de Mille led the discussion on "Do Women Paint?" by the vote taken the "Yes" was 49, by an overwhelming majority. No woman minds painting now that she knows that all stains of paint are completely removed from clothes by the Forest City Laundry. 4c

DOMINION EXPRESS MONEY OR-
ders, sale in five thousand and offices throughout Canada. 4c

MOVING WEST? GET SPECIAL
freight rate by having M. Rawlinson, Dominion Express, Saskatchewan and shippers, 610 Yonge street, Toronto, ship your goods in their consolidated cars to Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. Oct. 2-law

SAVINGS FOR BEDDING, ETC.
free of charge for taking them away. London Box 200, Bathurst and King.

CALL 4528 AND WE WILL SEND
for magazines, papers, books, metal etc. Poor People's Store needs clothing, etc. for relief of the needy. 4c

SPRINGBANK PAVILION DANCE
Hall—Open for engagements to private parties. Phone 1608. 4c

TRY THE ELECTRIC BATH AND
massage for rheumatism, neuralgia, Glenwood Private Hospital, 435 Ridout.

PRIVATE MATERNITY HOME—MRS.
T. White, 1009 Maitland street. Phone 1618.

CANCER CURED BY PLASTER
method. Established 40 years. Henry Edwards' Cancer Hospital, 385 1/2 Ridout street. Phone 2668.

ROOFING
ARTHUR MOULD, GENERAL ROOFING contractor. Repairs a specialty. Distributor for: Asbestos, asbestos, asphalt, rubber, roofings, roof paints, wallboard and pipe coverings. 210 York street. 4c

ASPHALT ROOFING, RED OR GREEN
slate-coated diamond strip or twin shingles, make an artistic and durable roof. London Roofing Company, 116 Hamilton road. 4c

SLATE, GRAVEL AND CEMENT
roofing. Roof for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 106 York street. 4c

SLATE ROOFING—OUR SPECIALTY
slate blackboards. J. Whitaker, 551 King street. 4c

SITUATIONS WANTED
MAN AND WIFE WANT POSITION on farm, experienced. Box 17, Advertiser. 4c

MALE HELP WANTED
MAN TO UNLOAD COAL. W. HEAMAN & Sons, Burwell and York streets.
REAL GOOD SALESMAN TO HANDLE
a good line of confectionery. Duties to commence May 1. Apply at once in person to room 211, Royal Bank Building.
WANTED—OFFICE BOY, ABOUT 14
years of age, for financial institution. Apply P. O. Box 413, London. 4c

A REAL STOCK SALESMAN, DUTIES
to commence May 1. Apply at once in person to room 211, Royal Bank Building.

JOB COMPOSITORS AND PRESSMAN
wanted. Apply J. B. Henry & Son, Job Printers, 183 Horton street. 4c

IT IS ALWAYS SAFE TO SEND A
Dominion Express Money Order. Five dollar costs three cents. 4c

WANTED—GARDENER, WHO UN-
derstands care of a cow. Apply Box 18, Advertiser. 4c

MEN!
Is your ability 100 per cent? Are you making money or just living? If your earnings are not ample at the present time providing generously for your future, you should take an inventory of yourself at once. If you earnestly desire to get on, to enjoy your share of the prosperity that is all yours, to make money for what we are doing for others. Sincerity, integrity and ability to recognize opportunity and grasp it are the requirements. It will pay you to see us. For appointment address Box 259 or call secretary at 244. 4c

LINOTYPE OPERATOR WANTED—
Ingersoll Chronicle. 4c

SALESMEN, ATTENTION!
We want ten live men to sell Ford Norman Oil. This is an honest speculation. Make this a one week. Call at 213-214 Royal Bank, London. 4c

MAN WANTED TO WORK IN
cheese factory, experience unnecessary. Apply Box 216, Advertiser. 100n

BARN \$25 WEEKLY, SPARE TIME,
writing for newspapers, magazines. Experience unnecessary. Details free. Press Syndicate, 285 St. Louis, Mo. Ap.23,16,23

MEN—AGE 17 TO 25, EXPERIENCE
unnecessary. Travel, make secret investigations, reports. Salaries, expenses, American Foreign Detective Agency, 725 St. Louis, Mo. Ap.23,16,23

YOUNG MEN! WE TRAIN YOU
quickly for wireless operator, ticket agent, railway porter, ticket collector, freight or baggage clerk. Our system approved by railway officials. Complete education sufficient. Mail, Day and Evening courses. Write for free book "P. Dominion School Railroads," Toronto. 4c

WANTED—SALESMAN, A SELF-
respecting salesman whose ambition is beyond the present, together with his family, to secure a position with us, and at the same time double his income. We require a man of character, sound in mind and body, and of strong personality, who would appreciate a life job. Salary \$1,000 per month. Married man preferred. Apply in person, 257 Royal Bank Building, London. 2cxt

VULCANIZERS
BE YOUR OWN BOSS.
Get into this rapidly-growing business. We build vulcanizing machinery only. All types of equipment, supplies and tools. Complete instruction. Discount by buying Canadian-made goods. Canadian Vulcanizer and Equipment Company, Limited, 1000 Queen St. W. Ap.23,16,23,26,30

TINSMITH WANTED—ONE USED TO
cavestrouting and furnace work. Apply to Hamilton & Scott, St. Thomas, Ont. 4c

THERE IS BIG MONEY SELLING
fruit and vegetables. Free to present conditions. We want reliable sales agents. Good pay. Exclusive selling rights in your territory. Write Velham Nursery Company, Toronto. 5cxt

30 MEN WANTED, VULCANIZING
tires, the growing business; course free; paid while you learn; you buy. 2555, 2561, Richmond. 4c

LEARN BARBER TRADE—FEW
weeks required; positions secured. Write for catalogue and full particulars. Moler Barber College, 140 Queen street, Toronto. May19

MAKE MONEY AT HOME—\$15 TO \$60
paid weekly for your spare time. Write for catalogue and full particulars. Moler Barber College, 140 Queen street, Toronto. May19

WE INSTRUCT YOU AND SUPPLY YOU
with everything. Write Brunham Showcard System, Limited, 32 Currie Building, 269 College street, Toronto. 4c

WORK WANTED
LADY WANTS WORK BY DAY—Apply 244 Ottawa avenue. 4c

FOR ALL KINDS OF CARPENTRY
TRY Watson-Holme Company. Jobbing promptly attended to. Phone 618W. Shop, 785 Adelaide, phone 6388J.

Houses Moved and Raised
Cement and concrete block foundations. Sidewalks, Cellar Floors and Cisterns. JACKSON-GRACE, 252 Grey. xt

TRY BILLIE FORD, THE BRITISH
shoemaker and shoe repairer. Men's and women's shoes made to order. Grand Opera Block. Phone 5018.

GET OUR PRICES FOR CLEANING
old wall paper like new; no extra charge. Write American Wall Paper Cleaners, Phone 2337.

CARPENTRY OR JOBBING, BY JOB
or day work. Square deal. Bear & Williams, 545, 547, 549, Dundas street. 4c

HELP WANTED
MEN AND WOMEN, NOT TO CANVASS, but to travel and appoint local representatives, \$1,092 and expenses guaranteed first year, with good chance to make \$2,000 and expenses. State age and qualifications. Experience unnecessary. Write to Winston Company, Dept. G, Toronto. May1-yt

STUDENTS—YOUNG MEN OR WOMEN
write for our \$600 offer for summer holidays; earnings guaranteed; good chance to make \$500 in 30 days. State age and college standing. Experience unnecessary, personal interview can be arranged. Address: Conrad, superintendent students' department, 129 Spadina, Toronto. xt-May7

MEN AND WOMEN, NOT TO CAN-
vass, but to travel and appoint local representatives, \$1,092 and expenses guaranteed first year, with good chance to make \$2,000 and expenses. State age and qualifications. Experience unnecessary. Winston Company, Dept. G, Toronto. Ap.30 ywt

WANTED—MARRIED COUPLE
to work on Saskatchewan wheat farm. Must be good teamster. Very good cook. Permanent position. Separate house. None but farmers need apply. Write to Winston Company, Dept. G, Toronto. Box 16, Advertiser. 2c

ARTICLES FOR SALE
DRAFT HORSE FOR SALE. PHONE 6554. MAN & Sons, Burwell and York streets.
FOR SALE—ONE BEDROOM SET. Mahogany parlor table. Apply 169 Mahogany avenue. 4c

BLACK EMBROIDERED TRICOTTEE
size 38, evening gown, brown coat with large fur collar. Phone 6591W, in the morning. 4c

LARGE REED BABY CARRIAGE,
like new. Apply No. 5 Partridge street. 4c

DOHERTY ORGAN, IN GOOD CON-
dition. Cheap. Phone 2839V. 4c

LARGE LIBRARY TABLE, QUARTER
oak, also porch chair and Mason Jugs. Phone 184. 4c

FRENCH POODLE PUPPY, MALE.
Apply 524 Nelson street. 5c

ONE INCUBATOR, BARREL CHURN,
two gas stoves, one 104 inch machine. Apply 584 Hamilton road. 4c

MCLARY RANGE WITH RESERVOIR
and warming closet, in good condition, cheap. Phone 3933J. 4c

FOR SALE—SEVERAL THOUSAND
pans of used glass, 10x14 inches, 20x24 inches, 10c suitable for greenhouses. Reduction for large quantities. Apply 661 Mount Pleasant avenue. Phone 6615J. 4c

PACING HORSE, BIKE, HOBBIES,
like new. 2 open buggies, 1 top buggy. 78 Stanley street. 4c

NEW HEATER FOR SALE—APPLY
199 Cheapside. 4c

FIVE STEERS, THREE YEARS OLD,
and roans. Apply G. E. Nibb, Ilderton. 4c

ONE-GALLON JUGS, 20c. TELE-
PHONE 1293. 4c

LADIES' AND GENTS' CLOTHING
and housefurnishings sold on easy weekly payments. Square deal and honest values at all J. Hoff, 366 Rectory street, corner York. Telephone 1855W.

HEMSTITCHING AND PICKETING
attacked, its new sewing machine, price \$2.50. Personal checks, 10c extra. Laura Bridgman, Box 42, St. Catharines, Ontario, Canada. 4c

CHICKEN HOUSE FOR SALE 10x12—
Apply 31 Partridge street. 4c

ONE MEDIUM-SIZED STEEL RANGE,
used very little. 348 Burwell street, after 5 p.m. 4c

HIGHLY IMPORTANT SALE OF
slightly used and new furniture removed from a residence—St. George. The samples from one of Canada's finest furniture factories, complete baby buggy, secretary, bookcase, turned oak divanette, Columbia gramophone, 60 records, 4 coal oil stoves, 1 heater, seven leather-seated rockers, 4 customers, 3 hall stands, 4 hall seats and mirrors to correspond, 2555, 2561, Richmond street. 4c

VIEWING OFFICE, WITH CARRYING CASES
and Linco, floor covering, pictures, engravings, gas range, excellent coal stove, brass beds, steel and coil springs and bed mattresses, 16 1/2 inch, 1 heater, leather-seated rockers, 4 customers, 3 hall stands, 4 hall seats and mirrors to correspond. 2555, 2561, Richmond street. 4c

COTTAGE—SEVEN ROOMS, LARGE
lot, central. Apply 285 Simcoe street. Phone 7440. 4c

TAPESTRY RUG, ABOUT 10x14 FEET.
Phone 7440. 4c

PORTRAIT CAMERA AND STAND,
with fine 8-in. studio lens; also 8-in. studio lens, with rapid symmetrical lens, tripod and case; also six backgrounds. Will sell cheap. Write for particulars. Moderate for quick sale. Apply Frank Edy, 277 Hyman street, London, Ont. 4c

SANTAL
CAPSULES
MIDY

CATARRH
of the
BLADDER
Safe, Successful

Each Capsule
bears name **DR. MIDY**

Beware of counterfeits

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April 21, 22, 26, 28, 30, May

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