

\$2.50 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

NO. 28.

**Items of Interest.**  
 A stare-case—A telescope.  
 A miss-take—Getting married.  
 Lost at sea—The sight of land.  
 A popular field officer—a kernel of corn.  
 The path of duty—Through the Custom House.  
 Why is a fine woman like a locomotive? Because she draws a train after her, scatters the sparks, and transports the males.  
 The most successful sealer that ever went to Cape Horn came back about three years ago with 13,000 skins. The next fortunate arrived at Stonington the other day with 4,900.  
 "Heroine" is perhaps as peculiar a word as any in our language. The first two letters of it are male, the three first female, the four first a brave man, and the whole word a brave woman.

many changes, but the general feeling remains the same and secure a joy greeting from friends of by-gone days. It is with a thrill of delight that many newspapers will recognize that venerable story, which is now on its travels about a farm house on West being on fire by the sun's reflection on a mirror that burnt milk pans. The scientist trembled for joy a few moments ago, they clipped the ancient fiction from the *Boston Globe*, in order to be put as in a drawer until it comes around next year again, changed, it is true, yet the same. In '77 it was milk pans that caused the conflagration; in '76 it was looking-glass; in '75 it was the glittering instruments of a brass band playing in the neighborhood; in '74 a mill-poll that some one carelessly left out did the damage; in '73 it was the milk pans again, and thus the aged fabrication revolves. The story for '78 has been put with its predecessors in the drawer. The farm house has been reinsured and is all ready for a big fire next year again.

inal issues in Poor Condition  
Best copy available



## SUMMARY.

It has leaked out how the London papers obtained their copy of the Salisbury-Selousvaloff memorandum. A clerk in the Foreign Office named Charles Marvin is now on trial for having been bribed to furnish a copy to *The Globe*. He obtained a copy of the memorandum, which he was engaged by this Foreign Office to copy, and the same evening communicated it to *The Globe*. Marvin afterwards wrote to *The Morning Advertiser*, offering to send a copy of the memorandum to that journal, whereupon suspicion was aroused and he was arrested and remanded. He has been hailed by the publishers of *The Globe*. This is what is sometimes called "newspaper terrorism." Otherwise it is known as dishonesty of the grossest kind.

Mrs. Emily Mulligan, the wife of Captain Patrick Mulligan of the canal boat Jersey, lying off the Perry street pier, fell, lately, into the river. Captain Mulligan, although unable to swim, sprang overboard after her. As he was sinking fast, Mrs. Mulligan, screaming for help, swam toward him and supported him. Two policemen appeared and the wife called out, "Don't rescue me, but save my husband." Not until Patrick Mulligan was safe, did she consent to be rescued.

A lady, who desires that her name shall not be made known, has given \$20,000 to the commissioners of charities for the purpose of erecting a surgical pavilion on the grounds of Bellevue Hospital, where respectable patients have to be taken, thus separating them from the others. The building will be 100 feet long, one story high, and will contain rooms for thirty patients.

When confederation was in agitation it was urged that as Canada had a four duty we were in danger of being subjected to a duty on breadstuffs if we joined the Union. The feeling upon this question was very strong until a measure set at rest by what we thought were authoritative assurances that no such duties could be imposed. But scarcely had the first Parliament met in November, 1867, than an extension of the four duty to the whole Dominion was proposed. It was the first term in the proposed tariff. In vain our representatives protested and argued against it. In vain they urged that the duty was unnecessary and impolitic, that it was in violation of the representations they had made to their constituents. The obnoxious duty was insisted on, and the measure imposing it was passed. Hon. Chas. Fisher, seconded by Mr. Chas. Burpee, moved that the resolution should be recommitted with instructions to reduce the rate of duty on molasses, tea and several other articles which enter into the consumption of the whole people of the Dominion, and of admitting flour, meal and corn free.

I think no New Brunswicker who was present on that occasion can fail to have a painful remembrance of the contemptuous manner in which the mover and the motion were treated by Sir John A. Macdonald, who on the very being taken called out sneeringly for "Charles Fisher and several others to stand up." They stood up, Fisher, Ferris, Burpee, Anglin, Connell, Bolton, Renaud, Smith and Wallace Jordan, Mills and other leaders of the Liberal party of Ontario and Quebec stood up with them. Hon. Mr. Tilley voted for Sir John and other members of the Government in favor of the duty and against the amendment.

Mr. B. T. Babbitt, the well-known soap manufacturer, was lately cheated by a trusted employee out of \$200,000 or thereabouts. He did not learn much wisdom, however, from one lesson of the kind, for a sharp-witted woman got \$23,000 from him on the pretence that she would recover the amount originally stolen.

**THE OSBORNE TRIAL.**—The trial of the Osbornes for the murder of Timothy McCarthy, will take place in the Westminster Circuit Court, which opens at Montreal on the 18th inst. *The Globe* says that in connection with the trial it is a legend that a man who "just came out of the woods" tells that having a horse trade with McCarthy he was with him on the night of the murder as late as 12 o'clock. He found him on the street in company with a woman, whose likeness he has recognized as that of Annie Parker, and with two other men, one of whom he has identified. He left them about midnight, in going to his home, the police parties went off in the direction of the Seadone bridge. There is little doubt that a man has been found who makes some statement similar to this, but as he is said to be from Prince Edward Island, where some absurd stories respecting the murder originated, not much confidence may be put in it by the Crown. If the counsel for the prisoners produce the man it will lend additional interest to the trial.

**THE NEW WAZNER MOVEMENT.**—Messrs. Hutton, agents for the Wazner Machine Company, in London, Ontario, write stating that the recent commercial movement attributed to the firm consists not in closing up their works in Hamilton, but in opening others in Buffalo, in order to supply the wants of the American market. It is clear from this that owing to the excluding influence of the American tariff Canada cannot manufacture for the States. Hence the Wazner Co. send over a large portion of their capital and industry in order to do at Buffalo that which cannot be done at Hamilton. While that is the fact, the Americans have an easy access

to the Canadian market on advantageous terms. Does it look fair?

Scotland had a "howling snow-storm" in the middle of June.

Persons indebted for subscriptions to the STANDARD, are requested to make payment without delay, either at this Office or by mail. They must admit, we have been patient; but the truth is, that it has ceased to be a virtue with us, there are so many on the delinquent list for the past few years. As means are required for a supply of material for the Office, it is hoped no compulsory measures will be required to collect money long due.

## The St. Andrews Standard.

Saint Andrews, July 10, 1878.

**THE PROVINCIAL ELECTIONS** held last month, are still made the stock in trade of some newspapers, which appear to be much exercised over the result—perhaps it would be more plainly expressed, by stating that premature calculations are made, as to whether the Government or Opposition have gained the day. Now, in our humble view, such calculations are injudicious, as they may be used for or against those using them for the purpose of claiming a victory. The idea was expressed in a recent issue, that it was too early to give a decided opinion on the complexion of the election, and we still entertain it, for the reason that the Opposition did not come before the electors with a defined policy; they appeared to be a collection of cohesion among them, candidates were elected who were independents, which means doubtful; again, the Government has offices and gifts at its disposal, and there is admitted so much self in human nature, and particularly among politicians, that should these be judiciously distributed, they would add to its strength, and those who accept offices endorse its past acts, which in the late House were sustained. Would it not be better to let coming events cast their shadow before, and discuss such matters after the opening of the next session. All the Province requires is a Government which will administer its affairs wisely, economically, and for the interest of the people. Local elections being over, and people's minds quieted, Dominion matters are now on the tapis.

**DISPLAY OF WEDDING TOILETS.**—What a pious and vulgar habit is indulged in, by people whose education and social position should forbid anything of the kind, as the public display of bridal toilet, wedding trousseau and presents, and enumerated by the press. A description of dresses worn, with that very common adjective "lovely" as applied to most brides, may be good taste, but enumerating dresses, presents & snatches strongly of shoddiness and is admittedly vulgar. What has the world to do with any private individual wedding outfits, and does not the publication of such stuff often lead to extravagance on the part of people of moderate circumstances. This reminds us of a recent occurrence at the Executive Mansion, at Washington, when the marriage of the President and Mrs. Hayes took place, and Mrs. Hayes with that nice delicacy which forbids such vulgarity, did not display her niece's wedding toilet or gifts to any, but her own relatives. Such correct feeling is worthy of note in these times, when grandsons are assumed by some people, whose rise in the world has been accidental and not from merit, and who do not possess, polish, culture or refinement.

**UNCLE TOM'S CABIN.**—Mr. Farrar's company performed the play of Uncle Tom's Cabin to a large and respectable audience. The characters were well sustained, more particularly those of little "Eva," "Uncle Tom," and "Topsy," and the audience expressed their delight by frequent plaudits. Many of the scenes were true to nature, and the company deserve to be greeted by overflowing houses.

Several of the newspapers in Ontario and lower provinces make a great ado about Mr. Tilley's candidature for the Commons. It was generally understood when that gentleman was appointed Lieut. Governor of this Province, that he only accepted it for the term, as he preferred political life to a quiet retreat, and the exigencies of the hour demanded a rest. We know very little of the constituency of St. John, and it is not possible to predict success or defeat, the citizens are so easily swayed. At the last Dominion election, there was no mistaking the temper of its people, and unless their feelings have undergone a change, they will send men who will support the present administration. We believe it will not be denied that Mr. Tilley was always a "liberal," we are not aware that he has changed his political opinions, and it is admitted on all hands that he is a man of tried ability, and will always command a position in any Government in power with which he is in accord. It is not likely that the Opposition will succeed however, at the next election.

Our United States exchanges state that such hot weather as we had last week, has not occurred since July 1876, when there was so great heat for four days, with more fatal results from sunstroke.

## TOPICS OF THE WEEK.

**THE SCHOOL LAW.**—During the past few weeks, the School Law has received some attention from various candidates at the hustings, who only expressed the opinion that it could be amended without impairing its usefulness; and from the general tenor of the speeches of the members elect, it is probable that an amendment will be introduced to make the law more generally acceptable. The amount voted annually, although large, is not sufficient for a comprehensive system, and engrosses a larger share of the Province revenue than is compatible with other public demands. Again it is urged, and not without a show of reason, that higher grade schools in the cities and towns, swallow up a large share of the educational grant without a corresponding benefit, as it gives advantage to the rich man's children over those of the poor—simply from the fact, that when the poor man's child, would be ready to enter the higher school, he is obliged to leave in order to assist his parents in obtaining a livelihood, while the rich man's son can step up and proceed with the advanced studies. While we admire the higher educational accomplishments, and believe them necessary for the professions, we feel they should be paid for by the parents, and not by the tax payers, as the law is made for the mass of the people, and not for any particular class. Some may find fault with these views, but we maintain they are correct.

Lt. Governor Tilley has accepted the requisition tendered by nearly 1000 citizens of St. John, to offer as a candidate for the Dominion Parliament. In accepting the requisition, he would be in a short time forward his resignation of his office of Lt. Governor, and afterwards address his old constituents on the political questions which are now under discussion. It is probable that the election fight in the City will be a hard one.

The Rev. Wm. Wilson, of Chatham resigned his charge of St. Andrews Church a few weeks ago, and the Presbytery, with great reluctance accepted his resignation, and passed a high eulogium on his abilities, character, and work, during the ten years he held the charge, and concluded their minute, stating, "the Church in Canada can ill afford to lose wise heads, warm hearts and willing hands."

**READINGS.**—On Friday and Saturday evening last the community enjoyed a rare treat—that of hearing a professional reader—one who understands the intention of the author and can give living expression to his ideas. Mr. Easton is quite at home in definition of character, and his imitation is simply inimitable. While looking at his text, he has the faculty of reading as though he was speaking to his audience. His rendition of Dickens has not been equalled by any one here before, in this Province. Those who have the privilege of hearing Mr. Easton's once, will be sure to hear him again. He is to give another reading on Thursday evening.

**POLITICAL STRUGGLES.**—It is to be regretted that political campaigns are not conducted with less asperity and personalities, not even the most loyal, consistent, and upright men, escape the venom and waspish attacks, of partizan warfare when brought out for political positions; the most bitter and vindictive attacks are made upon them, their characters assailed, and their motives impugned, and peoples minds are poisoned against them. Such conduct is degrading, and an insult to the common sense of the electors, and often recoils upon its authors.

## The Local Legislature.

As a matter of record we publish the names of the gentlemen elected to serve in the General Assembly of this Province for the next four years:

ALBERT—Lewis, Turner.  
CARLETON—Leighton, White.  
CHARLOTTETOWN—Hill, Stevenson, Cottrell, Lyndall.  
GLoucester—Ryan, McManus.  
KENT—Johnson, Sayre.  
KINGS—Crawford, Hall, Morton.  
MADAWASKA—Theriault.  
NORTHumberland—Adams, Hutchinson, Gill, Davidon.  
QUEBEC—Butler, Woods.  
RESTIGOUCHE—Barbarie, Kenny.  
St. JOHN CITY—Wedderburn, Marshall.  
St. JOHN COUNTY—McClellan, Elder, Willis, Ritchie.  
SHERBROOK—Perley, Cover.  
VICTORIA—Beveridge.  
WESTMORELAND—Kilham, Landry, Hannington, Black.  
YORK—Blair, Thompson, Fraser, Colter.

There are 18 who were members of the last House, and a few others were members of previous legislatures. It is not possible to state correctly how parties are balanced, as questions may arise which will change the present feeling; it should be remembered that men are mortal, and that office and preferment, in the gift of the Government, may, if conferred on Opponents who will accept them, sustain our present rulers in power. A good healthy Opposition is a safeguard to the Country.

## NOTES AND ITEMS.

On Thursday last, a lad who goes by the sobriquet of "Buffalo Bill," having partaken of too much "fire water," made use of such vile language in the streets and otherwise conducted himself so disorderly, that he was furnished with lodgings in the "stone jug."

Friday, a man named Phil McCafferty was put in prison for drunkenness.

THIEF.—On Friday evening last, while a widow woman named Mrs. McCarty was absent at market some person placed a ladder against the back window of her premises, and entered the rooms helping themselves to eight dollars, all the money the poor woman possessed, and decamped. The thief has eluded discovery up to the present.

Worse still, on Saturday a man named Geo. Kilvinn was arrested for assaulting and threatening, and also on a charge of feloniously taking a sum of money from R. T. Knight, was examined before Parish Court Commissioner Hatheway, and remanded to jail until Monday.

Chas. P. Wetmore, Esq., and Mrs. Wetmore, are making their usual summer visit to St. Andrews, where they seem to enjoy the bracing sea air and delightful climate of the place.

Mr. E. Lee Street is also here on a visit, and is as deservedly popular as he was during his residence among us.

Messrs. E. A. Smith and W. Phair, of Fredericton, are also in town.

MR. GILLMORE was in town on Saturday last. We understand that his candidature for re-election is popular, and that he has received assurances of re-election in September, when it is reported the Dominion Elections will be held.

**THE WOODSTOCK PRESS** is the title of a new paper to be started at Woodstock, N. B. this month by Fletcher Bros.

When will people learn to address their letters correctly? We received one yesterday dated New York, May 29, but which was addressed "Standard St. Andrews, Ontario."

New Potatoes were sold last week in Calais for 35 cents a peck, large and of good quality. Strawberries were abundant and sold from 7 to 8 cents, while in St. Andrews, 12 and 14 cents were asked.

The *Agriculturist* says "Dr. Dow assures us that a protest will be entered against the York Elections, and that the papers are now in the hands of his Attorney. The Doctor is confident that all four candidates will have to enter another contest."

Sir Albert Smith and Lady have arrived at Dorchester, and were received with a glad welcome by their friends.

The "Weight and measure Act" is unpopular in this Province, so much so, that no one will be surprised should it be repealed.

The Synod of the Church of England, a few days ago, decided to have its Divinity School, at Fredericton instead of Windsor. The members of that church in the two Provinces can well sustain one Divinity School, and although Windsor is the oldest with many advantages, still Fredericton has claims which cannot be denied, and we congratulate the Episcopalians of this Province on the decision.

**TALK FROM A BOTTLE.**—A bottle containing a piece of paper on which the following was written, in pencil, was picked up on the shore at Cape Fouché, entrance to Yarmouth harbor, on Friday last and handed to us by Mr. John Sweeney:—"Shipwrecked, 17th June, 1878, Thomas Martin, Seaman, Ship Allwright, Ion. 20, lat. 35 N. Notify Liverpool Times, England."

Rev. Augustus Blauvelt, of Kingston, who became suddenly insane while on a steambot on Monday, has been sent to the Bloomsdale Asylum.

Congressman Starin gave 3,000 Protestant Sunday-school children of Staten Island a river excursion, and in a few days will give an excursion to all the Catholic Sunday-schools of the Island.

Fank Lang, who had walked from Leaworth, Kansas, to New York, was found dying on the street on Monday from starvation and exposure.

The excess of exports of merchandise over the imports for the eleven months ending with May amounts to \$246,628,122—the exports having been \$647,948,788, and the imports \$401,320,666. The excess of the exports of merchandise over the imports for the eleven corresponding months of the preceding year amounted to \$155,877,773, showing a gain in the balance of trade in favor of the United States for this year of \$90,650,343.

The Mormon ranks continue to be reinforced from Europe. Two hundred of the so-called "saints" arrived at New York last week, and 800 more are on their passage.

**THE ARMY WORM.**—We are informed to-day that the army worm made its appearance at Pembroke. Upper Stewiacke. Our informant said that he saw a large piece of birch completely bared by their ravages. —*Truro Sun*.

Col. J. R. MacShane, Brigade Major, was in town yesterday, inspecting the new Battery No. 6; and also making arrangements for platforms for the guns which arrived here a few days ago. The Colonel spoke highly of Capt. Polley's battery stating that it was composed of able young men, and promised to become one of the best in the Province, he also complimented them on the progress made in such a short time in drill. The Militia authorities were fortunate in their appointment of such an efficient officer as the Colonel, who is deservedly popular, and inspires the men under his command with military ardor. His stay is limited, owing to his numerous duties—doing what was formerly performed by three officers.

Yesterday afternoon about 4 o'clock the sky was overcast with dark leaden clouds, rain fell in torrents, accompanied by heavy peals of thunder and sharp vivid flashes of lightning. The rain was timely as the crops were suffering from the late dry and warm weather.

Rev. T. W. Crawley, will preach in the Presbyterian Church on Sabbath morning next.

A number of visitors are in town, and are enjoying the delightful sea breezes, bathing and fishing. They speak in high terms of the pure air and moderate temperature of St. Andrews.

The Eastern difficulty is not yet settled. The people of Batoum declare that unless they obtain the protection of England, they will on their own account open fire on the Russians.

The military are called out to preserve peace and order in Montreal on the Twelfth, next Friday.

Lord Beaconsfield has replied to the Lord Mayor of Dublin, concerning the questions of intermediate education and University and primary education in Ireland, that the urgency of foreign affairs prevents him giving his attention at present to matters of such magnitude and complexity.

## [FOR THE STANDARD.]

Mr. Editor—I understand that a maiden lady of not a few summers claims the authorship of my short letter in your last issue. She is quite welcome to its paternity or maternity, just as she may please. I stated "facts," and she maintains them by appropriating the claim of being the writer. The "point" aimed at, was so clear, that it was not necessary for me to make it more definite. The "siege" descendant has endeavored to put the saddle on another—but it won't fit. There is an old French proverb which applies to the individual—"What a useful secret it is, to be able to lie to the purpose." How about "that dirty rag of a sheet?"

Yours,  
FACT.

New Potatoes are selling in adjoining towns at 30 cents a peck, and cucumbers at 3 and 4 cents.

Counterfeit one dollar Dominion bills are in circulation, and circulars have been sent to the different chiefs of police, urging them to look out for the forgeries.

The Mississippi river is higher than during the past twelve years, and doing great damage along the banks.

The movement against the use of agricultural machinery is reaching such proportions in Ohio and Indiana as to seriously alarm farmers. Scores of reaping machines have already been destroyed, and every day brings reports of fresh depredations.

**THE NAUTILUS.**—The dory Nautilus, from Boston for England, was spoken on the 22d ult, lat. 43. lon. 52.25, by ship Tyro, Raymond, of Yarmouth, from Havre, which arrived at Shelburne on the 1st inst. The wind was E, and the dory on the southern tack—her crew, the two foolhardy brothers Andrews, being described as well and in excellent spirits.

Bald mountain, North Carolina, which created such a sensation a year ago, has resumed its unaccountable rumblings.—Great excitement prevails. The crack in the mountain had widened about ten feet. Another and smaller fissure has been discovered. It terminates in large cavern. The whole mountain appears hollow.

**THE OKA INDIAN TRIALS.**—Quebec papers announce that the jury in the Oka case, came into court on the 6th inst., and said they were unable to agree. One of them said that their difficulty was whether the fire started before or after the firing of the cannon. The judge sent them back to their room.

## DIED.

At Campbellton, on the 28th June, Mr. John Benson, aged 88, an old inhabitant of the Island, and much respected by all who knew him.

## Ship News.

### PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

#### ARRIVED.

July 3, J. Baker, Calais, ballast.  
5, Mary Ellen, Clark, ballast.  
4, Jane, Craig, Boston, sundries.  
6, H. V. Crandall, Ross, Beef, &c.  
6, MacLida, Stinson, sundries.  
6, Mystic Tie, Stinson, sundries.

There are 129 candidates for the matriculation examination at the University. This year, who are being girls, who are being the rest. Two years than half the present presented themselves, most solely, due to the form examinations in

Mr. J. L. McDougall yesterday, and will take office, and enter the duties of Auditor General. Mr. Courtney, of the Court, will succeed to the duties of the Minister of Hon. C. A. Pelletier, culture, has received illness, the Pope, by Conroy, Apostolic Delegates the Holy Father Pelletier & Catholic them of his love and of the Church in Can

REMARKABLE POISONING of wholesale families has occurred at Pittston, this city, to-day, and the milk of a cow been bitten by a snake owned by Martin J. O'Sullivan, this morning, the fatal life, as usual among the herd, and shortly manifested, the most eighteen persons suffered from George Judge, State Legislature, who was dying from the draught. His wife, a portion of the kitten as an experiment it died instantly. The great excitement in—*Scranton Despatch*

A JAPANESE BUILT ocean frigate, the Lash way to England, the principal Asiatic en route. A United Kingdom, the ship was built in Japan, and from the de a French gentleman, perished Arsenal of remembered that the lately made overture three or four gunboats for Japan, but the bids for the vessels, built ironclad to F looked forward to. It was built in 1874, feet; breadth, 22 feet 11 feet; and aft, 1 deck, the upper of the State cabin, was some fifty feet, and of the vessel are still officers are nearly all

VISITORS to St. Andrews and pleasant one of the best houses rooms are large, well-furnished, and command every of the surrounding land and water, and conveniences. The 1 with the best from the markets, while every found at the table, 1 water. The location of the Railway, and near the bathing establishment, is a word, the house is of business, and visits

A rice riding sale by

The quarrel of the modern Vanderbilts, immense estate of 3 times and furnishes the press. The two sons, William, Cornelius, and John, the "fast boy" of the will the greater of his other son. William is accusing a devices to get possession of the other thing. William employed Cornelius visiting in order to prejudice but then some of the back to Cornelius. William who was deceive the old man the Commodore's estate to be squandered in

The French Ministry of feeling from the International Exhibition, which might of the German on free exhibition. Paris, M. Philipp critic, thinks that dictates the choice able, perhaps, to the blood which v the notoriety, boys help their sale, boy ant point with the

As a steamer left other day, John C. tenting to jump as and was swept up



gade Major, was in the new Battery No. 1. Here a few days ago, Capt. Polley's bat, posed of able young one of the best plimented them on a short time in drill. e fortunate in their efficient officer as the ly popular, and in- command with mili- tated, owing to his what was formerly

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News

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Toronto, July 4.  
There are 129 candidates now taking the matriculation examinations of Toronto University. This number includes five girls, who are being examined along with the rest. Two years ago not many more than half the present number of candidates presented themselves. The increase is almost solely due to the institution of uniform examinations in the high schools.

Ottawa, July 4.  
Mr. J. L. McDougall, arrived in town yesterday, and will to-day take the oath of office, and enter the discharge of his duties of Auditor General immediately.

Mr. Courtney, of the Finance Department, will succeed to the position of Deputy of the Minister of Finance.

Hon C. A. Pelletier, Minister of Agriculture, has received a letter from his holiness the Pope, by the hands of Mgr. Conroy, Apostolic Delegate to Canada and the United States. The document conveys the Holy Father's benediction to Mr. Pelletier & Catholic senators, and assures them of his love and care for the children of the Church in Canada.

REMARKABLE POISONING.—A startling case of wholesale poisoning, by which several families have suffered intense tortures, occurred at Pittston, a short distance from this city, to-day, and resulted from drinking the milk of a cow whose udder had been bitten by a snake. The animal is owned by Martin Jordan, and while in the pasture, this morning, before milking sustained the fatal bite. The milk was served as usual among the families in the neighborhood, and shortly after drinking it they manifested the most distressing symptoms, eighteen persons suffered great pain, among them George Judge, an ex-member of the State Legislature, whose daughter is said to be dying from the effects of the deadly draught. His wife is also suffering severely. A portion of the milk was given to a kitten as an experiment this forenoon, and it died instantly. The affair has caused great excitement in the neighborhood. —Scranton Despatch to N. Y. Times.

A JAPANESE BUILT IRONCLAD.—A Japanese ironclad, the Li-ki, five guns, is now on her way to England, making a call at all the principal Asiatic and European ports en route. Unlike most of the vessels belonging to the Japanese navy, the Li-ki was built in Japan, under the supervision and from the designs of M. Chiboudier, a French gentleman employed in the Imperial Arsenal of Yokohama. It will be remembered that the English Government lately made overtures for the purchase of three or four gunboats built in that country for Japan, but were unsuccessful in their bids for the vessels. The visit of a native-built ironclad to Portsmouth is therefore looked forward to with interest. The Li-ki was built in 1874. Her length is 191 feet; breadth, 22 feet; draught forward, 11 feet; and aft, 13 feet. She has two decks, the upper one carrying five guns. The state cabin, ward-room, etc., are handsomely fitted, and the whole arrangements of the vessel are said to be complete. Her officers are nearly all native Japanese.

VISITORS TO ST. ANDREWS can obtain agreeable and pleasant quarters at Kennedy's Hotel, one of the best houses in the Province. The rooms are large, well ventilated and nicely furnished, and command a view of beautiful scenery of the surrounding country, diversified by land and water, and fitted with all modern conveniences. The larder is always supplied with the best from the town and surrounding markets, while every thing in season may be found at the table, with obliging and polite waiters. The location is within a short distance of the Railway, and Steamboat landing, and near the bathing place. Connected with the establishment is a large livery stable. In a word, the house is a favorite resort for men of business, and visitors generally. 25-1yr

A fine Riding Wagon is offered for sale by D. F. CAMPBELL.

The quarrel of the heirs of the late "Commodore" Vanderbilt, of New York, over the immense estate of \$10,000,000, still continues and furnishes food for the courts and the press. The legal feud between the two sons, William and Cornelius, is most unseemly. Cornelius being the reputed "fast boy" of the family, the Commodore willed the greater portion of his wealth to his other son, William, and now the two sons are accusing each other of fraudulent devices to get possession of the money. Among other things detectives swear that William employed some one to personate Cornelius visiting low saloons and houses in order to prejudice the father against him but then some of the same detectives go back to Cornelius and affirm that it was William who was personated in order to deceive the old man. A great portion of the Commodore's colossal fortune bids fair to be squandered in litigation.

The French Ministry have, with proper delicacy of feeling secured the removal from the International Exhibition of all pictures "which might wound the susceptibilities of the Germans." Many of these are on free exhibition in the Grand Gallery in Paris. M. Philippe Barty, the French critic, thinks that the prohibition which dictates the choice of these subjects is liable, perhaps, to the charge of not knowing how painful to French hearts are these recollections of the national defence—of the blood which was shed to no purpose. The notriety thus given them will probably help their sale, however—a rather important point with the artists.

As a steamer left a New York pier the other day, John Conroy, a peddler, in attempting to jump ashore, fell into the river, and was swept under the pier. William

Clancy, a driver for Dodd's Express, sprang after him and diving under the pier, rescued him after a hard struggle.

AN EMINENT PHYSICIAN, OF LARGE EXPERIENCE, who has made Pulmonary Consumption a speciality, says that "although in the worst and most rapid form of the disease, we have still to confess the medicine is almost powerless, yet, in these less overwhelming and in these more chronic which happily constitute the far greater number of cases, we have been able to adduce many proofs that much may be done to mitigate, to prevent, to retard, to aye, and even to arrest and cure, this most destructive of human maladies. His experience of fifty years leads him to assert that the "great remedy, more essential and more effectual than any other, is Cod Liver Oil." BUT, WHO CAN TAKE IT? "Robinson's" Phosphorized Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Lactophosphate of Lime, contains all the virtues of Cod Liver Oil in a form and combination most desirable to obtain its fullest effects. ANYBODY CAN TAKE IT! J. H. Robinson, St. John, N. B., and for sale by druggists generally. Price \$1.00 per bottle six bottles for \$5.

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St. Andrews, May 1, 1878—41 pd.

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It is also better twisted and more carefully reeled; each hank being tied up in 7 leaf of 120 yards each. This makes it much more easy to wind than when it is put up without leaf—as the American is—and also saves a great deal of waste.

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Johnson's Anodyne Liniment will positively prevent this terrible disease, and will positively cure nine cases in ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure. I. S. JOHNSON & Co., Bangor, Maine.

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# FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

**Hammer Pruning of Grape Vines.**  
1. Thrifty vines, as the Concord, Hartford, Prolific and other vines of very free growth, should have trellises ten or twelve feet high, in order to obtain the greatest amount of fruit, after the summer pruning should consist in cutting away feeble shoots wherever found, thus throwing the vitality of the vines into the stronger canes, that will produce the fruit buds of the next season.

2. Pinching back bearing canes to within a leaf or two of the nearest bunches is of no benefit to the fruit, as the leaves of the canes are lungs of the vines; and I claim if the vines be shortened at all, it should be done very moderately, merely stopping the further growth of canes by plucking them off near their ends.

3. In no case should the most thrifty canes be shortened during the summer, as they will be the canes which bear the next year's fruit.

4. As the fruit begins to turn in color, do not remove any leaves to expose the grapes to the sun, as they ripen no sooner by so doing, and the effect of the sun is injurious rather than beneficial, while the removal of the leaves actually retards the ripening of the grapes by checking the flow of sap through the canes, which the leaves regulate according to the requirements of the growing fruit.

5. To produce the best fruit, and in perfection, the small clusters of grapes when the vines set a great deal of fruit must be cut or pinched off, leaving but one bunch generally to each shoot or cane. Many vines are often so productive that it is impossible for the roots to afford full sustenance to the entire crop; and in such cases I remove about one-half, always leaving the largest bunches, and the result is splendid fruit, while that on vines not so served is of much less value. — *Farmer's Friend.*

**Paris Green and the Potato Beetle.**  
From letters received we find that there are localities to which the potato beetle has been a stranger until now. We find also that there are many who now propose to use Paris green who have opposed its use before, and finally that there are many who are not familiar with the best methods of mixing and using it. The topic is timely, and we will therefore repeat in brief what we have said at length many times before. Some prefer to mix the green with water others with flour or plaster. Either is quite effectual. In the one case a watering-pot that will hold a pail of water—in the other a sieve of some kind is needed. Any tin vessel with holes punched in the bottom will serve. A flour sieve with a covering of muslin or paper tied about it answers well enough. To twenty parts of green flour or plaster add one part of green and mix thoroughly. Sift this upon the leaves before sunrise, while they are filled with dew. It is labor and material lost to wait until the dew has been in part or wholly evaporated, since there is nothing to hold the dry powder and the first breeze blows it away. We find even now that there is an impression that the contact of Paris green with the beetle or its larva is necessary to kill it. Contact, however, does no harm. In eating the leaf a minute quantity of the poisonous dust is eaten and the bug is thus destroyed. A heaping tablespoonful of Paris green may be stirred into a pailful of water in quantity and applied as we have above indicated, stirring it in the water. As the green is not soluble in water, the present beetles will effect comparatively little injury to the vines, but each of the females will lay, perhaps, 1,000 eggs. These may now be found in clusters upon the under part of the leaves. They will hatch out in a few days and then their work of destruction begins. — *Boston Globe.*

**Keeping Meat in Hot Weather.**  
Great is the convenience of a good refrigerator, writes a correspondent. But many of us, who live in the country, have to get along without such a convenience. Farmers' families, who often depend upon the butchers' meat-cart for supplies of fresh meat, are annoyed by the bother and the waste that comes of getting more mutton on hand than they can conveniently use up before it gets tainted. The most foolish waste, is to eat more of it than you need, with the idea of "saving it," the doctor's bill that may result from over-loading the digestive organs is not so good a show of economy, as the fresh eggs you might coax from the hens by feeding them any excess of meat. The meat should first be wiped clean and dry. Some sprinkle it well in all parts with salt. Others use black pepper plentifully (washing and wiping it well before using it to remove the pepper or salt), and then hang it in the coolest place possible—some in the well, others in a cellar. Perhaps the best precaution is to wrap it in a dry cloth, and cover it with charcoal-dust. Some say that wood shavings will answer about as well as charcoal, but I only know the virtues of charcoal by experience. I have found that charcoal will remove a slight degree of taint. I am old that mutton is improved, as well as reserved, for a short time, by wrapping it in a cloth wet with vinegar, and laying it on the bottom of a dry cellar. All kinds of meat, including fish and fowl, may be preserved in brine for a longer or shorter time.

# FOR THE YOUNG PEOPLE.

**Dandelions.**  
Good morning, Miss Madcap, with curls tossing free,  
Perhaps you despise such plain people as we;  
But though we are lowly enough we are fair;  
Pray, would you would the rose be unless it was rare?

The bees love us dearly, as no doubt you've seen,  
And find us at once in our covert so green,  
And tell us that crouches die when they do,  
From envy alone of our halcyon hue!

But then bees are flattering rogues, it is clear;  
They buzz pretty compliments into your ear,  
And make you believe half the nonsense they say,  
While cleverly stealing your honey away.

So we prize the soft dew, the dear sunny breeze,  
And give scarce a thought to those wicked young bees,  
With whom, as no sensible flower but knows,  
To-day it's the lily, to-morrow the rose!

We greet the dawn's freshness; we droop not at noon;  
We dampen our blossoms below the white moon;  
And plain as we are, we would rather dwell here,  
Than quench it in hot-houses half the long year.

But still we have troubles enough, little child,  
For yonder brown cattle, whose looks are so mild,  
Some morning, as sure as the heavens are blue,  
Will eat us for breakfast—and relish us, too!

—*Edgar Poe.*

**What the Thumb Does.**  
Have you noticed that when you want to take hold of anything, a bit of bread, we will say, that it is always the thumb who puts himself forward, and that he is always on one side by himself, while the rest of the fingers are on the other?

If the thumb is not helping, nothing stops in your hand, and you don't know what to do with it. Try, by way of experiment, to carry your spoon to your mouth without putting your thumb to it, and you will see what a long time it will take you to get through a poor little plateful of broth.

The thumb is placed in such a manner on your hand that it can face each of the other fingers, one after another, or all together as you please; and by this we are enabled to grasp, as if with a pair of pinchers, all objects, whether large or small.

Our hands owe their perfection of usefulness to this happy arrangement, which has been bestowed on no other animal except the monkey, our nearest neighbor.

**Outdone by a Boy.**  
An exchange tells the following story of a boy who showed himself the superior of four men:

A lad in Boston rather small for his years works in an office as errand-boy for four gentlemen who do business there. One day the gentlemen were chaffing him about beginning so small, and said to him:

"You never will amount to much; you never can do much business; you are too small." The little fellow looked at them.

"Well," said he, "as small as I am, I can do something which none of you four men can do."

"Ah! what is that?" said they.

"I can keep from swearing!" said the little fellow. There was some blushing on four many faces, and there seemed to be very little anxiety for further information on that point.

**The St. Gothard Tunnel.**  
There seems to be a very great chance that it will prove as difficult a thing to complete the St. Gothard Tunnel as it was in Massachusetts to finish the Hoosac Tunnel. Begun in 1872 for the purpose of making the route to Italy by the St. Gothard pass as attractive as it formerly was, by reason of the famous diligence road, which was built in 1830 at a cost of \$375,000, and which had made this the favorite route until the Mt. Cenis Tunnel diverted both travel and traffic from this part of Switzerland, its estimated cost was \$37,400,000, and the time for its building was limited to ten years. To build this tunnel, which would be nine and a quarter miles long, together with the railway, Germany and Italy agreed to subscribe \$17,000,000, while the balance was to be raised by the forest cantons and the federal council. As the work has gone on it has been found that the estimated cost would be probably about half as much as the real cost, and as Switzerland has suffered as much from hard times as other countries, it is found that the work must be abandoned for a time at least. Not long ago an endeavor was made to obtain a supplementary grant from the canton of Zurich in aid of the enterprise, but when it was submitted to the popular vote its defeat was so decisive that the present prosecution of the work seems impossible for the canton of Zurich is at once the richest canton and the one which would most benefit by the new route. — *American Architect.*

**Honor to American Manufacturers.**  
His Majesty Oscar II., King of Norway and Sweden, has sent to the Mason & Hamlin Organ Co. the Grand Swedish Gold Medal in recognition of the superiority of their cabinet organs. The medal is surmounted by a crown and bears on one side the inscription "Litteris et Artibus," and on the other the name of the king, "Oscar II., Svec. Norv. Goth. Vand. Rex." This honor will be the more valued by the Company from the fact that His Majesty Oscar II. is known to be a musical connoisseur of highest attainments.

# The Gardens of Nassau.

A lady gives this incident of her visit to Nassau, in the West Indies group:

Besides the surf and the shells, and the light-house and the blockade-runner, and the bathing, there is not much to see at Hog Island, and visitors are soon ready to re-embark and skim along the bright waters to the "Sea Garden," where the boat is moored, and if the waters are calm enough the white sand of the sea-bed may be seen glimmering up through the waves. But presently Sampson produces his "water-glass"—a square box, one end open, the other fitted with a pane of common window glass; this end is thrust into the water for a few inches, and the observer looking into the open end is disposed to think Sampson's simple-looking apparatus is the veritable magic glass of the old stories, for through it a new world is opened.

Upon the white sand of the sea-bed there grow as in a garden such marvelous shapes of form and beauty as one never sees in upper air, for, like many another lovely thing, to pluck the flowers of this garden is to destroy them—to make them one's own is to lose them forever. Sea-fans or sea-fans are very delicate foliage, tinted of every shade of yellow and orange, from white to the deepest of gold, of dusky-red and brown, and all but black; the sea-anemone, that wonderful hybrid of flower and animal life, blooms or breathes in ever-varying tints; sea-weed of every rare shape and color floats idly in the marvelous water; coral and sponge grow year by year to forms of beauty and use, and in and out among the foliage of the subterranean grove glide the birds of this fair garden, the dainty shining blue-fish, and many another lovely thing, to pluck the flowers of this garden is to destroy them—to make them one's own is to lose them forever.

The boatmen always carries, among other furniture of the boat, a boy or two, clad in diving trawlers and not much else, who is here ready, for a modest compensation, to dive and bring up any special specimen of sponge, coral, or sea-fan which the voyager may point out, and it is rather a peculiar sight to watch one of these sable men tugging with both hands at a toughly rooted specimen, his feet waving fin-like in the air, and presently returning breathless to the surface bringing his spoil in triumph.

**Words of Wisdom.**  
Young man you may go up hill as fast as you please, but go down hill slow.

The heart is a book which we ought not to tear in our hurry to get at its contents.

Deal gently with those who stray. Draw them back by love and persuasion. One kiss is worth a thousand kicks. A kind word is more valuable to the lost than a mine of gold.

The character of a wise and good man consists in three things—to do himself what he tells others to do, to act on no occasion contrary to justice, and to bear with the weaknesses of those about him.

It is very easy to spoil children by rearing them in idleness. A girl who is never allowed to sew, all of whose clothes are made for her, and put on her, till she is twelve, fifteen, or eighteen years of age is spoiled. The mother has spoiled her by doing everything for her. The true idea of self-restraint is to let the child venture.

It must be a great satisfaction at the close of life, to be able to look back on the years which are passed, and to feel that you have lived; and not for yourself alone, but that you have been useful to others. You may be assured, also, that the same feeling is a source of comfort and happiness at any period of life. There is nothing in this world so good as usefulness. It binds your fellow creatures to you, and you to them; it tends to the improvement of your own character, and it gives you much joy and importance in society—much beyond what any artificial station can bestow.

**Sunlight.**  
It is a familiar fact that a potato-vine growing in a dark cellar is white, puny, and without strength. It would be almost precisely the same with a child confined to a dark room. It is also well known that light is somehow essential to health, and that simple sunshine is the best medicine in many diseases. But it is not known how the hygienic effect is exerted, though there is reason to believe the effect is mainly due, not to the color rays, but to the actinic—the invisible rays that paint the picture in the photograph, and penetrate to the seed beneath the soil and quicken its germ.

Some experiments, however, recently presented to the English Royal Society, have a bearing on the solution of the question. They prove that the presence of light, but especially of direct sunshine, prevents the development of the microscopic fungi which are associated with putrefaction and decay. When there are germs already present in a liquid, it destroys them, and perfectly preserves a putrescible fluid in which they have not yet been developed. While this preservative quality is so powerful in the direct rays of the sun, it also exists in diffused light.

The hygiene of light will doubtless sometime be fully understood. Meanwhile we know enough to make it a sin against health not to let the sun have reest admission to our dwellings.

# The Earth's Yield of Precious Metals.

Appropos of this golden epoch and age of silver bonanzas, we learn from the most reliable sources of information that from the earliest times to the commencement of the Christian era the amount of the precious metals obtained from the surface and mines of the earth is estimated to be four thousand millions of dollars; from the latter epoch to the discovery of America, another sum of four thousand millions was obtained; from the date of the latter event to the close of 1842, an addition of nine thousand millions was made; the extensive working of Russian gold mines added to the close of 1842 one thousand millions more; the double discovery of the California gold mines in 1848, and those of Australia in 1851, added to the close of last year five thousand millions, making a grand total at the present time of twenty-three thousand millions of dollars. The average loss by abrasion of coins is estimated to be a tenth of one per cent. per annum; and the average loss of consumption in the art, and destruction by fire and shipwreck at from two to eight millions per annum. The amount of precious metals now in existence is estimated to be thirteen thousand millions of dollars, of which gold furnishes seven thousand millions, and silver the remainder. Of the amount now in existence, eight thousand millions are estimated to be in coin and bullion, three thousand millions in watches, and the remainder in plate, jewelry and ornaments. Of the amount now in existence seven thousand millions are estimated to have been obtained from America, three thousand millions from Asia (including Australia and New Zealand), two thousand millions from Europe, and the remainder from Africa. Prior to the commencement of the Christian era the annual product of the precious metals was about two millions of dollars; from the commencement of the Christian era to the discovery of America it was three millions; three hundred and fifty years after the discovery of America, in 1492, it was one hundred millions, and since the double discovery of the California and Australian mines, 1833 to 1872, it has averaged two hundred and fifty-six millions of dollars. The annual product of the precious metals attained its acme in 1853, when it was two hundred and eighty-five millions of dollars. The increase in the amount of the precious metals in existence has been greater during the last twenty-five years than during the previous one hundred and forty.

**A Fight with Swordfish.**  
The lookout of the Bonning Billow, a Gloucester mackerel schooner, lying to about twenty miles off this lightship, sighted two black objects, seemingly drifting logs, close upon the weather bow. These objects drifted nearer, and then the lookout saw that they were monster swordfish, far out of their latitude. They were basking, motionless, in the sun. A boat was lowered and was soon within a few lengths of the swordfish. The harpooner hurled his harpoon with unerring aim at the smaller swordfish. The keen steel sank deep into its body. With one slap of its tail, which is much like a three-bladed propeller, the swordfish darted away, leaving a track of foam. The harpoon's line whizzed out from the boat until thirty-five fathoms had gone. Then there was a sudden stop. Some of the crew began to congratulate themselves on the death of the swordfish, but the harpooner cried out: "Look out; he's coming!"

The swordfish darted toward the bow of the boat. The crew backed water, but unavailingly. The sword of the fish pierced the thick oaken planking of the boat as though it was tissue paper, and the boat careened until water poured in.

The harpooner escaped by jumping backward. With a hatchet, he chopped off the part of the sword protruding through the side, and then he hacked the fish until it died.

This flurried, strangely enough, had not disturbed the other swordfish. The harpooner sent a harpoon well home just behind its head, and after darning about and churning the water into a great expanse of foam, it died.

The swordfish were sold to John B. Lynch, of Fulton Market. According to his measurement, the larger swordfish measured from the tip of the sword to the extremity of the tail nearly seventeen feet, the sword constituting one-fourth of this length. Its weight was 335 pounds. The smaller swordfish was only a few inches shorter and a few pounds lighter.

An employee of Mr. Lynch said that the presence of the swordfish near the entrance to our bay is probably an indication that whales are not far away, for the swordfish is the natural foe of the whale, and is probably the only fish that the whale dreads. In a duel between a whale and a swordfish the result is almost always a foregone conclusion in favor of the latter. — *New York Sun.*

Everybody has heard of Glauber's salts, but how many know whether Glauber is the name of a place or a man? He was in fact a famous chemist of Amsterdam in the sixteenth century, who invented the peculiar preparation bearing his name.

An Iowa base-ball club calls itself "The Gong," because it always gets beat.

# The Great Pagoda of Tanjore.

Tanjore, a city of India, the capital of a district of the same name in the government of Madras, stands on a branch of the River Cavery, forty-five miles from the Bay of Bengal and about 180 miles southwest of Madras. It was founded about A. D. 214, and became the capital of a Hindoo principality which was in the seventeenth century absorbed by the Marhattas. It was long considered the strongest place in India, and has been several times besieged by the French and English. The British assumed the government of the district in 1800. Its present population is about 80,000. The city covers a very considerable space, and is defended by two strong forts, one of which is four miles in circumference, the other about one mile. In the center of the larger fort is the magnificent palace of the rajah. The great Pagoda, which stands within the smaller fort, is admitted to be the finest structure of the kind in India. It is 271 feet in height, and has twelve stories of columns, and is crowded with elaborately-sculptured statues, many of which rank among the finest specimens of Hindoo art. It is said that the dome consists of a single block of stone. This Pagoda is dedicated to Vishnu, and its numerous sculptures are devoted to representations of that divinity, the second person of the Hindoo triad. In all, it is counted that the Pagoda contains more than a thousand statues.

The first object in eating is to supply the waste of the body; so the first object in cooking is to prepare food in the manner that will best adapt it to that end. — *Dr. E. B. Foote's Health Monthly.*

**Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!** Don't fail to procure Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for all diseases incident to the period of teething in children. It relieves the child from pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and, by giving relief and health to the child, gives rest to the mother. It is an old and well-tried remedy.

**STEAK HALL.**—One of the most charming halls for concert in New York city is the justly celebrated Steak Hall, No. 11 E. 14th Street. The seating capacity is about 500, and the acoustic properties of the building are so excellent that they surpass those of any other similar establishment connected with this hall are the warerooms of the renowned Steinway pianos, the manufacture of which was started a quarter of a century ago by Mr. Geo. Steinway & Sons. These instruments are unrivaled for tone and durability, and have taken the first prize at the Vienna exhibition in 1873, and at Philadelphia in 1876. The firm in full sympathy with the times offer intending purchasers every possible inducement as to prices and terms.

**The Best and Most Economical.** Housekeepers are giving the cheap adulterated baking powders a wide berth, and why? Because experience has taught them that an absolutely pure, full strength, full weight article, such as Dooley's Yeast Powder, which never fails to produce light, wholesome and nutritious biscuits, rolls, muffins, waffles and griddle cakes of all kinds, is by far the cheapest and most economical.

**Parsons' Purgative Pills** make new rich blood, and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take one pill a night from one to twelve weeks may be restored to sound health, if such a thing is possible.

Life is full of disappointments. We recently offered to cure a bad case of rheumatism for a year's subscription in advance, but just as we were on the point of lifting the shroud, a sympathizing friend suggested Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, and the money and the patient vanished instantly.

**Wm. T. Mason, Esq., of St. Louis, writes:** "The relief Jonas Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy afforded me was perfect: I have not had a bad night since taking it. This complaint has troubled me for a long time, and I have tried many things, but in no case found any relief until the Remedy came to hand."

**GREW** The Celebrated "MAYOR'S" Wood Tag Plug TOBACCO. THE PREMIER TOBACCO COMPANY, New York, Boston, and Chicago.

**The Greatest Discovery of the Age is Dr. Robt's celebrated Venetian Liniment!** 30 years before he public, and warranted to cure: Rheumatism, Colic, and spasms, taken internally and externally. Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Cuts, Bruises, Old Sores, and Pains in the Limbs, Back and Chest, externally. It has never failed. No family will ever be without it after once giving it a fair trial. Price 40 cents. Dr. ROB'T'S VENETIAN HORSE LINIMENT, in Pint Bottles, at One Dollar, is warranted superior to any other, and NO PAY, for the cure of Cuts, Cuts, Bruises, Old Sores, etc. Sold by all Druggists. Depot—10 Park Place, New York.

The Markets.	
NEW YORK.	
Beef Cattle—Native.....	16 00 07 1/2
Do—Foreign.....	15 00 06 3/4
Milk Cows.....	08 00 03 3/4
Hogs—Live.....	06 00 02 1/2
Do—Dressed.....	05 00 01 3/4
Sheep.....	04 00 01 1/4
Pork—Middle.....	11 00 05 1/2
Do—Shoulder.....	10 00 04 3/4
Do—Mixed Western.....	09 00 04 1/4
Butter—Cream.....	22 00 10 1/2
Eggs, per doz.....	18 00 08 1/2
Wheat—No. 1.....	95 00 45 1/2
Do—No. 2.....	90 00 42 1/2
Do—No. 3.....	85 00 40 1/2
Do—No. 4.....	80 00 37 1/2
Do—No. 5.....	75 00 34 1/2
Do—No. 6.....	70 00 31 1/2
Do—No. 7.....	65 00 28 1/2
Do—No. 8.....	60 00 25 1/2
Do—No. 9.....	55 00 22 1/2
Do—No. 10.....	50 00 19 1/2
Do—No. 11.....	45 00 16 1/2
Do—No. 12.....	40 00 13 1/2
Do—No. 13.....	35 00 10 1/2
Do—No. 14.....	30 00 07 1/2
Do—No. 15.....	25 00 04 1/2
Do—No. 16.....	20 00 01 1/2
Do—No. 17.....	15 00 00 1/2
Do—No. 18.....	10 00 00 1/4
Do—No. 19.....	05 00 00 1/8
Do—No. 20.....	00 00 00 00

**PHILADELPHIA.**  
Beef Cattle—Native..... 09 00 04 1/2  
Do—Foreign..... 08 00 03 1/2  
Milk Cows..... 07 00 02 1/2  
Hogs—Live..... 06 00 01 1/2  
Do—Dressed..... 05 00 00 1/2  
Sheep..... 04 00 00 1/4  
Pork—Middle..... 10 00 05 1/2  
Do—Shoulder..... 09 00 04 1/2  
Do—Mixed Western..... 08 00 03 1/2  
Butter—Cream..... 20 00 09 1/2  
Eggs, per doz..... 17 00 07 1/2  
Wheat—No. 1..... 90 00 44 1/2  
Do—No. 2..... 85 00 41 1/2  
Do—No. 3..... 80 00 38 1/2  
Do—No. 4..... 75 00 35 1/2  
Do—No. 5..... 70 00 32 1/2  
Do—No. 6..... 65 00 29 1/2  
Do—No. 7..... 60 00 26 1/2  
Do—No. 8..... 55 00 23 1/2  
Do—No. 9..... 50 00 20 1/2  
Do—No. 10..... 45 00 17 1/2  
Do—No. 11..... 40 00 14 1/2  
Do—No. 12..... 35 00 11 1/2  
Do—No. 13..... 30 00 08 1/2  
Do—No. 14..... 25 00 05 1/2  
Do—No. 15..... 20 00 02 1/2  
Do—No. 16..... 15 00 00 1/2  
Do—No. 17..... 10 00 00 1/4  
Do—No. 18..... 05 00 00 1/8  
Do—No. 19..... 00 00 00 00  
Do—No. 20..... 00 00 00 00

**PHILADELPHIA.**  
Beef Cattle—Native..... 08 00 03 1/2  
Do—Foreign..... 07 00 02 1/2  
Milk Cows..... 06 00 01 1/2  
Hogs—Live..... 05 00 00 1/2  
Do—Dressed..... 04 00 00 1/4  
Sheep..... 03 00 00 1/8  
Pork—Middle..... 09 00 04 1/2  
Do—Shoulder..... 08 00 03 1/2  
Do—Mixed Western..... 07 00 02 1/2  
Butter—Cream..... 19 00 08 1/2  
Eggs, per doz..... 16 00 06 1/2  
Wheat—No. 1..... 88 00 43 1/2  
Do—No. 2..... 83 00 40 1/2  
Do—No. 3..... 78 00 37 1/2  
Do—No. 4..... 73 00 34 1/2  
Do—No. 5..... 68 00 31 1/2  
Do—No. 6..... 63 00 28 1/2  
Do—No. 7..... 58 00 25 1/2  
Do—No. 8..... 53 00 22 1/2  
Do—No. 9..... 48 00 19 1/2  
Do—No. 10..... 43 00 16 1/2  
Do—No. 11..... 38 00 13 1/2  
Do—No. 12..... 33 00 10 1/2  
Do—No. 13..... 28 00 07 1/2  
Do—No. 14..... 23 00 04 1/2  
Do—No. 15..... 18 00 01 1/2  
Do—No. 16..... 13 00 00 1/2  
Do—No. 17..... 08 00 00 1/4  
Do—No. 18..... 03 00 00 1/8  
Do—No. 19..... 00 00 00 00  
Do—No. 20..... 00 00 00 00

**PHILADELPHIA.**  
Beef Cattle—Native..... 07 00 02 1/2  
Do—Foreign..... 06 00 01 1/2  
Milk Cows..... 05 00 00 1/2  
Hogs—Live..... 04 00 00 1/4  
Do—Dressed..... 03 00 00 1/8  
Sheep..... 02 00 00 1/16  
Pork—Middle..... 08 00 03 1/2  
Do—Shoulder..... 07 00 02 1/2  
Do—Mixed Western..... 06 00 01 1/2  
Butter—Cream..... 18 00 07 1/2  
Eggs, per doz..... 15 00 05 1/2  
Wheat—No. 1..... 86 00 42 1/2  
Do—No. 2..... 81 00 39 1/2  
Do—No. 3..... 76 00 36 1/2  
Do—No. 4..... 71 00 33 1/2  
Do—No. 5..... 66 00 30 1/2  
Do—No. 6..... 61 00 27 1/2  
Do—No. 7..... 56 00 24 1/2  
Do—No. 8..... 51 00 21 1/2  
Do—No. 9..... 46 00 18 1/2  
Do—No. 10..... 41 00 15 1/2  
Do—No. 11..... 36 00 12 1/2  
Do—No. 12..... 31 00 09 1/2  
Do—No. 13..... 26 00 06 1/2  
Do—No. 14..... 21 00 03 1/2  
Do—No. 15..... 16 00 00 1/2  
Do—No. 16..... 11 00 00 1/4  
Do—No. 17..... 06 00 00 1/8  
Do—No. 18..... 01 00 00 00  
Do—No. 19..... 00 00 00 00  
Do—No. 20..... 00 00 00 00

**PHILADELPHIA.**  
Beef Cattle—Native..... 06 00 01 1/2  
Do—Foreign..... 05 00 00 1/2  
Milk Cows..... 04 00 00 1/4  
Hogs—Live..... 03 00 00 1/8  
Do—Dressed..... 02 00 00 1/16  
Sheep..... 01 00 00 1/32  
Pork—Middle..... 07 00 02 1/2  
Do—Shoulder..... 06 00 01 1/2  
Do—Mixed Western..... 05 00 00 1/2  
Butter—Cream..... 17 00 06 1/2  
Eggs, per doz..... 14 00 04 1/2  
Wheat—No. 1..... 84 00 41 1/2  
Do—No. 2..... 79 00 38 1/2  
Do—No. 3..... 74 00 35 1/2  
Do—No. 4..... 69 00 32 1/2  
Do—No. 5..... 64 00 29 1/2  
Do—No. 6..... 59 00 26 1/2  
Do—No. 7..... 54 00 23 1/2  
Do—No. 8..... 49 00 20 1/2  
Do—No. 9..... 44 00 17 1/2  
Do—No. 10..... 39 00 14 1/2  
Do—No. 11..... 34 00 11 1/2  
Do—No. 12..... 29 00 08 1/2  
Do—No. 13..... 24 00 05 1/2  
Do—No. 14..... 19 00 02 1/2  
Do—No. 15..... 14 00 00 1/2  
Do—No. 16..... 09 00 00 1/4  
Do—No. 17..... 04 00 00 1/8  
Do—No. 18..... 00 00 00 00  
Do—No. 19..... 00 00 00 00  
Do—No. 20..... 00 00 00 00

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