

The Standard.
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Inserted according to written orders, or continued
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Each repetition of Ditto 1s. 4d.
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Each repetition of Ditto 1d. per line.
Advertising by the year as may be agreed on.

ATHENEUM
FIRE INSURANCE
SOCIETY OF LONDON.
Capital £2000,000 Sterling.
Rt. Hon. the Earl of GLENCAIRN, Chairman.
THIS Office insures against Loss or Damage
by Fire all descriptions of Buildings, in-
cluding Mills and Manufactories, and the Goods,
Wares, and Merchandise in the same; House-
hold Furniture, Linen, Wearing Apparel, &c.;
Ships on the stocks, in harbour or in dock; Ri-
ver Craft and their Cargoes; and Farming Stock
of all descriptions in Great Britain and Ireland,
and the Colonies, and also in Foreign Countries.
HENRY SALTER, Manager,
30 Sackville Street, London.
WM. WHITLOCK,
Agent for Saint Andrews.

BRANDY.
VERY superior PALE BRANDY.—
Just received. ALSO.
PORT WINE AND SHERRY.—On
consignment to THOMPSON & CO.
January 12, 1855.

Notice.
THE Subscriber having had his Office
destroyed by fire, will for the present
conduct his business at his residence just
above the Court House, where all persons
desirous of seeing him, are requested to call.
R. M. ANDREWS.
St. Andrews, 23d April, 1855 (d)

ALBION HOUSE
ST. ANDREWS.

Messrs. Storr & Co.,
Have the honor of announcing to their
patrons and the inhabitants of St. Andrews
generally, that they are now prepared to
meet them at the Store immediately oppo-
site their old stand, with a more
VARIED AND EXTENSIVE STOCK,
than ever they were in a position to offer
before.

Profiting by their experience, they have
selected and will have ready for inspection
an UNUSUALLY LARGE STOCK of

General Dry Goods,
suitable for the season, and replete in every
department; it would be unnecessary to
particularize, it is sufficient to say the as-
sortment is complete.

The Tailoring portion comprises every
novelty of the season, consisting of West of
England Broadcloths, Black and Fancy
Doestons, double and single mill'd Cassi-
meres; Vestings in endless variety; and a
full and complete assortment of every article
necessary to the stock of a first class Wool-
len House. All orders left with them will
be faithfully executed under the superinten-
dence of a cutter of first rate talent and ex-
perience.

The Subscribers beg to return their sin-
cere thanks for the very flattering encour-
agement they have received since commencing
business, and to assure their customers,
they will spare no endeavors to deserve a
continuance of those favors so liberally be-
stowed.

May 23, 1855. R. STORR & CO.

"Martell" Brandy.

Direct from Cognac via Halifax
40 Hbds. Best Martell Brandy, vintage
20 Cases 1850 and 1851.
July 30, 1855 J. W. STREET.

Waggon, Carts, &c.
EDWD. STENTFORD,
offers for sale,
WAGGONS, Carts, WHEELBARROWS, &c.
N. B.—Pine & Spruce Boards, Hemlock Bark
Laths, Shingles, and Country Produce, taken in
payment.
An Excellent Hearing for Sale.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.
The Subscriber has just received a further as-
sortment of Watches, Jewelry, Cutlery, &c.
consisting of—
Gold and Silver Lever & Lepine Watches;
Guard Chains, Gold Lockets, a superior article;
Bangles, fine gold finger Rings, silver Jet and
steel Shawl Pins, black Brooches, &c. &c.
Silver Tea & Table Spoons, salt & mustard do.
Joseph Rodgers & Sons old English Razors, Poc-
ket Jack and Pen Knives, &c.
Clocks, Watches and Jewelry cleaned and re-
paired &c.
GEO. F. STICKNEY,
St. Andrews, Jan. 24, 1855.

STEREOTYPING
And ELECTROTYPING
—BY THE—
BOSTON STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY
CHARLES J. PATTER, agent,
No. 4 Spring Lane—up stairs—Boston.

The Standard,

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

No 41] SAINT ANDREWS, N. B., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1855. [Vol. 22

AYER'S
PILLS.
FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A
FAMILY PHYSIC.

There has long existed a public demand for an
effective purgative pill which could be relied on as
safe and perfectly safe in its operation. This has
been prepared to meet that demand, and an exten-
sive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with-
out exception that it accomplishes the purpose de-
signed. It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to
make the best of all pills—one which should have
none of the objections, but all the advantages, of
every other. This has been attempted here, and
with what success we would respectfully submit to
the public decision. It has been unfortunate for the
patient hitherto that almost every purgative
medicine is so irritating to the bowels, and so
disturbing to the system as to be more than
counterbalanced the good to be derived from them.
These pills produce no irritation or pain,
unless it arise from a previously existing obstruc-
tion or derangement in the bowels. Being purely
vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any
quantity; but it is better that any medicine should
be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their
use in the several diseases to which they are ap-
plicable are given on the box. Among the com-
plaints which have been speedily cured by them, we
may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms
of Jaundice, Indigestion, Langour and Loss of Ap-
petite, Lactation, Irritability, Bilious Headache,
Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side
and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the con-
sequence of diseased action in the liver. As an
aperient, they afford prompt and sure relief in Con-
stipation, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Hemorrhoids, Scrof-
ula and Scoury, Cold and soreness of the bowels,
Ulcers and impurity of the blood; in short, any
and every case where a purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly suc-
cessful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel,
Erysipelas, Pimples of the Face, Pains in the
Stomach, and Spleen, and Spleen, and Spleen, and
taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood
and prepare the system for the change of seasons.
An occasional dose stimulates the stomach, and
bowels into healthy action, and restores the ap-
petite and vigor. They purify the blood, and, by their
stimulating action on the circulatory system, re-
new the strength of the body, and restore the
wasted or diseased energies of the whole organism.
Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even
though no serious derangement exists; but un-
necessary dosing should never be carried too far,
as every purgative medicine reduces the strength,
when taken to excess. The thousand cases in which
a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but
they suggest themselves to the reason of every
body; and it is confidently believed that this pill
will answer a better purpose than any thing which has
hitherto been available to mankind. When their
virtues are once known, the public will no longer
doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a
cathartic medicine.

PREPARED BY
JAMES C. AYER,
Apothecary and Practical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.
SOLD BY
Agents for St. Andrews, Odell & Turner,
M. S. Hannah.—St. George, E. P. Knight.

ST. JOHN AND LIVERPOOL
LINE OF PACKET SHIPS,
1855.

Appointed to Sail from Liverpool as under—
Ships Captains Tonnage to sail
Liberty Kenney 875 5th May
Imperial Moran 1275 5th June
Middleton Delaney 996 5th July
John Barbour Marshall 990 20th do.
John Owens Doane 1236 5th Aug.
Joseph Tarratt Joynt 1425 20th do.
Eudocia Spurr 1015 5th Sept.
David G. Fleming, Cruickshank 1425 20th do.

These Ships are built of the best materials, sail
remarkably fast, are classed A 1st Lloyd's, and
coppered, and will be dispatched punctually on the
days appointed.

They are commanded by men of the greatest ex-
perience and nautical skill, and no expense or exertion
will be spared to make this line efficient in every
respect for the safe and speedy conveyance
of Goods.

Orders for shipment of Goods by this line are re-
spectfully solicited.
For Freight or Passage, apply in Liverpool, to
Messrs. BERNIE BROTHERS & Co, Warner
Buildings, Water Street, or at St. John, to
J. & R. REED.

June 1, 1855

Emigration.

Persons desirous of having their friends
in England, Ireland, or Scotland, brought
out by the St. John and Liverpool Line of Packets,
can procure Tickets on application to the Subscribers.

PASSAGE.—From Liverpool to St. John, £5 cur-
rency for Adults; Children under 14 years, half
price. Payment in all cases required when the
Ticket is furnished, but if not used, and returned,
the money will be refunded.

Provisions supplied agreeably to the Passenger
Act, as follows—
For each Adult—3 quarts water—daily;
2 1/2 lbs. Bread, 1 lb. Wheat Flour, 5 lbs. Oat-
meal, 2 lbs. Rice; 1-2 lb. Sugar; 2 oz. Tea, and
2 oz. Salt—weekly.

It will be necessary for persons in the country,
remitting for passages, to furnish the name, age,
and place of residence of the intending emigrant;
the Ticket will be forwarded by first mail after re-
ceipt of the money.

J. & R. REED.
St. John, N. B. Jan. 13th, 1855.

Blanks for sale
At this Office.

European Intelligence.

THE QUEEN'S ADDRESS TO THE ARMY.

Lord Panmure has addressed the follow-
ing telegraphic dispatch to General Simp-
son:—

The Queen has received with deep emo-
tion the welcome intelligence of the fall of
Sebastopol.

Penetrated with profound gratitude to the
Almighty, who has vouchsafed this triumph
to the allied army, her Majesty has com-
mended me to express to yourself, and
through you to the army, the pride with
which she regards this fresh instance of
their heroism.

The Queen congratulates her troops on
the triumphant issue of this protracted siege,
and thanks them for the cheerfulness and
fortitude with which they have encountered
its trials, and the valour which has led to
its termination.

The Queen deeply laments that this suc-
cess is not without its alloy. In the heavy
losses which have been sustained; and
while she rejoices in the victory, her Ma-
jesty deeply sympathizes with noble suffer-
ers in their country's cause.

You will be pleased to congratulate Gen-
eral Pelissier in her Majesty's name upon
the brilliant result of the assault on the Ma-
lakoff, which proves the irresistible force as
well as indomitable courage of our brave
allies.

THE RECEPTION OF THE NEWS IN LON-
DON.—Public Excitement in the Metropolis.
At 8 o'clock on Monday night a large crowd
assembled in front of the Mansion House and
Royal Exchange, in the expectation that the
lord mayor in his robes would read an official
communication; but as no information had
been sent by government to the city, the cer-
emony did not take place. The bells of
many of the Churches rang out merry
peals, while in most of the thoroughfares
groups of people were to be seen reading
their papers under the gas lights and the
shop windows. The national airs were played
at all the barracks. At the Haymarket
theatre, Mr. Buckstone came forward be-
tween the acts. The audience rose en masse
and received the news with immense cheer-
ing. At the Lyceum theatre, Prof. or An-
derson announced the news with the same
effect. At the Adelphi, Mr. Leigh Murray
announced the great news, which created an
immense furor of enthusiasm, till the very
wall of the building vibrated. The Cremorne
Gardens was also a scene of extraordinary
excitement, and 21 guns were fired in rapid
succession. The Tower guns were also
fired. The Morning Post of Wednesday
says:—The first thing done at the open-
ing of the Stock Exchange on Tuesday was
to celebrate the capture of Sebastopol by the
performance of the two national anthems,
"Parant pour la Syrie" and "God Save
the Queen," which was done in full chorus,
and in the most efficient manner, there being
as might be supposed, among the members
of the house, many gentlemen of superior
musical taste, and vocal powers. The Daily
News suggests a national thanksgiving for
the victory. "A religious celebration in the
earliest part of the day—collections at all
the churches for the benefit of the wounded
or the families of the fallen—and for the
rest a holiday rationally spent in visits to
scenes of rural beauty, collections of art,
and so forth—would be a grateful recogni-
tion on our part of the bounties of Heaven,
and would leave all those who thus spent the
day wiser and better men."

THE PROGRESS OF THE HARVEST.—We
have still the most magnificent harvest weat-
her which the heart of man could desire.
Every day we see more stacks in the farm
yards, and less grain in the fields. By Sat-
urday night nearly all the corn grown in this
part of the kingdom will be safe, and it will
all be secured in excellent condition. The
gathering of the second hay crops is also
proceeding rapidly, and the yield will be
unusually large. A good many potatoes
have been got in this neighbourhood. They
are remarkably mealy, and fine in quality,
but not so large as they sometimes are.
The disease exists, but not to serious extent.
Turnips and grass are wonderfully fine.
Probably never better in the memory of man.
[Liverpool Times.]

THE SITUATION OF THE ALLIES.—The
Liverpool Mail translates the following from
the Pays:
"It is easy to comprehend the excellent
situation in which the allied troops are now
placed. They are separated from the Rus-
sians by natural works, which render any
attack on the part of the enemy impossible.
The port, the Careening Dock, and the other
interior works, prevent the latter from mak-
ing one of those sorties on our siege works,
which kept our soldiers constantly on the
watch, and which cost us so many struggles

and such regrettable losses. The hard and
fatiguing works of the trenches are now
finished. Our troops are able to encamp
more freely amidst the ruins of the town; it
is only necessary for them to execute some
works of defence to protect themselves from
any projectiles which may be thrown against
our new positions by the forts on the north-
ern side. Hence it results that a considera-
ble less number of men will be necessary for
the service of the siege, properly so called,
and that we may procure a restoring repose to
a great part of the army, or reinforce, if ne-
cessary, the corps of observation on the
Tchernaya, and be ready for any eventualities
if the enemy attempts a fresh diversion on
this point. Master of the southern part, we
may now attack with the greatest prospect
of prompt success the fortresses which form
the northern part of Sebastopol. All the
fortifications which have fallen into our
power are so many works of attack which
are about to be directed against these last
bulwarks of the Russian town. The line of
the external fortresses is at 1200 and even
at 1500 metres from our present lines. Un-
der these conditions the rigorous blockade,
which was in principle impracticable against
the whole town, becomes perfectly feasible
against the fortresses, and if at a given mo-
ment the communication may be interrupted
between the garrison and the army of Gen-
eral Liprandi, the hour of the complete sur-
render of the besieged troops may from the
present moment be mathematically indicated
according to the rules of a normal siege.—
But we should not be astonished if the Rus-
sian generals, who are all essentially versed
in strategy, who never defend except what
can be defended, were to regard as we do
this eventuality, and were to retire from the
place, before it fastidiously falls into our
hands. They would doubtless only leave us
ruins, for it is also their invariable system to
burn and destroy whatever they cannot keep.

The government have authorised Sir Jo-
seph Paxton to organise another body of
1000 men, to augment the army works corps
now in the Crimea. The additional 1000
will be composed of mechanics and artisans,
and a certain number of navvies, with super-
intendents and foremen; and will be accom-
panied by their own surgeons, and by a
chaplain and scripture reader. The princi-
pal duties of the corps will consist in erect-
ing huts, constructing and repairing roads,
and providing in other ways for the health
of the troops at the seat of war.—[Times.]

FATHER MATHEW.—Late Irish journals
state that Father Mathew is again in his
native country, after a lengthy sojourn at
Maderin, and a short stay in the English
metropolis. His health, though still feeble,
is as much improved as was expected, so
much so that he is able to attend to his
usual duties—as a clergyman and an advo-
cate of temperance. On the 5th ultimo, he
officiated in Dublin, to an immense audience,
and after the close of the Church services he
administered the pledge to a large number
of persons.

A CRIMEAN HERO.—A private of the 17th
Hussars, English, who was in all the battles
in the Crimea, and who took a part in the
attack on the Redan, has arrived at Montreal
having got his discharge, with a pension
of about 25. per day. This hero was wound-
ed in several battles.

THE YELLOW FEVER in New Orleans.—
A dispatch, dated 25th says:—The yellow
fever as an epidemic may be considered as
over in this city. The deaths from it dur-
ing the past week amount to eighty nine out
of a total of two hundred from all causes.
The fever is raging badly at Alexandria, and
many cases are reported along the Ouachita
and Atchafalaya rivers.

The growers of cranberries on the Cape
are realizing enormous prices. Twelve dol-
lars a barrel has been given, and the Yar-
mouth Register says that some are holding
back with the expectation of obtaining 14
dollars.—[Boston Journal]

SEBASTOPOL CELEBRATION.

The Polymorphians are making extensive
arrangements to celebrate in a becoming and
patriotic manner the victory obtained by the
Allies by the capture of Sebastopol. The
companions will assemble at an early hour
on the morning of the 12th October, and
march in procession to Queen's Square, and
fire a salute of 60 guns. At 10 o'clock the
Regatta will come off in the harbor, and we
believe it will be a grand affair, as a number
of boats are entered to contest for the sev-
eral prizes. There are five boats entered for the
Sebastopol Plate—this race will no doubt be
well contested. In the afternoon a grand
and imposing Equestrian Procession of the
Tribe in expensive costumes, representing a
number of notable persons who have figured
at different periods on the world's stage. The

LAW RESPECTING NEWSPAPERS

Subscribers who do not give express no-
tice to the contrary, are considered as
wishing to continue their subscriptions.
If Subscribers order the discontinuance
of their papers, the publisher may continue
to send them till all arrears are paid.
If Subscribers neglect or refuse to take
their papers from the office to which they
are directed, they are held responsible till
they have settled their Bill, and ordered
their papers to be discontinued.
If Subscribers remove to other places
without informing the publisher, and the
paper is sent to the former direction, they
are held responsible.

Fire Works in the evening are of the most
costly description, and are the best ever im-
ported into this city, as a number of pieces
have been expressly manufactured for the
great event.

On the whole the programme of the day's
amusements is one of the very best descrip-
tion, and we have no hesitation in saying that
the 12th of October will be one of the greatest
days ever witnessed in St. John. This re-
nowned body, so fully deserves credit for
taking the matter in hand, as they are just
the persons who can carry out the arrange-
ments to the satisfaction of all true and loyal
British subjects. We go for a general hol-
iday, and we believe that it is the intention
of our business men to suspend business on
that day.—[New Brunswick.]

TWENTY DAYS LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

Interesting News from the Pacific.
New York, Sept. 30.

The steamer Star of the West arrived at
quarantine at 3 o'clock, P. M. from San
Juan, with California dates of the 5th Sept.,
\$1,150,000 in specie, and 650 passengers.—
The Star of the West is connected with the
steamer Sierra Nevada.

Trade at San Francisco with the interior
was dull, but goods arriving were taken
readily.

The Mines were doing well.
The Elections.—The state and county
elections were progressing when the steamer
left. The result was doubtful: great politi-
cal excitement prevailed. The Know Noth-
ing party, it is asserted, had brought up the
Mormon vote in San Francisco county for
\$38,000, payable after the election. The
Mormons have 800 votes. The Whigs
of San Francisco had reorganized, and gon-
ernated a ticket which would draw from the
Know Nothing vote.

A riot occurred at the Sixth Ward primary
election on the 21st ult; over 20 pistol shots
were fired, and several persons severely
wounded.

The Board of Examiners who were ap-
pointed to pass upon the San Francisco
Comptroller's warrants, had rejected nearly
\$250,000; many of them forgeries, but
most of them issues.

The U. S. steamer Massachusetts had
sailed for the Mexican coast, to inquire into
the recent injuries to the persons and prop-
erty of American citizens.

The shock of an earthquake was felt along
the coast of California on the 21st of August.
At San Francisco it was very severe.

CENTRAL AMERICA.—Col. Walker, with
150 men, landed at Virgin Bay on Sept. 3d,
when he was attacked by a party of 400
troops from Rivas, under Gen. Mandula.
The latter was defeated with a loss of fifty
men. Walker's loss was only five.

It was reported that Col. Walker was to
attack Rivas in a few days.
The government had demanded the arms
and ammunition lately received by the Tran-
sit Company, and now at Castelle.

FROM WEST COAST OF MEXICO.—News has
been received in San Francisco of the success
of the insurgents on the Pacific coast of
Mexico. Gen. Comonfort had taken Zepa-
tlan by assault. Colima had surrendered,
and the soldiers and officers of the garrison
joined the revolutionists. Gen. Comonfort
subsequently marched with 5000 troops to
attack Guadalajara. The city of Zepatlan
was sacked after its capture, and entirely
demolished. The fight lasted two hours,
during which 200 were killed and many
wounded on both sides. 7000 men were
under Gen. Ceballos, and had marched for
the City of Mexico. The news of Santa
Anna's flight had reached the coast and
already caused contention among the military
leaders. At Guadalajara, Generals Marquez
and Gambo were fighting, the former being
in favor of Gen. Urrea for President, the
latter in favor of Ceballos.

A correspondent of the New York Herald
was eye witness of the following scene dur-
ing the epidemic in Norfolk, Va.—

A most awful scene was witnessed by me
this morning. A negro man, a bread carrier
in our city, was taken down with the fever,
and carried to the city hospital, where he
soon became a raving maniac; his fever left
him, but there came no cessation of raving—
four couches broke one after another beneath
him, until it became necessary to place him
in a box, (such as coffins are placed in), the
top covered with strips of plank, giving the
appearance of a chicken coop, while the
man, still raving, was trying to break the
wooden bars and escape. The opinion of
physicians is, that he will never be sane
again.

Four thousand Sabbath School Teachers,
from Massachusetts, lately visited New York
& attended a Teachers' Convention. The
papers represent the party as having had
quite a pleasant time.

Arrival of the Pacific, ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 3.
The Mail steamship Pacific, Capt. West, from Liverpool, arrived at her dock at half-past eight o'clock last night. She sailed from Liverpool at 5 P. M., on the 22d ult.

Despatches from General Simpson, from the seat of war, had been received by the Government describing the assault and capture of the Malakoff.

General Pelissier's despatches had not arrived.

The retreat of the Russians to Perekop was contradicted.

Nothing decisive was known in regard to the next move of the Allies.

Four thousand cannons, 50,000 balls, and immense stores of gunpowder were taken possession of by the allies at Sebastopol.

The Czar Alexander, in a letter to the King of Prussia, states he will accept of no conditions of peace derogatory to Russia.

The Czar in company with the Grand Dukes has signified his intention of proceeding to the Crimea.

The Turks still hold Kars, having repulsed the Russians on the 7th of August with considerable loss. The Russians retiring to Erzerum.

No later news from the Baltic had been received.

The Emperor of Austria had congratulated Queen Victoria and Louis Napoleon on the success of the Allies.

There were more rumors about Austrian negotiations. The latest were, that Austria was willing to undertake the work of mediation at Vienna, and France at Paris.

At Paris there was considerable excitement in regard to the high prices of bread.

The inauguration of Don Pedro, King of Portugal, was celebrated on the 16th with great enthusiasm.

The King of Naples had sent apologies to England and France for recent insults.

Nothing new in the money market. Consols 90 to 90 1/8. Breadstuffs firm, but inactive. Weather fine. Pork rather higher.

Beef firm. Lard slightly advanced.

Cotton dull, declined 3/4 to 1. Breadstuffs dull. Provisions advanced. Money active. American stocks quiet.

London, Saturday morning.—No later war news.

It is rumored that Baron Prokesch had arrived at Paris with an ultimatum from Austria, which if the Western Powers agree to, she proposes sending to Russia. If the latter power declines to accept, Austria will declare war.

Probability of War between the Western Alliance and the United States.

The Paris Correspondent of the New York Tribune, gives some interesting intelligence, which is also indicated in the leading columns of the London Times.

On account of this Administration at Washington having given notice to Denmark that United States vessels will presently refuse to pay the tolls levied by that power on ships passing through the Sound into the Baltic, Denmark has resorted to France for assistance and support; and this the Emperor promises her on condition of her joining the Western Alliance against Russia.

If she accepts that proposition, the attempt of the United States to send their vessels through the Sound untaxed, will be treated by the Alliance as a cause of war, and France and England will at once employ the menace of hostilities to bring them to reason and maintain the Danish imposition in its present flourishing state.

COMMERCIAL.

Liverpool, Sept. 21.—With a continuance of fine weather, and a dull market at London, we have to report a somewhat less active trade in wheat. At Tuesday's market, there was a fair attendance of buyers, several having come from a distance in the expectation of purchasing at a reduction similar to that at Mark Lane—viz. 3/8 per quarter; to this holders were unwilling to submit, and any sales made of the finer qualities were at nearly last Friday's rates. Inferior descriptions, however, could be bought at 2s. 3d. per 70 lbs. cheaper.

In flour little doing, without change in price. Indian corn quiet, at 39s 3d a 39s 6d for mixed, being a reduction of 6d a 9d per quarter.

NEW SHIP.—A fine ship of about 1250 tons, O. M., was towed into our harbor on Wednesday from St. Mary's Bay, where she was built for Messrs. Parks & Son, of this city, by Francis Bourne, Esq., and under the directions of Lloyd's Surveyor, of this port. She is named the "Malakoff," and is a fine specimen of naval architecture.

[New Brunswick.]

THE SOUND DUTIES.—The subject of Sound Duties is attracting considerable attention, and creating no little anxiety in Denmark. We copy the following history of the imposition of these duties from the New York Tribune:—

"The entrance to the Baltic is through a narrow strait called the Sound, lying between the Danish island of Zealand on one side, and the coast of Sweden on the other. The strait is about thirty miles long, and some two miles wide at its narrowest point, where is built the fortified town of Elsinore. Its fortress, Cronborg Castle, commands the passage. To this castle all merchant vessels passing to or from the Baltic are compelled to pay reverence by lowering their topsails, and to the Danish Government all vessels—even those of Denmark—are compelled to pay toll. In ancient times one of the Kings

of Denmark agreed to build and sustain lighthouses and land marks, and other necessary improvements, along the shores of the Cattegat, on condition that the Hanse towns should pay tolls and duties by the same—an obligation subsequently assumed for other maritime nations.

We first read of England treating with Denmark on the subject in 1453. The duties which she, as well as other countries, has paid Denmark, have varied at different times. At present England, France, Holland and Sweden, pay a duty of one per cent. on every cargo entering the Baltic.

Other countries, including the United States, pay one and a quarter per cent.; even Danish ships are taxed to this rate. On the 12th of April last, the United States notified the Danish Government of their intention to cease paying the Sound Duties, and the stipulation of the treaty will accordingly expire next spring. Should no amicable arrangement of the question be arrived at in the meanwhile, we may then expect to see our vessels passing the Sound under warlike convoy."

HORRORS IN THE BRAZILS.

DURING the Brazil revolution of 1823, an event occurred, which rivals in horror the Black Hole of Calcutta. A large number of prisoners were taken, and five ringleaders in the revolt were shot in the public square.

Thence returning on board, he received, the same evening, an order from the president of the junta, to prepare a vessel large enough to hold two hundred prisoners. A ship of two hundred tons burden was accordingly selected. It afterwards appeared, that the number of prisoners actually sent on board by the president was two hundred and fifty-three.

These men, in the absence of Captain Grenfell, were forced into the hold of the prison ship, and placed under the guard of fifteen soldiers. Crowded until almost unable to breathe, and suffering alike from heat and thirst, the poor wretches attempted to force their way on deck, but were repulsed by the guard, who, after firing upon them, and fastening down the hatchway threw a piece of ordnance across it, and effectually debarred all egress. The stifling sensation caused by this exclusion of air, drove the suffering crowd to utter madness, and many are said to have lacerated and mangled each other in the most horrible manner. Suffocation, with all its agonies succeeded. The aged and the young, the strong and feeble, the assiduous and his antagonist, all sank down exhausted and in the agonies of death. In the hope of alleviating their sufferings, a stream of water was at length directed into the hold and towards morning the tumult abated; but from a cause which had not been anticipated. Of all the two hundred and fifty-three only four were found alive, who had escaped destruction by concealing themselves behind a water butt.

ACCIDENTS ON ENGLISH RAILWAYS.—FROM a return recently published by the English Board of Trade it appears that during the half year ending June 30 last, there were killed from causes beyond their control three passengers, besides one hundred and seven injured. Seven passengers were killed and five injured owing to their own misconduct or want of caution. Eighteen servants of companies or contractors were killed, and twenty one injured; from causes beyond their control, and forty five were killed and sixteen injured, owing to their own misconduct or want of caution. Fifteen other persons were killed and two injured, at level crossings, and twenty five trespassers were killed and seven injured. The total number killed during the half year on eight thousand one hundred and eighteen miles of railroad was one hundred and thirteen, and one hundred and fifty eight injured.

The contrast between the number of railway accidents in England and America is great. In England the public receives its guarantee of safety in stringent laws against all who are in any way culpably negligent. The result shows that such laws are salutary.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF BOSTON.—By the official statements in the report of the City Auditor, we learn that during the last financial year, the payments on account of the public schools amounted to \$225,500 per cent. of the whole ordinary expenditure of the city. The cost of carrying on the public schools, viz: One High, one Latin, one Normal, 18 Grammar, and 196 Primary, including the repairs of the houses, salaries, furniture, fuel, and all incidental expenses, amounting to—\$339,135 64. The number of pupils was 23,739; and the total expense for each scholar was \$12 25. Of this sum \$7 39 was required for the salary of the teachers, and \$255 for incidental expenses. The amount appropriated for the schools the present year is \$421,700, divided as follows: Grammar and High School departments, \$212,000; Primary School Department, \$120,200; School Houses, \$89,500.

The scrutiny which was demanded at the close of the late election for this County, was abandoned yesterday by the friends of Mr. Cudlip, owing, chiefly, we understand, to the impossibility of completing it before the Sheriff within the time specified for the return of the writ.—Mr. Cudlip however reserved to himself the right of bringing the matter before the Legislature.

A similar decision has been come to by friends of Mr. Cyr, who demanded a scrutiny of the votes given for Mr. Waiters at the late election in Victoria County.—[Courier.

On the arrival of the steamship America at her wharf in East Boston, Friday evening, she was received with a national salute of thirty one guns by the American artillery.

Capt. Maclelland Moore, at the request of some of the British residents in Boston, who rejoice in the success of the Allies before Sebastopol.

Brijons are loyal in whatever clime and under any government. Their love of "fatherland" is proverbial.

THE STANDARD.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 10, 1855.

OUR RAILROAD.

Deep and grievous as are the evils the country has sustained, and is still suffering under by the forced suspension of the works on the St. Andrews and Quebec Railroad, in consequence of the shamefully guilty conduct of the Government in refusing to carry out the law, and withholding the facilities granted by the Legislature for the prosecution of the Road, we much fear unless an immediate return, to a sense of duty, (which can alone be effected by the most distinct expression of public opinion, by the entire Press of the country)—takes place in the Executive Council, that a still heavier calamity is yet in store for us;—a calamity from which the whole Province will be crushed, and from which it will take years, if it be possible for us ever to recover.

Only three little weeks have passed since we announced the arrival of a Deputation from the English Shareholders in this undertaking, and already ten days have elapsed since these gentlemen have again left our shores on their return to England, disgusted and disheartened at the persevering obstinacy of our authorities, comparing us to Pennsylvania and other repudiating States of the Union, and threatening an exposure throughout the Mother Country and on the London Money Market, of the breach of faith committed by the Province against them. We cannot wonder at their indignation, nor could we utter the faintest murmur of complaint should they adopt so strong a measure. There has been much "unapprehension" doubtless; in many parts of the Province with regard to the claims of this Company, and many of our contemporaries, partly from want of correct information, and partly from the sectional jealousy which so unhappily pervades the land, have supported the Government and opposed the Line;—this feeling however, we are glad to observe has of late been sensibly diminishing, and support in many instances been accorded to the undertaking, where formerly it received opposition—we therefore confidently call upon our brother Editors, calmly to review the question of the claims of the Road, and aid us by their united voices to force the Government into the fulfilment of the law, and thereby to avert so serious a calamity as the loss of the credit of the Province.

The case is very simple, and may be plainly put.—By acts of the Legislature, the Executive is authorized and empowered to issue £50,000 in Debentures, and to grant certain lands to the Company periodically in aid of and to facilitate the construction of the Road, on condition of their subscribing and expending certain fixed sums. The faith of the Province stands expressly pledged in those acts for the fulfilment of these arrangements on its part, and in full reliance on the honesty of our Government, the English shareholders have subscribed and expended £80,000 sterling, entitling them to the whole of the Debentures and to a further grant of 70,000 acres beyond what has been already issued. They have submitted their claim and proved its correctness by the exhibition of their accounts and vouchers, the truth of which are not disputed, but still they can get no direct reply, and are met by delays and quibbles—such for instance, as that it is discretionary with the Government to grant the land previous to the completion of the Road. If this is the case, then is the Act a cheat and delusion! its very title specifies that it is to "facilitate the making" of the Road, and the second clause provides, that it shall "and may be lawful from time to time to grant the fee simple for 10,000 acres upon satisfactory proof, under oath, of the expenditure, of a like sum. If the land be not granted till after the completion of the Line, how can it facilitate the "making" of it? The position is an absurdity. But on the other hand were the land granted, we all know that money might be raised on the security of it, and the very lumber itself which might be taken from it, would furnish ample means to finish the work, besides affording occupation for hundreds of our people, employing our shipping, and augmenting the revenue.

The Company say, that were they in possession of these facilities accorded by the Legislature, they would be in a position, and would be prepared to finish the Road:—without them, the Line stands dead, and they feel that the whole of the money they have invested will be lost. Such is the plain position of affairs, fully appreciated and understood by every intelligent person in this County—and as we firmly believe will be the case, admitted by every unprejudiced man throughout the Province,—and under such circumstances, do we confidently appeal to each, to use whatever influence he possesses, to force the Government to act honestly, and save the country from the stigma of repudiation.

THE PRESENT HIGH PRICES OF THE NECESSARIES OF LIFE, are calling forth complaints deep and loud in the Provinces and the United States. A large and influential meeting of the citizens of Boston, took place in Faneuil Hall, on Thursday last, with reference to the high prices of provisions; statistics were brought forward, which proved conclusively, that those evils (high prices) could be removed by organizing and establishing houses in Boston, with branches in the Western States, to buy at the lowest prices, and sell at cost and charges to subscribers. The shares are placed at so low a figure, that every working man could take stock. This will put an end to speculations in Provisions and Flour.

THE LARGEST YET.—We were handed an immense Cucumber, raised in the garden of Mr. J. H. Whitlock, which measures one foot eleven inches and a half in length, and weighs four pounds ten ounces. Our friend has some splendid Corn, the stalks of which are 8 feet 9 inches high, and the ears are well filled with beautiful corn. No doubt Mr. Whitlock will take the premium for these articles, and should distribute the seed.

CELEBRATION IN ST. JOHN.

The loyal inhabitants of St. John intend holding a grand celebration of the fall of Sebastopol on Friday next—the Polymorphians take the lead in the matter. It is said an excursion will be made by the "Queen" to St. John to-morrow.

WAVEG.—The people of this interesting section of the Parishes of St. Andrews and St. Patrick, have now a well finished and commodious house for public worship. It was undertaken by the inhabitants uniting, in 1846, by the proposal of the Rev. Mr. Ross of St. Andrews, after repeatedly visiting and preaching in that district; and so persevering were their efforts, that it was finished outside, and by the use of benches instead of pews, was made fit for public worship, and was dedicated to the service of God by Mr. Ross, in presence of a large congregation the 31st Oct. 1847. In this state, with very little alteration, it was used for public worship, generally conducted by the Rev. Mr. Milen of Bocabee, who was permitted to give a portion of his services on the Lord's Day to Waveg, till he left for his new charge in Baillie Settlement last October. During the past season a very creditable and successful effort has been made to plaster, pew, and paint the building. The site and burial ground attached, (the generous gift of Mr. W. Ella) is very central. The building is sufficient to contain the congregation, and is free from any debt. While the church is Presbyterian, because the majority of the people are so in religious principle, it is not decided to, and cannot be claimed by any section of that denomination; leaving the people at entire liberty to accept the services of a Minister from either. Upon the whole, we congratulate our friends in Waveg for doing in this respect what we may reasonably recommend to others for the promotion of religious truth and peace. We would hail the day, that would end for ever the contentions and divisions which men have made in the pure religion of Jesus.—[Com.

THE LONDON (CANADA WEST.) TIMES, states that on Wednesday last the Custom House authorities made a seizure of goods to the amount of \$9000, imported by one of the leading wholesale houses of that city. The goods seized are gold watches, boots and jewelry. The Times says that firm in question employs as clerk an American, who has for the last three months done the custom house business.

THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN of Providence have refused to grant a license for Barnum's Baby Show. The Providence Journal is heartily glad of it, and says, for so doing, they will receive the warmest thanks of every man in the community, not low and brutal in his instincts, and of every woman not coarse and vulgar in her nature.

WOMAN'S LAUGH.

A woman has no natural grace more beautiful than a sweet laugh. It is like the sound of flutes on the sparkling rill, and the heart that hears it, feels as if bathed in the cool, exhilarating spring. Have you ever pursued an unseen fugitive through trees laden by her fairy laugh, now here, now there, now lost, now found? We have.—And we are pursuing that wandering voice to this day. Sometimes it comes to us in the midst of care, or sorrow, or irksome business; and then we turn away and listen, and hear it ringing through the room like a silver bell, with power to scare away the ill spirits of the mind. How much we owe to that sweet laugh! It turns the prose of our life into poetry, it finds showers of sunshine over the darkest wood in which we are travelling it touches with light even our sleep, which is more the image of death, but is cou-

sumed with dreams that are the shadows of immortality.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills, certain Cure for Wounds and Ulcers.—Thomas Thompson of Southampton, Nanticoke, was afflicted all over his body with running ulcers, his life at last became quite a burden to him, as he was a misery to himself, and an annoyance to his friends. In the hope of obtaining relief to his sufferings, he consulted several physicians and surgeons, but his case seemed so desperate that it was considered hopeless. At this stage he had recourse to Holloway's Ointment and Pills, and by persuevering with these remedies for ten weeks, he was completely cured, and now enjoys the best of health.

Notice.—Many of our Subscribers are in arrear for four years and upwards. All accounts unpaid after the 15th inst., will be handed to a Magistrate for collection. This course is the only one left us, and we will be compelled to adopt it, however unpleasant it may appear. Printing material must be paid for in cash, and we cannot carry on our business without it.

BIRTH.

On the 1st instant, the wife of Capt. C. A. Thompson of a Son.

MARRIED.

At St. John, on the 31st inst., by the Rev. Samuel Robinson, Mr. William Allwood, of Staffordshire, England, to Sarah Louise eldest daughter of Mr. Z. G. Gabel, of St. John.

At the Cathedral, Fredericton, on the 20th ult., by the Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of Fredericton, Ward Chipman Drury, Esq., of St. John, to Charlotte Augusta, youngest daughter of Lieut. Col. Hayne, Aide-de-camp to his Excellency the Lieut. Governor of New Brunswick.

A St. Stephen, on the 20th ult., by the Rev. T. W. Street John J. Snow, Esq., of St. John, Nova Scotia, to Miss Helen F. Dougherty, of Calais, Me.

On the same day, by the same, Mr. John F. Chase of St. Stephen, to Miss Margaret A. Kane, of the same place.

DEATH.

Suddenly, at his residence, Dalhousie, on the 25th ult. J. S. Waterhouse, Esq., Surgeon, in the 37th year of his age, a native of Sheffield, Yorkshire.

At Fredericton, on the 29th ult. Mr. Dennis O'Leary, aged 60 years.

Shipping List.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Oct 6th.—Brig Grace Douglas, Morrison, Sydney, coal.

Pine Timber.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-FIVE TONS PINE TIMBER, averaging 13 inches, for sale—Apply to JAMES BOYD.

Oct. 6, 1855.

Mangle.

OFFER FOR SALE.—A new Clothes' MANGLE Also, A WASHING AND WRINGING MACHINE low for Cash. JAMES BOYD.

Oct. 6, 1855.

SCHOLASTIC.

THE Subscriber begs leave to acknowledge his gratitude, for the liberal patronage he has received in his capacity as a Teacher, since he opened in this Town; and in solicitation of its continuance, wishes to apprise parents and guardians generally, that he is prepared to teach a course of literature, calculated to prepare youth for Mercantile or Mechanical pursuits as well as for the Learned professions; viz:—Reading, Writing, English Grammar, Geography, Book-keeping, English Composition, Natural History, Agricultural-Chemistry, and Mathematics comprising:—Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, and Conic Sections, together with the French, Latin, Greek and Hebrew Languages.

JAMES PETERSON.

N. B.—That the school is void of all exercises, interfering with the religious opinion of any Denomination, with the strictest attention to the inculcation of moral habits and intellectual improvement.

For terms apply to the Teacher after or before school hours. J. P.

St. Andrews Sept. 5th, 1855.

ATHENÆUM

FIRE INSURANCE

SOCIETY OF LONDON.

Capital £2000,000 Sterling.

Rt. Hon. the Earl of GLENCAIRN, Chairman.

THIS Office insures against Loss or Damage by Fire all descriptions of Buildings, including Mills and Manufactories, and the Goods, Wares, and Merchandise in the same; Household Furniture, Linen, Wearing Apparel, &c.; Ships on the stocks, in harbour or in dock; River Craft and their Cargoes; and Farming Stock of all descriptions in Great Britain and Ireland, and the Colonies, and also in Foreign Countries.

HENRY SALTER, Manager.

30 Sackville Street, London.

WM. WHITLOCK.

Agent for Saint Andrews.

Meeting of Courts.

The Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Nisi Prius for the said County, will be held at the Court House in St. Andrews, on Tuesday the 30th day of October next, at 12 o'clock.

At which time and place all Magistrates, Coroners and Constables of said County, and all persons required to be at these Courts, are hereby Publicly Notified to give their attendance.

By Order of Her Majesty's Justices,
THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
St. Andrews, August 29, 1855.

Public Auction.

To be sold at Public Auction on Friday the 12th of October, on the premises of Mr. DUNCAN McFARLAN, Digdegash:—

A QUANTITY OF WHEAT, POTATOES, TURNIPS, Mangewurst, Hay, Oats, Buckwheat, one Hen, 6 years old, one Riding Wagon, one Single Harness, one Double Team Harness, one Cow, one Calf, Farming Utensils and Household Furniture. Terms of sale—Sums under £25 cash, above £25 approved endorsed notes at three months, with interest.

For further particulars apply to Mr. McFarlan, on the premises, or to

JOHN E. CAMERON,
Auctioneer,
Sept. 22, 1855.
The above sale is postponed to the 15th inst. (2d Oct.) J. L. C.

Cottage & Land for Sale.

To be sold, a convenient Cottage residence, owned and occupied by the Subscriber, with about seven acres of land, adjoining the Town Plot of Saint Andrews. The house contains—Dining room, Parlor, entrance Hall, five good Bedrooms, Kitchen &c. There are also a new Barn, and other outbuildings on the premises. The house is pleasantly situated, commanding good views of the bay and river.

For particulars apply to Messrs. Odell & Turner, St. Andrews, or to the subscriber, Sep. 18. C. H. RICE.

Soap and Candle Factory AGAIN.

THE subscriber in returning thanks for the extensive patronage received for the last twelve years, respectfully informs his friends and customers, that since the late disastrous fire in Water-street, he has erected a new factory in Princess-street, a very short distance above the Post Office, and next adjoining Dunn's Steam Mill, where he will be happy to receive and execute all orders from his old customers and the trade generally; and by manufacturing a good article, at a fair price and light profit, to give satisfaction.

GEO. WOODS,
St. John, Sept. 15, 1855. (Patent 3m.)

Cherry Brandy, Whiskey, &c.

One cask Cherry Brandy,
One Puncheon best Camberton Whiskey,
Two do Malt Ales,
Fifty cases "Hennessy" and "Martell" Brandy, vintage 1850 and 1851. Just received.

J. W. STREET.
Sept. 19, 1855

GENEVA.—Direct from Rotterdam, via New York.

24 Pipes best Pale

Geneva,
"Anchor" Brand.

For Sale low. J. W. STREET.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the St. Andrews Post Office, 15th Sept., 1855.

Bill, Cutch B.	M-Leod, Wm.
Chambers, Wm.	Myres, Nichols
Couclough, James	Millar, Mrs. M. J. (2)
Helm, Capt.	Moloney, James
Hudgerson, Mr.	Murray, Wm.
Hartshorn, Robert	Murphy, Nancy
Kelly, Charles E.	Myers, John G.
M-Millan, John	Marshall R.
M-Donald, James B.	Ragan, James
M-Intire, James	Richardson, Sarah
M-Ketham, Richard	Robinson, A. H. (2)
M-Carty, James	Russell, Wm.
M-Lean, William	Rickets, James
M-Kinley, Robert	Sands, Robert D.
M-Cristell, John	Sutherland, Robert
M-Vicker, John	

Persons calling for any of the above will please say "advertised."
GEO. F. CAMPBELL, P. M.

Notice to the Public.

THE MAILS FOR ENGLAND will close at this Office on Sunday 7th Instant 9, A. M., via Halifax, on Friday 12th inst. and Tuesday 16th inst. at 6 A. M., via New York. The Postage for the United Kingdom, via Halifax, is 7d single rate, and via New York 1s. 5d, pre-payment optional.

By Order,
G. F. CAMPBELL, P. M.

Post Office, St. Andrews,
Oct. 3d, 1855.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE REVISED STATUTES of the Province are to be offered for sale. Bookellers and others can learn the terms, and will be supplied with Copies, on application to Mr. Henry S. Beck, Bookseller and Stationer, Fredericton.

By Command S. L. TILLEY,
Secretary's Office,
2nd January, 1855.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ufford's Smoke Consuming Patent Lamp.

Is warranted to produce, without smoke and with only the poorest quality of oil or grease, at an expense of less than half a cent per hour, a light equal at least to four wax candles. Extremely simple and durable, less injurious to the eyes than any other artificial light, and will prove the truth of these statements.

Price \$1.25, 25c. 67c.
We have one of the Lamps in use, and are able to conform to the favorable testimony of the "Traveler," having found it answering well to what it claimed for it. (Puritan Recorder.)
No person who has ever tried one of the Lamps would be willing to give it up for ten times its cost, if it could not be replaced. (New England Farmer.)
Boston, 117 Court street, head of Southbury.

Cancers Cured without Pain!

FOR this terrible scourge on man a remedy is found, which has never failed to cure when fairly tested. The knife and plaster are both uncertain and painful, when this antidote, charmed like, removes all cancerous virus from the system, when the cancer, internal or external, ceases to be. Females are doubly liable to this malady, and should, at its earliest intimation, avail themselves of this remedy. It is but safe to conclude that the number who die annually of this hidden foe, is equal, if not surpassing, those on which it is apparent only on the surface. Calls at a distance will be considered. Apply by letter or otherwise to Dr. S. BRUCE, No. 15, Montgomerie Place, Boston.

On hand: Ladies' SKIRT-HOLDERS; Gentlemen's BRACES; CHEST EXPANDERS; also, Buttons and Supporters.

J. M. Read,

Inventor, Manufacturer and Dealer in Portable

COOKING RANGES,

New Era Cooking and Parlor Stoves combined, both fitted to burn wood or coal. With a general assortment of
Cooking, Parlor and Office STOVES.
Also, Read's Patent Screw Post Pumps and Boot Crimping Machines. Read's Patent Double-Acting Screw Jack, for raising buildings, railroad cars, coaches, and other heavy burdens.

Nos. 31 and 33 Union street, Boston.

Isaac Harlow,

MERCHANT TAILOR, and Dealer in Gen-

tleman's Furnishing Goods, and Ready-

Made CLOTHING.

58 WASHINGTON STREET.

Near State street, Boston.

Garments cut and made to order, and warranted to fit.

WILLIAM E. RAM-DELL,

Manufacturer of the AMERICAN PATENT

CURTAIN FIXTURE, No. 92, UTICA STREET,

Boston.

Balance Fixtures constantly on hand.

ZINC PAINTS! ZINC PAINTS!

MORRIS's unrivaled Snow-White and

Colored French Zinc Paints; Grainery, Col-

ors, Zinc Dyer, Damp Yarnish, Gum Size, &c.

Colors may be selected from one hundred patterns for house and other painting.

Office, 18 School Street, Boston.

Marble Work at Reduced Prices.

A. WENTWORTH & CO.,

Now offer their stock of

Chimney Pieces and Monuments,

of various qualities and patterns, being the largest and best assortment in New England.

15, 17, and 60, Haverhill Street,

and 6, 8, 10, and 12, Beverly street Boston.

F. & T. Rice,

WHOLESALE GROCERS—110 & 118,

State street, Boston.

FURNITURE.

A. S. THAYER & CO.

Nos. 82 & 84 Union street,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Rich, Medium,

and low-priced

Furniture, of all Descriptions.

Gilt, Flowered, Landscap and Plain striped

CHAMBER SETS,

Looking Glasses, in Gilt, Mahogany, and

Black Walnut Frames.

Husk, Palm, Excelsior and Hair

MATTRESSES,

LOUNGES,

sofas,

Black Walnut, Mahogany, and Marble-Top

Tables, Secretaries, Bureaus, &c.

Upholstering done to order.

Those in want, will do well to examine our

stock, or purchasing elsewhere.

A. S. THAYER & Co.,

82 & 84 Union Street, BOSTON.

BOSTON HAND STAMP COMPANY.

Manufacturers of the

PATENT FLEXIBLE STAMP,

N. B. BIGELOW, Agent,

152 Washington Street, Boston.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

E. D. SPEAR,

INDIAN DOCTOR,

19 Kneeland street, BOSTON, Mass.

THE great success which has ever attended the Indian Practice of Medicine, as perfected by E. D. SPEAR, M. D., excites envy in the hearts of the many advocates of Mercury. Many not his remedies, all the public have already learned from newspapers of the day are prepared, on recipes which are believed to have originally been received from the Indians one hundred and seventy five years ago. No other remedies deserve the name of Indian.

DR. SPEAR'S

GREAT INDIAN MEDICINE.

(For names and description see his "Family Physician"—to be had, free, at his office, or sent to order, prepaid on receipt of a paper postage stamp.)
Are certain cures for
Asthma, Ague and Fever, Earache, Itch, Boil, Brachitis, Cancer, Cancer, Colds, Consumption, Coughs, Cystitis, Cramps, Debility, Diabetes, Derangement of the Bowels, all humors in the blood, Giddiness, Headache, Inflammation of the Eyes, Jaundice, Kidney Complaints, Liver Complaints, Loss of Hair, Lumbago, Milk Leg, Nightmare, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the side, back, and other parts of the body, Painful Menstruation, Pin Worms, Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Scrofula, Stomachic of Breath, Sore Throat, Spinal Complaints, Strangury, &c.

Dr. Spear's Family Medicine have become very celebrated, and it is now admitted that his treatment of Female Weaknesses, Prolapsus Uteri, Irregularities and Suppressions is far superior to every other treatment for these complaints.
Is also celebrated in the treatment of children. His medicines being vegetable, do not poison the system.
Dr. Spear is now being visited by one thousand patients every month, some of whom travel hundreds of miles to consult him and to obtain his medicines.
Dr. S. will warrant a cure in every curable case. After giving his remedies a fair trial, if a cure is effected, he will pay any other physician, who will effect a cure, his bill, not exceeding \$100.
Persons at a distance can consult him by letter, enclosing a stamp to pay the answer.

Dr. Spear consults with patients at his Office, 18 Kneeland street, upon all conditions and diseases of the system, free of any charge.

French's

Mercantile & Nautical

Institute.

14 Timent St. - - - Boston.

PENMANSHIP,

BOOK-KEEPING,

NAVIGATION, &c.

Students can commence at any time, there being

No Classes. Catalogue of Terms &c.,

sent by mail.

THIS is the most extensive and complete Institute of the kind in the United States, and was founded for the express purpose of affording

young men a

Thorough and Practical, Mercantile and

NAUTICAL EDUCATION,

and aiding them when qualified, in obtaining

CERTIFICATES, A. M. Principal.

Four Assistant Professors.

References—Hon. Edward Everett, L. L. D.; Rev. James Walker, D. D. President Harvard University, and many others.

J. J. WARREN,

BENT & HAT BLEACHERY, 114 Sud-

bury Street, Boston.

Work done in a superior manner.

HENRY TOLMAN,

153 WASHINGTON STREET,

BOSTON.

Publisher of Music, Importer of Musical Instru-

ment, and Manufacturer of Musical Instru-

ments.

Just Published—TOLMAN'S AMATEUR

HAND BOOKS,

containing twelve pieces arranged for Military

Amateur Bands, price \$2.00.

Directly opposite the Old South Church.

DIAMOND LIGHT;

ROSIN OIL LAMP.

Producing a most beautiful and perfectly

safe Light, at a cost not exceeding 1-2 cent an

hour. Lamps from \$2 to \$10; oil, 60 cents per

gallon. For sale, wholesale and retail, by W. W.

PHAM, Treasurer Tremont Oil Factory, No. 10,

BROAD STREET, Boston, Call and see it.

N. B.—Agents wanted.

Thomas P. Barnes,

Importer and Dealer in

Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps,

Steel Traps, &c.

No. 28 DODD SQUARE, Boston.

Old Stand Union Store.

GEO. A. MANSFIELD,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Boots,

Shoes, and RUBBERS, LEATHER and FINDINGS.

No. 4 Market Square, and 5 North Street.

(Opposite North side Faneuil Hall) BOSTON.

Samuel T. Crosby,

WATCHES, JEWELRY, & SILVER

WARE.

69 Washington Street,

3 doors south of Court Street, Boston.

SEWING MACHINES.

OUR Machines sew with ease, heavy Boots

and Shoes, Carriage and Harness work

with any sized Linen Thread, with or without

wax. The Cylinder Machine is invaluable for

stitching Boots after they are tread—Ladies'

Gaiters, Sleeves into Coats, and every variety

of COVERS, &c. Our Family machine is

especially adapted to all kinds of Family sewing,

and is superior to any other ever made.

J. B. NICHOLS & Co.,

No. 33, Hanover Street, Boston.

THE MUSIC BOOK

OF THE SEASON!

BAKERS CHURCH MUSIC.

WE are now prepared to fill our orders for this

valuable work, which is spoken of in the

highest terms by all musicians who have examined

it.

JOHN P. JEWETT & Co., Publishers,

117 Washington Street, Boston.

BOSTON ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. I. HEALEY'S

IRON RAILINGS,

For Garden and Cemetery Fences,

and Balustrades.

No. 51 Southbury Street, Boston. J. I. H.

has one of the largest and best selected assortments

of elegant cast-iron Railings, of every description

to be found in the state, which he offers at prices

that will defy competition. All orders in City or

Country promptly attended to.

NEW ENGLAND WIRE RAILING

Manufactory.

Nos. 90 & 92 UTICA STREET BOSTON.

Wrought and Cast Iron Fence, Patent Railings,

Window Guards, Balconies &c., of every descrip-

tion made to order.

OTIS HINMAN. THEO. LYMAN.

JOHN D. FOWLE & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

WINDOW SHADES, & FIXTURES.

235 WASHINGTON STREET, BOSTON.

Sole Agent for Bray's Patent Balance

Spring Fixture.

AMARIAH STORRS,

Dealer in every variety of

Cards, Card Board, R. R. Tickets, Stock,

Fancy Papers, &c.

54 and 56 Cornhill, Boston.

Wholesale Paper

WAREHOUSE.

RICE & KENDALL, 16 Water-street, Bos-

ton. Papers of every description on hand

or made to order. Stationers' stock and

materials of all kinds for sale.

Stammering Cured!

DR. BRONSON, AND C. C. BEERS.

ARE happy in announcing that STAMMER-

ing can be PERMANENTLY CURED by

Medicine and Vocal Gymnastics. It is first treated

as a Nervous Disease, (like St. Vitus' Dance,

Epileptic Fits, &c.) and then the habit, incident

to the disease, is corrected by exercises in Elocu-

tion. Mr. Beers has been an inveterate stammerer

for thirty years; has attended many

institutions for the cure of stammering, and ex-

pended hundreds of dollars without any permanent

benefit, but cured himself, 18 months ago, and

has ever since remained so: With the same means,

we would gladly refer any applicant—not having

failed in a single instance. Being satisfied from

reason, experience, and observation, that stam-

mering is the effect of a Nervous Disorder, and

can be perfectly cured by the above means in the

course of two or three weeks, we assure all in-

terested of these gratifying results, and guaran-

tee a permanent cure, or refund the small fee

paid in advance: Those desiring further infor-

mation on these subjects, (including terms,

guaranty, &c.) can obtain it from our New

Work,

Sheriff's Sales.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 19th day of April 1856, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House, in St. Andrews:
ALL the right, title, interest, property, claim and demand of
JOHN MCCOULL and EDWIN R. RUSSELL
to all those several Lots, pieces and parcels of Land, situate or near the Lower Falls, in the Parish of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, described as follows, viz:—

That **PIECE of LAND** beginning at the south angle of the lot formerly owned by John Mann and William McLeod, running thence west along the north side of Water street 651 feet to Brunswick street; thence along said Brunswick street 150 feet to George street; thence along the south side of George street 131 feet; thence south 71 feet; thence west 40 feet; and thence south 90 feet to the place of beginning—being the lot on which John McCoull's new house stands.

ALSO—Two other **LOTS of LAND** situate at the Portage, so called, on the eastern side of the river Magalloway, conveyed by Sarah N. Stone and others to the said McCoull & Russell, by deed dated 28th May, 1851.

ALSO—One **MOIETY of a LOT of LAND**, with the Mills, Dams, and Sluices thereunto belonging, lying on both sides of the said river above, and below the said Lower Falls, bounded northerly by said river and the Robert Hanson Lot so called, westerly by the eastern line of the estate of the late John McMaster, southerly by Salt-water Basin, and easterly by the Portage road.

ALSO—All that certain **LOT or PIECE of LAND**, situate on the east side of Lake Utopia, in the Parish of Penfield, and Saint George, in said County, known as lot number One, bounded on the north by lands granted to the late Hugh McKay; on the south by lot number Two, and contains forty-four acres, and was conveyed by Lewis Bliss to the said McCoull & Russell, by deed dated the 14th January, 1853.

ALSO—All the **GULLY PROPERTY** so called, situate in the Parish of Saint George, aforesaid, conveyed by Moore R. Fletcher to the said McCoull & Russell, by deed dated the 9th July, 1853.

ALSO—That certain **LOT or PARCEL of LAND**, situate at the Lower Falls, aforesaid, on the west side of said river described as follows:—Beginning at a cedar post 36 rods along south side of the old highway road, westerly from the end of the bridge above the Lower Falls, thence south 22 rods 10 links to Millikin's; on Seelye's line; thence west along said line 80 rods and 16 links; thence north easterly 25 rods to the first mentioned bounds, containing one acre and a half, more or less.

ALSO—Another **LOT** situate in the Parish of Saint George, on the south side of the great road leading to Saint John, bounded by the said road on the north; on the east by the McMillan lot; on the south by the Munroe lot; and on the west by the McGormon lot, containing five acres, more or less.

ALSO—That **LOT or PIECE of LAND** lying in the Parish of Saint George aforesaid, being lot number Three, and half part of lot number Four in the Military Grant, containing one hundred and fifty acres, more or less, and conveyed by John Rodger to the said McCoull & Russell, by deed dated the 29th September, 1853.

ALSO—That **LOT** in the said Parish of Saint George, lying north of Munroe's barn, conveyed by Moore R. Fletcher to the said McCoull & Russell.

All that **LOT of LAND** lying in the Parish of Saint George aforesaid, conveyed by John Wallace to the said McCoull & Russell.

And all other the Real Estate and Possessory Right of the said McCoull & Russell, or either of them, wheresoever situate in my Bailiwick.

The same having been seized and taken to satisfy Executions issued out of the Supreme Court.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Oct. 1, 1855.

To be sold at Public Auction, on Saturday the 19th day of April, 1856, at 12 o'clock, at the Court House in St. Andrews:

ALL the right and title, interest, claim and demand of **JOHN MCCOLLEY**, to the following Lots, Pieces, or Parcels of LAND, with the appurtenances belonging to them, viz:—

ALL that Lot, Piece or Parcel of LAND situated in Milltown, in the Parish of St. Stephen, near land now or lately occupied by John Young, purchased by the said McColey from John McGarrigle, as by deed bearing date 14th February, 1854.

AND ALSO—All that Lot, Piece or Parcel of LAND situated on the northern side of the road leading from the Upper to the Lower Mills in the Parish of St. Stephen, excepting a part sold by said McColey to one Donald Campbell; the same having been purchased by said McColey from James Macpherson, as by deed bearing date 16th July, 1854.

The same having been seized and taken under an Execution in favor of Samuel Neill.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
1st October, 1855.

THE INFALLIBLE REMEDY!!

Holloway's Ointment.

ERYSIPELAS of eight years cured! Copy of a Letter from Geo. Sinclair, Esq., of Paris, Canada, dated the 18th July, 1854.

To Professor Holloway.
Sir,—I feel a pleasure and pride in bearing witness to the wonderful benefit I have derived by the use of your infallible Ointment and Pills. For eight years I suffered unceasingly from attacks of erysipelas: large purple blotches came all over my body, in addition to the unpleasant feeling of itching and burning, which afflicted me both night and day, rendering life a misery to me, as well as to all around me—so severe was the attack. I used several reputed remedies without deriving the least cessation to my misery. At last I determined to try your Ointment and Pills; after taking them for a few weeks, a visible improvement took place, and I feel considerably better—three months, by continuing with your medicines, I was completely cured, and now enjoy the best of health. The truth of this statement is well known here, hence there is no necessity for me to request secrecy.

I am, Sir, yours respectfully,
(Signed) **Geo. SINCLAIR.**

ULCERS in the Leg—Remarkable Cure! Copy of a Letter from Mr. Edward Tomkinson, of Cape Breton, Nova Scotia, dated the 4th May, 1854.

To Professor Holloway.
Sir,—My sister, Miss Jane Tomkinson, suffered for a great number of years from a bad leg in which there were several deeply seated and old wounds, defying the skill of some of the most eminent of the medical faculty, a variety of remedies were applied unsuccessfully; and it seemed to me that there was not any thing capable of mitigating the troubles she endured. At length she had recourse to your Ointment and pills, and after using them for about five weeks, she was completely cured, after all other means had failed to afford her the slightest relief. I have no objection to these facts being published, if you feel disposed to make them known.

I remain, Sir, your most obdt. Servt.
(Signed) **EDWARD TOMKINSON.**

A BAD BREAST CURED WHEN AT DEATH'S DOOR!! Copy of a Letter from Mr. Henry Molder of Three Rivers, Canada West, dated July 9th, 1854.

To Professor Holloway.
Sir,—My wife suffered most severely after the birth of our last child with a bad breast. There were several holes in it, one as large as a hand; all the devices and strappings I tried would not heal them, but assumed an aspect more frightful than before, and horrible to behold. As a last resource I tried your ointment and pills, which she persevered with for seven weeks, at the expiration of that time her breast was almost well; by continuing with your remedies for two more weeks, she was entirely cured, and we offer you our united thanks for their cure effect.

I am, Sir, yours truly,
(Signed) **HENRY MALDEN.**

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:

Bad Legs	Chiegra-tout
Bad Breasts	Chilblains
Burns	Chopped hands
Bunions	Corns (soft)
Bite of Mosquitoes	Cancers
and Sand Piles	Contracted and Stiff
Coco-bay	Joins
Elephantiasis	Fistulas
Gout	Glandular Swelling
Scarcy	Lumbago
Sore Heads	Piles
Tumours	Rheumatism
Ulcers	Scalds
Wounds	Sore Nipples.
Yaws	

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, in Pots, at 1s. 3d., 3s. 3d., and 5s. sterling, each Pot.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder, are affixed to each Pot.

Sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thompson, St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, Eastport, and

ODELL & TURNER
Of St. Andrews.
March 28, 1855.

Wholesale Agents for the County Charlotte

TEA, FLOUR and Molasses.
Ex "UTICA" from Boston.

20 Chests Superior Congo TEA.
15 half Chests Souchong "do."
10 Hhds. Muscovado Molasses.
10 Hhds. Canada Extra Superfine FLOUR.
10 Bbls. Crushed SUGAR, &c. &c.
1 case Orange Marmalade 1lb Jar;
—Will be sold low—
J. WESTRETT.

FLOUR &c.
Ex "Utica from Boston—just received.
60 Bbls. superfine Flour.
10 Do. "do."
10 Bundles printing paper (Royal 70
—J. W. STREET.
28th March 1854.

BYASS'S LONDON PORTER

And Pale Ale, Geneva, White Paint, Oil, &c.

October 25, 1854.
Ex Barbara from London, and Imperial from Liverpool.
100 Casks Byass & Bridge's London Stout and P. Ale.
50 Hhds. best Pale Geneva.
2 casks London particular Madeira.
2 Hhds. White Wine Vinegar.
20 cases Pale Rotterdam Geneva.
2 tons No. 1 London and Liverpool White Lead, 28 and 14 lb kegs.
4 Hhds. boiled and raw Linseed Oil.
50 "bushels" sheet iron.
12 boxes tin Plates.
1 roll sheet Lead.
23 bags 4, 10, 12 lbs. fine cut Nails.
44 "do" Deck Spikes, assorted.
1 "do" fine Pump Tacks, assorted.
&c. &c. &c.

For sale by **J. W. STREET.**

To Let,

THE HOUSE at present occupied by Mr. Joseph Walton, on the corner of Water & Eliza both streets; to which is attached a large Garden. Possession given 1st May next. Apply to **G. F. CAMPBELL.**
St. Andrews, 26th March, 1855.

Farm for Sale.

The Subscriber offers for sale a valuable Farm, situated on Murphy's Ridge, Parish of St. Patrick, formerly known as the Wilson farm, and adjoining E. McElroy's, containing 60 Acres more or less, about 8 acres of which are cleared, and under cultivation, and about 40 acres of lay. On the premises is a frame House and big Barn; the land contains a good growth of hard and softwood mix'd. If not disposed of previous to the 10th April next, it will then be sold at Public Auction, in St. Andrews.

November 1, 1854—xw
D. McNAB.



AYER'S PILLS.

A new and singularly successful remedy for the cure of all Bilious Diseases—Costiveness, Indigestion, Headache, Irritability, Inflammation, Dropsy, &c. &c. &c. In the treatment of these diseases, Ayer's Pills are not more or less required, and much sickness and suffering might be avoided, if the person could feel well while a course of this medicine is being taken. It is a family and public use of a good purgative. It is the true and safe remedy for biliousness, and all the ailments which result from it. It is a reliable family medicine, and the first importance to the public health, and this Pill has been perfected with the most accurate skill to meet that demand. It has been shown results surpassing anything hitherto known of any medicine. It has been effected beyond belief, were they not substantiated by the old mode of examination, and character so far from the suspicion of quackery.

Among the eminent practitioners to whom we are indebted for the above testimonials, are:
PROF. VALENTINE MOTT, the distinguished Surgeon of New York City.
DR. A. A. HAYES, Practical Chemist of the Port of Boston, and Geologist for the State of Massachusetts.

DR. A. A. HAYES, an eminent Surgeon and Physician, of the City of Lowell, who has long used them in his extensive practice.

DR. C. C. SORREY, Esq., one of the first merchants in New York City.

DR. A. A. HAYES, M. D., Surg. and Surgeon of the United States Marine Hospital, at Charleston, Mass. Did space permit, we could give many hundred such names, from all parts where the Pills have been used, but space is more convincing than the certificates of those eminent public men is shown in their effects upon trial.

These Pills, the result of long investigation and study, are offered to the public as the best and most complete which the present state of medical science can afford. They are compounded not of the drugs themselves, but of the medicinal virtues only of Vegetable remedies, extracted by chemical process, in a state of purity and combined together in such a manner as to insure the best results. This system of composition for medicines has been found in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills both, to produce a more efficient remedy than had hitherto been obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of impurities and injurious qualities; by this, each individual virtue only that is desired for the curative effect is present. All the inert and obnoxious qualities of such substances employed are left behind, the self-evident effect should prove that they have proved more purely remedial, and the Pills a sure, more powerful antidote to disease than any other medicine known to the world.

As it is frequently ascertained that my medicines should be taken under the counsel of an attending Physician, and as he could not properly judge of a remedy without knowing its composition, I have procured by scientific men to be a wonderful system of composition for medicines has been found in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills both, to produce a more efficient remedy than had hitherto been obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of impurities and injurious qualities; by this, each individual virtue only that is desired for the curative effect is present. All the inert and obnoxious qualities of such substances employed are left behind, the self-evident effect should prove that they have proved more purely remedial, and the Pills a sure, more powerful antidote to disease than any other medicine known to the world.

The composition of my preparations is laid open to all men, and all who are competent to judge on the subject, freely acknowledge their convictions of their intrinsic merits. The Cherry Pectoral was pronounced by scientific men to be a wonderful system of composition for medicines has been found in the Cherry Pectoral and Pills both, to produce a more efficient remedy than had hitherto been obtained by any process. The reason is perfectly obvious. While by the old mode of composition, every medicine is burdened with more or less of impurities and injurious qualities; by this, each individual virtue only that is desired for the curative effect is present. All the inert and obnoxious qualities of such substances employed are left behind, the self-evident effect should prove that they have proved more purely remedial, and the Pills a sure, more powerful antidote to disease than any other medicine known to the world.

Prepared by **JAMES C. AYER**, Practical and Assistent Chemist, Lowell, Mass.
Agents for St. Andrews, Odell & Turner, and M. S. HUNTER, St. George, N. B.

Steamboat and Railroad

TO AND FROM

Portland, Boston & St. John

Twice a Week.

THE favourite Steamer
ADMIRAL,
Capt. Wm. H. Stevens,
leaves Portland, every
TUESDAY and FRIDAY Evening at 5 o'clock, on the arrival of the 12 o'clock Train from Boston, for EASTPORT and ST. JOHN. Returning leaves ST. JOHN on MONDAY and THURSDAY Mornings, at 8 o'clock, for Eastport and PORTLAND, connecting with the half-past 5 A.M. Train for BOSTON, and landing her passengers in Boston by 10 A.M.

The steamer Negatass, Capt. T. Carey, will in future connect regularly with the Admiral, making the line complete to St. Andrews and Calais.

Fare as low as by any other line. Tickets to St. John, Portland, Boston or Montreal, can be had of

ROBERT STORR, Agent,
St. Andrews.

CARD.

Messrs. R. Storr & Co.
BEG to inform their friends and the Public of St. Andrews, that they have been enabled to secure the services of

OF A FIRST-RATE CUTTER,
to superintend their TAILORING DEPARTMENT.

who will be ready at all times to attend strictly to the wishes of their Customers, and furnish them with articles of the newest Fashion, patterns of which he is constantly supplied with.

Messrs. R. S. & Co. beg also to state, that they have now on hand,

A CHOICE SELECTION OF THE NEWEST GOODS
In Faced Doe Shirts, Vestings, Broadcloths, &c.

In making this announcement, Messrs. R. S. & Co. beg to thank their friends and patrons for the kind and uniform encouragement which has been shown to them since the opening of their establishment, and of which they respectfully solicit a continuance.

St. Andrews, March 19, 1855.

London & Parisian

DEPOT.

May, 1855.

THE Subscriber begs leave to announce her removal from German street to more extensive and commodious premises in Prince William Street, adjoining the Golden Fleece, and also to inform her friends and the public, that she has the services of two of the most eminent Milliners of London or Paris. In addition to a large Stock in this department, unrivalled in variety and of that time, the Subscriber has imported a full and complete assortment of every article necessary to the costume of Ladies and children, including—

HOSIERY, GLOVES, RIBBONS, LACES
Parisian, Mantles, French, and English STAYS.
Long Cloths, and MUSLIN GOODS, Printed Cambrics, and French Delaines, Lyons and Spitalfields SILKS, Ladies Dressing Gowns
Beck's Wools and Worsted in every shade, to gether with **HABERDASHERY** and all Goods required to perfect the assortment in a **FANCY REPOSITORY.**

Thankful for past favours, an assurance is offered that at the New Establishment still further efforts will be made to deserve extended patronage and encouragement.

A large Stock of the above Goods will be kept especially devoted to the Wholesale Trade.

A. WOOLAN.
St. John, May 14.

PACKET,

BETWEEN ST. ANDREWS AND ST. JOHN FOR THE WINTER.

"JOHN CONLEY,"

has commenced running once a week, between the above mentioned places, touching at the merchants and travelling public, that their fast sailing Pilot Boat

Will leave St. Andrews every WEDNESDAY and St. John every SATURDAY, wind and weather permitting. For passage &c., apply to either of the subscribers.

HUGH MELONEY,
OSD. CLARKE.
St. Andrews, February 7, 1855.

LITTLE'S

FASHIONABLE SHOE STORE.

Just received an extensive assortment of

FALL & WINTER BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBERS,

of the most fashionable styles and elegant finish, which will be sold lower than any ever before offered in this market.

For the most complete and perfect of the above, gentlemen's French Calf, Rip and thick Boots made to order, on the shortest notice.

JOHN LITTLE.
Oct. 25, 1854.

CAUTION

I HEREBY forbid all persons, purchasing or negotiating the following Notes of Hand, drawn by me in favour of Elisha Small, of Lunenburg, Maine, viz:
One for \$1000 payable 1st Nov. 1854.
One for \$333 33 "do" 1855.
One for \$333 33 "do" 1856.
One for \$333 33 "do" 1857.
with interest; as I have paid the above named notes, as per said Small's receipt, held by me, and dated 16th Dec. 1853.

STEPHEN D. BRADBURY.
Grand Manan, Oct. 27, 1854. Gip

FRIEND OF THE CANADIAN

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Extraordinary Cure of Asthma!!! of an old Lady, seventy-five years of age.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Thomas Weston, (Book Store,) Toronto, dated the 9th October, 1854.

To Professor Holloway.

Sir,—Gratitude compels me to make known to you the extraordinary benefit an aged parent has derived from the use of your Pills. My mother was afflicted for upwards of four, and twenty years with asthma and spitting of blood, it was quite agony to see her suffer and hear her cough; I have often declared that I would give all I possessed to have cured her; but although I paid a large sum for medicine and advice, it was all to no purpose. About three months ago, I thought perhaps your Pills might benefit her, at all events I resolved to give them a trial, which I did, the result was marvellous; by slow degrees my mother became better, and after persevering with your remedies for nine weeks, she was perfectly cured, and now enjoys the best of health, although seventy-five years old.

I remain, Sir, your obliged,
(Signed) **THOMAS WESTON.**

Remarkable Cure of Dropsy!! after being tapped three times. Copy of a Letter from Anthony Smith, Esq., Halifax, Nova Scotia, dated the 26th August, 1854.

To Professor Holloway.

Sir,—I desire to add my testimony to the value of your Pills, in cases of dropsy. For nine months I suffered the greatest torture with this distressing complaint; I was tapped three times, and finally given up by the doctors; having become as a skeleton, and with no more strength in me than a child just born. It was then that I thought of trying your Pills, and immediately sent for a quantity, and commenced using them. The result I can scarcely credit even now, although true it is. After using them for four weeks, I felt much better, and by persevering with them, at the expiration of two months, I was completely cured. I have since enjoyed the best of health.

I am, Sir, yours, sincerely,
(Signed) **ANTHONY SMITH.**

Amazing Cure of General Debility and Liver Complaint!!!

Copy of a Letter from William Reeves, of Charlottetown, Prince Edward's Island, dated 17th Nov. 1854.

To Professor Holloway.

Sir,—I am happy to say that your Pills have restored me to health after suffering for nine years from the most intense general debility and languor, my liver and bowels were also much deranged for the whole of that time. I tried many medicines, but they were of no good to me, until I had recourse to your Pills, by taking which, and following the printed directions for seven weeks I was cured, after every other means failed; the establishment of my neighbours, acquaintances, and friends, I shall ever feel grateful to you for this astonishing restoration to health, and will recommend your Pills to all sufferers, feeling it my duty to do so.

I remain, Sir, your humble servant,
(Signed) **WILLIAM REEVES.**

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints.

Ague	Jaundice
Asthma	Liver complaints
Bilious complaints	Lumbago
Blotches on the skin	Piles
Bowel complaints	Rheumatism
Colic	Retention of Urine
Constipation of the Bowels	Scurvy, or King's Evil
Consumption	Sore Throat
Debility	Stomach and Gravel
Dropsy	Secondary symptoms
Dysentery	Tie Dou'raux
Erysipelas	Tumours
Female Irregularities	Ulcers
Fever of all kinds	Veneral Affections
Fits	Worms of all kinds
Gout	Weakness, from whatever cause
Head-ache	&c. &c.
Indigestion	
Inflammation	

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, near Temple Bar, London, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, at the following prices:—

Is 4d; 3s 6d; 5s 6d each box. There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.

Sold by all Vendors of Medicine throughout New Brunswick, and by A. H. Thompson, St. Stephen; Billings & Dyer, Eastport, and

ODELL & TURNER,
Of St. Andrews,
Wholesale Agents for the County Charlotte
March 28, 1855.

GENEVA, &c.

Ex "Arcturion" from London, and "Eudocia" from Liverpool via St. John.

30 Hhds, Pale Rotterdam Geneva, 7 do boiled and raw Linseed Oil, 3 Cases Patent Rice Starch, 1 Hhd. best old Brown Sherry, 2 Qr. Cases best Pale "do", 2 Pans, fine old Jamaica Rum, 5 Tierces Crushed Sugar, 1 case Stationery, &c. &c.

J. W. STREET
May 22, 1855.