

# The Union Advocate.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL.

Our Country with its United Interests.

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

W. C. ANSLOW

Vol. XXIII.—No. 5.

Newcastle, N. B., Wednesday, November 13, 1889.

WHOLE No. 1149.

## PLEASE TAKE NOTICE

That goods sold at the SPECIAL CHEAP PRICES are for CASH ONLY, and upon no account will be charged at the reduced prices, but the regular price.

### THIS WEEK

Extra Bargains in Ladies Ulster Cloth, Jacket Cloths, Ulsters and Jackets.

### STARTLING PRICES.

And remember for Cash only at the reduced prices.

B. FAIREY,

Newcastle.

Newcastle, November 5, 1889.

### Law and Collection Office

M. ADAMS,

Barriester & Attorney at Law,

Solicitor in Bankruptcy, Conveyancer, Notary Public, etc.

Real Estate & Fire Insurance Agent.

CLAIMS collected in all parts of the Dominion.

Office: NEWCASTLE, N. B.

L. J. TWEEDEE,

ATTORNEY & BARRISTER AT LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &c.

Chatham, N. B.

OFFICE—Old Bank Montreal.

J. D. PHINNEY,

Barrister & Attorney at Law

NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

RICHMOND, N. B.

OFFICE—COURT HOUSE SQUARE, May 4, 1889.

O. J. MacOULLY, M.A., M.D.

Mem. Roy. Coll. Med., London.

DIAPHRASIS OF LUNG, BRONCHITIS, &c.

Off. at: Cor. Waterfront and Main Streets, Moncton, Nov. 12, 89.

Charles J. Thomson,

Agent MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of New York. The LARGEST INSURANCE Company in the World.

Barriester, Protector for Estates, Notary Public, &c.

Claims Promptly Collected, and Profits Shared with Policyholders.

Office: 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

Dr. H. A. FISH,

Newcastle, N. B.

25, 1889.

Dr. R. Nicholson

Office and Residence,

McOULLAM ST., NEWCASTLE

Jan. 22, 1889.

Dr. W. A. Ferguson.

OFFICE up stairs in SOUTH AND OREGONIAN buildings. Read our Waterbury Hotel.

Newcastle March 12, 1889.

KEARY HOUSE

(Formerly WILBUR'S HOTEL.)

BATHURST, N. B.

THOS. P. KEARY, Proprietor.

This Hotel has been entirely refitted and re-arranged throughout. Stage connects with all trains. Every convenience for the traveler. Bathing, billiard, and other amusements. Excellent table d'hôte. Good Sample Rooms for commercial men.

Rooms \$1.50 per day with Sample Rooms \$1.75.

LEATHER & SHOE FINDINGS.

The Subscribers return thanks to their numerous customers for past favors and would say that they keep constantly on hand a full supply of the best quality of Goods to be had at lowest rates for cash. Also: R. F. Foster & Son's Nails and Tacks of all sizes, and Clark & Son's Boot Trees, Leads, &c. English Yarn, as well as home-made Taps to order of the best material. Wholesale and Retail.

J. J. CROFT & CO.

King Street, St. John.

## FOR SALE.

All the stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries and Hardware of the Estate of Joseph Ames & Co. situate in Rogersville and Derby.

Also—

10 tons No. 1 Horse Hay.

A complete list of Stock can be seen at my office, Newcastle.

M. ADAMS, Assignee.

Sept. 30, 1889.

The University of

Mount Allison College,

SACKVILLE, N. B.

James B. Inch, LL. D., President.

THE University of Mount Allison College, with its associated institutions, the Ladies' College and the Mount Allison Academy, constitutes one of the most extensive, complete and thorough educational establishments in the Dominion of Canada. Students may enter either as regular Matriculants or as Specials who wish to follow chosen lines of study. Women are admitted to College Courses and degrees on the same conditions as Students of the other sex. The domestic and social arrangements are pleasant, and the expenses moderate.

The first term of the College Year 1889-90 begins on the 25th of August, and the 2nd term on the 2nd of January, 1890.

For further particulars address the President for a Calendar.

Sackville, Aug. 1st 1889.

3m.

GOOD SAMPLE ROOMS

for Commercial Travellers and Stabling on their premises.

Oct. 12, 1889

Clifton House,

Princes and 433 German Street.

ST. JOHN, N. B.

A. N. PETERS, PROPRIETOR,

Heated by steam throughout. Prompt attention and moderate charges. Telephone communication with all parts of the city.

April 6, 1889.

LAMP GOODS

On hand a large stock of

LAMPS of all kinds,

CANDLES, CHIMNEYS,

Shades, Globes, Wicks, etc.

AT LOWEST PRICES.

J. R. CAMERON,

86 Prince Wm. Street.

St. John Feb. 22, 1889.

"A Stitch in Time Saves Nine,"

Is an old proverb and it follows out through life much time, money and suffering may be prevented. A Cough or Cold neglected often ends in Consumption, which might have been cured in a few days had the proper remedy been used. Don't delay, delay is dangerous. Secure at once a bottle of

ESTEY'S

Cod Liver Oil Cream

It will cure a cough or cold quicker than any thing else you can use.

Dr. R. L. Botsford, Richibucto, N. B., writes as follows: "I have prescribed and sold over eleven dozen of Estey's Cod Liver Oil Cream. I have had better results from its use than any other preparation of the kind that I ever used."

Ask your druggist for ESTEY'S COD LIVER OIL CREAM. Take no other.

Price, 50c 3 bottles, \$2.50. Prepared only by E. M. ESTEY, Pharmacist, Moncton, N. B.

For sale by E. Lee Street, Newcastle, N. B.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, not all who lead sedentary lives. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—other Iron Medicines do.

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Interfering Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

The genuine has my trade mark and signature. Take no other.

Prepared only by E. M. Estey, Moncton, N. B.

Scott Act Prosecutions.

Information solicited from any part of the County against violators of the Canada Temperance Act. Such information will be received and treated as strictly confidential. Those writing must give their names.

W. S. BROWN.

Newcastle, Aug. 6th, 1889.

TEA.

In Store:

150 Half Chests choice Teas.

A. J. BARANG & Co.

Moncton, Aug. 16.

TEA.

In Store:

150 Half Chests choice Teas.

A. J. BARANG & Co.

Moncton, Aug. 16.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any preparation known to me."

R. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Without injurious medication.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

## Selected Literature.

JOHN.

"Do you need a man to work about your place, sir?"

Judge Parker looked up from his law books and papers to the questioner, a stalwart man, about thirty years of age, poor, but genteel in appearance and respectful in manner and speech.

"No, thank you, sir; I prefer to stand if you please. This door was open and I made bold to walk in. I knocked several times on the door frame, but you didn't hear me. I came just to ask if you need a man to do any sort of work about your place? If you do not, I will not take up any more of your time, as you're busy. But I hope you do, sir. I need work badly."

"You are a stranger in Parley, are you not?" asked the judge, leaning back in his chair.

"Parley so. I lived here years ago."

"Your name?"

"Call me John."

"Your surname?"

"I would like you to call me just John, sir, if you please."

"Do you know, my man, that with holding your name is not a good recommendation, and very likely to make an unfavorable impression?"

"I know it, sir, but if you'll only try me, I think you'll find that my faithfulness and desire to do everything right will make up for the rest of my name."

Something about the man's bearing and appearance strongly impressed Judge Parker, inspiring a desire to know more of him, and he said:

"Well, I'll tell you candidly that I like your appearance and manner, but when a man refuses to give his name, there's always something wrong."

"There is something wrong, sir—I'll be honest with you—there is something wrong with the name, but not with me, not now. I could easily give you a false name. I'm the fact that I don't give one, some sign of honesty, and won't you please look at that as a recommendation, sir?"

"It is an indication, certainly," responded the judge. "Now it just happens that I need a man about my country place; need one badly. Summer is upon us, bringing a great deal of work to be done about the grounds. I have a man for the stable and horses, so the new hand would have to do the rough work—mowing the lawn, raking, weeding, cutting wood, keeping the grounds in order, running errands and so on. Would you be willing to do that?"

"Certainly, sir," John hopefully replied. "I'd be only too glad if you'll try me."

"But you are an able bodied young fellow who could make as good a trade much more than I could give you for the work mentioned, and if I mistake not your appearance you have had higher aims than this sort of work."

"That is all true, sir; I could make more at other work, but I have had higher aims, but you've seen how I've done steps in sometimes on my aims. But I'd be glad to do such work as you said for the summer, if you'll only give me a trial."

"What are your terms?"

"That is not important, sir."

"Not important? Why, my man, it is becoming plain to me that you have some object other than this work; some plan which such a position is to subvert. Haven't you?"

"Not exactly a plan, but I have a reason for coming to you that I'd rather not tell, if you please. It's not a wrong purpose, and I hope you won't refuse me the work on my account."

"I give rise to unfavorable suspicions, though. An unusual number of things are against you. You refuse to give your name, you seek work plainly beneath your abilities, wages are unimportant, and lastly, the work is not your chief object. You must certainly be aware that there would be good grounds for turning you away."

"I am aware of that, sir, and was afraid that when I came to you that I would appear in a bad light, but I concluded to be honest about it anyhow. Try me, though, sir; you'll not regret it. I want the place sorely; more than I dare tell, I'm in distress. I have nothing else to say. My appearance is my only recommendation. If that won't do I must go."

He looked pleadingly at the judge, who, rising, came from behind the desk, and standing close to the applicant, said:

"Well, John, let me tell you that your candor and evident truthfulness have impressed me very strongly in your favor, despite the appearance against you. I'll try you for a month, but you must not complain if you are denied certain freedoms and privileges that would be accorded a man who has proven himself trustworthy, or if your actions are more closely watched."

"I've seen those consequences, sir, and it's all right. They are to be expected under the circumstances, and I won't complain. Do as you please with me till you feel I can be trusted. Show me the work at once, sir, if you can. I couldn't find words to thank you, sir, if you had time to hear them. My work must show you how grateful I am."

Dinnering a broad brimmed straw hat, Judge Parker conducted the new man out over his spacious estate, indicating what work would be expected of him, and set him to do some weeding at a spot in sight of his study windows.

He then returned to his papers and books, but as the afternoon wore on, he cast frequent glances through the window at John. It was plain that he had become deeply interested in the man whose history had been so candidly and honestly withheld. He could not fathom the mystery with which the applicant chose to envelop himself, but he trusted that his purpose were honorable, though he was somewhat suspicious.

Judge Parker was a large hearted man, widely known and beloved for his gentleness, benevolence and uniform justice. The humblest citizen, if worthy, might apply to him for help, certain of a patient and responsive hearing. Knowing that his liberality had drawn to him many worthy applicants, he now suspected that John had some design upon his philanthropy, and consequently he viewed him with some suspicion.

And so he worked throughout the trial month. Faithfulness and painstaking interest were stamped upon each detail of his work, and many persons commented to the judge upon the improved appearance of the place.

John was an unusually quiet and unobtrusive man. Save to ask instructions concerning his work, he never presented himself unbidden. Judge Parker's several efforts to elicit some account of his life failed, he was respectfully candid in answering that he did not wish to tell anything about himself, saying that he entirely repudiated his hope of continued employment upon his work.

When the month ended, he was re-engaged, and still he maintained the same scrupulous care in every piece of work, however trivial. He never left the place, unless sent on errands, and, retiring early to his attic room, spent his evenings in quiet pursuits.

The judge's interest in him grew into genuine fondness. He liked to talk to him, and found him well posted and shrewd in the ways of the world, and ever ready to converse on all subjects except his past life—that was a sealed book.

The summer wore uneventfully away, until one morning late in August, a visitor entered the judge's study. It was John Skiles, a member of one of the best in the judicial district over which Judge Parker presided. His face indicated an important mission.

"Judge," he said, after a few remarks on general subjects, "you have a new man at work at your place?"

"Yes, indeed I have. I don't wonder you've noticed it. Many others have spoken to me of the improvement. But he's no eye serve; he's thorough going to the smallest detail."

Skiles replied expectantly at this comment.

"What is his name?"

"He calls himself John."

"No surname, eh?"

"No—well, the truth is, he declined to give it, and he's been so faithful that I have respected his reasons for concealing whatever they are."

"Is it possible you don't remember him, Judge?"

"I don't," said several times. "I've thought there was something familiar about him, either in motions or look, I can't tell which."

"Well, I've just got back from a trip to Europe, have been most all over the old country, and the moment I saw eyes on your new man I knew the fellow. He has disguised himself with whippers. I'm not often deceived in people, I tell you."

"I dare say not, but I am if I've ever seen him before."

"Well, then, Judge," said

## The Union Advocate.

Established 1867.

NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N. B.  
WEDNESDAY, NOV. 13, '89.

## At The North.

There is an impression in some quarters in Northumberland that a general assembly election is to take place some time in January next. Mr. Tweedie, one of that county's most active and efficient representatives, is "taking time by the forelock" and making a vigorous personal canvass. It is understood that his position to the government is not nearly so pronounced as it was in the "tickle" campaign, which may be taken as an indication that, outside of Northumberland's established position on the stumpage question, he is quite satisfied with the present administration. Among the candidates for election, some when it may, there is, we are informed, good authority for counting upon Mr. D. G. Smith, editor of the *Miramichi Advance*. His candidacy will be another evidence of the popularity of the government, which he has always consistently supported, although he has been very independent and outspoken in the stumpage matter. Mr. Morrissey is reported to be holding his own with his constituents and will, no doubt, be in the field again with good prospects of success. Mr. Hutchison is said to have indicated to friends his intention of retiring from the legislature and it is hinted that he is looking towards Ottawa. Mr. Birchall, whose election is assured, is in the field again, as he is, we regret to hear, not in good health just now, but he will, doubtless, be ready for the fray when the election campaign comes on. Messrs. Birchall, Tweedie, Morrissey and Smith ought to be strong men in the big North Shore county.

The above is from the St. John Telegraph of the 6th inst. and, according to the *World*, was written in Chatham. It says it was written for the *Telegraph* by an individual who wanted to see his name in print as a candidate, and was written in Chatham. It is quite to the *Telegraph* to hold it responsible for nominating as a Government supporter a person who has denounced in the Legislature as one who should be proceeded against for obtaining public money in a fraudulent manner. The *Telegraph* has nominated himself.

So far we can learn there is very little prospect of this county selecting a ticket to represent them in the local legislature. A large majority of the people are opposed to the government because of its excessive stampage rates which have been a principal inducement to the departure of the county. When the election comes off there will be found a strong opposition ticket in the field, which will in all probability be elected by as sweeping a majority as was the last one. There is not the slightest probability of the election of such a ticket as the one sent to the *Telegraph* by its interested Chatham correspondent.

## The Richbuck Collectors.

By undue means used Mr. John Richbuck was induced to resign his office of collector of Customs at Richbuck, with a view of getting the appointment for a connection of an employee of the department at Ottawa. Such a scheme is most disgraceful. If any change is to be made in the Collectorship Mr. Gordon Livingston, who has for a long time been assistant collector, should receive the appointment, as he is thoroughly efficient in the duties of the office, and his appointment by the Government would be a recognition of long and faithful services.

## Personal.

We regret to learn by some of our exchanges that Mr. J. J. Anslow, editor of the *St. John Telegraph*, N. S., is suffering from an attack of nervous prostration the result of overwork. We hope he will soon be able to be at work again.

W. C. Desbriary, formerly clerk of the E. E. Island executive council, but for some months employed in the government printing bureau at Ottawa, has been missing for over a week and no trace of him can be found. Mr. Desbriary was at one time editor of the *Summerside Journal*.

Hon. A. A. Davidson, Q. C., still lies in an unconscious state, and we regret to learn that there are but slight hopes of his recovery. A change for the worse took place yesterday morning. He has been unconscious, except during one or two brief intervals, ever since his attack a week ago yesterday. Much sympathy is felt for him and his family.

## City's Comic Almanac.

There are few people in Canada who do not see this entertaining Almanac. It has just made its appearance for the eleventh year, and in many respects the new book is ahead of any predecessor. The illustrations are abundant; and all of the contents are of a very amusing character. A new feature is the calendar of "Remarkable Events," which runs through the year, and which, alone, is worth far more than the price. In this department it is certainly entertaining and helpful to be told the day and year when peacocks were invented, when the half-holiday agitation was started, or washing-day instituted, or stolen persons first used, or Frank Smith was ruined by the street railway (Jan. 15, 1890), or mother-in-law jokes invented, or Chicago morally reformed (A. D. 509), or boot-jacks first used as a cat cure, or the streets of Toronto daily used, or Friday discovered to be an unlucky day—information on all of which, as illustrations, may be found in the January calendar. And the other months are quite as communicative. This book contains 32 pages, and sells at all bookstores at the old price, 10 cents, or, sent to publishers, Toronto, and receive the book, post-paid, by return mail.

## The Dominion Revenue.

The Dominion revenue for the past four months of the current fiscal year shows a surplus over expenditure of \$1,707,000, which is an increase of \$1,000,000 over last year, and last year, the balancing of the books, showed a surplus of \$1,000,000. And there has been no increase in the rate of taxation. Mr. Foster can listen to the personal abuse of his Liberal critics with a good deal of philosophy.

## Opening of the Newcastle Trotting Park.

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## Restigouche Notes.

CAMPELTON.

Miss Mary McMillan, one of the teachers of Campbellton school, for an interesting reason, lately tendered her resignation to the Trustees, and, when about to bid her pupils farewell on Friday, Nov. 1st, was presented with the following address by one of them.

Dear Miss McMillan:

We, the boys and girls of your department, deeply regret that this is the last afternoon we are to spend together as Teacher and pupils. During the time we have been under your careful training, we have all learned to love you. The lessons you have taught us so well, will in time come, when a stranger fills your accustomed place, carry our thoughts back to the past, and to you who have been our affectionate Teacher. In saying "good-bye," we, the older members of your school, ask you to accept of this little token of our affection, and our good wishes for your future happiness, and trusting it will always recall pleasant memories of your Campbellton boys and girls.

Signed by—Ida Bastin; Lydia Duncan; Amy Price; Bertha Mowat; Jessie Fawcett; Lena Gilker;

The following pupils individually, also, presented Miss McMillan with similar tokens of regard, Emma Thompson; Alice McKenzie; May Sawyer; Rebecca Thompson; Percy Gilker; Lizzie Harris; Mary Beaton; Callie McMillan.

Miss McMillan in reply said with evident emotion: "My young friends: I accept most willingly these tokens of your affection for me, not that I require you to keep you in my remembrance, for you will be naturally all often in my thoughts. It has afforded me the greatest pleasure in teaching you; your aptness to receive instructions; and the diligence with which you prepared the lessons prescribed to you, have made my labors among you comparatively easy. It is with deep regret to me in many respects, that you and I are about to be separated. I ask you to show the same kindness to my successor, as you have done to me, and to the same diligence in your studies, that you may grow up to be good citizens to occupy the place of those who have gone before you with honor to yourselves. May the Divine blessing be with you. Farewell."

The former pupils of Miss McMillan will be all glad to hear that she was married on Tuesday, the 12th inst., to St. John, by the Rev. Dr. McKee, of same city. The bride is now Mrs. Peter Hamilton. From all that we know of her attachment to the young people of Campbellton, we are confident that, among all the friends who may call on her in her new home in Riverview, she will not receive a more cordial welcome than this.

## BLACK LAND.

Mr. Donald McMillan, of Black Land, Restigouche, lately received a letter from his brother James in California, announcing the death of Mr. Alexander Cook, of Cayuga, same state, which took place on the 23rd of Oct., after a lingering illness. It is over twenty years since Mr. Cook and family left Restigouche for the west, he has still many relatives, and a very great number of attached friends in this place, who deeply sympathize with him in his bereavement. It is only a few months since he headed off an extensive herd of sheep to his son, and took a house in the town of Cayuga, with the view of spending the rest of his days in quietness with his much beloved wife.

## Be On Your Guard.

Although the publishers have not yet made any announcement of it, the Montreal Star, both from dealers and private citizens, are larger than ever before at this time of the year. The Christmas Star this year is said to be the loveliest Holiday Picture ever issued from the press.

The publishers have requested dealers to exercise the greatest care in seeing that all the beautiful supplements are delivered with each other and every number to report for any cases where vendors sell the supplements separately. The orders booked for the Montreal Christmas Star this year amount to an immense demand.

## Incendiarism.

Early on Sunday morning last an attempt was made to burn the house of Mr. Philip Jones, Newcastle. A sick woman in the house saw smoke coming up through the floor and gave the alarm when the fire was put out with a few buckets of water. The house had been saturated with petroleum and set fire to. A bottle containing a small quantity of petroleum oil was found close at hand. It was fortunate that the discovery was made so soon after the fire was started, but little damage was done. Mr. Jones had been offering a reward of \$40 for such information as would lead to the conviction of the incendiary.

## To Our Subscribers.

The SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT which appeared in our columns some time since announcing a special arrangement with Dr. J. K. Kendall Co., of Epsworth Falls, Yt., publishers of "A Treatise on the Home and his Diseases," whereby our subscribers were enabled to obtain a copy of that valuable work FREE by sending their address and enclosing a two-cent stamp for mailing same, is renewed for a limited period. We trust all will avail themselves of the opportunity of obtaining this valuable work. To every lover of the Horse it is indispensable, as it treats in a simple manner all diseases which afflict this noble animal. Its phenomenal sale throughout the United States and Canada, make it Standard authority. Merit this special offer when sending for "Treatise" Nov. 6-8m.

## Newcastle Curling Club.

An adjourned meeting of the above club will be held at the Waverley Hotel on Monday evening next (Nov. 18th), at 7.30. A full attendance is requested as skips are to be selected for the season. E. L. STREET, Secretary.

## To Our Subscribers.

Send to P. P. Shumway, Jr., Boston, Mass., for free sample copy of the *Union Advocate*, and so realize what an extraordinary offer we are making when we offer to send both the *Union Advocate* and the *Union Advocate* for a full year for only \$2.00 when the price of the *Union Advocate* alone is \$1.50 a year. The Boston *Telegraph* says of the *Union Advocate*:

"Setting aside its literary contents which are of a high order of merit, the collection of receipts for the kitchen and for the sick room, its practical suggestions and advice for the raising and care of plants and flowers, its instruction for beautifying houses by simple means, and other practical features, make it invaluable to every household."

Last year quite a number of subscribers to the *Union Advocate* took advantage of a similar offer, and we shall have pleasure in again receiving their names for both papers, as well as those of others who may desire to take advantage of the above offer. See advertisement for further particulars.

## The Class of '90.

The *University Monthly* for November is an article on New Brunswick University graduates of the year '90—passed in his class. He was quiet and yet had lots of life in him. Cliff was a gentleman in every sense of the word. His college course was a very successful one, and he graduated well up in his class. He intends taking a course of medicine either at Edinburgh or McGill, and is at present studying with his brother in Newcastle. His pleasant manner cannot help but make him acceptable in the sick room and we have no fears for his future.

## Fire at Campbellton.

There was a destructive fire at Campbellton on Friday night. Two large buildings on Moffat's wharf were completely destroyed with their contents. The building, containing a large quantity of lumber, was owned by Mr. J. P. Mowat and the other, a large warehouse, was the property of Mr. George Moffat. Mr. Henry O'Leary lost 1500 bushels of oats stored in one of the warehouses. He had a large pile of lumber on the wharf outside that was burned. Mr. O'Leary had no insurance. J. P. Mowat's loss was \$10,000 on the building and \$1,000 on the stock.

## A Sudden Departure.

Complaint having been entered before John Nivins, Esq., Police Magistrate, against the notorious Mrs. Garrett for selling liquor contrary to the provisions of the Canada Temperance Act, and the day for the trial of the case appointed, when the time arrived the defendant failed to put in an appearance and it was discovered that she had left for parts unknown. A fine of \$50 and costs was recorded against her and it is hoped will suffice to keep her out of the county for some time at least.

## Sons of Temperance.

Whitneyville, Division, Northeast, has changed its night meeting from Mondays to Saturdays.

The Grand Division, S. of T., of Prince Edward Island, has elected as G. W. Patriarch, Rev. Geo. Steele, P. W. G. W. Associate, Ada A. Wadman, Charlotteville; G. Scribe, Jessie S. Burns, Lower Freetown; G. Treasurer, D. W. Henderson, North Wiltshire; G. Secretary, Rev. Edward Bell, Madoc; G. Conductor, Barns McPherson, New Haven; G. Sentinel, A. R. Matthews, Alberton.

## Boston Comedy Company.

This talented company, under the management of Mr. H. Price Webster presented "British Born" to the people of Newcastle on Tuesday evening of last week, and in Chatham on Wednesday evening. Both halls were crowded, and all present were delighted at the manner in which the parts were taken. Mr. Webster's local hits elicited hearty applause. The hope is expressed that the company may again pay the Miramichi a visit before long. In Newcastle a portion of the receipts were donated by Mr. Webster towards the property sealing the hall, and in Chatham towards the Public Square.

## The Weather.

We have enjoyed most beautiful weather for the past ten days; the nights have been moderately cool and the days sunny and warm, in fact delightful weather for this time of year. A marked contrast to climes to the South, where they have had blizzards and snowstorms.

## A distressing cough or cold not only deprives one of rest and sleep, but, if allowed to continue, is liable to develop into serious trouble in the way of Consumption, or Laryngitis, or perhaps Croup. Use Balf's Balsam of Horehound.

## Selling at Cost.

Bargains may be obtained at the store of John Robinson, Jr., for thirty days from date as he wishes to dispose of his large stock at cost.

## The Sully Flaw.

The O'Brien Sully Flaw received a special prize at the Exhibition on Thursday, and is highly commended by the Judges. Orders for plaques to be delivered next spring should be left with Mr. Robinson at once.

## Tenders for Sleepers.

Tenders for sleepers, ties and fence posts are asked for by the C. E. R.

## Among the many remedies for Worms, McLean's Vegetable Worm Syrup takes the lead; it is a pure original and only genuine. Pleasant to take and sure in effect. Purely vegetable.

## Prof. Ledwith's.

Memory System IS CREATING GREATER INTEREST than ever in all parts of the country, and persons wishing to improve their memory should send for prospectus free as advertised in another column.

## Change of Time Table.

The winter arrangement of trains on the I. C. N. goes into effect on Monday, 18th inst.

## Piso's Cure for Consumption and Remedy for Catarrh are sold by E. Lee Street, Newcastle.

## Died.

At Archibald Settlement, Restigouche, N. B., on the 27th Oct., AUSTIN MORRIS, aged 3 years and 4 months, youngest daughter of Frank and Isabelle Jane Carmichael.

## Correspondence.

## PATRIOTS' EFFUSIONS.

## To the Editor of the Union Advocate.

SIR:—A "Patriot" was in an unusually excited mood in his letter of the 30th October ult. I much regret it. To individuals of his nervous temperament, such excitement is dangerous. They are physically affected. Their mental organs become also excited. In this state of nervous prostration he saw bricks falling all around him; shillals were making all havoc. To this mental and physical condition combined, must we ascribe some of his strange phrases. How useful would have been the presence of a fourth grade school-master when perusing such a scintillating letter. "Why does he not assert that the history of *Macaulay's* 'History' is a forgery?" Would "Patriot" explain what he means by history of *Macaulay's* 'History'? Is it that somebody wrote a history of *Macaulay's*, i. e., his life and times? Or does he rather, as in school-boy style, translate too literally a French exercise, and he is rendering *la fin de la fin de la fin*, translate by the book of my brother for my brother's book, *la fin de la fin de la fin*, grand mere, the umbrella of my grand-mother for my grand-mother's umbrella. Would not the school-trustees confer a favor by handing "Patriot" a certificate of admission to school? He is sadly in need of a little instruction in English composition.

## "Patriot" is a man of very delicate intemperance. His aesthetic nature cannot brook a too literal expression of one's feelings; and hence his bombastical grievances—"wir," "clumsy wit," "terrible efforts at wit." Poor creature!

How infuriated a man can become, how blind to every personal failing, is evidenced in his conduct. Patriot complains that he has not been treated with sufficient decency; yet while thus giving vent to his soreness of heart, he writes in a strain which, because of the low depth to which he descends, I refrain from characterizing. I will leave him here for the present, and return to a consideration of the *Estates* question.
In my last communication, I treated this matter from an international point of view. The *Estates*, as we have seen, were given their property in mortmain. They, in their corporate capacity, enjoyed the right of disposing of it at will. It was theirs. No civil authority, not even the King, could say to them—"You must cease to be a corporation, you must divest yourself of the *Estates* which you now control." Such action would have been an unconstitutional stretching of the royal prerogative.

## James II. for a somewhat similar exercise of the prerogative in his Declaration of Indulgence granting liberty of conscience to all his subjects, lost the crown of Great Britain and Ireland. Liberty of Conscience all advocate. But though the theoretical and practical expression of it were good, James by trampling upon an act of parliament, rendered himself obnoxious to the people, and thus forfeited the position which he occupied. What can be said of a similar action on a later day when the powers of parliament were much more extensive?

The *Estates* were, moreover, secured in the possession of their property by the terms of capitulation. I merely give you one or two of these articles as sufficient for our present purpose. CAPITULATION OF MONTREAL AND OF THE WHOLE PROVINCE, SEP. 1760.

## ART.—XXVII. "The free exercise of the Catholic, Apostolic and Roman Religion shall be secured, &amp;c., &amp;c."

## Answer. "Granted as to the free exercise of their religion. The obligation of paying the tithes to the priests will depend on the King's pleasure."

## ART. XXXIV. All the communities and all the priests shall preserve their movable, and the property and revenues of the Signatories and other estates which they possess, and shall be free to dispose of them as they see fit, and the same estates shall be preserved in their privileges, rights, honors and exemptions."

## Answer. Granted.

## It is unnecessary to quote at greater length as the terms of capitulation here given are very explicit.

By those terms the *Estates* and other communities were guaranteed in the possession of their properties and in the free exercise of the Catholic Religion. The Canon, or Ecclesiastical Law of the church is recognized in theory and in practice. Whenever there is question of rights, jurisdiction, &c., &c., the terms of a treaty are referred to.

## A treaty is superior to laws of parliament, to the will of the monarch. It is a sacred, certain sacredness; and is, consequently, inviolable. The



