

The Woodstock Journal.

Thursday, Sept. 27, 1860.

SUPREME COURT—CARLETON CIRCUIT.

The Circuit Court for this County was opened Tuesday, the 25th instant, Chief Justice Sir James Carter presiding.

On the first day there were but two causes tried. The first was an action of assumpsit, Charles Perley against John Dickinson, to recover the amount of an account. No defence. Verdict for Plaintiff £50 11. L. P. Fisher for Plaintiff.

The second case was Dr. Smith against John W. Raymond, action of assumpsit to recover an account of thirty dollars for a surgical operation performed on a coloured man named Adam Watters, a pauper. As this suit has excited no little interest in this place we give a brief outline of the trial.

The suit was brought against Mr. Raymond as Overseer of the Poor. Dr. Smith proved his having been called to see Watters in Jackson-town, where, though a resident of Woodstock, he had gone for a few days. He found him suffering from a most severe case of inguinal strangulated hernia. After attempting to reduce it by manipulation without success, he became convinced that an operation was necessary; returned to Woodstock, called upon Mr. Raymond as Overseer of the Poor, told him the circumstances of the case, with the view of ascertaining whether the Parish would be responsible for the expense of an operation. Mr. Raymond asked if there was a chance of saving his life. Dr. Smith replied that the chances were poor, but there was a chance. Mr. Raymond asked what the expense would be and was told by Dr. Smith that it would be what was just and fair. Mr. Raymond then told Dr. Smith if anything could be done for Watters to do it. Watters had in the meantime been brought into Woodstock by his friends. The same evening Dr. Smith, with the assistance of Dr. Brown, performed the operation, after having again tried manipulation in vain. On laying the intestines bare, they found that mortification had just commenced, and saw that it was impossible to save Watters's life. They completed the operation, returning the intestines, and sewing up the wound. Watters died in a few hours after. On presenting his account of seven pounds ten shillings—a reasonable charge, to Mr. Raymond, payment was refused. Five dollars were offered him; and he believed that ten dollars were offered his attorney. He would accept nothing less than his full charge. He believed that there were other parties behind the scenes to whom the fact that payment refused was due. On cross examination Dr. Smith stated that it was impossible that they could have discovered the mortification in the early stage in which it then was by any general external symptoms and without laying bare the intestine. They had all the instruments necessary, and the best appliances which could be had under the circumstances of the case. He had never before performed the operation himself, but had seen it performed, and had dissected a case in which the operation had been performed, which much resembled this.

Dr. Brown's evidence corroborated that of Dr. Smith with respect to the conduct of the operation, and the impossibility of their having ascertained the presence of the incipient mortification until the operation had proceeded a certain length. He considered thirty dollars a reasonable charge. The custom was that the charge would be the same if the patient had lived, and the Doctor had given him his attendance until the wound was healed. The whole time spent with Watters that evening was several hours.

Dr. Donnell, of Houlton, was put on the stand, and stated that after having heard a part of Dr. Smith's evidence, and the whole of Dr. Brown's, although he could not speak with any positiveness as to a case which he had not seen, yet from the description which they had given he thought the case was one in which an operation was proper, necessary, and justifiable. In their description of the manner in which the operation was performed he could see nothing to lead him to believe that it was otherwise than well and properly performed. He knew Dr. Smith, having met him several times in professional consultations, and had formed a high opinion of his ability and skill, and had reason to come to the conclusion that he would be skilful in the use of surgical instruments. It would have been impossible to have discovered mortification in the stage in which

Dr. Smith and Brown described it by general external symptoms, or until the intestine had been laid bare. He spoke from general medical knowledge, and not from personal experience, never having performed the operation. A reasonable charge, he thought, would be from thirty to one hundred dollars, or even higher. He would make the same charge for medical attendance upon a pauper, where it was to be paid by the authorities, as for a wealthy person.

Mr. James Edgar stated that he was present during the whole operation, at the request of Dr. Smith, to render any aid which he could. Attempts were first made to reduce the hernia, Dr. Smith, and Dr. Brown working at it by turns, and for a long time, but without success; then the cutting was commenced. Dr. Smith performed the most of the operation, but before its conclusion complained of numbness in his fingers arising from their use in the previous manipulation, and requested Dr. Brown to take the instrument, which he did. They appeared to know what they were about, as there was scarcely any hesitation. In reply to a question Mr. Edgar said that there was no brutality exhibited, but, on the contrary, everything was done for the comfort of Watters that could be under the circumstances.

Mr. David Brown gave evidence that he was present during the whole affair, his attendance as an assistant having been requested by Dr. Brown. He corroborated Mr. Edgar's testimony as to the conduct of Drs. Smith and Brown. They seemed to do everything that could be done. If the patient had been his own brother he could have seen nothing in the performance of the operation by the two doctors at which to murmur.

The Plaintiff's case closed here. The defence set up was, first, that Mr. Raymond having only authorised Dr. Smith to proceed on the condition that there was a chance of saving the life of Watters, and the mortification having commenced, which rendered his case hopeless, Dr. Smith should have had sufficient skill to have detected it before commencing the operation, and that therefore Mr. Raymond was not liable under the agreement, and secondly that ten dollars, a sufficient remuneration, had been tendered. Mr. Raymond was put on the stand, and gave evidence that before he consented to become responsible for the expense of the operation Dr. Smith assured him that there was some chance of saving Watters's life. When the Dr. presented his account he refused to pay it, as he thought it very unreasonable in amount, and in fact, that, as he had not seemed to know his business, he deserved nothing at all. He offered him, however, ten dollars, not because he thought he had earned it, but in order to save the Parish the expense of a law suit. Dr. Smith refused to take anything less than his account. Mr. Raymond stated that he had been to some extent guided in the course he had taken by Mr. Lindsay, one of the two Municipal Councillors of the Parish, and other rate payers.

Mr. Gibson said that he had called upon Dr. Smith to endeavor to get the matter compromised, in order to save expense, and proposed that it should be submitted to an arbitration, which Dr. Smith refused. He did not tell the Dr. that he came in his capacity as a Councillor.

Dr. Wood was called. He had heard all the evidence, but could pronounce no opinion upon the conduct of the operation without having been present. Mortification could be discovered by general external symptoms. He could not say what the fee should be in this case, but thought thirty dollars pretty high. He had performed a somewhat similar operation last winter at Presque Isle, and had charged three pounds. He would not say that if the Overseers of the Poor had the payment for the service he would not have charged much higher. There was no regular scale of fees. On cross examination he stated that he had charged fifty dollars for the amputation of the leg of a pauper; and that his bills for Parish service were always cut down by the authorities, Mr. Lindsay being particularly given to that sort of thing.

The evidence here closed, and the Attorney General, for the defence, contended that Dr. Smith and Brown could have known that mortification had commenced, and that an operation was useless, and that at all events the charge was too high, the party being a pauper.

L. P. Fisher, Esq., for the Plaintiff, contended that as it was not a pauper, but the Parish of Woodstock, who was to pay the bill, Dr. Smith was entitled to his full charge. He characterized the manner in which our Court

business is conducted, the paring down of the accounts of every one employed, from the physician down to even the constable and hogreave, in which a few narrow minded, small-souled officials took such delight,—as exceedingly mean; and instantaneous result of this penny wise and pound foolish system in the building of a jail which would not keep a cat in. One principal motive of Dr. Smith in bringing this suit was to meet the reports which had been industriously circulated in this vicinity that Watters had been unkindly and improperly treated in the operation. He wanted his whole fee or nothing; and if the Jury thought that the Parish of Woodstock could not afford to pay a physician his whole fee for any service performed for it they had better give the defendant the verdict. The Chief Justice summed up; and the Jury after half an hour's absence returned into court with a verdict for the Plaintiff for seven pounds ten shillings.

THE WEATHER.—Recently we have been visited by heavy and continuous rains, which although interfering with the conclusion of the harvest operations must have the effect of raising the streams and bringing out much of the lumber "kang up" in them. Very little harvest work remains to be done.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.—We have to acknowledge the receipt from S. R. Miller, Fredericton, of a Sermon preached before the Prince of Wales on his visit to Fredericton, in Christ Church Cathedral, by Bishop Medley, which we reserve for further notice,—and from the publishers, of Godley's Magazine, and Arthur's Magazine, for October.

CORRESPONDENCE.—The letter of "A Lady Visitor" has been received. When the writer complains with the rule of offending as her real name we will take the publication of her communication into consideration.

EXPLANATORY.—Owing to the absence from home of the conductor of the Journal the account of the troubles in Canada missed insertion in our last number. Although stale news we think it best to print them this week.

at Genoa on French flag. Outrage in question was perpetrated by Swiss mob during violation of Swiss territory by Savoyards going in procession to congratulate the Emperor.

Weather finer in Paris, but floods and hurricanes reported in the Provinces.—Flour quiet but rather firmer on 7th, closing 67 95.

THE EUROPE WITH 119 passengers, arrived at Halifax at 11 A.M. on the 19th.

BOLOGNA, 8th.—An insurrectionary movement has taken place in the Province of Pesaro, 400 insurgents have attacked and defeated the Papal troops.

The telegraphic communication with Naples was interrupted.

TRINIS, 8th.—The manager of the Southern Railway has been requested to prepare for an extraordinary transport of troops. The 3rd, 4th and 8th corps d'armes are about to be placed on a war footing, and the soldiers on furlough have received orders to join their regiments.

PARIS, 8th Sept.—Verki Effendi has received information by telegraph, that his full powers for the signature of the Convention are en route for Paris. 3.20 P. M.—The Bourse opened flat but afterwards became firmer, Rentas being last quoted at 68f. or five cents higher than yesterday.

VIENNA, 8th.—The Emperor has received Counts Szecsen and Apponyi, who presented to his Majesty the historical right of Hungary. The Emperor pronounced himself in favour of the adopted with amendment proposed by Count Harig. It is expected that during the first sitting of the Reichsrath, an autograph letter of the Emperor will be produced re-establishing the principle of the autonomy of that Province and announcing the reforms immediately to be promulgated.

SENIOR COELLO GUSADA, the Spanish Minister at Turin, after a stay at Vienna several days during which he had a conference with Count Reichburg, has left for his post.

It is believed that the King of Naples will not proceed to Spain but will come to Austria. Preparations are being made at the Imperial Castle at Holzerdorf for receiving their Neapolitan Majesties.

The Opinions National says the first column of Volunteers under the command of Roselli enter the Marches to-day.

New York, Sept. 24, 1860. Adriatic at Southampton 13, arrived. Garibaldi entered Naples on the 8th, received with intense joy, proclaimed Victor Emmanuel King of Italy.

Insurrection spreading in Papal States. Weather continues favourable to crops. Flour steady, 27s. 6d to 30s. Wheat quiet. Corn dull. Provisions quiet. Consols 93 to 93 1/2.

EXTRAORDINARY DISCOVERY OF HUMAN SKELETON.—A discovery has just been made at Sedgely, near Wolverhampton, of a nature so appalling and has drawn thousands of people to the scene. A tavern, known as the Pig and Whistle, has recently been closed up, the windows boarded up and doors nailed and since it was vacated by the last tenant no one could be induced to enter on any terms, for the obvious reason that it had the discouraging reputation of being haunted.

Mrs. Fox was the last occupier, and her family were continuously disturbed by unusual noises at night, and we have it on the testimony of several respectable and intelligent people who have been called in, in the middle of the night to appease their fright, that they have heard what appeared to be piercing cries of a human being coming from somewhere around the fire place, and that it would gradually sink away and again resume its whinnings. Various and horrible have been the sights seen and the noises heard on the premises; it was to be believed a number of people whose credulity could scarcely be said to be imposed upon.

In pulling down the building yesterday, for the purpose of re-erection, the workmen discovered a quantity of bones buried beneath the hearthstone in a cavity formed by an arch of masonry, top the and mortar. They were found to be those of a human being. All the bones would fill about half a coal basket. As they do not form an entire skeleton, it is supposed that the remainder had been deposited in another part of the premises.

A startling disclosure it is said, will shortly be made public in reference to the matter.—Liverpool Mercury Aug. 30.

MAINE HORSES AT THE NATIONAL HORSE SHOW AT SPRINGFIELD.—There were six horses from Maine at the show at Springfield last week and three of them took premiums, the "Maine Messenger" owned by John Wynn of Bangor which took the 1st premium of \$100 for family horses, geldings or mares, and the "Brown Sward" which took the third premium of \$50 for gentlemen's driving horses, four years old or over.

This is pretty well for Maine, when not half the animals exhibited take premiums. We understand that McLaughlin & Shaw sold their horse "Tarzan" for \$1500, and John Wynn sold "Nelly Crow" for \$1000.

It is rumored that Lord Mulgrave is to succeed Sir Edmund Head as Governor General of Canada. Hon. J. H. T. Munroe, Sutton to relieve Lord Mulgrave in Nova Scotia, and Sir Alexander B. Macnaman, of Newfoundland, to be Governor of New Brunswick.

FRANCE. Reported that French Government sent a diplomatic note to Switzerland relative to outrage

at Genoa on French flag. Outrage in question was perpetrated by Swiss mob during violation of Swiss territory by Savoyards going in procession to congratulate the Emperor.

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TERRIBLE CATASTROPHE. Chicago, Saturday, Sept. 8. The Steamer Lady Elgin in the Lake Line, which left here last night, was run by the schooner Augusta, off Wauegan at 6 o'clock this morning.

The steamer sank in twenty minutes of water. Only seventeen persons that are known, including the clerk, the steward, and the porter.

From 500 to 400 persons are said to be on board, and among them were the Black and Green Yagers and Rifles, and some companies of Milwaukee, who were on this city.

At the time of the accident, the steamer was sailing at the rate of eleven miles an hour. The steaming McQueen left this morning at the scene of the disaster. Up to the present time fifty-five persons have been saved.

Henry Ingraham, member of Parliament, proprietor of the London Illustrated, his son Herbert, are said to have been the passengers.

The books and papers of the steamer were lost. After the collision, the steamer floated Winetka where she sank.

STATEMENT OF THE CLERK BOAT. The clerk makes the following statement: The Lady Elgin left the port of half-past eleven o'clock for Lake Superior. The passengers were the Union Gunwauke, composing a part of some thirty and fifty excursionists from that city.

Half-past two o'clock this morning the Augusta, of Oswego, came in collision with the Lady Elgin when about ten miles from the mouth of the Lake. At the moment of the collision there was an instant after the crash all was still. The cabin, the ladies were pale, there was not a cry or a shriek—no the rush of the steam and the surge of sea. Whether they were not fully in danger, or whether their appalling situation speechless I cannot tell. Aboard at once, with the design of going upon the larboard side to examine the were two ours belonging to the boat that moment some person possessed one of them, and we were powerless to do anything.

We succeeded once in getting upon the beach at Winetka. Only one of the thirteen persons all of whom were other bore eight persons, but only reached the shore alive, the four drowned at the beach. Before the engine had ceased to work, the been extinguished. The force and the wind were such that the boats of the wreck was driven up to the beach the shore in the vicinity of I stood upon the beach hopelessly upon the route we had drifted. I fear of the morning objects floating water, and sometimes I thought struggling with the waves.

H. G. CARYL, Clerk of the Board. THE SECOND MATE'S STATEMENT. Mr. Beaman, the second mate of the Lady Elgin, states that at 2 1/2 o'clock a severe storm came on, and the vessel was off port bow. I sang out "hard a starboard" and the vessel seemed to pay no attention as just forward of the paddle box side, tearing off the wheel and the guards into the cabin and the steering northwest by west, a point our course was northwest. At the vessel hung for a moment and I went below to see what damage when I got back the vessel was gone.

When intelligence of the loss reached Milwaukee yesterday, it was fire throughout the city. The were thronged all day with relatives of those on board, who manifested anxiety.

In the first ward of Milwaukee is scarcely a house or place of business that has not lost some inmate or employee. Nearly 100 persons arrived at the beach, but were swept back by the waves and lost.

Up to 9 o'clock to-night only been recovered, most of which are friends as those of residents of Milwaukee. No accurate list or number of those on board can be given, but the following is a nearly correct list.

Excursion party..... Regular passengers..... Steamer's crew..... Of these, but 28 are saved. Capt. Mallot of the schooner lights, both red and bright, he sent from a quarter to a half a mile from N. E., it was raining very hard, and our course East by South collision was probable, when we struck the steamer two or three hundred yards just abaft the paddle-box the steamer kept on her course.

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TERRIBLE CATASTROPHE

CHICAGO, Saturday, Sept. 23, 1856.

The Steamer Lady Elgin in the Lake Superior Line, which left here last night, was run into by the schooner Augusta, off Waukegan, at 2 1/2 o'clock this morning.

The steamer sank in twenty minutes in 300 feet of water.

Only seventeen persons that are known to be saved, including the clerk, the steward, and porter.

From 500 to 400 persons are said to be on board, and among them were the Black Yagers, the Green Yagers and Rifles, and several fire companies of Milwaukee, who were on a visit to this city.

At the time of the accident, the schooner was sailing at the rate of eleven miles an hour.

The steaming McQueen left this morning for the scene of the disaster.

Up to the present time fifty-five persons have been saved.

Henry Ingraham, member of Parliament and proprietor of the London Illustrated News, and his son Herbert, are said to have been amongst the passengers.

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After the collision, the steamer floated south to Winetka where she sank.

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At about half-past two o'clock this morning the schooner Augusta, of Oswego, came in collision with the Lady Elgin when about ten miles from shore.

At the moment of the collision there was music and dancing going on in the forward cabin. In an instant after the crash all was still, and in half an hour the steamer sank. I passed through the cabin. The ladies were pale, but silent. There was not a cry or a shriek—no sound but the rush of the steam and the surge of the heavy sea.

Whether they were not fully aware of the danger, or whether their appalling situation made them speechless I cannot tell. A boat was lowered at once, with the design of going around upon the larboard side to examine the leak. There were two oars belonging to the boat, but just at that moment some person possessed himself of one of them, and we were powerless to manage the boat. We succeeded once in reaching the wheel, but were quickly drifted away and thrown upon the beach at Winetka. Only two boats were left on the steamer. One of them contained thirteen persons all of whom were saved. The other bore eight persons, but only four of them reached the shore alive, the four others being drowned at the beach. Before I left the steamer the engine had ceased to work, the fires having been extinguished. The force and direction of the wind were such that the boats and fragments of the wreck were driven up to the lake, and would reach the shore in the vicinity of Winetka. As I stood upon the beach helplessly looking back upon the route we had drifted I could see in the gray of the morning objects floating upon the water, and sometimes I thought human beings struggling with the waves.

H. G. CARYL, Clerk of Lady Elgin.

THE SECOND MATE'S STATEMENT

Mr. Beaman, the second mate of the Lady Elgin, states that at 2 1/2 o'clock a vessel one point off port bow. I sang out "hard-a-port," but the vessel seemed to pay no attention, and struck us just forward of the paddle box on the larboard side, tearing off the wheel and cutting through the guards into the cabin and hull. We were steering northwest by west, a point to windward; our course was northwest. After striking us the vessel hung for a moment and then got clear. I went below to see what damage was done, and when I got back the vessel was gone.

When intelligence of the loss of the steamer reached Milwaukee yesterday, it spread like wildfire throughout the city. The telegraph offices were thronged all day with relatives and friends of those on board, who manifested the greatest anxiety.

In the first ward of Milwaukee, it is said there is scarcely a house or place of business which has not lost some inmate or employer.

Nearly 100 persons arrived within 50 yards of the beach, but were swept back by returning waves and lost.

Up to 9 o'clock to-night only 21 bodies have been recovered, most of which are recognized by friends as those of residents of Milwaukee.

No accurate list or number of the persons on board can be given, but the following is estimated as nearly correct.

Table with 2 columns: Category and Count. Excursion party... 300; Regular passengers... 50; Steamer's crew... 35.

Of these, but 28 are saved.

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full motion, heading the Augusta around north,

alongside the steamer, but they got separated in about a minute, when the Augusta fell into a trough of the sea, all the head gear, jib, and stanchions, were carried away. After clearing the wreck, and got up the foresail, we succeeded in getting before the wind, and stood for land. We lost sight of the steamer in five minutes after the collision.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.—Chicago, Sept. 10, Milwaukee is shrouded in mourning, and business is entirely suspended. The reception of Senator Seward is postponed.

The schooner Augusta is libelled for \$40,000, and has been taken in charge by the U. S. Marshal.

Twenty-seven bodies have been recovered, among them that of Herbert Ingraham, member of British Parliament.

Among the lost was Wm. Harner of Philadelphia.

The Lady Elgin was insured for \$24,000.

NARROW ESCAPE OF THE "ARABIA" ON THE COAST OF IRELAND.—THRILLING NARRATION.

Dr. Smith, of Springfield, Mass., furnishes to the Republican of that city, the following graphic account of the narrow escape of the steamship Arabia from sudden and terrible wreck on Fastnet Rock, Cape Clear.

The present is not the first narrow escape of the Arabia, as we and others can testify; but Captain Stone's coolness in danger is universally concluded.

Steamship Arabia—11 A. M., Friday, August 3d, 1860.

In the midst of life we are in death. Just half an hour ago, while standing on the bows, the ship running 14 knots an hour under steam and sails in a thick fog, I heard a loud shout "land ahead!"

I turned towards the captain, or rather had my eye on him at that moment. His face could not have expressed more horror if he had seen hell's gates opened. He sprang to the engine bell, at the same time shouting "hard a port your helm."

A counter order of "starboard" was given. The Captain leaped from his footing, shouting, so that his voice was heard above the escaping steam, "hard a port in God's name." His order was obeyed—Then turning forward among a hubbub of voices shouting "we are lost," "God have mercy on us," &c., &c., I saw the rocks not twenty feet from the ship's bows. On their top was a light-house. As we swung around, it seemed as if we should every moment feel the shock of striking. The huge swell of the Atlantic was reverberating and the spray flying all around us. The sails took aback, keeling us over so that the deck stood up like the roof of a house. Women were screaming, seamen running to and fro, and above all the captains and lieutenants shouted so as to be heard above the shrill escaping steam, "hard a port, hard!" "Brace around the foreyard!" Let fly the halyards and sheets fore and aft! I stepped abaft the foremast, to be out of the way of its fall, and waited for the shock. But

"There's a sweet little cherub who sits up aloft And looks after the life of poor Jack."

We approached, as all agree within ten feet of the rock, and then began to recede. Just realize that there was only ten feet between us and eternity. It is the opinion of seafaring men on board that the ship, if she had struck, would have sunk in five minutes, for it is a sharp ledge of rocks, six or seven miles from any shore, and deep water all around. The boats could not have been got ready, and if they could, they never could have lived in the heavy surf. No—it we had gone ten feet farther we should have been almost instantly precipitated into a raging sea, where six or seven miles from land, in a dense fog, few of us would have escaped. We should have all perished as miserably as did those in the Hungarian. Three seconds more would have tolled the death knell of most if not all of us, for we were so enveloped in fog, and far from land, and also about at the light house, and if we had seized fragments of the wreck, they would have been torn from our grasp by the sea boiling as in a chaldron over the sunken reefs, hours before our fate could have been known. I know there was no time to run below for life preservers—which are hung up by each berth—and so contented myself with just stringing up my nerves for a buffet with the waves. For three minutes, I can assure you, man showed what he is when expecting the "King of Terrors." Two or three ladies took it heroically and seemed to draw instrength from the scenes around them. It was a terrible moment for the captain—Captain Stone of the Royal Navy—for as we swung around, the sails taking aback and heeling us over, everybody expected to hear the grinding crash beneath our feet. I felt for him, for all his great rashness, and gladly say that to his decision in our hour of need we owe our lives. The rock is called Fastnet Rock, and upon it is the Cape Clear Light House. A subscription is now being taken up among the passengers for the seaman who first shouted "brakers ahead!"

THE PRINCE OF WALES.—The Prince of Wales remained at Niagara Falls on Saturday. He critically examined that wonderful work of nature and witnessed the extraordinary feats of Mons. Blondin, who walked on his rope over the falls with a man on his back, and returned, for the first time, on stilts. The Prince, says the New York Herald, protested against both these fool-hardy exhibitions, but finally yielded. Subsequently the Prince complimented Blondin on the success of his performance.

SIGNOR FARINI ON THE ROPE WITH A MAN ON HIS BACK.—A FRIGHTFUL PERFORMANCE.—THE TOWN WAS FULL OF PEOPLE YESTERDAY, WHO CAME FROM FAR AND NEAR TO WITNESS THE EXTRAORDINARY ROPE WALKING PERFORMANCE OF SIG. FARINI.

After spending some time in fixing the guys he was ready for the start, and appeared at the end of the cable with his man. The man selected to bear him company in his perilous journey was Mr. Rowland McMullen. He was about 5 feet 9 inches, and weighs rather over 150 pounds. This added to the weight of his balancing pole, made a load of over 200 pounds—more than a barrel of flour. Adjusting his burden, he started out over the frightful chasm. Cautiously, yet fearlessly he travelled, while the crowd who witnessed him were under the most intense excitement. After proceeding a short distance he experienced great difficulty from his balancing pole catching under the guys. This, with the lateral, swinging motion of the cable, made the performance one of the most dangerous and fearful we have ever witnessed.

Whatever sensations might have pervaded the people, the bold performers showed no signs of fear. After proceeding a short distance, McMullen got down on the rope and both sat down and rested. They soon resumed their journey, however, and, for variety, McMullen walked and rode at short intervals. In walking he merely placed his hands on Signor's shoulder and followed. While both were walking it required a wonderful presence of mind as well as courage, to preserve a balance. The Signor had himself and the dissimilar motions of his comrade to attend to. But it was very handsomely done. They made but few stops until they reached the centre of the river. Here, according to the bills, they were to turn around and retrace their steps. While McMullen turned round, the Signor passed under the cable and McMullen, and thus gained the desired position.

After resting sometime they started on their return. This they accomplished with less trouble from the guys. McMullen was alternately on the rope and the Signor's back. The difficulty and hazardous act of climbing upon Farini's back must be witnessed to be understood and appreciated. At times the rope swayed so badly that Farini was compelled to stop and stand, or sit down until it became steady. The whole performance was trying to the nerves of spectators. As they came to terra firma the crowd received them with clapping of hands and other manifestations of pleasure.

We have no time now to comment on this performance as its extraordinary character demands. Suffice it to say that it eclipses anything ever before performed on a rope over Niagara river, or anywhere else. We trust Signor Farini will be satisfied with his hard and well-earned laurels, and never undertake to repeat such a daring and truly frightful performance.—Niagara Falls Gazette, Aug. 30.

HORRIBLE CRUELTY TO CHILDREN.—The London Times reports the trial of a schoolmistress in Southwark, named Mary Allen, for shocking cruelty to a child, the daughter of a laborer, which she had adopted. She had beaten the child with a cane and a stick until the miserable little creature was one mass of bruises and dotted blood. She had burnt her with a flat iron. She had compelled her to swallow human excrement. The truth of these facts was proved not only by the evidence of the child herself, but her testimony was corroborated in all material particulars by that of independent witnesses. When called upon for her defence, this abominable woman admitted the truth of the facts charged, but endeavored to excuse herself on the ground that she and only treated the child in such a manner in order to correct her of various faults and propensities. The jury instantly found her "Guilty" of the whole charge, and the judge imposed on her the highest penalty the law would admit—three years imprisonment, with hard labor. The same report contains an account of another female fiend, who acted in a manner almost equally cruel to her own child.

We were not less grieved than surprised to learn, last evening, that things had been received from England of the death of the Rev. W. H. Shore, formerly of Fredericton, at one time the officiating minister at St. Paul's, Portland. The reverend gentleman, up to the time of his death was incumbent of All Saints, a little church, erected childly, we believe, from his own resources, at Child's Hill, in the neighbourhood of London. His mild, gentlemanly, and true Christian character, will long be remembered by many attach- ed friends in this Province. He leaves a wife, in very delicate health, and we understand, one or two children.—Witness

VISITOR.—Hannibal Hamlin, Esq., of the State of Maine, and Republican candidate for the Vice Presidency of the United States, has been travelling in this Province for a few days past. He proceeded to Shediac by rail on Thursday, and returned to this city yesterday.—Morning Globe.

The Prince of Wales, the other day, kissed the daughter of the Mayor of Guelf, a place named from his family. She was at the head of twenty-nine damsels, who sang to him.

Austria holds on to Venetia with a bulldog grip. She is covering its territories all over with soldiers, like a swarm of locusts. At Urine, a town of 14,000 inhabitants there is garrisoned with 18,000 soldiers.

THE PRINCE OF WALES IN CANADA.

THE FEUD BETWEEN THE ORANGEMEN AND THE ROMAN CATHOLICS.

BUFFALO, Sept. 4.—There is trouble at Kingston between the Prince's party and the Orangemen. The Prince refuses to land, and the Orangemen won't yield. There is great excitement at Toronto from the same cause. The Orangemen of that city held a meeting and resolved to adhere to the course intended, viz., a procession, with banners, &c. The news from Kingston created great excitement, and serious consequences are feared.

KINGSTON, Sept. 5.—The Prince of Wales left Brockville in the Kingston at 6 o'clock this morning. He was attended for some distance up the river by a fleet of small yachts, and arrived off this city shortly after three o'clock. Five or six river and lake steamers, and crowds of passengers and bands of music, had gone off to meet and come back with him. The Volunteer Rifles were drawn up in line to receive him, also a battery of volunteer artillery. A number of ladies and gentlemen having paid their half-dollars, were gathered together on the market battery platform, where the ornamental arch was erected, inside which the city address was to be presented.

Some time since, when it became known that the Orange Society intended turning out here on the arrival of the Prince a number of the Roman Catholics met together in the College building and passed a series of resolutions containing remonstrances against the proposed course of the Orangemen which they forwarded to the Duke of New castle. Letters were received in reply from the Governor-General and from the Duke. The latter stated that the Prince would not land in any place where there were party demonstrations.

The Duke of New castle told the Mayor that His Royal Highness could not land at present. He also informed His Worship that if the corporation should feel disposed to present their address on board the boat, the Prince would be happy to receive it.

A meeting of the city Council was subsequently held, at which the Mayor stated the results of his interview, and then a stormy debate ensued.

The other resolution appointed a Committee of themselves to confer with the Orangemen, and endeavor to persuade them not to make any demonstration to-morrow, in which case the Prince will land.

The Kingston has anchored under the lee of one of the Islands, out of sight of town, and it is blowing hard.

The country Orange lodges have gone home whether they will return, and whether the Kingston lodges will insist on walking to-morrow is not yet known. Probably they will hold out.

KINGSTON, CANADA, Sept. 5.—The Orangemen paraded to day. They formed on the wharf, as if to receive the Prince. One of their officers was mounted, and with a drawn sword, shouted "no surrender." The Prince refused to land and left for Belleville, where an Orange arch had been erected. The Orangemen will probably charter a steamer and follow the Prince. The officials of three counties presented an address to the Prince on board the steamer.

TORONTO, Sept. 5.—The Orangemen meet to night to decide on what course to pursue. The community is greatly excited and the common salutation is "no surrender."

THE BAY FISHERIES.—We have received information from a source entirely reliable to the effect that the Bay of Fundy is at present filled with mackerel of a very superior quality the majority thus far taken being large and fat number two. Over forty sail of American and Colonial vessels, engaged in the valuable catch, are said to have rendezvoused near Digby on Sunday last and the Digby tonnage have fitted out all the available craft at their command to participate in the good things going.

Our vessel had discharged her cargo of cord-wood, which only the day before she had taken on board, in order to make a trial of her luck for the more valuable fish cargo, with which we hope she may be rewarded.

The same fishery in the gulf waters has, this year proved all but an entire failure, and this run is said to be the greatest in our bay for many years ago. We do not pretend to know the cause, but the fact is a curious one.—Bridgetown Register.

GARIBALDI AFTER MELAZZO.—Here an incident occurred which deserves to be mentioned, as showing the singular character of Garibaldi. Finding his shirt dirty and soiled from his personal struggles, he took it off, washed it in a brook hard by, and hung it up on the bushes, ate his lunch of bread, fruit, and water, smoked his cigar barebacked, and wrapt in thought, sat apparently contemplating the drying of his garment; thus, in the field of bivouac, sharing danger and hardship with the humblest of his followers. Directly his shirt was dry, he went on board of the Takeri, formerly the Veloce, lying in the bay on the western side of the peninsula, and personally directed her fire on the fortress and retreating masses.

MOBILE, Sept. 17.—During a late storm five steamboats were sunk, and the ship R. H. Dixey of New York, for Mobile, was blown ashore on the lower bar, and is a total loss. The Captain and crew perished.

MAINE HORSES AT THE NATIONAL HORSE SHOW AT SPRINGFIELD.

There were six horses from Maine at the show at Springfield last week and three of them took premiums, the "Maine Messenger" owned by John Wymann of Bangor which took the 1st premium of \$100 for family horses, geldings or mares, and the "Brown Seward" which took the third premium of \$50 for gentlemen's driving horses, four years old or over. This is pretty well for Maine, when not half the animals exhibited take premiums. We understand that McLaughlin & Shaw sold their horse "Tazet" for \$1500, and John Wymann sold "Nelly Crow" for \$1000. [W.Lig.]

It is rumored that Lord Mulgrave is to succeed Sir Edmund Head as Governor General of Canada. Hon. J. H. T. Munroe, Sutton to relieve Lord Mulgrave in Nova Scotia, and Sir Alexander B. Macnab, of Newfoundland, to be Governor of New Brunswick.

Literature

THE GOLDEN SUNSHINE.

The golden sun its rays spreads
Beneath the g. Man skies
And but a narrow stripe between,
Of land and shadow lies

The cloud-like rocks, the rock-like clouds,
Dissolved in glory, float,
And midway of the radiant flood
Hang silently the boat.

The sea is but another sky,
The sky a sea as well
And which is earth, and which the heavens,
The eye can scarcely tell.

So when from us life's evening hour,
Soft fading, shall descend,
May glory, born of earth and heaven,
The earth and heaven blend.

Flooded with peace the spirit floats,
With silent raptures glows,
Till where earth ends and heaven begins
The soul shall scarcely know.

BACHELOR'S HALL.

It was a fine spring morning: the balmy air was sweet with the odorous breath of early June, and from the morning room at Rutherford Place the thin white mist might be seen drifting gracefully across the smoothly shaven lawn; or, as the light summer wind, creeping tremblingly through the young leaves, brought down a sparkling shower from the branches surcharged with the past night's rain, the veil of silvery vapor would be lifted for a moment and show a glimpse of the noble river thickly dotted with white sails, and here and there an ungraceful steamer, with its long, heavy, trailing pennon of thick, black, smoke.

Rutherford Place was a fine old mansion-house, built in a stately and imposing fashion of the olden time. Smile not, reader! we use the words *olden times* understandingly; for age is relative, and the house had stood nearly a century, and that is antiquity in a country like ours, where cities spring up as by magic in a single day, and spread like the coral reefs before one has time to notice their existence.

The morning room, or breakfast room, into which we shall take the liberty of introducing our friends without any delay, was a fair and lofty apartment, large enough for the purpose for which it was intended, and singularly well proportioned. It was finished in a style rather gone by now, but very handsome, the walls being of a light green, richly ornamented with wreaths, roses, and long, narrow compartments or panels of white stucco work, each of the panels containing a design of fruit, or flowers, instruments of music, war, agriculture, or the chase, suspended by long wreaths, all of the white stucco.

The mantle-piece was of white statuary marble, and richly wrought—a head of Hebe being the central ornament, supported on either side by mythical monsters, griffins, and those queer fish, the fabulous dolphin possibly, who have the obliging habit of standing upon their heads for an indefinite period of time, and making obeisance with their tails; though *why* they do it remains a mystery, the grace of the execution not seeming to be commensurate with the exertion, for it must be confessed they do make awful faces about it.

Above the mantle-piece was a large convex mirror, in a gilded oval frame supporting two branches for wax-lights, and ornamented with abundant chains of large gold balls, the superintendence of which seemed to devolve mainly upon a bronze eagle, who, perched upon the top of the mirror, held the chains viciously in his beak, and with solemn eyes, outstretched neck, and spread wings, like a brooding hen disturbed by a hawk, seemed resolved to do his duty, ready to do battle for his weighty responsibilities, and die, if need be, at his post.

The carpet was a rich Turkey fabric, of brilliant hues, and heterogeneous pattern, in the soft thick pile of which the foot fell noiselessly, and the gilded French clock, Indian cabinets, and *real tapestry* screen, were all of a corresponding date and richness.

But still, amidst all the multiplied comforts and luxuries of the room, there was *something* wanting—something which would have betrayed to the first glance of an observant eye that woman was not the presiding genius of the place. The heavy green brocade curtains which draped the lofty windows were full and rich, but they were set back by no woman's hand, not gracefully

looped up with tassel or band, but twisted up into a hard roll; and tucked aside in a summary manner to let in the morning sunshine: The tables were littered with *passee* newspapers and pamphlets—those abominations in the eyes of all tidy, housewifely womankind. The breakfast table was still standing; all its appointments were good; the silver upon it was abundant, massive, and rich; the old family plate, bearing, besides the crest and cipher of the owners, the "Tower stamp," which was once regarded as the test of extreme purity; the china was rich and old, though slightly mixed in kind; the cut ham, the juicy beef-steak, the broiled chicken, the hot rolls, the omelet, the hominy, told of healthy masculine appetites and untroubled digestions; but a silver fork had been officiously doing duty on the ham conjointly with the carving-knife, the butter-knife had been confiscated to the service of the omelet, and a small lake of coffee had flooded one end of the silver tray. They were but small trifles, undoubtedly, but they were suggestive.

There were three gentlemen in the room—perhaps we might have said four, for a very gentlemanly pointer lay on the rug before the wide marble hearth, and with his front paws hanging over the low brass fender, and his nose resting thoughtfully upon them, seeming quietly watching the wood fire as it fell in white ashes before him.

The three gentlemen (we ought to beg their pardon for having named their dog first, although we are by no means sure they would not have done the same thing themselves) were the three Messrs. Rutherford, Brothers; the joint occupants and proprietors of Rutherford Place, which had been in their family since, in the early colonial days, it was conferred upon their ancestor for some state service.

The gentleman who sat near the table, dressed in a loose morning coat, with his right foot upon his left knee, where his left hand caressed it, while with his right hand he was carefully balancing his gold egg-spoon on the edge of his coffee-cup, was Mr. Oliver Rutherford, the eldest of the three brothers: he was the heart of the firm, the housekeeper, the commissary-general; in fact, the head of the family—cool, dispassionate, cautious, and thoughtful. On a cough, dressed in a nondescript garment, half frock coat, half shooting jacket, lying back with his heels rather higher than his head, with a sporting paper in one hand and a cigar in the other, lounged Mr. Herman Rutherford, the second brother; he was the farmer, the gardener, and sportsman of the family; an independent thinker, speaker and actor; affecting a supreme disregard for externals, but six-gularly enough manifesting in by the invention of strangely-out coats and outre neck-ties. He was, possibly, a little less polished than his brothers, but still "a gentleman every inch of him!" So said Mrs. Harris, the housekeeper, and she ought to know, for she had been in the family ever since he was a thing of inches.

Deeply ensconced in a large arm, like one who has retreated from the noisy world, sat the youngest brother in a flowered dressing-gown and worked slippers, with a book in his hand. This was Mr. Roland Rutherford, the gentleman (par excellence), the scholar, the reader of the family, the master of ceremonies, if ceremony ever came into their free *sans souci*, bachelor abode.

There had been silence for a few moments, and then Roland spoke, closing his book and yawning slightly.

"What a glorious morning! Are either of you going into town?"

"I can't," said Mr. Herman, looking up from his paper. "I promised Bennet I'd show him about those trees to-day. I expect him every moment."

"I can not," said Mr. Oliver, dropping his spoon; "but I shall send James in with the wagon this morning. Have you any errands for him to do, either of you?"

"I believe not," said Roland; "I may ride in myself this morning."

"What a day for fishing this would be!" said Herman. "I wish I had not told Bennet to come to-day; I would be off to the trout streams. The fish would bite to-day for very enjoyment."

"I wish you would go again," said Oliver; "those last trout were excellent."

"Weren't they, though? And we had fine sport taking them."

"Have the letters and papers come yet?" demanded Roland, looking up from his book again.

"I don't know—I dare say they have," said

Oliver, glancing at the clock, and he touched the table bell.

"Have the papers come yet?" he asked of the sedate-looking man-servant who answered his summons.

"I don't know, Sir; I saw James coming just as you rang. I will inquire."

In a moment he reappeared, with a small silver salver in his hand, upon which lay two or three papers and one letter, and handed them to Oliver Rutherford, who took the letter, and motioned him to leave the papers, commenced a deliberate survey of the envelope.

"Who is it for?" asked Mr. Herman.

"It is addressed 'To the Messrs. Rutherford, Brothers.'"

"In their corporate capacity?" said Mr. Roland; "and who from?"

"I do not know," said his brother, still turning the letter round and round; "but I see it is a foreign letter."

"Ah, indeed; quite an interesting occasion," said Mr. Herman. "Don't know the hand, Oliver, hey?"

"No," said Mr. Oliver, still continuing his cautious investigation; "I don't think I do."

"Excuse me, my dear fellow," said Roland with the slightest touch of sarcasm in his tone; "but might I be permitted to suggest that you could have greater facilities for ascertaining all that if you took the trouble to open the letter?"

"Possibly I might do so," said Oliver, composedly doing as his brother had advised. "It looks like a lawyer's letter," he added, glancing his eye over the closely written page.

To be Continued.

PERSECUTION IN CHINA.—It is stated, in recent letters from China, that the present war with England and France has produced an extraordinary burst of fanatical hatred against the Christian religion. The anti-Christian party is led by the commander-in-chief of the Chinese army, Sun-Ko-liu-Sing, who is the author or promoter of a remonstrance against all concessions to the Christian powers. In this memorial it is stated that the Christian religion is utterly subversive of good morals. They make use of false doctrine imputed to Jesus, to poison the minds of the simple, and employ Chinese gold and silver to corrupt the hearts of the intelligent. The Chinese government has published an imperial statute, pronouncing the punishment of death by strangulation against all Europeans who shall teach, and all Chinese who shall adopt, the Christian religion.

The census taker has found a colored man in Washington county, Ohio, one hundred and fifteen years old. He was purchased at Richmond Va., in 1776, by Blennerhasset's agent, by whom he was conveyed to Blennerhasset's Island. The old fellow says he recollects that he "had bin gwine to see de gals long time, fore de resolution war broke out."

The most extraordinary of the many extraordinary oil wells discovered in Pennsylvania, was opened at Tideout, Erie county, on the 10th ult., by Rev. Mr. Hequembonrg. At a depth of 175 feet, oil was struck, and it has since been coming to the surface in a voluntary flow of one barrel a minute.

GARIBALDI IN CALABRIA.—Garibaldi landed in Calabria with only four thousand troops, but he was soon joined by thousands of the outraged peasants. He was proclaimed dictator at Polensa, and it was reported that the King of Naples had left the city and gone on board a frigate. Disturbances at Naples were imminent and appeals to the people to revolt were openly distributed.

We hear of no material trouble with the potatoes in any part of our state. They are now beginning to come freely to market, and the crop said to be immense. Good early varieties sell as low as 55 cents.—Bangor Courier.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mrs. Cushing, wife of Joseph Cushing, who lives in this village on the Bloomfield side, died on Monday last, of colic, supposed to have been induced by cherries, of which she had eaten freely, swallowing the stones.—Skaneateles Tel.

The Society for the Propagation of the Gospel has given the handsome sum of £1,000 sterling in aid of the Endowment Fund of the Episcopal Church in Nova Scotia.

The Barristers of N. S. have memorialized the Government of that Province, to appoint Hon. Judge Bliss to the vacancy which has recently been made by the death of Sir Brenton Halliburton. Party feeling runs in our sister country.

A Cheese weighing fifteen hundred pounds is in "process of construction" by Mr. Robins, a farmer of Dane county, Wis., to exhibit at the state fair.

We learn by the late Vancouver's Island papers just received per mail that the news from the mines is cheering.

ANECDOTE OF STEPHEN GIRARD.—Stephen Girard, who died in Philadelphia some twenty years ago, leaving a fortune of fifteen million dollars, had a favorite clerk, and he always said "he intended to do well by Ben Lippincott." So when Ben got to be twenty-one, he expected to hear the Governor say something of his future prospects, and perhaps lend a helping hand in starting him in the world. But the old fox carefully avoided the subject. Ben mustered courage. "I suppose I am now free, sir," said he, "and I thought I would say something to you as to my course. What do you think I had better do?" "Yes, yes, I know you are," said the old millionaire, "and my advice is that you go and learn the cooper's trade."

This application office nearly froze Ben out, but recovering his equilibrium, he said if Mr. Girard was in earnest he would do so. "I am in earnest," and Ben forthwith sought the best cooper in Spring Garden, became an apprentice, and in due time could make as good a barrel as the best. He announced to old Stephen that he had graduated, and was ready to set up business. The old man seemed gratified, and immediately ordered three of the best barrels he could turn out. Ben did his prettiest, and wheeled them up to the old man's counting-room. Old Girard pronounced them first-rate, and demanded the price. "One dollar," said Ben. "Is as low as I can live by." "Cheap enough—make out your bill."

The bill was made out, and Old Steve settled it with a check for \$20,000, which he accompanied with this little moral to the story: "There, take that, and invest it in the best possible manner, and if you are unfortunate and lose it, you will have a good trade to fall back upon, which will afford you a good living."

Give a man the necessaries of life and he wants the conveniences. Give him the conveniences and he craves the luxuries. Grant him the luxuries and he sighs for the elegancies. Let him have the elegancies and he yearns for the follies. Give him all together, and he complains that he has been cheated both in the price and quality of the articles.

A Parliamentary return gives the total donations, bequests, & towards reducing the National Debt, given since 1823, at £676,856 5s 6d. The largest bequest was that of £193,457 17s 5d. from Mr. Ashton, Newtonbank Hyde, Cheshire in 1855; and among the donations are eleven of £1000 each from the Hon. Marmaduke Langley, between the years 1833-39; and 33,500*l.* in 1836 anonymously from Paris.

A match between three racehorses and five couple of foxhounds, over the four mile course, is to come off in the next October meeting at Newmarket. The hounds will run by a scent trail over the course, which will be so divided that the canine racers cannot run upon that of the horses. The match is for £2,000, and the conditions of winning will be, not that the horses shall be before every hound, or vice versa, but that if one horse is before the hounds, or one hound before the horses, and the match will be decided thereby.

We learn from the Manchester Guardian workers in metal are finding good uses for a new kind of bronze, made by melting together ten parts of aluminum with ninety of copper. It is described as being tenacious as steel, and well adapted to the bearings of machinery. It is good for pistol barrels, and is to be tried for rifles and cannons.

A young lady in Lee, Mass., of the most wealthy and respectable families in town has left her piano and music to take care of herself, purchased a sewing machine and gone out to work by the day. Within a few months past she has accumulated \$150 and deposited it in the savings bank.

Industry is up with the sun, she awaketh at the crowing of the cock, and walketh abroad to taste the sweetness of the morning. She is ruddy as the daughter of health. Her house is elegant, her handmaids are the daughters of neatness, and plenty smileth at her table.

MATCH AT TYPE.—Two Compositors engaged in the office of the Wilming (N. C.) Herald, recently had a trial of speed at setting type for a silver rule. One of the typeset 1 4/2 cms in one hour, and the other set 1 3/2 cms. But the proof of the former took so long a time to correct that the prize was awarded to the latter, a young man compositor named Herbert C. Armstrong.

One duel has grown out of the Charleston Convention, between two Georgia men, L. A. Neims of Warrenton, and Dr. W. R. Holmes of Waynesboro'. Neims was a deligate, and refused to secede. They fought with shot guns and at the first fire Neims was disabled by four shots, one each in the thigh, hip, arm, and shoulder, but the injury is not permanent.

ABLE TO DANCE AT 111.—The census man in Philadelphia, found in one of the wards a black woman, 111 years of age, formerly a slave in Virginia. She is still active, and offered to dance if the census taker would give her a quarter.

Signor Farini crossed the Niagara Falls on the 29 ult., on a rope, carrying a man weighing 159 pounds.

A Californian, while chopping wood a while ago, found in the butt of a hollow tree, a bag of gold dust worth \$7,000.

NEW WEAPONS OF DESTRUCTION.—Mechanics' Magazine says that rifled 70-ers, on the bakery principle, are being manufactured in this country for Garibaldi at the rate of three a week, and the General is at the same time in possession of, and likely to test against, and Venice, if need be, Mucintosh's invention, by which sea-faced works of defence rendered absolutely untenable without being struck. Another fearful engine of destruction is said to have been placed at the disposal of an English inventor, viz, a projectile which may be constructed to suit a rifle of a pounder, "while possessing all the advantages of a rifle projectile in respect of range and accuracy, carries an incendiary charge which for some minutes after reaching its destination with an intensity so great that water extinguish it."

GARIBALDI AND THE ITALIANS.—The letter from Turin in the Constitution some particulars of the popular enthusiasm for Garibaldi's cause:—"Facts so strange are being here that I should hesitate to believe had not witnessed them with my own eyes. Men belonging to the richest and noblest families abandon their homes of their own accord to disappear one fine morning without word to their relatives, and at night their families, not seeing them return, guess they have gone. They have set out feet, they start without money, on foot, if friends, in presence of their immovable property have no resource but resignation. Even are effected by the contagion, and escape their schools to Sicily."

An instrument has been invented by M. the French microscopist, for concentrating an infinitely minute surface of floating in the normally invisible corpuscles of matter, so as to allow of their examination of the microscope. He succeeded in concentrating upon a glass, and within the space of two inches, all the particles disseminated in a metre of the atmosphere. The new instrument will be valuable in facilitating microscopic of the air in hospitals and other localities for hygienic purposes, a knowledge of or impurity of the atmosphere is deemed able.

DISTRESSING INCIDENT.—A correspondent writing us from Carban, states that on 7th of July last, a little girl of Mack B. that town two years old, having crawled into a yard, was attacked by an old dog, which child and tore her in a shocking manner, the face and head, trampling on her, and fracturing other injuries. A faint cry attracted her grandfather to the yard, found her clinging to the fence with frightful off the infuriated animal was the other. The little one fainted as was rescued.—It was thought that she lived.—Ken. Journal.

On a railroad in England has been locomotive which has projecting over the engine large adjustable mirrors, at an angle. By means of the reflectors, has a view of the whole train before case of a casualty to any of the cars it reflected in the mirror of his engine.

Cats are in demand at Pike's Peak plenty, though rats are not known in the country. Cats sold at a high price are said to be very fond of them, and known to give three or four buffaloes at four or five dollars each, for a cat.

NOTHING TO WEAR.—The executive named Desmond, who died at Bromps last May, sold the extraordinary number of silk dresses 700 velvet mantles 200 upwards of 100 pairs of shoes, with kerchiefs and scarfs of all colours of which had been purchased by the de within ten years on her demise.

The decision of the police Magistrate of Dr Tumblety, (the Indian) was reversed with costs on being reversed his Honor Judge Parker on Monday Tumblety has resolved to distribute refunded (£20) among the poor.

The Toronto Globe of the 11th ult. Edmund Hall will positively leave the middle of October and will be Sir Fernk Williams as temporary of Government.

Professor Lowe's friends, in Philadelphia directed him to repair the damages as soon as possible, and they will find other requirements for his profession to Europe. A week will be required and then the Professor will again start.

The Indian who saw bottled stout the first time, declared that his accident, not by the escape of the fire, but by his reflection on the immensity that must have accompanied its incense.

We remember nothing like the son, says the Cambridge Independent 1816, when the wheat stood in and we saw beans carted on St. (Doc. 21).

ECDOPE OF STEPHEN GIRARD.—Stephen Girard, who died in Philadelphia some twenty years ago, leaving a fortune of fifteen million dollars, had a favorite clerk, and he always said "he led to do well by Ben Lippincott." So when it was to be twenty-one, he expected to hear the clerk say something of his future prospects, perhaps lend a helping hand in starting in the world. But the old fox carefully avoided the subject. Ben mustered courage, and proposed to him, "I am now free, sir," said he, "and I thought I would say something to you as to my future. What do you think I had better do?" "Yes, I know you are," said the old millionaire, "and my advice is that you go and learn the printer's trade."

As an application office nearly froze Ben out, covering his equilibrium, he said if Mr. Girard was in earnest he would do so. "I am in earnest," said Ben, "and Ben forthwith sought the best cooper in the town, and became an apprentice, and in a few weeks he had made a barrel as the best made in the town. He had graduated and was ready to set up business. The old cooper was gratified, and immediately ordered of the best barrel he could turn out. Ben's prettiness, and wheeled them up to the counting-room. Old Girard pronounced the barrel first-rate, and demanded the price. "One hundred dollars," said Ben, "as low as I can live by." "That is a good price," said the old cooper, "and I will give you one hundred dollars for it." Ben was made out, and Old Steve settled the check for \$20,000, which he accompanied his little moral to the story: "There, take and invest it in the best possible manner, and if you are unfortunate and lose it, you will have a trade to fall back upon, which will afford you a living."

There is a man the necessities of life and he wants conveniences. Give him the conveniences he craves the luxuries. Grant him the luxuries and he sighs for the elegancies. Let him have the elegancies and he yearns for the follies. Give him all together, and he complains that he is cheated both in the price and quality of the articles.

Parliamentary return gives the total donations, &c. towards reducing the National Debt, given since 1823, at £676,856 5s 6d. The largest bequest was that of £193,457 17s 5d. Mr Ashton, Newtonbank Hyde, Cheshire in 1823, and among the donations are eleven of £100 each from the Hon. Marmaduke Langley, between the years 1833-39; and 33,500*l.* in 1839, anonymously from Paris.

A match between three racehorses and five of foxhounds, over the four mile course, some off in the next October meeting at Newmarket. The hounds will run by a scent trail the course, which will be so divided that the racehorses cannot run upon that of the horses. The match is for £2,000, and the conditions of the match will be, not that the horses shall be every hound, or vice versa, but that if one is before the hounds, or one hound before the racehorses, and the match will be decided there.

Learn from the Manchester Guardian that there is a metal arc finding good uses for a new of bronze, made by melting together ten of aluminum with ninety of copper. It is valued as being tenacious as steel, and well adapted to the bearings of machinery. It is used for pistol barrels, and is to be tried for rifle barrels.

A young lady in Lee, Mass., of the most respectable families in town has left her piano music to take care of themselves, purchased a sewing machine and gone out to work by the week. Within a few months past she has accumulated \$150 and deposited it in the savings bank.

Industry is up with the sun, she awaketh at the dawning of the cock, and walketh abroad to taste the freshness of the morning. She is ruddy as the morn of health. Her house is elegant, her maiders are the daughters of neatness, and she smiles at her table.

WATCH AT TYPE.—Two Compositors engaged at the office of the Wilmington (N.C.) Herald, recanted a trial of speed at setting type for a silver watch. One of the types set 1 4/52 in one hour, the other set 1 3/73 in. But the proof of the work took so long a time to correct that the prize awarded to the latter, a young man compositor named Herbert C. Armstrong.

A duel has grown out of the Charleston Courthouse, between two Georgia men, L. A. Neims of Newton, and DR. W. R. Holmes of Waynesville. Neims was a delicate, and refused to concede. He fought with shot guns and at the first fire he was disabled by four shots, one each in the hip, arm, and shoulder, but the injury is not dangerous.

LE TO DANCE AT III.—The census man in Philadelphia, found in one of the wards a black man, 111 years of age, formerly a slave in Virginia. She is still active, and offered to dance. The census taker would give her a quarter.

Major Furini crossed the Niagara Falls on the 1st, on a rope, carrying a man weighing 150 lbs.

A Californian, while chopping wood a while ago, found in the butt of a hollow tree, a bag of dust worth \$7,000.

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GARIBALDI AND THE ITALIANS.—The following letter from Turin in the *Constitutional* gives some particulars of the popular enthusiasm for Garibaldi's cause:—"Facts so strange are occurring here that I should hesitate to believe them had not witnessed them with my own eyes. Young men belonging to the richest and noblest families abandon their homes of their own accord.—They disappear one fine morning without saying one word to their relatives, and at night their anxious families, not seeing them return, guess whether they have gone. They have set out for Sicily. They start without money, on foot, and their friends, in presence of their immovable resolution, have no resource but resignation. Even children are effeted by the contagion, and escape from their schools to Sicily."

An instrument has been invented by M. Pouchet the French microscopist, for concentrating upon an infinitely minute surface of all the solid and normally invisible corpuscles floating in the atmosphere, so as to allow of their examination by means of the microscope. He succeeded in concentrating upon a glass, and within the space of two millimetres, all the particles disseminated in a cubic metre of the atmosphere. The new instrument will be valuable in facilitating microscope analysis of the air in hospitals and other localities, where, for hygienic purposes, a knowledge of the purity or impurity of the atmosphere is deemed desirable.

DISTRESSING INCIDENT.—A correspondent writing us from Canada, states that on the 27th of July last, a little girl of Mark B. Howes, of that town two years old, having crawled into a bog, was attacked by an old hog, which seized the child and tore her in a shocking manner about the face and head, trampling on her body, and inflicting other injuries. A faint cry from the child attracted her grandmother to the yard, where she found her clinging to the fence with one hand, and frightening off the infuriated animal with a pail in the other. The little one fainted as soon as she was rescued.—It was thought that she could not live.—*Ken. Journal.*

On a railroad in England has been placed a locomotive which has projecting over the frame of the engine large adjustable mirrors, set in proper angle. By means of the reflectors, the engineer has a view of the whole train before him, so in case of a casualty to any of the cars, he can see it reflected in the mirror of his engine.

Cats are in demand at Pike's Peak, as mice are plenty, though rats are not known in that part of the country. Cats sell at a high price. Indians are said to be very fond of them, and have been known to give three or four buff do skins, valued at four or five dollars each, for a cat.

NOTHING TO WEAR.—The executors of a lady named Desmond, who died at Brompton, England, last May, sold the extraordinary number of 150 silk dresses 700 velvet mantles 200 bonnets and upwards of 100 pairs of shoes, with immense quantities of kerchiefs and scarves of all colours of the rainbow, which had been purchased by the deceased lady within ten years on her demise.

The decision of the police Magistrate in the case of Dr Tumblety, (the Indian Herb Doctor) was reversed with costs on being reviewed before his Honor Judge Parker on Monday last. Dr Tumblety has resolved to distribute the amount refunded (£20) among the poor.

The Toronto *Globe* of the 11th says that Sir Edmund Head will positively leave Canada about the middle of October and will be succeeded by Sir Penwick Williams as temporary Administrator of Government.

Professor Lowe's friends, in Philadelphia, have directed him to repair the damages to his balloon as soon as possible, and they will furnish the gas and other requirements for his proposed voyage to Europe. A week will be required for repairs, and then the Professor will again make ready for a start.

The Indian who saw bottled stout opened for the first time, declared that his admiration was caused, not by the escape of the frothy liquor, but by his reflection on the immense difficulty that must have accompanied its incarceration.

We remember nothing like the present season, says the *Cambridge Independent*, "since 1816, when the wheat stood in shocks until and we saw beans carted on St. Thomas's Day (Dec. 21)."

Paints, Oils, &c.
Kx "Parkfield" from London.
9 H HDS. Brandram's best double Boiled and Raw Oil.
25 Kegs Brandram's best ground white Lead.
Black, Yellow and Green Paints.
6 Cases Coleman's No. 1. Starch.
3 " Glenfield Starch.
2 Casks D. & M's Japan Blacking.
JAS. W. STREET & SON
St. Andrews, July 3d, 1860.

PHOTOCHROMATIC OIL PAINTING, A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL ART WE would respectfully call the attention of the ladies and gentlemen of this place and vicinity, to our new style of LANDSCAPE PAINTING

which is obtained by a chemical process, at a small expense, and in so simple a manner that almost any person can acquire a knowledge of the art. We have published and copyrighted a sheet of PRINTED INSTRUCTIONS containing full directions for producing this PAINTING, which we offer to all persons wishing to learn this beautiful art.

Ladies will find it the cheapest method to procure fine painting for their rooms, and it is also quite an accomplishment for any person to be able to execute these beautiful Paintings.

Ladies and gentlemen can have descriptive catalogue circulars. Terms, &c., sent free by addressing (-re-paid) the Proprietors, L. L. TODD & CO., LOWELL, MASS.

A FEW ACTIVE YOUNG MEN WANTED to act as Agents introducing this new art to whom liberal wages will be given. For Circulars and terms of agency, address as above.

NOTICE I hereby give notice, that I have given my son L. J. B. Tomkins, a minor of his time until he comes of age. Elisha Tomkins. May 31 1860.

AFTER THE FIRE! THE Subscriber having re-opened a Shop in Sheriff's New Building, in Shanty Town, next door to Mr. Martin's Jewelry Shop, offers to the

Buying Public an extensive and varied assortment of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, DRY GOODS, &c., amongst which are the following:
4 bbls. Molasses;
2 do. Bright Sugar;
2 bbls. Crushed Sugar;
25 bbls. Extra Flour;
50 do. Labrador Herring;
50 do. Sacks fine and Coarse Salt;
2 Tierce Rice; 5 Boxes Py Soap;
15 quarts Codfish; 5 do. Candles;
2 bbls. White Beans, 2 doz. Pails;
1 cask Boiled Oil, 2 do. Brooms;
1 do. Raw Oil;
1 do. Pale Seal Oil;
1 do. Paraffine Oil;
1 do. Porter's Burning Fluid;
1 do. Vinegar;
1 bbl. Dried Apples;
4 chests Black Tea;
5 do. Oolong Tea;
2 catty's Souchong Tea;
2 boxes Tobacco;
2 do. Atlantic Cable Tobacco;
100 lbs. Putty;
4 cys. Lard;
10 Boxes Glass, 100 lbs. Horse Nails;
20 Kegs Cut Nails, 2 Bath Bricks;
1 dozen Wagon Mats;
1 " Wood Panets;
1 " Rolling Pin;
1 " Pugstove;
1 Box Woodstock Pipes;
1 " Wash Boards;
2 " Oranges;
2 " E. Mustard;
4 " John Bull Sauce;
4 " Mustroom Ketchup;
3 " Harrey Sauce;
2 " Worcester Sauce;
2 " Soy's Relish;
5 " assorted Pickles;
0 lbs. Dates;
54 drums Sultan Raisins;
4 boxes Layer Raisins;
5 lbs. Dried Currants;
20 drams Figs; 10 cases Citron peel;
11 box Preston's Cocoa;
2 lbs. Cream of Tartar;
1 box Vermicelli;
10 lbs. Chocolate; 50 lbs. Starch;
50 lbs. ground Coffee; 1 box ground Cloves;
1 box Cinnamon; 1 box ground Pepper;
100 lbs. Saleratus; 50 lbs. Split Peas;
50 " Almonds; 100 do. assorted Nuts;
2 boxes Extract Logwood;
Alum & Vitriol;
1 doz. Sweet Oil; Pilot Bread;
Soda Biscuit; Graham Biscuit;
Groat do. Sugar do.
Wine, do. Butter do.

DRY GOODS. Prints, Gray, Cottons, Blue & White Warps. CONFECTIONARY OF ALL KINDS. A general assortment of Crockery, Glass Ware, and China, together with many other articles too tedious to mention. H. DOW. Woodstock, July 12, 1860.

FRUIT! FRUIT!! LOGAN & LINDSAY, of Easton City from Boston, and also S. L. Tilley from New York:— 3 bbls. Green Apples; 5 boxes ORANGES; 2 " LEMONS; 30 bags COCOA NUTS; 2 Frails Fresh Dates. For sale low, at July 26. 78 King Street.

BUSINESS CARDS. STEPHEN K. BRUNDAGE, Commission Merchant, IMPORTER OF Flour, Corn Meal, Pork, Tea, TOBACCO, &c. &c. NO. 19, NORTH MARKET WHARF, SAINT JOHN, N. B.

DEMING & SONS, CALAIS, ME. Offer for Sale Low for Cash 80 H HDS Superior M acovado Molasses, Duty paid at St. Stephen, 10 bbls. Burning Fluid, Albertine Oil, with a large assortment of Lamps, Chimneys, Wicks, and Shades A large assortment of BOOTS; SHOES AND RUBBERS. 5 bales heavy Sheetings, 2 Cases Heavy Mixed Satinets, 50 cts. yard, India Rubber Machine Belting and packing, all widths, at Manufacturers prices. A good assortment of Groceries at Wholesale. Calais Mill's Flour & Meal in bbls & bags.

D. K. CHASE, CALAIS, MAINE, DEALER IN HARDWARE, Paints, Oils, Iron and Steel, Blacksmith's Tools, Sporting and Blasting POWDER, Guns and Pistols, Welch and Griffith's Cross Cut and Circular Saws, Railroad Shovels, Picks, &c. Agent for W. Adams & Co's Fireproof SAFES, Fairbanks' SCALES, and for Bisbee, Marble & Co's Powder Manufactory

PHENIX Life Assurance Company. FOR GENERAL LIFE ASSURANCE Annuities, or Loss of Life at Sea. CHIEF OFFICE, 1, Leaden-hall Street, London BRANCHES.—16, DALE STREET, Liverpool. ST. JAMES' CHURCH, Manchester. THOMAS L. EVANS, Agent for New Brunswick; JAMES R. MACSHANE, Esq. St. John; W. H. SMITHSON, Esq., Fredericton. Medical Examiner for Woodstock, Dr. G. A. BROWN Woodstock, January 1, 1860

JOHN C. WINSLOW, BARRISTER-AT-LAW. In consequence of having taken charge of this Agency of the Central Bank Mr. Winslow will be found in the Bank from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.

JOHN MOORE, IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Liquors, Groceries & Provisions OF ALL KINDS, QUEEN STREET, FREDERICTON, N. B. Opposite the Officer's Square.

George F. Campbell offers his services to the public as an Auctioneer and Commission Agent St. Andrews, Jan 12, 1859.

AT WILLIAMS'S Hat, Cap, Fur, Boot, Shoe and RUBBER STORE, CORNER OF UNION AND MAINE STREETS CALAIS, MAINE. CAN always be found the largest and best assortment of STOCK in the City. To the Cash buyers at wholesale of Kossuth Hats we will offer such inducements as cannot be best this side of New York. NO SECOND PRICE! The highest market price paid for ship and manufacturing FURS. Calais, Dec. 17 1859.

Slason & Rainsford Commission & Forwarding MERCHANTS, IMPORTERS OF Flour, Pork, Beef, Tea, Sugar, MOLASSES, FISH, TOBACCO, LIQUORS, HARDWARE, &c. MATCH WHARF, ST. ANDREWS.

INTERNATIONAL Assurance Society of LONDON. £500,000 Sterling. WOODSTOCK AGENCY. J. C. WINSLOW Agent. Medical Examiner Ironstone China Dinner Sets, &c.

F. CLEMENTSON has received by the Barque Ironstone China DINNER SETS decorated with Gold and Colors, Wedgwood Jasper PITCHERS, Perian BUTTER DISHES, White Ironstone READ TRAYS, &c. &c. To which he solicits the attention of purchasers. June 28 29 Dock Street.

NO ONE CORNER OF MAIN AND QUEEN STREETS Selling Out Clearing Out

As the above appears to be the order of the day the Subscriber begs to intimate to the purchasers of Dry Goods in Town and Country that he is NOW and has been for EIGHT YEARS SELLING OFF large quantities of goods annually, but still has on hand a large assortment of NEW GOODS just received and ready for sale, and as he does not intend CLEARING OUT until they are disposed of, he begs to respectfully request the attention of buyers to a personal inspection, as it is a well known fact that they can buy as low as his establishment, and be as well suited, as at those places where they are continually "SELLING OFF UNDER COST, &c."

The Stock on hand is large and varied, and suited to the wants of all, viz: Bonnets, Parasols, Ribbons, and Hats; Muslins, Barages, Chalmers, and other Dress materials; Blooms, Flowers, Laces, and Sewed Muslins in great variety; a few dozen real French Kids, in Black and Colored; Gray and White Printed Cottons, Shirting and Sheetings; Linens, Lawns, Muslins; Towelling and Ties; Cambrille and silk Hair Nets; and Dresses, Tassels, Girdles, &c. with the usual assortment of FANCY DRY GOODS, Brushes, Combs, Fans, PERFUMERY, &c. &c.

LADIES & CHILDREN'S Boots & Shoes. Men's & Boy's Hats & Caps, Braces, Neck Hdk's. & Ties. COLLARS, SHIRTS & DRAWERS, &c. &c. &c.

Persons requiring MOURNING GOODS will always find a full assortment to select from, or they will be ordered from St. John at a small advance on cost.

COFFEE MOUNTING, in Black and White, all sizes, with some new designs; Capses, Gloves, Muslin Hat Bands, and every article requisite for Funerals. A full stock constantly on hand and lower than can be purchased elsewhere in Town. The above goods, which only comprise part of a very large lot, were bought as low as possible, and will be sold either Wholesale or Retail upon as reasonable terms as any in this Town. Call and judge for yourselves, and you will be fully satisfied, G. STRICKLAND. Woodstock, June 19, 1860.

OUR SHANTY!! THE Subscriber has received from LONDON direct

IN BULK. 3 Hhd. Old Tom GIN; 3 do. Old Jamaica RUM; 4 do. Allsopp's Fine Strong Pale ALE; 3 do. GENEVA (Large Anchor Brand); 6 do. Barols, a London TOUT; 2 Qr. cases Fine Old PORT; 2 do. Golden SHERRY. IN BOTTLE. 12 Casks of 4 doz. London Brown STOUT; 6 " " Guinness's Dublin TOUT; 12 " " SODA WATER; 12 " " LEMONADE; 12 " " BARTON ALE; 6 Cases of 3 " Golden SHERRY; 2 " " FINE MADEIRA; 6 " " FINE HAMPSHIRE; 6 " " FINE OLD PORT; 12 " " Booth's OLD TOM; 6 " " FINE STRUBB; 6 " " FINE HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

To Invalids! I have imported the PORT WINE expressly for INVALIDS, and it is not as represented. Money Returned! N. B.—The above importations are of the VERY BEST BRANDS, and warranted PURE and Free from Adulteration. For sale by the Subscriber at his "SHANTY," corner from the market house. THOMAS L. EVANS, Importer of Liquors, &c. Woodstock, June 21, 1860.

Four Meal, &c. Now landing ex "Syron" from New York:— 150 B BLS. Extra State and Superfine FLOUR; 40 do. King Dried CORN MEAL; 25 Half Chests Congee & Souchong TEA; To arrive per Brig Margate from New York:— 200 do. Extra State FLOUR; 17 box TOBACCO, 10 s; For sale at low rates. WM. MOORE, 17 North Wharf. June 26

Flour, Tobacco, Saleratus. Now landing ex "Emma" from New York, and ex "Banner" from Boston:— 100 B BLS. Extra State FLOUR, 20 Boxes TOBACCO; 50 Cadd. TEA; 20 Boxes Ground SP. COFFEE. — IN STORE — 100 Bbls. State FLOUR; 23 Half Chests Souchong TEA; For sale low by WM. MOORE, 27 North Wharf. May '2

BARKER HOUSE, QUEEN STREET, Fredericton, N. B. (H. FAIRWEATHER, Proprietor.) The Libby's Dealer in connection with

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ANY PERSON wishing to buy a good SILVER LEVER HUNTING WATCH, will please call at this office.

\$10,000!

IT IS AN INDISPUTABLE FACT, MAGNIFICENT EDIFICES OF BRICK AND STONE ARE now in course of erection, where previous to the great fire of April 17—stood decayed Wooden Buildings.

WATER STREET, the former Trading mart of Woodstock is again in the occupancy, as the imposing structures of Messrs. Baird and McMillan fully verify.

It is also an uncontradicted fact, that

BLANCHARD & CO. who trade directly opposite those Buildings, are selling WEST INDIA GOODS, FLOUR, PORK, TEAS, LIQUORS, GLASS & CROCKERY WARE, DRY GOODS, WOODEN WARE, &c., &c.

Full 25 per cent Cheaper than at any other Establishment in Woodstock.

They sell for Butter, Homespun Cloth, &c., &c.

AND WILL SELL YOU 10 lbs of Bright Muscovado Sugar for one dollar; 7 1/2 lbs of Granulated or Crushed Sugar, for \$1. Best Porto Rico Molasses 2 3/4 per gallon; Best Congo Tea 2 3/4 per lb; Best Souchong Tea 2 1/2 per lb; Best Saleratus 50 per lb; Best Vinegar 1 3/4 per gallon; Best Java Coffee 1 1/4 per lb; second best 1 1/8 per lb; Best (10 lbs) smoking Tobacco 1 1/2 per lb; Best Burning Fluid 4 3/4 per gallon; Kerosene Oil—far superior to Paraffine Oil, now commonly used—very cheap. Any quantity of

Cotton Batting & White Warps, very cheap. The foregoing will give you an idea of what you can do for cash. Invalids, and the rest of mankind in want of pure articles of Wine, warranted free from adulteration, will find it here. The trade will please take notice, that we furnish Liquor at St. John prices, wholesale only.—Now on the way Ex Schenck Utica from Boston, via St. Andrews.

A FURTHER SUPPLY OF FLOUR, PORK, BEANS, CHEESE, SUGARS.

Matches, &c., &c.; Remember the New Store, WATER STREET, near McLean's and Bearley's Mills. BLANCHARD & CO. Woodstock, September 20th, 1860.

Houlton Hardware STORE. GREAT BARGAINS! AND QUICK SALES! Come and See?

One of the Largest Stocks of HARDWARE, GLASS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, PLOWS & CASTINGS, BUILDING MATERIALS, CARPENTERS TOOLS, GROCERIES, &c., &c. in Aroostook County, which we are selling at very low prices.

For Cash or Country produce at the Houlton Hardware STORE, in the Store formerly occupied by CHAS. B. SMITH, Esq. By ALMON H. FOGG & Co.

EXTRA STATE FLOUR.—Landing ex Village Belle from New York—100 Barrels FLOUR.—"Railroad Mills", 50 do do "Eagle Mills"—from New Wheat—For sale by WM. MOORE, North Wharf, sept 13

EX "Standard" from New York—100 Barrels Extra State FLOUR. For sale by WM. MOORE.

EXTRA STATE FLOUR.—To arrive ex Village Belle. 150 Barrels Extra State FLOUR. sep 8 WM. MOORE, North Wharf.

CAUTION Whereas one Benjamin W. Monk, of the parish of Southampton, County of York, holds a note of hand against me, for the sum of \$8.00 Pounds, Currency, dated the 30th day of August last, falling due in the month of May next, for which I received no value.

I therefore Caution all persons against purchasing the said note. SIDNEY S. STAISS. Southampton, Sep 17, 1860.

BERRY PIPES To arrive per ship "Elizabeth," from Londonderry—100 gross Berry PIPES. For sale by JOHN BRADLEY, 24, Dock-street, aug 25

Grish Malt Whiskey

To arrive per ship "Elizabeth," from Londonderry: 20 CASKS Malt Whiskey, Best Malt Whiskey, 10 puncheons, 30-gr. casks, 100 cases, W. H. SKELLY, For sale at 24, Dock-street, JOHN BRADLEY, Direct Importer, Of Mohan's Innishowen Malt Whiskey, aug 23

Desirable Property for Sale. THAT well known ELIGIBLE SITE in WOODSTOCK lately occupied by the "CARLETON HOUSE" building, situated in the very CENTRE of the business locality of WOODSTOCK near to the STEAMBOAT landing—BANK and POST OFFICE—fronting thirty-six feet, on King Street and running back one hundred & sixty-five feet—held on lease for nine hundred and ninety-nine years at a nominal yearly rental of one shilling and six pence.

In addition to the above and joining the same is a portion of a lot secured for purpose of additional entrance and yard room on lease for same term of years at an annual rental of Four pound ten Shillings.

These properties offer a most desirable investment to any one disposed to build or to do business in WOODSTOCK, it being one of the very best stands for business in the town.

For further particulars apply to James Grover Esq. Woodstock or to the Subscribers T. W. DANIEL & CO., St. John, Sept. 7, 1860. [Sentinel.]

UNION LINE. SPECIAL NOTICE.

CONSIGNERS of Goods on Freight by this Line, are reminded that when Goods are safely landed upon the Wharf at Fredericton, the proprietors consider that their liability as freighters ceases. WM. MOORE, Agent. Fredericton, August 22, 1860.

Now Landing.

FROM the British Islands and elsewhere from Liverpool—100 crates EARTHENWARE, in White Stone Dinner and Tea Sets, and the common quantities of Goods.

50 cases Cut Glass TUMBLERS & WINES; 2 Hds. China Tea Sets; 1 case of China Breakfast Cups and Saucers, suitable for presents, in White and Gold, and Painted Flowers and Gilt.

FRAS. CLEMENTSON, 19, Dock-street.

Business Notice.

MERRILL BLANCHARD AND JOHN LAREY. HAVING ENTERED INTO PARTNERSHIP, under the name of BLANCHARD & CO., for the carrying on of a

GENERAL TRADING BUSINESS, Now offers for sale their FIRST IMPORTATION of WEST INDIA GOODS, GROCERIES, BREAD STUFFS, STAPLE DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, EARTHEN AND GLASS WARE, &c., &c.

At their Store, "Masonic Hall," Water Street, at prices which must command the attention of Purchasers for Cash. An equivalent in DOMESTIC GOODS is given for cash, consequently those who do not wish to under-rate the value of that equivalent, will please not ask for Credit, as a refusal WILL AND MUST BE MADE. A section of our Memorandum of Partnership distinctly states—

"No Book Accounts shall be Made." Our stock was personally selected, and is from the first Houses in Boston, St. Andrews, and St. John. Be sure and read our weekly advertisement in either the Sentinel or Journal. Subscribe for these papers if you have not already done so, and you will make a saving yearly, by purchasing our goods—sufficient to pay fifty subscriptions.

READ OUR ADVERTISEMENT IN THIS DAY'S ISSUE. BLANCHARD & CO.

NEW BOOKS JUST RECEIVED!

Olive Branch Book Store. HARPER, G. A. Lyle, Leslie, Peterson, Ballou, Knicker, Broker and Atlantic Magazines for September; All the Year Round for September; Yankee Notions for September; Nick Nook for September; Malaska, the Golden Bell; Myra the Child of Adoption; Alice Wilds, the Private Cruise; late American Papers, literary and political.

CHAS. S. BEVERLY N. B.—New Books received every week. September 5, 1860.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber will sell by public Auction on Monday the first of October next, at 2 P. M., a two story House and Barn, together with a lot of land, situate on Park Street, the lot being sixty eight feet by one hundred feet. The House is newly built, and in a pleasant situation. Terms made known the day of Sale. Place of sale on the premises. DANIEL DIXON, Woodstock, Sept. 6, 1860.

LOST.

BETWEEN the Upper Corner, and Mrs. Chas. Penobscot, a Hair Comb, the finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the Office of the Woodstock Journal. Woodstock, Sept. 6, 1860.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber either by note of Hand or Book account will please take notice that all accounts due and remaining unpaid after the 25th day of Sept. will be placed in other hands for collection. JOHN CALDWELL, Woodstock, Sept. 10, 1860. [Sen.]

Tea, Tobacco Coffee, etc.

LOGAN & LINDSAY have received ex steamer Admiral, from Boston— 50 half chests fine Souchong and Oolong Teas; 18 boxes Richard Irvin Tobacco. For brig Mary, from Boston:— 50 packets fine old Java COFFEE. To arrive—60 caddy boxes TEA, for family use; 15 bbls. Porter's Burning FLUID; 30 boxes Natural Leaf and 10's Tobacco. In Store and bond—27 Hds Porto Rico SUGAR; 23 Casks Porto Rico and Cienfuegos Molasses. For sale low at 73 King street. aug 23

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL be sold by Public Auction on Monday the 27th September, on the Premises, the unexpired term of seventeen years of the leasehold premises belonging to the estate of the late William F. Bodell, situate and described as follows, Commencing about thirty-five feet from the Main Highway on the North side of King Street, and extending along said King Street Twenty-four and half feet, and back parallel with the said Street, sixty-six feet, with the privilege of an alley-way from the cross street, as by reference to the said lease at the office of the Registrar of deeds a full description may be had. For further particulars apply to J. C. Winstow, JANE DEDELL.

DOCTOR SMITH

has removed his RESIDENCE to the house next below Mr. Grover's, Woodstock, Aug. 28, 1860.

JOHN C. WINSLOW

has removed his Office and the Central Bank Agency to Tobias McLean's New Building, over Mr. Leary's Shop, on Water Street, Aug. 30.

PISCATAQUA

Fire & Marine Insurance Company OF MAINE. STOCK DEPARTMENT. Authorized Capital \$500,000. Hon. John M. Goodwin, President; Obad P. Miller, Vice President; Shipley W. Kittery, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

Hon. John M. Goodwin, Obad P. Miller, Shipley W. Kittery, David Fairbanks, Abner Oaks, John A. Payne, E. W. deRocement.

Agents in the principal towns in New Brunswick issue Policies against loss or damage by Fire. Marine Insurance Policies issued by O. D. WELMORE Genl. Agent for New Brunswick.

So that for all practical purposes this agency is essentially a local office, strengthened by a paid up capital of \$3,443.76, securely and advantageously invested. Policies are made out at Woodstock, and issued when the applications are signed. Losses are paid in St. John, both cash and notes as a guarantee fund. Statements of affairs has been duly filed in Secretary's office, Fredericton, and with JOHN C. WINSLOW, Agent for Woodstock. Woodstock, August 8, 1860.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber wishes to inform the Public that he has on hand and for sale, cheap, the following articles: 2 Hds. Labrador Herrings, 2 " Extra Flour, 100 bundles Blue Warps, Paints and Oils cheaper than any in town, FOR CASIL, HENRY DOW. Customers please call and examine his Herrings.

PORTRAITS!

MR. EDWARD ESTABROOKE desires to inform the public that he is prepared to take off the "HUMAN FACE DIVINE," at his Saloon, first below Mr. Parley's Soap, Main Street, in almost every style of the

Photographic Art,

and at the most reasonable prices. The style of his likenesses is so well known in this place that he need say nothing about it.

CLOSING BOOKS!

ALL persons indebted to the subscribers are requested to call and settle up their respective accounts forthwith—and notice is hereby given that any accounts not settled by the first of September next will be put in suit for collection Office with J. R. Tupper opposite Snows Hotel Woodstock Aug. 8th 1860.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS Adel Patras my wife has, of her own free will left my bed and board without any sufficient cause, I hereby notify the Public that I will pay no debts which she the said Adel Patras may contract. GABRIEL PATRAS, St. Leonard, Co. Victoria, July 24, 1860.

Flour, Tea, Edinburgh Ale.

To arrive per "Lepidus" from New York; 100 BLS. Extra State FLOUR; 23 chests TEA. —ON HAND 30 bbls. Jeffrey's Sparkling Edinburgh ALE, in pints and quarts. For sale by JOHN BRADLEY, 24, Dock-street. aug 26

FRUIT.—LOGAN & LINDLAY have received per steamer Admiral from Boston— 121 bbls. APPLES; 2 do Bell PEARS; 2 boxes Oranges and Lemons. Fresh fruit received by every Steamer from Boston— For sale low at 76 King street. aug 26

LOST.

BY the Subscriber all hopes of having his accounts collected, without the aid of an attorney. All whom it may concern will please take notice that all notes or accounts remaining unpaid after the tenth day of September next will certainly be handed to one of the above named gentlemen for collection. W. SKILLEN

Skeleton Skirts.

7 DOZ. OF THE ABOVE JUST RECEIVED FROM 3 TO 18 BARS. ALSO, 4 doz. SETTS STEEL HOOPS. GEORGE STRICKLAND.

LOST

BY the Subscriber an OVERCOAT on the second day of August, between the Lower Corner and Hardscrabble. R. B. KETCHUM, Upper Woodstock Aug. 9, 1860.

Brandy, Gin, Whiskey, Old Jamaica Rum &c., &c.

Ex Parkfield from London, and Bell of the Ocean from Liverpool, via St. John; 52 PIPES 35 Hds. Geneva "DeKuyper's" Large Anchor Brand. 30 Cases

1 Puncheon Fine Old Jamaica Rum. 11 Cases 2 Puncheons Scotch and Irish Whiskey. 12 Cases Fine Old Irish Whiskey. 10 Cases Fine Old Tom Gin.

60 Cases London Port and Pale Ale, quarts and pints. 2 Hds. Allsopp's Pale Ale. 4 gr. Casks Fine Old Port Wine. 4 gr. Casks Fine Old Port Wine. 10 Hds. Hennessey's Best Pale and colored Brandy.

In Store 12 Hds. "Martell's" and "Hennessey's" Brandy, vintage 1857 and 1858. 12 puncheons pure Alcohol 90 O.P. Woodstock, July 1860. J. A. LOGAN & LINDSAY.

To Smokers.

LOGAN & LINDSAY offer for Sale the best selection of Smoking and Chewing TOBACCO in the city.

Gilman Wine Sap Brand, 1-2 lb. lumps. Golden Seal " 1-2 lb. " Gallego " 1-2 lb. " Atlantic Cigar Twist, in foil. Killackinck Smoking Tobacco, fine cut. All Natural Leaf. Briton's Emblem Brand 1-4 lb. lumps; Richard Irvin, very choice, 10's; Grant & Williams " 5's; Anderson's Solace, fine cut, in packets; Lorillard's " 78 KING STREET.

COCOA NUTS, &c.—Hourly expected, per Margaret from New York— 1822 Fresh COCOA NUTS. 30 Boxes Extract of Logwood. For sale low by LOGAN & LINDSAY, 78 King-street. June 30

Pork, Flour, Leather, Fish, &c., &c.

THE Subscriber has received from New York and St. Andrews by Railway the following articles: 60 bbls Mess Pork, 400 bbls Double Extra Flour, 400 do Extra do 100 do Superfine do 50 do Extra No 1 Herring, 50 do Quoddy, 55 cwt superior Codfish, 2 do Pollock, 10 bbls Mackerel, 10 do Pickled Codfish, 800 Sides assorted Leather, 2 half Chests Tea, 10 boxes Extra Tobacco, 6 Hds Muscovado Molasses, 8 bbls Crushed Sugar, 1 do Brown Muscovado do. 20 do Rice, with a general assortment of DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, which he will sell very low wholesale or retail to suit purchasers. Terms 3 and 6 months. JOHN CALDWELL, Woodstock, Feb. 2 1860.

LIQUORS,

IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE. 7 H HDS. Hennessey's Dark and Pale Brandy 15 Cases " 20 Cases " 20 Hds. Geneva (J. De Kuyper & Sons); 2 Puncheons Scotch Whiskey; 2 Hds. Irish Whiskey—(Mehru's); 13 Quarter Casks 1, 3, and 4 Diamond Port Wine; 12 Quarter and Octaves Pale and Dk. Sherry; 2 Puncheons Old Jamaica Rum; 20 Cases Guinness' Extra Stout; 15 Barrels India Pale Ale; 10 Baskets Champagne; 60 Cases Keith's and Keltie's Ale; 10 Bages Lemon Syrup. To arrive ex "Raven" from Bordeaux: 5 Hds. and 20 Cases J. Dennis, H. Moonie & Co.'s Brandy. Ex "Pokahontas" from Boston: 10 Puncheons Strong Rum.

The above Goods are offered for sale at low rates, (in bond or duty paid) by MYSHRA LAL & CO. Fredericton, May 28, 1860.

EUREKA!

Grand Eclipse of 1-60!! ONLY to be seen in North America, at the South side of Madonak Creek, at the

EUREKA Dry Goods

—AND— CLOTHING STORE. ALSO, THE NATURAL PHENOMENON OF EUREKA'S WATER

will be seen for a few days only opposite B. H. Smith's Grocery Store. BE SURE YOU'RE RIGHT—THEN GO AHEAD.

PURCHASE YOUR DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING & GROCERIES where you see the EUREKA FLAG flying—you can save

Twenty Five per Cent by so doing, as the undersigned is now opening one of the largest and most

Extensive Assortments

of Dry Goods, Clothing, Jewelry, French English and American Fancy Goods, offered to the people of

Carleton County

consisting in part of French Chemies, Delaines, Tibets, Yrins, Prints in all the latest styles, (passing anything ever before offered this market,) Orleans and Coburg great variety, Zappa cloths, Mantle Ladies cloths, Muslins in patterns and the yard, Shaw's Cashmere, Hilled Pais &c., Bonnets, in great variety, and purely the only ones in Town of the

LATEST STYLE

Ladies, Misses, Girls and Children's of all kinds, Ladies, Misses, Children men's Boots and Shoes of every description, Broadcloths, Dressings, Satinets, and I willled Flannels, Bed Ticking, Sheet Shirting, Perfumery, Hair Oil, Colog, &c. Ladies' Skeletons selling for a Cost

Charges. A splendid assortment of Cottage Parlor clocks selling very cheap. N. B.—Gents intending to have garments made to order will do well call at his Establishment, as the Proprietor has engaged the services of an experienced Cutter, and every article warranted a sure fit or no sale. Remember the "EUREKA HOUSE" South Side of the Bridge.

JOHN G. McARTHUR

Life Association of Scotland

PERSONS desirous to effect ASSURANCES at the Small Office, are requested to examine the Life Association of Scotland, which arrangements have been specially adapted that view.

PROFIT SCHEME—A S. S. are of local yearly to every Policyholder's standing at the preceding anniversary, and is applied so as to reduce the outlay for his Policy. The above Policy-holders of the First Series, (as soon as yet entitled to Profits,) have been so much as 37 per cent. (i. e. 1 per cent) of the Annual Premiums of Life.

Stipulated £ s. d. £ s. d. £ s. d. Premiums, 65 10 0 41 5 0 21 11 4 Share of Profit for Year 2 113 16 11 12 4 4 Premiums, thus 40 13 9 27 13 2 20 7 4 reduced to £ 40 13 9 27 13 2 20 7 4

HALF CREDIT SYSTEM.—Policies and upwards may be effected and payment of only One-half the Premium for the first Six Years, with interest on the balance.

Application should be made before the Books will be Closed for the first Annual Balance.

HEAD OFFICE IN NEW BRUNSWICK

74 SAINT JOHN STREET LOCAL DIRECTORS: FRAS. FERGUSON, Esq., W. H. ADAMS, Wm. DONALD, Hon. J. A. ALEX. JARVIS, Esq. Medical Officer—JAMES WALKER Secretary—SAMUEL D. BERTON. HUGH McLEAN, Agent for W. June 20, 1860.

September 27 1860.

LOST. The Subscriber all hopes of having his accounts collected, without the aid of an attorney...

Skeleton Skirts. DOZ. OF THE ABOVE JUST RECEIVED FROM 3 TO 18 BARS

LOST. The Subscriber an OVERCOAT on the second day of August, between the Lower and Hardscrabble.

Rum &c., &c. Ex Parkfield from London, and Bell of the Ocean from Liverpool, via St. John.

To Smokers. LOGAN & LINDSAY offer for Sale the best selection of Smoking and Chewing TOBACCO in the city.

Pork, Flour, Leather, Fish, &c. &c. THE Subscriber have received from New York and St. Andrews by Railway the following articles:

LIQUORS, IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE. 12 Hds. Hennessy's Dark and Pale Brandy

THE above Goods are offered for sale at low rates on board or duty paid by MYSARA & BROWN.

EUREKA! Grand Eclipse of 1860!! ONLY to be seen in North America.

EUREKA DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING STORE. ALSO, THE NATURAL PHENOMENON OF EUREKA'S PATTER

EUREKA FLAG. Twenty Five per Cent by so doing, as the undersigned is now opening one of the largest and most

LATEST STYLE. Ladies, Misses, and Children's Hats of all kinds, and Shirts of every description.

Life Association of Scotland. PERSONS desirous to effect LIFE ASSURANCES at the Smallest Outlay.

MEAD OFFICE IN NEW BRUNSWICK. 71 SAINT JOHN STREET. LOCAL DIRECTORS.

SOMETHING NEW FOR THE PEOPLE. A Fashionable Tailoring ESTABLISHMENT, Unconnected with Slops.

BRITISH REVIEWS. Great Inducements to SUBSCRIBE! PREMIUMS & REDUCTIONS!

NOTICE.—AARON HASEN... the City of Saint John, Grocer, being by Deed, bearing date the fourth day, October instant assigned to a call his Real Estate.

NOTICE. THE Subscriber begs leave to announce to the inhabitants of Woodstock and vicinity, that they have received a fresh supply of Goods.

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, and INFLUENZA, IRRITATION, SORENESS, or any affection of the Throat.

WILLARD SAWYER & CO. Upper Woodstock Nov 13, 1860.

NEW GOODS AT THE BRITISH HOUSE. JUST received a large, cheap, and well assorted Stock of STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS.

STEEL SKELETON & CANE HOOPS. CLOTH CAPS, HATS, BOOTS AND SHOES. CARPETS, RUGS, DOOR MATS.

YOU CAN BUY BONNETS, RIBBONS, For Half Price. BRITISH HOUSE.

Golden Fleece! NEW GOODS. THE Subscriber has received per Steamer a large assortment of Goods.

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, and INFLUENZA, IRRITATION, SORENESS, or any affection of the Throat.

WILLARD SAWYER & CO. Upper Woodstock Nov 13, 1860.

Iced Soda Water. F. W. BROWN'S DRUG STORE. EXTRA SUPER FINE FLOUR.

JUST RECEIVED AT F. W. BROWN'S Drug Store. A LARGE AND VARIED STOCK OF ENGLISH QUINQUINA.

NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS AT DAVIS'S. A superior lot of New Goods for sale.

Domestic Manufacture. THE Subscriber is now prepared to supply to all who may require them, ROLL LOZENGES.

SHERIFF'S SALE. To be sold at Public Auction on the 18th day of June next, at the Sheriff's Office, Woodstock.

WILLARD SAWYER & CO. Upper Woodstock Nov 13, 1860.

THE PROPRIETOR of the Journal has established a Reading and News Room in the office adjoining the Journal Printing Office.

SHERIFF'S SALE. TO be sold by public auction at the Sheriff's Office, Woodstock, on Saturday 8th day of December next.

DR. GEORGE A. BROWN would inform his friends and the public that he still continues the practice of his profession.

MISS CALDWELL. INFORMS her friends and the public that she has removed to the new building on Queen Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER having saved a few traps out of the late disastrous fire, may be found in the shop lately occupied by T. G. Bourne.

THE undersigned will sell 800 acres of Hard Wood Land, on the banks of the River de Chate.

