



"PARTIBUS INNOTI; RECTUM TANTUM PETIMUS."

VOL. III.

SAINT JOHN, (NEW BRUNSWICK.)

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1820.

No. 29.

LAW SOCIETY.

MEETINGS every Thursday, by
WILLIAM REYNOLDS, & CO.,
ATTORNEYS, ATTORNEYS OF FRENCH WILLIAMS AND
THOMAS COOPER, ATTORNEYS, SAINT JOHN, N.B.
ADMISSIONS.

The time of admission is half an hour before
the Advocate, and Counsel, and others, are
admitted.

Admission is free, and the amount, half in
consideration of the services rendered by the
Province, will, if necessary, be furnished with the
Advocates.—For the services rendered by the
Advocates under the Act, no other such compensation
is allowed than 12 hours, at the rate of \$10.00 per
hour, and 16 per line, for each succeeding portion.

Advertisement without written endorsement inserted
will forfeit, and charged accordingly.

PUBLISHING is general executed at the shortest notice
and on the most liberal terms.—All orders for Printing,
Letters, or Engravings, referred to the Editors, must
come from Paid, or they will not be attended to.

ADVERTISING—At PETERBOROUGH, W. TAYLOR, Esq.
At ANDOVER, J. C. COOPER, Esq.

Minature Almanack.

NOV. & DEC. 1820.	C.			F.		
	Rites	Hours	M.	S.	M.	N.
20 WEDNESDAY.	7	30	6	20	1	15
21 THURSDAY.	31	29	2	15	7	45
1 FRIDAY.	32	28	3	15	8	15
2 SATURDAY.	33	27	4	25	9	10
3 Advent Sunday.	34	26	4	35	10	40
4 Monday.	35	25	5	45	10	40
5 Tuesday.	36	25	5	45	11	30

New Moon 10th, 8a. 12m. morning.

NOTICE.

THOSE Persons concerned, are informed
that WILLIAM SCOVIL, Esq. is duly au-
thorized to act for me during my absence from
this Province. JAMES CUDLIP.

St. John, October 14, 1820.

On Sale.

WHITE Pine LUMBER,
Spruce Dimension DEALS,
Cedar and Pine SHINGLES
Deliverable at the Magaguadavic River.—For
terms apply to JAMES EWING & Co.
Peter's Wharf.

Province Treasury.

ALL Persons indebted to the PROVINCE TRE-
ASURY, are hereby called upon to pay the sum
they severally owe, without delay. All Bonds on
which the last instalment has become due, will (if not
immediately paid) be handed over to the Attorney-Ge-
neral to be put in suit. JOHN ROBINSON,
St. John, 4th May, 1820. Province Treasurer.

FOR SALE,
100 M. First Quality PINE
BOARDS, ready for
delivery at the Harbour of Saint
Andrews.—For further particulars, apply at the
Store of ALEXANDER JOHNSTON.
3d June, 1820. North Market Wharf.

JOHN HARDENBROOK,

SAILMAKER;
EGS leave to inform his Friends and the
Public in general, that he has commenced
the above Business, in all its Branches, and hopes
by strict attention, to merit a share of public
patroage.

Orders will be punctually attended to if
left at his Loft, lower end of the South Market
wharf, and the smallest favour in his line grate-
fully acknowledged.

Aug. 1, 1820.

Hardware.

A few CASKS of fine 4d and 9d NAILS,
and two packages of HINGES, LOCKS
etc. of an excellent quality; may be had on rea-
sonable terms of

OCT. 5. HEAVISIDE & COCHRAN

G. & C. Raymond,
Have just received on consignment, a quantity of
Pilot and Navy Bread; Superfine,
Fine, middlings and Rye
FLOUR;

Which is for sale at their Store, Market Square.

July 10.

RICHARD SANDS, & Co.
Have received by the Willington, from London,
Waterloo, and Duke of Wellington, from La-
verpool, and Isabella, from Greenock,
THEIR usual Supply of GOODS, which
they will dispose of low for cash.

3d June, 1820.

FLOUR.
150 barrels Rye FLOUR,
30 do. Wheat do.
CORN in bags.

For sale by BRAND & GARRISON.

ALSO,

A quantity of the quality Trinidied SUGAR.
July 22.

To be Sold.

A PLEASANTLY situated HOUSE and
LOT on York Point, 50 feet front, and
100 feet rear, the same contains six rooms
with four fire places and a Shop. Also a
frost proof cellar, with a well and pump. If
not disposed of before the first day of January
will be sold for £1000.

Sept. 20, 1820.

M. BROWNE.

Principle of the New Musical System (Invented by Dr.
Brown, for which he has obtained the Royal Patent
of Letters Patent) is now in full operation under
Great Seal to the Admiralty and General Government of St. John, and
is now in full operation.

Mr. BROWN has now in full operation the
new Musical System of Education, composed with the
Chiroplast, has fallen to the ground in Europe; and long
has unfounded suspicion been given of its being a
danger of truth, or prove it "a Lie." But now
he is unacquainted with this mode of Musical Education.

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of fortification, at several points decided to be leading to a considerable commencement of work, at the Cap-Rap, on Lake Bay, material collected, the fortification, &c. The work will be done, and that on the course of the Narrows will be finished.

New York, and Niagara, and the coast of Lake Ontario to Cape Fear, and other parts.

Great exertions forward these are possible; but, with the importance intended, the consequences they are to last a well digested period, connecting security with repeated and difficult tasks at the several required. From on this subject, I have anticipation great undertaking completed, it complete, protecting in the event of counter-attack, with an enemy of all these works, the saving of citizens, the protection of property, or the war.

has been maintained at Council Bluff on the Mississippi, Upper Lakes, ready been erected such works as those. Progress has communications supplies at each for their own labour.

has been preserved, going into effect the appropriation for the object of favourably with both those tribes in Congress. In their sustenance, and they find no enemies, they destroy savages, their extermination regulation of supply their wants, and gradually, to us. By maintaining, we acquire a control over them; it is believed that savages can never be tamed, aided by a people with them, and a over them, to be it is presumed, be our own settlements and preserve peace and accomplish also civilization.

also been made in war, some of which course of the present

ers on the coast of but we owe it to our squadron in the found equally our vessels for the Indian Sea, the Atlantic coast. The improved in these quarters concerned, and such protection was execution of the law suppression of the public ships have also Africa, where seafaring men have been made of vessels traffic.

MES MONROE.

MACARA.
DRUGGISTS,
returning their grateful
friends and the public,
they have received since
from London, in addition,
a general assortment
Machinery, Indigo and other
Water Colours, Surgical
Shop Bottles, &c. All
on the most moderate

correspondence
Drug Houses, and have
from the East India house
in the public may rely on
a Medicine Vender
of the Market Square
Black's house.

LONDON.

OCT. 8.

From Bell's Weekly Messenger.

HER MAJESTY'S DEFENCE.

In our preceding number we have marked out the general outline of the Queen's Defence, as it is stated stronger than who have the means of knowing. To our purpose of this day we have to produce the first effect and that of this defence, and we shall preface it by stating, that this defence, and the evidence by which it has been supported, it is true, goes, which decidedly in favour of her Majesty. It does not, indeed, directly repeat the facts alleged by the witness of the prosecution, because, for the most part, it refers to a previous time, and to different places; but it enables her Majesty's defence to employ an argument of inducement. Up to the time of the English attachment leaving the service of her Majesty, her conduct was perfectly correct. Bergami was already in her household, and treated only as a servant entirely and exclusively upon the Italian wife's wages, and her Majesty is guilty or not, according to those witnesses are entitled to credit. But what credit is to be given to any of whom General Austin, the soldier and favourite of the King of Naples, deliberately testifies, that they have all their price, much of the price of a hundred pounds formerly had in Catholic lands, and believe, no member of Italian might be hired, and, at any time, to dispose to any circumstances.

So far as respects this interview, we have all along said, that we really believe it to be a just estimate of her Majesty's character, and the circumstances of her bad government, that succession of revolutions, and the conspiratorial movements, by which the church of Rome has abominably injured the cause of religion. And having this opinion, we have, from the commencement of this business, considered the witness against the Queen as entitled to no further credit, than our courts are in the daily habit of giving to the worst witness. King's evidence, informer spes, accomplices, betrayers of their fellows, &c.—It is evident, however, to state on the side hand, that this character of the witness, however, is very affect their evidence, either absolute, and independent testimony, does not disqualify it from being good circumstantial evidence. It is still so many alleged narratives, which may be compared with each other, and whose facts to be determined by other testimony. This is the sole point in which to consider it. Let us put the character, the moral, religious, honest, and honourable character of the witness totally out of the question—let us assume them to be what we really believe the greatest part of them to be—let us take it for granted (what is certainly undoubted) that they only came forward from a view to that pay which they would not receive at home—let us suppose all this, and we shall clear the question of innumerable difficulties, and arrive at the conclusion that their depositions are to be considered as so much circumstantial evidence.

Considered as such evidence, they deserve to be given very plain circumstances. The first, a general course of improper familiarity, and agrading intimacy between Bergami and the Queen. Secondly, the adulterous scene at Naples—the masque, &c., with all that followed it. Thirdly, to the bath on board the *Napoca*. Fourthly, to the tent scenes at Greenwich. Fifthly, to the indecent exposure of dress—the indecent contemplation of naked figures, and a continued course of adulterous conduct in the villa d'Este at Como, and finally, to the scene in Germany depicted by Craven.

The evidence in defence, as yet appears, is calculated chiefly to repel the accusation under the first head, and to explain away that withdrawing of the English attendant, of which the Attorney-General certainly much availed himself in his opening speech. The Attorney-General's argument, under this head, if fully stated, was, that this withdrawal of her attendant was a tolerably strong presumption of the evident impropriety of her Majesty's conduct, and is the reason why he can adduce none of them in support of the prosecution. That the Queen was, in fact, at the time of her alleged criminality, accompanied only by Italian servants, and that therefore the case admits of no other witness either of her guilt or her innocence.—To the first of these statements, Mr. Brougham replies by evidence, that her Majesty's attendant did not withdraw from her person under any suspicion of her criminal intercourse, but because she did not deem it convenient to accompany her Majesty into remote countries; and so far as the evidence in the defense certainly needs, and satisfactorily answers the allegation of the Attorney-General under this head. Under the second point Mr. Brougham's answer is, that the proof of her Majesty's good conduct, up to the moment of the departure of her English servants, and after Bergami was hired, is a strong presumption that she could not, so shortly afterwards, have fallen into such an extreme state of turpitude, and it is exceedingly suspicious that she could be made but against her whilst she was surrounded by good witnesses—by people of unimpeachable character and credit—but that in the moment in which she falls into the hands of those who can be hired at so many ears, to swear to anything, she is instantly, and without any interval, made to appear the most gross and abominable of all adulteries.

This is Mr. Brougham's present strong point, and is certainly not without great weight, though like all other arguments of presumption, it may certainly be contradicted by a state of facts stronger than the presumption itself. All criminally must have a commencement, and it is certainly no direct answer to a charge of a precise crime at an exact period, that up to that period—that is to say, before it, the crime was not committed. Perhaps, it may be alleged, that the temptation did not before present itself—perhaps the restraints were too strong, and too many—perhaps the crime only arose upon the opportunity and facility of committing it. All these are answers on the other side; and with this statement of both sides, we shall leave the decision with our readers. The principle of this species of defence and reasoning is this—Evidence of previous character has a weight in proportion to the gravity of the case—it has no weight whatever against the direct testimony of two or more unimpeachable witnesses, referring to a precise act with every appendage of time, place, and circumstance. To elucidate this point, it is one of the circumstances to be taken into the consideration, and to be allowed its due weight, in deducing the natural inference from the consistency of the facts proved with the matter alleged. But, in to short peremptory degree, it is still only a presumption, and, indeed, in no case can have any weight against either direct testimony, or the coherence and consistency of numerous alleged facts, with a state of facts proved by other unimpeachable witnesses.

Since we have written the observations in the former part of our paper, the evidence in defence of her Majesty has proceeded in a very substantial manner, and we conceive it to belong to candour and impartiality to continue our remarks.

The evidence of Lady Charlotte Lindsay is to be opposed, as we have before asserted, to the collective evidence of the Indian witness that the Queen and Bergami lived in a state of the most dissolute familiarity, and to a degree totally unexampled even by the habits and numbers of Italy. Her Ladyship, on this head, deposes, that up to the period of quitting for Naples, she saw nothing of this kind. That is, indeed, with the habits of Italians to be familiar with their domesticities, to a degree which would be deemed incommodious to English manners. That she saw nothing in the conduct of her Majesty exceeding this degree. That, upon report, which she did not believe, but which still affected her own reception and quiet, had reached her, (Lady Charlotte Lindsay) with respect to the Queen, in July, and that, in consequence, she resigned, but that she herself saw nothing but the usual intilitude of foreign manners, and that more relaxed absence of ceremony and distance, which the necessities, inconveniences, and urgencies of travelling occasion.

This is the substance, and we think most fairly stated, of the deposition of Lady C. Lindsay, and it certainly goes to vindicate the portion of the Indian evidence, which alleged a general and dissolute intimacy, in the daily intercourse of life between the Queen and Bergami, and upon the occasions to which Lady C. Lindsay is speaking. At least, however, to add, that as respects the prosecution, it does not decidedly controvert this part of the Italian evidence, as they do not profess to be the same time and circumstances. Her Majesty might assume one conduct before her ladies, and another before the domestics of whom she was less in awe. This at least would be the observation of a Judge in commenting upon this evidence in his summary. The main charge would, however, add that this deposition was still to be taken into consideration in establishing that kind of general conduct, at that period, which ought to be carried to her Majesty's credit in weighing the positions against her at nearly the same period. If it appear that the English lady and the Italian witness do not profess to be the same period, and to the same circumstances, there can be no doubt but that they are contradictory, and that the Italian evidence is false. But if they do profess to different times, and to different circumstances, both may be true—one as speaking of one time, and one of another—one as speaking of her Majesty's conduct before her Ladies, the other before her domestics, and in the absence of her higher ladies. This deposition, in short, is evidence of character—not directly contradicting the deposition of the former witness, but forming a circumstance which, in any doubt, is to be thrown into her Majesty's scale.

The next evidence is that of Lord Llandaff, who was at Naples at the same time with the Queen, and at the period in which her adulterous connection with Bergami is stated to have commenced. His evidence is of the same effect, and of the same character, as that of Lady C. Lindsay. He saw nothing at that period improper in the conduct of the Queen. His and his lady were in the habit of visiting the Queen. There was nothing inconsistent with reference to foreign manners, in her Majesty's being waited upon by Bergami in her chamber. It was the common practice in the intercourse of daily life in Naples. Himself, his brother, &c., and visited Italian ladies of fashion, and ranger in the same manner, as his bed-chamber, and the ladies in his bed. Bergami was at that period with the Queen, but his lordship says nothing that struck him as even remarkable. This is likewise, (a Judge would grant in his summary) evidence of general character; and, therefore, does not directly contradict any part of the evidence, though it is entitled to its own weight. Taken in connection with that of the preceding witness, it certainly explains many of the circumstances of intimacy and interest, which are professed to be the former witness, and which, without this explanation, would be even remarkable. This is likewise, (a Judge would grant in his summary) evidence of general character; and, therefore, does not directly contradict any part of the evidence, though it is entitled to its own weight. Taken in connection with that of the preceding witness, it certainly explains many of the circumstances of intimacy and interest, which are professed to be the former witness, and which, without this explanation, would be even remarkable. 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Poet's Corner.

THE PHILOSOPHER'S SCALES.

By JAMES TAYLOR.

A WORK, when his critics succeeded were o'er,
In the depths of his cell with its stone-covered door,
Recalling to thought his alchemical brain.
He found'd the contrivance we now shall explain:
Is Youth' vital projected, but years stole away;
And ere 'twas complete he was wrinkled and grey;
But success in species, unless empty fail—
And at length he produced the *Philosopher's Scale*,
What were they? you ask; you shall presently see;
These scales were not made to weigh sugar and tea;
Or—
For such properties wondrous had they,
That qualities, feelings and thoughts that could weigh
Two other with article small or vast;
From mountains or planets to atoms of sense;
Nought, was there so bulky, but there it could lay,
And nought so slender, but there it would stay,
And nought so redundant, but in it must go—
All which some exemplar more clearly will show.
The first thing he weigh'd was the head of *Voltaire*,
Which retained all the wit that had ever been there;
As a weight he threw in a torn scrap of a leaf,
Containing the prayer of the Penitent Thief;
When the scull rose aloft with a sudden a rebuff,
That it bounced like a ball on the end of the cell.
One time he put in *Alexander the Great*,
With a garment that Darius had made, for a weight,
And the clad in armour from sandals to crown;
The helmet rose up, and the garment went down.
A long row of Atoms—house, simply endowed,
By a well exercised *Charter*, bay and broad,
Next loaded one scales, while the other was press'd
By blow into the Poor *Yeoman* dropt into the chest—
Up flew the emblem, not swaying an ounce,
And down down the *Peasant's* worth came with a bounce.
Again he performed an experiment rare—
A work, with amazement bleeding and bare,
Climbed into his scale,—in the other was laid
The heart of a *Hound*, now partly decayed—
When he found with surprise that the estate of his brother
Weigh'd less by some pounds, than the *bit* of the other.
By further experiments, (no matter how)
He found that ten chariot's weigh'd less than an oxen;
A sword, with gilt trapping, rose up with the scale,
Though balanced by only a ten-penny nail;
A shield and a helmet, a buckler and spear,
Weigh'd less than a widow's unburialized tear;
A Lord and a Lady went up at full sail,
When a Bee chanced to light on the opposite scale;
Ten Doctors, ten Lawyers, two Couriers, one Earl,
Ten Collector's Wigs, full of powder and curl,
All heaped in one balance, and swinging from thence,
Weigh'd less than a few grains of canary sand-and-sens;
A first water diamond, with brilliants begirt,
Than one good potle, just washed from the dirt;
Yet no mountain of silver and gold would suffice,
One pearl to outweigh—was the Pearl of great price!
Last of all, the whole world was bowld in at the gate,
With the soul of a beggar to serve for a weight;
When the former sprung up with so strong a rebuff,
That it smote a vast rent, and escaped at the roof—
When balanced in air, it ascended on high,
And sailed up aloft a balloon in the sky—
While the scale with the soul in, so lightly failed,
That it jerked the *Philosopher* out of his cell.

ARCHITECTURE.

JOHN MILLIGAN, ARCHITECT AND CIVIL ENGINEER, now residing at Mr. Cook's Cottage, St. James' street, intends to open a class for the purpose of teaching ARCHITECTURAL DRAWING; to be kept on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings, from the hour of 7 to 9 o'clock; terms, one Dollar per week;—the school will commence as soon as a sufficient number apply; and early application is recommended, as the number will be limited. As J. M. has had much experience in the Building art, his instructions will have reference to the best practical modes of execution.

During the winter months, a day class will be opened for young Gentlemen who may wish to study this useful and elegant department of science;—the hours will be suited to their mutual convenience, and the terms proportioned to the number of pupils.

Plans, Sections and Elevations, furnished on the shortest notice, for every description of Buildings, from the splendid mansion to the elegant Villa, or simple Cottage, with their corresponding ornamental appendages of galleries, Porter's lodges, carriage houses, gates, &c. &c., &c.; also Plans for seas and dry Docks, Bridges, Canals, Railways, and common Works; accounts of all which will be made out if required, and the bill of contract to complete the works for.

Having resided but been employed in his professional life for several years in the United States, he is anxious to avail himself by accommodating himself to their style of building, as well as that of Great Britain.

In J. M.'s design, his aim is, as far as possible, to combine stability, elegance, simplicity and economy;

and, by judicious attention to business, he hopes to obtain a share of public patronage. St. John, Nov. 7.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

REQUESTS all persons who are indebted to him, to the Firm of W. BARR Jr. & Co. to call and settle their respective balances, otherwise their accounts will be given to an Attorney to collect, he likewise requests all those who have accounts against said firm to render them for adjustment. W. BARR, Jun.

St. John, Oct. 10, 1820.

Valuable Property at Mauerville, and on the Oromocto.

For Sale at Public Auction, at Fredericton; on Thursday, the 23d day of FEBRUARY next, by WILLIAM TAYLOR, Esq. at AVERY's Hotel.

A VERY valuable Tract of LAND in the Township of Mauerville, County of Sunbury, five miles below Fredericton, known and distinguished by Lots No. 50 and 51, about 90 rods front upon the River, containing about 1100 acres. The quality and situation of said Land is inferior to none in the Township, it having the advantage of a large body of excellent high land adjoining the Anterior, and covered with a valuable growth of Hardwood. On the premises a Barn and comfortable Dwelling House, from 40 to 50 acres under cultivation, and a right and a half on the Oromocto Islands.

Also, Lot No. 52, adjoining the above described Property, and equal in quality, containing from 5 to 900 acres—the high Land covered with hard wood, with the advantage of a very valuable natural Meadow, about one mile from the front, together with a right and a half on the Oromocto Islands.

Lot No. 53, adjoining the above described Property, and equal in quality, containing from 5 to 900 acres—the high Land covered with hard wood, with the advantage of a very valuable natural Meadow, about one mile from the front, together with a right and a half on the Oromocto Islands.

Lot No. 54 and 27, on the Oromocto river, containing each about 350 acres—also, one acre more or less adjoining the Property of ELIJAH MILES, Esq.

Terms of payment will be liberal, and made known at the time of Sale.—For further particulars, inquire of ROBERT PAGAN, A. S. RITCHIE.

St. John, 26th August, 1820.

HUE & CRY, AND REWARD.

W. HERKAS, one MARY DUNN, wife of John Dunn, late of the Parish of Portland, Labourer, hath been grievously and dangerously wounded by the said JOHN BURK, he being a person about 5 feet 11 inches in height, round shouldered, of dark complexion and dark hair, with full dark and long whiskers, a hard countenance, and quick spoken; and the said John Dunn hath absconded and disappeared.

HUE and CRY is therefore hereby levied and raised against the said JOHN DUNN: And all His Majesty's Peace Officers and other Subjects, as well within this City and County as elsewhere within this Province of New Brunswick, are hereby called upon and required to make fresh pursuit and hue and cry after the said JOHN DUNN, from town to town, and from county to county, as well by themselves as by footmen, and if to be found forthwith to carry him before the court of his Majesty's Justice of the Peace within the county where he shall be taken, to be dealt with according to law. And a REWARD of

TEN POUNDS,

is hereby offered to any person who will apprehend and secure the said John Dunn, in manner aforesaid. Dated at the City of St. John, this 30th day of October, 1820.

JOHN ROBINSON, Mayor.

ORIGINAL Saint John, Tobacco Manufactory.

THE Subscriveman grateful for the favors his Friends and the Public in general have conferred upon him since his commencement in the TOBACCONIST Business in this City, feels it an incumbent duty to adopt this public method of expressing his sense of the obligations their encouragement has laid him under, and begs leave to assure them that his utmost exertions shall be made use of, to preserve a continuation of their countenance.

He now offers for Sale at the ORIGINAL Saint John Tobacco Manufactory, the following Articles—viz.

Plug, Twist, Ladies' Do.

Scotch, Rappee, Maccabau, Lundy Foot, Bright Eye, Spanish, and Common.

Tobacco, Snuff, Segars.

All of which he can recommend as being of the first quality, and which he will dispose of on the most reasonable terms, for Cash, or approved Credit—Wholesale or Retail.—N. B. Orders from the Country will meet with the most prompt attention and without delay—Liberal allowances made to Country Customers and Retailers.

PHARES MARTIN.

St. John, N. B. October 14, 1820.

DAVID HATFIELD & SON,

HAVING undertaken to transact the AUCTION and COMMISSION BUSINESS, at their Store in Water-street, trust by strict attention and assiduity, to merit a share of the favours and very respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends and the public. June 6.

To be Let,

And possession given immediately,

The upper part of that House in Duke Street, the property of J. COOPER, Esq. For particulars, inquire of

J. C. MCPHERSON.

14th October, 1820.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

REQUESTS all those INDEBTED to him, whose Balances have been standing over TWELVE MONTHS, to make immediate payment; otherwise their accounts will be put into the hands of an Attorney to collect. JAMES HENDRICKS.

St. John, New Brunswick, Oct. 31, 1820.

Notice.—To LET, immediately:

A Few FURNISHED ROOMS, (with or without Board,) near the Market-square. Inquire at this Office. Oct. 31.

Clear Boards and Planks,

Of a Superior quality, Partly seasoned, for Sale by

HODGE & ROBERTSON.

ALSO,—From 30 to 50 M. large sized Bricks first quality, which can be delivered by the 15th of September.

St. John August 29, 1820.

A FEW RHEAMS of Superior quality Painting or Writing Paper, may be had on the most reasonable terms. Apply to the

Rev. DR. BURNS.

Oct. 31.

WINDSOR & FANCY CHAIRS.

THE Subscriber begs leave to offer his sincere thanks to those who have hitherto favoured him with their orders in the Cabinet Making and Upholstery Line; and to inform them and the Public in general, that he will in future have on hand a constant supply of WINDSOR and FANCY CHAIRS, of every description, which he flatters himself he will be enabled to dispose of on the most moderate terms.

THOMAS NISBET.

Prince-Wm. Street, 20th May, 1820.

THE Subscribers have received by the W.

Winton, from London, the Imelle, from Glasgow, and the Waterloo, Kington, and Thomas Henry, from Liverpool, a general and extensive Assortment of BRITISH & EAST-INDIA GOODS, comprising,

SALEMPORES,

SOUCHONG TEAS,

COGNAC BRANDY,

LOAF SUGAR,

CANVAS and CORDAGE,

RAISINS, GLASS,

HATS, STATIONERY, and

A general Assortment of DRY GOODS, &c.

SAMUEL & S. WIGGINS.

St. John, May 28, 1820.

14th October, 1820.

Wanted to Charter,

A VESSEL of about 100 Tons Bu.

St. John, May 28, 1820.

14th October, 1820.

To the Inhabitants of Hampton, Norton, Springfield, St. John's, and the adjacent part of Kingdon.

M. R. LIGHTFOOT, from England, having arrived at Hampton with the intention of taking up his residence, and practising his Profession as SURGEON, &c. takes this opportunity of acquainting the Public, from his skill and abilities of meriting a proportion of their favours.

Hampton Ferry, Oct. 25, 1820.

N. B.—Mr. L. will have a Boat on the North side of the River, for the accommodation of those who may occasion to call upon him in the night, the key of which may be had by applying to Mr. Isaac.

W. DONALD,

Has Imported per the Ship CASTLEREAGH from Liverpool, who offers for Sale Cheap for CASH or good Bills of Exchange, the following Articles.

100 Bolts best bleached Canvas, from No. 1 to No. 7.

102 Coils Cordage and Bolt Rope, of all sizes,

8 Cables from 6 to 10 Inches,

21 Anchors from 3 Cwt. to 15 Cwt.

47 Bars of bolt, Square and Flat Iron,

24 Hogsheads Earthen Ware of different assortments,

3 Castle Flint Glass,

26 Bottles Crown Glass from 7 to 10 to 12,

10 Boxes Pipe,

1 Box Sewing Twine,

A few good English Cheeses.

ALSO—

By the brig JESSE, from LONDON, an additional Assortment of MERCHANTABLE, viz.

THIRTY-ONE Chest TEA, 2 hds. Leaf Sugar,

2 hds. Salometers, Flag bandana Handkerchiefs,

30 boxes Soap, Paints and Oil.

Madiera, Sherry, Teneriffe—and WINES,

Sicilian, Cognac Brandy, Hollands Gin—and Old Jamaica Spirits.

By the Pipe, Or. Cast, or Five Gallons.

A 13 inch CABLE, and

40,000 New York Dimension R. O. STAVES.

May 23, 1820.

NEW AUCTION ROOM,

(Lower end of Water Street.)

JOHN COX,

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and the Public, that he has opened the New Store recently erected by Mr. W. DONALD, at the lower end of Water street, for the reception of Goods of every description on Commission, for Sale by Auction, and Private Contract.

As every facility will be afforded for the display and sale of Goods committed to his care, and Business conducted on the strictest principles of punctuality, he flatters himself he will receive that support it shall ever be his study to merit.

REGULAR SALE DAYS each week.—Tuesday, Thursday, & Saturday, at 11 o'clock. Aug 1.

FLOUR & CORN.

L. BURNS,

Has received by the Schooner Nancy, from New York, and for Sale in the STORE formerly occupied by Messrs. HAMILTON, Sons & Co. in Nelson Street:

150 Bbls. Richmond Superfine FLOUR,

50 do. Fine ditto,

50 do. Rye ditto,

800 Bushels CORN.

St. John, 25th July, 1820.