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DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF HOMGOPATHY AND OF THE MONTREAL homgopathic hospital.


By the Woman Auxiliary of the Montreal Homecopathic Mowpital.

Communcations relating tobusiness and whecrip. tions to be ent to the Buine-s Mamager, care Sterling Pullishing Co., 77 St. Gibriel St.

Manuseripts, netis items, etc., shonld be addresed to she Editoz Kecord, are Sterling Publinhing Co. is St. Gabriel Sit.

## MATERNITY WARUS SECURED.

Thanks to the determined efliorts of the ladies of the Wommens Anvaliary the long desired facilities for the earying on of maternity work, in comnection with the hoppital, have been seeured. A long lease on favorable terms of the house adjoining the hossital, being Nu, 46 Mc(xill College Arome, hats been obtained. and uponacquiring possession of the poperty on first of Mity next it will be thorough! remorat ed and suital, ly funished for the purpose. Communication will be opened between the new premises and the hospital proper, so that aceess maty be had warhout gribing bat of dours, while still retaining the requisite isobation from the regulan hospiual Work.

Romm will also be fonmed in the new amex for ithditional sleepines quoters and a sitting room for the nutses. The
maternity rooms will be handsomely furnished and their use, like prisate wards of the hospital proper, will be available to the patients of reputable physicians of any recornized school of medicine.

The Woman's duxiliary have bavely assumed the entire financial responsibility involved in this new venture, and ask che assistime and support of all who are in any way interested in its suceess. The bouse has to be furnished throughout, and it is hoper? that friends will come forward and fumish rooms individually or in part. Money or suitable articles will be equally atceptable.

Mrs. John T. Fiagat, 33a Mwintain street, is President of the Anxiaiary, and Miss Murelie, 150 Cote St. Antome Road, Westmomm, is its Secretary. Either of these lablies will, pending further organization of Committees, be delighted to communieate with any lady or gentlem:m willing to ascist in this very worthy enter. prise.

Don't forget that our hospital is citally interested in the sucess of the "Cinterella" entertamment to be sivenat the deakens
 Ly Prof. F. H. Norman. If it is a choice between that and somethme else, kindly wive the hospital the benelit.

It is astomishing how fast a weak linte Woman can rem up a hill.

## HOSPITAT NOTES

The hospital wants a few more generons friends who are willing to assist in cle:tring the debt.
Nore instruments are neded for the operating room. Who will contribute sity.00 or 5100.60 and gladden the heart of the sargeon?
There have been a number of unusually severe cases of typhoid fever in the hospital.

All the friends of litale clarence Hawthorne, who was so ill in the children's ward of the hospital and attracted the attention of visitors, will be glad to learn of his complete recovery. He is fat and happy again.

As chaiman of the committee of management, Mr. S. Baylis is doing splendid work for the hospital.

The Treasurer is indebted to Ar. A. H. Plimsoll, chartered accomatant. for valuable assistance in upening a new set of buoks.

The number of amual contributors is steadily increasing. Many more are required, however, to put the hospital in a sale financial condition.

Who will give the first thonsand dollars towards liquidating the debr?
some very becoming additions have been made to the private wards throngh the gencrosity of Lady Van Horne.
'The Ladies' Auxiliary is booming, and determined to do good work for the hospital during 1900.
The maternity wards ought to be very popular with all physicians.

The private wards have been largely used by old school physicians during the past month.
The hospital received a visit last Monday from Rev. J. T. Bemnett. oi Hamilton, Ont. The nuses were all glad to greet Mr. Bemmett, whom they helped nuse through a severe attack oi typhoid iever last summer.

Dr. E. A. (iration has been elected chairman and Dr. A. D. Patton, seertary of the medical staff, for the year 1900.

Purchase your tickets early for the entertamment for the benctit of the Huspital on Tuesdry afternoon, Februaly $27+1$, in the Acidemy of Music.

## A MEUIC:NE CASE AND BOOKI.

A medicine case and a good presci ibing book are prime necessities in every family where there is a disposition to give the Homeopathic principle a trial. Especially valuable are they where there are youns children in the family. The simple ailments to which chideren are particularly subject yield so quickly to the indicated Homoropathic remedies as to be little short of magical. The writer knows a family where a couple of young boys are subject to sudden attacks of croup. Under the old system of treatment one of these attacks meant the complete upset of the house during the small hours of the night, when one or other of the boys would awake suddenly with the rasping, crowing breatimis pecaliar to croup. Hot bath, an enetic and an anxious stagere of a couple of hours, when there would be a collapsed boy and mother, the bing probably confined to hed next diyy to recover from the effects of the treatment. When the Homeopathic treatment was adopted all this was changen. When the attack came the mother reached for her aconite and spongia bottles; three or four pellets of each matternation were given every five minutes, a few sips of cold water, and inside half an hour the distressing symptoms were all gone and the child in a peaceful sleep, from which he would awake in the moming ready for school or play as usazal.

It can readia; he understood that it is not, the aim of the present article to advise the substitution of the family doctor for the family medicine case. The case should simply be used as an adjunct. Many cases of serious illness may be prevented by the judicious use of the medicine chest, but where improvement is not quickly apparent, or where the syuptons grow worse, no time should be lost in calling the family doctor:

A very nice line of both books and eases will be found at Mr. C. E. Scarfl's drus store, 2062 St. Catherine strect. The books range in price from sito S2.50 and the ceses, stocked with medicines, from Si.50 to S5.00. Mr. Scarff pays parricenar attention to the dispensing of Homeopathic medicines which have the approval of the Montreal Homes pathic Plyysicians.

## Cash dondmons in JaNCary.


Mrs. F. Selobes ................ 2 U00 (10)
Mrs. S. ( B Fisher................
M. L. R .......................... 染 (11
J. 1!. Matle...................... 1 . 15
R. B. Hall

Merhodist. ..................... $\overline{0} 010$
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Mre. F. Selondes (2nd honation) 30n 00
(i. R. Prowse ................... 25 (0)
R. White .......................... 1: 00
$5(651$ 2i

## Janeary Dositions.

Canada Sugar Refinery Co-l barrel of sugar.
E. S. J. Phillips-A set of account Books. value s: 40 .
samuel Bell, Esq-Paid bill for repairs to fimnace, st.so.
Mrs. G. D. Phillips, for Phillips Ward$\frac{1}{2}$ doz. china cups and sancers, doz. silver tea spoons, 1 pr. cut glass salt and pepper shakers, 1 cut glass mustard pot.
E. Lapman-Calender for Surses' Pathor.

Miss Moodie- doz. cups and saucers. doz. tea plates, creamer and sugar bowl for privale flat.
Mrs. S. Bayfis--12 bottles of fruit.
Mr. J. W. Hughes-Comecting gas pipe with stove in operating room.
Robt. Grieg die Co-3 bottles of thatoring extracts.
Mrs. A. H1. Thomson-f bottles of fruit, vials for dispensary.
Mrs. A. R. Grifith-Cake for Nurses.
Lady Van Horne's \$20. ior private rooms--5 rugs, 6 hemstitched linen dreseer scarts, 6 hemstitched linen table covers, 2 doz. table napkins, 3 white enameled slop pails.
Mrs. J. R. Gordon-Papers and magazines.

Whether your hands be "sterilized" or simply clean, it comes to the same -with a leaning to cleanliness.

## FEvens.

Br Dr. Premen.
Simple Inflamatomy Fevers.
Symptoms: Chilliness followed by heat, headache, acceleration and hardness of pulse, thirstlessness, prostration.

Aconite for full bounding pulse, headache, delirium at night.
Belladomat for iutense pain and heat in head, intolerance of light, dilation of pupils, visible pulsation of the reins of the neck, throbbing in the temples, delirium.
Bryonia.-Headache worse by moving, pain in the chest, biliary derangement.
Chamomilla.-Burning heat, one cheek red, the other pale, extreme restlessness and irritability.

Dose, 10 to 15 globules dissolve 1 in one gill of water. One teaspoonful every 1 , $2,3,4$ hours according to the severity of the symptoms.

## Catarrial Fever.

This fever is generally accompanied $h$. symptoms of a severe catarrh, head "stuffed up" or else runuing from the nose, headache between the eyebrows, sueezing, cough, at first dry, afterwards louse ; oprressed breat!ing, pains in chest, back or loins, rumning of chills up the back.

Besides the above mentioned remedies for simple inflammatory fever, try Nux vomica for fluent catarrh in morning, dry at night; vehement disposition, stoppage of nose, headache, dry, tickling cough, tightuess of chest, constijation.
Pulsailla for persons of a mild disposition, copious discharge from the nose, loose congh, worse on lying down in the evening, better on sitting up in bed.
Sanguinaria ('anad. Violent headache, chpeks red or even purple, hoarseness. soreness of throat, congh, dry or loose with ratting, pain in chest.

Mercurins viv. for ordinary catarrh, better in open air, worse in warm room.

Dose same as for inflammatory fever.

[^0]Hepar suthh. r. or Sponvia, one duse
 hoarsemess which retarms atter evary (a)! 1.

## Bhames ash (anthe Fevers.

This fever is chameromel bey yen coating of the ton rue, bitter taste in the murn loss of appote, namsea, vomitins. distress an I fulness about the resion of the stomath, constipation.
Aconite. See inflammatory fever.
bryonia for violent hemandor, restlessness, talking thring sleep and delirinm, desire for sour things, romming, rehement lispusition.
Nux romica if the fever is ransed be high living, too much mimal food or if a diarthea has been suppressed by ardent spirits.
Pulsatilla if the forer is cansed loy much fat fiol. pastry, pies, etc., or by eating ier cream.
Podophylhm for ernetations and romiting, putrid taste in the month, heartburn, waterbrash, colie, pain and fulness in right hypochombrinen, constipation or else diarrheat, worse in the morning.
Mercurius viv. if halions semptoms pre $\begin{gathered}\text { minate, as yellowness o: skin and }\end{gathered}$ eyes.
China or Arsen. for great prostration and debility.

Dose. Sime as inilammatory fever.

## 'Xyphoid on Nervo's Fexer.

These fevers dilier from inflammatory ferer in their great slowness of course, want of vital reaction, greater prostration, stupnr or obstinate delirium.
Bronia is to typhoid fevers what Aconite is to inflamatory fever and it may always be given in the herimning and during the first stare of the disease. During the stage of prostration Rhas tex. or arsen. may be given. If diarrhua shound set in give Phos. or China.
'This disease, howerer, shonh always be treated by a physician.

Dose as in inflammatory fever.

## Ruecmitic Fever (I Minhmatome Rifecmatrons.

Srmptoms. Wever, pain and soreness in the joints or muscles of the different parts of the trank or extremities, acompaniel by redness and swellings of the joints.

Acrmíte for violent inllammatory symptoms.
Bryon, if the pains are worse on motion,
if there is much hewdir he, sleeplessness ath restlessuess, welitium at night.

Rhas tor, it eatused by exposure to eold alld damp weather, or by working in water, pains wome during res: or on begimning to more.

Pu'sutilla, for pains which shift about from one place twanother.

Sipiglia or Lillarlomna, if the disease strikes in and threatens to attack the heart.

Ching, if the pains are agravated by the slightest tom hand even the approach of other people great debility.
Arsmirum, if the patient is very restless, is always turning and moving about, great weakness and prostration, pains are better by warm applirations.
hase same as inllammatory fevers.

## Latemumpex Fever (Chils and Fever, Acere).

These ferers are chardeterized by their coming on in paroxyms every day, every second day or every third dety, having decited intermissions between during which the patient is compatatively comfortable.

Ipeac may be given in the beginning in atiternation with China in all recent eases which oecur in the neishborhood of marshy phaces, new camals, newly broken lanli, etc.

China if the puroxym is preceded by nusea, voracions appetite, headache, pr!pitation of the heart, thirst between the cold and hot stage great weakness.

Arsenicum when the different stares are not distinety maked, for prostration of strength, hurning pains in the stomach, the patient drinks often but little at a tim?.

Nox vomica, for altemate heat and chills or hait preceding chills, external heat and internal chills or vice versa, desire to be constautly covered, thirst during the hot stage, constipation.

Enpatorium perfoliatum. Vomiting before chills, shaking chills, violent headache which is better duriug the hot stage. Violent thirst during both the ehills and heat, no sweat or else copious sweat at night. The paroxysms come on in the morning or foremoon, uleerated corner of the mouth, eruption around the moath.

Natrom mur. may be given for nearly the same symptoms, when Eupatorium
per. seems to be indicated, but has mot the desined effect, or when the inside of the mouth is sore.

Simgumaria. Lithle or no chill, areat heat with almost intodemble headache, delinim, very red face, lithe or no sweat. The paroxysins eome on at moon.

Rhus tox. for erening fevers which are caused by exposure to wet damp weather. pain in bewels, diamber, palpitation of the heart and :mxiety.

Dose. The medicines may he giren dey twiee or three times a day diming the intermissions, and in solution, a teaspomful every hour, cluring the paroxymins. - Homeopathic Enroy.

## (iFNEROC゚S boNiTHONS.

Ten thousand dollars have been donated by Hiram 15 . Sibley to the Rochester Mommepathic Hospital, S. $\mathrm{V}^{\circ}$.

The will of J. J. Vandegrit bequeaths (0) littsburg Homeropathic Hospital 3in,000.

The will of Mrs, Mary Am P. Wred bequeaths to the Massachusett: Homovopathie Dospital, of Boston, 85,000 , and one-ninth of the residue of her estate.

The Flower Fospital, a Homeopathie Institution, founded by the late hoswell 1'. Flower, who contributed ammally to its mantenance, has received this year SOOO, (60m) from the Fower family cipon conditions that the name Flower Fidespital shall be retained in perpetaity. Mrs. Roswell P. Flower, gave $1000,0 \mathrm{mo}$, and Mrs. Emma Flower Taylor, the only living ehild of the late Roswell P. Fhower, also gave slow,0(1). The gifts were announced at the meeting of the Board oi Trustees, held January 17, 1000, at the Manhattan Hotel. The Flower Hospital is one of the best equipped institutions of its kind in Xew Sork (ity and is condneted in eannection with the New York Homoropathic Collegr.

## 

Man of all work had chills for several
 hail to sit close to kitehen fire and drink freduently of iee water: (wrel by three or for powters of . Irsenicum taken one Berysix homs.
Man took had cold : had chilly feeling in back, with pain in right fong on breathinge cured in three days with pellets, Bryonial loun, interspersed with:a comple of (lases Phos. :0) : from four to eight hours betwend doses.

Mran in the Sonth, aged 7 or, had a slight paralytieatack from which he recovered tunder care oi his son-in-law, an ohd school physician; some mondhs after he had an attack of seiatica down right leg. worse on sitting or bending over, epo(ially at hip joint, better l-ing in bed or walking. dfter having suffered for sereral months the above sermptoms were mailed to me, and as so olten happens, that the most important part of the letter is in the Postscript, the sufferer wrote just betore signing his name, as follows, "My leg is twinging son now it makes me siek at the stomach." As Belladona lonked like the remede to al larman, sereral powders were maiked (n be followed by one of Thuja $\because($, as the above symptem was found muder Thuja.

In about two momblhe wrote, "Four or five dars atter taking the lase powder (Thuja) the change thit look prace was really womlerinh. It 'was like getting out of the infermal regions into Pamalise? The change was very :mden. The pain did not leave my leg conticely, bat stuck there at heast tive or six weeks, beroming lesa erere dix. Exen when I stomp down I hase a twinge." Two more powders were mailed to be taken one werk apart. This wats cight months ag" and there has ben no return oi the pain.-Layman, in Homeopathic Envor.

## TIOO MORE (IOOD CNES.

Here are two cases to instance the inability of Allopathy and the simplicity of Hommeopathy: I was forthate enourit to come aeress $X$. , of the first Colomato Folunteers, who was in the medical department as dresser and so conlel get the choiee of what was to be had in the allopathic line. Ilis wrombe was dyenterie diarthea for five and a half monthsteady. I saw him two weeks alter his arrival ins. F. So great was his trouble that he was always soiling himseli, and when he leit camp he usied to dhash out the lower bowel with plain or saline enema, to have an howe supite.

He had taken Bismuth be the handiul. he said-but it never cheeked it more than a day, and had also had, ad lib., Quinine, Sulph., Iron castor vil and salts!!! Save the mark! What science is theirs! I gave him (inchona off. $3 x$, three dises every two hours. Me was well in two dars and brought me to the socond case- hiis indend-also of the first Colo. Yol. This man was in bed otitside the Presidio Camp. His parents had come down from Colo. Becante they understond he was dying, as probably he was) and taken a flat in which tw better nurse their son. His color was: like a dirty: pair of brown bants. Ilis spleen and liver fought ior the central line in the abdomen and his spleen had reached down nearly to the umbilicus. He was yomiting quarts of bile. Bowels loeked in spite of everything. All physic had been romited it onse. Crine almost suppressed. Very restless, and month, stomach, and abdomsa burning him, he said, despite a ghastly cold sweat to the stirface touch.
dreenicum $3 x$ stopped the buming pains over night, but romiting was worse.

Now I let symptoms alone or rather looked to the patholngy through the symptoms, and gave him Uruca urens 05 m in warm water, every four hours, for his spleen, and Chelidon maj. © Em in warm water, also every four hours, for liver, alternately, making a dose every two hours. I called on him three times in all. He sent a message later saying that he was up and felt fine, and was sonn going home.
The public ought to arrange it that next time Uncle Sam goes out gumning that the soldier boys can have all Homeopathy they waint and need.-E. Petric Hoyle, in Homeopathic Envoy.

## (XENBRAL THERAPBCTIC NOTPS.

By Dr. T. F. Ahams.

olloll.
It is interesting to note, in connection with Acomte, that ()pium, not firr remored, butanically, from the kinmonalacea (the natural order of plants, which (emprises the "Aconites") shows a detinite, though unexpected, theripeutic relationship to Aconite. Opiun is freyuently called for in a hish grade of fever, W\%, a high temperature without the derelopment of a distinct inflammatory process. It seems like it "prodromal fever," similar to that calling for Aconite. The fever of Opium is, however, characterized by intense thirst and great sleepiness, but with no anguish nor fear and no restlessness. The fever of the Opium is sometimes associated with distinctly periodic recurrences, and so is sometimes applicable to a fever of a remittent or intermittent type.

## GEISEMICM.

The fever which calls for Gelsemitum is clearly without thirst; in this respect quite different from that demanding Aconite or Opian. The following observation may serve to illustrate the applicability of Gelseminm: A lady suffered from fever recurming daily about two in the afternoon, temperature 103 or above, with rertigo, a decided dulness in the head, mostly behind the ears, loss of control of coordinated movements, imability to walk steadily, an increasing difficulty to think clealy, etc. There was entire lack of thirst, no nausea, no perspiration. After a few hours the febrile stage gradually disappeared, the potient became cool and was simply lethaigic till the next day. The immediate cause of the fever seemed to be recurring, malignantstroma which had twice been most skillfully removed with : $n$ immense amotint of tissue, with lymphatics which, apparently, had been involved, bur the malignant growth had returned to the forearm and had produced enlarged glands and inflammatory symptoms in the arm when the increasing fever and alarming bain symptoms demanded attention. Gelseminm speedily, in a few days, dissipated the fever, caused a rapid disappearance of the malignant growth which simply dried up and vanished and the patient fully recovered her healtr.-Homoo. Record.

## FROM VEILERLNARY PRACTICE.

By Jos. Reisinger, Yeterinary I'mysician.

Tramslated for the Fommenathic Recorder from the Leip\%. Pop. Z. f., IIom., Aug., 1899.
Some years ago I was catled by a millowner to treat a young borse of three and a half years which, according to his statement, was very sick. I diagnosed inemmmation of the bowels. Since the owner of the animal was opposed to all homoeropathic treatment I used allomathic remedies, but without result. The ammal continned to lose strength, and I toh the owner on the fourth day that I had used all allopathic remedies possible, and I finally advised him to try homoropathic remedies. I ventured to propose this because $I$ knew that nothing further could be done with allopathic remedies and he had always fall confidence in me. He answered that he did not care what I did with the young horse, as it was gone anyhow.

So I gave it Aconite 3 , in alterration with Arsenicum 3, every quarter of an hour, 10 drops being put on a wafer, and from that hour the young horse improved. Next day I only give it two drops of Arsenic alb. every hour, later on every two hours; I galve it flow and bran mixed with water and green fodder and in two weeks the young horse had perfectly recovered, and half a year later it was sold for 250 dollars.

The second case I would mention was that of a bull. I was called in on account of a painful swelling, as large as fist, on the side of the neck. The swelling was hot and hard to the touch. I gave Hepar sulph. calc. 3, in trituration, directing them to give it to the bull three times a day, and stated that I expected the swelling would open in a feir days and clischarge matter. When I retamed on the fourth day the farmer told me that the day before, thus after three days' use of the powder, the swelling hard broken open of itself and discharged a quantity of matter. He expressed his surprise at the action of the remedy and told me in his good-natured, frank way that he told his wife after I went away, having merely prescribed an intermal remedy and only a
teaspoon fuil of this, that he thought the veterinury doctor who used to be so smart must have lost his senses, else he would lave ordered a liniment to rub in ; still he had given the powder, because he thought it could do mo harm; but now he had seen the wonderful action of Honcreprathy.

## A STEADY SERENE FAITE.

The best paper we have yet seen on the boiling sulject of faith cure, Christian science and the like, is by Dr. George J. Gonham, of Albany, N.Y., in the August 19 Uutlook, a weekly journal. Dr. Gorham, a graduate of a hommeopathic college, looks at the subject from the physiological point of riew, and shows how a fear or dread of any kind, will powerfully affect the digestive functions and thus either produce ilness or retirid the return to health. "Is it any wonder that when we eliminate fear and implant a steady, serene faith our bodies recover from many ills?" He cites three cases that had baffled the most slilled men in the profession, one of a woman paralyzed, hysterical paralysis, one of at girl who could not rise without fainting and the last that of a young man whose stomach rebeiled and everything was romited. The physician who cured these cases iirst. after a very carefnl examination, arrived at the conclusion tiat there was no funational troubles and then set to work and made the patients hare contidence that certain treatment would surely cure--they were not indicated-and in each case the result was complete recovery. Fiad these cases fallen into thie hands of a Christian Scientist who could have induced the patient to believe in recovery, induced the "steady serene faith," the result won'd have been the same. While a serene belief in recovery is a good state in all diseases, yet there are not many, like the above, in which it is the sole thing needed, yet when they do ocen they make a profound impression on all who know of the case and give the Claristian Scientist a standing tilit in reality they do not deserve. It will be well for physicians to veromize the facts as stated by Dr. Goriam and thus be able to intelligently refute the chams of these people, who. having hold of one important medical truth, reject all others.-Homoro. Recorder.

If any of our readers have any troublesome bronehial coughs that refuse to yiek to the selected remedies, remember that Nareissus, 1 to 3 x , is a grand remedy for sueh complaints. It has had a reputation for the relief of bronchial catarh ats far back as medical history goes. Togret the result the tineture of the young hads and flowers must he used. We recently heard of a bronchial enugh of over three werlis' standiug that was promptly relieved by this Narcissus. Hoamer. Recorter.
liemember to take the chidhen to seo "Cinderella" at the Acalemy of Masio ou 'luesday afternoon. February $\xlongequal{7}$ th, for the benetit of the Hospital. Tickets at


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