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# The Glencoe Transcript.

Helps Trade Generally  
Every advertiser helps not only his own business but draws trade for the town in general. Keep the magnet busy.

Volume 47--No. 29.

GLENCOE, ONTARIO, CANADA, THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1918.

Whole No. 2425

## FOR SALE

Desirable corner lot opposite government postoffice in Glencoe; has building containing store and dwelling, with choice vegetable and fruit garden. For further particulars apply to Miss Riggs, Glencoe.

## TEACHER WANTED

Professant teacher wanted with second-class certificate for S. S. No. 1, Mosa. Duties to commence Sept. 3rd. Apply, stating experience, to Charles Ferris, Secretary-treasurer, R. R. No. 1, Glencoe.

## Cream and Eggs Wanted

Get our proposition re cream: highest prices paid. Wagon always on the road. Phone us if you want us to call.

D. R. HAGERTY, Glencoe  
House, 302. Store, 89.

## FARM FOR SALE

The west part of lot 2 in the 7th concession of the township of Mosa, containing 70 acres, more or less. Has good frame house and barn, two good wells, orchard and other improvements. Situated about four miles from Glencoe, on good roads, and less than one mile from school and church. For terms and particulars apply to James Walker or Mrs. Janet McIntyre, Walkers, P. O.

## Cream Wanted

Having engaged with the Lambton Creamery Co. as their local manager for the purchase of Cream and Eggs, I hereby solicit a share of your patronage. Cream will be received, tested and paid for by me daily at the Glencoe Butter Factory. Will also have a man collecting on the route.  
Phone 73 ALEX. MCNEIL.

## WESTERN Business College

WINDSOR, ONTARIO  
A High Grade School. Write for Catalogue. Hundreds of students placed annually in DETROIT and WINDSOR. L. S. McAllum, Prin. 2, G. Box 56 Accountants

A. B. McDONALD  
Agent for Fire, Life, Accident, Automobile and Animal Insurance. A share of your business solicited. Office at residence, Main street, Glencoe. Phone 74.

JAMES FOOLE  
Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance Agent, representing the greatest fire insurance companies of the world, and the leading mutual fire insurance companies of Ontario. Office at residence, first door south of the Presbyterian Church, Glencoe.

## GEORGE BLACKLOCK

Painter and Paper-hanger

## GLENCOE - ONTARIO FACTORY BUILDING FOR SALE

The two-storey concrete-block building on McRae street, Glencoe, formerly used as a canning factory, is offered for sale.

Building equipped with engine and boiler, weigh scales, shafting, etc. Very reasonable price to a good, live industry.

For full particulars, apply to E. T. HUSTON, Secretary Industrial Association, Glencoe.

The Pure Bred Imported Clydesdale Stallion

## Branton Surprise

[10349] (15096)  
Registered and Approved

Will be for service at his own stable, lot 15, range 2 south of Longwoods Road, Ekfrid, during the season of 1918. Terms, \$12 to insure.

ALEX. F. McTAVISH & SON.

## CHANTRY FARM

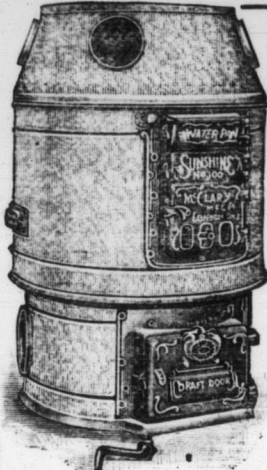
Lincoln Sheep and Shorthorn Cattle

ED. DE GEX, Kerwood, Ont.

## M. A. McALPINE LICENSED AUCTIONEER

Is prepared to conduct all kinds of sales, large or small. Terms reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. Write or phone him at Campbellton.

J. B. COUCH & SON  
Furniture Dealers  
Funeral Directors  
MAIN STREET - GLENCOE  
Phone day 23, night 109



## Utilizing all the Heat

Any furnace will burn fuel, extract the heat from it. But only a properly built and installed furnace will utilize all the heat to warm your home.

McClary's Sunshine Furnace installed the McClary way is guaranteed to warm your home—every room in it.

For Sale by JAS. M. ANDERSON

## McClary's Sunshine Furnace

London Toronto Montreal Winnipeg Vancouver  
St. John, N.B. Calgary Hamilton Edmonton Saskatoon



## The Spirit of Thrift will help win the war

Model 90 coincides with the vital necessity for efficient, economical, personal transportation.

It is a quality car selling at a popular price and backed by a real Canadian institution, prepared to take care of all service and parts requirements now and later.

Wm. McCallum  
Dealer - Glencoe

Willys-Overland, Limited  
Willys-Knight and Overland Motor Cars and Light Commercial Wagons  
Head Office and Works, West Toronto, Ontario

## Keith's Cash Store

Dealer in Dry Goods, Millinery and Groceries

P. D. KEITH

## Garage Special

A Preston Garage, 10 x 18, with metal roof, hardware, glass and painted, erected on your place—\$115.00.

or we will furnish material for garage 10 x 18, felt roofing, doors made up, rafters and studding cut, window frame and sash, everything ready to put together, including glass, nails and hardware—\$75.00.

McPHERSON & CLARKE  
Lumber Yard and Planing Mill Glencoe, Ont.

## DISTRICT AND GENERAL

Montreal bachelors will be taxed \$10 a head after August 1. The stores at Middlemiss will close Wednesdays at 1 p. m. during July and August.

Smallpox is spreading in Davin township, and twelve cases are now under quarantine.

There was a net gain of 11,772 in the Canadian Expeditionary Forces during June.

Cornelius Degraw, a life-long resident of Caradoc township, died recently in his 70th year.

All the wheat mills in the Dominion are to be closed for the greater part of August and possibly till the new crop comes in.

A "temperance" gathering at Hamilton put grape juice and root beer under the ban. The gathering was suffering from the epidemic—temperance mania.

W. H. Parnall, who for the past seven years has conducted a general mercantile business at Staples, is moving his stock to Newbury, where he will engage in business.

School boys from all the public schools in Toronto are to be instructed to salute all returned, wounded and crippled soldiers when meeting them in public places.

The Ford Motor Company of Canada, employing more than 1,000 men, has shut down for an indefinite period. It is believed that labor troubles are the cause of the shut-down.

The tobacco acreage in Essex and Kent is roughly estimated at from 6,000 to 8,000 acres this year, and notwithstanding the cool weather the plants are making splendid growth.

Blenheim school board has raised the fees of non-resident pupils of the continuation school from \$1 to \$2.50 per month and pupils at the public school from \$1 to \$1.50 per month.

While using gasoline to do some cleaning at her residence in Blenheim, Mrs. McCallum, wife of Thomas McCallum, drayman, was so severely burned that death ensued after six hours of intense suffering.

Victor Lauriston, of Chatham has sold his first serial in a New York magazine. The serial rights of "The Lives of Destiny," a mystery story, have been sold to the well-known publishing house of Street & Smith.

As an example to the nation, President Wilson has purchased a flock of sixteen Shropshire sheep and put them to make wool and mutton on the lawn behind the White House, known as the President's Park.

About 5,000 baskets of tomatoes were shipped from Leamington last week, valued at \$10,000. The vines are reported to never have looked better, and the crop of tomatoes for the coming factories promises to be exceptionally large.

Point Pelee, the most southerly portion of Canadian territory, jutting out from the lake shore of Essex county, Ontario, into Lake Erie for a distance of about nine miles, has at last been created a National Park by the Dominion Government, to whom the land belonged.

A white calf with a red cross on its side was born in the herd of H. Richard and Garin at Carleton Place, recently. The owner immediately turned it over to the Red Cross Society, and the freak calf is now coming money for the organization. Fifty dollars were raised in one day by having the calf on exhibition in a tent.

Frank Maginnis of Aughrim was badly bitten by a vicious stallion. He was leading the animal home while driving with Horton Draper. It suddenly jumped across the front of the buggy, pinning both men in the seats. It started to bite wildly at the men's faces and then turned on Maginnis, lacerating his arm from the shoulder to the wrist badly. Draper in the meantime made his escape and was unhurt.

It's an ill wind that blows no person any good. As a result of the recent registration of the man and womanhood of the country, a Strathroy man and his son, who had not been heard from for many years, were accidentally united. The boy, out west, wrote to a Strathroy party for a certificate of his birth. Inquiry was made, and it was found that his father was still living there. To his delight, the father was given the address of his son, who was lost track of many years ago.

The last chapter in the checked career of the York Loan and Savings Company, which went into liquidation in December, 1915, will probably be written this week when the courts will be asked to ratify the report of the referee in settlement of the accounts. At the time of the failure, there were assets of \$2,471,050, of which \$690,470 has been dispersed in expenses and \$1,660,737 paid out to shareholders and depositors, the more fortunate of whom received about 50 per cent. of their claims. The sum of \$33,691 remains in unclaimed dividend checks, and this will be placed in the Bank of Commerce to await claimants.

## Going After Hydro

A general meeting of the Industrial Association was held in the council chamber on Friday evening at which the necessity of securing hydro-electric power for Glencoe was discussed.

Members of the municipal council were present and it was agreed that a deputation from both the association and the council should await upon the hydro-electric commission and lay the matter fully before them.

Dr. McLaughlin and Fred Aldred were appointed the delegation from the association, and it is understood that the council will also appoint a delegation to meet the commission jointly at an early date.

It was the unanimous opinion of the meeting that in order to retain our present industries and be prepared to offer inducements that would appeal to new enterprises it was absolutely necessary that Glencoe should connect up with hydro power.

The object of the deputation will be to secure as early a date as possible full estimates of the cost of the power and have a by-law submitted to the people so that the work of installing hydro may be gone on with at the first opportunity that might present itself to the commission.

The association elected Dr. McLaughlin president and J. N. Currie vice-president to fill vacancies created by removal of Mr. Neve and death of Mr. Campbell.

Appointments were also made to fill vacancies on the executive committee. The executive now comprises the following:—Dr. McLaughlin, president; J. N. Currie, vice-president; A. E. Sutherland, secretary-treasurer; E. T. Huston, corresponding secretary; A. B. McDonald, W. D. Moss, John Baxter, James Paolice, Dr. Mumford, Fred, Alfred, Charles Davidson and Charles George.

Matters pertaining to the general welfare of the village were discussed and several suggestions will be acted upon.

## The Late Mrs. Sutherland

Margaret Robb, widow of the late William Sutherland, passed away at her home in Glencoe on Wednesday morning, July 10th, in her 92nd year. Mrs. Sutherland was born in London, Ont., and was the eldest daughter of William and Hannah Zavitz Robb, who were among the early settlers of that district. Mr. Robb being the owner of one of the first grist mills in London township.

Mr. and Mrs. Sutherland were married in the year 1850. Mr. Sutherland being then engaged in the publication of the Canadian Free Press. In 1852 they left London and settled on lot 19, concession 1, township of Ekfrid, near Glencoe, where they resided until after the death of Mr. Sutherland in 1907. A few years later Mrs. Sutherland and her daughter Christina left the farm to make their home in Glencoe.

Members of the family now living are William R. and Mrs. Christina, Glencoe; Mrs. Lorenzo Frederick, Tees, Alberta; Arthur E., publisher of the Glencoe Transcript; Robb, engaged in newspaper work in Calgary, Alberta, and Charles, Ekfrid township.

The Robb family consisted of two sons and eight daughters, of whom only two now survive—Mrs. Robertson of Hamilton and Mrs. Robert Drummond of Perth.

The funeral service was conducted at the residence on Main street Friday afternoon by Rev. G. S. Lloyd, minister of the Presbyterian church, assisted by Rev. R. Fulton Irwin, pastor of the Methodist church, and interment was made at Oakland cemetery.

The pallbearers were Charles Young, Frank Pole, Peter McArthur, Mac, McAlpine, Thomas Strachan and Malcolm McMillan, all members of old pioneer neighbors' families.

## Your Views

The Transcript columns are open to its readers for the expression of views on all matters of public interest. The only conditions are that the communications must be as brief as possible, must be plainly written on one side of the paper only, must contain no attacks of a personal or libellous character and must have the signature and address of the writer. Where a non-de-plume is used, the writer must give his name to the editor as an evidence of good faith.

## DAUGHTERS OF THE EMPIRE

The Daughters of the Empire meet every Tuesday evening; every Thursday afternoon to prepare work. Anyone who has any empty 3-lb. tin biscuit boxes to spare is asked to leave them at Mrs. Currie's millinery parlors for the next shipment to the Glencoe boys at the front.

## HIGH SCHOOL ENTRANCE

The following is the list of candidates who were successful at the Junior High School Entrance examinations held at Glencoe, Wardsville and Melbourne in June, 1918:

**Glencoe**  
Burchiel, Russell A.  
Campbell, Marion E.  
Copoland, Marion (honors)  
Currie, Jessie (honors)  
Farrell, Lloyd (honors)  
Gillies, J. D.  
Henderson, Lillian  
Henry, Inez (honors)  
Hull, Jean (honors)  
Leitch, Dorothy C.  
Lotan, Lauretta  
McAlpine, Hazel  
McDonald, R. D. (honors)  
McEachran, Jean (honors)  
McIntyre, Lorena  
McKellar, William  
McRae, Anna Bell (honors)  
Maele, Ronald (honors)  
Mitchell, Sarah  
Munro, James  
Perry, Bert  
Sutherland, Frances (honors)  
Wattersworth, Thelma  
Webster, William

**Wardsville**  
Armstrong, Henry  
Brimson, Burdett  
Glennie, Dorcas  
Holman, Ray  
Linden, Earl  
McCrannon, Laura  
Seaton, Elsie  
Squire, Lydia  
Walker, Beatrice

**Melbourne**  
The names are given in order of merit, also the school section from which each came:

Caradoc: Emily S. Clarke, U. S. S. 16, Caradoc; Evelyn Cawthorpe, U. S. S. 2, Ekfrid; Wm. Waller Lewis, U. S. S. 16, Caradoc; Rena McCracken, S. S. 1, Caradoc; Dorothy Chambers, S. S. 13, Caradoc; Clifford Willoughby, U. S. S. 2, Ekfrid; Irene Schurn, U. S. S. 2, Ekfrid; Jean McRobert, S. S. 1, Caradoc; Ina Campbell, S. S. 1, Caradoc; Ed. M. Bateman, S. S. 2, Caradoc; Constance Howell, U. S. S. 16, Caradoc; Margaret Griswold, S. S. 1, Ekfrid; Lena McLellan, S. S. 1, Ekfrid.

**Glencoe Red Cross**  
Miss Pearl Parish drew the lucky number for the crocheted yoke donated by Mrs. Annett.

We acknowledge a cheque for \$25 from E. J. Carman, and \$11 from the crocheted yoke donated by Mrs. M. Annett.

**Teachers Engaged**  
Glencoe Public School board has engaged the following teachers for the term opening on September 3rd:

Samuel McMullen of Centre Hastings, Inspectorate, principal, Mrs. Troyer, Glencoe, 3rd room, Miss Edith Precious, Glencoe, 2nd room.

Mrs. Gilbert, Glencoe, 1st room. The principal, Mr. McMullen, not only holds a permanent second-class certificate but has a certificate in physical culture and a cadet instructor's certificate.

**A Bargain in Feed**  
We have a limited quantity of corn and oat chop, which we are able to offer at \$2.75 per cwt. This chop contains 50 lbs. each of corn and oats, ground in our own mills and guaranteed free from foul seed. If you want any of this kind of feed, leave your order at once, as this quality of chop cannot be duplicated at above price. ROY SIDALL.

**An Old-Time Picnic**  
On Wednesday, the 10th, the Sunday School of St. John's church held its annual picnic on the spacious grounds of W. D. Moss. Early in the afternoon the young people assembled at the church, where motors were provided by their well-wishers to take them for a drive. The weather, which had been cloudy all morning, took a welcome turn, and the appearance of Old Sol was all that was required to tempt those who had long since left Sunday School to join the picnic also. The shady grounds quickly became a scene of activity where games and races, organized by the rector, Rev. T. J. Charlton, were soon being enjoyed. Tables were laid on the centre lawn which simply groined beneath their weight of good things, to which, needless to say, all did full justice. Nor were the swings allowed to be idle, their lively motion attracting not only the young but children of a larger growth as well, one in particular was noticed who had passed the threescore years and ten availed himself of a youthful pastime. The picnic, which was said to be one of the old-time kind, was well attended and was unanimously declared to be a great success, and was brought to a close by a vote of thanks to all who helped and to the kind host and hostess, and by the singing of the National Anthem.

An automobile that won't turn turtle is another crying need.

## Dollars for Dimes

The Allied Relief Committee of New York City from time to time send out appeals for contributions for various purposes of war relief. This week they have sent a dime bank, asking me to secure dime contributions from the children of Glencoe. The money is for the relief of French refugee children who are now being driven into Paris. I will contribute one dollar for each of the children's dimes. The bank is at my office over Lumley's drug store.

F. J. CARMAN.

## County Settles Claim

Aylmer, July 15.—Miller & Backus, solicitors for Frank A. Smith, of Nova Scotia street, township of Malahide, have received a cheque from the treasurer of Middlesex in full settlement of their claim for damages to his auto by reason of a county highway in the township of Mosa being out of repair.

## Oil and Gas Field

The Toronto Globe: "Two important causes have contributed to the unprecedented activity in gas and oil development in southwestern Ontario at the present time. (1) The pressing demand for oil and fuel gas and consequent record high prices, and (2) the recent very important discoveries in the Trenton geological formation through wells drilled a little below 3,000 feet in depth. These wells have demonstrated that southwestern Ontario will produce increasingly large quantities of high grade oil and pure quality gas from now on. Already many drilling rigs are busy on this exploration work and contracts are under way in widely separated localities where the geological conditions are favorable.

In the township of West Dover, Kent county, the Union Natural Gas Co. have met with marked success in two valuable wells, finished last month, producing about 3,000,000 feet of gas under a rock pressure of 1,250 pounds and 400 barrels of oil per day. This same company and allied interests are showing great activity in this district and have already invested large amounts of money in leases and wells. The Dominion Natural Gas Company are also active in this section, and have recently let contracts for five deep wells on Long Point, 110 miles east of Dover, to test the Trenton formation there.

Near Stevenston, in Welland county, another successful well has recently been brought in, a distance of about 200 miles from the West Dover wells. This indicates the wide extent of the oil and gas producing territory to be developed.

About midway between these two points the Vacuum Oil & Gas Co. are contracting to deepen one of their wells near Aylmer to the Trenton formation. Close to this location the Richmond Gas Company have several good gas producers drilled in the Trenton formation to a depth of about 1,400 feet.

At Port Talbot, about 30 miles west of Aylmer, a new gas pool has recently been discovered at a depth of about 1,500 feet, the well producing 5,000,000 feet of pure gas per day with a rock pressure of 930 pounds.

In addition to the deep development outlined above, active work is being carried on near Thamesville, in Kent county, and near Glencoe, in Middlesex county, by companies, syndicates and private owners. The work has resulted in large production of oil from the coriferous formation at depths varying from 375 to 400 feet. While large quantities of high grade oil are being produced from shallow formation it cannot be expected to last for any great length of time at the initial flow, experience in Ontario having proved that wells in the shallow geological formation show a marked decline in production from year to year.

Oil and gas men generally expect important and permanent results from deep development into the Trenton formation from now on as the territory is very extensive and the profits from successful wells substantial.

## Let Us Know

The Transcript desires to give its readers the best possible service, but can do so only through co-operation on the part of the readers.

If you have a news or personal item let us know—write it out and mail it or drop it into The Transcript building, or telephone 15. Your name—as an evidence of good faith, not for publication—is all that is asked.

**Sexsmith's sale continues for a day or two more. Rare bargains in the smaller sizes of men's and women's shoes. Rubbers for all.**

As a vermifuge there is nothing so potent as Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator, and it can be given to the most delicate child without fear of injury to the constitution.



# Runaway Julietta

By Arthur Henry Gooden

**CHAPTER XIII.**  
**She Discovers Her True Kingdom**  
The Thorpe ranch was not as Julietta remembered it. The old frame house was gone, and in its place was a sandstone building, nestled around three sides of a patio, erected in a group of tall eucalypti that were ever green. And now, coming upon it, lanced through the trees by the soft moonlight, Julietta exclaimed in surprise:

"You said you'd built a new house, but why on earth didn't you tell me more?"

"You like it?" he queried, smiling. "Like it? It's a dream place! Wherever did you get the idea?"

"From a ranch I saw in Mexico." Julietta turned upon him amazedly. "You—in Mexico?"

"Why not?" He laughed. "Can't a ranchman see a little of the world? But here's Tom."

A Chinaman opened to them, and Clay led the somewhat dazed girl up the steps and into the house.

Celestina informed Clay that his aunt had gone to bed, so, ordering some lemonade and seed cake brought to them, the young rancher led Julietta to what he called his "office."

It was an office in reality, she saw with fresh surprise—a severe room lined with books, many of these being law books. In the centre of the room was a large flat-topped desk with a typewriter beside it.

"You're not—not a lawyer?" she asked. "Why didn't you tell me—?"

"No, I'm not; but I'm to be examined next month for the bar. Here, sit down." He placed her in a chair near the desk and, sitting down by the typewriter, slipped a sheet of paper into the machine and set to work.

Julietta watched in idle, strange contentment. She liked this place—Clay's home. Home! As though through a window of colored glass she mistily perceived things new to her, things that had never appeared previously to what was deepest within her.

The harsh, elbowing world of business—this was not woman's kingdom of the spirit. In the newer realm, or newer as Julietta saw it, there was a deeper "business," a higher and more ennobling field of action. She thought vaguely, shyly, of children, and thrilled even as she dismissed the thought.

The woman, she reflected, was the home-maker; the true sphere of a woman was strictly business, which was not saying at all that women by not strike pay dirt in the field of man's business—

"A penny for your thoughts!" Julietta glanced up to find Clay's merry dark eyes peering at her above the machine.

"Oh, just thinking! Why are you studying law, Clay?"

"Oh, just to know the law!" he mimicked her tone.

"Well, why?"

"I'm bit interested in good government."

She nodded gravely.

"I'm glad you didn't say 'politics.' I'd hate to have you a politician."

"Then—you care about what I do or am?"

His eyes were suddenly widened, tensed upon her, but she was on guard.

"Of course. Why not?"

The ticking recommenced. Julietta surveyed the littered desk. She noted the great inkwell formed of a steer's horn mounted in silver, the polished Mexican dagger, the documents, a file of blank deeds.

"Here's the description as I copied it from the records—the Wurrell ranch, my ranch."

His eyes met hers with sudden gravity.

"You're going to sue Wurrell—make him disgorge, then?"

"No and yes," returned Julietta thoughtfully. "I don't want the place myself. But it's my ranch—mine. Well, I'm going to deed it to Maggie Wurrell—and Maggie's baby."

Clay's mouth tightened for a moment. He was still thinking of the Wurrells.

"You'd better make them give up some of the accumulated profits for the baby also," he said. "They'll try to fight, and you'll have to smash 'em."

"No!" She held up a protesting hand. "Jim Wurrell is good at bottom,—he'd be a lot different if it weren't for Auntie. She's good too, but she's crushed her spirit with selfishness, hardness, jealousy, and petty spite, and she's poisoning herself with spiteful intolerance. She just got started wrong, and it's grown and grown until the real woman is all covered up."

She leaned forward earnestly and unburdened herself. "I've been thinking a lot about it since coming back. If a woman like Auntie Wurrell gets her thoughts started wrong, they just run downhill with her all the time. If I can force her back into her real self, if we can break the crust and bring the real Auntie out from beneath—well, I think it will make things a lot different. So make out the deed, Clay."

He turned silently to the typewriter and obeyed.

With a soft patter of feet the Chinaman entered the room, bearing refreshments which he placed on the desk. While Clay worked on the deed, by slow degrees they ate and drank; then, the deed made out, he handed it to her. She surveyed it with a satisfied air.

"I'll have it recorded to-morrow," she said with cool finality.

They drove home slowly, and for the most part silently. At the darkened Wurrell ranch he helped her out to the veranda step.

"Good night," she said, extending her hand. "And thank you so much."

—vainly she tried to adopt the old business tone—"for taking me into partnership on this water-right affair."

His hand tightened upon hers. She was never very sure how it happened, for neither of them said a word more, but somehow his face had come to hers, and—

She stood inside the door, alone, breathless, trembling, her lips afire. She touched them curiously—Had she kissed him, then?—She reached out a steady hand to the table, thankful for the darkness that cloaked her in friendly secrecy.

**CHAPTER XIV.**  
**She Comes to a Hard Reckoning and Faces it Squarely**

At the breakfast table the next morning Mrs. Wurrell eyed her niece furtively.

At last speech broke through her suspicious bulwarks.

"Andy Burt didn't like your running off with young Thorpe last night, Lizzie, after he took the trouble to drive out from town to see you."

"I'm sorry," murmured the girl.

"He talks a lot after you went off. From what he said, I guess Andy is kinder took with you. He ain't so young, but he ain't so old neither; a girl could do a sight worse."

Julietta studied her coffee cup.

"Did he commission you to speak on his behalf, Auntie?"

"Well, Andy did talk kinder free," admitted the other. "He's just like a boy about not being able to keep his feelings to himself. He says he's always been 'one of them' as laughs when folks talk about love at first sight; but he won't never laugh at it no more, because you're the girl he's been waiting for all these years."



## COOKING WITH OILS.

At no time of the year is the use of green vegetables in the diet of more importance than in the spring and early summer. When combined in a salad with a good vegetable oil, we have a tonic which is both appetizing and refreshing.

The body must have a liberal supply of mineral salts in order to maintain itself properly. Lettuce, spinach, cabbage, water cress, asparagus, celery, radishes, string beans and carrots contain a high percentage of minerals and should be freely used.

The vegetable oils, the most important of which are olive, peanut and corn oil, contain just as much fuel value as high-priced butter or combined with vegetables in a salad they furnish us with enough food without the additional use of butter.

Vegetable oils are pure, healthful and economical for all cooking purposes. While the cost is not noticeably much less than butter, the same amount will go nearly twice as far.

**French Dressing for Green Salads.**— $\frac{1}{2}$  teaspoonful salt, 2 tablespoonfuls vinegar, dash red pepper, 6 tablespoonfuls vegetable oil. Mix the seasoning and stir into the oil. Add the vinegar and beat vigorously until the mixture thickens. Serve on fresh vegetables at the time of serving at the table.

**Combination Salad.**—Crisp lettuce, sliced cucumber, cooked string beans or cooked asparagus, celery, sliced radishes, French dressing. Wash the lettuce thoroughly in several waters; let stand until crisp then dry between towel and put in a cold place until ready to use. A little muslin bag may be kept for the purpose of keeping clean salad greens ready for use.

At serving time arrange the lettuce on a large plate or in a salad bowl. Put the sliced cucumber together in one place, the sliced radishes in another, the celery cut into one-inch pieces in another plate, and the other vegetables each in separate piles. Just before serving mix in the French dressing in a big bowl.

**Chocolate Cake.**—5 tablespoonfuls oil, 1 cupful corn syrup, 2 squares chocolate, 1 cupful mashed potatoes, 2 eggs,  $\frac{1}{4}$  cupful milk or water,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  cupfuls barley flour, 2 teaspoonfuls baking powder, 1 teaspoonful cinnamon, 1 teaspoonful cloves,  $\frac{1}{2}$  teaspoonful nutmeg. Add the oil to the mashed potatoes, then the corn syrup and melted chocolate. Beat the eggs separately and add the beaten yolks to the mixture then part of the flour then part of the milk, the remainder of the flour sifted with the spices and the remainder of the milk. Fold in quickly the stiffly beaten egg whites and the baking powder; turn into a well-greased pan and bake in a moderate oven about forty to forty-five minutes.

**Oatmeal Quick Bread or Muffins.**—2 cupfuls rolled oats, 1 egg, 1 tablespoonful cooking oil, 4 teaspoonfuls baking powder,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  cupfuls milk, 2 tablespoonfuls syrup, 1 cupful wheat flour,  $\frac{1}{2}$  teaspoonful salt. Pour the hot milk over the oats and let stand until cold. Add the well-beaten egg, syrup and the oil. Then add the dry materials sifted together. Beat hard, pour into well-greased muffin pans and bake about one-half hour in a moderate oven.

**I Find Time to Read.**

I hear busy women say, "I never can find any time for reading."

The circumstances are rare in which any woman is obliged to work all of the time. Most of us have our hours for rest and relaxation, for calls or shopping and there can always be found some time for reading if the desire is sufficiently strong.

**The Earliest Englishman.**

It is impossible to estimate in centuries the time that has elapsed since man appeared in England, but there is abundant evidence showing that he dwelt there at a time when the river valleys had not been cut down to any thing like their present depth, when the character of the animal life was entirely different from what it is today, and when the southern part of the island was connected by land with the continent of Europe. Some idea of the time that has elapsed may be gathered from the fact that valleys some miles in width and of a depth of from 100 to 150 feet have eroded since the deposit of the earliest beds containing remains of flint implements made by the hand of man.

**Men Needed for Harvest.**

According to the latest estimates of the authorities in charge of the production campaign in the various provinces in Canada, able-bodied men will be needed for the harvest as follows: British Columbia, from 2,000 to 3,000; Alberta, from 3,000 to 7,000; Saskatchewan, 20,000; Manitoba, 10,000; Ontario, 12,000; Quebec, 12,000; New Brunswick, 2,000; Nova Scotia, no outsiders needed; Prince Edward Island, no outsiders needed. These men will have to come from towns and cities of their respective provinces in most cases. Now is the time to plan, prepare and organize.

A woman told me she had no time to read but I observed that she found time to do yards and yards of crochet work. The result was a beautiful piece of handiwork of which she was proud to say that she had done it all in the odd moments of one month. Does this not indicate that she would rather crochet than read in her odd minutes?

I myself would rather read and I think every woman should have the reading habit to some extent. It makes her a better companion for herself and her family.

In the morning after breakfast I run through the daily paper. There I learn that some of my friends and acquaintances have left town or have returned. Next I read the headlines of the world's happenings and sometimes take in the whole of an editorial. This probably consumes fifteen minutes. Then I go to my work in the house and garden.

Often in the middle of the forenoon I drop down for a little rest in the rocking chair or on the lounge and then I read in full the most important news in the paper that I had only glanced at earlier. In this way I keep pace with the world news.

In the afternoon, as late as three or four o'clock on my busiest days, I come to the end of my work except sewing which like the poor we always have with us; but at this time I take up a magazine for long enough at least to read one article or one bright, cheerful story. If I have started a book, I take time for a chapter or two or three unless a neighbor comes in or I go out somewhere. In the evening I rarely miss an hour's reading, often enjoying two or three before bedtime.

This question of reading is after all much more a matter of ideals and standards than a question of finding time.—E.F.

**To Be Or Not To Be—Efficient.**

She who spends two hours in washing dishes, that with ordinary efficiency could be done in half an hour, is working an hour and a half overtime when she might be improving her opportunities or doing something she would better like to do.

The woman who puts around all day until dark, doing a washing that could have been finished in the forenoon if she had only known how, is inefficient and wears herself out in strain of body and mind.

When I tell you that a good breakfast for six people can be prepared and put on the table in twenty-five minutes, the average woman will not believe me. To do this you must have everything where you can put your hands upon it without extra moves.

It is easier to peel the potatoes and get the vegetables and dessert ready while doing the morning work than to prepare them at the last possible minute and rush through the cooking.

I knew a woman who insisted on having her washing on the line on Monday, rain or shine, and on having her ironing done at the latest by Wednesday noon. If it was not done at that time everyone in the house was made most uncomfortable. She thought she was efficient and methodical but she was not. She tired herself body and soul. She was unfit to do the things that made life really worth the living.

Efficiency means nothing more nor less than doing what we must do or want to do in the way that brings best results to our everyday lives and makes us glad we can do things and glad to live.

**The Charge.**  
Lance pennants, fluttering,  
Kettle drums crashing,  
Rifle shots sputtering,  
Burnished points flashing;  
Trumpets call blaringly  
"Squadrons—advance!"  
Gallop on daringly,  
Hussars of France!

Armored hoofs clattering,  
Battled flags flying;  
On, through lead spattering!  
On, through men dying!  
Cannon loom basily—  
Crimson each lance;  
Troopers reel hazily—  
Hussars of France!

Steads canter aimlessly,  
Wounded are calling;  
Soldiers weep shamelessly—  
Comrades are falling—  
Charging victoriously,  
Striving with Chance,  
Perishing gloriously—  
Hussars of France!

**Before and After.**  
Conversation of an engaged couple:  
"Why are the stars so dim?" she murmured.

"Because your eyes are so bright," he whispered.

Conversation of same couple married:  
"I wonder how many telegraph poles it would take to reach from here to the stars?" she mused.

"One, if it were long enough. Why don't you talk sense?"



**THE SEAL THAT SAVES**  
Your fruits, jams and jellies will come from the jar, months hence, with every bit of their "canning-day" freshness and flavor, if you "Parowax" each container.

Parowax completely seals against air—and airtight jars are immune to mold and fermentation.

Melt the Parowax and pour a thin coat over the jelly glasses. After putting on cover, dip fruit jars in Parowax to seal airtight. You have sealed in goodness and barred out "spoil."

Easy to use and costs but little. In 1 lb. and  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. cartons, at your grocers or druggists.

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# Cream Wanted

**SWEET OR CHURNING CREAM**  
We supply cans, pay express charges and remit daily.  
Our price now is forty-six cents  
Mutual Dairy and Creamery Co.  
743-5 King St. West Toronto

The suckers that spring up from raspberry and blackberry bushes in the patches should be treated as weeds, otherwise rows will become too wide and too thick. The suckers can be transplanted if new beds are wanted.

A Scottish soldier, very badly wounded, requested an Army Chaplain to write a letter for him to his wife. The chaplain anxious to oblige, started off with—"My dear wife," "Na, na," said the Scotsman; "dinna pit that doon Ma wife canna see a joke."

Up to the present 6,000 of the 20,000 shipyard workers promised from the arms, have been returned.

The wages of able seamen are now £12 a month and food, as against £5 before the opening of the war.

A large number of boxes of butter, margarine and other provisions, have been washed ashore between Scarborough and Speeton.

Peaches have been selling at three shillings and sixpence each at Manchester.

F. Hartles, a veteran of the Indian Mutiny, died recently at Birmingham, aged eighty years.

Major Parsons, only son of Sir Charles Parsons, of Newcastle, has been killed in France.

Lawrence Harrison, of Stoke Lodge, was fined £1 for mowing his lawn with a petrol-driven machine.

The death took place recently from pneumonia of Guy Elliott, manager of the British Medical Journal.

Fred Kempster, the giant, who died at Blackburn while on exhibition, required a coffin nine feet long.

The Nizam of Hyderabad has offered £100,000 for the war in response to Lloyd George's appeal.

The Queen has sent a gift of primroses to the little patients of the Paddington Green (Children's) Hospital. British civilian prisoners in Holland may not receive more than £25 each a month, and by money orders only.

The death occurred suddenly of Dr. Leonard Diplock, for over thirty years a member of the local authority, Chiswick.

Major-General H. G. Ruggles Brier has been appointed Military Secretary in the place of Sir W. E. Peyton, promoted.

A class in spreading has been opened at Hermonsey for sailors and soldiers rendered deaf and dumb for further service.

Enough literature to fill six hundred bags a week is being handed in by the public for free transmission to soldiers and sailors.

The death has taken place at Newcastle of Sir William Stephenson, a prominent coal owner, and who was six times Mayor of Newcastle.

A carriage contractor named Stallwood was fined £10 for supplying fourteen leaves to German prisoners employed at Lankey railway station.

A vessel was launched and the keel plate of another laid on the same berth in a few minutes at the Hepburn shipyard, leaving all previous records.

**ODDITIES OF THE NAVY.**  
Ships That Never Sail and a Parish of The Seven Seas.

# NEWS FROM ENGLAND

**NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE**

**Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.**

Forty million Bibles have been sent out by the British and Foreign Bible Society since the beginning of the war.

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**ODDITIES OF THE NAVY.**  
Ships That Never Sail and a Parish of The Seven Seas.

That a battleship is a sort of floating fort, inasmuch as it is fortified, and a sort of island, inasmuch as it is surrounded by water and inhabited, may easily be allowed. But that the converse should be true seems to be unlikely. Yet there are three islands which appear on Admiralty records as ships.

The first of these is a bit of water-surrounded land known to every British tar the wide world over, Whale Island, Portsmouth, where gunnery is taught. But the Admiralty does not call it Whale Island. It calls it H.M.S. Excellent.

Do you know where H.M.S. Ascension is located at the present moment? It is a mere speck of an island about three hundred leagues N.W. of St. Helena in the Atlantic.

**WILLIAMS**  
New Scale PIANOS

THE outward beauty that distinguishes a Williams New Scale Piano is an index of its intrinsic worth. Ideals are built into every one of these famous instruments—ideals of craftsmanship that make for the most enduring quality.

Burginlow Model, \$480.00  
THE WILLIAMS PIANO CO., LIMITED, OSHAWA, ONT.  
Canada's Oldest and Largest Piano Makers

**Parowax**

Your fruits, jams and jellies will come from the jar, months hence, with every bit of their "canning-day" freshness and flavor, if you "Parowax" each container.

Parowax completely seals against air—and airtight jars are immune to mold and fermentation.

Melt the Parowax and pour a thin coat over the jelly glasses. After putting on cover, dip fruit jars in Parowax to seal airtight. You have sealed in goodness and barred out "spoil."

Easy to use and costs but little. In 1 lb. and  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. cartons, at your grocers or druggists.

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**Parowax**



# Soils and Crops

By Agronomist.

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

## HANDLING FARM MANURE IN RUSH SEASONS.

Almost everyone who has made a study of the matter would agree that the only way to conserve all of the fertilizing elements in farm manure is to place it on the land as soon as it is available. There are some conditions, however, which preclude such disposition of the manure supply and it becomes necessary therefore, to so arrange the materials and appliances at hand that the greatest amount of fertilizing constituents in the manure shall be saved and made available for future use. At the same time it is agreed manure should be put on the land as soon as made, it is just as well agreed that it should not be placed upon hilly or rolling land, but a short while before that land is to be plowed or worked up. Freshets and showers when falling upon manure so placed on rolling or hilly land carry away a very large amount of the fertilizing ingredients and for this reason it is not wise to make such a risk.

The other condition which makes it impossible to spread manure as soon as it is made is in the rush season. If there was some way of getting at the exact amount of loss that takes place while the manure is being stored under ordinary conditions for three or four weeks until the work lightens sufficiently to put it on the soil, we probably would find that there is no reason too rushing nor too work that pays better than putting the manure directly onto the soil as soon as it is made. However, since we have been accustomed to think this job can not be done during these rush seasons, it becomes necessary to provide some suitable storage place for the manure.

Taking all the farm manures, by and large, it comes about as close to the truth as we can get to say that sixty per cent. of all the fertilizing elements lie in the liquid part of the manure, while forty per cent. lie in the solid part. If we wish to put it in another way, we might say that eighty-five per cent. of the available fertilizing elements are in the liquid manure while fifteen per cent. are in the solid portion. In other words, the liquid portion is much more valuable than the solid, and where manure is placed out in piles under the eaves of the barn or wheeled out to the side of the hill with the expectation that the rain will wash out portions of it that are too heavy to haul to the field, it will readily be seen that any manure supply so handled might as well be dumped into the river in its entirety since the solid portions of the manure that remain are very inert and it takes a long time before they are decomposed sufficiently to be used by the growing plants.

There are some facts concerning manure that should be kept in mind whenever any system for its handling is mapped out. One of the first is that the liquid portion of the manure is much more valuable than the solid; the next one is that, under normal conditions the nitrogen of the manure is the most valuable part of it. When the small boy goes out to the barn to clean out the stable that he neglected the morning before, he usually gets an eye full of foul smelling gas. This gas is nothing other than ammonia, a combination of nitrogen and hydrogen, and for this reason every bit of ammonia gas should be saved since it contains the nitrogen which is so costly when bought as a fertilizer. The commercial ammonia, so-called, which is bought on the market for use on wash day is nothing more nor less than ammonia gas dissolved in water. Ammonia gas dissolves very readily in water and is somewhat heavier than air and when ammonia is dissolved in

## Over 7,200 Customers

Are being supplied with Light and Power by the Southern Canada Power Co., Limited, in over 46 Municipalities in the Province of Quebec, and the number is growing daily.

In order to supply the increasing demand for Power, and also to enable more manufacturers to locate in this territory, the Company has commenced the development of one of its large water powers on the St. Francis River, at Drummondville. This plant will have an ultimate capacity of 17,000 H.P. to 20,000 H.P.

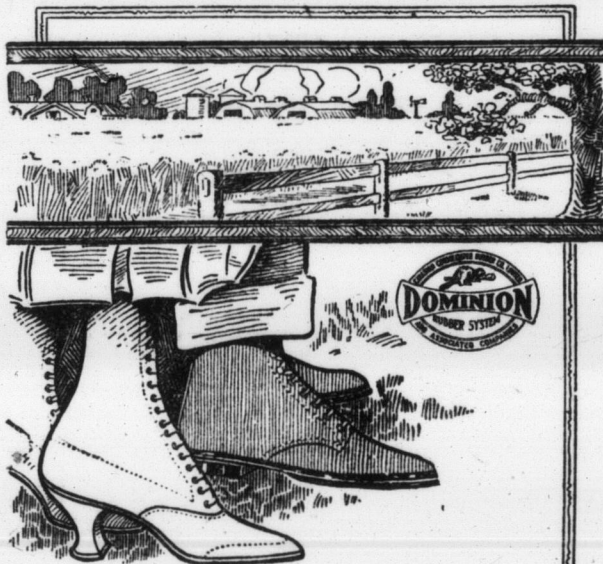
The development of water-powers is a patriotic duty as well as a commercial advantage, as it saves the importation of coal.

We recommend the 8% Bonds of the Southern Canada Power Company, Limited, which we are offering with a bonus of common stock, thus giving investors an opportunity of participating in the future success of the Company.

Send for circular and map showing territory served.

BONDS MAY BE PURCHASED FROM US ON MONTHLY PAYMENT PLAN

**NESBITT, THOMSON & COMPANY**  
Investment Bankers Limited  
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222 St. James Street Montreal



## FLEET FOOT

comes as a welcome comfort as well as a summer economy to the farmer, his wife, his son and daughter.

FLEET FOOT SHOES will make farm work easier because they are light and springy, and so staunch that they stand up to any farm work.

Their sturdy wear and low price make them the most economical shoes you can put on this summer, for you can have two or three pairs of FLEET FOOT for the price of one pair of leather shoes.

None genuine without the name FLEET FOOT stamped on the sole. Look for it.

The best Shoe Stores sell FLEET FOOT

## Poultry

Sweep down the cobwebs and clean up the house generally, for July is a hot month, and heat and filth make a strong combination favorable to disease and vermin. The work should be done thoroughly, and the premises sprayed with a good disinfectant.

If summer hatching is not done, the male birds should be removed from the flock and placed in separate quarters until after moulting. Males that are not to be kept for next season had best be marketed now to save the feed and to prevent fertile eggs, for infertile eggs are better keepers during hot weather.

As soon as the cockerels start to crow they should be separated from the pullets and fed all they will eat up clean. Those that are not to be kept over for breeding should be sold to make room for the others. All surplus stock should be gotten rid of, for there is no profit in feeding birds that are not needed.

July is an excellent month for the sale of roasting fowls and spring chickens. It is the best season to sell spring chickens. The drinking vessels should be put in the coolest possible place, and the houses should be well ventilated at night.

The greatest cost in growing chicks is for the first two pounds weight; after that each additional pound will average about half the cost of the first. This makes it more profitable to grow the youngsters up to roaster size than to sell them as broilers—at least it is so in very many sections where roasters are preferred.

A soft roaster should not weigh more than four pounds when dressed, and should be finely developed in four to six months. These are usually hatched in early spring and sold during the summer. Roasting fowls hatched in summer are classified as "large roasters" and must weigh from four to six pounds.

Two objections have been raised against summer hatches: First, there is too much danger from the deprivations of lice; second, the chicks are weakened and die from the effects of the hot sun. These objections apply when no care is given the youngsters, and would apply equally well in early spring when the days and nights are likely to become suddenly cold.

The secret of raising summer chicks is to keep them comfortable and contented, and to see that they do not lack anything that is for their good. Over-crowding must be avoided, and the houses well ventilated so the chicks keep cool at night. Fresh air is a great tonic; along with range and shade, green food and sound grain, it does wonders.

"Much of our lives is spent in warring over our own influence and turning others' belief in us into a widely concluding unbelief, which they call knowledge of the world, while it is really disappointment in you or me."—George Eliot.

## GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By Andrew F. Currier, M.D.

Dr. Currier will answer all signed letters pertaining to Health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not, it will be answered personally if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Currier will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnosis. Address Dr. Andrew F. Currier, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

### Movable or Floating Kidney.

Mrs. S. McE.—Please write an article on floating kidney, from which I have suffered three years. Was told it would return to its place if I got stouter and wore an abdominal belt. Have suffered severely, of late, particularly in connection with an attack of grippe. I desire to avoid an operation, if possible, as I have a weak heart and barely pulled through another kind of operation. Is there danger that floating kidney may lead to something serious like Bright's disease? Could the condition be due to strain or injury. Would exercise be beneficial? And what would happen if it got twisted?

Not so much is heard about this condition as was heard a few years ago, when it was a novelty. The kidney is embedded in a thick layer of fat which is a very yielding tissue and varies in quantity from time to time. If this envelope becomes thin and weak, or is subjected to strains, the kidney may become loose and mobile and the envelope stretched, so that it will wander more and more from its proper site.

It may move very little, or it may move as far down as the pelvis, but almost invariably remains extra-abdominal, away from the abdominal organs. This is called movable kidney, in distinction from floating kidney, which is within the abdominal cavity at birth and swings upon its pedicle of peritoneum like a polyp upon its stalk.

The latter is a rare condition and need not receive further consideration at this time. Movable kidney is much more common in women than in men, more often on the right side than on the left.

As it is produced and accentuated by strains and injuries, it often follows the severe efforts of childbirth, prolonged constipation, sudden and violent muscular effort, or injuries in the region of the loins.

It may be free from symptoms, many people being unaware that they have it until their attention is called to it in the course of a physical examination; or it may produce discom-

fort or pain severe in character or dull, aching and dragging and intensified by exertion.

If the kidney is very loose and movable, it may possibly be twisted on its axis, which would be a serious matter for its pedicle, containing the ureter, renal artery and renal vein, would be greatly compressed, great pain or colic would ensue, its blood circulation would be interrupted, the urine could not pass down to the bladder and the result might be a fatal one.

Fortunately this accident is not of common occurrence. In addition to pain, this condition is often associated with constipation, indigestion, dizziness, palpitation and more or less intense nervousness.

It is not a particularly difficult condition to determine, especially if one is accustomed to the interrogation of the organs of the body.

In the majority of cases the symptoms may be relieved by a well-fitting abdominal belt; but if this does not give relief, an operation may be required.

It used to be the fashion to operate upon every case that came along, but since it was shown by Treves, the distinguished English surgeon who has done more than anybody else to inform us in regard to displacements of the kidney, that operation was seldom necessary or desirable, the craze for operating has subsided.

Operations are sometimes very desirable, but one should know when, as well as how, to do them.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS  
Mrs. S. M.—Is there danger that a floating kidney will develop into anything serious? Was told by my doctor that if I gained weight and wore an abdominal supporter, the kidney would return to its place.

2—Would playing ball cause the kidney to be misplaced?  
Answer—1—You are evidently under good advice. Continue to wear your belt and do as your doctor tells you, and you will probably get good results.

2—The kidney might be detached by violent exercise while playing ball. I can see how that could be possible.

### In Paddock and Pasture.

This is a good time to rediscover the value of farm manure. Manure reinforced with acid phosphate is the most effective fertilizer known. More of it is needed.

The fertilizer shortage is real—not imaginary. Even at advanced prices, its use is warranted. Get the fertilizer if you can. If it is not to be had, keep up the fertility of the land by raising more stock and feeding more crops to animals.

An acre of alfalfa furnishes twice as much protein as a ton of bran, four times as much as a ton of corn meal, and nine times as much as an acre of timothy, and it can be grown successfully.

In twenty-four hours the sweat-glands of the horse eliminate waste material equal to that passed through the lungs. Never allow the sweat-glands to become clogged with dirt and sweat particles for lack of grooming.

Tackage, which is composed of the scraps and refuse from packing houses, has received a great deal of attention from hog feeders the last few years. Its composition makes a good source of protein for use with corn in feeding hogs.

Cows may have a pedigree a foot long and not have a sixteenth part of an inch in cream on their milk. It pays to find out about that before putting good, hard-earned money into a pure-bred cow. What we want is cream, not simply a big name. Cream pays the bills.

Often when a cow freshens the udder is milked dry, stimulating the flow of milk. Soon the udder gets sore, and milk fever may result. To prevent this trouble, take only a few quarts of milk the first time, and gradually increase the amount. In a few days it will be safe to milk her dry.

Rape seeded at the last cultivation of corn will furnish abundant nitrogenous feed for hogs when corn is "hogged" down. By suspending a tin can with a small hole in it, on each side of the cultivator, rape seed may be distributed in the corn-field without extra labor. From one to two pounds of seed to the acre is the usual rate.

Thousands of horses will suffer with tender or scalded shoulders this summer, and galls will develop later. To prevent the galls, get a can of talcum powder and dust the shoulders well before putting on the collar. Your druggist will sell you a pound for about fifty cents, which is very cheap. This will save many times its cost later.

Devices for mixing milk with butter to make the latter "go further" should be regarded with caution. Such a product soon becomes sour in warm weather and wastes the butter it contains.

To make a shabby-looking wicker chair look new again, dust well, and scrub well with soapy water. When the chair is quite dry again, apply stain with a fine brush.

## GOD'S BURDENS—AND OURS

"I can't understand!" Mrs. Holman cried, with her hollow eyes full of bewildered trouble. "Doesn't God promise to give us strength for our burdens? You said so yourself, Dr. Kerr! The last sermon I heard you preach before I was taken ill was upon 'As thy days, so shall thy strength be.' You said God couldn't fail. I was fighting to keep from breaking down under all the work I was doing, and it comforted me so! I went home feeling better than I had for a month. And then, three days later, everything came to an end! I don't mean to be irreverent, but I don't see how I can believe God's word. Certainly He has failed me now. It isn't of myself I'm thinking, but of the children; they need me so, and it makes things so terribly hard for Sharley."

Her voice broke abruptly. All her life she had been trying to keep her hands from Sharley.  
Dr. Kerr's eyes, grave and tender and understanding, met hers steadily. "I am here to repeat it, Mrs. Holman. I could not come to you if I came with any other message. I could not go into my pulpit another Sunday. The God whom I serve and whom I declare to my people never breaks His word. He has said that He will give strength for every duty and every burden that He sends—and He will!"  
"Then how—" Mrs. Holman faltered.

"Because He never promised strength for all the burdens that we pick up for ourselves along the way. Tell me what you have been doing this winter besides the necessary things for your family. Didn't I hear Sharley say something about a party given?"  
"But they can be girls only once—and a party given means so much to a girl!"

"Didn't Sharley have any?"  
"Why, of course, she had a couple of old ones; but a girl can't wear them forever."

"Which would Sharley rather have, a new party gown or—a mother? Did you give her a choice?"

There was no answer; Dr. Kerr had not expected one. He went on gravely: "And that entertainment you gave the Fortnightly last month. Everyone was speaking of it—of all the work you did. Would the Fortnightly have gone to pieces if you hadn't entertained it this winter?"

Again Mrs. Holman was silent. Her pastor's strong hand took hers in a comforting grasp.

"That's sermon enough for to-day I have just given you the text—God never fails. You can preach yourself the sermon. Only, I've one more suggestion: Suppose you talk the whole matter over with Sharley; take her into the hard and responsible places; nothing in the world will make such a woman of her. The child wants it. You are robbing her if you give her party dresses instead of her mother."

Once more Mrs. Holman was silent.

### Doctoring Your Plants.

Sometimes plants need a little doctoring just as human beings do. They have a tendency to catch diseases which cause them to wilt and die. Occasionally the outside evidence of disease is lacking and the plants die quickly; others, again, dry up and die by slow degrees. To the first class belong the tomato, cucumber and muskmelon and to the latter the potato and bean.

The wilt diseases are caused by bacteria which work inside the plant and clog it up so that it chokes. The only remedy is to pull up the wilted plants and burn them. Before pulling them up, however, you should be quite sure that the wilting is not caused by dry weather or by a worm in the stem of the plant near the ground.

The other diseases are called fungus diseases. They are really caused by tiny invisible plants which are parasites living upon the larger plants. They show up in the form of discolored spots or portions of leaves or stems which die and dry off. These diseases can only be prevented or controlled by spraying.

### Compost Heap.

In every war garden this year a place should be set apart in which unused green stuff from the house—weeds, leaves and so on—may be kept to be used, when thoroughly decomposed, as manure for the following season's crops. If a sprinkling of lime is added from time to time, it will sweeten the material. This provides the basis for excellent manure and some of it should be allowed to go to waste.

If the compost heap was made up early in the season or if part of an old one remains, it is an ideal place to grow squash or other creeping vegetables, provided that it is not situated in too shady a part of the garden. Every square inch of ground should be made to count.

### A Bigger Butter Ration.

With larger supplies of British-made butter the weekly ration of butter or margarine is to be increased from 4 oz. to 5 oz. per head. This has already begun in districts where sufficient stocks are at hand.

When roasting meat arrange to bake your potatoes, also pudding, and bread can be toasted a delicious brown in the oven.

## Horse Sense

Many people who use three-horse teams seldom give a thought to the

## WOOL

Farmers who ship their wool direct to us get better prices than farmers who sell to the general store.  
**ASK ANY FARMER!** who has sold his wool both ways, and note what he says—or, better still, write us for our prices; they will show you how much you lose by selling to the General Store.

We pay the highest prices of any firm in the country and are ready to pay in cash. Payment is required the same day wool is received. Ship us your wool today—you will be more than pleased if you do, and are assured of a square deal from us.

H. V. ANDREWS  
13 CHURCH ST., TORONTO

SMOKE TACKETTS  
**T&B PLUG**

strain on the middle horse. His position is the hardest in pulling, backing and turning, especially if he is a free worker, for many three-horse teams are improperly reined, so that poor control is exercised over the willing worker, and the drones are not made to work into their collars or against their breechings and do their share.

Another great strain on the middle horse, especially in summer, is the heat thrown off by the horses on either side of him. This is severe where heavy hauling is being done by free-sweating horses. Much of this injustice to the middle horse can be overcome. Teams should be so handled by their drivers that "turn and turn about" is the order of the day's work, and the middle horse to-day is the outside horse to-morrow. In this way each horse will have his turn, and the general efficiency of the team will be greatly increased, for too many horses get so used to working on one side of the pole that they are almost useless on the other.

Observant Child.  
Teacher—"What is water?"  
Willie—"A colorless fluid that turns black when you wash your hands."

Oxford is the greatest university in the world. It has twenty-one colleges and five halls.

Surprising rapidity



# FOLLOWING A VERY BUSY SEASON A Final Clean-up AT J. N. CURRIE & CO.'S

Cost price forgotten to make a quick clearing of broken lines. All good goods. All this season's goods. All good, desirable lines. It's simply following our pre-

wartime rule never to carry over goods where style changes depreciate values. We're commencing clearing early, when goods are yet wanted.

**Straw Sailors**  
Men's Hats, reg. \$2.50, for \$1.25.  
Men's Hats, reg. \$2.00, for \$1.00.  
Boys' Hats, reg. \$1.50, for 75c.  
Reg. \$1.00, for 50c. Reg. 75c, for 39c.

**A few Men's Summer Tweed Suits**  
Clearing at about \$4 to \$5 under value.

**Boys' Summer Tweed Suits**  
at about one-quarter off price, including newest belted and pin-back styles. \$2 and \$3 saved on each suit.

**Men's Felt Hats at exactly half price**  
English Fur Felt, reg. \$2.50, for \$1.25.

**Clearing Men's Linen Collars, 5c each**  
Some odd sizes and broken lines, but may be exactly what you want—at 5c instead of 20c.

**Final Clearing of Shoes at exactly half price**  
Sizes 2 1/2, 3, 3 1/2 and 4, in patent and vic' kid oxfords and pumps. All desirable styles and qualities. Only small sizes left after a very heavy season.

**Piles of Cool Underwear**  
From best manufacturers, in combination and separate garments, for men, women and children.

In many lines our present prices are lower than today's mill prices. Compare our values at 35c, 50c, 75c and 81 with anything offered. You will see the great saving, besides the advantage in quality and style.

**Shipment of Voile Waists**  
Very desirable styles, moderately priced—\$2.50 to \$5.00.

**Georgette Waists, \$4.50 to \$6.50**  
Neatly trimmed, smart styles, crisp quality. In white, maize, peach, flesh and sand shades.

**Kayser Silk Gloves, \$1.25**  
The well-known make, quality always dependable. All sizes and colors.

**Holeproof, Luxite and Adanac Silk and Lisle Hosiery**  
Where "quality" counts—50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

**Busy farmers appreciate our good phone order service. Phone 17 for accurate and prompt service.**

Store closed Wednesday afternoons during July and August

## J. N. CURRIE & CO.

### PUBLIC SCHOOL PROMOTIONS

**Newbury School**  
Jr. IV. to Sr. IV.—Fanny Connelly, Gertrude Burr, Olive Rogis, Theresa Miller.  
Sr. III. to Jr. IV.—Howard Edwards, Fern Moore, Bessie Morgan, Willie Connolly.  
Jr. III. to Sr. III.—Harry Armstrong, Irene Armstrong, Christina Miller, Edith Moore, Jimmie Moore, Edith Martin, Willie McKeown, George Newport.  
II. to III.—Alberta Armstrong, Wesley Connelly, Earl Gauthier, Emily Jones, Irene McReady, Marjorie Robinson, Harry Wallace.

In the above classes the names are in alphabetical order. Those whose names are marked with a star are promoted on trial.

Jr. I. to Sr. II.—Total 450, pass 270.—Ella Miller 355, John D. McCallum 311, Maggie Stocking 288, J. D. McNaughton 288, Hazel Armstrong 282, Isabel Armstrong 281, Duncan Armstrong 270, Breton Woods absent for exam.

Pl. II. to II.—Thomas Hammett, Frank Moore, Arley King, John Barr, Fred Jones, Leitia Guy, Janet Stalker, Rosabel Goy, John Little, Rowina Bayley.

Jr. Pl. II. to Sr. Pl. II.—Total 300, pass 180.—John Wallace 230, Gertrude McNaughton 191, Primer A to P. II.—In order of merit.—Percy Connelly, Jessie Bayley, May Leach, Herbie Armstrong, Glenn Stocking.

B to A.—Fergus Foley, Willie Campbell, Edith Durley, Lester Armstrong, Janet McCallum.  
C to B.—Roma Haggith, Lorna Miller, Edna Gauthier.  
D to C.—Richard Bobier, Olive Pickering.

**Section 1, Mosa**  
3rd to 4th.—Gladys George 470, Muriel Weekes 470, Lloyd Gould 434.

2nd to 3rd.—Isabelle Cameron 491, Harold Watterworth 376, Irene Gould 349, Campbell McEne 349.

1st to 2nd.—Murray Cameron 261, Millie Jackson, Teacher.

**Section 7, Mosa**  
Entrance.—J. D. Gillies, Elsie Seaton.

III. to IV.—Helen Gillies, Willie Muskett.

Jr. II. to Sr. III.—Harry Turner, Alton McVicar, Robert Seaton, Roy McBrayne, Willie Benson.

II. to III.—Jane Gates, Vera McBrayne, Marion Armstrong, Archie Gates, Marion Armstrong, Jr. II. to Sr. II.—Dan Armstrong.

I. to II.—Florence McLean, Marguerite McLean, Violet Gates, George Turner, Willie Scott.

Jr. I. to Sr. I.—Velma McNaughton, Irene McLarty, Bessie McVicar, Jean King, Etta Scott.

Primer to Jr. I.—Willie Turner, Edith Jones, L. J. Willie Turner, B to A.—Jessie McNaughton, C to B.—Clinton Armstrong, Tommie Turner.

**Section 4, Ekfrid**  
Entrance.—Jean Hull (honorary).  
B to three months' work on farm.—Bertha Hardy, Etta Switzer, Sadie Switzer, Hugh Beals.

III. to IV.—Annie Switzer 471, Mabel Hardy 388, Oscar Eaton 369, Estelle McDonald 368, Edith Switzer 368, Charlie Willey 491, David Willey 384, Alice Winger 346.

I. to II.—Mina Hardy 249, Gordon Campbell 216, John Barnum 216, Nixon Winger 213, Pearl Hull 205.

**Section 5, Ekfrid**  
First to Second Class.—Clarence Sutherland 271, Harold Squire 221, George McKellar 217.

Second to Third Class.—Martha Nixon 411, Ethel Sutherland 409, Alice Gardiner 383.

Third to Fourth Class.—Viola Squire 432, Mabel Smith 426, Roderick Stuart 407.

**Section 12, Mosa**  
III. to IV.—Sarah Mitchell, Wm. A. Quick.

II. to III.—Malcolm B. McLean, Winnifred McLean, Barbara McVicar, Jean McVicar, Sarah C. Purcell.

I. to II.—Maggie M. McLean, Carrie McLean, Annie McVicar, Nelsa McVicar, Misa B. Purcell, Margaret Little, Teacher.

**Section 3, Ekfrid**  
The following is the report of the results of the promotion examinations held in S. S. No. 3, Ekfrid.

Entrance.—Annie Maud Johnson, Martha Biscox.

III. to IV.—Maggie Sheires, Cassie Mae Willey, Mary Johnson.

II. to III.—Walden Lockwood, Gilbert Allan Stevenson, Eva Johnson.

Pl. II. to II.—Margaret Stevenson, Evan Corneille, Willie Campbell, John A. Johnson.

Primer to Pl. II.—Chester Lockwood, Billie Brown, Jean Johnson.

**Section 13, Ekfrid**  
Class III. to IV.—Olive Black, Ross McTaggart, Ala Tanner.

Class II. to III.—Marguerite Allan, Ian McArthur, May Huston, Ross McTaggart, Jean Tanner, Newton Macle, Peter Johnson, Viola Payne, Earl Edwards, Clifford Perry.

Class I. to II.—Lorne Thornicroft, Willie Tanner, James Nevin, Stewart Allan, Percy Jermyn, Harold Cushman, Stella Cushman, Harold Lorian, Cameron McTaggart, Hazel Perry, Norman Wreath, Barbara Sinclair, Howard McIntyre, Ivan Cushman, Jean Bain.

Names in order of merit.  
On the occasion of Miss Eva Brown severing her connection with the Longwood school, a large number of her pupils and friends met in the school house and presented her with a necklace to show their esteem and appreciation.

### MACHINES FOR MILKING

Farmers Will Find That They Are Very Profitable.

TO MEET LABOR SHORTAGE

How to Prevent Bees Swarming—Hints for the Gardener and Dairyman in June—Methods by Which to Destroy Troublesome Weeds.

(Contributed by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Toronto.)

THE statement that the milking machine has now become a practical proposition can now be made with considerable confidence. Practically all the standard makes of machines sold in this province, the cheaper ones as well as the more expensive, are giving good satisfaction in the hands of a great many dairymen. But all machines are somewhat complicated, and somewhat delicate of adjustment, so that to be successful the operator must exercise some mechanical ability, and strict care and attention to the needs of individual cows. Without these the milking machine has always proved a failure. It can hardly be said that the machine will get as much milk from the cows as good hand milking, but properly handled, it will give better results than the average hand milking, and there is no doubt of its being a great economiser of labor and time. The machine has its place on the farms of dairymen who milk more than ten cows, it being doubtful economy to invest so much money for a smaller herd. It may also be doubtful economy to install the machine in a herd of pure breeds where most official test work, involving milking three or more times per day, is being done.—A. Letich, B.S.A., Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

To Prevent Bees Swarming. June is the swarming month and time of supering for the main honey flow which begins between the 10th and 20th of the month, depending on the season and the latitude. Bees are found far enough to avoid any crowding which may cause the bees to become discouraged, quit work and swarm excessively. It should be the beekeeper's aim to prevent swarming as much as possible. This is done by keeping young queens, giving plenty of room and a systematic examination of brood-chambers to detect colonies which are preparing to swarm. When queen cells are found far enough they should all be destroyed and the queen herself removed. After the colony has been queenless one week the combs should again be examined and all cells containing queen cells should be removed. This one will provide them with a queen and if only one is left they will not swarm again. Where an improvement of stock is desired the new queen may be given instead of leaving one queen cell.

Natural swarms should be hived on the old stand after removing the parent colony to one side. The swarms should be given the supers from the old colony. New swarms work with great vigor because they have no brood to care for during the first week. Colonies held together without swarming gather more honey than those which swarm. It is the beekeeper's patriotic duty to reduce the cost of honey production and thus increase the quantity he is called to produce as greatly as possible. They also cause the beekeeper less trouble at unexpected times. This may be done more by swarm prevention than in any other way. Bulletin 233 (Ontario Department of Agriculture) takes this matter up thoroughly and should be carefully studied by all beekeepers.—Provincial Apiarist, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph.

Hints For the Gardener. Thorough cultivation of the soil must be practised in the garden. The common hoe, wheel hoe and the garden cultivator should be kept going immediately after each rain. The soil in the field should be thinned carefully, giving each plant the amount of space required for good growth. Use poison bran mass to kill the cut worms, which will be as soon as possible. The asparagus bed should have the second application of 100 lbs. per acre of nitrate of soda. All stocks should be carefully cut even if they cannot be used. Eat celery, onions and other tender plants should be set out the first of this month, while citrons, cucumbers, pumpkins and melons should be planted. A small amount of nitrate of soda around celery and tomato plants four or five days after setting out, will aid in their growth. The latter part of this month and the beginning of next, late celery, cabbage, cauliflower and kale are transplanted into the field. Sowing of corn and beans should be made every week during this month.

To Eradicate Bad Weeds. If troubled with mustard in grain crops, spray with the 20 p.c. solution of iron sulphate, (2 lbs. of iron sulphate to each gallon of water). If such spraying is to be effective it must be done early just when the first mustard plants in the field are coming into flower.

Good cultivation followed by rape sown about the middle of June in drills about 26 inches apart at the rate of 1 1/2 pounds per acre, provides a means of eradicating perennial sow thistle and twitch grass.

Dairy Pointers for June. Cows in clover or good June-grass pasture require very little attention. If cream is too frequently sent to the factory, there are any hot days, be careful to cool both milk and cream, by setting in ice water, or cold well water. Sour milk and cream are too frequently sent to the factory. Don't forget to wash the cream separator and strainer daily, or after each time of using.

### AS A WAR MEASURE, SAVE THE SUGAR

ONE TEASPOONFUL OF SUGAR WASTED BY EACH PERSON IN CANADA EVERY DAY

MEANS 55 TONS WASTED PER DAY

19,925 TONS PER YEAR

VALUED AT 10¢ PER LB. THIS EQUALS \$3,985,000.

A FIGHTING AIRPLANE IS WORTH \$15,000

THIS WASTE WOULD PURCHASE A FLEET OF 265 AIRPLANES

### Sending Money to Soldiers

Those who have friends or relatives at the front, may wish to send money, but possibly do not know the best way to do so. If time permits, the safest and most convenient method of making remittances abroad is the Bank Money Order or Draft, as issued by The Merchants Bank. If, however, it is necessary to send money without delay, the Bank will arrange this by Cable Transfer.

## THE MERCHANTS BANK

Head Office: Montreal, OF CANADA. Established 1864.  
GLENCOE BRANCH. J. A. MCKELLAR, Manager.  
BOTHWELL BRANCH. E. E. LEWTHWAITE, Manager.  
NEWBURY BRANCH. G. T. MURDOCK, Manager.

### I BELIEVE IN MY TOWN, I BELIEVE IN THE GOODS SOLD IN MY TOWN, AND I BUY THEM:

BECAUSE I can get more and better values—  
BECAUSE I want to see the goods—  
BECAUSE I want to get what I buy, when I buy it—  
BECAUSE if I sell my goods here I ought to buy here—  
BECAUSE the man I buy from pays his share of town and county and provincial taxes—  
BECAUSE the man I buy from stands back of his goods and is here in my town—  
BECAUSE every dollar I spend at home gives me another chance at that dollar—  
BECAUSE my home dealer carries me when I run short and out-of-town dealers will not—  
BECAUSE the town which is good enough for me to live in is good enough for me to buy in—  
BECAUSE the man I buy from in my town helps support my school, my church, my lodge and my home—  
BECAUSE every dollar I spend at home stays at home and makes more money in my community—  
BECAUSE when ill-luck comes or misfortune or bereavement overtakes me, the man I buy from in my town is here with his kindly greetings, his words of cheer and sympathy, and his pocketbook if necessary.

HERE IS MY PLEDGE: HERE I LIVE AND HERE I BUY. I BELIEVE IN MY TOWN, I BUY AT HOME.

### THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

INCORPORATED 1869

Capital Authorized	\$ 25,000,000
Capital Paid-up	12,011,700
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	11,564,700
Total Assets	335,480,000

SIEGHERBERT S. HOLT, President  
E. L. PEASE, Vice-President and Managing Director  
C. E. NEILL, General Manager  
STUART STRATHY, Supervisor of Ontario Branches

415 BANCING. Correspondents in all parts of the world. Savings Departments at all Branches.  
Special attention given to business of Farmers.

Glencoe Branch - E. M. DOULL, Manager  
Branches also at Stratroy, Appin, Wardsville, Dutton and Rodney

### CANADIAN PACIFIC RESORTS IN ONTARIO

Including:  
BALA (Muskoka Lakes)  
FRENCH RIVER (French and Pickering Rivers)  
POINT AU BARIL (Georgian Bay Resorts)  
BOBCAYGEON (Kawartha Lakes)  
SMITH'S FALLS (Rideau Lakes)  
SEVERN RIVER (Gloucester Pool)  
BON ECHO (Lake Mazinaw), Etc.

are conveniently reached by Canadian Pacific SUMMER TOURIST FARES IN EFFECT

General Change of Time - July 14, 1918

Particulars from Canadian Pacific Ticket Agents  
W. B. HOWARD - District Passenger Agent, Toronto

### CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

For C.P.R. tickets to all points apply to

R. CLANAHAN

Ticket Agent, Glencoe

### GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Highlands of Ontario

Offer you and all the family the outing of your life.

ALGONQUIN PARK  
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are all famous playgrounds.

Modern hotels afford city comforts but many prefer to live in tent or log cabin. Your choice at reasonable cost. Secure your Parlor or Six Pine Car accommodation in advance.

Full information from any Grand Trunk Ticket Agent, or C. E. Horning, District Passenger Agent, Toronto.  
C. O. Smith, Agent, Glencoe; Phone 3

### We Carry a Full Line

Tin, Enamel and Galvanized Ware, Sinks, Bathtubs, etc.

Plumbing, Furnace-work, Roofing, Eavestroughing, Repairing, etc., done by a Practical Mechanic.

J. M. Anderson

GLENCOE

Tinsmith Plumber

Advertising Rates.—Cards of Thanks, In Memoriam Verses, Complimentary Addresses, 5c per line, minimum charge 50c; notices of entertainments to be held, also notices of Lost, Found, Wanted, or For Sale, 1c per word each insertion, minimum charge 25c—all to be prepaid.

### CASTORIA

For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of

### The Transcript

Published every Thursday morning from The Transcript Building, Main Street, Glencoe, Ontario. Subscription—to addresses in Canada, 10c per month; to addresses in the United States, \$2.00 per year—payable in advance.

ADVERTISING.—The Transcript has a large and constantly growing circulation. A limited amount of advertising will be accepted, at moderate rates. Prices on application. JOB PRINTING.—The Jobbing Department has superior equipment for turning out promptly books, pamphlets, circulars, posters, blank forms, programmes, cards, envelopes, office and wedding stationery, etc. Address all communications and make remittances payable to A. E. SUTHERLAND.

THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1918

### Reading and Morality

Adults do not seriously enough recognize the harmful character of the books they permit the young people to read. Obviously there is a direct connection between reading and morals. The testimony of juvenile courts is ample evidence. But recently in the States, young violators of the law confessed that they owed the inspiration to evil in books of the "yellowback" type. Again we refer our readers to the excellent collection of young people's books which we have in the public library. A good plan which is followed out in many homes is that one of the parents read the book chosen before it is put into the hand of the child. Should it not be possible the librarian, we are sure, would be pleased to give a list of safe books. Guard well the thoughts that are implanted in the young mind. It has been well said by another: "Sow a thought, reap an act; sow an act, reap a habit; sow a habit, reap a character; sow a character, reap a destiny."

### Book-keeping For Farmers

The Commission of Conservation has just published a Farmer's Account Book containing blanks and instructions for a simple but complete system of farm book-keeping. It will be sent on request to bona fide farmers only.

### What Germany Has Lost

She has lost her high seas commerce. She has, therefore, lost her foreign trade. She has lost her colony, with the successful conclusion of the East African campaign. She has lost the respect and confidence of most of the nations. She has lost her former leadership in many realms. She has lost her monopoly of the dye trade. She has lost many of her patent rights, that were once a source of great wealth. She has lost her supply sources of many raw materials that are essential to her industrial life. She has lost millions of her sons.

She has lost her soul.

### Fall Fairs Have a Place

Toronto Globe.—Agricultural societies, under the auspices of which local fall fairs are held, are the oldest form of farm organization in the province. They are, where properly conducted, still among the most useful of agricultural organizations. The annual meetings of these societies, early in the year, bring the most progressive farmers in the community together for an exchange of ideas. The meetings of directors elected at the annual meetings bring a selected few together at frequent intervals during the year. The fall fair provides for an assembly of the whole community under the most favorable auspices. The competition in live stock and in the products of the field helps to fix proper ideals as to types and quality, and an improvement in standard must necessarily follow.

The local agricultural society with its fall fair accompaniment fills a place that the great exhibitions cannot fill. It performs a local service that no other existing organization can perform. The men who keep these organizations in vigorous life, often at great personal inconvenience, render a very real service to their own communities and to the country as a whole.

### Write a Letter

Write a letter to a soldier when you haven't much to do; it will brace some homesick fellow who is feeling pretty blue. Oh, our boys are iron-hearted, and they'll whip their weight in snakes, but they have their lonesome moments when their hearts are full of aches; there are hours when they are longing for the homes so far away, and the girls they left behind them, and the parents old and gray; and a letter full of sunshine makes their melancholy shrink—therefore get your pen in action, with a demijohn of ink. Write a letter to a soldier, full of cheerfulness and joy; let the sob stuff go to thunder—it won't help a lonesome boy. Tell the soldier you are betting he will make the Teuton fly, tell him all is hunky-dory, and the goose is hanging high. Tell him all his friends are banking on the big things he'll achieve, let him know he's not forgotten since he took his final leave. Write a letter to a soldier, ere you go to bed tonight; some poor chap is tired of waiting for the letter you don't write. It will take you fifteen minutes such a letter to compose, and you'll hearten up a soldier when he's billed to face the foe. Make it bright and brave and breezy, full of courage, smiles and snap, show the confidence you're telling in the outcome of the scrap, and some soldier boy will bless you as he takes his little sun and prepares to shoot the gizzard from a lewd, immoral Hun—Walt Mason.



# PLYMOUTH CORDAGE

When in need of Rope or Twine, do not forget that we are exclusive agents for the world renowned "PLYMOUTH CORDAGE GOODS"—Gold Medal, Silver Sheaf, Green Sheaf, Plymouth Special. The twine that gives satisfaction.

## PURE PARIS GREEN

The Potato Bug is on its way. Prepare for it by getting a supply of BERGER'S PURE PARIS GREEN.

# JAMES WRIGHT & SON

Open evenings during July and August.

# MRS. CURRIE'S MILLINERY PARLORS

Opposite Royal Bank Building

**FLOWER DEPT.**  
Flowers for all occasions.  
Potted Plants and Cut Flowers for all occasions.

Highest cash price for Butter and Eggs.  
Phone 25

**FANCY GOODS DEPT.**  
Stamped Linens and Embroidery Silks; Crochet Cottons of all kinds.

## RAILWAY AND POSTAL GUIDE.

### GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

#### Main Line.

Eastbound—No. 12, mail and express to London and intermediate points, 9:27 a. m.; No. 11, express, local points to London, 2:33 p. m.; No. 10, Eastern Flyer, for Toronto, Montreal, etc., 6:00 p. m.; No. 10, local accommodation to London, 10:15 a. m.  
Westbound—No. 13, local mail and express, 7:30 a. m.; No. 14, Detroit express, 1:11 p. m.; No. 15, local mail and express, 6:57 p. m.; No. 16, International Limited, from Toronto and east for Detroit, 10:05 p. m.  
Nos. 11, 13, 15 and 16, Sundays included.

#### Wabash and Air Line.

Eastbound—No. 352, mixed, local points to St. Thomas, 9:30 a. m.; No. 2, Wabash, 12:20 p. m.; way freight, 1:20 p. m.  
Westbound—No. 253, mixed, local points, St. Thomas to Glencoe, 2:50 p. m.; way freight, 3:25 a. m.  
Nos. 2, 253, Sundays included.

#### Kingscourt Branch.

Leave Glencoe for Alvinston, Petrolia, etc., connecting for Sarnia Tunnel and points west—No. 26, mixed, 7:30 a. m.; No. 28, passenger, 6:40 p. m.  
Arrive at Glencoe—No. 272, passenger, 7:05 a. m.; No. 261, mixed, 1:51 p. m.

### CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Eastbound—No. 681, 12:42 p. m.; No. 672, Windsor mixed, 6:38 p. m.  
Westbound—No. 683, for Windsor, 4:18 a. m.; No. 671, Windsor mixed, 8:20 a. m.; No. 682, 8:16 p. m.  
Trains 681, 682 and 684, Sundays included.

### GLENCOE POST-OFFICE.

Mails closed—G.T.R. East, 9:00 a. m.; G.T.R. West, 6:30 p. m.; London and East, 7 p. m.; Mails received—London and East, 8 a. m.; G.T.R. East, 7 p. m.; G.T.R. West, 3:45 a. m.; Street letter box collections made at 8:30 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

# Patronize Home Industry by buying McLACHLAN'S BREAD

Made from the best Flour that money can buy, along with other ingredients which make it wholesome. Try our Homemade Bread made with Fleischmann's Yeast. Also our Buns, Cakes and Pastry, fresh every day. Have our wagon call.

## J. A. McLachlan GLENCOE ROY SIDDALL

Flour, Feed, Grain, Seeds, Coal, Wood and Cement

All kinds of Grain bought and sold.

Up-to-date Chopping Mill in connection.

Terms Cash, or extra charge for credit.

## Registration Receipt Cases FOR LADIES AND GENTS

Just the thing to carry your registration receipt. Prices 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.

Ladies' Leather Strap Purses and Handbags. Prices 75c to \$3.00.

## C. E. Davidson, Jeweler

Marriage Licenses Issued Optician

Many articles of household furniture for sale. Call at house on King street.—J. A. Scott.

Mrs. Charles Ferris had the misfortune to have her shoulder dislocated while at the home of her sister, Mrs. Fred Simpson. Mrs. Ferris was leaving for home and went to back the horse up, taking it by the bridle, when the animal threw her.

Corporal Harry Hicks, who went overseas with the 135th Battalion, was knocked unconscious when a shell exploded near him on the battlefield. One man near by was killed and another wounded severely. Harry has been in France since March.

Those leaving for the West from Glencoe on Wednesday are Misses Isabelle and Margaret McAlpine, via C. P. R., for Swift Current, and Miss Ella Rogers for Vancouver, via Port McNichol, lake route to Fort William, thence C. P. R. to her destination.

T. G. Reveraff's little daughter Laura was in the hospital in London where she was undergoing treatment to overcome the effects of a severe attack of infantile paralysis in the summer of 1916. There is a noted improvement in her condition.

A new time-table came into operation on the C. P. R. London-Windsor division on Sunday by which all express trains now run on Sunday as well as week days. There are several changes in time of trains leaving Glencoe. The corrected time-table will be found in another column.

The "civic" is the most public holiday. Let the date be selected in good time so that people can make arrangements for its observance. Railway excursions are a thing of the past and the civic holiday is the one local festivity that is supposed to get out of town for the day, if only to the woods.

In another column of this issue F. J. Garman, the oil magnate, makes a very generous offer to encourage the children of Glencoe to participate in a most worthy object—that of furnishing relief to the French refugee children. For every dollar contributed by the children Mr. Garman agrees to contribute one dollar for the same object. This is surely an inspiration to the young people of the village to render a great blessing to those who are suffering untold hardships in the war zone.

**Why Not Brand Us?**  
This is what a writer in the "Weekly Sun" thinks of registration.

On Saturday I doffed overalls and dropped the hoe which I went up to the country for. I cannot say I did this joyfully because, while it involved loss of time and inconvenience to me, it does not appear at all clear how the country is to be benefited to any great extent by learning that I am of the white race and was born in a certain town-ship and at a date a considerable time back in the past.

In fact this whole registration scheme appears like a futile waste of white paper and valuable time. The results of the enumeration cannot possibly be tabulated soon enough to be of any value in the present year as a means of relieving the existing labor situation on farms. And next year, unless people come before them, and the labor situation is improved in that way, the whole world will face famine conditions, registration or no registration.

In any case, this idea of asking every person to be put on a list, a flimsy registration slip every time a railway ticket is bought, a meal sought at a hotel, or a vote is tendered in an election, seems utterly preposterous. In my own case I find it worry enough to keep track of pipe and spectacles which are continually going astray without having the added burden of remembering which is numbered and catalogued at all. It would have been much simpler, and not much less amazing, to call for branding as in the case of steers on the western ranches.

Miss Margaret Stevens, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Strachan for several weeks, returned to her home in Port Elgin this week, and was accompanied by Miss Hazel Strachan, who will visit there.

To clean the soot from stove or furnace chimney, sprinkle two ounces of sulphur on bright fire. Do this on a bright day.

Seven whales washed ashore along the Atlantic coast had been riddled by shells fired at supposed German submarines. If a whale missing in looking like a U-boat he must take the consequences.

The profession of lecturing is becoming common in these war days, when everybody has some kind of an idea to put over. When a California farmer's wife made a remark about the new hired hand seeming to know a lot about agriculture, the farmer replied: "Yes, he talks so interestingly about it, I'm kind o' scared for fear he's more of a lecturer than he is a farmer."

**A Powerful Medicine.**—The healing properties in this essential oil are concentrated in every bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, forming one of the most beneficial liniments ever offered to the use of man. Thousands can testify as to its power in allaying pain, and many thousands more can certify that they owe their health to it. Its wonderful power is not expressed by its cheapness.

## PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

—Kenneth McLay is visiting friends in London.

—Mrs. W. G. Squire spent a week in London.

—Russell Legg of London is visiting at Will Hurley's.

—Mr. Davis of Middlemiss leaves today for Winnipeg via C. P. R.

—Miss Lily Lyman of Appin spent a few days with Miss Jessie Currie.

—Mr. Robinson of Hamilton spent the week-end at Ned McAlpine's.

—Mrs. Keith and daughter Florence are holidaying at Port Stanley.

—Mr. Velda Berdan of London is spending a week with Mrs. W. G. Squire.

—Mrs. O. E. W. Wilson is visiting friends and relatives in Hamilton.

—Miss Florence McLarty of Glencoe spent a few days in Glencoe recently.

—Miss Donna and Sherman McAlpine are visiting relatives at Aberfeldy.

—Misses Eve and Honora O'Keefe of Cleveland are guests at Levi Annett's.

—Joseph Munro of Streetsville visited at his former home here on Sunday.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Clarke motored to London and Port Stanley on Sunday.

—Miss Myra Giles of Toronto spent the week-end with Miss Minnie B. Mitchell.

—Mrs. J. S. Cameron and son Anderson and daughter Helen of Olean, N. Y., are at A. E. Sutherland's.

—Dan. H. McRae returned home on Tuesday night from Florida, where he spent several months.

—The Outlook, Sask., paper says:—Misses Lottie and Gladys Eddie of Glencoe are the guests of Mrs. Fred Reid.

—Mrs. P. Woods and two children of Grand Rapids, Minn., are visiting Mrs. Woods' sister, Mrs. Duncan McEachern.

—Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Poole of St. Thomas motored to Glencoe on Sunday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. James Poole.

—Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Scott of Stratford and Mr. and Mrs. McDermott of Tavistock visited over the week-end at J. A. Scott's.

—Duluth Herald:—Miss Wynne Pool of Glencoe, Ontario, is the guest of Mrs. A. D. Davidson during the month of July.

—Mrs. James Armstrong left today for her home in London after spending a week with Mrs. R. Clannahan at the old homestead.

—Mrs. Simpson has returned after spending the week-end in Toronto with her granddaughter, Miss Charlotte Moss of Trenton.

—Mac, McAlpine, Mrs. Hugh McAlpine, Mrs. Suttler and Miss Ruby Suttler motored to Ridgeway on Sunday and spent the day.

—Mrs. Andrew Clannahan of Woodgreen motored with friends to London and will spend a few days visiting Lambeth friends before returning.

—Mr. and Mrs. Stevens, Misses Helen and Dorothy Stevens, and Mrs. George of Port Elgin motored to Glencoe and spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Strachan.

—Mr. and Mrs. Allan McPherson and son Cameron made a week-end trip by auto to Forest, taking the river road and lake shore drive via Corunna and Sarnia.

—Miss Etolie White and Miss Jennie McAlpine of Detroit spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Strachan. They will also visit other friends in Glencoe and vicinity.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Hughes and two children and Miss E. V. Smith of Kent Bridge motored to Glencoe on Sunday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. Colin Leitch.

—A. D. McEachern, Wabash brakeman, St. Thomas, spent a couple of weeks holidaying at his home in Glencoe and assisted his brothers in the hay harvest.

—Lieut. (Dr. Alex. J. McPherson and Mrs. McPherson and daughter Margaret and Miss Ward of Grand Rapids and Master Archibald Martin of Detroit are visiting at M. J. McAlpine's.

—Edgar Munson and daughter Alberta, James C. Gardiner and daughter Mary, and J. S. Munson, uncle of Edgar Munson, motored last Saturday morning to Talbotville and St. Thomas, and spent the day with friends.

—Mr. and Mrs. James Gray, James T. Westland, Mrs. Donald McCrimmon, and Miss Lillian Westland, London, and Mr. Walter Metter, St. Thomas, attended the funeral of their aunt, Mrs. Sutherland, at Glencoe on Friday.

—Mrs. L. Frederick of Tees, Alberta, who had been visiting her mother, the late Mrs. Sutherland, for some weeks, returned home on Monday, going via Chicago, where she will make a short visit with her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Haskins.

—John G. Best and family of Kansas City, Missouri, have been in Glencoe for two weeks at the home of Mr. Best's sister, Mrs. W. R. Sutherland. Mr. Best and his associates have a number of bases in the Glencoe oil field, and are to start development at once.

Nine out of ten men whose names are signed to a petition couldn't tell what it is for.

One can't square himself with God unless he pays what he owes to his fellow men.

Always listen to an honest opinion—just for no other reason than it is different from your own.

## Now For Another Wonderful Week in the July Clearance Sale

# Genuine Savings

ON ALL SUMMER GOODS



Men's and Boys' Suits at great reductions

**Any Man's Straw Sailor for \$1.55**  
Regular price, \$2.00 and \$2.50.

**Men's Trousers, away below wholesale**  
Every kind here—work pants, everyday pants, dress trousers, etc. Many to choose from, and you make a genuine saving of \$1 to \$2 on any pair.

**This is Harvest Time for the Thrifty**  
Children's Wash Dresses, clearing at 98c and \$1.50.  
Women's \$1.50 White Petticoats, 98c.  
Women's \$2.25 White Petticoats, \$1.00.  
Silk Camisoles, reg. \$1.25 for 98c.

**Great Values for this week in White Goods**  
Every article will be specially priced for big selling.

**A Great Sale of Sample Summer Shoes at half and less**  
Samples and broken lines of Summer Shoes, including Canvas Shoes, Oxfords and Pumps.

**Startling Values in Summer Wash Goods**  
60c White Voile, 38c.  
45c Corded Palm Beach Skirting, 28c.  
50c White Pique, 33c.  
40c White Repp, 25c.  
35c Bar Muslin, 22c.  
55c Striped Voiles, 39c.  
40c Egyptian Long Cloth, 29c.  
32c Imperial Bridal Cloth, 27c.

**A Big Sale on Middy Blouses and Ladies' White Waists**

# E. MAYHEW & SON

## SPECIAL NOTICES

10c trade and 38c cash for eggs at Mayhew's.

Room for two boarders. Apply to Mrs. M. Foster, Glencoe.

For sale—a good work mare and sucking colt.—W. R. Sutherland.

For sale—pen of 15 thoroughbred White Leghorns.—M. L. Farrell, 26

Chopping Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.—W. R. Stephenson, Appin.

Cream and eggs wanted at the old stand, as usual. Highest prices paid in cash.—Wm. Muirhead, 0617

Flour and feed for sale at store corner of Main and McKellar Sts.—J. D. McKellar, Chas. Mayhew, 2317

Found—a coat, in front of post office. Owner may have same by paying for this ad. Apply at Transcript office.

Fresh picked Niagara cherries arriving daily at W. A. Currie's. For sale—Currie's military store, cherries at their best this week.

For sale—pair of heavy goldings, weight about 2,900 lbs., rising 4 years, well bred; sired by Blackhead.—N. & A. M. Graham.

For sale—new 8-room house, hardwood interior finish, nicely situated on corner lot in village of Appin.—Apply to W. R. Stephenson, Appin, 0317

Leave your orders at W. A. Currie's for cherries, red and black raspberries. Leave your orders at once to secure fruit. Phone 25.

For sale—pianos, organs and all kinds of small musical instruments, in easy monthly or yearly payments. For particulars address Daniel H. McRae, Glencoe P. O., Ont.

George Hulse has opened a garage on McRae street in the rear end of Roy Siddall's grain store and solicits a share of your patronage. All kinds of auto repair work will receive prompt and careful attention. Phone Roy Siddall, No. 8.

Clearing sale of shoes.—Our spring and summer shoe trade has been good and in order to make room for the fall and winter stock we are going to clean out the balance of the present stock in our sweeping sale. All will be sold regardless of cost. Sale now on. Special price on groceries while sale lasts. Strictly cash.—Chas. George, 2517

The Campbellton Patriotic League intend holding a monster garden party at S. S. No. 10 school grounds, Campbellton, Dunwich, Thursday evening July 25, when the following talent will take part—Will J. White, comedian, Toronto; Jules Brazil, humorist, Toronto; the Alice Dunbar Concert Co., London; the wee Munroe children, Canada's youngest national dancers, London. Rev. J. McKillop will occupy the chair. Proceeds in aid of patriotic work. The grounds will be illuminated by the DeLo lighting system, 25-2

**Enforced Goodness.**  
Ethel used to play a good deal in summer school, but one day she had been so good that the teacher said in praise: "Ethel, my dear, you have been a very good girl to-day."

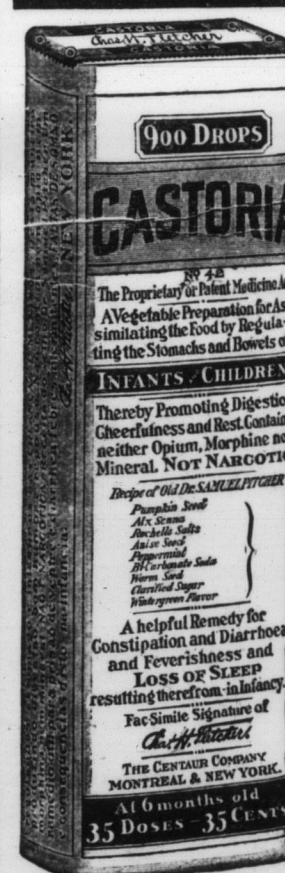
"Yeth'm," responded Ethel, "I couldn't help it. I got a tiff neck."

# BIG SHOE SALE

Starting this week to sell our entire shoe stock at cost and less than cost, as we have decided to go out of the shoe business.

Come and get your share of the bargains while they are on the go.

## W. J. Strachan



# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

**Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature**

*Chas. H. Strachan*  
In Use For Over Thirty Years  
**CASTORIA**

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

THE TRANSCRIPT, trial trip to new subscribers from this date to end of year, SIXTY CENTS.



## ALLIES ADVANCE IN ALBANIA 22 MILES ON 80-MILE FRONT

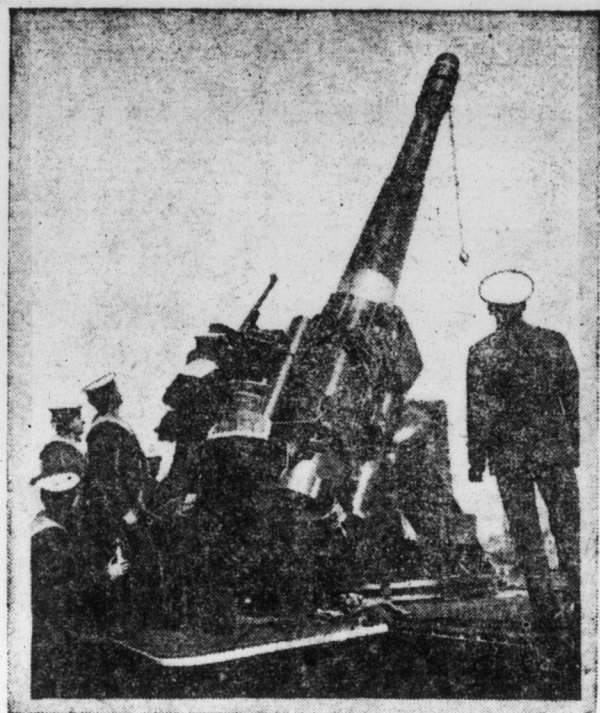
**Austrians Surrendering at Every Opportunity—British Start Offensive in Macedonia Striking Effective Blow Against Bulgarians.**

London, July 14.—The Albanian campaign continues to be the most active theatre of war, so far as extensive gains of ground are involved. The advance, made mainly by Italians, with the French on the right flank, has reached a maximum depth of 22 miles on a front of 80 miles, straightening the allied line as it runs from the Adriatic and links up with the Macedonian front. The total number of prisoners taken by the Italians exceeds 1,800.

Allied operations in Southern Albania are resulting in one success after another, in spite of the difficult nature of the country. There are no roads in the battle zone and communications are being kept up over the rocky, precipitous mule paths.

The British troops in Macedonia seemingly have started an operation

against the Teutonic allies which may develop westward along the battle-front and eventually conform with the successful drive which is being carried out by the French and Italians in Albania. West of the town of Doiran, which lies on the railroad north of Salonica, the British have delivered a blow against the Bulgarians which was productive of good results. Details of the operations are lacking, but it is not unreasonable to assume that it had in view the ultimate capture of the railroad line running northward from Uskub and the outflanking of the enemy lines north-east of Monastir. In Albania the French troops continued their successful advance; they drove the enemy from Hill 500 and from the village of Narta, at the confluence of the Tomorica and Devoli Rivers. On the right bank of the Devoli they occupied Gramshi.



Ready for Fritz—An anti-aircraft gun at a British coast town. Official Admiralty Photograph.

## NO \$2.40 WHEAT IN UNITED STATES

**Bill Increasing Price Vetoed by President Wilson.**

A despatch from Washington says: In vetoing the \$28,000,000 annual agricultural appropriation bill because of its amendment fixing the Government guaranteed minimum wheat price at \$2.40 a bushel, the President informed Congress on Friday that he did not believe the farmers of America "depend upon a stimulation of price to do their utmost to serve the nation and the world at this time of crisis."

The President said the patriotic spirit of the farmers has been "worthy of all praise and has shown them playing a most admirable and gratifying part in the full mobilization of the resources of the country."

He added that the bumper crops they have raised this year have relieved the anxiety of the nations arrayed against Germany with regard to their food supplies.

A fixed minimum price of \$2.40 a bushel, the President said, would increase the price of flour from \$10.50 to \$12.50 a barrel and would put an additional burden of \$37,000,000 this year on the consumers. Such an increase in price, he said, would force a similar increase in Canada, thus enlarging the whole scale of financial operations in this country by the Allied Governments and affecting practically the entire world.

## BRITISH GAIN NEAR MERRIS

**Are Within Quarter Mile of That Important Hamlet.**

A despatch from the British Army in France says:—British operations in the Merris sector since Tuesday have brought the line forward to within about a quarter of a mile west of that important hamlet and secured for the British complete observation of German positions in the village.

On Tuesday Australian units pushed forward north-west of Merris along a front of 1,200 yards to a depth of 250 yards and drove the enemy from the high ground overlooking Merris. On Thursday the British infantry again reached out and claimed another strip of hostile ground west of Merris. This advance reached a maximum depth of about half a mile and extended along a front of 2,000 yards.

As a result, the British positions have been greatly improved and a small salient which had been left in the line after Tuesday's attack has been eliminated.

Friday morning the operations were still being continued at various points, and one strong position was captured south-west of Merris. For some time the British in this sector have had complete control of No Man's Land, and the Germans hardly have dared to show their heads.

## PICARDY VILLAGES TAKEN BY FRENCH ALONG THREE MILE FRONT

**Strong German Positions Captured and 500 Prisoners—Advanced One Mile Into Enemy's Lines.**

A despatch from London says:—Striking the Germans on a front that has been quiet for the past six weeks, the French have once more broken through the enemy defences and advanced their lines. This new blow at the enemy was launched between Castel and Mailly-Rainerval, on the Picardy front, south-east of Amiens, where there has been but little fighting since the French, by a local attack, pushed the Germans out of Senecat Wood late in May.

The attack was along a front of approximately three miles. It swept the Germans back out of the village

## ATTACK ON GERMAN EMBASSY, VIENNA

**Breakdown of Austria's Offensive Led to Riots.**

A despatch from London says:—Rioting which occurred in Vienna and other places in Austria following the breakdown of the Austria offensive culminated in a vicious attack on the German Embassy in Vienna, according to the most recent reports received from a reliable neutral source. Before the military and police could intervene much damage to the structure is said to have been done.

Every effort has been made to keep the fact secret, but gradually the information about this prophetic episode is leaking out. Undoubtedly it is true that the refusal of Germany to give more than the meagre supplies which she advanced to Austria had an important bearing on the rioting.

## RHINE CITIES AGAIN RAIDED BY BRITISH AIR SQUADRONS

A despatch from London says:—The Air Ministry has issued the following statement as to recent operations: "During the night of July 11 our machines successfully bombed three enemy airdromes, at two of which fires broke out. Many rounds of machine-gun bullets were fired at trains, searchlights and other military objects. On July 12 the railway sidings at Saarbrücken were attacked. All our machines returned safely."

## FINLAND WILL NEGOTIATE PEACE TREATY WITH RUSSIA

A despatch from London says:—The Bolshevik Government of Russia has agreed to enter into peace negotiations with Finland, which had expressed, through the German Government, a desire to arrange a peace treaty with Russia. It was recently announced that Russia was preparing to cede Finland a strip of land along the Murmansk coast, by which the Fins would be provided with an ice-free port on the Arctic Ocean.

## GERMAN PEACE COSTS RUSSIA \$3,605,000,000

A despatch from Paris says:—Germany's claim for indemnity from Russia amounts to the round sum of 7,000,000,000 rubles, according to a report printed in the Berlin Vossische Zeitung of the work done by the mixed commission named to take up consideration of claims growing out of the conclusion of the Brest-Litovsk peace.

## BELGIUM TO BECOME A FEDERAL STATE

A despatch from Amsterdam says:—General Baron Friedrich von Falkenhayn, the German Governor-General of Belgium, has decided, says the Hamburger Nachrichten, that Belgium shall be turned into a Federal State on the lines of Austria. Flanders and Walloon, the newspaper adds, will live separately under one King or a president under German control.

## Markets of the World

**Breadstuffs**  
Toronto, July 16.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$2.23 1/4; No. 2 Northern, \$2.20 1/4; No. 3 Northern, \$2.17 1/4; No. 4 wheat, \$2.10 1/4. In store Fort William, including 2 1/2% tax—Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 88 1/2%; No. 3 C.W., 85 1/2%; extra No. 1 feed, 85 1/2%; No. 1 feed, 82 1/2%; in store Fort William.

**American corn**—No. 3 yellow, kiln dried, nominal; No. 4 yellow, kiln dried, nominal.  
Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 83 to 84c, nominal; No. 3 white, 82 to 83c, nominal, according to freights outside.  
Ontario wheat—No. 2, winter, per car lot, \$2.22, basis in store Montreal.  
Peas—No. 2, nominal, according to freights outside.

**Barley**—Malting, \$1.24 to \$1.25, nominal.  
Buckwheat—\$1.80, nominal.  
Rye—No. 2, \$1.90, nominal.

**Manitoba flour**—War quality, \$10.95, Toronto.  
Ontario flour—War quality, \$10.65, in bags, Montreal and Toronto, prompt shipment.

**Milled**—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, \$85 per ton; shorts, \$40 per ton.  
Hay—No. 1, \$12 to \$14 per ton, track Toronto; mixed, \$11 to \$12 per ton, track Toronto.

**Straw**—Car lots, \$8 to \$8.50 per ton, track Toronto.

## Country Produce—Wholesale

Butter—Creamery, solids, per lb., 42 1/2 to 43c; prints, per lb., 43 to 43 1/2c; dairy, per lb., 35 to 36c.  
Eggs—New laid, 41 to 43c.  
Poultry—Roosters, 20c; fowl, 21 to 26c; ducklings, lb., 30c; turkeys, 27 to 30c.

Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:—  
Cheese—New, large, 23 1/2 to 24c; twins, 23 1/2 to 24 1/2c; old, large, 25 1/2 to 26c; twin, 25 to 26 1/2c.  
Butter—Fresh, dairy, choice, 40 to 42c; creamery prints, fresh made, 45 to 47c; solids, 44 to 45c.  
Margarine—28 to 33c lb.  
Eggs—No. 1, 45c; in cartons, 51 to 53c.

**Dressed poultry**—Spring chickens, 55 to 60c; roosters, 25c; fowl, 35 to 38c; turkeys, 40 to 45c.  
**Live poultry**—Spring chickens, 50c; roosters, 22c; turkeys, 30c; hens, 30 to 32c.

**Beans**—Canadian, hand-picked, bushel, \$1.00; imp., hand-picked, \$0.95; or Indian, \$0.75; Japan, \$0.50 to \$0.75; Lima, 18 to 19c.  
Maple syrup—8 1/2-lb. tins, 10 to a case, \$14.50; imperial gallon tins, per can, \$2.25; imperial five-gallon cans, per can, \$10.50; 15-gallon kegs, per gal., \$2.00; maple sugar 1-lb. box, pure, per lb., 24 to 25c.

## Montreal Markets

Montreal, July 16.—Oats, Canadian western, No. 2, 99 1/4c; extra, 1.01. Feed, 96 1/2c. Flour, new standard grade, \$10.95 to \$11.05. Rolled oats, bags, 90 lbs. \$5.50. Bran, \$35. Shorts, \$40. Moultrie, \$67. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$14.50 to \$15.00.

## Live Stock Markets

Toronto, July 16.—Choice heavy steers, \$14.00 to \$14.50; butchers' cattle, choice, \$13.50 to \$14.00; do. good, \$13.00 to \$13.25; do. medium, \$12.00 to \$12.50; do. common, \$10.00 to \$11.00; butchers' bulls, choice, \$11.50 to \$11.75; do. good bulls, \$11.00 to \$11.25; do. medium bulls, \$10.25 to \$10.50; do. rough bulls, \$7.50 to \$8.50; butchers' cows, choice, \$11.50 to \$11.75; do. good, \$11.00 to \$11.25; do. medium, \$8.50 to \$9.25; do. common, \$7.00 to \$8.50; stockers, \$8.00 to \$10.50; feeders, \$10.50 to \$11.00.

Montreal, July 16.—Choice steers, \$12.00; poorer, \$10.00; choice bulls, \$10.00 to \$7.00; butchers' cows, \$7.00 to \$9.00; canners, \$5.00 to \$6.00; choice milk-fed calves, \$12.00 to \$13.00; poorer grades, \$7.00; sheep, \$12.00 per 100 lbs; Spring lambs, 18c. per lb; choice select hogs, \$19.00; pigs and heavies, \$15.00.

## SHOT DOWN 3,856 PLANES IN PAST YEAR

London, July 14.—In one year on the British western front the Royal Air Force has accounted for 3,856 enemy airplanes. In the same period the naval airmen shot down 623, a total of 4,479.

## FIRST ROYAL AIR VOYAGE

**King and Queen of Belgium Crossed Channel in 50 Minutes.**

A despatch from London says:—A Royal air escort of three Belgian seaplanes guarded King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium on their flight over the Channel from Belgium to England Saturday morning, a trip which marked the first time in history that any ruler has ever made a flight from one country to another.

The royal couple travelled in separate seaplanes, each operated by a Belgian army aviator. On the British side of the Channel the King landed first near a British warship off Dover. The Queen descended soon afterwards, her seaplane also landing near a warship. They started from the Belgian coast and made the trip to England in about 50 minutes. The purpose of their visit to England was to attend the silver wedding anniversary of King George and Queen Mary on Saturday.

This is the first time since the war began that King Albert has visited London, and virtually the first time since August, 1914, that he has been outside his native land. The only time that King Albert has been outside of Belgium has been during one or two informal trips into France.

## 50 BELGIAN GIRLS KILLED BY BOMBS

**Were Making Bandages in Hospital Raided by Foe Aircraft.**

A despatch from London says:—In a recent German raid on the Belgians, more than 50 girls were killed by air bombs launched upon an ambulance park at La Panne, behind the Yser front. According to a special despatch from The Hague, 50 bombs were dropped in the immediate neighborhood of the park, and several struck a large villa about 100 yards from the hospital.

Of the many girls in the villa engaged in making bandages and repairing linen for the wounded, 30 were instantly killed or died from injuries within a few minutes; 40 injured were removed from the villa, of whom 24 died later.

## COSSACKS JOIN CZECHO-SLOVAKS

**Defeat Bolshevik on Trans-Siberian Railway.**

Peking, July 14.—Czecho-Slovak forces which captured Nikolok, north-west of Vladivostok, are now closely pursuing the Bolshevik troops which are retreating toward Khabarovsk. The Czecho-Slovaks are receiving assistance from a force of 1,500 Cossacks and a number of Chinese and Japanese volunteers.

Railway and telegraph communications have been opened with Vladivostok. Czecho-Slovak forces have defeated the Russian Bolsheviks near Chita, a town on the trans-Siberian railway, in the centre of Trans-Batulu.

M. Horvath and other members of the Siberian Government, left Harbin to-day for Nikolok to open negotiations for an alliance with the Czecho-Slovaks.

## Behind Meat Schedule.

Because of the shortage of shipping Great Britain has already fallen behind 25,000 tons in her schedule of meat shipments to France, compared to the total of 70,000 tons shortage in the schedule for 1917.

## BRITISH MAKE FOURTEEN RAIDS INTO GERMANY WITH TELLING EFFECT

**Great Damage Inflicted in Area Which is a Network of Strategic Railways—In 13 of the Raids British Did Not Lose One Machine.**

London, July 14.—British airmen continue to show their superiority over the Germans. After their record of last week, when they accounted for 218 enemy machines against 56 of their own and dropped 252 tons of bombs on German communications and depots, they made this week 14 separate raids in German territory, their objectives chosen being of vital military importance.

It is known that formidable squadrons have been detailed for the purpose of defence. Yet from 13 of these 14 raids the British formations returned without loss of a single machine. In the other raid two British machines were reported missing, while four German aircraft were shot down or driven down out of control.

The raid area between Mannheim and the Swiss frontier contains a vast network of strategic railways and a very considerable number of munition factories. These factories have had their full share of attention from the British raiders, but hardly less serious damage inflicted upon railway connections on which the immense German transport from the Rhine to the western front depends. On this point the evidence of captured documents and the voluntary testimony of prisoners and repatriated civilians is highly instructive. Not only is a great and ever-increasing amount of German energy and trained man-power and war material being diverted to the defensive of the Rhine towns, but the interruption of war work is becoming an increasingly serious problem.

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## GOOD CEREAL CROPS IN ENGLAND

**Optimistic Report of Food Situation in Great Britain Received.**

A despatch from Ottawa says:—An optimistic view of the food situation in Great Britain is taken in a cablegram received by the Minister of Agriculture from Dr. J. W. Robertson, who is representing the Department of Agriculture on a special mission overseas. The improvements in actual conditions and in the outlook are, Dr. Robertson cables, attributed largely to the American and Canadian campaigns for conservation and increased production; the availability of additional shipping; the British Food Controller's regulations; increased yields of cereals and potatoes in the United Kingdom; rigorous economy in France and Italy; and increase in the English potato crop for 1917 of 117,000 bushels over 1916.

Dr. Robertson finds that the commodities scarce are sugar, butter and fruit.

"With a considerably increased area," Dr. Robertson adds, "England's cereal crops are in excellent condition. Farmers expect uncommonly large yields per acre. I have seen wheat fields of from thirty to fifty acres each with an estimated yield of 75 bushels per acre. These are exceptional, but the average condition is extra good. Women labor on the farms is proving effective and acceptable," particularly in dairying.

## Tout Nobles Sell Estates Because They Fear Revolution

A despatch from Italian Army Headquarters says:—Austrian prisoners confirm the reports that a large number of noblemen are selling off their estates in Bohemia and Moravia because they fear a revolution. It is said that Count Czernin, former Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, has sold for 3,000,000 crowns all his lands in Bohemia, and that the purchaser was a bank with agricultural interests. It is also stated that Count Henry Clam-Martini, former Premier, expressed the opinion in Vienna that a revolution was probable in Moravia and he, therefore, was selling his lands there.

## MUST MEET THE DRAFT DESPITE THE HARVEST

A despatch from Washington says:—In response to a request for postponement of the July draft call in the north-west, where wheat is ready for harvest, Provost Marshal-General Crowder has informed the Department of Agriculture that the military program will not permit of delay in filling the monthly demand for drafted men.

## FRENCH TAKE TOWN OF CORCY AND STRONG POSITIONS IN VICINITY

**Australians Again Attack on Somme Front, Bringing Back Prisoners—Americans Improve Positions.**

A despatch from London says:—French pressure along the line from the Marne to the Aisne, which began two weeks ago as a series of local attacks, has begun to yield results which are appreciable when viewed on the map. The town of Corcy, east of the Retz forest, has been taken from the Germans and strong positions in the vicinity have been captured by the methodical advance that has been the source of much annoyance to the enemy for several days.

As a result of the assaults made by the French from Ambleny, south of the Aisne, to the hills south of Corcy, their line has been straightened and advanced to high ground which lends itself to defensive operations and gives the French good observation points from which they can see what is going on behind the German lines.

There has been some reason for believing that when the Germans resume their offensive on the western

## ALLIES CAPTURE ALBANIAN TOWNS

**Signs of Austria's Panic in Destruction of Own Depots.**

A despatch from Paris says:—Austrians are retiring before the allied advance in Albania, and are destroying their depots, according to the War Office announcement on Thursday night, which says:

South of the Devoli River our troops, continuing their successful advance, have occupied Kosoniza crest in all its extent, as well as all the villages in the Tomorica valley up to Dobreny. On the left the Italians captured the heights of Cafa Glumaka, taking 250 prisoners, including four officers. The Austrians suffered severe losses, and in retreating burned their depots and engaged in pillage. On the Macedonian front the enemy artillery displayed great activity, especially west of the Vardar and north of Monastir. British aviators successfully bombarded numerous enemy depots in the Struma valley.

## ALLIES GAIN VALUABLE GROUND

**British Repulse Enemy East of Loere—Prisoners Taken in Daily Attacks.**

London, July 14.—Rainy weather in Northern France has caused thorough soaking of the ground, particularly in low-lying portions of the battle front, and not inconceivably has had something to do with delay of Germans in renewing their offensive.

It is a month since the last offensive died down, swamped by the tide of French success on the banks of the Matz, north of Compiègne, and there is as yet no sign of the enemy's being ready to strike again.

Meanwhile the allies have been pushing back German lines little by little at various important points, hardly a day going by without a French or a British attack. These in the aggregate have gained valuable defensive ground and resulted as well in taking thousands of Germans prisoner.

German raiding troops who last night attempted to penetrate the British lines east of Loere were repulsed with loss, the British War Office announced to-day. The German artillery was active in the regions of Albert, Kemmel Hill and Ypres.

## \$14,860,985,000 FOR NEXT YEAR

**Britain's Estimated Expenditure From March 31, 1918, to March 31, 1919.**

London, July 14.—Great Britain after four years of the war is so financially self-supporting that she has advanced to European allies \$2,500,000,000, the amount America advanced to her during the last financial year. This condition has been reached by a system of taxation more drastic than any country has ever before sustained.

Her total expenditure for the next financial year, that is, from March 31, 1918, to March 31, 1919, is estimated at \$14,860,985,000. The revenue to be raised by taxation for the year is estimated at \$4,210,250,000, leaving a balance to be covered by borrowing of \$10,650,735,000.

When Lloyd George first asked a budget of \$1,000,000,000 in peacetime to carry out his schemes of social reform the dovescoets of wealth were shattered by most appalling apprehensions of utter impoverishment. This year the excess profits duty raised by the levy of 80 per cent on increased profits since the war will produce of itself \$1,500,000,000, and in the income tax will produce \$1,452,250,000.

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## AMERICAN TROOPS ARE NECESSARY

**Instead of Half a Dozen Sectors There Will Be One or Two Fronts.**

A despatch from the American Forces on the Marne says:—The groupings of American units are larger than they were and doubtless they will be far larger. Where the tendency was to scatter our troops about all along the line, it now is to concentrate them in a few places.

As time goes on the number of these places, I believe, will tend to become fewer, until instead of six or seven American sectors, there will be one or two American fronts.

Of course, the authority of the American officers would be limited by the needs of the situation as interpreted by the Inter-Allied Generalissimo, but only to the extent that the British army is limited.

## OVERFLOWING OF DANUBE CAUSES DAMAGE IN AUSTRIA

A despatch from Zurich, Switzerland says:—The Vienna newspapers report a heavy and continuous rainfall as having caused floods in many parts of Austria and Southern Germany, resulting in immense damage to the crops. The rain zone extends from Vorarlberg, Northern Tyrol, across the Salzkammergut, Upper Austria, and through Bavaria to Saxony. The floods were especially heavy in the Salzkammergut



## LIFE IN A GERMAN MUNITION PLANT

TOLD BY A BRITISH PRISONER NOW RELEASED.

How Germany Schemes With the Captives of War to Gain Her Own Disgraceful Ends!

The following story of life in a munition factory at Cassel, Germany, is furnished by a released prisoner (says a correspondent in the London Times). I give it in his own words:—"Henschel Steel Factory since the outbreak of the war turned its whole resources to the production of munitions. Approximately 20,000 people were employed in the latter part of 1915. Amongst these were 2,000 prisoners of war who were sent there not knowing until they arrived the nature of the work they were to perform. The majority of the prisoners of war immediately when they realize that they are at a munition factory refuse to work, but either by force, persuasion or guile they subsequently remain. Compelling prisoners of war to work is peculiar. On arrival at the works the prisoners are given a good meal, a few bottles of beer and things to smoke. They are interviewed by the firm's interpreter whose duty it is to impress the prisoners that it is not a munition factory. They only make bicycles, pocket knives, razors, etc. The field sledge guns, machine guns and thousands of shells you see stacked in every spare foot of the yard are there to be painted. You flatly refuse to start work and a German officer of high rank appears, who the interpreter informs you is in charge of the works and of prisoners of war and is invested with supreme power and can sentence you to death. You again refuse to work. Immediately you are surrounded by twenty sentries who tickle your ear with the butts of their rifles or bayonet you. When you regain consciousness you find yourself in an underground cell close to exhaust pipes of the various machines. You stick this usually three, four or five days. Then suddenly the interpreter appears and asks "Will you work now?" Should you answer in the negative you are left for another three or five days. Should you tell him you are thirsty and hungry, having had nothing to eat for three to five days, he will inform you that if you consent to work you can have anything in reason you desire. He takes you to a dining hall and you do justice to what is given you. Then you are given a few bottles of lager beer and a cigar. Your guardian angel unfolds to you a wonderful tale. Give the conversation as it actually took place between the interpreter and myself.

**Ferribe State of Affairs.**  
He said: "You must work for us at your trade (crucible steel smelting) we will pay you 25 marks a day, out of which you pay 10 marks for food and lodging. You shall live in a house in town with civilians and allowed to wear civilian clothes. When your work is finished you may go anywhere you wish, provided you are accompanied by the German with whom you are lodging. You can have any girl you wish, provided she is willing, and there is no reason why you should not be comfortable."

Looking around the shops the only peculiarity I noticed was the truth of the interpreter's remarks concerning the women. In every branch of the works where a prisoner was employed he had women and girls as neighbors. I questioned different Frenchmen about what I'd been told about the women, only to learn that it was true. As many as 500 prisoners of war were living with women and were allowed as much freedom of movement after working hours as the Germans themselves. A large number of girls between 18 and 20 were pregnant, the prisoners of war being responsible. I want it clearly understood that this practice was encouraged by the authorities, as it assisted the birth rate and ensured the output of more work.

**What One Man Suffered.**  
I know a case of a man of a famous Scots regiment who, whilst employed loading a munition train at the siding of certain works in Germany, took thirty round axle boxes of each wagon and removed all grease, substituting gravel, so as to make the axle bearing run hot and cause serious delay, or better still, an explosion. Unluckily he was noticed by a brakeman just as he'd finished the last wagon. For this display of British patriotism he was sentenced by the officer in command to stand up stripped naked in the centre of a small shop. Smith's carpenters then built securely around him three circles of bayonets pointing inwards and upwards at an angle of 45 deg., the bottom circle of bayonets encircling his legs just below the knees, the middle encircling his stomach, the top circle encircling his neck the points were one inch from the man's vein. He was sentenced to be left alone in that position for 72 hours. What was most remarkable of all was that when the door was opened at the termination of 72 hours the man was found upright, but bleeding, and, needless to say, mad.

I was not an eyewitness to this wonderful feat of physical and mental endurance, but I am sure if an advertisement were put out the man who told me the foregoing true story would vouch for it. He is in England at present. The other poor fellow is in an asylum in Germany.



### Private Ross

Borrowed an Auto-Strop from his chum—he used it once and immediately wrote home for one.

Don't wait for a request from your soldier boy—include an Auto-Strop in your next Overseas package.

Remember, that the Auto-Strop is the only razor he can absolutely depend on—because of its self-stropping feature it is always ready for service.

Price \$5.00

At leading stores everywhere

Auto-Strop

Safety Razor Co.

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# TORTURED BY RHEUMATISM

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" Brought Quick and Permanent Relief



MR. P. H. MCHUGH  
108 Church Street, Montreal.  
December 10th, 1917.

"I was a great sufferer from Rheumatism for over 16 years. I consulted specialists, took medicines, used lotions; but nothing did me good. Then, I began to use 'Fruit-a-tives'; and in 15 days, the pain was easier and the Rheumatism was better. Gradually, 'Fruit-a-tives' overcame my Rheumatism; and now, for five years, I have had no return of the trouble. Also, I had severe Eczema and Constipation, and 'Fruit-a-tives' relieved me of these complaints; and gave me a good appetite; and in every way restored me to health". P. H. MCHUGH.

60c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent post paid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

## The Transcript.

THURSDAY, JULY 18, 1918

### KILMARTIN

Rev. Wm. and Mrs. Leitch of Kintyre visited friends here last week.

Hugh B. McNeil of Detroit is visiting his sister, Mrs. M. C. Munroe.

Dan. Leitch spent the week-end with his nephew, Rev. Wm. Leitch, Kintyre.

Pte. Duncan McKellar of Carling Heights spent the week-end with friends here.

Misses Bessie and Isabelle McAlpine left for Regina and Moose, Sask., on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mac, Munro and baby daughter of Windsor are visiting at Neil Munro's.

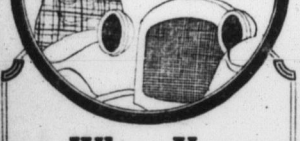
Nevin and Neil McVicar and the Walker brothers of Brooke called on friends here Sunday.

Mrs. D. A. Campbell and family of Montreal are spending a few days at Duncun L. Campbell's.

Misses Elizabeth McAlpine and Flora McLaughlin were successful at the recent examinations at the London Normal.

The Red Cross collection for July was \$23, of which \$13 was turned over to French relief. The next meeting will be held at Mrs. Burke's on August 7th.

No one need endure the agony of corns with Holloway's Corn Cure at hand to remove them.



### When You Motor to London

AT THIS store motor parties will find every accommodation and convenience for their comfort while in the city.

A free Checkroom in the Basement, where you may have your wraps and luggage taken care of; Ladies' Rest Room and Lavatories on the second floor; Restaurant on the fourth floor, where you will find continuous service throughout the day.

Breakfast—8.30 to 10.30  
Course Dinner—11.30 to 2.30

Short Lunches at the Soda Fountain on the Main Floor.

Make this store your headquarters; its many conveniences are for the free accommodation of the travelling public.

SMALLMANS/INGRAM  
LONDON, ONT.

### MELBOURNE

Miss Edna Petch is spending her vacation near Toronto.

Miss Lillie Collier is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Edward Dyer, of Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. Moeckford and family have returned to their home in Toronto.

Mrs. Wm. Little and little son of London, formerly of this village, are holidaying here.

Mrs. Mather entertained a number of her friends to an afternoon tea a few days ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Muncie and Miss A. Campbell called on friends in St. Thomas and Port Stanley.

H. D. A. Mackenzie, who has been holidaying in Toronto, has resumed his duties as manager of the Home Bank here.

Mr. and Mrs. Drinkwater of Toronto, formerly of Melbourne, are the guests of the latter's parents here, Mr. and Mrs. A. McDougald.

The results of the examination held in the Melbourne Continuation school for promotion from Form I. to II. are as follows, the names being in order of merit:—Howard Beattie, Sadie McRobert, Annie Dewar, Annie Dillon, Dora Alexander, Marie Richards, Robert Brown, Jack Glendall, Mildred Richards, Blanche Warren, Kenneth McLean.

Dr. McEwen, formerly of Melbourne, a son of the late Rev. and Mrs. McEwen of London, has recently returned from China, where he has been engaged in military work for the British and Allies, examining Chinese troops before being sent to England and France. Dr. McEwen at present is in London at Carling Heights. His wife and family are in Ottawa.

Pills for Nervous Troubles.—The stomach is the centre of the nervous system, and when the stomach suspends healthy action the result is manifest in the disturbances of the nerves. If allowed to persist, nervous debility, a dangerous ailment, may ensue. The first consideration is to restore the stomach to proper action, and there is no readier remedy for this than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Thousands can attest the virtue of these pills in curing nervous disorders.

### WARDSVILLE

Mrs. Wm. Walker and son of Detroit are visiting at D. Walker's.

Ensign W. Sheppard of Florida spent a few days with his parents here.

Privates Mark McMaster and Roy Blain spent the week-end at their homes here.

J. McIntyre and daughter Irena of Chicago spent last week with relatives here.

Miss Margaret Atchison left on Monday for Guelph where she will spend a three weeks' vacation.

Miss Adelaide Voece and Archie of Detroit are visiting their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Voece.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Taylor and daughter Aileen and Miss May Taylor and George McLaughlin of Harwich spent Sunday with Mrs. John Mulligan.

With so thorough a preparation at hand as Miller's Worm Powders the mother who allows her children to suffer from the ravages of worms is unwise and culpably careless. A child subject to the attacks of worms is always unhealthy and will be stunted in its growth. It is a merciful act to rid it of these parasites, especially when it can be done without difficulty.

### CAIRO

Mac, D. Smith of London arrived on Saturday and will remain a few days to recuperate.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon L. Smith are enjoying their vacation at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Smith and with other friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Fenby of Biggar, Sask., arrived on Saturday and will be guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Fenby.

Clarence Baughart of London, accompanied by a friend, called on friends here on Wednesday on their return from Detroit in their auto.

Mrs. Lewis, who has been conducting the business in the general store in the absence of her father, left for her home in Hamilton on Friday. Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McKown are attending to the business until her return.

Sunday, the 14th, will be remembered by many as a day of religious service in Cairo. Rev. Mr. Stewart of London discoursed to a large audience at 11 a. m., after which the sacrament of the Lord's Supper was observed by those present. At 2.30 p. m. Jas. H. Miers of Woodstock, a former pastor, delivered an inspiring discourse in the Presbyterian church to a full house, the pastor, Mr. Waghorne, allowing Mr. Miers the opportunity of addressing his former friends. Mr. and Mrs. Stewart rendered a duet that was intensely pleasing. Again at 8 p. m. Rev. Mr. Stewart discoursed in the Baptist church to a large and attentive audience. Altogether the people of this vicinity enjoyed a real gospel feast.

### STRATHBURN

D. H. McRae, sr., is visiting in Detroit.

Mrs. D. H. McRae, Mrs. Jack McCracken, Mrs. W. J. Strachan and family motored to Port Stanley and St. Thomas on Friday.

Blank oil leases for sale at the Transcript office.

### NEWBURY

The Newbury-Mosa Women's Institute met in the hall last Thursday and reported 16 boxes for our overseas boys. The visit of the institute to Bothwell has been deferred a week later, for Tuesday, July 23rd.

Mrs. Hammett is in receipt of the following acknowledgment from the Prisoners of War Department in London, England, which needs no comment:—Dear Madam,—I herewith enclose receipt for £11.84 which you have sent for Pte. Vernon Gorst from the Newbury Women's Institute.

As the head office of the C. R. C. S., 56 Church St., Toronto, is now arranging for all adoptions from Canada, we have credited Pte. V. Gorst with this money and have written to Toronto telling them that we have done this and giving them your address as having kindly contributed the money. Will you kindly in future send all money direct to them.

I think that the ladies who are worrying about the prisoners not receiving what they need would feel quite differently if they could see the thousands of acknowledgment cards which come into this office weekly. Some days we have received as many as 1,000 cards in one day. As these cards are placed inside the parcels, the men must get their parcels in order to get the cards. We have also the evidence of many escaped and repatriated prisoners, who tell us that were it not for the Red Cross parcels they would certainly not have lived to return. Of course in some camps, on distant working parties, the delivery of parcels is very irregular and it is at present, I fear, almost impossible to reach the men who are working in the occupied territory. We hope, however, that the conference at the Hague, which is at present being held, will have very good results for the prisoners.

I hope that you will be able to continue your splendid work and that Pte. V. Gorst and you some interesting letters from Germany. When asthma comes do not despair. Turn at once to the help effective—Dr. J. D. Kelloge's Asthma Remedy. This wonderful remedy will give you the aid you need so sorely. Choking ceases, breathing becomes natural and without effort. Others, thousands of them, have suffered as you suffer but have wisely turned to this famous remedy and ceased to suffer. Get a package this very day.

### APPIN

Wm. Stephenson has purchased a car.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Taylor are spending a few days in London.

Miss Kinder of Mount Brydges spent Sunday with Marion Macfie.

We are very sorry to hear that Doug. Sinclair is very ill with typhoid fever.

Farmers are very busy with the haying, which is a fair crop. Spring crops are looking especially fine in this district.

The Red Cross cutting committee met at Mrs. D. L. McIntyre's home Tuesday afternoon and cut out a web of flannel.

The Appin Women's Institute will hold their monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. John Jones on Thursday afternoon, July 25, at 2.30.

### EKFRID STATION

Miss Frances Wynn is holidaying at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Fletcher of Lohr spent Sunday with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. James Murray and Melvin spent the 12th of July in St. Thomas.

Mrs. R. C. Marsh and children of Toledo spent last week with Mrs. W. P. Corneil.

Mrs. Duncan Graham and son Duncan of Strathroy visited with Miss Annie Galbraith last week.

The Ekfrid Patriotic Society realized \$33.50 from two quilts which they recently made and sold by auction.

Mrs. McLarty and Duncan McLarty of Kintyre and Mr. and Mrs. Dugald Andrew and family of Crinan spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wilson McPherson.

Miss L. Cutler, who has been teacher of S. S. No. 4 for the past few years, had sixteen pupils trying the promotion examination, of whom thirteen were successful.

### SHIELDS

Edgar Quick purchased a new car last week.

Miss Evelyn McTavish is visiting friends in Toronto.

Pte. John McVicar of London spent the week-end at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. McBride of Windsor are visiting at J. D. McBride's.

Mrs. Dunc. Ferguson and sons of Sarnia are holidaying at Mrs. Nancy Ferguson's.

Mrs. Bert Stewart and Miss Lucy Ferguson, who spent a few days at their home here, have returned to Detroit.

We are pleased to see the name of Miss Winnifred McVicar in the list of successful candidates at London Normal school.

Miss Margaret McKenzie, who has been on an extended visit to friends here, left for her home at Imperial, Sask., on Tuesday.

Complimentary addresses are charged for at five cents a line. Minimum 50c. The report of the proceedings is news and is not charged for.



# A Great Saving OF SHOE MONEY

THURSDAY - FRIDAY - SATURDAY

Come to Russo's Thursday, Friday and Saturday, and we'll hitch more value to your Shoe Money than you expect these days when shoe prices are away up. It will be the buyer who will make the money, not the one who will stay away.

## Where Quality Counts We Win

- Ladies' Dark Havana Vici Kid at ..... \$1.98
- Ladies' Black Vici Kid, 8 inch top, Louis heel, at ..... 3.98
- Ladies' Gunmetal, 9 inch top, military heel, at ..... 3.48
- Ladies' Grey Kid, Goodyear welt, reg. \$14, at ..... 11.00
- Ladies' Black Vici Kid, well known Blackford Shoe, reg. \$12, at ..... 8.50
- Ladies' Suede Pump, turned sole, reg. \$4, at ..... 2.23
- Ladies' Patent Leather Pumps at ..... 1.98
- Ladies' Black Vici Kid Patent Tip Oxford at ..... 2.98
- Ladies' House Slippers at ..... .98
- Ladies' Pearl Grey Pumps, reg. \$8, at ..... 4.49
- Ladies' White Canvas Pumps at ..... 1.49
- Ladies' Patent Grey Oxfords at ..... 6.49
- Ladies' Patent Mahogany Oxfords at ..... 6.49
- Ladies' White Vici Kid Oxfords, reg. \$11, at ..... 7.95
- Ladies' Classic Oxford, vici kid, champagne, at ..... 3.49
- Ladies' Black Vici Kid, cushion sole, rubber heel, at ..... 4.49

### SPECIAL!

- Boys' Shoes, 20 pairs in stock to clear away, sizes 2 to 5, at ..... \$2.98
- Boys' Box Calf Shoe, guaranteed never to rip, at ..... 3.98
- Boys' Gunmetal Calf, button or lace, at ..... 3.69
- Youths' Gunmetal Calf Shoe at ..... 2.50
- Youths' Velour Calf Shoe at ..... 2.98
- Youths' Dongola Kid at ..... 1.00

### This Way, Men, for Reliable Footwear Bargains

- Men's Working Shoe, solid leather, at ..... \$2.98
- Men's Tan Calf Work Shoe, all solid, at ..... 3.98
- Men's Urus Calf, the very best make, at ..... 4.49
- Men's Goodyear Welt Elk Shoe at ..... 5.49
- Men's Box Calf Shoe with rubber heel ..... 4.98
- Men's Dress Shoe, vici kid, reg. \$9, at ..... 6.50
- Men's Black Gunmetal Calf at ..... 5.98
- Men's Mahogany Shoe, Neolin sole and rubber heel, at ..... 6.49
- Men's Dark Havana, rubber sole and heel ..... 5.98

Ladies', Misses', Men's, Youths' and Kiddies' Outing Shoes at greatly reduced prices.

# MODERN SHOE STORE

Main Street

Glencoe

### WOODGREEN

Mrs. George Scrimshaw is visiting at Ed. Haeght's.

David Haldin died quite suddenly on Sunday evening.

David Watterworth is able to be outdoors again after a very serious illness.

William Weekes, of the medical corps is spending a few days with his parents.

Mrs. R. S. Whaley and daughters of Calgary are visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Wesley Edwards and family are living in the house on the Grover farm. Mr. Edwards intends to build on his new farm in the near future.

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Clark and children motored from Hamburg, Iowa, and are spending a few weeks with friends and relatives in this locality.

The result of the promotion examinations at S. S. No. 3, Sarnia, is waiting to be the teacher and board of trustees. The figures and names of pupils are in school report column.

### OAKDALE

Mr. and Mrs. George Barnes and family spent Sunday last in Sarnia.

Privates Norman Munroe and Ross Broadbent are home for a few days.

Miss Theresa Thompson of Detroit has returned home after spending a few days here.

Mrs. Russell Coutts and son Douglas, who were spending several months in the West, have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Wright and family, Ella and Roy, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George Bell of Petrolia.

### Clubbing Rates

- The Transcript and—
- Toronto Daily Globe.....\$5.25
- Toronto Daily Mail..... 5.25
- Family Herald and Star... 2.75
- Weekly Sun..... 2.40
- Farmers' Advocate..... 3.00
- Canadian Countryman... 2.50
- Daily Advertiser..... 5.25
- Daily Free Press..... 5.25

These prices are subject to change at any time. Address—The Transcript, Glencoe, Ont.

A fashion journal says: "The 1918 skirt is more individual than the 1917. Less skirt, you know, and more individuality."

# APPIN ANNUAL MONSTER GARDEN PARTY

will be held on the Park on Wednesday, August 7th

Bigger and better than ever. Watch for particulars

## New Washable Voile Dresses

Specially Priced At

# \$10 - \$15

For Women and Misses

The variety and simplicity of these groups affords opportunity to select very desirable styles for warm weather wear. Made of plain, striped and figured voiles with organdy or pique-trimmed collars, cuffs and pockets.

**B. SIEGEL**

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