

EXPOSED BY SIR WILFRID--
DISCLAIMED BY MR. BORDEN--
REPUDIATED BY MR. BARNARD

Colonist Seures Rich Notoriety--Eastern Canada Treated to an
Illuminating Exposure of Journalistic Tricks in the West--
Conservative Leader's Telegram Was Garbled for Par-
tizan Purposes During Campaign and Name
Attached to Spurious "Facsimile."

On Saturday the Times printed a brief statement referring to the distortion of a telegram sent by
Mr. R. L. Borden, leader of the Conservative party in Canada, to the Colonist newspaper of this city, a
few days before the elections of Oct. 26th.

The statement of Mr. Borden in repudiating the telegram in question was so startling that the Times
asked its correspondent in Ottawa to wire full details of the incident as it transpired in parliament. This
arrived too late for use in the Saturday edition, but throws so much additional light on the subject that
it is given in full below:

Ottawa, Jan. 23.—In the House of Commons yesterday, Sir Wilfrid Laurier
made a scathing attack on the trickery and misrepresentation of the
opposition election campaign in British Columbia on the question of Asiatic
immigration. Sir Wilfrid referred to British Columbia as the only province
where the election had been fought upon that principle. The government
had been assailed on its immigration policy.

"The government," declared the premier, "takes no exception to the cry
for a white Canada, but the opposition offers us no methods by which it
should be obtained. We seek to reach a solution of the problem by negotia-
tion and diplomatic action rather than by hostile legislation, which would
not be to the best interest of Canada and the British Empire."

He produced an extract from the Victoria Colonist (Conservative), con-
taining a copy of a telegram, said to have been sent by Mr. Borden to Mr.
Barnard, and which was used extensively during the campaign.

The message, as printed in the Colonist, read: "The Conservative party
stands for a White Canada, for protection of white labor, and the exclusion
of Asiatics—R. L. Borden."

Mr. Borden arose and somewhat excitedly denied that he had sent a tele-
gram in these words, and asserted that Sir Wilfrid was aware that he denied
its authenticity.

"I don't know what the honorable gentleman means," replied Sir Wilfrid
rather indignantly. "I have received no such communication. He has
said, 'Well, one of your colleagues knew that I denied the authenticity of the
telegram,'" replied Mr. Borden.

"I accept the honorable gentleman's denial," said the premier, "but I
read from a facsimile of the telegram."

Stepping forward Mr. Borden examined the newspaper clipping which lay
on the clerk's desk.

"What does the right honorable gentleman mean by a facsimile?" he said,
"this is only a typewritten copy," at which there was opposition applause.

Sir Wilfrid also stepped up to the table and held up the clipping. "This
is printed in different type from newspaper type, and purports to be a
facsimile of a telegram," he hurried back amid Liberal applause.

"If my honorable friend did not send this telegram, then his party ob-
tained the seat of Victoria through false pretenses," he thundered amid loud
applause.

At the conclusion of Sir Wilfrid's speech, Mr. Borden read the following
as the message which he had sent to the Victoria Colonist: "The Conserva-
tive party stands for a White Canada and absolute protection of white
labor."

"The balance of the telegram" (and the absolute exclusion of Asiatics) "was
stuck in by the newspaper people," he added amid Liberal jeers. Sir Wilfrid
also, exposed the true nature of the opposition's policy of purity by alluding
to Mr. Borden's successful attempt to bribe a whole province by his prom-
ises regarding increased subsidies to British Columbia. Mr. Borden had,
he said, come under the magnetic influence of that astute politician Hon.
Richard McBride, who had taken Mr. Borden to a high mountain and shown
him the province at his feet. The honorable gentleman had not the courage
to say, "Get thee behind me Satan," and instead had fallen down and wor-
shipped.

Mr. Barnard, making his maiden speech later in the day, referred to the
incident of the fabricated telegram in the Colonist, and said:

"As I have to stand in the estimation of members of this House, not
only on this side but on the other side as well, as a man of honor and in-
tegrity, I deem it proper to make a statement with regard to the telegram.
As a matter of fact the telegram was handed me when I was speaking on
the platform at a public meeting in Victoria on the evening of Saturday,
October 24th, by an emissary of the Colonist newspaper on the reportorial
staff. I read the telegram as it was handed to me, and it appeared next
morning in the Colonist newspaper in the form in which it was handed me.

"That is all I knew about the telegram at that time. I HEARD AFTER-
WARDS THAT THERE WAS SOME ALTERATION IN THE TELEGRAM,
but I want to say, as my inquiries gave me any information, it was not
made either with any knowledge of mine, or with the consent or connivance
of the gentlemen who did me the honor of assisting me in any way in
my election in Victoria."

By this it appears that in the last days of the campaign in this city, when it was evident that the
only hope of the Conservative party in this city of defeating the Minister of Inland Revenue lay in
inflaming the public mind on the subject of Oriental immigration, the Colonist newspaper dispatched a
telegram to Mr. Borden, the terms of which have never been disclosed, but which was evidently in the
nature of a request for some declaration on the Oriental immigration question.

Mr. Borden says he replied as follows: "Your message received. The Conservative party stands
for a White Canada, and the protection of white labour. R. L. Borden."
The dispatch as it was printed next day in the Colonist read as follows: "Your message received.
The Conservative party stands for a White Canada, the protection of white labour, AND THE AB-
SOLUTE EXCLUSION OF ASIATICS."

This telegram was given Mr. Barnard and read by him at the Victoria theatre.
To give further force to this telegram, and to leave no question regarding its authenticity, an al-
leged facsimile (which is now shown to have been a forgery) was reproduced in the Colonist, and is
herewith presented exactly as it appeared there:

Hallifax, N. S. Oct. 24--1908.

The Colonist,
Victoria.

Your message received. The Conservative party stands for a White
Canada, the protection of white labour and the absolute exclusion of
Asiatics.

R. L. Borden.

The full force of that dispatch, and its effect on the public mind, are well known. It undoubtedly

TORONTO'S POPULATION.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 28.—According to
the 1906 edition of Migh's directory To-
ronto's population, including East To-
ronto and Deer Park, which was an-
nexed to the city in December, is 385,928.

TWO DEAD; ONE INJURED.

Harrison, Ont., Jan. 28.—In a collision
of freight trains in a blinding snowstorm
at noon yesterday on the G. T. near here,
Fireman Root, of Palmerston, and Brake-
man Smith, of Southampton, were killed,
and Engineer Joe. Arkel was seriously
injured.

MANY QUESTIONS WAIT
FOR THE GOVERNMENT

Opposition Members Want In-
formation as to Expen-
ditures.

There are a number of questions
awaiting the government as soon as
the debate on the address is concluded.
This afternoon will see the debate
finished by John Oliver, from the opposi-
tion side, and Attorney-General
Bowser.

Dr. Kerwin intends to ask the at-
torney-general on Monday (the com-
mission of Robert L. McIntosh, of
Prince Rupert, as stipendiary magis-
trate, has been cancelled, and so for
what cause. He will also ask the
finance minister the amount collected
from timber royalties and timber li-
censes from Skeena district in the fiscal
years ending June 30th, 1907 and 1908.

Mr. Oliver has given notice of several
questions he wishes to have answered.
To-morrow he will ask how many new
liquor licenses were issued last year,
and also what amounts of the \$25,378
spent on Canoe Pass bridge were for
labor and material. On Monday he will
ask the commissioner of works what
the beach road in Cowichan cost to
construct; what it has cost yearly to
repair since then; how many miles of
road each of the five road foremen in
South Cowichan have to maintain, and
how many men each employ; how
many men Reid employed, and at what
wages in 1907 and 1908, and how much
a year it costs the government to
gravel the roads in Reid's division.

Mr. Oliver also wants to know what
amounts were paid to C. W. Gamble,
works department engineer, during
1907-8 and during the six months end-
ing December 31st last, and for what
purpose in each case.

The city engineer, H. B. Thompson,
will introduce a resolution to the
Victoria water works, proposes, besides giving
the city power to develop and sell pow-
er, that the revenue from the system
shall be paid into a fund apart from
the general revenue, and shall not be
applicable to ordinary civic expenditure
unless a two-thirds vote of the council
decides to so apply any surplus. It is
provided that the indebtedness
of water works purposes shall not be
included as part of the civic indebted-
ness authorized under the Municipal
Finance Act, and shall be secured by
the system and its revenue.

DISFRANCHISE
THE SOLDIERS

RUMOR THAT McBRIDE
PURPOSES SUCH A STEP

Would Punish Men at Work
Point Barracks for vot-
ing Liberal.

It is generally reported that the
McBride government intends to dis-
franchise the members of the Cana-
dian permanent corps on duty in the
province, which, of course, strikes at
those at Work Point barracks. These
men, all Canadians, exercise the fran-
chise in the provincial constituency of
Esquimalt and the Dominion consti-
tuency of Nanaimo.

Needless to say this act would be
one of punishment for what the pre-
mier and his attorney-general con-
sider the high crime and misdemeanor
of a Canadian citizen casting a Lib-
eral vote. It is a fact that a large
number of the men in the service pre-
fer to vote for the party of the peo-
ple, and that both in the local elec-
tion two years ago and the federal
contest last October they supported the
Liberal candidates.

This cannot be allowed, say Mr. Mc-
Bride and Mr. Bowser, and so in the
bill amending the Provincial Elections
act which the attorney-general will
introduce in a day or so it is expected
that robbing the soldier of his vote
will be one of the main features. It
will not be surprising, either, if some
proposal is made for a general dis-
franchising of Dominion government
officials and employees throughout
British Columbia. This would be in
line with the McBride policy.

NEW PROCESS FOR
MANUFACTURING STEEL

Canadian Syndicate Hopes to
Make Big Reduction in
Cost.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 28.—Steps have
been taken for the formation of a Can-
ada Steel Company. A syndicate has
secured a new process of making steel
at a fraction of the present cost and
that too from a common ore that is
at present plentiful in New Ontario.
The new process will reduce the cost
of foot steel from \$1.08 to ten cents a
pound.

NEW COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 28.—Colonel
Scott will be retired this week as col-
lector of customs and Andrew Strang
will be appointed in his place.

CANADA'S NEW PRIMATE.

Anglican Synod of Toronto to Make
Appointment on February 18.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 28.—The Anglican
synod of the diocese of Toronto has
been summoned to meet in special ses-
sion on February 18th, for the purpose
of electing a successor to the late
Archbishop Sweatman.

JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Wellington, N. Z., Jan. 28.—It is likely
a Japanese squadron of eight ships will
visit Australia early in 1910.

C. N. R. WILL TRAVERSE
GOWGANDA COUNTRY

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 28.—William
Mackenzie and a party of Canadian
Northern engineers are going north on
a special trip next week, to look over
the proposed route of extension from
Port Arthur to Sudbury. It is under-
stood the route will be changed to take
in the Gowganda silver country. Mr.
Mackenzie is also said to have cast
an anxious eye on the mineral de-
posits of the north shore of Lake Su-
perior and will make an examination
with his experts while in the north
country.

W. Mackenzie Leaves to In-
spect Port Arthur to
Sudbury Route.

JUMPS TO DEATH.

Newark, N. J., Jan. 28.—A fire which
practically destroyed the home of
Philip Rankin, a lawyer, to-day result-
ed in the death of a maid servant,
Annastasia Burns, and serious injuries
to her sister Nellie, both of whom
leaped from the third-story window of
the Rankin home. The fire started in
the nursery, where two young children
of Mrs. Rankin were sleeping, and she
rushed in and carried them to safety.
The two maids were asleep on the up-
per floor, and finding their escape by
the stairway cut off by flames and
smoke they leaped from the windows.

DEPORTING CHINESE.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 28.—The Trade
and Commerce department has ordered
the deportation of Wong Ah Chai and
King Tong, who recently arrived in
Montreal with \$500 in their possession
and armed with certificates from the
Governor of Yucatan, Mexico, to the
effect that they were merchants. An
investigation showed them to be labor-
ers and the department was also in-
formed that the \$500 had been loaned to
them.

"NIGHT RIDER" TRIAL.

Union City, Tenn., Jan. 28.—The
jury in the Marshall "Night Rider"
case has disagreed and has been dis-
missed.

turned the scales in favor of the Conservative candidate, for its terms left no doubt that Mr. Borden
was prepared to commit himself to a course of action to which even Mr. McBride had never sub-
scribed. No Asiatic exclusionist could go further, and while many of Mr. Borden's supporters, who
knew his caution in such matters, were aghast at his recklessness, the more rabid did not reflect and
were stampeded into a course of action which turned the trick.

The speeches of Messrs. Borden and Barnard at Ottawa on Friday establish a complete chain so
far as evidence is concerned.

(a) Mr. Borden placed the dispatch on the wire, addressed to the Colonist in its original form,
containing no reference whatever to the exclusion of Asiatics.

(b) The dispatch was undoubtedly delivered to the Colonist in Victoria by the telegraph company
in its original and ungarbled terms.

(c) An hour or two later it was placed in the hands of Mr. Barnard, by a representative of the
Colonist, with the addition of the clause, "The absolute exclusion of Asiatics." In this form it was read
by him to the audience (evidently in good faith) and so reproduced in the Colonist the following morn-
ing.

It is thus conclusively proved that the alteration of the telegram must have taken place between
the time of its receipt by the Colonist and its delivery by that paper to Mr. Barnard at the public
meeting.

It is the Colonist, therefore, which must be looked to for an explanation. This is all it has to offer:
(Vide editorial Colonist, Jan. 24.)

"The Colonist yesterday published a statement made by Mr. R. L. Borden in the House of Commons, to the
effect that a dispatch, which appeared in the Colonist previous to the election, and purporting to be signed by him,
had not been sent by him. We are bound to accept Mr. Borden's statement, and we express our great regret at hav-
ing attributed any sentiments to him which he did not express. In printing the dispatch referred to the Colonist acted
in perfect good faith."

Part of Heading and
Extract.
"Crowded Smoker"
Colonist - Oct. 25th, 1908

CHEERS FOR BORDEN'S WIRE

Clear Cut Pledge to Exclude
Asiatics Evokes Tremend-
ous Ovation

The Conservative campaign came to
an enthusiastic end last night with a
most successful smoker at the A.O.
U.W. hall. The building was crowded
to the doors with happy, confident vot-
ers representative of all sections of the
community and all imbued with a
single aim. The audience was very
much in earnest and when Mr. Barnard
read Mr. Borden's telegram stating
that the Conservative party stood for
the absolute exclusion of Asiatics the
whole of that vast audience rose to its
feet and shouted and cheered, and it
was several minutes before the pro-

Extract Colonist Report
"Crowded Smoker"
Oct. 25th, 1908

Coloist
Editorial
Oct. 25th, 1908

The Cabinet of which he is a mem-
ber may not be in existence after the
election. We direct consideration
to the telegram from Mr. Borden
reproduced in fac-simile on page two
this morning, and we also point
out that the trend of public
sentiment has for a year or more
been strongly against the Liberals as
was shown by the provincial elections
in Ontario and New Brunswick...

The greatest ovation occurred when
just after Mr. Connell had finished his
speech, Mr. Barnard got up and read
the following telegram:

Hallifax, N.S., Oct. 4 1908
The Colonist, Victoria.
Your message received. The Conser-
vative party stands for a white Can-
ada, the protection of white labour and
the absolute exclusion of Asiatics.

R. BORDEN
He had hardly finished reading it
when the audience rose as one man
and fairly shouted itself hoarse. After
several minutes of uproar three cheers
and a tiger were enthusiastically given
by Mr. R. L. Borden, following this up
with "He's a Jolly Good Fellow." It
was all that was needed to cap the
climax, and was a striking proof of
how dead in earnest are British Col-
umbians on the vital question of Asi-
atic exclusion, that life and death
matter for the future of the province
with which the Liberals have so reck-
lessly played fast and loose.

The Songs a Feature.

NO MONEY FOR
BEAUTIFICATION

PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT
WILL NOT ASSIST

Premier McBride Makes State-
ment During Debate
on Address.

Legislative Press Gallery, Jan. 25.

The leaders were heard from to-day
on the address, J. A. Macdonald speak-
ing for a little over an hour, and Pre-
mier McBride for about half as long
again. The speech of the leader of the
opposition will be found on another
page. It was one of his best efforts and
dealt comprehensively with the politi-
cal issues of the province. He was fol-
lowed point by point by the premier,
who is not as much at home in a set
speech on the floor of the House as he
is on the stump.

There was not a large gathering of
listeners in the galleries and the leader
of the government had few of his sup-
porters behind him as he spoke.

Victoria will be interested in the
references to the Tasse scheme for the
beautification of the city. Mr. Mac-
donald endorsed it and approved of a
government grant, but Premier Mc-
Bride turned it down cold.

Just before the House adjourned the
re-appearance of the Socialist leader
took place. The certificate of his elec-
tion had been read at the opening of the
sitting. Mr. Hawthornthwaite slipped
into his seat quietly at the last minute
and then advanced between Parker
Williams, of Newcastle, and John Mac-
donald, of Grand Forks. He evidently
did not relish the parade but it had to
be gone through. His sponsors appear-
ed to be aware there was a form of
words for such an occasion, but did
not know them, and so "the honorable
gentleman's right to take his seat" was
not claimed. All three advanced to the
foot of the speaker's dais, bowed, the
speaker murmured and acknowledgment
and the trio moved off with an
air of relief that it was over.

Mark Eagleson, the veteran of the
Cariboo road, was in his place yester-
day and was warmly welcomed by his
colleagues. The only member of the
opposition who yet to arrive is Stuart
Henderson, who is detained up
country on legal business.

The Premier's Reply.

Premier McBride congratulated the
leader of the opposition on his promise
to offer assistance in perfecting legisla-
tion and promised to take him at his
word. He hoped for more support from
the other side than in days gone by, not
that he desired to criticize but that he
thought the opposition might easily give
more assistance to the government.

As to the speech, the government had
tried to comprise in it all matters on
which it thought reference might come
from the representative of the crown.
He had to congratulate the member for
Columbia (Mr. Parson) for the splen-
did manner in which he had moved the
address in reply. His colleague from
Victoria (Mr. Davey) had grappled with
questions of more than passing moment
in a manner which did him credit.

Dealing with Mr. Macdonald's refer-
ence to the filling of the new portfolio,
the premier denied that he had ever
been importuned by or on behalf of any
gentleman, but had always exercised
his own unbiassed choice. He had ever
been favored in the supporters who sat
behind him and there was nothing but
the very best of relationship between
himself and them. Of the Quebec and
Simon Fraser celebrations, the premier
spoke eloquently and thanked the leader
of the opposition for his remarks in
regard to the latter.

A hearty tribute was paid to the
pluck and energy of the people of Fernie
and the untiring efforts of its mem-
ber (W. B. Ross) and all its public
men, as a result of which there was
growing up to-day what would be, be-
fore the first anniversary of the fire, the
best, cleanest and most substantially
built town in the west.

Water Clauses Act.

It did not follow, the premier said,
that because the speech did not mention
all the subjects of coming legislation it
fell short of the functions of a speech
from the throne. The revision of the
Water Clauses Act he could assure
the House, would be undertaken with
care, and efforts would be made, while
affecting no existing records, to secure
for lands in the dry belt a more equit-
able and more reasonable supply of
water. The bill would be presented in
the next day or two, and ample time
would be given for its perusal before it
was taken up. Criticism and assis-
tance from the opposition side in the
passage of this bill would be welcomed.
Here was a golden opportunity for the
members opposite to redeem their past
remissness in this regard.

The premier declared himself unable
to understand what was meant by a
speculator in timber lands. Everyone
in British Columbia was more or less
a speculator, and no one who had any-
thing to sell and saw an opportunity to
turn over a little money could be blamed.
As compared with the Dominion,
the premier asserted, the public interest
had more protection from the present
timber laws of British Columbia than
from those of the Dominion. With an
extension of the time of lease these
laws would be perfect. Such an exten-
sion had been urged by business bodies
and the government had the matter
under consideration with a view to the
adoption of some comprehensive law
that would meet the case acceptably
and fully. The government was aware
of the importance of conserving our
timber resources and would endeavor

(Continued on page 7.)

Great Sale
forward by
These most ex-
se cloths, Pre-
ng, with direc-
\$12.75
\$15.00
wear
VESTS, ladies,
\$1.50
WHITE WOOL
ong or short
Sale Price 50c
WHITE WOOL
high necks, long
Sale Price 70c
ankle length.
\$1.75
ankle length.
\$1.75
1010
Govt.
St.
FINE
order ready for
d values:
25c
20c
22c
22c
20c
good, per
20c
grocery
PHONE 312
CO
LTD.
Delivery Rigs,
Blush Scrapers,
Shut & Will,
Gibbs Garden
JOHNSON ST.
Phone 1611.
les for
ressed Men
our New Stock
those articles
el so necessary
of the correct-
s variety. Quality
elements that
this important
most important
ason.
HATS,
SUITS,
HIRTS.
FINCH
ENT STREET
deep red color on a
permits the pas-
easily than those

RETURNS FROM EAST.

W. Y. McCarter Says Financial Conditions Show Great Improvement. W. Y. McCarter, the well known Hill-side music contractor, has just returned from an extended tour through the Eastern States and Canada.

WAS A DISGRACE TO JOURNALISM

COLONIST'S SPURIOUS TELEGRAM DISCUSSED

Mr. Borden Repudiated Dispatch Even Before Being Brought Up in House.

(From Tuesday's Daily.) The exposure of the use of a forged telegram during the recent campaign in which Mr. Borden was made to subscribe to sentiments which he now decries was the principal topic of conversation on the streets, in hotel lobbies, and in the corridors of the House yesterday.

CARRIE NATION IN LONDON.

London, Jan. 22.—Mrs. Carrie Nation was seen here with a group of them striking her in the face, while delivering a lecture in Canterbury music hall last night.

AUTO FIENDS.

Felony for Motorists to Abandon Persons They Have Killed or Injured.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 22.—A bill introduced into the assembly makes it a felony for an automobilist to willfully abandon persons killed or injured accidentally.

HAGUE TO ARBITRATE FISHERIES DISPUTE

August Court to Decide on Modus Vivendi on Newfoundland Coast.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 22.—For the first time under the terms of the international arbitration treaties with various countries of the world, negotiated by Secretary Root, reports have been had to the international tribunal.

After protracted conferences of months' standing, Secretary Root and Ambassador Bryce have come to a complete understanding and agreement as the formal consent of the colonial authorities is received, the treaty will be signed.

EXCLUSIONISTS SEEK TO STIR UP TROUBLE

Resent Roosevelt's Interference With Anti-Japanese Legislation.

San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 22.—The Atlantic Exclusion League last night adopted a resolution resenting "assertions purporting to emanate from the president" regarding the Japanese situation in California.

TAACOMA SERGEANT PROVES ADAMANT AND INEBRIATED INDIAN GIRL HAS TO PAY FINE.

Tacoma, Wash., 22.—May Peone, an Indian girl, arrested on a charge of drunkenness, offered Desk Sergeant Raymond \$3,000 in cash and a kiss if he would release her from the city jail.

Next Sunday Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. Howell, of Toronto, will conduct special meetings in the O. F. W. hall at 11 a. m., 3 and 7:30 p. m.

CAPTAIN'S TALE OF SOQUEL'S LOSS

HIS BRAVE WIFE'S FINAL WORD OF LOVE

Weather Prevented Observations Being Taken for Six Days.

Port Townsend, Wash., Jan. 22.—Details of the wreck of the American schooner Soquel were brought here with twelve survivors and the bodies of the wife of Captain Carl Henningsen and his 3-year-old daughter by the United States revenue cutter Daniel Manning this afternoon.

Capt. Henningsen's statement of the loss of his vessel changes the story in several particulars. To the Associated Press Capt. Henningsen said last night: "I was bound in past Cape Flattery, the approximate location of that point was reached Sunday, January 17th.

In full sweep of the storm, the loosened lifeboat was raised from its cradle and dashed onto the deck, pinning the three beneath. Captain Henningsen was rendered insensible and his wife instantly killed.

HAVOC IN MONTREAL THROUGH SLEET STORM

Notre Dame Street Blocked Up by Fallen Wires—Heavy Damage.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 22.—A sleet storm that raged all day Saturday and was followed on Saturday night by a gale of wind worked havoc among the overhead wires on the streets of Montreal and wrecked many fine shade trees on the city streets.

PRINCE FIGHTS DUEL IN PARIS SUBURB

Paris, Jan. 22.—Prince Gregory Stourdou and Alexander Catargis, son of the Roumanian minister of London, fought a duel this afternoon with pistols on the matter of a woman.

FOUR DIE IN FIRE

Port Worth, Texas, Jan. 22.—Four men were burned or suffocated to death and another perhaps fatally burned here to-day in a fire which practically destroyed the Southern hotel.

DIPLOMATIC RUMOR

St. Petersburg, Jan. 22.—Although no final decision has been made, it is believed certain that Baron Rosen, the ambassador to Rome and the M. George Catargis is wounded in the right arm.

CANNED REBELLION

(Toronto News.) The leaders of secession in Indian are stirring up trouble and inciting their neighbors to rebellion by means of speeches reproduced by phonographs.

TUGBOAT CAPTAINS ARE EXONERATED

PRIMATE OF ALL CANADA PASSES AWAY

Archbishop Sweatman Had a Most Notable Career in Church.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 22.—Archbishop Sweatman, Primate of all Canada, died at 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, after being ill for a week of pneumonia. He was in his 71st year.

The late Right Rev. Arthur Sweatman was a strong and distinct individuality. He was born in London, England, in 1837.

Edmund Billings, representative of the Massachusetts relief committee with the assistance of general Mazza, the Italian commander of the earthquake zone, is actively engaged in distributing supplies.

E. J. CHAMBERLAIN IS GENERAL MANAGER

Succeeds Frank Morse in Position on Grand Trunk Pacific.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 22.—The announcement was made yesterday of the appointment of E. J. Chamberlain as general manager of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway, in succession to F. W. Morse, resigned.

HAVOC IN MONTREAL THROUGH SLEET STORM

Notre Dame Street Blocked Up by Fallen Wires—Heavy Damage.

PRINCE FIGHTS DUEL IN PARIS SUBURB

FOUR DIE IN FIRE

DIPLOMATIC RUMOR

CANNED REBELLION

SURVIVORS DIG AMONG RUINS

EXCAVATORS REMOVE NUMBER OF DEAD BODIES

Octogenarian Found in Wreckage Had Lived on Herbs.

Messina, Jan. 22.—Reports were spread yesterday of the remarkable recovery from the ruins of Gaetano Milietallo, an octogenarian, alive after 29 days' imprisonment.

When the Florida reached her dock it was learned that three, and not four, of the crew had been killed when the steamer Gresham came up with the sinking Republic preparations were made to tow the steamer to the nearest land for beaching.

Snow at Messina. The advent of cold weather, accompanied by snow, has added to the discomfort and suffering of the earthquake survivors.

DAUGHTERS OF PITTY

Crowd Again Testifies to Belief in Capital Punishment.

Carpetras, France, Jan. 22.—The second execution in France under the revival of the law of capital punishment took place here to-day, although the scenes accompanying it were less remarkable than those attending the execution of the same convict on January 11th.

CITY RETAINS ITS RIGHTS IN PARK

Bowling Club Has Not Acquired Any Proprietary Interest There.

LEAD TO LYNCHINGS

Arrests of Men and Women Follow Murder of Prominent Planter.

COSGROVE AT PORTLAND.

PARIS LINTOTYPERS ON STRIKE.

TO LYNCH WHITE MAN.

DR. HELMCKEN'S VIGILANT INTEREST IN THE PARK

HEZBA STRETTON DEAD.

HEZBA STRETTON DEAD.

HEZBA STRETTON DEAD.

efficiency that was shown and the aid that modern science was able to render in the most critical of situations becomes strikingly clear.

DRAMATIC STORY OF SHIPWRECK

CAPTAIN LAST TO LEAVE SINKING S.S. REPUBLIC

Scene Off Nantucket Most Remarkable in Marine Annals.

New York, Jan. 22.—Capt. Sealy and his officers and most of the crew of the wrecked steamship Republic were given a remarkable demonstration today when they landed at the pier of the White Star line from the revenue cutter Gresham.

SCENE AT PUBLIC EXECUTION IN FRANCE

Crowd Again Testifies to Belief in Capital Punishment.

HEZBA STRETTON DEAD.

GRANTS SECTION EVE

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RECEIVES ROSE OF YORK

Made at Gather Residents shire.

Day's Daily. Society of British Co. held its annual William Wallace sports were present- 32 was shown and membership. ar were elected as H. S. Henderson; on Beanlands and S. O.; secretary- Nelson; executive t, F. Richardson, Farrand and F.

ands gave an adre of Yorkshire. dge on the subject of presenting it most interesting of the business ed in dancing, ssisted by mem- gment band, ev- ent enjoyable even- ture of the even- ation of a York Columbia gold, to nland, Beanlands, J. Peterson's inva- last five years, the pin as a small s regard.

was greatly sur- the members said the pleasantest and that he would long as he lived, received anything more highly. The He's a Jolly Good with three cheers. ph was taken by

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society are due to and his conferees, excellent music ng. Trust Co. Will fice g. in Trust Com- the property at C. E. Redfern's Bancroft con- street. The lease by the of the British- any will not be plans in connec- The plan is to ding which will company for a ore commodious he city. frontage of 46 treet, and also treet, being "L" red was over

EASTERN OF G. T. P.

Being Made Uns- 27.—Notwith- sthath construct- Trunk Pacific- ard. The road rle or two on e miles through ad. Much grad- veral long sec- In December 6 men and 653 cements, nearly ber. The com- on through the September, 1910, made it is ex- the line at time.

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and Calder Troup. Daily.) G. B. Coombe, nt for the Pa- B. Foster, as- ger, agent at alder, general department at and this morn- Troup, super- at steamships, the Princess are leaving on They deny ing to do with e part of the ey have made d they were accommodation

COPE.

al note issued d the powers continuing, outbreak of and Bul- ned by the th countries

RELATIONS.

The United Ottawa has n authorities United States other live- n points.

POULTRY SHOW IS ATTRACTING CROWDS

Good Attendance at Exhibition Last Night—Judge Denny Will Lecture To-night.

(From Thursday's Daily.) The poultry show is proving a great success. Last evening in spite of the other attractions there was a large crowd present. The chickens are described by Judge Denny as second to none on the coast and are equal to those in eastern centres. Last evening Judge Denny gave an interesting lecture on Rhode Island Reds and will speak this evening on another class of birds. The committee in charge has spared no pains in making this show a success and the public are asked to take advantage of the opportunity to make it what they wish for.

The tombola prize for last evening was a pen of birds. The winning ticket was No. 38, but so far it has not been claimed. The birds have nearly all been judged and this evening's attendance is expected to be large. The association is doing a valuable work in the raising of the standard of birds in the district. Following are some of the prize winners:

- PIGEONS.**
- Red Clean Leg Tumblers, Cocks—1st, Fairview Pigeon Loft, Vancouver; 2nd, J. C. Strong; 3rd, T. D. Roberts.
 - Red Clean Leg Tumblers, Hens—1st, Fairview Pigeon Loft; 2nd, J. C. Strong; 3rd, G. Martin.
 - Yellow Clean Leg Tumblers, Cocks—1st, T. D. Roberts; 2nd, Fairview Pigeon Loft.
 - Yellow Clean Leg Tumblers, Hens—1st, T. Roberts; 2nd, J. C. Strong; 3rd, T. Roberts.
 - Black Clean Leg Tumblers, Cocks—1st, Fairview Pigeon Loft; 2nd, T. D. Roberts.
 - Black Clean Leg Tumblers, Hens—1st, T. Roberts; 2nd, J. C. Strong; 3rd, T. Roberts.
 - Red Muffed Tumblers, Cocks—1st, R. McDowell; 2nd, T. Roberts; 3rd, R. McDowell.
 - Red Muffed Tumblers, Hens—1st and 2nd, R. McDowell; 3rd, J. C. Strong.
 - Black Muffed Tumblers, Cocks—1st, T. Roberts; 2nd, R. McDowell; 3rd, J. C. Strong.
 - Black Muffed Tumblers, Hens—1st, T. Roberts; 2nd, R. McDowell; 3rd, J. C. Strong.
 - Almond Tumblers, Cocks—1st, T. Roberts; 2nd, Fairview Pigeon Loft; 3rd, T. Roberts.
 - Tumbler Cocks, any other color—1st, Fairview Pigeon Loft; 2nd and 3rd, J. C. Strong.
 - Tumbler, Hen, any other color—1st, J. C. Strong; 2nd and 3rd, Fairview Pigeon Loft.
 - Archangle, Cocks—1st, J. C. Strong; Archangle, Hen—1st, J. C. Strong.
 - Runt, Cocks—1st, 2nd and 3rd, Fairview Pigeon Loft.
 - Any Other Variety. Swallow, Cocks—J. C. Strong; Russian Trumpeter, R. Hall.
 - Red Laced Mondene, Cocks—Fairview Pigeon Loft.
 - Red Laced Mondene, Hens—1st, Fairview Pigeon Loft.
 - Ice Pigeon, Cocks—1st, Fairview Pigeon Loft.
 - Black Magpie, Cocks—1st, Fairview Pigeon Loft.
 - Red Magpie, Hens—Fairview Pigeon Loft.
 - Black Bard, Cocks—Fairview Pigeon Loft.
 - Dun Barb, Cocks—1st, Fairview Pigeon Loft.

CANARIES.

Yorkshire, any other color—1st, 2nd and 3rd, Harris, Nanaimo.

SMUGGLING CIGARS.

B. H. Smith, the customs collector at Nanaimo, made a seizure a few days ago of 3,300 cigars on the steamer Georgia. These have been confiscated and will be sold by public auction. The cigars were secreted in the ship by the Chinese quartermaster, who is held responsible for the evasion of the customs laws. A seizure was made some months ago on the same ship.

WHEAT FOR MEXICO.

Steamer Georgia Will Carry 42,000 Bushels on Next Trip. Steamer Georgia is loading 42,000 bushels of wheat which has just arrived at Vancouver from Calgary. She will also take a quantity of lumber to Mexico on her next trip. A quantity of wheat is also to be taken south by the Jensen steamer Ella.

What About It?

Do not let the price of a one dollar bottle of Ferrated Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil stand between you and health. It is the best general system tonic and restorer we have ever sold and we daily recommend it to all who are the least run down, thin, weak or nervous. It is a most palatable combination, readily taken even by those with a very weak stomach. A grand remedy that will make you strong and hearty.

CYRUS H. BOWES CHEMIST.

Government St. Near Yates St., Victoria, B. C.

COST OF LITIGATION.

Lumbermen Will Petition Government for Reduction in Scale of Fees.

Vancouver, Jan. 27.—Lumbermen have taken up the question of the cost of litigation in British Columbia, with the result that a petition has been prepared to be presented to the provincial government to enact laws at this session of legislature providing for a revision of the scale of law costs in the various courts and reductions in the fees which lawyers are legally entitled to charge. It is pointed out in the petition that the present charges are so heavy that sooner than go to court to fight claims deemed to be unwarranted or excessive, many people prefer to settle, believing that it is cheaper to be imposed upon by an individual. The government is asked to adopt some provision for arbitration or some other inexpensive means of settling disputes without excessive cost.

PARKS BOARD ORDERS TREES FOR BOULEVARDS

Small Nursery Stock to Be Purchased—Bowling Green Subject Explained.

The parks board met yesterday afternoon in a special meeting. Aid-Henderson, in the absence of Mayor Hall, was elected to the chair. From the city council was received notice that Fred B. Pemberton and John Nelson had been re-elected on the board. A petition was received from Hon. J. S. Helmecken complaining of the action in connection with the bowling green at Beacon Hill, and asking that all correspondence therewith be published, with metes and bounds of territory given to the club. The petition contended that the grant was contrary to the intention of the original donors, the Hudson's Bay Company. J. Nelson asked if the bowling club did not go on the property under exactly the same conditions as the cricket club. The chairman said that that was the way it was held. F. B. Pemberton pointed out that there was a small nursery stock to be ordered which he resinded at any time and the club was given no exclusive rights. It was explained by Superintendent England that independent of the 146 feet square. It was decided to forward to Dr. Helmecken a copy of the resolution under which permission was given the club to fit up the grounds. A request from W. H. Butler, of Ladysmith, for quail, was received. It was decided to inform the correspondents that there were no quail kept in bounds by the parks board. A list of trees for boulevards amounting to about \$490, was approved and it was decided to order them. The trees are small nursery stock to be obtained in France, and will be planted in plots in the park and will be sufficient when developed for many miles of streets. On the recommendation of Mr. Wilkerson, it was decided to recommend to the city council that the roadway along boulevard streets be kept free from weeds and recommending the trial of salt being made for the purpose.

TREATED HIS PRISONERS TO WHISKEY AND CIGARS

Constable and Charges Developed a Spree on Way to Jail.

Windsor, Ont., Jan. 28.—Joseph Lapan, an Essex county constable, has been suspended for improper conduct. He was given charge of two prisoners to take to Sandwich jail, a few days ago, and as he had not reached his destination it was feared he had been attacked by his charges, but when a search party was sent out he was found in a roadhouse treating the two prisoners to whiskey and cigars. All three were drunk and had to be conveyed to jail in a dray.

SWORD IS USED ON KOREAN MINISTER

Exciting Incidents Mark Tour of Emperor and Count Ito.

Tokio, Jan. 28.—A special report from Seoul conveys the news that while the Emperor was hearing the Emperor of Korea, and Count Ito of Japan, who are making a trip of inspection through Northern Korea was enroute to Pyeng Yang, one of the Emperor's aides attacked the home secretary with a sword. The official escaped with his life but suffered a wound, the severity of which, however, is not known. A bomb was thrown in a temporary building erected at Kaesong for the reception of the Emperor.

SAILORS QUARREL.

Arrest Made of Deckhand on Princess "Victoria"—Remand Granted. Albert Howard, deckhand of the Princess Victoria, was charged in the police court this morning with an assault on E. J. Barnes and Alec Duncan, who are at present in the marine hospital suffering from scalds about the face and head. To allow the injured men to give evidence the case was adjourned until Tuesday next. Tuesday evening, while the Princess Victoria was casting off for sea at Vancouver, the prisoner and Barnes had a quarrel. The two men later went into the galley and were followed by Duncan, who knew nothing of the matter between the men. On the stove was a large pot of tea which, according to the story told by Barnes and Duncan, Howard picked up and threw over the man following him. Duncan made an attempt to dodge the deluge without success, and he and Barnes received it full in their faces. The men are so severely scalded that they were taken to the hospital yesterday on arrival of the steamer. Howard was detained in the fore-castle when the ship was at Seattle, and was handed over to Detective O'Leary on arrival here. He had nothing to say in court this morning and was not asked to plead, a remand being granted on the application of Sergeant Murray of the provincial police.

CARRADALE CHARTERED.

Barque Left Early This Morning for Tacoma in Tow. This morning at 2 o'clock the British barque Carradale was towed out of Esquimalt harbor by the tug Wanderer which came from Puntac, who knew nothing of the purpose. She has been taken to Tacoma, where she will load grain for the United Kingdom, probably for the owner's account. The barque has been at Esquimalt since October 3rd, and on one occasion before was reported to have been chartered, the rumor having come from the stevedores at Tacoma. Captain Smith received a letter from them but it was not until yesterday that he received a cable from the owners.

RELIEVED OF DUTY.

Capt. Gaudin, the local agent of marine and fisheries, has recalled the lifeboat crew from Banfield and the station will be temporarily abandoned until such time as arrangements can be made to fill the positions. The whole crew of the lifeboat will be discharged and will arrive on the Tees in a day or two. One man will be left in charge of the station temporarily.

CANADA'S LOAN WELL RECEIVED

LARGEST COLONIAL ISSUE EVER OFFERED

Opportunities Given to Small Investors Meet Ready Response.

Montreal, Que., Jan. 28.—A Canadian Associated Press dispatch from London says: The subscription list for the \$2,000,000 Canadian Government issue closed yesterday at the Bank of Montreal. The loan was the largest colonial issue ever offered on this market. It attracted favorable attention from the press and otherwise. It was underwritten, as is the universal practice, excepting only in the case of Imperial Government loans. The result is that about 59 per cent of the loan is taken by underwriters and about 41 per cent by the general public. The outcome, it is stated, is fully up to the expectations of the underwriters, who look forward to an early advance in the price of bonds to a premium. The offer of bonds in small amounts down to £10 attracted general attention and satisfactory results, considering that it is a new departure, there having been no less than 2,600 subscriptions by the public, including many under £100.

MAY TELL TRUTH ABOUT BILL MINER'S ESCAPE

New Westminster ex-Deputy Warden Makes an Extraordinary Threat.

New Westminster, B. C., Jan. 28.—Piqued because a recent dispatch from Ottawa intimates that discipline in the British Columbia penitentiary was not perfect during his tenure of office, D. Bourke, ex-deputy warden and for months virtually warden, has written to the press intimating that unless justice is done him he will "open up a new field for moral reformers by telling the world the truth about the escape of Bill Miner and his three convict companions," who levanted from the British Columbia penal institution in August, 1907. Mr. Bourke states that the disclosures he may make public would be sensational and far-reaching.

TURKEY AND BULGARIA

Porte Denies All Hostile Intentions—Anxious for Peace. Constantinople, Jan. 28.—The Porte has instructed the Turkish agent at Sofia to deny absolutely the intention attributed to Turkey to seize strategic points in Bulgaria, and to assure the Bulgarian government that Turkey is sincerely desirous of a peaceful settlement of outstanding questions.

ILLNESS OF AUGUST BELMONT.

New York, Jan. 28.—The condition of August Belmont, the financier, who was yesterday operated upon for appendicitis at the Memorial hospital, showed marked improvement this morning. His physician said that he had passed a good night and that he would undoubtedly be out within a few weeks.

DISEASED KIDNEYS

Made Sound and Strong Through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. "Two doctors told me that I was incurable, but thanks to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I am a well woman to-day." This statement was made by Mrs. Ed. Rose, of St. Catharines, to a reporter, who hearing of her remarkable cure called to see her. "A few years ago while in an infirmary I was afflicted with kidney trouble. The doctor lulled me into a state of false security, while the disease continued to make inroads. Finding that I was not getting better I consulted a specialist, who told me that the trouble had developed into Bright's disease and that I was incurable. I had dwindled to a mere shadow, and suffered from pain in the back, and often a difficulty in breathing. Insomnia next came to add to my tortures and I passed dreary, sleepless nights, and felt that I had not long to live. In this despairing condition I began to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and to please him I began to take them. After using several boxes I felt the pills were helping me and I continued taking them until I had used some twenty boxes, and I was restored to perfect health, and every symptom of the trouble had disappeared. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills certainly brought me back from the shadow of the grave, and I have since enjoyed the best of health."

Every drop of blood in the body is filtered by the kidneys. If the blood is weak or watery the kidneys have no strength to filter out the waste matter, the blood unfiltered and foul. Then the kidneys get clogged with painful, poisonous impurities, which bring scathing backs and deadly Bright's disease. The only hope is to cleanse the blood without delay at the root of the trouble in the blood with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They make new blood. They flush the kidneys clean, heal their inflammation and give them strength for their work. Common kidney pills only touch the symptoms—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure the cause. That is why they cure for good, and at the same time improve the health in every way. But you must get the genuine pills with the full name, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, on the wrapper around each box. Sold by all medicine dealers or direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50 cents a box of six boxes for \$2.50.

RECOVERED FROM ILLNESS.

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LUMBER PRICES GO UP.

General Advance Throughout Province Is Expected.

Vancouver, Jan. 27.—Lumber prices have advanced \$2 per thousand feet on common grades in Vancouver, and with in a very short time there will be an advance affecting all outside points. This was the statement today of a sawmill operator, who declared that so certain are mill men of a general advance that many of them are refusing orders from Northwest points on the present list prices. It is stated that the price of logs has advanced considerably since last summer, and they are now next thing to soar. It is expected that log prices will remain fairly high during the balance of the year, and that is the principal reason for the increase in the price of lumber. It is also expected that a truce in the price fight will be made with the mountain mills at the meeting in Nelson on Friday.

LOGGERS SENT TO JAIL.

Joseph Kincaid Convicted of Common Assault and Sentenced to Twelve Months' Imprisonment.

New Westminster, Jan. 27.—Joseph Kincaid, a logger, of Stave Falls, who was committed to trial for manslaughter, and later had the charge reduced to assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm and finally reduced to common assault, was yesterday found guilty of mere assault and sentenced by His Honor Judge Howay to twelve months in jail with hard labor. The indictment arose out of the death of Odin Lee at Whimcock on Christmas eve.

CUBA ONCE AGAIN IS INDEPENDENT

Day of Liberty is Heralded by Great Pyrotechnic Display.

Havana, Jan. 28.—A new era of Cuban independence dawned today when the affairs of the island, which have been administered by American officials for more than two years, as a result of the revolution against former President Thomas Estrada Palma in 1906, were formally transferred to the newly elected native officials. January 25th will henceforth take holiday in Cuba, for it was on the latter day, in 1902, that the island was first transferred to the Cuban people by the United States, after a period of re-habilitation following the Spanish war. The coming of the new day of Cuban liberty was signalled by a general display of fireworks, the velvet blackness of the tropical midnight being set afire by scorching rockets and pyrotechnic bombs which sent down showers of golden rain and gleaming vari-colored lights.

GERMANY'S TRADE RELATIONS WITH CANADA

Commercial Treaty Between Countries May Soon Be Discussed.

Berlin, Jan. 28.—In answer to a question in the Reichstag concerning commercial relations with Canada, Foreign Minister Von Schoen said that everything possible had been done for German interests. It was not impossible that an opportunity before long would arise for the discussion of a commercial treaty after the conclusion of the Franco-Canadian negotiations.

RIVER STEAMER SKEENA TO BE IMPROVED

Hull Will Be Altered and More Powerful Machinery Installed.

The river steamer Skeena, owned by Foley, Welch & Stewart, who use her for taking supplies from Prince Rupert to their railway grading camps along the Skeena river, is to be altered, says the Prince Rupert Empire. She was placed on ways on Friday, Captain Sanborn, who is superintendent of Foley, Welch & Stewart's transportation department, says: "We found that while the Skeena was a good boat, she could be improved by giving her more power and altering the stern, as she was not a good backer in swift water. Her power will be increased from 200 to 260 horse-power." The alterations will be made by Geo. Askew, of Victoria, who has charge of the Yukon & White Pass fleet of steamers at White Horse. He brought up six ship carpenters with him. The hull which she is placed are near the mouth of Hays creek, and have been built at an expense of over \$500.

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LADYSMITH YOUTH MEETS TERRIBLE DEATH

William Cope is Dashed Against Timbers of Mine Tunnel.

Ladysmith, Jan. 28.—A young man, named William Cope, met with a terrible death in the tunnel of the Extension mines last night. Cope was conductor on the big motor which is used to haul the cars in and out of the tunnel. The motor was just starting on an inside trip and had barely entered the mouth of the tunnel, which thereabouts has big upright timbers between the tracks, when suddenly the trolley pole broke and a part of it swung around and struck Cope on the breast, carrying him off the motor. He was thrown up against the timber and crushed to death by the motor and cars.

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B. C. HARDWARE CO., LTD.

ON SALE AT 510 JOHNSON STREET. A complete line of Dominion Carriage Co.'s Buggies, Delivery Rigs, Adams Wagons, Farm Trucks, Dump Carts, Wheel and Slush Scrapers, Cockshutt & Fairbanks Morse Windmills, Fleury, Cockshutt & Wilkinson Plows, De Laval Cream Separators, Bucher & Gibbs Garden Implements, Kokomo Fencing, Vulcanite Roofing.

B. C. HARDWARE COMPANY, LIMITED. OFFICE: COR. YATES AND BROAD. 510 JOHNSON ST. Phone 82. Phone 1641.

A CARLOAD OF ORANGES

HAS JUST BEEN RECEIVED BY US 450 cases of delicious navel Oranges in best of condition, fine, juicy fruit that we find a pleasure to offer our customers. BETTER ORDER YOUR SUPPLY FOR MARMALADE AT ONCE Never a better chance than this ANY SIZE ORANGES you like at, per dozen, 40c, 35c, 30c, 25c, 20c and Or better still A LARGE CASE FOR ONLY \$2.50

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO. UP-TO-DATE GROCERS 1317 GOVERNMENT ST. Teles. 52, 1052 and 1590.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

SUCCESSORS TO Drs. Kennedy & Kergan

NERVOUS DEBILITY Thousands of young and middle aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through EARLY INDICATIONS, EXHAUSTION AND BLOOD DISEASES. If you have any of the following symptoms consult us before it is too late. All you need is a few bottles of our medicine. It cures all nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, aches before the eyes, with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys irritating, palpitation of the heart, headache, dizziness and loss of equilibrium in urine, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, nervous expression, poor memory, general weakness, lack of energy and strength, tired mornings, restlessness at night, checkered mood, weak manhood, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, sore throat, etc.

BLOOD POISONS Blood Poisons are the most prevalent and most serious diseases. They sap the very life blood of the victim, and unless quickly eradicated from the system may affect the future generation. Beware of Mercury. It only suppresses the symptoms—OUR NEW METHOD cures them.

OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT alone can cure you, and make a man of you. It cures all nervous and weak, despondent and gloomy, aches before the eyes, with dark circles under them, weak back, kidneys irritating, palpitation of the heart, headache, dizziness and loss of equilibrium in urine, pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, nervous expression, poor memory, general weakness, lack of energy and strength, tired mornings, restlessness at night, checkered mood, weak manhood, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, sore throat, etc.

STREET WORK STARTS AT PRINCE RUPERT

More Than Two Hundred Men Will Be Employed on Undertaking.

Sol Cameron, president of the West-home Lumber Company, arrived in Prince Rupert on the Princess Beatrice on Thursday, says the Prince Rupert Empire. His company has the contract for plankings streets and laying sidewalks in Prince Rupert, a contract that will cause an expenditure of close on to \$150,000. As the work is to be completed by April, it will mean that between 200 and 300 men will be employed. Work has already been commenced, and teams are hauling logs along the streets to be planked. The logs to be used as mudsills. As the ground is frozen hard and covered with six to eight inches of snow, Mr. Cameron considers he is playing in great luck. Asked as to where the lumber to be used would come from, Mr. Cameron may be quoted as saying: "Some of it will come from Chemainus, some from Swanson Bay and some from local mills." The lumber will be landed from scows at the foot of Main street, where dolphins tie to the scows to be driven. Asked as to wages and boarding house accommodations, Mr. Cameron said: "I intend to pay \$3 a day or 30 cents an hour for common labor, and the ruling rates in Prince Rupert for skilled labor. A boarding house will be erected, so as to keep the men together; but any man who has a home of his own will have the privilege of boarding at home. Men will not be brought in, unless there should be a shortage, which I do not expect."

DR. H. A. BROWN VETERINARY SURGEON

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POLICIES OF THE TWO PARTIES CONTRASTED

Opposition Leader States Clearly Liberal Position in Regard to Timber and Mines--Scores McBride Government for Its Errors.

In a clear-cut and statesmanlike speech J. A. Macdonald, the leader of the opposition, Monday afternoon in the legislature outlined the Liberal policy on the great questions which interest British Columbians.

The Liberal policy in regard to timber is contained in the following amendment to the Crown Lands act proposed last year and their Socialist allies:

"Provided that the holder of any special timber license in good standing shall, within eighteen months next after the passing of any act, have the right, upon compliance with the terms and conditions of this act with regard to the renewal of licenses, to obtain a license renewable from year to year on compliance with the provisions of this act, and with the further provision that it shall be lawful for the lieutenant-governor in council from time to time to make such regulations with regard to the manner of cutting and the preservation of the timber covered by such license as the lieutenant-governor in council may think fit, and further, that whenever in the opinion of the lieutenant-governor in council the lands covered by the license shall be required for agricultural purposes, it shall be lawful for the lieutenant-governor in council, after giving to the licensee sufficient notice to enable him to remove the timber covered by his license, to refuse a further renewal of the said license."

The McBride policy is that the present laws are perfect, with possibly an extension of the time limit. For the protection of the mineral interests the Liberals some years ago proposed that the mineral tax be reduced to as nearly as possible a basis of net profit, that not only freight and treatment but the payroll in producing the ore should be deducted from its taxable value.

Mr. McBride thinks the tax does not hurt the miner, but the latter has a different opinion. In the administration of the liquor license law in unorganized territory the Liberal party thinks the people should have some voice as to granting or withholding licenses, but the McBride government insists that the attorney-general should retain the control given him by the last change in the law.

There is no doubt where the Liberal party stands in opposition to civil servants participating in elections. Yesterday Premier McBride took the same stand in theory but intimated that the government would forgive Conservative public servants whose zeal and enthusiasm had them into making a "mistake."

In regard to the co-operation of the government in the beautifying of Victoria the Liberal party believes in it, while Premier McBride, who professes to be such a friend of the city he represents, says it is a luxury he will not countenance.

The personal property tax the Liberal party would return to the municipalities, which are none too rich; Premier McBride thinks the municipalities get enough.

Such in brief are a few of the contrasts which were offered Monday. Mr. Macdonald was warmly cheered on rising to speak and his utterances were closely followed.

Troubles of a Premier.

I thought I should have had the pleasure of congratulating the new minister of public works, who has had that distinction conferred upon him by the premier, but I see the honorable gentleman is not in his place. However, I do desire even in his absence to say that we on this side of the House are very glad to extend our congratulations. It is true, the premier has had a difficult task to perform in selecting a minister to fill this portfolio. There were other gentlemen whom I have no doubt the premier desired to offer the portfolio to, but after ten months of careful consideration he has apparently found it impossible to induce these other gentlemen to accept a position in his government notwithstanding that one or two of them represent most important constituencies in this province.

It was felt in the upper country that the gentleman who represents in this House the constituency of Okanagan (Price Ellison), one of the largest and perhaps the most rapidly-growing rural constituencies in the province, had some claim upon the recognition of the premier in connection with this matter. But I have no doubt that after more or less consideration the member for Okanagan has found it impossible to devote the time and energy to a greater extent than he does at present, to the public service. The member for Revelstoke (Hon. Thomas Taylor), has found it possible to sacrifice his own personal interests and accept the portfolio which has been tendered to him.

The late Governor. The speech refers appropriately to the lamented death of the late lieutenant-governor of the province, Sir Henri Joly de Lobiniere. I think it can be truly said of that gentleman that he endeared himself, during his term of office in this province, to the whole people of British Columbia.

without respect to class or party. (Hear, hear.) I beg, Mr. Speaker, to join in the expressions of regret which we find in His Honor's speech. On behalf of myself and the members of this side, I reiterate the expression of our sincere regret at the death of that distinguished man.

The growth of Canada of recent years has been two-sided. We have grown in material wealth, in population, in education, in the arts and sciences. Our vast plains are being settled, and we are encroaching upon the forests and in the veins of the mountains. We are awake and up and doing in the pursuit of the modern god, the Tercentenary, however, in the expression of another kind of growth, a growth in Canadian sentiment, as essential as it is elevating to the up-building of a lasting community.

That event served to call attention to a signal matter, not only to the growth of national sentiment in Canada, but to the fact that the two great races, which once divided over the spoil of a continent, are now one in the ownership and the government of the northern half of that continent for which they formerly contended, and under one flag and under the British crown are working, not merely in harmony but as one people here, nationally and that Canadian under the British crown—not as an appendage but one of a family of nations.

A proud Canadian sentiment is not inimical to the empire, but is the best tribute which we can pay to the greatness of the mother country and to the justice and wisdom of our own, and to the institutions which we have inherited from her.

Simon Fraser Centenary. Reference too has been made to a great pioneer in this part of Canada, Simon Fraser. This touches us as British Columbians nearer home.

Simon Fraser was one of the pathfinders of Great Britain in the new world. It was by the efforts of such as he that the Empire of Britain has been extended so widely over the fortunate and happy continent of North America, and that the foundation, laid for those claims which have ripened into a declaration of British sovereignty over this portion of the Pacific slope. (Cheers.)

"Nor can I pass over the reference to the calamity which befel the city of Fernie. That city went down to destruction in a manner which appalled the people of the province—but only for a moment. The reason which was made by every city, town and hamlet to cry for help was prompt and generous, and we must not forget that the good people of the adjoining republic were not less prompt and generous in their aid. The embers were still burning in Fernie, when the shout went up: 'The people of Fernie: The King is dead, long live the King, and a new and better city is now rising from the ashes.'"

A Meagre Speech. The speech is perhaps even more meagre on the present occasion than in the past. Perhaps it is true, it is only a perfunctory thing at best, but it seems to me it is the duty of the government to see that it at least outlines words for the session. The only legislation for the session that is in regard to irrigation in the dry belt of British Columbia. That is a most important subject to a large section of British Columbia, and one which I am glad to see the government is at last taking up. The legislation with at this season, along, I have no doubt, broad and generous lines.

We have on this side long recognized the deplorable conditions of what is known as the Water Clauses Act, which, because it is so very voluminous and of such certain points, is recognized as one that the layman who has to deal with questions affecting irrigation is unable to understand in its provisions. I think I will be enabled to say that the lawyers of the House when I say that even lawyers have found it impossible to give a reasonable meaning to the sections relating to the conservation and storing of water.

I propose to leave the discussion of the irrigation problem until the bill is brought before the house, when I trust we will have a full discussion, and I can assure my hon. friend that we shall assist in making it a workable measure, and one which will do the greatest good to the largest number in the province. (Hear, hear.)

Covering Up Tracks. The prosperity of the province has been referred to and I am glad to emphasize what has been said as to the commercial situation of British Columbia at present. We have been enjoying in the last few years exceptional prosperity, and even when the banks to the south of us were unable to pay out money for the commercial uses of the people, Canadians were able to get money and to carry on business, while British Columbia enjoyed a measure of prosperity far in advance of other provinces. The causes of that prosperity I need not discuss to-day. My friend who seconded the address (Mr. Davey) has attributed the prosperity we now enjoy to the present government. He suggests they have done everything they could to bring about that prosperity. It is the natural result of the actions of the government, and he defies even my hon. friend from Delta to find anything to charge against that government.

It may be that the premier has suc-

ceeded in covering up his tracks so well that even the member for Delta will not be able to uncover them. But when I consider what his government has performed since 1903 I think perhaps some others of us who are not so anxious in criticizing the government as the member for Delta will be able to point out that the hon. gentleman, since taking office, has been able to do nothing of first-class importance for the country. (Hear, hear.) He has never lost an opportunity of declaring that he has done the very best that could be done for the people.

He claims that he rescued the province from bankruptcy in 1903 and 1904. I was not addressed to think that the majority of the people in British Columbia will not admit—that this province was on the brink of bankruptcy in 1903 or that the statesmanship, or so-called statesmanship of my honorable friend and his finance minister, was responsible for placing the finances of British Columbia in their flourishing condition to-day. I admit that British Columbia is in a most favorable position in regard to revenue and expenditure, but that revenue has been obtained from increased taxation of the people and from natural resources of the province. So far as the revenue from natural resources is concerned, that is the proper source from which British Columbia should obtain its revenue and not from an increase of taxes. (Hear, hear.)

Unjust Timber Laws. But the manner in which that revenue is obtained from natural resources is a most important question for this legislature. The legislation of the government along the line of timber licenses and laws, I think it will be admitted—even by the premier, I was going to say, but I cannot expect an admission of that kind from him, but it is admitted in the province generally that the timber laws as changed by the present government have brought about a condition of affairs which requires most careful consideration from the legislature to-day. Take the question of timber licenses alone. We have six and a half million acres expiring in twenty-one years. We have these men paying annually \$40 per square mile for the timber on the coast and \$15 per square mile in the interior. This payment year by year goes into the coffers of the government and yet if the licensees are going to realize for the timber that kind of value, but they must take off the cream of the timber within the limit of their licenses.

Now what is the effect going to be upon the timber of our province. I submit the effect will be the timber will be slaughtered by the holders of these licenses within the term of them. It is only human nature that people holding valuable assets should realize on them, and that human nature is as strong in lumbermen and millmen as in any one else.

What is the government prepared to do with regard to the situation it has brought about? Before it changed the law the lumberman had a license from year to year. It is true it was one which could be cancelled by the commissioner and was therefore most defective. But so long as a holder conducted himself there was no danger that any chief commissioner would cancel his license. The law has been changed, and perhaps the holders were to blame, first to five years and then to sixteen, which would bring it up to twenty-one years. The result now is that the licensees are at the end of a limited period and lumbermen are bound to lose or take off the timber in that period. Are the people of British Columbia prepared to have their timber slaughtered? Do the lumbermen and millmen regard the situation as a factory from their standpoint? So far as they are concerned they are entitled to protection, but the protection of the license holder is not the only thing to be considered by the legislature. We have to consider it and the interest of the province as well.

The Opposition Policy. The policy of the Liberal party, as I mentioned last session, is to grant these licenses in perpetuity, but make them renewable from year to year upon conditions which were set forth in our proposed amendment. Conditions of conservation and protection, which would permit the land required for agricultural purposes to be obtained, and place greater power in the hands of the lieutenant-governor in council in the interests of the lumbermen and the people. So long as we can realize enough revenue from our forests the government will not need to deal with the question of the taxes upon farmers and others, but we will have sufficient revenue to carry on business. I have no doubt the lumbermen and people of the province will not be satisfied with the present conditions in this regard when they have an opportunity to tell my hon. friend what their sentiments are with regard to the forest resources of British Columbia. (Applause.)

In the previous sessions a great deal was said in regard to the fiscal policy of the government, but I find the premier's colleague from Victoria does not seem to be satisfied with it. He says he thinks the tax on personal property and income ought to be removed or adjusted. I think I remember the finance minister making the statement on the floor that the most equitable kind of tax which could be levied on the people was a tax upon income. Yet we find the second of the address does not agree with this; he thinks the income tax iniquitous and that the personal property tax should be removed.

Personal Property Tax. Now I agree that the tax on personal property should be readjusted. We ad-

vocated last year and earlier that the tax should go to the municipalities. Municipalities unfortunately find it impossible to get sufficient revenue to carry on their affairs. I do not believe, the same in others, that the revenue from land tax, liquor licenses and other similar sources at the command of municipalities is insufficient to carry on their business. There is to be any change made in the personal property tax I think the sentiment from one end of the province to the other will be that the change that the government proposes in the diversion of this tax from the provincial into the municipal treasuries. I hope the government will this session pass an amendment which will effect this and enable the municipalities to carry on their business more efficiently than now. (Applause.)

Beautifying Victoria.

It has been repeatedly urged in this city that something should be done in the way of a contribution by the government to the beautification of Victoria. I find no hint in the speeches of the premier or any other member, but I trust that my hon. friend will see to it that he does something for this project. During the recent Dominion election a great deal was said as to what the Liberal party had done for Victoria. But what has my hon. friend done? If he does not propose to do something in the way I have suggested what does he propose to do? There is no reason why the very same inhabitant which goes into the provincial treasury. Those who pay it are mostly taxpayers in the municipalities. I believe the tax is perfectly legitimate, although the people do not like it. I believe it reaches those who are not reached otherwise, but I do not think that the man paying the land tax or otherwise contributing to the provincial revenue should pay this kind of tax. It is not a good tax or otherwise. It is a good tax so far as it goes on those who do not pay any other species of dues, but it should be readjusted, and when readjusted, what- ever tax is paid should go into the coffers of the municipality, and not to the province.

After all we have a growing revenue. I understand at the present time the finance minister claims a surplus of something like a million and a half. The question is, are we making it or are we not? It is a good tax so far as it goes on those who do not pay any other species of dues, but it should be readjusted, and when readjusted, what- ever tax is paid should go into the coffers of the municipality, and not to the province.

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connections will pay the settler and the province. These grants and similar offers of assistance have made Canada in the past twelve years what we find her to-day in the great western plains. If it was not for such encouragement to railways where would the West have been? If we look at our own prosperity the greater part of it is due to the encouragement of the Dominion government and the Dominion government have shown railways.

License Laws and Bureaucracy. Another matter not referred to in the speech—I suppose my hon. friend does not propose to deal with it this session—is the act passed last session which placed the administration of the liquor license law practically in the hands of the attorney-general, in unorganized territory. It was pointed out at the time that was a dangerous power to place in the hands of any one man or office. The people desire to have a say in the liquor question. They do not desire it to be in the hands of any government or attorney-general. But it is the policy of the government, bureaucratic and non-representative, to place the liquor license law in the hands of the attorney-general.

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none on the part of the Dominion government in 1903 there was the greatest interference on the part of the local Conservative party in the last federal campaign.

Elections Should Be Independent. For one, I think that elections for the Dominion and local houses should be kept separate. (Hear, hear.) Their interests do not coincide. I think the province will do well to confine itself to provincial issues. I do not think it advisable to expect for Dominion politicians to mix in elections in the province. The premier does not believe with one who believes that the Dominion may take part in provincial elections, but where is he to be elected after for the personal manner in which it has been going on, in the hope that it will not be found that patronage and power will be used to defeat the will of the people at the polls. (Hear, hear.)

The Settlers' Rights. A matter which the speech takes no notice, albeit it is of the utmost importance, is that of the settlers versus the speculator. The land laws of the province have been passed and manipulated for no other purpose but that of not permitting settlement, but of allowing favored individuals to get rich quickly. Let us take the case of the Kootenay and the way the lands of this province have been parcelled out. This government is not to blame more than former ones but it is a wrong course, and the sooner it is corrected the better. Place valuable lands at the disposal of the settler and not of the speculator, of a man who will become a taxpayer and revenue producer, the better for the taxpayer at large, even if we do not realize a cent out of the original pre-emption. (Hear, hear.) Whether in the wet belt or the dry belt the settler who clears the land earns every cent he pays for the land. But what do we find? That the settler and the Nechaco valleys the land is plastered with scrip; that the bona fide settler, going in there at great expense and trouble over the Cariboo road, finds that every foot of land he has cleared is plastered with scrip or sold to a speculator. The settlers have been driven out, and they say that if this is the way we are going to treat them and deal with their lands, they do not want our lands. The government talk of reserves, but it would have been more to the point if they had placed their reserve on the land before the speculators got in their stakes. The contribution the settlers would make to the treasury is of more importance than any paltry sum we could get from the speculator.

High Fruit Land Values. We have had a sample of government reserve in fruit lands out for sale at Creston. It was well in the long run. It was a good thing that it was sold to small holdings. It went to the settler, and he thinks from \$10 and \$15 an acre for land on which he can settle. It is a good thing that the average price at Creston was about \$30 an acre. I think it would be a good thing to charge people with the government reserve in fruit lands out for sale at Creston. It was well in the long run. It was a good thing that it was sold to small holdings. It went to the settler, and he thinks from \$10 and \$15 an acre for land on which he can settle. It is a good thing that the average price at Creston was about \$30 an acre. I think it would be a good thing to charge people with the government reserve in fruit lands out for sale at Creston. It was well in the long run. It was a good thing that it was sold to small holdings. It went to the settler, and he thinks from \$10 and \$15 an acre for land on which he can settle. It is a good thing that the average price at Creston was about \$30 an acre. I think it would be a good thing to charge people with the government reserve in fruit lands out for sale at Creston. It was well in the long run. It was a good thing that it was sold to

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NO MONEY FOR BEAUTIFICATION

(Continued from page 1)

to secure the best expert opinion in the world, but meanwhile do not think any great harm would be caused by a delay of six or twelve or eighteen months.

A Bureau of Forestry. The chief commissioner of lands had now in mind the establishment of a forestry bureau, which would take over the work of fire-rangers, timber scaling, and so forth.

The premier thought the country was getting back in one way or another a fair proportion of the revenue paid into the province. If the government had listened to all the requests for returning to the municipalities the personal property tax which had only come a few months before this reserve was made and the government, therefore, could not be accused of neglect.

Kind to the Liberals. In defence of the government against Mr. Macdonald's charge that opposition constituencies were being starved, the premier said:

"I can assure my friends opposite the estimates will in the future as in the past be fair and equitable. I do not think we can be accused of following such an unfair and pernicious system as to starve opposition constituencies."

A Convenient Coincidence. "I imagine that simply happened to be a coincidence," was the explanation of the premier, an explanation at which the Liberal members of the House laughed.

Mr. McBride did not see that the ministerial work worked any burden on the premier. The government looked to the matter but found it was not expedient to make any change. While he would welcome any better system he feared it was far in the distant future.

"You buried it yourself" reminded the opposition leader. "And it is beyond resurrection, too," Mr. McBride retorted. Of the ministerial situation generally, he continued, the outlook was optimistic.

Forgives Opponents' Mistakes. The premier recalled the charge of political manipulation of liquor licenses in unorganized districts. He said the attorney-general relied entirely on Superintendent Huesey, and as a result of the first year's operation of the new system twenty-five licenses had been destroyed, most of them held by Conservatives.

Of civil service interference in elections the premier said he would be sorry to think any servant of the government so acted, as he was strongly opposed to such a practice, and his government had tried to give the province a clean civil service. Of Mr. Wright nothing but the best reports had been made since he took office as gold commissioner at Nelson.

"It may be that in the heat of an election campaign his enthusiasm for the old cause secured the better of his judgment, but who are all apt to make mistakes and must be forgiven. Mr. Wright was a strong partisan of the Conservative party when in politics, and may possibly have made a mistake."

Canadian Northern Negotiations. In regard to railway matters the premier mentioned some of the railway works under way in the province, and of the Canadian Northern plans said: "The government will welcome any fair and equitable arrangement that will bring the Canadian Northern into this province. It is a thoroughly Canadian system, controlled by Canadians, and has done a great deal for the farmers of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, and may readily do a great deal for British Columbia. In negotiating with them we want to be able to submit an arrangement that will meet with the commendation of the whole country and consistent with the policy of the government. Assistance will be necessary and we want to see that the interests and rights of the province are preserved."

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Some interesting facts in regard to the way public money is spent, or mis-spent, on works were given by John Yorton, and also the manner, far from meeting them, had slid from under the criticism in his usual adroit way. The government agent in Greenwood was above reproach, but the waste of money in the province was not only election agents during campaigns, but all the year. They went around with a pocketful of applications for registrations. Their time was largely spent looking for voters for the Conservative candidate.

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Game for Queen Charlotte Group. The placing of deer upon Queen Charlotte Island was advocated by Dr. Kergin last year but nothing had been done by the government. He renewed his appeal and hoped the government would accomplish something for the game. The islands were eminently fit for game, and the absence of wolves. It had been proven since last session that caribou lived on the islands, but of a smaller breed on account of inbreeding. The government should make a contract with the caribou on the islands in order to improve the present stock.

Dr. Kergin pointed out to the government the absolute necessity for surveys being made of some of the rich and fertile valleys in the Skeena district, of Porcher Island and parts of Queen Charlotte Islands. Vancouver Island had been spoken of as a treasure island, and it undoubtedly was so, but none of the parties had ever been brought to justice.

Works for Votes. Mr. Naden welcomed Mr. McBride's statement that a square deal would be given all constituencies in the matter of appropriations and told that he would take him at his word. However, he wanted at the same time to draw attention to another practice of the government, that of doing works for purely partisan reasons as well as withholding works. The Kettle river bridge was an instance of a work carried out to conserve the votes of the district to the Conservative party. So far as it was any practical benefit it might almost as well be at the north pole.

Discussing the administration of the license law, Mr. Naden said he did not wonder that most of the twenty-five licenses cut off were held by Conservatives. It was not because of any fairness on the government's part but because it was difficult to find a hotel-keeper or saloon-keeper in the unorganized districts who dared to own himself a Liberal.

Affairs at Prince Rupert. For the last six months Mr. Naden has lived at Prince Rupert, and he devoted some attention to matters affecting the new townsite. He commended the government for refusing to allow the townsite to be put on the market last fall, and for refusing to give liquor licenses, which latter was a distinct benefit. The people of the new town hoped the government would stay by its word until such time as the town was incorporated. He would have a petition to present in a few days dealing with this matter and that of incorporation generally.

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Works for Votes. Mr. Naden welcomed Mr. McBride's statement that a square deal would be given all constituencies in the matter of appropriations and told that he would take him at his word. However, he wanted at the same time to draw attention to another practice of the government, that of doing works for purely partisan reasons as well as withholding works. The Kettle river bridge was an instance of a work carried out to conserve the votes of the district to the Conservative party. So far as it was any practical benefit it might almost as well be at the north pole.

Discussing the administration of the license law, Mr. Naden said he did not wonder that most of the twenty-five licenses cut off were held by Conservatives. It was not because of any fairness on the government's part but because it was difficult to find a hotel-keeper or saloon-keeper in the unorganized districts who dared to own himself a Liberal.

Affairs at Prince Rupert. For the last six months Mr. Naden has lived at Prince Rupert, and he devoted some attention to matters affecting the new townsite. He commended the government for refusing to allow the townsite to be put on the market last fall, and for refusing to give liquor licenses, which latter was a distinct benefit. The people of the new town hoped the government would stay by its word until such time as the town was incorporated. He would have a petition to present in a few days dealing with this matter and that of incorporation generally.

PUBLIC MONEY BEING WASTED USED TO FURTHER THE INTERESTS OF TORIES

Excellent Speeches by North Country Members in the Legislature.

Legislative Press Gallery, Jan. 28. The north country had a show in the House this afternoon, when three members living in it spoke on the address. All had the same need to express on behalf of the constituencies, whether seaboard or inland—roads and trails to facilitate transportation and railway communication to enable those settling in the fertile valleys to market their produce.

The land policy of the McBride government was roundly condemned by G. R. Naden, Dr. Kergin and John Yorton, who were able to tell the House from intercourse with intending settlers and personal knowledge of the condition on the ground how settlement is being retarded through the blanketing of large areas by speculators, and the lack of reliable information for prospective settlers in the places where one would naturally expect to find it, the crown lands department here and its agencies through the province. As a result people who come from the east or from across the line prepared to settle here as agriculturists are leaving agate in disgust, and needless to say they will not be the best sort of immigrants for British Columbia.

Some interesting facts in regard to the way public money is spent, or mis-spent, on works were given by John Yorton, and also the manner, far from meeting them, had slid from under the criticism in his usual adroit way. The government agent in Greenwood was above reproach, but the waste of money in the province was not only election agents during campaigns, but all the year. They went around with a pocketful of applications for registrations. Their time was largely spent looking for voters for the Conservative candidate.

A Dastardly Act. "The Conservative party is remarkable for last-moment crimes against its opponents and the electorate," said Mr. Naden in conclusion. "There is the telegram from the leader of the federal opposition, which could not be overtaken until after the election. I read the Colonist this morning and see that the ministerial policy that most people would not have seen that paper should feel pretty bad about adding to a telegram, but it has no excuse to offer. I congratulate the Colonist on having a newspaper which will not do anything in order to win an election." (Applause.)

Member for Skeena. Dr. W. T. Kergin (Skeena), said the timber and mining interests were of the greatest value to the province and the people would naturally turn to the party which the Liberal party stood. The previous speaker, who was a member of the Prince Rupert Board of Trade, had spoken well in regard to conditions in the Skeena valley and the fact that Mr. Naden had said. He would support the petition of the townspeople for incorporation. When the rush took place after the townships was the people on the ground would have to deal with such matters as sewerage, water, etc. It was desired that a bill be adopted granting incorporation, to be brought to force by proclamation, but not before the end of the year.

Dr. Kergin joined himself with Mr. Naden in his satisfaction at the condition of affairs in Prince Rupert without license. It was hoped that none of the lands in the Skeena valley would be incorporated, but it was desired that the people that in incorporating them they be given the right to decide whether or not they should have licenses.

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HOW SETTLERS ARE WELCOMED POLICY OF B. C. DOES NOT TEND TO GROWTH

A Hint to the Premier Regarding Condition of Douglas Memorial.

Legislative Press Gallery, Jan. 27. Five speakers were heard in the debate on the address this afternoon, representing the three political parties in the House. A. E. McPhillips and W. R. Ross spoke from the government side. Mr. McPhillips reiterated his condemnation of one of the roadblocks which was used in the federal campaign, the reproduction from the Orange Sentinel of an appeal to Protestants to vote against the Liberal chief and party. He claimed that the circulation of the dodger was not done by the Conservative party, but he admitted that members of the party were responsible for it.

Ferrie's member brought most encouraging reports from that place of the plucky manner in which its people faced the rebuilding of their homes and business places. Mr. Ross stated that there were as many business premises now built as there were before the fire, and all of a material and construction which would enable the city to successfully fight such a fire if one should ever recur.

H. C. Brewster, who represents the West Coast constituency of Alberni, made an excellent speech both as to the matter and in manner. He gave the House a very optimistic account of the prosperity of his riding, despite laws which handicapped agriculturist and mine and lumberman.

A rather curious circumstance was brought to light by Mr. Brewster. In reporting on the Mtn. River country the surveyor employed by the department of lands, Templeton, reported that of something over 17,000 acres, only 600 acres were of any agricultural value. In a prospectus issued by one E. Kay, a Seattle man, appears a letter from Templeton stating that he has surveyed twenty-seven square miles (the same area) all magnificent farming country. It would look as if explanation was due from this man, either as to why he reported as he did to the government, if his letter to Mr. Kay tells the truth, or why he misrepresented the facts. It was paid servant of the province, if his report on file in the department is an accurate statement of those facts.

John Jardine brought to the attention of the government, once more the unsanitary conditions of portions of the squamit and the failure of the provincial health department to act in the matter. Mr. Jardine regretted the decision of the government to do nothing for the beautification of Victoria, and implored the premier to at least have the decency to rescue the Douglas shaft from the hole in the ground in which it languishes. The erection of a fitting statue of the first governor of British Columbia was a work, he thought, which the whole province would applaud.

Prayers were read this afternoon by Rev. W. Leslie Clark. Routine Business. On motion of Stuart Henderson the name of G. R. Naden was added to the committee on mining, and that of C. W. Munro to the committees on municipal matters and agriculture.

H. B. Thomson (Victoria) presented the necessary petition from the city of Victoria, asking for leave to introduce a bill to amend the Victoria Waterworks Act of 1872. This is the legislation desired by the city to empower the development of electric power in connection with its Sooke lake water supply.

J. H. Schofield (Ymir) presented a petition, asking for an act of incorporation for the Goat River Valley, Powers & Light Co. Dr. Kergin (Skeena) presented petitions for leave to introduce bills incorporating the Prince Rupert & Port Simpson Railway Company and the Graham Island Railway Company.

Mr. McPhillips Resumes Debate. A. E. McPhillips (The Islands) spoke at the outset of his speech of the entirely practical address of the member for Columbia (Mr. Parson), and the attention paid by the second member for Victoria (Mr. Davey) to the conservative legislation of the government. Since it took office in 1903 the acts of the Conservative government had been such as to properly conserve the national resources of the province, properly to exploit and conserve its resources, and had brought about a condition not thought of in the days of stress when the government took office.

An eloquent reference was made to the character of the late Sir Henri Joly, and was followed by a brief review of the early history of Canada, commemorated at the Quebec centenary. Without the west, Mr. McPhillips said, Canada could not be great as it has become. In the opening up the west the work could never be forgotten of La Verandrye a century and a half ago, of such a pioneer and discoverer as Simon Fraser and of Lewis and Clark in Oregon. A testimony was paid by the speaker to the loyalty of the French-Canadians all through the history of the country.

Condemns Religious Appeals. Dealing apparently with the Orange circular which was distributed through the country in the federal election, Mr. McPhillips remarked that he had always tried during his public life to deal with matters political on a broad plane, holding that there should be no difference between the latter city of race or creed, that all should unite to work for the upbuilding of their common country. But in the last Dominion election some misguided persons, not at all interested in either political party, introduced such a disturbing element. "We have no room in Canada for the bigot," declared Mr. McPhillips, "no more room for the bigot than for the slaver who attacks and destroys the Belgian vessel lost their lives. The hon. gentleman went on to say

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MILLIONS LOST REPUBLIC

Steamer Florida Antucket Vision.

28.—Counsel for the navigation company, the Star Line steamers filed a libel in the district court against the owners of the Florida...

the libel that the Florida failed to make good the claims of the Republic...

Lee & Fraser, real estate agents, offered the lot adjoining the city hall for sale to the city on which to build a new city hall.

James Lyon, Spring Ridge, writes complaining that the Spring Ridge company was a nuisance. The health committee will take the matter up.

FAILURE. Defunct Fidelity Evidence.

28.—Patrick J. resident of the defunct company, Commissioner Alexander was a witness in proceedings against the first time it succeeded in getting to court since his involuntary bankruptcy for about \$5,000.

LADY GALT. (The Times). 28.—Lady Galt, Sir Thomas Galt, of several weeks in the lungs. Lady Galt was born in England and lived in Toronto for many years ago.

DM LINER. According to a late night gas, old of this city, the American route to Wednesday night of his way with his owes, to Virginia, which had been years. Despondent, which had ment some the firm of Azel & recently compelled important business tried, is supposed.

AL BLAZE. 28.—Fire this premises of the by, Jurors street, at \$100,000.

SAYS COUNCIL EXCEEDED POWERS

PROTEST AGAINST CLUB HOUSE AT PARK

Letter From Hon. J. S. Helmcken—Legislative Committee Reports.

A letter from Hon. J. S. Helmcken was read at Monday's meeting of the City Council protesting against the permission given by the Hudson Bay Company to erect a pavilion at Beacon Hill.

The Hudson Bay Company's deed of gift. The matter was referred to the parks board on the motion of Ald. Stewart.

Mayor Hall was appointed the city's nominee at the meeting of the board of governors of the Anti-Tuberculosis Society to be held Wednesday, February 8th, at 8 p.m. in the city hall.

A letter from the secretary of the Ladies' Guild, British and Foreign Sailors' Society, asking a grant or sum towards annual maintenance of the proposed new Sailors' Home, was referred to the finance committee.

The request of J. Hagerly, J. Heaney and D. McFadden to be allowed to dump sand, etc., anywhere within the city limits for distribution centres and other purposes was refused.

Lee & Fraser, real estate agents, offered the lot adjoining the city hall for sale to the city on which to build a new city hall.

Donald Grant requesting that a sewer be constructed on Turner street and David street, and that repairs be made to Turner street, between John and David streets.

Donald Grant requesting that a sewer be constructed on Princess avenue between Blanchard and Quadra streets, and also that water pipes be laid, after which the contractor is asked to drain the property adjacent thereto.

Re amendment to garbage regulation. We recommend that a by-law be introduced to amend the garbage regulation by-law 1908, directing the charge for the removal of garbage to be paid to the contractor.

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by-law be introduced to increase the age of liability for road tax from 50 to 60 years, and that road tax be made payable to the city...

The B. C. Electric Company wrote saying they intended to open up the streets named after February 20th, for the purpose of laying tracks, and asked for the grades. The request was granted.

The Annual Loan By-law, 1905, authorizing the city to borrow \$250,000 with which to carry on the business of the city until the taxes are collected, was put through its various stages.

The by-law to amend the disposal of garbage was read and passed, but not until Ald. Ross had objected to the contract.

When the report of the streets, bridges and sewers committee was read, Ald. Turner entered a protest against the recommendations without time to look them over carefully.

Robert Ward and Company, and the Canadian and British Company, asking to be allowed an opportunity of tendering for cement required by the city for the current year.

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which the company is desirous of putting in owing to the nature of the large cars it intends running on the Ross Bay cemetery route, such permission to be in the form of an agreement to be drawn by the city solicitors, between the corporation and the company, and embodying the usual conditions imposed in such cases.

Recommended that a temporary 3-blank sidewalk be laid out on Harbinger avenue from Richardson street southerly, at a cost not to exceed \$35,000.

Recommended that a sewer be constructed on Piquet street, from Fernwood road to Stanley avenue, and along Stanley avenue to Grant street.

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VENTURE BURNS TO WATER'S EDGE

COASTING CRAFT WILL BE TOTAL LOSS

Passengers and Crew Escape—Burning Steamer Set Adrift.

Steamer Venture was burned to the water's edge near Inverness canyon, on the Skeena river, early Monday morning. Nothing is set for the lower part of the hull and the engines and other iron work, which it is thought will be of little value.

When the fire broke out she had just finished loading 5,000 cases of salmon at the Inverness cannery for J. H. Todd & Sons, and she had 2,000 cases from the Neas river. There were fifty passengers and crew on board, all of whom were safely landed on the wharf. It is unknown where or how the fire started, but it spread very rapidly and the ship was soon enveloped in flames.

When it was found that the fire was beyond control, the steamer was cut adrift in order to save the wharf and cannery. The tide carried her past the Dominion cannery, so close that the structure narrowly escaped catching fire. A mile further down the river she drifted ashore, and at the time a dispatch was sent to the Times was still burning on the beach.

The Venture was purchased five years ago by the Bocowits Steamship Company from the Venture Steamship Company.

Vessel which was burned to the water's edge off Inverness Cannery, as captured yesterday.

pany of Vancouver. She was built here by A. C. McDonald for the late N. F. Bocowits, and was used for a short time in the cattle carrying trade. Her engines were constructed in this city, but when she was rebuilt, at the time she was acquired by her present owners, new engines and boilers were purchased in the Old Country.

The vessel was 100 feet in length, with a 34-foot beam and one hold. She was of the two-deck type, fitted with twin screw, triple expansion engines, with cylinders for 18 and 24 inches, and a steam boiler having a working pressure of 180 pounds. Her boilers, two in number, were of the Scotch marine variety, and the vessel was fitted throughout with electric light, including an electric searchlight, which was installed two years ago.

The estimated value of the Venture was \$75,000, and insurance was carried amounting to \$50,000. The salmon was also covered by insurance.

The vessel was in command of Captain T. Goulding with a crew of 25. It is not known whether the vessel will be replaced, but while this is being decided, the captain, doing practically all the work himself, he sent to Scotland for engines and put them in place and made her one of the finest little tugs on local waters.

Captain Bergquist is now about to turn his attention to his other tug, the Bute, a craft which built himself several years ago. He will at once set out with towing winches, searchlights and every modern appliance.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 28.—Gold medals with suitable emblems are to be awarded to Orville and Wilbur Wright by Congress in recognition of aerial navigation, and the inventor of the airplane, for his discovery and navigating the air, if the House of Representatives approve a resolution adopted by the Senate yesterday.

London, Jan. 28.—Just as England was the first to have a Dreadnought, so she is before all other nations in having a fleet of these, the most modern of fighting ships, the yearling of the new battleship Lord Nelson and her assignment to the Nore division of the home fleet, the first line of defence against a possible attack from across the north sea, that fleet in the words of a British admiral, became "a combination of strength and homogeneity unequalled ship for ship, in the world's fleets."

ALBERNI NOTES.

Ladies Aid of Presbyterian Church Give Concert and Social.

Alberni, Jan. 28.—The Ladies' Aid Society of the Presbyterian church gave a concert and social in Brand's hall on the evening of the 12th inst. All friends of the congregation were invited and a very pleasant evening was spent.

Simon Leiser, president of the board of trade, asked the council to reconsider the proposal of last year's council to grant \$7,500 for the tourist association.

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CONFERENCE HELD WITH COUNCIL

ADVERTISING OF CITY UNDER CONSIDERATION

Members of Board of Trade and Tourist Association Urge Grant.

A deputation consisting of members of the board of trade and the tourist association on Monday waited on the mayor and council in the committee room of the city hall in reference to a publicity grant for the purpose of advertising the city during the present year.

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half a million people benefit on their own selves. Vancouver, on the shore route, is spending \$10,000. We should spend more. We want the tourist people here, and must advertise what we have to get them. I wrote for Mayor Miller, of Seattle, for \$100,000 and they expect \$500,000 paid advertisement of the A. Y. F. I think we should get at least a half a million for a million people. The Vancouver Island and Development League is a splendid idea.

Ald. Henderson, replying to Mr. Leiser on a question that he was responsible for the referendum, said the council was unanimous that the matter should go before the people. He would abide by the matter but he is in favor of advertising the city. He served four years on the tourist association, but must obey the mandate of the people. He would not support \$7,500 of publicity expenditure at the A. Y. F. fair would be the right thing. He thought the tourist association should have taken a little interest in the matter of the referendum. The people do not know what has been done, and that the money is needed for streets and other purposes.

Ald. Raymond was in favor of the publicity grant and said the money for the referendum should be used for the benefit of those people who would have to pay the cost. He asked if a by-law petition from ratepayers could be presented.

Ald. Henderson said the city could put in an exhibit at the fair, and Mr. Nelson asked if an attendant would be in charge to administer it. Ald. Henderson replied in the affirmative, when Mr. Nelson asked if it did not amount to the same thing as that proposed by the meeting.

Mr. Nelson said: "We are here tonight, not to ask for the perpetuation of the tourist association, but for the perpetuation of publicity work. We remonstrated against the referendum, as you cannot get an intelligent expression of opinion from the people. We could not as Ald. Henderson suggests, get round after the voters while members of the body. We said at the time the referendum would be lost. The Vancouver Island Development League is formed, and in consideration of the island, and if Victoria cannot take up a publicity campaign then it cannot do what the small towns of the island are prepared to do."

George Collier said that there had been a great increase of traffic here this last year. Forty-four people had come into Ald. Fullerton's ward alone to reside, through the tourist association, in January last year. "I think the real opposition in the matter was to an individual and not to the association. The C. P. R. traffic has increased greatly and publicity should be put on. I said myself the referendum would be lost, but the opposition did not come from business men."

Ald. Stewart said: "I am in favor of publicity. It was, however, mentioned but once in the petition. The C. P. R. must not be allowed to do it all. The people don't know what the tourist association has done, but it has done good work. I feel that the tourist association should and I would give a little myself." (Applause.)

The meeting dispersed without any definite arrangement having been reached, but owing to the fact that the council had to meet upstairs, those present were, in addition to the mayor and councillors, were: Simon Leiser, president of the board of trade; H. G. Wilson, A. W. McCurdy, C. H. Laurin, A. Feden, F. Elworthy, George O'Shea, ex-Alderman Vincent, J. Slatcross, W. Williams, Herbert Kent and John Nelson.

Stormy weather delays the Cyclops. Blue Funnel Liner Will Return to Port in Few Days to Discharge Freight.

Bad weather delayed the Blue Funnel liner Cyclops, Capt. Harris, which landed her passengers at this port last evening two days late, and then proceeded to Puget Sound. She will return in a few days and discharge a little over a thousand tons of European freight and one hundred tons of Chinese goods. She brought 6,300 tons of freight in all. High easterly winds were experienced for several days after leaving Yokohama on the 9th inst., but from the 16th meridian the weather improved.

Nothing was sighted on the voyage except the wrecked schooner Sequoia on Sea Bird reefs. The captain and crew could see her quite plainly. It is a year since the Cyclops was last here. Since that time she made a short voyage from Liverpool to China and Japan. On the way home she carried in the neighborhood of fifteen hundred pilgrims, Mohammedans going to Mecca.

Reports received from Formosa indicate that fighting is still in progress there. One Japanese expedition returned after defeating the natives, but two more expeditions have been sent by the governor-general of Formosa, and one hundred police have also been sent to the disturbance. These expeditions it is thought, will speedily end the trouble.

SIDNEY SCHOOL BOARD. J. W. Bretton Re-elected Chairman—Estimates Considered. The board of school trustees met at Sidney school on Saturday. Mrs. C. E. White-Bloch, J. W. Bretton and George Simpson, the new members of the board, took the oath of office before J. J. White, J. P., after which the board re-elected J. W. Bretton chairman and A. J. McKinnon, secretary. Vice P. North, who was defeated at the election. The other member of the board is H. A. McKinnon. The estimates were considered but were not finally completed. They will be considered again Saturday next. The Danube flows through countries in which 32 languages and dialects are spoken. It bears on its banks the effluents of the commerce of Eastern Europe.

GOOD BIRDS ON EXHIBITION

ADVICE GIVEN BY JUDGE AT POULTRY SHOW

W. C. Denny Thinks This Coast an Ideal Place for Fowls.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) The crowing of cocks, the cackling of hens, the full rolling notes of high bred canaries, and the soft cooing of pigeons are the pleasant sounds that pervade the market building from the earliest morning to late at night these days. A great many visitors drop in to look at the high bred poultry and the owners of the prize winners may be very easily distinguished by their more lofty bearing as they pass around with condescending mien to the other parts of the hall, returning every few minutes to take another glance at the birds that have won their fame.

The show this year is well worth a visit even from those who are not fanciers, but just ordinary consumers of eggs. To pass around in company with a person who knows the fowls is an education. There are two hundred more entries this year than have ever been caged before and the quality is of the highest order. As a rule, however, the birds average high. The judging has not advanced very far as yet. The pet stock prizes have all been awarded by Judge Wilkinson and he is also to make the awards in the prize stock. All the other judging is being done by W. C. Denny, of Rochester, New York, a famous judge and lecturer, who gives his whole time to the business, lecturing before the farmers' institutes and judging at the shows and agricultural colleges. This is the first time he has judged in Victoria but in Seattle he has made the awards twice and at North Yakima three times. This year he has been to Portland and will return to judge at Clarkston, Washington.

So far the rocks, and the white Wyandottes have been scored and the prizes awarded. Mr. Denny said therefore in a position to give an opinion of the quality of these birds. Of the white rocks he says: "These birds are well up to the average with some exceptional birds among them. There is an especially good cock the property of Jones and Newberry, and the first prize hen shown by W. Walker and the second by W. D. Bruce are also very fine birds. Jones and Newberry's first prize pullet is also an exceptionally fine bird. The entry in this class is large and averages well.

"The buff rocks are not so good as the whites. Their color is not up to the mark. This second prize cockerel is the best bird here, only it had to be placed lower than the other because it lacked development; in fact it is only a chick. Its lack of weight brings it down. Look at these birds," said the judge pointing to some mottled hens. "They are fit only to have their necks wrung. No one could expect to develop good stock by breeding from such birds as that. These are put in here because their owner did not know any better. The coloring in all the birds is very uneven.

"Some people think that by mating a dark female with a light male a good color can be obtained, but this is a mistake. Such action produces nothing but mottled birds. These birds must be bred in families and a certain amount of inbreeding is necessary in order to get the best results.

"The barred rocks are good but they are too much of the old style of bird," continued the judge. "The bars are too wide, too open, and the neck sharpness without which it is impossible to get a snappy effect. Here is the best bird in this class, and it has only the second prize, but as in the whites, this bird lacks development and is much too light. In every other respect it is almost an ideal bird. Two points were taken off for weight and yet it scored 89. It is very seldom we get a bird that will score 93, so you see if the two points were taken off, it would come almost as high in quality as we ever go. These birds are produced by the double mating system. The tendency of the male is to get lighter and of the female to get darker. The result is that exhibition males must be bred from cockerels mated to females too dark for exhibition purposes. Exhibition females are produced through the mating of hens with lighter males, too light to be of any value in a show room.

"In the white Wyandottes there are some exceptionally fine birds. There are a couple of fine pullets and the winning hens are first rate. The tendency is, however, for the birds to be too short in the body. The breeders here follow the style of five years ago, which was to produce a short-bodied, round bird, low on the legs. This type of no utility value. The tendency today is to produce a longer bird with greater laying capacity.

"You have here," continued Mr. Denny, "an ideal climate for poultry raising; there is a market beyond anything ever known; you have plenty of good and material for building the houses. It is not necessary in the poultry business to build expensive houses. The open front house with the curtain is the favorite everywhere and experience has proved it to be the best. I have just come from South America, where the thermometer stood at 33 degrees below zero. All the poultry there had their combs nipped with the exception of one exhibit that had been kept in the open front house. Chicks used hot water heating and numerous other devices, but with no effect. Then there is a lady here now, Mrs. Rademacher, of Vancouver, who says she had plenty of eggs all through the recent, cold weather when her neighbors with closed houses had none. She keeps hers in an open front house."

In the pigeon department the judging was in progress this morning so no extensive criticism could be given except to say that there is a large and better exhibit than has ever been here before. The judge spoke particularly of the high quality of the canaries,

and in pigeons of the homers, tumbler, pouter, dragons and fantails, in each class of which there were a number of exhibits. There are also a number of pigeons here that have never been shown before, included among them being the English carriers, ice pigeons, barbs and white dragons. Judge Denny is prepared to answer any written questions that may be handed in to the officials of the show. The prize winners follow:

- White Plymouth Rocks. Cocks—1, Jones and Newberry, Nanaimo; 2, W. Walker, New Westminster; 3, W. Newberry & Sons. Cockerels—1, W. Walker, New Westminster; 2, Jones & Newberry, Nanaimo; 3, E. Henderson, Victoria. Pullets—1, W. Walker, New Westminster; 2, W. D. Bruce, Vancouver, B. C.; 3, Jones & Newberry, Nanaimo, B. C. Pense—1 and 2, Jones & Newberry, Nanaimo; 3, W. Walker, New Westminster. Buff Plymouth Rocks. Cocks—2, W. Walker, New Westminster. Cockerels—1, Blackstock Bros., Victoria; 2, R. P. Edwards, South Salt Spring. Hens—2 and 3, W. Walker, New Westminster. Pullets—2 and 3, Blackstock Bros., Victoria. Pen—2, Blackstock Bros., Victoria. Barred Plymouth Rocks. Cocks—2, D. Woolsey, Mt. Tolmie; 3, J. H. Hughes, Maywood. Cockerels—2, J. A. Smith, Cloverdale; 3, W. H. Smith, Victoria. Pullet—1 and 2, W. Newberry & Sons, Nanaimo; 3, Geo. Borthwick, Victoria. Pense—1 and 2, W. Newberry & Sons, Nanaimo; 3, D. Woolsey, Mt. Tolmie. Pen—2, D. Woolsey, Mt. Tolmie. White Wyandottes. Cocks—1, H. L. Rademacher, N. Vancouver; 2, S. J. Wootton, Victoria; 3, Thos. H. Kingscote, Heals P. O. Pigeons. Black Dragon Cocks—1 and 2, Mittlestadt Bros.; 3, Chas. Bayliss. Blue Dragon Hens—1, Chas. Bayliss; 2, P. W. Jenne. Blue Dragon Cocks—1, Fairview Pigeon Loft, Vancouver; 2, Lemon & Cousins; 3, Fairview Pigeon Loft. Blue Dragon Hens—1 and 2, Fairview Pigeon Loft; 3, P. W. Jenne. Red Dragon Cocks—1, 2 and 3, Mittlestadt Bros. Cock (any other color)—1 and 2, Fairview Pigeon Loft. Hen (any other color)—1 and 2, Fairview Pigeon Loft. White Fantail Cocks—1, Robert Hall; 2, A. J. McKenzie; 3, Robert Hall. White Fantail Hens—1, A. J. McKenzie; 2, Robert Hall; 3, A. J. McKenzie. Black Check Show Homer Hens—1, Mittlestadt Bros. Show Homer Hens (any other color)—1 and 2, Fairview Pigeon Loft. Blue Flying Homer Cocks—1, Chas. Bayliss; 2, Mittlestadt Bros.; 3, J. L. Dell. Blue Flying Homer Hens—1, R. J. McDowell; 2, Lemon & Cousins; 3, H. Petticrew. Blue Check Flying Homer Cocks—1, R. J. McDowell; 2, Lemon & Cousins; 3, Mittlestadt Bros. Blue Check Flying Homer Hens—1, Mittlestadt Bros.; 2, Lemon & Cousins; 3, Mittlestadt Bros. Red Check Flying Homer Cocks—1, H. Petticrew; 2, H. Petticrew; 3, H. Petticrew. Flying Homer Hens—1, Lemon & Cousins; 2, P. W. Jenne; 3, P. W. Jenne. Silver or Silver Dun Flying Homer Cocks—1, J. Strong; 2, P. W. Jenne; 3, Mittlestadt Bros. Silver or Silver Dun Flying Homer Hens—1, Mittlestadt Bros.; 2, R. Hall; 3, Mittlestadt Bros. Flying Homer Cocks (any other color)—1, Robert Hall; 2, P. W. Jenne; 3, J. C. Strong. Flying Homer Hens (any other color)—1, Mittlestadt Bros.; 2, Robert Hall. Red Jacobin Cocks—1, T. D. Roberts. White Jacobin Cocks—1, J. C. Strong. Silver or Silver Dun Owl Cocks—1, Fairview Pigeon Loft; 2, J. C. Strong; 3, J. C. Strong. Blue or Blue Check Owl Cocks—1, Fairview Pigeon Loft. Blue or Blue Check Owl Hens—1, J. C. Strong; 2, Fairview Pigeon Loft; 3, H. Gillingham. Owl Hen (any other color)—1, Fairview Pigeon Loft; 2, J. C. Strong; 3, H. Gillingham. Blue or Red Pointer Cocks—1, 2 and 3, Fairview Pigeon Loft. Blue or Red Pointer Hens—1, 2 and 3, Fairview Pigeon Loft. Red Pointer Cocks—1, Mittlestadt Bros.; 2, Robert Hall. Pointer Cocks (any other color)—1 and 2, Fairview Pigeon Loft; 3, Mittlestadt Bros. Pointer Hens (any other color)—1, 2 and 3, Fairview Pigeon Loft.

HAMILTON MAY HAVE BOARD OF CONTROL

City Council is Urged to Apply for Necessary Legislation.

When it was decided last year to change back to the ward system of electing aldermen, it was generally agreed that the change involved the addition to Hamilton's civic government of a feature which has not yet been here—the board of control. Application was made for the necessary legislation, but it was made too late. It is hoped that the new council will see to it that the necessary legislation is applied for at the approaching session of the legislature, says the Hamilton Herald.

One of the weaknesses of the ward system, perhaps the chief objection to it, is that it fosters a sectional spirit in the city council. A ward representative is pretty sure to do what he can to get work done in his own ward, even to the neglect of other sections. But some men have more push and "pull" than others, and it sometimes happens that this sort of man succeeds in getting more work done in his ward than it is justly entitled to, and this means that other wards must go without work which ought to be done.

This is a weakness in the ward system which a board of control elected by all the people would correct. The duties of the board in Toronto are: To prepare the annual estimates and submit them to the council; to prepare specifications for and award all contracts; to call for tenders for all work, material, supplies or property required for the use of the corporation; to inspect and report regularly to the council upon all municipal works being carried out; to nominate to the council heads of departments and all permanent officials, or to dismiss or suspend any official. To amend the estimates, to revise any action of the board, or to ignore its nominations, a two-thirds vote of the aldermen is required.

Of course the controllers are paid in Toronto, and would have to be paid here. It would be unfair to expect any man to devote the time and hard work necessary to efficient performance of a controller's duty and serve without pay.

With ward representatives and a board of control elected by all the voters, a well-balanced system of civic government is assured. The aldermen controllers act as a check upon sectional injustice in expenditure and are likely to give better administration than is possible under the committee system, while the council has the power to hold the controllers in check. The Herald hopes to see this system in force in Hamilton next year.

NEW MUNICIPAL BUILDING.

Fernie City Council Will Call for Tenders and Begin Operations Without Delay.

Fernie, Jan. 26.—The city offices have been removed from the temporary quarters occupied since the fire, to the Johnson-Falconer block on Victoria avenue, where much better accommodation has been secured. At the last meeting of the city council it was decided that tenders for the erection of the municipal building should be called for at once, and that the basement was to be completed in thirty days, and the superstructure to be proceeded with at the earliest moment.

Ex-Mayor W. Tuttle and Mrs. Tuttle were the recipients the other evening of a silver salver from the members of the city police force as a small token of the esteem in which they are held by the mayor and his wife are held by the members of the force, and of the interest they have always taken in the welfare of the force.

The new school board are taking active steps to provide school facilities for the public school pupils, and have secured temporary premises in the building lately occupied by the Home bank.

TIN SMELTER FOR ISLAND

NEW INDUSTRY TO START UP NEAR VICTORIA

Product From Alaska Mines Will Be Treated Here.

A tin smelter in the immediate neighborhood of Victoria will be the next development work on Vancouver Island. This will be built by the Pacific Tin Mining & Smelting Company, a local concern which was incorporated on January 14th of this year, and means to commence business at once. A number of sites were considered but none offered so many advantages as the one in the neighborhood of Victoria, and there the smelter is to be built and the work carried on. While it will be a few miles from the city, it will be near that all the trade will be tributary and it will mean much to the city.

The new company has a working agreement with the owners of the Goodwin tin group, in the Seward Peninsula, Alaska, to take the whole of the output of the mine which is proven to be one of the richest in Alaska, and to the very few of its kind in the world.

The Goodwin tin group is a collection of claims on Tin Mountain, which is soamed with tin ore. This mountain in place that has not been worked. The lowest assay of the ores shows 5 per cent, pure tin, while the highest gives 56.59. The latter assay was made by C. H. Voll, of Seattle, while J. O'Sullivan, Vancouver, got 15 per cent in the ores submitted to him. In the estimate of profits on the smelting, the lowest assay is taken as the basis of calculation. On the same mountain the tin content of the ores is 10 per cent, and the United States Tin Mining Company, who have been doing extensive work in opening up the properties. According to the engineer of Bartlett's, Mr. Jones, who spent ten days examining the group of claims expressed himself of the opinion that the properties were the best on the mountain, as they contain the very heart of the tin vein at their best.

E. S. Harrison, publisher of the Alaska-Yukon Magazine, has made several references to this mountain of tin, and pins his faith on the future of the tin in the United States and Canada. He says that the mountain is a body of tin ore; it is no longer a prospect, tin having been shipped from it in commercial quantities. Twenty million tons of tin are used annually in the United States and Canada, and it is estimated that the tin in this mountain is worth \$100,000,000.

Mr. Harrison suggests in his book on the Yukon that the tin in this mountain should be brought to Puget Sound to be smelted, that being cheaper than to take the ore to Alaska, as the labor in the north is too expensive to compete with the same done here in Vancouver. He says that he ever proposes to bring the ore to Vancouver Island, where there is coal in abundance. The tin alone is a profitable ore to smelt, but there is also a by-product, tungsten, which is worth as much as the tin itself. This will be manufactured at the new smelter.

It is estimated that once the smelter is in working order it will be kept open throughout the year. It is impossible to ship ore from Alaska throughout the year, but copper ore will be brought from Mexico; and this will keep the smelter working all the time. It is thought that the tin in this mountain is being taken to Germany and South Wales, but instead of doing that, the Pacific Tin Mining & Smelting Company has secured the services of a Swansea man to superintend the smelting, which is a work of two months from the present time. The company will benefit by the low rates between Alaska and this port, there being no much more than a few cents a ton of the ore, and the cost of shipping generally used.

This year the big run of salmon is expected and the traps and canneries will be working full time. Reports from the Fraser river state that every cannery will be in operation, but that the Dominion government will not allow dismantled canneries to operate and no new licenses are being granted. The estimated number that will be in operation in that locality is forty.

All the northern canneries will also be in full swing and on Vancouver Island it is understood that the traps will be much more numerous than they have been for three years past. Locally the canneries both at the outer wharf, and at Esquimalt will be in commission.

Ymir Mines Sold. Preparations Being Made to Push Work Forward Vigorously.

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The Ladies Aid Society of St. Barnaby's church has decided to place a stained glass window in the church in memory of the late Mrs. Dalby, who was a member of the organization. Contributions may be sent to the secretary.

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GENEROUS OFFER BY PROMINENT VICTORIAN

A. C. Fiummerfelt Makes Proposal Regarding Financing of Publicity Work.

A. C. Fiummerfelt, of this city, has advanced the following letter to the editor of the Times:

I was one of the interested and delighted listeners to the very able address of C. C. Chapman, given at the Empress Hotel on the 22nd inst, and while unfortunately I was unable to attend the meetings convened by the Board of Trade prior and subsequent to that address, am frank to say my interest in Victoria and its future is very deep-rooted.

I was particularly struck with Mr. Chapman's reference to the city of Portland, and since the luncheon have been carefully considering the possibility of some such plan being adopted by Victorians. There has been a good deal of controversy and much difference of opinion exists in the minds of the electors of Victoria as to the wisdom of the expenditure of public funds for a publicity campaign, and it is only just and right to regard these differences of honest opinion; also—it would seem—from the expression of opinion they would obviously be open to very great criticism, which might lead to more active opposition and perhaps create factions in our city, which, in my humble opinion, would not be in the best interests of us all.

I note the amount suggested by the Tourist Association is \$1000, and after mature deliberation have concluded to make the following proposal: I will be one of seven to provide \$1,000 each or one of fourteen to pay \$500 each, on the understanding that in addition to this sum of at least \$5,000 be collected from the citizens individually through the medium of the Tourist Association.

In making this proposal I do not wish it to be understood that I am giving a subscription of any considerable size to the Tourist Association if any part of the fund is raised by public taxation, as I am already bearing my quota in that direction.

This would provide \$12,000, which, if properly used, should, and I think will, be of lasting advantage to the city of Victoria; and I also impose the further condition—if this sum is raised and that none of it is to be drawn from the civic treasury—that the mayor and board of aldermen shall undertake to immediately spend whatever sum may be necessary to put our main thoroughfares in proper and complete repair, so that by the date of the opening of the exhibition at Seattle the streets will at least be presentable.

I have heard various estimates of the number of people who will probably visit Victoria during the year 1930, and I think it safe to calculate that 2 million tourists would visit Victoria provided the steamship and hotel accommodations are sufficient for such numbers.

I make this proposal, Mr. Editor, to be good for thirty days, as if such a movement is to be effective—it must be well under way by the 1st of March next, otherwise the expenditure will be of little value, and I will be glad to have through your columns, or otherwise—expressions of opinion on the suggestion, as I am willing to do what I can to further this or any possible plan.

I have no axe to grind, as I have only two lots in this city, am not in regular business here, and cannot possibly hope to benefit to anything like the degree that will my more fortunate friends who are large holders of real estate, and I am sure that the people generally. At the same time, as before stated, I am intensely interested in the well-being of our city, which for 23 years has been my home, and which I believe has possibilities beyond our present most sanguine expectations.

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LADIES' MUSICAL SOCIETY.

The Ladies' Musical Society will give the sixth concert of the third season in St. John's Sunday school-room on Saturday afternoon at 3.30. The programme follows:

- Marche Heroique, Op. 31... C. Saint-Saens For Two Pianos. Miss Olsson. 1st Piano, Miss Walker; 2nd Piano, Miss Lawson. Vocal Solo—Alfred Samson and Delilah—My Heart to Hear Thy Voice... Mrs. H. C. Briggs.

- Piano Solo—(a) Lose Himmel Meine Seele... Liszt (b) Feuer Zauber... Wagner Trio for Violin, Piano and Cello, Op. 15... S. J. Adasohn. Allegro Tranquillo. Andantino. Finale. Piano, Mrs. Harry Young; Violin, Mr. Benedict Baiter; Cello, Mr. Foote.

- Vocal Solo—(a) The Rainy Day... Cordelia Grylls (b) In Haven (from Sea Pictures)... Edgar Mrs. D. E. Campbell. Concerto in D... E. A. MacDowell Larghetto. Presto. Arrigetto-Presto. Mrs. D. R. Harris. Orchestral parts played on 2nd Piano by Benedict Baiter.

OFFSHORE LUMBER RATES REDUCED

Coastwise Freights Remain Firm, With Moderate Business.

Offshore lumber rates from this coast are inclined to be bearish, the last week showing a reduction from the freights which have been in force for some time. The weekly freight circular of the Shipowners' Association of the Pacific coast gives notice that the rate from Grays Harbor, Willapa Harbor, Columbia river and Puget Sound is now 42s 6d to Valparaiso, for orders, 2s 6d less direct. The previous quotation was 45s shillings. The present rate from the North Pacific to Callao is 40 shillings, which is a drop of 2s 6d.

Freights to Australia and steamer rates to Japan and North China remain the same. Present quotations are 30 shillings to Sydney, Port Pirie, Shanghai and North China; 23s 6d to Hongkong, Melbourne, and Adelaide; 57s 6d to Fremantle and Geraldton. The circular for some time has not quoted rates to the Hawaiian Islands and Gulf of California ports as all recent charters to these ports have been made at private terms. The prevailing rate to South Africa remains at 50 shillings.

Coastwise freights remain firm and steady and a moderate amount of business is being done. No change is noted in recent fixtures as at association figures.

One feature of last week's business is the number of sailing vessels fixed for offshore ports at private terms. Among these are: Barkentine J. M. Griffith, Puget Sound to Guaymas; barkentine Aurora, Puget Sound to Guaymas; schooner Ethel Zane, Grays Harbor to Guaymas; schooner Marconi, Coos Bay to Valparaiso. The barkentine Lachina has towed to Chemung, where she will load lumber for Callao at the prevailing rate of 40 shillings.

The charters in domestic business include the following during the past week: Schooner Luzon, Columbia river to San Pedro, San Diego, \$4.50; steamer J. B. Stetson, Grays harbor to San Francisco, \$3.75; schooners Forester and Commerce, Puget Sound to San Francisco, \$3.75.

Practically no business is being done in grain. Exporting to the United Kingdom has ceased and while an occasional vessel may yet be taken, the chances are that this export trade is finished for the season, although tonnage is at liberty until May 1st to accept any rate offering. There is a little demand for wheat in South America but this business is being handled by steamers. Not much grain is moving coastwise but since the lumber situation has improved, domestic grain rates are showing a firmer tendency than prevailed last month.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—Arrived steamer Kronland from Antwerp.

PREPARING FOR SALMON SEASON

Big Run Expected This Year and All Canneries Will Be in Operation.

This year the big run of salmon is expected and the traps and can

GOVERNMENT ASKED FOR AID CANADIAN NORTHERN SEEKS ASSISTANCE

D. D. Mann at Luncheon Today Says He Hopes Something May Result.

(From Wednesday's Daily.) D. D. Mann, vice-president of the Canadian Northern railway, was the guest of the Canadian Club at one of their informal luncheons at the Grand hotel today. Mr. Mann, a native of Canada, is one of the whole Dominion men who feel proud. He is a self-made man who by his own efforts and ability has come into the forefront among the transportation men of this country.

Mr. Mann and Col. Davidson, the land commissioner of the Canadian Northern, will leave Victoria to-night. Both were the guests of the Canadian Club today. Mr. Mann is a strenuous worker. He knows no recreation, and the Victoria business men were indeed privileged to have the opportunity of hearing him to-day.

The attendance at the Canadian Club luncheon was very large. At the head of the table sat A. E. McPhillips, who presided in the absence of Judge Lampman, who is not in the city. To his right sat D. D. Mann, Col. Prior and Premier McBride. To his left were Mayor Hall and Col. Davidson.

The announcement was made by Mr. Mann that his company intends to build to the Pacific Coast; that negotiations had been entered into with the government looking to assistance which might result in something definite later on.

A. E. McPhillips, in introducing Mr. Mann, referred to the fact that Mr. Mann and his associates in the Canadian Northern, W. Mackenzie, were Canadians. (Applause.)

Mr. Mann, Mr. Mann rising to speak was accorded a rousing reception by the entire gathering, said it was some moments before he was able to proceed.

Mr. Mann thanked the Canadian Club for the honor done him. He congratulated the city of Victoria upon its improved appearance since he last visited it. The climate of Vancouver Island was such as to entitle it to the title "The Riviera of the Pacific Coast." It attracted from the east in the summer and from the plains in the winter.

The development of the grain growing areas of Canada was a work of first importance. The railways were aiding in this.

To this line of railway work were needed from the east to the west. His company hoped to build to the Pacific coast from Edmonton. (Applause.) He had approached the government on the subject of assistance and had received some encouragement. He hoped that yet the negotiations might result in something definite.

His company, he said, had 3,000 miles built and 2,000 were now under construction. Arrangements had been made with different governments under which guarantees were given. It was interesting to know that not one dollar had been required to be paid by the governments under those guarantees.

When the lines were built 75 per cent of the population of the prairies would be reached. This would give a great market for the timber and the fruits of this province.

When the C. P. R. was built there were only 157,000 people in the country between the Great Lakes and the Pacific. Now there were 1,000,000. (Applause.) In the last few years 142,000 people were going in annually and taking up homesteads on the plains.

Branch Lines. When the line was built through British Columbia, which he hoped would be soon—(applause)—his company would construct branch lines up the fertile valleys which would then give homes to large populations.

British Columbia gave promise to become one of the greatest provinces in the whole Dominion. With the timber, the product of the fields and the seas, the future of the province was assured.

The development of Canada brought great responsibility. Training ships should be put on the Atlantic and on the Pacific, and "our young men should be trained to defend our homes, and our merchant marine." (Applause.) Canada should have a squadron of her own, manned by Canadians and maintained by Canada. In case of necessity her squadron might be sent to aid the motherland, and might be the means of turning the tide of battle. (Applause.)

Amidst prolonged applause the speaker took his seat.

Bright Future for Province. His Worship the Mayor, in moving a vote of thanks, remarked amid applause that the province of Ontario had produced two of the greatest railway men of the continent—Messrs. Hill and Mann. He welcomed the probability of the Canada Northern being built to tide water, and hoped that his trains would run into the city of Victoria. (Applause.)

A. C. Flumerfelt, in seconding the vote of thanks, paid a tribute to Mr. Mann and declared that British Columbia in his opinion was the finest

Heard Her Death Sentence

To obtain temporary relief when suffering is a great boon, but to be permanently cured and restored to health after being assured that one has not a year to live, is an experience that cannot fall to bring joy to any heart. Yet this is what Mrs. A. E. Ternan, of Norwich, Ont. says PSYCHINE accomplished in her case.

Writing on August 11th, 1908, she says: "It is ten years since I took PSYCHINE, and I have not taken ten dollars' worth of medicine since. I should not have lived out the year had it not been for PSYCHINE. I am now in excellent health." Can any testimony be stronger than this?

If you are feeling worn out and run down, try PSYCHINE. You will be surprised at the result. PSYCHINE thoroughly builds up the system, and imparts new life and vigor. The greatest of tonics, PSYCHINE, restores the throat, lungs, heart, stomach, digestive and blood-making organs to perform their proper functions. The only specific known to cure chronic weakness, catarrh and decline. Sold at all druggists and stores. 50c and \$1. Send for a free sample to Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, Spadina Ave., Toronto.

piece of country of its size on the continent. He predicted great things for it when its water powers had been harnessed and it had been converted into a great manufacturing centre, in addition to its other sources of wealth.

At this observation Mr. Mann nodded his approval.

Continuing, Mr. Flumerfelt expressed the hope that aid properly safeguarded would be given and that the Canadian Northern trains would run into this city.

Mr. Mann in acknowledging the vote said his trains were into six capital of the Dominion, and he hoped Victoria would be the seventh. (Loud applause.)

Premier McBride in a few remarks expressed the pleasure his government felt at the probable advent of the Canadian Northern, which he warmly welcomed to the province.

The singing of "God Save the King" terminated the proceedings. Among those present were: C. F. Todd, H. D. Helmcken, H. A. Ross, J. W. Morris, Andrew Wright, J. Harry Slater, H. W. E. Cavanaugh, W. M. Hunter, Henry B. Thomson, J. H. King, A. W. McVittie, F. W. James, John A. Wood, George W. Mitchell, A. F. Yates, J. L. Parker, W. A. Runnalls, B. H. John, Chom, Bacon, B. J. Harlow, Osborne Plunkett, R. F. Green, J. E. McEachern, M. P. Gordon, T. H. Leeming, Arthur Beaulands, J. A. Mara, C. H. Lugin, Luke Pither, R. W. Perry, W. G. D. Jones, J. E. Mitchell, Joseph Peirson, J. B. McKilligan, D. Stevens, Chas. E. Betts, William H. P. Sweeney, J. Ballantine, J. B. H. Rickaby, F. H. Werlock, James H. Lawson, J. James F. Gardin, A. E. Carey, J. Herrick McGregor, Rev. D. MacRae, R. M. P. Hunter, R. E. Gosnell, H. G. Parson, M. E. Carr, W. W. Fleet Robertson, Edwin R. Tooley, A. S. Barton, J. K. Worfield, Robt. D. B. S. S. Heisterman, P. R. Brown, W. L. Chalmers, A. H. Mitchell, D. R. Ker, W. J. Hanna, Wm. M. Allan, Wm. Beattie, Geo. McCandless, Wm. Humphrey, W. J. Dowler, Sydney Booth, A. A. Hinton, Wm. R. Ross, W. J. Mann, A. C. Burdick, E. C. McKay, Stuart Mannell, W. L. Holman, Herbert Cuthbert, Jno. A. Turner, J. Savannah.

APPRECIATES SERVICES OF HON. W. TEMPLEMAN

Western Branch of Canadian Mining Institute Passes Resolution.

Nelson, B. C., Jan. 23.—The fourth general meeting of the Western Branch of the Canadian Mining Institute at Greenwood came to a close this afternoon. In addition to several papers read, the following resolutions were unanimously agreed to:

"That this meeting does hereby express its appreciation of the action of the provincial government, and especially that of the Hon. the Premier and the Hon. the Minister of Mines, in the important experiments which are being conducted at Nelson towards the separation and reduction of complex lead-zinc ores by electro-thermic means.

"That this meeting does hereby express its approval and appreciation of the action of the Federal government through its mines department in seeking a solution of the difficulties attending on the economical smelting of Eastern iron ores by practical experiments in electro-thermic reduction, conducted at public cost. The meeting commends to the government the desirability of aiding in and contributing to the advanced experiments which had already been made in the province towards the separation and the reduction of zinc ores by electro-thermic energy. These experiments have demonstrated the practicability of the separation of metallic zinc from metallic lead and its recovery as a by-product from complex lead zinc ores. Important deposits of such ores occur in this province and remain unworked through lack of economical reduction facilities. In the opinion of this meeting a solution of this problem will be of very great importance to the mining industry of the Dominion."

ANTI-GAMBLING BILL

Olympia, Wn., Jan. 27.—Without a dissenting vote the Anti-Race Track Gambling Bill passed the lower house to-day. The bill makes conducting pool selling, bookmaking, or places for bets made on horse races a felony, and provides that the possession of gambling paraphernalia be prima facie evidence of a violation of the act.

The case of Samuel Jennings against James and John Baker, in which the informant desires a quantity of wood removed on Douglas street, was again adjourned in the police court on Wednesday. It will be heard a week hence.

NANAIMO COUNCIL MAY APPOINT CITY ENGINEER

Several Aldermen Favor Proposal—Meeting to Discuss Publicity Work.

(Special Correspondence.) Nanaimo, Jan. 28.—There was little business, even of a routine character, transacted at the meeting of the city council last night. However a question by Ald. Shepherd provoked a discussion which clearly revealed considerable dissatisfaction on the part of several of the aldermen with the work of the engineer in charge of the water-works extension. The question of engaging a city engineer was taken up last night and then after a time dropped. The demand for such an appointment has again been raised, and found expression in the local press. Probably this accounted for the discussion at last night's meeting. The proposal of it all will probably be the appointment of a city engineer at no very distant date. Mayor Hodgson expressed himself as being strongly in favor of such an appointment, stating that there was always enough work in the city to keep an engineer busy. He, however, suggested that the question had better be taken up in committee, and the discussion was dropped.

Publicity Campaign. J. W. Coburn, president of the Lady-smith & Co. Company, the office of which was located here, will at once take up locally the suggestions arrived at at the inaugural meeting of the Island Development League. The first general move will be the ascertaining from mining men and prospectors where trails and roads can be broken to the greatest advantage. Mr. Coburn has decided that the best way to get at the desired information is to call a mass meeting, and with this end in view he is going to call together the officials of the Citizens' League.

As it happened this league had already arranged to hold a mass meeting on Friday, February 5th. Capt. Yates has been invited to attend with a view to the citizens of Nanaimo petition the federal government for an appropriation of \$600,000 for the improvement of the harbor. It was to discuss this proposal at the Citizens' League meeting on Friday, but it was decided to postpone it to next month, but it may be called earlier, and both matters taken up.

The Glee Club. At the Sunday practise of the Orpheus Glee Club it was decided to give a concert at Lady-smith on February 27th. The club, which is being trained by J. R. Morgan of Victoria, made a big hit here, and this will be its first appearance out of town.

Benefit Fund. The Socialist party in the district have arranged to take up a collection on behalf of the widow and family of John Holden, who was shot while in the woods while out with a party searching for the man John, who has been missing over two weeks.

Pastor's Challenge. The Socialist pastor here finds himself at a disadvantage. A Victoria comrade addressed a meeting here on Sunday and endeavored to lay down, first, that Jesus inaugurated a labor movement pure and simple, and laid no stress on a life beyond the present, second, that Christianity is a contradiction to science, based purely upon belief, and is consequently unscientific and illogical, and third, that the doctrines of Christianity, as found in the New Testament and preached in the churches, bore no substantial resemblance to the principle consecrated by Christ himself. Rev. Mr. McLeod is consequently out with a challenge to the lecturer, or any other person, to debate with him these propositions on the platform.

Line Blocked. The mines at Extension were idle yesterday owing to the heavy fall of snow blocking the line.

Personal. Mrs. G. C. McDonald, of the New-castle townsite, has left on a visit to California.

Invitations to Hanging. Chicago Sheriff Receives No Notification That Sentence Has Been Commuted.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 27.—Sheriff Strassheim, not having been notified of the commutation of the sentence of the man Billik from hanging to a life sentence for the murder of Mary Vrzal, yesterday sent out the usual invitations for the hanging on January 28th, next.

If the governor has commuted the sentence, it will be unlucky for Billik, unless I am officially notified," said the sheriff yesterday.

The seventh annual general meeting of the Victoria No. 2 Building Society will be held at the office of the secretary, A. St. G. Flint, Troncy alley, on Friday evening commencing at 8 o'clock. The business will include the receiving of the directors' and auditors' reports, the secretary's report and the balance sheet, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting. The election of officers and board of management will be the fourteenth drawing for an appropriation.

The St. Barnabas' church building fund subscription list now stands at a total of over \$2,000. Previous subscriptions reached \$1,485, and since then the following have been acknowledged: Jan. 1909: R. Henry Lloyd, \$25; Mrs. L. E. McKenzie, \$50; W. H. Adams, \$25; Rev. H. H. Miles, of England, \$125; and Stewart Johnson, also of England, \$10.25.

A very quiet wedding was celebrated in Vancouver, B. C., 26th inst. where Dr. Reid united in marriage Dr. E. Newton Dier to Miss Jesse Townsend Reid, only daughter of the Rev. John Reid, Jr. After the ceremony the happy couple left for Europe, where the honeymoon will be spent. On their return Dr. and Mrs. Dier will reside in Vancouver, B. C.

LAYING RAILS ON ALBERNI EXTENSION

Line Will Be in Operation to French Creek by Mid-summer.

Alberni, Jan. 28.—The work of laying rails on the grade of the Alberni extension of the E. & N. railway has commenced, and will be continued as actively as possible. A large rock cut, not yet completed by the graders, about three miles out from Wellington, will hold the track layers in temporary check, but blasting operations are well advanced, and it is believed that by practically nothing to hinder the laying of steel as far as French Creek, to which point it is expected the line will be in operation by mid-summer.

The work of revising location on the mountain section, east of the summit, has been practically completed, and all that stands in the way of a call for tenders for the grading of the line right through to New Alberni, the western terminus, is a few miles of revisionary work this side of the summit. It is at this end that the most difficult and expensive work is to be done, and as this is the final effort in deciding a satisfactory location the work is necessarily being done with great care, causing progress to be slow.

FRANCO-CANADIAN TREATY IS SIGNED

French Ministers Approve Concessions Made by Hon. W. Fielding.

Paris, Jan. 28.—Mr. Fielding's work has borne fruit in a supplementary commercial treaty signed at the Foreign Office here on Saturday evening by Sir F. Bertie, the British ambassador, and Mr. Fielding on behalf of His Majesty, and by Ministers Pichon, Caillaux, Cruppi and Ruau on behalf of the president of France. The details of the treaty originally made it will be approved by the senate. Mr. Fielding is returning to London immediately, sailing very shortly for Canada.

VIOLATE GAME ACT. Three Boys Fined for Shooting on James Bay.

Three boys were fined \$3 each in the police court here on Saturday for violating the game act, by shooting on James Bay last Saturday morning. The magistrate in passing sentence said the small fines were not to be taken as a guidance for future poachers, but it is a warning to others who were in the habit of following this pastime.

The charge against the boys was brought under the Game act, by which shooting on the bay is prohibited. The police had received notification from residents of the western parts of the city adjoining the bay that boys were habitually discharging firearms from the bay, and the police were a source of great danger to those on shore. The boys were caught hunting Saturday morning by Constable Palmer, who also took the name and address of a man for the same offence. A summons has been issued for the last offender, who will appear before the court in due course. The boys were using rifle and shot guns between Pender's point and Shoal point when caught.

CONTROL OF CATTLE RANGES.

Los Angeles, Cal., Jan. 27.—The American National Livestock Association convened this morning for the second day's session with a good prospect that before the adjournment the perennial fight between the cattlemen and sheepmen over the subject of grazing and range control would break out before the final adjournment. The cattlemen and such of the other stockmen as favor federal control are largely in the majority, and their views will doubtless prevail, but it is not expected that it will be without a warm contest.

DEATH-BED APPEAL BRINGS IN FUNDS

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 27.—H. C. Hammond is dead. He had been a patient sufferer from a malignant cancer of the throat, from what he knew to be his deathbed he wrote a stirring appeal on behalf of sufferers from tuberculosis disease which he did much to combat. The immediate results of the appeal were large contributions to a free hospital for consumptives at Toronto, and Gravenhurst and the founding of the Hammond Memorial fund for consumptives which already amounts to over \$50,000.

ROOSEVELT STIFLING ANTI-JAP LEGISLATION

California Lays Over All Much Discussed Measures for a Week.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 27.—The question of anti-Japanese legislation was temporarily put aside by the legislature to-day as a result of an agreement between President Roosevelt, Governor Gillett and the leaders of both houses. Assemblyman A. M. Drew agreed after a conference with the governor to amend his anti-alien land bill. Grove L. Johnson was not willing to postpone action upon his anti-Japanese bills but a motion to put all the measures over for a week prevailed with little opposition.

The governor received the following telegram from the president this forenoon: "White House, Washington, D.C., January 27th. 'To J. H. Gillett, Governor of California. 'I must again express from the standpoint of all our people my appreciation of the great service that you are rendering. I have absolute and entire faith in the judgment and patriotism of the people of the great state of California and I know that they will support you. My letter is already on its way to you and you may make it public whenever you desire. (Sgd) 'THEODORE ROOSEVELT.'

immigration, question for federal powers Governor Gillett's message to California on Anti-Japanese Legislation.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 27.—Governor Gillett's message to the legislature yesterday regarding the Japanese question in part is as follows: "Certain bills have been introduced, some of which have been favorably reported by your committees, indirectly intended to affect the Japanese people. At least such is the impression abroad. These bills have attracted the notice of the whole nation, and have caused Japan to call attention of our government to them. They have produced an agitation, not only in our country but throughout Japan, and the Japanese minister of foreign affairs has stated to the authorities at Washington that if the bills should be passed the government of Japan would consider it very embarrassing.

"This question of immigration is one that affects the entire nation as well as our state, and is one which the federal government can alone settle. It may be settled in two ways. "First—By an agreement between the two nations, which has been done, or by legislation passed by congress, as was done in the case of the Chinese. "If we find out that, notwithstanding our efforts, the coolie labor continues to pour into our state, or through calling themselves agriculturists, are landing upon our shores and settling in our cities, or leasing and purchasing our valuable agricultural lands, and changing white settlements to Japanese, to the detriment of this state and its citizens, then it is our plain duty to call the attention of the federal government to the facts, and petition to take such prompt action as may be proper by agreement with Japan or by legislation if necessary to remedy conditions. If our complaints are just, they will be taken up by congress and the president and acted upon.

AT DEATH'S DOOR

Doctors Had to Give Her Morphine to Ease the Pain

Five Boxes of "Fruit-a-tives" Cured Her

For seven years I suffered with what was at first a bad headache, but it could hardly endure the pain. I could neither sit, stand nor lie down. Hypodermics of Morphine had to be given me or I could never have borne the pain. Many physicians treated me, but my cure seemed hopeless, and my friends hourly expected my death. It was during one of these very bad spells that a family friend brought a box of "Fruit-a-tives" to the house. After much persuasion I commenced to take them, but I was so bad that it was only when I had taken nearly two boxes that I commenced to experience relief. I kept up the treatment, however, and after taking five boxes I was cured, and when I appeared on the street my friends said, "The dead has come to life." This seemed literally true because I certainly was at death's door. But now I can work almost as well as ever I could, and go camping and berry-picking with the girls.

I will be glad if you will publish this testimonial, as it will further the interests of "Fruit-a-tives." They should be in every household. Yours very truly, MRS. JAMES FENWICK.

Through the whole country around Enterprise, Ont., people are talking about this wonderful cure. By their marvellous action on the kidneys, "Fruit-a-tives" cured Mrs. Fenwick when the doctors said she could not be operated on and was doomed to die.

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PROBLEM OF LEVEL RAILWAY CROSSINGS

Commissioners' Advice is to Gradually Do Away With Public Dangers.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 27.—The board of railway commissioners which has been asked by the minister of railways to institute a thorough investigation as to the "dangerous level railway crossings in Canada," has written the minister a formal expression of opinion that the most feasible way to solve the whole problem of level crossings is to follow the example of some American states, and appropriate a certain amount each year from the consolidated fund to be applied toward the gradual elimination of level crossings. This would solve the present difficulty, getting the railway companies and municipalities to agree to a share of the cost for the protection or elimination of level crossings. The railways' contribution to the fund would be in the form of a general tax.

MEMBERS WHO COMPOSE STANDING COMMITTEES

The standing committees of the legislature for the session have been struck. The gentlemen composing these are as follows: Committee on private bills and standing orders—Messrs. Ross, Garden, Thomson, Shaftford, Henderson, Jones and Williams.

Committee on mining—Messrs. Mackay, Grant, Parsons, Schofield, Hunter, Thomson, McGuire, Behnen, Macgowan, Davey, Ellison, Kergin, Brewster, Jones, Macdonald, Hall, King, Henderson, Eagleson and McInnis.

Committee on agriculture—Messrs. Ellison, Parsons, Grant, Hayward, Yorton and Eagleson.

Committee on municipal matters—Messrs. Schofield, Manson, Macgowan, Mackay, Gifford, Behnen, McGuire, Davey, Hayward, Oliver, Naden, Kergin, Hall and Brewster.

Committee on railways—Messrs. McPhillips, McGuire, Gifford, Hayward, Shaftford, Ellison, Hunter, Macgowan, Behnen, Grant, Parson, Manson, Schofield, Jardine, Henderson, King, Naden, Brewster, Yorton, Eagleson, Kergin, Hall and Hawthornthwaite.

Committee on public accounts—Messrs. Parson, Manson, Schofield, Mackay, Henderson, Oliver and Naden.

Committee on printing—Messrs. Macgowan, Garden, Davey, Henderson and Jones.

EARLY-MORNING BLAZE IN STORE—ORIGIN OF FIRE A MYSTERY.

Nanaimo, Jan. 26.—There was an early morning blaze in town to-day. Shortly after 2 o'clock a passer by on Halliburton street noticed smoke issuing from the roof of Manson's store, and turned in an alarm. The brigade was speedily on the spot, and very soon had the fire under control. The upstairs part of the store is used entirely as a warehouse for the storing of clothing, and the fire was confined to this part of the premises. How it originated is a mystery.

The Licensed Victuallers' Association has taken voluntary action towards a reduction in the hours during which the bars shall keep open. All bars in town are to be closed at 1 a.m. in the morning, and they will be shut down tight all day on Sundays.

The anniversary of the birth of Robert Burns was celebrated here by a banquet in the Athletic Club last night which was largely attended by local Scotchmen and lovers of Burns. Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Heddie, of Vancouver, former residents of Nanaimo, are spending a few days in town to-day. Mr. and Mrs. Calhoun, of Cumberland, were in town to-day on their way back home from a visit to Victoria.

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Committee on public accounts—Messrs. Parson, Manson, Schofield, Mackay, Henderson, Oliver and Naden.

Committee on printing—Messrs. Macgowan, Garden, Davey, Henderson and Jones.

EARLY-MORNING BLAZE IN STORE—ORIGIN OF FIRE A MYSTERY.

Nanaimo, Jan. 26.—There was an early morning blaze in town to-day. Shortly after 2 o'clock a passer by on Halliburton street noticed smoke issuing from the roof of Manson's store, and turned in an alarm. The brigade was speedily on the spot, and very soon had the fire under control. The upstairs part of the store is used entirely as a warehouse for the storing of clothing, and the fire was confined to this part of the premises. How it originated is a mystery.

The Licensed Victuallers' Association has taken voluntary action towards a reduction in the hours during which the bars shall keep open. All bars in town are to be closed at 1 a.m. in the morning, and they will be shut down tight all day on Sundays.

The anniversary of the birth of Robert Burns was celebrated here by a banquet in the Athletic Club last night which was largely attended by local Scotchmen and lovers of Burns. Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Heddie, of Vancouver, former residents of Nanaimo, are spending a few days in town to-day. Mr. and Mrs. Calhoun, of Cumberland, were in town to-day on their way back home from a visit to Victoria.



MRS. JAMES FENWICK.

Enterprise, Ont., Oct. 1, 1908. physicians called a "Water Tumor."

Winnipeg, Man., ways have given a Canadian Northern Pacific big shops created staffs, pre- get railway build- em Canada's victo- of the preliminary done this month in construction trains shape.

In round figures the year with the Canadian Pacific, for Trunk Pacific, four Northern, four the CANON BUREAU

(Special to) Winnipeg, Man., B.:rman, of St. Jea Saturday after a li tuberculosis.

BRUCE COUNTY Toronto, Ont., Feb mayor of Southam pointed magistrate Bruce.

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London, Feb. 1- ing to the long st- the Canadian press ods and traditions macy, says the gen- ada on the subje- far short of deep- or grievance again- The Times proce- ly with the im- arising out of the and says it is representation of the routine of Br- withholding from G- the treaty. So far the text itself has been made at the approval of the t- Ottawa as at the t- of strength in the cent events in Eu- shown, is still the which diplomacy. If Canada desires ment, she must s- on which alone the stored."

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be desired to sh- has anything to s- from the support with the condi- macy is based, as sent to which Ca- handiwork thro- imperial support- tations with Fra-

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