

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE"

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

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MUST RAISE BRITISH ARMY TO AT LEAST MILLION MEN WITHIN A FEW MONTHS

English Authority Says That This is What is Meant by Kitchener's Speech

WAR WILL BE LONG; LOSSES FRIGHTFUL

Figures that Germany's Loss Will be Three Times That of Allies

ALL HER MEN ARMED

And She Has No More Reserves to Draw upon—Russia Moves Rapidly

London, Aug. 27.—In a signed editorial L. Garvin, Editor of the Pall Mall Gazette, says the decisive result at Charleroi, after a two days battle with unprecedented forces, means that we have to lay ourselves out for a long war in a certain knowledge that half the efforts mean only a more frightful loss of life and treasure.

The Biggest Fight.
This is the biggest fight in all our centuries.

Do we fully realize the meaning of Kitchener's momentous words in the House of Lords?

He is one of the few men in the world who know just where we are going. His statement meant neither more nor less than this: "We must have more than one million men in military training in the next few months and if more be required to win, we must have still more."

Main Conflict.
As for the present situation on the Franco-Belgian frontier, the withdrawal of troops from Alsace-Lorraine shows an intention to fight it out on the Northern frontier.

General Joffre thought the best campaign could be made on the French border.

In the battle that is now to be fought, the position of the allies insures that the losses of the invaders will be three times those of the defenders.

Germany which has already called out her last man and is beginning even with the last boy and must break thro' the line somewhere.

Meantime, the Russians are marching with much greater celerity than was expected straight through Russian Poland toward Posen in Prussian Poland, a hundred and fifty miles from Berlin.

AUSTRIANS LOST 60,000 TROOPS

In Battle With the Servians Fifteen Thousand Were Killed, Thirty Thousand Wounded and Fifteen Thousand Made Prisoners

London, Aug. 26.—A despatch from Paris to Reuter says the losses of the Austrians in the battle of Drina continue to soar, according to telegrams from Nish.

The latest wire is that out of three hundred thousand Austrians engaged, fifteen thousand were killed, thirty thousand wounded, fifteen thousand made prisoners and 75 guns captured.

ELDERLY MEN WILL BE USED

In British Emergency Army Likely to be Raised Little Later On

London, Aug. 27.—Donald MacMaster asked in the Commons yesterday whether, in view of the great struggle in which the country is now engaged, it was in the interest of national safety and in the discharge of national obligations to permit men between 20 and 40 years, of sound health, and anxious to serve, to enlist in the emergency army.

Asquith replied that the point was not being lost sight of.

SERVIANS TAKE MORE PRISONERS FROM AUSTRIANS.

Cettigne, Aug. 27.—It was stated here today that the Servians have taken eight thousand prisoners.

WAR CASUALTY IN NOVA SCOTIA

Two European Sailors Got Into an Altercation at Bridgewater, N.S., and the Austrian Fatally Stabbed the Swede

Bridgewater, N.S., Aug. 26.—A murder, an outcome of the European war, was committed here this afternoon.

Among the crew of the schooner Melba lying at Hall's wharf were a Swede and an Austrian. The two men got into an argument about the war. The Swede struck the Austrian in the face whereupon the Austrian whipped out a knife and stabbed the other, killing him instantly.

The murderer has been arrested.

GERMAN TROOPS ARE NEAR OSTEND

Report Says They Want To Use it as Base For Operations Against Britain

Paris, Aug. 27.—A despatch from Ostend says a squadron of Uhlans seized a railroad station near Ostend, blew up the safe and left in the direction of Ostend.

London, Aug. 26.—A despatch to the Chronicle from Antwerp says all the German troops are reported to have departed from Brussels and that the Belgians expect to re-occupy it immediately.

TWO GERMAN PRINCES KILLED

In Battle—Albert of Schlesing-Holstein and Frederick of Meiningen

Paris, Aug. 26.—It is officially announced that a German Prince has been killed in battle. The Ministry of War says it presumes it was Prince Albert of Schleswig-Holstein.

Berlin, Aug. 26.—According to an official announcement made here Lt.-General Prince Frederick of Saxe-Meiningen was killed by a shell before Namur on August 1st.

GERMANS SAY THE JAPS FAILED

In Their Attack Upon Tsing Tau German Far East Naval Base

New York, Aug. 26.—A despatch has been received by the German Ambassador in the United States from the German Embassy at Peking, saying that the Japanese attack on Tsing Tau has failed and that the Japanese are preparing for a siege.

Earl of Devon left at 3 p.m. yesterday.

WEATHER REPORT

Toronto (noon)—Light to moderate westerly winds; fine and cool today and on Friday.

625 PRISONERS ONLY SURVIVORS OF A REGIMENT

The German 99th, Whose Original Strength Was Three Thousand Men

FIVE OF ITS OFFICERS KILLED THEMSELVES

And the Rank and File Surrendered When They Saw Allies Charging

Paris, Aug. 24.—A train bringing French wounded soldiers has arrived at Moulins Allier. The men were all wounded in the fighting at Blamont. Almost all of them were wounded in the arms and legs, and this bears out the previous statements that the Germans are shooting low. Their aim, however, is said to be very poor, as 80 per cent. of the shells fail to explode.

All of the wounded Frenchmen brought trophies in the shape of German helmets, spurs and other equipment.

A batch of 400 German prisoners passed Moulins for Montlucon, and 225 more are expected. They are all that remain of the 99th regiment, which was mowed down by the French artillery at Saales. They belonged to the Landwehr.

When the chasseurs charged they raised handkerchiefs on their rifles. All the German officers but five killed themselves.

HOME RULE BILL STILL ON CARPET

And There is Hope of Reaching Satisfactory Compromise On It

London, Aug. 27.—Although the Home Rule Bill is no longer a live issue, negotiations are quietly proceeding with the ministerialists, who still hope to arrive at a compromise, which will be acceptable to all parties.

Should the Home Rule Bill go on the statute book before parliament

GERMAN PLANS VERY SLIPSHOD

Their Line of Communication is Very Weak and They Are Poorly Equipped With Supplies For the Campaign

London, Aug. 27.—Tests made at various points along German army's line of communication, says the Ostend correspondent of The Daily News show it is surprisingly weak. The Germans seem to have been going forward with the idea that they had nothing more to fear from the Belgian army.

If the allies can hold their own at the front, says the correspondent, it is certain that German communications at their base can be cut at any moment, in fact their army seems to be up in the air; it has no support and everything has been chanced on a victory for the advancing army which is travelling fast and carrying its own supplies and supplementing them with levies on the surrounding country.

FRENCH ARMY MEETS REPULSE

Berlin, Aug. 27.—All the forts of Namur have fallen and Longwy, near the Luxembourg border have been captured after a resolute defence.

The French forces attacking the German Crown Prince's Army have been repulsed.

BELGIANS STILL FIGHTING HARD

London, Aug. 27.—In its editorial comment on the military situation The Times says: "There is little French news from France."

"Inside its frontier the valiant Belgian army is fulfilling its correct function by moving out of Antwerp and detaining a certain portion of the German forces."

prorogues within this month the new Irish parliament would come into being September 1915; but it is more than likely that a special period of grace will be given in case war is still being waged or just concluded.

ALLIES REGAIN THE GROUND LOST IN BIG BATTLE

Are Making a Successful Combined Offensive Movement

GERMAN FORCES ARE REPULSED

French Also Do Some Successful Fighting in Alsace Lorraine

Paris, Aug. 27.—The War Office just before noon yesterday issued the following advices from the front and declares that a big battle is now progressing favorable to the allies.

The French resumed the offensive on the right wing today, but General Joffre soon abandoned the tactics to enable the remainder of the allied army to re-establish its original offensive line. The allies then combined in an offensive movement against the vast German army pressing forward at every point.

Evacuate Muelhausen.
Joffre has ordered the withdrawal of the troops from Alsace to strengthen his lines in the north, and Muelhausen has been evacuated.

The French have regained their original position east of the Meuse, commanding the roads of the forest of Ardennes.

The French and British troops are defending a position near Givet.

Resumed First Line.
The allies offensive movement was confined to resuming their first line of defense occupied on Sunday from which they were dislodged at many points.

The British artillery and infantry are holding their ground, but the French are badly in need of reinforcements.

Fighting in Lorraine is still in progress today. Two armies started a combined attack from Grande Gouronne de Nancy and from the south of Lunerville.

Moved Back a Little.
Paris, Aug. 27.—An official statement issued by the war department

French Ministry Resigns And Is Reconstituted From All The Parties

Premier Viviani and His Cabinet Voluntarily Tendered Resignations

VIVIANI HEADS THE NEW MINISTRY

Which is Composed of Men Representative of All Classes of Politics

Paris, Aug. 27.—The French Ministry under Premier Viviani, has resigned and another cabinet was immediately formed.

Premier Viviani visited the Elysee Palace at 10.15 last evening and notified President Poincare that the members of the cabinet had decided to resign collectively. He said that he and his colleagues came to the conclusion that, in the circumstances thro' which the country was passing, the Ministry should have wider scope and should comprise all the best men in all the republican groups.

Formed New Cabinet.
The President charged Premier Viviani with the task of organising a new cabinet which the Premier accepted, and returned to the Elysee Palace an hour later, and made known to the President the composition of the new ministry which is as follows: Pres. of the Council without portfolio, Rene Viviani; Minister of Foreign Affairs, Theophile Delcasse; Minister of War, Alexander Millerand; Minister of Justice, Aristide Briand; Minister of the Interior, Louis J. McVey; Minister of Marine, Victor Angagneur; Minister of Finance, Alexander Ribot; Minister of Public Instruction, Albert Sarrant; Minister of Commerce, Gaston Doumergue; Minister of Agriculture, Fernand David; Minister of Labor, Bienvenu Martin; Minister, without portfolio, Jules Guesde.

Some Ex-Premiers.
Among members of the new cabinet are several ex-Premiers and many members of former cabinets.

Sombat is an United Socialist; Deputy Delcasse was formerly Ambassador to Russia; Millerand is a former Minister of War.

London, Aug. 26.—Since the withdrawal of the allied armies to the defence of the French frontier no news has reached the public of the military operations in Southern Belgium.

Owing to the difficulty of compiling a correct list along such an extended front no details of British casualties have been received.

The announcement of the losses only seems to have intensified British determination, judging from the work which has been performed by Recruiting Officers today.

London, Aug. 26.—A despatch from Paris says: In Lorraine an allied army have taken up a combined offensive movement. The battle was recommenced yesterday and is still raging.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

Lowest Prices. Largest Stock.

We wish to call your special attention to our Boys' Department which is well stocked with the best and leading patterns in Boys' Suits.

<h4>Clyde Suits.</h4> <p>This very smart School or Sunday Suit is very much sought for. Two Garment Suit with Belt on Long Coat and Fancy Collar.</p> <p>For Boys age 2 to 8 years, according to Size & Quality</p> <p>\$1.40 to \$4.40</p>	<h4>Boys' Suffolk Suits.</h4> <p>This make of Suit is quite the latest out, but is already a great favorite and with the 'Sham Vest looks exceedingly smart.</p> <p>For Boys age 4 to 13 years, according to Size & Quality</p> <p>\$1.90 to \$3.50</p>	<h4>Norfolk Suits.</h4> <p>Two Garment Suits always sure to please the most exacting tastes made in the very latest Scotch and English Tweeds, \$1.60 to \$5.00, according to Size and Quality. For age 2 to 13 years, Navy Serge,</p> <p>\$2.60 to \$4.80</p> 
<h4>Conway Suit.</h4> <p>A beautifully Cut Three Garment Suit to fit Boys age 3 to 6 years, exceptional value; usual price \$4.00 to \$4.50. Special Price</p> <p>\$3.00 to \$3.30.</p>		<h4>Kensington Suits.</h4> <p>About a dozen Suits we are offering at giving away prices for Boys age 3 to 6 years; usual price \$1.50 to \$3.60. Special Price</p> <p>90c. to \$2.40.</p>
<h4>Rugby Suits.</h4> <p>Suitable for all weathers and occasions, can be had in Long or Short Pants. Tweed Short Pants, \$2.90 to \$7.40. Navy Serge, \$3.50 to \$6.10, for age 10 to 17 years. Long Pants Suit for age 13 to 17 years, according to Size and Quality</p> <p>\$2.90 to 7.90.</p>	<h4>Sailor Suits.</h4> <p>Navy Blue Serge, very strong and durable, and always looks smart and dressy for age 2 to 8 years, according to Size and Quality</p> <p>90c. to \$4.40.</p>	

GEO. KNOWLING.

RUSSIAN ARMY MENACES POSEN

Big Northern Power Has Poured Millions of Men Into Germany and They Are Within One Hundred and Fifty Miles of Berlin

London, Aug. 26.—The main Russian Army is reported to be pushing toward the German fortress of Posen.

This, if true, is regarded here as being the most sensational news of the day, as it is believed to account for the falling back of the Germans in North Eastern Prussia.

Posen is a town in Prussian Poland within 150 miles of Berlin itself. It is a very strongly fortified city with a population of 125,000.

RUSSIA MOVES IRRESISTIBLY

London, Aug. 27.—It is officially announced says a St. Petersburg correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company, that the Russian advance is proceeding in Prussia with irresistible force

GERMANS TAKE FRENCH TOWNS

London, Aug. 27.—A despatch here from Ostend says that the Germans have occupied Lille, Boubaix and Valenciennes, all in France.

URGE SPAIN TO HELP ALLIES

Madrid, Aug. 27.—The Impareal and Diare editorially appeal to Spain to join France and England against Germany.

Come Up to DEVINE'S on the Corner

BIG TEN DAYS OPENING SALE.

See the Men's Shirts at 50c.
75s. Shirt for 50c., Negligee, daintily striped—they're all talking about them.
See the Boots for Men, \$3.00 and \$3.50 regular for \$2.50. Good stuff.
See the Ladies' 4 strap Oxfords with a four dollarish look for \$2.70.
Take a glance at the beautiful Baby Beds. Regular \$20.00. Now \$16.00.
Wall Papers with Borders to match from 20c. up.
Come right along to this great event.



Corner Water and Adelaide Streets.

New Stock Winchester, Eley's
and Kynock's

Rifle & Shot Cartridges

Double & Single Barrel
Breech Loading Guns

Double & Single Barrel
Muzzle Loading Guns

Single Shot and Repeating Rifles.

Also, the above can be supplied in damaged stock, which we are selling at very low prices.

P.S. All the above can and will be supplied in new stock unless otherwise ordered

Martin Hardware Co. Ltd.

Front and Rear Next West of Old Store

A Between-Seasons Suggestion

We have in stock just a very few exquisite Evening Gowns, one or two actual Paris Models, others exact copies of Paris Gowns. As these are decidedly advance style they will be the correct mode for the Fall Season, and we are selling them off at greatly reduced prices to make room for our large Autumn Stock. Two particularly lovely Gowns are briefly described below.

¶ Gown of Sheer White Lace mounted on fine Brussels net lining. It has the new three tier skirt; Waist and Sleeves of Lace, in soft, graceful draping; Vest caught with tiny crystals; and wide crushed girde of Pale Blue Satin

¶ Elegant Gown of Black Chiffon over soft White Lace, lined throughout with White Silk; handsome and effective trimming of rich Helio Velvet.

U.S. Picture & Portrait Co.

Germany's Reputation Gained By Plentiful Use Of Art of Advertising

The German Kaiser is a Great Boomer, He Has Engineered Gigantic Army Manouevres to Tickle the Fancy of His People and to Impress the Outside World, But Can He "Produce the Goods?"

GERMANY'S ARMY AN AUTOMATION WITH NO INITIATIVE OF ITS OWN

German Private Does As He Is Ordered—No More and No Less, and Has Very Little Love For His Commanding Officers—Is An Overworked Much-Abused Individual

In these latter years, when huge wars have been rare, nations, like commercial enterprises, have had to rely for reputation upon the effect of the advertisers' art. Germany has been, in the department of the boomer, an easy first. Herein lies the explanation of many things.

By a careful use of the newspapers the Kaiser has impressed upon sections of the world to a remarkable degree the idea that the House of Potsdam is the only establishment from which the article called wax can be effectively turned out. His speeches have been most cleverly worded to catch the public eye; his manouevres have been marvels of window dressing. The questions which he has now to answer are: Can he supply the goods? Is the German army really the only genuine thing in fighting machines and all others but feeble imitations?

Huge But—

There is no need to waste time over figures. Germany's army is huge. But is size the chief desideratum? History proves that it is not. There are two things which are vastly more important. One is flexibility of system; the other is personal enthusiasm.

I have had opportunity for studying the German military system for a number of years, and have no hesitation in saying that there is a good deal that is wrong with it. There is too much of the mechanical about it. Your German soldier is a splendidly attuned part of a splendidly made machine, calculated to work with wonderful precision—providing that nothing occurs to upset calculations regarding any other part. I have watched the Kaiser's battalions over and over again when the manouevres, which have been the admiration of experts drawn from all parts of the earth, have been in progress. The one half has made masterly moves; the other half has checked them with equally, though not more masterly, moves. Why? Just because the moves in the second case were exactly what was correct when dealing with those made in the first case. It was automatic chess.

Personal Enthusiasm.

But war is not. It is anything but that. During peace times the German soldier has learned every one of the rules of the game—as laid down for him. He has been made prepared, if an enemy should do one of fifty things that are in his text-book, to do perfectly the thing which is on the opposite page to it in that book. And he will do that thing if told at the moment it is required that he must. Two things have been left out of account.

The enemy has his book. The pages may be fewer, but they will inevitably contain moves which are in nobody's book but his, for war is a game, the method of playing which has to be decided by circumstances as they arise. When that happens which is not upon his list of contingencies, where is your red-tape-bound soldier? The second matter is like unto the first. There are times during an engagement when officers must leave details in a large measure to their men. If they have been taught to be not merely obedient but self-reliant they will instinctively do the best thing for which emergency calls. German soldier has not been allowed to be self-reliant. The subordinate officers cannot even do it. I have seen chance after chance for brilliant work thrown away for this reason, and I am convinced that herein lie two of the most serious weaknesses of the German Army.

Personal Enthusiasm

I mentioned personal enthusiasm just now. An important part of the advertising campaign of the German autocracy has always been a heavy insistence upon the keen, intense, passionate patriotism of the common people, the surging waves of love they have for their fatherland. There is some truth in it, as there would be in an insistence upon the patriotism of any people. And yet there has always been, for those who know the German as he is, one clear, cold fact.

It is that this highly disciplined German has no more love of being dragooned than the man of any other nationality. He has been educated by Socialism as well as by militarism, and the one has been constantly, as it must, warring against the other. Socialism is, in the standing army, stronger far than bureaucracy admits. The man who has learned the lesson that humanity is greater than nationality will fight with the highest and purest enthusiasm when the war is one of defence or vindication of an eternal principle. How can he bring to his work the same singleness of purpose the same whole-hearted enthusiasm when the war is purely aggressive? The Kaiser may talk as he likes when he addresses his people; there is not the same appeal to innate manliness and national courage.

Officer and Private.

If this is true of the men of the standing army, it is doubly true of the reserves. The German worker and middle-class man hates with an unconquerable hatred the thought that he may at any moment be called upon to return to a yoke which he never asked to bear. Conscription can never produce the same tempo and spirit as can a voluntary system. Only by conscription could Germany have massed her huge numbers. In that sense her numbers are in themselves a weakness.

So far I have dealt with the Army as a whole. Coming to its component parts I may point out that the infantryman is a heavy man, carrying upon his shoulders more impedimenta than do the soldiers of other nations. There is not the dash of the Frenchman about him; he is not a fatalist like the Turk; and he is not adaptable like the Englishman, the Irishman, the Welshman and the Scot. In my opinion the German engineer is slow and lacking in resource. The Greek, for instance, can beat him hollow for speed.

Lastly, there seems to me to be remarkably little of the personal equation in the relation between officers and men. British soldiers will follow their officers anywhere if those officers are—as most are—personally popular with those they lead. In a long experience of German officers I am compelled to state that there is little affection between the one and the other. There is certainly no worship. The German officer is no hero to his men. These are things which count.

PERSISTENT!

Ha! That's the kind of Advertising that bring you Results, providing, of course, you have it accomplished through the right medium. The Mail and Advocate has the largest circulation and is a sure result getter.

For Sale!

ONE MOTOR BOAT

Very pretty model, in good condition, with 8 horse power Motor Engine, new this year. The Boat and Engine will be sold at a bargain if applied for immediately.

SMITH CO., Ltd.

BELGIANS HIDE BRIGHT SWORDS

To Prevent the Germans From Using Them as Marks at Which to Direct Their Fire—Bad Aim of German Soldiers

London, Aug. 24.—The Daily Express prints a despatch from a newspaper at Ostend, who has been close to the front. The correspondent says he has learned that the German soldiers' equipment is much superior to that of the Belgians but that the Germans' shirts, linen, and stockings are mostly of an inferior quality.

"The Belgian officers," the correspondent adds, "frequently make easy targets for the sharpshooters because their swords and scabbards glistened in the sunlight. This has now been remedied, by covering them with cloth. The German bullets generally make a small, sharp hole. There is little bleeding from the wounds and the recovery of the injured soldier is generally assured."

Too Ill To Go To The Front

Ottawa, Aug. 20.—Lieut.-Colonel Peers Davidson, of the Highlanders, Montreal, has been informed by the Minister of Militia, that owing to recent serious illness, from which he has not fully recovered, his offer to go to the front with his regiment, notwithstanding a previous medical objection, could not possibly be accepted. Colonel Davidson was absent from home on sick leave when the war commenced.

ADVERTISE IN THE
MAIL AND ADVOCATE
FOR BEST RESULTS

LOST

On Wednesday morning, between Devon Row and Pleasantville a Gold Watch, on Leather Wrist Strap. Finder will be rewarded. W. H. FRANKLIN, 3 Devon Row. —aug 26, 21

Tailoring by Mail Order

I make a specialty of
Mail Order Tailoring
and can guarantee good fitting
and stylish garments to measure.

A trial order solicited.
Outport orders promptly made up and despatched C.O.D. to any station or port in the Island, carriage paid.

JOHN ADRAIN,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
ST. JOHN'S.

(Next door to F.P.U. office.)
Jan 20, tu, th, sat

F. A. MEWS,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR
and NOTARY.

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Law Chambers Building,
Duckworth Street,
St. John's, N.F.

(Offices opposite Crosbie Hotel.)

FOR SALE

Motor Boat "Nymph," 40 ft. long, over all, 22 H.P. Remington Oil Engine; in perfect running order. Speed nine miles an hour. Only reason for selling, owner has no work for her. Will sell at a bargain. Apply to E. PEYTON, Botwood.—d6i, w21,

Gentlemen!

That Cool, Healthy Feeling, during the Hot Weather, can only be obtained by wearing

Balbriggan Underwear

NOW SHOWING IN OUR WEST WINDOW.

Two Prices:—

50c Per Garment
40c Per Garment

In All Sizes

Anderson's,
Grace Building.

CANNED MEATS!

are at present being quoted at a considerable advance over last years prices.

We offer at a reasonable figure:

500 Cases	24 1's	Cooked Corned Beef
450 "	12 2's	Cooked Corned Beef
650 "	24 1's	Roast Beef
250 "	12 2's	Roast Beef

You will save money by stocking from this shipment which was

Secured Before the Advance.
HEARN & COMPANY

ALLIANCE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

THE RIGHT HON. LORD ROTCHILD, G.C.V.O. Chairman
ROBERT LEWIS General Manager.

TOTAL ASSETS Exceed \$120,000,000.

Fire Insurance of every description effected.

LEONARD ASH, Carbonear,
Sub-Agent for Carbonear District.

BAINE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Agents for Newfoundland.

Stoves! Stoves!

Tinware! Tinware!

We have received a shipment of
STOVES

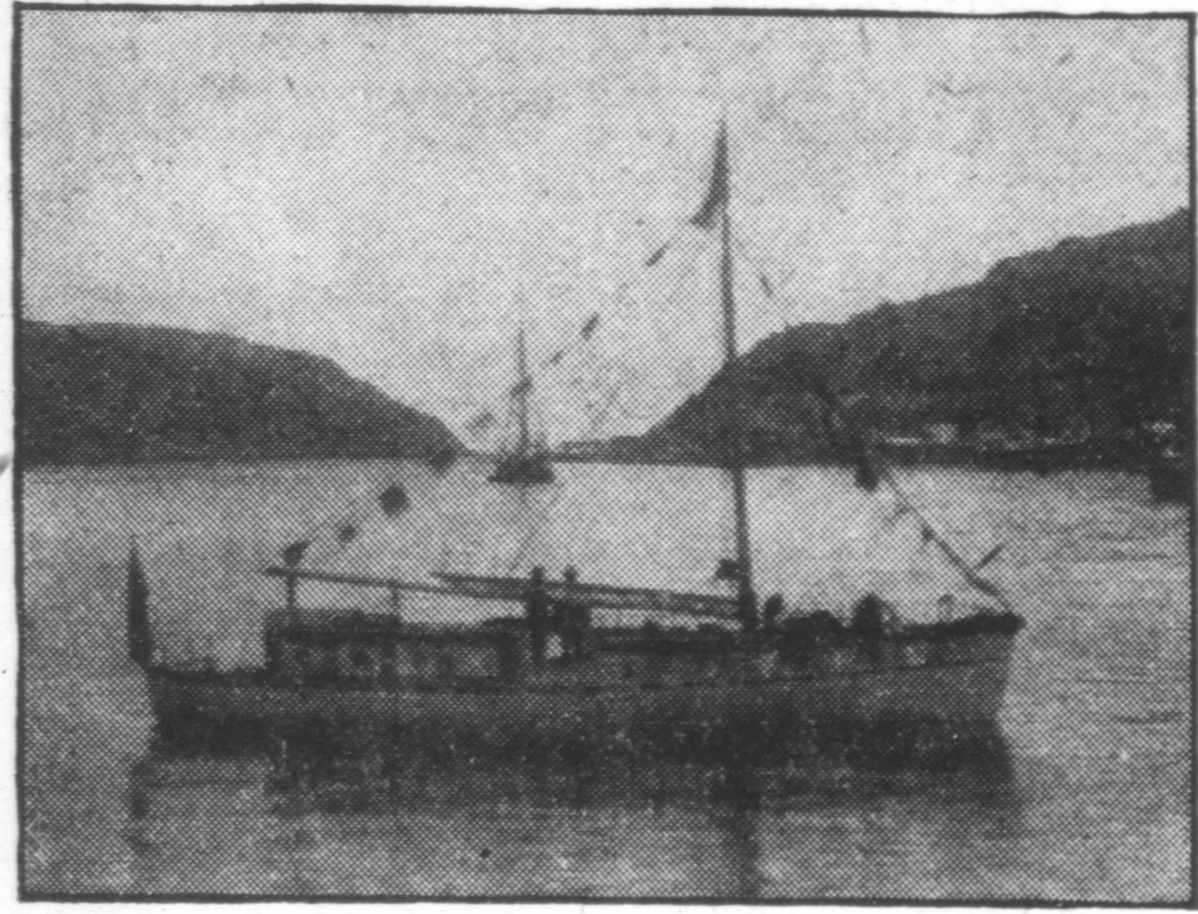
"Star Stirling," "Improved Success,"
"Improved Standard."

We also carry a large stock of

Tin Kettles, Boats Kettles, Measures
and Funnels.

Local Councils and Union Stores requiring such goods should order at once.

Fishermen's Union
Trading Co., Limited.



MOTOR BOAT F.P.U.

For Sale! Motor Boat F.P.U.

Built for R. H. Silver, Esq., at their premises, Greenspond, in 1912. Used by President Coaker the last two summers during his cruises North.

Boat is fitted with a 27 h.p. Fraser Engine, which has given splendid satisfaction. The boat is 40 feet long and 9 feet wide, and would make an ideal mission boat.

She contains sleeping accommodation for four, and tanks for 250 gallons of fuel. Nineteenths of the fuel consumed by the engine is Kero oil.

The reason for selling is, the boat is not large enough for the purpose she is now used for.

The boat cost about \$1800, and is well fitted in every respect. She is provided with sails. She would make a fine boat for collecting bait or for fishery uses. Apply to

W. F. Coaker.

Emancipation of Poles, As Promised by the Czar, Would Alter Whole Map

In the First Place, With Victory On the Side of the Allies, It Would Free Twenty-Five Million Poles Whose Country Has Been Dismembered by the States of Europe

SOME COUNTRIES WOULD DISAPPEAR FROM THE CONTINENT ALTOGETHER

Would Take 12,000,000 Subjects From Russia; 5,000,000 From Austria and 3,000,000 From Germany and Would Set Afoot a Movement For Emancipation of Whole Slavic World

NOT even the issue of that great battle on the plains of Belgium, where the artillery of five nations is awakening echoes as portentous as those of Waterloo, should wholly avail to distract the attention of the world from the momentous re- script of the Czar of Russia which promises to the Poles the realization of most of the dreams and the aspirations which they have treasured for nearly a century and a half with a patriotism and a fidelity surpassing even that which has animated the French as they looked across an arbitrary frontier to the mournful prospect of their lost provinces.

Causes of War. From the congress of Vienna to the treaty of Bucharest last year the wars of the nations have been provoked by the longings of men of the same race to achieve national unity. As the French revolution carried the gospel of democracy and equality from Madrid to Moscow, each succeeding European conflict has expressed the will of men who spoke the same tongue, shared the same culture, and the same racial unity to be joined. Seriatim, Servia, Greece, Belgium, Hungary, Italy, Rumania, Germany, Bulgaria, have established their places on the map after wars which have made the history of the nineteenth century.

Alone among the races the Poles, divided between three great powers, the subjects of Prussia, Russia and Austria, have failed to achieve even a partial reorganization, although of all races they have most ardently and loyally preserved the memory of former solidarity and cherished the dream of reintegration. To them now the Czar, with all the solemnity and publicity of an irrefragable oath, has promised the right to speak their language, pursue the natural evolution of their own race, if in this great European crisis they give to him and his nation the loyalty which may assure him victory.

Millions of Poles Concerned And this sacred promise does not apply merely to the 12,000,000 people who live in that restricted district, no larger than New York state, which bears the name of Russian Poland, and contains the ancient capital of Warsaw. Reading the re- script there is no mistaking the fact that it is equally instinct with hope for the 5,000,000 Poles now subjects of the Hapsburg, and the 3,000,000 Poles who owe reluctant submission to a Hohenzollern. In a word, the re- script of the Czar points inevitably towards new and momentous changes in the map of Europe if victory shall come to the cause he has championed in this great conflict.

What It Means. A glance at an ethnological map of Europe serves to indicate the meaning of this promise. Not only in Galicia, west of Lemberg, with Cracow, an ancient capital of Poland, included in that area which the map assigns to the Poles, but Posen in Prussia, almost at the gate of Berlin; while northward to the Baltic at Danzig extends another peninsula of Poles, separating the Germans of East Prussia from the mainland of Germanic territory. That district which Frederick the Great took in the first partition in 1772 remains Pole by race, and Danzig, Koenigsberg, all Germany east of the Vistula, might locally be included in a new Poland, together with half of the Silesia, which the great Prussian king seized a century and a half ago.

Others Seek Independence. And if Poland is to be re-established why not Bohemia with its millions of Slavs, not less than 8,000,000, including the Slovaks on the marshes of Hungary? Ever since the Defenestration of the Prague, ever since the battle of the White Hill, that sent the Winter King into exile, Bohemia has been the subject of the Germans, and millions of Czechs have maintained a desperate battle for racial independence. To-day Europe is fighting because the Czar chose to extend to the little Slav brother and the Danube, the protection of the great empire. To-day the Slavs of Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Croats of Dalmatia and Croatia, the Slovenes of Carniola, Carinthia, and the coast lands, all the southern Slavs from the Alps to the Balkans are included in the great Pan-Slavic renaissance which has followed the victories of the Slavs of Bulgaria and Servia in the Balkans.

The Battle of Gruenwald It was not by accident that the Czar in his re- script referred to the battle of Gruenwald. On that field 500 years ago, the Poles triumphed over the Teutonic order, won the first great victory over the German force which was sweeping Slavdom eastward, and laid the foundations of that Poland which, under Sobieski, was to save Europe from the Turk and its expiring days to give Napoleon as the champion of the French revolution, so many soldiers and at least one marshal of France. Gruenwald was in no slight degree

the victory of the Slav over the German; to put a limit to that extension of German power and culture which had driven the Slav from the Elbe to the Vistula; to what could the champion of the Pan-Slav cause refer to with more appropriateness?

Unfulfilled Promise. What Napoleon promised but could not bring himself to do, Nicholas now promises to undertake. His promise will have its effect upon the Poles of Posen, who wear the Prussian uniform. It will be heard by the Czechs, the Serbs, the Slovenes, the Croats, who wear the Hapsburg uniform. Even the Rumanians, who claim Roman and not Slavic origin, will find in it a suggestion that, when all Slavs are coming into their own, they may hope to step over into Transylvania and Bukovina, and redeem "some millions of Romans" who are the unwilling subjects of Austrian or Hungarian tyranny. Obviously, it is intended to disrupt Austrian armies and stimulate treason in the Prussian forces.

Big Population. Poland restored, even with its frontiers of language alone, would give Europe a state of nearly 25,000,000 inhabitants. It would take from Germany at least three provinces and from Austria half its population, if to the freeing of the Poles there was added the logical work of liberating all the Slavs. Austria would disappear from the map of Europe. There would disappear at least three states at least, at least three Slav states in its place; Poland, Bohemia, and Serbo-Croatia. To Slavdom, there would be added not less than 30,000,000 of Slavs, bound by ties of race, religion and common hatred of the German.

Such is the wider meaning of the re- script of the Czar. In it is to be found much warrant for the German assertion that at the bottom of the present war is a struggle between Slav and Teuton.

KAISER TRIED TO BRIBE BELGIANS INTO AGREEING TO HIS UNJUST DEMANDS

London, Aug. 25.—According to The Times, after the heavy casualties which the Germans incurred before the Liege forts, the Emperor approached King Albert through the Queen of Holland and promised in recognition of Belgian valor most considerate treatment of the Belgian population and full respect for Belgian territory if Belgium would abandon her resistance and allow German troops right of way through Belgium. These overtures, the Times says, were firmly rejected by Belgium.

EUROPE UNABLE TO STAND STRAIN OF THE GREAT WAR FOR ANY LONG PERIOD

London, Aug. 25.—Col. Sir George Aston, now associated with the Admiralty War Staff, and who is one of the leaders of English strategical thought, says, in a newly-published book, entitled "Sea, land and air strategy," that war between the Triple Alliance and the Triple Entente would cost the combatants 55 million dollars daily.

This assumed that Italy would be fighting, but it seems certain that, including Belgium, Servia, and the British Dominions, the daily war expenditure approaches fifty-five million dollars. It is impossible to believe that Europe can long stand this process of bleeding, while a German naval officer, associated with the Admiralty staff at Berlin, recently discussing with Archduke Hurd, the growth of social democracy in Germany, said: "Of course, we always have one cure for internal trouble, namely, external trouble."

This old Bismarckian policy is certainly popular enough in Germany so far, when people are made to believe all is going well, but grave reverses may, easily bring Germany to an even worse civil strife than the Kaiser and the war party so confidently expected.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

The German Government, in a note to the Belgian Government, intimated that the Belgians had so brilliantly proved their honor in arms that the German Government, after taking Brussels, would be willing to conclude an arrangement compatible with the conflict between Germany and France, and would evacuate Belgium as speedily as war conditions permitted. The Belgian Government replied on August 13 again refusing the German proposition.

War Costs France \$25,000,000 a Day

Paris, Aug. 24.—The Humanite points out that the war is costing France \$25,000,000 per day, and she loses a similar daily sum by the sudden stoppage of her economic life.

"May the German republic," it adds, "rise without further delay from the ruin of the Hohenzollerns, and then France will be able to conclude an honorable and final peace."

Now that the mobilization is over, optimistic accounts are given of the supplies for Paris. There is plenty of wheat for the troops and citizens for months to come, even without drawing upon the United States harvest. Sugar, rice and coffee are abundant and milk also, though the problem of distribution has led to a shortage here and there.

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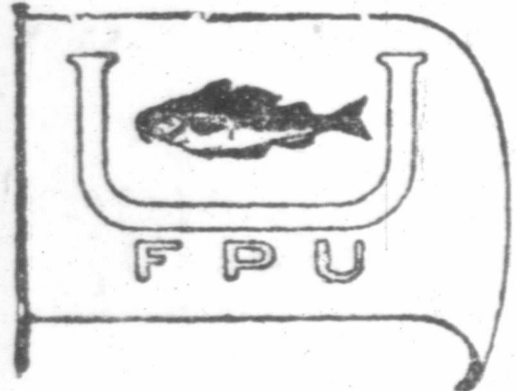
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(To Every Man His Own.)

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ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., AUG. 27, 1914.

OUR POINT OF VIEW

The Earl of Devon

SEVERAL persons have called upon us and written us respecting provision made on the Earl of Devon, now performing a public contract on the St. John's-Cook's Hr. route, for passengers and boat accommodation.

We are told that the ship is totally unfit for passenger traffic and carries only two small boats, which in event of the ship being stranded would no more than provide for the crew.

President Coaker asked the Customs authorities to give attention to those complaints and he was told that the ship had been surveyed and was fully suitable for the service.

We have no hesitation in stating that the ship is not a suitable steamer for the service; that her accommodation for passengers is an outrage upon the people of the Treaty Shore, and that her boats are not sufficient to meet requirements should the ship be stranded or come to grief.

Passengers complain that the ship is run at full speed in dense fog and considerable risks have already been run by those on board.

This ship was allowed to sail last spring with a full load of sealers for Bonavista Bay and it was only by chance that she did not go down and carry 200 men to the bottom, as she struck a rock in Bonavista Bay and smashed a hole in her bow through striking a pan of ice, and a scene ensued that those on board never wish to see repeated again.

BEFORE the ship sailed last spring President Coaker asked the Customs to see that she had boat accommodation and that she was not carrying more passengers than the law permitted but no notice was taken of Mr. Coaker's protest, and had another disaster occurred Mr. LeMessurier at the Customs should have been arrested immediately for murder, for had he done his duty the ship would not have been permitted to sail; but what is the use of writing about Harry LeMessurier, is he not a cat-paw in the Government's hands?

If not, why did he not do his duty last spring, and why does he permit the Earl of Devon to sail on a mail

service to the Far North when everyone knows the ship is unfit for the service?

Is it because R. K. Bishop—one of the political saints of the Grabbal gang is a member of the Executive, and as such—in common with all his other saintly colleagues—do as they like when it suits them, irrespective of laws, constitution, practices or public opinion?

Now Harry LeMessurier see that you do your duty in future, for no longer will any negligence on your part be tolerated by this paper. You are to blame, as you are paid to perform certain duties by the suffering public and those duties you will perform without fear or favor in future or your name will be "Walker."

The country is paying \$10,000 this season for this miserable service which is nothing short of a grab out of the Treasury.

What Will It Cost?

ACCORDING to the vote passed by the Canadian Parliament for the Volunteer forces being raised to fight in Europe the cost of 500 men and officers to Newfoundland—which will number about 50 more—will be \$445,000, made up as follows for one year:

Pay.....	\$210,000
Ration.....	80,000
Transport.....	14,000
Equipment.....	53,000
Clothing.....	73,000
Ammunition.....	15,000
	\$445,000

If 1000 Naval Reservists are enlisted, as promised by the Government, the Colony must find \$20 per month per man as the difference between the pay offered to those enlisting in the regiment and that paid the Naval men by the Home Government; consequently \$240,000 must be found for that purpose or \$685,000 for the 1500 men.

In addition to these amounts a Home Reserve Contingent must be provided for, which will cost another \$100,000—if 200 are enrolled. A sum of about \$800,000 will therefore be necessary to meet those demands.

In addition to this special expenditure the revenue was \$300,000 short for the year ending 30th June.

Local loans to the value of \$300,000 were authorized last session to meet current expenditure for the year ending June 30th. Not a cent of those loans has been raised.

The revenue for the quarter ending September 30th will be \$500,000 short of the amount received for September quarter last year.

The revenue for the fiscal year 1914-1915 ending next June will, if the war continue, be \$2,000,000 behind the expenditure as voted last winter.

As things look to-day the Government must find a way to make up a shortage for the past year, of \$300,000, local loan obligation, \$300,000 war expenditure \$800,000, and a possible deficiency the present fiscal year of \$2,000,000, or nearly Three and a Half Million Dollars.

How can they raise this sum—this enormous sum?

Provisions of all sorts have advanced enormously; employment is about half the normal demands; the fishery is the worse for 40 years. What will happen God only knows.

One fact is undisputed—Terra Nova is on her beam ends and fast drifting towards the breakers propelled by a mighty hurricane. The ship will never be saved by her present captain; he has lost his common sense and is no longer capable of looking out for the ship.

The question now is: Will this hurricane devour poor Terra Nova? Will the breakers now raging all around swallow her up?

This is a time when every Patriot should carefully consider the public affairs of the Colony and form an opinion as to what is about to be sprung upon the people, and what course should be pursued in consequence thereof?

Never before was poor old Terra Nova in such deep water. Never before were her best sons needed to pilot her through the breakers. Never before was she ruled by a worse Government of blunderers.

Canon Smith suggested a day of prayer to Almighty God on behalf of Country and Empire. We endorse that proposal and call upon the Governor to proclaim a day for such a purpose, for if any country should strive to appease the Almighty Creator it is OURS.

PREPARE FOR THE WORST.

Are you prepared for a fire? Most folk are not! One of my liberal policies will make the calamity easier to bear. It will cost you nothing to ask for a low rate and very little to be perfectly secure with Perce Johnson's insurance agency.

FORGING AHEAD!

That is the position of The Mail and Advocate, as each issue sees a larger sale. What about that WANT ADVT!

STILL ANOTHER GREAT BIG TWO TWO-PART FEATURE SHOW AT THE NICKEL!

H. R. H. The Duke of Connaught
AND ALL OUR PROMINENT CITIZENS AT THE OFFICIAL OPENING OF BOWRING PARK.

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Produced in Two Parts. An absorbing and thrilling drama, with an element of unusual novelty interest, enacted by Japanese and American artists.

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In Two Parts, produced in Wales. A great story of the Welsh mines. An old miser, his beautiful daughter, his half witted son, a handsome young miner and the false foreman who personates a ghost—These are the characters that carry a story of interest from first to last.

THEIR HUSBANDS. A rattling good Keystone comedy.

DeWITT C. CAIRNS, Baritone. P. J. MCCARTHY, Pianist. JOE ROSS, Effects.

Friday—WIDOW MALONEY'S FAITH. A great Irish drama in 2 parts. Don't fail to see the big Local Feature at the Nickel to-day

WORLD'S PRESS ON THE BIG WAR

Japan's War Risks

London Free Press:—"Unless Japan is quite confident of the outcome of the struggle in Europe it must be said for her that she has not entered the field with her allies without sacrifice and danger. She is assuming a risk that may later bring upon her the full force of German wrath."

The New Factor

Winnipeg Tribune:—"And now comes the conflict in the air. For the test of this latest development of the art of destruction, the European powers have made great and costly preparation. We have just begun to hear of the outcome of occasional encounters. Let this war continue and the world may have cause to modify its estimate of the relative power of military equipments."

Enemies of Civilization

London Public Opinion:—"We shall just have to begin all over again and rebuild all that has been thrown down in the last few terrible days. Less than fifty men have lain Europe in moral ruin. The Austrian Emperor made the first move; the German Emperor has swept the board; and on these two men lies the burden of the greatest crime of modern Europe. They are enemies of civilization."

Regulate Food Prices

Ottawa Citizen:—"Canada is at war and she is not. She is, in the sense that the Empire is at war, but there is no enemy at our gates, nor is there likely to be. We are not in a state of siege. If dealers are to insist upon war prices, they should be given to understand that the Government, may justly enforce the other war conditions, viz., strict regulations of all foodstuffs, their prices, output and sale. Let us be at war in all particulars and not only in the one vital department of food supplies."

Only Words

Boston Transcript:—"We are justified in believing that the Czar's message to the Poles is but so much campaign strategy suggested by one of his advisers who appreciated the value of conciliating the Polish spirit wherever it is found. Words cost little and they can always be 'interpreted in the light of facts. If the war goes against Russia the promise to the Poles can be quietly put aside as rendered impossible by the course of events. If Russia wins, the promise may be modified in view of existing conditions."

A Colossal Blunder

New York Post:—"The German general staff had its military plans all made for striking at the heart of France through Belgium, and nothing must be allowed to stay their execution. But the plans, themselves have already failed, and in bringing England against Germany have a thousand times outweighed any immediate military advantage that might have been gained. It was a colossal blunder. Germany might well make her own to-day the military warning sent by the French military attaché in Berlin to the war office in Paris: 'Beware of the German general staff.'"

The Eagle of Peace

Victoria Times:—"Before there can be world peace the world's scavenger must root out the fungus and excoorias which have weighed upon continental Europe for generations. It is a tremendous job, and the quicker it is done the greater will be the smoke, smell and world dislocation. Remember that the cleaning out of the Augean stables was one of the colossal labors of Hercules. Peace is not



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coming in the form of a dove emerging from the ten million dollar temple erected at The Hague by a vain plutocrat who made his wealth largely through the manufacture of armaments, but like an eagle out of the thunder and lightning."

The Future Is Ours

Ottawa Citizen:—"Confidence begets confidence. If we pull a long face it is likely to stay long permanently. If we falter at a temporary check we are almost certain to lose heart and quit when things get a little close. Canada has no reason to quit. In fact, the Dominion is in a particularly favorable position at this time to profit by the insanity and destructiveness of the great European powers. The future is ours to a certainty, and the present is exactly what we make it. Let us make it as bright and hopeful and cheerful as possible. It is not only our duty, but it is good business, and on analysis will be seen to be wholly justified."

A Lesson for the United States

New York American:—"Because of this navy and for no other possible reason, except her narrow isolation, England has to date been able to make her people secure. She has been able to fling every sea wide open to commerce excepting the North Sea and the Baltic. How can any common sense thinking American who desires peace and loves his country fail to read in wide martial and commercial italics the mighty lesson that with a greater isolation, an equal navy will guarantee the United States peace forever? How, in the face of this sudden, unexpected, gigantic war, can any sound business man on earth fail to see the common sense business policy of taking out this insurance. Is not America's course clear to national judgment and national patriotism?"

Relief For Sufferers

Do you suffer from any form of stomach complaint?

Then you are assured of relief and cure, if you take Herb Root, a positive cure of Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Constipation and all derangements of the stomach and bowels. Price \$1.00 per bottle.

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JOHN HOLMES,
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aug 27, 1m

NOTICE

There will be a meeting of the Patriotic Committee of Newfoundland in the C. L. B. Armoury, This, (Thursday) evening, at 8 o'clock.

All are requested to attend.
VINCENT P. BURKE,
aug. 26, 2i Hon. Sec'y.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE FOR BEST RESULTS

Horrible Tales Are Told Of Atrocities of Germans

LETTERS FOUND ON THE WOUNDED RELATE OUTRAGES

German Soldiers Themselves Tell of Wholesale Slaughtering of Civilians

EVERY MAN SHOT IN SOME VILLAGES

German Rank and File Evidently Iguorant of Their Whereabouts

London, Aug. 24.—The following official statement, issued by the French War Office, is sent to Reuters by its Paris correspondent: "Correspondence found on the German soldiers shows that they are laboring under the strangest delusions. One writes: 'Already we have penetrated sixty kilometres (about 37 miles) into France.'"

"Another says: 'Here we are in Southern France.'"

The letters were characterized by insults to the French troops, such as: "When they get near us they run; all French are cowards."

Written by Soldiers

All these letters were written by soldiers in a corps which had retreated before us for four days. The writers of the letters were chiefly preoccupied about food and drink. They wrote that they had no need of money, saying: "We take it up. If the Frenchman does not cough up or if he looks sour we stick a revolver under his nose. We do that on purpose to let him know that the Germans have come before. We burn villages; we carry off all the eatables and drinkables. The first town we passed, crossing the frontier, was completely destroyed. It was both a sad and an agreeable spectacle. All the French were shot."

All To Be Shot

Another German soldier writes: "I saw three convoys of French peasants pass. The prisoners are all to be shot."

Another writer says: "We have shot all the inhabitants from 14 to 60 years of age. All told there were 30 dead."

There are twenty other letters which say that everybody was shot or that nobody was left alive except the women. The letters describe the furor caused by the participation of the civil population in the fighting, which was ordered by the French Government. Everybody knows that this is false, even in Germany. We have already quoted from German officers' notebooks, which say: "We say civilians have fired on us, but it was really forest rangers and Customs men."

The same mail bag proves that many German reservists died from the heat along the roads. A Bavarian regiment which was engaged in that region suffered enormous losses.

DO IT NOW!
Its no use waiting till somebody else gets ahead of you. Now is the time to advertise in The Mail and Advocate.

FOR SALE

A tract of well-wooded land near the City. Conveniently situated for a fox farm; nicely secluded. Apply at this office.—jnc25,tf

GERMANS SHOOT THE PRISONERS; KILL WOUNDED

Even Women and Children Are Maltreated and Often Murdered

AGED PERSONS BURNED TO DEATH

German Civilians Shot Many French Soldiers in the Back

Paris, Aug. 24.—An official communication from the French War Office says: "Many cases of German cruelties towards prisoners, wounded and children are reported. At Belfort many prisoners were treated with the least degree of savagery. The Germans passed them before their lines, exposing them almost naked to the French fire."

Thrown into Canal

The Germans threw some prisoners into a canal, hauling them out only to throw them in again. One of our wounded men, now being treated at Besancon, was struck on the side of

his head by the butts of rifles and the heels of German soldiers as they dragged him naked along the ground. Beside him lay another Frenchman who was finished off with bayonet thrusts.

Several German officers tried to prevent their men from abusing the wounded but they were not obeyed. At Magny a child of seven years, who was out playing at scouting with a popgun was shot by a soldier.

"German and Alsatian civilians fired on our troops in Haut Alsace, notably before Muelhausen. German civilians also fired at Cervay, where a section of the French troops was deployed. The French lost 38 men, all shot in the back from the village, where there was not a single German soldier. At Luran a schoolmaster fired on a cavalry patrol killing two horses."

Prefect Firman, of the Department of Muerthe et Moselle, writing from Nancy yesterday, reports the horrible atrocities by German troops in ten communes near Lunville. He says that women, young girls, the aged and the feeble were assassinated. Houses were burned, valuables stolen, and churches sacked and demolished. At Badenville eleven persons were shot, among them the wife of the Mayor; and seventy-eight houses were burned. At Blamont a young girl was shot dead in the street.

At Badenville the wife of the Mayor of the town was shot down at the moment when she was opening the windows of the house under orders of the soldiers.

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The Daily Short Story

LOVE AND FORTUNE

(By George Elmer Cobb)

WHEN John White, the banker of Scottboro, announced that he had dispensed with the services of Ned Walters, people were a good deal surprised. The young man was a general favorite in the town. He had been industrious in his province of cashier and had helped to build the bank. Mr. White had persuaded him to give up a promising position to come to Scottboro, and Ned had every reason to believe that he had been awarded a permanent position. Suddenly, at a day's notice, he had been asked to turn over his books to a new cashier.

"Relative of mine, this new official, the bank president rather lamely explained, 'Walters was all right—fine young fellow and all that—but I had to make a place for my dead sister's boy. Sorry, it couldn't be avoided.' 'Rubbish!' commented Mrs. Bunsby, 'I had gossip of the place. Mr. Walters presumed to lift his eyes to Eloise White. That was enough for the old man, who wouldn't look for a son-in-law with less than a million.' Mrs. Bunsby had read the situation right, and no one knew it better than the sadly disconsolate Ned himself. Of course he looked around for a new position. Meantime, awaiting a position on some of his applications, he had a dull time of it in Scottboro. Mr. White had put his foot down firmly, forbade him the home, and Eloise was a dutiful daughter. She had met her lover just once since her father had dismissed him from his service.

"It is the last time, Ned," she said, like the brave, sensible little woman she was. "Until I am of age I shall feel that I belong to papa. Now I am going to tell you that I return that love and always shall. You must go away and make a name and position, and when I am eighteen we will meet again."

"A whole year to give her father a chance to marry her off!" reflected Ned desolately after that.

"But there seemed to be no use battling the inevitable. He wrote a final letter to Eloise. It breathed undying fidelity, and as well restored faith in

his ability to win for himself a place among men for her dear sake. The bank in another city where he had been employed offered him a subordinate position. This was humiliating, but it was a start. Ned decided to accept the position.

It was his last night in Scottboro. With the morning he planned to go to his new place of employment. He was under promise not to see nor write to Eloise. It was nearly midnight, and he felt that he could not sleep, and left his room bent on a reckless stroll. As a magnet, the home which held his one cherished treasure, attracted him. He passed its palatial front. All was dark, and the household apparently wrapped in slumber.

Mourningly Ned passed the house. Then he started down the narrow lane. This was a short cut to the bank, which fronted on the next street. As he reached the point where it merged into an alley that ran directly behind the bank, Ned was surprised to notice, standing in the vacant space at the rear of the institution, a wagon.

In an instant Ned glided down the alley. Then curiosity and wonder gave way to rapid excitement. The wagon was a covered box vehicle, with hinged doors closing tightly at his back. These were open. Two stealthy figures were just entering the rear door of the bank. A metallic glint inside of the vehicle caused Ned to gaze more closely. Deeply stirred at an extraordinary discovery, he stepped out.

"The small safe from the bank vault!"

Then robbery, burglary, was afoot! Whoever had entered the institution must have penetrated to its most secret vault, to thus secure the little safe which was in fact John White's real treasure house.

The moment lost in deciding what was best to do, run and sound an alarm or remain and face the raiders, was a precious one. A sound at the rear of the bank attracted Ned's attention. Two men were coming thence, poking their pockets full of gold from bags of coin they carried.

Acting on a quick impulse, Ned gave a spring and landed in the



ROYAL YEAST

MOST PERFECT MADE

MAKES LIGHT WHOLESOME BREAD.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

MADE IN CANADA

wagon. The next instant he regretted it. The men slammed shut the rear doors of the vehicle.

"Let's hurry," he heard a gruff voice speak. "We've got about all there is worth taking—what?"

Something had startled the horse. So suddenly did the animal start up that Ned was flung flat, striking the edge of the steel safe. He realized that the horse had run away. He steadied himself as he comprehended that the animal was dashing down the long incline sweeping to the river. The wagon swung about like the tail of a kite. It struck one of the bridge pillars, the horse tore loose and the wagon crashed through the railing and went over the river.

Ned's head was bleeding from a severe wound. He felt the swift current swirling the wrecked vehicle about. He tore at the shattered side of the box, squeezed through the aperture, the water all but engulfing him and reached the shore, how, he never knew.

Ned must have been in a kind of delirium after that. When he was again restored to reason it was two days later. He lay on a couch in a strange room. A man, a farmer, sat by his side.

"Keep still, stranger," he urged. "You are all right, but the doctor says you must rest. You keep calling for some one so much," added the man, "that when my wife found a photograph in your pocket with a name under it, Miss Nellie White, she went to town and saw the young lady. She's here now, in the next room."

"Who is?" almost shouted Ned springing up on his couch.

"Easy, friend, easy," soothed the farmer. "She's a grand girl, let me tell you. When she learned you were hurt, she gave up home, father, everything to come and nurse you. I know the old miser—man of means, and mean, too. He's down grade now, though—bank robbed, everything gone. Now, then, say, I'm curious to know how you ever got into this fix."

Ned told the farmer evinced the greatest excitement as his patient spoke of the wagon box that went into the river.

"Why," he exclaimed, "I noticed the battered wreck of just such a contraption floated into the cut-off in my land. Thought I'd fish it out for kindling wood some time."

"If it is the one I was in," declared Ned excitedly, "it holds the safe stolen from the bank."

It did, as they soon ascertained. Old John White had felt badly at losing his daughter; he had felt worse at losing his fortune. Now, with a chance to get both back, he graciously accepted Ned as a son-in-law.

A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS MAN

Every successful business man can give reasons for his prosperity. Most essential to any success is a careful and ceaseless attention to details. Every well conducted office or store in the world finds that simple and effectual filing systems are an absolute necessity. No employer will waste his own time or allow waste with his staff by using old fashioned methods. The benefits derived from the time and money-saving system which "Globe-Wernicke" devices encourage are self-evident. Not a paper can go astray when the "Safeguard" method of this Company is used. And no matter how complicated your filing problem, no matter how peculiar, no matter how small or how large, the "Globe-Wernicke" can provide you with the equipment that will place every record at your finger tips. Why not investigate? Mr. Percie Johnson represents the "Globe" in Newfoundland.

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Men's Suits or Single Garments made to measure any style, from customers' own goods.

C. M. HALL,
Genuine Tailor and Renovator.
243 THEATRE HILL

DR. LEHR,
DENTIST, 203
WATER ST.
BEST QUALITY
TEETH AT
\$12.00 PER SET. TEETH EXTRACTED—PAINLESSLY—25c.

The Newfoundland Fox Exchange.

Dealing in the buying and selling of LIVE STOCK.

If you are desirous of buying or wish to sell write us.

Highest Prices Paid For Raw Furs.

—Office—
276 Water Street,
St. John's, N.F.

HOW BRITISH WARSHIPS MAINTAIN EFFICIENT PATROL OF ATLANTIC TRADE ROUTES

Naval men see in the presence of British cruisers on the North Atlantic trade routes the putting into execution of a British Admiralty project worked out in manoeuvres for the protection of commerce. Those arrangements, it is understood, call for ten first class cruisers in the main ocean trade route between American and United Kingdom ports, and within the last twenty-four hours crews gave word of the presence of nine of the specified ten ships.

The nine cruisers so far reported, are the Suffolk, Berwick, Bristol, Good Hope, Drake, Essex, Aboukir, Buryalao and Lancaster. The tenth vessel, it is believed, will prove to be the cruiser Cornwall.

From what can be ascertained the cruisers now on patrol are stretched over a course which passes north from the Bahamas to Bermuda, thence to off Cape Hatteras, thence past New York to off Nantucket Shoals, thence to the Grand Banks and from there to the Irish coast.

The patrol course is based on St. Lucia and Barbados, Halifax and St. John's, Newfoundland. These five ports can be depended upon to keep the cruisers supplied with coal and provisions, and, as the vessels on duty range from 9,000 to 14,000 tons in size, it is estimated they can carry sufficient coal to keep the sea under economical steaming for two weeks at a stretch.

In former years the North Atlantic Ocean in its western part, was divided into four districts by the British. These districts were Halifax, Newfoundland (St. John's), Jamaica, and Bahamas. This arrangement held during the days of sailing war vessels. It existed during the Revolutionary period. Later the British reduced the number to two, basing respectively in Halifax and Bermuda, and still later the entire American station was comprised in one district.

The British Admiralty has had to consider in recent years whether to convoy merchant craft in time of war or put in scheme a trade route patrol. The later scheme has been adopted, it is understood, for the routes possessing convenient bases. Ordinarily vessels from the United Kingdom to New York run over to the Grand Banks and then stand to the southward and westward until at a distance of about 1,200 miles from the Ambrose light vessel, when they stand to the westward.

From the Grand Banks it is a short run in to St. John's, Newfoundland.

for coal, and only a few hundred miles further to Halifax, where there are docks and naval depots. Bermuda is the next base. Here for years the British have maintained large supplies of naval stores of all sorts.

In the West Indies, the British possess at St. Lucia one of the strongest fortified ports in the Western Hemisphere, and with ample supplies and equipment for the fleet.

500 Miles Apart

In late manoeuvres the British, it is understood, have experimented in placing so-called station ships on a trade route at distances of 500 miles apart. These station ships were directed to be on a specified meridian each day of the week. The scheme arranged that the station ships should change position daily, but that the exact locality for each day should be known to all other vessels in the patrol by preconcert. Under this arrangement the station vessels cruised back and forth within particular beats and merchant craft were passed along from one station ship to another.—New York Herald.

LOOK FOR THE BEAR— HIS PHOTO IS HERE.



This is the trade mark of the Wales Goodyear Rubber Co. If you do not find this on rubbers, they are not BEAR BRAND.

Those celebrated rubbers will be on sale next fall and winter in the following towns in the DISTRICT OF FORTUNE:—

Fortune Harbor Breton
Belleoram Gaultois
St. Jacques.

The people in these places will find BEAR BRAND the best rubbers they have ever worn. So will you. Watch for the name of your town.

Cleveland Trading Co.,
St. John's

RUSSIAN ARMY

A London dispatch makes the significant announcement that Russia has collected an army of four million men on the German-Austrian frontiers and half a million on the Roumanian and Turkish borders. When that colossal force is ready to move Germany will be compelled to divert a portion of the troops now massed along the boundaries of France to stem the tide which will threaten her from the east. As far as can be learned, the task of protecting her territory in that region has been entrusted to reservists, the final call to whom was issued a few days ago. If they are unable to resist the horde of Slav invaders, Berlin itself will be menaced, for the capital is only seven hours' journey by train from Russian Poland.

Russia's mobilization has been slow for several reasons. In the first place, she knows the immense resources of the nations she is fighting and does not intend to move until she has gathered an army large enough to enable her to make headway against both. This huge aggregation has to be garnered from the numerous military posts distributed over eight million square miles. It has to be properly equipped and provisioned, and in this connection it is worthy of note that the Russo-Japanese war showed Russia to be a perfect master of transport. Without this efficiency in a vitally important department Kurapatkin never would have extricated his armies from the traps of Liaoyang and Mukden.

The Germans have professed to hold the Russian menace on their eastern frontier in contempt. But we should remember that they also entertained a poor opinion of the fighting qualities of the Belgians. It is likewise worth bearing in mind that it was Russia more than any other nation which destroyed Napoleon; that were it not for Russia the other allies, Prussia and Austria, would have sued for peace even when, after his retreat from Moscow, Napoleon fought with his back to the wall. In those days Napoleon found it child's play to crush the German armies whenever he met them. He was extended to his limit to beat the Russians.

BICYCLES—English and American Bicycles, new and second hand. Parts in stock from tires to handle bars. No break too hard for us to repair. Also, Guns, Electric Bells, Baby Carriages and Locks repaired. Keys fitted. Orders carefully and promptly attended to. RENDELL & CO., 16 & 18 King's Road, P.O. Box 462.—jnc10,tu,th,s,f

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

To the Ladies and the Children

Fresh Arrivals New Goods

Per Furness and Allan Steamers
Cambric Embroidered Full Length Aprons and Tea Aprons.

Sleeve and Neck Frillings.
Net Yokes and Sleeves.
Camisole Embroideries.

Children's White Embroidered Pinafores, Over-alls, Bodices and Christening Robes.
Black and Coloured Silks and Satins.
Torchon and Valenciennes Lace and Insertions.

Coloured Silk Oriental Over-laces.

Black and Coloured Veilings.
Cambric Embroideries and Insertions.

Steer Bros
Satin Backed Velvet Ribbons



Invictus SHOES

Only at this Store can the far-famed **Invictus Shoes**

Be Purchased More Handsome Shoes or More Satisfactory Shoes are not to be had at any price.

Our New Stock Has Just Arrived.

All styles, shapes and leathers may be had in **Invictus Shoes**

MARSHALL BROS.



NEWS OF THE CITY AND THE OUTPORTS.

DIED, FAR AWAY FROM HIS HOME

Sad End of a Young Scotchman in General Hospital Yesterday

Thomas Boyle, a young Scotchman from Glasgow, died at the General Hospital yesterday.

He was landed from the s.s. Samara on Aug. 8th and taken to the hospital. He had been on a health trip. Messrs. Maclay & MacIntyre, owners of the steamer, having given him a trip.

Being unable to continue the voyage, he entered the hospital here and is now dead as the result of heart failure.

Deceased was only 19 years of age and has no relatives, his mother and father being dead.

The members of St. Andrew's Society interested themselves in the young man during his illness and are now looking after the funeral arrangements.

A cablegram was sent to Maclay & MacIntyre asking for information as to the disposal of the body, and a reply was received that the lady parents were dead.

The remains will be interred here the funeral taking place tomorrow afternoon at 3 from the Presbyterian Church.

The members of St. Andrew's Society will attend and will meet at their rooms at 2.45 p.m.

Parthenia at Botwood

S.S. Parthenia arrived at Botwood yesterday with 6,500 tons coal and general cargo, and 12 passengers.

Flower Service

The annual flower service at the C. E. Cemetery takes place Sunday afternoon. Rev. H. Uphill, Rector of St. Mary's, will officiate.

Typhoid Outbreak At St. Kyran's

Mr. R. J. Devereaux had a message from Rev. Fr. Fynte yesterday that typhoid fever has broken out at St. Kyran's.

One death has occurred and five are still suffering from the disease.

Mr. Devereaux has made arrangements for a doctor to visit the sick.

REV. STEWART GOES NORTH

Will Be Isolated From Outside World For Over a Year

Rev. S. M. Stewart, the Ungava missionary, leaves for the far north by the Kyle to-day. At Nain he will join his motor boat, the Messenger, and proceed to his destination by her.

After next week the Rev. gentleman will hear no further news from abroad until next year. Rev. Stewart is a big hearted patriotic Irishman whose daily prayer is that the present war be brought to a speedy and successful termination.

He takes with him the best wishes of all his friends in Newfoundland.

GETTING READY FOR THE HERRING

The fishermen of Bonne Bay are now preparing for the coming herring fishery. The Portia of late has taken there a large number of barrels and puncheons in which the herrings will be salted and exported.

Last year it was impossible to get barrels late in the season, and the fishermen suffered much loss in consequence.

GOT THE GIRL; LOST THE CAKE

Sneak Thief Walks Off With Bridal Cake in the West End

We often hear of curious cases of larceny, but the latest in local circles is the theft of a wedding cake. Report has been made to the police, and Tec. Byrne is now endeavoring to locate the thief.

The bride and groom were not back from their holiday, and the cake which had not been cut, as the marriage was performed in an outport, was at the bride's mother's.

Last Saturday she took it to the groom's new residence and on Monday discovered that a number of articles had been stolen including the cake.

RECORD NUMBER AT THE NICKEL

To View Film Showing Opening of Bowring Park By the Duke

The attendance at the Nickel Theatre yesterday was a record one, as citizens of all classes were anxious to see the beautiful pictures of Bowring Park, the formal opening of which by His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught was the principal film.

It was the first work of the Newfoundland Biograph Co., and it proved a very interesting and popular one. It will be remembered that on the opening afternoon of the Park the weather was none too good, but in spite of the adverse conditions the pictures were fine.

The Duke and Royal party, the Premier and members of the Executive, the Hon. E. R. Bowring, Mr. J. S. Munn, Mr. Eric Bowring and others were plainly seen.

The whole of St. John's is interested in this picture and no doubt thousands more will attend this evening. Every one should make it a point to attend.

"The Oath of O Tsuru San" is an absorbing drama with an element of musical novelty in it acted by Japanese and American artists.

"The Foreman's Treachery" which is also in two parts, is a great story of the Welsh mines which had the attention of all throughout.

In fact the whole programme was excellent and demonstrates once more that the Nickel is the leading house of entertainment. Be sure and attend this evening.



1st Newfoundland Regiment.

Tenders for Supplies and Camp Equipment wanted by 3 p.m. on Friday.

PROVISIONS

- Fresh Meat, per lb.
- Cabbage, per lb.
- Turnips, per barrel.
- Potatoes, per barrel.
- Bread (white), per doz. Size loaf.
- Bread (currant loaf), per doz. Size loaf.
- Bean (Pea), per 112 lb. sack.
- Baking Powder, per lb.
- Biscuit (Butter), per barrel.
- Biscuit (No. 1), per bag.
- Butter (Creamery), per lb.
- Cheese, per lb.
- Corned Beef (Best Plate), per brl.
- Currants (cleaned), per carton.
- Cocoa, per lb.
- Coffee, per lb.
- Fish (Salt), per quintal.
- Flour (best grade), per brl.
- Marmalade, per lb. or 7 lb. tin.
- Matches, per gross.
- Milk (evaporated), per doz.
- Molasses (barrels), per gallon.
- Oil (Kero. 150 test), per case.
- Onions, per lb.
- Pepper, per lb.
- Peas (split), per sack.
- Peas (green), per lb.
- Pork (Ham Butt), per brl.
- Prunes, per lb.
- Rolled Oats, per half brl.
- Rice, per cwt.
- Raisins (California), per carton.
- Soda (Bread), per lb.
- Soap (Perfection), per box.
- Soap (Toilet), per doz.
- Soap Powder, per package.
- Salt (Fine), per 10-lb. bag.
- Salt (Coarse), per hogshead.
- Sugar (Crystallized), per cwt.
- Tea (samples to be furnished), per lb.

TINWARE, ETC.

100 Duff Pans 11 in. dia., 3 in. deep (inside measurement).

60 Water Buckets (Gallon).

HARDWARE & ENAMEL

Up to 500 Enamel Mugs, One Pint.

Up to 500 Enamel Soup Plates, 10 in. diameter.

Up to 500 Dinner Plates, Enamel, 9 in. diameter.

Up to 50 (fifty) Enamel Bowls, about 6 in. diameter top, 4 in. deep.

Up to 60 (sixty) Enamel Butter Dishes.

6 only Enamel Jugs, half gallon.

Up to 500 Clasp Knives.

Send to C.L.B. ARMORY on Friday before 6 p.m. samples of Tea and Rice only.

Address tenders to H. OUTERBRIDGE, Chairman of Equipment Committee, C.L.B. Armory.

ADMIRERS DINE JACK KAVANAGH

Gave Local Athlete a Good Time at Woods' Last Evening

A number of young men admirers and supporters of champion Jack Kavanagh tendered him a dinner at Woods' last evening. The company numbered 25 persons, with the popular athlete Stan Cullen presiding.

The guests of the evening were Messrs. H. Hall, C. J. Ellis and J. P. Grace. A most enjoyable two hours were spent.

After a splendid menu the following toast list was gone through:

"The King"—Prop. by Chairman, The National Anthem.

"The Winner"—Prop. by H. Hall; resp. J. Kavanagh.

"Friends and Supporters"—Prop. T. Ring; resp. S. Cullen.

"Our Guests"—Prop. M. F. Scanes; resp. C. J. Ellis.

"The Ladies"—Prop. Jas. Norris; resp. J. F. Woodford.

"The Press"—Prop. J. P. Grace; resp. W. J. Crotty.

"The Chairman"—Prop. Jas. Norris; resp. S. Cullen.

"God Save the King"

Songs, patriotic and others were rendered during the evening by Messrs. T. J. Power, M. F. Scanes, C. F. Kavanagh and J. P. Grace; the accompanists being Messrs. B. Chaff and J. W. Walker, who also between the toasts contributed several choice selections on piano and violin.

At the close hearty cheers were given for Lords Kitchener and Roberts, France and our own volunteer for the front, whilst the orchestra rendered the Marseillaise and the Banks of Newfoundland.

SHIPPING

Fogata left Fogo at 5.30 a.m.

Portia left Rose Blanche at 7.50 a.m.

The Lintrose left Basques at 2.10 a.m.

The Bruce arrived at Basques at 4 a.m. The express left on time.

The s.s. Stoslad two days from N Sydney with a cargo of coal to W. B. Fraser.

The brigantine Clementine, Parsons, has arrived at Barbadoes from this port, after a lengthy passage.

Schr. Helen Stewart reached Bahia Monday after a passage of 3 days.

Schr. Dorothy Baird has arrived at Maccio after a run of 42 days from here.

Baird's Gaspe is now signalled and is due to arrive this afternoon. She is from Barbadoes with molasses.

Grena Sails

The big Norwegian steamer Grena received orders this morning to proceed to New York. She sailed for there shortly after.

SUSU RELOADED AND IS UNINJURED

The Crosbie coaster Susu, which went ashore at Belleoram Tuesday morning, floated off at high tide. She was not damaged and is now running again.

FLORIZEL HERE; MANY PASSENGERS

The Red Cross liner Florizel arrived at 10 a.m. from New York, via Halifax. She brought a full freight and the following passengers:

From New York: Mrs. M. Donnelly, Miss J. Donnelly, Mrs. W. M. Baker, A. E. and Mrs. Hayward, Mrs. McGottigan, Mrs. A. Lewis, Miss L. Griffin, Mrs. A. V. Duffrey, Miss M. St. John and 42 round trippers.

From Halifax: J. J. and Mrs. Kerchner, H. and Mrs. Green, Miss M. E. Hallett, Miss B. Noel, C. Thomas, Chas. Feaver, E. V. Wylie, Miss B. Fitzpatrick, Miss L. Ellis, Miss E. Noseworthy, Alex and Mrs. Preston, J. Long.

Truckman Injured

At 5.30 yesterday afternoon a truckman named Red, employed by C. Lester, fell off his cart near Barter's Hill and was injured about the back by the wheel passing over him. He was taken into a nearby store and attended by Dr. O'Connell, after which he was able to walk to his home James' St.

BAIT SCARCE; SMALL CATCHES

Hook and Line Men Sadly Hindered—General Outlook is Poor

Aug. 22.—From B. Perry (Catalina South Head to North Head)—The total catch is 4200 qtls. All the traps have been taken in, but 60 dories and skiffs are still fishing. No bankers or schooners from the grounds have arrived. Prospects are not very good and the weather in unsettled, hindering operations. No bait is obtainable.

Aug. 22nd. From S. E. Chafe, (South Head of Brigus to Bay Roberts Point)—Two punts, 50 boats and 7 skiffs are fishing but all the traps have been taken in. The total catch is 620 qtls. with 20 for last week. Prospects are indifferent and there is no bait to be had. The trapping voyage is over and the average catch is poor. There is little or nothing doing with hook and line.

Prospects Poor.

Aug. 22.—From R. Brown (Upper Amherst Cove to Cape L'Argent)—Prospects are very bad and no bait is to be obtained. There was only a sign of squid about three days ago. The men report cod wonderfully scarce on the offer grounds, but there was a little sign along the shore the first part of the week. Some of the traps got as high as 9 qtls. on Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday. The total catch is about 5000 qtls. and for last week 500. Six large boats carrying six men each, 25 traps and 380 lories and skiffs are fishing.

Bait Troubles.

Aug. 22. From J. Gosse (Spanard's Bay to Upper Island Cove)—No traps but 40 dories and skiffs are fishing. The catch to date is 350 qtls. and for last week 200. The fishermen say that they have not seen more cod in this harbor—Spanard's Bay—the past year, than now, and it is of very large size. Herring is being used for bait and if a good supply could be obtained the men would do well. Prospects are looking brighter the past week.

Chauffeur Fined

A chauffeur was before court today charged with driving his car without tail light.

He was fined \$10 or 30 days.

'Lasca' Sails Saturday

The Canadian yacht Lasca sails on Saturday morning for Halifax. The owner, Mr. J. A. Douglas, is on board and visiting St. John's for the first time, and is delighted with the town. Mr. Douglas is a keen sportsman and is a very keen yachtsman.

NAVAL RESERVIST WAS ARRESTED

Charged With Stealing Bank Book Belonging to a Comrade

Last evening Const. Tobin arrested a man in Lampert, 21 years old Naval Reservist, of Old Perlican, who is charged with stealing a Montreal bank savings book and an oil coat, the property of Charles W. Penny, a Naval Reservist, who was at Cape Ray.

(2) The larceny of a Naval Reserve valued at \$3.64, the property of James Marsh. He pleaded guilty to the first offence and not guilty to the second.

The prisoner was remanded.

W. Burke, Witless Bay, and Ed. Elliott, Winter Brook, arrived today by train to enter hospital.

VOLUNTEERS NUMBER 275

There was another large attendance at the C.L.B. Armory last night. Fifty-seven young men offered, bringing the total up to 275.

The medical men were busy examining the volunteers. We are informed that only about 1 per cent. failed in the medical exams.

The lads were then drilled and did splendidly.

This evening at 7.45 there will be a tall parade when the battalion will take a country march.

Prospero Sails

Prospero sailed at 10.30 taking the following passengers: Misses Wadden, Fitzgerald, Strong, Cleary, Lloyd, Murrell, Stewart, Starks, Loveridge, Bishop, March; Messdames Adey, Field Stewart, Ebsary, Downer, O'Neill; Messrs. L. J. Noble, Mercer, Crawford, Taylor, Pike, Warford, Parsons, French, Nottle, J. Nuhns, Ebsary, Moore, Milley, M. J. O'Neill, J. O'Neill, Gosse, Bursay, Ryan, Curtis, Mathews, Pitt, Batstone, Noah and 46 steerage.



SAMPLE COATS.

In our Show Rooms in the Upper Building we are showing some exquisite models of the New Styles for Fall

The designs are entirely different to anything we have hitherto shown, and are striking examples of the style tendencies of the season.

Owing to the war, later shipments of such goods are problematical, and it would be wise for our patrons to secure what they want in these garments NOW.

SEE WINDOW!

Full Line of NEW COATINGS and SUITINGS in our Dry Goods Store



WIVES OBJECT TO HUSBANDS GOING TO FRONT

And Are Worrying the Canadian Recruiting Officers With Many Protests

Ottawa, Aug. 25.—The extent to which Canadian Militia officers have been held back from service of their country by action of their wives will be disclosed in a return to be moved for in the House.

The return brought down will contain the names in all cases, and will constitute a public record of the one unlovely feature of the war preparations in Canada. When arrangements for the organization of the Canadian expeditionary force were made the Militia Department announced that officers who volunteered would not go to the front if objections were raised by their wives.

It was not thought that advantage would be taken of this provision except in very special cases, but results have shown that the patriotism of many Canadian women has failed to rise above the temptation to keep their husbands out of harm's way.

It is pointed out here that wives of officers especially in official centres such as Ottawa, have enjoyed a social recognition which in many cases would not have been shown them but for their husband's military rank.

They have availed themselves fully of this recognition, but when called upon to play the part of soldiers' wives in the real business of a soldier's wife they have failed.

Want To Help

The Right Place To Buy--

Provisions, Groceries, Oats, Feeds, Wines and Liquors

P. J. Shea's,

Corner George and Prince's Sts. or at 314 Water Street.

Outport Orders promptly attended to.

30 VOLUNTERS AT BELL ISLAND

Monday night, the 24th inst., a public meeting was convened at the C.L.B. Armory, Bell Island, by Magistrate Power, when Mr. C. F. Taylor was appointed Chairman and Mr. L. C. Murphy, Secretary.

The Magistrate announced the object of the meeting in a stirring and patriotic address; the other speakers being Rev. J. Stead, Lieut. W. Lindsay, C.L.B., Capt. L. C. Murphy, C.C.C., and Mr. C. F. Taylor.

Over thirty men then came forward and enrolled themselves as Volunteers in the First Newfoundland Regiment, and their action awoke whole-souled enthusiasm. Arrangements are now in hand for their training, previous to coming to St. John's.

ADVERTISE IN THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE FOR BEST RESULTS

would not have been shown them but for their husband's military rank.

They have availed themselves fully of this recognition, but when called upon to play the part of soldiers' wives in the real business of a soldier's wife they have failed.

Want To Help

(Editor Mail and Advocate)

Dear Sir,—Please allow me space in your valuable paper to ask why they are not calling for girls as volunteers for the Newfoundland Regiment. Do they not think that our girls of Newfoundland would be of some use in this time of war? Why should they take all (or the greater part) of the supporters of parents and wives and leave behind those of us who are not of such value to them and who would fight and die for our King and Country (rather than die old maids)?

I am sure that many of our girls would be just as willing to answer our country's call as many of our young men of this city.

Some of our readers may say, "Of what use would girls be?" But surely we could be of some use. Must we stand back at ease and watch fathers and brothers face the enemy risking their lives for us, and yet not offer a hand if need.

"Si Deus nobiscum quis contranos." —SOLDIER and SAILOR'S FRIEND —aug22.3i

GERMANS ACT LIKE BRIGANDS

Break Laws of Warfare by Which They had Agreed To Abide

Paris, Aug. 25.—The French Government calls the attention of the powers signatories of The Hague Conventions to the following acts of the German military authorities, which constitute a violation of the convention signed on Oct. 19, 1906, by the German Imperial Government.

By the commander-in-chief of the army of the east: German troops finished off an important number of wounded by shots fired point blank in the face, as was evident by the dimensions of the wounds. Other wounded were intentionally trampled on and kicked with heels of German soldiers.

The Tenth Bavarian Infantry systematically burned villages which they traversed in the region of Barbaux, Harbone, Montrigny, Monraux and Parax, while during the actions in question no artillery fire from either side could have produced fires. In the same region the Germans forced the inhabitants to march in front of their advance guard. German troops also forced women and children to go before them to empty villages. Upon the battlefields they massacred, burned and finished off wounded. They killed prisoners at Bailly of the 10th as reported to the Government on the 11th.

"The Government of the Republic in the presence of such methods, which are of universal consequence, reproves and leaves to the civilized powers a full appreciation of these criminal facts which dishonor, for ever the guilty belligerent."

FOR SALE

At Buttler's Cove, Leading Tickle East, the premises of OWEN BUTLER, consisting of Land, Houses and Cattle, namely: one Stage, one Dairy, one Barn, one Cellar, one Dairy and a Double House suitable for two families, seven rooms upstairs and below; cattle consists of one Milch Cow, one Bull, one Heifer, three sheep and two Goats; Barn contains at present four tons of Hay. All can be had on satisfactory conditions. Anyone may write or call and see OWEN M. BUTLER, Leading Tickle. —aug22.3i