

43RD YEAR NO. 17853

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, JUNE 14, 1906.—TEN PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

Infernal Machine Wrecks British Ship Haverford

Five Men Were Killed and Forty Wounded by Terrific Explosion in Liverpool Harbor.

Liverpool, June 14.—Five men were instantly killed and about forty were wounded as the result of a terrific explosion this morning on board the British steamer Haverford, of the International Navigation Company. The vessel, which is commanded by Capt. Nilsen, arrived here yesterday from Philadelphia, landed her passengers and proceeded to Huskisson dock early today in order to unload. The stevedores were in the act of loosening the hatches when the explosion occurred. It blew off the hatches, rent the decks and hurled dead and wounded men in all directions. Several bodies were

disembodied and the deck resembled the floor of the charnel house. The explosion, which, according to rumor, was followed by the outbreak of fire, was soon blazing fiercely. Firemen and police hurried to the dock and the injured were quickly taken to a neighboring hospital, while the work of searching for further possible casualties proceeded with vigor, in spite of the fierceness of the fire. After two hours' hard fight the firemen obtained the mastery of the flames.

BRITISH OFFICERS ROUGHLY HANDLED

Captain Bull Killed and Four Others Seriously Injured by Egyptian Natives.

Cairo, Egypt, June 14.—Captain S. C. Bull, of the Sixth (Inniskilling) Dragoons, was killed, and four other British officers were badly injured by natives, near Tantah, yesterday. During the march of a detachment of British troops from here to Alexandria, the five officers, apparently on the invitation of a village official, went to a hamlet to shoot pigeons. The villagers surrounded the party, deprived the officers of their guns, and attacked them with bludgeons, with the result that Captain Bull was killed, another had an arm broken, and the others were badly injured.

'FRISCO FIRE TRAGEDY

Militiaman Who Killed Two Haunted by Dead and Suicides.

Los Angeles, Cal., June 14.—Haunted by regret for killing two men in the San Francisco disaster, William O'Connor, a militiaman, shot himself dead yesterday morning. O'Connor brooded over his act, which was performed in the line of duty, until he thought the dead men's relatives were hounding him. O'Connor lost all his property as a blacksmith shop owner through the disaster, and came here. Relatives of the dead men, he believed, prevented him from getting employment, and to cap it all his fiancée in Los Angeles jilted him because he lost his money.

S. S. EMPRESS OF IRELAND

The New C. P. R. Steamer Given Great Reception at Liverpool.

Liverpool, June 14.—Amid many manifestations of enthusiasm, the new Canadian Pacific Railway Company's steamer Empress of Ireland arrived at Liverpool this morning. Both on the Clyde and the Mersey the greatest interest was taken in the new ship, and the welcome to English waters was as hearty as the departure from Scotland. A distinguished party went round to Liverpool from Glasgow. Special compliment was paid the Emerald Isle by the fact that the Empress of Ireland was the first of the C. P. R. Company to be represented by Messrs. Piers, Cameron, Flanagan, and others, representatives of prominent English railway companies and traders and shippers from all parts of Britain and the continent. During the trial run congratulatory speeches were made.

CABMAN SUES MAY YOHE.

London, June 14.—May Yohe, formerly Lady Hope and later Mrs. Putnam Bradlee Strong, has been sued in a police court here for barking a cabman. The plaintiff testified that he drove her around for twelve hours, and finally took her to a railway station where she boarded a train without paying him. The cabman consequently was unable to pay for the day's hire of the cab and lost his job. He had been idle a week. The defendant did not appear. She was fined £3.

THE DOMINION FOREIGN TRADE CROWDS THE HALF BILLION MARK

Ottawa, June 14.—With an aggregate foreign trade amounting to \$483,234,889 and exports to the amount of \$208,233,972, every branch of which exhibits an increase, Canada's commerce continues to expand at a phenomenal rate, and the farmer is enjoying a large share of this prosperity. The total foreign trade shows a gain of \$74,037,160 for the eleven months ending May 31, when compared with the same period of the previous year. The domestic exports were \$208,233,972, a gain of \$42,135,848. Although imports for consumption were considerably more, being \$257,421,427, they do not show as large an increase. The betterment was only \$24,146,800, or a little less than one-half that of the exports. Agriculture contributed most of the exports, as will be seen from the following statement: Agricultural products, total \$50,449,568, increase \$22,409,500; animals and their products, total \$60,002,343, increase \$6,614,359; products of the mine, total \$30,388,753, increase \$3,789,701; fisheries, total \$13,872,234, increase \$4,325,915; products of the forest, total \$81,896,259, increase \$4,570,665; manufactures, total, \$21,652,457, increase, \$8,881,938.

HIGH PRESSURE AND RIVER WATER OR NO KEY RATE CUT FOR LONDON

[Special to The Advertiser.]
Toronto, June 14.—Mr. John W. Little, Aid. Booth and Aid. Matthews, of London, were here interviewing insurance men, and getting rates and conditions in Toronto. They say the London rate is much too high, being about the same as Toronto.

BISLEY TEAM OFF TODAY

Those Who Will Represent Canada at Shooting Tournament.

Montreal, June 14.—The Tunisian will sail today carrying the Bisley team of 1906.
Lieut.-Col. E. W. Wilson, Montreal, is commanding officer and the team includes: Lieut.-Col. A. M. Talbot, Lewis, Que.; Adjutant-Capt. B. M. Humble, Montreal; Assistant Adjutant-Major R. Dillon, Oshawa, Ont.; Capt. W. H. Forrest, Vancouver, B. C.; Capt. E. Skeddin, Hamilton, Ont.; Lieut. W. H. Semple, Truro, N. S.; Sergt.-Major S. J. Hughes, Hamilton, Ont.; Staff-Sergt. G. Mortimer, Ottawa, Ont.; Color-Sergt.-Major J. Caven, Toronto; Sergt. G. M. Whiteley, Toronto; Sergt. J. Gilchrist, Guelph, P. E. I.; Lieut. J. N. Allen, London, Ont.; Lieut. W. A. Smith, Ottawa, P. E. I.; H. M. Blackburn, Winnipeg, P. E. I.; Leonard, Ottawa, Corp. Yonhill, Winnipeg, P. E. I.; Drysdale, Montreal; Sergt. H. Kerr, Toronto; Piper S. Leask, Toronto.

ELLEN TERRY COMING

To Make a Farewell Tour of America Early Next Year.

London, June 14.—Charles Frohman has engaged Miss Ellen Terry to make a farewell tour of America after her season with Beerbohm Tree, which begins in September.
An agent has offered Miss Terry \$5,000 weekly for a series of vaudeville recitals in America under the direction of Mr. Keith. Her decision is unknown.

Two New Synods Formed; Growing West Demanded It

Alberta and Saskatchewan Organized by Assembly— Division of Opinion on Question of New Hymnal.

This morning's session of the assembly was given over largely to business, and no lengthy discussions were indulged in. The business is being rushed rapidly. The discussion on the hymnal committee's report showed that the church was far from unanimous on the question of a new hymnal. The division of the west into three new synods was a matter of congratulation.

Dr. Gregg presented the report of the hymnal committee. The sales during the year had been \$59,673, a decrease of \$12,138 from last year. The previous year had been an abnormal one. The royalties amounted to \$2,069.98, a decrease of \$661.37. It was recommended that two-thirds of the royalty be given to the aged and infirm ministers' fund, and one-third to the ministers' widows and orphans' fund.

Rev. W. J. Dey, joint chairman of the committee, explained the work of the committee. He dealt chiefly with the versions of the Psalms in meter. He explained that the changes would not be immediate, but would take place some time in the future.

Many Appreciate It.
The report in part was as follows: As instructed by the assembly of last year the committee sent to each presbytery of the church four proof copies of "The Psalms in Meter," prepared by the joint committee of American and Canadian Presbyteries.

Dr. Sedgwick presented an amendment, asking that the matter of changing the hymnal be referred to the presbyteries and people. The large majority of the people are in favor of a change in the hymnal, and the report should be sent to them to obtain their approval.

Objects to Change.
Judge Forbes objected strongly to the change of a hymnal. The church had just had a new hymnal in their hands, with which they were perfectly satisfied. It would cost the church \$100,000, and the church cannot afford it. There will be a tempest raised by the people (Continued on Page Eight.)

THE WEATHER

TOMORROW—SHOWERY.

The fine weather everywhere continues, except in Alberta, where it is still inclined to be somewhat showery.

RECASTS.
Thursday, June 14—8 a.m., Moderate to fresh easterly winds; fair and moderately warm today; showers in many localities during the night and on Friday.

TEMPERATURES.
Stations. 8 a.m. Min. Weather.
Fair. 48. 54. Fair.
Winnipeg. 62. 54. Clear.
Paris. 54. 49. Clear.
Port Arthur. 54. 49. Clear.
Parriss. 62. 54. Clear.
Toronto. 62. 54. Clear.
Ottawa. 62. 54. Fair.
Quebec. 58. 48. Fair.
Father Point. 58. 48. Cloudy.

WEATHER NOTES.
Since yesterday morning showers have occurred in many portions of Alberta and Saskatchewan. Elsewhere the weather has remained very fine. Rain is still falling over the States to the southward of the lakes.
LOCAL TEMPERATURES.
The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Tuesday were: Highest, 68°; lowest, 35°; above zero; Wednesday: Highest, 72°; lowest, 42° above.

OLIVER WOULD TAX THE IMMIGRANTS

Plan to Prevent Entrance of Undesirables.

HOUSE OBJECTS TO CLAUSE

The Contract With the North Atlantic Trading Company Discussed in the Senate.

Ottawa, June 13.—A proposal in Mr. Oliver's bill respecting immigration, to give tax of \$2 on people entering Canada, evoked a good deal of opposition in the House today. Some members referred to the unpleasant results of its operation in the United States and others objected to applying it to people from Great Britain. Mr. Oliver said it was only aimed at undesirables, but in view of the objection the clause was allowed to stand. Earlier in the day Sir Wilfrid Laurier, replying to Dr. Thompson, said negotiations were proceeding with regard to settling certain portions of the Alaska boundary, where Dr. Thompson said, collisions had occurred, but not much had been accomplished in the last few months.

LIGHT BRIGADE HERO DEAD

Richard Yates One of the Famous Six Hundred Dies at Detroit.

Detroit, June 14.—Richard Yates, 77 years of age, is dead here. Mr. Yates was said to be the only living survivor in the United States of the famous charge of the Light Brigade at Balaklava. He served all through the Crimean war in the Fifth Dragoons, and was honorably discharged in 1863. Coming to America in that year, he at once enlisted in the Northern cause in the civil war and served until its close. He then moved to Woodstock, Ont., and came to Windsor, at six years ago moved to Detroit.

North Atlantic in Senate.

The Upper House today had an inning on the North Atlantic Trading Company, not being content to let the Commons have the matter all to themselves. Senator Macdonald, of British Columbia, introduced the subject by moving for a statement containing the names of persons composing the company. He could see no reason for secrecy in such a matter where the money of the people was involved.

Hon. R. W. Scott replied that emigration work on the continent was attended with the greatest possible difficulties. He cited the case of John Dyke, former Canadian emigration agent at Liverpool, who was arrested and imprisoned, and only today he had received a cable from Norway, stating that a man had been arrested there on a charge of inducing 75 persons to leave Norway and go to work for some enterprising manufacturer in the Maritime Provinces.

The arrangement made with this company was by authority of an order in council, which did not authorize the secret agreement. Mr. Scott said the Government, when the element of secrecy in the contract was revealed, recognized that public money could not be spent without complete explanation. There was no doubt the people in London had no authority to make such a contract. They should not have gone beyond the order in council. However, they had pledged the Government to secrecy, and in honor the Government had to observe that pledge. Otherwise a number of reputable European working agents would have found themselves in jail. When it was found the contract was being lived up to respecting emigration from Northern Europe, the Government had seized the opportunity to cancel the contract. The Government had no apology to make. It believed there had been no dishonesty. It realized that money could not be spent without the people of Canada being fully informed of the persons to whom it was going. The contract had been executed from a high sense of duty throughout.

MANY CHINESE DROWN

Siang Valley Is Under Water and Houses Submerged.

Victoria, B. C., June 14.—Mail advices from Hankow, China, show that the great floods of this spring in Hunan caused an appalling loss of life, amounting to tens of thousands. The rivers were higher than in any previous year and swept over the dykes, submerged houses, and covered the immense area. In fact the whole valley of the Siang was flooded. Siantan, a prosperous city, was flooded with water to the second stories of the riverside buildings. The river was thick with wreckage, and villagers on floating rafts. The foreign missionaries at Siantan were heavy losers, though all escaped in boats.

O'DONOVAN ROSSA BACK.

New York, June 14.—According to the Sun today, O'Donovan Rossa, who went to Ireland last November to become secretary of the Cork common council, came back with his family in the steamer Caronia, which arrived yesterday. They came off the ship alone, and were not recognized while they waited on the pier for their baggage to be examined.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

June 13 Reported at. From.
Princess Irene. New York. Genoa.
Siam. New York. Bremen.
Holland. New York. Bremen.
Sierra. New York. Bremen.
Oceanic. New York. Bremen.
Florida. New York. Bremen.
Mesaba. New York. London.
Empress. New York. London.
Anglian. London. Boston.
Montcalm. Bristol. Montreal.
Messager. New York. Montreal.
Holland. New York. Bremen.
Haverford. Liverpool. Philadelphia.
Baltic. Queenstown. New York.
Dahomey. Fame Point. Vera Cruz.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

SEEN FROM THE GALLERY

As foreshadowed in last Saturday's Advertiser, the assembly yesterday appointed Dr. John Somerville, of Owen Sound, as general agent, joint clerk of assembly, and statistician, and Mr. Alex. Warden as treasurer. In place of the late Rev. Dr. Warden. The expense of the office will not be increased by the appointment of these two gentlemen, and, as this contributor pointed out, when giving a sketch of them, they are both eminently fitted for the positions to which the supreme court of the church has appointed them. Mr. Warden is a son of the late honored agent, is 27 years of age, has been for eight years in the office, and since his father's death he has managed the church's business with great care and ability. He is a young man of obliging manner and kindly disposition. His wife is a daughter of Rev. Dr. Lyle, of Hamilton, who, as convenor of the augmentation committee, has done such splendid service for the church.

Rev. Dr. Somerville, who is a brother-in-law of Dr. Arnott, of this city, has for years been regarded as the one man in the western section of the church, next to Dr. Warden, who possessed the best inside knowledge of all the great departments of work to which he will now devote all his talents and energies. He has been secretary of the home mission and augmentation committee, clerk of his presbytery, and for over 30 years pastor of the Division Street Church. Dr. Somerville is scholarly, modest, likeable, and has the confidence of all his brethren.

The contest for the honor of entering the next General Assembly had the same "go" to it this year as last. Last year it was London and Montreal. Notwithstanding the immense labor and anxiety involved in entering this great body, the contest for the honor seems to grow keener as the years go by. Doubtless it is this fact that has relegated into the background the proposal made a number of years ago to do away altogether with the biennial system. In any case it speaks well of a return to old-fashioned hospitality.

The graduates of Queen's present at the assembly held their banquet on Tuesday evening at a downtown cafe. Rev. James Rollins, of King Street Church, this city, presided. There were 54 present and the enthusiasm was unbounded. Brief and humorous speeches were heard from Principals McLaren, of Knox; Scrimger, of Montreal; Falconer, of Halifax; and Gordon, of Kingston. Dr. E. D. McLaren, Prof. Dyke and Dr. Mulligan also spoke, the latter, of course, bringing down the house. Queen's has now 1,042 students on her roll.

On account of the heavy expense of sending a full quota of commissioners to the General Assembly when it meets in the east, several of the western presbyteries appoint prominent elders from Ontario presbyteries to represent them. Among the Ontario elders at this assembly who represent western presbyteries are Mr. J. A. Macdonald, of the Montreal College and the board of the Montreal College and the board of the Montreal College.

Rev. W. R. Cruickshank, when he came to Montreal, acted for some time as assistant to the late Rev. Dr. Jenkins, of St. Paul's Church. Then he became pastor of the Presbyterian Church, Point St. Charles, where he did successful work for many years. Recently he resigned his pastorate, at Montreal West, to accept the secretaryship of the Church Extension Association, of Montreal. In addition to this Mr. Cruickshank has now been appointed to the office of treasurer of the Montreal College and the board of the Montreal College.

"Nick" Wilson, the Veteran Teacher, Soon to Retire

Taught School in London Fifty- Nine Years, and Is To Be Superannuated.

"I am afraid this is the last term I shall call the roll of the class. I may not be here another term." These were the words addressed to his pupils by Mr. Nicholas Wilson, the grand old man of the Collegiate Institute, yesterday.

There was a pause in the buzz of conversation which had been going on. The pupils waited to hear more from the veteran teacher, but they were disappointed. He went on with his teaching.

Outside on the grounds at recess the students talked the matter over in whispers. "Old Nick" was going to leave.

"Let's be good to him," said one lad, "in case he should leave. He taught my father. I hope he stays a while longer."

Dislike Losing "Old Nick."
Last night there was much talk in the homes of London in which Nicholas Wilson was the topic of the conversations. Ever since the board of education appointed a committee to wait on Mr. Wilson and ask him if he was not ready to take a well-earned rest, the students of the Collegiate have been holding their breath. They do not want to lose "Old Nick," who walks to school with them, and who tells them of how he taught their fathers and their mothers, and their uncles—

damper on their mirth to think that some day they will go to the Collegiate and find that "Old Nick" is not there—that a young man has taken his place and that the ties which bind the old man to them have been severed. Age cannot be denied, however, and it must be remembered that Mr. Wilson has taught school in London over 59 years. Now, it is understood that he is willing to accept a superannuation, together with the good will of a



Photo by Frank Cooper.

NICHOLAS WILSON.

of the old St. George's ward school in this city; and since that time he has been employed by the local board of education. It was in the old Union school—of which he was appointed head master in 1850, which stood on the block of which Colborne street school now forms a part—that he taught so many of the old boys and girls who periodically visit London and always look him up. In the Collegiate Institute he has taught thousands of the present generation. (Continued on Page Eight.)

The tedium of afternoon calls will vanish over a cup of

Blue Ribbon Tea

It will add zest to the conversation and piquancy to the visit.

BLACK, GREEN, MIXED—25c to \$1.00 a lb.—ALL GROCERS.

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Give us a call before buying. Inspect our goods and see our parlors. PIANO TUNING.

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This heater just bristles with exclusive features such as automatic gas dampers, large double feed-doors, steel dome, double shakers and steel radiator.

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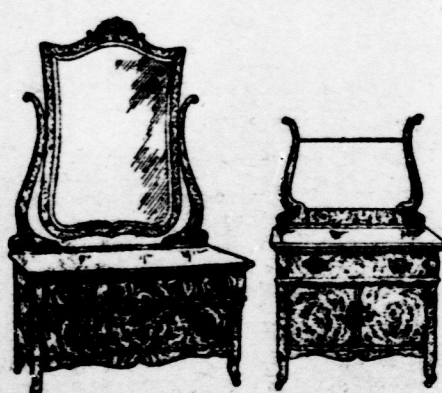


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CANADA GETS BIG INDUSTRY

Trade With England in Butter, Cheese and Lard Lost by Yankees.

London, June 13.—According to statements made to your representative today at the office of the Canadian commissioner, Lord Strathcona, and those of the Allan line of steamships, the business of supplying Great Britain with farm products, which for many years was entirely in American hands, has been recaptured almost completely by the agriculturists of the Dominion.

"I was led to inquire into the subject by recent statements to the effect that Canada was making elaborate preparations to get control of this trade, but according to information received, the fight is now practically over and the victory already decided in favor of the Canadian producers.

"Not so long ago," said one of the Canadian officials, "the bulk of the butter, cheese and lard shipped to England came from the United States. Recently, however, this trade has passed to Canada."

"And the reason?" "Well, the chief Canadian steamship line has equipped its ships with special facilities for carrying these perishable goods. They have installed splendid cold storage plants on each ship, which, in conjunction with the new Surrey dock just completed in London, have given them every advantage over American lines not so equipped.

"American farmers, in fact, have a serious grievance against the bulk shipping lines. It stands to reason that farm products which come to England in first-class cold storage compartments keep better on arrival, and buyers are able to make surer profits than on those which are shipped without sufficient protection against deterioration.

"Moreover," continued this official, "the great new Surrey dock in London, built in connection with the Allan Line, enables ships with perishable goods to transfer their cargoes direct into cold storage without any handling whatever. Up to this time both Canadian and American ships have been going to Liverpool, where the goods are landed and then shipped to London, with the result that a loss has occurred in getting perishable farm products from the ship to the warehouse. Now, however, Canadian goods will be brought direct to London, and merchants can visit the docks and make their purchases."

On inquiry at the office of the Allan Line Steamship Company in Leadenhall street, the manager said: "It is quite true that Canada has, within the last few years, succeeded in obtaining the bulk of the butter, cheese and lard industry. American farmers have either decided to devote their time wholly to the home market, or else the trade has fairly passed to Canada, through special advantages possessed by the latter. The equipment of the new dock will be an immense factor in helping Canadian farm products to reach the English market, and already our ships, trading direct between London and Canadian ports, are securing a big trade."

"Will American farmers be able to get this trade back?" was asked, "but first they will have to compel American ships to offer the same facilities that are being supplied by Canadian vessels today."

HOW TO WELCOME BRYAN

Hearst Man on Committee Desires All Politics Cut Out.

New York, June 14.—Lack of harmony regarding the character of the reception which should be tendered to William J. Bryan on his arrival here from his tour around the world marked the first meeting yesterday of the special committee named by the Democratic Commercial Travelers' Anti-Trust League at the Hotel Victoria.

Twenty-three members of the committee were present, each member with his own idea of how the affair should be run. H. B. Maurer, an ardent Hearst man, wanted the reception divested of all political significance and to be known as a welcome to one of the leading citizens of the country. Mr. Maurer's idea was not seconded and seemed to be generally disapproved.

The meeting furnished an interesting exchange of views. O. H. P. Belmont was there, as were Thomas L. Settemer, former president of the tax board; Judge Edward F. O'Dwyer, of the Democratic Club; Richard Croker, jun., Edward Field Gilotra, a wealthy St. Louis friend of Mr. Bryan's; Giles Allison and A. H. Eastmond. O. H. P. Belmont cautioned deliberation in making the plans. He said all elements of the Democratic party should be invited to participate, and that the plans should not be formed without giving the different wings of the party a chance to make suggestions.

A. H. Eastmond, vice-president of the commercial travelers' organization, said the reception was a tribute to Mr. Bryan as a distinguished radical leader.

"We would tender a similar reception to any one of four men—Roosevelt, Hearst, La Follette and Bryan—all distinguished radicals," he added.

The speaker threw a small-sized bomb into the meeting when he said: "I want to make public one thing that has never been made public before. During the campaign of 1904 the traveling men's organization which I represent had headquarters with the national Democratic committee in the Century building here in Thirty-fourth street. We made every effort to send out anti-trust literature and comfort for we made was promptly repulsed by August Belmont and De Witt C. Nicoll."

Alexander Troup, of Connecticut, a close friend of Mr. Bryan's, and a former national committeeman, said Mr. Bryan had no patent on the next Democratic nomination for the presidency, but he favored welcoming him as a great Democratic leader.

Mr. Feltner finally ended the argument by referring the problem to a committee of ten. This committee will report in ten days.

Malta-Vita

"The Perfect Food"

The grocer who offers you something "just as good" has no regard for your judgment or your health. It's delicious.

WEDDING PARTY FEARED BLACK

The English Clergyman Would Have Protested Astor-Shaw Wedding.

London, June 13.—It was entirely due to fear of interference by the Rev. William Black that the recent wedding here of young Astor-William Waldorf Astor's son and heir—to Mrs. Shaw was kept so secret that a large number of their friends first learned that the ceremony had taken place through the announcement in the newspapers. It was the same reason that such profound secrecy was observed in the marriage of W. K. Vanderbilt and Mrs. Rutherford in London a few years ago.

Father Black, as he is always called, makes a specialty of protesting against the remarriage of divorced persons by clergy of the established church. He has been doing it for over a dozen years. He does it publicly at that point in the ceremony where the officiating clergyman calls upon anyone who knows of "any just cause or impediment" why the marriage should not take place to "speak out or forever hold his peace." Father Black accepts the invitation and speaks out. The protest does not necessarily stop the marriage. The officiating clergyman may ignore it, but he can't choke off Father Black while he is making his speech.

It causes a scene that is decidedly embarrassing to the bride and bridegroom. It goes into the papers afterwards and makes unpleasant reading for them and their friends. Wherefore, if they are rich, they spend money freely and take a lot of trouble to prevent Father Black. It would be interesting to know what W. K. Vanderbilt and young Astor spent to seal up the usual channels of publicity. I have heard that Mr. Vanderbilt paid to the complainant clergyman who agreed to tie the marital knot for him, and keep things quiet, \$5,000. And there were several others, of course, who had to be fed for keeping silence.

Father Black belongs to the ultra-high church party, and was formerly associated with the Convoy Fathers. He invariably dresses in a long, black robe, with a girdle around his waist like a monk. But aside from that, there is nothing suggestive of the ascetic about him. He is full of life and vigor, despite his 60 years, and his ruddy complexion indicates that he does not go in to any extent for the mortification of the flesh. The pictures that adorn his apartments show that he possesses a finely cultivated taste in matters of art. His firm set mouth denotes the man who possesses the courage of his convictions.

"I certainly should have protested against the Astor wedding," he said, "had I known when and where it was to take place, as those know very well who took such pains to keep it secret. The church sanctions separation between married couples for good cause, but it does not recognize divorce, and the remarriage of persons who have been divorced is distinctly contrary to the canons of the church. That is the position taken by the ecclesiastical head of the church, the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Bishop of London, in whose diocese the Astor marriage took place."

WITNESS DIDN'T APPEAR

Insurance Commission Adjourns Until Ex-Manager Patterson Is Found.

Toronto, June 13.—The Dominion insurance commission adjourned this morning for one day owing to the fact that Mr. A. J. Patterson, formerly manager of the Home Life Insurance Company, had neglected to obey the summons of the commission to appear as a witness. Mr. Patterson, junior counsel for the Dominion Government, in moving for the adjournment, said it would lessen the dignity of the commission to permit any witness to ignore its authority. The evidence, he added, might possibly be produced without the necessity of Mr. Patterson appearing, but he believed the commission should insist on its order being obeyed. The investigation will deal almost entirely with the administration of the Home Life Insurance Company with the amalgamation of the company with the People's Life, at which time Mr. Patterson resigned his position as manager. The present officials of the Home Life stated they had made efforts to locate Mr. Patterson.

HUGE JET OF FIRE

Bolt Strikes Flowing Gas Well and the Flames Leap 500 Feet.

Parkersburg, W. Va., June 14.—Eighteen million feet of natural gas is being consumed each day by a fire at Burnt House, in Ritchie County. The flames are rising 500 feet into the air, and the great fountain of fire illuminates the country for miles around. The clouds of the heavy smoke, while the vast column of fire sways with the wind and ever changing position and shape, keep thousands interested in watching the scene of splendor. The well was struck on Friday. The gas began to escape, and before the flow could be stopped the pressure had drilled the well, and 18,000,000 feet of gas flowed from it the first day.

Sunday afternoon workmen were endeavoring to stop the flow when they saw a thunderstorm approaching. With millions of feet of gas escaping into the heavens, and the accumulation of 24 hours in a vaporous cloud above the well, they knew the danger from lightning, so they left their work. Hardly a flash of lightning lighted up the heavens, and zigzagging across the sky, reached the gas.

There was a flash which lighted up the whole of Ritchie County, and 18,000,000 feet of gas was ignited at once. Old men who have spent their lives in the oil fields say that they never saw anything to equal the awful beauty of this tremendous flash. But the flames reached the well, and the gas which is pouring from it is burning like an immense gas jet 500 feet high. People

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY

Warmer.

THE SATISFACTORY STORE

HERE'S GOOD COAT NEWS!

Good for the women who desire new, stylish coats; for now they can get them at reduced prices.

Only a dozen can share in this offer. So! early if you want one.

Fawn Covert Coats

Tight fitting. Silk lined. 4 only. Dollars sliced off the regular prices.

\$13.50 for.....\$9.25
12.50 for.....8.50
12.50 for.....8.00
10.50 for.....8.00

4 only BOX Coats. Regular \$9.00 for.....\$8.00

2 only TIGHT FITTING Coats. \$10.50 for.....\$9.25

2 only Fawn BOX Coats. Silk lined: \$15.50 for.....\$12.50

Mantle Dept. Second Floor.

LUSTER FOR THE BATHING

Suit. Hard to find a fabric better adapted for this purpose—or even one so good.

Light in weight and porous. Doesn't become water soaked and heavy. Sand shakes out readily, too. Wears very well, also.

Three good lines to select from. Popular navy blue shade. Per

yard.....25c, 35c, 50c

Dress Good Department—Main Floor.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,

149, 151, 153 and 155

Dundas Street.

from all parts of the country are flocking to Burnt House to see it. The Mountain State Gas Company owns the well, and hopes to extinguish the flames within a few days.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Charles H. Fletcher*

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OFF TO THE SUMMER CAMP OR COTTAGE

—Where life is worth living during the hot summer days.

You'll be packing up soon for the trip, won't you? Quite a number of things you'll need for the camp or cottage and several articles for your own personal use. Believe we have many of the necessary things at prices that will please. We suggest a few today. (A number of suggestions were given in yesterday's paper also.)

Flannelette Nightgowns

The nights are generally cool at a summer resort and many women will prefer the extra warmth and comfort a flannelette gown gives.

Here's good value. Flannelette Gowns. Mother Hubbard style. Trimmings of lace around neck and sleeves. Pink only.

Each.....85c

Other styles at \$1, \$1.10

Whitewear Department—2nd Floor.

Oilcloth For The Table

No use in covering the table with high-grade linen. People don't expect it at a summer cottage. Oilcloth fills the bill to perfection. Less laundry work to do and the good linen is saved for other occasions.

These are excellent kinds: 5-4 size. White, marble and fancy patterns. Per yard.....25c

6-4 size. White and fancies. Per yard.....35c

Wash Goods Department—East Store.

Table Napkins

Pure linen. Hemmed. Good designs. 18x18 square. Per dozen.....\$1.25

Damask Table Tops For Small tables. Unhemmed.

Size 36x36, each.....60c
Size 36x45, each.....65c
Size 54x54, ea. \$1, \$1.25

These are pure linen. Prices are low. At present market quotations we couldn't buy equal qualities to repeat at above prices.

Linen Dept.—East Store.

Traveling Rugs

So many times these comfortable things come in handy. Really, almost indispensable, aren't they?

Splendid assortment to choose from. Handsome tartans and reversible styles. Made of pure wool. Will wear for years. Ask you to see our values before buying.....\$4 to \$8.50

Mantle Dept.—2nd Floor.

WOODS' FAIR

The Corset That Cannot Break At The Waist.

Possessing all the grace, style, elegance and comfort qualities for which D & A corsets are famous, the "Crest" is the only corset made that will not break at the waist—that positively will not break and cause discomfort and ill fitting gowns.

Suitable for any woman any day and all the day—good to work in, walk in or rest in. Fashion approves it—common sense and comfort demand it. Ask for the corset that cannot break at the waist—the D & A Crest Corset—Patented.

A-S

Price \$1.25 to \$1.50 per pair made in black and white

Babies' Bonnets, sale price 25c.

Splendid showing of laces at 5c.

Cushion Tops 25c

Lithographed or Tinted Cushion Tops, in many different designs and colorings, sale price.....25c

Talcum Powder 25c

Mennen's and Colgate's Talcum Powder, highly perfumed, sale price, per tin.....23c

Large vial of Fancy Colored Beads, sale price.....5c

Large box of Hairpins, assorted, sale price.....5c

Men's Colored Handkerchiefs 2 for 5c

6 dozen Men's Large Colored Handkerchiefs, sale price, 2 for.....5c

Coffee 23c lb.

Java and Mocha Coffee, finest quality, put up in 1-pound air-tight tins, sale price, per pound.....25c

3 Packages Jelly Powder for 25c

McLaren's Jelly Powder, in assorted flavors, sale price, 3 large packages for.....25c

Grape Wine 33c Bottle

Grape Wine, unfermented, put up in large bottles, special sale price, per bottle.....33c

Placques, in assorted designs, extra large, each.....25c

Pearl Buttons, 4-hole, sale price, per dozen.....5c

"Gloria" Fine Tooth Comb, good size, sale price.....15c

Ladies' Summer Vests, sale price, two for 25c.

Ladies' Print Wrappers, sale price, \$1.

Australia is to spend \$75,000, if necessary, in scientific experiments in the infection of rabbits with disease deadly to those pests of the antipodes and yet harmless to other animals and to men.

MOTHER GRAVES' Worm Expeller is pleasant to take; sure and effectual in destroying worms. Many have tried it with best results.

Excursion train will leave Canada Pacific depot at 7:30 a.m. Saturday, June 16. Arrive Detroit 10:30 a.m. Return rate \$1.60, good for three days. Returning special will leave Detroit at 8:30 p.m. eastern time (Saturday), arriving London, 11:30 p.m. \$2c

TRANSIENT CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS—NO ADVERTISEMENT LESS THAN TEN CENTS.

MEETINGS—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion. **ARTICLES FOR SALE**, TO LET, **HELP WANTED**, **SITUATIONS WANTED**, **BOARD AND LODGINGS**, **LOST AND FOUND**, **ROOMS TO LET**, **REAL ESTATE FOR SALE**, **ETC.**—First insertion, one cent a word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than ten words.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS

DEATHS

GREENFELT—In this city, on June 12, 1906, William Henry Greenfelt, aged 42 years and 6 months.

Funeral from his late residence, 40 Elmwood avenue, on Friday, June 15, at 3 p.m.; service at 2:30. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

Goderich and Toronto papers please copy.

JEWELL—At his residence, 361 Dundas street, on Wednesday, June 13, 1906, George Frederick Jewell, P.C.A., in his 70th year.

Funeral from his late residence on Friday afternoon to Woodland cemetery; service at 2:30.

BALLANTYNE—In the Township of Westminster, on June 13, 1906, James Ballantyne, beloved husband of Jane Ballantyne, aged 74 years.

Funeral will leave late residence, lot 62, East Talbot road, on Friday, June 15, at 11 a.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

HAYES—On June 13, 1906, at Dunborne, at the residence of his sister, the late Francis Hayes, in his 82nd year.

Funeral from the Southern Congregational Church, Horton street, on Friday, June 15, service at 2:30 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

BASEBALL—Tuesmoh Park Saturday, June 16.

ROCKETS VS. CHAMPIONS, 2:30.

STARS VS. 7TH REGIMENT, 4:00.

Admission, 15c; ladies free; grand stand, 10c.

TROTTER, PACING AND RUNNING

RACES

Thursday and Friday

JUNE 14 and 15

QUEEN'S PARK.

SPRINGBANK PARK—Free Moving Pictures

Special this week: "Lord Roberts Reviewing the Canadian Troops in London," "Song new and special," "For Mother, Home and Country."

SONS OF ENGLAND—Excursion to Detroit, Civic Holiday. Fare \$1.00.

FORESTERS' ANNUAL EXCURSION to Detroit, June 15, only \$1.00 for three days; Canadian Pacific Railway, special fast train, leaving London at 9:30 a.m. Monday, June 18, for Detroit, via Windsor, Detroit and Thameville, arriving in Detroit 10:30.

ONE CLASS CABIN

Obtain rates to and from the old country via these ships: F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

EMPEROR OF BRITAIN, THE FAVORITE fast new steamship, sails Quebec and Montreal to Liverpool, June 13, F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

U.S. LONDON TO DETROIT AND RETURN, boat, every Saturday and Sunday. Low rate daily, F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

MERCHANTS LINE—PORT STANLEY, Cleveland, Windsor and Toronto to Montreal, via water; low rates; first-class accommodation, F. B. Clarke, agent, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

PRIVATE DANCING PARTIES—Springbank Pavilion. Complete arrangements guaranteed. Orchestra, cars, etc. Phone 174, Dayton & McCormick.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING by B. Millard. Waltz, two-step. Lessons any hour. Residence and academy, 36 Princess avenue.

62 PUPILS ATTENDED LONDON CONSERVATORY of Music last year. Mr. Barron hears all pupils play, and gives reports.

CHOICEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR private parties by the band of the Telephone 125. Tony Vito's Italian Harpers, 303 Queen's avenue.

JOY COURTESY—THE ORIGINAL London Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 181 Maple street. Telephone 150.

MEETINGS

REGULAR COMMUNICATION KING Solomon Lodge, Knights Templar, 414 Dundas street, 7th floor, this (Thursday) evening, 7:30. Visitors welcome. Joseph T. McLaughlin, W. M.; William Nicholls, secretary.

LOYAL LONDON LODGE, MANCHESTER Unity Oddfellows, meets tonight, 8 o'clock, Albion block, Richmond street.

AN EMERGENCY MEETING OF ST. JOHN'S LODGE, No. 30, A. F. and A. M., will be held in the lodge room on Friday, June 15, at 2 p.m., for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late Bro. W. H. Grenfell. Members of sister lodges requested to be present. Thomas Rowe, W. M.; M. D. Dawson, secretary.

INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD will meet tomorrow (Friday) night, Castle Hall, corner Dundas and Clarence.

RICHARD COEUR DE LION PRECEPTORY, No. 4, 4th floor, will meet on Friday afternoon at 3 p.m. for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late Sir Knight H. O. Gifford, W. T. Stenning, registrar; C. W. McGuire, P. Preceptor.

ANNUAL MEETING, LOCAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN, Young Men's Christian Association, 1000 York street, on Friday, June 15, at 7:30 o'clock p.m. Election of officers, reports, etc. All are cordially invited.

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—PAIR LADY'S NOSE GLASSES at the camp, or on way down town. If found, please return to the advertiser.

STRAYED TO LOT 3, CON. 15, LONDON Township—Blind mare.

LOST—60, ON MARKET PLACE; TWO tens, two fives, three ones. Reward for return to this office.

MALE HELP WANTED.

BOY WANTED—SUMMER'S DRUG store, Dundas and Wellington streets.

FIRST-CLASS HOUSE PAINTER wanted. Apply 790 Colborne street.

SMART BOY WANTED FOR SPRING BANK Pavilion. Apply 515 King street or at Pavilion.

MEN AND BOYS WANTED—LEARN plumbing, painting, etc. Apply to the advertiser.

JOB COMPOSITOR—11-HOUR WEEK; permanent situation to capable man. Apply immediately. Advertiser, 331 Dundas.

JANITOR WANTED IMMEDIATELY for St. Andrew's Church. Apply by letter to James Houston, chairman.

CARRIAGE PAINTERS WANTED—ONE first-class body finisher and two gear and wheel men. Apply John Campbell & Son, King street.

BOYS WANTED FOR SHIPPING room. McCormick Manufacturing Company.

A TELEGRAPHER HAS STEADY employment the year round, with splendid opportunities for advancement. We qualify you for an excellent position in from five to seven months. Our fine illustrated book free. E. W. Bennett, principal Dominion School of Telegraphy and Radio-Telephony Toronto.

MEN WANTED—OWING TO THE IN-crease in strength of the 15th Ambulance Corps, of London, there will be a few men wanted for camp for the 15th to 20th June. Anyone wishing to join will make application at No. 115 York street.

BOYS WANTED FOR THE FACTORY. Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON CAN earn good income at home in spare time corresponding for newspapers, no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WANTED—WOMAN TO TAKE PLAIN sewing from factory. Address Box 30, Advertiser.

TWO DINING-ROOM GIRLS WANTED. Apply Griggs House.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework; family of three; no laundry work. Apply 22 Ridgeway.

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT WANTED. Family of two. Apply after 7 p.m., 276 Talbot street.

GIRLS WANTED TO LEARN THE trade. Bremer Bros., 184 to 190 Horton street.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—GOOD GEN-eral servant. Apply Home for Incurables, 708 Dundas street.

EXPERIENCED GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, in small family; no washing; apply in evening, between 6 and 8, 538 Colborne street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GENERAL servant; no washing. Apply 571 Queen's avenue.

WANTED—FIVE COOKS, EIGHT GEN-eral housekeepers, family of three; no housework. Mrs. Payne, 308 Dundas street.

GIRLS WANTED FOR THE BISCUIT and candy departments. Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company.

MACHINE OPERATORS WANTED. Canadian Lady Corset Company, 276 Dundas street.

GIRLS WANTED FOR BISCUIT AND confectionery departments. D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited.

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON CAN earn good income at home in spare time corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WANTED.

LIGHT 3-POLE POLE AND TEAM driving harness; must be nearly new. Apply 100 King street.

WANTED TO RENT—EIGHT ROOMED house; central locality. Address Box 10, this office.

YOUNG MARRIED COUPLE WANT two large unfurnished rooms in private family, with privilege of meals; for modern accommodation. References exchanged. Address G. E. B., Tecumseh House.

A SMALL COTTAGE BY JUNE 15 in suburbs. Address Box 23, this office.

GOOD DRIVER, SUITABLE FOR DOCT-or; state price. Box 2, Advertiser.

ONE HUNDRED FAT CATTLE WANTED. George Jackson, 87 Wellington street.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

THREE NURSES WITH GOOD RECOM-mendations. Open for engagement; permanent cases preferred. Phone 1879, or apply 309 Dundas street.

MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO loan at 4% to 5% on real estate security. Apply to real estate broker, Room 101, Masonic Temple.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rate. Buchner & Gunn, 83 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS AT LOWEST RATES to loan. McDonough, barrister, 413 Talbot street.

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

PHYSICAL CULTURE SCHOOL, 413 Richmond street—Specialties: Body-building, corrective work, remedial movements. Office hours, 3:45 to 4:45 p.m. Consultation free.

DENTAL CARDS.

DR. WESTLAND, DENTIST—CHICAGO post-graduate in Crown Bridge and Porcelain work. Philadelphia, post-graduate. Porcelain. Masonic Temple, first floor.

WOOLVERTON & BENTLEY, DEN-tists, 216 Dundas street, next Dent Bros., over Catron's & Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 422.

DR. G. H. KENNEDY, DENTIST—Specialty, preservation of natural teeth. 1625 Dundas street, Phone 516.

DR. S. M. THOMAS, DENTIST, 2524 Dundas, between Wellington and Clarence.

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED FOR S. S. NO. 18. Moore's duties to commence Aug. 20. Frank Young, Ladysmith, Ont. 53m

SITUATIONS VACANT.

SITUATIONS AND OPENINGS IN Winnipeg and the Canadian North-West can be found by advertising in the Free Press. Good results are obtained by almost four columns of "situations vacant," male and female, advertisements. Sample copies free. Address Free Press, Winnipeg, mentioning this paper.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

CAUSTIC SODA IN CWT. DRUMS. Robin by the barrel. Water tanks. The London Soap Company.

SPEEDIEST RUNABOUT IN THE country, in fine condition, for one-third cost, at Horton's, 461 Richmond street.

RAMBLER TOURING CAR, 1906 MODEL. 18-horsepower, side entrance, complete, with acetylene gas generators and electric horn, etc. Price, \$800. 24, Advertiser.

RUNABOUT—HORSEPOWER AUTO-mobile, practically new; worth \$650; no reasonable offer refused. Box 26, Advertiser.

RUSSELL AUTOMOBILE, MODEL A. With all 1906 improvements. 12-horsepower; owner buying Model B. Russell; price, \$900. Box 29, Advertiser.

\$3.00 WILL BUY A NICE PAIR OF shoes at Wm. Faxman's, 290 Dundas.

SADDLE HORSE, PACING ROADSTER and two reliable delivery horses. Particulars Box 24, Advertiser.

SPRINGS, MATTRESSES AND IRON beds. Special low prices this week at Keene Bros., 125 and 127 King street.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL PIANO AT \$100; payable \$3 per month. A handsome-ly-carved cabinet organ at \$40, payable \$2 per month. Both fully guaranteed. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence, London.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS DRY WHITE ash, 1, 2 and 3 inches thick. J. W. Smith, Maple and Richmond.

JAMES GLEESON, MANUFACTURER of the celebrated Sangle hairgrower, removed to 611 Dundas street.

THREE PIANO BARGAINS—HARD-man, New York, \$90; Dunham, New York, \$100; Niles, New York, \$110. All three, \$25 cash, 14, 188 Dundas street, London.

FOR SALE—SEVERAL NEW AND second-hand gasoline engines, cheap. D. McKenzie & Co., 235 Richmond street.

REMOVAL SALE—PARLOR SUITES, couches, odd pieces, at cost. Patten, Upholsterer, Dundas street.

CREDIT—ONE DOLLAR DOWN AND one dollar a week buys \$25 worth of furniture at Patten's, 470 Dundas street.

SOUTHCOTT & KITTLE—THE NEW coal and wood yard, corner Maitland and G. T. R. Phone 238.

CARLOADS OF WALLPAPER JUST IN—Sale continues; chance of your life; tremendous bargains. Scarrow, Dundas.

DEERING BINDER, NEARLY NEW. Apply Tanton's Storage, 143 York street.

FINE FIVE-YEAR-OLD BAY GELD-ing, 16 hands high; extra good roadster; sound; price, \$100. J. H. H. Johnson Bros., 222 South street.

SEVERAL SLIGHTLY USED NEW Williams sewing machines, at low prices; also Singer, Raymond and White machines. 441 Richmond street.

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—SEE what we have. F. O. Orr, Fish Market, Phone 1284.

AUTOMOBILE—NEW TOURING CAR, 12-h.p., bargain. Apply C. Barton Electric Manufacturing Company, Tecumseh.

FINE STOCK OF SHOES—ALSO SHOE repairing. Wm. Faxman, 290 Dundas street. Phone 1306.

LATEST FURNITURE, REFRIGERA-tors, carpets, art squares and linoleums. Engr. terms at M. Hornstein's, 229 South street.

STOVES, RANGES AND FURNITURE at Keene's, 141 King street. New and second-hand.

FIFTEEN FEET OF OFFICE DESKS and fixtures, also one set of six on platform scales. Apply 220 Clarence street.

NEW BICYCLES, 22, GOOD SECOND-hand wheels, \$10. Easy terms. Bicycle sundries and repairs. J. H. Cummins, 411 Queen's avenue.

WILL BUY GOOD SECOND-HAND automobile at Horton's, London.

NEW LADY-BEARING RAYMOND Sewing machine—Best attachments, ten-year guarantee; elegant, durable. Second-hand machines. 225 Dundas. H. Clark, manager.

D. H. GILLIES & CO., COAL AND wood dealers. Wood cut specially. Try load 2 wood. Corner Adelaide and Bathurst. Phone 1112.

RE-UPHOLSTERING—EXPERT WORK. Parlor suites, specially adapted for upholstery. "Reliance Upholstering," J. R. Vesie, 278 Dundas.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert advertisement in this paper. Herald, the recognized want medium of the city, is a word, or three consecutive insertions for 25 words, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month, 25c yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—LIGHT MANUFACTURING business; one of the other of same kind in Canada; splendid opportunity for right man; only \$1,000 cash required; good reason for selling. Thomas C. Knott, Room 101, Masonic Temple.

NICE BUSINESS FOR SALE—GOOD reason for selling out. Apply Box 27, Advertiser.

MANUFACTURING PICTURE FRAMES and moldings; large wholesale trade; big profits; first-class jobbing concern; rent or sell premises, 114 South street. J. F. Sanger, 112 Masonic Temple.

FOR SALE—WALKER'S BLACKSMITH and wood shops, on easy terms. Apply Wm. Walker, Odell P. O.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

C. S. TAMLIN, VETERINARY SUR-geon—Office, 323 Talbot; phone 763. Residence, 354 Oxford; phone 763.

TENNENT, BARNES & TENNENT, veterinary surgeons—Office, 137 King; residence and infirmary, corner King and Wellington. Phones: Office, 638; house, 278.

ARCHITECTS.

114, second floor, Masonic Temple. Phone 1537.

HERBERT MATTHEWS, ARCHITECT. W. Fletcher Shepherd (late of Toronto), architect, Dundas block. Phone.

H. C. MURPHY, ARCHITECT—SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers.

REMOVAL—GEORGE CRADDOCK, architect, 461 Talbot.

MOORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS—LAND SURVEYORS, CIVIL ENGINEERS. John M. Moore, Frederick Henry.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SUMMER COTTAGES—FURNISHED cottages to rent at Ipperwash Beach, between Kettle Point and Stony Point. Good fishing, bathing and swimming. Safe beach for children. Supplies guaranteed. Seven miles from Forest, Apply Charles Rogers, Ravenswood.

If You Had the Experience of Other Successful Advertisers

You would always use ADVERTISER Want Ads., for everyone who uses them knows that they are the best result producers. Follow those who know and don't waste money. Get in

THE BEST and be in it ALWAYS!

Ten Words Three Days 20 Cents

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.

TO RENT—LOT ON WALNUT STREET.

TO RENT—LOT NO. 6, CON. 4, MCGILLIVRAY Township, village of Maguire.

TO RENT—COTTAGE AT GRAND

TO LET—LAW OFFICE, THREE

TO LET—MANUFACTURING FLAT.

FACTORY OR WAREHOUSE TO LET.

THREE LARGE FURNISHED FRONT

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VANS.

NEW TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE.

HOUSES TO LET AND FOR SALE ON

TO LET—FOUR ACRES AND HOUSE.

TO LET—FURNISHED COTTAGE; TEN

PEOPLE'S MOVING VANS—LARGEST

FOREST CITY IMPROVED MOVING

CLEANERS AND DYERS.

LANGLEY, MY VALET—CLEANING.

LIVERIES AND HACKS.

DYER'S LIVERY, NEXT ADVERTISER.

KING EDWARD LIVERY, WELING-

VOICE PRODUCTION AND SINGING.

GEORGE C. PHELPS, ORGANIST

J. W. PETHERSTON, ORGANIST

W. A. BLEUTHNER, TEACHER OF

INSURANCE.

E. J. MACROBERT.

General and District Agent for Western

Ontario, Fire, Life, Accident and Plate

Class Insurance effected. English, Ameri-

can and Canadian companies represented.

Room 107, Masonic Temple, London, Ont.

Telephone 449.

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London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1853.
TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.Business Office107
Editorial Department134
Job Department175
The London Advertiser Company,
Limited, 191-193 Dundas street, Lon-
don, Ont.LONDON, THURSDAY, JUNE 14.
THE MUCK-RAKERS AND THE
ARCTIC.

The London Free Press shows a long nose for scandal when it is willing to use the evidence of the witness Duchesnay, before the special committee at Ottawa, to smirch the officers and crew of the steamer Arctic. It pretends to find something shocking in the story that Esquimaux women were frequently on board the Arctic during its sojourn in the ice at Fullerton, on the Labrador coast, and that dances were held on board and the natives sometimes given refreshments. Even if these statements are true, was it a crime for the crew to treat the Esquimaux in a friendly manner, and endeavor to break the dreary monotony of life in the sub-Arctic wastes by such social pleasures as their resources permitted?

Duchesnay was the steward of the boat, and admitted that he "had his knife out" for Major Moody, who had fined him \$5 for taking a bottle of gin and becoming intoxicated. Here is an extract from his evidence under cross-examination by Mr. Pardee:

Mr. Pardee—Had you not your knife out for the Major?

Mr. Duchesnay—Well, perhaps I had.

Mr. Pardee—Just a little.

Mr. Duchesnay—Well, I ought to; I had reason.

Mr. Pardee—There was blood on the moon between you and the Major?

Mr. Duchesnay—Yes.

Mr. Pardee—You said that when you got a chance you were going to tell Mr. Monk?

Mr. Duchesnay—I said I was going to tell Mr. Monk.

Mr. Pardee—And when you were going to give your evidence you said there was to be war with Moody?

Mr. Duchesnay—I don't know that I said that.

Mr. Pardee—You could not specify a single case of impropriety. He saw no women on the vessel at night though he "heard" there was some trouble of that kind. He "heard" also that there was gambling on board, but he saw no money. He insinuated that Government stores were given the Esquimaux in exchange for furs, which were taken on board in bales and barrels and afterwards transferred to the steamer Neptune, upon which Major Moody left for the far north; but when closely questioned he could only say that the barrels transferred to the Neptune resembled those taken on board the Arctic.

These inequalities are impressive, and a graduated tax will be frank discrimination against wealth and property; but the British Government stands on the theory that taxation should bear some relation toward the ability to bear it. The principle of the succession duty is the same. There may be doctrinaire and plutocratic protests against such legislation, but in all progressive countries taxation is now regarded as an instrument for securing a wider diffusion of wealth.

While there is no difference in the conduct of the offending writers on La Presse and the Mail and Empire, there is a great difference between the objects of their attack. Sir Wilfrid Laurier is too great a man to be injured by the calumnies of an enemy, or to treat them with anything but contempt.

THE LATE MR. JEWELL.

The death of Mr. George F. Jewell is a great loss to London. He reorganized the city's finances and placed them on a sound and systematic basis. He was familiar with every detail of municipal government, and as the chief auditor of the municipality, exercised a good deal of authority in a quiet but determined manner. He seldom showed his hand, but it was constantly guiding the various civic bodies, and every member of these can testify to the great debt which the city owes to his safe and prudent counsel. He was the type of public servant that regards office as a private trust, and he had a bed-rock integrity of character upon which every person who had dealings with him absolutely reposed.

WEALTH AND TAXATION.

President Roosevelt's recent speech, in which he advocated an inheritance tax to prevent fortunes "swollen beyond healthy limits" from descending intact from one individual to another, was construed in many quarters as an attack on property, and denounced as the utterance of a demagogue. Chancellor Day, of Syracuse University, a seat of learning which owes much to Mr. Rockefeller's bounty, described Roosevelt as a more dangerous enemy of society than Hearst. It is curious that principles of taxation which are deemed revolutionary in the United States are accepted in Great Britain as a matter of course. The new chancellor of the exchequer announces, for instance, that the principle of graduated income taxation will be widely extended. The present law exempts all incomes under \$800, and allows a rebate to those whose incomes are under \$1,500 a year. It is now proposed to make the larger incomes subject to heavier and progressive taxation. For the year 1904 the British treasury returns show the total number of persons assessed on incomes to have been 451,323 in Great Britain, and but 29,200 in Ireland. In the latter country not a single income of over \$250,000 was returned, and only 1,553 persons returned incomes exceeding \$2,000. In Great Britain 19 persons returned incomes of over \$250,000, and 219 persons declared incomes of over \$50,000, but under \$250,000.

At the lower end of the scale 132,000 persons had incomes of exactly \$300 a year, while 140,154 persons returned themselves as receiving over \$300, but less than \$1,000. Thus more than one-half of those who pay income taxes pay on incomes between \$300 and \$1,000.

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voluntary movement of the nose. The imagination is still haunted by that piece of very offensive cartoon which my primitive ancestor with a prejudice for raw meat found too strong for him, so strong that his nose rejected it at once.

SOME TIME YOU SHALL KNOW.

[Eugene Field.]
Last night, my darling, as you slept,
I thought I heard you sigh—
And to your little crib I crept
And watched a space there by;
And then I stooped and kissed your brow,
For oh, I love you so,
You are too young to know it now,
But some time you shall know.

Some time when in a darkened place
Where others come to weep,
Your eyes shall see a weary face
Calm in eternal sleep.
The specious lips, the wrinkled brow,
The patient smile may show—
You are too young to know it now,
But some time you shall know.

Look backward, dear, into the years,
And see me here tonight—
See O my darling how my tears
Are falling as I write,
And feel once more upon your brow
The kiss of long ago—
You are too young to know it now,
But some time you shall know.

SLOW FELLOW.
[Philadelphia Press.]
"Great news!" cried Jack excitedly.
"What is it?" asked his cousin May.
"I'm going to marry Vera Koy."

"Pshaw! that's not news!" she asked.
"I'm a month ago if I'd be her bridesmaid."

THE LIFE-SAVERS.

[Judge.]
Inquiring Female: "And what do you do captain, when it's too rough to go out in the boat?"

Captain: "Well, ma'am, if the wreck ain't too far off, we generally tries to get out in the boat."

Inquiring Female: "Oh, the poor little fellow! But don't his parents object?"

A MOSQUITO LULLABY.

[Puck.]
Hush, little skeeterbug, hush a-bye,
Mother will rock him don't you cry;
I know you are hungry, my little sweet,
With nothing to drink and so little to eat.
The natives are tough, and their blood is thin,
But the city folks soon will be rolling in—
Hush, little buzzer, go bye.

Hush, little skeeterbug, hush a-bye,
Think of the summertime, just you try!
Chubby old ladies, and thin old boys,
Plump little children, and joy of joys!
Fat little babies, all fresh and sweet,
And juicy and juicy for you to eat!
Hush, little buzzer, go bye.

Hush, little skeeterbug, hush a-bye,
Soon you'll be ready to buzz and fly;
Daddy will sharpen your dear little bill,
And mother will teach you to bite, she will!
Maybe they think we are slow and dumb,
But we're not afraid of petroleum!
Hush, little buzzer, go bye.

PARLOR TALK.

[Philadelphia Press.]
"Good morning," said the piano stool.
"By the way, I observed that you started to smoke last night when Miss Yerner was entertaining Mr. Sloman."

"Yes," replied the parlor lamp, "I saw she was waiting for an excuse to turn me down."

WATER TROUGHS.

[Brooklyn Eagle.]
Yes, that's true enough. There are not half enough drinking troughs in this big town for the horses and dogs, and too many for men who won't drink water.

OLD-FASHIONED ROSES.

[James Whitcomb Riley.]
They ain't no style about 'em,
And they're sort of pale and faded,
Yit the doorway here without 'em
Would be lonesome and shaded.
With a good 'ol fashioned rose,
Than the mornin' glories makes,
And the sunshine would look sadder
For their good 'ol fashioned sakes.

I like 'em 'cause they kind of
Sort of make a feller feel like 'em,
And I tell you when I find a
Bunch out whur the sun kin strike 'em,
It 'lubs sets me thinkin'—
O the ones 'at used to grow
And peek in through the chinkin'
Of the cabin door you know.

And then I think of mother,
And how she used to love 'em
When they wasn't any other
'Less she found 'em up above 'em.
And her eyes afore her nose,
Whispered, with a smile, and said
We must pick a bunch and put 'em
In her hand when she wuz dead.

But as I wuz a sayin'
They ain't no style about 'em
Very gaudy or displayin',
'Cause I'm happier in the roses,
'Cause I'm happier in the roses,
'Cause I'm happier in the roses,
'Cause I'm happier in the roses,
'Cause I'm happier in the roses.

IN ONE PARTICULAR.
[Chicago Tribune.]
"Ah you people in this part of the country interested in the spelling reform?" asked the New England college professor.

"Sort of," answered the wild westerner. "We believe you people ought to use the letter 'r' a little more than you do."

CHOICE OF EVILS.
[Chicago News.]
Smiley—I hope you won't mind if I bring a friend home to dinner tonight, dear?

Mrs. Smiley—Oh, no; that is better than being brought home by a friend after dinner.

CIVILIZATION.
[S. E. Kiser.]
The savage with his poisoned spear
We deem contemptible and low;
The culture which to us is dear
Is something that he cannot know.
Yet while he ignores the law but roars,
And o'er his bleeding victim roars,
We pay strong men to guard our home
And beat those who would cut our throats.

We pity those benighted bands
Who yield to greed an open course.
Those leaders slain with bloody hands
And recognize no law but force.
Yet while we pity we must fight
For law intended to restrain
The greedy ones who deem it right
To rob and crush us for their gain.

UNANSWERABLE.
[La Nota Final.]
"Don't you love me any more, Ricardo?"

"No."

"Why not, dearest?"

"Because I care only for married women."

"Then why not marry me?"

DICK SEDDON
AND HIS WORK

[From the Toronto Star.]

The fortunes of Richard Seddon, who died Prime Minister of New Zealand, were quite as remarkable as those of that other "prentice boy," Richard Whittington, who was thrice Lord Mayor of London. Both began obscurely, both had their careers determined by accident, both rose to wealth and high station, and both walked before kings ere their time came to lay down earthly honors. When history slips into legend it will probably be told of Dick Seddon that he was a greater man than Dick Whittington because he was a greater democrat.

Seddon was not a man of large intellectual gifts, but he had driving power and an astounding love of his fellowman, qualities which served to place him among the benefactors of mankind because his impulses were right. He did not derive his social philosophy from books, but from hard experience. When he was a lad in England he was a fomentor of discord among his fellow workmen, a kicker against the pricks, what would be called a mauvais sujet. Very wisely, as one says now, he betook himself to other fields where there were not so many fences to annoy a free spirit, to new lands with new skies which did not press so hard on the man of humble birth and high ambition.

New Zealand was just the country in the way of proof that state socialism could work out its destiny. Once a convict colony, its vogue gone with the prisoners that used to make it populous, some hundreds of miles off the beaten track of ships, it was the ideal spot for sociological experiments.

Seddon came along, and working, striving, year by year, he rough-hewed it into a utopia which has attracted the attention of the whole world. His sagacious conduct of affairs has put it in the public eye, and the state socialism is not the chimerical dream which monopolists and selfish advocates of the present adjustments would have it to be.

Seddon was no closet theorist. Fate and his own merits had placed him in a position where he could do good, and he set about doing it. When it came to measures of reform he thought with his heart—which is, after all, the true way for statesmen to think, because the heart compasses the truest knowledge of the human mind much more quickly than the mind. He had the great advantage of having felt his ideas, rather than having read them in books. They burned in him as no printed page, calmly presented on a placard, could.

His ideas, whether they belonged to the common stock or not—were his own, because he saw them first with his own soul. He always feels toward his people as a child, and he did everything in his power to help them along. He pushed them forward as if no man ever had such fine ideas before. Fortunately he lived in a country where the people were not too stupid to follow him, and he was able to stifle his earnest personal opinions as to the best way to do things, and to listen to his frank doctrine, which considered no interest but the common weal. Public ownership, old age pensions, arbitration of labor disputes—these are some of the outstanding features of the New Zealand policy which owes its present form chiefly to the efforts of Richard Seddon.

Big Dick Seddon was too much of an Englishman to take up with the long-haired tribe of Socialists who whoop that property is theft. He believed that the Englishman's home is his castle, and that a bit of freedom and is every man's right, as it should be his pleasure and his incentive to domestic virtue and good citizenship. There are millions of Socialists, scattered over the world, who do not differ one iota from the former Premier of New Zealand, their notion being that the state can manage some things better than private individuals, and that as for the rest, it is the duty of governments to provide that equality of opportunity which Richard Seddon had at the back of his mind in most of his public acts.

That Richard Seddon was not a Socialist of the New Zealand stamp may be judged from the fact that he was an Imperialist—he believed in authority and plenty of it. It is to be hoped that there is in New Zealand some clear-eyed, strong-armed, bustling prophet on whom the mantle of Elijah may fall. The New Zealand experiment has not broken down yet. Another man like Seddon might carry it forward to that stage where it would stand as a model and an encouragement to many other countries.

NOVA SCOTIA NOMINATES
Halifax, June 13. — Today was nomination day in Nova Scotia. The general elections take place June 29. There are straight party candidates in fifteen out of the eighteen counties. In two counties, Victoria and Antigonish, Liberals are elected by acclamation, one of whom is Premier Murray. Little interest throughout the province is taken in the result, which is almost sure to show a Liberal landslide. Leader of the Opposition Tannar has declared squarely for prohibition.

MINISTER EXPELLED.
Toronto, Ont., June 13. — A. E. Henderson, secretary of the Henderson Roller Bearing Company, was today expelled from the Methodist Ministerial Association of this district. His name was taken off the list unconditionally and his ordination papers and credentials were handed over.

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J. H. CHAPMAN & CO
Friday Bargains

Tomorrow will witness a wonderful clearing out in all departments. This Friday sale shines with big bargains. Come and buy and in buying save money.

A Very Special Sale in Women's Wearables

Women's Summer Dresses—The summer season is here and the demand for light, cool outerwear steadily increases. For ordinary everyday wear nothing can take the place of a shirt-waist suit. Tomorrow we offer what is indisputably the biggest bargain of the season in women's cool, fresh, wash suits—thoroughly made skirt and waist to match, exactly the style of suit you want for present wear. On sale tomorrow for the first time..... **\$2.85**

Wrappers

Ladies' Percale Wrappers, waist lined, skirt flounced; choice of light summer colors. Special Bargain Day price..... **69c**

Best fast colored Print Wrappers, all colors, black and white, reds, grays, blues, and pinks. Shoulders are trimmed with frills; all sizes. \$1.50 values, on sale Bargain Day..... **98c**

Tonight

Try a Cup of
"SALADA"
CEYLON TEATHE MOST DELICIOUS IN THE WORLD
YOUR GROCER SELLS IT
25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. LEAD PACKETS ONLY.

TANGLED THREADS

"Yes," he said at length, "I believe I could even meet and conquer that seemingly impossible barrier. But I will not weary you by pressing you further now. Just let me say this: I love you with my whole heart, there is nothing I would not do for you and yours, and I am willing to marry you, deeming it happiness enough to have you bear my name, to see you every day in my home, to provide you with the comforts of life, and never trouble you with a word of reproach until you voluntarily signify your willingness to listen to them. Think of this for a few days, then tell me which of my two propositions you will accept, for something must be done for your good immediately. Meantime, I will not once mention the subject to you."

They had turned into the street where Helen lived while he was saying this, and stopped before her door as he ceased.

He assisted her to alight, bade her a cheerful good night, then re-entered the carriage and drove away, a heavy frown on his brow, a sullen fire in his eyes.

"It would be devilish luck if I should love that ten thousand after all," he muttered, as he gave his steed the vicious cut with the whip to ease his long pent-up anger.

As Helen went slowly up the two flights of stairs to her humble home, she was thoughtfully considering what Hubert had just been saying to her, her face grave and pale, her eyes full of pain and yearning.

"I can't do it! Oh, Robt! Robt! though you are false as false can be to me, I love you still; I shall love you forever," she moaned, great sobs heaving in her chest.

But as she inserted her latchkey in the door of her suite the sound of a hard, racking cough smote upon her ears.

"Oh!" she gasped, catching her breath spasmodically, "but I must not let her—die. Is there no other way?"

She found no other sitting up in her invalid chair, but looking waxen white and apparently exhausted by her recent fit of coughing.

"How have you been, dearest?" Helen questioned, as she bent over and softly kissed her damp forehead.

"My cough has been rather troublesome, but it is getting cooler now, and I hope I shall have a good night," the invalid weakly returned.

"I am sorry I left you alone," said Helen, conscience-stricken, her voice full of remorse.

"You need not be—I was glad to have you go, for you needed the change, and you could not have asked anything by remaining," Mrs. Seymour returned; then asked, "did you have a pleasant drive?"

"Yes; the park is beautiful, the trees and grass so tenderly green, and the flowers and landscape effects are gorgeous. I wish you could see them for yourself," Helen replied, and trying to speak cheerfully, for she did not wish her mother to suspect how heavy of heart she was.

She then hurried away to change her dress, and prepare her evening meal, for the wan face before her suggested the need of nourishment.

But even when the meal was ready and the table spread in a most tempting manner, Mrs. Seymour had no appetite, and scarcely tasted the various viands set before her.

She retired soon afterward, but not to sleep, for Helen could hear her tossing and turning and coughing far into the small hours of the morning, which so worried and disturbed her that she found herself saying:

"I must do it—there is no other way; I will do it. I cannot let her die; oh! I cannot let her die!"

And she fell asleep just as the dawn was breaking, with those sentences ringing their fateful changes in her brain.

CHAPTER XXI.

Helen was absent-minded and depressed all day Monday. She could not concentrate her thoughts upon her

To Catarrh Sufferers

Hyomei Cures by Breathing Medicated Air.

The popularity and increase in the sales of Hyomei are unique in the annals of medicine. Such astonishing cures have been made by this remedy that its sale is steadily increasing every year.

The complete Hyomei outfit costs but \$1.00, and consists of an inhaler that can be carried in the vest pocket, a medicine dropper, and a bottle of Hyomei. The inhaler lasts a life-time and if one bottle does not cure, an extra bottle of Hyomei can be obtained for 50 cents. It is the most economical of all remedies advertised for the cure of catarrh, and is the only one that follows nature in her method of treating diseases of the respiratory organs.

Breathe through the inhaler for a few minutes four times a day, and your catarrh is cured. That's all. If you cannot obtain Hyomei of your dealer, it will be forwarded by mail postage paid, on receipt of price. Write today for consultation blank that will entitle you to services of our medical department without charge. The T. Booth Company, Hyomei Building, Ithaca, N. Y.

work, and her teachers, observing this, inquired if she was ill.

This aroused her for awhile, but she soon lapsed back into her former apathetic state, and was truly thankful when her duties were ended and she was at liberty to go home.

"Mamma, is there not some way that we can raise money enough to go to the Adirondacks for the summer?" she inquired, while they were partaking of their evening meal. "We own the cottage, and having no rent to pay, we could live on very little if we could secure that little and enough to cover our traveling expenses."

"I have been thinking along the same line today," Mrs. Seymour responded, with a weary sigh, for she had spent many anxious hours revolving first one plan and then another that would enable her to go somewhere for health.

"I suppose," she resumed, "that we might sell off our furniture here, although a forced sale would bring us but very little—it would be about like throwing everything away, and then we should have nothing to start with again if—when we came back in the fall. Then I had thought of mortgaging the cottage—"

"Why, my dear, we might do that," said Helen, brightening visibly. "How strange that the plan had not occurred to me? Or could you not sell that mortgage you hold?"

"I suppose I could," she was thoughtfully replying, "only I should probably have to undersell and lose the accrued interest, besides. No, on the whole, I think it would be better to borrow three or four hundred dollars on the cottage, make a bold strike for the Adirondacks, store our furniture here, unless we can subrent, and—trust the rest."

Helen grasped eagerly at the plan, and thought, with the hopefulness of youth, that they had actually found a way out of their difficulties—felt that she would be freed from the terrible sacrifice which only the night before she had almost made up her mind to make.

"Oh, I wish we had thought of this before," she said regretfully, as she searched her mother's white, wan face, but I will go to the bank and broker the first thing tomorrow morning, and see what arrangements I can make."

They discussed the proposition more at length during the evening, and finally retired, feeling much more hopeful than for many days.

Instead of going to school as usual the following morning, Helen sought a broker, of whom she had heard, and, after presenting the necessary papers to prove her mother's title to the pretty cottage in the Adirondacks, stated that she wanted to raise the money immediately and left the matter with him.

She waited three days, but received no word from the broker, and on Thursday afternoon sought the man again, and was deeply disappointed to find that he had no encouragement to give her; he had laid the matter before several people, but no one seemed to care to loan money on property at such a distance; he said he hoped to be more successful in time, but it would take some weeks, sometimes months, before money could be raised in that way.

Helen's heart sank within her at this depressing information, for her mother had failed perceptibly during the last few days. But, of course, she was helpless, and went home in an almost desperate frame of mind.

What could she do? Which way turn?

Her head reeled as she retraced her steps; her skin was hot and dry; her eyes smarted and burned from the desire to weep, yet no tears would come to relieve her.

Oh, hers was a hard, cruel, bitter lot, she thought, and she could now understand how it was possible for people to become thieves for those whom they loved—sacrificing their honor for the sake of giving comfort and wealth to their suffering dear ones.

She believed she would almost be willing to steal the money herself if she knew just where to find what she so much needed.

The fatherly suggestion smote her with sudden horror, and she threw out her hand with a gesture of repudiation.

Then she began to laugh nervously. What need had she to steal, when she had but to sell that hand, and with it herself, in order to provide her mother with every needed comfort?

She wondered why she was laughing. Surely either crime was a poor subject to make merry over! Then she fell to shivering as she staggered onward, and finally reached home to find Hubert with her mother, and holding for her a saucer of luscious strawberries and cream, which he had brought and prepared for her in Helen's absence.

He had been there almost every day, instead of going without bringing the invalid fruits, flowers, wine or other dainties.

He had not once referred to the subject which he had broached on Sunday; but his manner toward Mrs. Seymour plainly indicated great anxiety, and that he feared the worst for her.

Friday the woman was too weak to rise or wait upon herself, and Helen as obliged to remain away from school.

Saturday she was no better, and suffered greatly, for the day was excessive heat, and when Hubert came in the evening he could see that Helen was nearly heart-broken from fear and worry. She could scarcely control her voice to greet him; her lips trembled with every word she uttered, and the look of a mortally wounded deer was in her eyes.

He had bought a box of ice cream for Mrs. Seymour, and the eagerness with which she seized and began to devour it was pitiful to see.

"Ah, this is delicious!" she exclaimed, with a laugh that was almost childish. "How cooling—how refreshing! Helen, it makes me think of the woods behind our cottage, and of that grotto by the stream there, where, even during the hottest day in summer, the water is ice cold. You remember, don't you, we used to go every day to fill our bottles, for it seemed purer than the water at the house?"

"Yes, I remember," the unhappy girl replied, but the lump in her throat almost choked her as she said it.

"Oh, how I wish I could have a drink of it this minute," Mrs. Seymour continued, yearningly, and toying with her spoon, for already the cream had begun to pall upon her capricious appetite, "and the wild strawberries must be nearly ripe in the pasture at the foot of Panther Mountain; the young wintergreens, too, must be just in their prime. Oh, Hubert, you have no idea how perfectly lovely it is up there among those grand old hills!"

She passed her plate to Helen as she concluded, the cream only partially eaten, and lay back upon her pillows with a weary sigh; and it seemed to the girl that she must scream aloud in her agony, for she knew just how her mother was yearning for the mountain, for the forest through which she loved to roam, and for the sound of that babbling brook by the grotto.

She excused herself, ostensibly to take the rejected cream into the kitchen, for she could contain herself no longer, and when Mrs. Seymour had fallen asleep—snooring in a perfect abandonment of grief.

"Helen, don't—don't!" she cried appealingly, and, bending down, she grasped her trembling hands, and, with a look of entreaty, she went on in a gently authoritative tone, "for I have good news for you. I have been acting without any license, but I felt justified in doing so. I used my half holiday today in going out to Yonkers, where, on the skirts of the town, on a thrifty farm, I had learned that board could be obtained at a very reasonable rate—only six dollars a week. I obtained the refusal of nice, airy rooms for you and your mother, and if you are pleased with the arrangements, I am to let Mrs. Knight, the farmer's wife, know on Monday. Now, dear, you will let me do this for you, will you not? Cannot you see that it is very necessary?" he concluded gravely.

But Helen's answer was a wilder burst of weeping than before. The flood-gates were unlocked, and she had lost all power to control her sorely and long tried nerves. Encouraged by the fact that she allowed her hands to lie, resting, in his clasp, the young man knelt upon the floor beside her, slipped his arms around her, drew her head upon his shoulder, and held her thus until the force of her grief was spent.

And Helen, conscious that she could battle no longer against her fate, rested there within his embrace without realising him, and feeling as if he were the only friend and support she had in the world.

At last, he lifted her head, and wiped the tears from her cheeks.

"How good you are to us, Hubert!" she said gratefully; "how thoughtful it was of you to go to Yonkers today upon such an errand! Truly, you are a friend in need!"

"And you will go, Helen?" he cried eagerly. "You will let me telegraph Mrs. Knight that she may make ready for you?"

Helen flushed hotly. He had said nothing about expecting any return for what he had done for her, and she could not bring herself to open a discussion upon the subject. The thought of accepting as charity what he had suggested, even though so kindly offered, was none the less obnoxious to her.

There was, plainly, but one course for her to pursue, and that was to regard it in the light of a loan. Yet how was it ever to be paid? She shivered as she gently released herself from his still clinging arms.

"Six dollars!" she said reflectively. "That would be twelve dollars a week, and we may have to stay while those in the season. Besides, there will be incidentals, and the expense of breaking up here and storing our goods. Hubert, I am sure, I do not know as we could ever pay the money back; it seems like a great undertaking to me, and yet I can't see how the change is absolutely necessary."

"Don't think of it as a debt, dear," said the young man, flushing. "I never want you to pay the money back, Helen. I want no compensation, unless the change is absolutely necessary."

She lifted an inquiring glance to him.

"Unless you will pay me in the way I have already suggested—by giving me the right to care for you always," he pleaded drooped. She had reached that point where she did not care much what became of her; she was ready to sacrifice everything in the world if she could only see her mother well again.

"You know what I have told you, Hubert; could you marry me under such circumstances?" she questioned in a scarcely audible voice.

"I have answered those objections already," he replied in a repressed tone; then he burst forth passionately: "Oh, Helen, if you will give yourself to me, I shall be the happiest fellow alive! You shall never regret it; I will spare nothing to make your life as perfect and complete as you can desire. Will you—oh, will you be my wife?"

She had grown deathly white while he was speaking, for already she felt ashamed and degraded, as if she were baring herself, and yet she had made up her mind that she could not accept her own mother's support from him without making him some adequate return.

"There is no other way," she sighed, the doubtful acquiescence leaping involuntarily from her lips; "and, if you choose to take me under existing conditions, I—I will be as faithful to you as I know how to be."

Hubert Alton was in a secret transport of joy.

He had won at last! The battle had been a long and harassing struggle, and the victory was but a sorry one at best, since he could not fail to understand that Helen was simply making a vicarious offering of herself; that poverty and despair had absolutely driven her to his protection.

But, in his avarice and selfishness, these circumstances seemed, for the

moment, of minor importance. He loved Helen, if she did not love him; she would become his wife, and he would be very proud of her, for she was beautiful and talented, and—the ten thousand dollars, which seemed a fortune to him, would also become his.

These ends attained, the future would take care of itself, or, at least, so he hopefully reasoned.

"If I choose to take you, Helen," he whispered, unable to speak aloud from the intensity of his emotions, and again drawing her into his arms, "of course I shall choose, and feel blessed beyond expression in so doing. My darling, I am happier at this moment than I ever dared to expect to be, and I will be so faithful and devoted to you that I will counsel your truest affections to turn to me. Now, dear, when may I claim my bride?" he concluded, in a voice that was tremulous with repressed triumph.

"Whenever you like," she murmured faintly, and becoming almost unconscious in view of the step that she had taken, and which now seemed irrevocable.

"Then, of course, the sooner the better," Hubert observed; "for we must get our mother—she will henceforth be really mine, as well as yours—out of this hot city with all possible dispatch."

"Yes—yes," said Helen, with eager impetuosity. "Oh, if she could only go tomorrow!"

"I doubt if Mrs. Knight could get ready for you so soon as that," said the young man thoughtfully; "but I think it could be arranged by Tuesday, if she should be strong enough then for the journey. And would you be willing to be married on Tuesday?" he concluded, with some trepidation.

"Yes, if you like."

A flush of exultation swept over his face at her ready response.

"I think I can get leave of absence for the day, in view of the importance of the occasion," he said. "We will be married at noon, and take the afternoon train for Yonkers, only it will be a trial to have to leave you there; but I shall come to you again on Saturday."

He bent, as if to kiss the pale face that rested against his shoulder; but something in his frozen look deterred him, and he simply lifted one hand, and tenderly smoothed back a few stray locks that had fallen over her forehead.

He then began to talk of the arrangements that would be necessary to make for the coming change, and Helen aroused herself to discuss them with him, and they decided not to discuss the suite before leaving it, lest the confusion and excitement should make Mrs. Seymour worse.

After they were nicely settled in the country, Helen said, she would come in town some day, and together they could pack and store the furniture until it should be wanted again in the fall.

The marriage, too, must be very quiet, in their little parlor, with no one present save the clergyman and her mother, after which they would drive directly to the station, and get their dear invalid into the pure air of the country before nightfall.

[To be Continued.]

ENGLAND'S GOOD CITIZENS

Civic Federation Visitors Surprised at Time Given to Municipal Affairs.

Manchester, June 12.—The members of the American Civic Federation since visiting Glasgow have investigated the gas and electric works at Newcastle. Today they visited the municipal electric plant here. They will return to this city on June 19 after visiting Sheffield, Birmingham and Liverpool to investigate the Manchester gas works and tramways.

Thus far the investigations have not failed to diminish the various groups of the members of the federation. The supporters of municipal ownership today found additional support for their views in the successful and profitable venture of the Manchester municipal electric works, while those opposing municipal ownership point out that the workings of private concerns show greater profits and a more economical management. The members who are on the fence are still straddling, and have been noting to cause them to change their opinions.

What has impressed all the members of the federation, however, is the remarkably high character of the men constituting municipal governments in Great Britain, who devote as much attention to municipal affairs as men in the United States devote to their private business.

At a luncheon the city government tendered to the members of the federation at the city hall today was a councilor who has been a member of the government for 29 years, and who retired from business in order to devote all his time and energies to the affairs of the city.

The visitors express appreciation of the kindness and hospitality shown by everybody with whom they are brought in contact. All the municipal officers and the owners of private concerns show readiness to give them all the facts and figures they desire.

HUSBAND DEAD IN DREAM

Waking, Woman Found Spouse Hanging in a Cellar, a Suicide.

New York, June 12.—Tired of waiting for her husband to come home, Mrs. Mary Bohland, of No. 57 Henry street, Jamaica, went to bed about 2 o'clock yesterday morning. She awakened suddenly from a dream, in which the body of her husband was seen by her suspended from a rafter in the cellar. Springing from her bed, she hurried

to the cellar, and there, true to her dream, was the dead body of her husband, Nicholas Bohland, 57 years old. He had made a noose of a new pair of suspenders, and after making it fast to his neck and a rafter, had kicked a barrel from beneath him.

Bohland suffered greatly from the heat Saturday. He left the house in the evening, promising to return in an hour. His wife believes that his mind had become unbalanced.

TAKE THE EXCURSION.

Take the special Foresters' Excursion train leaving Canadian Pacific depot at 7:30 a.m., on Saturday, June 16, for Detroit. Return tickets, good for three days, \$1.60. If you wish to return Saturday, special train leaves Detroit at 8:30 p.m. (eastern time), arrive London at 11:30 p.m. Tickets on sale at C. P. R. city ticket office, corner Dundas and Richmond. 62u

ANT CRAWLED INTO EAR

It Raised Nod With Waugh, But Doctor Drowned Insect Out.

Bridgeport, Conn., June 13.—Geo. Waugh lay down to take a nap on the grass yesterday afternoon, and after an hour's peaceful sleep, he was awakened by excruciating pains in his head.

The pains were caused by an insidious ant, who happened along and, seeing Waugh's ear, decided that the orifice would make a very comfortable home. In the ant's endeavor to explore the subterranean depths thoroughly it scratched and beat on the Waugh tympanum until he thought there was a drum corps in his head. He rushed into the house, but could get no relief. Then he hurried to the Emergency Hospital. There Dr. Krauss told Waugh to lie down on the operating table. The doctor poured water into his ear for a couple of minutes. The ant was drowned and floated out bloated and almost unrecognizable. Waugh will no longer sleep on the grass unless he wears ear-muffs.

IRONING BOARDS

for ironing skirts and shirtwaists. It has a special feature for keeping the skirt off the floor while in the process of ironing.

\$2.25

Auxiliary Ironing Boards

for sleeves and gathers. Covered with felt, clamps on any table, turns back when not in use. 35 cents

Westman's Hardware

121 Dundas Street. Phone 360

STOCK-TAKING
SALE

We take inventory July 1, and are determined to reduce our large stock of

PIANOS AND ORGANS
SMALL PRICES--BIG VALUES

Nordheimer Piano, upright, slightly used, handsome mahogany case, as good as new	\$275
Haines & Co., upright, 7 1-3 octaves, mahogany case	\$265
Gerhard - Heintzman, upright colonial grand, handsome walnut case. This is the best piano manufactured by them	\$255
Boardman & Gray (New York), 7 1-3 octaves, handsome rosewood case	\$125
Haines Bros. (New York), A No. 1 condition	\$110
Dunham (New York), 7 1-3 octaves, rosewood case	\$100
Nitschke, 7 1-3 octaves, splendid condition	\$95
Hardman (New York), 7 1-3 octaves	\$85
Billings & Co. (New York), 7 1-2 octaves	\$80

And 12 other Good Practice Pianos from \$25 up. All above fully guaranteed. Upwards of 50 Organs from \$10 up.

ONE-QUARTER OFF Victor Gramophones, Berliner Gramophones and Records, Banjos, Guitars, Mandolins, Violins, Band Instruments, Fittings, Etc., Etc., until July 1.

EASY TERMS IF DESIRED. TEN PER CENT OFF FOR CASH. CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

NORDHEIMER'S Limited.
188 Dundas Street, London.

Greatest Wine and Spirit Merchants in the World

From a modest beginning a half-century ago, the firm of W. & A. Gilbey has grown till it now controls more than \$12,500,000 capital, employs an army of officials and operatives, owns famous Distilleries in Scotland and England, equally famous Vineyards in France, properties in Oporto and Cognac, agencies in every part of the world, and distributes annually more than 15,000,000 bottles of Wines and Spirits, the

Absolute Purity and Genuineness OF WHICH ARE STRICTLY GUARANTEED UNDER ACTS OF PARLIAMENT (38 and 39 Vic., Cap. 63, 50 and 51 Vic., Cap. 28)

Notable as they are in such distinctions, W. & A. Gilbey are famous also as growers and distillers—producers of

All-Pure Malt Whiskies and Genuine Vintage Wines

From among more than 350 Specialties the following are excellent for general consumption and particularly old and choice:

SPIRITS

"Strathmill" Scotch Whisky
Pure Malt, 6 years old.
"Spey Royal" Scotch Whisky
The choicest and oldest procurable. Distilled from specially selected Malted Barley.

Old Tom Gin—The finest quality.
London Dry Gin—The finest quality.
Plymouth Gin—Of fine delicate flavor.
Champagne Cognac, "Four Extraits in One" (Five Stars).

A Cognac Brandy of the finest quality.
Old Jamaica Rum, "The Governor General".
Of great age, with soft, mellow flavor.

Purity, Age and Quality absolutely guaranteed to be strictly in accordance with descriptions on the Labels.

W. & A. Gilbey

GROWERS DISTILLERS DISTRIBUTORS

FOR SALE BY
E. B. SMITH, Wine and Spirit Merchant,
131 DUNDAS STREET and 12 MARKET SQUARE, LONDON, ONT.

READ! MARK! LEARN!

that

(1) GLUTEN is the Extract of Wheat.
(2) GLUTEN is the most easily digested part of wheat.
(3) GLUTEN is absolutely free from starch.
(4) GLUTEN is the most nutritious food for everybody.

Diamond Wheatlets is 99 per cent Gluten
King of Breakfast Foods. Ask your Grocer for it.

Manufactured by
HUNT BROS., City Mills, London, Ont.

Tonight

Try a Cup of

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA
THE MOST DELICIOUS IN THE WORLD
YOUR GROCER SELLS IT
25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. LEAD PACKETS ONLY.

TANGLED THREADS

"Yes," he said at length, "I believe I could even meet and conquer that seemingly impossible barrier. But I will not weary you by pressing you further now. Just let me say this: I love you with my whole heart; there is nothing I would not do for you and yours, and I am willing to marry you, deeming it happiness enough to have you bear my name, to see you every day in my home, to provide you with the comforts of life, and never trouble you with a word of affection until you voluntarily signify your willingness to listen to them. Think of this for a few days, then tell me which of my two propositions you will accept, for something must be done for your mother immediately. Meantime, I will not once mention the subject to you."

"They had turned into the street where Helen lived while he was saying this, and stopped before her door as he ceased."

"He assisted her to alight, bade her a cheerful good night, re-entered the carriage and drove away, a heavy frown on his brow, a sullen fire in his eyes."

"It would be devilish luck if I should love that ten thousand acres of all he muttered, as he gave his steed a vicious cut with the whip to ease his long pent-up anger."

As Helen went slowly up the two flights of stairs to her humble home, she was thoughtfully considering what Hubert had just been saying to her, her face grave and pale, her eyes full of pain and yearning.

"I can't do it! Oh, Robt! Robt! though you are false as false can be to me, I love you still; I shall love you forever," she moaned, great sobs heaving her chest.

But as she inserted her latchkey in the door of her suite the sound of a hard, racking cough smote upon her ears.

"Oh!" she gasped, catching her breath, "I must not let her—die. Is there no other way?"

She found her mother sitting up in her invalid chair, but looking waxen white and apparently exhausted by her recent fit of coughing.

"How have you been, dearest?" Helen questioned, as she bent over and softly kissed her damp forehead.

"My cough has been rather troublesome, but it is getting cooler now, and I hope I shall have a good night," the invalid weakly returned.

"I am sorry I left you alone," said Helen, conscience-stricken, her voice full of remorse.

"You need not be—I was glad to have you go, for you needed the change, and you could not have helped anything by remaining," Mrs. Seymour returned; then asked, "did you have a pleasant drive?"

"Yes; the park is beautiful, the trees and grass so tenderly green, and the flowers and landscape effects are gorgeous. I wish you could see them for yourself," Helen replied, and trying to speak cheerfully, for she did not wish her mother to suspect how heavy of heart she was.

She then hurried away to change her dress and prepare for her evening meal, for the wan face before her suggested the need of nourishment.

But even when the meal was ready and the table spread in a most tempting manner, Mrs. Seymour had no appetite, and scarcely tasted the various viands set before her.

She retired soon afterward, but not to sleep, for Helen could hear her tossing and turning and coughing far into the small hours of the morning, which so worried and disturbed her that she found herself saying:

"I must do it—there is no other way; I will do it. I cannot let her die; oh! I cannot let her die!"

And she fell asleep just as the dawn was breaking, with those sentences ringing their fateful changes in her brain.

CHAPTER XXI.

Helen was absent-minded and depressed all day Monday. She could not concentrate her thoughts upon her

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"Mamma, is there not some way that we can raise money enough to go to the Adirondacks for the summer?" she inquired, while they were partaking of their evening meal. "We own the cottage, and having no rent to pay, we could live on very little if we could secure that little and enough to cover our traveling expenses."

"I have been thinking along the same line today," Mrs. Seymour responded, with a weary sigh, for she had spent many anxious hours revolving first one plan and then another that would enable her to go somewhere for health.

"I suppose," she resumed, "that we might sell off our furniture here, although a forced sale would bring us but very little—it would be about like throwing everything away, and then we should have nothing to start with again if—when we came back in the fall. Then I had thought of mortgaging the cottage."

"Why, we might do that," said Helen, brightening visibly. "How strange that the plan had not occurred to me? Or could you not sell that mortgage you hold?"

"I suppose I could," was the thoughtful reply, "only I should probably have to undersell and lose the accrued interest, besides. No, on the whole, I think it would be better to borrow three or four hundred dollars on the cottage, make a bold strike for the Adirondacks, store our furniture here, and we can subrent, and—trust the rest."

Helen grasped eagerly at the plan, and thought, with the hopefulness of youth, that they had actually found a way out of their difficulties—felt that she was freed from the terrible sacrifice which only the night before she had almost made up her mind to make.

"Oh, I wish we had thought of this before," she said regretfully, as she searched her mother's white, waxen face; "but I will go to some good broker the first thing tomorrow morning, and see what arrangements I can make."

They discussed the proposition more at length during the evening, and finally retired, feeling much more hopeful than for many days.

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"Ah, this is delicious!" she exclaimed, with a laugh that was almost child-like. "How cooling—how refreshing! Helen, it makes me think of the woods behind our cottage, and of that grove by the stream there, where, even during the hottest day in summer, the water is ice cold. You remember, don't you, we used to go every day to fill our bottles, for it seemed purer than the water at the house."

"Yes, I remember," the unhappy girl replied, but the lump in her throat almost choked her as she said it.

"Oh, how I wish I could have a drink of it this minute," Mrs. Seymour continued, yearningly, and toying with her spoon, for already the cream had begun to pall upon her capricious appetite, "and the wild strawberries must be nearly ripe in the pasture at the foot of Panther Mountain; the young wintergreens, too, must be just in their prime. Oh, Hubert, you have no idea how perfectly lovely it is up there among those grand old hills!"

She passed her plate to Helen as she concluded, the cream only partially eaten, and lay back upon her pillows with a weary sigh, and it seemed to the girl that she must scream aloud in her agony, for she knew just how her mother was yearning for the mountain, for the forest through which she loved to roam, and for the sound of that babbling brook by the grove.

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She excused herself, ostensibly to take the rejected cream into the kitchen, for she could contain herself no longer, and here Hubert found her, a little later, when Mrs. Seymour had fallen asleep—sobbing in a perfect abandonment of grief.

"Helen, don't—don't be cried appealingly, and, bending down, he grasped her trembling hands, and stroked them tenderly. "Listen to me," he went on in a gently authoritative tone, "for I have good news for you. I have been acting without any license, but I felt justified in doing so. I used my half holiday today in going out to Yonkers, where, on the outskirts of the town, on a thrifty farm, I had learned that a good deal could be obtained at very reasonable rates—only six dollars a week. I obtained the refusal of nice, airy rooms for you and your mother, and if you are pleased with the arrangements, I am to let Mrs. Knight, the farmer's wife, know on Monday. Now, dear, you will let me do this for you, will you not? Cannot you see that it is very necessary?" he concluded gravely.

But Helen's answer was a wilder burst of weeping than before. The flood-gates were unlocked, and she had lost all power to control her sorely and long tried nerves. Encouraged by the fact that she allowed her hands to lie, unresisting, in his grasp, the young man knelt upon the floor beside her, slipped his arms around her, drew her head upon his shoulder, and held her thus until the force of her grief was spent.

And Helen, conscious that she could battle no longer against her fate, rested there within his embrace without repining him, and feeling as if he were the only friend and support she had in the world.

At last, she lifted her head, and wiped the tears from her cheeks.

"How good you are to us, Hubert!" she said gratefully; "how thoughtful it was of you to go to Yonkers today upon such an errand! Truly, you are a friend in need!"

"And you will go, Helen?" he cried eagerly. "You will let me telegraph Mrs. Knight that she may make ready for you?"

Helen flushed hotly. He had said nothing about expecting any return for what he was doing for her, and she could not bring herself to open a discussion upon the subject. The thought of accepting as charity what he had suggested, even though so kindly offered, was none the less obnoxious to her.

There was, plainly, but one course for her to pursue, and that was to regard it in the light of a loan. Yet how was it ever to be paid? She shivered as she gently released herself from his still clinging arms.

"Six dollars!" she said reflectively. "That would be twelve dollars a week, and we may have to stay very long in the season; besides, there will be incidentals, and the expense of breaking up here and storing our goods. Hubert, I am sure, I do not know as we could ever pay the money back; it seems like a great undertaking to me, and yet I can see, at I can see, that the change is absolutely necessary."

"Don't think of it as a debt, dear," said the young man, flushing. "I never want you to pay the money back, Helen. I want no compensation, unless the change is absolutely necessary."

"Unless you will pay me in the way I have already suggested—by giving me the right to care for you always," he pleaded earnestly. She had reached that point where she did not care much what became of her; she was ready to sacrifice everything in the world if she could only see her mother well again.

"You know what I have told you, Hubert: could you marry me under such circumstances?" she questioned in a scarcely audible voice.

"I have answered those objections already," he replied in a repressed tone; then he burst forth passionately: "Oh, Helen, if you will give yourself to me, I shall be the happiest fellow alive! You shall never regret it. I will spare nothing to make your life as perfect and complete as you can desire. Will you—oh, will you be my wife?"

She had grown deathly white while he was speaking, for already she felt ashamed and degraded, as if she were bartering herself, and yet she had accepted her own and her mother's support from him without making him some adequate return.

"There is no other way," she sighed, the doubtful acquiescence leaping involuntarily from her lips; "and, if you choose to take me under existing conditions, I—I will be as faithful to you as I know how to be."

Hubert Alton was in a secret transport of joy.

He had won at last! The battle had been a long and harassing struggle, and the victory was but a sorry one at best, since he could not fail to understand that Helen was simply making a vicious offering of herself; that poverty and despair had absolutely driven her to his protection.

But, in his avarice and selfishness, these circumstances seemed, for the

moment, of minor importance. He loved Helen, if she did not love him; she would become his wife, and he would be very proud of her, for she was beautiful and talented, and—the ten thousand dollars, which seemed a fortune to him, would also become his.

These ends attained, the future would take care of itself, or, at least, so he hopefully reasoned.

"If I choose to take you, Helen," he whispered, unable to speak aloud from the intensity of his emotions, and again drawing her into his arms, "Of course I shall choose, and feel blessed beyond expression in so doing. My darling, I am happier at this moment than I ever dared to expect to be, and I will be so faithful and devoted to you that I will compel your transient affections to turn to me. Now, dear, when may I claim my bride?" he concluded, in a voice that was tremulous with repressed triumph.

"Whenever you like," she murmured faintly, and, becoming almost unconscious, in view of the step that she had taken, and which now seemed irrevocable.

"Then, of course, the sooner the better," Hubert observed; "for we must get our mother—the will henceforth be really mine, as well as yours—out of this hot city with all possible dispatch."

"Yes—yes," said Helen, with eager impetuosity. "Oh, if she could only go tomorrow!"

"I doubt if Mrs. Knight could get ready for you so soon as that," said the young man thoughtfully; "but I think it could be arranged by Tuesday, if she should be strong enough then for the journey. And would you be willing to be married on Tuesday?" he concluded, with some trepidation.

"Yes, if you like."

A flush of exultation swept over his face at her ready response.

"I think I can get leave of absence for the day, on Saturday, June 16, for Detroit," he said. "We will be married at noon, and take the afternoon train for Yonkers, only it will be a trial to have to leave you there; but I shall come to you again on Saturday."

He bent, as if to kiss the pale face that rested against his shoulder; but something in his frozen look deterred him, and he simply lifted one hand, and tenderly smoothed back a few stray locks that had fallen over her forehead.

He then began to talk of the arrangements that would be necessary to make for the coming change, and Helen aroused herself to discuss them with him, and they decided not to disturb the suite before leaving it to her, the confusion and excitement should make Mrs. Seymour worse.

After they were nicely settled in the country, Helen said, she would come in town some day, and together they could pack and store the furniture until it should be wanted again in the fall.

The marriage, too, must be very quiet, in their little parlor, with no one present save the clergyman and her mother, after which they would drive directly to the station, and get their dear invalid into the pure air of the country before nightfall.

[To be Continued.]

ENGLAND'S GOOD CITIZENS

Civic Federation Visitors Surprised at Time Given to Municipal Affairs.

Manchester, June 12.—The members of the American Civic Federation since visiting Glasgow have investigated the gas and electric works at Newcastle. Today they visited the municipal electric plant here. They will return to this city on June 19 after visiting Sheffield, Birmingham and Liverpool to investigate the Manchester gas works and tramways.

Thus far the investigations have not affected the municipal ownership of the municipal electric plant, which the opposing municipal ownership point out that the workings of private concerns show greater profits and a more economical management. The members who are on the fence are still struggling, and have been nothing to cause them to change their opinions.

What has impressed all the members of the federation, however, is the remarkably high character of the men constituting municipal governments in Great Britain, who devote as much attention to municipal affairs as men in the United States devote to their private business.

At a luncheon the city government tendered to the members of the federation at the city hall today was a councillor who has been a member of the government for 29 years, and who retired from business in order to devote all his time and energies to the affairs of the city.

The visitors express appreciation of the kindness and cordiality displayed by everybody with whom they are brought in contact. All the municipal officials and the owners of private concerns show readiness to give them all the facts and figures they desire.

Bridgeport, Conn., June 13.—Geo. Waugh lay down to take a nap on the grass yesterday afternoon, and after an hour's peaceful sleep, he was awakened by excruciating pains in his head.

The pains were caused by an inquisitive ant, who happened along, and, seeing Waugh's ear, decided that the orifice would make a very comfortable home. In the ant's endeavor to explore the subterranean depths thoroughly it scratched and beat on the Waugh tympanum until he thought there was a drum corps in his head. He rushed into the house, but could get no relief. Then he hurried to the Emergency Hospital. There Dr. Krauss told Waugh to lie down on the operating table. The doctor poured water into his ear for a couple of minutes. The ant was drowned and floated out bloated and almost unrecognizable. Waugh will no longer sleep on the grass unless he wears ear-muffs.

It Raised Ned With Waugh, But Doctor Drowned Insect Out.

ANT CRAWLED INTO EAR

HUSBAND DEAD IN DREAM

Waking, Woman Found Spouse Hanging in a Cellar, a Suicide.

New York, June 12.—Tired of waiting for her husband to come home, Mrs. M. Bohland, of No. 57 Henry street, Jamaica, went to bed about 2 o'clock yesterday morning. She awakened suddenly from a dream, in which the body of her husband was seen by her suspended from a rafter in the cellar. Springing from her bed, she hurried

It Heals the Lungs.

When the antiseptic vapor of "Carrhazone" is inhaled it spreads through the breathing organs, carrying healing and health to the sore spots. An irritable throat, "Carrhazone" cures in five minutes, bronchitis is soothed instantly, weak lungs are fed and quickly nourished back to health. To be free from colds and coughs, to avoid catarrh and bronchitis—use Carrhazone; it is prescribed by more than twenty thousand physicians in America alone, and used by the people of nine nations.

Auxiliary Ironing Boards

for ironing skirts and shirt-waists. It has a special feature for keeping the skirt off the floor while in the process of ironing.

Westman's Hardware

STOCK-TAKING SALE

We take inventory July 1, and are determined to reduce our large stock of

PIANOS AND ORGANS
SMALL PRICES--BIG VALUES

Nordheimer Piano, upright, slightly used, handsome mahogany case, as good as new	\$275
Haines & Co., upright, 7 1-3 octaves, mahogany case	\$265
Gerhard - Heintzman, upright colonial grand, handsome walnut case. This is the best piano manufactured by them	\$255
Boardman & Gray (New York), 7 1-3 octaves, handsome rosewood case	\$125
Haines Bros. (New York), A No. 1 condition	\$110
Dunham (New York), 7 1-3 octaves, rosewood case	\$100
Nitschke, 7 1-3 octaves, splendid condition	\$95
Hardman (New York), 7 1-3 octaves	\$85
Billings & Co. (New York), 7 1-2 octaves	\$80

And 12 other Good Practice Pianos from \$25 up. All above fully guaranteed. Upwards of 50 Organs from \$10 up.

ONE-QUARTER OFF Victor Gramophones, Berliner Gramophones and Records, Banjos, Guitars, Mandolins, Violins, Band Instruments, Fittings, Etc., Etc., until July 1.

EASY TERMS IF DESIRED. TEN PER CENT OFF FOR CASH. CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

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From a modest beginning a half-century ago, the firm of W. & A. Gilbey

has grown till it now controls more than \$12,500,000 capital, employs an army of officials and operatives, owns famous distilleries in

Scotland and England, equally famous vineyards in France, properties in Oporto and Cognac, agencies in every part of the world, and distributes annually more than 15,000,000 bottles of Wines and Spirits, the

Absolute Purity and Genuineness

OF WHICH ARE STRICTLY GUARANTEED UNDER ACTS OF PARLIAMENT (38 and 39 Vic., Cap. 63, 50 and 51 Vic., Cap. 28)

Notable as they are in such distinctions, W. & A. Gilbey are famous also as growers and distillers—producers of

All-Pure Malt Whiskies and Genuine Vintage Wines

From among more than 350 Specialties the following are excellent for general consumption and particularly old and choice:

SPIRITS

"Strathmill" Scotch Whisky
Pure Malt, 6 years old.
"Spey Royal" Scotch Whisky
The choicest and oldest procurable. Distilled from specially selected Malted Barley.
Old Tom Gin. The finest quality.
London Dry Gin. The finest quality.
Plymouth Gin. Of fine delicate flavor.
Cognac. Cognac. "L'Or Extrat de Vins" (Five Stars).
A Cognac Brandy of the finest quality.
Old Jamaica Rum. "The Governor General".
Of great age, with soft, mellow flavor.

WINES

"Invalid" Port
A very fine light vintage wine.
"Natural Montilla" Sherry
A pale, nutty wine, 9 years old.
"Chateau Loundenne" Claret
Grand Vin. Distinguished by great elegance and bouquet. Awarded the Gold Medal at the Paris Exhibition.
"Pommard" Burgundy
Charming bouquet, with a soft, full flavor.

Purity, Age and Quality absolutely guaranteed to be strictly in accordance with descriptions on the Label.

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- (2) GLUTEN is the most easily digested part of wheat.
- (3) GLUTEN is absolutely free from starch.
- (4) GLUTEN is the most nutritious food for everybody.

Diamond Wheatlets is 99 per cent Gluten

King of Breakfast Foods. Ask your Grocer for it.

Manufactured by

HUNT BROS., City Mills, London, Ont.

ETERNAL CONFLICT IN THE BALKANS

Discussions Between Turks,
Greeks and Slavs.

RELIGION AND EDUCATION

How and Why the Greeks Applied to
the Turkish Government
for Protection.

Washington, June 13.—A conflict between Turk and Slav and Greek, according to keen students of the problem, is always existent in the Balkans. As to the actual state of affairs there, our knowledge here in the west is very imperfect, to say the least. What the Macedonians have done, are doing, and will do, is a matter that was seldom taken up in the past, and only lately, since 1896, have we taken a general interest in their troubles. The Greeks are not false to their old ideas, as they have been accused. They are oppressed and cheated by the Bulgarians and Servians, the Bulgarians particularly. Therefore, some accurate information on those countries is useful.

"The Greeks are always upholding nobly the banner of Hellenic culture," said a prominent diplomat. "They have done the best they could under the adverse circumstances which seem to have fallen to their lot ever since they lost the supremacy in the world centuries and centuries ago. This best can only be verified by those who travel in those countries and see for themselves."

"It is very difficult to form an exact and impartial idea of the condition of things in Macedonia today, on account of the many rough conflicts of races which have been going on for many years in its provinces. Statistics of those countries are deceptive and faulty. They are planned in a slipshod manner and according to the whims of their author. Many peasants, throughout Macedonia could not tell, if asked, their nationality. They do not know because the sovereignty over their provinces is always disputed. For a long time all the Christians of Macedonia were dependent on the Greek Church. Now there is a Bulgarian Church also. Neither the one nor the other, I know on good authority, corresponds to ethnological divisions."

"The Greek patriarchate still comprises Servians, Kouzo-Valaques and Bulgarians. The Bulgarian enclaves, or local religious jurisdictions, there are of its strictly national character, comprises thousands and thousands of Servians. The sole national criterion is the school. There general education is not obligatory—it depends upon private initiative. The love and progress of instruction denote the moral and civilizing value of a race. Therefore, knowing the number and importance of the Christian school in Macedonia, we can estimate with perfect exactness the material and intellectual force of the divers contending races."

"I have here some interesting facts regarding schools in Greece and Bulgaria," continued the diplomat. "In the vilayet of Salonika, Greece, which comprises 46 cazas, or districts, there are in all 171 schools, subdivided into primary and secondary schools, and schools for girls, with 1,360 teachers and over 42,000 pupils. These are divided between the four Christian races—the Greek, the Serbian, the Roumanian and the Bulgarian. There are 521 Greek schools, with 32,334 students; 319 Bulgarian schools, with 9,544 students; 21 Serbian schools, with 522 students, and 10 Roumanian schools, with 383 students. "Greek schools are found in 21 districts, Bulgarian in 17, Serbian in 16 and Roumanian in 4. Out of a total number of 25 districts Greek schools are lacking in only two, Kavadar and Rasik, where only Bulgarian schools are found. In the vilayet of Monastir, which comprises fifteen districts, there are in all 790 schools with 38,834 students."

"These schools are instruments of national propaganda, especially the Bulgarian, Roumanian and Serbian institutions, and therefore they are created and helped only in most cases, by governmental resources. Some years ago the British Government sent for statistics on the subject and Mr. Blount, then British Consul-general at Salonika, wrote: 'The importance of the schools of the Bulgarian schools is diminished, I think, by the importance of the sums sent from Bulgaria, oriental Roumelia, perhaps even from Russia, for their sustenance. Instruments of official propaganda, the schools have a factitious clientele recruited by large pecuniary subsidies. All these schools are quite artificial—they have no roots in Macedonia.'"

"On the other hand, the condition of Greek schools is quite different. They are due to private initiative, and are attended freely without any aid, pecuniary, moral or physical. The most obstinate Bulgarians are forced to recognize this side of the question. "It is impossible not to be struck by

the educational superiority of the Greek race. It denotes an intellectual value and activity which the contending races are far from possessing in the same degree. "It has often been alleged, too, that the Greeks have allied themselves with the Turks. This is not true, and the rumor has been forged by the Bulgarians and their devoted friends. The course of events proves just the opposite. The Bulgarian comitads, or propagandists, have started an artificial movement in Macedonia just in a country where the divers national interests are in constant and violent conflict. "They wanted the Greeks to take up arms and help them, so that they might present a strictly Bulgarian movement, as a Macedonian revolt to the rest of the world. The Greeks have not been so simple as to be caught in this snare. The comitads at once put into execution their infernal plan to extinguish the Greek race, that strong and influential object to their selfish and greedy intentions. Taxing the Greeks and murdering men and women without distinction brought terror and calamity to the peaceful and disarmed Macedonians. What would the disinterested Bulgarian want, the Macedonians and their devoted friends, to take care of their own existence. Most naturally they applied for protection to the ruling government. "They asked the Turkish authorities to save them from these strange beings, who pretended to free them from the Turkish rule by overtaking, plundering and murdering them. Is that an alliance with the Turks? Did the American citizens ally themselves with the Bulgarians? The Greeks were guarded and protected by Turkish soldiers during the Armenian massacres? It is exactly the same with the Greeks. There is but only one difference—that the Americans were guarded and faithfully protected while the Greeks were not. "The religious dissensions of the different and antagonistic races will some day solve the problem. It will not be many decades ere the Greeks will become a more independent people, as the Bulgarians, Roumanians and other subservient races be placed once forever under the drastic rule of either Russia or Turkey. These are the only two nations that could cope with the situation, and very likely Turkey will have the preference."

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Soft and Clear**

What one or two applications of Dr. Chase's Ointment will do for rough, inflamed and irritated skin is almost as wonderful as is the complete cure of eczema by persistent use of this treatment.

Sun and wind, heat and dust, combine to make the skin rough and red and to produce chafing and skin irritation of one form or another.

By its soothing, healing and anti-septic influence Dr. Chase's Ointment quickly overcomes these difficulties and leaves the skin clear, soft and velvety. It should not be forgotten that Dr. Chase's Ointment is a skin food, which can be used on the most delicate skin with most beneficial results and at the same time is so powerful as a healer of the skin as to cure the worst forms of eczema.

Because eczema usually has its beginning in chafing, poisoning or irritation of the skin you cannot be too prompt in overcoming these seemingly trivial skin troubles. Dr. Chase's Ointment, 50 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

TOPICS OF TALK IN THAMESFORD

Masons at Church—Excursion
to Agricultural College—
June Wedding.

Thamesford, June 13.—Mr. James Sutherland is somewhat improved, but his condition is not as satisfactory as his friends would wish.

Miss Louisa Reavey, of Ingersoll, spent a month's vacation at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Zuleit, of Chicago, are spending a few weeks with the former's parents here.

Mr. M. Cooper has been busy of late remodeling his house.

Miss Hazel Smith, of Mount Elgin, visited her friend, Miss Jessie McWilliam, last week.

Master Ernest Judge has gone to Chatham, where he will spend a part of the summer with his sister, Mrs. Mr. M. Swope, who for several years has assisted Messrs. Weston & Son, has taken a position with Mr. Lutz in the hardware and tin-smithing business. Mr. Donaldson takes Mr. Swope's place with Weston & Son.

Mr. J. Henderson, of London, visited his uncle in Broughton on Sunday. On Sunday the members of the local Masonic Lodge, together with a large number of visiting brethren from Ingersoll, Thorndale, Rochester, and other places, attended divine service at St. John's Church. A very able sermon was preached by Bro. Rev. J. Murphy, rector of the church. After service the members marched to the lodge rooms, where a hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the reverend gentleman.

On Sunday a representative of the Presbyterian General Assembly occupied the pulpit in St. Andrew's Church. Rev. T. K. Watson was in the chair. A lawn social under the auspices of St. John's Church will be held in the rectory grounds on Thursday evening, June 21. The famous Eckardt family will furnish the principal part of the programme.

The annual farmers' excursion to the Ontario Agricultural College and Model Farm under the auspices of the North Oxford Farmers' Institute, will be held on Wednesday, June 20. A special train will leave here at 8 a.m. Fare, adults, \$1.15; children, 65 cents.

Mr. E. J. McCumray has had a telephone placed in his house.

Miss Myrtle Broughton has gone to London where she will reside. At the regular meeting of the I. O. O. F. on Thursday night, the election of officers resulted as follows: N. G.—Bro. J. Clendenning; V. G.—A. G. Downton; R. S.—D. Reavey; F. S.—J. W. Smith; Treasurer—D. Foster; Representatives to Grand Lodge—W. McCumray and Thos. Abbott. Representatives to district meeting—John Smith, W. W. McLeod, Thos. Abbott and W. D. McWay.

Dr. Hector Morrison and Mrs. Morrison, of Kansas, are spending a few days with the doctor's mother and other friends here.

Mr. D. Lawrence was appointed president of the North Oxford Farmers' Institute at a meeting held at Woodstock.

Rev. Mr. Murphy's little daughter, who had her collar-bone broken by falling from a veranda last week, is doing nicely. A charming June wedding took place at Belleville on Monday, June 11, when Miss Nellie Goldsmith, daughter of Dr. P. D. Goldsmith, was married to Mr. Lorne E. Cawthra, of this place. The couple arrived in Thamesford on Tuesday, but left on Wednesday on a trip to New York. Mr. Cawthra is a very popular young man, and we wish him and his bride a wide measure of happiness and prosperity.

The regular meeting of the Women's Institute was held on Saturday. Mr. John M. B.A. D.L.S. has returned to his duties at Ottawa, after spending a month in the vicinity of Cobalt and Lake Temagami, in company with Mr. E. B. Baldwin, of New York City. Mr. Baldwin has made several trips to the far north in search of gold, but silver seems to be the badstone just now. Mr. Ensey reports being well satisfied with Cobalt as a mining place, and very great wealth. There are a number of good mines, with good mining plants installed and working, and a number of others where similar plants are being placed in position as soon as possible. Prospecting is very profitable, very difficult and expensive, because of the great depth of drift and soil covering the rocks. The drift and soil is covered by a heavy forest. Lake Temagami, with its twelve hundred and eighty islands, hundreds of bays and arms, its wooded shores, its deep, clear and pure water, its delightful scenery, to say nothing of its good fishing, is a most beautiful and ideal place for an outing, and is being patronized by a large number of people since the Temiskaming and Ontario Railway has opened the way to it. John seems to have enjoyed his outing very much, and to have been greatly benefited by it, and we hope his claims on Lake Temagami may prove rich.

LOBO WOMEN'S INSTITUTE
A Good Programme for the Summer Meeting—Date Changed.

The monthly meeting of the Lobo Women's Institute will be held on Wednesday afternoon, June 20, at the home of Mrs. G. F. Edwards. An interesting programme has been arranged for it, and it is hoped all members will be present.

It will be observed that the date has been changed, and until further notice all meetings will be held on the third Wednesday of every month.

The summer meeting will be held at Coldstream on June 19, when addresses will be given by Mrs. Wells, of Syracuse, N. Y., and by Miss Gray, of Toronto. The ladies of the Coldstream Ladies' Society are invited to attend. The Lobo Institute to take lunch with them between the sessions.

PHONES AND THE GOVT.
Ottawa, June 13.—The special committee to which the telephone clause of Mr. Emmerson's railway bill was referred, met today for organization. Sir Frederick Borden was elected chairman on Monday. Mr. Alcorn's bill will be taken up. The telephone companies will be heard on the question of government control on the telephone rates.

The supplementary estimates, it is said, will not contain any sum for new works. The intention is to complete those which have been already undertaken.

DENUNCIATION OF MANITOBA GOVT.

Sharp Criticism by the Retiring
President of the Methodist
Conference.

Winnipeg, June 13.—At the Methodist conference in Neepawa President Saunby denounced the Manitoba Government. In retiring from office he spoke briefly, looking to the problems of the future, he had to face a corrupt Government. He had heard young Conservatives say that they would not cast another vote for the present Government on account of its alliance with the liquor traffic. He saw a new statesmanship arising, which, he trusted, would have courage to go to defeat for principle, and fight for moral right. He feared there would be one of the most heated and perhaps vilest contests in the next provincial election. If they dared to go to defeat they would eventually triumph. Men who allied themselves with unrighteousness and intemperance would be swept away. The old guard in both parties must go. Men were needed who would be called to take their places in the fight for righteousness and truth where it means loss of all.

Conference yesterday made an almost open declaration of war against the Roblin Government on account of the license policy. A resolution was adopted as follows: "That this conference denounces the enormous development of the liquor traffic in this Province, protests against the policy of the present official administration in granting licenses in the interests of the traffic; approves heartily of the democratic principle of local option by majority, and pledges itself to support the next election; lays it on the conscience of its membership to scan closely the moral qualifications of party candidates."

The Winnipeg Telegram defends the Government and challenges the President of the conference to produce proof of the corruption charged.

PARK SCHOOL EXAMS
Results of the Work in the First and Second Years.

The results of the recent examinations were published at the Park school today. The following pupils were successful. The names of those taking the matriculation and high school entrance examinations are omitted. Of the special students Nancy Mangault took honors in third year. French, German, Latin, literature and history.

High school work, second year, senior division.
Reading—Louise Moore, Elaine Leonard, Marjorie Pennington.
Bible—Louise Moore, Elaine Leonard, Marjorie Pennington.
Grammar—Elaine Leonard, Louise Moore.
Composition—Louise Moore, Marjorie Pennington.
Rhetoric—Elaine Leonard.
Geography—Louise Moore, Marjorie Pennington, Elaine Leonard.
Literature—Louise Moore, Elaine Leonard, Marjorie Pennington.
Arithmetic—Louise Moore, Elaine Leonard.
Algebra—Louise Moore.
Euclid—Louise Moore, E. Leonard.
English and Canadian History—E. Leonard, M. Pennington, L. Moore.
Ancient History—E. Leonard, L. Moore, M. Pennington, E. Leonard.
Latin—L. Moore, E. Leonard.
Drawing—M. Pennington, E. Leonard, L. Moore.
Botany—L. Moore, M. Pennington, E. Leonard.

FIRST YEAR.
Reading—Jean Allen, D. Gunn, K. Smart, L. McClary, M. Green.
Bible—D. Gunn, L. McClary, J. Allen, K. Smart, M. Green, K. Betts.
Latin—L. McClary, J. Allen, D. Gunn.
Grammar—J. Allen, D. Gunn, K. Smart, L. McClary.
Composition and Rhetoric—K. Smart, D. Gunn, M. Green, L. McClary, J. Allen.
Geography—J. Allen, D. Gunn, L. McClary, K. Smart, M. Green.
Literature—L. McClary, J. Allen, K. Smart, D. Gunn, M. Green.
Algebra—D. Gunn, L. McClary, J. Allen.
Arithmetic—J. Allen, L. McClary, D. Gunn, K. Smart.
English and Canadian History—J. Allen, D. Gunn, L. McClary, K. Smart, M. Green.
Ancient History—L. McClary, D. Gunn, J. Allen, K. Smart, M. Green.
Latin—D. Gunn, J. Allen, K. Smart, L. McClary.
Drawing—D. Gunn, J. Allen, K. Smart, L. McClary, K. Smart.
Botany—L. McClary, M. Green, D. Gunn, K. Smart, J. Allen.
Junior division, from Grade VIII. to first year, high school work—Mandeville Merritt, Ann Ward, M. Reid.
Grade VII to Grade VIII.—Kitty Hague.
Grade VI to Grade VII.—D. Allen, D. Yarker, E. Young, N. Niven, O. Williams, H. Pope and M. Belton.

The Wonders of the Body.
Its mechanism, like delicate machinery, by even a slight cause is so disarranged as to be practically useless. A headache is no trifling matter because the stomach, kidneys and liver are sure to be affected. To cure the cause of headaches and prevent new attacks, use Ferrozone. It aids the stomach by supplying nourishing blood, vitalizes the nerves and brain instantly. Ferrozone braces—gives tone—elevates your spirits. No such health bringer known. Fifty cents per box of fifty chocolate-coated tablets at all dealers.

Three days in Detroit. Grand Trunk offer a special cheap week-end trip, going on Saturday, the 16th, and returning same day, Sunday, or Monday, for \$1.60.

The Difference Between Expert and Unskilful Tea Blending

THE qualities of different teas prove that there is a distinct difference between expert Red Rose blending methods and the usual methods.

Several kinds of teas may be blended, but if unskilfully selected they will not combine to make a perfect blend; they will retain their original individual characteristics with their roughness and harshness emphasized.

Such tea is bitter, poorly flavored in the cup (and there is much of it in bulk and package form on the market). It emphasizes the result of inexperience, lack of knowledge of combining qualities of different teas, imperfect blending, poor selection, and the hundred and one other causes of poor tea.

But my expert Red Rose blenders select the right grades of strong, rich Indian teas and delicate fragrant Ceylon teas, and produce Red Rose Tea with entirely new characteristics—a tea with that "rich fruity flavor"—a tea so exquisitely different and better than any brand of Ceylon alone, that no one who once tries it ever goes back to Ceylon again.

Red Rose Tea

is good Tea

T. H. Estabrooks
St. John, N.B., Toronto, Winnipeg

The Natural Food Conservatory of Niagara Falls welcomes visitors every day and all day. The process of making

SHREDDED WHEAT

is as transparent as the building, which is well called the "Castle of Light."

MADE IN CANADA BY
CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.
Toronto Office, 32 Church Street.

The Date, Friday, June 15—Lehigh Valley R. R., Fifteen-Day New York Excursion.

Tickets only \$9.00 round trip. Trains leaving London at 12:30 and 3:25 a.m., 2:05 and 4:25 p.m., make direct connection at Suspension Bridge with L. V. R. trains. For tickets, Pullman, full particulars call on or write Robt. G. Lewis, Passenger Agent, 10 King street east, Toronto. 45-n-6-7-9-12-13-14

READ THIS
Something new for you. We have just got out a new 5c package of

Golden Potato Crisp
Crisp Tasty MRS. RORER'S Delicious Appetizing

Saratoga Chips
NOTHING SO GOOD. ASK YOUR GROCER.

Northern Navigation Company
HOMESEKERS' EXCURSION.
To Northwest on Steamer Sailing June 20.

FAKES TO
Battledford, Sask., and return..... \$20.00
Brandon, Man., and return..... 35.00
Calgary, Alta., and return..... 40.00
Edmonton, Alta., and return..... 45.00
Moose Jaw, Sask., and return..... 35.00
Regina, Sask., and return..... 35.00
Strathcona, Alta., and return..... 45.00
Winnipeg, Man., and return..... 45.00
And other points in proportion.
Rates include stateroom berth in second class quarters to limit of steamer's capacity. Second class meals, 50 cents each.
FULL SUMMER SERVICE, LAKE SUPERIOR DIVISION—Commencing June 18, steamers leave Sarnia for Soo, Port Arthur, Port William and Duluth, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 2:30 p.m., Friday steamer going through to Duluth.
Full information regarding Georgian Bay and other sailings can be had from E. DE LA HOOKE, city ticket agent, 113-135 p.m., 7:50 p.m. (International limited, stops only at Glenora and Chatham).
T. R. H. GILDER, STEVE, manager; C. F. WILCOX, traffic manager, Sarnia, Ont. xzw

ALLAN LINE
ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS
To Liverpool
Victorian..... June 21, July 19
Ionian..... May 31, June 23
Virginia..... June 7, July 5
Tunisian..... June 14, July 12
Numidian..... June 13, July 18
and weekly thereafter.

To Glasgow
Pretorian..... June 6, July 11
Mongolian..... June 20, July 25
For rates and full particulars apply to E. DE LA HOOKE or W. FULTON, local agents. tyw

For tickets apply to
E. De La Hooke
G. T. R.,
W. Fulton
C. P. R.

Hamilton-Montreal Line
Steamers leave Hamilton 4:30 a.m. to Toronto 4:30 p.m., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Bay of Quinte, Thousand Islands, Montreal and intermediate ports.

Toronto-Montreal Line
Commencing June 2, steamers leave Toronto 3:30 p.m. daily, except Sundays; leave Montreal 4:30 a.m. daily, except Sundays. Through to Rochester, Thousand Islands, Rapids, St. Lawrence, Montreal and intermediate ports. Montreal, Quebec and Saguenay in now running. H. FOSTER CHAFFEE, western passenger agent, Toronto.

Atlantic Steamships of the Canadian Pacific Ry. ROYAL MAIL SERVICE—FINEST AND FASTEST—"EMPRESSES"
Montreal, Quebec and Liverpool.
June 14, Thursday.....Lake Manitoba
June 23, Saturday.....Empress of Britain
and weekly thereafter.
Montreal to London Direct.
June 17—Lake Michigan (third class).....\$25.50
July 1—Montrose (one class).....\$40.00
tyw

A GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
(Corrected to date.)
MAIN LINE—SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.
Arrive from the east—4 a.m., 10:45 a.m., 11 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 6:35 p.m., 7:45 p.m., 10 p.m.
Arrive from the west—12:15 a.m., 3:20 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 1:25 p.m., 4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.
Depart for the east—12:20 a.m., 3:25 a.m., 8:10 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 4:25 p.m., 6:55 p.m. (Eastern Flyer).
The trains leaving at 8:10 a.m. and 2:05 p.m. stop at all stations. The 8:10 a.m. local and the 11:20 a.m. and 4:25 p.m. expresses have through coach for Toronto. The Eastern Flyer at 6:55 p.m. stops only at Ingersoll, Woodstock, Brantford and Hamilton, and goes to Toronto.
Depart for the west—4:15 a.m., 7:40 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 11:32 a.m., 1:55 p.m., 4 p.m.
The 7:40 a.m. and the 1:55 p.m. trains stop at all stations. The 4:15 a.m., 11:32 a.m. and 8 p.m. expresses run through to Chicago without change. The 11:10 a.m. express amalgamates with the 11:32 express at Port Huron.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.
Arrive—10:40 a.m., 4 p.m., 6:50 p.m. (Eastern Flyer, stops only at Chatham and Glenora), 11 p.m.
Depart—6:55 a.m., 11:25 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 7:50 p.m. (International limited, stops only at Glenora and Chatham).
STRATFORD BRANCH.
Arrive—10:40 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 1:25 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 10:55 p.m.
Depart—6:20 a.m., 10:45 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 5 p.m.
LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.
Arrive—9:45 a.m., 6:10 p.m.
Depart—8:15 a.m., 4:50 p.m.
Trains marked thus * run daily. Those not so marked run daily except Sunday.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.
Arrive—From the east—11:30 a.m., 8 p.m., 11:30 p.m. From the west—5 a.m., 8:35 a.m., 6:20 p.m.
Depart—For the east—5:05 a.m., 8:40 a.m., 5:25 p.m. For the west—11:35 a.m., 8:10 p.m., 11:35 p.m.
*From Chatham only.
**Runs only to Chatham.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
Arrive—6:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 6:10 p.m., 9:45 p.m.
Depart—7:15 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 10:25 p.m.

FERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.
Arrive—9:45 a.m., 12:15 p.m., 2 p.m., 4:45 p.m., 10 p.m.
Depart—9:45 a.m., 9:45 a.m., 2:35 p.m., 4 p.m., 6:40 p.m.
*To Walkerville, without change.
**To St. Thomas only.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd

River and Gulf of St. Lawrence

Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes.
The well and favorably known S. S. Campana, 1,700 tons, lighted with electricity and having all comforts, leaves Montreal on Monday, at 1 p.m., 18th June, 2nd, 16th and 30th July, 13th and 27th August, 19th and 31st September, for Pictou, N. S., calling at Quebec, Gaspe, Mal Bay, Percé, Cape Cove, Grand River, Summerside and Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Bermuda Summer excursions, \$5. S. S. Bermudian, 5,500 tons. Sailings from New York fortnightly, from 8th June to 21st November. Temperature, cooled by sea breezes, seldom rises above 80°. The finest trips of the season for health and comfort.
ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec. For tickets and staterooms apply to E. DE LA HOOKE or W. FULTON, ticket agents, London, Ontario. tyw

Ocean Steamship Tickets

White Star Line—New York, Boston and Mediterranean services.
Leyland Line—Boston-Liverpool.
E. De La Hooke, Sole Agent.

American Line—New York and Philadelphia services.
Atlantic Transport Line—New York-London.
Dominion Line—Portland-Liverpool in summer.
Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool in summer.
Red Star Line—New York-Dover-Antwerp.
Sailing lists, rate sheets, etc., on application to

E. De La Hooke or W. Fulton, LOCAL AGENTS.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW AND LONDON DERRY
Sailing from New York every Saturday
NEW TWIN SCREW STEAMERS
"CALEDONIA" and "COLUMBIA"
Average passage 7 1/2 days. And favorite steamships
"Astoria" and "Furze".
For further information apply Henderson Bros., New York, or E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton or F. B. Clarke, London.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Detroit and Return

Good for Three Days

\$1.60

Going at 6:25 a.m. on Saturday, June 16, and for return the same day, 12th or 13th.

Hamilton Races

\$3.10

ROUND TRIP.
GOING JUNE 16, RETURNING JUNE 18.

For tickets and full information call on E. DE LA HOOKE, city passenger and ticket agent, or E. RUSE, depot ticket agent.

TOLEDO!

VIA

Michigan Central

Train service from London to Toledo, Ont., as follows:
Leave London 7:15 a.m.; arrive Toledo 2:20 p.m.
Leave London 2:30 p.m.; arrive Toledo 9:15 p.m.
Leave London 5:35 p.m.; arrive Toledo 12:20 a.m.
All trains making convenient connections at Toledo with through trains to Cincinnati, Columbus, Dayton and all points south. Through coaches and sleeping cars from Detroit via Big Four and Hocking Valley. Full information at city office, 255 Richmond street, Phone 365, THOS. EVANS, city agent, or at O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. A., Chicago.

WABASH

Special Excursions to Pacific Coast and Colorado, June and July.

June 17 to 21, inclusive, the Wabash will sell round trip tickets from all stations to Portland Ore., Tacoma, Seattle, Wash. Victoria and Vancouver, B.C., at rate of single first class fare, plus \$1, good for 20 days.

June 24 to July 6, round trip tickets will be sold to San Francisco, Cal., at single first class fare to Chicago, added to \$14.00 from Chicago, good until Sept. 15.

July 11 to 14, round trip tickets will be sold from all Wabash stations to St. Paul, Minn., good until Aug. 20. The rate will be much less than lowest one-way rate going and returning via all direct lines.

Full particulars for the above excursions address J. A. RICHARDSON, district passenger agent, northeast corner King and Yonge streets, Toronto, and St. Thomas, Ont.

Ocean Limited

VIA

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

Will leave Montreal

7:30 p.m. daily except

Saturday, for Quebec,

St. John, Halifax.

DIRECT CONNECTION FOR PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

FORESTERS' EXCURSION TO DETROIT

Tickets going round only on special train, leaving Detroit at 8:30 p.m. eastern time, arriving at London 11:30 a.m. All tickets good for three days. Be sure you take the Foresters' Special. For tickets call at C. P. R. city office, corner Dundas and Richmond.

RETURN RATE, \$1.60

Special train returning Saturday will leave Detroit at 8:30 p.m. eastern time, arriving at London 11:30 a.m. All tickets good for three days. Be sure you take the Foresters' Special. For tickets call at C. P. R. city office, corner Dundas and Richmond.</

NOTHING DEFINITE UNTIL NEXT MONTH IN FREIGHT CAR WITH A BOTTLE

Then Fire Underwriters Will Say
If London's Insurance Rate
Is to Come Down.

As announced in the Advertiser last week, something has been doing in the insurance line, and as a result it is thought that the abolition of the surcharge on the key rate may take place within the next month.

There is nothing definite yet, however, but the city is living in hope.

Yesterday, Ald. Matthews, chairman of No. 3 committee of the council, with Ald. Booth, representing Mayor Judd, who found it impossible to get away, and ex-Mayor James W. Little had a conference with the committee of the underwriters' association in Toronto.

The city's representatives explained that the business public of London are of the opinion that it is time the surcharge, which it is understood was imposed to reimburse the different companies for the losses sustained in the Toronto fire, was removed. All the good points in connection with the city's fire department were set forth, and everything possible to impress an impression was done by the aldermen.

The insurance men did not commit themselves, however. They pointed out that a meeting will be held in Montreal next month at which the rates for different cities will be decided upon, and until that meeting takes place they are not in a position to make a definite statement.

The underwriters again raised the bogey of the single main. If the city is not prepared to duplicate the present main, the insurance men appeared to be favorable to a separate fire fighting system, with river water and a direct pressure.

For the local fire department, they had nothing but good words, admitting that its state of efficiency is unequalled in Canada.

The city's request is now in the hands of the committee, and it is expected that it will come before the expert board at the meeting in Montreal.

Speaking of the San Francisco fire, one of the members of the underwriters' committee informed Ald. Matthews that no one now speaks of the Chicago fire as the big one.

"Everything fades into insignificance before San Francisco," said the insurance man.

It is feared that the "Prisco affair" and also the recent fire in Baltimore may affect London's chances of securing the abolition of the surcharge, but the city is quite hopeful.

Col. Little has not yet returned from Toronto.

MOODIE SAYS STEWART LIED

Declares There Were No Barrels
of Furs on Arctic—Not in
Ship's Statement.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, June 14.—Major Moodie, before the Arctic committee this morning, was asked by Mr. Deschamps, a steward.

"There is not one word of truth in his statement," said the major, very emphatically. "There is a statement of the furs taken on board at Fullerton, brought by the Arctic to Chateau Bay, and from there to Ottawa, and are now in stores on Wellington street, in Ottawa."

Major Moodie handed in a statement of the furs as shown by the quartermaster of the Arctic.

Mr. Deschamps told us these stores were shipped by the Neptune from the Arctic.

Major Moodie—That is not correct. The furs were all taken to Ottawa and are now in the Mounted Police stores on Wellington street. This had nothing to do with the Arctic. It was done by the Mounted Police. Any of the men who were returning home and were not going back were entitled to get three or four skins at the price paid at Fullerton as souvenirs.

Mr. Deschamps—And there were no barrels of furs sent on board the Neptune?

Major Moodie—No, there were not. There were two bags and one barrel from the Arctic to the Neptune. That was all.

Mr. Deschamps—What about the ladies' hats?

Major Moodie—They were brought to trade with the natives.

THROWN FROM RIG

Mr. and Mrs. Langford, of London Township, Meet With Painful Accident.

What might have been a serious accident happened at half-past 2 this afternoon, when Mr. Isaac Langford, of London Township, and his wife were thrown from their rig. Mr. Langford, alighted on his head and shoulders, inflicting a very severe scalp wound. Mrs. Langford received a severe bruising, her left shoulder being hurt the worst. They were both able to be taken home.

Mr. Langford was driving along Kinz street east, when they were crashed into at the corner of Clarence and Kinz by a heavy dray. Their horse was badly frightened and broke away from the buggy. The couple were thrown out on the pavement.

The driver of the dray extricated himself and continued on his way, not stopping a moment to render assistance.

Mr. Langford is 74 years of age and was suffering considerably from his injuries, but they were not looked upon as serious.

Giving up Business—35 men's sample

Minicots. No two alike. Cost price.

109 Masonic Temple, first floor.

SPEND \$30,000 ON NEW THEATER

The Work Started on Bennett's
Theater, Which Is to
Seat 1,500.

Work has been begun on the tearing out of the scenery, seats, etc., of Bennett's Vaudeville Theater, preparatory to handing the theater over to the contractors to make the many improvements contemplated.

President Duffield and Manager Bennett stated to The Advertiser today that the house will be reopened for the season on Sept. 1.

It will then have a seating capacity of 1,500.

The present gallery will be dispensed with, and what is now known as the balcony will be put in, and the entire downstairs will be remodeled. Handsome new seats, the best that money can buy, have been provided for.

An addition of 50 feet will be built at the rear, and in this will be located the stage, which will have a depth of 36 feet and a width of 60 feet.

The two stores downstairs will remain, but 70 feet will be cut off from the stairway of the present entrance will be removed, and the pit will be on the ground floor. The floor of the entrance will be handomely tiled, and the box office will be located 50 feet from Dundas street.

In all about \$30,000 will be spent on the theater, which will be one of the finest in Canada.

There is a probability that a first-class cafe will be conducted in one of the stores, and there is some talk of fitting up for a bowling alley.

The Conservative Club quarters will be somewhat enlarged, but the club will not be asked to move.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Mr. George Jackson, of Victor street has purchased a fine lot near the Normal School. A good price was paid for the property.

—After a lingering illness, Mrs. Francis Hayes, mother of W. H. Hayes, of the Bell Telephone Company, of Winnipeg, and Mrs. F. J. Fowling, of Sunnyvale, California, passed away at the residence of her sister, Mrs. Noble Ellsworth, Dunbar, on June 12.

The funeral will take place from the Southern Congregational Church, Horton street, at 2:30 p.m.

INSPECTOR BITTEN.

W. K. Lord, one of the city yard inspectors, was killed by a dog owned by J. Glen, of 522 Quebec street, while Mr. Lord was in the discharge of his duties. In a letter to Inspector McCallum, Mr. Lord expresses the opinion that a dog that will bite a civic official isn't a fit character to have in the neighborhood.

STUDENTS ENTERTAINED.

The second year domestic science class of the Collegiate Institute yesterday afternoon held a reception on the college grounds. Many of the trustees, their wives, the teachers and their wives and others were present. Principal and Mrs. Radcliff received the guests. All spent a very pleasant time and voted the domestic science students jolly good entertainers.

KILLED IN A RUNAWAY.

Belleville, Ont., June 14.—William Doughty, a retired farmer, living in this city, was killed last evening. He was driving a lively horse, which was the mastery of him, running away and colliding with a telegraph pole. Doughty was thrown out and struck on a pile of rocks. His chest was crushed in, and an arm broken. He died later. Mr. Doughty was 62 years of age and leaves no family.

COLONEL MADE BULLSEYES.

At the service ranges this morning, the new Mitchell sight, invented by Capt. Tom Mitchell, and the adoption of which the militia council is considering, was officially tested. So far the sight has proved to be a splendid success. Colonel Peters made three bullseyes and two inner ones of five shots. The tests are being continued this afternoon.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY NOTES

Continued from Page One.

French evangelization. He has the "glad hand," and is a man of affairs.

Some of the fathers and brethren of the assembly relieved the strain and tedium of their labors by an occasional visit to the golf links. One evening some of them were waiting for a car on their return. A very solemn-looking gentleman in clerical garb appeared, the scene and addressing one of them said: "How can you reconcile your care for souls with your playing with these things?" And the clerical golfer made answer: "I can care for souls better, just because I play with these things." Where is the same man who will not say that the clerical golfer was right? What a pity it is that any Christian should imagine that healthful exercise for the body in the form of many outdoor sports is wrong and sinful.

The General Assembly usually concludes on Wednesday evening. This year on account of the union debate adjournment will be later. A great many of the commissioners have already left for home, others will go today, and the remnant will likely finish the business late tonight.

During the union debate, Dr. Patrick referred to his Presbyterian analogy. This led to a similar reference on the part of two other speakers, Sir Thomas W. Taylor declared that there had been elders in his family for five generations. During the past 150 years there had never been a day when there was not one of them in the eldership. Dr. Duval, on rising, remarked: "My father was a Huguenot, and my mother was an Edinburgh Scotch, and I am a doctor, with a smile, as said the general thought, as it showed by its laughter and applause."

Advertiser Correspondence

ON CHURCH UNION.—No. 2.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

On Wednesday, the 13th of June, the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada unanimously resolved that in the proposed deliberations with regard to church union the Church of England, and the Baptist Church be invited to take part. We are glad to think that the Presbyterian Church has exhibited this wider spirit of Christian charity, and we trust that the other negotiating churches, the Methodist and the Congregational, will be animated by the same spirit. Certainly as far as justice goes it is only fair and right; for the first church to publicly step forth with kindly hand and loving desire and a practical proposal to bring together the scattered forces of the Protestant churches was the Church of England. And there is probably no Protestant church less thoroughly the world than so constantly prays for union, and so earnestly desires to promote it. Her members are daily taught to pray that "all who profess and call themselves Christians" may be led into the way of truth, and hold the faith in unity of spirit, in the bond of peace, and in righteousness of life."

Now, with regard to this question of church union. All thoughtful people admit three points: First, that there are probably only three solutions for the question—union, federation, and co-operation. The first is the simplest, but to human vision at present union by absorption is not only unworkable, it is only possible on the terms that have been made famous through the parody:

"We are not united, all one body we,
As the wolf said to the lamb when he swallowed she."

The second, federation, seems to be the present somewhat nebulous terminus ad quem of the trilateral fusion proposed by our Methodist brethren. The third, co-operation, is, after all, the perpetuation of the present position with the addition of new endeavors in combination in the Northwest, and the avoidance of unnecessary crowding, rivalry, and unseemly competition. Any union whatsoever is worthless, however, if it is a mere talking shop, a fraternalism, while cherishing the spirit exhibited by the writer signed "Methodist." All Christians at present are probably praying for and longing for the consummation of the church, and retaining the proviso, of course, that each retains its own essential principles and distinctive features which denominationally constitute their raison d'être.

In the next place, all thoughtful Christians will admit that this problem of union is not going to be solved for some as for others. For instance, the union problem is a much easier matter for Methodists than for Presbyterians, and incomparably easier for Congregationalists than for Baptists. In the proposed movement at present the Congregationalists in Canada would give up practically very little and would gain a great deal. But the Baptists would probably have to yield a great deal and gain very little. On the other hand, both the Presbyterian and the Church of England have a glory of heritage in their standards, and a definiteness of principles and distinctiveness in their tenets that would require them to exercise a far greater amount of love and self-sacrifice than either the Methodists or the Congregationalists. Their strength and success, I mean denominationally, of course, has been owing to their championship of certain church principles, but without the confession and the Presbyterian body and the Presbyterian body would be as verily a homeless and ragged and unimpressive ecclesiastical tramp as the Anglican without the bishop and the Prayer Book and the Thirty-Nine Articles.

But I think I will have to continue this in another letter.

THE MEMORIAL CHURCH RECTORY, June 14, 1906.

TWO NEW SYNODS FORMED

Continued from Page One.

If this matter is continued, the people will object far more strongly to a change in the old Psalms and hymns than over the union question.

Principal Springer thought it would only be a temporary postponement. He declared that the amendment sent the question to the church before the committee were ready to do so. The recommendation renewed the present compact for five years more, and if the church were not ready then, it would be adopted.

Other speakers declared that the people did not want a new hymnal, and were perfectly satisfied with what they had. The question of expense was one they objected to very much. The question was merely an academic question.

The first clause was amended by the word "reported" being inserted, and was carried.

The second recommendation was withdrawn.

Dr. Somerville introduced another resolution to the effect that a new arrangement be made with the Oxford Press, looking toward a larger royalty, and that also a supplemental list of tunes be made. This was carried unanimously.

Religion in Schools.

Principal Gordon brought in the report of the committee on Biblical instruction in the public schools. It was passed with very little discussion, the only suggestions being that the sphere of the committee be enlarged to take in the whole of Canada, not Ontario alone.

The report stated that owing to the death of Principal Caven, no report was presented from the committee at the meeting of the last General Assembly. It described a conference with the representatives of the Methodist and Anglican Churches, at which the syllabus of Bible lessons and passages for memorizing, previously presented to the various Anglican synods, was presented, and discussed. The result of the conference was decidedly in favor of systematic biblical instruction in the public and high schools.

New Synod Formed.

Dr. McMillen presented the report of

Baking Powder Proof

It is an easy matter to determine the relative merits of baking powder by testing them yourself. When baking the baking, and mark it so that you can identify it afterwards. Do the other half and notice the results. If you don't think Strong's Baking Powder is the best now, you will have no doubt of it after putting it to a practical test. Besides, it only costs half what any other pure powder costs. 25c pound.

Strong's Drug Store

Chemist and Druggist.

184 DUNDAS ST.

The committee appointed to change the boundaries of synods. The Presbyterian Church was making rapid progress in the west. The formation of three new synods at one assembly was in itself a remarkable thing.

The report was as follows: The synod of British Columbia was divided in two synods, to be known as the synods of British Columbia and Alberta. The synod of Alberta was to include the Yukon. The present moderator of the synod of British Columbia was to remain as moderator, and Dr. McQueen, of Edmonton, was appointed moderator of Alberta. A new synod of Saskatchewan was set apart, and Rev. J. Leshman, of Fleming, was appointed moderator.

The committee left the details of the overlapping of boundaries to the synods and presbyteries in the hands of the different synods.

The report was adopted practically unanimously.

Wants a College.

The Presbytery of Kamloops presented an overture, asking that a college be established for the training of men for the ministry in British Columbia, to be established. The report came before the synod of British Columbia, and was sent out from the synod to the different presbyteries asking for their opinion on the matter, such opinions to be forwarded to the synod and then transferred by them to the General Assembly.

Rev. J. Knox Wright explained that there was need of a college for the training of ministers. In British Columbia the Presbyterian Church had not a college of any kind, while all other denominations had their seats of learning. Mr. Wright explained the value of such an institution to British Columbia, and the special value to Vancouver Presbyterianism of such a college to be situated in the city. He was understood that the college have only a summer session. It could be manned by the professors of other colleges during this season, and the young men who work during the winter in the mission fields, could take their year at this college.

Mr. Wright also promised that the city of Vancouver would furnish a building and pay the salary of one professor. The business men of that city were enthusiastic in behalf of the scheme, and he thought that the matter of financing the institution could be readily undertaken.

Speaking of the matter of a university, he said that arrangements had been made with McGill by which students can take their first two years in the high school at Vancouver. He also declared that a provincial university would be established in British Columbia before the next session of the assembly.

Rev. Duncan Campbell also brought the claims of British Columbia for such a college before the assembly, and explained that the exigencies of the mission work demanded a summer session of such a college.

A committee was appointed to look into the matter and report at the next assembly.

An overture was received from the Presbytery of Westminster, asking that they be given the privilege of advising and co-operating with the Foreign Missionary Society in promoting the Chinese work in British Columbia.

Rev. R. J. Wilson supported the overture.

Hamilton, Cassels, K.C., explained that the Foreign Missionary Society had never thought of withdrawing from their work in British Columbia. The committee thought that owing to the splendid work being done by the Methodist Church in this matter and their splendid equipment, it was advisable to amalgamate the work of the two churches on that matter, and had suggested on that matter. He thought the work should come under the head of home mission work and not as foreign mission work.

The overture was granted.

"Nick" Wilson to Retire

Continued from Page One.

eration, and like the older scholars, that love him and revere him.

Mr. Wilson celebrated his 50th anniversary as a teacher in London in 1857, and the different civic bodies attended the banquet in his honor.

It was partly through Nicholas Wilson that the old boy celebrations which have made London famous all over America and which have spread all over the continent, came into life. At the banquet Mr. Wilson was presented with a beautiful basket, containing the sum of \$1,000 in gold.

In the matter of superannuation, the board of education will scarcely be regarded. It is safe to say that the citizens will be more likely to criticize any smallness on the part of the trustees than they will be to find fault on the score of liberality.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported by The Advertiser by C. N. Spencer, stockbroker, Market Lane, Chicago, June 14.

Wheat—Open. High. Low. Close.

July..... 82 1/2 83 1/2 82 3/4 82 3/4

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Why Put Off the Matter

of your business and shorthand training. When there is such a demand for COM-
PROMPT office help? The



(LONDON, ONT.)
has assisted hundreds to good paying positions, and can do as much for you as you graduate. Catalogue free.
J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal.

SUMMER SUITS

You are invited to inspect our stock of New-Model Wash Suits—shirts and waists in all the newest styles.

O. LABELLE

LADIES' & GENTLEMEN'S TAILOR
Oddfellows' Block Corner

R. K. COWAN

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldg., next Court House, London.

Kindling Wood

AND SAWDUST FOR SALE.
LONDON BOX CO.
309 Bathurst Street. ywt

London Conservatory of Music and School of Elocution, Limited

All branches of music taught—piano, organ, violin, voice, elocution, harmony and all orchestral instruments.
The Fletcher Music Method, which is the best method known for teaching children, also taught. Certificates and diplomas granted. Write for curriculum or sample examination papers. Address, 214 Dundas street, London. Phone 1101.

SMITH, SON & CLARKE

Undertakers and Embalmers
Lady assistant. Night calls personally attended. Rubber-tired funeral cars.
112 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 586
22 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 678
Residence on Premises.

ELLIOTT & OLMSTED

FUNERAL DIRECTORS
Lady assistant when desired.
Day phone 1775, night phone 1907.
23 Dundas. Residence, 988 King.

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(Successor to John T. Stephenson.)
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER
Reasonable charges. Best equipment.
Open day and night. Residence on premises.
10 DUNDAS ST. PHONE 493
GEO. E. LOGAN, Assistant Mgr.

MONUMENTS Granite & Marble

Artistic Design. Prices Reasonable.
The D. WILKIE GRANITE CO.
408 RICHMOND ST., LONDON. wty

R. H. SMITH Contractor and Builder

15 Brighton Street.
Manufacture of Cement Blocks and Sill.
Phone 1849.

Daisy Flour

Try a bag. Get it from your grocer. You will go back for more. We know it will please.

FARMERS' BIG OUTING

Several Thousand Were at Picnic at Port Stanley.

Several thousand people attended the picnic of the Elgin farmers held at Port Stanley yesterday. There were speeches, baseball, tug-of-war, etc., and all the picknickers put in a pleasant time.

The speakers included Hon. Adam Beck, of this city; Police Magistrate Glenn, of St. Thomas, and Editor Smith of the Farmers' Sun.

Mr. Beck spoke of telephones for farmers, advising the latter to stand out for government ownership of 'phones throughout the Dominion. The system should be looked after in the same manner as the postoffice, he declared. He also alluded to Niagara power, which should be controlled by the Government for the good of the people, he said.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

Russia has a larger proportion of blind people than any other European country. Two out of every 1,000 are sightless.

SO POPULAR is Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup as a medicine in the treatment of colds and coughs or ailments of the throat, due to exposure, to draughts, or sudden changes of temperature, that druggists and all dealers in patent medicines keep supplies on hand to meet the demand. It is pleasant to take, and the use of it guarantees freedom from throat and lung diseases.

Excursion to Detroit. Three days in the City of the Straits, for Saturday, at 6:35 a.m., from the Grand Trunk London station, and return any train up to Monday midnight. New York express and Eastern Flyer excepted. 51k

Pineat rubber-tire carriages for every occasion. Heston's Livery.

NEW POST CARDS.
Just received, a large assortment of beautiful colored souvenir post cards of London, Ont., and out-of-town places. Thousands of designs. Red Star News Co., 8 Market Lane, City.

HURON & ERIE

Loan & Savings Company

The Huron & Erie Loan & Savings Co. The Canadian Savings & Loan Co. of Canada, Amalgamated January 1905.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of four and one-half per cent per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this company, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the company's office in this city on and after

TUESDAY, JULY 3, 1906.
The transfer books will be closed from the 15th to the 30th of June, both days inclusive.

GEO. A. SOMERVILLE,
Manager.
London, June 5, 1906.

Bottled for Home Use.

You can order HAMILTON'S ALE and PORTER from your dealer. You will find them always the same. Pure and fully aged.

THOS. WILSON

Merchant Tailor
212 DUNDAS STREET
Higgins Block. Telephone 596.

CHILDREN'S EYES

RECEIVE OUR SPECIAL CARE.

By our method of examining we determine the exact condition of the eyes, and if glasses are needed, without questioning the child. You pay only for the material and grinding of lenses—the examination is free.

The TAIT OPTICAL CO

Specialists.
237 DUNDAS STREET.

NEW COMBS

The latest novelties in Back and Side Combs.

New Jewelry

Come and we will show you the jewelry most in vogue for summer wear.

THOS. GILLEAN

402 RICHMOND STREET.

A Great Nourisher

All the nutrient properties of the best materials are centered in Johnston Bros.' XXX Bread. None better can be made, and it is always as clean and delicious as it is nutritious. At progressive grocers.

JOHNSTON BROS. PHONE 818.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Mr. Reg Johnston, of Strathroy, was in the city yesterday attending the races.

—Miss Emily S. Stowe, 'Varsity, '08, is the guest of Miss Eva Smythe, Princess avenue.

—Mr. Farncombe, publisher of the Gospel Standard, London, England, is the guest of Mr. J. A. Campbell, 176 Wortley road.

—Mrs. (Rev.) T. S. Johnson (now residing in Grimsby), is making a brief stay with her sister, Mrs. John A. Walker, 485 Dufferin avenue.

—Mrs. G. E. Taylor, with Miss Cecilia and Master George Taylor, and nurse, left yesterday for Moosejaw, to join Mr. Taylor in their new home there.

—A brush fire on Oxford street, just east of Adelaide street, gave the firemen a long run about 9:30 last night. There was no damage, the brigade confining the blaze to the brush heap.

—Rev. Dr. T. S. Johnson, who came to London to attend the funeral of the late John A. Walker, leaves for his home in Grimsby today. Dr. Johnson last evening gave a brief but inspiring address at the mid-week meeting of his former flock in Adelaide Street Baptist

The London Loan & Savings Company of Canada

DIVIDEND NO. 58.
Notice is hereby given that this company has declared a dividend on its capital stock for the current half year ending 30th of June, 1906, at rate of 6 per cent per annum.

For the convenience of shareholders, transfer books will not be closed.
M. J. KENT, Manager.

The Gerhard-Heintzman Piano

occupies the proudest position of all pianos manufactured in our Dominion—a position not gained and maintained by purchase recognition, but honest merit.

Send for printed matter and catalogue.

W. McPHILLIPS,
180 DUNDAS ST., LONDON.

Why Use Poor Cement When You Can Buy the

"VERIBEST" JUST AS CHEAPLY?

John Mann & Sons,
401 Clarence St. 425 York St.
Phone 470

You Know Pickards?

That is the name of the best-known, hand-painted China in America.

We have a choice stock of it and it is proving a favorite for wedding gifts.

Would like you to see it.

C. H. WARD & CO.
JEWELERS.
374 RICHMOND STREET.

Port Stanley Customers

Desiring our bread at Port Stanley will kindly 'phone our offices before leaving, and we will have our wagon call on THE PARNELL-DEAN STEAM BAKING COMPANY, Phone 929.

PERFUMES

New, Dainty and Lasting.

Perfumes that Rival the Flowers Themselves.

Cairncross & Lawrence
Chemists and Druggists,
216 Dundas Street, London, Ontario.

Church, and was heartily welcomed by all.

—A pioneer of Westminster, Mr. Jas. Ballantyne, died at his home, yesterday. Mr. Ballantyne, who had spent 35 years in the township, was 73 years of age. A wife, one son and five daughters survive—Mrs. Davis, of South London; Mrs. Cummins, Lambeth; Mrs. Albert Little, London, and Thomas, Martha and Cassie, at home. The funeral was held to Scottsville today.

—Companion Court Forest City, No. 819, I. O. F., held a very interesting meeting the other night, at which Geo. A. Mitchell, deputy supreme chief, ranger, George W. Waud, district organizer, of Chatham; Dean Davis, high treasurer, and C. R. Merrifield, P. H. C. R. for Western Ontario, were present, and gave addresses. Mrs. Fodde was elected delegate to the high court at St. Thomas. Lunch was served at the close of the meeting.

—A quiet wedding took place yesterday afternoon at the family residence, 450 Pall Mall street, when Miss Ethel Eddie Kirk, daughter of Mrs. Eliza Kirk, was married to the Rev. Dr. Daniel, of Colborne Street Methodist Church, performed the ceremony. The bride was charming in a costume of white silk, trimmed with cream lace, and carried a bouquet of white roses. Only the immediate relatives of the young couple were present, and after a luncheon, Mr. and Mrs. Eddy left on a honeymoon trip to the east.

THE FREE GUM COUPONS.

Among the visitors to town yesterday was Mr. A. Bode, the enterprising proprietor of Bode's Gum Company, Limited, Montreal, manufacturers of the famous "Mental Pepsin" Gum. He came to London to complete arrangements for the great free distribution of "Mental Pepsin," which will commence on Saturday, and by means of which everyone in London can secure a package of this valuable article absolutely free. Watch the papers on Saturday for the first big announcement.

Nine hundred and thirty-one British municipalities own gas works, 99 tramways and 131 supply electricity.

TIME TRIES all things, and as Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup has stood the test of years it now ranks as a leading specific in the treatment of all ailments of the throat and lungs. It will soften and subdue the most stubborn cough by relieving the irritation, and restore to affected organs to healthy conditions. Use will show its value. Try it and be convinced of its efficacy.

TROOPS ON THE HEIGHTS COMPETE FOR HOBBS AND BANKERS' SHIELDS

"D" Squadron Captures Former, and Capt. Stevenson's Company the Latter.

There was a big time at the camp yesterday afternoon, while the competitions for the Bankers' and the Hobbs shields were pulled off. A large number of civilians were present, and watched the maneuvers with great interest. As is always the case, the infantry proceedings did not form a very great attraction to the general public, although to military men they were exceedingly interesting. The movements of the mounted troops, which are always the most spectacular, attracted great attention.

D Squadron, under Major Stewart, carried away the Hobbs shield. The contest took place between squadrons composed of four troops, containing twelve each, and four troop leaders (who did not shoot), and one squadron commander. Each competing squadron was drawn up at a point on the south-east corner of the grounds, in a column of troops, dismounted. On a signal from the chief umpire, they mounted and galloped over a course marked by red flags, along the south side of the grounds, until the western boundary was reached. From there they proceeded north until opposite the miniature ranges. On arrival at the ranges the squadron dismounted, and at the command "Action!" doubled to the targets, and let down, proceeding to fire at the targets, eighteen of which were exposed. When the eighteen were "killed," the umpire gave command, "All dead!" and the squadron mounted and proceeded around the course until the starting point was reached again. Each competing squadron made three trips around the course, and fired on their first and second arrival at the targets, and on the arrival their time was taken. Any men over one minute late were counted as casualties, and each meant a deduction of fifteen seconds. The squadron making the shortest time minus the deductions for casualties, won the shield. The following was the time made by the different squadrons:

A Squadron, Major Abbott—Time, 14:50.

B Squadron, Major McComb—Time, 15:25.

C Squadron, Capt. King—Time, 13:15.

D Squadron, Major Stewart—Time, 11:32.

The Twenty-sixth Regiment won the Bankers' shield easily. The scores made by them are considered by the military authorities to be very good.

No. 1 Company, under Captain Stevenson, won. The conditions of the Bankers' shield competition were as follows: Teams to consist of 15 officers, non-commissioned officers and men from a company, under the command of an officer who is one of the competitors. Seven rounds of gallery cartridges were issued per man. The time allowed from the word "commence" was one minute. On the "cease fire" sounding, the greatest number of heads killed per company won. Officers commanding squads had to certify that the members of the team were bona fide members of the company.

The following are the scores made by the different competing teams:

TWENTY-SIXTH REGIMENT.
No. 1 Company, Capt. Stephenson, 45
No. 2 Company, Capt. Graham, 38
No. 3 Company, Capt. Morgan, 41
No. 4 Company, Capt. Colerick, 31
No. 5 Company, Capt. Elliot, 19
No. 6 Company, Capt. N. Elliott, 16
No. 7 Company, Capt. F. Orr, 24
No. 8 Company, Capt. McKay, 31

TWENTY-SEVENTH REGIMENT.
No. 1 Company, Capt. Mackenzie, 24
No. 2 Company, Capt. Nisbet, 25
No. 3 Company, Capt. Bryant, 28
No. 4 Company, Capt. McKilrick, 29
No. 5 Company, Capt. Wood, 22
No. 6 Company, Capt. Geddes, 19
No. 7 Company, Capt. Cory, 23
No. 8 Company, Capt. Craig, 24

TWENTY-EIGHTH REGIMENT.
No. 1 and 2 Company, Capt. Monteith, 27
No. 3 and 4 Company, Capt. White, 21
No. 5 Company, Capt. Money, 29
No. 6 Company, Capt. Guy, 31
No. 7 Company, Capt. MacBeth, 18
No. 8 Company, Capt. Brickett, 20

This afternoon the Layburn cup will be competed for, marching and firing being the consideration of the match. The cup, presented by Hon. J. Cowan, will also be competed for. This trophy is for the best shooting.

STRUCK BY CAR, SERIOUSLY HURT

Daniel McGinnis May Die of Injuries Received on the Springbank Line.

Daniel McGinnis, 30 years of age, a laborer employed at Cawse's brick yard, on the Pipe Line road, was run over by a Springbank car at 5:45 o'clock last evening near Waverley, and is now in the hospital in a serious condition.

The accident appears to have been due to McGinnis' own carelessness. A Springbank car, in charge of Conductor Robertson and Motorman Gaynor, was running west to the park, when McGinnis was walking west, also, but he was on the south track and the car was on the north.

As the car approached McGinnis, Gaynor gave warning with the gong. Had he remained where he was, McGinnis would have been struck, but when he heard the gong he stepped over from the south to the north track.

The car, running at a fair rate of speed, struck him, and he rolled underneath, and was dragged nearly 200 feet, his clothing having caught on the second track. Fortunately for McGinnis the car sat high on the trucks, and the "T" rails kept the axles well off the ground. Had he been under a car running on a grooved rail, he would assuredly have been killed.

When the car was stopped, it was found that a wire which connected the current with the motor had been broken and the big trolley could not be moved. There were about 50 or 60 passengers on the car at the time, and most of them were men. They set to work with a will, and by main strength pushed the car back so that the unconscious form of McGinnis could be removed.

The ambulance, which had been summoned at once took the man to Victoria Hospital. It was found that his shoulder was dislocated, his body fearfully bruised, and his face and head terribly cut.

At the hospital this morning it was reported that McGinnis' condition is very serious. McGinnis put in a restless night, but was slightly easier today.

Mr. U. A. Buchner, of Buchner & Gunn, barristers, was on the car when he witnessed the accident. He says that McGinnis was eating peanuts just before the accident, and that he stepped leisurely from one track to another, taking peanuts from the bag as he walked.

MONEY IN THE BANK.

Madrid, June 14.—According to the newspapers of this city, the Minister of the Interior declared yesterday that the sum of \$100,000 was lying in the Bank of Spain, at the disposition of anarchists, and it was believed to have been deposited by their political supporters.

WANTS HIS NAME CLEARED.

New York, June 14.—The secretary of the New York Produce Exchange yesterday received a communication from the London Corn Trade Association, refusing to recognize the grain inspection of Norfolk and Newport News, and stating that he London Corn Trade Association had joined in similar action. The step was taken because of "unsatisfactory shipments of certified No. 2 corn" from those ports.

Three-fourths of the area of Japan is mountainous, and less than 16 per cent is under cultivation.

A TIME FOR EVERYTHING.—The time for Dr. Theobald's Eucalyptic Oil when croupy conditions appear in the children; when rheumatic pains beset the old; when lung, asthma, coughs, colds, catarrh or earache attack either young or old; when burns, scalds, abrasions, contusions or cuts come to any member of the family. In any of these ailments it will give relief and work a cure.

A TALK TO YOUNG MEN

If you want to make your mark in the world you must practice economy.

Now, while you have health and strength, is the time to lay plans that will give permanency to your happiness.

The surest way is by saving regularly part of your earnings.

No matter how small, this bank will add interest to your account

EVERY THREE MONTHS
\$1.00 Opens an Account at

THE SOVEREIGN BANK OF CANADA

LONDON BRANCH, Opposite City Hall, F. E. KARN, Manager.
LONDON EAST BRANCH, 635 Dundas Street, W. J. HILL, Manager.

Imperial Bank of Canada

Capital (Paid Up) - \$3,930,000
Reserve - \$3,930,000

London Branch:
CORNER RICHMOND AND KING STREETS

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received and interest allowed at highest current rate from date of opening of the account.

R. ARKELL, Manager.

MISSIONARY ENTERPRISE

Opening of London Women's Society at Chatham

Chatham, June 13.—The twelfth annual convention of the London branch of the Missionary Society opened at Park Street Methodist Church this morning with a large attendance. The convention will last three days and there are indications that it will prove to be the very best the society have ever had.

This morning's session opened with Mrs. Gordon Wright president, in the chair. Mrs. Burns, the honorary president, conducted devotional exercises, during which Mrs. Bond, of Forest, gave a Bible reading on the 22nd Psalm.

The following members were elected to the courtesy committee for the ensuing year: Mrs. Gardiner, Chatham, convener; Mrs. Wilson Taylor, Chatham; Mrs. Bell, London; Mrs. Muxworthy, Watford, and Mrs. Cook, Ridgetown.

A very large number of reports which were received were laid over until Thursday afternoon for discussion.

Reports were read from Stratford, Goderich and Wingham district showing substantial increases in membership and financial standing and a growing interest in the work.

This afternoon devotional exercises were led by Mrs. Marshall, of Kirkton, and Mrs. Creighton, of Highgate, and a number of greetings presented from sister societies. The reports of the various district organizers heard showed a growing interest in the work with corresponding increases in financial standing and membership.

Mrs. Dr. Thornton read an appropriate address of welcome which was responded to by Mrs. McMechan.

A memorial service was led by Mesdames Leach and Acheson and a consecration service by Mrs. Dr. Fowler, of London. Communion followed.

This evening His Worship Mayor Marshall was slated to tender his welcome on behalf of the corporation.

DESERTERS IN TROUBLE

Steamship Firemen in Conspiracy to Secure Higher Wages.

New York, June 14.—Existence of a novel conspiracy was disclosed through the issuance of a warrant by United States Commissioner Alexander for the arrest of ten Belgian steamship firemen, alleged deserters from the steamship Zeeland, the men will be arraigned today on charges preferred by Sir Percy Sanderson, British consul-general, the Zealand flying the British flag.

According to the steamship officials, the firemen a few months ago concocted a scheme to wring exorbitant wages from the ships in the International Navigation Company's fleet. The conspiracy began by ten firemen deserting from one of the ships a few hours before sailing time. It was with great difficulty that the chief engineer picked up ten additional men to complete his crew, the rules of the union forbidding him to sail short-handed.

Upon the arrival of the next ship of the fleet another desertion of ten men occurred, and almost at the same time ten firemen, now believed to have been the original ten deserters, offered to sail, but demanded a marked increase in wages. Practically the same situation has arisen upon the clearance of all the vessels of the fleet.

NO SECONDER TO THIS

British M. P. Had Motion to Tax the Colonies for Defence.

London, June 13.—In the House of Commons today, Mr. Baker, M. P., asked whether in view of the disclosures regarding the source of supply of tinned meats, the importations of which were largely increased by exclusion of due cattle from Canada, inquiry should be made regarding the source of the meat, and whether the measure imposing heavy burdens on his majesty's subjects resident in the United Kingdom, until steps had been taken

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

Boys Had Soles of Shoes Torn Off by Lightning.

Hamilton, June 14.—Five young men, Edward McNichol, Alex. Foster, David Hood, John McIntosh and T. Jamieson, were sitting in a group in Mr. McNichol's store at Clyde, when Friday's storm was at its worst.

In the midst of their conversation, all were suddenly hurled from their chairs by a bolt which, running down the chimney, had burst from the stove in the center of the group.

The light was extinguished by the shock, and the five boys lay twitching in the darkness, a couple completely stunned, and the others dazed and groaning as if they were dying.

David Hood's shoes were blown to atoms; torn right off his feet, in fact. One of Alex. Foster's shoes was also torn off.

These two boys, as well as young McNichol, were burned about the legs and feet, and have been confined to bed.

The end was blown out of the chimney, and the stovepipe ridged with huge holes. Furniture, dishes, in fact, almost every unstationary object in the house was knocked down.

Fortunately, nothing took fire. Jamieson says he saw a ball of fire about the size of a small football burst from the stove, and then he did not know what happened. The stinged, sulphurous smell that filled the room after the shock was stifling.

The boys who so miraculously escaped are all well on the way to recovery.

ATLAS LOAN DIVIDED

The Final Payment Is Laid Over Until Next September.

St. Thomas, June 14.—Dr. Luton this morning received a letter from R. Home Smith, of the National Trust Company, the liquidators of the Atlas Loan Company, enclosing a