



Price 15s. in Town

SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 19, 1844.

[15s. sent by Mail.]

RECOVERY OF HAIR

8, 25, and 26 years loss.

stations, (selected from number cited during the last 40 years)

of HOWLAND'S OIL

the original of which may be seen at

W. C. FRIDAUX, 25, BATTON GARDEN, LONDON.

AGRICULTURAL.

How to make Agricultural Pursuits pleasant as well as Profitable. For ages the employment of the husbandman has been looked upon as dull, uninteresting work. It has been thought to be a dull plodding occupation of the hands and not of the head. And there has been too much foundation for such an impression. The agriculturists of years not long by-gone, did little with the head to dignify or enliven the work of the hands. A change for the better is now near at hand. Perhaps in your day farmers may be more intellectual, more intelligent, and more able to bring the truths of science to benefit them in their manual labors, and to give them interest and delight in their occupations. But what others do, I hope you at least will take such measures as will convince yourself if not others, that agricultural employments are as interesting, intellectual, and pleasing pursuits as any which they may be put in comparison. I know of no method by which you can more effectually render them so, than by employing your mind upon your work. Most assuredly the more your mind is employed upon your work, the more interesting will be its effects to your cause, in accounting for failures and disappointments, in understanding the operations of nature, in devising improvements, &c. The more interest you will take in your employments, and the pleasure and gratification you derive from them. Moreover this is not the only way to make your pursuits pleasant, but it is the way to make them profitable also. Your mental operations must be wrought into, and judiciously indeed if they do not lead you to the discovery of means whereby you can produce more produce out of any certain amount of labor and expenditure. The most intelligent farmers, you may easily convince yourself, if industry is not wanting, generally succeeded in making their farms the most profitable. But what I wish especially to inculcate upon you at this time, is, that you will feel more interest, more pleasure, more conscious dignity in your pursuits the more you occupy your mind on the subject.

Agricultural Schools would aid in thus elevating Agriculture.—Albany Cultivator.

LINE AS MANURE.—Much labour has been expended in trying to ascertain the best method to enrich and prepare the ground so as to produce the best crop. After using various kinds of dressing, none have proved better than lime, for land on which corn is planted.

Lime has in itself many valuable properties. It gives a suitable degree of heat to cause immediate vegetation, it guards it from worms and insects that often destroy one-half of the first planting; it causes an early and rapid growth, that ripens the grain before the frost appears. When lime is used for other kind of grain, it has the same effect as on corn: it has also the voluntary quality of guarding it against mildew. No grain sown on land so prepared, will suffer from this great evil, by which so many valuable fields have been destroyed.

The best method of using lime is, to mix one eighth part with old barn manure, then to be placed in the hole with the corn. When used for other kinds of grain, it should be spread on the top of the ground after it is ploughed, and harrowed in with the grain. No one can fully estimate the value of lime for this purpose, unless they try the experiment. The average difference in a crop is from one-third to one-half more by using the lime.

It is also almost the only sure preventative of vermin on fruit trees in this section of the country. Lime placed about the body of trees early in the spring, will prevent their increase. Stacked lime mixed with soap & water, used as a wash on the parts of the tree where insects have deposited their eggs, will destroy them entirely. This has been proved by the writer.

In many parts of England, they estimate the value of their land, in some proportion, to its nearness to lime kilns, on account of the valuable properties of lime for dressing. Our farmers should turn their attention to the subject.

Sowing and Planting.—In most cases we obtain as good crops without early planting. Corn, potatoes, beets, carrots, parsnips, pumpkins, squashes, melons, cucumbers, beans, and most vegetable crops, do better by delaying planting till the ground is warm and dry, and the weather is generally warm, as cold weather and severe storms, check, and in some cases destroy tender plants. Most of these crops succeed better if they be planted from the middle to the last of May, though it is generally best to get corn in by the 20th of May, as it requires the whole of a common season, to become well ripened. In cases of early planting the ground becomes heavy and hard from severe storms, and the plants become stunted, while the weeds which are hardy, are getting possession

of the land, and can be expelled only with much cost and trouble.

But some things require early attention.—Spring wheat, rye, oats and barley should be sown as soon as the ground becomes dry enough to work; as in this case there is a much better chance for a good crop. Warm, muggy weather, is more likely to cause a failure in late sown grains, than that which is sown early. Last season the drought cut off late sown oats and barley, and those sown late are generally more liable to injury from this cause.

Peas do best when planted early; and they are so hardy that cold will not injure them. When sown late they are liable to injury from rust and mildew. Onions should be sown quite early, else they will not ripen well unless the season be favorable. The tomato and some other vegetables should be sown early, else they will not generally ripen well in our climate; and for early use many kinds should be planted as soon as the ground is dry.

Gardens and Gardening.—There are few things which more clearly indicate a refined mind and a cultivated taste than a neat garden, and among our agricultural population there are few, who can lay claim to the title of a good farmer, who do not possess a good vegetable garden. Indeed it is an indispensable appendage to a farm house, which no individual, having any regard for economy or comfort, will overlook. Those who have not paid attention to the subject will have but little idea of the profit which might be derived from the small quantity of ground usually devoted to the purposes of a garden, or of the additions of comfort which it will make in his family. Mechanics and professional men too will find such to be a valuable acquisition, and the pleasure afforded by its cultivation, will amply repay the labour expended, for that object. One great principle that should regulate the conduct of both farmers and others is, seek happiness at home; and this end, we may rest satisfied, will be best accomplished by proper attention to all the appliances necessary to such a result. Every tree, plant, or flower, which an individual cultivates round his dwelling, forms a link in the chain of association which binds him to his home. They render his abode more delightful—they invite to a more intimate communion with nature—they increase the sources of rational enjoyment, and withdraw us for a time from the busy world, where the mind, in the retirement of its own contemplation, can forget the cares, the troubles, the vanities and the selfishness, which intercourse with an unfeeling world may develop to us. As a means of recreation and exercise after the labours of the day, we know of none better qualified to improve the mind than working a garden.—Eastern Chronicle, Picton.

Cabbage Heads from Stumps.—James Bates of Norridgewock, Me., writing to the Farmer's Journal, says,—"I do not know what all your Boston gardeners are up to, but I do know that, if cabbage stumps of any variety are set out in the spring, in good order, one two, three, or even four good sound heads will grow on them;—and this they will do year after year, until they die by accident. They are managed in the following manner: The upper, narrow leaved sprouts, which would bear seed, are carefully rubbed off, and likewise all the lower, round leaved ones, which latter will form heads, leaving only as many of these as the strength of the stump and the soil are capable of bringing to perfection. At our cattle show, Mr. John Drew presented several such stumps with one to four heads of Low Dutch cabbage on each which have borne for three years. He sets them out in earth in the cellar in autumn, cuts off the heads when required for use, and places the stumps perty thick in the garden in spring. The labour is trifling, the cut-worm gives no trouble, and the crop is sure and abundant."

New mode of planting Apple Trees.—A horticulturist in Bohemia has a beautiful plantation of the best apple trees, which have neither sprung from seeds or grafting. His plan is to take shoots from the choicest sorts insert them in a potatoe, and plunge both into the ground, having put an inch or two of the shoot above the surface. The potatoe nourishes the shoot whilst it pushes out roots and the shoot gradually springs up, becomes a beautiful tree, bearing the best fruit, without requiring to be grafted.—Canada News-papper.

Potatoes.—Ought Potatoes to be cut or planted whole? [By A. C. Hornecastle.] I am in the habit of planting five or six acres of potatoes yearly, and for the last two years I have planted the greater part with whole potatoes, and find they produce as good crops as with cut seeds, from this great advantage—I have scarcely a potatoe missing growing, whereas in cut seeds I have often had a great loss from dry rot. When taking up the general crop, I pick up my seed potatoes of a uniform size, each weighing about

one and a half ounce. I plant them in rows two feet apart, and one foot in the row, and have exceeding good crops.—English Periodical.

How to obtain a situation in the Excise.—Take the liberty of distilling your own whiskey, without paying your proper duty to her most gracious Majesty; persevere, and doubt not but in good time you will find yourself in a very pretty situation.

THE SALADIN.

Further particulars connected with this vessel have transpired since our last, which we are sorry to say, negative all ideas of innocence of the men in custody, and impress upon the transactions in which they have been engaged, a truly awful character.

On Saturday morning, two of the men, one named Galloway, the other Carr, who were confined in one cell, sent for the Sheriff, and expressed a desire to develop all the circumstances which had occurred on board of the Saladin, of which they had any knowledge, and commenced the relation of a tale of horror which it would be difficult to parallel among the more dreadful records of piracy and murder committed on the high seas.—The Sheriff immediately communicated with the Attorney General, and accompanied by him, and other officials, whose duty required them to be present, proceeded to the goal, where the men underwent a close examination, which elicited particulars, which elicited evidence of truth, and leave no room to doubt the extent of crime of which these unhappy wretches have been guilty.

The substance of these revelations, so far we can gather, is as follows:—The Saladin sailed from Valparaiso about the 8th February, with a complement of twelve persons, including officers. Some of these were new men, four of whom had gone out to Valparaiso, having left her there. A Captain Fielding, whose vessel had been seized for smuggling a cargo of guano, and his son, a lad about fifteen years of age, were taken on board as passengers. This man it appears instigated all the mischief. His plan, suggested by avarice, for he must have been aware of the valuable freight on board, was to kill the captain and officers, seize the ship, and proceed with her to the St. Lawrence, on the shores of which they were to land, divide the plunder, and then separate to enjoy as they best might their unhalloved gains. Unhappily he too well prevailed—the plausibility of the scheme secured the acquiescence of these reckless characters, and without a reflection upon the improbability of being able to carry it out, and escape a just retribution, they took the first favorable opportunity to put it in execution.

The bloody drama opened on Sunday night the 14th April. The first mate, whose watch it was, had been unwell, and had gone to sleep on the hen coop or companion. Up to this time it would appear as if the men who have confessed, had no knowledge of the conspiracy—at least we have been given to understand, that such is their assertion. Hearing a noise on deck they left their hammocks, went up, and there beheld the demon assisted by two others, in the act of throwing the mate overboard, and this they soon succeeded in doing. Having fully committed themselves to the worst atrocity by this treacherous act, some of the villains went below for the purpose of despatching the captain, whom they found asleep, but his dog, (so trifling was the incident that averted their purpose,) being at his side, probably with an instinctive consciousness of their intention, which they perceived, they retired without effecting their purpose. The second mate then came on deck, was seized upon and thrown overboard. While in the water he called out "Murder!" and Fielding, fearful perhaps that such an alarm might put the captain upon his guard, raised the cry, "a man overboard." This awoke Captain MacKenzie, who rushed on deck, when the Swede, (Anderson) one of the prisoners, struck at him with a bludgeon as he was emerging from the companion, and stunned him. Immediately recovering, the unfortunate man rushed upon the assassin, calling to Fielding for assistance. He was seized upon, his skull clove with a hatchet, and the Swede terminated his existence by repeated strokes of the same weapon. After the captain was despatched, the murderers proceeded to make sure work of the rest of the crew who were not implicated in the conspiracy, who unconscious of evil were despatched in cold blood, without being able to make any resistance, as each made his appearance on the deck, and their bodies thrown overboard. Fielding then assumed the command, called the men at, harangued them in a speech in which he assured them of being under a commander who could appreciate their services, and who would not bully them as "Sandy" had done; and explained his designs with regard to their future destination, as we have before stated.

It pleased the Almighty to crush this daring villain, ere the exultation attended upon

his success had subsided, by the very instruments through whom his unhallowed design had been executed. The second tragedy was as horrible in its incidents as the first, though it may be perceptibly traced the averting dispensation of that Being, who neither slumbers nor sleeps, by whom even the very hairs of our heads are numbered, and who will in nowise spare the guilty. The very circumstances which in his fiendish cunning he had calculated upon to ensure his safety, led to his destruction. Dark hints of there being yet too many on board, led each one to consider his own safety involved, and to suspect the designs of their tyrant. To prevent it is supposed any fatal results which might ensue from the quarrelsome dispositions of such a gang of desperadoes, and of which a specimen was afforded at a cruise after the occurrences, we have detailed, all the fire arms, and all weapons whatever, at his suggestion were thrown overboard, with the exception of the Captain's gun. Fielding, however, had concealed weapons for his own defence in case of need. These had been discovered in a berth—it is said a pair of loaded pistols and a knife were still in his possession. The men questioned his intentions, and not being satisfied with his replies, they seized upon and bound him, and a part of them kept watch over him one whole night in the cabin. After a serious consultation, the next morning, (the Tuesday) succeeded the murder of the Captain, they determined to throw him overboard, which was soon effected, and thus the villain perished by a similar death to that by which he had sent his innocent and unsuspecting victims to their last account. So true it is, that one crime leads to another, and that a guilty security can only be presently purchased by plunging deeper into guilt, and may not long be enjoyed under any circumstances.

The destruction of the father involved that of the son. From all that we can learn, the poor lad had taken no part in the horrible scenes, though a witness of them and perhaps consenting, so far as he might be allowed. He entreated them pitiously to spare his life, and the man to whom it was given in charge to throw him overboard, appeared inclined to relent, but was compelled by the threats of the others, and by a regard for his own safety, to unclasp him from his desperate embrace, and the shrieking wretch met the same miserable fate as his parent. Thus early had retributive justice followed the perpetrators of crime, and taken effect upon the violators of the law of God and man.

Nothing extraordinary appears to have occurred between this time and the wreck of the vessel, save the scenes of riot and dissipation that might have been expected. The figure head was disguised, and the name of the vessel covered with painted canvas—her guilty crew must also have carefully avoided speaking vessels on their voyage. One of their boats they sank; probably as a precautionary measure against any portion of the crew escaping in her; and the long boat, which they were in the act of fitting up, and in which they intended to leave the ship after having scuttled her, was sunk one night in a storm—thus making their short-sighted precautions prove the means of their speedy apprehension.

The Prisoners will be tried by the High Court of Commissioners, a Court distinct from the Court of Vice Admiralty, and appointed to take cognizance of crimes of mutiny and piracy upon the high seas. The names of the prisoners are—Carr, Galloway, Johnston, Hazleton, Jones, and Anderson—the last a Swede.

We cannot state positively when the trial will come on, but believe that there will be no unnecessary delay in furthering the ends of justice.

WM. MACLEAN, COMMISSION MERCHANT, AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

RESPECTFULLY intimates that he has recently removed his Office to the Store recently occupied by J. B. BROWN, at the head of the Market Wharf, where he tenders his services to the Public in the above business.

HE HAS ON CONSIGNMENT, 20 Ploughs of various descriptions, Franklin, Cooking and Office Stoves, with a variety of other articles, which are offered for sale very low for Cash or approved credit.

St. Andrews, May 8, 1844.

PIANO FORTES.

HAVING been appointed Agents for the sale of Instruments from the celebrated Manufactory of T. Gilbert & Co. we are prepared to furnish them at Manufacturers prices.

Now on hand, One superior toned Instrument which can be examined at any time.

BEDLOW & LEFAVOR, St. Andrews, May 29, 1844.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE, IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, In the matter of Thomas Algar, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province of New Brunswick, made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Thomas Algar, of Saint Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Town, hath been duly declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to the Sheriff.

Now, therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Samuel H. Whittick of Saint Andrews in the County of Charlotte Esquire, Provisional Assignee, of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt. And I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the 9th day of May next, all such sum or sums of money, (not of duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt) to deliver the same to the said Assignee, on or before the said 9th day of May next, and I do further require the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof, to deliver unto the said Assignee, or to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office in St. Andrews on Tuesday the 13th day of June next, at noon of that day, at my said office, for the purpose of receiving proof of, or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof the said Bankrupt will be examined on oath touching the said Estate and such other business relating to the said Estate, as will be deemed necessary.

Given under my hand at St. Andrews the 9th day of April 1844.

H. HATCH, Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts, for the County of Charlotte.

GARDEN & FIELD SEEDS, Samuel Getty,

RESPECTFULLY informs his Friends and numerous Customers that he has just received a large supply of GARDEN and FIELD SEEDS, of last years growth, from that old established House, the New England Seed Store, Boston, which he can warrant to be of the best quality.

Among the Garden Seeds are BEANS, PEAS, RADISHES, TURNIPS, Cabbage, Cucumbers, Lettuce, Squash, Carrots, Parsnips, Celery and Beet of every description.

The Field Seeds consist of HERDS GRASS, CLOVER, and HEMP. Persons desirous of purchasing will find it to their advantage to call at S. G.'s Store, where they will find a choice selection of the above Seeds.

St. Andrews, April 10, 1744.

PROVISIONS, &C.

The Subscriber offers for Sale, BURLS and half BURLS SUPERFINE FLOUR, FINEST and common brands, RYE Flour, DYSPEPSIA Flour in half Barrels.

Bulk, ktn dried Corn Meal, Rye &c. Oatmeal, Clear Mess and Prime PORK, Navy and Pilot Bread, War Cracker, &c. ALSO a few Bbls. and Tierces prime tailing Mulseas.

R. WALTON, April 9, 1844.

Brandy, Leaf Sugar, Tea &c.

The Subscriber has just received per the brigantine Brunswick, from Liverpool: 11 HOLLANDS Gin, 2 do Superior Old Port Wine, 8 Chests Cognac, 64 Boxes Best White Paint, 50 Boxes Y. Soap, 6 Boxes best Polished Starch, 2 Hds. Refined Sugar, Bbls. and 1-2 Bbls. Pot Berley.

J. W. STREET, April 30, 1844.

FOR SALE.

THREE several Lots of WOOLLEN Cloth on Her Island, for per scales and information apply at the Office of R. M. ANDREWS.

1st May 1844.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Melancholy Accident in Williamsburg.—Sir Children Killed.—We have seldom been called upon to record a more effecting disaster, says the New York Sun of the 1st instant, than one that occurred in Williamsburg last evening about half-past six o'clock. While a number of interesting children were amusing themselves in an excavation made for building purposes, in North Second street, the overhanging earth caved in and buried seven of them, and only one, who happened to be near the surface, was extricated alive. The intelligence of the disaster spread rapidly throughout the village, and in a short time the bodies of the six were dug out, but the vital spark had fled.—The scene that followed the lamentations of fathers and mothers over the dead bodies of their beloved little ones, we cannot describe.—The stoutest heart gave way, and found relief in tears. Mr. Lewis Jones, carpenter, lost three children; Mary, Harriet and Abigail; Mr. Paul, druggist, lost one daughter, aged nine; Mr. Darlington lost a daughter aged four or five; and Mr. Sheme, a laborer, lost a daughter, Delia, aged fourteen. The friend who witnessed the scene, and favoured us with these particulars, says he never saw a more heart-rending occurrence, or one that called forth the sympathies of a whole community as this did. The people of all ages and conditions, seemed actuated by the same spirit of benevolence each vying with the other in efforts to save the children, or to console the afflicted relatives. Philadelphia.—The Country Board have appropriated \$30,000 to pay the military for services during the late riots, and for the necessary expenses incurred for ammunition, provisions, &c. They likewise resolved that the amount of money to be raised by taxation for the year 1844, shall be six hundred and twenty-three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars. Railroad from Boston to Montreal.—We find in the Sherbrooke Gazette, an account of a meeting held in that town, for the purpose of taking into consideration a projected line of railroad from Montreal to Boston. John Moore, Esq. M. P., was in the chair and G. R. Robertson, Esq., acted as secretary. Several resolutions were passed, declaring the determination of the meeting to exert every effort to obtain a railroad from Montreal through the eastern townships, to meet a line of railroad now contemplated from Boston to the Province line in Stanstead, which they consider of the highest importance, not only to the township but to the Province generally. A deputation was appointed to proceed immediately to a railroad meeting to be held at Haverhill, New Hampshire, on the 30th May, to communicate the views of the inhabitants of the eastern townships on the subject; and the deputation was also empowered to engage competent engineers, in order to survey and estimate the route from the Province line to Montreal, through the townships. A subscription list was opened to pay the expenses of the survey. The Strange Disease at Fall River.—The Monitor of Wednesday says:—"Another child in the family of Mr. Moomber, died a few days since—being one of the five first attacked by the singular and yet undiscovered disease of which we spoke in our last. Three of the family have died. Mr. Moomber and one child still languish. They are not exercised with acute pain. They eat, drink, and sleep as usual—and the organs of the body are for the most part regular in their operations. But they are motionless as log of wood—being completely prostrated. This, to us, appears a subject claiming the minutest investigation by the medical faculty. The Mississippi was again rising fast on the 23rd ult., and was already within thirteen inches of the highest point it reached a week or two since. Disastrous results were feared. Resignation of Bishop Onderdonk.—The Philadelphia Gazette says:—"We learn that Bishop H. U. Onderdonk, on Wednesday last tendered his resignation to the standing Committee of the Protestant Episcopal Church of this Diocese, as Bishop thereof. The resignation will be laid before a Special Convention of the Diocese, which will assemble in September next, for their action." The increase of Mormons during the past year amounts to six or eight hundred from foreign countries, and three or four hundred from the United States, (principally from Pennsylvania, Connecticut and Massachusetts.) Fifty or sixty missionaries arrived at St. Louis, on the 20th ult., on their way to preach Mormonism in different parts of the country. The West.—Upwards of 5,000 emigrants have landed at Milwaukee since the commencement of navigation this season, and the presumption is that the population of Wisconsin will increase the present year at least 25,000. The New Orleans Picayune states, that during the afternoon of the 30th ult., about 600 feet of the levee caved in at Algiers, carrying with it Harrington's warehouse, containing a lot of oil and some western produce. There were many figures in the levee, and further damage was expected. Surgical Operation.—We saw a wen yesterday that had been taken from the back of a man near Kingston, a few days since, by Dr. Dunn. It weighed two and three quarter pounds, and measured over two feet in circumference. The operation lasted eight minutes, and the person from whom it was taken is doing well.—Pricetown, N. J., Waig. TEXAS TREATY REJECTED.—The N. Y. Express says:—"The Texas Treaty has just been rejected in a full Senate, by a vote of

35 to 16. Fifty-two Senators were present, and fifty one voted. Mr. Hannegan of Ia. declining to vote. Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, Louisiana, Kentucky, among the Slave States were unanimously against the treaty, and North Carolina, Georgia and Missouri had a divided vote. Annexation proposed in a new form.—As soon as the vote of the treaty was announced, Mr. Benton gave notice that on Monday he would introduce a bill to annex Texas to the Union. New Magnetic Telegraph.—The Magnetic Telegraph between Washington and Baltimore has been completed, and it is stated that the experiment has proved highly successful. The manner in which the communications are made is as follows.—The operator at either end communicates a shock to the wire which he holds in his hand, by striking it in a cup of mercury; which act makes a dot or mark upon a sheet of paper, arranged for the purpose—each character indicating a letter. Of course the system of stenography used will have considerable bearing on the speed with which intelligence is communicated by this telegraph. The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia United States Gazette writes as follows:—"The members of Congress are delighted with the operations of the telegraph, and will require little persuading to vote to extend it to Boston, with branches to Philadelphia, New York, &c. south to New Orleans, and west to Saint Louis. Professor Morse thinks he can erect it at a cost of about \$200 a mile, or \$100,000 to Boston. Here we are, in one part of the capital corresponding with a city forty miles distant, by means of the lightning, and in another part talking minutely with the sun.—What shall we not compel the elements to do for us yet? The St. Louis Reville thinks it a fact especially interesting in the history of our Government, that while the United States Senate was reading the Texan Treaty with closed doors, the news boys of New York were hawking it about the city at a cent a piece! Tremendous Explosion.—The boiler of an engine in the Ohio foundry, at Cincinnati on Saturday evening last, exploded which tore the boiler into pieces, and completely levelled the frame house, with a large chimney, and the adjoining fixtures and fences. No injury was sustained. At Portland.—Palmo's Concert Company, have been drawing crowded and fashionable audiences at the City Hall in Portland. Another Printer Mayor.—We a day or two ago published the fact that London, Edinburgh, Perth, Glasgow, Washington, and New York, had at present, Printers for Mayors. We since learn that the Mayor of Savannah, Wm. T. Williams, is a printer. On Sunday last, says the Mobile Herald of the 23rd ult. eight slaves belonging to the Association of Pilots at Balize, stole a schooner called the Lafayette. It is supposed that they shaped their course for Nassau, New Providence. A revenue cutter has been dispatched in pursuit. Joz Smith, the Mormon prophet, has petitioned Congress for permission to raise 100,000 men, and arm and equip them, for the propagation of Christianity, and the arts and refinements of civilized society in the western wilderness.—Am. Paper. CANADA.—Mr. Cochrane, Queen's counsel, brought an action lately in the Queen's name. The defence was that Messrs. Lafontaine and Aylwin are at this day, the one her Majesty's attorney, and the other the solicitor general, and the action not being brought by either, all the proceedings are null and void. The court maintained the objection, and no proof being brought that their commissions had been cancelled, or successors appointed, this decision establishes Messrs. Lafontaine and Aylwin to be at this day the attorney and the solicitor general. Cast Iron Lighthouse for Bermuda.—One morning, last month, many of the inhabitants of London were surprised at the sight of a prodigious black-looking fabric which had been erected in the course of the previous night. On enquiry it was learned that the object was a Light House composed of cast iron plates, intended for Bermuda, and built by Messrs. Cottam & Hallen, iron founders of the Cornwall road, Lambeth.—It is 137 feet in height, and will be placed on one of the Bermuda Islands, on a rock 250 feet high, so that its total altitude from the sea to the top of the lantern will be 387 feet. It is composed of 130 iron plates, averaging eight feet by six, and an inch and a quarter thick. These plates, ten of which make a circumference, are connected together by wrought iron bolts, screws, and sheet iron, the interstices being filled up with cement. Its diameter at the base is 24 feet, gradually decreasing to a width of 14 at the top, where it is surmounted by a gallery 20 feet wide, which is encircled by iron railings, 4 feet high. In the centre of this gallery is the lantern, surmounted by a cone eight feet high, and which is also made of cast iron. The top of the building is gained by a staircase divided into nine chambers, the floors and ceilings of which are made of sheet iron fastened to the sides and to a cast iron pillar, which goes to the top of the building. It is lighted by windows 18 inches square, and glazed with strong plate glass. Its total weight is about 30 tons.—The London correspondent of the Edinburgh Weekly Register, and other writers, assert that this is the first cast iron light house that has been constructed in England for the colonies, but

they are misinformed; for a cast iron light house was sent from England upwards of a year ago, to Jamaica, and erected on Morant Point, where it is now in operation; and rendered important service to the commerce of the Island.—Halifax paper. Tropical Fruit growing in Halifax.—At McKenzie's Confectionary, yesterday morning, we saw a tub of pine apples growing.—There were about a dozen of them in various degrees of maturity—some of them just forming, and one or two perfectly ripe, and emitting a most delicious fragrance. They, who have hot-houses, ought to make an experiment upon these exotics.—Chronicle. Mortality on the Coast of Africa.—The barque Roderick Dhu, of Providence, U. S. from Accra, reports that the British brig Sullivan, from Sierra Leone for the leeward was at Cape Coast, March 25, with the loss of all hands, except captain and second officer.—Journal. IMPROVEMENT.—Notwithstanding the dullness of the times, the town of Sydney is improving steadily and rapidly. Within a distance of half a mile from this Office, upwards of fifteen buildings are in course of construction. The new building near the parade, built for Mr. Oliver, is by far the largest and most ornamented edifice ever erected in town. Bid. THE STANDARD. ST. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1844. Charlotte County Bank. Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President. T. B. WILSON, Esq., Solicitor. Director next week—G. Gilchrist. Discount Day—TUESDAY. Hours of Business, from 10 to 2. Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise, they must lie over until next week. Arms and Lock House. Commissioner next week—Thomas Turner. Saint Stephens Bank. G. D. KING, Esq., President. Director next week—Geo. S. Hill. Discount Day—SATURDAY. Hours of Business, from 10 to 1. Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discountday. LATEST DATES. London, May 19 Montreal, June 7 Liverpool, May 18 Quebec, June 7 Edinburgh, May 15 Halifax, June 7 Paris, May 14 New York, June 14 Toronto, June 7 Boston, June 15 BARON SALADIN.—On our first page we have copied from Halifax papers, the confession of the cook and steward of the Bge. Saladin—made before the hon. M. Tobin and the Attorney General by which it appears to have been one of the most horrible acts of Piracy and murder ever committed on the high seas. THE CROPS.—We learn from the London (Canada) Inquirer, the farming operations in that quarter are pretty well brought to a conclusion for the present. The fall wheat is looking strong and healthy, and promises well. The ground is in good order, and a little warmer weather will soon bring things forward. Grass has grown well and is likely to be more than average crop. The farmers are in good spirits, anticipating a successful issue to their experimental sowing of wheat. The Hon. Mr. Viger, the leading member of Sir Charles Metcalfe's provisional Cabinet, has been called on by his constituents to resign his seat for the County of Richelieu as being no longer a representative of their political opinions. The Canadian Loyalist states that His Excellency has a majority in his favour in the present Council. The English Baptist Missionary Society have built an iron schooner of seventy tons burden, at an expense of \$10,000, to be employed in the service of the African mission. The following may be of service to some of our Delinquent Subscribers. "THE LAW OF NEWSPAPERS." 1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions. 2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their papers; the publisher may continue to send them till all the arrears are paid. 3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their newspaper from the offices to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled their bill, and ordered their papers discontinued. 4. If subscribers remove to other places, without informing the publishers, and their paper is sent to the former directions they are held responsible. 5. The courts have decided that refusing to take a newspaper or periodical from the office, or removing, and leaving it uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of Intentional Fraud. Quick Travelling.—Two gentlemen registered their names at the Tremont House, (Boston) at 5 minutes of 7 o'clock on Wednesday evening, having left Montreal the day previous at 9 o'clock, A.M. They came via Burlington and Concord, performing the run in thirty-three hours and forty-three minutes.

This may well be called "through by daylight." The distance is 340 miles. Dickens, is going to France, Switzerland, and Italy, to pick up subjects for new works. Growth of Potatoes.—An experienced Agriculturist in England has recently declared that potatoes should in all cases be planted in dry weather, and the sets previously dried in the sun.—He says that where this is attended to, there would be comparatively few failures. The sprouts from the west end never grow well. And the failures which occur in the same field with others that are productive is often occasioned by a shower of rain while planting. Whale Ship Margaret Rait.—The safe return of this vessel with a full cargo of Sperm Oil valued at £25,000, affords another gratifying evidence of the advantage arising from the whale fishing business out of this port. We cordially congratulate the owner, our spirited citizen, Charles C. Stewart, Esq. on his continued good luck; and we have been much pleased to learn that no ardent spirits are ever allowed in his ship. The Master of the Margaret Rait, Captain Coffin, and the Chief mate, Mr. Kinney, belong to Barrington, N. S.—Tem. Telegraph. Father Mathew has postponed his intended visit to America until next year. GUANO.—As a small quantity of this highly prized manure is now offered for sale here, and as many of our farmers may be ignorant of the mode of applying it to the soil, we have inserted an article under the head, which will give them some valuable information on the subject.—Miramichi Gleaner. Things as they Should Be.—We have to-day the gratification of publishing an Address, signed by the Inhabitants of Miramichi. This is a promise of better things to come; it shows that the banks of the Miramichi are beginning to approximate—and we hope ere long the noble river will not be like a great gulf, fixed between the inhabitants on its banks—but that we shall as in days gone by, meet not only for our common benefit, but with social and friendly feeling—as men we should do so—as Christians we are bound to do so. We are happy to announce that a number of Ladies in Glasgow have expressed their readiness to raise a sum of £50 or £60 a year for the support of one of the unendowed brethren in Canada, and that it is intended that Ladies' Associations auxiliary to the Colonial Scheme shall shortly be organized both in Edinburgh and Glasgow, and we have no doubt that they will be warmly seconded by the female friends of the Church throughout the Country.—Church of Scotland Home and Foreign Missionary Record. A well regulated PRINTING OFFICE is the highest school of learning, and the best seminary of literary experience in the world. Graduates from this college—with minds well disciplined, and judgments well matured—are among the best practical men in any community. MARKED. At the Chapel of Ease, Chamcook, on Sunday last, by the Rev. Dr. ALEX. M. NATHAN TREADWELL, to Mrs. ELIZABETH FLAHERTY, both of this town. At St. George, on the 11th inst, by the Rev. Smb. Thomson, A.M. Rector, Mr. I. Thorn to Miss Mary Dunlop, both of the parish of St. George. At Fredericton, on the 12th inst, by the Rev. John M. Brooke, the Rev. Andrew Halket, Minister of St. Andrew's Church, St. John, to Frances Ann, eldest daughter of the late William Taylor, Esq. In Lubec 6th inst by the Rev. Mr. Peckham, Mr. J. Judson Ames, of Calais, to Miss Emily, daughter of Dr. Balch of L. DIED. At Esquimaux, on the 11th inst. Mr. Justus Pike, aged 78 years. Mr. P. came to that place from Shepody, N. B. 40 years ago, and has ever sustained a good reputation. SHIPPING JOURNAL. PORT OF ST. ANDREWS. ARRIVED. June 17, bqe. Joseph Porter, Wilson, Liverpool, Mdze to Wm. Porter and others. —17, bqe. Margaret, Pettigell, London, Ballast, E. & J. Wilson. —" brig George, Keffen, Newfoundland, ballast, T. Wier. —" brig Caledonia, Vincent, Liverpool, Mdze. to Dimock & Wilson, and others. CLEARED. June 15, scur. Prince Albert, Fitzgerald, Windsor, Salt and Fish. —" brig Eleanor, Souter, Hull, Deals, by J. Wilson. —17, schr. Mary Jane, McMaster, Eastport. CLEARED AT ST. GEORGE. June 17, brig Virgil, Wilson, Hull, Timber and Deals, by George McKenzie. Shipping Lumber. 300 M. feet Merchantable PINE BOARDS and PLANK, piled on a Wharf, in this Harbour, apply to WM. WHITLOCK. St. Andrews, April 8, 1843.

Coach and Horses, HOTEL. By B. DOUGLAS, ST. GEORGE, N. B. THE Subscriber Respectfully intimates to the inhabitants of St. George, St. Andrews, St. Stephen, St. John, and Eastport, that he has taken the house owned by Moses Vernon Esq., at the Lower Falls, St. George, which has been fitted up in a comfortable manner as a HOUSE OF ENTERTAINMENT. Boarders, both permanent and transient will meet with good accommodation, and Travellers will find every attention paid to their comfort. There is an excellent Stable connected with the Establishment, and a good Coach, always in attendance. The Subscriber avails himself of this opportunity of returning his grateful thanks for the liberal patronage he received, and also for the kind assistance rendered him since his property was destroyed by fire—and trusts the accommodation he can now offer to the public will induce them to give him a call. BERWICK DOUGLAS. St. George, June 18, 1844. BANKRUPT SALE. ON WEDNESDAY the 26th June instant, at 12 o'clock at the TANNERY AT WAVEIG, will be sold at Public Auction, By order of the Commissioner of Bankrupts, The Estate and Effects of Samuel Watts, VIZ: 1 Grey Horse, 1 Waggon, 1 Sled, 1 Best Harness, 1 Chaise, 1 Wheelbarrow, 1 Large Tub, Shop Tools and Furniture, A Quantity of Leather Cuttings A Quantity of Horns 70 Cords Hemlock Bark 19 pairs Women's Shoes 10 do Mens do 10 do do boots Part of Cask Lampblack 3 Second hand Stoves Lot Stove pipe Sides—damaged sole leather Parts Sides do do Sides good do do Sides do upper do &c &c &c. TERMS—made known at the time of Sale. H. H. HATCH, Proc. Assignee. St. Andrews, 18th June, 1844. AUCTION. ON THURSDAY, The 20th inst., at 11 o'clock, the undersigned will sell by Auction at his Sales Room, 2 HHDS. 12 Qr. Casks, Cognac Brandy, 2 Qr Casks Superior Old Port Wine, 2 HHds. (70 Galls.) Superior flavoured High Proof Rum, 20 Doz London D. B. Stout, 10 Doz London Pale Ale, 6 doz best "Martell" Brandy, 12 Doz Maderia Wine, 6 doz Brown Sherry, 20 Boxes Liverpool Yellow Soap, 3 do best Blue Starch, 4 do London dip Candles, 10 Tins Yellow Paint, 2½ lbs. each 4 Cwt. White Paint, 56 and 28 lb. Kegs, 2 Cwt Putty, &c. &c. ALSO—A Lot Pots, Bake Ovens, Jars &c. JAMES W. STREET. St. Andrews, June 17, 1844. Rum, Sugar, and Molasses. Just Received and for Sale, by the Subscriber: 9 HHDS. Bright SUGAR, 6 Pans. High Proof RUM. ALSO IN STORE. 20 HHds. good Retailing MOLASSES. J. W. STREET. June 18, 1844. New Provision Store. ST. ANDREWS, MAY 21 1844. J.P. COLDWELL, respectfully announces, that he has opened at the Store recently occupied by Mr. B. R. Fitzgerald, at the head of Jones's Wharf, and now has on Sale: Wheat and Rye Flour, Corn Meal, Beef, Pork, Hams, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, Soap, Candles, Spices, Coffee, Cocoa, Vinegar, Cheese, Pilot and Navy Brand, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, and numerous other articles suitable for a retail Provision Store. Pitch, Tar, Spirits Turpentine, Copal and Bright Varnish, Sperm and Boiled Oils, Nails, &c. &c. Men's Light and Strong Boots, Morocco Pumps, Ladies Kid Shoes, and a variety of Childrens Shoes, &c. &c. The Sales will be for Cash, the smallest possible profit will be asked, and no second prices made. IN BOND, 100 Cwt. Superior Flour,—Also, 30 barrels Clear and Mess Pork, and Prime Beef, for Shippers, or the use of the British Fisheries.

NEW. pose of Baptist, Transpacific. St. A. Val. THE 1 son Homenes Paris uning and o. The Fair late Robert ing about. The Fair of Me through w 2 miles fro about 20 at the rest of with large For parti field or to draws. June 10. THE 1 a FA rated in th side of the ly called t Church a t awing H ad never-f It yields to TERMS the printe St. Patrie. THE 1 Auct JULY nex the late JA in Water S Gove. Term WILLI THOS. JOHN. PU. I HEAR prevent trespassing between Cl on the shor is further a ses being u passage w prevent any shor or rick shores, oth any persn authority w (Signe S. Andri. Domes. PAULS! P. THE sub sole Pr tor of the PA now in opera article is ma most recent y by experie furnish Pauls ted into the 1 and soundes try dealers su at the Warb Wharf. All ord-rs tended to. St. John, N. COUNT In the matter. PUBLIC NO application made to me hold on Tuesd ten of the clock office of the aud draw for the al tute to the said visions of the ac Provisions in face where any of th may be heard ag feat and the su be then and then other order will may require. Given under June 4, 1844. Cot set Ch. Original issues in Poor Com Best copy.

Sh and Horses, HOTEL.

Respectfully intimates to the inhabitants of St. George, St. Stephen, St. John, and East- has taken the house owned by non Esq., at the Lower Falls, which has been fitted up in a manner as a

BERWICK DOUGLAS, June 18, 1844

BERWICK DOUGLAS, June 18, 1844

WEDNESDAY the 26th June inst at 12 o'clock at the Public Auction, in Commission of Bankrupts, and Effects of Samuel Watts, VIZ: Harness, se, elbow, Tub, Tools and Furniture, quantity of Leather Cuttings, quantity of Horns, Is Hemlock Bark, Women's Shoes, Meas do do boots, Cask Lampblack, do hand Stoves, re pipe, damaged sole leather, des do do, od do do, do uppper do, do &c. &c. &c. made known at the time of

H. H. HATCH, Proc. Assignee, 18th June, 1844.

CTION. HURSDAY.

At 11 o'clock, the undersigned Auction at his Sales Room, Casks, Cognac Brandy, Superior Old Port Wine, Galls, Superior Assorted of Rum, n D. B. Stout, Pale Ale, Brandy, Wine, Sherry, Cool Yellow Soap, Ice Starch, a dip Candles, Paint, 28 lbs. each, Paint, 56 and 28 lb. Kege, &c. &c. Pots, Bake Ovens, Jars &c. JAMES W. STREET, June 17, 1844.

Sugar, Colasses.

For Sale, by the Subscriber, SUGAR, Proof Rum, IN STORE, Retailing COLASSES. J. W. STREET.

vision Store. VS, MAY 21 1844.

WELL, respectfully announces, that he has opened an sale of Provisions &c., in aid by Mr. B. R. Fitz-Jones's Wharf, and now ur, Corn Meal, Beef, Pork, Molasses, Soap, Candles, Vinegar, Cheese, Pilot ucco, Cigars, Souff, and suitable for retail Pa-

IOND.

Flour, - Also, 30 barrels of Prima Beef, for Ships, it is Fisheries,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Saint John's Day

The Members of Hibernian Lodge, No 318, under the Grand Lodge of Ireland, will assemble at their Lodge Room, in Water Street, on Monday, the 24th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of celebrating the birth of St. John the Baptist, under their Banners. Transient and visiting Brethren are respectfully invited to attend. SAMUEL McCURDY, Secretary. St. Andrews, June 12, 1844.

Valuable Farms, FOR SALE

THE Farm in Penfield adjoining the Thomson Mills, commonly called the Gillispie Homestead, containing about 60 acres. The Farms under excellent cultivation, and the dwelling and outhouses in good order. ALSO The Farm adjoining the above purchased by the late Robert Gillispie, of Malcolm Meeley, consisting about 50 acres. ALSO The Farm purchased by the late Robert Gillispie, of Moses Vanon Esq., containing 112 acres, through which the road to St. John passes about 2 miles from the head of Letang river. There are about 20 acres cultivated, a good dwelling House, the rest of the Land is well covered principally with large hardwood. For particulars apply to the Subscriber at Penfield or to J. MacFean, Market Wharf, Saint Andrews. JOHN GILLISPIE. June 10, 1844.

FARM FOR SALE!

THE Subscriber offers for Sale by Stipulation a FARM containing one hundred acres, situated in the parish of St. Patrick's on the East side of the Digdegash River, in what is commonly called the Irish Settlement, contiguous to a Church a Great Saw-mill, There is a good dwelling House front porch, complete Barn and never-failing Spring well on the premises. It yields from eight to ten tons of Hay per annum. TERMS liberal. Apply to the Subscriber on the premises. JAMES COCKBURN. St. Patrick's, June 7th, 1844.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers will sell at Public Auction on MONDAY the 1st day of JULY next. ALL the rights and title of the late JAMES RAIT, Esq., to the house in Water Street, at present occupied by Dr. Gove. Terms made known at Sale. WILLIAM KER, Trustees for all THOS. TURNER, the Creditors on JOHN MCKEAN, the Estate.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

I HEREBY authorize James Curtain, to prevent any person or persons from trespassing in any way upon my premises between Chateaux Cove and the Common on the shores of the river St. Croix; and he is further authorized to prevent my premises being used for hauling up Boats, or as passage ways to and from the water, and to prevent any person or persons from removing or taking away anything from the shores, other than their own property—and any person resisting the above mentioned authority will be punished by law. (Signed) JOHN DUNN. St. Andrews, May 9.

Domestic Manufacture.

PAIRS! PAIRS! AND BUCKETS!!! THE subscriber having been appointed sole Provincial Agent by the Proprietor of the PAIR and BUCKET FACTORY now in operation at Union Point, where the article is manufactured by Machinery of the most recent and improved construction, and by experienced workmen, he is prepared to furnish Pails and Buckets equal to any imported into the Province for perfection of make and soundness of material. City and Country dealers supplied on the most liberal terms at the Warehouse, No. 20, South Market Wharf. All orders from the Country punctually attended to. HENRY W. PITTS, Agent. St. John, May 18, 1844.—24/1w.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

In the matter of Wm. Cookson, a Bankrupt. PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that upon application of the said Wm. Cookson, this day made to me I do appoint a public sitting to be held on Tuesday the 13th day of August next at ten of the clock in the forenoon of that day at the office of the undersigned Commissioner in St. Andrews for the allowance of a Certificate of Conformity to the said Wm. Cookson, pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province in force respecting Bankrupts when and where any of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such Certificate and the same will be allowed unless cause be then and there shown to the contrary or such other order will be made as the justice of the case may require. Given under my hand this eleventh day of June A. D. 1844. H. HATCH, Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

In the matter of John Parkinson, a Bankrupt. PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that upon application of the said John Parkinson, this day made to me, I do appoint a public sitting to be held on Monday the 12th day of August next, at Eleven of the Clock in the forenoon at my office in Saint Andrews, for the allowance of a Certificate of conformity to the said John Parkinson, pursuant to the provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province in force respecting Bankrupts when and where any of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such Certificate, and the same will be allowed unless cause be then and there shown to the contrary, or such other order will be made as the justice of the case may require. Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the 11th day of June, A. D. 1844. H. HATCH, Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

LIST OF LETTERS,

Remaining in the Post Office, Saint Andrews, 5th June, 1844.

A	Anderson James	Leger Thomas
	Adams Capt. Charles	Loughren John
	Allan Shaw Jas & co 2	Luff James
	Allen George	Little William
	Ablett Robert	M & Mc
	I J Andrews	McCormick Pat'k
B	Black George	or Thomas
	Boyd George	" Stay Dr 2
	Barry Patrick	" Curdy Wm
	Burns Patience 2	" Williams Mathew
	Campbell Jane	" Curdy Catherine
	Calih Captain	" Master Andrew
	Cookson William	" Lachlan Duncan
	Calif Samuel	" Larnon Rose
	Crawford James	" Null James
	Cookson Anna	" Colldugh Miss
D	Daly Daniel	Morrison D D
	Douglas Michael	Mooney John
	Dunn Patrick	Moulton Susan
	Durkee Lyman	Maxwell James
	Doak Wm	Morrison Eliza
	Elis John	Morrill Lucinda
	Fox Mrs.	Morrison John
	Fusimoney Eliza	O
	Gillespie Francis	Osborn Martha
	Greenlaw Alexr	O'Keagan Dennis
	Hay Andrew	P
	Higgins Amos jr.	Pettegore Benj
	Henry James	Pasco Benjamin
	Harkness William	R
	Hagarty Michael	Roddy James
	Henderson Bessy	Ross George
K	Kenney Patrick	Rose Rachael 2
	Ballentine William	Reynolds Rd
	Dawson John	Reardon Dennis
	Dawson Wm C	Russell Ann
	Humphries Thomas	Reynolds Mrs
	Harmon Mrs Sally	S
	Kington Ireland	Sealen James
	Linton Robert	Smith G H
	McCallum D	Spaulding Thomas
	McDonald John	T
		Troeman Titus
		Turpey James
		Thomas James
		For Saint Patrick's.
		McCartney Samuel
		McWilliam Marha
		McTroy Mrs Eliza
		Morrison Theodore
		Robinson John
		Steward James
		Turner Richard
		Turner Mrs. David
		Turner Otis
		For West Isles and Grand Manan.
		Palmer Thomas II
		Rhyco Thomas
		M'Intosh Alexander
		Maloney John
		Young Daniel

GEO. F. CAMPBELL.

Postmaster. Persons calling for any of the above will please say advertised.

MILITIA NOTICE.

CAPTAINS and Officers commanding Companies in the 1st Battalion Charlotte County Regiment of Militia are hereby ordered to notify their respective Companies to assemble at the usual places of Parade in St. Andrews on Saturday the 29th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M. for General Inspection. They are also ordered to be prepared with Muster Rolls my Duplicate and a Field State of their respective Companies to be handed to the Adjutant on Parade. They are also notified that they will be held accountable for all Absences unless satisfactorily accounted for. By Order of the Major commanding, J. H. WHITLOCK, Adjutant. 1st Batt. Charlotte County Regt. of Militia. St. Andrews, June 1, 1844.—4i

NEW STORE, AT ROBBINSON ME.

THE Subscriber begs respectfully to announce to the Inhabitance of St. Andrews, and vicinity that he has opened a General Provision Store, at Robinson Me. where he will keep for Sale, Flour, Corn Meal, Pork Groceries, West India, and Dry Goods and numerous other articles, Cheap for prompt payment. Persons requiring any of the above mentioned articles will do well to call and examine for themselves. Store on Briggs & Bower's Wharf. Robbinston, April 10, 1844—4f. S. WHEELER SHAW.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forbid all persons from harboring or trusting my Wife, MARY ANN, on my account, as she has left my bed and board without cause, and I shall not pay any debts of her contracting. JAMES DOHERTY. St. Andrews, 8th June, 1844.

NEW GOODS, C. KEIVE,

CHEAP CASH STORE. BEGS leave to call the attention of the Public to the SUMMER STOCK OF GOODS, he has just received, and is now opening—which will be sold at the lowest possible advance for cash only. June 5, 1844.

Rye Flour, AND CORN MEAL.

A FURTHER Supply just landed by the Subscriber, at his Store, at the head of Jones's Wharf—to be sold low for Cash. J. P. COLDWELL. St. Andrews, June 5, 1844.

Notices in Bankruptcy.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE, IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, In British North America, SS:

In the matter of Wm. Cookson a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Act of General Assembly in this Province intituled "An Act relating to Bankrupts in this Province, William Cookson, in the County of Charlotte, Farmer, hath been declared Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me: Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the authority to me given in and by the said Act, I have appointed Harris Henderson Hatch of Saint Andrews, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee on or before the 25th day of May next, all such sum or sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession power or custody any property of the said Bankrupt to deliver the same to the said Assignee on or before the 25th day of May next; and I do further require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Colonies or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America within three months from the date hereof, to deliver into the said Assignee and to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands whether the same be actually due or to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my Office in St. Andrews on Wednesday the 24th day of July next at noon of that day, at my said Office, for the purpose of receiving proof of, or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof, the said Bankrupt will be examined on oath touching the said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, will be transacted as may be deemed necessary. Given under my hand at Saint Andrews, the 23rd day of April, A. D. 1844.

H. HATCH, Commissioner of the Estates and Effects of Bankrupts in the County of Charlotte.

CHARLOTTE COUNTY, IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK, IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of John Parkinson, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province of New-Brunswick, made and in force relating to Bankrupts in this Province, John Parkinson, of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Merchant, hath been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me: Now, therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Harris Henderson Hatch of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the 25th day of May next, all such sum or sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession, power or custody any property or effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the 25th day of May next. And I do further hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof, to deliver in to the said Assignee, and to prove to my satisfaction, their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office, in Saint Andrews, on Friday, the twenty-sixth day of July next at eleven of the clock in the forenoon of that day at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which Meeting or at any adjournment thereof the said Bankrupt will be examined on Oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate will be transacted as may be deemed necessary. Dated at St. Andrews, the 10th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty four. GEO. D. STREET, Commissioner of the said Bankrupts Estate and Effects.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE—In the Province of New Brunswick in British North America.—SS.—

In the matter of Charles McGee, a Bankrupt.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that upon the application of the said Charles McGee this day made to me, I do appoint a public sitting to be held on Saturday the 20th day of July next, at ten of the Clock in the forenoon at my Office in Saint Andrews for the allowance of a Certificate of conformity to the said Charles McGee, pursuant to the provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly in this Province in force respecting Bankrupts when and where any of the

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE, IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of Francis Hibbard, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provision of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province aforesaid, made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Francis Hibbard, of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, Lumberer, hath been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me. Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Harris H Hatch, of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee on or before the twentieth day of May next, all such sum, or sums of money debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession power or custody, any property or effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the said twentieth day of May next, and I do further hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof, to deliver into the said Assignee, or to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt, to be held at my office in St. Andrews, on Friday the nineteenth day of July next, at noon of that day, at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which Meeting or at any adjournment thereof of the said Bankrupt, will be examined on oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate, will be transacted as may be deemed necessary. Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the sixteenth day of April, 1844. H. HATCH, Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE, IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, In British North America, SS:

In the matter of Charles McGee a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province of New Brunswick made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Charles McGee of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Trader, hath been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me. Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice that by virtue of the power and authority to me given, in and by the said Acts I have appointed Harris H Hatch of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee on or before the tenth day of March next, all such sum or sums of money debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession, power, or custody any property or Effects of the said Bankrupt to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the said tenth day of March next. And I do further require all the Creditors in the said Province, or in any of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof to deliver into the said Assignee, and to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office in St. Andrews, on Monday the thirtieth day of May next, at noon, of the same day at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof, the said Bankrupt will be examined on Oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate will be transacted as may be deemed necessary. Dated at St. Andrews, the 10th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty four. GEO. D. STREET, Commissioner of the said Bankrupts Estate and Effects.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE, IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, In British North America, SS:

In the matter of Charles McGee a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province of New Brunswick made and in force relating to Bankruptcy in this Province, Charles McGee of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Trader, hath been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me. Now therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice that by virtue of the power and authority to me given, in and by the said Acts I have appointed Harris H Hatch of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee on or before the tenth day of March next, all such sum or sums of money debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession, power, or custody any property or Effects of the said Bankrupt to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the said tenth day of March next. And I do further require all the Creditors in the said Province, or in any of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof to deliver into the said Assignee, and to prove to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands whether the same be actually due or are to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office in St. Andrews, on Monday the thirtieth day of May next, at noon, of the same day at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which meeting or at any adjournment thereof, the said Bankrupt will be examined on Oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate will be transacted as may be deemed necessary. Dated at St. Andrews, the 10th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty four. GEO. D. STREET, Commissioner of the said Bankrupts Estate and Effects.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE, IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of John Parkinson, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS under the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly of this Province of New-Brunswick, made and in force relating to Bankrupts in this Province, John Parkinson, of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Merchant, hath been declared a Bankrupt, and hath accordingly surrendered himself to me: Now, therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Acts, I have appointed Harris Henderson Hatch of St. Andrews, in the County of Charlotte, Esquire, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the 25th day of May next, all such sum or sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession, power or custody any property or effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the 25th day of May next. And I do further hereby require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the day of the date hereof, to deliver in to the said Assignee, and to prove to my satisfaction, their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or to become due against the said Bankrupt.

And I do hereby appoint a General Meeting of the Creditors of the above named Bankrupt to be held at my office, in Saint Andrews, on Friday, the twenty-sixth day of July next at eleven of the clock in the forenoon of that day at my said office for the purpose of receiving proof of, or of allowing or contesting any claim presented against the said Estate, at which Meeting or at any adjournment thereof the said Bankrupt will be examined on Oath touching his said Estate, and such other business relating to the said Estate will be transacted as may be deemed necessary. Dated at St. Andrews, the 10th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty four. GEO. D. STREET, Commissioner of the said Bankrupts Estate and Effects.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE—In the Province of New Brunswick in British North America.—SS.—

In the matter of Charles McGee, a Bankrupt.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that upon the application of the said Charles McGee this day made to me, I do appoint a public sitting to be held on Saturday the 20th day of July next, at ten of the Clock in the forenoon at my Office in Saint Andrews for the allowance of a Certificate of conformity to the said Charles McGee, pursuant to the provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly in this Province in force respecting Bankrupts when and where any of the

Creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such certificate, and the same will be allowed unless cause be then and there shown to the contrary, or such other order will be made as the justice of the case may require.

Given under my hand at St. Andrews, the 13th day of May, A. B. 1844. GEO. D. STREET, Commissioner of the said Bankrupts Estate and Effects.

COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE, In the matter of Thomas Algar, a Bankrupt.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that upon application of the said Thomas Algar, this day made to me—I do appoint a Public Sitting, to be held on Thursday the eighteenth day of July next, at eleven of the clock in the forenoon, at my office in St. Andrews, for the allowance of a certificate of conformity to the said Thomas Algar pursuant to the Provisions of the Acts of the General Assembly in this Province in force respecting Bankrupts, when and where any of the creditors of the said Bankrupt may be heard against the allowance of such certificate, and the same will be allowed unless cause be then and there shown to the contrary, or such other order will be made as the justice of the case may require. Given under my hand at St. Andrews the 10th day of April, 1844. H. HATCH, Commissioner of the Estate and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forbid all Persons from harboring or trusting my wife Elizabeth; as she has left my bed and board without any provocation. WM. HAGERTY. St. George, May 31, 1844.

Charlotte County Bank,

At a meeting of the Stockholders of the Charlotte County Bank held on Monday the 6th instant at noon, pursuant to Advertisement, the following Gentlemen were chosen Directors for the current Year: Hon. Harris Hatch, Hon. Thomas Wyer, John Wilson, Geo. D. Street, Wm. Babcock, G. Gilchrist, J.W. Street, Esquires. And at a meeting held this day H. Hatch was unanimously chosen President. JOHN RODGER, Cashier. 7th May, 1844.

PEWS TO BE SOLD, BY Auction.

ON MONDAY, THE 24th DAY OF JUNE NEXT, WILL be sold by Public Auction, at the door of the Church, the following Pews in All Saints Church, viz:—Pews No. 15, 17, 42, 47, the same having become forfeited to the Church for non-payment of rent. ALSO—By request of the owner, Pews No. 21, divided into two pews. By order of the Church Corporation, J. W. STREET, F. Clerk. St. Andrews, May 23, 1844.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

IS hereby given that the Subscribers have received from the Clerk of the Peace for this County, Warrants of Assessment, requiring their forthwith to raise the sum of Three Hundred and Seventy nine pounds two Shillings and six pence, within the Parish of Saint Andrews. All persons liable to Assessment, are therefore requested to furnish the Assessors with statements of their Property and Income, pursuant to the directions of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. S. FRYE, Assessor, E. WILSON, G. D. STREET, of Rates. St. Andrews, May 10, 1844.

FLOUR.

The Subscribers has received from New York 125 barrels of FLOUR which will be sold low for Cash. DIMOCK & WILSON. St. Andrews, 12th April, 1844.

WM. MACLEAN, COMMISSION MERCHANT, AND NOTARY PUBLIC.

RESPECTFULLY intimates that he has removed his Office in the Street recently occupied by J. B. BROWN, to the head of the Market Wharf, where he continues his services to the Public in the usual business. HE HAS ON CONSIGNMENT, 20 Pileghs of various descriptions, Frankin, Cooking and Office Stoves, with a variety of other articles, which are offered for sale very low for Cash or approved credit. St. Andrews, May 8, 1844.



SHERIFF'S SALES.

Real Estate of Nicholas Meating 22d June.
Do J A O'Leary 22d
Do Jeremiah Donoghue 29th
Do James Rait 22d July
Do Stephen Munson, 21 Nov.
Do John Scott, 23d
Do William Carson 14th Dec.

To be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY the 1st day of JUNE next, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 5 P.M. of the same day, at the Court House in Saint Andrews.

ALL the right, title, and interest of Nicholas Meating, to the lot of land with the house, barn and other buildings thereon, occupied by him, situated on the Southern side of the river Maguadavic, near the Lower Falls of the same.

AND ALSO.
ALL the right, title, and interest of Jeremiah Arthur O'Leary, to that new house, lately erected by him, and now in his occupation, situated on the Portage of the Maguadavic, and in the Town of St. George. The two properties having been seized taken and levied upon, to satisfy an execution issued out of the Supreme Court for £19 1s 2d &c. at the suit of Peter McClellan, Junr.

The above sale is postponed until SATURDAY the 23d day of June next.
Sheriff's Office, THOMAS JONES,
17th Nov. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

To be sold at Public Auction on SATURDAY the 23d day of JUNE next, between the hours of ten and five o'clock.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim, property and demand of Jeremiah Donoghue, to the land on which he now resides, together with the buildings thereon, situated in the parish of St. George and on the main road from St. Andrews and St. George. The same having this day been seized, levied on and taken by me, in virtue of a writ of execution issued out of the Supreme Court at the suits of John Wilson, and James Driscoll.

Sheriff's Office, THOMAS JONES,
15th Dec. 1843. Sheriff of Charlotte.

By virtue of a writ of Vendition exponens to me directed, will be sold by public auction, on Monday the 22d day of JULY 1844, at 10 o'clock a.m. the following properties, belonging to the Estate of the late JAMES RAIT, Esq. viz. a certain parcel of land, containing a writ of Vendition exponens, to satisfy a debt, due the Crown of £2305 6, 4, besides Sheriff's execution fees, &c.

In the Parish of St. Andrews.

LOT No. 56, containing 50 acres, more or less, fronting on the river St. Croix, with all the houses, out houses, and buildings thereon.

Lots Nos. 2, 3, 6 and 7 in Block letter B, with the water Lots, Nos. 1, 2 and 3 in Block letter H, all in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews, with the dock and beach in front of the same, with the buildings &c. thereon.

Part of Town Lot No. 4, in Block letter A, Bulkeley's division, with a front of 43 ft on Adolphus street, and extending 80 feet to the rear, bounded S. W. by land heretofore sold to Mrs. Amy Campbell, and N. W. by land heretofore occupied by Hugh Boyd, with the buildings, &c. thereon.

A Lot of Land, in the Town Plat of St. Andrews, being part and parcel of the unlettered water Block in Part's division, adjoining Lot No. 3 in the possession of R. Hasluck Esq. with the use, in common, of a reserved road of 20 feet in width.

Lots Nos. 3, 4, and 7 in Block letter L, in Bulkeley's division of the Town Plat of St. Andrews.

Lot No. 8 in Block letter L, in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews.

Water lot No. 4 Block letter H, in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews.

Lots number 2, 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8 in Block letter F, in Bulkeley's division of the Town of St. Andrews, fronting on Queen Elizabeth and Montague streets with the buildings &c. thereon.

Half part of Lot number 4 in Block letter D, in Morris's division of the Town of Saint Andrews, with the buildings and improvements thereon.

In the Parish of St. Stephen.

Lot of land, known as Campbell's point commencing at a stake in Libby's cove, near the Bridge, which stake is also the first bounds of Lot Q, and No. 1, in the Grant to Donald Grant and others, comprehending land, beach and flats, containing 4 acres and thereabouts, with the wharf, buildings and improvements thereon.

A Lathing Machine under that half of a Saw Mill, situated in Mill Town, which was purchased by John Austin of Henry Eastman, together with all the privileges thereunto belonging.

In the Parish of St. Patrick.

Lot No. 3, adjoining the lot conveyed by one James Muir to Thomas Slennon, with all the buildings and improvements thereon.

In the Parish of St. George.

Lots Nos. 15 and 17 in Block letter H, and lots number 3, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 13 in Block letter K, in the Town Plat of Saint George.

An equal undivided moiety or half of a lot of land, adjoining Main street of Martin Hatt's

core, containing 100 acres more or less. An equal undivided moiety or half part of 3 lots of land in the township of L'Etang, which William Low purchased of Paul Brampton.

Two Garden Lots in the Town plat of L'Etang, heretofore owned by William Low. That lot of land, on the portage at the lower falls of the Maguadavic river, with the buildings thereon, formerly occupied by Henry Seely, and situated between properties owned by S. G. Andrews Esq. Dr. Thomson and Mrs. Reed.

That piece of land, on the West side of the Maguadavic river opposite the fresh water landing place, at the lower portage, containing about 40 acres.

A lot of land on the N. E. side of Lake Utopia, being part of Lot No. 7, formerly granted to Daniel McMaster and others, containing 220 acres, more or less.

A lot of land on the E. side of Lake Utopia, and in the rear of lots formerly owned by one James Ash, in blocks numbers 5 and 6 being 130 rods in front, on said Lake &c. and containing 150 acres more or less, together with all the buildings &c. thereon.

A tract of land containing 75 acres more or less, situated about 1/2 of a mile below the Upper Falls of the Maguadavic river and on the Eastern side of it, bounded by lands owned by Major Stannus, &c. with all the improvements and buildings thereon.

In the Parish of Penfield.

A lot of land containing 700 acres, more or less, being part of a tract once laid out in six acre lots, on the head or N. E. shore of the N. E. branch, or arm of Beaver Harbour, near lands granted to John Munro, and E. van Thomas.

A lot of land containing 400 acres more or less, with all the buildings and improvements thereon, bounded by the six acre lots, and lands formerly granted to James, Jacob and Joshua Paul.

Two lots of land, forming together a point called Deadman's Head, lying between Deadman's Harbour and Black's Bay—containing 350 acres with the buildings &c. thereon.

A lot of land, containing 270 acres bounded on one side by land granted to Hugh McKay, Esq. and by the shores of the Mill Lake.

A Tract of land commencing at the N. E. corner of a grant of land of 200 acres to Samuel Buckman junr, thence along the N. line to centre of said grant &c. supposed to contain 100 acres more or less.

Lot No. 10, formerly owned by Samuel Buckman, containing 200 acres more or less.

That Tract or parcel of Land formerly granted to Thomas Berry, containing 96 acres more or less.

260 acres of land, crossing Knights Mill road, and Cripps Mill Stream.

200 acres touching Lot No. 16, formerly granted to William Stewart.

300 acres near Lot No. 44, granted to Robert Woodward, and crossing the great road, from Saint Andrews, to Saint John.

In the Parish of Grand Manan.

A lot of land containing 114 acres, beginning at Adam Dixon's line, with all the buildings thereon, being the same which James Rait purchased from John Sprague.

Lot No. 19 in the original grant of the Island, containing 140 acres, more or less, with the buildings thereon.

The Southern part or half of Lot No. 59 granted to Levi Richardson, situated at the Northern end or head of the Island; containing 250 acres, more or less, together with a right of way to the Cove, Creek, or inlet called Eel Brook.

Part of Lot No. 59, at the Northern end of the Island, granted to Levi Richardson, containing 109 acres, more or less, together with the privilege of erecting dams, &c. on Eel Brook.

Lot No. 6 in the first division of the Island Grant, originally granted to Samuel Ingersoll, with all the improvements thereon, containing 90 acres more or less.

The water front of Lot No. 37, owned by Nathaniel Gupill, on Grand Harbour Stream, with the privilege of erecting dams, mills, &c.

Lot No. 60 formerly granted to Aaron Richardson, with the buildings thereon.

All the right, title and privilege to a water Brook or Stream running through Lot No. 17, owned by Joseph Drogan, and also to parts of the said Lot No. 17, sufficient for the purpose of flowing the water, erecting Mills, piling places, &c.

The Levi Richardson Lot so called at the Northern end of the Island.

Lot No. 36 containing 200 acres more or less.

Lot No. 13 in the second division of lots granted to John Faxon and others, containing 200 acres more or less.

One half of Lot No. 15 in the above division, formerly granted to William Benson; Lot No. 72, containing 32 1/2 acres, more or less.

Lot No. 33, comprehended in the Grant to Edmund Cheney with Lots numbered 62 and 63 containing 50 acres more or less.

Lot No. 71 in the first division of Lots surveyed by Donald McDonald.

Lot No. 29 in the second division containing 200 acres more or less with the buildings thereon &c.

A Tract of Land comprehending Lots No. 37, 38, 39 and 40 containing 850 acres more or less—with the buildings, &c. thereon.

Lot No. 11 on the Northern Head of the Island.

Lot No. 100, on the Western side of the island, near Dark Harbour—containing 700 acres more or less.

That privilege to the water, in front of Lot No. 37 on Grand Harbour Stream, and to the bank or shore of the said Lot, and back from the said stream, to the extent of five acres.

A Tract of Land containing 400 acres,

commencing at the Northernly angle of School Lot No. 10 granted to James Rait 22d Aug 1836.

Also another Tract containing 800 acres, granted to him at the same time, commencing at the Northernly angle of Lot No. 20 granted to Barnabas Rich on the North West side of the island.

Also another Tract containing 200 acres granted to him at the same time, commencing at the South Westerly angle of Lot No. 14, granted to Barbara Ross on the North East side of the island.

A fourth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 2500 Acres, commencing at the south west angle of Lot No. 20 granted to Barbara Ross.

A fifth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 290 acres, commencing at the west side of a reserved road and the southern angle of lot No. 42, granted to the Rector, Church Wardens and Vestry, of Grand Manan.

A sixth Tract granted to him at the same time, containing 500 acres, commencing at the south western angle of lot No. 100 occupied by T. Ranny.

Also, another Tract of land granted to him containing 750 acres, commencing at the north western angle of lot No. 101.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office,
St. Andrews, 30th June, 1843.

Any information required respecting the above mentioned Properties, will be given on application at the Sheriff's Office.

To be sold by public auction, at the Court House in Saint Andrews, on SATURDAY the 22d day of JULY 1844, at 10 o'clock a.m.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of Stephen Munro, to a certain piece and parcel of land, situated in the parish of St. George, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the South by the Great road leading from St. Andrews to St. John on the North by a lot and premises conveyed by the said Stephen Munro to Wm. D. Fulkner and Robert L. Matheson 18th Jan. 1839 on the West by a lot of Land, owned by Miss Vernon, Esq. and on the East by lands owned by Malcolm Mealy.

The same having been seized and levied on by virtue of a writ of execution issued out of the Supreme Court in favour of James G. Andrews, Esq. endorsed to levy £40 19 8 &c. &c.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office,
26th April, 1844.

To be sold by Public Auction on SATURDAY the 23d day of Novr. 1844, between the hours of 10 o'clock noon and five o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House in St. Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of John Scott to that lot and house, occupied by John Scott Hall, situated on the northern side of the Maguadavic river, in the town of Saint George—the same having been taken, seized and attached on the 15th Sep. 1843 to satisfy an Execution in favour of Thos. Leavitt and Edwin Ketchum endorsed to levy £53 3 11 &c.

THOS. JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office,
17th May 1844.

To be sold by Public Auction, on Saturday, the 14th day of December next, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 5 o'clock p.m., at the Court House, in Saint Andrews.

ALL the right, title, interest, claim and demand of William Carson, to a lot of land, owned and occupied by him, containing 30 acres, more or less, being part of a tract granted to one John Black, situated in the Parish of St. Patrick and bounded on the South by part of said grant and on the North by lands owned by Samuel Dean. The front of said piece or lot of land was conveyed by John Black to George Spies, and the rear of it, to Andrew Greer, with all and singular the improvements &c. thereon.

The same having been taken and seized, to satisfy an execution in favour of Hamilton Mitchell, endorsed to levy £505 11s &c. &c.

THOMAS JONES,
Sheriff of Charlotte.

Sheriff's Office,
June 8, 1844.

REMOVAL.

JOHN MCKEAN,
AUCTIONEER & NOTARY PUBLIC.

He has removed his Office to the Store lately occupied by Mr. Wm. McLean, Market Wharf, where he is prepared to attend in any orders in his line of business. May 8, 1844.

CANVAS, &c

Et "Brunswick" from Liverpool. 70 BOLT'S GOURACK CANVAS. For Sale by J. & R. JARVIS. May 8, 1844.

BLANKS. For Sale at this Office.



The First Productions in the World for THE HAIR! THE SKIN! THE TEETH!

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL

It is universally acknowledged to be the only article that will effectually produce and restore Hair: (including Whiskers, Mustaches, and Eyebrows) which fall from falling off or turning grey, free it from scurf and dandruff, and render it delightfully soft, silky, curly and glossy.

CAUTION.—Numerous pernicious compounds are universally sold as "MACASSAR OIL." To ensure the real article, see that the words "Rowland's Macassar Oil" are engraved on the back of the envelope nearly 1,500 times, containing 29,025 letters—WITHOUT THIS ENGRAVING BEING THERE.

Price 3s 6d; 7s Family Bottles, (equal to four small) 10s 6d and double that size, 21s per bottle.

ROWLAND'S KALYDOR

This elegant and fragrant Preparation thoroughly eradicates all Pimples, Spots, Blotches, Redness, Itch, Scabs, and other Defects of the Skin, heals Sunburns, Stings of Insects, and reduces inflammation in a most rapid and agreeable manner. It is the most perfect Preparation, and renders the Arms, Hands, and Neck, transparently fair and delightfully soft and smooth.

It is invaluable as a renovating and refreshing Wash, during travelling, or exposure to the sun, dust, or dry piercing winds, and after the heated atmosphere of crowded assemblies.—GENTLEMEN, will find it peculiarly grateful after shaving in allaying the irritation of the Skin.

Price 4s 6d, and 2s 6d per bottle, duty included.

ROWLAND'S ODONTO

OR PEARL DENTIFRICE.

A FRAGRANT WHITE POWDER, of Oriental Herbs—It eradicates Tartar and decayed Spots from the Teeth, preserves the Enamel, to which it imparts a Pearl-like whiteness, and fixes the Teeth firmly in the Gums. Being an Anti-Scorbutic, it eradicates the Scurvy from the Gums, strengthens, braces and renders them of a healthy red; it removes unpleasant tastes from the mouth, which often remain after taking medicine, &c. and imparts sweetness and perfume to the breath.

Price 2s 6d per box, duty included.

ROWLAND'S ESSENCE OF TYRE

OR IMPERIAL DYE.

Changes Red or Grey Hair, Whiskers, Eyebrows, &c. to a beautiful Brown or Black. Price 4s—7s 6d, and 10s 6d, and 1s per bottle.

ROWLAND'S ALSANA EXTRACT

Immediately relieves the most violent Tooth Ache, Gums, Swellings, and Sore Throat.

OBSEVE.—To protect the Public from Fraud, The Hon. Commissioners of Her Majesty's Stamp have authorized the Proprietor's Signature to be engraved on the Government Stamp thus—J. ROWLAND & SON, 30, HATTON GARDEN, which is affixed to the BOTTLES, and on the ATLAS, None of these are Genuine without the Stamp.

BWARE OF IMITATIONS.—Composed of the most precious and costly ingredients, and which are frequently pressed upon the unwary as "GENUINE," and under the lure of being cheap. Be sure to ask for "ROWLAND'S" Articles. Sold by every Druggist and Chemist throughout the civilized world.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Connected in 1810—with a Capital of \$150,000.

This long established Institution has for more than twenty years transacted its extensive business on the most just and liberal principles—paying its losses with honourable promptness.

During this period have settled all their losses without compelling the insured, in any instance to resort to a Court of Justice. The present Board of Directors pledge themselves, in this particular, fully to maintain the high reputation of the Company. It insures on the most favorable terms every description of property against Loss or DAMAGE BY FIRE but takes no marine risks.

Application for insurance may be made either personally or by letter to the Secretary of the Company, or to its Agents, who are appointed in many of the principal Towns and Cities in the United States, and in the British Provinces.

RESPECTABLE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Eliphalet Terry, Samuel Williams.
James H. Wells, F. J. Huntington.
S. H. Huntington, Elias Calt,
H. Huntington, E. B. Ward,
and Albert Day,
Eliphalet Terry, President.

James G. Bolles, Sec'y.
The Subscriber having been appointed Agent for St. Andrews for the above mentioned Company is now prepared to take risks on every description of Property against loss or damage by Fire.

THOMAS SIME,
St. Andrews, Jan 5, 1844.



WONDERFUL RECOVERY OF HAIR

After 18, 25, and 26 years loss.

A few attestations, (selected from numberless others, received during the last 40 years) to the virtues of ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL: the originals of which may be seen at the Proprietors.

TO MESSRS. ROWLAND AND SON, 20, HATTON GARDEN, LONDON.
HURMANS HOTEL, COVENT GARDEN
February 6, 1842

GENTLEMEN,
In announcing to you the following corroboration of the efficacy of your Macassar Oil, if by your making it public it will be of any service, I shall consider myself but returning in a very small degree the great obligation I feel I lie under to you, and shall be most happy during my stay in London to satisfy any Gentlemen who may be interested in the truth of the following.—In my year 1776 I went to India, and shortly after my arrival there my hair fell off in considerable quantities, so that I soon became entirely bald, and which state I remained in until my arrival last year in America, and at Boston was induced by reading one of your Advertisements to make trial of your Macassar Oil, though I confess with but little hope of success. After the use of one bottle of your Oil, my hair began to grow, and I continued to use it, until the use of the Oil, much to my gratification, I have now the pleasure to inform you, without exaggeration or vanity, that I can boast of as fine a head of hair as any one need to have.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your grateful Servant,
A. MACKENZIE

GENTLEMEN.—I take the liberty of addressing me thanks to you for the great benefit I have received from your truly valuable Macassar Oil. Having had the misfortune to lose my hair at the age of five and twenty, in consequence of a fever, I was lately induced, at the instance of a friend, to make trial of your excellent specific, and can only say that its effects were most surprising, for in a very short space of time, my hair, which was before entirely bald, was soon covered with thick and strong hair. I am now fifty years of age, and could scarcely have expected that after having worn a wig for five and twenty years of my life, I should now be enabled to throw it entirely aside. I think it but justice to yourselves and the public, to add my testimony to the virtues of your truly invaluable Oil, and you have my full permission to make this matter public, and to refer any one to me for proof of the merits of this invaluable discovery.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obliged and obedient Servant,
W. C. BRIDEAUX

Liverpool, March 21, 1842.

Extract of a Letter directed to Mr. Oldroyd, Merchant of London, from a friend at Naples, dated May 6, 1842.

I must turn your attention to the following:—Captain Knauth of the 4th Regiment of the Emperor of Austria, aged 44 years, has been bald ever since the age of 18. He was recommended to try "Rowland's Macassar Oil," by a gentleman who had already experienced its efficacy; he bought some of me of the last quantity I received from England, and persevered in applying it—In less than two months his hair grew on the bald part, and in a few weeks he was a Captain in high plume shaved and he applied this form I assure you, the demand for that article is very great, and must beg you to send me a fresh supply without loss of time.

GENTLEMEN.—Having derived essential benefit from the use of your Macassar Oil, I am induced to send you the particulars, which you are at liberty to make known as you may think proper. Rather more than twelve months since I made trial of the Oil, though I confess with much faith, as I had been bald eighteen years, and within three months before any effect was perceptible when a slight down appeared; at the expiration of five months hair had grown on the bald part full half an inch long. I then had the whole of my head regularly shaved and applied the Oil for a considerable period, constantly using the Oil, night and morning; the result is, that I have this day discarded my wig, my hair being quite restored and as strong and great in quantity as when I was twenty years of age.

I am, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
C. P. DRIFFIELD

32, Broad Street, Brighton, April 19, 1842.

ROWLAND'S MACASSAR OIL

It is universally acknowledged to be the only article that will effectually produce and restore Hair, (including Whiskers, Mustaches, and Eyebrows) which fall from falling off or turning grey, free it from scurf and dandruff, and render it delightfully soft, silky, curly and glossy.

CAUTION.—Numerous pernicious compounds are sold as "MACASSAR OIL." To ensure the real article, see that the words "Rowland's Macassar Oil" are engraved on the back of the envelope nearly 1,500 times, containing 29,025 letters—WITHOUT THIS ENGRAVING BEING THERE.

Price 3s 6d; 7s Family Bottles, (equal to four small) 10s 6d and double that size, 21s per bottle.

Sold by every Perfumer and Chemist throughout the civilized world.

Fall & Winter Goods.

Arrived per barge, "Brothers" from Liverpool.

FLANNELS,
PILOT CLOTHS,
PETERSHAMS,
MOLESKINS,
Cotton Sheetings, & Shirtings,
Bleached and unbleached Printed Cottons,
Paint Oil, boiled and unboiled.

WM. BABCOCK & SON.
Sept 27, 1843.

To Ropemakers

THE Subscribers will give employment to TWO MEN having a practical knowledge of Ropemaking.

J. & R. JARVIS
Rope Walk,
St. Andrews, Feb. 30, 1844.