M. J. HENRY Westminster Road Vancouve

NOTICE

ty days from date I intend to apply the Hon. the Chief Commissioner or is and Works for permission to pure the following described lands: Startfrom W. BZ. Pollard's S.W. corner situate on the north side of lot No. on the north side of the West Arm. Cottenay lake, about two miles from ter, thence 20 chains east more or less to N. K. post of L. 1978, thence 20 chains e or less to N.W. post of L. 6498, ce east 20 chains more or less to N. k's S.W. post, thence, north 20 chains or less, thence west 20 chains more or less, ce west 20 chains more or less, ce west 20 chains more or less, thence h 20 chains more or less, thence he 20 chains more or less, thence mencement. ed this 31st day of March, 1906.

W, B. POLLARD.
J. E. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

ty days after date I intend to apply the Hon the Chief Commissioner of and Works for permission to purticular the following described lands; Startat a post marked "J. R. McBain's neast corner post," on the south bank Mile creek, about two miles from enay lake; thence 40 chains west; enay lake; thence 40 chains west; the 40 chains south, more or less; thence the 40 chains north or less to point of commencement to r less to point of commencement ted this 22nd day of March, 1906. J. R. McBAIN. W. T. BUGGINS, Agent.

NOTICE

y days from date I intend to apply Honorable the Chief Commissioner ds and Works for permission to purthe following described lands: Situtbe south side of the West Arm of lay Lake, about one mile from commencing from southwest post 908, west 20 chains, then north 20 more or less, then cast 20 chains, outh 20 chains more or less to point smencement.

mmencement.
d this 24th day of March, 1906.
FRED STEVENSON, Locator
WM. T. BUGGINS, Agent.

NOTICE

TCE is hereby given that \$0 days after the undersigned intend to apply to Honorable the Chief Commissioner of as and Works for permission to pure the following described lands: Comeing at a post planted at the southcorner of Thomas Greenwood's aptition to purchase, and being on the tern boundary line of Lot 222, G.I., tensy District, thence south 20 chains, ce asst 40 chains, more or less to western boundary line of Lot 306, G.I. tensy district, thence north 20 chains, ce west 40 chains more or less to the e of commencement.

mmencement.
FRED J. SAMMONS.
GEORGE ADAMSON.
Procter, B.C., this 2nd day of

NOTICE

TICE is hereby given that 60 days ter date I intend to apply to the Hon-Chief Commissioner of Lands and er date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and as for permission to purchase the folge described lands in West Kootnay let: Commencing at a post marked rence Billings northeast. corner, to ne mile east of Joseph Genelle's hase claim on the southeasterly bans he Columbia river, thence south 20 in the Southeasterly bans and 2 links; thence east 54 chains and 20 links more of to the bank of the Columbia river, ce following bank of the Columbia river, ce following bank of the Columbia river, and the columbia properties of the columbia bank of the Columbia fiver, and the columbia fiver of the columbia bank of the Columbia fiver, and the columbia fiver of the columbia bank of the Columbia fiver of the col

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days te I intend to apply to the Hon. Commissioner of Lands and permission to purchase the for permission to Purchase the for Chief Commissioner of Lands and ks for permissioner of Lands and ks for permission to purchase the foing described lands in West Kootensy ict: Commencing at a post marked ry Tireman's N.E. corner post," on southeasterly bank of the Columbia r, one mile east of Joseph Gennelle's hase claim, thence south 57 chains claim, thence west 40 chains; thence h 13 chains and 21 links more or less bank of the Columbia river; thence heasterly following said bank 60 chains eo r less to the place of beginning aining 130 acres more or less.

MARY TIREMAN

KENNETH L. BURNETT, Agent.

TIFICATES OF IMPROVEMENTS rth of July No. 6, Jenny Long No. 2, and Teuro Mineral Claims. Situate in he Slocan Mining Division of West Cootenay district. Where located: On he North Fork of Lemon Creek. the North Fork of Lemon Creek.

EE NOTICE that I, C. D. Blackwood, ting as agent for A. T. R. Blackwood, Miner's Certificate No. B87845, and T. Teeter, Free Miner's Certificate No. 1, Teeter, Free Miner's Certificate No. 1, Teeter, Sixty days after date hereof pply to the Mining Recorder for a ficate of Improvements, for the purfect of obtaining Crown Grants of the claims.

of further take notice that action, unsection 37, must be commenced before Issuance of such Certificates of Imments ated this 10th day of March, A.D., 1905 C. D. BLACKWOOD, Nelson.

THE WEEKLY NEWS, NOLSON, N. C. SATURDAY, APPLL M. 1000 THE WEEKLY NEWS

VOL. 4

NELSON, B. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 14, 1906

ISOLATION OF KAISER

Triple Alliance Forming Against Pretensions of Germany

Russia Invited to Enter the Entente Cordiale Now Existing Between Great Bri tain and the Republic of France

St. Petersburg, April 13-Great Britain St. Petersburg, April 13—Great Britain has begun to vigorously press negotiations for an Anglo-Russian entente, with the purpose of completing the triple alliance of Great Britain, France and Russia against Germany, which has been long the afm of British policy.

The developments at the Algeciras conference, where Great Britain, France and Russia acted in mison and the participation of English bankers in the big Russian loan, furnishes a particularly favorable moment, and Great Britain is striking while the iron is hot. More-

favorable moment, and Great Britain a striking while the iron is hot. Moreover the British government has recently given Russia proof of her desire to settle outstanding difficulties by inducing English bankers not to take the Persian loan on the ground that it might be regarded as prejudicial to Russian

Sentiment here in favor of the entente sentiment here in tayor of the entents has also been aided by the refusal of Germany to participate in the Russian loan and by publications from Russia hostile to Germany, which have been directly inspired from British sources. Count Lamsdorff, and latterly premier

Witte, have favored an Anglo-Russian entente and the consummation is regardentente and the consummation is regarded as practically certain. The pour parlers between the two governments have only reached the point referring the delimitation of each one's respective sphere of influence, including the apportioning of railroad and banking concessions in Parsia. Generally speaking. sions in Persia. Generally speaking, Great Britain wants the southern, and Russia the northern half of that country. There is reason to believe that when the consent of Fersia is secured, the branch of the Trans-Caucasian railway, now authorized to the Persian frontier, will be extended to Bagdad, which point, the beautiful the process of the proces it is estimated, can be reached before the famous German Bagdad road is completed. When the Persian question is settled all matters relating to the Indian frontier, which constitutes a source of possible misunderstanding, chiefly concerning the countries on its borders, Afghanistan, the Pamirs and Tibet, will

MORE PAPER REFORMS

Latest St. Petersburg Edition of the Habeas Corpus Act.

St. Petersburg, April 13.-A commission for the revision of the exceptional laws designed for the safeguarding pub-lic order, of which general count Ignatieff was president has just completed the elaboration of laws containing guarantees of personal liberty, which was submitted to the lower house of parlia-

The principal features of this projec are provisions that a person arrested shall be confronted with the charges against him and begin a hearing within without a warrant. The use of troops is forbidden except at the request of the civil authorities. All secret societies are unconditionally forbidden.

GRANBY EARNINGS.

Makes a Profit of Nearly 10c a Pound on Copper.

It is stated that the Granby company is reaching a monthly out put of 1,750,000 pounds of copper, 30,000 ounces of silver, and 5300 ounces of gold. Its local costs sheets are showing 6.34 cents pound of copper, on the basis of 1,766, 640 pounds produced within a recent month. Its mining costs were 3.76c a pound; freight 1.18c; smelting and converting, 6.64c; general expenses .72c; total 12.2c; foreign ore cost 1.08c, making total costs 13.28c a pound. Deducting gold and silver values of 6.94c, that lef a net cost of 6.34c at the smelter in Brit-ish Columbia. The cost, landed in New York, was 8.34c, and the profit for the month 9.71, or nearly 10 cents per pound.

FRECH STRIKERS.

Paris Postal Officials Latest to Join 8

General Movement. Paris, April 13 .- A section of the telegraph messengers and pneumatic tube men, forming about one-third of the personnel of the Paris branch of the general postoffice, has decided to strike tonight. The minister of public works to day dismissed three hundred of striking postmen. Half of the me hundred of the of the staff of the Lyons postoffice have

delegation from Lenz, representing the striking miners of the department of Pas de Calais will meet the employers in Paris tomorrow with the view of ar ranging a settlement of the disputes

NEXT HAGUE CONFERENCE Washington, April 13.—Secretary Root ias informed the Russian government that any date after September 20 next,

will be convenient to the United States for holding the segond Hague conference. An effort is being made to obtain the admission of the South American delegates to the conference on an equality with others by allowing their governments to adhere formally to the arbitration agreement prepared by the first Hague conference.

LETHBRIDGE ELECTION

SIMMONS, LIBERAL CANDIDATE, WINS OUT.

SHERMAN WAS A GOOD SECOND BUT TORY LOST DEPOSIT.

Lethbridge, April 13.—The liberal have carried the provincial bye-election for Lethbridge constituency caused by the elevation of Dr. L. G. deVeber to the senate. W. C. Simmons, barrister of this city, has a majority of \$4 over F. H. city, has a majority of \$4 over F. H. Sherman, of Fernie, B. C., the labor candidate and a majority of \$155 over A. E. Keffer, a farmer residing near here, the candidate of the conservative party. Three small polls have yet to be heard from, but they will not materially affect the result. The election caused a good deal of excitement owing to the miners' strike at the Galt mines, which is still on. Hon. W. H. Cushing, of Calgary, provincial minister of public works, and Duncan Marshall, have been here during the closing days of the campaign. ing the closing days of the campaign.

Mr. Keffer, with three polls to hear

from, has lost his deposit, not polling half of the successful candidate's vote. The only place where Mr. Keffer had a majority was in his own neighborhood.

Mr. Simmons surprised his friends by polling a majority in Lethbridge town.

polling a majority in Lethbridge town. The towns of Stirling, Tabor and Raymond stood by him splendidly.

Mr. Sherman had a big majority in Staffordville, or No. 3, as it is better known. He also had a big lead in the North Ward. At Oliver's Hall he made a surprising run, standing second.

Little Bow, North and South, and Bow Island are to be heard from, and there is a nossibility the vote there may save

Island are to be heard from, and there is a possibility the vote there may save Mr. Keffer's deposit, but it will not affect the general result.

The liberals are jubilant over the result. The fight was a hard one, the presence of a labor candidate in the field making the result particularly doubtful. The majority is highly satisfactory to the liberals, being just about what they anticipated.

factory to the liberals, being just about what they anticipated.

In Staffordville 50 votes were challenged by the liberals, and in Raymond about 80 were challenged by the conservatives. It is expected that these will not affect the result materially.

The total vote so far in resulted as follows:

ollows: Sherman (labor) 382 Keffer (conservative) 211

GOOD FRIDAY IN GOTHAM

Day Was Very Generally Observed—Business Largely Suspended
New York. April 13—Good Friday was generally observed here today. The churches of all denominations were open to worshippers and particularly in the Roman Catholic and Protestant Episcopal churches impressive special services were held-in commemoration of the cruciation impressive ceromonies were conducted at St. Patrick's Roman Catholic cathedral, at which archibishop Farley officiated. During the mass of the presentitled The Passion was sung by students from St. Joseph's seminary. At the conclusion of the ceremony archibishop Farley, holding aloft the host, and attended by four Christian brothers, who held over him a canopy, led a procession of the clergy in the cathedral aisles and back to the sanctuary.

cathedral aises and because the curry.

In all Roman Catholic churches a three hours' devotion was held between noon and three o'clock, in memory of the hours of suffering of Jesus before death came. Similar services were held in the Protestant Episcopal ohurches throughout the city. Nearly all the churches were filled

with worshippers.
Business was to a great extent suspended. Tomorrow will be holy Saturday, when in the Roman Catholic churches the holy water, to be used during the year, will be blessed. During the afternoon the funereal decorations in the churches will be removed and during the evening the altars will be transformed into bowers of beautiful spring flowers, to ready for Easter Sunday. vith worshi

NEAT LITTLE GRAFT

Insurance Investigation in Milwaukee Exposes Fraud
Milwaukee, April 13—The most sensational feature of today's examination of the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company by the special legislative investigating committee, was the production of documentary evidence, tending to snow that Mrs. Henry L. Palmer, wife of the president of the company, was a frequent investor in loans on policies of the company and that one of these loans, negotiated in 1899 but still running in 1905, she obtained eight per cent interest. Juring a portion of the time Mrs. Palmer was obtaining this interest rate, policy loans were being made by the company itself at 6 per cent.

The records of the company for its election in 1904 were produced showing that a majority of the persons who vated were not policy holders of the Northwesten Mutual Life, the result being that non-policy holders actually elected the officers who controlled the company's business.

RUSSIAN PEASANTS STARVING RUSSIAN PEASANTS STARVING
Kharkoff, April 18—The famine among
the peasants in Wazan, Kazan Simbirsic
and the Tula provinces has assumed an
acute stage. The grain has all gone and
among the peasants who are absolutely
without bread, hunger and typhus have
appeared. The mortality is especially
large among the children.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS YESTERDAY New York—Astoria, Glasgow.
Havre—La Touraine, New York.
Boulogne—Rhyndam, New York.
Boston—Corinthian, Glasgow.
Portland—Pomeranian, Havre.

ELLEN TERRY'S JUBILEE London, April 13—It will be 50 years of April 23, since Miss Ellen Terry made he first appearance on the stage as the Frincese theatre under Charles Rean's management. To celebrate this occasion, Beer

bohm Tree has prevailed upon Messrs Vendrenne and Parker to close the Court on the 27th, so that Ellen Terry may play Mistress Page, in "The Metry Wives of Windsor," to be revived during the Shakespeare festival week at His Majesty's. At the conclusion of the performance there will be an informal demonstration and a congratulatory address will be read.

Meanwhile a project has been set on foot to present the popular actress with a tangible token of the regard in which she is held by playsoers the world over. This has taken the form of a shilling subscription. Franklin Thomasson is the chairman of the executive committee, which comprises many gentlemen prominent in dramatic, literary and other circles.

WEEKLY TRADE REPORTS

TRADE OVER WHOLE CONTINENT IS IMPROVING

LUMBERING IN THIS PROVINCE DO-

Montreal, April 13-R, G. Dunn and con pany's weekly review of trade tomorrow will say:

will say:

Stringency in the money market has caused no interruption to the wholesome progress of trade and industry. Weather conditions accelerate the distribution of seasonable merchandise, and retail business is of large volume, outside the immediate vicinity of the local coal mines and a few other places. Building operations are only limited by the supply of labor and material. The heavy consumption of all commodities is shown by the highest leve; of quotations since Feb. 18. Manufacturing plants are fully engaged. Pig iron production is at the maximum Shipments of footwear in Boston exceed those of previous years. The textile market is also-strong. The railway earnings for the first week of April were \$1. per cent larger than last year, in an Macch exports of farm staples were valued at \$40.750,000, an increase of \$2.30,000 as compared with the corresponding period last year, when the movement was exceptionally heavy. Structural shapes and steel rails continue the prominent feature of the iron and steel industry.

Canadian milis are getting much business from the transcontinental lines, because American rail milis cannot make the desired deliveries. Failures this week numbered 193 in the United States, against 24 last week.

Bad roads are a source of complaint in Stringency in the money market has

desired deliveries. Fallures tins were bered 193 in the United States, against 24 last week.

Bad roads are a source of complaint in eastern Canada but in the Northwest and west and in new Ontario the demand is active. Even with weather drawbacks, the eastern trade is of good volume. Heavy rains have helped fall wheat and reports are that crops have come through the winter well, despite the lack of snow. There is a rather better appearance to collections. Montreal reports city collections better.—Canned tomatoes are still in demand for export to the United States. Butter is easier, but cheese is firm. The rush to mining, sections in northern Ontario helps Toronto trade and building is active throughout the province. Hides and skins are advancing, hardware is active and my goods and millinery sell well.

Winnipes reports a good reorder Dusiness, goods and building material sell free. Collections are improving in British Columbia, the lumber mills are behind on orders for lumber and shingles.

Failures for the week number 15, as againgt 17 last week and 21 in this week a year ago.

The following are the weekly bank clearings as compiled by Bradstreet's for the week ending April 12.

Inc. Dec.

the week ending april and	Inc.
Montreal \$28,088,196	- Cotto
Moronto 40,100,010	47 4
	20.0
	20.0
	66.1
Vancouver 2,293,709	3.3
Quebec 1,508,175 Hamilton 1,295,005	COMP.
Tolh n	21.6
T and an 1,0/6,4/0	18.6
Victoria 894,176	30.4

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET Nominal Session Held Upon the Good

Friday Holiday.

New York, April 13.-Today's stock narket was not much more than nominal. The attendance was small and th commodities were all closed, as were the foreign stock markets. The hold-ing of the session was designed, in fact, almost exclusively to arange outstanding call loans, which were carried over until Monday. The fear of attempts to arrange loans yesterday to carry over until Monday, which would have been necessary in the event of observing the dood Friday holiday today was what prompted the opening of the exchange for trading today. The arrangement of loans was concluded at an early hour this morning and was followed by the departure of many brokers, leaving the market in a condition of practical stagnation. The easier tone of the money market gave rise to a feeling of confidence, that tomorrow's bank statement dence, that tomorrow's bank statement would show the deficit in the reserve be-

low the legal requirements made up.

This was the ground underlying the firm tone in the stock market. Special trength in one or two of the prominent idividual stocks helped to sustain the market. Amalgamated copper rose on reiterated rumors of an intended dividend increase. Money on call was steady, the highest being six per cent; lowest 4, ruling 5 to 5½; last loan 4; closing bid 4, offered at 4½. Time loans were easer: 60 days, 40 days and six months at per cent.

REFORMING ITS FINANCE New York, April 13.-It was reporte today that a proposal to establish a bank with a capital of \$50,000,000, for the purpose of regulating money and exchange rates during times of financial stringency, such as that recently experienced in Wall street is in consideration by insuch as that recently expe terests connected with the stock exchange and by the National bank of this city.

FRENCH STRIKERS

Paris, April 13—The attitude of Franc towards Venezuela has not changed in consequence of general Castro's retire-ment. The French government is determined to await a propitious moment to seek satisfaction for the manner in which Castro treated the French Cable company and M. Taigny, the former charge

Reassuring Reports Come From Observatory on the Volcano

Cessation of Eruption is Predicted Within Next Few-Days-Flow of Lava ilas Now Almost Entirely Stopped

Naples, April 13.—No better evidence of the improved condition of affairs in the section affected by the eruption of Mount Vesuvius can be presented than the following telegram from director Matteucci, sent this evening from the observatory on the mountain.

Matteucci, sent this evening from the observatory on the mountain.

"Last night and today the activity of Vesuvius and the agitation at the surface of the volcamo have sensibly diminished. Electric discharges ceased today and the lava discharged was less abundant. From the presumed formation of the crater and from other indications, and from the news coming to me, if true, of the cessation of the lava flow at Bosco Reale, I predict, with reserve, that in two or three days volcanic calm will reign."

The publication of this reassuring des-

two or three days volcanic ealm will reign."

The publication of this reassuring despatch has brought joy to the people and tonight's Good Friday services at the churches, which were attended by large congregations, took the form of fervent thanksgiving, for danger past. Conditions at Naples were so much better today that the people were almost incredulous of the tales of terror told by those who had escaped from the towns, villages and country farther within the zone of devastation. The weather was fine and the wind had shifted so that the clouds of ashes from the volcano, instead of reaching Naples, were carried in the direction of Caserta. The apprehensions of the populace gave way to a smiling confidence, displaying the reflexion of the terror which had prevailed for the past week.

But in other quarters there is no escaping from evidences of the volcano's fury. The work of salvage is one of great cost of money as well as of danger and ardivousness to those engaged in it.

great cost of money as well as of danger and arduousness to those engaged in it. Many of the bodies are merely shapeless, unrecognizable masses of fiesh and bones, while others are but little distincted in quickly as possible they are buried in quicklime, to lessen as far as may be, the danger of an epidemic. None but those engaged in the work of recovering the corpses are permitted in the vicinity.

After the last great eruption in 1872 the land covered by cinders did not preduce crops for seven years and the losses

duce crops for seven years and the losses in this respect alone averaged \$20,000,000 yearly. It is believed it will take ten years to bring the land under cultiva-tion again. The people enthusiastically greeted the sailors of the French squadron when they landed. The duke of Abruzzi arrived here today in his motor car. He had passed through the ash belt and was hardly recognizable, being covered with ashes and ciders.

inal. The attendance was small and the dealings were left in the hands of habitual traders. The exchanges for other commodities were all closed, as were the foreign stock markets. The holding of the session was designed, in fact, almost exclusively to arange outstanding call loans, which were carried over rumblings come from the bowles of the Today not the slightest outline is vi ble of the crater crest or foothills, all being swallowed up in a dense black pall.

being swallowed up in a dense black pat.
There is the same obscurity tonight unrelieved by flashes or reflected light such
as seen during quieter periods. Vesuvius quiescent is picturesquely grand,
but active or smoldering it is terrible
only in its blackness and obscurity.

The Associated Press correspondent travelled today in the belt over which ashes continue to fall. This lies to the north of Naples as the wind now car-ries the discharge away from the city. At Rome there was sunshine, but twenty miles south a veil of smoke made nearby mountains dimly visible, their snow peaks soiled and sooty. The zone of semi-obscurity began 25 miles above

Naples.

There was an uncanny phenomenon.
The sun, though shining, was invisible, its light seemed to come through smoked glass, shedding a sickly glare upon whitened vegetation. Everything was covered with a thin white powder. The locomotives were coated as though they had ploughed through tar. Pretty white villas were daubed and dripping with mud and the people were busy on the roofs shovelling off the ashes. The guards at the stations resembler millers their clothing covered with simphite powder. The campagna presents the appearance of a Dakota prairie after a bitzzard, except that everything is gray instead of white. The ashes lie in drifts knee deep. Villas, trees, and churches ened vegetation. Everything was cov-

have been beaten with mud on the sides exposed to the volcanic storm. Several miles north of Naples the train enters a waste. The railway telegraph poles become invisible twenty feet away. The train moves with extreme caution to avoid collision. Breathing is difficult, and the smoke makes the eyes water. This obscurity lasts until a short distance north of Naples, where the sky clears and normal conditions are re-

FINE AND IMPRISONMENT

FORMIDABLE SENTENCES

BUT THREE YEARS' CONFINEMENT WILL COVER IT ALL.

Savanah, April 13.—Benjamin D. Greene and John F. Gaynor were sentenced today to serve four years in prison and to pay each a fine of \$575,794.90, the amount they are charged with having embezzled. Upon one indictment the sentence was two years and upon each of the other indictments four years, but the court directed that the sentences be all served concurrently, which reduced the term to four years, with the allowance of three months off each year for good behaviour.

The fine need not be paid if on completing the sentence the prisoners make affidavit that they are not possessed of more than \$20. In lieu of paying the fine they then may serve 30 days longer. Savanah, April 13.—Benjamin D

they then may serve 30 days longer.

Counsel for the prisoners announced that an appeal will be taken. An order of court grants ten days for the filing of a bill of exceptions upon which a motion for a new trial will be presented.

NOVA SCOTIA'S SURPLUS.

Year's Revenue Was Largest in the History of the Province. History of the Province.

Halifax, April 13.—Premier Murray has presented to the legislature the annual statement of the finances of Nova Scotia, making one of the best budgets presented in recent years. The total revenue for the fiscal year ended September 30, 1905, was the largest in the history of the province, amounting to \$1,324531. The largest item of revenue was that of royalties from coal and other minerals totalling \$613,811. Next came the subsidy from the tederal government the amount of \$432,805, and from the succession duties was derived \$50,388.

The total expenditures on revenue account was \$1,363,708, leaving a surplus on the year's tranactions of \$20,822. Since 1898, when Mr. Murray became premier, every year has shown a surplus total for the past eight years amounting to 282,432 or an average yearly surplus of \$30,304.

Progress of Championship Billiard Tournament at New York. New York, April 13.-Willie Hoppe,

New York, April 13.—Willie Hoppe, the young American expert, who holds the world's championship title at 18-1 billiards, defeated Morningstar in the afternoon game today in the championship series by 500 to 207. The game was finished in the 26th innings. Hoppe played in masterly fashion all the way through. His best run was 105 in the 12th innings, during which he resorted to every known shot in balk-line billiards. Neither man scored in the opening attempts but Hoppe got the balls rolling nicely in the second innings which was productive of 93 points.

Morningstar did not play as well as in his previous games this week, but some games this week, of his work was very clever. His best effort resulted in a run of 37 in the ninth innings. Hoppe's average, 19 6-26; high runs 105, 93, 52, 50. Morningstar's aver-age was 7 25-26; high runs, 37, 25, 22, 22.

POLISH RELIGIOUS SCHISM

Fatal Rioting Between Mariavites and Roman Catholics

London, April 14.—The correspondent of the Chronice at Warsaw reports that the conflict between the Mariavite sect and the Roman Catholics is increasing in intensity. A pitched battle, in which 3000 persons participated, occurred on Friday in the environs of Warsaw resulting in two Roman Catholics being killed and 30 wounded. Grave fears are entertained of disturbances during the Easter feast. The pope the correspond-Easter feast. The pope the correspond-ent adds, has written to the Polish archishop denouncing the Mariavite priests

OTTAWA NOTES

No Rural Free Delivery in Canada—The New Ross Rifle
Ottawa, April 13—It is learned that the C.P.R. has decided to await the outcome of experiments by the New York Central, and the New York, New Haven & Hartford railway companies before taking steps for the electrification of any part of its

for the electrification of any part of its system.

The time has not arrived when Canada should inaugurate a free rural delivery service. This is the opinion of Messrs. Wm. Smith and George Ross, who were sent by the postmaster general to the United States to look into and report upon the system in operation there. The report of these gentlemen which was tabled recently, states that rural delivery as carried on in the adjoining republic, is operated at an enormous loss and for the year 1804, showed a deficit of \$12.68.57. If the \$6,000 or \$6,000 other services spoken of are put on, the deficit will run from It to 29 million delizers. The cost of rural delivery has risen from \$46,000 in 1891 to an estimated sum for 1906 of \$26.522.900. The experience of the United States, the report says, would not appear to justify the experience of canada.

In conducting experiments in the Coverleid, Quebec, with a new eartridge, ad apted to the Ross rifle some remarkable

results were obtained. A mussie velocity of 2735 feet per second was obtained as compared with a present velocity of 2000 feet per second given by the present service ammunition. The tremendous advantage this new cartridge will give to troops prevoided with it is so great that it is difficult for a fixed sight to be used up to a 700-yard range.

A delegation of postmasters from all over Canada waited on the postmaster general. They asked that their positions be improved asd their salaries increased. Tagy asked for 60 per cent on actual or proper stamp sales up to \$1000 per annum in small country offices; where this will not net the postmaster a remuneration of \$50, that \$50 be fixed as the minimum; that 40 per cent be allowed on stamp sales from \$1000 to \$3000 per annum, and 30 per cent on sales from \$3000 to \$10,000 per annum. They asked that 10 per cent of legitimate postal revenue be allowed for rent, fuel and light. Time before \$ o'clock and after 7 o'clock should be allowed as "night allowance, or overtime allowance"; they saked for a depot of postal stores and supplies at Winnipes for the convenience of the service in the west.

Mr. Lewis, M.P. for Huron, thought the application of the postoffice department surplus should be used to keep Village and rural offices open during the evening for the convenience of tarmers and workingmen.

Hon. Mr. Aylesworth sald he was glad to meet the postmasters and would sonsider the case. It seemed to him he had to decide whether it would be better to increase the pay of postmasters or use the surplus the department was now earning for the improvement of the rural mall routes so as to give more frequent mall service.

DEFINITELY ANNOUNCED

CASTRO WILL RETIRE FROM THE GOVERNMENT.

Caracas, April 10, via Williamstadt, April 13.—General Castro yesterday transferred the presidency of Venezuela to vice president Gomez. In the address which he made on that occasion, general Castro said that his retirement was due to ill health, but he did say whether it to ill health, but he did say whether it was temporary or permanent. It is generally understood, however, that his retirement will last about three months.

During the course of his remarks, general Castro said: "Our present international position is completely defined and cleared up, and leads us to hope that everything will proceed with the utmost harmony on the foundation of mutual respect and consideration for our rights as universally recognized, and that all pending matters will necessarily be settled by some friendly arrangement or by arbitration the last report of civilization. The mancial situation of venezuela cannot be more flattering. It is known in Venezuela and abroad that all Venezuela's engagements are religiusly carried out."

As a result of Castro's retirement the Venezuelan cabinet has retired.

Venezuelan cabinet has retired.

Washington, April 13.—President Cas-Washington, April 13.—President Castro's temporary retirement from the head of the Venezuelan government has no political significance, so far as is known, according to a despatch received by the American state department, from W. W. Russell, the United States minister to Venezuela. Mr. Russell's despatch was dated April 10th, and was sent by ship by way of Williamstadt. Curapatch was dated April 10th, and was sent by ship by way of Williamstadt, Cura-coa, and cabled from that point. The despatch says that president Castro says he is exhausted physically and desires to take a rest. He is going to La Vic-toria, which lies on the line of the rail-road connecting Caracas and Porto Ca-bello.

It has been the custom of president Castro for several years to visit La Vic-toria for several weeks at a time.

RECEIVED AT FORT WILLIAM

Prince Arthur of Connaught on His Tour Through Canada. Fort William, April 12—Despite the un-favorable condition of weather some 2000 out of the II,000 citizens of Fort William favorable condition of weather some 2000 out of the II,000 citizens of Fort William, turned out this morning to welcome prince. Arthur of Connaught and a right hearty welcome he received on this, his first visit to the Chicago of the north. The train arrived shortly after 8 o'clock, but not until after 10 o'clock did his royal highness, accompanied by superintendent Winner of the C.P.R., pay a visit to the elevators, where his highness showed a keen interest in the mode of handling grain. He had many questions to ask as to the workings of the different pieces of machinery and the route of the grain from the car to the boat. Upon his return to his car he was met by the mayor and aldermen, and members of the board of trade, who were presented to his highness. The Fort William band, together with the local cadets, were out in full force and their soldierly appearance was commented on by the prince.

PLATT WILL RETIRE

Well Known Senator Finds Politics Has
Had Enough of Him
New York, April 13—The Herald wiss
say tomorrow: "Seated at his desk in his
office in the United States Express company's building, senator Thomas C. Pist,
declared that he would make no effort to
be re-elected to the United States senate
at the expiration of his term in 1999, it
is true, he said, with a touch of sadness
in his tone, that I do not expect to return
to the senate when my present term ends. the senate when my present term ends.

Will have gratified my desire for public fifice by that time. Further than this he senator for New York would make no comment on his intended action."

EXPEL REVOLUTIONARIES

manian Government Yields to Pressur From Russia Roumanian Government Yields to Pressure From Russia.

Bucharest, April 13—Yielding to the repeated demands of the Russian police, the government has desided to expel Mastuschenko, the leader of the mutiny on board the Russian battleship Knias Potenkine, despite the promises to the mutineers at Kustesii. Matuschenko will depart tomorrow. It is stated that the government will expel every Russian evolutionary now visiting relatives in this country.

DEATH OF SIR R. THORBURN St. Johns, Nfid., April 13.—Sir Robert Thorburn, who was premier of New-foundland from 1885 to 1890, died here

Apparent Effort is Made to Placate Chinese Government

Meets With Open Disapproval From British Settlement in Peking -Dangerous Tendencies of Chinese Mob

London, April 14.—The Tribune's correspondent at Peking telegraphs of the feeling in the foreign community that the European and American governments are unwise in weakening their position in the eyes of the Chinese. "Major general Vintries, commander of the British troops in North China, and chief engineer Blair have proceeded to Weihaiwei, ostensibly to disband the Chinese regiments, but really. I have reason to believe to return the harbor and port to China. Even in case of local disturbances the burden of the first defence will fall upon the Americans. The Chinese have a fort on the wall which secretly commands the American position. This would demand capture by a rush but the American garrison is too weak to afford the necessary men. Meanwhile incendiary literature is being spread throughout the country."

TO GET A MILLION.

Dowie's Price For Surrendering His Title of Blijah.

Chicago, April 13.—Peaceful settlem of the strife between John Alexander Dowie and those of his followers who recently rebelled under the leadership of Wilbur Glenn Vollva, is in sight, according to statements made tonight be the legal advisers of both Voliva an the ownership of the property of city by Voliva to deacon Alex. Go to be paid and wil lawait further opments."

cision of the court on the validity of Dow is telegraphic revocation of the power of attorney conferred upon Voliva will decide in whom rests the control of

Zion city.

H. V. Barnes, legal adviser of Zion city, said: "Dowie desires to be vindi-cated and reinstated with the full powers cated and reinstated with the full powers attending the First Apostleship of the Christian Catholic church, whereupon he will issue an edict declaring that 95 per cent of the property of Zion city belonged to the church and that 5 per cent belonged to Dowle. This would give to Dowle \$1,000,000 and to the church \$19,000,000. He would then retire."

NO MORE CONCESSIONS

Coal Operators Will Not Give Way to

Coal Operators Will Not Give Way to
The Workers.

Philadelphia, April 13.—There was but
little hope for industrial peace in the
anthracite region today. It is regarded
as settled that the mine operators have
gone as far as they will go. Following
was the word which came over the telephone to Scranton from New York today from an important official of one of
the largest coal companies to the telethe largest coal companies, to the local office there: "There will be no more concessions, there will not one jot be conceded by the operators. That is settled. There will be no more counter propositions, just a simple refusal to consider the miners' latest propositions." The D. L. & W. claims to be minimal one-sixth of its normal output and that in case a strike is declared it will put on enough men to produce one-half its

THE KING IN A COLLISION. London, April 14.—Telegraphing from Cortu, a correspondent of the Standard says: "A carriage in which were king Edward and queen Alexandra, collided with a cart in which were a number of drunken peasants." The royal carriage was not damaged but several of the peasants were injured. The king ordered the doctor of the British flagship to attend them."

ST. LOUIS BUILDERS' STRIKE St. Louis Builders' Street St. Louis, April 42-Two officers of the Bricklayers' and Stonemasons' international union droe around St. Louis today. Calling off bricklayers from every building job on which the stonemasons employed were not affiliated with the international union. Work, it was reported, stopped on 100 buildings. It is estimated that 2000 men quit work. Officials of the union say they believe they have the better of the situation, and the strike will be over within a week.

MYSTERIOUSLY DISAPPEARS Winnipeg, April 13.—Lawrence Kennedy, who came here several days ago from Glacier, Minn, with several associates, on a land purchasing expedition, has mysteriously disappeared and foul play is suspected. He had a large sum of money on him when last seen.

LAKE NAVIGATION OPENS Fort William, April 13.—Navigation will open from the head of the lakes on Sunday morning when the steamer New Mount will sail with a cargo of grain. The river is clear of fce.

ONCE MORE

he would have been liberated on ticket ne would have been liberated on ticket of leave, Johansen shook his head very sorrowfully, and remarked: "I guess I have made a pretty bad break."

The rest of the story was teld by the made a pretty bad break."

warden as follows: "Delaney, that's the name he goes under here, is a very clever man, and a model prisoner. He is a Norwegian, and can speak four dif-ferent languages. He is skilled in many trades and generally a handy man He was employed here as cook. He never gave any trouble. He was always intelligent and obedient. He was allowed to go out in the morning to get

"I have learned since that he was supplied from outside with nearly every-thing he wanted, except whiskey. He got opium regularly, and finally he had to have medical attention. Then he asked for a heavier and warmer coat and was given one. He still wore the regu-

lation corduroy trousers.

"He must have had a good many confederates on the outside for he was well supplied with means to get out, and to hide first, and then get away without detection after he was out. We may be able to locate some of the people that

minutes of the discovery of the escape, and notified the outside guard at once. I also got word to chief Jarvis at once.

Saskatoon, Assa., where he will now make his home.

J. W. Morrison, formerly a local mer-

"I am sorry for Delaney, but he will have to be severely punished now, and contractor J. W. Jones has just remade to regret his attempt to escape.

"No. he won't be employed as cook American Okanagan where he went to

All And All An Incidentally it may be mentioned that the taking of Delaney was a plucky act. Provincial constable Joseph Wilson knew that the escaped prisoner was in the neighborhood, was well armed, and and expressed the determination not to be taken alive. When the constable started cut to look for his man on Sunday he was joined by Fred Little, an old timer at Creston. Suddenly the two saw Delaney coming towards them with his pack on his back. "There's our man," said Wilson to Little, "take the handcuffs and I'll hold him up. He's dangerous." Both men got close to Delaney before the escaping prisoner took much notice of them and Wilson drew his gun and getting the drop on Delaney yelled "Hands up." Delaney's hands shot up and the pack tumbled off his back, but as his hands went up he made a last effort to draw his gun from its resting place in the breast of his coat. Wilson was on his man in a hurry autifired a shot past his head, at the time grasping the man's hand now almost on the gun stock. The shot startled Delaney and before he could recover himself the irons were on his wrists and he was disarmed. Fortune favored the constable,

but I didn't try to use it. I didn't want to make bad worse.
"I am sorry I made the break. I'd rather put in an extra month here than live that fortnight over again. I suppose I'll have to stand worse now."

When he was told that in six weeks he would have been liberated on ticket. jected to involving the police in elec-tion matters which, he said, would im-

pair their efficiency.

Ralph Smith favored the law as it now stands in British Columbia.

STAKING CLAIMS. Result of Free Gold Discovery-Fruit

Lands Being Bought Up. (Special to The Daily News) Grand Forks, April 9.—It has stated that fully four miles square of mineral claims have been staked out in the immediate vicinity of the Never Slip property, owned by Joseph Simpson and others, on which free gold was found

others, on which free gold was found recently, creating some excitement in mining circles here.

The Kettle River Irrigation Fruit Lands company, limited, are purchasing a great deal of land in the Midway section. They have just closed a deal for 500 acres of farming lands, the former owners being P. T. McCallum and Donald McCallum of this place. It is understood the consideration was \$9000. This land will be sub-divided into five and ten acre lots and placed on the mar-

and ten acre lots and placed on the marable to locate some of the people that helped him.

"I'm rather sorry that the impression got abroad that prison officials were remiss in their duties. I went to the provincial police office within three chased a large furniture business at the discovery of the content of the discovery of the discov

"I wish to say that chief Jarvis and the other city police did everything possible to assist in the search.

"I wish to say that chief Jarvis and chant, and who is now a prosperous business man of Seattle, is here looking after his remaining interests in Grand

purchase some heavy draught horses.

Incidentally it may be mentioned that Mr. Jones says that good horses are very

Big Catches of Trout Reported all Along the Arm and River.

Sunday's catch of fish in Nelson waters was so great that serious fears are entertained that, if the local expert fishers are not restrained by injunction or otherwise, all the trout of Kootenay lake and river will be gone before the first thousand tourists arrive. The fish are reported to be plentiful and very game. As yet they have not selected any favorite spots, and the stranger who trolls in the open is just as likely to meet with good fortune as the experienced anglers who are familiar with every one of the favored pools of former years.

Enumeration is impossible but at a conservative estimate there were at least 200 sportsmen out on Sunday along the banks of the arm and the river from Procter to Slocan junction, while other parties, to get away from the crowd, went to Cottonwood lake.

The honort of the day went to E. W. Monk, who went out to Procter on Saturday and remained over Sunday. Mr. Monk caught five fine large trout, none of which weighed less than 13 pounds, the total weight being about 35 pounds.

The trains returning to the city during the evening from Procter and from Slocan junction, all brought crowds of tired but happy fishermen with well filled baskets. Those that came back from Cottonwood lake had been, on the average, more fortunate, while none of their fish were singly of great weight, everyone had caught a big string.

As a result of the unusually successful day, and the general reports of a big run of trout, fishing parties are now being organized for the Easter holidays.

Company Proposes to Lessen Speculation in Future Company Proposes to Lessen Speculation in Future
Winnipeg. April 11—It is stated that the Canadian Pacific land department, which of late has been withholding from sale large parts of the company's land grant located along the line of the C.N.R. and the projected line of the G.T.P., has been conducting an inquiry into the value of the lands with a view to putting it on the market at prices that will secure to the hompany a good portion of the cash that has heretofore gone to speculators. The company has not gone the length of eliminating the speculative element altogether by selling only to settlers, but the settler will be able, speaking generally, to buy direct from the C.P.R. at a lower rate and on more favorable terms than from the speculator. There will, of course, be a very great demand for these lands when the lines now under construction are completed.

pators. In opening he expressed the opinion formed from his trips through the province that up to date the people of British Columbia have made more money out of poultry than out of fruit. He thought the two industries might well go together as both are very profitable, and neither requires a large area. He recommended small poultry money out of poultry than out of fruit. He thought the two industries might well go together as both are very profitable, and neither requires a large area. He recommended small poultry houses, which might be inexpensive, but must be roomy and airy. Six square feet of floor space should be allowed for each bird. Therefore a building 12 feet square would accommodate 24

feet square would accommodate 24 birds.

Ventilation was a matter of the great-Ventilation was a matter of the greatest importance. No wind or draught should be admitted but the air should be kept always fresh. The windows should be long and low, the bottoms 18 inches from the ground to get the first and latest sunshine of winter days and so avoid sudden changes of temperature. Roofs should be low and the roofs of all the appliery houses on a level not more than. 3 feet high. The floors should be kept perfectly dry, either by being raised, or preferably by gravelling and draining. Roosts should be of two inch-scantling, with rounded corners. Everything about the houses should be looge to permit of easy and frequent cleaning. The best spray, he thought, was a solution of carbolic acid, of two perfects strength.

was a solution of carbolic acid, of two per cent strength.

On the subject of incubators Mr. Thompson advised that they should not be too small; each should hold from 150 to 200 eggs. The eggs should never be more than 10 days old. For the first half of the incubating period, airing should be limited, in the last half it should be increased. Mr. Thompson was very emphatic on the subject of feeding young chickens. He said they should not be fed until 60 or 72 hours after hatching, and then only with very fine cracked grain, or granulated meal.

After the lecuture there was an informal discussion, Mr. Thompson answering many questions on the subject of poultry generally.

J. R. Anderson, referring to the agitation of Kootensy for a resident fruit inspector, presented recently at the

central institute in Victoria, informed the members that such an appointment was impossible, at least, for the present, no appropriation for that purpose having been made.

Adjournment was then taken to 2.30

At a meeting of the city council last evening it was decided to purchase 150 orfamental shade trees to be donated to citizens for planting, the only condition required by the council being that applications for these trees be handed in by next Monday evening and that those receiving trees take the necessary care of them.

Today is pay day at the Granby smelter and the town is fairly alive with

ter and the town is fairly alive with smelter employees cashing their checks. The monthly payroll now aggregates The citizens of Cascade are at last put-

ting in a water system for fire protec-tion. Already two large gal anized tanks have arrived, with a combined capacity of 200,000 gallons. These tanks will be or 200,000 gailons. These tanks will explaced at an elevation of some 30 ft. and will furnish ample fire protection.

A despatche received here yesterday from Strathoona, Alta, states that Norman McLellan, formerly an alderman here, had met with a serious accident, receiving a fracture of the skull, and was in a critical condition.

John Miller, accompanied by his wife, who have been visiting their son, E. Miller, city solicitor, for the past two weeks, left yesterday for their home in Vancouver.

incouver, OPEN OFFICE IN SPOKANE Sharp & Irvine Will Locate a Branch is Washington

Washington

A company with headquarters in Neison and a branch office in Spokane sounds gratifying to the ambitions and hopes of the metropelis of Kootenay. That will be the position of Sharp & Irvine by the lat of May. H. T. Irvine will take charge of the Spokane branch.

Asked the reasons for the firm's decision, Mr. Irvine said yesterday; "We have been thinking over it for some time, and have come to the conclusion that it is a good move, and that the time is ripe.

"Spokane is the most important mining center in the northwest, and Nelson is

Adjournment was then taken to 2.30 p.m. when again a good number of members and others were present.

J. R. Anderson, speaking on the conservation of soil moisture, emphasized the importance of preserving and increasing the element of humus or decayed vegetable matter, or animal matter.

Dairying, he said, not only took practically no elements of nutrition from the soil, but provided a constant source of enrichment. Grain, hay and straw, on the other hand taxed the fertility of the land to the utmost, and could restore nothing, unless it were allowed to store nothing and introducing it into the soil. Clover was particularly valuable in this respect, and it, or some other legume of equal or nearly equal value, should have a place in every system of

LOCAL MINING MARKET

COAL, OIL AND COPPER STOCKS ARE STILL THE LEADERS

with Thietrichate, a German invention, to enrich soil for special purposes. As the result of many experiments and the model of the provided that it had an value as a fertilizer. It was useful for inoculating exhausted soil, but there was no necessity for its use in any part of British Columbia, where ordinary intelligence was used in varying the crops.

The speaker also spoke of the use of guano, fish refuse and lime. Each was valuable, but none alone sufficient. Byery fertilizer releases and makes available but none alone sufficient. Byery fertilizer releases and makes available one element of plant food, in itrogen, potash or some other. The frequest result of the persistent use of come material for fertilizing was that the crops soon exhausted the element of plant food released by it.

Referring to the soil of the Nelson district, Mr. Anderson said that the red sandy loan of the lower hillsides was very rich in every element of plant food except nitrogen. He therefore advised the planting of clover on such soil for two years to introduce nitrogen.

He regretted the condition developed in some parts of the province where early settlers had recorded all the water rights and were hurting their cops with too much water, while others could not get enough. He described the dust mulch used in Arizona not conserve the little available soil moisture by keeping the surface loose and preventing evaporation.

In applying fertilizers to the froots of rout trees, it should be applied not near the trunk where its effect is wholly harmful, but about 15 feet away where the feeding root system ends; wood ashes were highly recommended for the purpose. The growing of grain crop in connection with an orchard was strongly deprecated, as grain takes away the very elements required by the trees.

In reply, to a question by James Johnstone. We have a look of the condition with an orchard was strongle of the department of agriculture in ottation. The provided the part of the condition with an orchard was strongle of the condition wer

The institute was called to order at 11 a.m., with 30 members present, the number increasing with the later sessions. In the absence of president dent, took the chair.

J. R. Anderson, in a brief opening address, referred to the value to agriculturists of frequent meetings and discussions on the subjects of daily interest to them. R. Thompson then gave an address on "Poultry houses and incubators." In opening he expressed the opinion formed from his trips through. casion one or more crew with the case of the control valorouser and Portland.

J. Teague, secretary of the club, was seen yesterday as to the prospects for the season. He said that the choosing of the crews for the spring regatiz would be made in a few days, and immediately after the trying out of men would begin for crews to represent Nelson at the big regatia. Of last year's senior four, two at least will not be available for this year. I. G. Robertson has been transferred from Nelson and D. McIntosh has stated that he will not have leisure to row this year. B. Manhart and W. H. Smyth are still here but it is not certain yet that either will care to go in for the hard training again. The prospects for the junior four are at present equally vague.

The final choice of crews is not, however, an urgent matter at present. The selection will be made later by E. C. Wragge and F. Nott, captain and vice-captain respectively.

The membership of the club last year was nearly twice as great as ever before and there is every reason to believe that there will be a still greater increase this year. It is expected that the date for the first club regatiz will soon be fixed.

MINING RECORDS Nine mineral locations and five certin-cates of assessment work were entered in the Nelson mining office, the locations all having been recorded at the suboffice at Creston.

having been recorded at the suboffice at Creston.

The claims recorded were the Old Dominion. Climax, Beshurr, Summit and Last Chance, on the east side of Priest river, three miles north of the international boundary line, located March B, and the Pocahontes, Sunnyside, Pairview, and Virginia, on North Star mountain, eight miles from the boundary lines, located March 30. All were recorded in the names of J. M. Culberson, Harvey McCullough, Cora Kingston, John Kingston and E. W. Stoner.

The certificates of work were issued to J. C. Moen on the Maude and the Katle; to N. N. Nalistad, agent for G. lise, on the Fritz of Nansen fraction; to T. Wall as agent for Julia Wall, on the Easter-tide, and to Godfrey Bittsch on the Summit.

GUN CLUB SCORES

In the fourth contest for the Dominion Cartridge company's silver medal, Blackwood was the victor for the second time. The scores were Goepel (not slightle) 18; Blackwood, 18; Tierney, 34; Wells, 12; Ward, 11; Young 10.

Two other 25-bird events were contested, silthough the wind made the shlooting somewhat uncertain. The scores were:

First—Blackwood, 18; Goepel, 17; Tierney, 18; Wells, 15; Ward 10.

Second—Goepel, 18; Tierney, 10; Larson, 10; Wells, 1; Menop, 6.

CHALLENGE CAST DOWN

Leader of Democrats of Russia Speaks Out Plainly

Declares New Russian Loan is A Device to Secure Power to Bureauccracy and Must be Submitted to the Duma

St. Petersburg, April 11.—An article assailing the new national loan, which is regarded as remarkable because it emanates from M. Petrunkevitch, who is regarded as the probable leader of the majority in the national parliament, and because of its open threat of unfavorable action in the parliament if not consulted, is published here today. M. Petrunkevitch declares that the conclusion of a loan which means a yearly increase of \$1.25 to the burden of each family at a time of such stress and on the eve of the convocation of the national parliament, can only be regarded as a new

the convocation of the national parliament, can only be regarded as a new attempt on the part of the dying bureaucratic regime to strengthen itself for the struggle with the people, by giving it liberty to disperse the parliament if it seemes desirable to do so. The writer suggests that the government arrange the terms of the loan but not conclude the negotiation before the convocation of parliament.

The articles closes: "We are not enemies of the fatherland, seeking to destroy its credit; but we wish the government to understand the danger of the path on which it has entered. Submit the loan for the approval of the parliament. Only then can the terms of the loan, hard as they may be, be accepted and discharged by the people."

DOCKSTEADER WINS OUT

FINAL ENDING OF SEVEN YEARS'

THE COLONIAL HELD TO BE THE EX-

(Special to The Daily News)

Vancouver, April 10—Argument was heard today before his lordship chief justice Hunter in six actions tried together at Nelson in October, 1904. The actions are Docksteader vs. Botsford and McQuillan vs. Fry. and Botsford vs. Docksteader. These six actions together with the well known case of Bocksteader ws. Docksteader. These six actions together with the well known case of Bocksteader sp. Clark, recently decided in the supreme court of Canada in Mt Docksteader's favor, constitute one of the most interesting chapters in the history of Slocan mining litigation, which commenced about seven years ago and was finally ended by the decision given by the learned chief justice today at the conclusion tof the argument, finding in favor of Docksteader, and the Colonial claim in all the actions. The Colonial is situate on Freddie Lee mountain adjoining the Freddie Lee claim, one of the first Blocan shippers, and near Sandon. The claim has been staked and restaked over and over again, but by the decision today Docksteader's Colonial is adjudged to be the existing claim. S. S. Taylor, K.C., appeared for Docksteader; Joseph Martin, K.C., for Fry: Fred Peters, K.C., for Fry: Fred Peters, K.C., tor Botsford, and Killam for McQuillan.

MOYIE ITEMS Output and Payroll of St. Eugene Deat

ot Former Rosslander

of Former Rosslander

(Special to The Daily News)

Moyis, April 7—The output of the St.

Bugene mine for March was 212 tons.

The mine payroll amounted to \$3,000 for the month, or \$1000 per day. There are about 310 men at work and the average wage per man is \$100.

James Milroy, a young man well known here and in Rossland, has been killed while beating his way on a Great Northera freight, train, east of Bonner's Newy.

while beating his way on a Great Northera freight train, east of Bonner's Frinty. The deceased was a former member of Roseland Miners' union, he worked on the mines in that city for some time and also appeared on the concert platforms, having a particularly good voice.

G. T. McGregor will build a large extension to his halt here so as to accommodate the Miners' union, K. of P. and Oddfellows. Building of the extension will commence at once.

J. A Dewar, manager of the Porto Rico Lumber company, was a visitor here this week The company's Moyle mill will start up it fully. At present some 50 men are employed getting out logs and clearing up Lamb creek and this number will be largely increased when the mill starts up. Several families have come here lately from Winnipeg as the result of the purchase of the mill and lumber limits of J. D. McArthur of that city.

The ice went out of the lake yesterday. Three weeks ago it was possible to skate from one end of the lake to the other and today the boating season has started.

TRAIL LEAD RETURNS

Amount of Ore Increased — Number of Shipping Mines Reduced
The lead returns of the Trail smelter for March show an increase in the total shipments but a great reduction in the number of shippers. The explanation is that most of the smaller shippers no send their product to the Hall Mines smelter at Nelson. The returns are as follows:

Aftine Ore American Boy 37,988 15,385
Lone Bachelor 73,542 33,35
North Star 772,510 29,391
Rambler 41,299 1,586
St. Eugene 3,341,250 1,356,573

..4,266,799 2,285,685 equals 2133 tons, CZAR WANTS WITTE St. Petersburg, April 11.—The Straus, a conservative liberal newspaper today mays that it has learned from high authority that the care has declined to accept premier Witte's resignation.

MORE PUBLIC OWNERSHIP Toronto, April 11—Premier Whitney this afternoon told a deputation of about 100 from all parts of western and northern Ontario, who saked that the government preserve. Magara's waterpower for the people, that the government would either out out the present Niagara interests and produce power itself or so control matters that people would reactive it silefully above

OF INTEREST TO MINER

WEEKLY SPECIAL ARTICLE RARER METALS.

SOME INTERESTING ANSWERS CORRESPONDENTS.

We frequently have to draw the tention of our correspondents to par culars we require when sending samples for our examination, and as prospecting season will shortly start, we will repeat them. Samples should no be less than three or four ounces, they must be prepaid, the senders' name and addressed should be enclosed, and a letter should accompany the same, giving us full particulars of the district from which the ore comes, the different rocks that compose the walls of the vein. Should the sender wish to have an assay made upon the sample we shall be pleased to have it attended to for him, but in that case the necessary fee should always be enclosed, or a deposit sent. If these instructions are properly carried out, it will be of great assistance to us, and be the means of our giving a correct decision.

Below will be found our weekly article upon the "Rarer Metals." prospecting season will shortly start,

GERMANIUM GERMANIUM

Though a Russian chemist predicted the finding of this metal in 1871, giving almost the exact specific gravity and atomic weight of it, together with those of its oxides, it was not until 1886 that it was definitely located and separated from all other metal. At this date it was identified as a separate mineral by a German chemist named Winkler, who gave it its present name after his native country. He found it to be present in a silver sulphide ore, called arsyrodite which contains about 7 per cent.

enti The metal, itself is very brittle, and has a silvery white color, very similar to tin, and also closely resembles that metal in its chemical reactions. No commercial uses have been found for this metal as it is extremely rare, costing about \$80 for fifteen grains.

INDIUM.

This is one of the rarer metals that are occasionally found in zinc blende. In fact that is the ore in which it was found first, though it has since been found in calamine, a silicate of zinc. It was first noticed by a German chemist, who gave it its name from the blue color it gives in the spectrum, and also the blue color it gives to a bunsen flame. It is a silvery white metal, closely resembling platinum, but is as soft as lead, marking the paper like a black lead pencil. It melts at an extremely low temperature but does not volatilize like zinc, in which ores it is chiefly found. The metals costs 40 cents a grain, and its of no commercial use.

GAILLIUM.

Galflum is another metal that is only INDIUM.

GALLIUM.

Galflum is another metal that is only found in zinc ores, it is a hard and itough substance with a bluish white collect. It is a very peculiar metal, and if it is held in the hand for a few seconds it will melt, and act like mercury or quicksilver, resembling this metal in many respects. When it is placed on glass in this condition it will form a mirror, having considerably better properties than the ordinary mirrors. The richest zinc ores containing this metal are found in Germany, and these only contain one part of the metal in sixty thousand, or one pound in three tons. It will therefore be seen that the metal is very scarce costing about \$100 for 15 grains.

The above metals, together with uranium and vanadium, which we have previously given, form a group separate from all other "rarer metals."

all other "rarer metals."

CORRESPONDENCE.

G. G., Fort Steele, B.C.—The rock you submitted for examination is an ordinary piece of schistose rock, with a small quantity of pyrrhotite or magnetic iron pyrites present. We have run similar tests to those you quote, but failed to obtain any such results that you did. Send us some of the rock you operated on, and also, the resulting buttons and we will examine the same for you.

G. B., Salmo, B.C.—Gold and silver and other precious metals are weighed by troy weight. Lead and copper by avairdupois weight. The former has 480 grains in an ounce, and 12 ounces to the pound, or 5760 grains in the pound, whilst avoirdupois weight has 437.5 grains to the ource, 16 ounces or 7000 grains in the pound. (2) Smelters usually allow to the nearest pound only in lead and coppes. In gold they allow to the one-hundredth part of an ounce or to 20 cents; whilst in silver it is usual to allow to the nearest one-tenth of an ounce. (3) The Canadian ton is 2000 pounds avoirdupois. The English ton 2240 pounds.

W. J., Nelson—Your sample is ordinary calcite, and not gypsum. It is a carbonate of lime, and sypsum is a sul-

nary calcite; and not gypsum. It is a carbonate of lime, and gypsum is a sul-

nary calcite, and not gypsum. It is a carbonate of lime, and gypsum is a sulphate of that mineral. A quick and ready way for you to determine the difference is to drop a little acid or vine-gar upon your sample when an effervescence will be seen upon the "calcite, while it will have no effect upon gypsum. Further, gypsum is softer than calcite and can be scratched with the dinger nail.

A. A., Kaslo, B.C.—The mineral in the piece of quartz you submit is bornite or peacock copper, which when pure contains about 55 per cent copper. If you have any quantity of it we would advise you to have it assayed for gold, silver and copper. The fee for same will be \$2.50.

T., Cranbrook, B.C.—Your sample is

will be \$2.50.

T., Cranbrook, B.C.—Your sample is composed of quartz-porphyry, and may contain a little gold and silver.

W. A. W., Slocan Junction, B. C.—We have had your sample assayed, and the results posted to your address in Nelson. If you had given us full particulars last week, we should not have called your one placer sand, but still from your description it may still be so, coming from gravel beds. We should like to examine an average sample of the material without it being washed previously.

G., Nelson, B.C.—We have made enquiries for you, and understand that the

HALLENGE **CAST DOWN**

nder of Democrats of Russia Speaks Out Plainly

ares New Russian Loan is A Device to cure Power to Bureauocracy and Must be Submitted to the Duma

Petersburg, April 11.-An article ing the new national loan, which is rded as remarkable because it eman-from M. Petrunkevitch, who is reas the probable leader of the rity in the national parliament, and se of its open threat of unfavorable on in the parliament if not consult-is published here today. M. Petrundeclares that the conclusion which means a yearly increase of to the burden of each family at a of such stress and on the eve of onvocation of the national parlia-can only be regarded as a new apt on the part of the dying bureauc regime to strengthen itself for struggle with the people, by giving perty to disperse the parliament if to strengthen itself for nes desirable to do so. The writer ests that the government arrange erms of the loan but not conclude negotiation before the convocation

articles closes: "We are not enof the fatherland, seeking to desunderstand the danger of the on which it has entered. Submit oan for the approval of the parlia-Only then can the terms of the hard as they may be, be accepted discharged by the people."

CKSTEADER WINS OUT AL ENDING OF SEVEN YEARS

LITIGATION

COLONIAL HELD TO BE THE EX-ISTING CLAIM

(Special to The Daily News)

Incouver, April 10—Argument was heard
by before his lordship chief justice
ter in six actions tried together at
son in October, 1904. The actions are
ksteader vs. Botsford and McQuillan
Fry vs. Botsford (2); McQuillan vs.
and Botsford vs. Docksteader. These
actions together with the well known
of Bocksteader, vs. Clark, recently
ded in the supreme court of Canada
Mf. Docksteader's favor, constitute
of the most interesting chapters in
history of Slocan mining litigation,
h commenced about seven years ago
was finally ended by the decision given
the learned chief justice today at the
fusion of the argument, finding in
r of Docksteader, and the Colonial
in in all the actions. The Colonial
in in all the actions. The Colonial
is the on Freddle Lee mountain adjoining
Freddle Lee claim, one of the first
an shippers, and near Sandon. The
n has been staked and restaked over
over again, but by the decision today
ksteader's Colonial is adjudged to be
existing claim. S. S. Taylor, K.C., aped for Docksteader, Joseph Martin,
for Fry; Fred Peters, K.C., for
ford, and Killam for McQuillan.

and Payroll of St. Eugene-Death of Former Rosslander

of Former Rosslander
(Special to The Daily News)
rie, April 7—The output of the St.
ne mine for March was \$712 tons.
mine payroll amounted to \$31,000 for
nonth, or \$1000 per day. There are
310 men at work and the average
per man is \$100.
les Milroy, a young man well known
and in Rossland, has been killed
beating his way on a Great Northern
tt train, east of Bonner's Ferry.
decrased was a former member of

the train, east of bolines of decrased was a former member of sland Miners' union, he worked on the se in that city for some time and also sared on the concert platforms, have a particularly good voice.

T. McGregor will build a large extento his hall here so as to accommodate Miners' union, K. of P. and Oddfels. Building of the extension will concert once.

Building of the extension will conse at once.

A Dewar, manager of the Porto Rico
her company, was a visitor here this
r. The company's Moyie mill will start
r. July. At present some 50 men are
loyed getting out logs and clearing
tamb creek and this number will be
sly increased when the mill starts up,
veral families have come here tately
revent families have come here tately
revent families have come here in the
first of the purred of the mill and lumber limits of
be McArthur of that city.
The ce went out of the lake yesterday,
we weeks ago it was possible to skate
in one end of the lake to the
today the boating season has started.

TRAIL LEAD RETURNS

of Ore Increased — Number of Shipping Mines Reduced Shipping Mines Reduced
Shipping Mines Reduced
e lead returns of the Trail smelter
March show an increase in the total
ments but a great reduction in the
ber of shippers. The explanation is
most of the smaller shippers now
their product to the Hall Mines smelat Nelson. The returns are as follows:
at Nelson. The returns are as follows:
are rican Boy 37,988 35,898
be Bachelor 73,542
be Bachelor 72,510
th Star 41,200
Eugene 3,341,250 1,336,672
Eugene 3,341,250 2,336,672

lead ore received equals 2133 tons. lead content of 1142 tons.

CZAR WANTS WITTE Petersburg, April 11.—The Straus, nservative liberal newspaper today that it has learned from high auththat the czar has declined to acremier Witte's resignation.

more Public Ownership ronto, April 11—Premier Whitney this moon told a deputation of about 1000 all parts of western and northern irio, who asked that the government erve Niagara's waterpower for the le, that the government would either out the present Niagara interests and uce power itself or so control matters people would receive it slightly above MORE PUBLIC OWNERSHIP

OF INTEREST TO MINERS

WEEKLY SPECIAL ARTICLE RARER METALS.

SOME INTERESTING ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

CORRESPONDENTS.

We frequently have to draw the attention of our correspondents to particulars we require when sending in samples for our examination, and as the prospecting season will shortly start. At his steep the prospecting season will shortly start, which is the properties season will shortly start, which is the properties season will shortly start, which is the property care the should be enclosed, and a latter the should accompany the same, giving we full repeat them. Samples should not be less than three or four ounces, the district from which the ore comes, the different rocks that compose the walls of the vell should the sender wish to have an assay made upon the sample we shall be pleased to have it attended to for him be

is of no commercial use.

GALLIUM. Gallium is another metal that is only found in zinc ores, it is a hard and tough substance with a bluish white color. It is a very peculiar metal, and if it is held in the hand for a few seconds

the pound, or 5760 grains in the pound, whilst avoirdupois weight has 437.5 grains to the ounce, 16 ounces or 7000 grains in the pound. (2) Smelters usually allow to the nearest pound only in lead and coppe. In gold they allow the one-hundredth part of an ounce or to 20 cents; whilst in silver usual to allow to the nearest one-tenth of an ounce. (3) The Canadian ton is 2000 pounds avoirdupois. The English

ton 2240 pounds and the French ton 2204.6 pounds. W. J., Nelson-Your sample is ordinary calcite, and not gypsum. It is a carbonate of lime, and gypsum is a sul-phate of that mineral. A quick and ready way for you to determine the diference is to drop a little acid or vinegar upon your sample when an efferveswill be seen upon the calcite. while it will have no effect upon gyp-sum. Further, gypsum is softer than calcite and can be scratched with the

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W. A. W., Slocan Junction, B. C.—We are had your sample assayed, and the ilts posted to your address in Nelson If you had given us full particulars last we should not have called your ore placer sand, but still from your desription it may still be so, coming from gravel beds. We should like to examine

average sample of the material with ut it being washed previously. Nelson. B.C.-We have made enquirles for you, and understand that the

government will not hold an examina-tion for assayers in Nelson this spring. Probably it will be held at the coast, but you can get all particulars you re-quire from the provincial government assay office, Victoria, B.C.

PREPARING FOR MARKET

BOUNDARY'S SHIPMENTS

RECORD FOR FIRST QUARTER OF THIS YEAR

mediate enlargement to some extent, so that in the fall the increase should be from 1000 to 1500 daily over the present capacity.

Notwithstanding the heavy shipments for the last three months from the immense low grade shippers of the Boulndary, it is noticeable that the operating companies have been keeping well ahead with development generally, in order to be fully prepared for the increase in smelting capacity soon to be realized at the several plants. All three of the large companies—the Granby, B C. Copper and Dominion Copper—are using diamond drills in their explorations, with good results, as far as known. All three have large forces directly on development and are spending large sums in this branch alone.

As an instance of development, it may be mentioned that since January 1 the Granby company alone has done more than 2761 feet of sinking, raising, crosscutting and drifting, which was divided as follows: Main Granby properties, 1908 feet; Gold Drop, 634 feet and Monarch, 322 feet, or over half a mile of development in the last quarter. Extensive prospecting and development also continues in the mines of the B. C. Copper and Dominion Copper companies in Phoenix, Deadwood and Summit camps, whence the great tonnage is available.

While the great low grade mines furnish the bulk of the tonnage from the Boundary, the high grade properties are of no small importance, and the last three months has shown that this importance is gradually increasing in many instances. The chief of the high grade mines continues to be the Providence, near Greenwood, which, since the internal dissensions of those interested have been settled, has been worked steadily, and with increasingly good results. It is the largest shipper in the high grade list, and this property never looked better than it does todsy. It is shipping ore right along, having sent out over 150 tons this year, has paid \$2,000 on the bond held from the ore shipments and is said to have more over in sight today than ever before. Generally speaking it is most

has recently completed a new working shaft, with new shafthouse, and other buildings.

Numbers of other high grade mines are looking well, including the Elikhorn, Preston, Prince Henry, Strathmore, Helen, etc., and some of them are beginning to ship ore. The west fork district as well as the north fork district, is attracting increased attention this year. In the former the Sally and Rambler are sending out occasional high grade ore shipments, and deals are, frequent in the latter, the proposed railways to be constructed into these sections this year, as announced, having a stimulating effect.

Of the three Boundary smelters, that of the B.C. Copper company at Greenwood, is already making extensive preparations for increasing the capacity, the excavating now going on with a large force of men. When the company has spent the \$300,000 in enlargements and new electrical and other machinery, it will be in a position to handle from 1500 to 1800 tons of ore daily and in a much more economical manner—the output being trebled nearly. This is expected to be done by early fall.

The Dominion Copper company's smelter at Boundary Falls, will have its capacity doubled by fall also, by the addition of a huge furnace, with a capacity as great as the two present furnaces, and will also, by that time, have substituted electricity for steam.

At the Granby smelter the tendency is always towards a greater capacity, and the remodelling of the old furnaces which is being undertaken as occasion permits, without crippling the capacity of, the works for turning out blister copper, is along these lines, with larger resultant capacity for each blast furnace.

It nothing unforceseen crops up to prevent it, there seems every reason to think that by the time snow comes again the three district smelters should be reducing not far from 2000 tons more daily than at the present time, or about 5000 tons per 24 hours as a minimum.

RICHES OF SHEEP CREEK

DR. DIXON TELLS OF DEVELOP-MENT OF MOTHER LODE

HIGH GRADE MINES OF FREE MILL-ING GOLD NEAR SALMO.

Among the properties on Sheep creek in the Salmo district, which are now at-tracting great attention from miners and investors, none is more promising than the Mother Lode group. It con-sists of seven claims running in a straight line along a fissure vein of free

milling gold ore.

The mines were located by Nelson and Salmo people. On the first of De-cember last Dr. A. F. Dixon, of Nelcemper last Dr. A. F. Dixon, of Neison, took a lease of the group, and a bond for \$75,000, giving an undertaking to develop the property effectively, and to pay a proportion of the proceeds of shipments to the lessors.

In pursuance of the agreement Dr. Dixon has shipped 54 tone of the total.

In pursuance of the agreement Dr. Dixon has shipped 54 tons of ore to the Trail smelter, shipment being made via Nelson. The average value of the ore shipped is about \$120 a ton, from which the lessors have received over \$3000.

Asked as to the work done, and his plans for the property, Dr. Dixon said:
"The vein, a true fissure, runs
through the whole seven claims, a disthrough the whole seven claims, a distance of 10,500 feet. It has been traced for the whole distance, and samples have been taken over 1000 feet. The surface values averaged \$47.50 to the ton. Not far below the surface we have found oxides and quartz and much higher values. The latter have run \$245 but I think the average is between

many respects. When it is placed on make it is placed on many respects. When it is placed on the place of the pla

are uniform and continuous. There is every reason to believe that the ore body is deep as well as long and wide.

"Yes; there are many other good properties on Sheep creek. As far as they have been worked they have all shown splendid promise."

The other properties have recently been mentioned in The Dally News. It is for them that William Waldte, owner of the Queen and Yellowstone, is seking government aid to improve the road.

ORO DENORO MINE Details of Bond Obtained from B. C.

Copper Company
The bonding of the Denoro mine by the British Columbia Copper company was announced some days ago by the Grang Forks correspondent of The Daily News, but no details of moment were then available. Smith Curtis, secretary of the Denoro Mines, Ltd., yesterday issued a circular to the shareholders, explaining at length the nature of the deal.

In the circular Mr. Curtis states: "Your directors have arranged with the British Columbia Copper Company, Limited, of New York city, to give the latter untit the 24th of June, 1906, the privilege of developing the Oro Denoro mine and the option of acquiring the mine within that period, the price to be paid in that company's shares—in fact to consummate an amalgamation. The company has made a substantial deposit, which will be forfeited in case the option is not exercised. After the payment of the usual commission on the sale, the shares to be received will at their present market value equal about 20 cents for each outstanding Denoro share."

at their present maker teach of the control of the control of the deal in question looked for for the Denoro shareholders, the circular proceeds: "As to the success of copper mining and smelting in the Boundary district, reference may be made to the increase in the value of the Granby company operating similar copper ore deposits. While treating 50,000 tons a month, its market valuation rose from \$4,500,000 in 1904 to \$42,000,000, and, since it began a few months ago to treat 70,000 tons a month, has risen to over \$18,000,000. It is now said to be earning \$200,000 a month profits. The disadvantage of operating a low grade copper ore property like the Oro Denoro without the mine owning a smelter are such that your directors can heartily recommend and approve of the arrangements made. The Denoro company retains its other mining claims and cash assets, from which after a time a fair return will doubless be made. It will be remembered that at the last annual meeting special

FIGURES FOR NINE MONTHS OF

FISCAL YEAR. TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION'S

RECOMMNEDATIONS

(Special to The Dally News)
Ottawa, April 7.—Canada's revenue for the nine months of the fiscal year ending March 31, last, shows a total of \$5,7015,561, an increase of \$5,584,994 over the same time last year. Ordinary expenditure was \$41,706,380, an increase of \$2,986,015; capital expenditure was \$41,706,380, an increase of \$7,51,308. All classes of revenue show large increases. For the month of March there was an increase in expenditure of \$1,315,032. There was a decrease of expenditure on capital account of \$24,295. The leading features of the transportation commission's report were given to the railway committee some days ago. The report has now appeared in full in printed form. The commission, in addition to what has already been published, recommends a fast Atlantic service specially to carry passengers and perishable freight, and for a quicker transportation of the mails. The report suggests that this service would also be a link in the chain of imparial intercommunication between Great Britain and its dependencies and also with the far eastern possessions in the Pacific. The commission suggests that the dominion government enter into negotiations with the imperial authorities for a first class service, not less than bi-weekly, between Halifax and Liverpool, this service not only to carry mails for this continent, but also for the far east. The service should be adapted for dairy produce, meats and perishable truits, as well as to meet all requirements of the British admiralty for carrying troops or for other service in time of war. It is also suggested that this service should be ready by the time of the completion of the Grand Trunk Pacific, and as soon as trade returns would warrant its commencement. The report asks that there should be a similar service on the Pacific. The commission also reports in favor of a Hudson's Bay railway with a harbor on a comprehensive plan oa Hudson's Bay. The dominion government expressions of affection towards herself and knowing

adding that queen Alexandra was greatly comforted by the expressions of affection towards herself and knowing that the heart of Cada went out to her in her sorrow.

FIRST OFFICIAL COUNT

in the ordinary way is still continued and many new members have been secured. A pleasing feature of the supplementary list is the number of names of contributors from outside points, Sandon's quota being especially noiseworthy. The following have joined since the last list was published:

M. Anderson, Slocan Junction, R. W. Brigstocke, Cobalt, W. C. Bayly, O. H. Becker, J. G. Bunyan, Jos. Boyer, Fred Beli.

R. W. Brigstoke. Coeff. W. Carley, L. H. O. H. Becker, J. G. Bunyan, Jos. Boyer, Fred Bell.
J. H. R. Christle, D. M. Carley, L. H. Choquette, Norman Carmichael, Morenct. Ariz. H. N. Cowan, Toronto, J. A. Chyderman, G. H. Colwell, J. Caden, Sandon, A. W. Dyer, B. R. Dawson, A. B. Docksteader, R. W. Drew, Miss. E. A. Dill, F. J. Deane.

steader, R. W. Drew,
F. J. Deane.
W. Ebbs, R. J. E. Elliott.
Capt. Gore, A. H. Gracey, J. W. Gallagher, C. D. Goepel.
Mrs. E. B. Hawthorne, F. B. Hawthorne, J. W. Holmes, R. A. Howe. T. S. Kinnahan.
J. A. Lidgate, R. A. Lidgate, T. M.
J. A. Lidgate, R. A. Lidgate, L. K.
Lidgate, Slocan City; J. M. Ludwig, L. K.

T. S. Kinnanan.
J. A. Lidgate, R. A. Lidgate, T. M.
Lidgate, Slocan City; J. M. Ludwig, L. K.
Larsen.

Mrs. A. Macdonald, Winnipeg; Mr. D.
Mackinnon, J. A. Montgomery, Oharles
McKay, H. McCausland, R. J. McPhee,
Slocan City, J. B. McLeod, I. G. Nelson,
Charles Oleson, Ainsworth.
J. T. Pierre, Thos. Parker,
Miss Alleen Robertson, A. Reed, V. E.
Roberts, Vancouver, E. E. Richards,
A. G. Shaw, F. W. Swannell, T. M.
Sturgess, H. F. Steeper, W. B. Smith, G.
H. Smith.
B. C. Travis, Mrs. J. E. Taylor,
D. R. Whitehead, C. J. Wilson, J. T.
Wilson, J. Waixel, P. Wilson, New Denver, Geo. P. Wells, J. Wightman, J. G.
Whiteacre, Mrs. J. G. Whiteacre,
R. Andrews, H. Bennett, G. Erickson,
D. Forteith, G. Grier, Sandon, E. Hendrickson, Sandon, G. Fernau, Ainsworth,
D. Forteith, G. Grier, Sandon, E. Hendrickson, Sandon, Geo. Horstead, E. Irdrickson, Sandon, Geo. Horstead, E. Irdrickson, Sandon, Geo. Horstead, E. Irdrickson, Sandon, Geo. Horstead, E. IrSturgeon, R. S.Joan, Sandon, Sharp & 1rvine, J. J. Walker, J. A. Dewar, Taylor
& McQuarrie, Miss Grace Irving.

LARDEAU MINES

LARDBAU MINES

Eva Cleanup—Work on Silver Dollar—
Trout Lake City's Loss
(From Camborne Miner)
As soon as the snow has disappeared from the Mohawk creek trail the government should lose no time in effecting repairs which are necessary before the heavy machinery for the Silver Dollar mill can be transported over it. By so deing the government would show that it is willing to assist in the development and welfare of the country. Another mat-

ter that should receive immediate attention is the wagon road to Beaton, particularly the canyon portion. That section on the road, in its present condition, is a menace to the travelling public, in tact it is a regular death trap. The bridges are rotten, which has been known and acknowledged by government officials for some time past, and it is to be hoped that gold commissioner Fraser is now in a position to make the improvement that ne drafted last year. Other portions of the road are also in need of repairs, and the sooner they are done the better will be the feeling of Cambornies towards the present administration.

A number of men are leaving for the Beatrice mine to resume operations. Work will be done by day's pay. The contractors who have been werking in the mine for the past few months have done exceptionally good work which demonstrates beyond a doubt that the Beatrice is a rich property, and a big one at that.

The drifts on the Silver Dollar are now in 100 feet on either side of the frosscut tunnel. They are seven feet wide, the pay shoots being the full width of the drifts, the wall of the vein showing on both sides. The vein is free quartz containing a large amount of fron and bunches of likely looking galena. The ore is being placed on the dump.

A. Durbois, the manager, is very pleased with the appearance of the property and the character of the ore, and feels satisfied that the mill treatment will yield values in advance of present calculations. The snow is rapidly disappearing from the trail, and he expects to be hauling the mill machinery to the property in a month from now. Some repairs will have to be made on the trail before moving of machinery is commenced.

The cleanup of operations for the month of March at the Eva mill took place a few days ago and resulted in a gold brick and concentrates extimated at a little over \$5000. The amount would have been in the batteries were pages of the mill had not been occasioned by lee forming in the fiture during the cold snap in the early part of th

The Canadian Timber and Sawmills, Ltd.. has been extremely reticent on the subject, but "coming events cast their shadows before," and speculation as to the company's future actions will cease, at least as far as Trout Lake is concerned, says the Lardeau Mining Review. For a month past a number of men have been engaged in dismantling the interior of the structure here and packing the machinery, and here again the popular impression was at fault, for it was thought that the machinery was imadequate and an up to date plant would be put down in its place. It is now definitely arranged that the mill will be reconstructed and operated at Gerrard at the foot of Trout Lake. Aiready preparations for the building of the new mill are in progress.

MADE COMMONS WEARY

REMARKABLE ADDRESS BY WEST

required bringing up on the bottle in order that it might develop into a sturdy child on which the nation could rely in its days of financial decrepitude in its old age. One day a couple of weeks ago

old age. One day a couple of weeks ago he announced that he was going to warp up alongside of the commons' wharf and discharge his cargo. Fatal garrulity!

The opposition discerned a superb chance to get even with Lewis for that autonomy vote. Some of his confreres put their heads together and deliberately headed him off every time he tried to speak. They bottled him up one day last week when he was determined to effervesce, by getting up a semi-bogus argument with Hon. Sydney Fisher about Canada's exhibition in the Imperial Institute in London. That day Lewis hove into the offing resplendent in frock coat and boutonniere and loaded to the nozzle with facts, but his comrades did a and boutonniere and loaded to the noz-zle with facts, but his comrades did a Lleut. Hobson-Santiago "stunt," and Lewis almost exploded in exasperation. Finally his opportunity came. It was unexpected, but the man from Huron neglected it not. The opposition were bothering Hon Mr. Oliver in an irregu-lar manner, and the instant the speaker appropried that the discussion was out lar manner, and the instant the speaker announced that the discussion was out of order Lewis, with every stitch, royals, stunsails, water salls, and everything else drawing full, salled right in and com

menced a remarkable speech.

He pulled from his drawer a bundle of pale blue papers and made one of the most remarkable speeches ever delivered in the house. It lacked in coherence. Facts of all sorts and sizes, culled from controlling pautical under the sun, were Facts of all sorts and sizes, culled from everything nautical under the sun, were thrown out at most unexpected places. He wandered from the Plimsoil mark, Japan's position in mercantile marine, from the clean sweep the thirty-six seaman of the Acadia made in nautical sports in Halifax harbor, to the number of words a day a Buenes Ayres paper reselved a day from New York. He traced the course of a letter from New York to the Argentine Republic and poured into the assembly's ears the famous works of Bismarck on marine advancement. He had even delved into the Encyclopedia

Britannics, volume 21, page 882, of the issue of 1880. From this mighty volume he wrested the important fact that the Italian ships led the world in the middle ages. What in thunder this had to do with Canada's shipping he did not explain. That he had swallowed the 1800-page report of the Nova Scotia Merchant Marine commission holus bolus was patent, for he spat forth page and volume for a solid hour quotations from that interesting and widely read work.

"On page 437 of volume III, William Bird, sworn, says the trade follows the

that he gave up, and gave his left hand all the lodge grips his right hand knew. Bourassa, who had gone outside at 3.30, came in at 5.

"The starboard watch should be below decks on all occasions except those of dire necessity, when the port watch is on deck," saluted him as he came in. He dodged behind the high-backed chair of the sergeant-at-arms, and when there came a lull beat a hasty retreat.

Along about 6 o'clock Lewis could scarcely be heard, and a wild pandemonium prevailed, and once he appealed for order, remarking that while "some of his facts were irrelevant, thew were facts just the same." Once on toward the end he remarked that he had once sailed on he remarked that he had once sailed on Lake Huron before the mast, and he wished he had stayed there instead of coming here.
"So do we," growled a government

HURON MEMBER

HOW THE HOUSE ENJOYED THE ORATORICAL DISPLAY

ORATORICAL DISPLAY

Ottawa, April 11.—The rate on timber for Noah's Ark and the name of the designer of Jason's piratical craft are two nautical facts Edward Norman Lewis of West Huron failed to give the house in his recent remarkable speech on Canadian shipping.

Three solid hours he poured a marine miscellany, remarkable for its broadness of scope, into the unwilling ears of shipping had grown in the great lakes shipping had grown in the great lakes under protection to great proportions, and how freight rates had dropped down both government and opposition benches. If there was anything he overlooked from the Armada down to the draft of the latest whaleback and the number of hatches in the most modern ore carrier it was not his fault, for Lewis has been assimilating nautical facts, sleeping and waking, 24 hours of the day for the past months.

Lewis came out of the obscurity of the opposition back benches last session and loomed large, for one brief period, in the public eye when he deserted his party and voted with the government on the autonomy bill. Some time ago he conceived that Canada's shipping interests needed stimulation and gallantly shouldered the task.

For some time it has been known that Lewis was sailing with his decks awash with the weight of his cargo of nautical

Toronto, April 10.—The Consolidated Mining and Smelting company, owning the St. Eugene, War Eagle, and Centre Starmines, and the Trail smelter, has declared an initial dividend of 214 ner and the contraction of 2½ per cent for the quarter end-ing March 31, payable May 1. This declaration is at the rate of 10 per cent per annum.

Has Come to America to Recover His Has Come to America to Recover his Health
New York, April II—A statement that Maxim Gorky has consumption and that he comes to America to regain his health was given out today by his interpreter as follows: "Gorky wishes me to tell you that he is a very sick man, suffering from consumption. He came to America, not in the hope of getting assistance to free Russia, but to regain his health. He will go to Denver or California in a few weeks. While he remains in New York he expects to work on his autobiography so that he may put it in the hands of a publisher here before going away. He desires to have this work finished now in case he should not be able to recover his strength."

Catholic Churchmen Protesting all Over Great Britain Catholic Churchmen Protesting all Over Great Britain

London, April 11—Thirty-two bishops of the English and Welsh diocese at a meeting today in Lambeth palace expressed the conviction that the educational bill, as it stands, must be opposed. The Roman Catholic hierarchy will meet on April 28 to consider this bill and simultaneously the Roman Catholic education council will meet under the presidency of the duke of Norfolk to discuss means of opposing the measure. It is probable Roman Catholics will meet in all the large towns to protest against the bill.

Walter Runcimann, a ministerial member of parliament, alluding to the meet-Walter Runcimann, a ministerial member of parliament, alluding to the meetings mentioned above said, in the course of a speech at Newcastie tonight, that if the archibshop of Canterbury used the house of lords to defeat the education bill, it would mean not only the shaking of that house to its foundations but would render disestablishment inevitable.

NOTEWORTHY ACTIVITIES

RECENT PROGRESS IN THE MINING

EVERYWHERE A BRIGHT OUTLOOK

page report of the Nova Scotia Merchant Marine commission holus bolus was patent, for he spat forth page and volume for a solid hour quotations from the finary of the spate of the page and volume for a solid hour quotations from the finary of the spate of the principal mines of the spate of

BOUNDARY SHIPMENTS Total Total 5,485

GRANBY RECEIPTS Total ... DOMINION COPPER CO. Total B. C. COPPER CO. Total

TRAIL SMELTER

Centre Star 3.279
Le Roi 1.767
Le Roi No. 2 439
St. Eugene 47
Iron Mask 77
North Star 448
Eureka 28
Ben Hur 38
Kootensy Belle 25
Lone Bachelor 41
Hunter V 75
Sally 23
Emerald 39
Queen-Dominion 37
Aurora 9
Other Mines 5270 TRAIL SMELTER

97,498 2,490 1,323 474 419 265 187 160 116 79

MARYSVILLE SMELTER The total receipts of the smelters, excluding zinc plants, for the week were 31,08 tons and for the year to date, including zinc plants, 454,469 tons.

ANOTHER NIAGARA BILL Albany, April 11—A bill was introduced is the assembly today by Folker, profilbiting the granting of charters for diversion of water from Niagara river for the manufacture of electric and other power. ComLast Night

DON'T THROW MONEY AWAY



THE SETTING HEN-Her failures have discouraged many a poultry raiser.

You can make money raising chicks in the right Money Maker.

same thing over again the moment each hatch is off.

Don't you think, therefore, that it pays to keep the hens laying and let the Chatham Incubator do the hatching?

There are many other reasons why the Chatham Incubator and Brooder outclasses the setting hen.

The hen sets when she is ready. The Chatham Incubator is always ready. By plauning to take off a hatch at the gight thine, you may yave plenty of broilers to sell when broilers are scarce and prices at the top notch. If you depend on the hen, your chicks will grow to broilers just when every other hen's chicks are being marketed, and when the price is not so stiff.

The lieu is a careless mother of tan leading her.

stiff.

The hen is a careless mother, often leading her chicks amongst wet grass, bushes, and in places where rats can confiscate her young.

The Chatham Brooder behaves itself, is a perfect mother and very rarely loses a chick, and is not infested with lice.

Altogether, there is absolutely no reasonable reason for continuing the use of a hen as a hatcher and every reason why you should have a Chatham incubator and Brooder.

We are making a very special offer, which it will pay you to investigate.

INVITES COAST CONSERVATIVES TO

complimented Vancouver's "Solid

He complimented Vancouvers "solid Five" on their many excellent qualities and argued that the increased taxation on railways by 500 per cent, disposed of the charge that the government was owned by the Canadian Pacific railway. He also referred to the minority report in the Kaien island matter, saying that now it

Brooder has created a New Era in Poultry Raising.

The setting Hen as a Hatcher has been proven a Commercial

The Chatham Incubator and Brooder has always proved a

WE WILL SHIP NOW TO YOUR STATION FREIGHT PREPAID

A CHATHAM INCUBATOR and BROODER

Let us quote you prices on a good Fanning Mill or good Farm Scale.

At the close of the meeting Hon. Charles Wilson stated that he heard for the first time the explanation of the Columbia & Western and the Midway-Vernon matters.

WILSON WILL EXPLAIN had been made public, all fair minded men could see that the deal with the G.Y.P. was nothing more than a business proposi-

INVITES COAST CONSERVATIVES TO HEAR HIM

FREMIER AND TATLOW INDULGE IN GENERALITIES

(Special to The Daily News)

Varyouver, April 11-Premier Moditors and as these were the matters upon which alrayely attended meting in O'Brien's hail last evening. The president of the conservative club opened the meeting with a few remarks, and then called upon a mail last evening. The president of the conservative club opened the meeting with a few remarks, and then called upon a mail last evening. The president of the conservative club opened the meeting with a few remarks, and then called upon a mail last evening. The president of the conservative was an and spent the proceeds of the losa otherwise than as intended, for the conservatives were thus caught unawares to come to the government's assistance, demanded that there should as the conservatives were thus caught unawares and the conservatives were thus caught unawares and the end of the fascal year the government was able to show a small balance of \$5,000 to the good. Owing to a prevail the property of the sace of the proceeds of the losa otherwise than a single of the country demanded. Each succeeding year a small balance of \$5,000 to the good. Owing to a prevail the property of the good of the losa otherwise than the growing needs of the country demanded. Each succeeding year a small balance to the good has been able to do a great deal better. Fifty thousand dollars has been set aside for the Vancouver out to the province. Provincial taxes were reduced this year on private property; also to allow the province property; also to allow the province property; also to allow the province property; also to also the province property; also to also the country demanded. Each succeeding year a small balance to the good has been any private property; also to also the country demanded and province property; also to also the country demanded as a province property; also to also the country demanded as a province property; also to also the country demanded as a province property; a

No. 2-120 Eggs No. 3-240 Fggs

THE CHATHAM INCUBATOR-IN

raising chickes in the right way—lots of it.

No one doubts that there is money in raising chickens with a good incubator and Brooder. Users of the Chatham Incubator and Brooder. Users of the Chatham Incubator and Brooder. Users of the Chatham Incubator and Brooder. Way would it in the little place, we can prove to you that your actual cash loss in eggs, which the 20 hens should lay during the time you keep them is should lay during the time you keep them is should lay during the time you keep them is should lay during the lime you keep them is thought and brooding, will be enough to pay for a Chatham Incubator and Brooder in No. 21 and 10 and 1

out interfering with their regular household duties.

The market is always good and prices are never low. The demand is always in excess of the supply and at certain times of the year you can practically get any price you care to ask for good broilers. With a Chatham Incubator and Brooder you can etart hatching at the right time to bring the chickens to marketable broilers when the supply is very low and the prices accordingly high. This you could never do with hens as hatchers.

We know that there is money in the pontry business for every farmer who will go about the right. All you have to do is to get a Chatham Incubator and Brooder and start it. But perhaps you are not prepared just now to spend the money. This is why we make the special offer.

The Chatham Brooder behaves itself, is a perfect mother and very rarely loses a chick, and is not infested with lice.

Altogether, there is absolutely no reasonable reason for continuing the use of a heft as a hatcher and every reason why you should have a Chatham incubator and Brooder.

We are making a very special offer, which it will pay you to investigate.

Small Premises Sufficient For Poultry Raising.

Of course, if you have lots of room, so much the better, but many a man and woman are carrying on a successful and profitably pushises in a small city or town lot. Anyone with a fair sized stable or shed and a small yard can raise poultry profitably.

But to make money quickly, you must get a way from the old idea of trying to do business with setting hens as hatchers. You must get a Chatham Incubator and Brooder.

To enable everybody to get a fair start in the right way in the poultry business we make a very special offer which it is worth your while to investigate.

We know there is money in raising chickens.

You Pay us no Cash

Till After 1906 Harvest

STHIS FAIR?

We know there is money in raising chickens.

We know that we nade a similar offer last groder has no equal.

We know that with any reasonable offer on your park you cannot but make money up to the chatham incubator and Brooder.

We know that with any reasonable offer on your park you cannot but make money out of that in every case the payments were and that in every case the payments were and that in every case the payments were and the investigate.

"Gentlemen.—Your No. 1 Incubator is all right a larger one from you next year. It M. Will a proposition to every honest, carneet man brooder is all right. I got 75 per cent, out.

"Gentlemen.—I think both Incubator and Brooder is all right. I got 75 per cent, out.

"Gentlemen.—I think both Incubator and Brooder is all right. I got 75 per cent, out.

"Gentlemen.—I think both Incubator and Brooder is all right. I got 75 per cent, out.

"Gentlemen.—I think both Incubator and Brooder is all right. I IS THIS FAIR?

given notice of a resolution affecting the bounties on iron and steel in tuture. He asks that all bonus hereafter paid be confined to Canadian ore and iron and steel produced thereform, or from ores of any British colony. At present a bounty is paid upon iron and steel produced by Canadian furnaces from foreign ore. The object of the resolution is to develop Canadian ore deposits and to induce Canadian blast furnace reduction plants to use native ores exclusively. About 80 per cent of manufactured metal produced in Canada is from foreign ores. The resolution provides for the renewing of the bounties at the original figures and remitting the duty on coal for coking purposes.

retary regretting that time would not permit the inclusion of the Kootenay in the itinerary of prince Arthur of Connaught.—Filed.

A claim was made by letter from Charles St. Barbe for a month's salary in life of a month's notice over the advertising fund of the board of trade of last summer.

Secretary Brydges reported that the matter had been dropped and the letter was fled.

A letter was received, emanating from London, recommending the approval of the metric system and signed by the secretary of the Decimal association. These cretary of the Decimal association. The gretting that the name of the new C. B.R. lake steamer could not be changed although if the matter had bren 12 for new C. B.R. lake steamer could not be changed although if the matter had bren 12 for up previously no doubt the president of the Canadian Pacific would hive considered.

A communication from kion. Sydney Fisher, minister of agriculture, anent a Kootenay experimental farm, declared that on the next experimental farm, declared that on the next experimental farm being established, the request of Kootenay would be considered.

The secretary of the board was instructed to again write to the department and to W. A. Galliber, M.P., pressing the claims of Kootenay as to the pressing need of the experimental farm as a help to the growing truit 13 dustry.

A letter was read from the Pillsbury Land company of Minneapolis, declaring that they had withdrawn their land from the market and had refunded all money paid to them by purchasers under the misapprehension that the lands wire fruit and not wild lands.—Filed.

A tenthy communication was then read from P. McL. Forin, captain communication was then read from P. McL. Forin, captain communication at the head of Stanley Stret, along the bed of Cottonwood creek. Mr. Forin comment that the lands that the lands that the lands and the lands at the lands that the lands at t We can supply you quickly from our distributing warehouses at Calgary, Brandon, Regins, Winnipeg, New Westminster, B.C., Montreal, Halifax, Chatham. Factories at Chatham, Onc., and Derroit, Mcd. The MANSON CAMPBELL CO., Limited, Dept. No. 258, CHATHAM, CANADA

stelled at \$400 from W. Steele, a smetter employee.

While out playing yesterday the new year old son of Thomas Dudley, a bater of the place, took a large butcher knife and deliberately cut the finger off his little and deliberately cut the finger off his place, took a large butcher knife and deliberately cut the finger off his little and deliberately cut the finger off his place, took a large butcher knife and deliberately cut the finger off his place was precently when the cut the finger off his place in the first week in Aug.

WORK ON MIDNIGHT

Expert Visits the Black Prince—Shipments
From the Ottawa

Slocan April 2—Work is being done on the Midnight formerly the Bachelor, on 12-Mile. Some very fine ore was recently produced in Canada is from foreign of the bounties at the ottawa during last month, and about 27 men are now employed fin the mint.

Professor Rekert, an expert from Carleary, recently spent a week at the Black Prince mine.

Born, in Slocan, April 6, to the wife of H. Triphing a summer, are more stated in Canada. An areas were the will be a been given, provides for many important changes, most of which and designed to remain a summer, and most stay in Camborne. Mr. Kytes to be lively during the coming summer.

Mrs. John Foley and children have gone to Vancouver, where they will visit the latters and mrs. Mrs. William Cameron have left for Seattle where they will visit the latters and the future.

Mrs. D. St. Denis and children are in the undesirable state in Canada. Mrs. D. St. Denis and children are in the future.

Mrs. D. St. Denis and children are in the undesirable state of the undesirable state in Canada. This holds good for twelve months from the time that the undesirable starty in Canada in the design of the province of the control of the canada. An arrangement has been come to with the future.

Mrs. Don's and children are in the future.

Mrs. D. St. Denis and children are in the future.

Mrs. D. St. Denis and children are in that the undesirable stay in the future.

The care of the future



Sunlight Soap

\$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Scap contains any injurious chemicals or any

is a perfect cleaner and will not injure anything.

Best for all household purposes, Sunlight Soap's superiority is most conspicuous in the washing of clothes.

Common coaps destroy the painted or varnished surfaces of woodwork and take the color out of clothes.

Even the daintiest linen or lace, or the most delicate colors may be safely washed with Sunlight Soap in the Sunlight way (follow directions).

Equally good with hard or soft water.

Your money refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

following:
Sir Geo. Newnes; F. L. Newnes.
C. E. Schwann; C. D. Schwann.
Sir J. T. Brunner; J. F. Brunner.
J. W. Benn; W. W. Benn.
Russell Rea; W. R. Rea.

Sir C. B. Maclaren; H. D. Maclaren. The opposition can show as standing in the same relationship only Mr. Chamberiain and Austen Chamberlain, who both found themselves unable to accept the invitation to be present at the din-Lord Avebury has written as follows

Lord Avebury has written as follows to a correspondent:

Sir,—I am afraid Mr. Chamberlain will find that there is no disposition on the part of colonies to form a zollverein with this country. Canada even charges as much as 20 per cent and she must admit our goods much more nearly on even terms before any question of preference can rise. A general duty, of course, involves protection, and I cannot think

Member of Fishing Party Saved Wath Difficulty by Companions. Kootenay lake is not generally considered a dangerous or treacherous body of water and the West Arm especially is sheltered from winds more than most site of inland waters. Still unskilled beatmen cannot afford to take chances. Yesterday moraling a smell party consisting of Alexander Sutherland district boiler inspector. W. A. Thurmag and J. Masson started out, in a small boat, each same with a fishing rod. They caught no fish, but Mr. Sutherland thought at



TORONTO, HAMILTON LIMIT

this country will adopt a policy which, while usurping the good name of reform, is really retrograde. As Mr. Bernal Osborne said long ago, i see the cloved foot of protection peeping out from the smock frack of official reserve.

The cabinet are had at work on the Education bill. It is a very complicated question. New points continually arise. Shall, for example, the bill alter the areas of the present existing local authorities for education? Shall ad hoc authorities for education? Shall ad hoc authorities be set up? Shall local option be given to local authorities in the delicate matter of deciding how much, if any, denominational teaching may be given in the Schools by volunteers? Ministers have closely studied the Scottish system, with the view of finding the proper method. The indian system has lately been put forward as a solution. Two vital principles have been decided on. All the schools are to come entirely under popular and representative control and management, and if state teaches regularly employed in a school are not to give denominational religious lessons.

The lot of the labor member of parliament is not a happy one. Every day when he leaves his humble lodgings and goes down to the house he finds himself bombarded with letters from all sorts and conditions of men—and women—on all sorts of subjects. I have received a letter of no less than 1700 pages closely written, said Mr. Williams, the member of the Gower division of Glamorgan. The representatives of the new labor group appointed to visit Australia will include Keir Hardie and Ramsay Macdonald. It is intended by the delegates to visit all the British self-governing.

Serve Westerlieber, P.C., Notice P. S., Note Westerlieber, P.C., Notice P. S., Note Westerlieber, P.C., Note P. S., Note P. S.

FRANK'S NEW ROAD

Farmers Can Now Come in With Their Produce-Kimberley's Successor (Special to The Daily News)

Frank, Alta., April 12-Corporal Kemra of Macleod, arrived in Frank today to fill the vacancy caused by the reath of corporal Kimberley.

C. Fernau of Nelson, manager of the Canadian Metal company is here on an inspection tour and will remain a few days. The Frank road over the slide is now finished and accepted by the government, and the citizens are making use of it. The road will be a great boon to the town as it will allow the farmers of the prairie to visit the town with their produce without difficulty.

An article in the last issue of the Frank Paper over the death of corporal Kimberley, has caused some comment locally and some members of the Mounted police are taking the matter up ith the editor.

NARROW ESCAPE Member of Fishing Party Saved Wet

No expense, loss or delay or fumigation or anspection. Let me Price your list be-fore placing your order. Greenhouse Flants, Floral Work, See Supplies: Fruit Packages, Fertilizers, etc. Catalogue free.

M. J. HENRY

BREE FOR ROYAL GROWN SOAP WRAPPERS

VOL. 4

QUARTER OF CITY SAVED

Heroic Efforts Succeeded in Getting the Fire Under Control.

blem of Feeding, Clothing and Housing ditute Multitude Now Absorbing All Attention of Authorities.

San Francisco, April 20.-2 p.m.-The fire is now positively stated to be unaer control with the probability that one-quarter of the city lying west of Frank-in street, and known as the Western Addition, northward to the Presidio will

be saved.

The stand made at Van Ness avenue was generally successful, the flames crossing that avenue to the west in but tew places. The strongest fire at noon today was toward North Beach, east of Van Ness avenue, but will be controlled. The problem now confronting the city government and federal authorities is how to feed the multitudes of destitute. Supplies are coming in by the load, but as yet the system of distribution is not in complete working order.

as yet the system of distribution is not in complete working order.

At the Presidio, where 50,000 people are camped, affairs are conducted with military precision. Water is pientiful and rations are dealt out all day long. The refugees stand patiently in line and there is not a murmur. This characteristic is observed all over the city. The people are brave and patient, and the wonderful order preserved by them has been of great assistance.

In Golden Gate park are encamped 200-000 people. They are being taken care of. A huge supply station has been established there and provisions are being dealt out. Probably 100,000 more people are camped in vacant lots and in the squares scattered about the city and these are the unfortunates that are hard to reach.

these are the unfortunates that are har to reach.

The banks have not jet decided wha to do. In all cases the vaults are intactand as soon as quarters can be provided. Jusiness will be resumed.

Six hundred men from the ocean short stallway will arrive tonight with wagons and implements and companies investigated.

and implements and commence immed-late work on the sewer system.

Inspectors are now going from house to house examining chimneys and will dissue permits to build fires as soon as cossible.

San Francisco, April 20.—The three story lodging house at 5th and Minna streets collapsed and over 75 dead bodies thave been taken out. There are at least .50 other dead bodies exposed. This building was one of the first to take fire on 5th street. At least 100 people were llost in the Cosmopolitan on 4th.

The only building standing between Mission, Howard, East and Stewart streets is the hotel San Pable, which is occupied and running. The shot tower at 1st and Howard streets is gone. This landmark was built 40 years ago.

The Risdon Iron Works is partially destroyed.

The Risdon from Works is partially destroyed.

'Ine Great Western Smelting & Refining works escaped damage, also the Mutual Electric Light Works. Slight damage was done to the American Rubber company, and Vietagas Engine Co.'s buildings. Folger Bros.' coffee and spice house is uninjured, and the firm is giving away large quantities of bread and milk.

Many are dropping dead from the heat and suffocation.

Over 150 people are reported lost in the Brunswick hotel, 7th and Mission

GEOLOGICAL EQUIPOISE

Professor Buller Says Manitoba is Out

Professor Buller Says Manitoba is Out of Earthquake Area.

Winnipeg, April 20.—Professor Buller, of Manitoba university, in discussing the recent volcanic activity and the devastation of California, said today: "Volcanic disturbances and earth tremors are found usually along the seaboard. The Pacific ocean is fringed with volcanic land areas. The west coast of America, Japan and the Rast Indies are all subject to volcanic action. Earthquakes are also most liable to occur when the land slopes at an acute angle into the ocean. Strains are set up in the strata, rifts formed, and volcanies and earthquakes result. In America the earthquake areas are along the west coast, up a portion of the Mississippi valley and on the Atlantic coast about Charleston. Manitoba, flat as a billiard table, is liable to no disconcerting slips or earth cracks, and can be relied on to give a steady means of support, in more than one sense, to timorous mortals who desire a firm footing in the westle. To the most excelling on the sense of support, in the westle. To the most excelling in the westle. ous mortals who desire a firm footing in the world. To the good quality of con-stitutional stability of which all Cana-dians boast, Manitobans can add that of geological equipoise."

HAD THRILLING ESCAPES.

fen Who Were Through the Earthquake

Horror Tell of It.

Los Angeles, April 20.—Several men, prominent in local business life, who passed through the earthquake horror at San Jose, reached home today. Among them were state senator Cornelius Pendleton, J. F. Maier, of the Maier & Scobell Brewing Co., and Thomas Thom-