ONETARY IMP RADE REVIEW NSURANCE CHRONICLE.

Vol. XXXV.-No. 43.

TORONTO, ONT., FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1902.

\$2 A YEAR, 10c. PER SINGLE COPY

Planing Mills

Sash and Door Factories, and all Wood Working Establishments should send for our catalogue of . . .

Wood Working Machinery.

The Goldie & McGulloch Co., Limited GALT, Ontario

WE MAKE

WHEELOCK ENGINES, IDEAL HIGH SPEED ENGINES, GAS AND GASOLINE ENGINES, BOILERS, PUMPS, WATER WHEELS, FLOUR MILL MACHINERY, OATMEAL MILL MACHINERY, WOLF GYRATORS, EMERY CHOPPERS, WOOD WORKING MACHINERY, SHINGLE MACHINERY HEADING AND STAVE MACHINERY, WOOD RIM SPLIT PULLEYS, IRON PULLEYS, SHAFTING, HANGERS, FRIC-TION CLUTCH COUPLINGS, FRICTION CLUTCH PULLEYS. SAFES, VAULTS AND VAULT DOORS.

****Fensom's Elevators**



50, 52, 54 and 56 Duke St., Toronto, Ont.



THIS SUMMER SHOE

For MEN is one with which we are immensely pleased.

What is more indicative of its being all right is the reception it has had from dealers. . . .

J. & T. BELL, 180 Inspector MONTREAL

ON MODERN PRINCIPLES

The premises of the Toronto Cold Storage Company are being entirely remodelled, and will soon be in a condition to give the best possible service. - Inspection is invited. Rates Furnished.

THE TORONTO COLD STORAGE CO.,

W. HARRIS & CO., PROPRIETORS 11 Church Street, - Toronto. Telephone, Main 1831.

One thing we insist upon in the manufacturing end of our business is absolute cleanliness. .

All our skill in selecting raw materials and working them over into the finished product would count for little if the greatest care were not exercised to keep the goods pure.

And Cowan's Cocoas and Chocolates are in popular demand because of their purity.



RICE LEWIS & SON

A. BURDETT LEE, V. P. & Treas.

ARTHUR B. LEE, | Wholesale & Retail

> Shelf and Heavy

HARDWARE.

. . BAR . .

Iron and Steel,

Wrought Iron PIPE and FITTINGS.

TORONTO, Ontario.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established 1817. Incorporated by Act of Parliament

Capital all Paid-up, \$12,000,000 00 Reserved Fund . 7,000,000 00 Undivided Profits. 876,531 64

HEAD OFFICE:

MONTREAL

Manitoba & N W Winnipeg, Man.

Board of Directors:

RT. HON. LORD STRATHCONA AND MOUNT ROYAL, G.C.M.G., President.
HON. G. A. DRUMMOND, Vice-President.
HON. G. A. DRUMMOND, Vice-President.
A. Angus, Esq. A. Greenshields, Esq. Sir William C. Macdonald.
E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager.
A. MACNIDER, Chief Inspector and Supt. of Branches.
BRANCHES IN CANADA.

MONTREAL—H. V. Meredith, Manage

Ontario Ontari Almonte Belleville Brantford Brockville Chatham Cornwall Deseronto Fort William Goderich Guelph Hamilton Kingston Perth
Peterboro
Picton
Sarnia
Stratford
St. Mary's

Ontario-Con.

Quebec: ontreal
"West End Br.
"Seigneurs St
"Pt. St. Charles Oneh

Winnipeg, Man. Calgary, Alberta Lethbridge, Alta. Regina, Ass'a.

Brockville
Chatham
Picton
Cornwall
Deseronto
Stratford
Fort William
Goderich
Guelph
Hamilton
Kingston
Lindsay

Newfoundland—St. John's, Nfid.—Bank of Montreal, J. W. Dec.
Chicago—Bank of Montreal, J. W. Dec.
Chatham, N. B.
Fredericton, N. B.
Monton, N

CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

HEAD OFFICE.

TORONTO

Paid-up Capital. \$8,000,000

Hon. Geo. A. Cox, President.

Jas. Crathern, Esq., W. B. Hamilton, Esq.

John Hoskin, Esq., K.O., I.L.D.

J. W. Flavelle, Esq.

A. Kingman, Esq.

Hon. L. Melvin Jones

B. E. WALKER, General Manager

J. H. PLUMMEER, Asst. General Manager

A. H. Ireland, Chief Inspector and Superintendent of Branches.

BRANCHES OF THE BANK IN CANADA

Ontario:

Ottawa

Ayr Barrie Belleville Berlin Blenheim Brantford Cayuga Chatham Collingwood

Quebec,

Dresden
Dundas
Dunnville
Galt
Fort Frances
Goderich
Guelph
Hamilton
London Orangeville Manitoba

Paris Parkhill

Simcoe Stratford Strathroy Toronto Toronto Junction Walkerton Walkerville Waterloo Windsor Woodstock

British Columbia,

Orangeville
Manitoba
Montreal
Winnipeg
Yukon Territory
Dawson
White Horse
London, 60 Lombard St., E.C. S. Cameron Alexander, Manager.

In the United States:
New York. San Francisco, Cal. Portland, Ore. Seattle, Wash. Skagway, Alaska.
Bankers in Great Britain.—The Bank of Scotland, London; Lloyds Bank, Limited; Smith, Payne & Smiths, London.

France—Credit Lyonnais, Paris; Messrs. Lazard, Freres & Cie., Paris. Germany—Deutsche Bank. HOLLAND—Disconto Maatschappij, Rotterdam. Belgium—Messrs. J. Matthieu & Fils, Brussels. Mexico—Banco de Londrea y Mexico. West Indica—Bank of Nova Scotia, Kingston, Jamaica; Colonial Bank and Branches. Bermuda—Bank of Bermuda, Hamilton. South America—Bank of South America; London and Brazilian Bank. India, China And Japan—The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China. South Africa, Limited; Bank of Autsralia, Limited; Bank of Autsralia, Limited; Bank of Australia, Limited; Bank of A

The Merchants Bank of Canada.

Notice is Hereby Given

That a Dividend of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. for the ourrent half-year, being at the rate of Seven per Cent. per annum upon the Paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at its Banking House in this city, on and after

Monday, the 2nd Day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 16th to the 31st day of May next, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in the City of Montreal, on WEDNESDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF JUNE next. The chair will be taken at Twelve o'clock, noon. By order of the Board,

THOS. FYSHE,

General Manager.

THE MOLSONS BANK

Incorporated by Act of Parliament 1855

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

Paid-up Capital. Reserve Fund.

\$2,500,000.00 2,150,000.00

RESERVE FUND,

WM. MOLSON MACPHERSON, President.
W. M. Ramsay Samuel Finley
Henshaw.

A. D. DURKPFORD, Chief Inspector and Supt. of Branches.
W. H. DRAPER, Inspector.

Alvinston, Ont.
Alvinston, Ont.
Brockville, Ont.
Calgary, Alta.
Chesterville, Ont.
Cinton, Ont.
Exeter, Ont.
Fraserville, Que.
Hamilton, Ont.
Hensall, Ont.
Mar. & Harbor Br.
J. P. Cleghorn
H. Markland Molson, Lt.-Col. F. C.
BRANCHES:

BRANCHES:

St. Thomas, Ont.
Oven Sound, Ont.

Antwerp—La Banque d'Anvers. China and Japan—Hong Rong and Shanghai Banking Corporation.

AGENTS IN UNITED STATES—New York—Mechanics' Nat. Bank, Nat. City Bank, Hanover Nat. Bank, The Morton Trust Co. Boston—State National Bank, Kidder, Peabody & Company. Portland, Maine—Casco Nat. Bank, Chicago—First Nat. Bank. Cleveland—Commercial Nat. Bank. Philadelphia—Fourth St. National Bank, Phil. National Bank. Betroit—State Savings Bank. Buffalo—Third National Bank. Milwaukee—Wisconsin Nat. Bank of Milwaukee. Minneapolis—First Nat. Bank. Toledo—Second National Bank. Butte, Montana—First Nat. Bank. San Francisco—Canadian Bank of Commerce. Portland, Ore.—Can. Bk. of Commerce. Seattle, Wash.—Boston Nat. Bank. Collections made in all parts of the Dominion, and returns promptly remitted at Circular Letters issued, available in all parts of the world, also "Bank Money Orders" payable at all banking points in the Dominion*

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA

Established in 1836. Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840.

LONDON OFFICE. 5 Gracechurch Street, E.C.

Paid-up Capital £1,000,000 Sterling \$1,776,333

J. H. Brodie. John James Cater. M. G. C. Glyn.

COURT OF DIRECTORS:

e. Richard H. Glyn. Geo. D. Whatman.
S. Cater. E. A. Hoare. Frederic Lubbock.
H. J. B. Kendall.
A. G. WALLIS, Secretary.

Head Office in Canada—St. James Street, Montreal H. STIKEMAN, General Manager J. ELMSLY, Inspector. BRANCHES IN CANADA

Ottawa. Wimipeg, Man. Montreal. Quebec. Astrodr. B.C. St. John, N.B. Fredericton, N.B. Kaslo, B.C. Halifax, N.S.

Rossland, B.C. Vancouver, B.C. Victoria, B.C. Atlin, B.C. Dawson, City (Yukon Dis.

Lendon.
Brantford.
Hamilton.
Toronto.
Midland.
Kingston. Drafts on South Africa may be obtained at the Bank's Branches AGENCIES IN THE UNITED STATES, Etc.

New York—52 Wall Street—W. Lawson & J. C. Welsh, Agents.

San Francisco—120 Sansome Street—H. M. J. McMichael and J. R. Ambrose, Agents.

London Bankers—The Bank of England, Messrs. Glyn & Co.

Foreign Agents—Liverpool—Bank of Liverpool. Scotland—National Bank of Scotland-Limited, and branches. Ireland—Provincial Bank of Ireland, Limited, and branches. National Bank, Limited, and branches. Australia—Union Bank of Australia, Limited. New Zealand—Union Bank of Australia, Limited. New Zealand—Union Bank of Australia, Limited. New Jensender Street Stree

The Dominion Bank.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of TWO AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. upon the Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared for the current Quarter—being at the rate of TEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM, and that the same will be payable at the Banking House in this City on and after-

Thursday, the First Day of May Next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 19th to the 30th April next, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders, for the Election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House in this city, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th Day of May next, at the hour of twelve o'clock noon. By order of the Board,

T. G. BROUGH.

Toronto, March 25th, 1902.

General Manager.

THE STANDARD **BANK OF CANADA**

Capital Paid-up\$1,000,000 Reserve Fund.....

HEAD OFFICE,

TORONTO

DIRECTORS W. F. COWAN, President W. F. Allen Fred. Wyld

JOHN BURNS, Vice-President A. J. Somerville T. R. Wood Jas. Scott AGENCIES

atham Harriston Kingston Markham Markham Hichmond Hu

Ailsa Craig Bowmanville Bradford Brantford

AGENUIES
Craig Brighton Chatham Harriston Erussels Cord Campbellford Durham Markham Richmond Hin Stouffville

NEW YOEK—Importers' and Traders' National Bank.
Montreal—Molsons Bank; Imperial Bank of Canada.
LONDON, ENGLAND—National Bank of Scotland.
All banking business promptly attended to. Correspondence solicited GEO. P. REID, General Manager.

Montreal, 15th April, 1902.

THE BANK **OF TORONTO**

Incorporated 1855

Head Office, Toronto, Can.

Capital \$2,400,000 Rest 2,400,000

DIRECTORS

GEORGE GOODERHAM, President
Henry Cawthra

Robert Reford
Geo. J. Cook
Charles Stuart
William George Gooderham
DUNCAN COULSON, General Manager
Foronto
Cobourg
Collingwood
Barrie
Brockville
London
Brockville
London
Copper Cliff, Ont.
London East
Anney

Anney
Petrolia
Petrolia
Petrolia
Stayner
Port Hope
Wallaceburg
Bankers:

Ondon, England—The London City and Midland Bank, Limited.
New York—National Bank of Commerce.
Chicago—First National Bank.
Collections made on the best terms and remitted for on day of payment.

Imperial Bank of Canada DIVIDEND NO. 54.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent. for the half year ending 31st of May, 1902, upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at this Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the 2nd DAY of JUNE NEXT. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to 31st May. both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Head Office of the Bank on Wednesday, the 18th June, 1902, the chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE, General Manager.

Toronto, 22nd of April, 1902.

THE ONTARIO BANK

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent. for the current half year, has been declared upon the Capital Stock of this Institution, and that the same will be paid at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive. The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will be held at the Banking House, in this City, on Tuesday, the 17th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the Board,

C. McGILL, General Manager.

Toronto, April 17th, 1902.

THE QUEBEC BANK

Founded 1818. Incorp'd 1822.

Head Office, Quebec Capital Authorized... \$3,000,000 Capital Paid-up 2,500,000 Rest 700.000

Board of Directors: John Breakey, Esq., President John T. Ross, Esq., Vice-Presiden F. Billingsley Edson Fitch

Gaspard Lemoine

W. A. Marsh Veasey Boswell F. B THOS. McDougall General Manager

Quebec, St. Peter St.

Quebec, St. Peter St.

Upper Town

St. Roch

Thetford Mines, Que.

St. Roch

Toronto, Ont.

Montreal, St. James St.

Three Rivers, Que.

St. Catherine E.

Pembroke, Ont.

AgeNTS—London, England, Bank of Sootland.

New York, U.S.A., Agents Bank of British North America, Hanover National Bank.

Branches

Thorold, Ont.

St. George, Beauce, Que.

St. Henry, Que.

St. Henry, Que.

Shawenegan Falls, P.Q.

Shawenegan Falls, P.Q.

Shawenegan Falls, P.Q.

THE BANK OF **OTTAWA**

Head Office: OTTAWA, Can.

Capital (Fully paid-up) \$2,000,00

CHARLES MAGEE, President.

Directors:

George Hay, Vice-President.

Hon Geo. Bryson Alex. Fraser David Maclaren John Mather Denis Murphy

Geo. Burn, General Manager.

D. M. Finnie, Ottawa Manager.

Branches—In Ontario—Alexandria, Arnprior, Avonmore, Bracebridge, Carleton

Place, Cobden, Hawkesbury, Keewatin, Kemptville, Lanark, Mattawa; Ottawa

—Bank Street, Rideau Street, Somerset Street; Parry Sound, Pembroke, Rat

Portage, Renfrew, Smith's Falls, Toronto, Vankleek Hill, Winchester.

In Quebec—Granby, Hull, Lachute, Montreal, Shawinigan Falls.

In Manitoba—Dauphin, Portage la Prairie, Winnipeg.

AGENTS IN CANADA—Bank of Montrnal.

BANK OF

Capital Paid-up, - \$2,000,000.00 Reserve Fund, - 2,800,000.00 Incorporated 1832. HEAD OFFICE, HALIFAX, N. S.

NOVA SCOTIA

John Y. Payzant, President Chas. Archibald, Vice-President Chas. Archibald, Vice-President R. L. Borden. G. S. Campbell. J. W. Allison. Hector McInnes.

H. C. McLeod, Gen. Man. D. Waters, Chief Inspector Geo. Sanderson, Inspector Branches

In Nova Scotia—Amherst, Annapolis, Bridgetown. Davis Halifax, Kentville. Liverged In Nova Scotia—Amherst, Annapolis, Bridgetown, Dartmouth. Digby, Glace Bay, Halifax, Kentville, Liverpool, New Glasgow, North Sydney, Oxford, Pictou, Pugwash, Stellarton, Westville, Yarmouth. In New Brunswick—Campbellton, Chatham, Fredericton, Moncton, Newcastle, Port Elgin, St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews (sub. to S. Stephen), Sussex, Woodstock. In P. E. I.—Charlottetown and Summerside. In Quebec—Montreal and Paspeblac. In Ontario—Araprior, Berlin, Ottawa, Toronto. In Manitoba—Winnipeg. In Newfoundland—St. John's and Harbor Grace. In West Indies—Kingston, Jamaica. In United States—Boston, Mass.; Chicago, Ill.

Union Bank of Canada

Dividend No. 71.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate o seven per cent. per annum for the current half-year, upon seven per cent. per annum for the current half-year, upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Institution has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the SECOND DAY of JUNE next. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17 to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

The Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders will

be held at the Banking House, in this city, on Saturday, the fourteenth of June. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

E. E. WEBB, General Manager.

Quebec, April 22nd, 1902.

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA.

Capital Paid-up, \$2,000,000 Reserve Fund, - 1,700,000

Reserve Fund, - 1,700,000

Reserve Fund, - 1,700,000

Head Office, Halifax, N.S.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Thos. E. Kenny, Esq., President
Thos. Ritchie, Esq., Vice-Pres't
Wiley Smith, Esq., H. G. Bauld,
Esq., Hon. David Mackeen.

Chief Executive Office, Montreal, Que.

E. L. Pease, General Manager; W. B. Torrance, Superintendent of Branches; W. F. Brock, Inspector. Branches:

Branches:

Antigonish, N.S.
Bathurst, N.B.
Londonderry, N.S.
Caraquet, N.B.
Charlottetown, P.E.I.
Maitland, N.S.
Dorchester, N.B.
Moncton, N.B.
Grand Forks, B.C.
Newcastle, N.B.
Montreal, Oue.
Sackville, N.B.
Grand Forks, B.C.
Nanaimo, B.C.
Guysborso, N.S.
Agencies in Havana, Cuba; New York, N.Y.; and Republic, Washington.

Correspondents:
Great Britain, Bank of Scotland. France, Credit Lyonnais.
Banking Corporation.
New York, Chase National Bank.
Spain. Credit Lyonnais.
Chicago, Illinois Trust and Savings Bank.
San Francisco, Nevada National Bank.
Spokane, Exchange Nat'l Bank.
Buffalo, Marine Bank of Buffalo
National Bank.
Spokane, Exchange Nat'l Bank.
Buffalo, Marine Bank of Buffalo
National Bank.
Spokane, Exchange Nat'l Bank.
Buffalo, Marine Bank of Buffalo

The Traders Bank of Canada

DIVIDEND NO. 33

Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of six per cent. Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of six per cent, per annum upon the paid-up Capital Stock of the Bank has this day been declared for the current half year, and that the same will be payable at the Head Office and its Branches on and after MONDAY, the 2nd OF JUNE NEXT. The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of shareholders will be held in the Banking House in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 17th of June, the Chair to be taken at twelve o'clock, noon. By order of the Board,

Toronto, 15th April, 1902.

H. S. STRATHY, General Manager.

BANK OF HAMILTON

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of five per cent, on the capital stock of the bank for the half year ending 31st May next, has been declared, the same to be payable at the bank and its branches on

2nd June next.
The Transfer Books will be closed from 17th to 31st May, both

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held at the Bank's Head Office, Hamilton, on Monday, 16th June, at noon.

By order of the Board,

Hamilton, 23rd April, 1902.

J. TURNBULL, General Manager.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND

Incorporated by Royal Charter and Act of Parliament. Established 1825.

HEAD OFFICE: Edinburgh

LIMITED

THOMAS HECTOR SMITH, General Manager GEORGE B. HART, Secretary
London Office—37 Nicholas Lane, Lombard Street, E.C.

JAME ROBERTSON, Manager The Agency of Colonial and Foreign Banks is undertaken and the Acceptances of Customers residing in the Colonies, domiciled in London, retired on terms which will be turnished on application.

All other Banking b isiness connected with En land and Scotland is also transacted.

IF you invest your money in the Debentures of the Standard Loan Company you will not only be saving your money, but you will be placing it where it will earn more money.

Money begets money only when it is judiciously invested—not if it is tied up in your wallet or hidden away in an old sock.

Do not let your money lie idle any longer, have it invested and earning something for you.

If you wish to investigate we can give you the best of references. Write to-day.

THE STANDARD LOAN CO.,

24 Adelaide Street East, TORONTO W. S. DINNICK, - . . MANAGER

Seeking an Investment?

If you have money you wish to invest safely, we should like you to consider our

Four per Cent. Bonds

They are much in demand by prudent investors, - who - prefer - unquestionable securities for their capital.

We shall be pleased to send Specimen Bond and all information on receipt of address.

CANADA PERMANENT WESTERN CANADA MORTGAGE CORPORATION. TORONTO. STREET

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS BANK

Established ... 1859. Authorized Capital ... \$2,000,000 Capital paid up ... 1,742,835 Reserve Fund ... 1,050,000 Board of Directors

R. W. HENEKER, - President. Hon. M. H. Cochrane, Vice-President.

Vice-President.

Vice-President.

Vice-President.

Vice-President.

Vice-President.

S. Mitchell. Head Office, Sherbrooke, Que. WM. Farwell, Gen'l Manager.

Branches—Province of Quebec: Montreal, Waterloo, Cowansville, Rock Island,
Coaticock, Richmend. Granby, Huntingdon, Bedford, Magog, St. Hyacinthe, Ornstown, Windsor Mills. Province of B. C.: Grand Forks, Phœnix.

Agents in Canada—Bank of Montreal and Branches. Agents in London, Eng.—

National Back of Scotland. Agents in Boston—National Exchange Bank. Agents in New York—National Park Bank.

Collections made at all accessible points and remitted.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF HALIFAX

Paid-up Capital.... \$700,000 Reserve Fund..... 280,000

Head Office, HALIFAX, N.S. D. R. CLARKE, Cashier.

Agencies—North End Branch—Halitax, Edmundston, N.B., Wolfville, N.S., Woodstock, N.B., Lunenburg, N.S., Shediac, N.B., Port Hood, C.B., Fraserville, Que, Canso, N.S., Levis, P.Q., Lake Megantic, P.Q., Cookshire, P.Q., Quebec, Q., Hartland, N.B., Danville, P.Q., Grand Falls, N.B., Mahone Bay, N.S., Mabou, C.B., St. Raymond, P.Q., Grand Mere, P.Q.

Bankers—The Union Bk. of London, London, G.B.; The Bank of New York, New York; New England National Bunk, Boston; Bank of Toronto, Montreal.

Head Office, O shawa, Ont.

THE WESTERN BANK
OF CANADA

Head Office, 0 shawa, 0nt.
Capital Authorized ...\$1,000,000 00
Capital Subscribed ... 500,000 00
Capital Paid-up. ... 401,000 00
Rest ... 401,000 00
Rest ... 134,000 00
Rest ...

THE HALIFAX

Established 1825. Incorporated 1872. Capital Paid-up \$600,00 Reserve Fund 500,00

MacNab W. J. G. Thomson W. N. Wickwire A. ALLAN, Inspector Branches — In Nova Scotia: Amherst, Antigonish, Barrington, Bridgewater Canning, Lockeport, Lunenburg, Middleton, New Glasgow, Parrsboro, Shelburne, Correspondent of Corresponding Truro, Windsor. New Brunswick: Sackville, St. John.

CORRESPONDENTS—Dominion of Canada: Molsons Bank and branches. New York Fourth National Bank. Boston: Suffolk National Bank. London, England: Parr's Bank

BANK OF YARMOUTH THE PEOPLE'S BANK THE HAMILTON PROVIDENT AND

- Assis ant Cas e

T. W. JOHNS, H. G. FARISH, Directors: John Lovitt, Pres. S. A. Crowell, Vice-Pres. H. Cann Augustus Cann J. Leslie Lovitt

Augustus Cann J. Leslie Lovitt

CORRESPONDENTS AT

Halitax—The Royal Bank of Canada.

St. John—The Bank of Montreal.

Montreal—The Bank of Montreal and Molsons Bank.

New York—The National Citizens Bank.

Boston—The Eliot National Bank.

Philadelphia—Consolidation National Bank.

London, G. B.—The Union Bank of London.

Prompt attention to Collections.

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

NOTICE.—On and after Thursday, the first of May next, this Bank will pay to its Shareholders a Dividend of Three per Cent. upon its capital for the six months ending on the 30th April next. The transfer books will be closed from the 16th to the 30th April next,

be closed from the 16th to the 30th April next, both days inclusive.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders will take place at the Banking House, Lower Town, on Wednesday, the 14th May next, at three o'clock, p.m. The power of attorney to vote must, to be valid, be deposited at the Bank five full days before that of the meeting., i.e., before three o'clock p.m. on Wednesday, the 7th May next. By order of the Board of Directors.

P. LAFRANCE, Manager.

Quebec, 18th March, 1902.

OF NEW BRUNSWICK. FREDERICTON, N. B.

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1864.

F. RANDOLPH, - - - PRESIDENT J. W. SPURDEN, - - CASHIER

Foreign Agents:
London-Union Bank of London. New York-Fourth
National Bank. Boston - Eliot Național Bank.
Montreal-Union Bank of Lower Canada.

UNION BANK OF HALIFAX

Incorporated 1856.

Incorporated 1856.

Capital Authorized, - - - \$1,500,000
Capital Subscribed, - 900,000
Capital Paid-up, - 900,000
Reserve Fund, - - 975,000

WM. ROBERTSON. - President.
WM. ROCHE, M. P., Vice-President.
John H. Symons, C. C. Blackadar,
Geo. Mitchell, M.P.P., E. G. Smith, A. E. Jones

Geo. Mitchell, M.P.P., E. G. Smith, A. E. Jones

HEAD OFFICE, - HALIFAX, N.S.

E. L. THOXNE, General Manager.
C. N. S. STRICKLAND, - Inspector.

Branches—Halifax, Annapolis, Barrington Passage,
Bridgetown, Clark's Harbor, Dartmouth. Digby, Granville Ferry, Kentville, Lawrencetown, Liverpool, New
Glasgow, Sherbrooke, Wolfville, Yarmouth, Nova
Scotia; Broad Cove Mines, Glace Bay, Mabou, North
Sydney, St. Peter's, Sydney, Sydney Mines, Cape
Breton and Port of Spain, Trinidad.

INCORPORATED

1836

St. Stephen ST. STEPHEN'S BANK

Capital.....\$200,000 Reserve.....\$45,000
W. H. TODD, President
F. Grant, Cashier
F.

LOAN SOCIETY

President - - HON. A. T. WOOD, Vice-President - ALEXANDER TURNER, Esq.

 Capital Subscribed
 \$1,500,000
 00

 Capital Paid-up
 1,100,000
 00

 Reserve & Surplus Funds
 365,771
 28

DEBENTURES ISSUED FOR

1, 2 OR 3 YEARS

Interest payable halt-yearly at the highest current rates. Executors and Trustees are authorized by law to invest in Debentures of this Society.

Head Office—King St., Hamilton
C. FERRIE, Treasurer

The RELIANCE

Loan and Savings Company Of Ontario.

84 KING ST. E., TORONTO

President Hon. JOHN DRYDEN Vice-President JAMES GUNN, Esq.

Manager J. Blacklock

W. N. DOLLAR BANKERS Imperial Bank of Canada | Bank of Nova Scotia

Progress of the Company

End'g Dec. 31. Perm. Stock. | End'g Dec. 31. Perm. Stock | Ist year. 1896. \$24,800.00 | 4th year. 1899. \$354,434.08 | 2nd ". 1897. 166,575.00 | 5th ". 1900. 441,345.81 | 3rd ". 1898. 251,514.45 | 6th ". 1901. 533,290.00

Ending Dec. 31st. Total Assets.

184 year. 1896. \$40,751 79

2nd "1897 255,334 91

3rd "1888 488,423 28

4th "1899 757,724 40

5th "1900 944,316 03

6th "1901 1,036,853 60

By an order of the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council, dated July 10, 1901, the Company is authorized to issue PERMANENT STOCK in shares of \$10.00 each. These shares are now offered for subscription at a Premium of Ten per Cent.

Huron and Erie

Loan and Savings

London, Ont.

Company

Capital	Subscri	be	d		-	-	\$3,000,000
Capital	Paid-up		-	-			1,400,000
Reserve	Fund	-	-		-		925.000

Money advanced on the security of Real Estate on orable terms.

Debentures issued in Currency or Sterling.

Executors and Trustees are authorized by Act of Par-liament to invest in the Debentures of this Company. Interest allowed on Deposits.

J. W. LITTLE, President.

G. A. SOMERVILLE, Manager

The Home Savings and Loan Company,

Office No. 78 Church St. Toronto

AUTHOP (ZED CAPITAL\$2,500,000 SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL 2,000,000

Deposits received and interest at current rates allowed.

Money loaned on Mortgage on Real Estate, on reasonable and convenient terms.

Advances on collateral security of Debentures, and Bank and other Stocks.

JAMES MASON, Manager.

Toronto Mortgage Company

Office, No. 13 Toronto St.

CAPITAL AUTHORIZED CAPITAL PAID-UP - RESERVE FUND TOTAL ASSETS				\$1,445,860 00 724,540 00 250,000 00 2,530,194 17

ANDREW J. SOMERVILLE, Esq.

WM. MORTIMER CLARK, K.C., W.S.

Debentures Issued in currency or sterling. Savings Bank Deposits received, and interest allowed. Money Loaned on Real Estate on favorable terms

WALTER GILLESPIE. Manager

The Ontario Loan and Savings Company

Oshawa, Ontario

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED		***		***	\$300,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	***	***	***	***	300,000
CONTINGENT	***	***	***	***	25,000
RESERVE FUND		***	***	***	75,000
DEPOSITS AND CAN. DI	EBENT	URES			523,751

Money loaned at low rates of interest on the security of Real Estate and Municipal Debentures. Deposits received and Interest allowed.

W. F. COWAN, President. W. F. ALLAN, Vice-President.

T. H. McMILLAN, Sec-Treas.

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HEAD OFFICE, 23 TORONTO ST., TORONTO, \$2,008,000
... ... 1,004,000
... ... 350,000
... ... 4,133,794 CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL PAID-UP ... REST ASSETS 350,000 DIRECTORS:

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> EDWA SAUNDERS, Manager

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Money Advanced on Stocks, Bonds & Debentures Loans on Lands in Ontario and Mani-toba, by Mortgage, at Lowest Rates.

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Mercantile Summary.

NEW CORPORATIONS.

Following is a list of new companies, lately organized throughout Canada, that have received Government charters, or have been granted supplementary Letters Patent. The object of the company, amount of capital stock, location of principal office, and names of incorporators are given, so far as possible, and whether the charter has been granted by Provincial or Dominion Governments:

The Trethewey Train Pipes Coupling Co., Limited, Montreal, Que.; \$500,080. To manufacture, buy, sell, repair and deal in machines, implements, tools, etc. Alexander Scott, C. C. Ballantyne, T. A. Trenholme, G. F. O'Halloran, W. G. Trethewey. Dominion charter.

"La Compagnie Manufacturiere de Montmagny," Montmagny, Que.; \$40,000. To run a factory, a foundry and a general manufacture of timber, of iron, and smelting. Victor Proteau, C. E. Letourneau, Napoleon Letourneau, Omer Tetu, Elzear Boulanger Joseph Vallee, Louis Coulombe, A. N. Normand, and Ernest Roy. Quebec charter.

British Columbia Silicate Brick Co., Limited, Vancouver, B.C.; \$100,000. British Columbia charter.

The Clayoquot Sound Canning Co., Limited, Ciayoquot District, B.C.; \$50,o.o. British Columbia charter.

The Marie Marilla Mining Co., of British Columbia, Limited, Victoria, B.C.; \$1,600,000. British Columbia charter.

THE OTHER SIDE.

A great deal has been said during the past few months of the millions of goilars lost by our western farmers owing to the failure of transportation companies to provide sufficient facilities for shipping out the grain. The Winnipeg Commercial, however, presents another point of view for consideration.

If, says this journal, the farmers will persist in throwing all their wheat onto the market at the earliest possible moment, it is bound to have a very depressing influence on prices. This was not so noticeable when the crop was smaller, but now that it is beginning to assume large proportions, the depressing influence is much greater. If the farmers would provide storage on the farm and market the grain in a smaller stream, spreading the marketing over a longer period, the depressing influence of the crop would not be as keenly felt. If the Manitoba crop had been all marketed before the close of navigation last fall, the price would probably have been depressed two or three or possibly as much as five cents per bushel below the price which was obtained. Those who figure up so glibly the alleged millions of dollars which the Manitoba farmers have lost through being obliged to hold over terms of repayment some of their wheat on account of lack of transportation facilities and storage

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Central Canada Savings Company

Loan and Savings

Corner King and Victoria Streets, Toronto HON, GEO, A. COX, President,

The ONTARIO LOAN & DEBENTURE CO. Of London, Canada.

Subscribed Capital Paid-up Capital						\$2,000,000 1,200,000
Reserve Fund			-			560,000
Total Assets -				7/3	1	3,634,171
Total Liabilities -				*		1,823,049

Debentures issued for 3 or 5 years. Detentures and interest can be collected at any agency of Moisons Bank without charge.

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London, Ontario, 1902

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The TRUST & LOAN CO. OF CANADA

ESTABLISHED 1851

Subscribed Capital			\$7,300,000
Paid-up Capital			1,581,666
Reserve Fund			864,613
HEAD OFFICE: 7 Great	Winchester	St.,	London, Eng

OFFICES IN CANADA: { Toronto Street, TORONTO St. James Street, MONTREAL Portage Ave., WINNIPEG

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The Canadian Homestead Loan and Savings **Association**

HEAD OFFICE, 66 Victoria St., TORONTO

ı	Home Life Building.	The second second
ı	Capital Subscribed Capital Paid-up	\$400,000 138,000
1	Money loaned on improved freehold at low	rates. Libera

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A. J. PATTISON. MANAGER

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Limited.

GEO. R. R. COCKBURN, President. THOMAS LONG, Vice-President.

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space, might just call a halt long enough to look at the other side of the question. Instead of figuring only on the loss occasioned by lack of transportation facilities, it would be interesting to have an estimate from some of our farmers' grievance orators, as to how much the farmers would have lost if they had been able to market all their wheat as soon as it was threshed.

In support of this view may be ranged several articles in United States papers on the bear influence exercised by the rapid growth of Manitoba as a factor in the wheat market of their North-West. They complain that the 50,000,ooo bushel wheat crop has forced upon millers and economists on their side of the border the disagreeable conviction that the United States wheat power is no longer the controlling factor in Mark Lane. No doubt this conviction would have come sooner, and with much more force, if the Canadian car famine had not greatly retarded the movement abroad of the Manitoba crop. Even with a very large part of the crop held back, simply because it could not be moved to tidewater in any direction, the millers of Minnesota have seen Manitoba wheat taken by British importers at "bargaincounter" prices, thus giving British millers a better wheat than No. 1 northern at a price that is reflected in a stagnant American export flour trade. The future promises a worse (from their point of view), condition rather than a betterment, and for obvious reasons.

ANOTHER illustration of the energy with which the people of the United States are reaching out for trade is the proposed establishment, by American, in Bombay, of a large departmental store.

THE cleaning elevator at Port Arthur, managed by Mr. J. G. King, will not. the Rat Portage News understands. be removed from Port Arthur. On the contrary, Mr. King stated last week that the C.P.R. Company has decided not only not to remove the cleaning elevator from Port Arthur, but an annex having a storage capacity of 50,000 bus. grain will also be built. The new building will be of concrete and will occupy a position on the shore west of the present elevator. It will cost \$150,000. A Minneapolis man has the contract.

WE have received a copy of the prospectus of the British Columbia Trust Company, Limited, which is being organized at Vancouver. It proposes to act as trustee, agent, executor, guardian, to manage estates, collect rents or accounts and to investigate business concerns by employing experts. Capital, \$50,000. There was a meeting of shareholders on 7th April, when Messrs. Wm. Braid, Henry McDowell, Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, J. W. McFarland, Francis Carter-Cotton, A. R. Thomas and Henry Lye were elected directors. Sir C. H. Tupper was chosen president; Francis Carter-Cotton, vice-president; Henry Lye, managing director, and Alfred E. Lye, secretary. John F. Helliwell is the shareholders' auditor.

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Vice-Presidents:
HON.S.C. WOOD.

J. W. LANGMUIR, Managing Director.
A. D. LANGMUIR, Assistant Manager.
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LONDON, - - ONTARIO

 Paid-up Capital
 \$ 630,200

 Reserve Fund
 207,000

 Assets
 2,344,200

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T. Beattie. T. H. Smallman. M. Masuret.
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Mercantile Summary.

SIMMIEI's lumber mill at Clavering has been burned down. Loss \$6,000; insured for \$4,500.

THE electric lighting contract for the city of Quebec has been given to the Jacques Cartier Water Power Company, at \$54 for arc and \$15 for incandescent lights.

CLARKE'S malt works in Kingston were damaged to the extent of about \$15,000, including several thousand bushels of malt burned by a serious fire on the 17th inst.

A DESPATCH from Halifax says that the. Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company intends to start the manufacture of steel cars at New Glasgow. Their expected output, ten cars a day, will require 150 tons of steel daily. They will also, we understand, manufacture ordinary wooden box cars.

THE Canadian Pacific Railroad owns the odd-numbered sections of land in the arid section near Medicine Hat, and is making preparations to construct a large irrigation ditch to obtain water from the Bow river at Calgary. They are representing to the Dominion and Territorial governments that such an expense will not be justified for only one-half the land, and are asking that a transfer be made to them of the even-numbered sections as well.

THE Quebec Southern Railway, if they succeed in obtaining the charter which they are now applying to the Dominion Government, will build a subway under the St. Lawrence at Montreal. It will be double, and one part will be larger than the other, but even this, according to present plans, is to be larger than any similar tunnel in the world. Its cost will be somewhere between \$4,000,000 and \$6,000,000, and it is to be well lighted and ventilated.

THE Brantford by-law to authorize the payment of \$57,000 to the Grand Trunk Railway for the latter to divert their main line from Lynden down through Brantford, stopping all their main line trains between Niagara Falls and Sarnia and Detroit at Brantford, making a switch to the Holmedale, and constructing a subway under their line in the northern part of the East Ward, took place on Friday, and resulted in a large majority in favor of this course. Construction work is expected to be completed by August next.

OAKVILLE BOARD OF TRADE.

At the annual meeting of the Oakville Board of Trade, held last week, officers were elected as per the subjoined list: C. G. Marlatt, president; C. G. Chisholm, vice-president; F. G. Oliver, secretary. The council is composed of the following: Hedley Shaw, T. C. Hagaman, A. T. Chisholm, I. A. Reynolds, John Kelly. W. C. Cammins, I. H. Ashbury, and J. C. Ford

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1876-7—x.—6, 7, 12, 20, 42.

1877-8—xi —1, 4, 13.

1878-9—xii.—10, 15, 34, 37, 38, 44, 49.

1879-80—xiii.—46, 50.

1880-1—xiv.—7, 16, 18, 30, 31, 37, 44, 51.

1881-2—xv.—4, 23, 24, 30 to 52.

1882-3—xvi.—1 to 26, 40.

1883-4—xvii.—1, 23, 39.

1884-5—xviii.—14, 15, 16.

1885-6—xix.—12, 24, 32.

1886-7—xx.—3, 16, 29,

1887-8—xxi.—6, 7, 12, 14

1887-8-xxi.-6, 7, 13, 14.

1890-1—xxiv.—45, 52. 1891-2—xxv.—7, 13.

1895-6—xxix.—29. 1896-7—xxx.—47. 1897-8—xxxi.—42.

Any one possessing any or all of these cld copies and is willing to sell, please write David C., c/o Monetary Times office, Toronto

ACCOUNTANTS.

Editor Monetary Times:

SIR,-In my desire to avoid trespassing too largely upon your valuable space, I have evidently failed to make sufficiently clear the precise nature of my objections to your anonymous correspondent's letter of April 2nd. Everyone will endorse the first four paragraphs of that communication, and especially the first and fourth which are so obviously reasonable, and in the public interest, that they have my unreserved approval. The concluding paragraph embodies three propositions of interest to the business public and the accountants of Toronto, Adopting the forceful and direct style of his preceding remarks I understand these propositions to be:

I. The accountants of Toronto possess but a superficial knowledge of the science of accountancy.

2. They are inferior in thoroughness and equipment to the English and American accountants

3. An organization on the lines of the English institutes is needed to elevate the profession in Toronto to the plane which its importance merits.

If this is not the impression sought to be created in the minds of your readers by the paragraph in question a number of others as well as I have failed to perceive its purpose, but if this is a fair interpretaton I submit that my protest is quite in order. The opinions of anonymous writers are entitled to but little respect. The opinions of a business man are always entitled to consideration. Business men may and doubtless do entertain diverse opinions upon this and almost every other subject, but I should be sorry to learn that any fairminded business man had, after due enquiry, formed such an unfavorable of Toronto accountants as a estimate The class. objectionable paragraph argues an intimate knowledge of the subject of professional accountancy standards in England, United States and Toronto, and the business public and the profession are entitled to such information as will enable them to give such representations their proper weight. To state my position clearly and without possibility of being misunderstood, I wish to assert now that the facts do not bear out any one of these propositions.

When "Fiat Lux" justifies his statements under his own signature, I will endeavor to present the other side of the question, and we will leave the public to judge of the merits of the case. What other course would Mr. Hunter suggest as proper for me to pursue?

GEO. EDWARDS.

April 22nd, 1902.

THE Montreal Business Men's League, which was organized a little over a year ago, is about to publish a handsome booklet, presenting the attractions of the city from a tourist's point of view, and will distribute it gratis throughout the United States.

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Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the hour of Twelve o'clock at noon on the 19th day of May next, for the purchase of a Debenture for \$10,000.00, bearing interest at Four per cent. per annum, payable in twenty equal consecutive annual instalments of principal and interest, of \$735.82 each, the first of such being payable on the 21st day of May, 1903. The Debenture can be seen at the office of the undersigned, and applications must be endorsed "Tenders for Debentures, and addressed to the undersigned, at his office, in the Town of Regina, North West Territories.

Dated at Regina, this 4th day of April, A.D. JAMES BALFOUR.

Mercantile Summary.

WINNIPEG city council has passed a bylaw to increase the license fee for employment agencies from \$25 to \$50 per year.

A KINGSTON druggist, H. H. Roche, in business since 1894, has made assignment of his estate. He has been under chattel mortgage for some time, and has not been regarded as an efficient or careful manager.

W. H. Hudson, general dealer Country Harbor, N.S., is reported an absentee. He is said to have sold stock before leaving for \$1,500, and the only assets left are some book accounts, which have been attached by Halifax creditors. The amount of his indebtedness is not yet ascertained.

Mr. WILLIAM WALLACE and Mr. Harvey, of London, Eng., and other capitalists have bought the farm and salt wells, at Cardwell, N.B., belonging to Hendrick Bros., for \$13,000, and will develop the property. The provincial government has agreed to grant the concern exemption from royalty upon their product for ten years.

THE Deering Harvester Co., Chicago, is understood to be contemplating the removal of its branch factory from Brockville, where it employs 125 men, to Hamilton, and is asking the latter city for a bonus of \$50,000 and the usual exemptions for machinery. The company agrees to pay not less than \$60,000 in wages, and wishes to be ready to start operations by August 1.

THE assignment is reported of J. & R. Young, engaged in the general store and fish business at Tracadie, N.B. The business is a very old one, the present firm having succeeded their father as long ago as 1878. In 1898 they failed, with liabilities of some \$20,000, and have since then been doing a comparatively limited business, and have apparently been unable to retrieve their former position.

D. McNaughton, general dealer, of Stobie Mines, near Sudbury, Ont., has called a meeting of his creditors with the view of laying his affairs before them and getting a settlement. He assigns as a reason for his difficulties that the mines have closed down, but in other quarters it is considered that his management has not been what it might have been. Liabilities are figured at about \$10,000, with some moderate normal surplus shown.

It is announced that arrangements are being made between the authorities of the Dominion Permanent Loan Company and those of the Provincial Building & Loan Association, by which the affairs of the two companies are to be amalgamated. Notices have been sent calling the shareholders of both companies together to ratify the agreement entered into by the boards of directors. Hon. James R. Stratton is president and Mr. F. M. Holland, general manager of the Dominion Permanent Loan Company, while Mr. Thomas Crawford is president and Mr. E. C. Davies, managing director of the Provincial Build-Secretary-Treasurer. ing & Loan Association.

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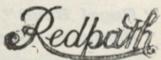
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Mercantile Summary.

A LEEDS, Eng., company has been formed to take over by purchase or lease the Wakefield mines in the Slocan

THE Kettle River Railway is completed and open, which, as work was only started last June, is considered a feat of quick construction.

It is stated that the Folger Company, of Kingston, will early this summer put on a freight and passenger steamship service between Toronto and Montreal.

THE Allan Line Steamship Company has made a contract with the Government to carry to England on the "Parisian," on June 7th, the contingent which will take part in the Coronation ceremonies. Among other passengers will probably be His Excellency, the Governor-General, and several provincial Pre-

Messrs. Clarke & Gwin, acting on behalf of a wealthy syndicate, which a short time ago purchased a large mineral claim on Quatsino Sound, B, C., recently visited the property on an inspection tour. They say there is enough valuable gold and copper ore in sight without working to warrant the erection of a smelter. Preparations are being made to ship about 600 tons next month.

A COMPANY has been formed, mostly with Seattle capital, under the name of the Slate Creek Hydraulic Co., to develope the claims on which platinum has been found in the Similkameen district of British Columbia. Slate Creek is just over the Washington side of the border, but it is proposed to carry operations into Canadian territory. The value in gravel from hundreds of assays made by the Slate Creek Hydraulic Co. is said to show two-thirds in gold and one-third in coarse platinum, with some nuggets as large as the nail of the little finger of a man's hand. The gravel runs 25 cents a yard in platinum and gold.

C. A. MILLER, general store, Windsor Mills, Que., lately reported as proposing a 50 per cent. settlement, has now assigned .-- Ovide Martin, of St. Guillaume d'Upton, Que., is a tailor by trade, and followed the occupation for some years, till, in an evil hour, he was tempted to go into a general store trade. This was barely two years ago, and now he has made a voluntary assignment.-W. J. Cleland, of Hemmingford, Que., whose short and unsuccessful record as a merchant we recently reported, has been able to arrange a compromise at 50 cents on the dollar, in which settlement it is presumed his many relations, who figure as creditors, will be included .--- A lumber jobber, at Scotstown, Que., named Edouard Roberge, has assigned, with small local liabilities.—A Riel, of Hull, Que., who had been many years clerk in a boot and shoe store, began business for himself in June last, and has already put his affairs in the hands of the as-

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Wanted a gentleman thoroughly conversant with the Hardware business, as GENERAL MANAGER for a Wholesale Jobbing House about to be incorporated. Must have long experience, and be absolutely Party with few thousand dollars to invest would be preferred, but this is not the essential point.

Address with full particulars and salary required. (in confidence)

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MEAFORD—Grey County. C. H. JAY & CO'Y, Bankers, Financiers and Canadian Express Co. Agents. Money to loan.

GEORGE F. JEWELL, F.C.A., Public Accountant and Auditor. Office, 361 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

COUNTIES Grey and Bruce collections made on commission, lands valued and sold, notices served a general financial business transacted. Leading loan companies, lawyers and wholesale merchants given as references

H. H. MILLER, Hanover

JOHN RUTHERFORD,

OWEN SOUND, ONT.

Licensed Auctioners for County of Grey.

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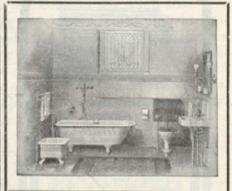
E. W. M. B.,

Monetary Times, Toronto.

THOMAS DUNN and Peter Dunn, wholesale and retail dealers in hardware in Vancouver, after trading there a dozen years sold their business to a joint stock company in 1894, which had an authorized capital of \$250,000, considerably more than half of which they held in their own names and they continued to do a large trade. But during the past two years they have suffered heavily by the general depression in business in that province by reason of mine strikes, etc. When Atlin was booming a branch store was opened there, and not long afterward the stock was removed to Dawson, where their manager died and they were compelled to dispose of their merchandise at considerable loss. For some time complaints have been made about their tardy manner of meeting payments and a short time ago their banker, who is heavily interested, compelled them to give some chattel mortgage securities. Now we hear of their assignment. The principal shareholders are Thomas Dunn and Mrs. Peter Dunn. The latter is said to have left about \$25,000 of her profits in the business. The company owes about \$250,000. We have not heard the amount of the nominal assets.

TORONTO STOCK TRANSACTIONS

a number of transactions put through, it will probably be seen that this week's stock business has been fully equal to previous ones. The feverish activity, however, of the latter has been in some degree lacking, or rather public attention, which before was fixed closely on two or three stocks has the last few days been spread over a wider field. C.P.R. and Toronto Railways have been especially favored. Transactions for the week numbered as follows: Bank of Ontario, 309 at 132-5; Toronto, 18 at 242-1/4; Commerce, 338 at 160-1/2; Imperial, 135 at 240-3/8; Dominion, 1,348 at 244-7; Hamilton, 75 at 231-2; Ottawa, 16 at 211-31/2; Traders', 50 at 1181/2-9; British American Assurance, 20 at 102; West, Assurance, 445 at 1011/2-2; Consumers' Gas. 360 at 212-3; Can. N.W. Land, common, 100 at 50; preferred, 66 at 90-1; C.P.R., 28,217 at 1211/4-93/4; Toronto Electric Light, 715 at 1441/2-154; London Electric, 54 at 107; General Electric, 1,198 at 227 1/2; Com. Cable, 350 at 158-160; Rich. & Ont. Nav., 1,496 at 1131/2-6; Niagara Nav., 306 at 1441/2-5; Toronto Railway, 5,636 at 11934; Twin City, 6,874 at 1211/2-31/4; Dunlop Tire, preferred, 20 at 107; Dominion Steel, 3,670 at 67-701/4; preferred, 1,465 at 971/2-1005/8; Can. Landed and Nat., 45 at 101-1/2; Can. Per, and W.C., 1,218 at 1211/4-2; Northern Nav. Co., 222 at 16414-91/2; Dominion Coal, 3,710 at 137½-143; W. A. Rogers, 2 at 105¾; Hamilton Prov., 5 at 120; War Eagle, 32,800 at 14-28; Imp. Loan and Invest., 31 at 75; Tor. Mortgage, 85 at 73-75; Carter-Crume, 30 at 106; Man. & N.W., 20 at 74; Republic, 400 at 101/2; Crow's Nest, 515 at 500; Nova Scotia Steel, 5,892 at 1085%-11714; preferred, 10 at 127; Sao Paulo, 3,622 at 98-1053%; Cariboo McKinney, 5,300 at 26-71/2.



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and he will soon earn his wages. Any boy or girl can run off any number of copies of a hand or typewritten letter or circular in a very little while, and those to whom they are addressed will think they have received a personal communication from yourself-so accurately does the Neostyle copy the original letter. further particulars.

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ESTABLISHED 1866

THE MONETARY TIMES

TRADE REVIEW AND INSURANCE CHRONICLE

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THE MONETARY TIMES DELICINU CO. OF CANADA, Limited

EDW. TROUT, President.

ALFRED W. LAW, Sec'y-Treas.

Office: 62 Church St., Cor. Court St.

BUSINESS AND EDITORIAL OFFICE, MAIN 1892

PRINTING DEPARTMENT, MAIN 1485

TORONTO, FRIDAY, APRIL 25, 1902.

THE SITUATION.

In answer to questions put by Mr. Kemp, in the House of Commons, the other day, the Premier let it be known that correspondence in regard to the wheat and flour duties has been opened between our Government and that of Great Britain. We take it that this implies that mutual preference is on the carpet. If Canada asked exemption from the grain and flour duties, the request would not, if granted, have the effect of taxing the food of the British workmen, but such exemption would tend slightly to lighten the new taxes on But if Canada had asked that taxes be put on wheat and flour, the produce of other countries, and to exempt those of Canada, she would distinctly have asked that the British workmen be taxed for Canada's benefit. Since the taxes have been put on, preference to Canada would not hurt the British workman, but rather benefit him; one other effect would be to diminish the product of the taxes, in a slight degree. In any case, these taxes are merely used as a means of adding a little to the revenue, in a time when war makes great demands on the national treasury. Apart from the exigencies of war, these taxes might probably be justified as providing the means of necessary expenditure in keeping accounts of the imports; and in this view they might be regarded as a small part of the cost of production, to which every expense, including delivery, appertains, if it were quite certain that the charges for the gathering of statistics belong to this category. In connection with the admitted official correspondence, there is nothing but the bare fact that it is taking place to communicate to Parliament at present. Nothing definite will probably be done until the meeting of the colonial Premiers, in London, on the occasion of the Coronation.

In New South Wales, Premier Lee is calling on the British Government to onserve the rule of mutual preference between herself and the colonies. thinks that, in giving this, she would best serve her

own interests, and that, in looking to the ties of blood and friendship, she will come to this conclusion. But Mr. Craig, a leading merchant of Melbourne, who happens to be in Canada at present, fears that preference is full of danger for the wool-growing colonies of Australia. The ground of his opinion is that for the fifteen or twenty millions of wool which Australia exports, she finds her chief purchasers in France and Germany. In this state of the case, Mr. Craig asks, "if we were to give England a preference, would not these two continental countries turn round and meet us with a hostile duty?" He mentions one condition, on which Australia might see in a more favorable light a preference to England, and that is if England were to give guarantee that she would take the whole Australian wool supply. But this is obviously impossible. In Canada there are people calling lustily for mutual preference, without looking very closely to the effects which such a measure might produce. That Canada should get a preference in return for the preference she gives has a reasonable sound. But what Mr. Craig fears, in the case of Australian wool, England might feel in case she gave preference to the colones. Foreign nations, with which her trade is much greater than that with her Besides, the question of colonies, might retaliate. trade preference does not stand alone. Canada is probably now getting, in the form of the protection of the British war-establishment, to which before the South African war she contributed nothing, about as much as she gives in the form of preference. The woolen manufacturers of Canada feel the effect of the preference, but mutual preference would not give them the relief which they demand; the benefits of mutual preference would go to some other business, not to this; the mutuality would be in the bulk; what the Canadian woolen manufacturers ask is mutuality in a concrete form, of which they would themselves receive the benefit.

A judgment of the Court of Appeal, affirming the validity of the Lord's Day Act of Ontario, will if sustained by the Privy Council, have a far-reaching effect. It will prevent trolley-lines from running cars on Sundays, unless in cases where their charter endows them with the exceptional privilege; excursion steamers on the lakes, would not be able to start on Sunday, even if they could complete on that day a voyage begun on Saturday; ice cream and soda water could be got only by the comparatively rich. There is sure to be an appeal to the Privy Council, whose decision it would be useless to attempt to foresee. The question is one on which the public is divided into two camps; one of which desire to revive and enforce, in a large measure, the Jewish Sabbath; the other holds that Jesus made a new dispensation when He plucked ears of corn on the Sabbath, and gave to His disciples to eat, and said that the Sabbath was made for man, not man for the Sabbath. In this divided state of religious opinion, the case is eminently one for the exercise of mutual tolerance.

Mr. Charlton's motion, in the House of Commons, on the conditions for ending the Boer war, was ill-timed and incautiously framed. The suggestion that the British should offer universal amnesty, as a means of securing a favorable settlement, would be likely, if it produced any effect at all, to make peace more difficult to procure, by giving the Boers extravagant hopes of something not likely to be granted. It is right to take as merciful a view as is consistent with reason and future safety; but universal amnesty, at the start, would remove the restraints on the irreconcilables, whom reason and due precaution unite in declaring ought at least to be subject to a period of probation before being admitted to full amnesty. But the discussion of the resolution is not to be regretted; the tone and spirit of it were all that could be desired; even Mr. Bourassa was at his best, and the Premier exceeded himself in tact and ability; the leader of the Opposition also did well.

The Minister of Finance has given notice of a bill to amend the Ottawa Improvement Act, which will capitalize the grant of \$60,000, so as to enable the commissioners to enter upon a comprehensive scheme of improvement. In England, the Government from time to time makes large contributions in aid of municipalities, and in France the Government expends great st.ms on the improvements of Paris; but in Canada, the rule is, that neither the general nor the provincial government pays any local taxes at all; in this respect claiming privileges which the Sovereign does not enjoy in England. Mr. Howland's municipal organization for Ontario has a great work before it, and one in which there are rich laurels to be won. There are whole blocks in the heart of Toronto where there are no sidewalks, because the Government, owning the land, refuses to bear any share of the cost. Let municipal reformers look to Europe for models, and if they keep their eyes open, they will be astonished at the information they will be able to gather. The great American municipalities are sinks of iniquity, where for the most part there is little to be learned except what to avoid.

The bill ratifying the issue of \$20,000,000 additional stock by the C.P.R. Company does not alter the position of the company with regard to its right to earn 10 per cent. on the stock before it is liable to pay local taxes on its property. \$65,000,000 is, without the new issue, the stated amount of the stock; and beyond that amount, the issue of new stock will not save it from taxation; that being the limit of the exemp-What amount the company expended on the road, apart from the bonuses it received, has never been made public. Some critics have contended that, in estimating the proper limit of exemption, reference should be had only to the amount of its own money which it expended on the road and its equipment. But the public had no means of knowing what this amount was; and it was officially stated in Parliament, the other day, that an order-in-council had been passed providing that an immediate reference be made to the courts, for the purpose of determining what amount had been actually expended in the construction of the road. When this is done, the deduction of the amount of the subsidies should give the amount the company had expended of its own capital. But the facts are complicated by the intervention in the work of the Construction Company, which consisted in part at least of members of the railway company. Some damaging disclosures are possible, if we look to the precedent of the Ames frauds in the construction of one of the American Pacific railways.

WHEAT AND FLOUR DUTIES.

The first we learn of the effect of the new British duty on wheat and flour is that the bakers of Liverpool and some other places have added a penny to the fourpound loaf. A few experiments, made at the outset, to raise the price of bread, may not be decisive of the effect which the new duties may generally produce after a while, when the general result has been definitely ascertained. A rise of a farthing per lb. on bread is one that would be distinctly felt by the poor. The amount is much greater than the duty, and the bakers instead of bearing the weight of the burthen themselves are not unnaturally trying to shift it to the shoulders of the general consumers, and to make a trifle besides. The expectation expressed by the Chancellor of the Exchequer about the incidence of the tax was not based on the foundation of orthodox political economy. The general rule is that the consumer pays all the import duty received by the Government, and a good deal more that goes into the pockets of private persons. The first cargo of wheat on which the duty was chargeable paid £600, or about \$3,000. It is not probable that the bakers will consent to be the sole victims of the tax, though they may not be able generally to add a penny to every loaf. Those who try to get so great an advantage, as this figure implies, may find that they have overreached themselves, and that they will have to be satisfied with less, or sub:nit to a serious loss of trade. The American plan of combining to extract from consumers unreasonable profits is not likely to succeed in England. There will probably be an addition of a half-penny to each loaf, partly beause this is practically the lowest coin current in the United Kingdom. It would of course be possible to coin a sufficient supply of farthings. Much loss is caused to consumers, in some countries, from the absence of an adequate supply of small coins; and, in England, bread is the one thing above all others in which an addition to the price is most felt.

GENERAL DRY GOODS.

Wholesale dealers say the spring dry goods business has been very active this season; in fact, so far this has been a record year. Trade during the past week, however, was not quite up to the mark, which was due, no doubt, to the unfavorable weather. Most country merchants are ready to declare they are busier this season than usual, but are waiting for warm weather and for the farmers to have finished their seeding operations for still more active trade. They continue to note a call for high-class and comparatively expensive goods, which would appear to be growing more and more marked, and there can hardly be a stronger proof of improved circumstances among the people. These reports of prosperity are not confined to one district or one province, but are general from practically all parts of the Dominion. So far as we can judge, there is no reason why this state of things should not continue to exist so long as there is such a

demand for our products abroad, and now that the tide of emigration both from Europe and the United States has set in so strongly towards Canada.

All kinds of cotton goods continue very firm, and another small advance in price in some lines of plaincolored flannelettes was made a few days ago. people think the recent advances in cottons were wholesome and warranted by the situation, more so, at any rate, than was the case a year ago. Then, there was no visible decrease in the yield of raw material, while this year there is an undisputed shortage and that on a considerable scale. Then, again, the augmented demand from Eastern countries, such as India and China, is acknowledged.

The principal woolen products appear to be in about the same position that they have occupied for some time past, though manufacturers of good-class articles have their hands pretty full. There is no decided feature in the market, either in the direction of advancing or declining prices. Against this, however, must be placed the fact that the cotton market being very high and strong, it would take a very considerable reduction in woolen values to affect materially manufacturers' prices. There would be a sympathetic strength in woolens. Retailers believe, many of them, that even if any considerable lots of woolen goods remain unsold now, the chances are good for their realizing good profits in the fall, without putting themselves to the loss and trouble incurred by job-lot sales. The tailor trade is employed rather more actively than usual just now, and quite a run is being experienced in tweeds and other lines of domestic goods.

Prices for all kinds of linens still range very high, especially the Irish. Reports from Belfast as well as from Dundee say that quotations are still going up, and that repeat orders are subject to higher figures than those obtaining in the early part of the season. Orders are being refused in some cases by Scotch manufacturers, who are so busy they are unable to undertake new ones.

In dress goods, the principal and most fashionable article asked for is crepe de chene. Silk grenadines also are very popular. White goods will still be largely seen during the coming summer, ladies' shirt waists by no means having lost their vogue. A fashionable summer material will be fancy muslin in linencolored ground, but already there is somewhat of a scarcity of this on the market.

FINANCIAL REVIEW.

We present below a condensation of the monthly statement of Canadian banks for March, 1902. It is compared with the bank statement for the previous month, and shows capital, reserve, assets, and liabilities; average holdings of specie and Dominion notes, etc.

CANADIAN BANK STATEMENT.

LIABILITIES.		
Capital authorized Capital paid up Reserve Funds	March, 1902. \$77,126,666 68,406,624 37,571,793	\$77,126,666 68,041,136 37,567,753
Notes in circulation Dominion and Provincial Government	\$52,442,982	\$49,450,994
deposits	7,150,729	6,726,650

Public deposits on demand in Canada	92,380,118	94,864,660
Public deposits at notice	239,529,963	238,996,123
Deposits outside of Canada	30,112,520	29,839,213
Bank loans or deposits from other banks		
secured	626,063	661,374
Due to other banks in Canada	3,140,271	3,472,284
Due to other banks in Great Britain	6,423,912	3,337,960
Due to other banks in foreign countries	1,188,116	976,519
Other liabilities	7,501,583	9,709,421
THE DESIGNATION OF SELECTION OF		
Total liabilities	0	9.29.025.250
Total habilities	\$440,490,320	\$438,035,270
[ASSETS.		
Specie	0666	Q
Specie	\$12,261,266	\$11,498,021
Dominion notes	21,073,020	22,156,454 2,569,513
Notes and cheques on other banks	2,569,513	13.374,568
Loans to other banks, secured	686,063	659.847
Deposits with other banks in Canada	3,554,638	4,629,921
Due from banks in Great Britain	3,152,353	7,105,453
Due from other banks in foreign	21.2.1333	71-031433
countries	11,890,626	11,796,698
Dominion or provincial Govt. debentures	r re autqua	t tud galates
or stock	10,201,350	9,961,510
Other securities	48,382,118	47.445,812
Call loans on bonds and stocks in Canada	38,532,304	36,550,397
Call loans elsewhere	44,286,316	44,212,911
the sea and remonant out that you	and countries	MAIN PRINCE
and the second second second second	\$208,640,369	\$211,961,105
Current Loans in Canada	300,066,698	292,059,778
Current Loans elsewhere	27,776,895	26,229,854
Loans to Dominion and Provincial		
Governments	3,668,618	3,212,879
Overdue debts	2,638,527	2,261,512
Real estate	988,998	970,412
Mortgages on real estate sold	712,277	721,000
Bank premises	6,812,417	6,785.754
Other assets	5,586,421	7,426,747
Total assets	\$556,901,406	\$551,629,125
THE BUILDING STREET, S		-
A		
Average amount of specie held during	11,780,464	11,713,115
	11,700,404	11,/13,115
Average Dominion notes held during the	the margin with	
month	21,467,019	21,904,715
Greatest amount notes in circulation		
during month	52,799,820	50,283,248
Loans to directors or their firms	11,403,951	11,217,473

The principal feature in the Bank Statement of last month is the large increase in the loans, discounts and investments of the Canadian banks, indicating an extraordinary demand for money for commercial and general business purposes, which the banks have been able out of their abundant resources to meet without the slightest difficulty or strain. All this enlarges the earning capacity of the banks, and, as the months go forward, and in the absence of any considerable deductions for bad debts, ought to enable them to present very satisfactory statements of profits to their stockholders this spring; and certainly under ordinary good management, which our banks are not destitute of, there should not be any great deductions for losses in such a year as this, for the insolvencies are running on very low figures at present, as compared with the experience of five or six years ago. In spite of the fact that banks are supposed to take good security for all the money they lend, all experience shows that in times when insolvencies prevail these institutions have to take their full share of the burden, the reason of course being that the securities of banks, which are nearly all of a personal nature, are immensely depreciated in times of multiplied insolvencies.

However, we may be thankful that these are not the times that are passing over us now. Yet it would be well to be looking out for the next wave of difficulty that will pass over the Dominion, and to be scan-6,726,650 ning carefully any of the premonitory symptoms that

indicate it, such as over-trading, speculation, private extravagance, or such over-production in manufacture, and like causes. And in this connection it might be well for banks, when profits are running at unusually high figures, to carry much larger sums to surplus profit account rather than to seek to build up the figures of the rest account; for in times of exceptional loss, it is much more easy to provide for them, if need be, by taking from the surplus fund account than from the rest, For this rest fund should be considered almost in the light of a superadded capital; which, though it does not carry dividends, does undoubtedly add much to the strength and stability of the bank, and also to its earning power. The whole of the rest fund, indeed, is nething but surplus or undivided profits, save only that portion which has arisen from the issuing of stock at a premium. But it has been thought expedient to divide their surplus profits into two portions, one of which undoubtedly is meant to represent the reserve which is hardly likely at any time to be called upon. It is then obvious that if bad times are in course of being prepared for, the bank should rather refrain from adding too much to the rest, and keep larger sums in the undivided profits account.

The total earning power of the banks in the shape of discounts, call loans, and investments, is now very large indeed in proportion to the capital, the amount for the last month being \$476,000,000, which is seven times the capital. These figures are now approximating far more nearly than they ever did before to those of the banks of England and Scotland, and there are few things that indicate the growth and progress of our country more than this comparison, year by year, between their total capital and their total money-earning power, the latter arising from deposits, circulation and surplus funds. Compare for example the position ten years ago with that at present. It is not possible to make an accurate comparison for the reason that the returns are on a somewhat different system now with regard to money employed abroad. But it is quite evident that the earning power of the banks at that time was not more than four times the capital, whereas now, as we have seen, it is seven times. This in itself, it may be said, is not an absolutely conclusive evidence of solid growth; for loans and discounts may at times be swelled up by large amounts of illegitimate transactions based on those very features just commented on, namely, over-trading, speculation and This is especially likely to be the case extravagance. in prosperous times. But making reasonable allowance for such a possibility as this, there can be no doubt that the earning powers of the banks have been considerably augmented of late years; the only drawback being the lower rates which they have been compelled by competition to accept from their commercial customers. This, however, is a natural consequence of the operation of the law of supply and demand.

We have referred, once or twice, to the steadily increasing influx of Americans to our North-West, and especially to the more distant parts of that immense region. A quiet statement in the annual report of the Hudson's Bay Company to that effect, received less attention than it deserved. It was then stated that amongst their land sales during the past year there

appeared to have been about 15,000 to Ameri-These were not the only Americans by any means who purchased land in the North-West last year. A considerable number of sales are taking place in the province of Manitoba itself, and within a comparatively short distance of Winnipeg. In our opinion, and it is merely an opinion, these are only the pioneers of a far larger influx in the future. As to the character and quality of this immigration, it is, as a rule, all that can be desired. Many of those who are coming into the country from the States are Canadians or children of Canadians, who formerly left Canada, and are now returning to their own country. Many others are English or of English descent, and the rest are of the agricultural class of Americans who have been accustomed to the same kind of life that awaits them in the North-West. Of course they will find all the institutions of the country, municipal, political and religious, such as they will very naturally fall in with. All experience shows that Americans settling down in Canada are among the very best of our citizens, and that they become heartily loyal to the British Empire. From a business and financial point of view all these developments are most satisfactory.

And so are the great developments in the coal and steel industries of Nova Scotia. These have already gone far beyond even the dreams of ten years ago, and future developments may transcend even the dreams of the present. But in saying this we do not commit ourselves to an opinion that the present prices of stocks and bonds based on these industries are well founded. It is the way that speculation always takes to anticipate what may take place in the future, and sometimes the future proves to be a good deal further off than speculators imagine.

ABSTRACT OF BANK RETURNS.
31st March, 1901. [In thousands.]

Description.	Banks in Quebec.	Banks in On- tario.	Banks in other Prov's.	Total.
Capital paid up Circulation Deposits Loans, Discounts and Investments Cash, Foreign Balances (Net), and Call	151,045	22,939 18,825 139,598 149,065	8,095 6,037 42,572 49,073	
Loans	66,024 9,130 5,097 41,913 16,243	4,247 20,213	15,287 3,292 2,303 6,434 8,341	11,649

Description.	Banks in Que- bec.	Banks in On- tario.	Banks in other Prov's.	Total.
Capital paid up Circulation Deposits Loans, Discounts and Investments Cash, Foreign Balances (Net), and Call	24,475 172,295 176,175	20,615 152,805	47.828	68,406 52,442 372,936 393,416
Loans Legals Specie Call Loans Investments	77,511 8,819 5,686 51,230	8,637 4,406 22,799	19,301 3,615 2,166 8,777 9,675	12,261

Government Savings Banks	57,017
Montreal City and District Savings Bank	13,500
La Caisse d'Economie, Quebec	6,525
Loan Companies	20,000

GOVERNMENT CIRCULATION.	
Large\$ Small	18,410 11,458
Gold held. \$15.939 or 53 per cent.	29,868

A COMMERCIAL CONGRESS.

Questions of trade and commerce, and the mutual understanding of them by the nations, are matters fitly discussed now-a-days in all commercial and financial centres. We are informed that an international congress of trade and commerce will be held at Ostend, Belgium, lasting from the 26th till the 30th August The congress has been organized under the auspices of the permanent commission of the International Congress of Trade and Commerce, and is under the patronage of the Belgian Government. Several of the Ministers of the Crown, as well as many prominent economists and business men of Belgium have been appointed members of the organizing committee. Representatives are expected to be sent by different governments to this important reunion and by private communities as well.

The questions to be debated have been subdivided, as follows: Section 1st.—1. Maintenance and development of commercial treaties. 2. Advantages resulting from the system of international commercial agreements. 3. Which are the disadvantages or advantages of maximum and minimum tariffs? 4. Is it expedient to maintain the clause of the treatment of the most favored nation? 5. Is it possible to introduce into the commercial treaties, any stipulation respecting questions of an economical and judicial character, independent of those respecting customs tariffs? Which would be these questions?

Section 2nd.—I. Comparative examination of the legislation affecting business, viz., legislation regarding sales and liens. 2. Statement of the laws and conventions which have organized industrial and commercial property, viewed from an industrial standpoint. Improvements to be made in the same, and by what means.

Section 3rd.—Should the State take any action in order to guarantee retiring pensions?

Ostend, it will be remembered, is an important city of the stirring and prosperous kingdom of Belgium, situated on the North Sea, and convenient to the greater and possibly more interesting cities of Antwerp, Ghent, and Bruges. From thence one can readily visit many historical places both in the kingdom and in the low countries.

THE FORESTERS' FUNCTION.

The Forestric Parlor on Bay street was thronged again on Monday night last by those who witnessed and took part in further initiations into the I.O.F. Blazing with light and decorated with flags, but for the fact that it is not "little," it might almost be called

The prettiest little parlor That ever you did spy.

The assemblage of H. C. R.'s and P. S. T.'s, and D. S. C. R.'s was great, and the Supreme Chief was attended by his body-guard of sixteen charming and highly-decorated young women. The occasion of this

addition to the periodical hurrahs in which the Order is indulging of late was the departure of delegates to the Triennial Conference in the California city of Los Angeles. Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario, Wisconsin and Ohio, each had a representative among the speakers. Mr. Morin from Quebec spoke, the World report tells us, "with a French accent," while Brother Reynolds, from Norway, spoke with "a pleasing foreign accent." England was represented by Mr. Marshall, a past something of the High Court of London, and towards the close of the gathering, Mr. C. H. E. Rea, of England, who was once boasted of so loudly by the S. C. R., as a distinguished actuary, but is not exploited quite so much now, was heard from briefly.

The speeches were of the inflated kind, of course -- one expects this. Different speakers used terms about the Order such as, "big work, noble work,"-"it is the best Order that exists,"-"a monument more lasting than granite,"-"securities all in good shape, gold-edged,"-"great organization,"-"splendid success;" and one venerable P. S. C. R. discovered in the ritual "a sublime symbolic initiatory cance," which is an excellent, likewise an alliterative, phrase. Nothing of all this froth, however, will avail to pay future death claims. The Mayor of Toronto, who seems to have had a little leisure that evening, and who certainly had prepared his speech and got it well reported, exalted the horn of the I.O.F. in a really eloquent way, making allusions to the Norse vikings, the native Indian races, and the Welsh delegate, that were quite classical and worthy of a much more serious occasion. On the whole, the folks had a great time.

It is painful to find this effulgence of boastful gaiety dimmed by the news which reaches us this week about the Australian business of the Order, and the opinions entertained of it there. Letters have come by this mail from Melbourne, from Sydney, and from These inform us that Dr. Montague, from Canada, who is declared in the January "Forester" to have achieved such wonders in Australia for the cause of Forestry, has made more enemies there than friends. A round robin, which we print to-day, signed by eight officers or members of different courts in Victoria, plays havoc with some of the blatant assertions on page after page of that journal about the Australian trip of 1901, and the impression made by it. We reserve a number of these contradictions for future use, and present to-day a letter from Prahran and portions of one from Melbourne. These are very similar in tenor to a Melbourne letter we printed in the Monetary Times of 24th January, saying that "members are getting out faster than they come in," having no faith in life assurance so conducted and on such a basis. The gilded stories of Oronhyatekha and the swollen orations of Dr. Montague, their wire-pullings and their extravagances, were evidently discounted by the cautious Australians.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF FORESTERS IN AUSTRALIA.

(Canadian Life Insurance Society).

Editor MONETARY TIMES:

SIR.—The January issue of the above society's journal [The Forester], is just to hand, and the report it gives of Dr. Montague's reception and work here has simply astounded the members and ex-members of the order, and has given the

death-blow to the work of the society in Victoria, and I believe in Australia.

Dr. Montague arrived here in May, 1901, and was heralded as a Privy Counsellor and Minister of Agriculture and distinguished politician of Canada. The only public meetings he addressed were free concerts at which the best musical talent was engaged and paid for out of the funds of the order. The only press notices were given by small suburban papers, and paid for as advertisements—the great daily press of the large cities ignoring him and his cause completely. The reception Dr. Montague received at the last public meeting (free concert given in the Melbourne Masonic Hall), was such that he declared "he never wanted to set foot in Melbourne again."

It is only now becoming known under what circumstances several members of the Parliament joined the order. The discreditable methods of management adopted by the Supreme Chief Ranger and his nominees have caused prominent members of the order to sever their connection with it and forfeit the premiums they have paid, feeling convinced that no life assurance society in the world could indulge in such reckless extravagance and remain in a solvent condition.

The Supreme Chief Ranger and his party (a large one) enjoyed themselves at the most fashionable and expensive hotel in Australia (Menzies). The banquet reported as tendered to Dr. Oronhyatekha given at that hotel, to which even the employees of the society were invited, was arranged by the management of the I.O.F., and at the expense of the order, and it was on a most lavish scale. Australians have always associated our American cousins with "tall talk," but the January Forester takes the palm, and proves that journal to be a work of fiction instead of a reporter of facts.

In Prahran City, with a population of 41,000, and in which three courts or lodges were formed and were progressing, only one court remains, with about six members; Richmond and Fitzroy and other suburbs being in the same condition. The great Dr. Oronhyatekha's arbitrary and despotic manner alienated the sympathy of many, and convinced most of the members that the I.O.F. could never be acclimated in Australia, however vigorous it might be on Canadian soil.

Trusting you will find room in your valuable journal for the above facts in the interests of those who are endeavoring to make provision for their widows and orphans,

I am, yours obliged,

A Disgusted ex-Member.

I enclose my name and address, with the position I occupied in the Order to show that I am in possession of the true facts of the case which I have only outlined. You are at liberty to use my name if you think it desirable. I also enclose a specimen ticket, thousands of which were distributed. It is the "Welcome to Oronhyatekha."

Melbourne, Victoria, Australia, 24th March, 1902.

Editor MONETARY TIMES.

SIR,—At the request of hundreds of Foresters in Melbourne who have read the January issue of The Forester we present to you the accompanying statement of facts concerning the true condition of the I.O.F. in Australia. Every line of it is correct.

The names hereto signed are those of members and exmembers of the I.O.F., and are affixed for your protection, and as a guarantee of truth. The real facts in connection with Dr. Montagu's visit to Australia are so flagrantly discreditable that you could not possibly publish a full recital of them. If it were possible for the insurance people of Canada to accredit a representative here to gather all the facts the result would be a revelation as startling as one of Jules Verne's romances. It would be the death blow of the order throughout the world. We also send you by this mail copies of Truth and Evening Herald, which will interest you.

We are faithfully yours,

Iames J. Wright, 349 Fitzroy street, Fitzroy, Melbourne. S. Bangs, ex-member Star of Prahran, chemist, 328 Chapel street, Prahran; H. C. officer, member of Committee on State of Order.

A. A. Brown, High Marshal, High Court of Victoria. Court I.O.F., No. 6,000. L. P. T. Pocock, ex-member Court City of Richmond, No. 6.032.

John P. Orr, Past High Secretary High Court of Victoria Percy Samuel Renn, Court Clifton Hill, No. 6,021.

Charles E. White, High Court Officer and ex-Inspector, and Officer of Court City of Fitzroy, No. 6,024.

J. R. Henderson, Court Southern Cross, No. 6,026.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PAPER.

The January number of The Forester, the official organ of the I.O.F., has reached Australia, and has been read by Foresters here with mingled astonishment and disgust. It is a fact that not within the covers of any magazine claiming to speak authoritatively have there appeared so many statements foreign to the truth. To read the speeches of the Supreme Chief Ranger and Dr. Montague (the man of many titles), it would appear that Forestry in this Commonwealth was a happy and fast multiplying family "deeply rooted in Australian soil," while on the contrary it is full of dissension, "collapsing like a pricked bubble," the machinery of our courts busy with writs against it, its chief medical officer in gaol, its ambassador extraordinary in disgrace here, and its name nauseating to the general public. . . .

SOME NOTES ON THE SEAL FISHERY.

NEWFOUNDLAND LETTER.

The Newfoundland sealing voyage this year will be above the average. Up to date eleven steamers are back from the ice, and their total catch reaches close upon two hundred thousand (200,000) seals. Of the nine others still out all except one have been spoken, and they report loads aggregating 40,000. The St. John's Trade Review estimates the number which will be taken by landsmen and schooners at another forty thousand (40,000), making the figures for the season's catch 280,000 seals. Owing to the delay in sailing this year, on account of the sealers' strike, the steamers struck the ice later than usual and have therefore brought in larger and better seals. Last year the average weight of the seals did not exceed thirty-nine pounds apiece; this year the average will be about fifty pounds. At this rate the 280,000 seals this year are of as much value as 350,000 of last year's seals. and taking these to be each worth \$1.25, we have the aggregate value of \$437,000.

I had the good fortune last week to be shown through one of the sealing factories, of which there are three in the island, two in St. John's and one at Harbour Grace. Immediately the seals are landed the flippers are cut off and thrown away but these are easily pounced upon by the crowd waiting around. The poorer classes of the city reap a veritable harvest at the wharves as the flippers are said to be quite palatable when properly cooked, although I have not yet summorled up courage to try them myself. The seals are then weighed (there being two tallymen, one to represent the men, another the vessel-owner), and are passed along to the skinning room, I may as well explain that by seal I mean only the pelt with the inch or inch and a half of fat adhering to it, for the carcases are of no value and are never brought to port. skinners are paid three cents a seal, with a fine of ten cents if they cut a skin, and I was surprised to learn that a good man will often make as high as eighteen dollars a day. After being ground very fine the fat goes to large wickerwork vats. where it is kept at a temperature of 160 to 170 degrees (Fahrenheit, I presume), by means of steam which enters from pipes in the bottom. The oil strains through the basketwork, is cooled in the cooling tanks and finally left in shallow vats in a room with a glass roof where the sun completes the process of refining it. The residue was formerly considered of no value except as a fertilizer, but is now turned over to a Swedish gentleman, a Mr. Rissmiller, who claims to be able to extract still further oil from it by means of sulphuric acid. This treatment is at present in the experimental stage and it is questionable if oil can be obtained by it in sufficient quantities to make it pay.

Up to the present year, the seal skins have all been exported, but for some months past the work of tanning them

has been going on in a small way here, and now the experiment is an accomplished fact. It is reported that when the industry is fully on its feet, it will be absorbed by the Newfoundland Boot and Shoe Mfg. Co., who contemplate working up all the seal skins that can be turned out at the new place. Newfoundland seal skins are considered too coarse for seal skin jackets, although some years ago a Quebec dealer purchased a number for that purpose. He is said to have lost money on the venture, and the experiment was never repeated.

The men paid off from the ships so far, have received on an average nearly fifty dollars per man, very good pay for a fisherman for rather less than a month's work. It must be remembered, however, that these are the crews of the steamers that have returned with full loads and those still at sea will probably not do as well. As a result, of the strike, the men get slightly better terms this year than before. They are allowed one-third of the seals killed, which are taken over by the vessel owners at \$3.50 apiece. In addition, the charge of \$3 per man formerly made, to cover cost of coaling and outfitting the ships, has been abolished. It may be remembered that these are the same terms which they (the men), had refused earlier in the course of the strike.

S. C. NORSWORTHY.

St. John's, Newfoundland, 14th April, 1902.

THE SHIPPING TRADE.

The many rumors which have been rife for so long as to pending steamship amalgamation now appear to have reached a climax, and it is announced that Mr. Pierpont Morgan, aided by Mr. Pirie, of Harland & Wolf, has one more gigantic combine to his credit. The steamship lines involved are the White Star, the Dominion, the Leyland, the Atlantic Transport, the American and the Red Star lines. The joint control of these amalgamated companies, however, will be practically in the hands of the same men who have guided their separate destinies, the intention being to reduce working expenses, to avoid ruinous competition, and to secure harmonious working relations with the American railways. The deal is creating an immense amount of discussion from several points of view in Great Britain, though most papers comment in favorable tones on the fact that no change of flag is necessarily incurred. The combination is startling in its magnitude and means that under one supreme control there will be a fleet of 113 vessels crossing the Atlantic, with an aggregate tonnage of 840,077. and most of them of a modern high-class type. noted that the Allan and Cunard lines are not in the combination, though shareholders in the latter company are to have a meeting shortly to discuss the question. One thing is to be hoped for, as a result of the amalgamation of interests, and that is that the demoralized conditions under which the Atlantic freight trade has been worked recently will come to A prominent Montreal shipping man gave one instance the other day in which a firm paid £40,000 in order to break a contract for two 6,000-ton steamships, this being considered cheaper than to carry out the bargain under existing freight rates.

ATLANTIC PULP AND PAPER CO.

The names of a number of prominent gentlemen in Ottawa, Montreal, Buffalo, Brantford and Toronto appear in connection with the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, whose prospectus was issued about a month ago. The company proposes to place its mills at New Richmond, on the Baie des Chaleurs, Que., a likely spot, where an enormous supply of cheap pulp wood is available, with cheap labor and adequate water-power derived from the Cascapediac river. The timber land secured has an area of 302 square miles, and is well covered with spruce and other suitable wood. It is proposed to erect three mills, one for paper making with a capacity of 54 tons a day, one for producing ground wood pulp, with a capacity of 50 tons, and a sulphite pulp mill with a capacity of 40 tons a day. It is expected that the company will have to expend from \$750,000 to \$1,000,000 on their works

and they now offer to the public at par \$850,000 of cumulative preference stock, bearing seven per cent. The estimates which they place upon the cost of producing pulp and paper for export are lower than we have been accustomed to hear of at other places where these are produced; but they have some advantages in situation and cheap labor, which may justify these, and have besides a sawmill already on the property which is an excellent earning asset. The directors state that they already have offers for its output of paper which will suffice to pay the interest on this stock. There is a good outlook for the project and the parties are respectable business men.

BOOKS RECEIVED.

We have had sent us from the office of the King's Printer, Victoria, B.C., copies of successive issues of a series of pamphlets from the Bureau of Provincial Information. One contains the census figures of 1901, showing on page 8 the population of British Columbia to be 178,657 (it is differently stated on page 7). These are classified as 144,994 Canadians, which must include all British born; 10,070 Americans, 14,201 Chinese, 3,511 Japanese. The remaining 6,000 belong to other nationalities, among whom Russians, Swedes and Italians predominate; 40,000 of the people belong to the Church of England, 34,000 each to the Roman Catholic and Presbyterian bodies, and only 25,000 to the Methodists. There are 10,000 Buddhists and 4,800 Confucians. No. 2 of the series contains a lecture by the Agent-General, Hon. J. H. Turner, on "British Columbia of To-day." The lecturer, addressing the Imperial Institute, chose a good way of introducing his subject. He made outline maps of Great Britain and British Columbia, and hung them up, one over the other. The size of the province "swallowed up Great Britain, and left a margin of many millions of acres yet unfilled." No. 3 describes the Skeena River District and the proposed Bulkely Valley colony in the north of the province. Large pastoral areas exist up there, a large proportion open prairie; the timber round the lakes includes fir, cedar, birch, alder, cottonwood

BANKING ITEMS.

It is stated that the Legislature of Prince Edward Island has resolved to increase the income tax from 1 to 1½ per cent., and to raise the tax on banks to \$1,000 a year on those with headquarters outside the province, and \$500 on those whose head offices are in Prince Edward Island. What do the Island legislators expect to gain by this sort of mediaeval policy? Does it never occur to them that the banks may proceed to get back the amount of these taxes by raising the rate of interest on borrowers, or in some other way.

In March, before the appearance of our last Financial Review, a bank-manager in an Eastern province wrote as follows to the Monetary Times asking that we should comment on the speech made by Mr. H. C. McLeod, at a meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Nova Scotia: "If I am not mistaken, it has long been considered by the very best authorities we have in our own country, that the system of inspection in vogue across the line was entirely inapplicable to Canada, and that it has been somewhat of a delusion and a snare on the other side." This gentleman writes on the 12th April: "Your article headed Financial Review is very interesting reading. . . . It was because the questions raised had a public interest in them that I ventured to draw your attention last month to the matter. I think your article is clear and conclusive in all respects. Thanking you for the information afforded."

—An organization meeting was held in Toronto on Wednesday by the shareholders of the Sovereign Bank, Mr. Archibald Campbell, M.P., in the chair. By-laws were approved, a sketch of the history of the bank given by Mr. Stewart, and the announcement made that the doors would be open for business on 1st May. It is stated that there are 660 shareholders for 15,331 shares, equal to \$1,533,100. Mr. H. S. Holt, of Mont-

real, was elected president; Randolph Macdonald, of Toronto, and James Carruthers, of Montreal, vice-presidents; and the other directors are A. A. Allan, Archibald Campbell, John Pugsley, Toronto; Hon. Peter McLaren, Perth; Hon. Senator McMillan, Alexandria; Henry R. Wilson, New York. The appointment of Mr. D. M. Stewart as general manager was confirmed. We have seen specimens of the five and ten dollar bills to be issued by the new bank. They are good specimens of the engraver's art, and besides their agreeable coloring have the advantage that not too much is attempted to be crowded upon the face of the bill, and the striking centrepiece of each is thereby emphasized. The fives have an excellent portrait of King Edward VII.; the tens a representation of Britannia. The scroll work on the backs of the notes is very elaborate.

FOR GROCERS AND PROVISION DEALERS.

The Lake of the Woods Manufacturing Company have received an order for 31,036 sacks of flour for Australia, as well as one for 12,500 barrels for South Africa.

The Newfoundland Government has obtained from Portugal a concession by which codfish will be admitted to the Portuguese markets on the same terms as Norwegian. The latter is now admitted into Portugal at 20 cents lower than the Newfoundland fish

A farmer of Huntingdon County, Quebec, Mr. McClatchie, tapped in March his sugar bush of 240 trees, from which he made 125 gallons of syrup, of the standard weight of 13 pounds per gallon. Such a return is rare.

The "Jacona," of the Thompson line, arrived in Montreal from the Mediterranean with nearly 60,000 packages of oranges and lemons. The fruit, like that ex-"Fremona," appears to be in very good condition.

We hear that, as a result of the exorbitantly high prices of meat and the consequent indisposition on the part of consumers to purchase more than they are obliged at such a figure, several retail butchers in Toronto and other places have temporarily closed down. This has been the experience also in New York, London and other places. Prime cuts of beef are now up to 18c. per pound and 20c. is not unlikely to be reached.

—At the Board meeting of the Standard Bank of Canada, on Tuesday last, Mr. Frederick Wyld was unanimously chosen vice-president of the bank in the room of the late Mr. John Burns.

—To the dividend of five per cent. for the half-year, usually declared by the Bank of Toronto, is added for this current half a bonus of one per cent. This handsome dividend of six per cent. for a six months' term has never before, we believe, been paid by the Bank of Toronto.

—Now Quebec has a strike, Some four hundred laborers, variously described as masons' assistants, bricklayers, clerks, etc., working on various new buildings, struck on Monday for 15 cents per hour, having previously worked ten hours a day for 12½e per hour. Quebec has long had the name of furnishing the cheapest-priced labor, and really it does not seem out of the way that these men should ask to earn a dollar and a half a day. They ought to be worth that much, if painters and stone masons in Toronto can command, as they do to-day, double the money.

—The increase in Canadian bank clearings of recent weeks is very noteworthy. The average clearings per week at all clearing houses in April last year were \$34,114,000, but in April this year they reach \$50,000,000 a week. This is doubtless largely because of extensive speculative transactions in industrial stocks. The total of last week and the week before exceeded \$57,000,000; this week they are close to \$55,000,000. The clearing houses of Montreal and Toronto are responsible for most of these swollen transactions. In three April weeks the former city shows an aggregate of \$24,500,000, \$26,300.000, and \$27,000,000 while Toronto is not far behind with \$19,600,000, \$19,780,000 and \$20,580,000, respectively.

—A special despatch from Ottawa, dated Monday last, assures the readers of Le Journal, of Montreal, that the Federal Government has decided in view of the numerous delegations of Montreal and Quebec shippers who have appealed to them, to spend this year and next larger sums than have been expended for seven years past for the lighting of the river and gulf of St. Lawrence below Montreal. That is to say, it is proposed to renew or improve the lights and signals, and to make such other arrangements as will further the safety of navigation. Le Journal adds: "The Government has preferred to sacrifice three-fourths of the supplementary budget of Mr. Tarte in order to devote a greater sum to this immense reform. This will be pleasurable news for Montreal and Quebec."

—The wrecked Elder-Dempster steamship, "Lake Superior," has been sold to Connors' Bros., Boston, for \$26,000, as she lies in St. John Harbor. This is truly a discouraging piece of news. As far as we can understand the matter, here is an ocean steamer, whose anchors dragging she drifts with the tide, striking amidships upon a ledge or obstruction in the harbor of St. John, near the Quarantine station. There is a swift current; she cannot be pulled off; no pontoons are available to support and lighten her; day after day passes finally she breaks in two, and her owners in disgust sell her remains for the paltry sum named above. Is there not a lesson here? We have no wish to discredit the claims of St. John harbor, but either the Government should have this dangerous point dredged or some lighterage apparatus should be provided before the marine underwriters can be blamed as extortioners

-According to a recent issue of the Vancouver "Province," Mr. Frederic Nicholls, of Toronto, has been saying some patriotic things to the people of the Pacific slope. He is a member of the underwriting committee of the new corporation which aims to combine a large majority of the salmon cannery interests of the Fraser and northern rivers. He declares that "this project could just as easily have been under-written for four or five times as much, if the business had been large enough to demand that, and we would not have gone outside of Canada for a bit of the money." Mr. Nicholls knows how to taffy the Western folk. For example, he says: "For natural advantages, every one knows and there is none but admits that British Columbia is distinctly ahead of the other parts of the Canadian domain." But he possesses a sense of proportion, for he admits that other parts of Canada deserve a good word; thus: "I believe the Maritime Provinces are destined to become the greatest manufacturing centres on the continent;" and "industrially and commercially, the same progress [that characterizes them], is true all through Ontario and further west." And he insists boldly that there is plenty of money in Canada to start more industries than we at present possess. It does no harm to have some strong talk like this, occasionally; in fact, it may do good, for it should help to keep in our midst young and ambitious men who have imbibed the notion that the United States is a preferable country to our own.

CLEARING HOUSE FIGURES.

The following are the figures for Canadian clearing houses for the week ended with Thursday, April 24, 1902, compared with those of the previous week.

CITIES	April 24, 1902.	April 17, 1902,
Montreal	\$24,552,366	\$26,340,472
Toronto	20,588,391	19,787,584
Winnipeg	3,135,370	3,199,335
Halifax	1,680,144	1,802,676
Hamilton	1,232,246	854,079
St. John	765,916	782,909
Vancouver	934,620	820,261
Victoria	605,984	581.266
Quebec	1,090,625	1,045,478
Ottawa	1,583,487	1,834,114
	056 140 140	957.040.1-

Aggregate balances, this week \$7,396,228; last week \$7,481,002

GUELPH BOARD OF TRADE.

The annual meeting of the Guelph board of trade was held in the council chamber of the city hall, Guelph, on Tuesday evening, April 15th. attendance was large and the meeting a very profitable one. The retiring president, Mr. A. F. H. Jones, in his address, gave an exhaustive review of the board's work for the year as well as the state of trade in the city and country.

In his opening remarks he said: "During the past year the trade of the city has been good. Manufacturers have been busy, and the merchants have done well. Much of this improved mercantile trade is due to the high prices received by our farmers for both hogs and cattle, and as prices are still good the outlook for the coming year is still, in my judgment, as good as was the prospect for business at the commencement of 1901. Indeed, I may say that there is no sign apparent that the period of prosperity which this country is now enjoying is coming to an end. However, we all know that there are periods of depression alternating with those of prosperity, and as the last five or six years have been prosperous years, we may look forward to a change within the next few years, and for this we should be prepared."

The president reviewed the satisfactory condition under which the laboring classes of Canada were working, and noted the hopeful outlook for the year. The sugar-beet question received a good deal of attention. Among other things Mr. Jones advocated a bonus of a quarter of a cent per pound from each Government, making a total of a half cent per pound to induce farmers to undertake the growing of sugar-beets in Ontario. The speaker also advocated a free market for Guelph and pointed out its great advantages.

The following gentlemen were appointed to the stated offices for the coming year: President R. L. Torrance; vice-president, J. M. Duff; sec.-treas., Chas. A. Beam.

Customs receipts at Calgary for the first quarter of the current year amounted to \$22,823, a gain of \$6,492 compared with that period of last year.

A DESPATCH from Rossland mentions that with the output of ore for the week ended April 19, the tonnage for the year to date from the Rossland Camp is brought over the 100,000 ton mark.

HAWKINS BROS., general storekeepers at Blind River, Algoma district, are well known in that locality. Their creditors held a meeting in Toronto yesterday. As no statement had been prepared a trustee was appointed.

AFTER trying without success to arrange a compromise, Hugo Turnbull. baker at Sault Ste. Marie, has found an assignment necessary.- Two weeks ago we stated that an application had been made to the courts for a winding-up order by the president of the National Cigar in this city. This has been granted, and E. R. C. Clarkson appointed permanent liquidator.

A LARGE frame storehouse, forming part of the Stanley Barracks, Toronto, was on Wednesday morning last destroyed by fire. Loss, principally in soldiers' kits, over \$2,000; covered by in-

Building permits issued up to date this year in Winnipeg only amount to \$239,-250, as compared with \$373,425 for the same period last year, but the latter figures included the cost of the new Merchants' Bank building which was more than equal to the deficiency.

MESSRS. Peter Lyall & Sons, Montreal, have closed a contract with the Sturgeon Falls Pulp and Paper Company for the development of their water power and the erection of the buildings acquired for their mills at Sturgeon Falls. About \$500,000 is the sum involved.

WM. S. PHILIPS, dealer in men's furnishing goods in Victoria, suffered from a fire in his premises in December last to the extent of \$1,500. This is now followed by his assignment.---Another assignment is that of F. W. Foster, general storekeeper, Ashcroft, B.C., who a month ago was endeavoring to arrange an extension of time, but his eastern creditors declined to grant it. He owes \$98,500, and has nominal assets of \$132,-000. Of this sum \$34,598 is composed of book accounts; the stock is \$66,000, real estate \$29,500 and about \$2,000 in furniture, etc.

Ar a largely attended meeting of pulpwood dealers held on the 22nd in Quebec it was resolved to organize a body under the name of the Province of Quebec Pulpwood Dealers' Association, with officers as follows: President, Mr. H. M. Price, of Quebec; secretary-treasurer, Mr. E. C. Gatien, Sherbrooke; directors, E. W. Tobin, M.P., O. C. Morrissette, B. C. Howard, G. H. St. Pierre, F. N. McCrea, O. Brouillard, J. N. Mercier, M. Huger and Mr. Smith, of the Canadian Northern Railway. The association's aim will be to agree upon a uniform price to be paid for pulpwood, thus doing away with the present competition among the dealers. The present Government system of disposing of pulpwood limits will be opposed.

> STOCKS IN MONTREAL. MONTREAL, April 23, 1902

				Clos	ing	price
STOCKS.	Highest.	Lowest.	Total.	Sellers.	Buyers.	Average, 1901
Montreal	260	2583	11	265	258	
Ontario		*******			132	*****
Molsons	209	207	141	********		*****
Toronto	240	240	2		*******	********
J. Cartier				*******		*******
Merchants					** ******	********
Commerce	1591	1591	10		********	
Union	2004			************	*******	*******
Hochelaga					********	******
Nationale					*********	******
M. Telegraph	170	168	249	175	169	******
R. & O. Nav	117	113	2190	1124	111	*******
Street Ry	274	2693	175	270	2671	*******
N Stock	212	2014	-10		201.0	*******
Ht. & Power	1059	101	3532	1024	102	******
C. P. R	129		32,418	123	1251	******
Land Gt Bonds	Laug				LEVE	******
Rell Tele, Co	165	1€3	144	170	163	*******
N. W. Land pfd	100	200	7.8.2	110	103	******
Mont. 4% Stock	*******	*********	********	********	******	*******
Money 2% Stock	*******	********	*******		********	********

Ontario Accident and Lloyds Plate Glass

ACCIDENTS AND DISEASE.

INSURANCE COMPANIES Issue Specially Attractive Policies covering Accident Accident and Sickness Combined, Employers', Elevator, General and Public Liability. Plate Glass.

EASTMURE & LIGHTBOURN, Gen'l Agents 3 Toronto Street, TORONTO.

Union

Assurance Society of London

Instituted n the Reign of Queen Anne,

Capital and Accumulated Funds Exceed \$16,000,000

One of the Oldest and Strongest of Fire Offices

Canada Branch: Corner St. James and McGill Sts., Montreal.

T. L. MORRISEY, Manager, W. & E. A. BADENACH, Toronto Agents

The Continental Life Insurance Co. Head Office, TORONTO AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$1,000,000

The policies of the Continental are as liberal and free as absolute safety allows, and the premiums are as low as the security of policyholders permits. For districts and agencies apply to Head Office.

HON. JOHN DRYDEN, President.

GEO. B. WOODS, Manager.

CHAS. H. FULLER, Secretary.

ANGLO-AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE CO.

HEAD OFFICE :

McKinnon Bldg., Toronto

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$1,000,000

Full Government Deposit. Insurance accepted at equitable rates. A. DEAN, Manager.

City Agent-H. G. CHARLESWORTH.

Applications for Agencies Solicited.

The London Mutual

Fire Insurance Co. of Canada Head Office-LONDON, Ont.

Losses Paid. Business in force, over

\$3,000,000 \$60,000,000 \$502,800 53

Hon. John Dryden, President.

Assets

GEO. GILLIES, Vice-President

H. WADDINGTON, See'y and Man. Director.

The Dominion of Canada Guarantee & Accident Ins. Co., Toronto, Ont.

BONDS for the fidelity of employees COMPENSATION for accidental injuries. INSURANCE against sickness. GEO. GOODERHAM, J. E. ROBERTS, Gen Manager

ATLANTIC PULP AND PAPER Co., Limited

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, CANADA

Authorized Capital, \$3,000,000

In Shares of \$100 each, divided into 15,000 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Shares, \$1,500,000; 15,000 Common shares, \$1,500,000

\$850,000 of 7 per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock is now offered to the Public for sale at par

PAYABLE: 10 per cent. on application, 20 per cent. on allotment, 20 per cent. two months after allotment, 25 per cent. four months afterallotment, and 25 per cent. six months after allotment.

DIRECTORS

PRESIDENT-W. C. EDWARDS, M.P., of W. C. Edwards & Co., Limited, Lumber Manufacturers, Ottawa. VICE-PRESIDENT-R. Y. ELLIS, Director of P. W. Ellis & Co., Limited, Manufacturing Jewelers, Toronto.

R. H. THOMSON, Wholesale Paper Merchant, Buffalo.

A. J. H. ECKARDT, Manufacturer, Toronto.

CHARLES LYMAN, President The Lyman-Knox Co., Limited,

CHAS. H. WATEROUS, President of Waterous Engine Works Co., J. W. WARDROPE, Director The New Richmond Lumber Co., Limited, Montreal.

WM. M. McINTYRE, Paper Manufacturer (late Mechanical Super-intendent Laurentide Pulp Co.)

W. R. P. PARKER, Barrister-at-Law, Toronto.

BANKERS-THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE.

SOLICITORS-PARKER & BICKFORD, Toronto, Canada.

BROKERS-SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Ottawa, Canada.

REGISTRARS OF STOCK AND TRANSFER AGENTS:

NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, Limited, Toronto, Montreal & Winnipeg

N.B.—Since the Prospectus of the Company was issued (about the First of April), the Company has received two offers for the pur chase of its entire output of paper. These offers are entirely unsolicited, and are from parties whose standing is such as to guarantee the performance of any contract they may undertake. One of these offers covers the first year of production, and the other covers the first three years. Either offer, if accepted, would be sufficiently profitable to assure the payment of the full dividend on the Preferred Stock. provide the amount required by the Charter for a Reserve Fund, and leave a balance sufficient to pay a large dividend on the Common Stock, if no unforeseen contingencies should arise. This does not include profits estimated from the sale of sulphite pulp or from the saw mill, which, it seems reasonable to suppose, would be sufficient to cover all unexpected contingencies.

PROSPECTUS

OBJECTS OF THE COMPANY

The Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, has been organized in order to take advantage of the unrivalled facilities for the manufacture of pulp and paper at New Richmond, on the Baie des Chaleurs, and by its charter, has powers of the fullest description. It is confidently believed that pulp and paper can be more economically manufactured there than any other place in America.

The essentials to the success of such a concern are:

1. Cheap and unlimited pulp wood

Adequate water power cheaply developed; Pure water for the manufacturer;

Cheap labor; Low transportation charges; Efficient management.

It will be seen that the facilities possessed by this Company assure a point of cheapness in the production of paper never attained before, while the situation of the mills on the Atlantic seaboard makes it possible to ship to all foreign ports by water without trans-shipment. As the Company proposes to confine itself almost exclusively to the export trade, it will readily be seen that this gives it further advantage over all other companies. over all other companies

1. WOOD SUPPLY.—No paper mill in Canada has greater advantages in point of situation. Many companies do not own their own limits, being entirely dependent on outside purchases, and subject to fluctuations of supply and price. Other companies owning limits have to transport their wood from great distances by water or rail. Thus we find mills at Merritton and Niagara Falls are bringing their pulpwood from Central Quebec. Some prosperous paper companies even buy their pulp in the manufactured state. The mills of the Atlantic Pulp and Paper Company, Limited, will be built about two miles from the limits, where there will also be a very large mill-pond capable of holding several million logs. The little Cascapedia River flows from end to end through the centre of the limits, and the large number of tributary streams does away with the greater part of the hauling usually entailed in getting out pulp wood, thereby greatly decreasing the cost.

2. WATER POWER.—Mr. George F. Hardy of New York, the

2. WATER POWER.—Mr. George F. Hardy of New York, the foremost American authority on this subject, has made a thorough examination of the water power that can be developed on the Little Cascapedia River at a point immediately adjoining the proposed mill site, and his report shows that sufficient power can be developed to run mills of even greater capacity.

mills of even greater capacity.

This report can be seen at the office of the undersigned, or at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited.

3. WATER SUPPLY - Pure and clean water is one of the most important factors in connection with pulp and paper-making. The bed of the Little Cascapedia River is rocky, and owing to its crystal-like clearness and purity the water in the river is suitable for making the finest grades of paper without the expense of filtering, which is almost invariably required at other mills.

4. COST OF LABOR.—The labor employed in the mills and woods cost less than probably any other American mill, as far as known, as competent men in this section of the country, on account of the cheapness of living, ask very low wages.

5. TRANSPORTATION CHARGES.—The shipping facilities of this Company are certainly unequalled by any similar enterprise in Canada, the situation of the mills on the Baie des Chaleurs giving every possible advantage for export trade, which is probably the most profitable field. Arrangements can be made with Atlantic steamship lines to run steamers from New Richmond for eight months in the year, as required. During the winter months favorable winter rates have been arranged with the Railway Companies to St. John and Halifax, New Richmond being on the line of the Atlantic and Lake Superior Railway, which will be connected with the mills by a siding.

6. MANAGEMENT.—The Company has been fortunate in securing the services of Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, formerly Mechanical Superintendent with the Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, who will act as Manager of the construction and operation of the mills. Mr. McIntyre has had over 20 years' experience in pulp and paper-making, and is regarded as an authority on the manufacture of pulp and paper.

PROPERTIES

The properties and limits acquired by the Company contain about The properties and limits acquired by the Company contain about three hundred and two square miles, or one hundred and ninety-three thousand two hundred acres, more or less. The wood is principally spruce, and there is also a large quantity of cedar, pine, birch, balsam, balm of Gilead, and poplar. The Company has reports on this property made by five different expert Rangers, acting independently. Copies of these may be seen at any office of the National Trust Company, Limited, or at the office of the undersigned. The following is an extract from one of the reports:

"I have been working in the lumber woods for twenty years or more, and have travelled and examined limits in the State of Maine, New Brunswick, and Quebec, and worked in Wisconsin and Minnesota, and I am sure that this is the best pulp limit I have ever seen or travelled over."

On the basis of any one of these reports a conservative estimate shows On the basis of any one of these reports a conservative estimate shows that there is sufficient pulpwood now on the limits to supply the proposed mills for more than 65 years. As spruce wood will replace itself in from twenty-four to thirty years, it will be seen that there is sufficient wood on the limits to afford a perpetual supply to a mill double the capacity of that now contemplated.

The freehold property consists of twenty acres, where the saw mill, dwellings, and office are situated, and 356½ acres on the bank of the Little Cascapedia River, where it is proposed to build the Pulp and Paper Mills.

THE PULP AND PAPER MILLS

It is proposed to erect-

A Paper Mill with a daily capacity of 54 tons.

A Ground Wood Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 50 tons and a A Sulphite Pulp Mill with a daily capacity of 40 tons.

Mr. George F. Hardy has estimated the cost of erecting the Pulp and Paper Mills and of developing the water power at \$050,000. The balance from the sale of the Preferred Stock will be sufficient to complete the payments for the limits, water power, saw mill, etc., provide working capital, and leave a substantial balance for contingencies.

THE SAW MILL

There is on the property a saw mill, equipped with the latest improved machinery, capable of turning out from 35,000 to 40,000 superficial feet of sawn lumber in ten hours, and is equipped with all necessary power, gearing, shafting, etc., for the installation of another saw, which would double the capacity.

MARKETS

The markets will be chiefly foreign, including the Eastern States and Great Britain. In view of the expected advances in the price of paper in the Eastern States it is probable that the greater part of the output will be marketed there. Situated as the mills will be on the seaboard, paper can be laid down in Liverpool and New York, duty paid, at such a price as to defy competition.

Freight quotations can be seen at the offices of the National Trust Company, or the undersigned.

ESTIMATE OF BUSINESS AND PROFITS

Estimating the cost of pulp wood at \$2.25 a cord, careful estimates made for the Company show that the ground wood pulp should not cost over \$5.89 a ton, and sulphite pulp not over \$16.00 a ton. The actual cost of newspaper from pulp, estimated at these prices, should not be over \$16.94 a ton. This is after making all necessary allowance for depreciation and renewal of plant, and all charges of management and selling.

The following estimate of the annual output of the mills has been prepared by Mr. Wm. M. McIntyre, a practical pulp and paper manufacturer, and is believed to be conservative and well within the mark, and includes allowances for salaries and contingencies:

16,902 tons of newspaper at \$37.00 a ton

10 h. at mills

8874,209.00 Cost of producing same: 16,902 tons of newspaper, at \$16.94 a ton 286,319.88 8,294½ tons of sulphite pulp at \$16 a ton 132,712.00 419.031.88 Showing a profit of .

7 per cent. on \$1,500,000 Preference Stock..... \$455,177.12 Available for Reserve Fund and further Dividends .. \$350,177.12

The ground wood pulp and the balance of sulphite pulp will be consumed in the paper mill of the Company.

The estimated profits from the operation of the saw mill are not included in these figures, but owing to the enormous quantities of cedar on the limits, substantial profits should be made from the manufacture of railway ties, shingles, etc. The Laurentide Pulp Company, Limited, in its annual report, June 30th, 1900, stated that the Company's saw mill added to the year's profits an amount equal to its entire cost, although it was operated for only three months of the year, and estimated that the future profits from this source would cover the interest on the entire bond issue of the Company.

ISSUE OF STOCK.

For the acquiring of the said property, equipment of the pulp and paper mills, the development of the water power, building the railway siding to the mills, and the furnishing of sufficient working capital, the present issue of Preference Stock is made. The whole of the Seven Per Cent. Cumulative Preference Stock has been authorized to be issued on the following terms:

The whole of the Seven per cent. Cumulative Preference Stock subscribed and paid for, The Seven Per Cent. Preferred Stock is Cumulative, carries yearly dividends, and has priority over the Common Stock as to both dividends and assets.

After the payment of the dividend on the Preferred Stock, and before any payment of dividend on the Common Stock, a further sum of one per cent, must be applied to a reserve fund, under the charter. This fund will be for the further assuring of the dividends on the Preferred Stock. Application will be made in due course for the listing of the shares of the Company on the Toronto and Montreal Stock Exchanges.

Applications for Preferred Shares should be forwarded to the National Trust Company, Limited, Checks, drafts, etc., are to be made payable to the National Trust Company, Limited, if the whole amount applied for be not alloted, the surplus paid on deposit will be appropriated towards the sum due on allotment. Where I further information and Forms of Application can be obtained at the offices of Sutherland & Cameron, 48 Sparks Street, Ottawa, We offer the Preferred Stock for sale on the above terms.

SUTHERLAND & CAMERON, Brokers, OTTAWA, . . CANADA.

=	The Shirt of the Short of			CAPI	TAL.				LIABI	LITIES			
u f	ATEMENT OF BANK inder Dominion Gov't or the month ending 1902.	charter,	Capital authorized.	Capital sub-scribed.	Capital paid up.	Amount of Rest or Reserve Fund.	Rateper cent. of last Divi- dend declar'd	Notes in circulation.	Bal. due to Dom. Gov. after I educting advances.	Bal. due to Provincial Govern- ments.	payable on	Deposits by the Public pay- able after notice or on a fixed day.	
1 2 3	ONTARIO. Bank of Toronto Canadian Bank of Commerce Dominion Bank	Toronto do do	\$3,000,006 8,000,000 3,000,006	2,475,700 8,000,000 2,500,000	2,461,460 8,000,000 2,500,000	2,461,460 2,000,000 2,500,000	10 7 10 5	2,076,064 5,921,978 2,417,079 1,372,108	30,560 273,036 23,301 14,751	257,967 341,570 195,199 320,898	4,035,103 11,341,723 5,010,087 1,860,915	9,652,963 30,117,697 14,309,949 6,245,785	
4 5 6	Ontario Bank	do do do	1,500,000 2,000,000 2,500,000	1,400,000 1,000,000 2.500,000	1,398,780 1,000,000 2,500,000	350,000 750,000 1,850,600	10	934,653 2,586,391	19,131 34,310	213,559 348,027	2,914,356 5,514,651	6,948,206 11,388,083	
7 8 9	Traders Bank of Canada	do Hamilton Ottawa	1,500,000 2,500,000 2,000,000	1,350,000 2,000,000 2,000,000	1,350,C00 2,000,000 2,000,000	250,000 1,500,000 1,765,000	6 10 9	1,346,660 1,890,310 1,885.791	21,576 19,286	103,107 527,694	1,736,437 4,005,405 2,599,074	6,690,692 9,074,308 7,906,318	
10	Western Bank of Canada	Oshawa	1,000,000	500,000	418,239	134,000	7	384,630	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		371,064	2,042,959	1
11 12	QUEBEC. Bank of Montreal Bank of B. N. A.	Montreal do	12,000,000 4,866,666	12,000,000 4,866,666	12,000,000 4,866,666	7,000,000 1,776,333	10 6	7,023,381 2,196,160	2,401,456 7,392	62,515 11,342	20,559,309 4,709,285 188,193	44,005,616 7,875,275 726,991]
13	Provincial Bank of Canada	do	1,000,000	874,037	818,620 1,869,380	Nil. 750,000	3 7	759,758 1,400,029	17,023 20,634	85,418 74,129	1,551,571	5,332,543	
14 15 16	La Banque d'Hochelaga	do do do	2,000,000 2,500,000 6,000,000	1,999,700 2,500,000 6,000,000	2,500,000 6,000,000	2,150,000 2,600,000	9 7	2,363,461 4,191,446	19,834 187,964	52,473 1,095	3,883,691 4,624,020	11,236,777	
17 18 19	Banque Nationale	Quebec do do	2,000,000 3,000,000 2,000,000	1,450,440 2,500,000 2,000,000	1,407,381 2,500,000 2,000,000	275,000 700,000 550,000		1,355,259 1,519,677 1,864,993	15,151 18,232 2,800	63,344 105,295 719,475	1,130,444 3,005,122 2,120,671	3,851,526 5,170,243	
20 21 22	Banque de St. Jean		1,000,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	500,200 504,600 2,000,000	262,299 327,290 1,931,525	10,000 75,000 1,050,000	6		31,130	13,733 7,010 9,124	22,711 81,656 1,046,221	244,350 1,033,340 5,399,133	
23 24 25	NOVA SCOTIA. Bank of Nova Scotia	Halifax do do	2,000,000 3,000,000 800,000	2,000,000 2,000,000 700,000	2,000,000 2,000,000 700,000	2,800,000 1,700,000 280,000	7	1,943,624 1,929,167 692,663	97,994		4,331,860 2,751,922 487,126	11,373,098 8,806,993 1,970,152	1
26 27 28	Union Bank of Halifax	do do Yarmouth	1,500,000 1,000,000 300,000	900,000 600,000 300,000	900,000 600,000 300,000	575,000 500,000 40,000	7	786,030 572,285 68,419	11,704 15,520		643,387 818,140 63,657	3,137,349 2,984,966 434,757	
29	Exchange Bank of Yarmouth Commercial Bank of Windsor	do Windsor	280,000 500,000	280,000 500,000	264,971 350,000	40,000 60,000		64,203 290,362	6,199		104,595 445,405	216,355 500,536	
31	NEW BRUNSWICK. Bank of New Brunswick	St. John	500,000	500,000	500,000	700,000		480,903	Contract Children and the		536,521	2,067,963	1
32	People's Bank	Fredericton St. Stephen	180,000 200,000	180,000 200,000	180,000 200,000	169,000 45,000		170,974 121,472	11,979 9,317		86,304 84,161	264,082 209,699	
34	P.E. ISLAND. The Merchants Bank of P. E. I	Charlottetown	560,000	300,013	300,013	175,000	8				415,328		1000
35	The Summerside Bank				***************************************	***************************************	-						
		edg yes or				***************************************		***************************************		-	03.000.110		
	Grand total		77,126,666	69,381,356	68,406,624	37,571,798		52,442,982	3,637,755	3,512,974	92,380,118	239,529,963	1

							ASSE	TS.				200 019			
	BANK	Specie.	Dominion Notes.	Deposits with Dom Gov. for security of note circulation.	Notes of and Cheques on other Banks.	Loans to other Banks in Canada secured	Demand deposits or at notice or on a fixed day with other Banks in Canada.	Balance due from agents of Bank or from other banks, etc., in United Kingdom.	Balance due from agents of the B'k or from other Banks or agencies abroad.	Dominion Govern- ment deben- tures or stocks.	Public and Munic. securities not Canadian	Can- adian, British and other Railway securi- ties.	Call Loans on Bonds and Stocks.	Call and Short Loans else- where than in Canada	Current Loans.
1 2 3	ONTARIO. Bank of Toronto C. Bk. of Commerce Dominion Bank	\$667,516 1,100,619 866,549		95,000 300,000 100,000	2,166,781				621,872 1,202,410 620,955	1,508,512	36,227 279,778 712,763	2,713,169 6,797,823 2,647.879	2,077,381 4,995,598 2,955,328	350,000 2,609,000	13,520,938 33,668,935 17,368,887
4 5	Ontario Bank Standard Bank Imperial Bank Can	102,581 199,329 629,338	311,175 350,101	70,000 50,000 105,000	221,937		121,754 184,207 299,636	469,554	31,738 1,846,720	580,288 560,501	226,466 1,613,418 1,003,644	879,422 674,523 1,169,413	1,166,828 2,643,868		9,002,502 7,451,£09 13,108,260
789	Traders Bk. of Can. Bank of Hamilton Bank of Ottawa	165,784 264,215 383,087	462,856	60,000 100,000	160,710 255,386		170,009		358,639	130,420 464,252	4,938 1,648,631 874,059	864,964 350,068 302,737	1,928,690 1,026, 9 03		6,778,489 13,199,320 11,577,314
0	Western Bk. Can	27,578		20,412	36,263		533,699	15,459	16,198	160,234	525,289	196,033			1,737,997
1 2	QUEBEC. Bank of Montreal Bank of B. N. A	3,034,036 928,769		340,000 130,078		60,000	13,542 15,721	260,710	470,189	537,262		5,60d,007 308,423	2,438,143		
3	Provincial Bk of Can	9,952		The second second second			28,963	The second second	A COLUMN TO SECOND		223,262 438,889	284,784 3,000	608,206 804,743		1,653,139
4 5 6	Bk. de Hochelaga Molsons Bank Merchants Bk.Can.	145,964 359,819 489,081	528,396 977,367 775,318	120,000	683,591	406,463	35,888 227,221 4.382	128,822	488,212 88 805	323,770 1,159,476	762,7: 0 770,951	1,312,210 3,931,109	1,478,160 4,640,770	4,649,666	7,180,048 15,589,514 13,009,49
7 8 9	Bank Nationale Quebec Bank Union Bank Can	84,353 269,168 207,908	548,949	90,230		219,600	60,507 6,809 55,731		66,765 129,410 38,721	201,060	223,267 40,669	552,226 34,553			6,712,293 7,011,590 10,462,008
20	Bank de St. Jean B. de St. Hyacinthe Eastern Tp. Bank	7,254 21,227 129,467	25,187	3,725 15,327	17,256		56,312 35,104 287,514		4,100 18,267 288,320	7	250,09	105,262	15,913 689,223		633,696 1,618,408 8,520,064
13 14	NOVA SCOTIA. Bk. of Nova Scotia. Royal Bank of Can. People's Bk. of Hal.	1,103,624 602,150 68,870	1,220,020	96,000	530,889	3	277 89,951 40,866		357,398	399,652	453,939		1,018,397 209,540	736,230	6,769,633 10,600,935 3,386,668
25 26 27 28	Union Bk, of Hal'x. Halifax Bank'g Co. Bank of Yarmouth.	75,291 72,672	462,637 239,300	45,000	107,308 121,083	3	251,498 82,468 42,340	3 41,490 1,860	135,40° 24,139	7 319,860 2 39,400	382,513	68,000 450			3,677,723 3,748,809 760,52
29	Exchange Bk. Yar Com. Bk. Windsor.	6,104 29,539		3,901	1,379	2	40 414	9 4,03		7	20,000	63,770 336	35,900	••••••••	510,000 1,333,37
31	N. BRUNSWICK. Bk. of N. Brunswick	144,710	202,571	27,538	53,019	9	146,665	23,65	3 204,38	CONTRACTOR ASSESSED.		169,711		200,000	1,940,79
32	People's Bank, N.B. St. Stephen's Bank,	5,112	8,628	7,500	6,31		5,63				4,600	2,300			783,36 514,86
34	P. E. ISLAND. Mer. Bk. of P.E.I	20,301	29,489	9,620	13,79	4		8	A LONG TO STATE OF	6					1,343,70
35	Summerside Bank				•••••										
	Grand Total	. 12,261,266	6 21,073,020	0 2,569,513	12,060,80	2 686,063	3,554,63	8 3,152,35	3 11,890,62	6 10,201,350	14,052508	34,329,610	38,052,304	14,200,310	300,066,69

			LIABI	LITIES				
Deposits elsewhere than in Canada.	Loans from other banks in Canada secured.	Balances due to other Banks in Canada in daily exchanges.	Balances due to agen- cies of bank, or to other banks or agencies in United Kingdom.		Liabilities not included	Total liabilities.	Directors' liabilities.	100
6,230,534		390,755 287,777	1,494,457		2 137	16,459,447 56,536,584	387,801	1
		The second second second	486,879	Sign of the same of		22,412,496	713,057 478,000	2
			435,828 398,739			10,250,286	74,472	4
***************************************					***************************************	10,728,742 19,738,976	307,630	5
***************************************			247.514		*** ***********************************		130,779	6
			408,486	6.227	*** ***********************************	10.130,339	158.440	7
		2,000	435,661		***********	12,848,200	26,063 137,115	8 9
		0,002		是是一位五十	12,626	2,814,962	10,400	10
18,236,993 1,993,004		426,363 106,151	146,000	146,582	14,977 7.277,914	92,730,612 24 469,135	4,484,000	11
	626,063				12,570	2,416,018		12
***************************************			- 90,439	12.043	79,848			13
***************************************		228,168	541	71,236	48,527	8,561,210 17,904,714	151 473	14
35,984		838,762	1,387,617		2,032	25,754,845	353,581 357,276	15 16
***************************************	***************************************	10,221 141,907	71,568 267,535			6,680,966	526,826	17
		5,302	166,782		***************************************	8,909,297 10,050,269	455,885 535,965	18 19
***************************************	••••••				2,985	493,082		20
		4 365			7,492	1,405.103 7,806,756	21.158 58,535 271,192	21 22
2,138,691		390.318		265,287	904	20 705 975	211,102	
1,477,314		61,799	301,330	73,110	892	20,705,355 15,500,496	294,190	23
***************************************		32,7:6	83,348		3.636	3,267,781	219,719	24
***************************************					19,766	4,629,119	279.637	25
***************************************		2,004			1,001	4.400.101	418,721 7,805	26
						582,354	38,004	27
***************************************	***************************************				1,105	446,259	4,519	28
		To Later Tay				1,245,347	109.134	29
Ball 1487 (2.00)						3,145,952	184,590	
		15.964		7.967		549,304	108,831	31
		240			4,870	437.031	59,720	33
					7,650	1,045.925	115,667	
			***************************************				***************************************	34
								00
30,112,520	626,063	3,140,271	6,423,912	1,188,116	7,501,583	440,496,328	11,403,951	

LIABILITIES

	1	1		1	ASSI	ETS.	(For it	10000	0000		
Current Loans elsewher than in Canada	Provin- e cial Gov ern-	Owendana	Real Estate owned by bank not bank premises	the	Bank pre-	Other assets not included under the foregoing heads.	Total assets.	Average amount of specie held during the month	Dominio Notes	of Notes in	of
		15,694	105 (8)		200,000	No Town	01 005 000	200.00			
6,888,66		7 375,060	179,461 44,060	190,451	1,000,000	547,585		1,137,000	1,924,00	0 5,941,00) 2
***************************************			30,000	4.500	125,000		12,180,390	100,000		214101000	
***************************************		40,322	43,410	10,323 77,179	106,000 397,837		12,655,513	200,324	363,456 1,366,42	934.653	5
100,000)	70,750	11,660 -8,741	33,639	150,215 375,030	96,142		165,000 264,303	464,975 560,575	1,348,910	7
94 955			6,409	31,945	167,564		16,917,085	365,437	1,235,26		
34,357		14,549	15,122	26,700	12,241	15,820	3,411,629	27,482	24,416	411.715	10
7,270,745 5,610,912			28,903 24,654	25,000 22,000	600,000 548,594		113,912,981 32,822,691	2,664,375 891,740	4,345,356 1,111,489		11 12
		35,875	18,767	9,365	130,000	140,405	3,285,660	10,208	30,603		13
***************************************		69,348	56,375	27,657	95.928	101,095	11,543,074	147,073	754,779	100,000	14
2,147,273		408,387	112,061 19,982	27,010 62,263	300,000 771,981	12,046 144,656	22,908,741 34,634,910	363,628 486,900	838,100 1,111,170	2,363,461	15
47,742		46,925 65,424	46,101 109,044	8,150 27,853	185,469	118,181	8,030,950	86,300	242,000		17
***************************************	63,616		91,193	9,797	220,694 322,520	50,273 23,100	12,396,100 12,787,184	270,231 209,476	760,578 383,836	1,519.677	18
		28,825		8,573	14,170	9,916	790,656	7,400	12,800	- too stofu	
*************		18,956 57,282	10,981 43,447	900 38,537	19,181	57,464	1,874,172	22,048	28,658	209,302 285,985	20 21
	50000	512 cm 22	10,111	00,001	209,348	24,599	11,148,619	130,326	145,958	1,369,115	22
4,369,185		25,695 34,726	1.000		88,369	10,492	25,714,080	1.103,839	1,248,762	1,956,535	23
000,130	111,010	24,223	1,362 15,305	3,020 51,844	68,594 58,742	14,415	19,420,873 4,308,204	515,943	1,106,560	1,949,867	24
	34,732	8,647			52,000	1,139		66,156	164,961	699,268	25
		44,072	8,197		2,440	10,000	6,187,118 5,603,449	79,026 71,630	547,696	786,030	26
***************************************		3,795	5,793		8,000		945,915	27,405	190,948 21,974	592,515 71,584	27
***************************************		1,866 31,269	7.070	0.000	23,327		767,925	6,192	7,206	70,116	28
	***************************************	31,209	7,978	2,200	58,408	1,361	1,679,470	29,683	39,346	290,362	29
621,883	243,276	74,966			30,000	4,702	4,414,841	143,155	169,671	482.584	31
********************		26,532 15 489	49,757		8,500	107	915,144	5,388	8,934	171,284	32
************					12,000	***************************************	688,384	11,218	10,470	121,172	33
	15,986	15,487	335 .		21,132	9,847	1,540,778	20,167	27,976	244,975	34
						1 20		and the state of			alla
700 mme cor	2 860 610			-							35
27,776,895	3,668,618	2,038,527	988,998	712,277	6,812,417	5,586,421	556,901,406	11,780,464	21,467,019	52,799,820	

NOTE TO THE BANK STATEMENT.

Return of Canadian Bank of Commerce. Amount under heading "Other assets not included under foregoing heads" contains bullion purchased at Dawson City,

going heads" contains bullion purchased at Dawson City, Return of Bank of British North America. Amount under heading "Other assets not included under foregoing heads," contains bullion purchased at Dawson City. The figures for the Atlin and Dawson City Branches are taken from the last returns received, viz.: Atlin, 25th March, and Dawson City March 15th.

Eastern Townships Bank bonus of one per cent. equal in all to a dividend of 8 per cent. per annum.

BARGAIN DAY

When Mary greets me with a kiss, on my return at night,

And when her eyes are dancing in a waltz step of delight,

I know her loving nature is so pleasantly alive,

Because she plans to ask me for another twenty-five.

She doesn't need to tell me that 'twill be excursion day;

That she's tired out with labor and just pines to get away;

I can read a woman's features and I've learned to know the sign,

When dollar articles are marked way down to ninety-nine.

Oh, merchants of the city, pause a moment in your greed,

That you've got to make a living I most heartily concede;

But I ask you frank and honest, can't you find some other way,

And not torment us husbands with your blasted bargain day?

I plead the case before you, for the money's running slow,

And the house is full of notions because you marked them low;

I'm helplessly at mercy of this wicked wife of mine,

When dollar articles are marked way down to ninety-nine. -Springfield Republican.

Commercial.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, April 23rd, 1902

Ashes.-No English enquiry of any note is yet reported, and receipts are very small. About 50 brls. represents all the stock in store. We still quote first pots at \$4.40 to \$4.45; seconds, \$3.90 to \$3.95; pearls, \$6.25 to \$6.50.

Cements and Firebricks.-New cement quotations have not yet been made, but it is expected they will be declared next week. There is quite an amount of activity in the trade. The 16,000 brl. deal with the harbor commissioners is said to have gone through at about \$1.75 for Portland, a very low figure, and another 10,000 brl. lot is said to have been sold at about \$1.85 for contract work at the east end of the harbor, while a third similar lot is wanted for the new elevator.

Dairy Products.—The situation cheese is a strong one, local stocks being now reduced to under 5,000 boxes it is said, while supplies in Britain are evidently in very narrow compass, there being considerable enquiry from there for April and May makes, which are said to

TORONTO PRICES CURRENT.

Name of Article	Wholesale Rates	Name of Atticle	Wholesale Rates.	Name of Article.	Wholesa e Rates.	Name of Article.
Breadstuffs. FLOUR Manitoba Patent Strong Bakers Patent (Winter Wheat) Straight Roller Oatmeal Bran per ton Shorts Cornmeal, Domestic ground Winter Wheat, Spring Wheat, Man. Hard, No. 1 gi. t. 1 Nort. No. 1 " " No. 2 " Barley No. 1 " " No. 2 " " Barley No. 1 " " No. 2 " " Barley No. 1 " " No. 2 " " Barley No. 1 " " " No. 2 " " Barley No. 1 " " " No. 2 " " Barley No. 1 " " " No. 2 " " Barley No. 1 " " " No. 2 " " Prints Creamery, boxes. " Prints Creamery, boxes. " Prints Creamery, boxes. " " Prints Cheese Dried Apples Hops, Canadian Beef, Mess Pork, Mess Bacon, long clear " " Breakt'st smok'd Hams. Rolls Lard Plonic Hams Beggs, \$\psi\$ doz. new laid Beans per bush. Lard Plonic Hams Hams. Rolls Lard Plonic Hams Heggs, \$\psi\$ doz. new laid Beans per bush. Leather Spanish Sole, No. 1. " No. 2 " Harness, heavy " No. 1 light. Upper, No. 1 heavy " " No. 1 light. Upper, No. 1 heavy " " No. 1 light. Upper, No. 1 heavy " " Solaughter, heavy " " No. 1 light. Upper, No. 1 heavy " " Solaughter, heavy " " No. 2 " Harness, heavy " " No. 1 light. Upper, No. 1 heavy " " Brench Call. Splits, \$\psi\$ b. Bammelled Cow, \$\psi\$ ft. Patent Pebble Grain, upper Buff Russets, light, \$\psi\$ lb. Gambler Saddler's Russets. Sumae Degras	Rates Rates	Groceries.—Con. Syrups: Com. to fine, Fine to choice	Rates. 8 a. \$ a. 0 02# 0 02# 0 03# 0 04 0 02# 0 03# 0 04 0 02# 0 00# 0 00# 0 00# 0 00# 0 00# 0 00# 0 00# 0 00# 0	Hardware.—Con. Wire: Brass	Rates. 8 c. \$ c 0 00 0 23 0 00 0 28 3 45 5 00 3 00 0 0 0 28 4 20 0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Canned Fruits
Grain, upper Buff Russets, light, # lb. Gambler Saddler's Russets. Sumac Degras #ides & Skins. Cows, green, No 1	0 13 0 16 0 40 0 50 0 061 0 07 0 08 0 10 0 05 0 06 0 4 0 0 Per lbs. 0 00 0 5 1 0 00 0 5 1 0 00 0 7 2 0 00 0 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Macdonald's Prince of W., 8's, 16's. Napoleon, 8's	0 40 0 00 0 65 0 00 0 57 0 00 0 63 0 00 0 62 0 00 0 84 0 00 1 26 4 80 1 14 4 37 0 60 2 22 0 62 2 40 0 63 2 40 0 63 2 40 0 63 2 40 0 64 2 40 0 65 2 40	Petroleum. F.O.B., Toronto Canadian, 5 to 10 bris	Imp. gal. 0 174 0 175 0 176 0 176 0 176 0 177 0 178 0	Sawn Pine Lumber, Inspected, B.M. CAR OR CARGO LOTS AT MILL. 1 in. pine No. 1. cut up and better 1½ and 2 inch, No. 1 cut up and better 1½ inch flooring 20 00 21 01 1½ inch and 12 dressing and better 25 00 27 01 1½ inch and 12 mill culls 13 00 13 01 1½ inch siding common 16 00 11 01 1½ inch siding common 14 00 15 02 15 inch siding mill culls 12 00 13 02 15 inch siding mill culls 12 00 13 02 15 inch siding mill culls 12 00 13 02 15 inch siding mill culls 12 00 13 02 15 inch siding mill culls 12 00 13 02 15 inch siding mill culls 11 00 12 02 15 inch strips 4 in. to 6 in. Canadian dressed and better 20 00 25 02 15 inch strips 4 in. to 6 in. Canadian dressed and better 20 00 25 02 15 02
" super extra Groceries. Coffees Java & lb., green	8 c. 8 c. 9 c. 9 c. 9 c. 9 c. 9 c. 9 c.	Tin: Ingot Copper Ingot Sheet Sheet Sheet Shot, common Zincsheet Antimony Solder, hf. & hf. Solder, Standard BRASS: Sheet IRON Hamilton Pig Refined Horseshoe Hoop Steel Swedish Bar, ordinary Lowmoor Hoops, coopers Band Tank Plates Bol'er Rivets best Russhad Sheet, per lb Imitatic Gauge 16 G	0 14 U 00 0 15 0 U 0 15 0 U 0 00 0 05 3 50 C U 0 0 0 0 05 4 75 5 15 0 0 0 0 0 0 11 0 11 0 01 0 01 0 0 0 0 0	Caustic Soda Cream Tartar Ilt Epsom Salts Extract Logwood, bul Sentian Glycerine, per lb. Hellebore Iodine Insect Powder Morphia Sul. Oplum Oll Lemon, Super. Oxalic Acid Paris Green Potass Iodide Quinine Salt Rochelle Sal Rochelle Soda Ash Soda Bicarb, * keg Tartaric Acid	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2 x 10 and 12 common 16 00 17 0 Hard Woods PM. ft. Oar Lots

be already pretty well contracted for. Fine Ontario's are held at 111/2 to 113/4c., while it is said 11c. is bid for new fodder makes. In butter the feeling is easier, lower prices being evidently looked for. Finest fresh creamery quotes at about 22c.; dairy, 16 to 17c.

Dry Goods.—The summer millinery openings on the 22nd and 23rd drew quite a fair quota of buyers, principally from near at hand points, who also made some moderate purchases of dry goods. The warmer weather of the past few days has created more active demand for muslins and light fabrics, and there is a satisfactory movement. Cottons of domestic manufacture are firm; the Dominion company announces an advance in ducks this week, and there appears to be a more or less general anticipation that there may be a further all round advance in cotton goods within the next ten days or so. The Excelsior Woolen Co. has this week announced an advance in their products of costume cloths, etc.

Groceries.-Wholesaiers report more of a movement, and considerable quantities of goods are awaiting shipment by first westward river boats, which cannot begin running till the canals open on the Ist of May, though all boats running below the city are on their regular routes. With regard to values little new can be said. Sugars remain at the level of the last few weeks, standard granulated being \$3.90 at the factory, with yellows ranging from \$3.15 to \$3.80. Refiners do not report a very active demand from jobbers. The quotations from the island for Barbadoes molasses are from 71/2 to 8c., first cost, and seven cargoes are reported as now booked for this port, the first due to arrive about the end of May. Opening quotations for new pack of Columbia River salmon have been made at \$1.50 for talls, and \$1.65 for flats. Teas are quiet. The first steamer with new Japan teas is scheduled to sail May 2nd, and will have a couple of hundred packages of high priced first pickings for this

Hides.—Further advance is reported in both hides and calfskins, dealers now paying 9c. for No. 1 beef hides and 12 and 10c. for Nos. 1 and 2 calfskins respectively. Lambskins are unchanged at 10c. each, and sheepskins 65c.

Leather.-Local demand in this line is reported comparatively quiet, but manufacturers of sole are reported as making extensive shipments abroad, and still have good orders in hand. Prices are steady and continued scarcity of jobbing sole is reported on spot. Business in the boot and shoe line is easing off here, and Quebec manufacturers are reported as doing comparatively little at the moment.

Metals and Hardware.-The hardware situation is summed up by a leading wholesaler very aptly in his statement that there is a plethora of orders and a scarcity of goods. Values tend to firmness generally. An advance of 20 per cent. in builders' hardware is announced by American manufacturers. Ingot tin is active and again higher in London, and

Confederation

ASSOCIATION, HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

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Interesting Pamphlets Sent on Application.

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W. C. MACDONALD, ACTUARY.

J. K. MACDONALD, MANAGING DIRECTOR.

The National Life Assurance Company of Canada.

ELIAS ROGERS, ELIAS ROGERS, - - - President
W. D. LONG, A. S. IRVING, - Vice-President

R. H. MATSON, Managing Director.

F. SPARLING, Secretary.

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SOLID AND PROGRESSIVE

Since Organization in 1869

THE MUTUAL LIFE OF CANADA.

has paid to Policy-holders in cash :-

making \$4,749,016, and it holds in Surplus and Reserve for the security of its policy-holders on 4 and 3½ per cent. basis, \$5,681.071, being a grand total paid to policy-holders and held for their security of \$10,430.087. This sum largely exceeds the total premiums paid to the Company—the result of 33 years' operations and "results count" in life insurance.

Robt. Melvin,

President.

Geo. Wegenast,

Manager

W. H. Riddell,

Secretary.

The Metropolitan Life Insurance co.

"The Leading Industrial Company of America." Is represented in all the principal cities of the United States and Canada

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- THE METROPOLITAN has Assets of over 74 Millions of Dollars. Liabilities of 64M illions, and a Surplus of over 9 Millions.
- THE METROPOLITAN pays Death Claims, averaging one for every two minutes of each business day of eight hours, and has Six Million Two Hundred Thousand, Policy-holders.
- THE METROPOLITAN offers remunerative employment to any honest, capable, industrious man, who is willing to begin at the bottom and acquire a knowledge of the details of the business. He can by diligent study and practical experience demonstrate his capacity and establish his claim to the highest position in the field in the gift of the Company. It is within his certain reach. The opportunities for merited advancement are unlimited. All needed explanations will be furnished upon application to the Company's Superintendents in any of the principal cities.

BRANCH OFFICES IN CANADA

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Quebec, Canada—Room 12, People's Building, 125 St. Peter Street—Geo. K.
deKappelle, Supt.
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Fire - Life - Marine

Capital & Assets over \$34,000,000

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Capital and Accumulated Funds, \$38,355,000;
Annual Revenue from Fire and Life Premiums and from interest on Invested Funds, \$5,715,000; deposited with Dominion Government for Canadian Policy-holders, \$900,000.

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Capital, \$1,000,000

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EDWARD W. SCOTT, President.

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Manager for Ontario, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick. Temple Building, Toronto

STOCK AND BOND REPORT.

	e	Capital	Carital		Divi-	CLOS	SING	PRICE
BANKS	Share	Sub- scribed.	Capital Paid-up	Rest	dend last 6 Months	HALIF April 21		Cash va per shar
	\$	\$	\$	\$				
British North America	243	4,866,000	4,866,000	1,776,000	3%		1404	334 73
Commercial Bank, Windsor, N.S Halifax Banking Co	20	500,000	350,000	500,000	3 ₁ 3 2		172	33 60
Royal Bank of Canada	100	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,700,000	32		;	175 00
New Brunswick	100	500,000	500,000	700,000	6		3015	300 00
Nova Scotia People's Bank of Halifax	20	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,800,000	4½ 3		251 132½	246 50
People's Bank of N.B	150	180,000	180,000	160,000	4			2300
St. Stephen's	100	200,000	200,000	45,000	25	;	;	
Union Bank, HalitaxYarmouth	75	900,000	300,000	575,000	32 2½	95 Montr April	99 eal	81 75 71 25
Eastern Townships	50	2,000,000	1,841,000	1,050,000	31/2		23	75 50
Hochelaga	100	1,902,000	1,642,000	750,000	32		1394	136 00
Provincial Bank of Canada	30	874,000	818,000	275,000	3.		110	58 50
La Banque Nationale	100	6,000,000	6,000,000	2,600,000	31/2	145		145 00
Montreal	200	12,000,000	12,000,000	7,000,000	5.		265	516 00
Molsons	50	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,150,000	4†		09	103 50
Quebec	100	2,000,000	2,000,000	550,000	3 3	115		113 00
omon Dank of Canada				00 /		Toron		
Canadian Bank of Commerce	50	8,000,000	8,000,000	2,000,000	31	Apri 158	1 23	79 00
Dominion	50	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	5		247	122 37
Hamilton	100	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,500,000	5		234	231 00
mperial	100	2,500,000	2,500,000	350,000	5122		35	240 00
Ontario	100	1,396,000	2,000,000	1,765,000	$\frac{22}{4\frac{1}{2}}$		215	134 50
Standard	50	1,000,000	1,000,000	750,000	5			120 00
Toronto	100	2,475,000	2,457,000	2:457,000	. 5			243 00
Traders	100	1,350,000	1,350,000	250,000	3,1			119 00
Western	100	500,000	410,000	134,000	*quarterly			******
LOAN COMPANIES.					†And 1% bonus			
SPECIAL ACT DOM. & ONT. Canada Permanent and Western Can-								
ada Mortgage Corporation	10	6,000,000	6,000,000	1,500,000	3	122	1224	12 20
UNDER BUILDING SOCIETIES ACT, 1859 Agricultural Savings & Loan Co		6	600 000	208 200				
Taxanta Martagara Ca	50	630,200	630,200 725,000	207,000	3 21 22	and the second second	119	58 50 46 50
Canada Savings & Loan Co. Dominion Sav. & Inv. Society Huron & Erie Loan & Savings Co.	50	750,000	750,000	268,000	3			60 00
Dominion Sav. & Inv. Society	50	1,000,000	934,200	40,000	2			35 25
Hamilton Provident & Loan Soc	50	3,000,000	1,400,000	925,000	42			92 50
Landed Banking & Loan Co	100	700,000	700,000	185,000	3 3			120 00
Landed Banking & Loan Co London Loan Co. of Canada Ontario Loan & Deben. Co., London	50	679,700	679,700	85,500	3			55 63
Ontario Loan & Savings Co., London		2,000,000	1,200,000	560,000	3	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		61 00
Ontario Loan & Savings Co., Oshawa People's Loan & Deposit Co	50	300,000	300,000	75,000	3			18 50
UNDER PRIVATE ACTS.								
Brit. Can. L & Inv. Co. Ld., (Dom. Par.)	100	2,000,000	398,481	120,000		60	65	60 00
Central Can. Loan and Savings Co	100	2,500,000	1,250,000	500,000	112*	140		140 00
London & Can. Ln. & Agy. Co. Ltd. do. Man. & North-West. L. Co. (Dom. Par.)	50	1,000,000	977,433	210,000	3			50 00
"THE COMPANIES' ACT," 1877-1889.	100	1,500,000	375,000	71,000		71		71 00
Imperial Loan & Investment Co. Ltd	100	800 800	F.24 F00	*** COO	21		80	
Can Landed & National Inv't Co Ltd	100	839,850	734,590	350,000	2½ 3	75	103	75 00
Real Estate Loan Co	40	578,840	373,720	50,000	2			30 00
ONT. JT. STK. LETT. PAT. ACT, 1874.								
British Mortgage Loan Co Ontario Industrial Loan & Inv. Co	100	450,000	411,000	140,000	3			
Ontario Industrial Loan & Inv. Co	100	373,000	271,993					
Toronto Savings and Loan Co	100	1,000,000	600,000	120,000	*quarterly	128		138 00
							D	
INSURANCE COMPANI	ES			RAILW	AYS.		Par	London
English (Quotations on London	Mar	ket)					₩ Sh.	April 11
N. 1 1 15	L	1 -						
No. Shares Yearly	uni	Last Sale	Canada Pa	acific Share	s, 3%		\$100	1161 1161
No. Shares or amt. Stock. Vearly Divi-dend.	Amount	Sale	C. P. R. 18	t Mortgage	e Bonds, s	%		112 114
Stock. dend.	A	Apr. 11	Grand Tru	year L. G.	ock.	2 /0	100	102 104
			5% pe	rpetual deb	enture sto	ock	100	132 135
250,000 8 ps Alliance 20		3 ,	do. E	q. bonds, 2	nd charge	6%		126 129
	230 43035		do. F	irst prefere	rence sto	·	10	9, 100
200,000 8½ Guardian F. & L 10			do. T	econd prefe hird prefer	ence stock	ζ		82 ₁ 85 34 ² 35
60,000 25 Imperial Lim 20	5	30 31	Great Wes	stern per 5%	debentur	e stock	100	127 1304
136,493 5 Lancashire F. & L. 20 35,862 20 London Ass. Corp. 2	2		Midland S	tg. 1st mtg	bonds, 5	%	100	164 106
35,862 20 London Ass. Corp. 2 10,000 17½ London & Lan. L. 10			1 oronto, C	rtgage	ice 4% st	s. bonds,	100	106 108
85,100 24 London & Lan. F 2	5 2	$\frac{1}{2}$ $17\frac{1}{2}$ $18\frac{1}{2}$	30, 1110	8-8				106 108
245,640 90 Liv. Lon. & Globe. St	k 2	432 442						
30,000 30 Northern F. & L 100 110,000 34½ps North Brit. & Mer 2		11						1
110,000 34½ps North Brit. & Mer 25 53,776 35 Phœnix 56		36 37 33½ 34½	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	SECU	RITIES.		1	London
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			S			
	%					
250,000	8 ps	Alliance	20	21-5	93	104
50,000	35	C. Union F L. & M.	50	5	45	46
200,000	81/2	Guardian F. & L	10	5	92	10
60,000	25	Imperial Lim	20	5	30	31
136,493	5	Lancashire F. & L	20	2		
35,862	20	London Ass. Corp	25	122	51	53
10,000	172	London & Lan. L	10	2	8	84
85,100	24	London & Lan. F	25	21/2	172	$18\frac{1}{2}$
245,640	90	Liv. Lon. & Globe	Stk	2	432	442
30,000	30	Northern F. & L	100	10	71	73
110,000	342ps	North Brit. & Mer	25	61	36	37
53,776	35	Phœnix	50	5	332	342
125,234	633	Royal Insurance	20	3	48	49
10,000		Standard Life	50	12		
240,000	8/6 ps	Sun Fire	10	10	10	102
		CANADIAN.			Apr	il 23
15,000	61	Brit. Amer. F. & M	\$50	\$50	IOI	104
2,500	8	Canada Life	400	400	150	1
10,000	15	Confederation Life	100	IO	270	99
7,000	15	Sun Life Ass. Co	100	15		110
5,000	5	Quebec Fire	100	65		
2,000	25	Queen City Fire	50	25	280	
50,000	14	Western Assurance.		20	1003	
30,000		do. fully pd		A SE	1004	102
		TT RATES.	Lo	ndon,	Apr	il 11
do do	6	do		234 24 24 25		

SECURITIES.		Lon	don il tr
Dominion 5% stock, 1903, of Ry. loa do. 4% do. 1904, 5. 6. 8 do. 4% do. 1910, Ins. stock do. 3% do. Ins. stock Montreal Sterling 5% 1908 do. 5% 1874 do. 1879, 5%.		101 101 105 102 102 102	104 105 107 104 104 104
do. do. gen. con. deb. do. do. stg. bonds	1920, 5%.	100 111 102	106
do. do. Local Imp. Bonds do. do. Bonds City of Ottawa, Stg.	1913, 4% 1929 3½% 1904, 6%	100 96 101	104
do. do. $4\frac{1}{2}\%$ 20 City of Quebec, con.,	year debs	103	105
do. do. sterling deb. City of Vancouver, do. do.	1923, 4% 1931, 4% 1932, 4%	103	104
City of Winnipeg, deb	1914, 5%	107	TOO

Fire Ins. Co. of Berlin, Ont.

Cash and Mutual Systems. Total Net Assets.

Amount of Risk
Government Deposit. \$ 300,089 52 15,307,774 12 36,300 00

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BEO. LANG, HUGO KRANZ,
Vice-President Manager

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Canadian Branch Head Office-TORONTO. JAS. BOOMER, Manager. T. D. RICHARDSON, Assistant Manager.

City Agents } JAFFRAY & MACKENZIE JOSEPH LAWSON.

THE DOMINION LIFE ASSURANCE CO. GROWTH IN 1901.

	1900	1901
Amount of Applications \$	681,700	\$ 959,700
Policies Issued	583,970	841,090
Net Insurance Gained	232,496	542,292
	3,879,332	4,421,624
Income	138,057	158,459
Expenditure	59,842	79.079
Total Assets	539,266	615,690
	839,266	915,690
THOMAS HILLIARD, Mana		
C. W. CHADWICK, D		
Dineen B	uilding.	TORONTO.

QUEEN CITY

Fire Insurance Co.

HAND-IN-HAND

Insurance Company.

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Fire Ins. Exchange

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Authorized Capitals, \$1,250,000

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local dealers are considering the que tion of putting up local prices. Copper, which declined a little, is again firming up; present local quotations are 131/4 to 131/2c.; lead again a shade easier at \$3.10; spelter firm at \$4.90. Iron pipe stiff a \$4.86, base price; American makers of sk lo have advanced prices, and local manufacturers of pipe are drawing most of their supplies from Germany. Boiler plate unchanged at \$2.10. Canada plates are reported advanced 3s. 6d. a ton in Britain, and local stocks are very low.

Oils, Paints and Glass.—Business keeps good. Turpentine is again off a couple of cents. Linseed oil firm, and the market at present bare of stock. No new prices have yet been fixed for new seal, and there is little doing in old, which users generally consider held at too high figures. Cod oil is also dull, but stocks are small. We quote: Single barrels, raw, and boiled linseed oil, respectively. 80 and 83c. per gallon, for one to four barrel lots; 5 to 9 barrels, 79 and 82c., net 30 days, or 3 per cent. for four months' terms. Turpentine, one barrel, 70c.; two to four barrels, 69c.; n t. 30 days. Olive oil, machinery, 90c.; Cod oil. 35 to 40c. per gallon; steam refire l seal, 49 to 50c. per gallon; straw ditto, 45 to 47c.; Castor oil, 9c.; in quantity; tins, 91/4 to 91/2c.; machinery castor oil, 81/2 to 9c.; Leads, (chemically pure and first-class brands only), \$5.871/2; No. 1, \$5.371/2; No. 2, \$5.121/2; No. 3, \$4.871/2; No. 4, \$4.371/2; dry white lead, 51/2 to 6c.; pure; No. 1, do., 5c.; genuine red, ditto, 5c.; No. 1, red lead, 41/2 to 43/4c.; Putty, in bulk, bbls., \$2; bladder putty, in bbls., \$2.35; ditto, in kegs, or boxes, \$2.50; 25-lb. tins, \$2.45; 121/2-lb. tins, \$2.75. London washed whiting, 45 to 5oc.; Paris white, 75 to 8oc.; Venetian red, \$1.50 to \$1.75; yellow ochre, \$1.25 to \$1.50; spruce ochre, \$1.75 to \$2; Paris green, in kegs, 141/2 to 15c.; in lb. packages, 16c.; Window glass, \$2.10 per 50 feet for first break; \$2.20 for second break.

TORONTO MARKETS.

Toronto, April 24, 1902.

Chemicals, Drugs, Etc.-A fair trade is being done locally in drugs, but there is nothing of special moment to report. Cod liver oil is dull at the high prices. Sassafras has an upward tendency. Linseed oil is now pretty steady again. Spirits of turpentine has gone down, but is now firm. Opium is probably now at as low a figure as it will go. In New York trade is only fair, and in small lots chiefly. The tone of the outside quinine

LIVERPOOL PRICES		
Liverpool, April 24 12.30	p.m	1
Wheat Spring Red Winter No. 1 Cal Corn , old Peas Lard Pork Bacon, heavy , light Tallow Cheese, new white Cheese, new colored	P.H. S. 6 6 5 7 49 73 49 50 32 55 57	d. 34 44 07 08 00 09 06 03 00
,	01	00

The Mutual Life Insurance Company

OF NEW YORK

RICHARD A. McCURDY, President.

Statement for the Year Ending December 31, 1901-

According to the Standard of the Insurance Department of the State of New York.

INCOME

DISBURSEMENTS

To Policy-holders for claims by Death...
To Policy-holders for Endowments,
Dividends, Etc.
For all other Accounts..... \$17,344,023 13 11,335,646 77 13,772,936 60

842,452,606 50

ASSELS
United States bonds & other securities..
First Lien Loans on bond and mortgage
Loans on Bonds and other Securities...
Loans on Company's own Policies...
Real Estate: Company's Office Buildings
in London, Paris, Berlin, New York,
Boston, Philadelphia, San Francisco,
Seattle, Sydney and Mexico, and other
Real Estate...
Cash in Banks and Trust Companies...
Accrued Interest, Net Deferred Premiums, etc....

\$198,063,981 24 81,564,209 88 10,638,000 c0 11,319,067 23

6,964,376 42 \$352,838,971 67

LIABILITIES

Liability for Policy Reserves, etc...... Liability for Contingent Guarantee Fund Liability for Authorized Dividends......

\$289,652,388 84 60,706,582 83 2,480,000 00

\$352,838,971 67

Insurance and Annuities in force \$1,243,503,101 II

FIRE

FOUNDED 1792

MARINE

INSURANCE COMPANY OF NORTH AMERICA

OF PHILADELPHIA

Capital, \$3,000,000

Assets, \$9,295.037

Losses Paid since Organization, 883,400,354.00.

ROBERT HAMPSON & SON

General Agents for Canada, 18 Corn Exchange Building, MONTREAL, QUE.

WATERLOO MUTUAL FIRE INS. CO.

ESTABLISHED IN 1863.

HEAD OFFICE. - WATERLOO, ONT.

GEORGE RANDALL, President.

WM. SNIDER, Vice-President.

FRANK HAIGHT, Manager.

R. T. ORR, Inspector.

Business Written

In 1901 \$3,224,595 00 In 1900 3,098,800 00 Increase \$ 125,795 00

Insurance

In force Dec. 31, '01 .. \$13,415 599 00 In force Dec. 31, '00 .. 11,845,569 00

Increase \$ 1,570,030 00

Premium Income In 1901 \$421,965 16

In 1900 362,118 24 \$ 59,846 92 Increase

Interest Earnings

For year 1901 \$64,644 88 For year 1900 49,998 46 Increase \$14,646 42

Assurance Bal

Advertising Business Methods.

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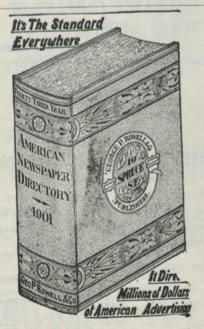
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In Great Britain THE MONETARY TIMES is represented by MR. W. H. Boffey, 44 Fleet Street, London, E.C.

market is easier and concessions are being made. Cocoa butter is firmer.

Flour and Grain.-In the flour market a firmer tone is to be noted, and 90 per cent patents sell for \$2.771/2 to \$2:80, middle freights in buyers' covers. Bran and shorts are both steady. Oatmeal has dropped about 10c., and still has a declining tendency. Wheat is firmer, having already advanced I to 2c. Oats also is half or one cent higher. Other grains remain about the same.

Fruits and Vegetables .- Much interest is being manifested in the coming sale of the "Fremona's" cargo of fruit in Montreal, which takes place to-day. cargo consists of some 63:000 packages of oranges and lemons, and is reported to be in splendid condition. Local trade is about normal at the following quotations: Oranges, Wash. navels, \$4.25 per box; Mediterranean sweets, \$4.25; Valencias, \$5 to \$6 per large case; Bahama, \$2.50 to \$3 per box; Mexican \$2.50; Lemons, new Messina, \$2.25 to \$3; bananas, fancy, \$1.20 to \$2; Canadian white beans, \$1.40 per bush.; Canadian onions, \$1.20; Florida celery, \$2.00 per case; tomatoes. \$4 per crate; pineapples, \$5 to \$5.50; strawberries, 14 to 15c. per box; cukes, \$1.75 to \$2 per dozen.

Groceries .- Except in canned meats which have an upward tendency, and in some cases have advanced sympathetically owing to the soaring of meats, there has been practically no change in prices under this heading since last week. Trade

Hardware.-Values in all lines of shelf hardware are very firm, and a very good business is being done. Harvest tools have advanced, the discount having been reduced from 60, 10 and 10 to 60 and 10 per cent. Wood stoves also are dearer. Owing to labor troubles in Belgium, advances in the price of window glass are not improbable. The metal trade is quite busy, and bar iron and pig lead are not unlikely to go higher. Pig tin has advanced ic. Iron and steel are in brisk demand.

Hides and Skins.-No feature presents itself for comment this week, though there is a certain degree of scarcity of good quality hides. Prices are fairly firm. Receipts of sheepskins are light. Rough and caul tallow has gone up 1/4 to 1/2 cent

Live Stock-At the market this week prices were slightly easier, but the decline went very little way towards relieving the situation. Offerings were large. Export cattle fell off about 15c. per cwt., but butchers' remained practically the same. Low grade sheep were about 25c. higher.

Provisions .- Receipts of butter are increasing. The market is steady at 18c. Lower prices, however, may be expected in the immediate future. Cheese is firm at 111/2c. In hog products there is a firmer tone to the market owing to the advances in fresh beef. Live hogs have advanced 25c. per 100. Eggs are steady at 12 to 121/2c. The receipts of butter are somewhat small, but the demand also

SOME MEN PA

\$10,000 for an to ma manage their advertising. There are others who \$5.00 for an annual subscription to Printers' Ink and learn what all the advertisers are thinking about. But even these are not the extremes reached. There are men who lose over

\$100,000 doing neither one. For sample copy send 10 cents to PRINTERS' INK, No. 10 Spruce St. Ne

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Estimates given for every description of advertising. envelope or wrapper addressing, and circular distributing

Correspondence solicited by

COMMERCIAL PUBLISHING CO.,

18, 19, & 20, Holborn Viaduet. LONDON, E.C., Eng.

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Profitable Advertising.

Publisher.

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The large and influential circulation which the Australian Trading World now enjoys in the Commercial and Financial world places it in the front rank of newspapers devoted to the Australasian Colonies.

Trade Reports are a Prominent Feature.

Stocks and Shares are Carefully Followed.

Special Articles by Eminent Writers.

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Not only the added security, but the material results assured by the Company's great strength, render those policy-holders most fortunate whose risks

Are Held by The Canada Life.



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HEAD OFFICE, - - HAMILTON, CANADA.

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J. K. McCUTCHEON, Sup't of Agencies.

··· Assurance Co.

President and Managing Director.

Hon. GEORGE A. COX, President. J. J. KENNY, Vice-Pres. & Managing Director. C. C. FOSTER, Secretary

Assurance Co.

Capital

Assets, over .

Annual Income

Western

Toronto,

Ont.

Head Office.

BRITISH AMERICA

Assurance Co'y

Head Office, TORONTO. + FIRE AND MARINE

Capital - - - \$1,000,000.00

Total Assets - - \$1,776,606.45

Losses Paid (since organization) \$19,946,51/.73

Incorporated

Fire

Marine

\$2,000,000 00

3,260,000 00

3,379,000 00

DIRECTORS:
HON. GEO. A. COX, President. J. J. KENNY, Vice-President.

Hon. S. C. Wood. E. W. Cox, Thos. Long, John Hoskin, K.C., LL.D. Augustus Myers. John Hoskin, K.C., LL.D. H. M. Pellatt. P. H. SIMS, Secretary.

London and Lancashire

__LIFE

Head Office for Canada: Company's Bldg., 164 St. James St., MONTREAL

CHAIRMAN CANADIAN BOARD:
The Right Honorable Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal.

GENERAL MANAGER FOR [CANADA]:

B. HAL. BROWN

The Swing of Success

THE CROWN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

With its Liberal Policies, Low Premiums and High Guarantees.

Absolute Security

Is assured by the substantial character of the men who are behind The Crown Lipe. Its Board of Directors is one of the strongest in Canada.

You Can Make No Mistake

n associating yourself with THE CROWN LIFE, either as an asurer, or as an agent, or both. . . Write for particulars.

HEAD OFFICE, - TORONTO.

Charles Tupper, - - - President.
Charlton, - - Vice-President.
H. Roberts, - - - Managing Director.

INSURANCE COMPANY

ESTABLISHED 1809.

REPORT FOR 1901-

\$10,026,410 5,528,650 Fire PremiumsIncome Life Branch Total Revenue \$15,555,060 Total Assets \$76,697,960
Canadian Investments 7,980,462

> Resident Agents in Toronto: GOOCH & EVANS RANDALL DAVIDSON, Manager MONTREAL

FOUNDED A.D. 1710

INSURANCE

Hsad Office, Threadneedle St., London, Eng. Transacts Fire Business only, and is the oldest purely Fire Office in the world. Surplus over Capital and all Liabilities exceed \$7.000,000.

Canadian Branch—15 Wellington Street East, TO RONTO, ONT.

Manager Inspector

HIGINBOTHAM & LYON, Toronto Agents.
Telephone 488.

Agents Wanted in all Unrepresented Districts.



Assurance Comp'y of Ireland

HOME OFFICE, DUBLIN CANADA BRANCH, MONTREAL

> H. M. Lambert Manager

London Life Insurance Go.

Head Office, LONDON, ONT

JOHN McCLARY, President

A. O. JEFFERY, O.C., LL.B., D.C.L., Vice-President.

Every desirable form of life insurance afforded on a favorable terms as by other first-class companies.

MONEY TO LOAN on Real Estate security at lowest current rates of interest.

Idberal Terms to desirable agents.

JOHN G. RICHTER, Manager

Insurance Co. of America.

GEORGE SIMPSON, Resident Manager WM. MACKAY, Assistant Manager

MUNTZ & BEATTY, Resident Agent.

Temple Bldg., Bay St., Toronto. Tel. 2309. C S SCOTT, Resident Agent, Hamilton. Ont

Head Office for Canada?

Assurance Co. of Edinburgh

Invested Funds..... 14,930,000 Investments in Canada Low rates. Absolute security.

Unconditional policies.

Claims settled immediately on proof of death and No delay.

D. M. McGOUN, Manager HUTTON BALFOUR,

CHAS. HUNTER, Chief Agent Ontario.

Liverpool and London and Globe

INSURANCE COMPANY

..... \$61,187,215 Available Assets... Investments in Canada...... 3,300,000

Insurances accepted at lowest **Current Rates**

JOS. B. REED, Agent, 51 Yonge Street, Toronto. G. F. C. SMITH, Chief Agent for Dom., Montreal.



ESTABLISHED A.D. 1790

Head Office, Canada Branch, Montreal, E. A. LILLY, Manager.

. . -

Total Funds,

\$20,000,000

FIRE RISKS accepted at current rates. Toronto Agents:
S. Bruce Harman, 19 Wellington Street East.

WELLINGTON MUTUAL

Insurance

Established 1840

Business done on the Cash and Premium Note

GEORGE SLEEMAN, Esq., President.
JOHN DAVIDSON, Esq. Secretary. Head Office, Guelph, Ont.

The Northern Life Assurance Co., Head Office, London, Ont.

1001 WAS THE BANNER YEAR.

Increase over

The Ratio of Expenses to Premium Income shows a decrease over last year of 15%. The Interest Income has more than paid all Death Claims since the Company commenced business.

Our Policies are up-to-date. Rates reasonable. For particulars see our Agents or address,

JOHN MILNE, Managing Director, LONDON, Ontario.

North American Life

ASSURANCE CO.

HEAD OFFICE - TORONTO, Ont.

The following figures taken from the last financial statement show the unexcelled financial position to which the Company has attained. It has . . .

\$4,420,773.38 Assets -1,099,396.58 Gash Income -507,44 1.37 Net Surplus -Insurance in Force 28,243.502.00

L. Goldman.

Wm. McCabe.

SECRETARY.

MANAGING DIRECTOR

Life Insurance Company OF CANADA.

CAPITAL, - - - - \$1,000,000.00

Progress in 1901 Over Previous Year—

Increase in Applications 31% Increase in Insurance Issued 36% Increase in Insurance in Force .. 27% Increase in Reserves 39%

Progress to March 31st, 1902

Increase in Applications 53% Increase in Insurance Issued 52%

Agents desiring to represent this progressive Life Company with up-to-date plans of insurance, are invited to communicate with the Head Office, Montreal.

DAVID BURKE, A.I.A., F.S.S., Gen'l Manager.

Justice and Satistaction

In dealing with both Agents and Policyholders—tairness coupled with invariable honesty of purpose. These are the endeavors of the management of the Union Mutual in all transactions. And Promptness is another Home Office motto—prompt answering of letters, prompt issuing of policies, prompt settlement of claims.

Always a place for reliable, capable Agents.

UNION MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE CO.

PORTLAND, Maine Incorporated 1848.

FRED. E. RICHARDS, President.
ARTHUR L. BATES Vice-President.

Address HENRI E. MORIN, Chi ef Agent for Canada, 151 St. James St., Montreal, Que.

Insurance Company Of Brooklyn, N.Y. WOOD & KIRKPATRICK, Agents TORONTO