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W O MeDONALD.

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VOL. VIII. NO. 381.

TOKONTO, FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1879.

PRICE FOUR CENTS

Arrival of the Remains at Chiselhurst.

THE FUNERAL CEREMONIES

DESEQUIES OF THE PRINCE IMPERIAL. London, July 11.-The Admiralty yacht Enchantress, having on board the body of the Prince Imperial, arrived off Woolwich this morning, after a rapid passage from Spithead. She remained in the am till four o'clock this afternoon. A stream till four o clock this afternoon. A large number of distinguished Frenchmen have arrived at Woolwich, to accompany the funeral procession. The Enchantress arrived several hours before the time at which she was expected and some delay in the arrangements was thus caused.

delay in the arrangements was thus caused.

A number of Imperialists were admitted aboard the Enchantress, and viewed the coffin containing the body of the Prince Imperial. Twelve blue-jackets of the British navy carried the remains ashore. Great crowds congregated outside the Woolwich Arsenal gates to witness the procession. The coffin was unscrewed for he purpose of identifying the remains.

the body was found to be in a state of good preservation. The face was some-what sunken and slightly discoloured. One of the most skilful embalmers in London was in attendance for the purpose of repairing, if possible, any injury which might have been sustained by the body during the voyage. The embalming which t had received at the Cape, however. proved sufficient. The body was removed m the coffin and very carefully and prepared for the It was then placed in the

grangements were made for beginning from Woolwich Arsenal to Camden House, Thiselnurst. The two places are about ten niles distant from each other. The assemblage at Woolwich was very large, and all along the route through which the funeral corriege passed crowds of people were gathered. The coffin was placed upon a gun carriage; a detachment of the Royal Horse Artillery formed its escort and, mounted music played the "Dead March in Saul" and other solemn music. As the procession advanced the coffin was covered with the French and English flogs. The scene on the arrival of the cortége

peror Napoleon III. lay dead in Camden a stormy discussion ensued and the person House and was buried in the little church where his son will be buried to-morrow. by a great number of her illustrious English and French friends. When the swung open to admit the passage of the

of the ex-Empress and a great of Bonapartists who had arrived com France to assist at the funeral. gun carriage was driven up main entrance of the house, and the coffin, still covered with flags, was carried into the saloon which had been prepared for its reception and placed upon platform erected for it. Here the arrangements were already completed, and in a few moments the lid of the coffin was emoved and the body of the Prince exposed to view. \*Around the coffin were arranged a number of lighted candles, and at the head were two Sisters of Mercy who knelt in prayer. The countenance o the Prince, as seen in the soft light of the candles, seemed lifelike and peaceful.

THE EX-EMPRESS' LAST LOOK. When all was arranged every one save sisters and priests were requested to eave the room, and in a few moments the mpress, accompanied only by a single attendant, entered the room to take her he sacredness of her grief was respected, and no reports of how she sustained this painful and agonizing trial have been given out. She is said, however, have manifested almost unnatural com posure upon emerging from the room. After this scene the adherents of the Prince and friends of the dynasty were permitted to enter the room, and each for a few moments to look upon the dead Prince. The scene was sombre and impressive in the extreme. Two nuns still knelt at the head, the priests kneeling at the foot, and repeating the prayers for the dead. The funeral tapers cast a soft and subdued upon the face of the dead For several hours the doors of the

were kept open, and a constant STREAM OF SYMPATHIZING FRIENDS passed through. The funeral will take place to-morrow morning at an early hour The body will be taken to the church of st. Mary and placed in front of the altar.

ow mass for the dead will then be said without musical accompaniment of any kind, and the body will be deposited in a tomb at the side of the sarcophagus which encloses the remains of the Em peror. It is doubted whether the ex-Empress will be able to attend the ceremony, but it is thought she will make a great effort to do so, especially as the Queen has announced her intention of oming to accompany her to the grave.

ILL-FEELING IN FRANCE. It is stated that there is much ill-feeling n France at the great demonstration of mourning in England. No member of the French Embassy in London will be present t the funeral. In the French Senate on riday a motion to postpone the mination of a committee on the Educaon bill because of the absence of the onapartists was resisted by M. Pellaten, ican, on the ground that they were ot absent because of a genuine senti-nent of mourning but had gone to England in search of a pretender. When the coffin was opened yesterday the eatures of the Prince were much dis ared, but recognizable by the teeth. alman, the Prince Imperial's valet, fainted twice at the sight of the remains. Crowds are dressed in mourning. A large pro-portion of French people thronged the on railway stations early this morn-In addition to royal personages the wing arrived to attend the funeral:—

ess Beatrice, the Princess of Wales, nce Christian, Prince Edward of Saxe-LONDON, July 12.—The Prince of Wales, suffer less than spring crops. Duke of Edinburgh, the Duke of naught and the Crown Prince of Sweden as pall-bearers at the funeral of the

The house of a miser who recently died in Bergen county, N.J., was searched, and Turcoing, and other centres adustry. It is stated that the Eagenie did not visit the coffin this morning. She remained the bowels, softens the guras, reduces inflamma.

The house of a miser who recently died in Bergen county, N.J., was searched, and \$5,000 found secreted in different parts of the house, including gold and silver coins black with age.

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SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, has stood the test of many years, and never known to of French Industry. It is stated that the ex-Empress Eagenie did not visit the coffin three this morning. She remained over it in an agony of grief until seven,

At the conclusion of the services in the church the members of the French Senate and Chamber of Deputies in attendance and the deputation of workmen filed round the coffin, sprinkling it with holy water and immortelles.

The movement of the funeral cortege commenced this morning. The eleven

princely pall-bearers were in uniform. An immense wreath from Queen Victoria was Solemn but Imposing Occasion-Ill-Feeling in France. carried on the coffin, which was invisible because of the mass of flowers. Prince Jerome Bonaparte and his sons followed the coffin, and the British Ministry was represented. The procession was three quarters of a mile long. A deputation f French military students was present.

The funeral took place in accordance ith the arrangements already anwith the arrangements nounced. The Russian, German Danish ambassadors were present. body of Parisian workmen viewed coffin before the funeral. It is estima that the various sympathizers brought bouquets and wreaths sufficient to fill two

vans to place on the grave. Mme. Christine Nilsson-Rouzeaua volunteered her services in the choir at the church. IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

Lively Times in the House of Commons.

The Liberals and their Leader — Com-plaints of the Inaction of the Marquis of Hartington — An Objectionable Re-porter in the Strangers' Gallery.

LONDON, July 10.-Mr. Chamberlain, member of Parliament for Birmingham, complains that the concession on the question of flogging in the army and navy, which has been wrested from the Government, has been obtained without the aid of the Marquis of Hartington. He declares that in almost every important movement during the present Parliament, the initiative had been left to unofficial members of the Liberal party.

A scene occurred in the House of Com mons to-night, when the House went into Committee on the Army Discipline bill, Mr. Sullivan, member for Louth, called attention to a person in the strangers' gallery taking notes of the remarks of individual members, and asked by whose authority that person was there. It was rumoured that the person was in the gallery view of repressive measures against Irish obstructionists. The Speaker having re- six out of nine seats, which they formerly placed the chairman of the committee, replied that the person was there on his authority. He explained that owing to the delay with the Army bill, the minutes of the proceedings of members should be more ample, but the notes taken would be beggars description. It recalled vividly the scene in the same spot when the Emhaving left the House again returned, when

where his son will be buried to-morrow.
The ex-Empress, who had been apprised of the coming of the cortége, was greatly aritated but still preserved some degree of accused the Speaker of a breach of privi-lege and one sided conduct. This language caused an altercation with Mr. Raikes,

> reporters, recourse to physical violetce appeared probable. In the course of the debate Mr. Parnell moved that any report or record of the proceedings in the House of Commons without its sanction is unprecedented and a breach of privilege and endangers the liberty of debate.

In the House of Commons to-day Stafford Northcote, Chanceller of the Exchequer, moved to Mr. Parnell's motion an amendment expressing confidence in the Speaker. The Marquis of Hartington and Mr. Gladstone supported the amendment amid much cheering. The debate proceeding the Home Rulers became much excited and Mr. Sullivan, Home Ruler, accused the Government of contemplating the imprisonment and expulsion of the Irish members. Mr. Parnell's motion was

rejected by 421 to 29.
Sir Stafford Northcote's amendment to Mr. Parnell's motion, expressing confidence in the Speaker, was adopted amid loud

LONDON, July 15.-In the House of Lords to-night the Irish University bill was read a third time.

In the House of Commons to-day Sir Stafford Northcote said the bill relating to elections and corrupt practices ought to be considered before the dissolution of Par-liament, but he doubted whether it could be considered during the present session.

### THE ISTHMUS CANAL.

A Possible Rival to the Panama Route— M. de Lesseps' Action Criticised. LONDON, July 15 .- The Times' financial orrespondent at Paris says it is considered de Lesseps would have taken a more prudent course if, instead of asking a subscription of 400,000,000 francs for the canal, he had formed a preparatory company to make a more complete investigation. Paul Leroy Beaulieu points out that it is not certain that the Nicaragua route has not advantages that may hereafter lead to the creation of a second canal which would deprive M. de Lesseps' enterprise of the trade of the two coasts of the United States on which it relies for the chief

LANCASHIRE COTTON TRADE. Threatened Reduction of the Output-Stoppage of Many Mills-Emigration to America.

London, July 15.—The movement for a reduction in the output is spreading in the 4,000 spindles and 1,100 looms are idle.

FAILURE OF ENGLISH CROPS.

The Harvest Ruined by Long-Continued Rains.

London, July 10.—John Joseph Mechi, the noted scientific agriculturist, writes to the Times:—"Another week of floeding, storms and low temperature has put the finishing stroke to the agricultural disaster. It is now too late for the crops to recover on ill-formed and undrained lands. matter is simply ruinous. Wheat will

when she fell asleep and was removed to her chamber. The favourite horse of the Prince Imperial was led after the poffin.

NEWS FROM ABROAD.

pose of assisting the Co-operative Colony Aid Association lately formed. The object of the association is to bring about a

The unveiling of the Thiers' statue at Nancy is fixed for the third of August. Monsignor Manning, nephew of Cardinal Manning and one of the papal chamberlains, is dead. A Berlin correspondent says there are money compensation.

marked symptoms of estrangement tween Germany and Russia. Cardinal Manning preached the funeral sermon of the late Prince Imperial at Chiselhurst on Sunday in the presence of the Imperial family and a numerous congrega-

The Prince of Wales has started a subscription for the purpose of erecting a national memorial to the late Prince Im-The Post says that Prince Jerome Napo-

EUROPE.

eon declined the invitation of the Empres to visit her after the funeral of the Prince The ex-Empress Eugenie has issued an address, in which she publicly thanks the English people for their sympathy on the death of the Prince Imperial.

Mr. Tennant, Liberal, has been elected to the Imperial House of Commons from Glasgow without opposition in the place of Mr. Whitelaw, Conservative, deceased. A correspondent at Berlin says the Gov ernment contemplates augmenting the number of recruits by 23,000 yearly, at an

ncreased expenditure of 27,000,000 marks. Bismarck will meet Archbishop Mazella. Papal Nuncio to Bavaria, at Kissengen this month, when it is thought a final un-derstanding between Germany and the Vatican will be reached. The Italie, of Rome, says the contribu

tions of Peter's Pence for the first half of the present year have increased by £28, 000 compared with the sum contributed during the same period of 1878. A despatch from St. Petersburg reports that dissenters from the Orthodox Church. hitherto unrecognized by the State, are to

have entire liberty of worship. This affects twelve million Russian subjects. The programme for the Belgian national festival next year, to commemorate the semi-centennial of the nation's independence, has been drawn up. The total cost to he Government is estimated at \$1,379,400. In the elections for the representation of the great landed proprietors of Moravia in the Austrian Reicharath, the Liberals lost held. The blow is severely felt by the

the Imperial hatt, investing Tewfik Pasha with the title of Khedive, shall give him the right of concluding treaties with foreign powers which had been revoked by the Sultan. A Constantinople despatch says the Porte

Layard, British ambassador, that England should act as an intermediary with the powers in the settlement of the Greek Lord Beaconsfield is credited by a Vienna

paper with taking a curious diet. It de-ulares that he lives exclusively on cham-pagne jelly, which he takes thrice daily. Each meal costs \$15, as each jelly takes

has reappeared in the House of Comnons looking remarkably well. The pain which he suffered so long and so acutely is completely gone. The Madrid Libertad states that the Emperor of Austria will, during the coming autumn, receive a communication from Madrid in relation to the projected alliance

between King Alfonso and the Arch-Duchess Maria of Austria. The communication will be officially published in Novemation will be officially published in November.

The Orange celebrations in Ireland on the 12th research off without disturbances.

The Orange celebrations in Ireland on the 12th research off without disturbances.

The Orange celebrations in Ireland on the 12th research off without disturbances. cause of the excitement in consequence of

the debate in Parliament on the Government's Irish University bill. A man has been arrested at Brussels on suspicion of being the author of the recent placards threatening to assassinate the king. He appears insane. The Etoile Releasaws the individual arrested is not the Belge says the individual arrested is not the Belge says the individual arrested is not the author of the placards, but is charged with speaking insultingly of the King, and declaring himself chosen by lot to assass- this along was cold, while the opposing

Prince Charles Napoleon Bonaparte, the second son of the eldest brother of the great Napoleon, is said to be preferred at Chiselhurst as head of the house to Prince Jerome Napoleon. Prince Charles is forty eter was very low at the time, and the years old and has the true Bonaparte face.

He holds the position of President of the minutes. Council-General at Corsica, where he is

very popular. Mr. Wilkie Collins has obtained judgment in France against a M. Dorosne, who issued what purported to be a translation of "Edwin Drood," by Charles Dickens A despatch and Wilkie Collins, under the title of "Le Crime de Jasper." The sequel was really by M. Dorosne himself, and Mr. Collins complained of injury to his reputation and prejudice to his genuine productions.

After the body of the late Prince Imperial has been placed in Westminster Abbey and some other memorial erected with the funds contributed by the British army, it has been resolved to devote the surplus fund to the establishment of benevolent institution commemorative of the Prince. It is computed that the army fund alone will amount to fifty thousand pounds.

There has been a grave scandal in Turkcotton districts. In addition to the depression at Blackburn and Oldham it is already reported that 450,000 spindles at Pasha divided the military treasury among Preston are stopped, out of an aggregate of 2,000,000. One quarter of the looms have also stopped at Accrington. Work is very irregular; 6,800 spindles are idle in two mills besides processed by the field officers, taking as his own share 8,800 Turkish liras. These, after his return to Constantinople, he indeed replaced, but in caimés, pocketing the difference. mills, besides numerous other stoppages. In the Leigh district 123,000 spindles are at the head of the War Department, has working on short time; 140,000 have stop-ped altogether. In the Haslingden district the revenue devoted to the wants of the In consequence of the depression in Lan- and the investigation which has been orcashire, large numbers of operatives are dered must disgrace one of them or the other.

### UNITED STATES.

Reports from the various Southern Cotton Exchanges show that the cotton crop on June 30th was a week to two weeks be hind last year.

The International Normal Educational Conference will be held at Thousand Island Park, St. Lawrence river, from August 29th to the 16th inclusive. An officer from Boston has been at Derby Line, Vt., for the past few days looking after wool reported to have been smuggled from Carada. He has detained a large

quantity there.

olonization movement of workingmen out of employment.

The negotiations between Russia and the United States relative to the fisheries near Alaska have resulted in an arrangement by which vessels of the United States are allowed to fish in Russian waters in return for the payment of a

Wm. Watson, once a noted and wealthy Brooklyn tobacconist and inventor of the tinfoil wrapping for chewing tobacco, died on Thursday night. He was pursued by misfortunes in late years. He has buried nine children and leaves a wife blind and enniless. A friend once in his employ

has promised to bury the body. The slaughter of 1,300 sheep from Boston at Liverpool, because they were infected with foot and mouth disease, will probably have no effect on shipments from Boston. This disease never before appeared in shipments of American sheep. The meat of animals affected is not injurious, but the disease is contagious and fatsi if unobecked. f unchecked.

Squire Applegate, of Sharon, Penn., has done what he could to make marriage easy. In the country papers his advertisement ran:—"No license required. Parents' consent not wanted. On the Fourth of July Squire Applegate will remain at home for the purpose of marrying all persons from Ohie who may desire his services. Strict secrecy maintained if required." Squire Applegate, of Sharon, Penn., has

At a Cabinet meeting at Washington yesterday afternoon the question of the importation of cattle from abroad was considered, and it was decided that such importation heretofore prohibited should be allowed under certain conditions. A circular containing these conditions and other formation on the subject will be prepared

by the acting Secretary of the Treasury. A Washington despatch says the Democrats will undoubtedly endeavour to impeach Minister Seward. The story goes that Heister Clymer waited upon Secretary Evarts and told him that if Seward should not be sent back to China the Democrats would drop the proceedings against him; but if he was permitted to return to his post the impeachment proceedings would be renewed.

A drove of Texan steers was driven through Central Park, New York, on Saturday, when some of the animals broke om the herd and went careering through the streets pursued by police and crowds of people. Several people were tossed on their horns and several horses gored. A few runaways were killed by the police. It is rumoured that several of the animals went into Central Park and did serious

damage there. The District Court at Ogden, Utah, recently appointed receivers of the estate of the late Brigham Young on the application the late Brigham Young on the application of one of the heirs, who claimed that the property was boing improperly disposed of to Jno. Taylor, president of the Mormon Church. The receiver claiming, George Q. Cannon, Albert Carrington, and Brigham Young, ir., executors, and John Taylor, have failed or refused to comply with the order of the Court. All the above parties were on Saturday arrested for contempt. Each gave bonds in five thousand dollars. Edward O'Kelly, the last of the Fenian risoners released from confinement at Spinosland, Cork harbor, died at Newark, N. J.,
n. Saturday night. He arrived in New

the pardon being that he should stay out of Ireland. O'Kelly arrived in New York penniless, having refused a gratuity such as the other released Fenians accepted from the British Government. He even made the voyage in the steerage, declining a cabin ticket bought with British gold. He got work in a factory at Newark but prison life had broken down his health and hemorrhage of the lungs sent him to his death bed. He retained all his enthusiasm in the cause of Irish nationalism. His re-

The Orange celebrations in Ireland on the 12th passed off without disturbances except a few isolated cases of shooting and one death is reported. The autonic on the Fourth, although the inhabitants of every other American city were tants of every other american city were tants. suffering from heat. The signal service directors explain this remarkable meteorological phenomenon in this way. Artificial snow may be formed in a warm room, the air of which has become saturated with current was warm and saturated with vapour. These two intermingled, and the nelped to produce this result. The barom-

### MISCELLANEOUS.

The Sultan of Zanzibar will visit Europe

of rats is causing widespread distress A Berlin despatch reports that Gen. Lozareff, commanding the Russian expedition from the eastern shore of the Caspian,

is commissioned to capture and destroy the City of Merv. A despatch from Calcutta says late advices from Mandalay state that the King of Burmah has taken a fresh murderous fit, and twelve political notabilities have been murdered, and it is feared other murders

will follow. The news from Spain of the reduction of the direct taxes is received in Cuba with great joy by the planters. Committees of municipal and provincial deputies, mer-chants and planters, have called upon and congratulated Gen. Blanquel on the success of his efforts in bringing about the reduc-

Fing Theebaw, of Burmah, according to a correspondent, "has taken to drinking harder than ever. His present particular pison is gin, and he is said to put a couple of bottles of 'square-face' out of sight daily very good allowance for a fellow of one. Several times lately, when more than ordinarily drunk, he has hiccoughed out orders for the massacre of every 'Kala' in the place, but fortunately every one has been deaf hitherto. The presence of correspondents in the royal city is said to particularly exasperate him.

eigners from the palace.'

seley at the Cape. Devising Means for Transportation.

> Rejection of the Terms of Peace by Cete-London, July 10.—A Cape Town despatch of June 23rd says General Sir Garnet Wolseley has arrived and immediately started for Natal. The British forces

are within twenty-five miles of Cetewayo's The decision of the court-martial in the case of Lieut. Carey, who commanded the expedition in which the Prince Imperial lost his life, has been sent to England for confirmation prior to publication. Lieut. Carey will go home at the first opportunity.

A Cape Town despatch of June 24th says General Wolseley has summoned a meeting of native chiefs at Marizurg on the 30th of June to devise means of transportation by native carriers. The General portation by native carriers. The General

will start for the front on the 1st of July. Zulu prisoners state that King Cetewayo will allow our troops to advance near Jlundi and then make an attack. LONDON, July 11.-A Utrecht despatch f June 24th says the border police reports that Zulu headmen have been spoken to on the border. A messenger is with them to collect men for the King's army. The headmen say the King will not submit to

### Lord Chelmsford's terms of peace. THE CANADIAN LOAN.

Complete Success of Sir Leonard Tilley's London, July 15.—The new Canadian 4 Cenders at the official minimum of 95 per cent. will receive about 90 per cent. of the amount of their tenders. All tenders above 95 receive the full amount bid for.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

TIVERTON, July 10.—Last evening, as Mr. Duncan McLellan, a farmer living near this village, was digging a hole to bury a large stone on his farm, the stone suddenly rolled over into the hole where he was working, and struck him a severe blow, which caused his death. He lived only about half an hour afterwards.

HALIFAX, July 10.—A little boy, one powder. No other damage resulted. year old, son of Mr. Edwin Bauchman, of Bridgetown, having got hold of some pieces of broken looking-glass, licked a large quantity of quicksilver off the back and was badly poisoned.

COLLINGWOOD, July 11.—This morning a party of Americans, whe are stopping here waiting for the boat for French river, went out on the bay in a small sailboat. While they were off Nottawasaga Island the boat was capsized. They were seen by Capt. Collins, of the Nottawasaga light, who immediately went to their succeeded in saving five of the party, but one, named Robert Waddell, had sunk to rise no more. The body has not yet been

recovered. LONDON, July 11.-Harris Cohen, who remanded till Tuesday, on a charge of bigamy. A woman claiming to be his wife has arrived from New York, and Cohen does not deny the relationship. When questioned by the magistrate, he said the woman was not know if he was the father of her child. The first wife, who is a very ladylike person, is accompanied by her uncle.

Acron, Ont., July 12.-An accident occurred near here on Thursday night, which will probably prove fatal. A man named William Plummer, a farmer, was returning home from Guelph late at night, when it is supposed his horses ran away, throwing him out of the waggon. He had his spine and shoulder blade broken by the fall. He fell out of the waggon opposite the house of a man named Grindle. Grindle's dog was the first to find Plummer, and commenced barking. Grindle and his son, hearing the dog making a noise, took a shot gun and went out to the road fence. They saw the dog running around something on the road, and with-out ascertaining what it was, but suppos-ing it to be some wild animal, the father courage to go out to the road and see what they had shot, when they found Plummer. They took him to their house, and sent for some neighbours and for Dr. McCulloch, of Rockwood. Dr. McCulloch sent for Drs. Keating and Clark, of Guelph, and together

they extracted about fifty grains of shot from Plummer's neck. The doctors have in the very slight hopes of his recovery. PORT PERRY, July 13 .- A sad and sudden gloom was occasioned to this com-munity last evening by the death of A. H. Shaw, bailiff of the 3rd division court in this county. He and several others started off in the yacht Tempest for a bathe in the states he will resume operations. The lake, and when about two or three miles out and about one hundred yards from the shore, Messrs. Shaw and Watkis stripped and jumped in. Nearing the shore they became entangled in the weeds and were unable to proceed. Mr. Watkis eventually reached the island shore in an exhausted condition, but Mr. Shaw was unfortunately drowned. The body was recovered this morning in about 12 feet of water, not 30 feet from the shore.

OTTAWA, July 13.—News of a most mel-

ancholy accident reached the city this

afternoon. It appears two young men named E. O. Bottrell and J. K. Henri, sons of prominent citizens, went out fishing on Saturday afternoon in the Ottawa, below the Deschanes rapids, where the current is very swift. Their boat was drawn into an eddy, and became uncontrollable. It finally capsized, throwing them into the water, and, before any assistance could be given, both were drowned. The news of the sad event did not reach their parents until this evening. The bodies have not yet been recovered.

GUELPH, July 14.—This forenoon Mr. Jas. Hazelton, for many years the leading furniture dealer in this city, committed suicide by hanging himself. For some time the deceased had been troubled with softening of the brain, and last year by the advice of his medical attendant he was control to Roman Catholic insane asylum white vs. Negro.

An Affray in West Virginia — Negroes Briven out by Whites.

Richmond, Va., July 15. —Details of serious affray between large parties of whites and negroes have just reached here from Hunton, W. Va. Louis Peck, a railroad man, chastised three negroes for slandering his affianced. The negroes collected a large party of friends who threatlested to the Roman Catholic instance and the was discharged. He recovered that he had been there about the head been there about an alterity to light the kitchen fire one morning lately. She took some coal oil, and while pouring it on the wood a flame burst out, the oil in the can exploded, her dischen fire one morning lately. She took some coal oil, and while pouring it on the wood a flame burst out, the oil in the can exploded, her dischen from the will be opened on

six feet in length and doubling it, tied the ends together. He threw the loop of this over a door, fixing the other end round his neck. The body was found lifeless, suspended from the door, shortly after the occurrence. It was removed and examined by doctors Clark and Herod, and the lat-Arrival of Sir Garnet Wol. by doctors Clark and Herod, and the lat-

ter will hold an inquest on the body this BARRIE, Ont., July 14.—A sad case of death from lock-jaw occurred here to-day. Two weeks ago one Mrs. Layine of this town stepped on a rusty nail which pene-trated her foot to the depth of an inch. Yesterday she was seized with lock jaw

and died this morning. She leaves four small children and a husband. Belleville, July 14.—A shocking accident occurred on the Grand Junction railway this morning by which a resident of this city was instantly killed. Between five and six o'clock a train carrying a working party left Belleville and had proceeded to the vicinity of Hayden's Corners when a man was been a way. ners, when a man was observed walking

hers, when a man was observed walking along the track towards the train. The whistle was blown and the bell rung but the man on the track paid no attention and despite the application of the brakes number of their heaviest breech-loading the engine struck him with great force and, as he fell upon the rails, passed over him, severing his head from his body, cutting off a portion of one of his arms therwise frightfully mutilating the remains. It was not known to those on the train who deceased was, but it was afterwards learned that his name Christopher Kavanagh, a man about 55 years of age, who resided for some years near the Grand Trunk and who had been

employed on the Grand Junction. The deceased leaves a widow, two sons and a daughter. It is thought it is a case of de-London, Ont., July 14.—Fred. Dundas, a printer at the Advertiser office, was prostrated by sunstroke while walking on

the street on Saturday, and now lies in a been a member of the same committees with Sir Patrick, returns to Gibraltar to MONTREAL, July 15 .- An inquest was held this morning on the body of the painter Rousseau, drowned from the steamer Laprairie on Sunday evening. A verdict of "accidental death," exonerating all

persons from blame, was returned. withstanding this, foul play is suspected. husband's absence in Natal. London, July 15 .- As the Sarnia train was leaving the station this evening an exolosion occurred among the baggage in the baggage car, and smoke was seen to issue om a trunk. The trunk was removed and burst open, when it was found that a powder horn and a box of matches had been put near together, and the friction caused the latter to ignite, setting off the

POLITICAL NOTES.

STORMONT. OTTAWA, July 15.—The petition against the return of Mr. Joseph Kerr to the Le-gislative Assembly for the county of Stormont has been duly filed. Mr. A. F. McIn- accompanied by a heavy thunder shower, tyre, of this city, is the counsel for the passed over here from the West at about petitioners. It is understood that the petition alleges bribery and undue influence by Mr. Kerr and his agents, and calls for

Mr. F. M. Carpenter has been served with notice that it is the intention of the South Wentworth Reformers to protect his right to a seat in the Ontario Legislature. Ist. On the ground of bribery and servery oppressive, the thermometer reprion on the part of himself or his agents, and 2nd. On the ground that he or his agents treated to some liquor or heverage on the day of election. It is beverage on the day of election. It is stated on authority that no such acts were

more ignominiously for those who have embarked in the contest.

FIRE RECORD. LISTOWEL, July 10.—About 4.30 this morning a fire broke out in the sash and door factory of Wm. Milnes, totally destroying the building and contents. Loss about \$4,000, insured as follows:—Gore Mutual, \$1,000; British American, \$1,000.

The fire is supposed to have been incendiscovered, about 1.30 this morning, in the upper part of the Wilson House, at place from the west to the east yesterday around sometiming on the road, and with the Toronto, Grey and Bruce railway staining it to be some wild animal, the father foolishly ordered his son to shoot it. The ground in spite of every effort, as a fresh an hour, and were accompanied by a burrifoolishly ordered his son to shoot it. The son fired at Plummer's white collar, all that could be seen in the dark. The shot that could be seen in the dark. The shot Toronto, Grey and Bruce railway, and was in the surrounding country. The steeple of the English church here was thrown to the English church here. on furniture and stock; insured for \$1,800.

Montreal, July 10.—This morning a fire occurred at McCreedy's boot and shoe factory, St. Peter street, and burned for some time. Mr. McCready roughly estimates his loss at \$20,000, but it may prove the matter of the creative for the matter of the matter of the matter of the creative for the matter of the matte to be greater. The value of the entire stock was \$60,000, covered by insurance age cannot be estimated." in the following offices Queen Insurance, \$5,000; North British and Mercantile, \$10,000; Phœnix, \$10,000; Guardian \$5,000; Liverpool and London and Globe, \$5,000. Two hundred hands were employed, who are of course thrown on their pars for a few days, when Mr. McCready

> The Iroquois Times, a staunch Conserva tive journal, has passed into the hands of Brouse Bros., of Iroqueis. It is an excellent paper in every respect, and well worthy of extensive patronage.

> A ten-year-old lad at Clinton, having go out of his depth while bathing, was carried down the stream by the current and landed on the bank. He was so thankful at his deliverance that he fell on his knees on the

eight red ants and a quantity of bugs and fleas, taken from an adjacent garden. A stallion caught the wrist of Mr. Charles Mason, of Tuckersmith, with its teeth and commenced to tear at it. Mr. Mason with the hand that was at liberty struck the brute a well-delivered blow and knocked it down, compelling it to release

The Custom House officials at Port Col-

borne on Tuesday last seized five hundred-weight of smoked meat and some fancy

its hold.

soap, which one Morgan, an old offender, was trying to smuggle into Canada. They also seized a farmer's team and waggon that was loading the meat.

# LATEST CABLE NEWS

Departure of Lancashire Farmers for Manitoba.

ARMSTRONG CUNS FOR CANADA.

Return of Sir Patrick Macdougall to Halifax.

ILLNESS OF LORD CHELMSFORD.

[SPECIAL BY TELEGRAPH TO THE MAIL.] ARMSTRONG GUNS FOR CANADA. LONDON, July 16.-The well-known gun factory of Sir William Armstrong & Co., at Elswick, Newcastle-on-Tyne, has, it is stated, handed over to the authorities a

uns, which have been manufactured pecially for the defences of Canada. LANCASHIRE FARMERS FOR MANITOBA. Mr. Capper, agent of the Canadian Government, will leave Liverpool next week accompanied by a number of Lancashire farmers, who are emigrating to Manitoba.

THE ZULU WAR. The reverses and difficulties in Zululand are reported to have had such an effect upon Lord Chelmsford that he is completely weighed down. It is stated that he has suffered to such a serious extent that he is unable to obtain natural repose. THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN CANADA. On the termination of the sittings of the War Office Committees, Sir Patrick Macdougall will return to Halifax, N. Lord Napier of Magdala, who has also

resume his command of the forces there LADY WOLSELEY. Lady Wolseley has taken up her abode a short distance outside of Paris during her

WEATHER AND CROPS.

More Heavy Rain, Wind, and Hail. Damage to the Crops—A Church Spire Blown Down at Clifton — Damage at Napanee—Tornado at Coaticook.

OTTAWA, July 15.—Heavy showers of ain continue to fall throughout the Ottawa district much to the injury of the CLIFFON, July 15.—A violent wind storm of about thirty minutes' duration, l p.m. to-day, tearing up large trees by their roots and prostrating telegraph water in many places. The spire of the Niagara Falls Methodist church was blown down; also the reflectors and other elevated por-tions of the electric light apparatus at the

was very oppressive, the thermometer registering 95 in the shade. At 3 p.m. a heavy storm of wind and rain set in and lasted one hour blowing a hurricane. Fences were levelled to the ground, trees committed by Mr. Carpenter, and that without doubt the defeat of the exasperated party over the re-count will end far the party over the re-count will end far t ing trees. It rained and hailed nine inches on the level. The storm has done a great

deal of damage to the crops, as a great por-tion of the grain is prostrated on the ground and will not rise again. Before this storm everything had the appearance of an abundant harvest. MONTREAL, July 15.-A very severe thunder-storm, accompanied by heavy rain. commenced here this evening a little after six o'clock, and lasted until eight. Up to

The Witness' special from Coaticook.

# DEPRESSION IN LANCASHIRE.

Gloomy State of Affairs in the Cotton Trade.

One-Fourth of the Looms and Spindles

-Many Firms Suspending Operations. LONDON, July 16.—Additional reports from all parts of the cotton manufacturing districts show that about a fourth of the looms and spindles are idle, and a large proportion of the others are running on short time. Many firms have suspended operations entirely. In the Bury district both the woollen and cotton trades are "Spare the toads," says the Brockville Monitor. A gentleman there recently accidentally ripped open a toad with a mower, and found in its stomach seventy-eight red ants and a quantity of bage and Stockport the prospect, especially in the weaving department, is said to be almost hopeless. It is computed that new only half a million spindles and 300 leoms are working, against 1,195,000 spindles and 7,900 looms five years ago. In Rochdale 500 houses are tenantless. The Manchester Guardisc shows that the condition of trade in the Recendale district, where the ma-chinery is adapted for Indian cotton, is even worse. Out of 100 mills only six, and these comparatively insignificant, are entirely stopped, and the remainder are

only running on an average three and a

quarter days a week.

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wells in KNESS.

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Great Damage to Crops in Western Ontario.

Furious Hurricane at Sarnia

Newbury, Ont., July 11.—A severe wind storm passed over this place to-day, and was followed by a heavy rain, lasting about two hours. The wind uprooted trees and blew down rail fences in the country. No serious accidents are reported, but the storm left wheat and other standing grain in the story bed that for criting.

n a bad state for cutting.

PETROLIA, Ont., July 11.—About noon to-day a storm passed over this town and neighbourhood causing destruction to property estimated at at least ten thousand dollars as far as heard from. Two-thirds of all the derricks are blown down, and there is also very considerable loss to the well; rocking connection, pumps, tanks and machinery being damaged by falling timbers.

HIGHGATE, July 11 .- A heavy wind and HIGHGATE, July II.—A neavy wind and rain storm passed over this place at noon to-day, unroofing a barn belonging to John Mason, taking the chimney off the English church and doing other damage. The wind completely overturned a waggon laden with hay, and ran a mower off the C. S. R. COLCHESTER, Out., July 11 .- A heavy

thunderstorm accompanied by wind, rain and hail passed over this village to day at noon doing a great amount of damage to the crops that were standing, as well as the fall wheat, a large amount of which was cut and in shock. The gables of two houses were blown in, the inmates narrowly escaping serious injury. Fences were levelled in all directions and many trees torn up by the roots.

LONDON, Unt., July 11.—The heaviest rain and hail storm for years visited this locality to-day. Rain fell in torrents; standing crops were beaten down and a great deal of miscellaneous damage was done but none worthy of special mention. In the township of Westminster a hail stone measuring 22 inches in diameter was picked up.

SARNIA, July 11 .- About 10.45 this Sarnia, July 11.— About 10.45 this morning a terrific storm of wind and rain passed over this neighbourhood doing immense damage to property. It raged with great violence for nearly an hour, wrecking buildings, levelling fences, uprooting and destroying shade trees, and creating havoc generally. The storm appeared to have struck with greatest force in the neighbourhood of the Observer office, the building adjoining it to the north, and those facing it on Front street suffering greater damage than those in any other part of the town. The scene when the storm was at its height was appalling. The wind roared and beat against the buildings with a great violence, and the water ings with a great violence, and the water in the river and bay was lashed into a perfect in the river and bay was lashed into a perfect fury, the waves breaking over the docks and tossing the large vessels at the wharves around like toys. The rain swept down in blinding torrents, making objects at a dis-tance appear indistinct, and at one time completely blotting out the view. The air was filled with flying fragments of sign-boards, chimney tops, akylights, sidings, ahingles and roofing materials, branches of trees, and every description of loose light rubbish. Buildings shook and swayed, and their inmates sought safety in the cel-lars. Such a storm was never before wit-nessed here, and many thought every beta town was never before with the control of the chimneys and sign boards, the crash of broken windows, and at intervals the heavier and more prolonged sounds of the piloted roofs and falling walls. No one discovered the property of the content of falling walls. No one discovered the property of the content of falling walls. No one discovered the property of the content of falling walls. No one discovered the property of the content of falling walls. No one discovered the property of the content of falling walls. No one discovered the property of the content of falling walls. No one discovered the property of the content of falling walls. No one discovered the property of the content of falling walls. No one discovered the property of the content of falling walls. No one discovered the property of the content of falling walls. No one discovered the property of the content of falling walls. No one discovered the content of falling walls and the wall of the content of falling walls. No one discovered the fall of the content of falling walls and the content of falling walls and the content of falling walls. No one discovered the fall of the content of the content of falling walls and the content of falling walls and the content of falling walls and the content of falling walls. The content of the content of the wind appears to have found the walls and the content of the content of the content of the contents of the upper fall walls and the content of the cont and it was unroofed in a twinkling; the contents of the upper flat, shelving, furniture, etc., were carried with the roof high into the air and scattered in all directions. The plate glass windows in Stewart & Wilson's were shattered, as were also the windows in the adjoining store of R. & A. Duncan. The frame building belonging to the Russel estate, between the Observer office and R. & J. Mackenzie's, was crushed in by the fall of the chimney, and by fragments of masonry from the wall of Mackenzie's furniture store adjoining. In the room beneath where the roof was crushed in were a number of young girls in the employ of Mrs. McCormick, milliner, Luckily they all escaped without injury, though the falling bricks and debris of the roof and ceiling filled the room where they had been at work. The battlement front of Mr. Bunning's store was blown in, as was also the front of Kelly's fruit store. A frame house on George street, opposite roof and ceiling filled the room where they had been at work. The battlement front of Mr. Bunning's store was blown in, as was also the front of Kelly's fruit store. A frame house on George street, opposite McElhorn's hotel, used as a boarding house,

We have received information from a party of men who last week were in the vicinity of Ouiseau Rock, and who having heard that there were caves to be found under it, they formed themselves into an exploring party, with matches for torches, and proceeded on their expedition. They found after some examination an entrance under the rock, and went in a distance of fifty or sixty feet, lighting their way with the matches, but here the current of

foul air became so strong that the matches would not burn any longer, so they were obliged to retreat. At that distance in the rock there is an apartment where a dozen persons could stand at ease, and they also observed an upper passage leading to another cave above the one in which they were, but they did not wish to explore it without light. They therefore came out to the open air again, and after examining along the base of the rock towards the north-east, they found another entrance, which appeared not to be so dark, so they entered, and travelling along for some time, they observed a brightness ahead of them, until having traversed about 400 feet they found themselves again in the open air, having passed under a portion of the rock. They were obliged to bring their explorations to a close. We hope to hear of some other party better equipped for the purpose, undertaking to make a thorough exploration of this great natural curiosity, as it may lead to interesting results.

(From the London Free Press.)

About a year ago a young man, whose name for the time being will be "Jones," became enamoured of a comely woman who sought and obtained employment as a domestic at the Tecumseh House in this city. He ("Jones," you know,) wasn't fastidious enough to enquire into her ancestry or previous history, and regarded it as sufficient to know that she reciprocated his affections. The courtship lasted nearly a year, during which time she had been the recipient of the usual quantity of rea year, during which time she had been the recipient of the usual quantity of refreshments at his expense, including the modest strawberry and the luscious iccorcam, and assisted in his impoverishment to the benefit of the livery men. In fact, they conducted themselves as scores of lovers have done before and since. This blissful state of affairs culminated about three months ago by their marriage at the residence of a local clergyman. After the honeymoon, Jones (of ours) purchased a neat little cottage in the southern portion of the city, resolving, as all newly-married couples do, or abould do, to live economically for a few years, and then burst upon society with all the brilliancy of a two-story brick house, and the usual concomitant of a little girl with golden hair playing on the lawn in front of the city, resolving, as all newly-married couples do, or abould the usual concomitant of a little girl with golden hair playing on the lawn in front of the city, resolving the concept of the city, resolving, as all newly-married couples do, or abould the usual concomitant of a little girl with golden hair playing on the lawn in front of the city is the couple of the city

was also the front of Kelly's fruit store. A frame house on George street, opposite McElhorn's hotel, used as boarding house, was badly wrecked, the whole upper portion being blown in. The damage to windows, signs and awnings is widespread. Shade and fruit trees, fences, barns and sheds in all parts of the town have been damaged or destroyed. The slate roofing of the new Catholic Church was stripped of the north side of the building, and the flagstaff on the old Town Hall blown down. It would be an almost endless task to detail the damage here. The streets are in many places impassable owing to fallen trees and the wreckage of buildings. The gale also struck Point Edward, doing considerable damage to Grand Trunk property in that place. Some 200 feet of the large elevator stripped of its shingles. Cars were thrown off the track and their contents scattered to the winds. Telegraph wires and poles came in for their share of damage, and for several hours after the storm had abated communication was cut off. Port Huron also experienced the full force of the hurricane, and its streets are as full of evidences of the severity of the storm as our own, the damage in many instances being more scrious. A new Baptist church, receded at a cost of \$60,000 and not quite completed, was blown down, scarcely a brick being left standing. Word of the continues be come in from the surrounding country showing that the ravages of the storm see up with unusual suddenness no one was caught in the river or bay, and there is no loss of iff one in jury to person, except in the case of Mr. Joseph Barr, was the many larged in repairing the damage to buildings, the vidences, and crops suffering from its severity. So far no reports of disasters to shipping have been received, and should not were such spread, houses, barrs, fences, and or several house, barrs, fences, and or several house, barrs, fences, and or several house, barrs, fences, and or several more in the report of the storm came up with unusual suddenness no one was caught in the country showing that the ravages of the storm were widespread, houses, barns, fences, and crops suffering from its severity. So far no reports of disasters to shipping have been received, and though the storm came up with unusual suddenness no one was caught in the river or bay, and there is no loss of life nor injury to person, except in the case of Mr. Joseph Barr, a watchmaker, who was slightly injured in

asy with command the Governor-General's Foot control Guards in the meantime.

A LIFE'S LABOUR LOST.

and so were the robbers. Tracks of bare feet were found leading from La Grandeur's place to that of the Chouinards, which were carefully measured, and found to be left by a foot of about the size to fit Chouinard's boot, and, taking all things into consideration, La Grandeur felt certain they were the guilty parties. He at once came to Winnipeg and laid an information against him, and Constables Joyal and Stone left last evening for the purpose of arresting the Chouinards and Morrissette. The case is a very sad one. The money represents the

In addition to this, as one cause of public notoriety, there has sprung up a fresh interest in Canadian affairs from the social prestige it has received in connection with recent visits and displays. During the administration of the Earl of Dufferin society in Canada assumed a more settled and, perhaps, fashionable aspect; and the graceful courtesy and genial hospitality of the Earl and Countess certainly contributed much to the formation of a distinctive Canadian sentiment, to the harmony of the different classes, and to the development of the vast resources of the country. Nothing is lost in these matters by the appointment and residence of the Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise. The arrangement which led to their transfer to Ottawa implied a compliment to the Canadian people; and the manner in which they have deported themselves since their arrival has tended in an eminent degree to win the admiration and love of the whole community. Under their administration Canada seems destined to advance socially and politically more rapidly than before; and the very fact that some of the most prominent personages of Great Britain are visiting, or intending to visit, the Dominion is proof of the interest felt in the development of the country, and a commendable anxiety to gaze upon its more notable features.

There is at least a probability that all

THE MURDER AT A TEA-

Letter in Maniche would just have may long the they were oblicated of the control almost every other sign of refined taste and advancing civilization. In public buildings take McGill College in Montreal; the University in Toronto; the Parliament Houses in Ottowa, the citade and other

ing Canadian Neat Cattle.

Washington, D.C., July 11.—The Secretary of the Treasury calls the attention of Collectors of Customs to the Statute prohibiting the importation of neat cattle from England, and directs that neat cattle from Canada shall not be admitted to entry unless the Collectors are satisfied the cattle were not imported into Canada from England, or if imported into Canada did not arrive in Canada within 90 days previously. In no case shall such cattle from Canada be admitted if there is reason to suspect they admitted if there is reason to suspect they are affected with infectious disease.

**NOVA SCOTIA CROPS.** 

Considerable Loss by Frost-Wheat, Pot toes and Garden Stuff Injured. HALIFAX, July 11 .- From all parts of HALLFAX, July 11.—From all parts of the Province come reports of damage by the late frost. At Middle Musquodoboit considerable damage was done to buckwheat and potatoes, while tender garden stuff was all nipped off. The potato crop in many parts of Colchester has been considerably damaged. One man from North River says that on Monday morning last a fine field of potatoes in which he had sowed nineteen bushels presented a very discouraging appearance. Other fields in that locality were more new affected.

the continue of the continue of the continue degree of the continue of the con

ment. From other information adduced, it would seem that the prisoner was somewhat intoxicated at the time, and that there was whiskey drunk at the house before the row.

UNEARTHING A MASTODON.

What a Farmer's Boy Found.

NEWRUGG, N.Y., July 7.—William Kelly, as one of Hugh Kelly, which is situated about a quarter of a mile south-cast of the Little Britain Presuper of farm, which is situated about a quarter of a mile south-cast of the Little Britain Presuper of farm, which is situated about a quarter of a mile south-cast of the Little Britain Presuper of Mr. Kelly a neighbours saw the supposed log, and they came to the conclusion that instead of being a piece of wood or stone, the thing was nothing less than a section of the light of a mastodon. Yesterday, R. W. Genung and William J. Morrison's house, being a digging in the trench, and their labour was rewarded by the discovery of the skull of a large mastodon, besides several was rewarded by the Mayors of the province of the ground. The typer jaw of the skull was well as the was happy to receive at their hands of wishes of the majority of the Province of Covernment of Which he was a midnest complete skeleton of the extinct manmoth. The upper jaw of the skull was found about 4 feet 6 inches below the fact that it took five men to lift it from its bed. The lower jaw was found at the same depth from the surface as the upper one, but about three feet away from it. The searchers also uncarthed a complete mastodon's foreleg, sections of the spine, more than a score of ribs, and a large number of bones belonging to the feet. The search was continued to-day, and up to none several more ribs had been brought to light. The first bones were found at a depth of two feet, and the trench was errored for the last forty years, and to with his earth was continued to day, and up to none several more ribs had been brought to light. The first bones were found at a depth of two feet, and the trench was errored for the last forty years, and to with his exercing the day and conside

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Both turned and ran back toward the boys, screaming for help. The fire was quickly fanned into a flame, which completely enveloped her before she had gone many rods. A man who was near pulled off his cardigan jacket and threw it about her, but he fire had already consumed every vestige of her clothing, which fell in pieces as she ran. The boys called to her to run into the creek which was about one hundred feet distant but it was too late, as Miss Dunbar fell unconscious. Her companion had ran back to a house near the entrance of the grove for help. Before she died she expressed a wish that the boy whose thoughtlessness had cost her her life might be brought to her as she knew that if he could see her it would prove a wholesome warning to him. The Coroner's jury which sat upon the case found that there was no evidence of a criminal intent on the part of the boy and cousequently the part of the boy and consequently there was no legal punishment to be in flicted for the offence.

### YELLOW FEVER.

Two Deaths on Board a Nova Scotia HALIFAX, N.S., July 13 .- The briganti Orloff, at Arichat, under command of the mate, reports that that vessel sailed from Ponce on the 15th ult., that on the first day out Chas. Peerlou, second mate, fell sick and two days afterwards Michael Deegan and two days afterwards Michael Deegan, the master, who succeeded their last cap-tain, was also stricken; that on the 25th Peerlou died, and on the 27th the captain also expired, and both were thrown over-board. No further signs of the disease, yellow fever, were shown. The vessel is now in quarantine, but no danger of fur ther spreading is feared.

### RETURN OF MR. LANGEVIN. Address From the Citizens of Rimer

### CANADIAN ITEMS.

A two-headed-calf has been sold in New. nswick to a side-showman for \$5. The 22nd of January next has been fixed for the Oka Indians' trial at Aylmer, Que, Nineteen cars are being leaded at the Grand Trunk station at Belleville with cheese for Europe.

Several attempts have of late been made by burglars to enter houses in the vicinity of Albert College, Belleville, but without

At a conference of temperance men held at St. John, N. B., yesterday, it was decided to demand a vote in St. John on the Canada Temperance act. The Rev. E. W. Sewell, who was for fifty years in charge of Trinity church, Quebec, has returned to the country after

an absence of nine years. Extensive cattle sheds are being erected at Richmond station, Intercolonial railway, Large shipments of cattle for England are expected to be at Halifax shortly. An excursionist from Coboconk to Tor-onto got off the train at Uxbridge to get a

drink. As a result he lost the train and was fined \$16 for assaulting a villager. Messrs, J. C. Burpee and Wm. Stephenson are negotiating for the purchase of a tract of land in Albert county, N.B., for carrying on stock-raising on large scale. It has been finally decided to submit the Scott Act to the people of Waterloo, and the total abstainers intend at once to enter upon a vigorous campaign in its interests,
The crops in southern Manitoba are
looking well and farmers anticipate not
less than 35 bushels of wheat per acre,
There is a total absence of the "hopper" throughout the North-West.

The Hudon cotton mill is running all night to fill orders. New mills will be running by August the 1st. The new Cornwall cotton factory owned by capitalists here will be running by the middle of 0c.

The Quebec police are on the qui with regard to a man respectably attired and with plenty of funds who engaged a passage to Liverpool on a sailing vessel from Sillery Cove. It is thought that he was an absconder.

A petition to the Governor-General is in circulation at Halifax, praying for the admission into the country of American illuminating oil of the same grade as to explosive power is allowed in the same explosive power is allowed in the case of Canadian oil, viz., 105 degrees.

Canadian oil, viz., 100 uegices.

The bridge near Highgate, known asLong's bridge, on the county line between
Kent and Elgin, collapsed on Wednesday,
Mr. Richard Smale, of Orford, had just
passed over and was not ten feet from it passed over and was not ten feet from it when it fell. The loss will be about \$1,000. A destructive bush fire occurred on Tuesday to the north-west of Barrie, which burned with great fury, doing considerable damage to crops of potates. Only the constant application of water prevented the flames spreading to adjoining houses.

Mr. Idington, of Stratford, has been appointed County Attorney of Perth in the room of the late Mr. Hayes. Mr. Idington, who, it is needless to say, is a sound Reformer, was opposed by Mr. Harding, who was supported by the Reformers of St. Mary's St. Mary's.

St. Mary's.

The cod fishery along the New Brunswick shore, from Shippegan to Caraquet, has been unexceptionally good this year, the boats averaging 2,000 or 2,500, and some even taking as high as 4,000 fish per trip. Such luck has not been known for ome years past.

some years past.

The London Colonization Society have appointed three of their members, Messa, Hill, Clarke and Sleightholm, to proceed to Rainy River and select land for the society. The members of the deputation are paid one dollar a day and expenses, the

ENGLISH MAIL

ng Summary of

MODIFICATION OF THE UNI n correspondent of the en the Governments of Lor en the Governments of London lashington in regard to question policy is a mystery to every on om I am acquainted. That some going on all are agreed, and that it is that that something will lead to on of the American tariff is also a which there is little difference. which there is little differen We have heard much of latlitical sages as to the unwisdom of tariffs; but in this instance the ian retaliation tariff, which wa ntly carried at the last elecars already to have had its effec arnment of the United States are anxious to come to some sor in regard to their own duties. violently protectionist theories re-advanced in the United States are have their Government plead-

very much toned down, and we now ours to use their influence with riff. A new phase of the reciproca Lord Beaconsfield in the House of Lords said we had nothing to offer. The Yankees have, however, quickly given their answer to this statement by offering in return for certain concessions which they ask us to make an alteration of their own tariff. Not only are there certain diplomatic negotiations in progress between M. negotiations in progress between Evarts, the Secretary of State at Wa Ington, and Lord Salisbury, but I have Evarts, the Secretary of State as Washington, and Lord Salisbury, but I have reason to believe there have been certain unofficial negotiations entered into between the gire-pullers of the political parties of a visit in a very quiet way, but he stayed less than the usual time with us. He was indeed away out of London before many who are always accustomed to see him were even aware that he was here. He has probably by this time landed at New York and reported to the United States Government, as well as to the leaders of the Republican party, the chances which are before them of coming to a better understanding with England, while I happen to know that some prominent free-traders have a very openly-expressed hope of securing a large acquisition of support in the United States before long. At all events, you may expect to hear shortly of an alteration in regard to the protectionist tariffs of America, and the policy of some of the countries with whom we have in-

of the countries with whom we have THE VICTORIAN DIFFICULTY Sir Michael-Hicks Beach has sent a Sir Michael-Hicks Beach has sent 2 de spatch to the Marquis of Normanby, Governor of Victoria, substantially declining to interfere in the conflict between the Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Council at Melbourne, on the ground that "no sufficient cause had been shown" for such intervention. The Colonial Secretary

by this Act. The power of amending the constitution was expressly, and as an essential incident of self-government, vested in the Colonial Legislature, with the consent of the Crown." Sir Michael, in fact, reminds the colonists that they have the power of amending the constitution if desirable, and that they must settle their without the power of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution if desirable, and that they must settle their

SINATION OF A FENIAN INFORMER. ne time ago, says the Armagh movement, and affected to be most active organisers, while at me he was in active communithe police, giving informatiates. As a reward for nity was settled on him

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

The widow of Bishop Cummins has pr

The Right Rev. Reginald Courtenay

Canon Liddon thinks there is hope of

ard the boy e was qui s too late, a that the boy at her her life e knew that

l intent or

the captain

NGEVIN.

He is in exce

upon him

NOSITY.

-It is stated

CANADIAN ITEMS. A two-headed-calf has been sold in Neuronswick to a side-showman for \$5. The 22nd of January next has been fixed for the Oka Indians' trial at Aylmer, Que Nineteen cars are being leaded at Grand Trunk station at Belleville w heese for Europe.

Several attempts have of late been my burglars to enter houses in the vicin f Albert College, Belleville, but with At a conference of temperance men held at St. John, N. B., yesterday, it was de-cided to demand a vote in St. John on the Canada Temperance act.

The Rev. E. W. Sewell, who was for ifty years in charge of Trinity church Quebec, has returned to the country after absence of nine years. Extensive cattle sheds are being erected at Richmond station, Intercolonial railway. Large shipments of cattle for England are expected to be at Halifax shortly.

An excursionist from Coboconk to Toronto got off the train at Uxbridge to get onto got off the train at Uxbridge to get a drink. As a result he lost the train and was fined \$16 for assaulting a villager.

Mesars, J. C. Burpee and Wm. Stephenson are negotiating for the purchase of a tract of land in Albert county, N.B., for carrying on stock-raising on large scale.

It has been finally decided to submit the Scott Act to the people of Waterloo, and the total abstainers intend at once to enter upon a vigorous campaign in its interests. The crops in southern Manitoba are looking well and farmers anticipate not less than 35 bushels of wheat per acre. There is a total absence of the "hopper" throughout the North-West.

throughout the North-West.

The Hudon cotton mill is running all night to fill orders. New mills will be running by August the 1st. The new Cornwall cotton factory owned by capitalists here will be running by the middle of October. Abbott did

The Quebec police are on the qui vive with regard to a man respectably attired and with plenty of funds who engaged a passage to Liverpool on a sailing vessel from Sillery Cove. It is thought that he was Mr. Langevin of people, parish and A petition to the Governor-General is in circulation at Halifax, praying for the admission into the country of American illuminating oil of the same grade as to olic Works

explosive power is allowed in the case of Canadian oil, viz., 105 degrees. beyed the Province of The bridge near Highgate, known as Long's bridge, on the county line between Kent and Elgin, collapsed on Wednesday, Mr. Richard Smale, of Orford, had just passed over and was not ten feet from it course it when it fell. The loss will be about \$1,000. ld have first A destructive bush fire occurred on eneral, and Tuesday to the north-west of Barrie, which burned with great fury, doing considerable damage to crops of potatoes. Only the constant application of water prevented the flames spreading to adjainhad always

Mr. Idington, of Stratford, has been appointed County Attorney of Perth in the room of the late Mr. Hayes. Mr. Idington, who, it is needless to say, is a sound Reformer, was opposed by Mr. Harding, who was supported by the Reformers of t brought by | St. Mary's.

The cod fishery along the New Bruns wick shore, from Shippegan to Caraquet, has been unexceptionally good this year, the boats averaging 2,000 or 2,500, and some even taking as high as 4,000 fish per trip. Such luck has not been known for

The London Colonization Society have appointed three of their members, Messrs, Hill, Clarke and Sleightholm, to proceed to Rainy River and select land for the society. The members of the deputation

The second wife of Harry Lindley, the actor, died a month or two ago, and the other day, at Penetanguishene, he was married to a third in the person of Miss Louis Foster, a variety actress. The Reeve of the township was best man, the warden of the county gave the bride away, and the population, we are told, turned out a

father he was left a sum of .000, which was invested in property a New Bruns wick. Mr. Snowball, M. P., was telegraphed to at Bathurst, N. B., requesting him to institute enquiries concerning the families of the decendary

The export of deals from St. John, N.B., The export or deals from St. John, N.B., for the six months ending June 30, amounted to 81,433,502 superficial feet, against 78,137,301 feet in the same period last year. During the first half of this year we exported 6,417 tons of birch timber and 2,616 tons of pine, against 4,050 tons of birch and 1,924 tons of pine in 1878. The vessels engaged in the trade numbered 119, of 95,790 tons; compared with 138, of 88,963 tons in 1878.

A queer goat story is reported from Yarmouth, N.S. A Mr. Peterkins owned a pair of goats. He left his pocket-book containing three \$10 bills, one \$5, and \$1.50 in silver near where the taining three \$10 bills, one \$5, and \$1.50 in silver near where the goats were confined. During the night the female goat eat the \$35 in bills and the silver. Next morning, Mr. Peterkins killed her, hoping to regain the bills, but the remnants were mangled to such an extent as to be useless. The silver was recovered intact.

At the Town Hall Remnants the silver was recovered intact. ay the extra firms. Quin-

ns. Quinhere as in At the Town Hall, Fergus, on the 5th inst., Charles Allan, a volunteer, was tree by the reby the repowder, full in the face of John Ewan, powder, full in the face of John Ewan, farmer of Nichol. The complainant a leged that the act was intentional, while the defendant averred that the farmer hi him over the shoulder with his whip, and in trying to ward off the blow with his gun, the weapon went off. Further, he stated that he did not know it was charged. The jury disagreed, and the case was

gun, the weapon went off. Further, he stated that he did not know it was charged. The jury disagreed, and the case was allowed to drop.

A letter signed "Ajax," written by person named Michael Collins, appeared two weeks ago in the columns of the Buffalo Sunday Herald, attacking the character of Mr. Colcock, editor and proprie tor of the Welland Telegraph. Mr. Colcock at once had Collins arrested on criminal charge of libel. Collins, seein that he was in a tight box, wrote an abject apology, which appeared in the Herald of Sunday last, together with an editorial apology from the paper itself for giving insertion to the calumny.

H. P. Peer, the jumper, writes to attach the was not drunk, as alleged, which he refused to perform the feat of jumping from the Suspension Bridge into the Niagara river. He says:—"My reason for not jumping was that someone abstracted from my chest on the bridge, while I was dressing, the wire which passes from my shoulders to the equilibrium wire, which use to keep my body in a perpendicular position during my descent. Had I use the halter strap someone in the crowd was kind (?) enough to offer me as a substitute I would not have troubled you to insert this statement."

The mining of precious metals is being

I would not have troubled you to insert this statement."

The mining of precious metals is being more vigorously prosecuted in Canada that for some time previously, and gold are siver are being found in new localities. The Nova Scotia and British Columbia gold mines are being more fully worked, while additional energy is being infused into the silver mining industry along the shores of Lake Superior. Silver has recently been discovered on the line of the Canada Southern railway. Gold has been taken it paying quantities from the bed of the national commendation of the Saskatchewan river, comes down from the mountains with high water, and lodges on the bars or any root point where the main current strikes. When the water falls so that the bars and points are nearly dry, the miners get the ory exploded

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THE WEEKLY MAIL TORONTO, FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1579

\*\*THE WEEKLY MAIL TORONTO, FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1579

sented her husband's entire theological library to the Reformed Episcopal Church. The Rev. James A. Spurgeon, brother of the famous London preacher, is to pay a two months' visit to America, arriving the middle of August. Mgr. Speranza, Bishop of Bergamo, Italy, died recently. He was noted for his strenuous opposition to every step of the Government in relation to the Church. the reunion of Christendom, through the surrender by the Church of Rome of some

Among the new organizations in London is one called the Sea-shell Mission. It proposes that children at the sea-side shall gather shells for distribution among the children in the homes and hospitals of the great city. Seven of the chief Missionary and Bible Societies of London received this year a total income of \$4,879,605, which, not-Leo XIII. is said by the Rome correspondent dent of the Catholic Standard to have a passion for severe study. Study is his recreation. He has provided for scholastic tournaments every year. He himself presided recently at a tournament with intense pleasure, and distributed the prizes.

Leo XIII., in an address to a German Leo XIII., in an address to a German Count, recently said:—"It is our duty to come to the rescue of the Catholics of Germany. We shall not rest until we have attained this end, or until we have demonstrated to the whole world that if reconciliation is impossible, the fault will not be at the door of the Apostolic See."

An old-fashioned minister passing fashionable church not long ago, on which a new spire was going up, was asked how much higher it was to be. "Not much," he answered; "that congregation don't own much in that direction." Too often the height of the steeple is the height of the church's ambition, and all below it be-

Some time ago it was announced that a daily Protestant newspaper would be published in Paris. The experiment has been tried and it has failed. The busi-

"PLATERS, June 2.

"On Saturday, the 24th ult., the Queen's birthday, was celebrated by a mass and Te Deum at the neighbouring monastery. The people had asked to be allowed to come with their priests and hold a grand mass at our birthday parade, but having so few men we had no parade, so we went to them instead. The whole village of Modos was on the look-out for us, and escorted us to the monastery, where we got off our mules (there were four of those and marched into the church through two lines of boys, singing 'God Save the Queen.' We were put into stalls, and five priests, arrayed in their best and most gaudy robes, all gold and red, said mass, and the choir on each side said alternate verses of the Te Deum. The church was crowded with people, and the mass of heads, covered with gay handkerchiefs, right away through the large doorway into the sunlight beyond, had a striking effect. The service ended with a long prayer for the Queen, with a long prayer for the Queen, with a long and lond 'Victoria' at the end. As the word was pronounced three volleys were fired in the porch, and everyone, both inside as well as outside the church, gave cheers of 'Zeto' and 'Fice,' which both mean 'Long live.' Then two speeches were declaimed by the head of the village and the schoolmaster, respectively, one of which was as follows:

Some time ago it was announced that a daily Protestant newspaper would be published in Paris. The experiment has been that has failed. The busished in Paris. The screen alike unfortunate. The patronage was at first small, and it has failed. The busished in Paris. The screen alike unfortunate. The patronage was at first small, and it has failed. The busished in Paris. The screen alike unfortunate. The respect say at the dedict and it has failed. The busished in Paris. The screen alike unfortunate. The respect say at first small, and it has failed. The busished in Paris. The screen alike unfortunate. The family and it has failed. The busished in Paris. The screen alike unfortunate. The family and i

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it works, a

unprovided with public offices. These men saw that their only hope was in the 5th June, and worked for Mr. Mowar with the energy of despair. They are now seeking their reward. The patronage at the disposal of the Local Government is by no means inconsiderable. They appoint the sheriffs, registrars, license commissioners and inspectors, county attornies, colonization road agents, and so forth; in fact they exercise more country, which fact would at once render the Canadian tribes more inclined to abandon their warlike predilections. The second measure proposed would prevent conflicts between those hereditary enemies, Canadian Assiniboines and American Crows. These suggestions will no doubt be submitted to the American Government for its opinion, as they are put forward by an officer who is an acknowledged authority on Indian questions. If the Sioux can be induced to return to their reservation, and our patronage in the Province than the Dorston of the Canadian tribes more inclined to the June, and worked for Mr. Moward with the energy of despair. They are now seeking their reward. The patronage at the disposal of the Local Government is by no means inconsiderable. They appoint the sheriffs, registrars, license commissioners and inspectors, county attornies, colonization road agents, and so forth; in fact they exercise more patronage in the Province than the Dorston of the Canadian tribes more inclined to abandon their warlike predilections. The men saw that their only hope was in the oth June, and worked for Mr. Moward with the energy of despair. They are now seeking their reward. The patronage at the disposal of the Local Government is by no means inconsiderable. They appoint the sheriffs, registrars, license commissioners and inspectors, county attornies, colonization road agents, and so forth; in fact they exercise more patronage in the Province than the Dorston of the Canadian tribes more inclined to abandon their warlike predilections. The men saw that their only hope was in the oth June, and worked for Mr. Moward with the energy of despair. They are now seeking their reward. The patronage at the disposal of the Local Government is by no means inconsiderable. They appoint the sheriffs, registrars, license commissioners and inspectors, county at the condition of the Local Government is by no means inconsiderable.

Schoolood has been all taken at over 95.

This is four per cent, higher than any previous lean, and yields half a million dollars more than any previous unguaranteed loan for a like amount. Sir Leonard Tiker is to be congratulated on his success. The efforts of some of our Reform contemporaries to prejudice his mission have happily failed.

OUR NORTH-WEST INDIANS.

Our Indian policy, whose merits have been widely proclaimed and generally acknowledged, is being put fairly upon tion. It is a very melancholy fact that in the districts remote from cities and far from the madding crowd, crime gets at its worst occasionally; but of course it is in the cities that we find the greatest crop of crime and the most revolting surroundings. The Montreal murder case which has filled the papers for some days, has probably never been surpassed in the dismal depravity of all its datails. All the four persons continued to the canal office, against whom serious charges were preferred, and who was suspended shortly before the appointment of the Commission which enquired into his case and that of other canal officials, has been dismissed the service. The vacancy has been dismissed the service. The vacancy has been filled by the appointment of Mr. Lawrence, of St. Catharines, who was appointed temporarily some time ago.

Our Reform contemporary has endeavoured to show that the decline in the deavoured to show that the decline in the description of the Corriccion. They will open the Industrial Exhibition on the following day.

At a levee held by the Princes Louise are expected to arrive in the city on September 2nd. They will open the Industrial Exhibition on the following day.

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EDITORIAL NOTES.

There is a keen competition for the office of deputy-clerk of the Crown and Pleas at Ottawa, no less than five sound Reformers being on the war path, with the chances in favour of Mr. D. J. U'Donoghue, ex-M.P.P.

The Globe has an article on smuggling in which it is alleged that the inhabitants of the Canadian frontier towns cross over to the American side for their dry goods and fancy jewellery, and even for nails. Now admitting the truth of this, what becomes of our contemporary's theory that protec-tion increases prices, seeing that upon the articles referred to the American import duty is very much higher than ours?

THE CITY RECORD.

THE CITY RECORD.

His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales has purchased a saddle from Mr. Malcolm, of this city.

Kingston Tattow, an Irishman living on Front street, died from the effect of the heat on Monday.

Engine 136, of the Grand Trunk railway, has run 200,000 miles in four years and a sons and nine dangleters of whom the sons and nine dangleters. Engine 136, of the Grand Trunk railway, has run 200,000 miles in four years and a quarter, without repairs.

The extensive steam saw-mill at Belle Ewart, owned by Messrs. J. R. Silliman & Co., of this city, was destroyed by fire on Saturday.

Judges have been appointed, three in each class, for the Toronto Industrial Exhibition. Entries of live stock must be made by August 16th.

The Protestant Enisconal Divinity School

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cach class, for the Toronto Industrial Exhibition. Entries of live stock must be made by August 16th.

The Protestant Episcopal Divinity School has been incorporated, and the Bishop has consented to give lectures upon some subject in the curriculum, to be afterwards arranged.

His Excellency the Governor-General and her Royal Highness the Princess Louise are expected to arrive in the city on September 2nd. They will open the Industrial Exhibition on the following day.

At a levee held by the Prince of Wales on the 25th ult., Laeut. Col. Gzowski was presented—on the cocasion of his appointment as honorary aide-de-camp to the common of having been an honest and carried on faving been an honest and carried to give lectures upon some subject in the curriculum, to be afterwards arranged.

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Anthony Bilkey, of the Reformed Eppal Church; Dr. C. B. Hall, Mr. d. Jones, Mr. J. Alcorn, J.P.; Mr. F. Medcalf, Mr. E. Meek, Mr. A. Flem Mr. Wilkin B. Butler, Mr. Follis John Mr. R. Reynolds, Mr. T. C. McEvot Pickering; Mr. Jas. Alison, Ald. William others. d others.
The CHAIRMAN, having congratu

THE BATTLE OF THE B

Celebration of the Anniversary.

A MONSTER PROCESSI

the Boyne was celebrated here on Sa carnestness. The rainy, gloomy w Saturday, and many predicted that would mar the celebration, but the ing broke with a clear sky and a ann, the rain of the previous days allayed the dust, without creating and a refreshing breeze had sprung up set-off to the heat of the summer sun. From early morning the streets we alive with men arrayed in the traditions tume of the Orange order, and the notes was continually being increased by arrival of country brethren, by rail steamboat. Nothing occurred to mar pleasure of the day. There was no fing, and as nothing stronger than it could be procured on the grounds, no of drunkenness were seen. Archbis Lynch drove through the grounds dut the afternoon and seemed to take pleas in viewing the gathering. He did no upon the platform.

upon the platform.

THE PROCESSION. After the brethren had transactes sual business at their various lodge in the morning, they proceeded to rounds at the corner of Parliamen on the morning, they proceeded to grounds at the corner of Parliament Gerrard streets for the purpose of for a procession; and this was accompliby the following grand marshals and assistants, viz., Bro. Ald. Wm. Adam County Master; Bro. Frank Son Deputy County Master; and Bro. J. Smith. Assistants—Bros. J. H. Pritel A. Medcalf, and Wm. Bell.

The District Masters were in chartheir respective District lodges, and assisted by marshals appointed by the ous private lodges.

Some idea may be formed of the acter of the procession when it is st

Some idea may be formed of the acter of the procession when it is st that there were twenty-two bands of twenty banners, and what appeared an almost endless number of streams small bannersts.

The streets along which the process marched were lined on both sides by sands of citizens, who evidently took a interest in the proceedings; and, usual upon such occasions, there very large display of banners and but from the houses, the windows of were filled with fair faces, attracted the by the fine display which had been at pated.

the gate leading into the Procession rea the gate leading into the Park it hand opened column, facing inwards the purpose of allowing the distingui-visitors and the rear end of the proces to pass. With uncovered heads the thren heartily cheered Bros. Johnston

THE SPEECHES IN THE PARK. On arriving at the Park, where abou 000 people had assembled, a meeting organized for the delivery of addresses rganized for the deliver, speakers were escorted to a platform

speakers were escorted to a platform et ed for the purpose.

The chair was taken by Mr. Wm. Ac son, County Master, with whom on platform were Mr. Johnston and Chambré, the delegates from Irels Hon. Mr. Morris, M.P.P.; Mr. Ro Bell, M.P.P.; his Worship Mayor Ber. Dr. Potts, Rev. A. H. Baldwin,

his hearers on the splendour of their tout, said that as it would take consider time to get through the day's speaking instead of occupying any time him would introduce at once the var speakers.
Mr. H. W. CHAMBRE was the

Mr. H. W. CHAMBRE was the speaker introduced. He returned his he felt thanks to the Order for the very he manner in which he had been treated since he had come to the city. For himself, would say that he was a worker rather to a speaker, so his hearers need not expended as the control of the control of the control of good speakers in the Order, but the were also numerous workers, all of who would do their duty when called upon fight either for their Queen and count with the rifle, or for their principles in Church Synod. In both these classes warfare he had had his turn. Been speakers and workers there was in Order a class of Orangemen whom he wo call butterfly Orangemen—men who wo come out in the sunshine, but who we afraid, when there was any trouble, to pear with their sash on. These menjoin the order, not for the sake of the Protest cause, but with a view to looking after main chance for themselves. He wo recommend his hearers to watch the people. He was told that these celeb tions should not be held, that they were no use, and that it was time they we given up. His opinion was that where the should not be the control of the commemorate the glorious victories where the sum of the commemorate the glorious victories where the sum of the commemorate the glorious victories where the sum of the commemorate the significance iron heel of Rome. (Applause.)

Rev. Dr. Porrs, who was accorded most enthusiastic greeting, was the na speaker. He said that the significance

Rev. Dr. Porrs, who was accorded most enthusiastic greeting, was the n speaker. He said that the significance the day they were celebrating could ne be forgotten by Protestant Irishmen wide-world over (cheers), and they wo be unworthy of their forefathers if t failed to honour the day and to honour principles which the day represent (Cheers.) As one of the local men invit to speak from that platform, he desired decline the honour in order that the aff noon might be given to their distinguish visitors from Ireland. (Cries of "Go on One of them the audience had heard; speech betrayed him; he was not a Frem One of them the audience had heard; speech betrayed him; he was not a Fremman. (Laughter and cheers.) The ot who would soon address them bore a na familiar to Irish Protestants all over world. (Cheers.) He wanted Mr. Joh ston and his friend to regard well to magnificent gathering, which represent Irish Protestantism in every part of the Dominion. (Cheers.) He wanted the triends from Ireland to bear this thousand.

magnificent gathering, which represent Iriah Protestantism in every part of the Dominion. (Cheers.) He wanted the friends from Ireland to bear this though in mind, that the great principles represented here to-day were as dear to the gathered in the Park as to any in Courd Down, in Antrim, in Fermanagh, or Monaghan. (Cheers.) There was only opart of this fair Dominion, from its easie to its western boundary, where under British flag, civil and religious liberty vanot enjoyed, and that dark exception vanot enjoyed, and that en reland intolerence showed its front, an attack was made in the County Down use the loyal Orangemen returning from to July celebration. After that, dark do as far as the Parliament could cause to be so, occurred in Ireland, and for myears Orangemen were forbidden to un their banners or to listen to their spatiring tunes as the July days came rou It was customary in other parts of Irel

has received his share of the Government grant to the survivors. He leaves a large number of descendants, viz., 35 grand-children, 79 great-grandchildren, and two great-great-grandchildren. He retained all his faculties except hearing up to the time of his death. He left behind him the reputation of having been an honest and upright man.

## GREAT CONFLAGRATION. W. B. Hamilton's Shoe Fac-

tory in Flames.

at \$4.25, n the city On Wednesday evening while Policeman. Ross was making his usual rounds, he suddenly observed a great glare of light in the lane extending from Yonge street to Scott, in rear of a range of wholesale warehouses on Front street, and he immediately sounded the alarm from box No. 4 at the sounded the alarm from box No. 4 at the corner of Yonge and Front streets. Be, fore the arrival of the fire brigade the policeman made a closer examination, and found that the fire had broken out in the fourth story of the large shoe factory of Mr. W. B. Hamilton, No. 15 Front street. The fire brigade arrived within a very few minutes after the alarm was given; and as soon as Chief Ardagh saw the position of affairs he ordered a general alarm, calling out the whole brigade. Hose were rapidly laid down in front and rear; but by this time the flames had got great headway, time the flames had got great headway, and unfortunately the pressure of water was not as great as was desirable. Within a short time, however, the full force of the hydrants was turned on, and then the firemen had a chance to do some execution. celled in this or perhaps any other city.
The oily nature of the leather cast flames which were almost unapproachable; in fact they rolled out of the windows of the fourth story in front and out of those of fourth story in front and out of these of the fourth and fifth stories in rear in great volume, presenting an awful and at the same time grand spectacle; and as they hissed and roared out of the five large windows on Front street the melting glass, chipping brickbats, molten lead and galvanized iron from the cornice and exvetrough descended to the sidewalks in brilliant showers, to the great danger of the heroic band of firemen, who were strug-gling for the mastery. Extension ladders were finally raised to the windows for the purpose of sending men aloft with the hose, but strong and daring men among the great crowd of spectators shuddered at the idea of any men or body of men being given the command for the men to make an effort to carry the hose up the ladder, and this forlorn hope fell to the lot of No. 3 Section, from the Yonge street firehall. Branchman Jno. Hastings took the hose under his arm and started up the ladder, followed and assisted by Chas. Ardagh (the chief's son) and Jno. Auchincloss. It seemed like madness for the brave men! to attempt such a feat, but still up they went step by step, and when Hastings reached the window, by some accident his helmet was knocked off his head, and in order to protect himself he was compelled to turn the nozzle upwards in order to allow the water to fall back upon himself and his companions. There they remained for some moments, clinging to the ladder and the hose until the fallen helmet was returned. With his head again

to the ladder and the hose until the fallen helmet was returned. With his head again protected, Hastings mounted the top of the ladder and by well directed efforts beat back the flame, and while it was still roaring to the right and left of the window, he boldly carried his branch into the room amid the loud cheering of the growd below. Other cheers were given crowd below. Other cheers were given for his two companions on the ladder, who boldly followed his example. Then it was felt that the fire would be soon brought hose up the front stairs on the lower flat, but the heat was so overpowering when he reached the fourth, that he was knocked reached the fourth, that he was knocked down the stairs again; but, nothing daunted, he made another and effectual attempt, and by this means prevented the flames from descending to the flat below.

While the men were busy in front there was a gallant band of men in rear, who carried three lays of hose to the flat roof, and fought the fire so successfully that within the shortfire so successfully that within the short space of thirty-two minutes after the alarm was given the flames were under control; and finally at 11.45—one hour and a half after the fire broke out—and when prophets of evil had declared that the whole block must succumb to the fire fiend—the order was given, "cut off the water and take up hose." The victory for the firemen was complete, but when the men who had first entered the burning building returned they were blistered on the hands and bodies—thus showing that they had a hard time of it.

and bodies—thus showing that they had a hard time of it.

The building, which is 180 feet long by 50 feet wide, four stories high in front and five stories in rear, is insured in several companies for \$15,000; on the machinery there is an insurance of \$10,000; and on the stock the amount of risk is \$60,000—the total insurance being \$85,000. This sum, in Mr. Hamilton's opinion, is, unfortunately for him, far too small, as they were carrying a much heavier stock this year than heretofore on account of preparing for the fall trade, which, under the N. P., is expected to be very large, especially in this line of business. The policies are divided among a large number of insurance companies—probably ten or twelve, and at the late hour at which the fire broke out it was impossible to secure a

Were the question admitted to the ballot, and women were allowed to vote; every woman in the land who has used Dr. Pierce's Favourite Prescription would vote it to be an unfailing remedy for the diseases peculiar to her sex. Dr. Pierce has received hundreds of grateful testimon-

mencement of a cold, take a teaspoonf I at his and sugar, and the cure is more and than the cold.

THE WERLY MAIL CORONTO PRIDAY JULY 18 1879.

STATE WERLY MAIL CORONTO PRIDAY JULY 18 1879.

STATE STATE OF THE DOTAL AND PRIDAY STATE OF THE PRIDA

The control of the co

UNPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. Been in use 20 years, and is the most successful remedy known. Price \$1 per vial, or 5 vials and large vial of powder for \$5, sent post free on receipt of price.

Is the MIND a ponderable or imponderable substance; an essence, vapour, or an indescribable comething which cannot be grasped, falt, or withheld?

It was an again thinks, studies, invents, tires the brain by overwerk, and loses his reason; rests his intellect, becomes calm, uses restoratives and again thinks.

When we reflect that a power of endurance can be imparted to the brain, and that weak minds have been restored to strength by thildren and most sensitive persons without the slightest natusea. It is the finest food and medicine ever offered to the weak and debilitated patient. Itrestores feeble directions of the throat, Scrofula, Rheumarism, and all disorders of the Blood and General debility, no remedy has been found to equal it. For sale by all Druggists at \$1.00 per bottle.

Remed

Remed

Whitcomb's Remedy ASTHMA,

The late Jonas Whitcomb of Boston, visited Europe a few years since for the benefit of his health, which was impaired by frequent attacks of Spasmodic Asthma. While under the treatment of an eminent German physician his asthma disappeared; he procured the recipe which had done so much for him. This remedy has been used in thousands of the worst cases with astonishing and uniform success. It contains no injurious properties whatever.

St. Louis, Nov. 10, 1877.

Messrs. J. Burnett & Co.: The relief the Jonas Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy afforded me was perfect; I have not had a bad night since taking it, and I have in no case found any relief until your Remedy came to hand. I most cheerfully recommend it to anyone troubled with Hay Fever or Asthma, for it is the only remedy ever used by me with any good effects.

Yours truly,

WM. T. MASON,
Of Messrs. MASON & GORDON, Lawyers,
517% Chestnut Street.

Messrs, Joseph Burnett & Co., Boston, Mass.:

Gentlemen,—In the fall of 1877 I used
Jonas Whi.comb's Asthma Remedy and
received immediate relief, and would
most cheerfully recommend it to any
person troubled with Hay Fever or
Asthma.

MRS. R. SHERMAN.
180 Ellis Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by all respectable Druggists. For sale by all Grocers. PERRY DAVIS' SONS & LAWRENCE, Wholesale Agents, Montreal



THE VEHICLE AND TOLONGO, BEIDAT, JULY 16, 1992

R. D. LAIR STEEL

A STEEL STEE



CURRIED EGGS. ce two onions and fry in butte blespoon curry powder and or d broth on stock, stew till onions an good broth on stock, stew till onions ar tender, add a cup of cream thickene arrowroot or rice flour, simmer a fe ments, then add eight or ten hard-eggs, cut in slices and heat them wel do not boil.

EGGS ON TOAST. Cut the bread three-quarters of a thick, warm through on each side brown nicely; from a disk of melted ter put a very little upon each slice a spoon; place toast in a covered dis-set in the oven or where it will keep put a sauce-pan of boiling water of stove, break in the eggs, let remain whites are stiff, take up carefully spoon and lay one on each half stoast; put the toast thus crowned warm platter and send to table.

FRIZZLED HAM AND EGGS. Take bits of either boiled or fried chop fine, and place in skillet pre with butter or beef drippings; take to six well-beaten eggs, pour over ham when heated through, season well pepper and salt; stir together, cook done brown, and turn over without sti OMELET.

Seven eggs beaten separately, tes flour, teaspoon salt, a pint of warm (see general directions for making omelet). This will make one large of or two small ones ; bake twenty CORN OMELET.

Take six ears corn, grate or cu kernels fine, add four eggs, a tablespu flour; a cup of milk; season with p and salt, and bake half an hour. OMELET.

Beat the yolks and whites of four separately, the whites to a froth; re all crust from a large-sized slice of bread, pour just enough sweet milk of to moisten it through, rub through a add to it the yolks, beating all thoroughly; salt and pepper to taste little finely chopped parsely or ham be added if desired. Melt a large group of butter in a clean frying par be added if desired. Melt a large spoon of butter in a clean frying par it "sputter but not brown; whi frothed whites very lightly into the bread, etc., pour the whole into omelet pan, and shake gently and stantly, but do not stir, loosenin omelet from the edge of the pan and the part of the p blunt spoon. Four minutes is go sufficient time to cook it. Have hot platter, and before slipping the cout of the pan, turn one-half over the like an old-fashioned turn-over. See

PUFF OMELET. Stir into the yolks of six eggs, whites of three beaten very light tablespoon of flour mixed into a tea-cream or milk, with salt and pep taste; melt a tablespoon butter in a popur in the mixture and set the pan i hot oven; when it thickens, pour of the remaining whites of eggs well besturn it to the oven and let it bake a set became Slip off on large plate. cate brown. Slip off on large pla-eat as soon as done.

Break the eggs in hot water and h two minutes, pour off the water, and the eggs until they are light; season salt, pepper, and butter; serve on or in sauce dishes.

Another nutritious and palatable

poaching is to drop them into the bimilk, and when done soft, pour in a sauce-dish and add a little pepper salt. To keep them whole and ridrop them in boiling water, or stir with spoon and drop the egg in the eddy made, and keep stirring till egg is confroy can be fried in boiling lard (a pitwo) in the same way.

PICKLED EGGS. Pint strong vinegar, half pint cold w teaspoon each of cinnamon, allspice, mace; boil the eggs till very hard and off the shell; put on the spices tied white muslin bag, in the cold water, and if the water wastes away, add en so as to leave a half pint when done the vinegar, and pour over the eggs in as many eggs as the mixture will c and when they are used, the same w

RUMBLED EGGS. Beat up three eggs with two ounces or washed butter, add a teaspoon of cor fresh milk; put in a saucepan and stirring over the fire for five minute till it rises; serve on toast.

SCALLOPED EGGS. Mix equal parts minced ham and Mix equal parts minced ham and bread crumbs, season with salt, pe and melted butter, adding milk to mo till quite soft; half fill buttered gem or small patty pans with this mixture, break an egg carefully upon the to each, dust with salt and pepper, spri finely powdered crackers over all, set in oven and bake eight minutes. Serve mediately

SCRAMBLED EGGS. In a deep earthen pie-plate, warm s milk, allowing two tablespoons to egg (or less, with a large number of e add a bit of butter size walnut, and a salt and pepper. When nearly to be point drop in the eggs, broken one time in a saucer; with a spoon or the bladed knife gently cut the eggs, and so the mixture up from the bottom of plate as it cooks. If it begins to cook and fast at the bottom, move the back instantly, for success depends w on cooking gently and evenly, propor being of secondary importance. from stove before it has quite all thicke and continue turning it up from bottodish a moment longer. If served in other dish (it keeps warmer serve same) have it well heated. The misshould be in large flakes of mingled variables and an addicate as a large flake of the misshould be in large flakes of mingled variables.

SCRAMBLED EGGS. Beat eight eggs very light, pre skillet with one tablespoon butter, when hot, pour in the eggs, season the constantly until salt and pepper, stir constantly until and serve hot. TO EEP EGGS.

Put a two-inch layer of salt in 1

of stone jar, then a layer of fresh esmall end down; then salt, then eggs, so on till jar is full with a layer of gal small end down; then salt, then eggs, so on till jar is full, with a layer of salt top; cover and put in a cool place, but where they will freeze. Or dip the in melted wax, or a weak solution of g or in flax-seed oil, each of which rent the shell impervieus to air. For one's use the latter is a good method, keep the eggs perfectly, but it discolours shells, and renders them unfit for mar To prepare eggs for winter use, talk small basket, and place in it about dozen perfectly fresh eggs; have a lipot of boiling water on stove. Hold the basket by the handle, let it down slowly into the water until the eggs alowly into the water until the eggs entirely covered by the water: let it main in the boiling water an instant (we counting ten), then withdraw slowly. the eggs strike the water too sudd they crack. Having thus prepared pack them in salt, the small end down.

Another method is self-like the water too sudd they crack. pack them in salt, the small end down.

Another method is as fallows: Be
sure they are perfectly fresh. Sla
pound of stone lime to two gallons of
water. When cold add a pint of salt,
stir the whole together thoroughly. I
strong of lime it will destroy the eggand ruin the whole. When the mixtu
settled quite clear take a large stone
keg, or half-barrel, according to the q
tity to be put down. Put the eggs
the vessel, small end down; pack care
close together, taking care not to crack
shell. One broken or cracked egg will
the whole. This done, pour over there Longfellow writes to an inquirer:
"The 'Golden Legend' is founded upon a
German story of the Middle Ages, written
by Hartman von due Ane." The daughter of the author of "John Halifax, Gentleman," Miss Georgians M. Craik, is about to publish a novel in three volumes, entitled "Remorse."

Somebody in Los Angelos recently, for the benefit of something or other, got up "An Evening with our Local Poets." The entertainment consisted of an original poem by each of the angelic bards, all the productions being read to the audience.

P. W. Joyce, Lt. D., has written a grammar of the Irish language for the use of schools in Ireland. It is mentioned with regret by the London literary papers that the Irish language is fast dying out. Societies have been organized for its preservation.

M. Ferrari, the young artist who took the first prize for sculpture at the Paris Salon this year, sold his group, "A Gladiator Playing with a Pauther," to the municipality for 6,000 francs. It is to be cast in bronze and set up in some

public place.

Oscar, the poetic King of Sweden, has written a book on Free Masonry, in which he seeks to defend and support that society by quotations from the Bible. It is not to be published until authorized versions in German, English, French and Italian are in readiness.

The danger of transmitting disease by books has been investigated by the Chicago public library directors. They have corresponded with physicians and librarians in various parts of the country, but not one has ever known of a case of contagious disease having been imported by a book from a circulating library,

In the drawing-room of Roughton the

In the drawing-room of Boughton, the London artist, is a lily painted on the mir-ror over the mantel, and so charming is it in its decorative effect that one would

in its decorative effect that one would never suspect it had been put there by the host as a makeshift to hide a huge crack, caused by the heat of a lamp.

Information which redounds to the credit of the late Prince Imperial will, it is said, be given in the forthcoming memoirs of the late Sir A. Panizzi, the librarian of the British Museum. The letters were written to Panizzi by Prosper Merimée, and will throw valuable light on the inner life of the late Court of the Tuileries.

A new edition of Prof. Leone Levi's 'History of British Commerce' will shortly be published, brought down to the end of 1878, and illustrated by diagrams showing the progress of finance, wealth, commerce, and navigation, as well as the working of English banking laws in ordinary times, and on the occasion of lrains and commercial crises.

A London bookseller has published in heap form a pithy little sketch of Lord Beaconsfield, with bright accounts of his abuse of O'Connell, Peel and Hume. It has a motto from Artemus Ward, who is fast becoming a classic in England. The motto is :--" He asked me what was my prinserpuls? 'I haint got enny,' said I; 'not a prinserpul. Ime in the Show

An edition of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" is in circulation in Paris, accompanied with notes in which slavery is declared to be not contrary to natural order; and the assertion is made that most labourers would be happier if they were slaves. Whereupon Mrs. Stowe says:—"4 He must be a bold editor who hopes to neutralize the effect of 'Uncle Tom's Cabin' on those labourers who ought to be slaves, by a foot-

It has been discovered that Charlotte Brontë took her non-de-plume from Miss Currer, a lady of literary tastes, who was described in "Jane Eyre," Here is a curious extract from the report of this school for 1837:—"The pupils all appear in the same dress. They wear plain straw cottage bounets, in summer, white frocks on Sundays, and nankeen on other days; in winter, purple stuff frocks and purple cloth cloaks. For the sake of uniformity, therefore, they are required to bring £3 in lieu of frocks, pelisse, bonnet, tippet and frille."

Of Johnson, Cumberland tells an anec Of Johnson, Cumberland tells an aneodote which will bear repeating. Sir Johnson Reynolds having remarked that Johnson had drank eleven cups of tea, he requested Mrs. Cumberland to "round up the numbers" by making the dozen, "'Madame," he said, as he teok the cup, "I must tell you for your comfort you have escaped much better than a certain lady did a while ago, upon whose patience I intruded greatly more than than I havedone on yours; but the lady asked me for no other purpose than to more than than I have done on yours; but the lady asked me for no other purpose than to make a zany of me, and set me gabbling to a parcel of people I knew nothing of; so, Madame, I had my revenge on her, for I swallowed five-and-twenty cups of her tea, and did not treat her with as many words."

### Child Killed by a Wild Beast.

(From the New Orleans Democrat.) A shocking tragedy is reported to have courred near the Forrest place, in St. Mary Parish, on Tuesday evening last. A little before dark on that day, it seems, a little before dark on that day, it seems, a coloured man and woman started to visit a neighbour some distance off, and a small boy of ten years desired to accompany them. On being prohibited from doing so, the little fellow waited until they had started, when he followed them "from afar off." The road he had to traverse led through a dense forcet peer which is through a dense forest, near which is a thick cane-break. When in the road opposite this wood, the boy was heard to utter an agonizing cry for help, and on the man returning, a part of his clothing was found in the road and a track of blood led toward the undergrowth. The toward the undergrowth. The man was too frightened to enter the forest, but immediately secured assistance, and upon entering the woods, a portion of the skeleton of the unfortunate child was found, bearing unmistakable signs of having beer mangled by the jaws of some powerful car nivorous animal. It was supposed that a panther had done this horrible work, and number of the best dogs were put in the woods to hunt it, but no intelligence of the chase has reached us. As is natural to suppose, great excitement prevails in the

Further Evidence in Regard to the Merits of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. CREEK CENTRE, Warren Co., N.Y., March 25; 1879.

DEAR SIRS,—I am happy to be able to write to you. I was troubled with Asthma or four years before using your Eclectric Oil; and for many nights after retiring, I Oil; and for many nights after retiring, I had te sit up in bed, my sufferings being intense, while the Cough was so severe that the bed-clothing would be wet and saturated with perspiration. My wife hearing of your Eclectric Oil, sent to Madison Co. N.Y., for a bottle of it, but I had taken so much medicine without benefit, that I had much medicine without benefit, that I mad no confidence in drugs, and so for some time it lay without being tried. At last my wife insisted on my using it, and I was persuaded to do so. The first dose relieved me considerably, and I continued taking it in small doses for a few days. I took two pottles in all, which effected a complete and perfect cure, as I have not had any attacl now for nearly a year. I have recommended the Eclectric Oil since to many friends who have been benefitted by it in a remarkable degree, and all peak highly of it as a medicine. I can recommend it myself truthfully, as I know of no other medicine that

Yours, truly,
E. H. PERKINS.
-Buralo Commercial Advertiser. BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.-Ask for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. See that the signature of S. N. Thomas is on the wrapper, and the names of Northrop & Lyman are blown in the bottle, and take no other. Sold by all medicine dealers. Price, 25 cents. Northrop & Lyman, Torouto, Ont., Proprietors for the Dominion. 367-eow

his mother's horror - but he hasn't had the benefit of a fortnight in "Parce." - Cleve-

Another nutritious and palatable way of poaching is to drop them into the boiling milk, and when done soft, pour into a a sauce-dish and add a little pepper and salt. To keep them whole and round, drop them in boiling water, or stir with a spoon and drop the egg in the eddy thus made, and keep stirring till egg is cooked. They can be fried in boiling lard (a pint or two) in the same way.

milk, and when done soft, pour into a a sauce-dish and add a little pepper and salt. To keep them whole and round, droo them in boiling water, or stir with a spoon and drop the egg in the eddy thus made, and keep stirring till egg is cooked. They can be fried in boiling lard (a pint or two) in the same way.

PICKLED EGGS.

Pint strong vinegar, half pint cold water, teaspoon each of cinnamon, allspice, and mace; boil the eggs till very hard and take off the shell; put on the spices tied in a white muslin bag, in the cold water, boil, and if the water wastes away, add enough so as to leave a half pint when done; add the vinegar, and pour over the eggs, put in as many eggs as the mixture will cover, and when they are used, the same will do for each the left of a fortnight in "Paree."—Cleve-land Voice.

A Massachusetts woman was so jealous of her husband's first wife that when he died she refused to allow him to be buffied beside in the funeral, "I sin't a goin' to have that woman a-leanin' on Jim's arm at the resurrection-day, if I can help it, you bet."—Andrews Bazar.

An Ohio lady writes to the New York Brening Post:—"I agree with 'B.' when she says that darning stockings and mend for the shell is the cold water, boil, and if the water wastes away, add enough so as to leave a half pint when done; add the vinegar, and pour over the eggs, put in as many eggs as the mixture will cover, and when they are used, the same will do for each the forth of a forthight in "Paree."—Cleve-land Voice.

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and when they are used, the same will do

washed butter, add a teaspoon of cream or fresh milk; put in a saucepan and keep

SCATTOPED POOR

SCRAMBLED EGGS.

SCRAMBLED EGGS.

till it rises : serve on toast.

oven and bake eight minutes.

mediately.

making lacework of them."

An impromptu mock-auction sale of woman was amusing and profitable, at first, in a Wisconsin church fair. The young men bid liberally for the attractive girls, and it was all very funny indeed until a homely but influential sister was put up. The auctioneer was compelled to knock her down for 25 cents, and she was so angry that she put on her things and went home.

Miss Susan King is a Maine woman who Beat up three eggs with two ounces fresh Mix equal parts minced ham and fine bread crumbs, season with salt, pepper, and melted butter, adding milk to moisten till quite soft; half fill buttered gem pans or small patty pans with this mixture, and break an egg carefully upon the top of each, dust with salt and pepper, sprinkle finely powdered crackersover all, set in the oven and hake eight minutes. has gradually but surely built up a large business. She was a poor girl and made this by her own clear brain and individual

exertions.

A lovely young lady, at the time when belies in Glasgow were scarcer than they are now, was talking with a gentleman from a distance about that city and its gayeties. The conversation turned upon balls and the attendance at them, when the gentleman laughingly asked the question: "Have you many beauties in Glasgow, Miss—"." On which the young lady naively replied, "Oh yes, sir; there are five of us!" In a deep earthen pie-plate, warm sweet milk, allowing two tablespoons to each egg (or less, with a large number of eggs), add a bit of butter size walnut, and a little

add a bit of butter size walnut, and a little salt and pepper. When nearly to boiling point drop in the eggs, broken one at a time in a sancer; with a spoon or thin-bladed knife gently cut the eggs, and scrape the mixture up from the bottom of the plate as it cooks. If it begins to cook dry and fast at the bottom, move the dish back instantly, for success depends wholly on cooking gently and evenly, proportions At a dance-party the other evening, Nelly, affecting a d-lightful waltz, being, of course, yery warm, ner partner devoted himself to cooling her off. Turning around and facing him, she asked, "Why am I on cooking gently and evenly, proportions being of secondary importance. Take from stove before it has quite all thickened, and facing him, she asked, "Why am I like a certain animal in a menagerie?"
"He didn't know," he said. "Why, I'm a Nelly-fanned," she said. He immediately asked for the position of keeper, and their engagement has since been announced.—
Salem Sunbeam. and continue turning it up from bottom of dish a moment longer. If served in an-other dish (it keeps warmer served in same) have it well heated. The mixture should be in large flakes of mingled white and yellow, and as delicate as baked

Miss Green and Mr. Neemier stood at the chancel rail in a Roman Catholic church at Delphos, Ohio, in the presence of a large wedding assembly. The marriage service was smoothly performed to the point where Miss Green was asked if she would take Mr. Neemier to be her hysband. "No. I Beat eight eggs very light, prepare skillet with one tablespoon butter, and when hot, pour in the eggs, season with salt and pepper, stir constantly until done and serve hot.

when hot, pour in the eggs, season with wastern the control of the

They ought not, therefore, as a rule, to be hatched very early in the year, and one cock ought not to be allowed more than three hens, as the eggs are less fertile than those of most other breeds."

The following additional remarks on this fowl are compiled from information furnished us by various amateurs.

Spanish are judged most of all by the quantity and quality of the "face." If this be rough and "warty" so as to hinder the sight of the bird, or have any decided red mark, especially above the eye, or be much disfigured in the same region by feathers, the bird has little chance. Such feathers are often pulled out, but if thus "trimmed" a pen ought always to be disqualified, though it is almost universally done by exhibitors.

Like all other black fowls, coloured or even white feathers will occasionally happen. Such birds are hopeless to exhibit, and decidedly bad to breed from.

That the comb of the cock should be

An impromptu mock-auction sale of woman was amusing and profitable, at first, in a Wisconsin church fair. The young men bid liberally for the attractive girls, and it was all very funny indeed until a homely but influential sister was put up. The auctioneer was compelled to knock her down for 25 cents, and she was so angry that she put on her things and went home.

Miss Susan King is a Maine woman who has amassed a fortune of half a million of dollars by the sale of tripe in the city of Boston. That was her foundation stone to fortune; investing the money derived from this in real estate in New Yerk, she has gradually but surely built up a large business. She was a poor girl and made this by her own clear brain and individual exertions.

The comb of both sexes should, however, get thin at the edge, or it will appear heavy and clumsy.

Mr. Lane has alluded to the delicacy of the chickens. During feathering, which is in this breed a very slow process, they require special care and most generous diet, or few will be reared. When full grown, however, they are a tolerably hardy fowl altogether, but always suffer much in moulting, and during very cold or damp weather.

In a breed is purity of race of so much

weather.

In no breed is purity of race of so much importance as in this; and in introducing a fresh cook it is especially needful to see that both his appearance and his pedigree are quite satisfactory. One of the eminent breeders in England informed us a few months since that all his chickens of the season had been ruined by the introduction of a fresh cock, whose face when pur-chased appeared perfectly white, but who had imported more or less red into every chicken hatched from him. There can be no doubt, however, that too close interno doubt, however, that too close inter-breeding has greatly is jured the Spanish fowl, and that both size, constitution, and prolificacy have been sacrificed to the white face alone. Such a result is to be regretted; and it is now becoming gener-ally acknowledged and deplored, we may hope that it is not yet too late to get back some of the size and hardihood of the Spanish fowl as formerly known.

The other principal varieties of Spanish



BOT BEHIND FENCE. "Take him by de horns, Johnny, and frow him on his back!"

had any name given to it; but the symptom is the occurrence, in rapid succession, of bladders under the skin, which contain,

tom is the occurrence, in rapid succession, of bladders under the skin, which contain, however, nothing but air. We believe the cause to be debility; at least, nourishing and stimulating food, pricking each vesicle as it rises, will generally effect a cure.

The merit of Spanish fowls is their production of large white eggs, which are laid in great abundance in moderate weather. They are also of very good quality as tablebirds. But they cannot be called good winter-layers, unless with the aid of artificial heat; and their delicacy of constitution is a great drawback to their otherwise many merits. We believe, however, that fanciers have this point much in their own hands; and, even in spite of such a serious fault, wherever large eggs are valued or desired, the Spanish will always be regarded as a most useful and profitable fowl—the Minorca being the best regarded from this point.

As a "fancy" fowl we believe the "white-faced" variety to be the most profitable of any, as good stock are always saleable at high prices, and out of a dozen good eggs there are almost invariably a larger proportion of chickens fit for exhibition than can be reckoned upon in any other breed we are acquainted with.

For two or three weeks before exhibition, Spanish fowls should be allowed as much meal as they like to eat. The day before sending off, the legs should be carefully washed, and also the comb, wattles, and

sending off, the legs should be carefully washed, and also the comb, wattles, and face; drying the latter carefully with a soft towel. The face will probably get rather red under this treatment, and if so, rather red under this treatment, and if so, the bird must be put for the night in a warm room, kept perfectly dark, which will make all right again. The hamper should also be carefully lined, that the birds may not take cold, and the top should be high enough to avoid danger of injury to the combs.

To send fowls of this breed to winter shows in a basket not lined, is in severe weather almost certain death.

weather almost certain death. The cost of commission, handling and ocean freight on dressed beef sent to English markets is 23 cents per pound. SAND FOR COWS .- In Holland,

sand is more plentiful and cheaper than hay, it is used for bedding cows. The popularity of American cheese in England has excited the fears of the Swiss, who fear that their famous productions in this line will be crowded out of that mar-

My past year's experience just confirms what I have always thought: that if you do not kill weeds at the right time—that is, when young—you will have to spend a great deal more time and money than you ought even for experiments.

Danger of Eating Cucumbers.—Dr. Leidy, of Philadelphia, has discovered that cucumbers are liable to be infested with tape-worm. At a meeting of the Academy of Science he exhibited a specimen of tape-worm taken from the inside of a large It has been found in England, from re-

keep up purging; at the same time giving freely strong ale or other stimulants, with warm and nourishing food.

Another singular disease occasionally occurring in this fowl has never, we believe, had any name given to it, but the saver.

now used for another purpose.

In Bretagne, France, horses-are fed on parsnips instead of oats, and no complaints are made as to falling off in condition. M. Le Bian feeds his carriage horses exclusively on parsnips, and the animals that he now exhibits in Paris are superb. He gives each horse forty pounds of the roots daily, distributed in three feeds; the expense of cultivating one hundred weight of parsnips is twenty cents. Large quantities of "parsnip-fed pork" are made by the thrifty farmers of the Channel Islands, and a writer, speaking from a whole season's experience, states that though less firm than that fattened on barley, the meat is siminitely sweeter and more delicate in flavour. He also recommends this useful root for cattle and human kind.

Some years ago, says the Hartford Post,

root for cattle and human kind.

Some years ago, says the Hartford Post, one of our citizens bought and set out some thrifty young apple trees. On one of them he neglected to remove the wooden label which was attached to one of the limbs by a copper wire. Two years later he found that the copper wire was entirely imbedded and out of sight in the bark of the tree, and that year the limb was so heavily loaded with apples that he was obliged to prop it up, while there was not a blossom or apple on any other limb. Last year one of our neighbours, when his apple trees were in full blossom, carefully girdled some limbs on several trees, and the blossoms produced no fruit on the limbs thus treated; but this year those limbs have blossomed full, and no blossoms on the limbs that bore last year. Pomologists may profit by further experiments in that direction.

Apropos of a question regarding cabbage maggots, answered in our last, we notice a little item by a Western farmer, who says that, for the last five years, he has not lost that, for the last five years, he has not lost a melon or oucumber vine or a cabbage plant from insects. His remedy is so simple a one that many will look upon it with indifference. It would not, perhaps, be easy or practicable upon large farms, but might be of great value in small gardens. Here is the remedy:—Get a barrel with a few callons of gas tar in it; pour water on few gallons of gas tar in it; pour water on the tar; always have it ready when needthe tar; always have it ready when needed, and when bugs appear give them a liberal drink of tar water from the garden sprinkler or otherwise, and if the rain washes it off and they return, repeat the dose. It will also destroy the Colorado potato beetle and frighten the old long potato bug worse than a thrashing with a brush. Five years ago this summer both kinds appeared on my late potatoes, and I watered with the tar water. The next day all Colorados that had not been well protected from the sprinkling were dead, and the others, though their name was legion, were all gone, and I have never seen one of them on the farm since.

A BRAVE HIGHLAND LADDIE. - A very A Brave Highland Laddie.—A very sad case happened recently. As a Seveuty-second man was cleaning his rifle after returning from picket duty, it suddenly went off and shot a comrade, who was looking at him, through the stomach. The poor fellow lingered some twenty-four hours before he died. The unfortunate man who had been the innocent cause of this catastrophe almost went out of his mind, nor would he leave the side of the wounded man for a minute. A short time peated trials, that it takes 100 lbs. of turnips to make one pound of mutton, when the turnips are fed in sheds under favourable conditions; but fed in the open air it will take 150 lbs. to produce the same quantity. Here is another argument in favour of shelter for domestic animals.—American of shelter for domestic animals.—American of dier sent for the captain of his company, Cultivator.

CLOVER.—The writer of Wanshaken Farm Notes says: Whenever we seed down we shall use twelve pounds of clover seed to the acre, along with the grass seed, with the expectation of the reward—not only in before he breathed his last, the dying soldier sent for the captain of his company, and whispered to him "to be sure that Bill came to no harm, as it was quite an accident." I call it true noble-mindedness, the evincing such forgiveness and forethought in such terrible moments.—Bombay Gazette.

down the throat, into the custachian tubes that connect with the head, it had the desired effect to drive the troublesome insect out, and thus relieve Mr. Libenknecht from any further trouble. This is a very simple and certain remedy.

Chas. Sumner on Profanity. In a letter to the Hartford Courant,

We were talking about the protantly of a very distinguished American statesman not now living. Mr. Sumner (who never swore himself) said, "Well, I have heard him swear severely; but as a rule nobody awears in my presence. The greatest him swear severely; but as a rule nobody swears in my presence. The greatest mortification I ever received in my life in this way was when I was at a breakfast abroad with Lord Brougham. We had sat down at the breakfast table, when somebedy brought a newspaper to Lord Brougham. It contained a personal attack upon him. The article was marked and he read it through When he had completed in the same and the

him. The article was marked and he read it through. When he had completed it he began a volley of the most scathing oaths that I ever heard fall from the lips of a man. There was no limit to the curses he rained upon the head of the author of this piece. I was shecked and stricken dumb," said Mr. Sumner. "The only other occupant of the table except Lord Brougham and myself was Brougham's mother. She sat at the head, opposite her son, a venerable and courtly lady, with an elegance and grace of manner that I never saw excelled. I dared not look at her for some moments, but when I ventured to turn my eyes in that direction I found not a muscle of her face was moved. She was as calmly unconscious of what her son was a muscle of her face was moved. She was as calmly unconscious of what her son was saying as if he was talking in Arabic. The breeze soon blew over, and we had a very enjoyable breakfast."

MYSTERIOUS SHIPWRECK.

PORTLAND, Oregon, July 12. — James Cardon and John Rowell, from Astoria, bring a sensational story of the wreck of the British barque Pauline, from a South American port near Gray's Harbour, with a loss of twenty of the crew. The captain lost his bearings during the night and the ship went ashore on a reef with a fearful crash. The officers and men were panic-stricken, a boat was swamped and the men were swept away. Cardon and Rowell were thrown ashore by the waves half dead and claim to be the only survivors. No vestige of the ship remains.

were thrown ashore by the waves half dead and claim to be the only survivors. No vestige of the ship remains.

Emjoy Life.

What a truly beautiful world we live in Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means for enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worried out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof that Green's August Flower will make them as free from disease as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint is the direct cause of seventy-five per cent. of such maladies as Billiousness, Indigestion, Sick Headache, Costiveness, Nervous Prostration, Dizziness of the distressing symptoms. Three doses of August Flower will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottles, 10 cents. Try it.

359-eow

Avoid all strong purgative pills, which only exhaust the mucous secretions and

About a week ago an Iowa man died About a week ago an Iowa man died. He was very wealthy and left three sona, his only heirs, and would you believe it, the ungrateful boys got together and ran away with all the property before the lawyers could get at it and divide it with each other? There is so much sordid, mean, grasping selfishness in this world, that sometimes it is enough to discourage a good lawyer.

In an out-of-the way town in New Hamp shire lives an eccentric old farmer who found his cellar stairs hard to climb on account of the height of the steps. After In a letter to the Hartfora Courant,
Templeton, the Boston correspondent, relates the following in relation to the late
Senator Sumner:—
We were talking about the profanity of

Missing about the profanity of

Missing about the profanity of nearer together;" and contended that he noticed "a lettle tetch of improvement." careful consideration he hit upon the de-vice of nailing a piece of two-inch plank on

> Edward Foy, the negro who was hanged at Raleigh last week, was a member of the Mourning Jonahs, a religious society. The the scaffold, the men in long blue coats, with purple regalia, and the women in black dresses. Foy made a long address

to them, and they sang as the sprung. A man at Chapmanville, Va., had a chance to find out how long he could stand on his toes. Robbers took his money, hanged him to a tree, and left him. By hanged him to a tree, and left him. By pressing his toes on the ground he could relieve the choking of the noose around his neck, and in that way he stood for thirteen hours but way hours, but was on the point of giving up when help came.

when help came.

The Boston bicycle club went out on Sunday for a ride on their two-wheeled vehicles. Ten of them were arrested on a charge of violating the Sunday law, and a justice fined them ten dollars each on the ground that they had been "playing or sporting on the Lord's day." They appealed, and the legal question will be brought before a higher court.

The disgreceful spectacle of a baseball

The disgraceful spectacle of a baseball match between eighteen variety actresses in trousers and blouses attracted 3,000 people at Philadelphia. When game was called there were about a hundred men on the home base true of the women fainted. the home base, two of the women fainted, match was a farce of the noisiest kind. This is the view taken of it by an infant of St. Joseph, Me. :—Little Freddie was undergoing the disagreeable operation of having his hair combed by his mother, and

Avoid all strong purgative pills, which only exhanst the mucous secretions and wear out nature. Peristaltic Lozenges are just the opposite; they restore the disgestion, quicken the liver, and tone up the whole system; thus curing Dyspepsia, Headache, Dizziness, Piles and all other results of Habitual Constitution, the chief cause of ill-health, especially among women. See advertisement in another column.

New Orleans is having telephone concerts.

Selected cocca, Mr. Explains has revised at the results abelies with a delicately flavoured breverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."

New Orleans is having telephone concerts.

### FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Banks.	Sellers.	Buyers	Trans.
Montreal		184	
Toronto		1071	
Ontario	68	62	
Merchants'		724	
Commerce	1084	103	******
Consolidated		1000	-
Dominion		109	
Hamilton			*****
Standard	70	****	*****
Federal	****	97	****
Imperial	941		*****
Molsons'	-		*****
Molsons'.  Loan and Savings Cos.			
Canada Permanent	23.42	1714	*****
Freehold	1421	140	*****
Western Canada	::::	140	*****
Union	134	1241	******
Canada Landed Credit	126	1244	*****
Building and Loan	****	100	
Imperial	****	108	
Farmers'	1000	106	
London & C. L. & A. Co	1262	125	*****
Huron and Erie	****	****	*****
Dominion Savings and In-		1	
vestment Soc Ont. Sav. and Inv. Society.		****	******
Can. Sav. and Loan Co	****	***	*
London Loan Co	****		*****
Hamilton Prov. & L. Soc.	****		*****
National Investment Co	****	# 1	-4.60
Anglo-Can. Mortgage Co.	110	- 1	
Insurance, do.	11		******
British America		108	
Western Assurance	1.8	147	
Canada Life		2024	
Confederation Life		135	
Consumers' Gas	126	1244	
Dominion Telegraph	75	Tong	
Globe Printing Co		136	
Railways.		100	,
Toronto G. & B. Bonds		20	
Toronto & Nipissing Bonds			******
Debentures, &c.		****	
Dom. Gov. Stock, 6 p.c			
Dem. Gov. Stock, 5 p.c		993	
County (Ont.) Stock, 6 p.c.		100	
Tn'p (Ont.) Stock, 6 p.c		974	
City Toronto Stock, & p.c		101	
a brown			******

London-Floating cargoes-Wheat, at opening, quiet but steady; corn, firm; cargoes on passage firm. Mark Lane-Wheat strong; corn, strong. -Wheat, 260,000 qrs.; corn, 300,000 to 305,000 qrs; flour, 105,000 to 110,000 bbls. Liverpool - Wheat,

# SALE MARKETS.

The market has been less excited than in the preceding week; prices continued to advance during the latter part of last week, but since then have sustained something of a reaction, and close rather easier than they have been, though as high as on this day week. Offerings of everything have been small, and insufficient to meet the demand in the cases of wheat and flour; and this fact has kept trade quiet. Scarcely any business has been reported; but some, if not a fair amount for this sesson, has been done on p t. The general adoption of this practice in Toronto under the influence of the crazy idea that it is quotations here, and not supply and demand all the world over, which regulate values in Toronto, makes it nearly impossible to present a fair market report; so our readers must be content with the best that we can give them.

Stocks in store have continued to decline, and stood private and stone that it is quotations here, and not supply and demand all the world over, which regulate values in Toronto, makes it nearly impossible to present a fair market report; so our readers must be content with the best that we can give them.

Stocks in store have continued to decline, and stood private and selling usually at 40 to 45c. Spring ducks easier than they have been, though as high as on this day week. Offerings of everything have been small, and insufficient to meet the demand in the cases of wheat and flour; and this fact has kept Stocks in store have continued to decline, and stood on Monday morning as follows:—Flour, 1,200 bbls; dall wheat, 32,409 bushels; spring wheat, 80,689 bushels; cata, 14,900 bushels; barley, 38,041 bush.; peas, 9,301 bushels; rye, 400; corn, néi bushels, peas, 9,301 bushels; rye, 400; corn, a44 bushels, against corresponding date last year: — Flour, 8,302 bbls; fall wheat, 43,423 bushels; spring wheat, 70,698 bushels; cats, 19,200 bushels; barley, 46,586 bushels; peas, 7,728 bushels; rye, nu; corn, 3,500 bushels. Crop reports seem to have been rather less favourable than in the preceding week. The weather has been less like what was wanted, but after all, the amount of damage done as yet seems to have been small. Fall wheat is being cut in some quarters, and from some samples of ersa which have been shown here we should say that unless damaged it is likely to be decidedly above the average. Barley also is well spoken of.
Outside markets have varied in tendency. England
has been much excited; quotations show an advance of 3d on flour; of 6d on red wheat; of 2d on red winter; of 1d on white and club, and of 2d on corn, with a fall of 1d on peas. The advance at home has been due to continued bad weather, of which Mr. Mechi wrote to *The Times* last week saying that it had put the finishing stroke to the agri-cultural disaster; and that "it is now too late for the crops to recover on ill-farmed and undrained lands. The matter is simply ruinous. Wheat will suffer less than spring crops." Should this view prove correct we may look for high prices but the upward movement has seemed less strong for the last couple of days Markets continued to advance during the latter part of last week with increasing confidence manifested, and a more speculative tendency observable; though on Friday a slight improvement in the weather made the market slightly alower. Previous advices by cable state that in the week ending on the 7th the table state in the week country markets and a good business was done in forward wheat. The total supply of wheat and flour in the week ending on the 5th inst. was equal to 385, 900 to 412,812 quarters v. 411,000 to 420,624 quarters weekly consumption, indicating a deficiency under consumption of 7,888 to 26,000 quarters. The supply of maise for the week was 2,480,000 to 2,520,000 bush, TRANSPORT OF MANY STATES AND THE ANALYSIS AREATY, CONTINUES AND THE ANALYSIS AREATY, CONTINUES AND THE ANALYSIS AREATY, CONTINUES AREA AND THE ANALYSIS AREATY, CONTINUES AREA AND THE ANALYSIS AREATY, CONTINUES AND THE ANALYSIS AREA AND THE ANALYSIS AREA AND THE ARE v. an average weekly consumption in 1877 of 1,261, 124 bush, v. 1,390,774 bush in 1876, and 778,863 bush

of corn, and 11,000 bbls of flour. In the States the mains, and 10,000 bbls of flour. In the States the harvest of winter wheat its about completed, and the harvest of winter wheat its about completed, and the large yield and excellent quality in half of the manual properties of the export surplus will be nearly as a large as that of 1876 export the principal points of the principal po

Prourmant and the second and weak, the second and secon

4	been purely nominal.
	POULTRY-Spring chickens have been in fair sup-
d	ply and selling usually at 40 to 45c. Spring ducks have been effered to a small extent and sold at 85
,	to 45c per pair.
9	FLOUR, f.o.c.
;	Superior Extra, per 196 lbs \$5 00 to \$5 15
,	
	Fancy and Strong Bakers 4 75 4 85
g	Spring Wheat, extra 4 70 4 75
,	Superfine
	Oatmeal, per 196 lbs
ė	[25] [ ] 지지 않는 경우의 경찰들은 "이번 시민(전환) 경우의 경우의 경우의 등 경기에 있는 5시에서 들어진다면 가는 아니다.
93	BAG FLOUR, by car lot f.o.c.
g	Extra
8	
e	GRAIN, Lo.b.
-	Fall Wheat, No. 1, per 60 lbs\$1 10 \$1 12
of	No. 2, 1 08 1 09 1 05 1 06
3	No. 8, 1 05 1 06
y	Red Winter   none.   Spring Wheat, No. 1,
	Spring Wheat, No. 1
d	- No. 3 1 02 1 03
	Oats (Canadian) per 34 lbs 0 89 0 42
	Barley, No. 1, per 48 lbs 0 70 0 75
n	No. 2, 0 60 0 62 Extra No. 3 0 50 0 52
56.70	No. 3 0 40 0 49
4	Peas, No. 1, per 60 lbs none.
ıf	No. 2, and No. 3 0 63 0 65
-	Rye 0 52 9 58
-	PRICES AT PARMERS' WAGGONS.
0	Wheat, fall, new, per bush
	Wheat, spring, do
r	Oats do
w	Peas, do 0 55 0 68
;	nye, do
d	Dressed hogs, per 100 lbs
8.	Beef, hind qus., per 100 lbs none Mutton, by carcase, per 100 lbs 7 00 7 50
rt	Chickens, by pair 0 40 0 45
	Ducks, per brace 0 35 0 45
d,	Geese, each none
h	Butter, lb. rolls 0 12 0 16
ar	large rolls none
28	tub dairy 0 10 0 12
h	Eggs, fresh, doz

Eggs, fresh, dos...

Potatoes, per bag...

Apples, per bbl...

Onions, per dos...

Tomatoes, per bush.

Turnips, per doz...

Carrots, per doz...

Beets, per doz...

Parsnips, por bag...

Hay, per ton...

Wool, per lb... . 1 10 1 15 .. 0 10 0 20 none . 8 00 14 00 . 5 00 6 50 . 0 21 0 22

CATTLE TRADE—Has continued to be fairly active. TRADE—Has continued to be fairly active.

BREVES—Receipts of all sorts save choice shipping lots have been on the increase, but all have found buyers at fair prices. Export cattle have been increasingly scarce; really choice steers averaging 1,500 lbs. would still have brought \$5 to \$5.25, but there have been none in, and the best steers offered, usually averaging about 1,200 lbs., have sold at \$4.75. Second-class, consisting of light steers and hetiers and heavy oxen and bulls, have constituted the great bulk of the supply, but have sold fairly well at rather easy prices, the average being from \$4 to \$4.50. Third-class have been abundant and easy; the usual price has been from \$3.25 to \$3.50, though some few may have gone a little higher.

SHEEF—Offerings have decreased somewhat during though some few may have gone a lisue nigner.

SHEEF—Offerings have decreased somewhat during
the week, but have been sufficient, as the demand
for export has fallen off. Prices have been rather
casier at \$4 50 per cental for export lots, or \$6 to
\$6.75 per head for any averaging at least 130 lbs.
Second-class have been quiet and weak at \$4.25 to
\$4.75. Third-class have been purely very slow of
sale at \$3 to \$5.75. \$4.75. Initio-case have been purely very slow of sale at \$2 to \$3.75.

LAMBS—The supply has been on the increase, but all offering have been wanted and readily taken at former prices. First-class, dressing from 40 lbs upwards, have continued to sell at about \$3.62 to \$3.75 in sots and \$4 for picked of choice quality. Second-class, dressing from 30 to 40 lbs, have been usually bringing \$3 to \$3.50. Third-class have, consisting chiefly of culls, been rather slow of sale at \$2.50 to \$2.75.

\$2.50 to \$2.75.

Calves—The demand has fallen off and prices been decidedly easier, with offerings fully equal to the demand. First-class, dressing from 120 lbs upwards, have declined to \$3 to \$11. Second-class, dressing from 75 to 110 lbs, have been slow of sale at \$4.50 to \$6.50 each. Third-class have not been wanted at any price, but may be quoted at \$2 to \$3.50.

Trade—Has been quiet in most branches.

Hidde—Green have been unchanged, offerings being small and prices as before. Oured have been in good demand, but inactive because scarce; prices are steady at 8c.

FIRST CLASS FARM FOR

of this city,

Historion—Lem—At the Brighton Hotel, city,
(the residence of the bridegroom's sister), on Tuesday, July 26th, 1879, by the Rev. S. A. Dyke, Pastor
College street Baptist Church, assisted by Milton J.
Competon, of Bristof College, England, Mr. John B.
Heighington, of Brantford, Ont., draughtsman, to
M. J. Rowley Lee, of Leeds, England.

DEATHS. St. Once—In St. Thomas, on the 7th ins St. Onge, of Jarvis, Ont., aged 20 years. RATTRAY—At the residence of T. R. Marsh Lachine, on the 7th July, Rev. Thomas Rattray Foronte, aged 65 years. WAGGONER—In Kingston Township, at the residence of Mr. Egerton Rees, on July 7th, Ellen, the beloved wife of the late Col. Emmanuel Waggoner, aged 83 years.

Mallon—In this city, on Wednesday, the 9th July, Patrick Mallon. Silvermorn—At Cherry Hill, near Cooksville, Township of Toronto, on Wednesday, the 9th inst., Mr. Joseph Silverthorn, aged 93 years, 7 months and 2 days.

Mr. Joseph Suverthorn, agon to you and 2 days.

LAMBERT—On the 10th inst., Geo. Lambert, aged 55 years and 2 months.

ROORES—At the residence of Mrs. Askin, Chatham, Ont., on Wednesday, 9th inst., Inex K. Askin, wife of N. R. Rogers, Esq., Merchanter Bank, Chatham, aged 22 years and 4 months.

RAYKER—In Ellice. on the 5th inst., Esther, beloved wife of John Rayner, aged 69 years, 6 months and 5 days. Huenes—At 79 Esther street, July 10th, Henr beleved daughter of William and Henrietta Hu aged 25 years and 8 months. WILSON—On the 6th inst., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Edey, Thornhill, Mrs. Catharino Wilson, in the 88th year of her age.

QUIGLEY—On July 11th, John Quigley, aged 40.

LALOR—At his father's residence, 89 Gerrard street east, Charles B. Lalor, fourth son of Thomas Lalor, aged 21 years.

Pressy. On July 21th, 22th, 22t

Laior, aged 21 years.

Purvis—On July 13th, at 76 Terauley street, William Lesile, infant son of James and Martha Purvis, aged 5 months and 27 days.

ROLFE—In London, on July 10th, Hannah, second eldest daughter of William and Mary Roife, aged 21 years 5 months and 21 days. Wm. Kidd, aged 72 years.

Wilson—In Welland, on the 7th inst., at the residence of her father, Robert Hobson, Esq., Sheriff County of Welland, Mrs. J. W. Wilson, aged 47 years 5 months and 6 days.

RESVES—On the 11th July, Marion Victoria Gordon, infant daughter of John and Elizabeth Resves, ged 6 months and 14 days. Of such is the Kingdom of Heaven.

Farms tor Sale.

MARMS AND WILD LANDS for sale—Our Catalogues sent free to any address, on application to FENTON, CARNIE & CO., Hamilton, Ont. 263-52 500 ACRE FARM FOR \$6,000

-This is a great bargain. For full description address F. F. JONES, Port Stanley, Ont.

TALUABLE FLOUR MILL Froperty for sale—with 22 acres of land and milmited water power; within 11 miles of the unction of the Grand Trunk and Credit Valley sallways. County of Oxford. Address W. G. POWELL, Agent, Paris, Ont. 881-5 MAIRBANK-FOR SALE OR

OX BOX FARM FOR SALE Situated in Middle Stewiacke, Colchester County, Nova Scotia, five miles from Brookfield Station, Intercolonial Railway, containing 800 acres Station, Intercolonial Railway, containing 800 acres
It is known as one of the best stock farms in the
Province. Terms, particulars and every information on application to the subscriber on the premisse. RUPERT FULTON, Middle Stewiacke, Colchester County, N. S. 831-2 MARM FOR SALE-200 ACRES

Sympa—Job-lots inactive, but held firmly at former prices; the market is quiet but steady. Quotations are as follows—Common, 46 to 67c; Amber, 50 to 55c; Smber choice, 63c.

FRUIT—The market here has been quiet, chiefly because stocks are light; and the tendency of prices has been upwards. Valencias have sold outside in lots of 250 boxes at equal to 65c here, but we should say that there are no more to be had at this price. Old Sultanas sold outside at equal to 45c here for a lot of 400 boxes. Layers and Muscatelles have been held firmly at former prices, but no sales reported, and an advance seems to be expected. Currants have been quiet and unchanged. Prices are as follows, the outside being for retailers lots:—Basisins, layers, \$1.35 to \$1.50; Yam.

Shown—At 21 Prospect street, on the 3th inst, the wife of J.E. Beswick, of a son.

BALDWIN—June 22nd, at Roseville, Lismore, Ire land, the wife of J.E. Beswick, of a son.

HARRIS—In this city, on the 9th inst., the wife of Mr. July, the wife of Mr. As on.

CARRUTHERS—At 78 Duchess street, on the 13th inst, the wife of Mr. D.O. Sills, of a son.

CARRUTHERS—At 78 Duchess street, no the 13th inst, the wife of Mr. July, the wife of Mr. Samuel, of a sughter.

SAMUSH—At 280 Lagamentative street, the wife of as son.

SALSHUR—At 80 Lagamentative, the wife of Asing it and the tendency of prices has been upwards.

Albion; 86 acro cleared, the remaining 5 acres bush; there is a good frame house, barn, and stable, and is well fenced with ceder; the soil is good clay loam, and is well watered and in good state of cultivation, and within one mile of Bolton values, and is well fenced with ceder; the soil is state of cultivation, and within one mile of Bolton values, and is well fenced with ceder; the soil is state of cultivation, and within one mile of Bolton values, and is well fenced with ceder; the soil is state of cultivation, and within one mile of Bolton values, and is well fenced with ceder; the soil is state of cultivation, and within one of the state of cultivation, an

JOIN OUR COLONY

TREES

FRUIT TREES JOIN OUR COLONY
Claremont Va. JOIN OUR COLONY

FARM LANDS FOR SALE

THE CANADIAN LAND & EMIGRATION CO'Y FOR SALE 300,000 ACRES

from \$1. 50 an acre, in the COUNTY OF HALIBURTON. The Village of Haliburtion is the terminus of the Victoria Raliway, by which means direct comunication is established with the best markets East and West. The Township of Dysart is well settled, and there are other flourishing settlements in other Townships the property of the Company.

GOOD ROADS IN ALL DIRECTIONS.

C. J. BLOMFIELD, Manager, C L. &E. C., Messrs. W. & C. BAINES, Toronto street, pronto. 375-52

financial.

\$1,200 RETURNS IN 30 days on \$100 invested. Official reports free. Like profits weekly on stock options of \$10 to \$50. Address T. POTTER WIGHT & CO., Bankers, 35 Wall street, New York.

\$10 to \$1,000 Invested in Wall street Stocks make fortunes free explaining everything.

BAXTER & CO., Bankers, 17 Wall st., N Y.

Situations Vacant.

\$9 A DAY TO AGENTS.—Somethingfuew.
OUT & CO. Box 1120, Montreal, Que.

IN THE SURROGATE COURT

Notice is hereby given that JAMES BARRY, of the Township of York, in the County of York, yeo-man, will apply to the Surrogate Court of the County of York, after the expiration of twenty days from the publication of this notice, to be appointed guar-dian to his daughter, the said MARY ANN BARRY, an infant.



Books and Stationery

BY LO EMERSON This splendid new book is nearly through the press, and will be in great demand. Full collection of the best Hymn Tunes and Anthems for Choirs, numerous Glees for Social and Class singing, and a good Singing School course Its attractive contents, with the low price (\$1.00 or \$9.00 per dozen), should make it the most popular of Church Music Books.

THE TEMPLE. For Singing Schools, By W. O. PRERIES. Will be ready in a few days. First-slass book for Singing Schools, with large collection of Glees, and plenty of Hymn Tunes and Anthems. Price \$1.00 or \$9.00 per dozen. Although

OLIVER DITSON & CO., BOSTON.

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Miscellaneous.

\$9 A DAY TO AGENTS.—Something new. CO. Box 1120, Montreal, Que. 378-52 6() EXTRA WHITE BRISTOL

ELEGANT CARDS 10 MANITOBA AS IT IS—BY AN Independent Farmer. All interested should read if. Send-10 cents for the Farmer's Advocate, London, Ontario. GRAND CENTRAL HOUSE,
Winnipeg; the only first-class hotel in town;
first-class livery in connection; large sample rooms;
charges moderate. J. & D. SINCLAIR, Proprietors.
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VOL. VIII. NO.

THE ZULU CAMPA Defeat of Cetewayo's Hordes Immense Loss.

THE WAR VIRTUALLY OF erning of the Kraals — Sir Ga olesley's Movements.

London, July 18.—Gen. Wolssley raphs from Pietermaritzburg, June 3 the War Office:—"I believe the war be finished this season. I hope to a port Durnford on Wednesday. From I will join Col. Wood near Ulundi. cording to the best information, Cete

king Cetewayo, had consented to rec from him one thousand rifles instead the condition that the Zulus should down their arms. The War Office ignorant of the burning of King Cetewa krash, which was reported this morn The opinion is general that the Government information is not recent nor full as that received by the newspapers. A despatch from Cape Town says British have captured 2,500 Zulus.

London, July 21.—A despatch for Cape Town, July 21.—A despatch for Cape Town, July 4th, says General Garnet Wolseley arrived at Port Durn on July 2nd.

Seven hundred Zulus with 700 cs have surrendered. It is stated that Government have received a telegram in Natal announcing that the British a had reached Ulundi after a few skirmis in which small bodies of Zulus were kill twas found the King's kraal and all surrounding kraals had been burner the Zulus.

Gen. Clifford telegraphs to the Office from Pietermaritzburg, 4th July "Gen. Wolseley was not able to lan Port Durnford because of the surf, an return to Durnan. He will proceed

Port Durnford because of the surf, and returns to Durban. He will proceed land to Lord Chelmsford's division im distely." Gen. Clifford's despatch tinues as follows:—"A message from I Chelmsford on the 30th June says that have just informed the Zulu King the must advance to the left bank of the riv nust advance to the left bank of the ri

If so, it is certain his are sell returned to follow him. The Amaton the are threatening the Zulus, and the King's prospects are gloomy. We have samp 1,200 Zulus who surrendered. The cower of the Zulus appears to be cruming. Submissions are made hourly. London, July 23.—The Globe and the Coho this afternoon say that the Government has received a telegram from Startle Frere, announcing that Lordon.

Bartle Frere, announcing that Lor Chelmsford has defeated the Zulus under King Cetewayo with immense loss, and that the war is virtually over.

In the Commons this afternoon Si Michael Hicks-Beach, Colonial Secretary announced the receipt of a telegram, date Cape Town, July 8, confirming the new of a decisive victory by Lord Chelmsford virtually ending the war. Lord Chelms ford remained in camp till after July 3 awaiting the surrender of the cannon an 1,000 rifles captured by the Zulus a Landula. These not arriving, he advanced and was attacked in the open countripy 15,000 Zulus, who fied under the heavy fire of the British. Lord Chelmsford advanced and destroyed Ulundi. The Zulus wared and destroyed Ulundi. The Zulus was 800. The British lost 10 killed and 53 wounded.

The battle was fought on July 4th. The Zulus were variously estimated at from 10,000 to 20,000. A number surrounded the British troops, who formed into a hollow square. The Zulus charged the aquare on all four sides. After the Zulus were broken by the British fire they were pursued by the cavalry and utterly routed. Lord Chelmsford burned and destroyed all the military kraals and returned to camp the same evening.

A detailed official telegram from Lord

the same evening.

A detailed official telegram from Lord Chelmsford says:—"Cetewayo not only failed to comply with my demands for the return of the cannon, &c., but fired heavily on our watering parties. I consequently returned the cattle he had sent in and ordered a reconnoisance by Col. Buller's horse. This caused the Zulu army to advance and show itself on the morning of

ordered a reconnoisance by Col. Buller's horse. This caused the Zulu army to advance and show itself on the morning of July 4th. My force, consisting of Gen. Wood's column, aggregating 4,000 Europeans, a 1,000 natives, 12 cannon and 2 gatlings, crossed the Unwalosi river at 6.15 a.m."

Lord Chelmsford continues:—"The lorder reached an excellent position between Enadevango and Ulundi about 8.30 a.m. The Zulu army had been observed leaving the bivouac about 7.30. The engagement was abortly after commenced by the mounted men. At nine o'clock the Zulu attack was fully developed. At 9.30 the nemy wavered, and the lancers, followed by the remainder of the cavalry, attacked hum. A general rout ensued. Prisoners tate that King Cetewayo was personally omighouring kraal. The Zulu prisoners in the that twelve regiments of 20,000 men articipated in the attack. Lord Chelmsord estimates the Zulu loss at not less han a thousand. Ulundi was burning at con. The steadiness of the troops who tone time during the engagement were mader a complete belt of fire, was remarkble. The dash and enterprise of the avalry was all that could be wished. A prified camp had been left in charge of 100 Europeans and 250 natives. A portion the Zulu forces at one time threatened attack it."

ge professor once said that specie to rate high in his class, pectorate on the floor." Much ling and spitting was, no doubt, catarrh, which the professor be readily cured by the use of less of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Re-