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ed in Canada before.
forward you complete information regarding the new scale of prices. his farm will be Sarry Western farmer will see that the fence he uses

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## The Western Home Monthly



## A Chat with Our Readers

Pleasant summer days suggesting new thoughts and pleasant ideas are
now with us and many of our subscribers will doutbess have under considera-
tion ca few weeks of holiday. Even from the Western Prairie with its tion ca few weeks of holidiay. Even from the Western Prairie, with its many
attractions and climatic advantages, it is sometimes profitable to make a short attractions and climatic advantages, it is sometimes profitable to make a short
change for recreation and relaxation. It has occurred to us that many of our subseribers could easily arrange the financial end of this holiday without
drawing on any private resources by doing a drawing on any private resources by doing a Hittle subseription work for us
during the month of June. The work itself will be found during the month of June. The work itself will be found extremely pleasant
and we venture to say that the popularity of The Western Home Monthly and we eventure to say that the popularity of The Western Home Monthly
will make it alsi surprisingly easy. It needs but one or two outings among one's friends and immediate acquaintances to accomplish considerable with this proposition of ours.

Write us the moment you read this page for particulars and we feel sure that we can interest you. In this magazine you have a publication that has
for fifteen years enjoyed a first place in the regard of the Western people and that has been endorsed to an unequalled extent by their enthusiagstic support.

## JUNE CONTENTS

## Editorial Comment

 The Canadian Forest RangersH. Mortimer Batten Coastwise in B.C. Waters, The Same is a Thief and a Robtber Insect Mimics .........W. . R. Gilbert Real Reason for Western Optimism When John Humphrey Kenyon Where the Red and the Assiniboine Ships that Pass......Margaret Scott Review of Current $\left.\begin{array}{c}\text { Events. } \\ \text { The Philosopheif }\end{array}\right]$

Our Canadian summer is all too short so we have to crowd a lot of summer ideas, articles and stories in the next three or four issues. The summer that we shall live up to our promises. The July issue, which as usual will be a Special Exhibition number, comes next and we guarantee it to attain the
usual standard of excellence usual standard of excellence.

That Rogers A. A. Cutlery Set is just the success we anticipated it would be. Evidently getting eight subscriptions does not seem to worry our readers very much, as some of them, so they tell us, have qualified for the premium
in a few hours. If this premium appeals to you-and surely it does as extra in a few hours. If this premium appeals to you-and surely it does, as extra
cutlery is always mighty useful-why not start right away and interest your cutlery is always mighty useful-why not start right away and interest your
neighbors in The Western Home Monthly. We will gladl supply you with neighbors- in The Western Home Month
sample copies to assist you in the work.

Don't forget that the address tag on your paper tells when your subseription expires. Perhaps yours has nearly run out; better look and see.
Letters, in which the writers are more than a little kind to us, still reach us by every mail. Incidentally we might remark that every letter is read and
carefully digested and any useful hints promptly taken advantage on carefully digested and any useful hints promptly taken advantage of. Some-
time or other when time hangs heavily on your hands, let us have your time or other when time hangs heavily on your hands, let us have your opinions.
We would really like to know what they are.

Collingwood East, B.C.
Dear $\mathrm{Sir}-\mathrm{T}$ have had the great pleasure of reading some of your copies of The Western Home Monthly and would just like to say it is a spurendid paper.
Please find enclosed $\$ 1.00$ for one year's subscription to your valuable magazine. Please find enclosed \$1.00 for one year's subscription to your valuable magazine
I think it one of the best papers published.

Miss E. L. Alcock.
Ladywood, Man.
Dear Sir-It is only four months since I sent in a trial subseription to your valuable paper, and I must frankly confess that I will not be without your
journal in the future, even if it were double the price. Your paper has inter esting articles for both young and old, and considering the premiums given, the journal is sent almost free. As my subscription is going to expire next month, I am sending in $\$ 1.00$ and wish to make use of your special spring offer.
Wishing the journal every success, I remain,

The Young Man and His Problem. The Young Woman and Her Problem Mrs. P. R. Hamilton
Womans Quiet Hour
Miss E. Cora Hind
oratio Day in Winnipeg......̈
The New Goverior General and
Late Duke of Argyle.
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Poultry Chat, Embroidery; Sunday
Reading, Patterns and Fashions,
Correspondence, etc.
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Special attention to out-of-town patients. Have your impression
taken in the morning and go home taken in the moning and go home will languages spoken. Free examination. All work guaranteed for twenty years.

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It is performed without pain, is It is performed without pain, is
permanent, and in every way compermanent, and in every way,
fortable, being strong, clean, light fortable, being strong, clean, ight
and agreable to the tongue and gums, broken down to the gum line, and the nerve dead, the root can still be successfully treated and crowned,
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## EDITORIAL COMMIENT

## Organization

One reason why cities are more attractive places to live in than the country is that social intercourse, communication, buying and selling are better organized. The problem of the country, socially and economically, is to get organization. Each community must learn to take itself in hand. Hampden County, Massachusetts, was doing a business of $\$ 4,000,000$ a year. Each farmer was attending to his own buying and selling. Naturally there was little time left for the study of farm methods. In 1913 a County Improvement League was organized. A manager, a general secretary, and two expertsone in agriculture and one in horticulturewere appointed. Co-operative exchanges were organized to buy fertilizers, lime, barrels and all other necessaries. The experts made over 650 visits the first year. The result was most gratifying - so gratifying that further organization was insisted upon. The social, economic, moral and educational interests are all now considered. The fight is not merely for better farming, but for better homes, better men and better women. In other words, community life is being fully organized. This very thing is possible in every rural municipality. In Western Canada the municipal council is the only public body that has any jurisdiction. Its influence is very narrow-as it does not concern itself with economic, social and educational problems. It has been suggested by some that all the activities of the municipality could be directed by a central executive body, which might act through committees and under the guidance of expert advisers. There is much to be said in favor of this. If it is a good thing to have councils to ovérsee bridge building, road making and the like, surely it would be equally profitable to have councils responsible for education, moral and social improvement, trade and commerce. We have taken from the past a system of organization which was no doubt in its day well suited to the problems which it had to face, but which is wholly inadequate to our own times and our own peculiar conditions.

## The Only Way Out

The following words from the pen of exPresident Eliot of Harvard are well worth consideration, both by employers and members of the trades unions:
"Is it not perfectly plain that in our country the trades unionists are not really happy as a matter of fact? To my thinking they never will be so long as they get no satisfaction in their daily work. It is the grudging spirit in which they work which prevents them from getting any content out of their work for a livelihood.
"All well read, thinking people believe that the progress of civilization depends on universal, steady, productive labor; the unions seem to believe that the less one works the better.
"Although profit-sharing is not applicable in all industries, I see in sound methods of profit-sharing one mode of escape from the deplorable effects of trades union teachings; for just profit-sharing will present to employers and employed alike precisely the
same motive for faithful, generous co perative industry and for successful productiveness. No profit-sharing method will work which does not turn out to be in the long run profitable alike to employers and employed, to owner and wage-earner, to capital and labor."
The more one considers it, the more apparent does it become that the only way to prevent strikes, lock-outs and all similar evils, is to replace antagonism by cooperation through a wise system of profitsharing.

## Government by Experts

Much is being said these days in the party press about representative government and about direct government by the people through the initiative and referendum. There is a principle of good government that is necessary under either system. It is the principle of guidance by expert authority. Under the system of representative government it is a common thing to see at the head of a department a man who has no practical fitness for his calling. This is true both in federal and provincial affairs. Usually the Solicitor-General or the AttorneyGeneral is a lawyer, but he may be a very ignorant one. In the other departments there is practically no special knowledge of his duties demanded from the minister in charge. The Minister of Militia may have carried a rifle and may have been head of a country regiment-"gal"" does the rest. The Minister of the Interior may have lived in the interior, and that may be his only qualification. The Minister of Finance may know nothing beyond the rudiments of banking. And so it is in local affairs. The Minister of Education may have nothing bot a few half-digested opinions on the education of a people. Anybody can easily the an authority on education. So, too, the Minister of Agriculture may know nothing of his subject other than the few facts he has gleaned in taking care of a quarter section. Let any person take our ministers, provincial and federal, and let him judge ther. by their knowledge of the work pertaining to their departments. The one word that will come to his mind is incapacity. It is true of all governments under the representative system. Nor would this be so bad if those in authority trusted to experts in their own field. Unfortunately politicians as a class are not burdened with modesty. Their ambition is to lead, and lead they will even if they are hopelessly in error.

Under the system of referendum, things might be equally bad, although not likely, for there would be much general discussion before a policy was adopted. Where a minister is in charge of a department there is no such discussion. He simply says what is to be, and his followers throw up their hats and cry:" "Bravo, Genius! Heavenhorn inspiration."
What would seem reasonable would be this, that a Minister of Militia should decide upon a policy only after the most careful consultation with those who know; that a Minister of Finance should be in close touch with those who have made a life study
of economic problems; that a Minister of Education should consult rather than dictate to those who have given their lives to education; that a Minister of Agriculture should have his theories approved by the state authorities on agriculture before advancing them as the basis of legislation. There are in Canada and in the various provinces recognized experts in every department of service. No legislation should be advanced that had not first of all been fully and openly discussed and pronounced upon by these experts. It is very comforting to a man in authority to feel that he is making history. He may be making a botch of things and his egotism may prevent him from seeing the truth. Government by the wisest is none too good. Under any system we should demand it.

## Decoration Day

It is very evident that the spirit of militarism is not weakening in our midst, if the great display witnessed in Winnipeg on Sunday, May 10th - Decoration Day - is any criterion. An occasion like this calls forth the best in our citizens and what should never be allowed to fade from memory. Winnipeg's example is worth emulating. We delight to honor those who died in defence of the flag, and we bow in grateful acknowledgment to those veterans still with us, who bring their wreaths annually to the graves of their departed comrades. To all those who, in war or peace, have sacrificed life, we cheerfully and openly acknowledge our indebtedness. To those who are preparing by drill and otherwise to defend their homes and Empire, should occasion require, we also owe our gratitude. We hear comments occasionally that our system is accompanied with too many frills, such as military dress display, and that the young men of our land could be seen to better advantage and in their simple manliness without such embellish ments as the head-gear now in usage. That, however, is a matter of taste, and as long as human nature is constituted as it is, there will be many for whom dress display will have its attractions and fascination. One thing to be commended in our citizen soldier is that with all training and flourishing he is still left a certain initiative, which will not fail him in the hour of danger.

## The Harvest

What is well begun is half done. The grain is in the ground, and by the time this reaches our readers the fields will be green with waving blades of growing grain. Upon two things will the harvest depend - the faithful werk of rinen and the bounty of an over-ruling Providence. It is true in agriculture especially that faith and work must be conjoined. If any man should bo reverent and dignified it should be the tiller of the soil, for he is continually aware of his dependence upon God and equally aware of the fact that he is a co-worker with Him. Agriculture, rightly pursued, develops the best in man's nature. May the work of the year mean much not only in material things, bnt in development of character for all engaged in agriculture.


A Shoe for Particular Men Youl Cannot bo too "tussy" anout your ore warar
Are the more partuar you
 selectio
shoes.
You cannot make any miso comes from the qualtog thoo
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## The Canadian Forest Rangers


H. Mortimer Batten.

TT ${ }^{\text {HO }}$ are the Canadian Forest Rang- | going?-Why do they not alight here V ers? Probably not one man in for surely there is no scene of greater duties of this body of men are as multi- $\quad \begin{gathered}\text { Why? Because they too feel the call }\end{gathered}$ tudinous and almost of as great an importance to the Dominion of Canada as
those of the Royal North West;Mounted those of the Royal North West:Mounted
Police. The Forest Rangers are the Police. The Forest Rangers are the
forest police of Canada, or, as they are so often called, the canoe police-guardians of the great national game reserves and the muskeg forests of the north, the fire-fighters of the Canadian wilderness, and the representatives
of law and order in this vast region over which they are placed to watch.
The duties of the Canadian forest The duties of the Canadian forest
ranger are many and arduous. In the ranger are many and arduous. In the
first place he is the recognized game warder of the distriot he hagnized game
welected to patrol. He is there to see that the game laws are not violated; to watch that Johnnie Indian doé not
take beaver pelts out of season N set take beaver pelts out of season pr set
his moose snares in the shadow tr way; or if he is etationed on the interway; or in he is atationed on the inter-
national boundary it is his duty to


## Camping in Strathcona Park, Alta

round up and corral any fish poachens, a continuous ripple. In the waist of $i$ that visit the Canadian waters in their powerful motor boats. Secondly he is
there to fight forest fires-or rather to gather and command all available hands o beat down this awful fiend of the alike. Each year thousands of miles of forests are destroyed and hundreds of wild creatures perish misenably in the maw of the forest fire; it is the work of the rangers to keep these fires in of the most trying and dangerous of all their duties. Thirdly the ranger is placed in the forest to undertake what soever duties befall him: to the benefit
of mankind. of mankind.
Usually the rangers work in pairs, for it is unwise and unsafe for men to ven
ture singly into the forest. They are ture singly into the forest. They are haps several days' journey from the nearest white habitation. It is the spring of the year. The mighty lakes, dotted with their countless islands, the sweeping uplands of spruce and cedar
touched here and there with the lighter green of birch and poplar form one green of birch and poplar, form one
continuous panorama which, for vastness and delicate coloring, would be hard to surpass anywhere in the world. The air is clear as crystal, and there is a stirring and awaking on every hand
after the long silence of winter. From after the long silence of winter. From the dead tamarac near sounds the
mournful song of a gyouse bird, while mournful song of a grouse bird, while
away down the lake echoes the cackling laughter of a Whisky Jack. The wild geese are going north, and day and night their trumpeting sounds in the heavens. The loons are yoing
north too-those strangely elongated black wecks. singly or in pairs, drift-
are bundled two bulging packsacks camping gear, rifles, and all the other impedimenta of the man of the woods In the prow kneels a bronze-face woodsman, the brim of his hat pulled
down over his eyes to keepp off down over his eyes to keep off th
glare of the water; in the stern kneel a second canoeman a fair-haired strip of a youth, fresh from Toronto University, but a capable woodsman nev ertheless. $H e$ is hatless in spite of the
fierce glare of the sun fierce glare of the sun. woth men ar dressed in khaki, while around their necks each wears a bandonna of crim
son. There is a reason for this start ling attire, though probably neither of them are aware of it.* The man in the prow is shod in moccasins; his companion years high lace shoepacks, reaching to the knees. They each
manipulate a paddle, plying it with manipulate a paddle, plying it with that sends their heavily laden craft ricochetting over the surface. How their arms would ache after a minute or so of such toil were they not used
to it, but they have kept it daybreak, and will keep it up since daybreak, and will keep it up for
hours yet, till the twilight shadows settle upon the forest. See, they are past already, but let us follow them into the woods.
These men are the forest rangers How clean and smart they are, but wait-wait till you see them on thei They are just going back to their beat after a few days spent in the settle
ment to procure fresh stores *The red bandonna is worn by woodsmen

* that they are not likely so that they are not likely to be mistaken fon
game- a very great daner as they force
their way through the thickets.


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antiseptics.
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Sto


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Auto-Controller Co., 268 Vienna Road Bermondsey, England.
convince themselves that they are not dead and buried after all. They hav just before the breaking up of the ice, and were by no means sorry to get in But the glare and glamor of the city did not appeal to them for long, and instructions from headquarters came by way a a relief after a week of it
Now they are off once more to patro the woods, but this is the eventful season, the season of forest fires, thun der storms and flies.
By no means is the journey one coninuous joy ride over breeze-swept lakes ness. True that each beadland reveals a scene more startling than the last but the rangers have been too long in the woods to pay much heed to scenery Their one thought for the present is to "get there," and presently the chain themselves negotiating a narrow creek with a stiff current against them. The water is high, for snow still remains on the hill tops, and their progress becomes slower and slower, till presently they reach the foot of a rapid, boiling dread of the trail, "the long portage." The men beach their canoe, dragging it high and dry. One of them takes up his packsack and his rifle, lifts the canoe bodily on to his shoulders as though it were a giant sunhat, and


Walks off into the bush. The Shested Shor shoulders the remainder of the other a load that would make the eyes of even a camel water with self-pity-and staggers off at his companion's heels. There is a rough trall following the course of the creek, which is here so rapid that no canoeman could negotiate their way. In places it is so overgrown that they simply have to force an opening through it, and each time this happens millions of mosquitoes are shaken from the branches and begin to
make merry over the feast. The longer the portage the more ferocious they to lay down their loads, wipe the perspiration from their faces, and take a
breather.
But the long portage is usually rewarded. It may lead over the divide and into the next valley-or at any
rate you can rest assured that the rangers have chosen the easiest way to their goal. Next day the current is with them instead of against them, and it is then that their excellent canoemanship saves many an hour on the a waterfall, that must be portaged, but the second and third are passable. Who that has never felt it can imagine the thrills of that headlong plunge down the rapids?-here a lightning stroke of ity as the or the pole diverting calama houlder; the boulder sweeps by Within arm's length-both men are puliing for dear life to straighten the craft as che rises and falls in the very centre
of the race. The danger is past; each heaves a sigh of relief as with a fina bound the canoe shoots forward on
still water.

There are, however, one or two pre to take firc the rangers, are careful burning in the tent, and second to keep the tent closed and creep in under the flap. Of course a smudge fire can b made to smoke them out, ibut th smoke is almost as bad as the flies. It is far retiring to go round with a match and singe the wings of all those that can be seen on the underside of the tent. The forest ranger is usually a past master in making his camp comfortabl when he has reached the central cache
Possibly the men have brought with Possibly the men have brought with
them a prospector's folding stove with which to do their cooking, but more generally this is done by reflecting the heat of their tiny wood fire on to th article to be cooked. Splendid cake can be made by the use of a reflector
and when eaten hot with fresh meat or pickerel just taken from the lak the forest ranger is not likely to envy his city friends - their meal.
His bed he makes by securing a num ber of light cedar stakes between.two logs, so that only the logs come in con of the sleeper is supported on the laths; and this primitive spring mat tress he covers with soft brushwood the scent of which pervades one's very dreams. Given two Hudson Bay blan kets, a life in the open air from
to sunset, and sufficient (if not too much) exercise, the ranger is not likely to suffer from insomnia.
Sometimes it happens that for day the men are almost idle, then follow For weeks past no rain has fallen, and there has been little dew at night time So dry is the muskeg that it crumbles

Excellent canoeman the ranger must be or he would lose much time on the
trail-and sooner or would inevitably come when the day lose his life also in one or another of the boiling rapids. Not necessarily by rowning would this occur, but if the roodsman loses his canoe and all his whité settlement from Indian camp or miserably ere by raft or to perish can reach a place of succor.
Having gained their destination the hief duty of the forest rangers at this me of the year is to look out for fires-and incidentally to take care bodily by the flies, which are now a nightmare. The blackflies are perhaps the worst, for they crawl under one's lothing-into the ears and nostrils, and actually craw blood when they bite But there are intervals when the blackfy population seems asleep, and they
do not bite after dusk, but should they cease their activities for a moment one becomes aware of countless millions of mosquitoes, the humming of Which sounds in one's ears like the humming of a swarm of bees. Only magine how bad these pests are in the orests during the spring of the year, and unless one can find an open place at the lake margin, wind-swept of flies,
there is no evading them.


## A COOL KITCHEN



A cool kitchen on ironing day is possible with a

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The heat is all in the burner-none in the room.
The New Perfection isscheaper than coal-and cooks better Broils, bakes, roasts, toasts, $\ln 1,2,3$ and 4 burner sizes. Ask to see the 1914 model 4 burner, cabinet range with fireless cooking oven. At all hardware and general stores.

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Scores of Summer Things, such as fancy parasols
bathing suits, colored stockings, ribbons, feathers and bathing suits, colored stockings, ribbons, feathers and
artificial flowers, hammocks and cushion covers get faded artificial lowers, hammocks and cushion covers get fay
and dingy long before they are worn out. But with

## Maypole Soap

you con give them a new lease of life, usefulness and beauty, and save many
a dollar. No stained hands and a dollar. No stained hands and kettles, no muss, no work to speak cf. 24
colors-will give you any shade. Colors 10c-Black 15c-at your dealer's colors-wil give you any shade. Colors 10c-Bla
postpaid with Free Booklet, "How to dye," from

## Frank L. Benedict \& Co., Montreal



Agents: W. Lloyd Lock \& Co., Winnipeg direction, and only waiting for in every to get them on the move.
Usually the fire starts deep down in the bush. A spark settled upon the takes it up. At first there is a peat black speck, no larger than a pea; at the end of ten minutes it is the size of follow it crown, and during the days that under the trees all round. The forest rangers see the smoke as they patrol the country, and at once enter the bush to investigate.
These slow earth fires are not alway
casily extinguisho foot down the earth may be than a and if one treads upon it footgear is speedily ruined. Sometimes the fire
will creep under ground for a considwill creep under ground for a consid-
erable distance, making no trace of its presence on the surface, and when this
happens, it must be

But the district the rangers have to patrol is so vast that in a bad season the fires almost inevitably get the bet ter of them. A smouldering earth fire by the breeze, it at once rises into the timber. When this happens, the sooner the rangers appear the better, for if the fire once gets a proper hold no human power can stay it. The rangers at once set to work by making a possible, back fires are lighted, and the main conflagration coaxed and guided towards some headland, beyond which it cannot spread. Fortunately a forest fire always dies down with the fall of darkness, and the rangers are often on No toil can be more
of fighting a forest fire. The fumes from burning cedar are most stringent, causing partial blindness, and often


$$
\text { A great B.C. Waterfall plunging into spáce } 1,000 \text { to } 2,000 \text { feet. }
$$

them finally causes a spark. Again a affecting the throat to such an extent flash of lightning may set the forest

burning, and as the dry season speech becomes impossible. Morelittle fires may be seen burning in every $\begin{aligned} & \text { over the fumes and the heat cause one's } \\ & \text { clothing to drop to }\end{aligned}$ happens, it must be dur out an this escape. Terrified bands of deer dash | happens, it must be dug out, as no |
| :--- | :--- |
| amount of quenching will extinguish it. | \(\begin{gathered}*Can anyone explain why it is that the <br>

trees begnt ofal a <br>
wind reaches them? minute or so before the\end{gathered}\)

## The Western Home Monthly

by them; giant moose plunge antler of their canoe.
${ }^{1}$ will describe one or two of experiences in the hope of interestin the reader. In the summer of 1911 probably the worst season for forest
fires Canada has ever known-I was stationed in the forests of Norther ontario, and towards the end of June practically the whole country was burning. For a fortnight of so it was chain of lakes in which we were sta tioned, and finally we decided to remain where we were. On one occasion we were in the very midist of a firebelt, ber of partridges come over the tree tops, and strike the water like cannon balls. Giant moose and their little calves, white-tailed deer, bears, squirrels and woodhares sought refuge side by side in the wat
Later we discovered several "wal ows" in which bears and other creafire passed, and for weeks we were constantly coming across creatures that had perished in the flames-on one occasion a mother bear and her two cubs. Soores of cubs, too young to fend for themse
Farly one morning a huge detached assed over ire, several acres in extent, the forest about a mile distant, start ing a new firebelt. On another occasion a fire actually passed over our heads portaging from one lake to another.
After a great outbreak of this sort it is the duty of the forest ranger to send in particulars to head quarters, with season of big fires this can only be done very approximately. The firebelt in which we found ourselves in the summer of 1911 was, for instance, about sixty miles in width and probably sev-
eral hundred miles in length, extending eral hundred miles in length, extending
from the practically unknown regiong of the North-West Territory. Who can
on

## Toastie

 Flavour A WinnerEvery day many are finding out that

## Post

## Toasties

are different from other "ready to eat' foods. It's in the making.
Toasties are carefully cooked bits of choicest Indian corn toasted to an appetizing, golden-brown crispness.

Care and time in toasting and the delicate flavoring make this crisp corn-food delightful.

Post Toasties-ready to eat direct from the sealed package, with cream and sugar to taste.
-sold by Grocers.
Cazadian Postum Cereal Co., Ltd.
Windsor Windsor, Ont.
estimate such a loss ?-while across the frebelts, small and south, were other The great holo greal.
The great holocaust which, if 1 re
member rightly member rightly, oceurred on the 11 th
of July, caused such a hurrican the was impossible to to take to the lakee it canoe without a very grave danger of capsizing, and many men who might have escaped lost their lives in this The a wful desolation and silence of a fire-scoourged forest is depressing in the ow destroyed, one is always life is reach green surroundings once more. amine breaks out among the wild passing of a great holocaped after the perh ips, suffering most, the females are hompered with little cubs and cannot travel great distances. On the opposite sides of the lakes from which the fires have approached green though of bush are sometimes left, a mile in width , In these patches of green the wild creatures congregate the bears rooting up every log in their search for such insect life as may dwell below. They become a great nuisance his tent at night o, congregating round scraps that may have search of any aside. The woodsman is compelled to keep a sharp watch on his stores, and the bears will even follow his canoe along the lake margin, as though reluctant to lose sight of the good things Wh
woods for rangers are stationed in the them to make a central cache in which to secrete the main bulk of their supplies. In summer time a cool cave makes as good a cache as any, though the entrance must be thoroughly well barricader to keep out bears, wolves, winter it is perhaps best to cache one's food in the branches of a tree, so that it is not necessary to dig for it. Where there are wolverines and fishers, however, no cache can be made strong
enough to keep them out, woodland the kieves are as these two strong and determined. $A$ wonderfuline will gnaw throu ih timber as thick a a man's thigh, and having gained the out the contents, burying such as he cannot devour. The best way is to
cache one's stores in a tree and attech sled bells to the branches, the tinkling of which frightens the wolverine as he begins to climibs
The life of the forest ranger in winter is lonely beyond description. The eternal silence, the utter abandonment
of this surroundings, the sameness of of he landscape would in time become unbearable were he not busily employed. But his duties as guardian of the forests are sufficient to keep him constantly on the move, as the staff is considerably reduced for the winter
months-or nather, many extra hands months-or mather, many extra hands
are taken on $\cdot$ during the fire season: Undergraduates from Toronto and Montreal plunge into the woods to earn a wage during their vacation, and heartily wish themselves out of it ere the fly season is passed-yet they will do
the same next spring. The call of the the same next spring. The call of the
woods is a strong call, andi having once tasted the joyous freedom of the forest the bonds and conventions of city life become somewhat trying
Unquestionably the forest ranger who is stationed in a partly settled region far out in the woods, as there is more to keep him going. One day he hears that fresh moose meat is being sold in a certain settlement within his range, though it is the month of July. It is his duty to discover by whom and where that moose was killed, and
bring the malefactor before justice. A laughable incident occurred not long ago when a young ranger, who possessed rather a high idea of his own importance, went to the hut of an old trapper who was suspected of taking
beaver pelts out of season. The old beaver pelts out of season. The old
man, though doubtless he was guilty, man, though doubtless he was guilty,
objected to the young fellow's obtruobjected to the young fellow's by the and set adrift down the creek towards


## Weakness Overcome

Every wineglassful of "Wincarnis" creates a definite amount of, new strength, new vigor, new, vitality, and new
life. And this is the reason. "Wincarnis" (the wine of life) life. And this is the reason. "Wancarnis" (the wine of life) is a tonic, restorative, blood-maker and nerve food. Its first and revitalizes the blood, soothes and feeds the nerves rebuilds the wasted tissue of the body, and surcharges the Anaemia Remedied whole system with renewed vigor and vitality. That is why
every wineglassful of "Wincarnis" makes you stronger and every wineglassful of "Wincarnis" makes you stronger and healthier than you were before. If you suffer from Anaemia, Lowered Vitality, Nervous Disorders, or if you are merely "run-down", or "out-of-sorts," we urge you to commenee taking

## Ill-Health Banished

unrivalled reputation of nearly thirty years' standing - tha it is recommended by over 10,000 doctors - and that
countless thousands of sufferers have proved, beyond countless thousands of sufferers have proved, beyond strength to the weak-increased vigor to brain workers-and

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The Most Popular Perfume in Daily Use
mbispensable on every dressing-table


REFU'SE BUBSTITUTES I
Aiways be sure to look for our
de Mark on the neck of the bottle
Keep a Bottle in Your Pantry of this Delicious Flavoring-

## Mapleine

 Use it as a change from the everyday Lemon and Vanhla in flavoring your Desserts, Puddings, Frostings, for flavoring white Sugar Syrup. Ask your grocer. Ale grocerhis home. He was rescued by the men in the lake. At almost every grassy of a lumber camp some miles down the bay one sees them feeding at the lake river, but when he returned with a margn, heass lily pads. One day a giant discovered that the bird had flown- is approached from the rear, and ere nor were any serious measures taken to the great brute is aware that he is re-capture him
It, was perhaps as well for the rangpublic courts, as the regular staff are as fine and generous a body of men as ne would meet anywhere. The rugged ife they lead, the constant watchiful ness and alertness that is required of ing in the art of wooderaft, go towards the making of that hardy independence of oharacter that at all times stamps the true woodsman among his fellow creatures.


Few men have such opportunities of $\mid$ dense smoke that shuts out the light observing the habits of the wild crea- for days on end after a forest fire. tures as the forest rangers. Deer,
moose, porcupines, bears and many
manship, manage to retain their land-
mand moose, porcupines, bears and many manship, manage to retain their land-
other wild animals are seen almost daily, while the hunting cry of the tim- who have become bewildered by the ber wolves is almost as familiar to the ranger as the sound of his partner's voice. In winter he regularly finds the skulls and backbones of deer that have
been run down by the wolves, as the been run down by the wolves, as the
marks in the snow around bear adequate testimony. At night time, as he toils down the waterway on his long snowshoes, he may hear the pat-pat of moving paws and an occasional low
growl in the underbush quite near. $\underset{\text { wolves are following him, but he knows }}{\text { grow }}$ that it is merely curiosity that prompts them, for the gleam of the moonlight on the barrel of his rifle is more than any wolf is likely to face. And when the moon drops out of sight a m Hiay
colored lights flash out across the dieay ens, and the man of the woods is brought to realize his littleness-to feel himself a mere atom of creation wandering across the face of the vastness. Then the the are the hot summer days when the moose are seeking shelter
from the flies by standing antler deep he canoe deals him a sound lat of the across the buttocks with the flat of the
paddle. A cloud of spray, a terrified mort, and the moose with antlers thrown back, is crashing through the trees like some great engine of the for-
est.
Should a man become lost in the Should a man become lost in the called upon to search for him, and having found him, to convey him safely back to civilization. It often happens
that woodsmen become lost in the who have become bewildered by
succession of untavorable conditions. Not always is the task allotted the ranger a pleasant one, however. On one their arrival at the settlement, received news that a millionaire from New York and his two guides had lost their lives while trying to negotiate a certain rapid, and fortliwith the rangers were task proved to be one of the most This gerous they had ever encountered, and twice the caroe was capsized in an tempt to make fast atter one of the
bodies had leen located. In the end the mien were compelled to give it up a headlong rush across country after tumbled aboard a timber truck on a southward bound train-rarged, weary,

Elbert Hubbard: The man who rises success to pure luck.

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Deni Throwit tway MENDEESS
 B) IMPORTERS Oi FRUT O NTHES



Coastwise in B. C. Waters

By Bonnycastle Dale were coastwise bound on the "Grumet" big round-the-world freighter, a seventeen thousand tonner, a triumph of modern ship-Mother-of-Nations-Britain. Where there was room there stood some time-saving machine for loading and unloading, she was as full of hatches as a bee-hive of cells and she was loaded with, what the Jacky called "Miss-a-lane-uss.", Pickles from
Manchester, ern ports, dried fruits from eastern shores, weird confections and rice from Japan, dried "duck," strange nuts, huge oranges-as big as cocoanuts-distorted fish, edible birds' nests from China and what not from way ports.
We made Seattle at eight bellsWhatever that is-Fritz said it was
surely a call for dinner-every bell is a surely
dinner bell to the ever-hungry lad lad we went down from the bridge, just in time to see as neat a little scrap as we ever gazed on. Our crew was composed of Lascars, Philipinos, and-as the Mate said "plain devils." They had decided
among themselves to go ashore and have a whale of a time, as they had not had any shore leave since the mudhook came aboard at Yokohama. The Mate had decided otherwise. No sooner were the lines fast at Seattle than the polyglo crew got rea
"I've got my little 'eoca-bola,' sir, my First Mate es han Persuader," said the panion way.
"And T've got a little esix-jolter here,"
laughed the Second Mate. cond Mate.
"And I'm a regular walking arsenal," said the Captain as he showed me a
couple of big old-time Colts shoved cither of big old-time Colts shoved into
either packet pocket. As I took look at the great tanned ham-like hands of him I pitied those dark-eyed little mutineers below,
"What's this?" cried the Mate, "It's

shore you want-down below with youyou almond-eyed son-of-a-gun." A kick punctuated every wor man jack of you," "Look out you mummies," yelled the Second Mate as he leaped into the fray. It was now a regular seething mass below us-we stood on the edge of the upper hatchway-little yellow fists, big
red fists struck and waved madly. "Murder-Look out, Captain," howled Fritz beside me-as a lithe Lascar drew a long curved knife and threw his hand back to make a stab at the Captain's back. I could just see a l leaping black
figure pass my eyes and a sailor flew figure pass my eyes and a sailor flew
through ,the air from above us and struck V/ with both feet on the shoulder and of the yellow-skinned renegade-Lascar and knife and sailor went down in one swift rush-then, and only then-the

Captain drew those two big blue Colt and sent a rattling volley over the mu ineers' heads. Instantly reversing an in and the Orientals went the the he saile stalks before the reaper. Thirty minute later the yellow skins were wheeling rice and bozes and bales as yif nothing had appened.
Blast their withered skins, a thousand dollars fine a head for every on er's books, eh!" puffed the Captain. "I was going to leap on that squinting devil's shoulders if the Jackie hadn't, aid Fritz-and I admitted I was just eeling like it myself a wee bit.
A sharp watch and all were safely after dark-but we lost two before we were clear of the harbor-two sullen splashes told of the escape-some swift strange calls on the whistle and we saw a couple of police boats-little gasoline powered craft-come sweeping out, their
bright head -lights searching and both of the Chinese that tried the water route were handed over to us \& few days later at the port of Victoria We left the "Grumet" at this place and transferred aboard the palatial "Prince George"-what a transformation-from the dark freighter's machinery-crowded promenade of this most modern passenger ship. The tide was running awiftly around Wreek Island, but beyond tipping us over a bit it did not bother usthere was a good bit of a sea too but she rode it like a duck. own little steam puffer) and buy this good steady boat, sir," laughed Fritz. Truly we had suffered on the wee unstable craft, but she had never quite drowned us, which was something to
say if you could see her cut up didoes. say if you could see her cut up didoos.
-TIll bet a landlubber a pound of fog that he cannot tell whether we are going out or coming in the 'tide-rips'-I can't myself-when we run that little 'Turn Over,'" continued the lad.
All that day we passed the fir crowded
islands of the Gulf of Georgia, past the

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LS Fruit Too Dear? Yes! Then Use More Of

## cir

Keep a generous jug of Rogers' Colden Syrup on the table. It's simply delicious with bread, hot biscuits or crackers, and is the one best "trimming" for griddle cakes. You'll never get tired of itsfull, rich flavor, because Rogers' is a pure Sugar Cane Syrup, wholesome, nourishing and delicious. Rogers' Golden Syrup is just as good for making gingerbread, puddings, cakes and candy as it is for table use. Put up in sealed tins of 2,5 and 10 pounds net. Get it at your grocers'.
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Quickly relieves the pain and distress causea oy the nu INVALUABLE
For three generations it has nourished


## CLARK'S PORK \& BEANS



The value of BEANS as a strength producing food needs no demonstration Their preparation in appetizing form is however, a matter entailing considerable labour in the ordinary kitchen

CLARK'S PORK \& BEANS save you the time and the trouble. They are pre pared only from the finest beans combined with delicate sauces, made from the purest ingredients, in a factory equipped with the most modern appliances.

THEY ARE COOKED READY-SIMPLY WARM UP THE CAN BEFORE OPENING

## W. Clark

Montreal

## Blackwood's Raspberry Vinegar

Something Delicious<br>To be obtained of all Grocers

Manufacturers of Blackwood's Celebrated Soft Drinks
The Blackwoods Limited
Winnipeg

Leper station-poor doomed wretchespast the busy towns of Naniamo, Lady smith and in for coal at Union Bayoff an anchored, tug, mind you, as some wrinkle with another railroad prevente us using the dock and our coal had
been mislaid at Victoria. Now we round Cape Lazo and soon are at the "Meetin of the Waters"-where the tides tha circle Vancouver Island leap abreast of each other-then into the terrible pass On the left is Campbells River, note mon fishing-but ahead is Seymour nar rows-an almost impossible passage at full tide "in." Now we were timing to make it during the "slack water"-be tween tides-but it is very difficult to strike this auspicious time and we wer the "run in." We entered between the great cliffs of the Island (Vancouver) and the swiftly rising banks of Valdes, ahead, was a river of foam and boiling eddies and roaring open tide rips. The confusion in that narrow passage was hour that tide was running I dare not guess, and part of my work on the coast consisted of "taking the tide." We drove in against it on an even keel and met the side current-I should think
the sides of this rushing flood were


Cod Fish of the Northern Pacific ocean-five varieties.
three feet higher than the middle-and we bowed to its power-over and over fully until nervous women screamed and the men took a bit tighter hold of good graspable things-my heart got tired of being away down there in the dark and the "Prince" is up into my throat. Now the "Prince" is righting himself like a and tips slowly but surely over and over and over the other way-more squeals and I shut my mouth firmly and swallow hard-Fritz has a-grasp the rail of the observation deck guaranteed never to come loose-right ahead is the
Rock, a ledge in the boiling mass which several things that man has built went to speedy destruction-we edge over for the awful looking whirlpool on
the right shore and creep past that rock the right shore and creep past that rock
slowly but surely-we throb and spin slowly but surely-we throb and spin tip-tip over and finally, after an hour's
work emerge into swift steadily flowing water and pass strange villages of the Coast Indians with the totems-huge carved and painted poles-standing in
front of the house, like some distorted front of the house, like some distorted
grove of insane petrified monsters, weird grove of insane petrified monsters, weird
beyond imagination. Then we enter Queen Charlotte Sound-this wide stretch of water is protected (!) by the distant shores of Japan only-so look out for squalls--we got them, a nice big southwestern swell, waves three hundred feet across and fifteen feet high.
"Will we buy this 'good steady boat?"," asked Fritz as we entered a fearful looking sea that drove everybody to
shelter-- think the spray of that roller washed the very tip" of our "air-
less" with its spray
rod and gun, net or trawl. Here Nature is prolific-and so is the United States fishernian. He knows a good
thing when he sees it and he fishes all along our coasts-you know we have a along our coasts-you know we have a
three-mile line that marks our water boundaries, well! the poor U. S. fisherman evidently thinks this is a rule laid down to guide and help him as he always seems to fish inside this line.
Never mind, Mr. U. S. Fisherman are two nice little armed fishery cruisers just built in England creeping around the dreaded Cape-that cape of storms, Cape Horn-headed right your way and the things they promise to do to you fish pirates is something awful to contemplate. A few days more, a
few dozen more good pictures of scaled and furred and feathered ones and we catch the good old "Prince Rupert" and toss and roll southward once more.

Mrs. Listen Well-"Don't you think Miss Thumpford is playing that nocturne through too fast?"
Mr. A. Boardman-"Too fast. Good: heavens, madame She can't play it through too fast to suit me."
Reporter (to laborer run down by street car) - "Do you expect to get damages from the company?

Expect 'em? I've got 'em!"
'And when they call up from the office, dear, and ask what's the matter with you, shall I say indigestion?"
"Indigestion! Nobody has indigestion now. Do rou wonty has indigestio? Tell 'em it's complicated ptomaine!"-
came aboard in tons and swept a few loose things about helter skelter. It took us three hours to cross the worst about like a cork in the mighty sean but the "Prince" is a good craft and wo landed safe and sound at the brand new city of Prince Rupert our namesakevery new, ve-y mossy, very rocky, everything well built, prices high, times good, property selling as if these were
the only lots in the only earth. We examining the products of the fisheries roing out on the gasoline propelled Fraser River fishing boats and catching many kinds of cod, huge halibut, skate ing inquisitive "blackfish" - a Dodg about twenty-five feet long, they wer n pairs love-making-for this spring month is the breeding season-and the have a most unpleasant way of suddenly coming up right near your fishing and your nerves at one and the am ime-none dared to come near us as had my camera; leave it at home and hey would be rubbing barnacles off on ur gunwales all the day long-such is He
Here is the land for the follower of

##  <br> The Same is a Thief and Robber


By John Cleveland
 HEE Gillings had been Friends for
quite two the mundred years. The
one ever saw them apart-and rustling quite two hundred years. The
dfamily represented Quakerism in the absolute. Their pedigree was with- always placed ready for them on a cerout one stain, ny Gilling having ever
been known to marry out of the sect. In the whole Society there was no family of purer descent. Two centuries of rigid discipline, self-restraint, and godly life had evolved something as near perfection as fallen humanity can hope Two reach.
Two members of the family, Rich. of mature age. Although they were not twins, they resembled each other so closely that their intimate friends were often puzzled to know which was
which. They dressed exactly alike, and only their blood relations could appreciate any difference in their voices. Richenda was the elder by a year. She had a tiny mole on her left temple by which a close observer could identify her; but when she wore the deep Friend's bonnet, you did not get the
benefit of even that clue. their coming
I can weil remember the 1 can weil remember their coming $\mid$ But you didn't.


## There's peace in every puff!

You can smoke a pipe if you pack it with Prince Albert. No matter how tender your tongue may be P. A. can't bite, because the bite's cut out by a patented process that makes you jimmy pipe joy'us, sunrise to sunset!

## Pringe Aldert

## the inter-national joy smoke

Get happy, man! Get yours! Do you realize that at last you can smoke a pipe as long and as hard as you want without a tongue tingle? That's via P.A.-tobacco that's a revelation to pipe and cigarette smokers.
Prince Albert is the largest selling brand of pipe smoking tobacco in the United States. Prince Albert is manufactured only by the R. J. Reynolds Tomanufactured only by the R. J. Reynolds To-
bacco Company at its factories in WinstonSalem, N. C., U. S. A., and is imported from the United States by Canada dealers.


Buy Prince Albert everywhere in
Be
 Wet that ?
R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO. Winston-Salem, N. C., U. S. A.
worid. Some of the frivolous young people of Plaistow called the sisters the ferred to Pennington Lodge as "the dovecote;" but there was not a trace of malice in these nicknames. Not even the coarsest minded inhabitant of Plaistow would have dreamed of offering rudeness to the sisters.
I have such sincere respect and affection for these dear ladies that I hardly
like to say what their terrible experience was; it seems like offering them an affront even to refer to it in passing. But they have both been laid to rest these many years; they have no surviving relatives, and indeed, the incident,
which they would have willingly died rather than mention, was not discreditable to them in'any way, so no one can be charmed or embarrassed by the
disclosure. I used to notice that when disclosure. I used to notice that when by any chance the town of Lewes was
mentioned at the Gillings' table, mentioned at the Gillings table, a
curious effect was produced. A faint, a very faint tinge of pink would suffuse both the smooth, kindly faces. The sisters would fold their hands, and the pale blue eyes would be cast down. They would not regain their normal com posure for quite thirty seconds. Why blush to their faces? What could have happened at the sleepy town of Lewes to make them ashamed? I did not discover the truth till long after they had sweet and fragrant memory
weet and fragrant memory.
Sussex, and resided at their father's farm, situated midway between Lewes and Brighton. . They would in all human probability have remained there until
the death of old Josiah Gilling sad event occurred in the year 1856, had it not been for this incident-a horric landmark in their lives-which made the neighborhood of the whole southern seaboard distasteful to them. They therefore nought amid fresh scenes to effice the frightful recollection. It was the period of railroad construc tion. The old era was passing away, the The somnolent southern counties wert nvaded by an army of rude and stalwar The Friends of the south had hitherto had a monopoly of the archaic form of peech, or the plain language, as the called it. They were therefore shocked bons of toil "swear in the fierce language," as they phrased it. Their ondest prejudices were outraged; brutal threats uttered in Quaker language seemed sacrilegious.
One summer evening Richenda and
Gulielma walked and Gulielma walked along the high-road tea with Marths Barringto a take minister, who was well stricken in years and in need of cheerful companionship. Her residence was not very far from Lewes. They walked briskly along the tinted by the sunset lighte faces warma calm and happy mood, fearing were in for who would be cruel enough to harm such dove-like creatures? A turn of the road brought them face to face with two gigantic navvies-men of vast strength, short, blackened clay pipes, smoking native ruffianism was tempered with primitive species of humour, of the strictly practical kind. They would not wantonly abuse their great strength by gratuitous assaults upon the weak; but given occasion, they would fight with
the savagery of the old-time Picts, and they were capable of indulging their sense of humour without fear of consequences. They regarded the Quaker ladies with ferocious amusement, and stretching out their mighty arms, barred the way.
way,"said Rit please let us pass on our to the man in "Wilt thou kindly stand aside?" cooed Gulielma.
These mild, appealing words only seemed to increase the unholy joy of
the navvies, who began cutting uncouth the navvies, who began cutting uncouth
capers in the dusty road. An evil thought entered the head of the elder man." "Say, laad," he said, didst ever kiss a Quaker?"
"Noa; I dare thee to do it," replied
his companion.


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## JOHN E. RITCHIE

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Richenda and Gulielma stood hand in hand, and with pale faces regarded their tormentors. The horror of the situation had bereft them of the power of speech.
Each man put his pipe in his pocket Each man put his pipe in his pock of his horny hand. Richenda and Gulielma closed their eyes and prayed. The next moment they were rudely seized, and kissed heartily on the lips at least thrice Then the ruffians released them, and uttering shouts of laughter, which might
have been heard a mile down the road, went on their way. It would require a far more eloquent pen than mine to describe the effect of this outrage upon the moral consciousness of the sisters.
Modesty was affronted beyond the power Modesty was affronted beyond the power
of words to express. The holy of holies of words to express. The holy of hoalily
had been profaned. They went steadily on their homeward way, under the burden of ineffaceable shame. No words were spoken. When they reached their apartment, they looked at each other, blushed painfully, and burst into tears. Never
till the day of their death did either sister ever allude even in the most sister ever allude even in
distant manner to the outrage.
Henry Probyn was a pupil at the Friends boarding school at Croydon.
He was in his twelfth year. He had come home to Plaistow for the summer vacation. - The place afforded him but
few opportunities of relaxation. His parents were strict Friends; they gave
the boy the biographies of George Fox the boy the biographies of George Fox
and William Penn to read, and for outdoor recreation urged him to enlarge his knowledge of the sciences of botany and entomology.
at half-past three. The boy was big for his age, with a round, good-humoured The sisters were inexperienced in habits and instincts of boys, and they were a little at a loss to know' what to do with Henry when he stood before them, smiling and confident. They brought out the old picture-books, sacred relics of their childhood, which their
father had made for them more tha fifty years ago. Then Richenda produced her beautifully arranged collection of sea shells, and Gulielma exhibited her case of geological specimens. For these things Henry showed but moderate admiration, and when the exhibition was
over, he abruptly asked permission to inspect the garden.
"Certainly thou mayest go into the garden, Henry," said Richenda cheerfully. "Thou wilt not get into mischief, I am sure, and when thou hearest a bell sound, thou must come into tea."
Gilling," said the boy be late, Richenda and clattered along the passage in his thick boots.
Henry Probyr had the large flower and kitchen gardens all to himself; but instead of studying botany, he found his amusement in the torment of spiders. It. was his reprehensible practice to take and pop it into the web of another spider of about the same size. The strife that ensued brought joy to his unregenerate heart. This nefarious occupation had one advantage-it kept him quiet, and the time passed pleasantly


Henry suffered the abomination of enough till the bell summoned him to desolation. His proud spirit found con- the house. When he came to the table genial amusement in the stealthy breaking of the neighbours windows, and making himself sick with surreptitously
smoking pieces of cane. smoking pieces of cane. Quakerism did
not appeal to Henry Probyn. He had suffered punishment more than once for damaging the eyes and noses of his schoolfellows. A dark and disgraceful future was confidently predicted for him by William Stackpole, the principal of Croydon School. As a member of the
Society of Friends, Henry Probyn was sadly out of place. He was militant and mischievous. Soon after attaining legal manhood, he resigned his membership, and is now, I believe, a prosperous stockbroker, and the retired Colonel of a
Volunteer regiment. Now the sisters Gilling never met anyonem a benefit or a kindness. They had noticed Henry at meeting on First Day morning, and though he bore himself in a seemly manner during the service, they
fancied he had a rather forlorn look. When they reached home, Richenda said: "Didst thou see Henry Probyn at meeting, Gulielma? I believe his vacation is drawing to a close; would it not be kind to invite him here for an afternoon?
It might be an agreeable change for the "It is thoughtful of thee to suggest it Richenda," said her sister; "I believe it will give the boy pleasure to pay us a
visit," So an invitation was written, which
resulted in Henry Probin's resulted in Henry Probirn's appear-
his face wore a look of cherubic innocence, and his hands were moderately clean.
The The sisters regarded him with approval, and each decided in her own
mind to present him with a florin his departure. "How, hast thou amused thyself, "I have asked Gulielma. "I have been watching the spiders, "ulielma Gilling," he replied "I do not like spiders," said Gulielma but I should be sorry to see them "I am pleased to find that thou takest an interest in such things," said Richenda. "The industry and ingenuity of spiders are indeed wonderful, and no
doubt they fulfil a useful purpose in the doubt they fulfil a useful purpose in the
scheme of creation. Thou wilt please sit here, Henry." The sisters never forgot that meal as long as they lived. They had never
seen a schoolboy eat before; the seen a schoolboy eat before; the
spectacle was a revelation to them. spectacle was a revelation to them.
They had provided bountifully; ham, They had provided bountifully; ham, thgue, preserves, cake and fruit were
there in rich abundance. The fare at Croydon School was plentiful but plain, and the fare at Henry's home was far from luxurious. He had never before sat down to such a table as this, and it might be a long time before he had such
another opportunity, so another opportunity, so he gave free
rein to his carnal appetite The sisters had satisfied their own
modest requirements in a little more than ten minutes. They now sat watchthan ten minutes. They now sat watch-

Probyn, silent and fascinated. Astonish ment soon gave place to alarm. The capacily be strained to breaking point
surely Still Henry continued to gorge with the voracity solid hour had passed. Henry's hostesses still sat watching him. They were now rather pale, and their folde were generous to $a$ fault, and their hospitality knew no bounds. But when at length Henry leaned back in his chair perspiring and exhausted, and acknow ledged regretfully that he could eat no more, Richenda elt it laid upon her She joined the tips of her fingers, an looking timidly at the victim of reple tion, said gently: Of course, tho knowest we are pleased to see thee enjoy thyself, Henry, but dost thou not Henry's conscience, and his waistcoat too, told him that he had; a slow, greas smile stole over his face, and he nodded his head. He was not a pretty sight and the sisters, who were the essence of refinement, could not repress a feeling o repulsion, of which did Mary Probyn tell thee to return home, Henry?" asked Gulielma.
Before nine, Gulielma Gilling," Henr replied, not without hope that suppe would be provided at about eight. pleasantly till the hour comes for the to leave," said Riehenda. "I have book containing specimens of pressed seaweed, which are very beautiful, an which I am sure thou wilt like to see. She rose from her seat with the in tention of ringing for the maid to clea
the table, when an unexpected and terrifying apparition caused her to start back hurriedly, The dining-room opened upon the lawn. The Frenc windows were thrown wide open, the evening being warm. In the doorway stood a rough, gipsy-looking man in in a mangy condition. In ${ }^{8}$ his hand he carried a sack.
"What dost thou want?" demanded Richenda in a firm voice. "How didst thou get in? Thou shouldst have rung at the side door. situation of Penningtly terrified. The lonely and the evening was closing in. The man advanced into the room. ' "ome over the wall," he said hoarsely, "and wot I want is these, and some mor ilver spoons, sugar-bowl and cream-jug and putting them into the sack. "You sit still, you young varmint," he said savagely to Henry, who had made sudden movement, and producing cudgel from his pocket, he shook it a he boy.
Henry put his hands in his pocket face, and winked, winked flagrantly Gulielma saw , difficulty refrained from bursting into ears. She was grievously disappointed "Dost
is to steal?" said Richenda. "If thou art in want, we will willingly give thee help."
"I know you would," grinned the man but I happen to want more, than you "Thy way of life will assuredly lead to sorrow and misery," Richenda con to sorrow and misery, Richenda con-
taked; "the day of reckoning will over-
take."
"Not it. My pony and barrer is a the turn of the road in charge of a boy then, I'll trouble you for your tickers and , purses., , Quick; I don't like to be kep' waitin'," and a flourish of the adgel gave emphasis to the demand. memories were attached to them, and the sisters placed them in the man' dirty hand with"sighs of regret. The long silken purses held gold and silver, but they were given up without a pang. The nan's greedy eyes ranged over the oom. "There's money in that there I'm told as Quakers don't know how to "The desk contains money," said "open it, then, and 'and over" Fichenda unlocked the desk, and with
an unmoved countenance saw the man take out
"Wot I like about you is, yob don't give no trouble," he said. "Blest if I ain't sorry to clean you hout; but 1 reckon you've got blunt put by in the bank. If my own circumstances wasn't so desperate, you see-well, that's where
it is. My service to you, you hold dears" After a long and keen look at the sisters, he went on with savage humor, Well, if I'd 'ad a glass or two, I should think I was seein' double. A case o twins, ain't it?"
Richenda started away from him in dusty road near her old home. "Oh, I wouldn't 'urt you. When I'm treated fair, I'm a real gentleman. Now I want some grub. You seem to have made a clean board ere. Got a 'am or a cold jint in t" "T'll show thee where the larder is," said Henry, jumping up; "I peeped in
bringing his other foot down with a
this afternoon, and saw a beautiful pie This way."
n H sisters turned reproachful eyes f Henry, who however, took no notice The ma adies, and followed Henry out of the oom.
The sisters sat down id clasped hands. They did not shed tears, but they looked very sad and dejected "I'm so disappointed in Henry Probyn," said Richenda; "he has taken the part of the robber against us."
"And we have tried to be kind to the boy," said Gulielma sadly. "How can we tell John and
Their further conversation was interrupted by the sounds of furious knocking, and a muffled voice raised in violent anger.
The next moment Henry Probyn burst
"I have lock.
"I have locked him in the larder," he
rash "I have sent out the servant Eliza Dunning to bring help," Then he jumped upon a chair, and "ttered a loud hurrah. and help to pile furniture against th door. He's kicking with his thiek boot but the door is strong. Do not b rightened, I will stay with you." Richenda took hold of one of Henry's
ands, and Gulielma seized the other "We have been unjust to thee, Henry Probyn," they said; "thou must forgive . Thou art a brave boy.
Then they went to the kitchen, and by their united efforts a heavy table and ther articles of furniture were dragge ficking hearcer door. Meanwhie the threats continied, and bood-curding from the imprisoned robber. But the house was old and strongly built, ami the door was iron isheeted. There wa no hope of escape.



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"How didst thou do it, Henry?" asked Richenda.
"We went into the larder together," said Henry, "and I showed him the pie upon the top shelf. While he was reach-
ing up for it, I ran out and locked and ing up for it,
bolted the door
"Thou showedst great bravery and presence of mind, Henry," said Gulielma, "but oh, Richenda, Richenda, we shall be called upon to give evidence against
this poor creature, who will surely be this por creature, who win,"
sentenced to transportation." "And a very good thing, too," said Henry Probyn. "Henry! Henry!" cried Richenda in gentle remonstrance.
The sisters would have opened the door and permitted the ruffian to escape,
had not the arrival of a constable amd half a dozen bricklayers rendered such an act of clemency impossible. The man, spitting out curses, was taken from the
larder duly handcuffed and carried off larder duly handcuffed and carried off
to prison.


## Insect Mimics


 a gladiator engaged in a fieree com-
bat with a myriad of enemies-a combat in which mercy is unknown, in which thumbs are relentlessly turned down; and in which treachery and cunning are
qualities as virtuous as courage and qualities as virtuous as courage and
strength. Not merely in the instinctive strength. Not merely in the instinctive
hatred of one animal for another is thi hatred of one animal for another is this
combat rooted but chiefly in the lust of


Walking Leaf of India.
Lack of food means weakness to an animal; and weakness means death. Every bloody battle is waged-Darwin called this ,incessant warfare "natural selec-
tion," or "the struggle for tion," or "the struggle for existence"
terms that have taken their place terms that have taken their place in the
vocabulary of everyday life. Although the weapons and the tactics employed in this struggle are much the same among both the highe and the lower animals


Hickory Horned Denl
the most striking feature of the Dar winian theory is to be found in the in-
sect world. In that world we find that both the hunter anil the hunted have $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { unconsciously contriven almonst incredibly } \\ & \text { sulbtls artifices for out witting eal }\end{aligned}\right.$ and that each insect io wiveli a dissuise

When Henry Probyn went home tha evening, he carried a couple of halfsovereigns in his waistcoat-pocket, about Which he did not think it neeessary to
inform his parents. And every for inform his parents. And every few
months, as long as he remained at scheo letters used to come to him, containing remittances. I have "every reason to believe that if Henry Probyn had elected to reman a member of the
Society of Friends, he would have the Society of Friends, he would have ine
herited the wealth of Richende Gilling." As it was, he contrived to make his own fortune, which was perhaps better for him. There came no more stirring incidents into the lives of the sisters. They lived on to a green old age, serene and happy, and loved by all who knew them. Death was not so cruel as to separate them. One June night they fell asleep, and a woke together in the greater Bright ness. White-souled children of Charity
and Love, Peace be with you! We have been told that one method Whereby the weak are enabled to estape
the strong, and the cowards to elude the brave, consists in a protective simulation of surrounding objects. For the same reason that a woodsman has clad limself in green since the days of Robin Hood
many insects have adopted liber many insects have adopted liveries that
harmonize closely with the flowers harmonize closely with the flowers and
the trees upon which they habituall repose. So exact is the protective re semblance that even the professional collector is often deceived.
Instances of this form of
Instances of this form of concealment are well-nigh innumerable. The Cato-
cala moth, a widely destributed genus, is conspicuous enough in flight, but once it rests on a tree trunk, flattened a against the bark, with its well defined dark hind wings drawn beneath the mottled grey fore wings it defies discovery. So
accurately has


Alike in looks but not in taste
spotted the forewings to imitate the ef fect of rough bark that the most vigil Often the adaptath must pass it by these moths are tinted to resemble one tree more closely than another, because that particular kind of tree is usually selected for feeding or for rest. A certain South American beetle is
found on one kind of tree only iound on one kind of tree only, and it
is so marvellously well assimilated to the bark that it can be discovered only When it stirs. The numerous species of the tiger beetle all vary in color to suit their surroundings, some having the
sandy color of the sandy color of the sea shore, where they are found; some simulating the green,
wet, slimy stones on which the A moth usually rests with his fore wings outspread over the prominent
pattern of his hind wings. In any other


Walking sticks, often pruned in mistake. for attack by relenfless and voracious foes. In order to hide himself, the butesources of his imitative art on the under surface of his wings.
By far the most wonderful instance of this kind is afforded by the East In-


Moth, color of bark.
dian Kallima butterfly, the blue upper surface of which is richly and ostentatiously adorned with a stripe of orange, but the upper surface of which bears a truly staggering likeness to a leaf when
the wings are drawn together. Here we

have an insect that apes not merely the approximate shape and color of a dead leaf, hit also the midrib with the delicate vining, the sharp point and the
short tiem common to many tropical short' sem common to many tropical
leaves. it might be supposed that this

| imitation of an ordinary object is sufficiently minute to protect the Kallima from its enemies. <br> Self preservation apparently demands touches even more exquisite, for the resemblance has been so craftily carried out that not merely is a dead leaf simulated, but in the lighter colored varieties, or dead, shrivelled leaf flecked with parasitic growths, stained and spotted to give the appearance of holes eaten by caterpillars. <br> Is it any wonder that a keen-eyed and trained naturalist has often been unable to find the Kallima when it might refuge from his net in a bush of dead leaves. How absolutely impenetrable is this disguise may be gathered from the | circumstance that Kallima butterflies so successfully elude their enemies. that they are among the most common in India and Ceylon. Hardly two specimens are exactly alike-the colors vary within as wide limits as the hues of decaying leaves. <br> Additional examples of the incredible fidelity with which insects have adapted themselves to their environment could be given almost without number. <br> There are "walking sticks" that conform perfectly to a spray of twigs with all the polished modes, and must actually be touched before one can be persuaded that they are living things; spiders that deceive their prey with piti- | ful ease by their fatal resemblance to a knot on a tree branch <br> Immunity from attack would be only temporarily attained if insects were not able to adapt themselves to those chromatic changes in their surromdings caused by the seasons. Verdant leaves are, after all, an accompaniment of Spring and Summer alone, and a creature dressed in green would be infallibly betrayed by its glaring contrast with the russet hues of Fall. But Nature's disguise conceals its wearers even in these due straits. <br> The caterpillar of the Privete Hawk moth, has the wonderful power of modifying its coloration to suit its environment. When complete growth has been |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

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attained, they creep from their summer abode of green foliage to the dark
ground-because their green patched liv ground-because their green patched liv-
ery would be fatally inappropriate when ery would be fatally inappropriate whe this migration occurs, we find them just
before their descent assuming a jacket of brown that harmonizes admirably with their new tenement; while some other caterpillars discard their modest dress of brown for one of green, when
the background against which they are the background against
seen is one of leaves.
The caterpillars of the large Emerald moth afford the most striking phenomenon, they being sometimes brown and sometimes green, depending upon the surroundings in which they live. $\xrightarrow[\text { leaf, or a twig or a is a fac-simile of a }]{\text { Not }}$ leaf, or a twig or a piece of bark. Every
meadow in summer swarms with a winged host blatantly heralding its existence by col so that must seem cordia invitations to its enemies. Why is it
that they are not attdeked? Because that they are not attacked? Because these gaily decorated denizens of the
air are horribly distasteful to insect epicines, and frequently endowed with the most nausieous qualities. They find their salvation in advertising themselves, boldly and flamboyantly. Their colors are danger signals not to be disregarded The Magpie moth caterpillar is gaudily experimental tasting has taught every bird, lizard or frog to avoid the creature that wears these colors. And thus red and black lady birds, yellow striped hor net wasps, and a host of insects pre their offensive tastes ous stings to all the inimical world. Other insects that would prove deli cious morsels to greedy foes have not
been slow to profit by the immunity that
have actually mimmicked garb. The species protected by garish hues in orde with such amazing accuracy and this only is the enemy accuracy that no but even the collector. In the jungles of the Amazon species of butterflies are found that mimic species Heliconidoe These are all as distinct as horses and cows, and yet the one species is a photo graphically exact counterfeit of the
other. The Heliconidoe possesses atrocious odor and are vile to the taste. So free are they from attack that they flap lazily along, perfectly secure in their sickening attributes. The mimmickers so cleverly copy the markings, form of wings, and heavy flight, that spider monkeys reject them, despite their atability.
Many a defnnceless insect resorts to the expedient of terrifying its enemies or its likeness to a dangerous animal, pect. The principle is about the as as that of frightening a child by grim acing at it. Like this gentle parental method of correction it fails as often as it succeeds. The most successful terror inspiring masker is probably the "hick ory horned devil," a perfectly harmless caterpillar of the Royal Persimmon noth of the South.in States but so it enjoys an ungioble that it enjoys
deadliness.
If all insects were permitted to live the world would be devastated by them t happens however that their enemies ikewise multiply in geometrical ratio so that a proper balance is maintained.

## INNOVATIONS OF THE NEW CUNARDER

The ocean theatre has come at last What will probably be known in ocean night" will be as the "Cunard first maiden wo memorable event on the The stage has been erected in the first-class lounge, and is so constructed as to be suitable not only for concerts but for dramatic pieces of the light Scenery is provided, and there is a green Scenery is provided, and there is a green
room and special dressing rooms for the room and
artistes.
Two other surprises on this Cunarder are an art gallery and what may fairly scriptions which the The official deis about to distribute to the world state that the ocean traveller may stroll
through the art or Long Gallery as it through the art or Long Gallery as it
will be termed, and study at his leisure its beautiful pictures and objets d'art "Museums, picture-galleries, historic castles and other buildings in the United Kingdom and Europe have opened their inspiration for the adornment of this mighty slip." A representative of this sured by a Cunard official who had just returned from an exploration of the Aquitania at Clydebank that this de-
scription is no exaggeration. Many of scription is no exaggeration. Many of
the features are copied from the famous Long Gallery at Knowle, Lord Sackville's seat at Sevenoaks, Kent, and there is a touch of Christopher Wren and the Kensington Orangery about the whole construction.
For the
For the first time an Atlantic liner is to have precious exhibits of china, lace-
work, old prints of historic interest and all manner of objets d'art which will adorn the Long gallery. Part of the history of English shipping will be writ large on the walls. Particularly aplish seaports in the early part of Engeighteenth century, such part of the the birthplace of transatlantic steam navigation; Deptford, where the "goodlie shippes" of the sixteenth and seventeenth
centuries were built; Greenwich, with centuries were built; Greenwich, with
its Royal Hospital for Seamen; Plyits Royal Hospital for Seamen; Ply-
mouth, one of whose indissoluble links with the new world is the Jayflower;
Bristol, and of William Penn's father. The more personal side of eighteenth
century history will be represented by
the admirable series of engraved portraits, such as that of Prince William visited New York in 1781-82; that of Nelson, and those of Handel, Samuel Foote, David Garrick, John Kemble, and Edmund Kean.
There is a quaint old barber's
shop on board reminiscent of Beau shop on board reminiscent of Beau Nash
and the gay Georgian days of Puffs and powders. The outside of the shop is an exact model of an old English hairdresser's, but this pleasing illusion will be shattered when the traveller enters and sees all the modern parapher-
nalia of the hairdresser's art.

DID THE WORK
Grew Strong on Right Food.
You can't grow strong by merely ex you Unless the ford assimilate. adds to the burden the digestive have naturally to carry. This often means a nervous breakdown.
Abyy."I had quite" writes an Eastern breakdown caused, as I believed by overwork and worry. I also suffered untold misery from dyspepsia.
"First I gave up my position, then I tried to find a remedy for my troubles trong that would make me well an strong, something to rest my tired
stomach and build up my worn-out nerves and brain.
nother one kind of medicine after "Finally nothing seemed to help me. ood and renc suggested change of Vith little or no faith in it, I tried a package. That was eight months ago "G have never been without it since me growe-Nuts did the work. It helped put new strong and well. Grape-Nut system and made another woman of ne!"
Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Vindsor, Ont. Read "The Road to WellEver read the above letter? A new appears from time to time. They
are genuine, true, and full of human are genuine, true, and full of human
The Real Reason of Western
 by John Humphrey Kenyon.


O'F course, it is a complex one, made $\mid$ work of the brave pioneers who preceded up of a great many reasons, more
or less understood, more or less taken for granted. Yet it is simple enough to those of us who have been on the spot for a number of years, with our eyes and ears open. The real reason is West. You may not be able to define it at the time you believe it; you may not even see it with your mental eye at the moment you feel the truth of it; but the fact is ever present in your daily
consciousness, and you cannot disbelieve it. The whole big West is optimistic because it cannot help it. That is the fact that stares us in the face. It is the chief thing that both surprises and delights the man from the East when he comes here to spy out the land.
Now, why on earth are we so
mistic? There must be a reason, and this must be made up of many obscure perhaps, but still pregnant reasons, all of which are worth while bringing to the surface. But time and space both forbid the attempt to name all the things that Canada has a future out of all proportion to its place in past history. Proud as we are of what we have accomplished, building upon the basis of the grand
work of the brave pioneers who preceded
us, we have no illusions regarding the us, we have no illusions regarding the
progress we have achieved. For we know it is merely a beginning of a task that we shall have to leave to our children and to their children, and then it will not be completed, since what we have construction that here is such a gigantic construction that all of our short-sighted that only posterity itself can estimate. Indeed, we have all become historymakers by laying the foundations of a western empire that cannot be duplicated on earth. This much gives us just cause for pride. We are doing our best to a solid and pery conditions upon which finally have to rest. And we are doing this, more or less unconsciously, because we do it while we go about our daily
work, trying to make a living work, trying to make a living or a competence. In fact, we cannot help doing
it, for in a large degree, every man woman and child who comes to the West from the East, or from the $\mathrm{N}^{n-1} \mathrm{~h}$ or South, is a worthy follower of those tireless heroes who gave us new frontiers of with the same spirit of adventure imbued tained by the same hope, animated with the same resolve. Our eyes were filled
with the golden light of the magnificent western sun, ere we left our homes in
the old land, just as truly as this was the case with the fearless pioneers. the case with the fearless pioneers.
Granted, then, that we were optimistic Granted, then, that we were optimistic
when we started for the West from the when we started for the West from the
East, North or South, why is it we are still so hopeful of the future that no stagnation in business can compel our silence, no stringency in the money market can make us feel despondent? Because we know such an abnormal state
of things cannot last. of things cannot last. It is only a
temporary phase of a prosperity that is speeding too rapidly. It is just a chance to look our good fortune over and tabulate its items of value. It is a mighty
good opportunity to shake hands good opportunity to shake hands with ourselves for coming out here so soon.
It is the time we need to find our souls, perhaps, and to link them up with the great forces, of life that are generally unrecognized by men in their race for wealth or fame. At any rate, we are all sure that there will be no slump in values, inasmuch as these have as a beginning to be tilled for the benefit of the world. And as long as we are of this faith, there cañ come no panic, no cessation of business, nothing, in fact, except perhaps some timely conservation
of resources that will add to our country's wealth.
Let us briefly allude to $\bar{\Omega}$ few reasons
why the West of Canada is reasons sistently optimistic, for we are not visionaries, but practical men of affairs, and we can hold our own in argument
with any people with any people.
Here we are in the midst of riches inprovinces is 479,162438 three prair
enough land to feed the world Only about six per cent of it was cultivated last year, and still the crop was worth over $\$ 250,000,000$. Mind you, this result is obviously only a beginning.
Commerce is conditioned by the power of land to maintain population; and cities and towns can only grow to the limit of the crop resources. Imagine, if you can, what the future cities of our all of our land. Last year we grew enough wheat on the prairie to keep a steady river of a thousand bushels per minute flowing continuously night and day to the head of the lakes for three and a harl months, and if we add the oats and food would run at the same rate of speed for another four months. Can you conceive it? Put it another way. The value of our grain crop last year would be more than enough to build any of our great transcontinental railroads, and
then fully equip it. What will the value of our season's crop be when fifty per cent of our rich acreage is utilized? The sum staggers comprehension. It is still, however, only one half of what Western Canada can earn by means of
its farms. Then, a lot more, infinitely more, can be made by digging its untold treasures of silver and gold and copper and iron and coal and oil. And we haven't yet started upon this task. Besides mining, we have other ways of adding to the vast wealth of the western one by one, as soon as we have time to devote to them. Is it any wonder that the enterprising Americans and Englishmen are swarming into the country,

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of money, and skilled hands and stout of mones, and skilled hands and stout
hearts and appreciative minds? You may look all over the world, and you will not find such a tremendous and
concerted attempt to outvie the glories concerted attempt to outvie the glories
of the past as you can see here. It is of the past as you can see here. It is
wonderful, wonderful! wonderful, wonderful!
Now our optimism
isn't it? We know what is going on, and we are infected with the very spirit of progress that is drawing the, best hands and hearts and minds from their far-off birthplaces to help us in the greatest task that history will ever nothing equal to this nation-building of our present day in all the tales of the masters. For it beggars description; words are inadequate to paint the picture of the seene; imagination itself cannot rise high enough to see anything
but a dim outline of our glorious destiny Our best dreams are but vague hints of the wonderful possibilities that await our West. For the reality dwarfs even our most fanciful hopes pertaining to it, even as the truth is always infinitely larger than our belief
to make it supreme. The past is some thing of a criterion for judgment, but it fails as a perfect measuring-rod when we apply it to our future. For we are better off than our forefathers were. We have
all they did as a basis from which to grow, and, in addition, we possess the very substance of their dreams, for which they seemed to pray in vain. The new cities and towns that are being estabished anl over our land by the hundred every year are bound to be filled
with our sons and daughters who wili build better than we did, because they will have the light of our experience, and that experience which limited us will enlarge them. They will grow up with the country, and in the same degree tha ants wax great as citizens our descent is more prophetic than the voice of ou best hope.
We are optimistic because we can build our own future. The opportunity so rarely seen is close at hand. The present
is only a lever with which we is only a lever with which we turn th
future in any direction we wish operation being the secret of our success, we are not liable to be led astray by a false doctrine. We know the truth that lies behind the necessity of work, and
we are willing to accept the condition to we are willing to accept the condition to
get the blessing. Never in all the history get the blessing. Never in all the history
of the world has a people had a better opportunity to make an ideal nation than we Canadians, and never has a people taken advantage of such an op-
portunity better than we. For it is not portunity better than we. For it is not
nerely wealth we want, it is growth in merely wealth we want, it is growth in
every way possible, and to get the room for expansion we have come to boundless fields.
avielieve we are going to be the saviours of Canada. The East has long since abandoned the task of creating the national spirit that alone can weld the population together. But we are doing it, slowly, perhaps, but none the less surely for all that. And in the doing of it, we are conscious of a greater product
than all our grain, massed and totalled than all our grain, massed and totalled -a harvest that cannot be estimated in dollars and cents For we are building
in full view of all the mistakes of other peoples, and we are too proud to per-
petuate an inferior order of things. W petuate an inferior order of things. We
prow the best wheat, and we want the grow the best wheat, and we want the
best civilization on earth. That is our hest civilization on earth. That is our
ideal, thank God! And in the, faith that ideal, hank God! And in the, faith that
we shall achieve it, we have the real we shat achieve it, we have the real
reason of our splendid Western Optimism.

MEXICO AND ITS PROBLEMS —— By W. Stewart The sorrows of Mexico began when it was conquered by a Latin race and not
by the British or the Dutce fateful circumstance is one of the most potent factors in its present turmoil. The easy going spaniards too soon alapted themselves to the climatic sloth
and listlessness of its native sulting in a population to-day showing
all the weak and crratic tendencies of
and Latin blood with few if any redeeming features. The puwer of the sword to
them is law, and the era of modern civ-
tim

The great Dictator Diaz was the very man for his time even if he was a dicit was in he with his strong mind wield wor
it a strong sword (a second Cortes) thy gave world pow or chance to rank as a world power. He was wise enough to
see that Mexicans by themselves could see that Nevelop the vast resources of his land, and then, while cruelly curbing the turbulent spirit of his nation, he cultivated and secured the confidence of Britain, America and France. The result was soon apparent, and to-day we
read of the foreign investments in Mexico amounting to the tremendous figure of $£ 400,000,000$. He was a Czar indeed, but can one deny his ability or fail to regret the movement which led to his downfall and the resultant chaos. The task of subduing Mexico would be long and costly one, and we can well Wilson to enter into open hostilities. It is a very doubtful question whether beyond the necessary protection of their countrymen in Mexico any of the great Powers shoul take a hand in Mexican affairs. It is extremely difificult for an
outsider to form any true estimate to the rights and wrongs of the oppos ing factions at the present moment, and we fail to see what good would come from armed intervention by the United States, for such intervention would nexation of Mexico by the United State Such an out-come would be pleasing to none of the European powers and certainly not to the United States of America, who has trouble enough in go erning her present territories without the wise course for seems to one tha sue is to let the iMexicans "cook their own pie" and "burn as many of their own fingers" as they like in the process,
for such a course will demonstrate the Mexicans that neither faction has the support of any of the great Power which combined with the and equipment must surely
speedy settlemen of affairs.

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"I was then an inveterate coffee Irinker, but it was long before I could be prssuaded that it was coffee that off a few days and find out the truth." Tea is just as injurious beause it contains the same drug, caffeine.)
"The first morning I left off coffee I had a raging headache, so I decided I must have something to take the place of coffee." (The headache was caused y the reaction of the coffee drugaffeine.)
"Having
and
Having heard of Postum through a and tried it. I did not like it at first but after I learned how to make it right,
according to directions on pkg., I would according to directions on pkg., I would
not change back to coffee for anything "When change back to coffee for anything
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|  | Ships that Pass |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | bs lare |

Nearly everyone on board called him |game to which a small girl objected, but the Little Colonel. That, was because his father was a real Col minel, tall and markably like him-a soldier in the miniature. He was an affable little fellow, and had not been on board the "Vulture" for more than a couple of days before he had made friends with everyone from the captain down to the boy in
the kitchen who washed the dishes, and to each in turn he confided all the most important de ils concerning his childish life. They all knew that his daddy was Administrator for Antigua, and lived in the Government House on the Island. Island, he stays with us," he used to say to people quite seriously, "but I'll tell you a secret. The Governor is really rather afraid of Daddy, and so he does not often come. Then sometimes Daddy gets leave, and we all go home to England for wh'se. Yuite big vot a brothe in england. He's quite, and he's at boarding school Next time we go to England IMm going
to be left behind at boarding school too." el left behind at boaraing school too.


## A Well Known Official Packer for Mountain

They were on their way back from England to Antigua on board the "Vuland Cousin his Mummy and Daddy grown up. The child's black nurse was lso with them, but she was ill most of he voyage, and so the little fellow, when walking on the deck hand in t pictures with his mother and Cousin Mildred was free to run about and make the acquaintance of all the people on the among the passengers, with whom often played, Molly and Tommy and Violet, and it was one day when he was romping with them that an officer came up and spoke rather sharply to them because they were jumping was Father deck chair, pretending Basil children his Christmas and the other course was the sleigh.
"You must find something else to and walked away leaving the four small people looking rather disconsolately at each other, for Father Christmas. was "Shall we have so
the Little Colonel at length ?" suggested
He was generally pioneer in all sports. "Soldiers is only a boy's game,"
grumbled Niolly, and so he tried to think of something else, for he was too much
of a little gentleman to insist on any
all the same it was rather hard to manufacture ideas just at once.
And then
And then someone else appeared on grown up.
undeed she was fearfully old. She must have been at least twenty-five and she wore a ring on her wedding finger, and was dressed all in black. She stood looking down at the small people as though she felt inspoke. "Who would like a game of hide and seek?" she asked, and at first the chil dren were so much surprised at her question that they never answered a word Then Basil as usual found his tongue quired, and his little fair face flushe up sensitively, for he somehow fancied it was not usual for grown-up girls to like hide and seek, and yet some in stinct told him that it would be mor polite to ask her to join them whe "I should love to like tha
big girl answered, and quite suddenk Basil went up beside her and slipped his little hand into her's.
"Can I hide with
"Can I hide with you, please?" he he looked up in her face and smiled divinely, and from that moment the friendship between them was sealed.
They played hide and seek for the
rest of the morning-Basil and the big rest of the morning-Basil and the big girl and the otner three children, and came rp on deck to look for his little son, he found him very rosy faced and bright eyed, romping round the place with the big girl after him, and he smiled to himself, did not disturb the game.
That afternoon Molly and Tommy and Basil feelin sent off to bed to sleep denly upon the gir again and fancie she looked lonely too. So he slipped up to her with a smile, and the result was that that afternoon, which he had very quickly eway for he and his ti riend paced the sunlit deck together hand in hand, and he chattered while she listened, and before tea time she knew all there was know about him, and had fallen a victim to his charms just Though Basil himself never realized that he was any different from other children and in his innocence, if ever he troubled about it at all, he thought it was very good of people to be so kind to him. "
"I like being just alone with you"" "I like being just alone with you," he
nformed the big girl frankly when at ast the winter afternoon was drawing to it's close. "Shall we be together again to-morrow just like this? I know we could tell each ot
Then that pretty instinct which aleople's feelings prompted another sug "Pestion. $\quad$ you don't want a little boy "ike me, though," he half faltered "P'raps you'd rather be with someone "No. I should like to be with you," up into her face with wondering blue "Haven't you a Mummy or a Daddy n the boat with you?" he enquired compassionately. "Are you here all by "Yes," she answered laughingly. "I am married you know. I have a Mummy and Daddy, too, but they are in Eng-
land. My husband is in Canada, and land. My husband is in Canada, and I'm going out to him. So just at pres-
ent I'm all alone, and I like to talk with you."
At which his dear little face quite lit up. "I didn't think you were married," he said so simply., "I thought you were
just a big girl." just a big girl.
Then a pause, and a delighted little smile.


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Western Home Monthly, Winnipeg.
"We'll tell c.ch other stories after all," he cried excitedly. "Oh, won't it be
lovely? I'll come up here on deck d'rectly after breakfast in the morning and you'll come too, won't you? Shan
I see you just here? I'll be waiting for you d'rectly you're quite ready to come."

And of course she assented, and he began his story, while she looked down upon his glowing little face, and her eyes twinkled often meanwhile was how was once a little boy"-that seven years old, and his name was-but no, I forgot, I mustn't tell you his name. And he lived on an island where it was nearly always summer time, and he had a Mummy and a Daddy, and a brother boarding school and so he didn't seem like a brother at all."
A long pause, and then another burst of inspiration.
And every Christmas the little boy had a party, and all the children on the
island came. You see it was a big house island came. You see it was a big hous ment House, and-and-oh, yes, I re member something else. The little boy


## Buttles Lake B.C. 25 milesin length

And he dragged her away to the fur- had a pony. Oh he is such a dear pony. steps leadinge deck, and under some I can ride him all myself, only generally ters she discovered a cosy corner quar- when I go out on him the groom comes ters she discovered a cosy corner made "It's just like a Robinson Crusoe hut, isn't it?" he cried excitedly. "We can pretend we're pirates, and it's lovely and cosy in there. I thought p'raps you'd be cold, so I took some rugs in, and we can like winter then at all. Isn't it just an elegant place? All the time we're telling stories we can look at the sea, and nobody will ever find us. We'll be all
alone, only you and I."
And just as he had seen his father her carefully in and made her sit he led on the floor of the hut while he wrapped the rug round her, and then he cuddled up closely into her arms herself, with his little fair head resting against her
shoulder and his shoulder and his hands slipped into hers
to keep them warm. "I'll tell you one first, shall I?" he suggested, after they had got comfortably settled at last. "F'll tell yoi a true story about-about someboly, and then You can guess who the story was about.
Only afterwards you must tell me a guessing story too., I think that would
be rather fun, don't you,",
when I go out on him the groom comes with me, or else Mummy and Daddy. And he's brown, and I call him Charley, cos he's a man pony, and-and-I think
that's all. please?"
"Why, yes," she said. "I like it very much. I think ${ }^{*}$ it's a very nice story "And you can guess who the little boy "No, indeed I can't"
And she wrinkled her forehead in perplexity, while Basil clapped his hands ""It's delight." "Tt's me," he exclaimed triumphantly. There now, you could never have "You. No, I'm sure I could never have And the girl gazed at him in perfect Who woul. 't an morm on occasions for thathess untruth occasions for the sake of pleasing When at length the excitement of his what, Basil hestlealmed down some arms of his friend again.

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## 

"It's, your turn to tell me a story, slivered sududenty
sitit won't be $a$
he entreated. "Notrid one, will it?" goblins or dragons, a fairy tale about and make me dream bad things," nasty "I'll tell you a true one, also, darling," she told him. "It is rather a sad one about a little child and a girl", only "A grown-up girl, like you?" Yes, a grown-up one. She was quite
old, about twenty-five, and she was mard ried when shey-five, and she was mar while she was still, very young she had and a
little child little child-a boy."
"What was his name?"
"His name was Cyril, and when he was quite a tiny baby he seemed he strong and rosy and well, but after a few years he began to get delicate, and at
last the doctor told his Father and last the doctor told his Father and
Mother that he was consumptive, Mother that he was consumptive, "What's 'sumptive?"
"Not strong. It means that he would often be ill, and that perhaps quite soon he might die, and-and-after a bit he
did die. He was just four years old." did die. He was just four years old."
The child was gazing straight in front The child was gazing straight in front
of him, with dreamy eyes fixed on the of him, with dreamy ey.es fxed on the
rippling sea. And was she very sad about, it, the
poor lady-his Mummy I "Very. Her husband was away at the time, right out in Canada, and after the little boy's death she felt she couldn't stay in England any more, and so she decided she would go out to Can-
ada too, and join her husband there, and ata too, and join her husband there, and
that then they could come back home to England together after-after-she had got over her little boy's death a bit."
"Then on the ship going over she met a feeling dreadfully lonely. You see her own little child had only been in Heaven a very few weeks, and she had left her
Mummy and Daddy and all her friends Mummy and Daddy and all her friends in England, and she had no one on the alone. And somehow the companionship of the little boy cheered her. He was a boy, and she had always been
specially fond of little boys. And this specially fond of little boys. And this particular one reminded her in some ways of-her own little one whom she
had lost, and-and." But she got no furth was looking up at her, and there was light of understanding in his eyes. Or was it only her fancy? Was it pos-
sible that a child of seven could undersible that
stand?
"I don't want you to go away," he whispered, and she felt his. slim little form nestling closer to her, and a mist
swam before her eyes. "Do you like my story, then?" she asked him, and she put her arms about him and cuddled him closer still.
"Yes," very softly, and with a little short gasp.
"And can you guess who the lady is?" "Yes," softly again
His blue eyes were fixed on the waves and he seemed to be dreaming of inhe jumped up with an excited little cry. "Oh, look, there's a ship. How lovely. Do come and see it please."
"Isn't it a lovely boat?" he
ecstatically, and drew a deep sigh of pleasure.
And she found herself watchisig and vellous workings of the mind of a little child?
And so a whole week passed away, and
all too soon the last day came. The all too soon the last day came. The
boat put in at Halifax and the big girl boat put in at Halifax and the big girl
was to land there, but Basil and his after breakfast that morning she found him waiting outside her cabin door. She
had her hat and coat on, all ready to go on shore, and she held a case in either hand. When she saw the little boy there she put her luggage down a mo-
ment and stooped and kissed him on the
cheek.
"Are you going to say good-bye to
me, darling?" she asked him. "The boat me, darling?" she asked him. "The boat
is in port, and I may not have the
cliance to see you any more.".
"But he would not kiss her. Instead
a troubled look came into his a troubled look came into his blue eyes. "Come up on deck with me," he told be with Mummy and Daddy and you?" And he took hold of her hand to drag her off, then noticed her cases and immediately picked them up.
"I can carry them for
and can carry them for you," he said, the weight of them, for he was under slight for his seven years. But even if he found them heavy, he would not let her take them from ki m . ap on deck he placed them down again her face. her face.
peated, and slipped his little hand into peated,
her's.
"You
"You must keep near Mummy and never forgive, she told him. "I would the crowd. you know, but I'll write to you. Would you like to write?"
"I'll write you stories, shall I, and send them through the post?"

## Then

"Do you know where I live
She repeated his address in Antigua, and he gazed up into her face. "I've got anothe
"When we are in "The Gables." It's "The Gables," ar well Green, Luton Park. No, I think it's Luton Park, Muswell Green. And next September when I go to boarding school it will be "St. Mildred's, Tunbridge. Will you send me letters when
I go to school ?" I go to school?"
"Certainly I
addresses down ill. I'll write all the won't forget them. my book so that I ber you. Will you try and remember me, dear little one?"
"Yes."

> Then a
as the a delighted little cry of "Daddy" come up on deck in search of his small son, fearful lest in the crush of passengers landing he might perhaps get lost. The child ran to him eagerly, and hand in hand the two of them came up to the girl again. It was pretty to
see the affection which existed between the Colonel and his little boy.
"And so you're going to leave us," the Colonel remarked, addressing the girl, while Basil looked from one to another with eyes full of a tender light.
Daddy. She's going to send me stories through the post."
And just then the girl had to hurry away to see after some luggage in dispute.
she called out to the Cold say good-bye," child, but she never did, for half an hour afterwards when the order was given for passengers to land at once, they were nowhere to be found. Just as the last passenger was on shore how-
ever, they reappeared on deck again The girl waved to them, and the Colonel was the first to notice and respond. Then he stooped down and whispered something to the child, who ran to the ship's side and waved his hand
"Thank you for playing with me," as it carried on the breeze. "Don't forget to write."
And he waved again, while she stood on shore and watched him until the ship moved slowly away and she could see his tiny form no more.
The had put foot in a face landwards land of snow and mountains, and glorious sunset glows. To her it seemed a land of promise, and her heart, which so short a time before had been sad and warmth.
"Ships that pass in the night." She was going one way and the child
another, and it was unlikely that their paths would ever cross again. But there is such a thing as Memory, and gazing which she had so lately come, the pirl imprinted upon her memory forever, the face of a little child-the child, who in his love and innocence, had brought life back once more to her lonely, aching
heart.


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## ฉ. <br> About Fly Casting <br> 

66 $\mathrm{T}^{\text {LY-CASTING! Why, of all the }}$ easy things in the world that is
one of the simplest," said a man of thirty or thereabouts in the seat in front of my friend Stillman, as we wer of May for a day with the bass, and Stillman's half audible "Is that so?" accompanied by a sharp dig in my ribs with his elbow, took me quickly back to another day, some years ago, when
he, now one of the most expert of anglers, was a beginner in the art of anglers, was a beginner in the art of
handling the delicate tackle which brings to the devoted followers of Izaak Walton the acme of piscatorial bliss.


First Movement
In the early nineties, when returning one evening, tired but happy, with a well-filled basket of bass which I had
taken during the day in the Seneca River between Baldwinsville and Jack's Reefs, I met Stillman and his wife on the street, and ventured the suggestion that an occasional day spent, as had been mine, would do, hirr good,' put color in his face, brightness in his eyes, and
make a new man of him generally. make a new man of him generally.
"Well," replied Stillman, "I don't know but you are right, and once in a while the thought has come to me that a day's fishing would just suit, but I haven't a
single intimate friend single intimate friend who does any-
thing of the sort except in the thing of the sort except in the most
expert fashion, and, while I know nothing of fiy-fishing, and never expect to I do know that an expert with the fly has no use for, and in fact cannot get along with, the fellow who fishes in any
other way," way.
I replied, "the matter that, old man," arranged. I am going to have another try at them next Saturday, and will be only too glad to have you join me; and if you will run over some evening during the week I will put you through a
course of instruction that, while it will not make an expert of you at once, will give you a very good idea."
"It's awfully good of you," answered Stillman," but I don't believe it is in me "Just lea
"Just leave that part all to me," I said, and so, after a little more urging,
he yielded. Just as we were leaving
the the supper table the following Monday he and his wife came up the walk. the ladies taking seato the rear lawn, overlooking it and seats on a veranda paratus for the lesson. It consisted ap-eight-ounce lancewood rod, to which was attached at the extreme butt a multi, $-\pi_{-}$ ing reel containing seventy yards of light line, an ordinary black shoe-button and a leather strap about three and a Stillman looked at these things in end. der. but at my reguest removed his coat. the free end of the line and hung the
strap on the fence.
"Now, Stillman," I said, "come here and watch and listen, and I will try and make plain to you how it is done. The expert flyrcaster can operate with eithe
hand, but the beginner, of course should use his right until he has acquired perfect control of rod and line.
"In the first place it must be kept in mind that the elbow of the rod arm, be it right or left, is to rest against the movement in casting is to be confined to the forearm al wrist. The first posi tion therefore is this-elbow agains side, forearm extended forward and upward at an angle approximately thirtyfive degrees, rod grasped firmly but reel, with back of hand turned to the right, and extending forward and upward at same angle as forearm.
"Now we will disregard the line alto gether for a time until we get the rod motion fully in hand. So, starting from the position just described, which we
will call 'first position,' for the 'first motion,' which is also called the 'backcast,' we raise the forearm without moving the wrist until the rod points directly upward; then, by turning the wrist backward until the rod is pointing at an angle, as in the first position, of thirty-five degrees, we come to the 'second position.' The next, and 'second movement,' also called the 'forecast' or forward cast,' consists in reversing the position by a forward turn of the wrist and continuing it by extending the forearm until we bring arm, wrist and rod into 'first position' again. These two positions and motions embrace about all there is in fly-casting, so far as the rod
is concerned." He cane. took the rod, droppe easily into the first position, made th first motion and missed the second position by raising his elbow from his side and thereby uropping the point of the him. This corrected, he executed the second movement and brought arm and od back to first position again withou to execute both a few trials was able both positions with but little trouble "You are doing so well, Stillman, tha I think we can now consider the part the line plays in the game," and taking "whipping out" first position," I began "whipping out" the line by means of the reeling a bit each time considered, un reeling a bit each time the first position
was reached by taking hold of it near
the reel with thumb and forefinger of
"Is that so?" said Stillman, who had been paying very close attention. "I be"All right," I said, "come on and show


## Second Movement

left hand and running it off by an outward and two to three feet, and retein arm the end of the loop thus made between thumb and forefinger until the first motion had progressed far enough to get the free end of the line well started in its backward swing; then, on releasing the loop, the momentum of the
line took up the slack and the rod went back to second position with the line well straightened out in the rear and lengthened by the amount I had run off in the loop. I kept this up until about ten yards of line had been run off, explaining the different steps meantime
and impressing the fact that even in getting out the line extreme care is to getting out tharding the correctness of
be used regarding positions. Stillman
both motions and be motions and positions. Stillman watched this very closely, and I was n
surprised when he broke in with:

"Here, that's easy enough. Let me see if I can do it," and I thereupon reel in the line, hand him the rod and stand aside in his favor. He takes first po-
sition, strips a couple of feet from the sition, strips a couple of reet from the
reel with his left hand, makes the first motion, finds the loop taken up and the line straight as second position is reached, and then brings rod back again
to first position. He repeats the process to first position. He repeats the process
successfully until he has gotten out successfully
about six or seven yards of line, when,
as he makes his forward cast for first position, up comes his elbow, out goes his arm, and in his effort to throw the line out ahead he strikes an attitude
that resembles Ajax defying the lightning as much as anything else.
"Ha, ha, ha, Stillman," I laughed, "I
knew you would do it. They all do at first. It is almost impossible for a beginner to acquire confidence enough in
the power of a light rod so that he will trust it to handle a line, but insists, as you have just done, on trying to aid it
by giving it a good strong throw forby giving it a good strong throw for-
ward. Now, as a matter of fact, when you do that you deprive the rod of its power, and will be unable to get your
line out at all. As your rod comes forward in making your forward cast, or second motion, it is bent backward by the weight and resistance of the line,
and at the moment your forearm, wrist, and butt of rod reach the first position, the rod itself is curved backward in a
semi-circle, and does not get into first semi-circle, and does not get into first
position with the butt and your forearm until it has straightened itself out, and it is in this straightening process that the power of a light rod to handle a I make the back cast, give the line time, while at second position, to straighten
well out behind, then make my forward cast, or second motion, and stop hand, wrist, and butt of rod in first position and hold it there while that springy piece of lancewood takes leave of its
curved form and straightens itself out into first position with a snap which will send a line and a set of flies almost any distance over the water. If, on the othe force, you get the rod in such a posi tion that this spring or snap is neutralized, and you are in about the same predicament you would be with your
line fastened to the end of a stiff stick. line fastened to the end of a stiff stick ow try it again."
But the result is the same. Up and rect position, and down comes the line within half its length. A second and a third trial bring no better results, so I get my strap off the fence, and putting
it under Stillman's left arm, buckle it firmly around his waist and over the firmly around his waist and over the
right arm just above the elbow, and tell right arm just above the elbow, and tell to do, and, being unable to follow his infard, he not only gets the eight yards of line out straight and true, but gradually increases it until he is, handling at
least twelve yards with ease.

By this time the late twilight had begun to fade and we adjourned to the
house and discussed and completed our plans for the following Completed our our cigars. Seven o'clock of the morning of that
day saw Stillman, attired in old clothes, flannel shirt and slouch hat, standing guard over a large lunch basket on the and the bright look in his face as he greeted me, laden with rod case and willow hamper, the latter containing lunch pail, tackle box, landing net and rubber coat and blanket, gave me full assurance that the day had much in
store for him. A few moments found us comfortably ensconced in a double seat in the smoker, our traps carefully deposited in the corner, our pipes giving off volumes of fragrant smoke, and we, fully at peace with the world, rushing along behind the great
puffing engine toward the little village where we were to take our boat and begin active operations.
The first person we saw as we stepped from the train was Frank. Frank, hale and hardy after his fifty years of life spent mostly on the water, genial, com-
panionable and willing, acquainted with the bass, their habits and lurking places, and ready at all times to put one in the way of making a good catch if the conditions made it possible. If honest effort in the interest of one's employers,
unselfishly exerted ever brings contentment and peace during life's declining years, old age to Frank should be a period of highest earthly enjoyment.
Stillman seated himself in the bow from choice, and after I had stowed myself away in the stern, Frank took his place at the oars and began pulling where on many a morning like this, the Where, on many a morning like this, the
vicious snap of a hungry bass had sent a shock over the light rod and aroused in me a feeling of expectancy that was
only dissipated when the line was reeled only dissipated when the line was reeled
in for the last time as the shadows of approaching night warned me that all things, even
have an end
Trailing our leaders through the water in order to have them well softened, and in consequence less liable to breakage, we approached the first bar, and
Stillman, who was in a fever of ex pectancy, responded to my "Now, old man, get ready," in short order, and with a look of stern determination on his face, began whipping out his line. He did very well until he had played out about five yards, and then, in at-
tempting to make his back-cast before tempting to make his back-cast before
the leader showed above the water, he brought line, leader, and flies in a mass against the rod, and the result was as beautiful a "bunch" as one often sees. "Now, Stillman," I began, as he a little impatiently, I fear, was untangling the snarl, "patience is as much of a vir-
tue in fly-fishing as in anything else, so ue in fly-fishing as in anything else, so
just make up your mind to keep cool and take things as they come. Bunching comes to the best of us, and you

must expect your full share. However, must expect your full share. However, your back-cast until your leader begins to show above the water, and then always give line and leader time to
traighten out behind you before starting your forward cast, you will avoid ts of trouble"
"Well," he said, picking out the last tangle, "I will do the best I can, but ies present a veader affrent problem rom the shoe button. I don't believe I can ever learn to handle it in the world." agingly; "just keep at it and you will master it before you know it." And keep at it he did, sometimes get-
ting his line out fairly well and then

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again losing control altogether by deagain losing control altogether by delaying numberless tangles by starting it too quickly, but, to his credit be it said, keeping his temper beautifully through it all. Just before noon, after we had whipped over several likely bars (from which I had taken four nice bass), Stin-
man struck one, and after a lively fight led him into the net, and his exclamation of "I've got him!", as he was handed into the boat, assured me that another convert had been made and that Stillman would never rec
bite of a black bass.
The afterncon brought him varying success in handling his tackle, but the capture of another fish about three o'clock made him careless, and within a minute after he had resumed casting I
was startled by an outcry from the bow was startled by an outcry from the bow
of the boat, and, looking quickly that way, saw Stillman, with body and heed encircled by loops of leader and line and a bright red fly dangling from his ear, throwing his hands and arms around viidly and crying: "I'm hooked; I'm "Well, old fellow," I laughed, "you have hooked a good big one this time,
and I think we had better go ashore and take no chances of losing him by trying to land him out here."
have one of thoso he that it's funny to ear," growled Stillman so savagely that I thought best to keep quiet, and, as soon as Frank had put us ashore, procceded to extract the offending hook. The barb had gone clear through the lobe of the ear, and 1 was obliged to
strip the hook from the leader, remove the feathers and windings, and, after scraping the shanl: clean, pull it right on through. Stillman gave a sigh of relief
when I showed him the hook and as-

sured him that nothing serious would result, but he did not entirely recover his equanimity until we had bidden
Frank good-bye and were speeding Frank good-bye and were speeding
swiftly homeward on the train. Then it was that he turned to me, slowly removing his cigar from his lips, and,
speaking with deliberation, said: peaking with deliberation, said:
ger lunkhead try to use a fly rod to bigger lunkhead try to use a fly rod tian
your humble servant, and you probably your humble servant, and you probably
think tlat he will never make a success of it, but I can tell you, old man, that it appeals to me as royal sport, and I am going to m
And lie d d.

## Just an Appetizer

 Casey (at aviation field)-"Sure, heon!y fell fifty fect! O'im going homs!"
Rafferty-"Wait for th" main ivint, Raferty-". Mait for the main ivint,
rall!"Maybe that was only a preliminary fall!"

Plenty of Excitement
The man from New England allowed his glance to wander over the native of
Dakota as they both stood on the narDakota as they both stood on the nar-
row platform of the Gritty Plains row plat
station.
"See a good many quear-looking folks
round here, don't you"" the New England inquired, jerking his thumb toward the landscape behind the station. The native of Dakota had presumably not seen the jerk, as his eyes were bent the ground. "I reckon we do," he said, with great
del beration. "You talic a dellberation. "You take a place like
this, where there's two this, where there's two trains a day
from the East, and we can get from the East, and we can get orr
money's worth o' fun whenever we've got money's worth o' fun whenever we've got
time to stand gaping round."

The awkward young man flushed and stammered:
"D-d-did I step on you?"
"you waulked on the graceful brunette, "you walked on both my, feet and a couple of my knees, that's what you

white baneperpy - by Sel. J. Wigley, -
"Somewhat poisonous" is the character given to this handsome cluster of berries, by many botanical authorities, but I am inclined to think it is a case of hanging the dog because of its bad n::me
On the fruitless plains of the North West it is worth while to turn everything is a chance to make a botanical discovery and clear an innocent plant of a bad name.
The berries have a pleasant bitter taste suggesting tonic a properties but it is well to remember that one man's meat is another's poison.
There is a red variety of the same plant but the roots, leaves and flower are the same in each variety
Many persons confuse this plant with linseng on account of the slight resem The root of the Baneberry possesse both the taste and smell of licorice but to neither the ginseng or licorice plant is
the baneberry at all related.


White Baneberry
Telling the Secret
It is doubtful whether the person who asserted that secrets were made to tell, foresaw, even in his most cynical mood, anything like the following con= "Lotti in 'Das Echo':
"Lottie tells me that you told her the secret that I told you not to tell any
one." "Oh, isn't she mean! I told her not "Yes, I told her told it to her." You if she told me, so please don't tell

Canadian Industrial's 1914 Show Will Be Great
 ing Attraction the Outstand-

Preparations for the big annual fair Among the other attractions the of the West, the Canadian Industrial engagement of Beachey, the worldExhibition, are actil the evening of July
and from now until 18th, when the Exhibition closes, there standing event. Beachey is the first will be something doing all the time aviator in America to perform the feats both on the grounds and at the offices in the city of Winnipeg.
Conadian Industrial were generally year's ceded to be among the best, quality and in the empyrean that have recently set
all Europe gasping. For months now all Europe gasping. For months now he has been thrilling vast gatherings at various aviation meets in the Unite
States with his marvellous mastery


Beachey, the airman, engaged for Winnipeg Exhibition
size both considered, ever seen in West- the air, and he will fly in Western Canern Canada, and with some $\$ 3,500$ more ada this year at the Winnipeg Exhibition money in the live stock departments of only. Beachey loops the loop, flies uppected that the showing this year will surpass even the 1913 record. Altogether, as will be noted from the advertisement in this issue, about $\$ 25,000$ is being offered in prizes for live stock, and the breeders with fine animals can afchance of sharing in this generous dischance of sharing in this generous dis-
tribution.

Big Pony Show
A feature that is expected to prove of
special interest to the special interest to the boys and girls is
the pony show. The Exhibition Association decided to arrange something on this line in 1914 on a scale bigger than had ever before been attempted by any purpose in view a classification for Shetland, Welsh and Hackney ponies was The pony enclosure is certain or $\$ 1,800$ great centre of attraction to the youngsters and will have a strong pull on the grown-ups as well.
short does anything and everything attempted by the famous French aviator, Regoud, and a little more. He flies in points hinds of weather and never disapthey may be called. In a word, the Exhibition Association feels that in Beachey they have secured an attraction without that the peop on the continent and one the best is none too good, will flock to see. Among the other attractions will be provided, the Athletic Contests, the Farm Roys' Club, the Musical Lunds, the Rice Siege of Delhi" the Pekinese Acrobati Troupe the bands the fireworks and numerous other acts. trial Exhibition promises to make a record as the best held by the Association in the twenty-four years of its
existence. - existence.

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## Where the Red and Assiniboine Meet

$I$
T was in Norwood the writer chanced
to run across Fournier. An old
to know, at least I guess you do,
where the Assiniboine enters into the 1 to run arwoss Fournier. An old friend, one whose- stories he had
often listened to at a little log house on Red River's banks.
"Fine day;" said Fournier, to which remark the writer a added that this win-
ter's conditions were phenomenal, poster's conditions were phenomenal, pos-
sibly without precedent in the meteor-
ological records of Manitobe ological records of Manitobb.
Fournier lainghed,

Fournier laughed, adding the
information that there information that there

Where River, close against the C.N.R. railway bridge, and about opposite to St.
Boniface Hospital. It was here that quite a fight took place. Father said he had been to the store at the Fort during the morning. A large number of Indians had come into Garry; some were from Fort Ellice, others were Lake Wreat council meeting, feast and to the good time with Indians on the river, particularly at one place-a large log pause close to Assiniboine mouth. My large log
hol father remembered this; it was torn down before my time, but a lot of -"
"Suppose you can recollect of Indians around
level with, some thieving business or other, father said he heard afterwards.
These Indians had gone toward the These Indians had gone toward the
river; another lot went off in a different river; another lot went off in a different direction to gather up other fellows to
help in the row. Just before sunset, a help in the row. Just before sunset, a
number of men were seen coming toward the log house at the river's mouth; they were carrying guns, and-"
"Guns! Why the school books always used to picture Indians fighting with bows and arrows," remarked the listener. "No, guns", repeated Fournier with emphasis. "Hudson Bay muskets, long,
single barrel affairs, kill ducks quite a single barrel affairs, kill ducks quite a
long distance though; father had one of these guns. The Indians walked up to the house; a lot of loud talking commenced; suddenly off went a gun and down fell an Indian who had been standing in the doorway. I suppose this
was a signal for a regular set-to; some was a signal for a regular set-to; some to shoot, they were well shot at too. At all events the fight, father said, it must have been terrible, continued until the Indians who had come to the house
were nearly all killed; those who were were nearly all killed; those who were not took to their heels and got away
good and quick. The sound of the shooting had been heard at the Fort; a number of people came down to find out what the noise was about. There were some Indians dead in the house; outside, father said, over forty were lying in the snow."

What did they do
with the bodies?"

The Canadian Alpine Journal
We are in receipt of a copy of the 1913 edition of the Canadian Alpine journal, which this year is more interesting and fascinating than ever. The
editor has been kind enough to let us have the use of many of the magnif. cent half tones with which the volume abounds, these are published in this issue of The Western Home Monthly and we feel sure will be much appreciated by our roaders. The Journal is divided into four sections devoted to and official, and all the matter is written in such a thoroughly readable and entertaining way that it is difficult to discriminate and pick out any particular article as being exceptionally good.
A. L. Munn writes in a general way of A. L. Munn writes in a general way of
the characteristics of mountain ranges A. 0 . Wheeler gives a very full description of the dangers of Mt. Elkhorn in Strathcona Park, while H. C. Harper tells how he ascended Mt. McKinley. The Mountains of Chilko are graphically described by M. Goddard. The editor of tributes to the scientific section dealing with the motion of the Yoho Glacier while articles by Jas. Macoun touch on the flora and fauna of Etrathcona Park. A very graceful tribute is paid to
Arthur Henry Benson, F.R.C.S.I. who died recently and who, as our readers are aware was one of the foremost mountaineering experts of the day. The frontispiece is an excellent photograph of the late Lord Strathcona and a picture of exceptional interest is that of
Sir Donald A. Smith (as he then was) driving the last spike of the R. at Craigellache. ing who

Official Opening of the Canadian Industrial Exhibition by His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, July 10th, 1912
n similitude to that of the present which $\mid$ Fort Garry," the listener interrupted
s certainly not in accord with the usual "Why of this clime.
"Why," said he. "I can remembe several. Father used to speak of mild any ice formed; that's long, long ago, before my time, and how I happen to know about that, is because father said that Indians from all over the West took advantage of the nice weather and and-" a great pow-wow at the Fort, Triter. "Never mind weather conditions or prophecies of when snow may be expected." "I'll try and tell the story," he an swered. "It's a long time ago since I heard it, but I'll try."
Fournier is a native of Manitoba. Uoyhood had been spent; ah! but of his are in the long ago. To Fournier the three score years and ten of the Psalmist are as a tale that is told.
"Let me think for a moment," said he, "Father died in the 'fifties or thereabouts. Perhaps I've forgotten some of pow-wow. I'll try anyway."
"Indeed I can, many of them-a bad
lot too when they felt that way. People in these days don't know what has taken place in the old times on the ground
Portage Avenue and Main Street are built upon. As I was saying quite a lot of Indians were in Fort Garry Father said some of them were staying in St. Vital and St. Norbert. It was a custom for these fellows to meet some
times at the Fort and talk matters times at the Fort and talk matters wonders after these gatherings. When these assemblies took place, at least these assemblies took place, at least
father said so, the tom-toms would be beaten for days, lots of dancing and easts. The Indians would stand around the Fort to wait for others coming off
the trail; then they'd meet men they hadn't seen perhaps for a long time. Ail these fellows weren't friends, don't think that; one lot might be waiting for a chance to kill off some other band, maybe Indians who had stolen horses
from them or something else. It didn't from them or something else. It didn't
take an awful lot to cause a row between them, but they took great care to do no quarrelling around the Fort for the reason they would have got packed out of there and mighty quick. Well, at all events, I guess some Indians
"Do with them! Piled as many as and took them to the red River cart quarter of a mile down; came back for more when these had been thrown in," answered Fournier. "There were no funeral processions going along Main dian has been dropped into Red River since I can remember, yes, and white men too. But dear me, those were great days, and if I could think of some of the happenings I've seen myself, you'd sometime, and I'll try to recolleu again
*

Days of Manitoba in the years passe into history. And not without record of bloodshed in the Fort Garry, where Indian and trapper assembled. The teepees' smoke curled over the plains, yell lone land. Old Fort Garry of the of the rateway; rumbling of Red River stone heard no more, for along the cart crooked trail of the Indian. electric street car rushes. What would the aborigine say of the transformation scene, he-the Indian, who in the days now relegated into forgetfulness, traded
his pelts at the Company's store?
was also present on that historic occathe proceedings.
"The Blows on the spike were repeate until it was driven home. The silence however, continued unbroken, and it must be said that a more solemn cere mony has been witnessed with less solemnity. It seemed as if the act now
performed had worked a spell on al present. Each one appeared absorbed in his own reflections. The abstraction of mind, or silect emotion, or whatever it might be, was, however, of short duration. Suddenly a cheer spontaneously
burst forth, and it was no ordinary burst forth, and it was no ordinary
cheer. The subdued enthusiasm, the pent-up feelings of men familiar with hard work, now found vent. Cheer upon cheer followed as if it was difficult to satisfy the spirit which, had been the field of hard-fought conceivable on the field of hard-fought battle at Altogether, the Canadian Alpine nal is worth many times the $\$ 1.25$ Which the publishers are asking for a apy. Everyone who takes any interest at all in the great mountain peaks of read about them and to know how one by one they are being conquered by the

## "AND THE PRAIRIE BLOSSOMED AS A ROSE"

## THE YOUNG MAN AND HIS PROBLEM

TEE MIDDLE OF THE ROAD
The main ideas which have to do with life, are clear and easy to be understood. There is no mystery about honesty, purity or truth. We know that the that iniquity as a rule is not hatched out in a church. We know what isright. We know the things which are. safe. A passenger, who had been looking with great interest at the "man at the wheel" as he was directing the course of a steamboat through the windings of an intricate channel, said to him: "I suppose, sir, you are wheel, "I have been a pilot on these waters for over thirty" years;" "Indeed!" continued the inquirer; "you must, then, by this time, know every rock and bar, and shoal on the whole coast!" "No. I don't, not by the passenger, in great surprise; "what, then do you know?
emphasis "I "I know answer anserise the phat, then, do you
with strong the deep water is."

## WORK YOUR PASSAGE

Most folks who "get there" have to work their way. Fam, may come to you as an accident or to work for both fame and money. Have you noticed how many "famous" people break down before they get through. Everything in the world has a price and Anat price is expressed in labor, toil and hardship. An indolent man was cured of his indolence by looking
out of the window at night into another wind and seeing a man turning off one sheet of writing paper after another sheet of writing paper until almost he daybreak. Who was it that wrote until the morning. It was Walter Scott. Who was it that looked wards his illustrious opsosite window? Lockhart, after-

## false friends

The fortunate man is the man who is wise in the selection of his friends. A false friend can do more to injure you than an out and out enemy. Kings have destroyed them. Men who have an ambition to be "a hail fellow well met" are in a multitude of coses ruined by the friendship of those whose society they seek. Prom the biography of Clara Morris we was always hailed with joy was Edwin Adams, he of the golden voice, he who should have prayed with from my friendst! and night: 'Oh God! protect me they sought him out, they followed him, and they generally expressed their liking through the medium of food and drink. Like very other sturdy man that's worth his salt, he could stand off an enemy,
but he was as weak as water in the hands of a friend.

## MYSTERIES

Life is full of mysteries. We wonder why the universe was ever created, why ever we were born,
why the achievements of life are so difficult, why good people oppose us in our plans, why evil, so often seems this connection The Michivan Advocate on. Just in good illustration: "A gentleman who was walking near an unoccupied building one day saw a, stone-
cutter chiseling patiently at a block of stone in front of cutter chiseling patiently at a block of stone in front of
him. The. gentleman went up to him. .Still chiseling?' he remarked, pleasantly. 'Yes, still chiseling, 'Inepied the workman, going on with his belong? asked the gentleman. I don't know, replied the stonecutter, 'I haven't seen the plans.' Then he went on chiseling, chiseling. Now, that is what' we should do. We have not seen the great plans
of the Master Architect, but each of us has his work to do, and we should chisel away until it is done.'

> ACKNOWLEDGE YOUR MISTAKE
> Wellington said that the wisest and most courayeous thing that a general could do was to retreat
when a retreat was necessary. There sometimes comes a point in human experience when everything depends a point in human experience when everything depends
on your willingness to acknowledge your mistakes and blunderings-to change your plan when you find that it will not work. Why should a young preacher, for instance, keep on preaching a style of sermon which puts the average audience to sleep, simply because he
found the model of it in a theological seminary? A very learned man has said• "The three hardest words Frederick the Great wrote to the 'I was mistaken." Frederick the Great wrote to the Senate, "I have just ost a great battle, and it was entirely my own fault.",
Goldsmith says, "This confession displayed more Greasmess than all his victories.":

## THE CRITICAL SPIRIT

Avoid the critical spirit. Criticism reacts on Yourself. Criticism creates an undesirable reputation for the critic. Criticism reduces the number of your
friends and lengthens the list of your enemies. Critifriends and lengthens the list of your enemies. Criti-
cism produces an atmosphere of fear in which progress cism produces an atmosphere of fear in which progress
and high born achievement is well nigh impossible for the average man. Criticism, to be of any value at all, must be conceived in love and mixed with praise. Lord Beaconsfield, when Mr. Disraeli, said in the
House of Commons, "It is much easier to be critical House of Commons, "It is much easier to be critical than to be correct;" and, indeed, he went still further, are?-the men who have failed in literature and art."

## YOUR MONUMENT

Did you ever think of building a monument for yourself? You ought to have one, you ought to be worthy of one And you ought to indicate just wha sort of a monument you would like to have. Is it no over? Certainly you would not care to be forgotten, would you? Friend, build your own monument. Charles Dickens wrote these words in his will: "I direct that my name be inscribed in plain English letters on my tomb. - . I conjure my friends on memorial, or testimonial whatever. I rest my claim to be remembered of my country upon my published works, and to be remembered of my friends upon thei experience of me in addition thereto. - .An I exhort my dear children humbly to try to guide them broad spirit, and to put no faith in any man's narrow construction of its letter here or there.

## MUD

It is the misfortune of strong men to be mis understood and abused. The cheapest thing on earth is mud. That's the reason it is thrown around in such a generous fashion. But while mud is sometimes nconvenient it is not dangerous. John Wesley had more mud thrown at him than would have made an secure. Never mind the mud artists who abuse when they cannot answer. What says history: "General Grant was one of the most abused men in American history. Every step of his progress was in the face o nvy, malice and relentless opposition. After his magnificent triumph at Fort Donelson his chief gave unknown man for promotion, removed Grant from his command, and put him practicallyunder court martial. After Corinth, where he defeated Johnston and Beaure gard and drove back the Confederate advance in the
west, he was neglected, criticised and maligned Through the long campaign at Vicksburg every effort was put forth to supersede him. This would have been accomplished, but for the hard sense of President Lincoln, who said: "I rather like the man, and I
guess welll try him a little longer."

## THE VISION SPLENDID

There is a divine discontent which comes to us $n$ our youthful hours. Young man listen to that voice. Everything is possible on the early side of thirty.
You can go to college. You can learn a trade. You can prepare for a profession. You can carve out a career. Begin early-before the crow's feet reach for your eyes, before the flesh doubles beneath your chin, before your hair drops out or remaining it turns white wiscoar. Begiy early, and thank God for a divine
discont his mind to abandon law, saying : 1 well here in this cramped-up lawyer's office, feeling all the while that I am giving the lie to my destiny and wasting tim, which might be gaining me the love of
thousands."

## TO THE DOGS WITH "LUCK"

If Friday is an unlucky day, the whole week is cursed. If the number "1 1 . . is is unlucky then the
whole system of mathematiss is unsound If aromen whole system of mathematics is unsound. If a broken
looking . glass brings seven years of trouble, then looking glass brings seven years of trouble, then
prayer is useless. If my life is queered because I prayer is useless. Im my life is queered because enthroned is a usesess luxury If the overturned
salt sellar means trouble in the family, then Bibles salt sellar means trouble in the family, then Bibles
and hymn book are useless ornaments in the home and hymn book are useless ornaments in the home. There is a famous speech recorded of an old Norseman,
thoroughly characteristic of the Teuton "I bejeve thoroughly characteristic of the Teuton. neither in idols nor demons," said he; "I put my sole
trust in my own strength of body and sou I wiell find a way or make one.".

## SELF RESPECT

A man's knowledge of himself is the most sacred thing in his possession. If that knowledge brings him peace, peace is the possession of his soul. If that are like a stormy sea, without calm and ever in motion. Nothing brings a man such a sweet sense of security and satisfaction as a clear conscience and yood record. General Garfield before becomin President made this manly statement to some district in Congress whose approbation I greatl desired; but, though it may seem a little egotistical to say it, I yet desired still more the approbation one person, and his name is Garfield. He is the only
man that $l$ am compelled to sleep with man that $I$ am compelled to sleep with, and eat with, and live with, and sie with; and, if I could not hav,

## THE SECRET OF POWER

Personality is the secret of power. Personality is brain force mixed with some subtle. spiritual essence
which men call magnetism. Personality arrests at which men call magnetism. Personality arrests at tention. Personality commands a hearing. Personin the commercial realm, Personality heads the list Every man is a person but every person does no
possess "personality." There is kingship, authority and influence in personality: I think we may remem er what a Tudor king said to a great Irishman in ormer times: "If all Ireland cannot govern the Ear of Kildare, then let the Earl of Kildare govern Ireland. The king thought it was better that the Earl of Kil arrangement between the Earl of Kildare and his representative.

## CIRCUMSTANCES

We are not only the creatures of circumstances but circumstances have created us. We would not be what ve are were it not for the force which is behind us. We which we plan for in life is a rest. And our greates dream of heaven is-another rest. Bergham, the
artist, was as lazy as he was talented. His studio artist, was as lazy as he was talented. His studio was over the room where his wife sat. Every few minutes, all day long, to keep her husband from up against the ceiling, and her husband would answer by stamping on the floor, the signal that he was wide awake and busy. One-half of the industry and punctuality that you witness every day in places of
business is merely the result of business is merely the result of Mrs. Bergman's stick
thumping against the ceiling.

## TRUE SOCIABILITY

We are in the world in order that we may help somebody. If nothing were done except such labor as an end. No successful man is absolutely would be at ified by a self made man. The strongest man is under obligation to somebody. We each owe a debt to the world. Some men never recognize this fact. Turner's biographer tells us that Turner and Rogers got on very
well together, though Rogers did well together, though Rogers did not spare him. He room. lt was wonderful, he said, 'but," he added ""ow. much more wonderful it would be to see any of
his friends sitting are his friends sitting around it."

## SElf RELIANCE

Some of the very best men are apt to be conservative -are prone to discouit rather than over estimate
their own strength and ability the doubtful and the hopeful. James H. Stoddard, the actor, said that his father and mother differed in one vital respect: his father believed everything, his mother forty, in hisything. John Knox had no faith, even at forty, in his own powers and ability as an orator or
preacher. He was urged into the ministry against his own judgment, a call to the ministry being thrist
upon him publicly. Robert Burns, however, listening to a sweetlove song falling from the lips of a bewitch ing young girl, said to himself: "I see no reason why I which had just been quoted by the fair singer.

## UNCIVIL WORDS

What a man says hasfully as much to do with his career as what a mand does, for the reason that a man words than in the matter of his acts jail for striking a man a blow in the face but 1 can ndulge in a stinging remark and remain beyond th reach of the law. On this point Dr. Johnson once
remarked: "Sir, a man has no more right to rude thing than to act one-no more right to say rude thing to another than to no more right

Spent Her Money

## For No Benefit

Then Miss J. M. Godin Used Dodd's Kidney Pills

And Her Kidney Disease and Female Weakness Disappeared-She is Now a Strong, Healthy Woman.
Mizonette, Gloucester Co., N.B. -(Special).-"I have been suffering from the Kidneys ever since I was a child," says Miss J. M. Godin, of this place.
"When I grew to womanhood I was told I was suffering from female weakness so I tried several kinds of medicine, spending a good many dollars for no-
"Last winter I became so weak I was on the point of giving up my work. I could not sleep at night and could hardly get up the stairs without having palpitation of the heart and feeling quite exhauste
ease in Dodd's Almanac of Kidney Disease in Dodd's Almanac, I soon found once for four boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills. I began to feel a change at the very beginning, for I slept well the very
first night: Those four boxes did me more good than all the medicine I had taken before, and I have remained strong ever since I am now as well as can be." $>$
All women who suffer should look to the Kidneys. They are the main-spring
of health. Keep the Kidneys strong by of health. Keep the Kidneys strong by take care of the rest of the body.

## JAEGER

Baby Goods
The great variety of garments suitable one of the attractive features of a Jaege store or agency.
Dainty Frocks, Bonnets, Shoes, and in fact, all clothes that a baby requires are made in Jaeger Pure Wool. They afford the necessary healthy protection and are made in charming styles especially suitable for presents.
For Sala a ot Jogerer Storeasand Agencle DrJAECER wewe

|  | HOME STUDY |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Thé Arts Course miay be taken by correspondence, but students |
| ging infer | must atteud one session. |
| JUEI | N9S |
|  | NIVERSITY |
| KINGSTO | N, ONTARIO |
| ARTS <br> EDUCATION <br> - MEDICINE | APPLIED SCIENCE GlNEERIING |
| SUMMER | R SCHOOL |
| july | ad AUGUST |
| G. Y. CHOWN, R | gistrar, Kingston, Ont. |

[^0]
## Government Terminal Elevator at Port Arthur, Canada

## By Max McD.

The new Canadian government ter- The work house is equipped with ten minal elevator at Port Arthur, on Lake It is absolutely the ano in operation. It is absolutely the last word in elevator construction, is the largest indi-
vidual elevator in the world, the most modern grain handling plant. The elevator is of reinforced concrete construction throughout. No inflammable material is included in either building or machinery. It is operated by electric power, a separate motor rununloaded simultaneously, the unloading capacity of the house being 40 cars per hour. The normal loading capacity to boats is about 75,000 bushels per hour, but for the first hour this can be increased to 115,000 bushels. The working above water level. It contains 75 feet cular bins of 7,000 bushels capacity each, 56 interspace bins of 3,000 bushels each, and 36 outer space bins of $1500^{\circ}$ bushels
each. each.
hopper scales of 2,000 bushels each, with a garner of equal capacity over each scale. The elevator legs are as follows: 5 for receiving, 5 for shipping, 5 for for oats, and 2 for flax. Fifteen sets of receiving cleaners are provided for cleaning oats, wheat, and barley, and fifteen additional cleaners can be installed when needed. Special machines are also installed for separating oats from wheat, and two flax separators. and two flax separators.
At the south side of the working
house a drying plant is installed in house a drying plant is installed in a
separate building. This has a capacity separate building. 48,000 bushels per day, and is for drying damp, tough or wet grain, and putting each grain in condition for storage.
A revetment wall is being built around 33 acres. The site was formerly covered


Government 'Terminal Elevator at Port Arthur, Canada.
The storage house has seventy circu-| by water, but is now being filled in leve lar bins, each 24 feet in diameter and 90 with the top of the revetment wall. feet high, of 30,000 bushels' capacity, together whe 54 interspaces of aboun 8,000 bushels each. This gives the ele The new elevator supplements the Canadian Northern elevator which is the largest grain handling plant in the world. to be increased to $12,000,000$ bushels.

## SUMMER CLOTHING

It is the custom whenever one goes from $\mid$ the hot summer months in this country, northern regions to the tropics to don white bilack clothes are the most sensible, since garments as a protection against the heat they promote the radiation of heat from goods to white is made in our climate, also in the summer.
The reason given for this resort to white is that "it reflects the heat instead of absorbing it"; and if one questions its
virtue, answer is always made that the natives of tropical regions wear white clothes, and they ought to know what is best.
It is true that the natives often wear
white but they have dark skins by which white, but they have dark skins by which
they are protected from the chemical rays they are protected from the chemical rays,
the rays that are most injurious to man, and that break down his health after a longer or shorter residence in equatorial regions, The white man's white clothes offer no resistance to these injurious light
rays, although they give comfort by rays, although they give
throwing back the heat rays.
If white clothes are worn externally, the under-garments, so tropical hygienists say, should be black, red or orange, since these
colors offer a screen to the chemical rays. colors offer a screen to the chemical rays.
After dark, in the tropics as well as during

The head covering in summer should be light in color as well as in weight-yellow or khaki color is better than white-bu should have a dark lining. The practice
of going bareheaded, especially in the cas of going bareheaded, especially in the case
of light-haired or bald persons, is fraught with grave perils. The notion that some bald-headed men have that exposure of the head to the sun's rays will promote the growth of hair is pernicious; the man who has tried it one summer will not repeat it In texture, summer clothing should be light and porous. For men the oute garments should be of wool, the under clothing of linen or cotton, or mixed cotton and wool. This should be woven in a against chill and which absorbs perspiraagain;

No matter how deep-rooted the corn or wa
No matter how deep-rooted the corn or wart
may be, it must yield to Holloway's Corn
Cure if used as directed.

## Nerves Were

## Unstrung

## WOULD ALMOST GO OUT OF HER MIND

Many women become run down and worn out by household cares, and duties never ending, and sooner or later find themselves with shattered nerves and weak hearts.
On the first sign of any weakness of yourself of a perfect you should a avail burn's Heart and Nerve by
Mrs. Archie Goodine, Tilley, N.B., writes:-"When I was troubled with my heart, two years ago, I was very bad. I would almost be out of my mind. I doctored myself with everything I could get, until at last I got four boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and they have cured me. I cannot speak too will recommend it to all sufferers." Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills 50 c . per box, or 3 boxes for $\$ 1.25$, at all dealers, or mailed direct on recelpt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.


## TARYESS BY MABL

AND SAVE MONEY
COMPLETE SADDLEPY CATALOGUE fREE
COMPLETE SADDLERY CATALOGUE FREE
Winnipeg Saddlery Go : Winnipeg, Man.

## The Young Woman and Her Problem



## A BEAUTIFUL FLOWER GARDEN

 One evening last week I experiencedtwo of the happiest hours of two of the happiest hours of my life. The occasion was a banquet of the girls of my club. I conceitedly say "My Club" their organization eight years ago since we began with a membership of three girls. One hundred and forty girls sat at the long banquet tables in the church parlors, and as I looked at them I felt that I was in the centre of the most Weautiful flower garden in Canada. sence of this superior type of girlhood representing about every line of feminine wage-earning work in Winnipeg! This gathering represented more than a hundred future home-makers. This thought touched me tenderly as I sat with them note of our training I asked? All that tends to strengthen will power. We have a little prayer. It is this: "Keep my mental home a sacred place, golden with gratitude, redolent with love, and white with purity. Let me send no thought in or purify or heal". Let this or cheer, the corner stone in the character building of every girl who reads this page Our future Canadian race must be the strongest in the world. All corners of the earth expect it. If every girl in
will, there would be in Canada no jails, no reformatories, and I almost believe no insaneasylums. Canada would be Paradise is all our girls were pure and clean. Why is this not possible? Every girl is re-
sponsible for her own deeds. This world of ours is a cheerful habitation, full of the good and beautiful everywhere. Some are oblivious to God's sunshine, the songs of birds, the laugh of little children, and the breath of flowers. Refuse to think of these blessings and the mind is ark and dreary, and the life becomes
useless. Last month I listened to Helen Keller - the most wonderful young woman in the whole world. She is blind and deaf, and was dumb until a few months ago. This girl shut out from the whole exterior world seems to be all soul. She electrified the audience with
the wonders of her accomplishments What was her message? It will alway sing in my ears. "Listen! We live by each other and for each other, and our success depends on our good-will. I cannot see your faces or hear your speech, but I feel your loving kindness, and it makes me happy. What I have to say o you is very simple and plain. We are
all bound together. Everyone should make the most of what faculties God has bestowed upon him. My teacher has old you what we have done together and if others are helped by that story
we are glad. We rejoice to think of the difficulties we have overcome. I was
blind; now I see. I was dumb; now I speak. It was through the love of others that I found myself and my mother and father, and my soul and my
God. We live by each other-and life for God. We live by each other-and life for
each other is the only life worth living. each other is the only life wor laid thei hands on my hand. I find life beautiful I can find joy and contentment even though I cannot see the sunlight and hear the laughter. My life has taugh me to "p
The power to love generates sunshine in the moral universe. Let it radiate love, my girl, in your life. It will make dark places brighter and will make you the energies petty annoyances that sap the energies from your body. It is the palace of true life"
We have a motto in oom It, is this. "Let our giris" clu discouraging word while in this room.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF A HOME MAKER

There are only two kinds of homeshappy homes and unhappy homes. Every home in Canada comes under one o home depends almost entirely on the man and wife. There are two great causes hat create unhappy homès. First, out side influences; second, incompatible dispositions. Incompatible dispositions are he chief cause of unhappy home life and insanity. Strong characters are necessary in the develo characters are disposition. If a wife and husband are young and healthy they have every
opportunity in the world to make good.

The origin of all law that men make is in the home, reared under the mental physical and financial care of a man and wife. The strength of the wheat in August is determined not by the sun in August, but by what was done in May or June in selecting the seed and the cul
tivation work that followed. is developed in the same way. In the beginning of girlhood is the home life determined. The right kind of law can only be made by the right kind of mind If children or husband cannot find com panionship in the home-maker they wil
go elsewhere. Then girls must develop go elsewhere. Then girls must develop
those qualities that will satisfy the de sire for companionship. Sympathy, un derstanding and intelligence are neces sary qualities to develop in girlhood. I when a man marries he loses a com panion, mutual confidence and respect ar
lost. So long as confidence and respect remain do joy and inspiration develop th pure home life. But when companion ship is lost then soul starvation begins to wreck the home. A man cannot be happy with a discontented wife. Count the discontented wives of your acquaint ances, then look at the home life,
There is a constant chase for somewife a girl must love beauty, order, harwife a girl must love beauty, order, har beauty, live beauty. I actually saw in a Winnipeg home a huge statue of Mutt and Jeff. This in a home of three little children will dwarf their sense of beauty. reat without a well-developed became ion of beauty. Greece and Ropperere built on beauty
Then girlhood character needs harmony music. Sacred music makes us think and see God. The soul is the instrument of the home that makes discord or harmony. Restlessness is a great factor in

## Why Do 700,000 Women Use the Hoosier Cabinet?

Because it Saves Millions of Steps. What are YOU Doins to Improve Your kitchen?

Tho now 1914 Hoosier is a wonder of convenioncoss; has placess for 400 articies; has 40 labor-saving features; 17 entirely new; so scientifically arranged that it saves even reaching ; yet enormous sales at small profit keep the price lower than that of an ordinary cupboard cabinet.

Use a Hoosier in your kitchen. Group all your dishes and supplies around you-sit down at work-and save miles of steps. You will have combined in one spot all the practical modern kitchen conveniences selected from several hundred tests.

You can search the world over and not find anything that-saves so much labor in you

You can si down at work with this Hoosier antd save miles of step. It Pantry, Special Bins and Compartmonts, and dozens of Labor-Saving Features, around a roomy metal table that slides out 16 inches.
YOUR NEED FOR IT you will not question hen you know its total conveniences. And now, with so many new features and its much larger size, at the present low cash price, it is a
wonderful Bargain which you can easily afford.
YOU MAY CHOOSE between two dominat ing models "White Beauty," which has a waterproof, ivory-white enamel upper cupboard, and
the models with merely an "Oak" interior, at the models with

OUR MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE proecte you on any Hoosier you buy and removes any final cause you might have for hesitating
to send in your order.


You'll Be Lucky If You Get This New Hoosier In Your Kitchen.

## THE HOOSIER MANUFACTURING CO.

287 DONALD STREET, WINNIPEG, MAN.

Answer These Two Questions 1. Am I doing justice to myself and my family by wasting my strength with mhich a Hoosier would save or
2. Shall I write now for detailed information about the new Hoosier features in order to compare-detail by detailthe savings this cabinet will make for
me when $I$ put it in $m y$ kitchen?

Here Are The Terms: $\$ 5$ puts the cabinet you choose in your home.
2. \$5 monthly quickly pays for it.
3. The Low Cash Price fixed by the factory prevails strictly.
No interest. No extra fees. We pay the Your money back if you are not delighted with your Hoosier.
THIS IS A Remarkably easy way to own a Hoosier and we advise you to write us now for the book, described below. With it we'll send prices and details withou obligation to you.
Every Hoosier Cabinet is built of carefully selected and seasoned oak. This extra quality guarantees lasting service.

New Domestic Science Book FREE "YOU AND YOUR KITCHEN," by Mrs. Christine Frederick, National Secretary of the Christine Frederick, National Secretary of the
Associated Clubs of Domestic Science, describes Associated Clubs or Domestic Science, describes
the other Hoosier features fully and reats
Yo YOUR kitchen problemsin a SIMPLE, BROAD, SCIENTIFIC MANNER. It is is filled with illustrations and will prove a valuable help to
you. you. Send for it now. nove a valuable help to
yourself by accepting.

Winnipeg, June, 1914
forming fickle home life. Watch the mov ing van in. May; it indicates lack of home spirit. The internal corruption of the not withstand the outward invasion of nemies. This is the cause of the downfall of every home. The heart of th home must be so strong that outside influences cannot break it. Do not enter into marriage without thought. When thinking of your future home ask yourself this question: What shall I mean to
my husband and my children? Your my hasity depends on your personality Do younput as much music into the day as a little bird, or as much brightness as a little sunbeam, or as much sweetness as a single rosebud?
iby these little things.

DOWN IN THE CELL
Humanity is prone to criticize that which they know nothing about. Recently a report appeared in one of our city papers concerning a certain girl in public opinion that a young, innocent girl publ been most unjustly arrested, and furthermore deplored the existence of detention homes, and, of course, our police men came in for bitter censure. As a delegate from a woman's organization went down to visit the girl in her cell women prisoners at the police station. I was ágreeably surprised. The women's cells are light, sunny and well ventilated opening into these cells are a large bathroom and kitchen, which are clean, as hey are scrubbed out every day. Near these quarters are several other cells fur-
nished with comfortable beds. These rooms are for those who have committed the lighter offences, such as shop-lifting. They did not appear like cells to me, but more like comfortable bedrooms. I went through a large part of the station, and every where I noticed the same good ventilation, sunlight and cleanliness. It was police station. I went down three different days to see the prisoner and every time was impressed with the splendid courtesy I received from the men in charge. They were all strangers to me. 1 went down entirely unbiased as I dia not know one of them personally, and unfair for the public to be deceived by wrong newspaper reports regarding these men who maintain law and order in this city.
When a girl or woman is brought up the first time it is impossible to judge from the testimony of the prisoner on guilty and smooth actresses can play successfully on the sympathy of the listeners. When I urged this girl to consent to go to a place where she would develop into a good, useful woman, the morality officer kindly advised her in a fatherly way. What he said influenced her decision more than my pleading. The
magistrate was lenient in his decision and after the girl left the station she said she had been treated with splendid consideration during the days of her imprisonment. I studied this case care-
fully and feel that the police officials were right in their judgment, and that than a woman's court might have done One more word in regard to our Winnipeg police. A young woman traveller
who had visited most of the large cities in the States told me while in this city that she had more confidence in the directions given her by the Winnipeg police-
men than she had in any other city she mad visited. Furthermore, if women are hunting for
a chance to do good work there is an opportunity for careful investigation in some of our churches; not all of the villains are in the underworld. Occasionally one stands outside the front door and steps into the church where he poses as a pilar of religion-a huge monster or veneer that covers a heart black enough to blight the flower garden of a city's
girlhood. Down in the underworld the white slaver is carefully watched; in the Some of our boarding houses need atten-
for innocent girls. For eight years I
have worked among girls in this city and ot once have I heard a complaint about our policemen.
Caive this bit of my own experience because I believe the public is deceived the men who guard our city, and I think it is unfair. We owe patriotic allegiance the class of men we have in the Winipeg police department.

PRICE AND POSITION
"The thing you know, the thing you feel, The thing you truly live, These in your message must appeal
To these your

This quotation is not only applicable to the author's field, but to that of the teacher, the artist, the musician and the home-maker. If we would make our work count we must feel it, know it and
live it. A mother should feel the mood live it. A mother should feel the mood of her child in order to guide her. Most cause their mothers do not understand them. This week a girl has written a letter asking me to tell her all the things about herself that her mother should tell her. I am thankful she asked this of me instead of groping on in ignorance. I shall send a letter to this dear girl out in her prairie home and give her motherly this month the word home-maker con ${ }^{*}$ tinually comes before me. Perhaps it is because I have seen girls suffer recently for want of proper material understandquestions," says one "Oh at my foolish questions," says one. "Oh, mother would
never listen to my love affairs!" exclaims another, and the girls continue their stories of "Mother's" inability to understand them. The true home maker should feel and know the thoughts of her daughter. Then in turn I think the daughter will not be so unreasonable. Girls let many ways of earning money tical application. They live in far-away dreams and do not feel the actual demands. For example: A young woman in Boston who needed to earn her living saw the opportunity for a visiting mender. She called at homes and asked to be allowed to do the family mending. This of households. Any girl who understands the art of darning or mending might at tempt this. Perhaps a girl could find fifteen homes where she could do this work. I imagine there would be oppor tunity in rooming houses for this kind of young women, might be glad to have their mending done.
The Old Country unmarried woma who can do housekeeping might find group of professional young women who wound be glad to have a home of thei own together. She could have them rent a suite and she could manage the house keeping. I belie
ready response.
Some of the clever, educated, indepen dent women of England feeling the nee of earning money, conceived the idea or forming an association of lady guides, whose business it was to show girls about London and the Continent. In connection with its guides it established bureases suitable for unprotected girls and women. Chaperons were provided fo young girls and children. I believe there might, be a demand here for this kind of work.
There might also be a demand for bright, young women who are fond o children to provide entertainment for
them. A group of young women migh them. A group of young women might by they would be prepared to manage the entertainment of children's parties. Some families keep no help and they would be glad to have a young woman come in to care for the chilaren one or
two evenings while they are out. Girls could be in this place to answer these children to read, sing and play with them tempt girls who love children could at demand for this kind of work It be be called "The Mothers' Club of Universal

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## Veterans' Graves Decorated by Fellow Soldiers

Nearty 100,000 Peopole line Streets Every Miltary Unit in City Turns out-

he Winnipeg Highland Cadets in the Decoration Day Procession
On May 10 th these men or, rather, from a city of two militia units
On May 10th these men or, rather, | from a city of two militia units to one of country and desire to be in readiness $\mid$ dense tho are still able to answer to roll $\mid$ of the call, turned out to decorate the graves of the country. With the possible excep- the protect her honor and integrity. With thent the comrades. And with them Empire in men who have served the Empire in many lands, while the men now members of the various militia in honoring the brave soldiers whare fought and died.

Magnificent Sight
It was the most magnificent celebra tion that Winnipeg has ever witnessed
the country. With the possible excep-
tion of garrison artillery every branch tion of garrison artillery every branch
of the service is represented in the military district 10 , and every unit was out in force. To use the old stock phrase, they were there, horse, foot and guns. Cavalry, artillery, rifles, grena-
diers, highlanders, line regiments, diers, highlanders, line regiments, corps, army service, army medical, ordinance, postal, veterinary and all of the other various divisions the tens of these thousands in line and join on the first call who are ready to evident that Winnipeg and wen, it was Canada stand ready to do their part should trouble arise.
From before 2 o'clock until well after 4 o'clock the dense crowds held their posts of vantage on the streets, blocking all the police cleared the route of the parade, the police cleared the route of the march,
and all street railway traffic was with.
ense, though standing room was at a miles of route. Fire escapes, windows, balconies, and roofs of every available building furnished points of vantage for thousands, while the cross streets and vacant lots were occupied by rigs and automabiles as densely as they could be
packed. When the parade had passed packed. When the parade had passed
traffic was resumed with a rush; waiting street cars came past in solid strings, and within half an hour the packed streets had resumed their usual Sunday
afternoon appearance. Despite the
Despite cie

## Poultry Chat <br> -

Now that lovely, leafy June is with us again reports are coming in telling of the success or fairure of the early spring
hatchers. Certainly, 1914 has b:en a very backward spring and early set eggs
under hens have not turned out as well usual, the nights have been too coll. When a season comes like this the incubator scores and proves a safer
hatching medium for the April and early hatching medium for the April and early
May chicks than old Biddy hen. Several Mays chicks than old Biday hen. Several
persons have reported the loss of a hen whilst sitting on her nest: in each case
both food and water were in sight of the both food and water were in sight of the
fowl who simply perished sticking to her fowl who simply perished sticking to her task of warming 13 eggs in cool weather.
This seems a strange thing to me, and has only happened once in my experience,
but it shows that the caretaker should only it shows that the caretaker should
bee that each hen has a feed once during see that each hen has a feed once luring
each 24 hours if she has to be gently lifted off the nest and introduced
ration of wheat and water.
I wonder now, that the seeding is over,
if many of our farmers are having a good "clean up week," just like the city
folks who have put forth such strenuous efforts to make a clean city in Winnipeg. The farm yard, poultry houses and runs,
really need $a$ most thorough cleaning up in the springtime if poultry raising is to be made the success it should be on every western farm and chicken ranch. I hear far too much of roup amongst both chickens and turkeys the last couple of
seasons. In our fine dry climate this seasons. In our fine dry climate this
should not exist and is only caused by filthy, dark and damp quarters and yards Of course, this horrid disease which is similar to human diphtheria is very in-
fectious and therefore may be introduced fectious and therefore may be introduced
into clean premises by purchasing infected stock-certainly no one shoul breed from roupy birds at all. Un-
doubtedly great care should be exercised in purchasing fresh stock or eggs that
roup or blackhead is not in evidence about the poultry breeder's premises. sell diseased stock.
There is no better disinfectant than good common lime wash made from newly butter milk or water to the consistency of thin paint. Add two cups of coarse
salt to each pail of whitewash and a lars tablespoon of ; arbolic acid, a splendid germ killer, then get busy with a whitewash brush or spray. When the filth of
all kinds has been properly cleaned up paint roosts and dropping boards and the house and crack spring, then disease will surely keep at bay. In many years of chicken, duck and turkey raising, I have had no infectious disease on the premises at all: roup and
blackhead and cholera, I must needs study away from home.
I attribute this freedom from disease oo a dry healthy climate and the free use of carbolized whitewash and kerosene oil
when needed on roosts, etc. Air slaked When needed on roosts, etc. Air slaked up": wherever the ground is foul and damp, where manure piles have been and about the chicken runs and yards, sprinkle it thickly and after a few days spade up
and foul spots will soon be sweet and and foul spots will soon be sweet and
There is no doubt where fowl are kept year after year the poultry yards should
be ploughed or spaded and sown to oats or Other green crops simply to sweeten the
soil, but unless another yard can be prosoil, but unless another yard can be pro-
vided for the flock in the meantime the crop will have no chance to grow. Therefore there is real safety in double runs such as used on large poultry plants whère regular green crops are grown annually
and fine green food provided for the hens and fine green food provided for the hens
when needed most during the hot weather when the moult s coming on.
As I have often remarked this climate to live and parasites such as pester the In all parts of British Columbia keeping down lice and verminis one of the most serious probelms to be solved in successful
poultry keening. Only a few days aso I poultry keeping. Ony a few days ago had a graphic caccount of how numerous
clime from a lady who was an old hand at chicken raising in Manitoba. Ordinary care and cleanliness are quite inadequate to prevent lice and red mites swarming in
hen houses and stables in millions cannot flourish let alone poor . little chicks that are killed off with the pests After cleaning out the hen house and using all kinds of lice killers thislady had to divest herself of every rag of clothing and go and sit in
more comfortable
Of course by keeping up a constant warfare on the pests. hickens can be raised in all parts of British Columbia and find a very ready sale.
Some hints on the
Some hints on the common ailments of season. "Gapes" a tiny worm at this throat at the opening of the wind pine sometimes kills off young chicks who
pick up the worm from the damp ground.

## miscellaneous



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The chicks gasp and keep opening the mouths as if thirsty, continually. tiny thread-like worm by isserting clean feather into the throat, giving it a quick turn when it will come out on the feather. At once the chick is relieved and is soon as lively as it can be. When gapes occur in a young brood it is wise to ground: a clean, grassy sward is best, Lumber-neck is another trouble; the chick will throw its head back and go round and round until exhausted. Th is caused by over-feeding of the little
chicks and is usvial noticed at two and chicks and is usualy noticed at two an water on the top of the head is the only treatment I know of.
Indigestion will carry off a few chicks most seasons, as some of them are so great care. Charcoal and water to drink will sometimes right this ailment. Th chick seems slezepy and his crop is full and
distended with food distended with food.


A Flock of Chicks of Leghorn type
The main cause of loss during any ing, I wish to draw attention to a made season is the dreaded white diarrhoea, especially among incubator chicks that disorder than the hen hastched brand thi tched brand scond day sometimes, but more often from the fifth to tenth day, and is very
hard indeed to combat. Change of food, hard indeed to combat. Change of food, boiled rice and a dry mash of ground grains mixed with ten per cent of powdisease The chicks die off at night usually and any of the brood showing a trace of this sickness should be separated from the healthy birds at once. Sometimes a chill will cause the trouble, or sour
milk, but $I$ have noticed that when the parent stock are in perfect health and vigor, given a free range, white diarrhoea will not cause much loss. Boiled whole wheat mixed with ten per cent charcoal is a good food to check looseness of the
bowels and "Venetian Red "" tos ake drinking water pink, I have found helpful: withholding food until the chicks are at least 48 hours, will often prevent this disorder appearing in a brood. Needless to say, over-feeding will bring it frequently
and, $\mathbf{I}$ know from experience there is nothing more disheartening to a beginner in the business than to see a brood dwindle from this cause.


The Method of Raising Chicks on this Model Farm
Head lice cause death in young chicks but it must show underneath a little, of the head and sucks the victim's life Mr. Lyon, now thoroughly aroused,
oflood Pure lard rubbed nto each laid aside his newspuper. If blood Pure lard rubbed nto earh
little head will kill the veitmin and one aside his newspaper. "If yourre
talking about Arabella going to college," application is enough, as a rule. Dusting with a good insect powder will generally
destroy the ordinary vermin on the body destroy the ordinary vermin on the body sent, never! I have navwars sive my con that no
of the chicken: providing dust baths for . $\left.\begin{aligned} & \text { the hen mothers, with lime and sulphur } \\ & \text { mixed in, will usually free hens. }\end{aligned} \right\rvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { I se no reason now why } 1 \text { should change } \\ & \text { mind.: }\end{aligned}$

Eggs have ome into Winnipeg by the thousand the last six weekg the have been more moderate in price than fore
some years. All the wholesale houses have put large quantities of them into cold storage and consumers have really been
able to enjoy new-laid eggs at a low able to enjoy new-laid eggs at a low
price, which goes to prove that the price, which goes to prove that the
poultry industry is growing by leaps and

The 15 to 17 cents at country points for fresh farm eggs will make a good thing out of
them next winter when they sell them for them next winter when they sell them for
35 to 40 cents, at least. 35 to 40 cents, at least.
When the Carmers' Market becomes the big enterprise we look for in the future, 1 hope there will be a good cold storage plant in connection, so the f rmers themselves can take advantage of cold storage for the farm eggs in early
spring, when if the eggs are infertile spring, when if the eggs are infertile
when candled, and putin storage they will keep fresh and command a good price next winter when new-laid eggs are so scarce. For shipping out eggs for hatch-
"But, Edwin," pleaded his wite, yo now how disappointed I was when "It was your greatest charm for me, gallantly interrupted Mr. Lyon. "And Thave always tried so hard to Mrs. Lyon, unheedingly ..The literary clubs I've belonged to and the lectures I've attended-"'
"The one blot on your otherwise per fection," interrupted Mr Lyon again,
not so wisely this time, but his wife kept not so wisely this time, but his wife kep
steadily to her theme. "And I'm forever driven with the fear that I won't know things, and -and I'm not going to have Arabella like that, and she's going to college.
"Not if I have any influence with her! said Arabella's father, and he clutched his
paper so firmly that it absolutely rattled. $\because$ Give her all the pretty, frilly frocks you want to, but don't, don't put her in competition with men. Let her have the feminine, domestic virtues-
"Now, Edwin, that's nonsense, and you know it is!" answered Mrs. Lyon, with
just as much emphasis. "Susy Lee went to college, and she married a poor man, and her housekeeping's faultless; and as for Lena Melleny, who didn't go, well, she never knew anything and she never will. socks darned! It's all the woman herself; college doesn't make a bit of difference. "Well, all I've got to say," began Mr. Lyon, , , alf-rising in his excitement, is-:But his words of eloquent wisdom will nev-
er be known, for a sleepy ${ }^{\text {" }}$ vi-yi-yiing er be known, for a sleepy "yi-yi-yiing.
cry came from farther down the passage. cry came from farther down the passage.
"There's. Arabella now!" said Mrs. "There's Arabella now!" said Mrs
Lyon, getting up to leave the room. "is knew you'd wake her! You always do when you get so excited." Her voice trailed reproachfully down to the nursery, and in a moment more she came back
with a blinking, rosy baby cuddled tight with a hinking, rosy baly wadidest eight
in her arms, for Arabella was just in her arms, for Arabella was just eight
months old, and the united ages of her months ola, anted, possibly, to fifty
parents amounter Then something of the absurdity of their argument flashed across Mrs. Lyon's whimsical mind.
"And Arabella not a year old! Aren't crowed loudly in answer as her mother pulled out the frills of her white little "nightyl." "Never mind that was a
real college yell, wasn't it, daughter?" Mr. Lyon laughed and returned to his paper. Whill have to agree with you proudly at the fat bone of contention,
"Arabella certainly does look corking in white!':

The Lady-"And how long have you been out of work ?",
Impoverished Gentleman-"My dear madam, I asked you for assistance. It is surely, quite unnecessary to tell you my age.
"A gentleman has fallen through the "Clap the cover over him quick and Ill run for a policeman. We must arrest
him for trying to steal the coal or hell him for trying to steal the coal or hell sue us for damages."

Wretched from Asthma. Strength of body And vigor of mind are inevitably impaired by under the cloud of recurring attacks and keep body and mind at their full efficiency? Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy dissipates the cloud by removing the cause. It does -elieve. It does restore the sufferer to normal tiat man has to contend with have their
origin in a disordered liver, which is a
vodily trim and mental happiness.

## Death of the Duke of Argyle

John Sutherland Douglas Campbell, Duke of Argyle and former Governor
General of Canada, died at East Cowes Isle of Wight on May 2nd from an attack of pneumonia He was born in 1845 and married Her Royal Highness Princess Louise, fourth daughter of Queen Vic-
toria in 1871 The Princess toria in 1871 Canadians still living recall with lively recollections the term of the Duke (then Marquis of Lorne), as GovernorGeneral and express very real sorrow at the announcement of his passing away. Both he and the Princess Louise fitted into the spirit of the Canadian people gret that they parted with them at the expiration of their five-year-term. Particularly did they popularize themselves by their ready participations in Canadian winter sports. The Marquis, too,
wisely followed the precedent of his wisely followed the precedent of his
successor in making frequent visits successor in making frequent visits
throughout the country, thus familiarizing himself with the people and the country. In the west the Marquis is remembered as having given the name to the present province of Alberta, then a part of the Northwest Territories, the name being the second of the Princess' memorial to his memory exists in the Royal Society of Canada, which was founded by the Marquis during his term as Governor-General. Though one of the youngest Governors-General the Do-
minion has ever had, he discharged the minion has ever had, he discharged the
onerous duties of the high office with dignity and tact, and it is with feelings
of real regret that Canadians, more especially those who are able to remember his term of office, learn of his demise.

## Alberta

Alert and alluring young realm,
With riches inlaid and bedecked,
With mountain and valley and plain
Thy prairies are golden and green, Thy prairies are golden and green,
Thy mountains like sentinels stand A wall to the west where arise
Great rivers orood bosomed and grand.
Thy smile is inviting to men
With pioneers' blood in their veins,
Who long for a contest arain Who long for a contest acra plains.
Here rest we and end we our quest
Alberta, fair queen of the West.
-J. W. Mudge.

## Prairie Chickens

Written for Western Home Monthly b Sel. J. Wigley, Edgerton, Alta A fluttering in the willow bluff And \& quick shot while you ride Or he's better still when fried For the Prairie Chick's a treasure
Sent straight to us from bliss.
lump and juicy too you always find him
To the homesteader who's "burnt his
boats behind him.' $A$

CLOTH THAT WEARS LIKE LEATHER

Remarkable discovery by English Firm.
A remarkable holeproof cloth that xactly tear or wear out and yet looks has been discovered by the Holeproof Clothing Co., 54 Theobalds Road, London, W.C., Eng. They make from these for only $\$ 5.50$ Bres ng. or walking for $\$ 2$ cyching, rid of well-fitting smartly-cut Trousers for $\$ 1.80$, and if a hole appears within 6 months, another garment is given abso57 and whe. See advertisement on page 57 and which for patterns, \&c., to the
firm's Toronto Branch, 173 Huron Street,

##  <br> Concerning Tommy Todd <br> 

J IM WARWICK was an orphan, and when he became old enough to was sent by his guardians to live with old Mr. and Mrs. Todd at the live with side town of Whitewater. Tim was not the sort of boy to suffer long from homesickness, and moreover the two old tolks took him to their hearth with a spirit of goodwill and kindliness that to Tim was new and entirely delightful. very long, Tim learnt why it was that Mr. and Mrs. Todd had taken to him so
"That's true enough," Tim agreed For a moment he was thoughtful. So this was the true story of Tommy about whom he had heard the old folks speak so often! Tommy who was doing
so well out west, and steadily building up for himself the fortune he had always intended to make! "They reckon ways intended to make! "They reckon
he was like me, do they?" added Tim reflectively.
The blacks
The blacksmith looked into the boy's open face. "Only in looks Tim, only in looks, he answered. "You're a dea
better son to them than ever he was or


## The late Duke of Argyle

| affectionately. "You see," said John the | will be. Once he wrote saying he was |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| blacksmith-a staunch, brawny Brit- |  | lacksmith-a staunch, brawny Britsher. as sound as the anvir on which he who they reckon was similar in looks to you when he was young. A wild, harumscarum sort of fellow he grew up, no good to a place like this, but somehow

the two old folks could see nothing wrong in him. They thought Tommy while to tell them the truth-not even the Squire. People about here think a good deal of Mr. and Mrs. Todd, and when, time and again Tommy was caught poaching, the Squire let him off
with a good hiding instead of summonwith a go
ing him.
"But the boy got into bad ways" all round, so one or two of us clubbed up and paid his passage out to Canada.
The old folks thought as it was Tommy's high ambitions as was taking him away-talked about what a saver thinking it was our money as was paying the passage.
"That was three years ago. The boy had evidently something good about him because he paid us back-every penny. But I don't fancy he's made anything out. In my opinion a ne'er-do-well in and they don't want him there any more than we want them here."
to bring him back. I wrote and said o bring him back. I wrote and said hat if ever he appeared here with les And so I will!"
Tim went home that night with a heavy heart. It was winter, and the old folks were waiting tea for him.
They had put his slippers down on the They had put his slippers down on the hearth to warm, just as though he were
their own beloved and wayward Tommy The boy possessed no vivid imagination, but a lump rose in his throat as he pondered over the poignant state o affairs. He gulped down his bread and butter with alarming quantities of tea Tommy, the idol of his parents, was eturn home to lavish some of his hard earned wealth upon the old folks whom e loved so dearly! Tim longed to know more, and being no diplomatist he opened he conversation with his usual straight-
forwardness. "When did Tommy write last?" he enquired blandly.
The old man smiled across at his wife and laid his pipe with unsteady fingers on the mantlepiece. "O, it'll be some time back, isn't it Emma?" he said vaguely. "You see he lives a hard life, and out there in the woods they don't
get posts every day. We ain't heard cet posts every day. We ain't heard
from him since last time, and maybe he's changed his address. But he's doing
well. I'll wager he's doing well! He'l just drop in on us some day, unex "Hope to goodness he don't!" medi-
tated Tim. Then aloud he said-"What tated Tim. Then aloud he said-"What did he put in his letter.
Well, the old man had 'most forgotten. It was his a letter-just a card to his mother.
to stamp it. to stamp it,
"He said,"
"that he was having lady supplemented after a long spell in the bush, and that he hoped we was all right-God bles him!"
head in happy was still wagging his tune in happy anticipation of the for
thy would unexpectedly bring home. "He had nothing to start with mind you," he said, half to himself "Not a penny to start with, save wha he'd put aside. A lad of that sort is
bound to get on-bound to get on!" bound to get on-bound to get on!
Again the uncomfortable lump ros Tim's throat. He loved the old people the more for their pure simplicity, an thanked the kind providence that blinde their eyes.
The we
The weeks slipped by. Tim worked hard and played hard, and as is almos found himself on the way to success on his small walk of life. Every Saturda he paid the bulk of his savings into th tion in his mind that he might need at any time. Soon he became the pos sessor of Capital, and the knowledge o his possessions gave him a quiet prid and confidence that singled him out from the hundred and one little drab rabbit he felt himself above them -a rabbit of more distinguished hue-and in tha mysterious way that such things com about others became subtly consciou of his superiority. And so the day ar rived when Tim entered the great mill lass-took up his place in a little Holy of Holies across the entrance of whic was written the one inspiring word Private-no longer a member of tha pathetic litlie warren that slaved al But while all this was soing on change had taken place at home. Tim had never known his own parents, but he had come to regard the two old folk as he doubtless would have regarded hi own father and mother had they lived time. The old folks began to wonde Tim noticed the eagerness with whic they awaited the Monday mails-th questioning look that passed betwee hem whe only they knew his address-
In due course the old man ceased to take an interest in the mails, and in a great many other things too. His long Sunday rambles over the downs becam a thing of the past, and on Tim fell the
duty of feeding the ferrets. The old lady of fill awaited the postman, but here was no disappointment on her face when he hurried past the garden gatenly a quiet ana Christian resignatio a great void had most pathetic of all A great void had opened up in their hopelessly to fill. "It's easy done out there," said the old man in a quiet aside to him one night. "Tommy was always too ambitious. He'd never think f the risks he was taking.
old people that Thare the belief o neither did John. "If I could get hold of the young rip," said the latter, "I' flay him alive! Jingo I would!

Tommy was coming homel A tele gram received that morning, the first ommunication for five long years, said . He would arrive by the midday o Whitewater

It is a Liver Pill:-Many of the ailments
that is a Liver has to contend with have the the
origin in hail disordered liver, which is eilicate organ, peculiarly susceptible to the
disturbances that come from irregular habits or lack of care in eating and drinking. This
accounts for the great many
now pressed on the the attention of sufferers. these there is none superior to Parmelee's
Vegetable Pills. Their operation though
gentle is effective, and the most delicate can

The old man used a whole box of matches in in lighting hie gipe whe he
broke the news to
Tim broke the
swing doors. "III must get a day off" Tim said Anchor and drive down to meet him.? "I was thinking," said the old man
 will seem mo!" cried Tim. IT mean-it wail seem more hike home if he fnds you waiting at the door. Besices, he might catech cold."
In ridieulously good time Tim, urged by the old man and wearing a huge buttonhole of white syringe, grove out of the hotel yard, Mri. and Mrs. Todd stood at the garden gate, and waved old lady poished the milk cans, and set them in their accustomed place under the parlor window. The old man orerfed the ferrets, and gave themi a fresh bed of straw. At grave personal risk hie ascended a rickety ladder, and cut the arch. Finally, with many labored gruntings, he proceeded to weed the gar
en path. den path.


A Fine Western Field of White Spencer Peas.
"It's a pity we didn't know he was coming a bit sooner," said the old lady, things really nice for him."
From a photograph that occupied the mantlepiece, Tim recognized the loosemanted, hollow-eyed man who slouched down the platform from the midday train.
quired ere Tommy Todd?" the boy enquired eagerly. questioning side glance
unt "What's thou come home for?"
Tim explained got to do with you?" Tim explained who he was and why he had come. He told Tommy about and the faith they had maintained in him, and how they still stood steadfast in the belief that he would have made a fortune.
"Then they'll be mighty disappointed," worked my passage home on a steamer under the Stars and Stripes, and here's my fortune-" He produced fivepence halfpenny in copper, then urned wockets inside out
Tim caught the ma: by tro sleve
and dragged him into the empty waitfing room. The boy was empty waithead to foot. Many a night he had lain awake and recited to himself just what he would say if this crisis ever came,
but now that it really had cone all his carefully prepared' speech was forgotten cere. "If you have a bit of pity, Tommy listen to what I'm going to tell you For two years the old folks have been wearing themselves out for news of you
They aren't so young as they were when

## heartless. "What is my share?" he en

 quired cautiously.that you've made good, the old people to Canada." made good, and then return "Return!

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { money." } \\
& \text { "There }
\end{aligned}
$$

"There's enough here. I'll advance it
gladly to spare the old foll gladly to spare the old folks.
"You're a little white man if thoughtful. up against one," he said presently. "You must think a whole heap of father and mother."
An ho
An hour later Tommy and Tim ar rived home. Tommy was wearing a nev
suit of blue serge-so new suit of blue serge-so new that the
tailor's ticket still adhered to one corner. He looked well and prosperons now that he was well dressed and
groomed, for he was by no means a bad groomed, for he
looking fellow
Mr. and Mrs. Todd, all their old fears forgotten, accepted the evidence of Tommy's prosperity without question.
To them it was only a matter of cour that Tommy should be well-to-do, after his long absence in the West.
That night, when John came in for supper, tommy excelled himself as an the great North-West, of lumber camp pioneer settlements, forest fires ani blizzards-stories of hardship and adrenture in regions where men have no opportunity of writing letter
Even John Even John listened with admiration.
There was no doubting that Tommy There was no doubting that Tomm, ha wonders!-he had come out top. "I'm going. back in a week or so," th traveller added. "I tell you, it's th
fairest country in the world, and whe

## you left, and if they get to know that you've com kill them." <br> Tammy looked down into the eager face of the boy. He saw something written there that touched the very weakness that had so often proved his undoing. <br> "We can't mar their happiness now that they're old,". Tim went on. "We shall have to deceive them-make them think you to deceive them-make them think you really are," <br> "But how?" enquired the broken Tommy, staring at the coppers in his hand. One can't be a blooming mil Tim thrust an eager hand into his own pocket, and drew forth a bulging purse tained there, and yet in the goodness of his kind young soul the boy felt he was asking a favor in bestowing them upon Tommy. "I'll find the money if you'l yo your share," he said. "I've sayed for years thinking I might need it, Tomm if you'll do your share I'll do mine." <br> A fresh hope came into the face of the ne'er-do-well. Though a waster in many ways, Tommy was not entirely

I come back next I'll be richer than I m now."
He looked at Tim and winked. When the party broke up Tim accompanied lad," said the blacksmith. "I never fancied for a me blacksmith. I never fan "Neither did I"" said Tim soulfully. At the threshold the boy met Tommy
who clutched his arm and dragged him into a quiet corner of the little garden. Here the ne'er-do-well began to blubber
like a schoolgirl. "To think it's all a like a schoolgirl. "To think it's all a true! I wish it were true."
The boy too was breathing heavily Overhead the stars shone, and the swee scent of homely flowers filled the air "It may come true some day," said Tim
touching his foster-brother on the shoulder. "There's time yet, Tommy."
Tommy stared down into the boy's race. "Tim," he said, "You've made me realize to-night what success really means. You've made me long for it as 've never longed before. If I succeed after this-an"
A fortnight later two very happy old
people waved farewell to a great At-
lantic liner as she moved slowly out of a Liverpool dock. No less happy and hopeful was the boy who stood behind them. When the boat was gone the old I was sure my boy would be success ful!" And the old man, for no other reason than that he was overpowered with a great pride for his son, sat down on a lobster-pot and wept.
There is a place in the
every man who tries, and West for Tommy found his.

## Trees in Winter

Cold, crisping cold are the sun-deserted boughs
Harshly rasping, sharply crackling, as
a laboring pain-racked breath a laboring pain-racked breath,
ortured by relentless blasts-phantom from an ce-bound region-
Renewed strength and vigor pleadin, otherwise releasing death.

Dirges, fitful dirges, sung by unseen, Sadly mourning, weirdly wailing with a message half untold; storm-compelled to ever wander, breath-
Mingled sobs with broken pleading, rasped by stinging blasts of cold

## Joy, deathless jo

Slowly belo
spring of life surging, obbing from the

## ozing sap ife, upe ard swelling, power.

Subdued omfort, pent-up, blessing con-
quering death stans

## The Valley of Baca

"You mean-" Catharine Macey asked, slowly,
" 1 m "I mean,"the doctor answered, gravely "that you had better send for some friend The girl lay very still for several minutes, The doctor's keen eyes, watching, saw the slow tears gather, but that was all. Presently she spoke "It isn't dying. I have known that for some time. It was only that it seems soworld nearer than a cousin, and not a friend to whom I could send. It is very oolish of me"-with a small, brave, appealing smile-"to care for that now n'tit?"
The doctor's hand closed over the thin one with stanch friendship in its firm touch He had seen many young lives meet their sentence;
"That is where you are wrong," he said You have three friends, at least. I am ne, Miss Baker is another. The third Thil come to you to-day.
The girl's eyes opened wide in astonishment. "A friend of mine-coming to-day? Thedy:" doctor had risen now, and stood smiling down upon her.
"You will know more before night. Now I want you to promise to eat all that Miss Baker brings you. Will you?", was abright spot of excited color in ere was a bright spot old she not do for a friend to help her down the unknown way of these last weeks?
She took what the nurse brought, and then lay quietly looking out at the great geranium hedge beyond her window. the sound of a light knock and a low voice. "May I come in, dear?':
"Please," the girl gasped. If she should "Please," the girl gasped. If she should be a disappointment-this unknown tritend!
The door opened softly, and the two faced each other-the gray-haired n -man with the brave, sweet, serene face, and the
girl who had so little time to live The grl gave a little cry
"Oh, how did you know how I wanted you-when I never had seen you?"
She was taken home to Mrs. Dana's that afternoon The next day she waited impatiently for the doctor.
"Who is she?", was her eager question. -Tell me all. How did she come to mi? It is the most wonderful th so beautiful to
happened in my life. It is so happened at the last!!,
The doctor nodded; he had known how it would be. He told the story brieflyof the flight for the life of an only daughter, of the defeat at the end, of the love which service. For six years now this woman had been giving herself to other girls who were fighting their sad battle with the same foe. Each, till death or recovery put an end to the need, became her daughter, votion. The sick girl, who w
'What did you say?:" the doctor asked Catharine looked up at him, smiling "It was just a bit out of one of the Mrs. Dana, 'Who passing through the valley of Baca, make it a well.'?

## Asked to Choose

A well-known Southern judge tells sory about a white man who during econstruction times was arraigned betor colored justice of the peace for killing in Arkansas, near the Texas border, and there was some rivaliy between the States, but the colored justice tried alway o preserve an impartial frame of mind. "We's got two kinds ob law in dis yer aw. Which will you hab?
The prisoner thought a minute and then pucssed that he would take the Arkansas 'Den I discharge you fo' stealin' de 'Hold hing you fo' killin de man. "Hold on a minute, Judge," said the "All right." Under de law of Texas, fn' you fo' kilin' de man, an' hang you fo fin' you fo' kinin',
stealin' de mule."

##  <br> The Woman's Quiet Hour

The last time I wrote for the page was the April number and some, at least, of my readers will remember the need of
rest was emphasized. Probably the A Holiday emphasis was all the A. Holiday stronger because the writer Jaunt knew she had erred in that direction and was even then paying the penalig that goes home. However, it is of the joys of a holiday that followed the illness that I really wish to write. "Get out of the newspaper atmosphere and rest," were the doctor's orders, and for once they were carried out Thaky scribe boarding the Pacific Express frazzled almost to tears because there was a mistake about berths. It was a real case of the grasshopper being a burden. At last matters were adjusted and a night's sleep and a brief chat with wome the invalid bon voyage, put a wish, the invalid bon voyage, put a
pleasanter complexion on things in general. Tuesday morning's waking was
in the foothills, and at 7.30 Banff was reached. Sulphur baths and the sighing of winds through the pines made sleep a thing of joy, and life once more seeme eminently worth living.
derful trip through the Ren the won Selkirks. No matter how often tha journey is made it never palls. The Selkirks were full of snow, even down through the timber line, and as the day sun on the snow was marvellous.
At Revelstoke came the first real hint of spring, for here the lawns around the
C.P.R. hotel were being cut for the first time, though even a few miles away the peaks were covered with snow. At Sicamous the trees were showing the first tender green. During the night came the sound of rain, heard for th first time in many months, and with daycherry trees in bloom and many gay wildflowers blooming along the track. It was very misty and these beauties of nature seemed part of a dream. The mist deepened to a white fog as Van pouring down as mand the rain was from the train to the Victoria boat

Before the first headlands were passed he sun was shining; every bit of coast ure, and we were truly in another world Victoria The coast service of the the Beautiful forward deck of all these boats is inclosed in glas and makes a delightful observation par or. It was a little too cool at first to from the but as we drew further awal varmer so that long before the outer harbor of Victoria was reached the boat sides were lined with passengers eager to get a first glimpse of the lovely city by he western sea. We docked at the inner wharf at 2.30 , and after the confinement walk through the grounds in front of the beautiful parliament buildings, see the great beds of tulips and hyacinths, the hododendrons in bloom, the lilacs just pening, and the great beds of wall prers. It was the seventeenth of April and the plum and cherry trees in dropping their blossoms, and the apple blooms were coming out. It was a para dise to eyc; that had looked for weeks on bare, dusty, windswept streets. Tie landing was followed by thre lissful weeks of real leisure. Afte ork which must be done, in spite of protesting nerves, to wake with a soft sea breeze bringing the odor of wallflowers through your window and to lie
looking at the Olympic mountains, seventy miles away across the straits of Juan del Fuca, their long range of snow-
capped peaks changing from whit crimson and purple in the rising sun,
and feel you could lie there wanted to, was pure bliss.
The days went all too quickly in walks to Beacon Hill park, where the golden glory of the gorse and broom was in
dazzling contrast to the purple of great dazzling contrast to the purple of great beds of wild hyacinths, drives round Gor
don Head, Cordova Bay and Uplands trolley runs to Eik Lake, Deep Cove and the Gorge. Everywhere there was beauty, every vacant patch in and out of the city, even though mere masses of rock, was covered with bloom. Any little pocket of soil in the rock, no matter how
small, was a resting spot for verdure and bloom. Many of the lichen were like boquets, while the rock gardens of many homes, with their mixture of wild and cultivated flowers and mosses are very dreams of beauty.

One of the loveliest sights on the island was the Dogwood trees, which seem to reach their greatest perfection there. There used to be a shrub we called Dog.
wood in Ontario, but it could Dogwood only have been a remote and the very plebian cousin of the one slender trees, from twenty to forty feet high, leaves of delicate green and covered with pure white blossoms win centres of old (many of the blossoms three inches mong the great pines and cedars. We used to sit at the trolley windows and say, "Oh, look, there is more Dogwood," and no matter how often in a day we saw it its wonderful beauty n.
to draw forth an exclamation.
to draw forth an exclamation.
Vancouver Island is wonderfully Vancouver Island is wonderfully The quaint Arbutrus trees, that raise heir glossy green heads all winter, while hey pay compliment to the change of season by shredding their bark, were covered in April with great masses of loom; the flowers are in shape rather like lily of the valley, and a creamy nd hawthorne galore, while among the and hawthorne galore, while among the profusion of bright pink blossoms is one of the loveliest.
It is a kindly soil and climate, and many trees and shrubs, not native, apaburnums, horse chestnuts, all grow another home. There is a pretty legend
about the broom and the gorse, to the beloved Governor of the Island, longin for the shrubs of his native Scotland brought out quantities of seed and carrying it in his pockets strewed
wherever he went. Whether this be true or not, the broom has come to stay, and is one of the glories of the island.
It seems as if this story might go on island be left unrecorded. Nothing ha been said of the beauty of the ivy hedges, Hospitality bulb farms, any of which in themselves, but perhe as this story tiresome to those who have not seen it and I want to say something of the beauty of the hospitality. We pride ourselves, and I think quite justly, on the ospitality of the prairies. It is both cordial and kind, but on the prairies we fant newcomers, and we want them to oldtimens do not want newcomers; they do not want touists; they are quite conent to go on as they have done for years. They eye with disfavor some of the in-
novations that have crept in, but their


Mount Elkhorn, B.C.
attitude towards guests is simply charming and their hosphtality is the truest of all, for they invite you into their homes and really try to know you and do for you the things you like best. It is all
so without effort. Their homes are spacious, the kindly climate helps them there, and they do not give crowded teas and big crushes. Ask anyone who has visited any length of time in Victoria and they tell the same story. The small, congenial number, the absence of effort, the
sense of being of importance to your hostess, of being a guest she wishes to honor, not a unit in a social obligation to be discharged in a job lot to economize time and labor. An invitation to afternoon tea in Victoria is something to prize, not something to dread, as it has become
in even the smallest of our Western towns. In Victoria, unless an hour is named, you arrive shortly after three, and everyone brings some work; the circle is not large so all become acquainted. I noted an entire absence of malicious gossip, and gardening
seemed one of the most absorbing topics of conversation.

Whatever charge of slowness may be brought against Victorians in other
directions, absolutely nothing can be said against them on the score of providing Schools and good roads. The splen and Roads did roads are especially noteworthy because of the great country of heavy timber and many rocks.
consider these facts, so will the right kind of a husband. Then remains the selection of the house containing the greatest number of desirable features.
These should not be difficult to agree uhese should not be difficult to agree
upon. Husband and wife then feel that the choice made was the best possible, and that neither one is responsible for the defects which are always found in "rented houses."

## The Privileged Girl

Simple homes have contained the birth-rooms of our world's strongest men, and best women. If a homestead be
surrounded by God's handiwork in nature surrou is by ter to improve, and bs happy. learn as nature teaches, "sermons in stones," to read "books in running brooks," and to understand the voices of the air rre opportunities like Shakeso peare had, and he opened the gates of
Ardon-wood to all the race. He heard the leaves whisper in the trees and listened to the bees heavy with their harvest of honey, and these were lessons that trained him to become an interpreter of nature, and he understood humanity better because of this knowunderstand the lessons of nature Privileged beyond measure is the girl in the country-for she is out in the great quiet, where all things tend towards the development of peaceful personality.
the reflection of a girl's features reflect the reflect
her work.

Many of the farmers of our Western prairies are getting to a point where they can afford to take a holiday in th
winter, and I would suggest that i future they try Victoria rather than California. Why seek under an alien flag what you can get at home?

## 8hould The Husband Or Wire

Among the many things in which Lusbang and one provided, of course bot bet | ones provided, of course, both are |
| :--- |
| sane $\begin{array}{l}\text { mind and sound body. For either }\end{array}$ | to arbitrarily dictate where the home should be would be to to trascend the the

rights of the domestio reletion rights of the domestio relation. Here
comes in the advantase of tise of taste. What a severing of wimhes it the avantage of a siliarit
or John insisted upon a suburban cottage and Jane was equally determined upon an uptown apartment house! of cases is roquisite in the usual number of cases is to make a list of posibibe
houses with rental rates within the imits of the monthly allowance for rent. The second requirement is to live within easy reach of the bread. winnerts.
work. The true wife will be willing to

## 1. The Children's Crusade

$A^{\mathrm{s} \text { diapppointment }}$ pupồn dianppoint think of the strange chronicle of the Children's Crusade
Matthew Amold
children of light who one of the few deal officially with have ever had to of education from the centre, sent me his Prose. Passages twenty-one years ago, and in it 1 ind a favorite quota-
tron from "A French Eton."


Lady Falls on Glacier Creek, a tributary ot Elk River filled after the usual composition oo fighters, whole families of people-old men, women and children swept by the universal torrent of enthusiasm toward
the Holy Land,--the marches, as might have been expected, were tedious and painful. Long before Asia was reached, long before even Europe was half
traversed, the little children in that traversed, the little children in that
travelling multitude began to fancy travelling multitude began to fancy, with a natural impatience, that this
journey must surely be drawing to an end; and every evening, as they came in sight of some town which was the destination of that day's mareh, they cried out eagerly to those who, were with them: "Is this Jerusalem?" No
poor children, not this town nor the next, poor yet the next, is Jerusalem. Jerusalem is far off, and it needs time and strength and much endurance to reach
it. Seas and mountains, labor and peril, it. Seas and mountains, labor and peril,
hunger and thirst, disease and death, are between Jerusalem and you! It is an exquisite apologue; but whether true or not, Mat huw Arnold as-
signs it is true of the children's own signs it is true of the children's own
Crusade, that set forth ncarly a century after Peter the Hermit had come back to Europe to die.
not attested by so many chroniclers of
the time. If followed the last of the Great Crusade; it comes between the Fourth (1202-1204) and the Fifth (1216-1220) and with the Fifth
the Minor Crusades began. The Cruthe Minor Crusades began. The Cru-
sades are variously numbered, but sades are variously numbered, but
adopt the arrangement that modern
writers fayor. The Fifth was the first writers favor. The Fifth was tho first
of the Minor Crusades; the flame was of the Minor Crusades; the flame was
burning itself out, and the long series burning itself out, and the long series
of passionate adventures ended in the of passionate adventures ended in the
Eighth (1272), and the final fall of the exotic Latin Kingdom of Jerusalem. Fifth the dying-down of the blaze was perceptible to Pope and Cardinal and Bishop, and the historian cannot but conclude that the children were treated as fuel to restore the fervency of the
flame. Children were used by the adroit flame. Children were used by the adroit
and unscrupulous priesthood to rouse and unscrupulous priesthood
and inspire other children, and ly the "epidemic of faith" began to rum, like an infantile ailment, among the little ones of Germany and France. The small Crusaders were children of all
ases and conditions in life boys and ages and conditions in life, boys and
without adult leaders or guides; they without addult leaters. or guides; they
wirls, rich and poor. They set forth twok no store of provisions, they were
weaponless, they went with empty purse

Peter the Hermit died in 1115, Abbot Noirmoutier, the abbey he had founded on his return, and it was not until
1212 that the real Children's Crusade began. About that year three troops of children, seventy thousand of them in all, set forth from France and Germany for the East. The story of their going, their faith, their tragic ending, is the story of the most touching episode and the most astounding mani-
festation of the religious fervours of festation of the religious fervours of
the Middle Ages; ineredible if it were
$\square$
 parture; the youngsters broke out of doors, or even through walls, if they were confined. To Cologne and Vendome, the appointed towns of rendezvous, they
flocked in eager crowds. Most of them flocked in eager crowds. Most of them
came from the huts of the peasantry, came from the huts of the peasantry,
but some of them from the castles. Nothing could restrain or thwart them. "Even bars and bolts," one of the chroniclers tells, "could not stay them

Th
They were convinced that they were called to the rescue of the sepulchre
and the Holy Land. "A little child shall lead them," they quoted; "out of the mouths of babes and sucklings Thou hast ordained praise." They cited the call to the young Samuel. As they marched to the rendezvous they sang,
"Jesus, restore to us Thy holy Cross." In all the marvellous pageant of the Middle Ages nothing is more picturesque, and nothing quite so pathetic. "Where go ye?" the astonished folk would cry, as they stood to watch the bright proces-
s:ons file through hamlet and bourg. sions file through hamlet and bourg.
"We go to Jerusalem, to rescue the divine sepulchre," was the reply.
Standing amidst the busy life of Cologne to-day, or in the sunburnt calmness of sleeply Vendome, onf tries in
vain to reconstitute the assembly and vain to reconstitute the assembly and the scene. But one seeks in vain to is no longer possible; was quite natural and usual in the Middle Ages must have died out of human nature and its dreams in the dark, at the shining of the Renaissance sceptical even then and he tried to pre vent the departure of the children from Vendome. But his subjects showed themselves ready to use force against him, even against the Lord's anointed, if he persisted in hindering what they intense faith of the children had become contagious. The watching people were imbued, and "men of grey hairs and tottering steps," one historian tells, "were seized with the infection, and in their second childiood the ardour and credulity of the Forty thousand
assembled at Cologerman children had to the old city, the gifts of the pious were showered upon them. Godfrey the Monk chronicles the death of a thief gifts. The leader of the some of the seems to have been a chorister named Nicholas, a child himself. His plan wa to march up Rhine-bank and cross the Alps to Genoa. There they would be met by a miracle. "The drought w.ll be so great this year," he told the he abysses of the sea will be dre" "oast they were to march across the bed of the Mediterrancan to the event and the shores of the Holy Land.
The German children were the first o move, but one can best study the phenomena of the Children's Crusade It was a French boy who lit the peasant's son, Stephen of Cloyes by ame. As you travel from Chateaudun -heroic Chateaudun where the townsfolk made perhaps the best defence of
the Franco-Prussian war-time-you come, as you make for Vendome, upon the ancient little village of Cloyes and its splendid old belfry rising from a woody slope. It was here that the peasant's
son began to preach the Children's Crusade. Two centuries later, in the ven-lit, so of rance, so calm, so heaven-lit, so open
o blue sky, Jeanne D'Are was to maniest traits like those of Stephen Cloyes, the phenomena of the hysterically and hypnotically devout.
Nothing was psychologically imposof contagious superstition redeemed by being sincere. Not far away from Cloyes, a few score years earlier, when
fire had razed the Chartres, myriads of peasants had yoked women-had dragued, and-men and women-had dragged to the monkish ing the most magnificent of all Gothic

What now are the broad yellow corny plains of Beauce were in those days black with crowding, weeping, praying,
toiling peasantry, who made themselves toiling peasantry, who made themselves voluntary serfs of the Church, gave to
the Lord of Heaven the corves the Lord of Heaven the corvees they be-
grudged their seignieurs, and labored like beasts of burden without wage, until the fane of Our Lady rose from its ashes glorified. The memory of that great effort of faith would linger at Cloyes in the days when Stephen began to listen
and think; and going on pilgrimage to and think; and going on pilgrimage to bore the inscription Virgini Pariturae his soul would speak to him of the marvellous works that faith had wrought. The lad was born with a bright mind and a
sensitive spirit. A kind of genius burned sensitive spirit. A kind of genius burned in him, and he made its flame a lamp aided the flowering of his faith and the conception of his mission. Orders had come from Rome that the Crusading spirit was to be evoked in the populace again. Mournful processions of priests
and monks and nuns and honored pilgrims, clad in black and sack-cored set forth almost daily from cathedral and abbey to perambulate the towns and weep for the captivity of the Holy City, the Bride that was a prisoner to and palmers displayed their wounds and sores, their scallop-shells and scarlet crosses; and they told how the Fourrth Crusade had stopped far short of pent Jerusalem, had come to a mercenary and fratricidal close in the Christian Greeks Stephen of Cloyes would hear and
broodi upon these Jeanne D'Arc and poor Bernadette of Lourdes, he was ready to see nocturnal visions and be hailed by voices superpiety and exaltation had remarked his he was a chosen vessel, ready for the touch of miracle, tow for a timely spark. in picture him by night among the hay a wake horse-shed, dreaming, asleep or when everything around misty moonlight, and thereal, a Figure seems magical ghostly, showing white in the moonlight against the opening in the shed. The Figure wears a crown of thorns, its hands and feet manifest the sacred stigmata, it displays a pierced side.
"Lord, Lord, what wouldst Thou have me to do ", what wouldst Thou hav knees, and clasping his twitching fingers, and turning to the Figure in the moon light a transfigured face.
"Preach a Crusade" the visitant answered, "lead the children of France to princes and kings themselves have an o naught. I will put down the mighty from their seat, and will exalt the young of low degree. Out of the mouth of babes and sucklings I will perfest The Figure's voice was the voice of Che Cure of Cloyes, but the boy was too he Lord detect the mystification Yes, nother-had called him, he tolit his achievement withheld from duke and ling. "That is because of thei reed by children, a siniess band," he old the wondering poor woman. Ah those mothers of saints and mystics and the predestined famous; the nother at Domremy, the mother at Assissi; Monica mether of Augustine; the mother of have seen the fable of the ugly duckling coming true; what hearts of anguish, fear, love, pride, incredulity, and faith were theirs! The mother at Cloyes heard in these words of her son the root cea of the Children's Crusade; inno cence was to be stronger against the
Saracen than all the swords and batter-ing-rams of sin-steeped men-at-arms The children had but to march to
Jerusalem, and at their mere appear-

Ready-made Medicine. - You need no physician for ordinary ills when you have at
hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oill hand a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil.
For coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchia! troubles, it is invaluable, for scalds, burns,
bruises, bruises, sprains it is unsurpassed, while for
cuts, sores, ulcers and the like it is an un-
questionable healer. It needs no testimonial questionable healer. It needs no testimonial
other than the use, and that will satisfy
anyone as to its effectiveness.
ance walls, as of Jericho, were to fall. |where the patricians opened their doors And straightway Stephen Cloyes set forth upon
yearr miles from Paris lay the miracleworking tomb of St. Denis, of Saint Dionysius, first Metropolitan of France. The pilgrims sobbing and praying there looked up one day, at the call of a
boyish voice, and saw the lad from boyish voice, and saw the lad from
Cloyes step forth as preacher. "Out of Cloyes step forth as preacher. "Out of
the mouths of babes and sucklings I the mouths of babes and sucklings I
will perfect praise." Enthusiasm lent wim argument, and French lips never him argument, and French lips never lack for words.
Figure, of the commsion given, he con-
vinced them that he was called of God vinced them that he was called of God
indeed. The place of his first exhortation indeed. The place of his first exhortation
had been cunningly chosen for him by the had been cunningy chosen for him by the
monks who brought him there. Nothing was ineredible at the Shrine of St. Denis. The tomb was a famous place of miraculous cures, an ancient Lourdes of
hysteric agitation; the basilica built hysteric agitation; the basilica built around it was always to be the scene of was to adjure his Protestantism there, for "Paris was worth a mass." There Jeanne D'Arc was to hang her sword
and buckler, her mission done. The and buckler, her mission done. The
family of royal Saint Louise were to be family of royal Saint Louise were to be
buried there. And, at the coming of burie there, And at the coming of
Stephen Cloyes, from St. Denis, a frengy
quickly spread through France, Mino prophets appeared in the provinces to

Where the patricians opened their doors to them. Some of the great Genoese
families, afterwards famous, the families, afterwards famous, the Vivaldis,
for example, are said to have descended for example, are said to have descended from these adopted German lads. Others
pushed on to Pisa and to pushed on to Pisa and to Rome, and a "Sw, a very few, took ship for Palestine.
"Such of these," wrote Michaud "s reached Ptolemais must have caused terror as well as astonishment, by leading the Eastern Christians to believe that Europe had no longer any,"Government or laws or prudent men." What
the Pope said was, "These childre proach us with having fallen asleep while they are hastening to the salvation of the Holy Land.
The remnant of the second twenty housand German children erossed the
Alps by the pass of St . Gothard Alps by the pass of St. Gothard, and
coasted the eastern shore of Italy until they came to what is now Brindisi. At every opening in their hilly path they had scanned the sea for the appearance of their promised miraculous pathway. Disappointed, but hoping still, some of
them reached Brindisi at last. From them reached Brindisi at last. From
that port about three thousand of thein "sailed away into oblivion. Not a word ever came back from them." They vanished into night and mystery, into
pestilence, slavery or the waves, pestilence, slavery, or the waves.
Meantime, the French children, thirty thousand in number, were making across France to Marseilles from Vendome.

And then just one of them, a grown man by that time, appeared in Europe
with a tale to tell. He told how two of the ships had been wrecked, and how the rest of the cen wrecked, and how ports of Bugie and Alexandriai had the haled to the slave-markets and sold into a tyranny worse than death.
The Caliph had bought forty of the bonniest lads, to become his eunuchs and minions. Twelve of the most earnest of , the little Crusaders, refusing to apostatise, were martyred for their faith. A traffic in European children existed; Hugh Ferrers and William Porcus were its merchants, they had
begiied the children wwith their offers of a free passage to Palestine; and those of the five thoussand who were drowned on the way
fate of all.
So ended the most marvellous episode in the history of religious movements during medieval days. It was intended to spur the flagging faith and zeal of Christendom; but it marked the culminathe of fanaticism and the beginning of the revulsion which led up to the Reformation in Germany and France. For in thousands of Rhineland vilages and Rachel was weeping for her Dauphus refusing to be comforted.
procession pass across the plain, and to "Not cry, "Is that Jerusalem?

## The Sorrows of the Rich

"Has r. Jones got the rheumatism?" inquired Mrs. Seymour, when Mr. Seymour came in to dinner. "I noticed that
he walked a little lame as you came dowm the street together," "Shouldn't wonder," replied Mr. Sey-
mour. "Their new house is built on that made land, and it can't be healthy." "How did Mr. Jones walk, mother:" inquired fourteen - year - old Alexander,
"Did he sort of balance himself along as if he was most a fraid to step?" "Why, yes, Alexander,, believe that is
the way he did walk," replied Mrs. Seymour.
Woull, you watch Mrs. Jones, and you'll see that she walks just the same way.
and so do Tom and Janet ", "Therel", exclaimed Mr. Seymour. "That's what pride will dol Just to live in a fashionable part of the eity, Jones has

made cripples of himself and his whole family How long have Tom and Janet | waiked |
| :--- |
| son"" |
| "Ev |

"Ever since they moved into their now house," answered Alexander, "But'tisn't


A pretty seene in the spring time
which the returning pilgrims carried the he preaching of the boy Stephen. The wild-fire leapt the Rhine and lit a blaze in Germany, always apt to imitate and obey. On both sides of the great with the excitement This grew w.la evelation, all for them; it was special their own Crusade. And so the eastward little ones converged on Cologne, and he westward made their rendezvous at endome in the country of the honore rophet Stephen.
ere the first to move. Terman children ed twenty thousand of them up the bank of the Rhine, through a region that then-a-days was savage and inhospitlittle for seem to have lost their way little, for they approached the Alps the mountains came in sight one-half the number had sickened and died, or fallen out of the files by the way. The toils and exposures of the Alpine pass s'ill remuant emerged upon the Only a remnant emerged upon the plains o
Italy-seven thousand only of then were left. Yet that was an imposing
nultitude, and the dwellers on the iedmont plains, whose forbears had itnessed Gallic, Punic and Hunnic hosts uch as these; but turned again to the
plow. children came astened to the lip of that magnificent them, God had not opened for them a passage as of the Red Sea. Discouragement swooped upon them; they murat once, and made

Stephen of Cloyes rode in great state in by an escort of head of them, attended y an escort of young nobles who paid
him the homage due to an almost sacred being The French child Crusaders seem to have had no clear idea of the distance of their bourne, and to have forgotten
that the sea lay between Palestine and France. For, day after day, as the towers and battlements of a town Sancerre or Nevers, Lyons or Valence, rose against the eastward sky, "Is that Jerusalem?" they would cry. Not yet, not yet," answered the the little hearts would droon and the little feet tread wearily all that day. But on the morrow, perhaps, again turret and pinnacle and rampart, blue upon the horizon, and again the eager , ls that Jerusalem?
And again the reply, "Not yet, not
Across the arid stony desert of the Crau, where now the gamester is whirled towards Monte Carlo, the French children toiled, and came at length in sight of
the Mediterranean; and there, as the amethyst waves lapped the shore without hint of recoiling and opening up a
dryshod path, three fourths of the wenty thousand turned their backs upon the East and made for their homes pressed on, and joyfully accepting the Porcus, merchants of Marseilles, crowded themselves into seven small ships, and singing, "We go to rescue Zion," sailed around them also, as the last sa:l vanished from the sight of men who watched from the hill of Notre Dame de
la Garde; and for eighteen years no la Garde; and for eighteen years no
word of the little adventurers came back.

The historian seeks the motive of the
deeds he chronicles, as the key to fit the complicated wards of facts. What in the beginning, was the motive cause of the Children's Crusade?
Contemporary chroniclers assert that Stephen of Cloyes was manipulated and moved by the priests of the Orleannais, because it was needful to buy off, with
the lives of European children, the lives of two priests who were held in bondage and hostage by the Sheikh-al-Jebal, the Old Man of the Mountains, chief of the Hashashim. Mr. Maurice Hewlett has shown how close were the relations be ween the Assassin chiefs and Europea
monarchs. There were several successiv Sheikh-al-Jebal; the story of the chroniclers may be true; dates are not gainst it; nothing is too deliberately Bubolical to have existed in those times. explain the Children's Crusade. The explain the Children's Crusade.
priests may have instigated it, command from Rome; but surely it was the passionate clinging of the impress:onable young to the outward evidences a faith defiled by its own professors and ministers, which caused the frenzy again. The Church was corrupt, even the children saw; but none the less there is a green hill far away," and Christ died on Calvary Hill; the garden, sepulchre, were they not yonder, yonder sepulchre, were they not yonder, yonder
where the sun rose beckoningly day after day, in mute appeal? Yonder lay the sacred Places, woe-begone, soiled by unspeakable Islam; eternal salvation awaited those who should give a new
resurrection to the Passion of our Lord And so the children wept and prayed And so the children wept and prayed
and marched; and as I passed the Crau
not long ago I seemed to see the long
says it's the polished floors. They are
finished as smooth as a pane of glass. He says they have to step so carefully the they can't seem to walk the way they they can'
used to."

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { used to." pity's sake!", exclaimed Mrs. } \\
& \text { "Foymnur. "The idea!" } \\
& \text { "I guess the house isn't very healthy, } \\
& \text { though," continued Alexander, thought- }
\end{aligned}
$$ hough, continued Alexandery healthy, fully. "The doctor was there twice last week, once to see Grandma Jones, and Mr. Sey $10 u r$ nodded. "Malaria," he said, briefly.

Grandma Jones slipped on the sitting room floor and sprained her ankle" ex on the Alexander, "and the cook slipped on the stairs and broke her leg."
"Well!" exclaimed Mr. and Mrs. Sey-
mour, in unison mour, in unison. And Mr. Seymour emarked, as he gazed affectionately at
the worn brown paint on the dining-room he worn brown paint on the dining-room
floor, "There's more than one kind of danger in building a new house."

Indignant Subscriber: "I say, look here, you know, what do you mean by under the heading of 'Distressing Occurence'?
Country Editor: "Dear, dear! I hadn't noticed it; that must be the foreman's
doings; he's a married man himself."
"Have you anything to say," said the judge to the prisoner at the bar, "befor "Only this, your Honor," replied th "Only this, your Honor," replied the of burglary on the testimony of a man who kept his, head under the of a man
bedothes

## The Plane Above

Pren ring had the reputation of being a "bad lot", Yet to his friends dred Deland, who perhaps, happily for her, did not know the immeasurable dis. tance betriven a a good man and a good
fellow he was a good man As Charlie Tellow, he was a good
Kingsiey has said-
"Love always sees the objects of its love
Upon a plane a little bit above;
The loved one as he really ought to
Milared Deland saw in Preston some-
thing for which nowody Preston some- had ever troubled to seek, and of the existence of Which he himself was scarcely aware. She read capabilities and strength in his
face, where others saw only the indelible face, where others saw only the indelible stamp of his
One night shortly after Preston had first met Mildred Deland, her name was mentioned by an acquaintance of his
named Paul Vasher. He looked up and spoke.
"Speaking of Miss Deland, Vasher," he said nonchalantly, "I was introduced to you, my dear chap, you rather overrated her, you know.
"Do you think shortly.
"T'm afraid I do. Perhaps she talked over my head a bit. I don't see that a
woman needs to have brains if she's attractive. Blue-stockings bore me." Vasher coloured. It was an open secret
that he had laid patient but unavailing that he had laid patient but unavailing siege to Mildred Deland's heart.
at any man, and she isn't as you imagine all of them to be-a husband hunter," he said.
Preston laughed. He was too easy-
going to show annoyance, even if he felt
"My dear chap," he said, "you don't know dear chap," he said, "you don' that I do! It's only a question of method with most of them, or shall we call it 'management' on the part of the man? Give me the most 'difficult' woman in the world, and I'll find a means to thanage you drive them-they all answer, sooner or later, to the master hand."
"I can't argue with a cynic like you,"
said Vasher. "But I'd like to bet you
"Don't; you'd lose?" said Preston. He stretched out a lazy hand for a match, and relit his cigar. "If a man makes a bet with me," he pursued, after a deep puff, "I make
never to lose."
"You're an outrageous egotist!" Vasher exclaimed. "But I'll bet you all th descend to give you a serious thought, in spite of all your 'methods' and 'management.'
Vasher spoke with an ugly sneer in his voice, and Preston's eyes flashed "Ill take you," he said quietly wo months? Three "Two," replied Vasher. "Fair means, mind!"
"Fair means," echoed Preston as he rose, stretched his long arms, and yawned. "And perhaps you'll rememand not I, who introduced the lady's name in connection with a wager, in spite of the fact that I am supposed to have a reputation for doing such things." the other men who had been silent listeners.
But Vasher made no answer. part when he had said then Preston's part when he had said that it was a matter of principle with him never to lose a bet. In-his nenchalant, happy-go-
lucky nature there was a curious lucky nature there was a curious were concerned, amounted to a strange
mastery, and it was tuppermost when he mast My, and it was uppermost when he
meland for the second time He looked at her with curiosity, but he sighed as he did so, promising himself nothing in the way of novelty. At their first meeting he had, as he
told Vasher, found her boring, because told Vasher, found her boring, because
she talked too seriously, but afterwards -well, it was so long since a woman had taken him at anything but his own valuation that he found it hard to unManstand why this one should.
Many women had loved him, or proor also professed it; but the intimacy had always ended in boredom and Wothing else.
With Mildred Deland, however, the usual course was not followed. She laughed at his cynicism, and persisted
in adopting an attitude towards him that seemed to say that she knew how much better he was than he chose to let the world think.
From being annoyed and from being had he not felt vaguely flattered-he had he not felt vaguely flattered-he
grew ashamed at his own unworthiness


## Poling up stream agaunst a seven-mile current

What would she say if she knew of 1 note that tried to be matter-of-fact that wager with Vasher? He wished
from the bottom of his heart that from the bottom of his heart that he had never been a party to it.
Women were a nuisance? He did not want to be thought better than he knew himself to be; he recoiled from the loo of sweet trust and confidence with which
the girl's eyes regarded him. It seemed like a searching light turned on the dark spots of his life. He did not want a love that would ask more than he felt he could give, and he vaguely
realized that the conquest of this girl, realized that the conquest of this girl
about which he had wagered with light confidence. would hardly be a source of pride.
She was too good to be humiliated, he reflected, for the whim of a man whose intimate acquaintance with the seamy
side of life had left him callous, selfish side of life had left him callous, selfish,
and practically worthless. and practically worthless.
The thought worried him. Preston was no coward, and he would have face without flinching
What must be must be. He would take what the gods gave.
And the gods gave him the heart of
Mildred Deland Mildred Deland.
It took Preston some time to realize it fully, and when he did the knowledge Tlled him with a kind of panic
The responsibility of this girl's future leaving him powerless to resist. It was only a look a word It was only a look, a word, given
unconsciously by the girl, but it told him that he had won the game-such as it that
If she really knew him, he told himself, she would never have given him a
serious thought, as Vasher had said. It was only because, in some mysterious way, she saw him by the light of her
own sweet faith that this thing had ever come to pass. believed in him-loved him-and he happens to have a bad name.
would ask her to be his wife. would ask her to be his wife. And Vasher and the two other men who had been present when he had accepted the wager? What would she
say when they told her? Preston was positive that they would do so.
It was useless to equivocate. He could not undo the harm he had done, but he
would carry it no further. At least, he would carry it no further. At least, he
could go away and leave her unconscious could go away and leave her unconscious
that he knew her feelings had gone further than friendship.
He would see her no more. She would wonder at first; she would wait; but in the end pride would triumph. She would forge
For the first time for many years Preston put the happiness of another
before his own. He took care that Miss Deland should not meet him.
The days slipped away, and Preston
found himself looking for her in the found himself looking for her in the face of every woman he passed-listenlaugh above all the tumult of his life At length she wrote to him-a little
he too busy?
So the fight began all over again; but to the setpis teeth and shut his ears It was best for her that he should keep away. If he went back, could he appointment in her eyes when she knew His worthlessness?
He lingered very tenderly over the
little note, for he knew that it was th one timid overture she that it was the one timid overture she would make
Afterwards the long silence would begin And then, when the note had been in his possession sufficiently long for it to begin to look very worn, they met one night amid the hurry and bustle of a London railway terminus.
They were face to face
They were face to face before either hand was held in Preston's before he had time to remember his vow.
Trying to hide the joy in her voice; the
girl spoke first. "I spoke first.
"I thought something terrible must have happened, so long."
"No," he answered.
ome, but I have ned. "I wanted to The contrast between the words he spoke so lightly and the deep truth in their meaning struck him with such
force that he broke off and for a moforce that he broke off
His strongest feelings rose in rebellion. Why should he do without her? What was the good of looking for trouble that
perhaps after all, existed only in his perhaps afte
But Preston knew it was something
more than that. Mildred Deland was not the girl to forgive a man easily for having spoken of her lightly-not the girl to believe quickly that a jest could
be so readily turned to earnest. "I was beginning to think you must

He was not worthy-he had never wanted the love of a woman such as he
knew her to be. knew her to be.
Then came the inevitable revulsion. Who cared for what was past and gone?
He would snap his fingers in the face of He would snap his fingers in the face of
the world, and show it that a dog need the world, and show it, that because it
other remote spot," she said. "Even Mr. Vasher did not know what had night." "And what did
Preston, frowning.
"The girl looked up at him and smiled. "Oh, he said that you niever dıd things like other people! Sometimes you vanished for days together, and
then reappeared as if nothing had happened, and with no explanation." "And you believed him?"
"II No, I knew he was only joking." Preston was silent.
"Are you coming down by this train?" asked Mildred, and Preston said "Yes," atended to say.
They found an empty compartment. The girl got in, but Prestom made his cigarette an excuse to stand outside while he endeavored to decide what he
should do. He had not seen her for more should do. He had not seen her for more
than three weeks, and yet here they were back on the old footing.

He looked at her intently. She was good and lovable as well as beautiful, and she believed in him. Did he love her?
Was it because he knew that he was
unworthy of her that he wanted her? unworthy of her that he wanted her?
If he succumbed to her, would he discover the next day or the day after that he regretted his new bondage? Would it end, this romance, as the other had done, in disappointment, weariness,
and boredom?
He threw away his cigarette, stepped into the carriage, shut the door, and sat down beside her. The decision had come suddenly. He would let her settle it all for him, let her give the answer to his doubts. But it was hard to begin. Preston presently realized that he
had been silent for a long time, and that the girl was looking at him wonder ingly.
aske are you thinking about?" she asked as their eyes met. Preston, " an individual, a friend of mine-", "Yes?"
"A man
"A man. Something happened recent ly to rouse him and to show him how
he had wasted the years that had gone he had wasted the years that had gone I suppose some such awakening come to a good many of us some day. It was very pessimistic about it. He said that it all seemed such a hopeless business, that it was all very well to preach
that it's never too late to be what you that it's never too late to,
might have been, but-" "I don't think it is ever too late," said the girl. "If, as you say, we
sooner or later wake up to the fact that we might have done much better, it is generally because some chance to do better has come, some opportunity to-She paused.
"Go on, please!"
She laughed a little nervously
"You will think I am preaching, but I do believe that once in a lifetime every body has a chance to do one good thin that atones for a great deal that is no good which had gone before. Perhaps a chance comes to make a sacrifice, "t "You mean that in such a case we should take the chance?"
"I think we should try to."
"I see."
" see."
The train was rushing swiftly along and Preston felt, as if he were being orne towards some great crisis; he fel journey came to an end, he would be allowed to go no farther along the path towards happiness, the path which, so far, his feet had but touched.
"In this-my friend's case," he said suddenly, "it was a woman, a woman far above him, too good for him. I don't
suppose you understand how a man feels about these things when he really cares "Bat He broke off, forcing a laugh. "But my friend tells me that when he met her he hardly dares to hope that met her he hardly dares to hope that
she might-even give him her friendship." "I think a woman always forgives when she loves."
"But that isn't all. He is afraid he could not make her happy," he went on. for her; so I told him that rather than bring her unhappiness it would be better to go away, leave her, take the chance
you spoke of just now. Don't you think

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The Western Home Monthly
that perhaps this is his chance to do onc that perhaps this is his chance to do onc
good thing, to atone, to blot out
Preston stammered, helpless. The train was already slackening speed.
"Ine girl looked puzzled.
that it is a question that thoughtfully, "that it is a question that the man can only answer himself. Surely he knows
best whether he is likely to bring her unhappiness? He must know if he really, really cares for her, or if it is only a sort of fancy that will pass." The lights of the station that would separate them fashed at the carriage now. The train stopped.
about her as Preston stood up and
opened the door. "I shall tell my friend what you say," he said.
"I could not presume to settle such an ing. "But tell him from me that he knows in his heart what he ought to do. Tell him that if he feels unworthy, if he feels that she would be happier without him "Yes?"
"He will know what I mean," she said. She stepped on to the platform.
"Shall I see you again soon ?" she asked. "Shall I see you again soon ?" she asked. perhaps. Good-bye?
He stood at the open door and watched her cross the platform. He caught the he saw a man emerge from the hurrying crowd and join her. It was Paul Vasher. Preston shut the door and went back to his seat. It seemed a dark omen that thet moment step into the path from which he himself had just withdrawn. The train moved slowly out of the station, and Preston sat staring into the blackness of the night, a prey to bitter jealousy. Had she known, and yet said what she had in order to try him? If
only he could know, if only he could be sure!
But for once in his life the man who flattered himself that he knew women had met one whom he could not master

Paul Vasher had asked Mildred Deland by a new gentleness in her manner gnd by a new gentleness in her manner, and,
like many before him, he was blind to the fact that the light that shines in a
woman's eyes when she looks at one man woman's eyes when she looks at one man may have been lit for another.
but she broke the silence with her gentle
refusal. "Will you tell me why?" he asked un-
steadily "Why is steadily. "Why is it, Mildred ? You
should never regret it. I have lived a straight life; I have not racketed through the world and fooled about like has often laughed at me, but I don't care. I have always loved you. The
kind of life that he and his set lead is of no interest to me. $\mathrm{I}-$-" "What lead?" The girl spoke the words as if they
were forced from her. Vasher shrugged his shoulders. "Oh, the usual thing! Every one "Oh, the usual thing! Every one
knows what he is. The biggest boaster in England, I should say. Brags that he than any man he has ever met. What he means is that he knows how to make love to them. And he tires of everything in a month, and-
The words broke from the girl like a cry, and Vasher started. , What is PresThere was a long silence; then the storm broke. Half mad with jealousy, Vasher sought to tear the veil of belief from the girl's eyes. He tried to show world saw him. He threw the stones that the world's uncharitableness had so often cast, and when at length he stopped he was trembling with passion.
"I don't believe it!" said Mildred again. "I don't believe it!"
or any woman! You do not unows him Mildred. Dear, you don't understand. If he says he cares for you, it is a lie;
he cares for nobody but himself. It is a lie if he says he loves you. Only six
weeks ago he made a wager with me
that he would make you care for him. Hallett and Forsyth was at the club! heard; you can ask them if you don't believe me. Ask Preston himself." - "I will not ask him anything!" the girl burst out passionately "I would not word you have said. I don't believe a and I'd trust him before any one in the world!"
Her voice broke suddenly. She turned and fled, leaving Vasher alone in the darkness.
For a whole day the girl struggled
against the doubts that in spite of against the doubts that, in spite of her own belief in Preston, Vasher had left in her mind.
conversation in the train. Had his "friend" been himself? She trembled as she realized her own blindness.
Was it the truth, after all, that Vasher had spoken, or had Preston really cared, If it were so, she could forgive him story? It it were so, she could forgive him any-
thing. What did the past matter if he loved her? What was there in all the world that she could not forgive if he


Canada's New Governor General, Prince Alexander of Teok and Princess. Their Highne
in the Dominion about Oct. 1st and take up their important duties

Caith in him, with fresh strength to her another day. But the third morning she a woke with tears on her face. The long
night had been filled with dreams of night had been filled with dreams of
Preston. She sat up in bed in the gray Preston. She sat up in bed in the gray
dawn and told herself she could bear it no longer; she must know the truth, She slipped out of bed and wrote a letter to Preston. She wrote it three times before it sounded natural to her. Then she went out of the silent hous and posted it.
she would comfort in the thought that come, or he would write, and he would
cond say-what would he say?
Preston knew before he opened the envelope that bore his name in the girl's handwriting that she had heard all, and Yasher who had dragged him, with no gentle hand, from the high place in her regard where he knew she had set him. He would have to face the disillusionment in her eyes if he obeyed the summons in that note. Suppose he
wrote? What could he say, when there was no excuse to offer
And the girl waited and waited and oped, and found reasons for his slence while they know in their hearts there can be none.
Sometimes, when the house was silent, he would steal downstairs in the dark nt might have come late, it might have
things of him, even when he had left he
been overlooked, it might have been de-
livered by hand, by Preston himself she livered by hand, by Preston himself, she
told herself with piteous hope. But the box was always empty, empty; and slowly she, began to understand that everything was at an end between them - that he would come no more. A few weeks after Mildred had written the unanswered letter an accident hap-
pened to the boat-train from London to pened to the boat-train from London to
Liverpool, and the girl saw Preston's name in the list of those who were seriously injured.
She sat for some time with the paper in her hand. An awful stillness seemed Then about her.
Talking about the accident, in the room said nothing, and presently slipped away to her room. Alone in the cold and darkness, her hands clasped in her lap she tried to picture it all.
and it was hours before the darkness, anjured was hours before some of the wreckage. She thought of Preston-his the strong figure pinned down - helpless perhaps in agony. The man she had him? Even when she had thought hard

When nearly a month had passed, and he met Mildred been afternon in the street. The girl would
stood in her way
"I was coming to see you," he said, and fell into step beside her.
"Preston came home last night," he said abruptly after they had walked said abruptly after they had walked
some way in silence. "Did jou know?" "Yes."
"You h
"You have not seen him?"
Vasher laughed,
"No, I suppose not; even you could not be expected to tie jourself to a useless "I don't understand you," began the girl hurriedly. She did not perceive the sneer in the mant.
fear at her heart
What did he mean? Ther had told that Preston would soon be as well ha ever, that it was only a matter of time Had they lied to her? Would nobody ever tell her the truth?
"Perhaps," Vasher went oh-"perhaps,
though, you welcome his blindnese though, you welcome his blindness as a
bond that will keep him to you, now he is helpless. Is that it ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ " denly refused to move. Her face was very pale.
the voice of one struggling against nome overwhelming terror. He lor
shoulders.
"I thought you knew," he replied in
hard voice. "It is no seeret. They al know. Your own brother told me Perhaps it is fitting that I shal
one to tell you after all. A
little unfavorable little unfavorable puff soon changei
the course of $a$ woman's love; round it goes like a weathercock. What do
mean? Why, that Preston is stone blind For a mome gray, wind-swept street seemed to rusi itself, and Mildred found herself rigaring into Vasher's unhappy face.
She did not doubt the truth of what he had told her; she had read in his eye Without a word she
 ping, as if she could not put distance nough between herself and the man
whose selfish love had dealt her nothin but blows, as if she were trying to outston bind! Blind And they had of life, his love of it, his strength-
blind! And her brother had known; the whole world knew but she, and she lovel whim best.
Had he asked that she should not be told? She stopped still, with a sudden reeling of utter helplessness. There was no git to be found anywhere, no one could go to for
would understand. would understand,
How could she go to Preston and say,
"I love yout I must be with you! Don't send me away because you are blind. I will love you more!" A man might do that were the situation reversed, but she must not. She must act the woman's part-wait at home, hide her feelings, and show a smiling face to the world. told herself as she stood in the growing dusk, trembling and unnerved.
She remembered the letter she had written to him-the letter he had not answered. The memory brought a revulsion of feeling. Suppose he did not
want her? Suppose, after all, her belief had been wrong?
There was no help anywhere. Others might go to him and comfort and cheer and help him through the darkness that was chaining him hand ar
for her there was nothing.
It was late when the girl reached home. As she crossed the hall with footsteps that bravely tried to disguise their weariness, her young brother came to meet her, his face wearing an air of "Go to the litement
"You are wanted. Hury, Mildred," he said
The girl surveyed him doubtfull
"If it is Mr. Vasher, I will not see
him. Say I am ill, dead, anything-only
to bear the misery of doubt, had she not loved him? If he died, she would neve know the truth; she would carry the At that moment something seemed to open her eyes to the truth-some in cloud of doubt and misery that had sur rounded her so long; it was as if she read the truth in the other's heart. And now she could not let him know could not make him understand, coull not tell him that to love is to forgive ven the unknown.
But Preston did not die. After a long where it had kept such close watch. Mildred Deland's brother came home with a cheerful face
aid.
He glanced at his sister, and away again quickly. He was not the only one white cheeks. After a moment she spoke. "I suppose he must be very weak?" "I supposese so, considering that nearly every bone in his body has been "He-he, was going away-abroad, wasn't he
"But he-he won't be able to think going now for some time?" "No," said the boy gravely. "No, he won't be able to think of going abroad
for some time to come." Fate had one more.
Fate had one more card to play, and
dealt it from the hand of Paul Vasher. me alone!"

The boy was too excited to notice the Weary pallor of his sister's face.
better go and see who it is."
Ho puished her, with gentile insistence to the library door, then opened and Th it behind her.
The fire only but there in the noom came from the ire, but there was no mistaking the armehair at the sound of her entrance was Preston.
Ther the moment they stood motionless; room tiil but a step lay between them. She could not see his face in the dim light, but her love for him and the knomiedge of his blindness seemed to
banish gny reserve banieh any reserve that
have kept her from him.
friend that if he felt unworthy of the woman he loved, if he felt that he could not bring her happiness, he should leave
her. I took that for my answer, even though I wes not for my answer, even though I was not certain if you guessed I spoke of myself.'
falling apart in the grate, sent out log den light, and for the first time the girl saw Preston's face, its altered lines, the shadows that pain had left there.
She moved back to him, but she did not touch him.
you," she said "Hing else that I told -that-too?"
He did not ansiwer, but a sudden flush colored his thin face.
"I told you""
"I told you," she said, and her voice
had fallen almost to a whisper-"I told

## The Giant's Week

There is a ge-ge-gentleman ou-outside who wa-wants to see you!" said the Keeper of the gate, rushing into the
throne-room, where the King and Queen and their little Royal Highnesses were holding a rowns and other things on.
The Master of Ceremonies was amazed to see the Keeper, and especially because his knees hair stood right up straight, his face was as white as the King's shirt-collar.
"Excuse me, Your Majesty," exclaimed the Master of Cereminies "but reall the Keeper must be out of his senses." so saying, the Master of Ceremonies seized the Keeper and tried to drag him seized.
out.
"No-o-o, I'm not, cried the Keeper;
"bu-but this ge-gen-
"Don't you know you mustn't stutter before their Royal Highnesses ?" said the Master of Ceremonies, angrily. "G-goodness me" gasped the Keeper "this gentleman is a gi-gi-giant!" "A giant!" exclaimed al the littl and they all rushed from the throne room to see the show.
At this the Keeper promptly fainted and the royal reception came to an end because the whole roomful of Court ladies were struggling to see which could smelling-salts. Presently one of the little Princes came running into the room in high glee.
"Oh, papa!" he cried to the King, "it's a tremendous, real, truly giant, and h has come to see you!" King. At this the little Prince began to laugh. "Why, papa, he couldn't get one There was a sudden silence when the people in the throne-room heard this, and "I "
I hope," said the Master of Cerecareful of your precious person. This giant may be a dangerous creature!" "Pooh!" exclaimed the Prince, who "he not like the Master of Ceremonies, he is as grod-natured as he can stick Do, papa, come out and see him."
doors," said the Master of Ceremonies "Indoors!" said the Prince. "Why, if the whole palace under one arm." "There may be sense in what the boy says," remarked the King, "and maybe it would be wisest not to anger this the danger."
"Danger!" the Prince repeated; "there isn't any danger at all."
As there seemed nothing better to do the King took his son by the hand and went out to the courtyard. As soon as he reached the doorway he saw the
giant-a really remarkable giant. This was no circus giant of seven or eight feet in height, but a real tower of a man whose head was higher than the flag that floated far above the castle roof. Yet
he seemed gentle, and was laughing and he seemed gentle, and was laughing and
trying to hear what the children in the

The King called out, "Who and what
are you? $\quad$ The Giant leaned downward toward the doorway, and said, "Are you the
"Well, I'm John E. Normous, and I have just arrived from Giant Land." "I didn't know there was such a
place," answered the King. "Very likely not," answered the Giant.
"Well, it's very kind of you to call
upon us," said upon us," said the King, at the top of
his voices: "Not so very," replied the Giant. "I'm
one of the visitinr committee" come to-" Then he paísed, "and you
"I will explain," the Giant returned very good-naturedly. "You can see that
I am very big, and very strong." "Oh, yes," the King answered, "I can see that."
"Well, we Giants on the visiting com mittee are sent around to different coun getting along.
"Of course, of course," was the King" remark. "We shall be very glad to hav you look about and make yourself
acquainted with our land. No doubt it acquainted with our land. No doubt it
will be rather difficult to provide for will be rather difficult to provide for
you, but-" you, but-
the Giant replied "yourselves about that," own provisions;" and he tapped a haver sack which he wore slung at his side "I sha'n't make any trouble of that kind but you may not find my visit a very agreeable one. In short, I wish to se justice is done, things fairly distributed and everything properly attended to. shall settle down with you for a week and meanwhile shall keep a sharp lookou for all the rascals in high or low place, , time, I will show you what I came for Here the Giant examined the club he carried-the trunk of a great pine tre iike a ship's mast. Then he went on, "I shall take up my residence near th mountain over there, and I shall be gla
to see any of the people who care to call, o see any of the people, who care to call The Giant bowed politely, took two or three steps and was far away.
The King returned slowly and thought ully to the throne-room, where he found he Queen sitting alone.
They looked at each other in silence or a moment, and then he spoke
"Go? What do you mean?"
"Why, we must be miles and miles away from here by next week," replied the King. "You heard what the brute "Are you afraid of the Giant?" asked The King squirmed uneasily in his "I think it would be wiser to take no isl:s," the King replied at last. "Come let us see to packing the trunk " Next day the Court Physician an sea-air, and in three days the Court wa in a fast express train and on its way to he coast. So eager were all the grea fficials of the Court to attend on Thei Majesties that only those stayed wh were positively commanded by the King
to remain in the capital greater part of the fashionable people of the city were soon on
distant parts of the land.
Meanwhile, after some of the bolder pirits among the citizens had visited Mr. John E. Normous and found hin nost entertaining and agreeable, other the children the Giant was a very great favorite. He would put two fingers under their arms and lift them high into he air and let them run races around his hat brim. Or he would place them on the hands of his watch, first removing very exciting to ride on the great second hand; but even the minute-hand was very good fun. And he would let them climb up tall trees and high mountains, keeping his big hands below so they
couldn't fall Every now and then he would remind his visitors of his intention to return to the city at the end of the week.
So the time passed, and at length came the day for the Giant's return. Just as the sun rose he was seen in the
distance, coming toward the city with giant strides. As he approached a few scurrying figures departed at full speed-on horseback, in carriages, and in
a few trains that had been specially a few trains that had been specially
kept in waiting kept in waiting.
By the time the Giant reached the and some of the citizens, the palace/was
courtyard were shouting to him. King?"
"Yes." "We don't often go visiting." "Ah, I see," said the Kin.
in the foreground , background and a

She put out her hand and touched his
cost as if to assure herself that it was coat as if to assure herself that it was her-to tell her that this was in very truth the man himself
"but you have blind."
"I have come," he said, "to to his. to ask you to forgive me. You youalways thought better of me than I deserved. If you knew the whole truth! When I tell you that the man of whom I spoke to you that night in the train
was myself-when I tell you that Ithat I-"
"You need tell me nothing," she inI knew it all that night just after I left you. Mr. Vasher told mé. That was She suddenly remembered the silence with which he had met her letter. She drew her hand from his,
pain in her voice. "You left with think the worst of you.",
"It was because I loved you. I could not hope that you would forgive me or
believe in me. I thought I was doing the
best-for you. You told me to tell 'my you that a woman-always-forgives a
man-anything-when-when she loves mim!".
The fire had died down again to a dull glow when the girl raised her head and reaching up, ts
tender fingers
"And-you are blind!" she cried, with a piteous sob.
The tender fingers were caught and "No, thank Heaven!" said the man, and there was a new strength in his
voice. "Do you think I should have come to you if it had been so? That only you-in all the world!"

## She Spoke the Vernacula

"I understand that your wife is student of the dead languages."
"Yes," replied Mr. Meekton. her studies are of no particular advan tage. When she talks to me she insist on using language that I can't fail to
understand."
empty except for about half a dozen
hard-working offcers, including the Keeper.
The Giant strode up to the castle front and called to the Keeper.
"Where is the King?",
"Gone, Mr
"I can't say. He left no address." left ${ }^{\prime \prime}$
"No, sir; nobody in particular. Let Assistant Treasurer!"
"Call him."
"Here he is," said the Keeper, pointing to a quiet-looking litt
"Are you the highest officer that didn" "I away", asked the Giant. "I believe so, Mr. Normous," the Third Assistant Treasurer replied.
Very well," replied the Giant; "then
will just ask you to post this little notice., wis ask you to post this little
The Giant handed over a roll of paper containing the following:
To the Good Citizens Who Remained to Welcome Me:
Greeting-This is to thank you all for
your kind attention and friendly calls your kind attention and friendly calls, and to leave word that I have enjoyed


The ill-fated steamship. Empress of Ireland of the Canadian Pacific line, which collided with the collier Storstad in the St Lawrence, near
Rimouski, May 2 Sth and sank, carrying to their death over 1,000 people. Worst matine tragedy in history of Canadian navigation.
much that I may return at any time without previous notice.
I do not find it necessary to carry out any reforms at present, as I understand most of the rascals have for a time left the city. But if I shall find any of them here on my return-which may take
place at any time-I shall know how to deal with them. Farewell-for the present.

\section*{Yours very respectfully, | John E. Normous. |
| :---: |}

When this placard had been displayed he Giant waved his hand good-humored ly to the citizens, turned on his heel and walked away. From that time it is Yet, happy as it was, neither the King nor any of the rest, who had taken a
vacation during what became known as vacation during what became known as
the "Giant's Week" ever came back. the "Giant's Week" ever came back.
Nor did any one ever see again John E. Normous, Esq.
"Dobbs is a mild-mannered man." "Yes, he is; I wonder if he's naturally so, or married?"

Finish every day and be done with it. You have done what you could; some get them as soon as you can. Tomorrow is a new day. You shall begin it
well well and serenely, and with too high a
spirit to be encumbered with your old spirit to be encumbered with your old
nonsense.
"Help! Help! Save me! Save me!" cried the excited passenger, as the
steamer crashed at full speed into the steamer crashed at full sped into the
pier and splinters flew in all directions.
"When asked happenes crew frantically by the arm.
The latter, a tall burly Irishman, for a moment stroked his matted hair reflect ively. Then he replied:
"Happened ma'am? Happened? Why, nothin! It merely looks to m
cap'n forgot we shtop here!"
suddenly to cold clumsiness. After her as she could she tried in her mortification to keep away from Miss Del Orme; but the star patted the empty chair beside her invitingly and was impressively kind until
it was time to step forward with her own exquisitely fo sinished performance. The stage-manager met Ann in the passage stagen she was making her escape ain
instead of reproof, grinned broadly.
"Mother been putting you up to this?" he asked.
She shook her head, surprised. "Why, Mr. Burton, Mother would kill me for
"You are a deep one," he said. "I thought it might be scare, before. "But it was-it is," she protested; then
hurried on lest she should burst into tears: The tears came overwhelmingly in her own apartment. ing by the Carmin her ing "Nom "Now, daughter, what's the sensel" she protested. "Your eyes are your best,
point; for mercy's sake, don't spoil them." point, for mercy's sake, da A a spoismal sob. - Whell, then, if you must bawl, get something out of it,", pursued Mother reasonably. "That is just the sob you want in
your scene with Emerson-see if you your scene with
can't get it again."
Ann dried her eyes with a long sigh. Ann dried her eyes wha any Phillis
"There ins't going to be any Laty
for me announced, despair in her for me," she announced, despair in her
voice.
"Durter! Burton hasn't fired you?"
"Daughter! Burton hasn't fired you?"
". Oh no "Oh, no" The worse I do, the funnier he seems to think it. M Mhs Dld be kind to a b-blithering idiot. In c-can't act
is there. I'm g-going to resign.
"You're going to do nothing of the
kind." Mother folded her stout arms Why, daughter, where is your sand! What if you had had to do Mazeppa on one-night stands-strapped
to the back of any crazy, half-broken horse they could pick up? I didn't cry
about it, either-and I wasn't eighteen.
suggested. "You can just walk through it, Ilter.'
YYou "You make me feel ashamed," Ann had protested. He shook his head at her. "Foxy, foxy!" was his amused comment. not troubling to understand. Monday morning she went swimmingly through her long scene, quite undampened by the dim, empty theatre with its sheeted chairs. A charwoman, crawling out from between the rows, settled back on her heels her solemnly from the rail of one of the boxes. The minor members of the cast, clustering in the wings, glanced at one another affirmatively as she sprang to her
climax. She felt her triumph as keenly climax. She felt her triumph as keenly
as if every chair had held a breathless $\begin{aligned} & \text { as if ever } \\ & \text { spectator. }\end{aligned}$
Burton gave a sharp nod and looked at his watch. "Very good. Again, please." Ann played the whole scene to the gaping charwoman; she had never done it
better. If she had not been so absorbed, better. If she had not been so absorbed,
she might have seen Burton's eyes trying she might have seen Burton's eyes trying
to reach her with some warning signal. When, flushed and tremulous after her final burst, she turned for his approval,
she found herself confronting Miss Del she fo
Orme.
The star stood with her long, thin hands crossed on the knob of her umbrella, her eyebrows arching sharply over drooping
lids, her thin lips drawn down at the corners; the patronizing kindness of the past weeks lost in cool disdain. Burton, on one side of his shrewd face: the other side was always inexpressively smooth. Ann, in her first rush of joy at being seen at her best, moved impulsively toward them. Miss heu anth an imperious gesture to Burton. her with an imperious gesture to Burton.
"Now let us have as little delay as possible, please, " she said sharply.
It took Ann some moments to accept the truth. When there was no longer any doubting the fact that Miss Del Orme was in a jealous rage, some inheritance from
mother awoke in her veins; she played her part with spirit and assurance, her
cheeks burning but her big eyes cool.

Miss Del Orme looked sallow and acid Burton, pausing beside her in an interval, spoke cautiously out of the expressive left side of his face. "Too badl I tried to give you the tip
when she came in. I'm afraid there is no use trying to tone down now," "I have no intention of trying!" Ann was splendid in her'scorn. "She can never frighten me again." His lips screwed to a
dubious dubious whistle.
"She can do you, though," he warned her. Awful pity, after your good bluff. before you were found out."
"I'm not worried."
-Mothers own daughter All the same, my dear, look out for
She's I-T-It on these premises. A messenger interrupted to say that
Miss Del Orme wished to consult with
him in her dressing-room. He came back him in her dressing-room. He came back presently to dismiss the cast, looking preoccupied and annoyed. When they re-
turned that afternoon he gave Ann one expressive glance, buit set them to work expressive glance, but set them-to work
without explanations. Mise Del Orme
Des wishous explanale, but Ann felt no re-
was ore assurance in that. Her confidence in the
friendliness of stars had been seriously friendlin
shaken.
shaken. Burton detained Ann after the others had gone. His manner had ber the others and impersonal. Drawing up a chair to the prompter's table for her, he opened : tattered manuscript,
little," he began curtly "He play down a little," he began curtly; "Have you your
part here?
what to strike out," what to strike out,"
The omissions in the first two acts were not serious a sentence here and there in
the middle of a speech, leavino the cues inchanged; but when he turned to the third cot and her one goo scene she droppeo
the peneil and clasped her hands tiphitly the peneil and clasped her hands tighitly
together with a quick "Oh!" of dismayed together with a quick "Ohr" on dismayee
reproached. All the force and meaning had been eut away - nothing survived but room was left to her, no chance; her part had dropped from a living creation to a bit of bald mechanism.
'Why, it's ruined, it's absurdly, she
stammered. "Why, Mr. Burtonl" stammered. "Why, Mr. Burton!".
His defensive curtness deserted him and
he turned to her, a kindly hand on her he turne
shoulder.
"Say, my dear, I'm awful sorry," he admitted. "I did all I could for you, but
it was no use. You might just as well it was no us
swallow it."
"But how could it hurt her-my one hands fall on thed, "Well, it couldn't. But, you see, हhe's an old story, and the critics will jump at something new. You'd be starred in the morning papers, just because they've
said it all about her so often-see? And she won't stand for that. So there you
are., He had taken Ann's manuscrint are," He had taken Ann's manuscrint
and was quickly lining-out the parts to be omitted.
"What if I give it up?" she demanded uncut," he reminded her. "Go home and uncut," he reminded her. "Go home and
sleep on tit, like a goo girl. Youll count, you know, anyway. No one can preven that.
"Oh, it's too mean". She went away with tears running down her cheeks; she
had worked so hard and cared so vitally! "Werl, daughter, what is it now? Del Orme been looking at you again?" was Mother's greeting.
with an angry laugh
"'She's been looking at Lady Phillis," she explained. "Oh. what's the use of she expl. She flung herself on the couch, and Mother let her cry without comment, turning over the leaves with a determined
tightening of her lips When she laid it tightening of her lips. When she laid it
down there was battle in her quiet movements. "Daughter, it's an outrage," she said
firmy. "I shall see Burton about it myself."
"It won't do any good," sighed Ann; but she felt less desolate, Mother was a
power when she took hold of a situation. Late the next afternoon, when Ann was going doggedly through her denuded part, a strenuous bonnet rounded a Corinthian pillar. Burton started and glanced hurriedly about-as if for shelter.
"Oh, good Lord, Mother!.
"Oh, good Lord, Mother!" he muttered. Mother came across to him with the
deliberate step of fate. He began hurried apology about being too busy to see her now.
"Thats all right, Burton, I can wait, if you prefer, she said, fixing him with a
cold eye.
He
sighbed and dismissed the castfor the dayy It was an hour before Mother emerged. Her bearing never knew defeat, but never-- Burtons time it did not express victory. Am. Burton can'thelp it," she announced to moak fool. That Del Orme has everthing under her thumb." She offered no consolation, leading the way bome in a silience.
Which Ann was too dejected to interrupt. whice Ann mas too dejected to interrupt. was gone
nervoumeess for Arst-night ant sorn A e eared to her searcely worth the trouble of dresing, Emerron, atotiod person whoose one aim in iife wast to keep the precarious avor of Miss Del O Ome, had accepted the
 hearing was her one consolation Burto showed sione. "But for the love of Mike, don't said, with a soolemn smake of his, head The young .woman whose part wait
bounded by
..The carriage is waiting was far more agituted than Ann when the curtion rolled up on the great night Nievertheless, even she caught some firitt $t w o$ acts passed to increasing populat approval She had kept frithfully to ther
reduced linee, but even so had managed to reacead linese but even so had managed to gray pompadour in the fifth row had something to do with this; Mother was a general at starting and prolonging apwere with her-that sea of heads blurred n the whine gare ould them, given her proper seene, brough a
 Thod waiting to go on in the thirrd act. Therd to bear.
A note wai put into her hand. She It was in Mrs. Carmichaels handwrition: Remember whose daughter you are, and that Mother
or Tost a chancee," The underscoring of the last words left her frowning. What could even Mother Then she had to thrust the note into her belt and atep forward to take her cue. Hartost int ehance, flashed into meaning, and the fighting veins. An inner leap of excited recogveins. An inner leap of excited recog-
nition, then, fine-strung, vivid, daring,
desperate, the Lady Phillis of the uncut desperate, the Lady Phillis of the uncut version went on.
She had her house at breathless attevidently under orders to stop rage. Lady Phillis, searching for the fatal letter, had to mount from shame to defiance in spite of him, for at first he stood stolid and unresponsive, then tried could no more have been stopped than the real Lady Phillis. She brushed aside his words, drowned them, carried her part as
if his impassivity were his proper role; if his impassivity were his proper role; she had her emotions at her finger-tips,
and could do with them what she would. When the moment came for the discovery of the letter, Emerson stood between her and its appointed cabinet, but, with an unexpected hand on his pen the drawel Then for the first time her heart failed her; for no letter lay within.
gasped in an envelope, anything!'" she truggle with the lock.
mile was cooly disagreeable, Emerson Chaos opened before her-a climax with its point left out. "Mother!" she
gasped: it had the passion of a prayer gasped: it had the passion of a prayer. ecollection of the note in her belt. To when she turned with the fatal sheet in ber hand
The day was hers now. The little seene that she had mide bir rove bigger
than ever as it mounted to the full fire of its climax. Not a line, not a word was
left out. Behind the scenes there was


## Emerson had to follow her lead, a helpless accomplice. was hers. <br> The courage of her inheritance was still a trumpet in her ears when she swept off swelling after thunder of the audience open triumph into the twithing face of passive phofile to the star, offered her a huge wink fro

mured.

## Mother herself, calm an was waiting just beyond. <br> was waiting just beyond.

"Daughter," she began, "I have just pany; two pany; two managers are to see you to-
morrow. You did very well." morrow. You did very well." Her tone
was that of a satisfied general rather than a proud parent. Then the triumphant empty that was still holding the stage empty swelled, rose to a sum
Suddenly Mother's chin trembled.
"Go back and take your call-stupid,"
she said, and gave her a push.

## A Clerical Comedy

DOCTOR JENKINSON, Bishop of years of springs, was over fifty morning he read in a newspaper that Mrs. Fraser, widow of Henry, son of the late John Fraser, of New York, was about to
return to her native country after a long return to her native country after a long
residence abroad. At the sight of this residence abroad. At the sight of this sion of the corner of his mouth
Thirty years ago, when he was twentytwo, and this Mrs. Fraser eighteen, his theology had trembled before her secular
smiles. She was obviously no wife for a smiles. She was obviously no wife for a
clergyman; which made him love her the more. She gave him a lock of hair, and married a richer and bolder man.
Presently, he got married likewise, from a sense of duty. A celibate clergyman confuses the piety of too many spinsters,
when his celibacy is known to rest as in the Anglican Church, merely on a cest, as in able individual will.
He then made the mistake of keeping
the locket in which he had enshrined the the locket, in which he had enshrined the
hair, in a drawer of his writing-desk, inhair, in a drawer of his writing-desk, in-
stead of confiding it to the nearest pond. stead of confiding it to the nearest pond.
He discovered his mistake in this way:One afternoon he was composing a serOne afternoon he was composing a ser-
mon, which refused to be composed. He
grew weary. grew weary. Soon, quite mechanically-
which is not mentioned as an excuse-which is not mentioned as an excuse-he
opened the drawer, and took out the emopened the drawer, and took out the em-
blem of his Golden Age-of the age before sermons. It is wrong to ridicule high office, but Doctor Jenkinson was not yet a
Bishop; and besides, there was more pathos than absurdity in his devotion more his first love. That flower of romance, far from withering with time, seemed to grow
ever stronger on the sunny side of his ever stronger on the sunny side of his
heart, which it possessed all to itself. undid the locket, and eyed the brown wisp dreamily. Then they were standing by the brook together; then crossing the step-ping-stones, she holding his hand; then wife was peering over it. The contrast when Mrs. Jenkinson, a very gentle saint demanded of him, quite roughly: "Whos is that? A woman's" he was staggered tion. With a tearful kiss she upbraided herself for the suspicion, and when he seemed about to speak, stopped him
quickly. "No, no," she pleaded
ºn not tell me! You will make me feel
worse. My one comfort will be that I
would not let you." that a saint may have at least the logic of a woman, she added: "But, O Henry,
will you-would you marry her', if I were taken?"."
"Her?" smiled he

Her?" smiled he.
I mean the person the hair__",
Oh, no!" he laughed. "No, my dear I can safely promise never to, marry the person the hair belonged to!",
He had now repeated his falsehood thrice -by saying "No," by smiling, and by can hardly be considered an overcharge, even though the promise did afterward
prove costly beyond anticipation. Meanwhile, being blackly underlined by three very solemn pledge.
His wife died
His wife died. He was promoted to the opal residence. In that solitude hisfancy often tried to fly away like a bird to an
ancient haunt. But the good man science, and on the authority conscience, and on the authority of the
scriptures ranked thought and word along-
side of deeds, for good or evil. To think
of Mrs. Fraser at all-in the only way he could think of her-was virtually to vaiolate his emphasized promise to the dead. But the newspap
temptation.
He met her, unexpectedly, at an afterHe met her, unexpectedly, at an after-
noon affair in New York. This was their first meeting since her marriage. When
the hostess asked him to come and speak the hostess asked him to come and speak
to her, his uneasiness was evident. A to her, his uneasiness was evident. A gaitered shank beneath a corpulent figure
gives a topheavy air, and at the mention gives a topheavy air, and at the mention
of Mrs. Fraser's name, his toes so yawned from the carpet, that a waiter flew to his support. He approached with eyes down-
cast.
'The bygone bower who turn to see, May lose the greener memory
temptation. They shook hands. present "Oh," said Mrs. Fraser, "but do look
at me, to see how at me, to see how long it is since we last He ventured a brief glance, and mur-
mured words, of always be yecterday
"Nice of him!"
" Nice of him!" she thought, expanding her feathered fan with a pretty turn of resting. Then the feathers trembled under two sighs breathed from opposite poles. ""Time his not cured you!'"
vowed one; but the Bishop kept the other sigh inarticulate
uttering the words, what a terror while seized him lest it should become to-day His first glance had discovered more allure ments to his mature taste than the girl had offered to his youth.
Mrs. Fraser
Mrs. Fraser remarked afterward to her daughter that the "dear old Bishop" had
been "quite moved." She insisted on his agitation, until her daughter asked, "Now why shouldn't you marry him, mama?', Both her children were married, and both for some time past had been demanding a
stepfather. They disliked having their stepfather. They disliked having their
mother at a loose end. She had retained too much of her prettiness. A second
marriage to a good man would be safer marriage to a good man would be safer
and happier for her. They neglected no opportunity of realizing their plan. Doc-
tor Jenkinson was an ideal Mrs. Fraser smiled quaintly over the But she did not more than say no. Novelty has its charm, and what more nove to her than the reposeful dignity of an
episcopal life? And then, he had never episcopal life? And then, he had never
ceased to worship her! Much slighter marks of interest would have convinced her of that. It were pleasant to reward an Heloise.
Some other meetings, however, caused a
doubt of Abelard's willingness to be ra doubt of Abelard's willingness to be re-
warded. At the widow's side Doctor Jenkinson was aware of forces inside him, which threatened to overcome his self-
control. To break his promise to his dead control. To break his promise to his dead wife, about the person the hair had beand there, to the devil. And, in thought at least, he strained this promise, when-
ever he saw Mrs. Fraser. He held aloof. If she succeeded in cornering him, his She felt became foggy-not one smile. She fett the more vexation because her
children were looking for a willing captive. children were looking for a willing captive.
Soon her self-respect compelled her to
create a rival. She chose the Table It create a rival. She chose the Table. It
vas impersonal. She drew attention to was impersonal. She drew attention to
his corpulence, and declared him sunken in
materialism--incapable of materialism--incapable of sentiment.
Anon, he withdrew to Siratora Anon, he withdrew to Saratoga. But
severe temptations prefor s itude; and his
inward struggle continued. In March
business brought him to New York again and he accepted an invitation to dine at Mrs. Van Pelt's. His principles con ing to draw a large missionary subscription from Mr. Van Pelt, and thought that after dinner in his own house might be the mo ment for persuading the millionaire. So he waived his scruples, as he would waive to self-deception, but we seldom court temptations which we dare not yield to it is improbable that he looked to meeting Mrs. Fraser at this dinner-although, ineed, she was the hostess' aunt.
She was there, and even intended to use the occasiun for deciding her relations with may have stimulated her. Certainly, her children did. They were perpetually threatening her with an Italian or Spanish adventurer to make her latter days miser-
able. If Doctor Jenkinson distrusted himable. If Doctor Jenkinson distrusted him-
self at her particular side, she doubted her self at her particular side, she doubted her
seff-control more generally. She began to feel the need of a safe-conduct, and who would not trust a Bishop? On the other hand, she had accepted an invitation to yacht in the Mediterranean, and was to
start in ten days' time. Heaven alone start in ten days' time. Heaven alone
knew whether the Bishop would ever again find her single. In any case, they were not young enough to delay. It must be now or never.
When her niece mentioned that Doctor "Oh, no!" and pulted a face in, she cried ."My dear auntie," replied Mrs. Van Pelt, reprovingly, "you will have a dinner sauce sentimentale, which is much nicer
than a la financiere! I am condemned to than a la finan the Trolley King." "Sentimental! That dear good Bishop I am sure he won't refuse a single course!" "If he was so heartless," said Mrs. Van
Pelt, "he would deserve a good punish Pelt, "he would deserve a good punish-
ment. But yo:rll both be up-upl" ment. B:at yound both be up"It is so difficult to punish people!" observed Mrs. Fraser, medita tively. Then, with a sudden smile, she
added: "I really think I will! It would added: "I really think I will! It would make dinner quite exciting-a kind of course-not counting sweets or thingsto save him; otherwise, turn my pony "Your pony?", exclaimed Mrs. Van
felt in astonishment. "elt, in astonishment. "Yes," said her aunt. D. Didn't I eve tell you that I gave him-". At this point she was
When the Bishop was dirccicd to her as is partner at table, he wished in one compartment of his inmost soul that he had not trifled with principle for the sake her had been waxing pitilessly. He could not get her away from his heart, try as he might. Remorse and fear filled him.
And now to sit by her through a long And now to sit by her through a long
dinner! He compared himself to Saint Anthony; which parallel, considering his promise, and his delicate code of morals, was not altogether inept. But to what martyr would he have likened himself,
had Mrs. Fraser's present thoughts been as apparent to him as her smile, while she took his arm?
lends itself to genteel descrintion a contest between the widow's coquetry
and the mastication of the Bishop. In and the mastication of the Bishop. In
pursuit of her end, she overshowered him with amorous arrows; whence he, careful of his salvation, could at last find no
refuge, except by ducking his head and eating-eating everything. The table was too broad to permit a crosswise conversation; his other neighbor, a girl, flirted ceaselessly with the man beyond her. He
was left helpless between Mrs. Fraser and his plate; and, as soon as the meat courses began, both were sin. So far as he could, he chose the plate, as the minor iniquity. But the more he chose it, the angrier grew she, and the more strenuously did she try to stultify her own prophecy, that he would
accept every course. Her pride was hurt: marriage faded into the distance; and she had sworn to tell him about her pony if
his gluttony defied her charms to the erd. his gluttony defied her charms to the erd.
Such is the outline of the drama, before the climex.
To glance at some details. Mrs. Fraser happened to have a youth at her other end,
to match the Bishop's girl. During the oysters, she sighed, with a ring-flashing gesture either way, "Lest we forget He echocd her sigh, with another inten
tion,

Proud of the appropriateness of her anglage, poral, though I don't suppose our neigbors, can see much
between us and dhings eernal." dding,; as he perched his glaseses on his nose, and took up the menu, "in matters Would ho put it like that? she inquired,
reproachaul, before the soup was finished, he hadd discovered something of his danger. In the succeading interva, he densovered he would not mind?-about a friend of hers, who was so unhappy as to think
life not worth living. She had married iife not worth living. She had married the wrong man. St She had loved another that- heing in onve without knowing it? "I-I don't know," said he; timorounsl.
To which .she answered, with much melancholy, Ab, if only all of us could anylover, but particulularly his conscience and his heart. Did she mean that she had loved him without knowing it? The suspicion destroyed his main sateguard-his
ponviction that she
had never conviction that she had never cared a straw for him. What rapture, and what
torment in the same instant!
His promise came before his eyes, luridly underscored. He breathed hard, like a swimmer about to sink; but in this extremity he was suc cored. like Jonah, by a fish. While he quickly placed eos the prophets, she har ried him with such questions as: ". What comfort can one give to the poor soul? And when, between two bites, he sair "Religion," sidewise, she complained Yese but that is so asstract." He could harduy withhol bimserf from saying, tion, my darling!" And the blasphemy of the thought reddened his face, and made him perspire; observing which, Mrs Fraser had her first misgiving about the result of her race-game. Her niece, howprompted her to fresh activity
She began to evoke youthful days in the country; the Bishop then studied the menu desperately. She wondered at his gluttony, and harped more powerfully on melting within him, and when the next course came round, accepted it eagerly although it was a sweetbread, Lent and a Friday. Moreover, opposite to him sat a or (as one might say) capital, was pure or (as one might say) capital, was pure
Doric, when he glanced furtively toward her from his plate. At the sight, he misplaced a morsel, and began to choke. Mrs, Fraser looked coldly at him, too. The spobbled too fast. Disgust did not, howver, abate her efforts. She would not be another, and The courses succeeded one him to devour the next. She tried every spring of sentiment. Before the joint, piece of hair she had given him. Sh asked him whether he had kept it at all and why-" these silly trifles are so flattering to us poor women!"-and whatever
pleasure he could have found in looking at pleasure he could have found in looking at the plate of beef out of the footman's
hands before he could set it down. The pillar inclined toward him, but he scowled her into silence. Mrs. Fraser shuddered, mained. If he took it, she would tell him about the pony! She would not marry a But she would be fair. She would mak very excuse. So large a body must need plenty of nourishment. She would not be ko a chit of seventeen, who expects he would forgive the previous courses, and she would do her best to save him from the last, irretrievable transgression over his shoulder, she said, in tones as ou know, your past as any sunset, "Do has been the greatest consolation to me "Y'es, please!" cried the Bishop, before she could finish; and his voice was so ruculent that she jerked a wine-glass ove While she the pheasant's wing. Then there was ". wardly. Apart from the fierce spiritual
struggle, this rapid consumption of so
much food was cuusing much food was causing him physical dis-
comfort. Mrs. Fraser bided her time with an ironical smile on her lips. She only wished that her revelation might
really hurt him but what could hurt such really hurt him; but what could hurt such
a glutton except starvation? a glutton, except starvation? When ices,
shaped like cockle-shells, adorned their skaped like cockle-shells, adorned their
places, she began:
"Bishop make to youl
His endurance was near its end. He replied brusquely, "I don't receive them except in the proper place!' His tone was an awkward disclosure, after the way she had just been talkfhg about the hair
"A piece of news, then! That hai you know-it wasn't really my own, I'm afraid. Do you remember my pony,
Sambo?
I cut it from him." with no apology-she was only returnin a blow-she drew back in her chair, and looked angry
Hie had started while' she was speaking. "His face was full of bewilderment. "What?" he asked brokenly. "It wasn" the first time during dinner. "Not yours?" he repeated, eagerness beginning to show through his bewilderment. "Not yours?" he cried again, still more eagerly He was trying to assume an amused air she thought, and she answered, sharply,
"No, it was not!"'
intense relief he cried, heaving a sigh of
thank God!"
"Your gratitude seems to be easily moved!" she sneered.
"Then," he went on, "then I told the truth, after all! And-and I didn't
really $-I$ haven't promised anything "I was not aware," returned Mrs Fraser, severely - wondering whether people ever went out of their minds
through overeating-"that I had asked hrough overeating-
ou for any promis
He did not seem to hear her; but, after asked in a tremulous voic "Do and really remember all those dear old days you we
Fraser?
."
.
"No," said the ingation,
He winced and drew back. "Then he said, plaintively, "But you spoke just now "Just now," interrupted she, "I forgot myself!'"
The Bishop's chin settled on his chest. He took up the menu once more, which very sorry," he said at last. "I was bevery sory, " hep said." He hesitated.
ginning to hope "To hope?" repeated Mrs. Fraser, sud-
denly interested. His manner had cerdenly interested. His manner had cerainly change
Then the Bishop began to fold the stiff menu up, while he said, in a slow, despairing voice: "I am no longer young,
Mrs.
Fraser. I
I have little to offer you." Then he forced himself to the point. Much or little," he burst out, "if you "Oh, hush!" whispered she, looking ound, nervously. "You surprise mel Please remember where we are It was not until quite the end of dessert that she asked him to explain the mys-
teries of his behavior that evening. After which: "It was very wrong of youl" she smiled. "On a Friday, too! And how could I help thinking it was a love for eating?"
"Love for eating!" groaned he.
年的 now!" she smiled. "It "The other way about? Yes," he added, "exactly."
"But," asked Mrs. Van Pelt in the drawing-room, "whenever did he find ime, auntie? He was bo-so busy. "My dear," answered Mrs. Fraser, "'if "had eaten one moum', And that was probably true.

This anecdote shows how, when a man turns away from happiness to pursue duty,
Providence will sometimes change his course secretly, so as to bring him round to the pleasant places, after all, which he his game, because of the surprise in it. Therefore, if you expect the reward, you
will not get it. The anecdote conveys will not get it. The anecdote conveys useful and agreeable.

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Young People

My White-Capped Nurse By Edward N. Pomeroy

Day by day, with unconscious grace nurse: and go, my white-capped As light your step, as bright your face

Strange to your kindred, far from home, And meeting, with unquickened breath ${ }^{\text {, }}$ Man's final foe, you have become
Familiar with the face of Death.

When, in the spacious void of night, nce and again, and seared my sight You held my hand until he fled.

An, as I leave this sacred room And you, I breathe a farewell prayer
That Heaven may bring you fadeless And I inhale the fragrance there.

## The Circus

Jane Adams Parker
Little Red Hen ran into the barn. The Muff!", she cried. "Come quick! The circus is coming down the, street. "I don't know what a circus is," said Muff, "but it sounds fine." he ran along by tittle R and crow. Then "What makes you crow so loud?" asked Brown Duck
"Because the circus is coming," an-
swered Mff "Quack! Quack! Year the drum?" Brown Dúck, as she ran after Muff. "What are you quacking so loud for?"
asked Red Chip and Bushy Tail running asked Red Chip and Bushy Tail running "The circus is
coming," called Brown Duck, hurrying to catch up to Little Red Hen and Muff. Wild Bunny and Old Jim Crow. "Wo Wild Bunny and Old Jim,
are going to see the circus."
Just as they were going out of the front
gate, they heard a funny little squeak gate, they heard a funny little squeak,
and who did they see, but Father Mud Turtle and Old Hop Toad. not wailk for fast.", they cried. "We can"Gray Field Mouse wanted to come," sometimes they had cats at the circus; and she doesn't like cats.
"And Mr. Sleepy Froo rather take a nap down by the pond" "Boom! Boom?" went the drum.
"What fun!" cried Muff. "See the beautiful horses! Ohl Ohl See the bear!"
Muff was so happy he had to stop and
crow about it. Just then th
bear saw Muff. man leading the white "See," he called to the man on the beautiful horse in front of him, "See that
little rooster is just the one we want for little rooster is just the one we want for
our show. II will teach him to ride on my He stopped and picked up Muff Muff as the, Little Red Hen" crowed Muff as the man carried him off. "I am sorry to leave you; but think of the fun
of being a circus chicken. Next time maybe they will take you too."
Little Red Hen, Brown Duck and all he rest of the animals went back homie very slowly.
Next time, down your street look the circus comes riding on the white bear's back. And riding on the white bear's back. And
maybe you will see Little Red Hen too.

## Two Garbs <br> By Edwin L. Sabin

In Willie Smith, a boy I know (His age I'll let you guess),
According as my records'go, I mark two styles of dress. The one-'tis hardly spick and span, Hust his own; the other plan His mother's is, to wit:
Hair nicely combed and face a-shine; A spotless waist with collar fine A jaunty little coat
A pair of knickerbockers neat; A pair of holeless hose; A pair of shoes upon his feet,

But Willie Smith himself prefers Quite widely different from hers As in these lines is shown Hair mussed, face streaked, waist stained, The loveknot a Hose frayed and knickerbockers worn; And shoes scuffed through and through!
So here, in brief, we have the styles But what the scheme which One method with the other? In answer I will promptly say He goes out dressed in is: He goes out dressed in mother's way-
And comes back home in his!

Winnipeg, June, 1914.

A Borrowed Watch
By Albert W. Tolman
"Borrowing", said the leather-worker is a gowing, said the leather-worker
enough to borrow not to do. It's bad
money, but then you enough to borrow money, but then you
don't have to return the identical cash.
When you bere for some article that can't be duowever, youre likely to find yourself in a bad box.
got my lesson at sixten. ${ }^{1}$ got my lesson at sixteen.
who sold about all that fall for Jim Silisbee Hown Jim was a Civil War wear used in my
townd world of. Its value was just about what it would have brought for the melting-pot, and every night at nine he had to push it
forward to make up a minute or two it had forvorten momewherere muringe ort the dayt had Corgoten somewhere during the day; but
thblitack had dint where it had stopped a
bullet at Cold Herber bullet at Cold Harbor, and he wouldn't
have swapped it for the finest gold Swiss er made.
her was paripal amusement that December was partridgeshooting. The birds
were fairly plentifulin the woods along the bay two miles from town. Oode cold afternoon, when business was slack I asked my employer if I might go out between four and six after 'budders', As every gunner tween sundown and dark, fying yup into
the poplars and yellow birches after the ender tips.
-Good hearted Jim couldn't refuse. sure to get back by six, for I want to gly be myself this evening.'
"My watch was at the jeweler's for a new mainspring. Without a timepiece of start for town.
.". Will you lend me your watch Mr "The minute th
sorry I I'd spoken, for I remembered how nuch Jim thought of that old watch. He ncomfortable. Then as if ashamed his delay, he pulled it out guickly and pressed itinto my hand. It ard a leather fob, with a regimental charm of oxidized silver on the end of it.
Billy? Take good care of her, won't you
" "Sure 'I replied. 'T'll bring you back

- Away I hurried at a half-run Sc my brown spaniel, frisking aheead. 1 lhad , my light, twelve-gauge, double-barreled found me at a bend in the road, where $I$ 'd planned to strike into the woods. Jim' watch I putinto the little outside pocket of my reefer with the fob hanging out; that would save unbuttoning my cost whenever "With Scamp beating the birch I picked my way very cautiously down toward the shore, looking and listening for
birds. Perhaps I ought to say that there birds. Perhaps 1 ought to say that there is a law on partridges now in December,
but that there was none at that time. Pretty soon I could hear the surf at the foot of the steep bluffs that lined the bay. It was nipping cold, not much more than ten
above. The woods were full of ice. above. The woods were full of ice.
.Suddenly Scamp began barking. Cocking my right barrel, $\bar{T}$ crept up. He was rig the bluff, and looking down at him from the end of a limb sat a fat partridge, the partridge that was pledged to Jim for the loan of his watch. I gave him the barrel. almost to the brink.
"LLeaning my gun against the birch, I worked myself very carefully from trunk to trunk to the very edge where the cliff Right arm round a large spruce, I stooped and picked up my bird. As I rose, rubbing against the trunk, a short, sharp stub
caught the fob, and twitched Jim's watch out of my pocket. Before I could make a
grab, it dropped and slid over the brink. "Here was a pretty kettle of fish! My didn't really think there'd be any great difficulty in finding it, but I s sean I' I got to
descend to the foot of the cliff, as it had descend to the foot of the cliff, as it had
probably slid all the way down. Holding n to the boughs of the spruce, I looked "It was too steep to scramble down there. Laying Jim 's partridge beside my
gun, Ilooked about until, a hundred feet or so alongishore, I found a good place to descend. Ioon I was at the edge of the watch, if I had to hunt all night.
"The spot I wished to search lay in a
slight bend of the shore,
one must to goach it,
ons out tound a point. The tide drove the waves savagely against the rocks. Thad to watch my chance, and run when they rolled back. Even then it wasn't much fun, for I had to wade almost who had tops of my rubber boots. Scamp, toe-nails, started to follow, but the ins
water drove him back, whimpering and yelping.
slippery black rocks as I could over the siippery black rocks and yellow weed. I round that point. Soon I was right unde the spruce where the timepiece had slid
over. At the crest of the clifif sparse twigs over. At the crest of the cliff sparse twigs
and sprays of hardhack and ground juniper projected through the glare ioe, which fell
sharply to the rockweed at about hall-tide mark. Reasoning that the watch must have fallen into the weed, I began searching there,
feelings mad a dismal time of day, and my feelings made it doubly so for me. At my
back was the frozen clifi while only a fe yards in front white crests, whipped into spray by the chill wind, were foaming over
the ledges. East and north a darkening sky overhung the bay, set with islands like ink smudges, and relieved only
three distant, scattered lights
"The minute I ran my hands down through the weed and found what kind of rock lay under it I felt discouraged. was spit into deep fissures, up some of
which the waves were already running. which the waves were already running. watch meight be.
"One crevice was especially deep. After vainly pawing everysting else I felt sure it was so narrow I couldn't reach the bottom. I worked with all my might, for he tide was rising, and the waves wer
cutting off my retreat round the point.
"Every minute I became more worried its value. It watch. It wasn't because o renlaced for five dollars. But the associations around it could never be replaced
Had it been my own, I wouldn't have cared a hundredth part so much.

At last, after a long period of fumbling, prodding and poking, search. The watch must have struck some projection of rock or ice, and bounded
to one side or the other. I hated to confoss myself or beaten, but it was now quite dark, and the spray was drenching me. I resolved to come down early in the mon
ing, and. if need be. hunt at low tide. ing, and. if need be. hunt at low tide. " Now I must go back to town, and face
Jim. The thought made me sick, but Jim. The thought made me sick, but there was nothing else to do. I glanced
at the point; the seas were dashing on it feather-white. They would sweep me away if I tried to get round it. Alongshore
the other way it was still worse. My only the other way it was still worse. My only
course was up the bluff. "Up to this time I.
ery carefully, taking it for granted that, if very carefoly, taking it or granted that, Now I felt a little apprehensive. How
steep and icy it was! $\begin{aligned} & \text { But Id simply got }\end{aligned}$ to rlimb it. The tide would soon drive me off the rockweed. So I started.
."The lower slope was covered with
nodules and bosses of salt ice to a height of about ten feet, and didn't give me much ing became much harder. The rocks rose almost sheer and were varnished with a coating of fresh ice, where water had
trickled down over the cliff. At the top, about twenty feet above, the spruce swung down two low branches. Once I got my
hand on those, I should be all right. hand on those, $I$ should be all right.
"By exercising the greatest care, fighting
or every inch and sticking to the surface for every inch and sticking to the surface
like a fly I managed to get half-way up then I couldn't gain another millimeter while up its icy glaze was smooth as win-dow-glass and ten times more slippery.
Holding on by each hand in turn, I felt verywhere with the other to find some rough spot, but couldn't. And there were
those tantalizing spruce boughs only a
yard above ،
"For a long time I kept my precarious chilled me through and through. The spray from the rapidly rising tide froze on my clothing.
".That I could be in actual peril of my
life so near home seemed ridiculous. Yit
there appeared to be no way to scale the
clifif and if $I$ slipped back into that surf, roaring and snatching at my feet, I hadn' "Theroad a chance.
voice, rebounding from mile away; butmy my face would neverreach it wail the bay behind 1 heard a faint, muffled thudding; and screwing my head round, I saw a hundred rods off. She was travelling fast. I didn't even try to shout. Against tha gale and roaring surf my voice wouldn't
carry a quarter of thedistance; and even if
they they saw me, I should be to them only a
black spot against the white cliff. "A forlora against the white cliff
I might cut steps in the ice. But I dis missed the idea at once. My knife wasin my inside pocket; I I ouldn't get at it withMy life hung on the
and they were on the tips of numb. Ingers, stick there but a little longer; thenDespairingly I strained my eyes, seeking
the merest chance. They caught sight of a little clump of hardy cauck and dijuniper
lite projecting perhaps three inches above th would bear my weirgt but for a single
second, I could seize the spruce boughs If they weren't strong enought to hold meI shuddered
"But it was the twigs or nothing; and one or the other very quickly. Id din't dare o wait any longer. If I did, I should presently drop back ward, exhausted and
frozen. I
must do what I could while I rozen. litl must do what
"Stiffening myself against the bluff It go very carefully with my right hand, and felt among the hardhack for something to get hold of. My fingers touched a hard,
round objeet-Jim's watch. In my perill round object-Jim's watch. In my perili t':e big link of the fob had caught on a stub, and the little jungle had concealed it from my sight.
UI fumb
.
.
watch, and drabout tint had freed the would save it, if I saved myself. Then, summoning all my powers for one quick twiss in my right hand, another in my left and lifted myself like lightning. Almost
before the hardhack had time to feel my before the harchack had time to feel my
weight I had let go with my right hand, weight I had let go with my right ha
and shot it toward the spruce boughs. "For the fraction of a second all hung the balance. The twigs under my left hand were giving away. As they yielded, my fingers closed round the rough spruce the hope of life came back.
"Two minutes later I was swinging
myself up from trunk to trunk; but I didn't feel entirely safe until $I$ reached the tree where I had left my bird and gun.
Then with Scamp capering and barking Then with Scamp capering and barking
round me I hobbled like a wooden man up to the road.
night, but I had the pleasure of handin Jim his watch and partridge. He didn't realize how close he had come to never
seeing either, and I didn't tell him. That lesson on borrowing sunk in deep, and I'va

## Tocasa

Tocasa lived on an island in the Pacific nearly on the equator, and on that island ho sthat land, is sixy-free years old, which, On lan, is a great age
On his island is a mission and a print-ng-press and a school; and some of the dress somewhat after the manner of
civilized men; but Tocasa in his youth resisted all these influences. His savare girdle sufficed for clothing, and the culture
of savage life was sufficient of savage iife was sufficient for him. No
so, however, the vices of savagery.
these he adde traders taught, and was wild and reckles He slipped away on a whaler some fifty ears ago, and took a postgraduate course
in sin. For thirty-five years he before the mast. He rounded the Horn again and again, and sailed several times
ound the Cape of Good Hope edford and Nantucket became familiar o him and the dance-halls in the North
End of Boston; and he knew the of evil resort in almost every port on the One evening two boats got fast to a
hale, and one was upset, while the other
was carried far away. Tocasa was in the capized boat, and when he came up, got
hold of the boat, and held on. By a
depperate effort and the help of hoesperate effort and the help on a By a he righted the boat, and climbing in, bailed it out.
He waited all night. When morning
dawned he could not see the ship, and gave hawned he could not see the ship, and gave endless night and that despairing day of hunger and thirst and fearfulisolation promised God that if helived he would be a better man. A schooner picked him
up toward night, but he forgou his vow.
Again he was in peril, and again he vowed, and again he broke the promise At lat thit
At last, after thirty-five years of
absence, he went home. It was, a sad day for the island. He enticed the young men into evil; he set at naught the influence of the mission. He was not only
a heathen, but a degenerate, too. On that island were many titled men. And according to the custom of their past,
every death in the line of succession brought each man of title nearer the throne. It was a poor little ethrone; but
death had been busy in the years of Todeath had been busy in the years of Tocasa's absence, and on his return eew men
stood above him. One day Tocasa bestood abovv
came king.
In his years before the mast Tocasa had
earned to work. He had land thas must be tilled and to keep it in that must cultivation was no small task; for there
are twenty-two feet are twenty-two feet-not inches-of rain
each year, and the wild growth springs up while one watches it.
Tocasa was working with other men,
cutting brush with a machete. He was left-handed, and cut a deep wound in his right wrist. Blood-poisoning set in, and he came nearer deatht than ever beefore.
In his pain and fear he sent for the misionIn his pain and fear he sent for the mission-
ary, who washed his swollen wound and ary, who washed his swollen wound and
then told him that he probably had not long to live. But the antiseptic dressings the poison, and To For six years now Tocasa has been a
member of the little mission church. On Sunday mornings he stands at the church door, inviting young men to come in.
He speaks regularly at prayer-meeting, He speaks regularly at prayer-meeting,
and warns his people against the sins both of savagery and of civilization. He is strivi
best he can.
Such is the brief outline, to this date, of the life of Tocasa. LLet us hope that
when the final date and inevitable end are recorded, which must be before many years, th achso may be said: that he who light and truth was faithful to the end.
"The Common Fate of All Things Rare"
By Harriet Prescott Spofford
What is it to grow old? To fare With gathering silver in the hair, The bloom forsake the countenance, The red the lip; the simple change To something pitiful and strange
To see the tremulous thin To see the tremulous thin hand
Where theflue veins like traitors stand; Oo see each morning in the glass A gray and weary spectre pass
Across the face of youth-ah me, We half forgot had ceased to be!
What is it, being old? To feel To note the faint oubsh the footsteps steal Make daylight dull and darkness dense When sunsets glow, when stars burn cold When purple mists the woodland fold,
When passing wafts of fragrance make When passing wafts of fragrance make
The heart with ancient memory break, When waves sing up the shore, to know To see the pageant passing by,
To long for death, and dread to die!
The compensation? 'Tis to wait Close, close upon the outer gate And guards the country of delight,The land already seen in gleams, Theland of allour lovely dreams,-
Conscious how slight the bar has grow Between us and the vast unknown. Grown old, to feel more warmly shine ove that can only be divine;
To be no more a leaf wind-drive But daily drawing nearer heaven

## In Lighter Vein

## Accountingfor Disease

Boston children are sometimes credited Boston children are sometimes credited
with vast stores of knowledge, but one twelve-year-old girl of that city has apparently neglected her opportunities. A traveling circus was putting up its
tents in the environs of Boston, when a tents in the environs of Boston, when a oung girl approached the leopards cage the animal's head, and as a result was badly scratched and bitten. One of her companions hurried home to ell of the accident and concluded he tory with:
mother, do you suppose Annie wil Another now?" Another story is told of an elderly
woman, also of Boston, who told her neighbor that she had suffered from gastritis for nearly a year, and that the nly way that she could account for it was gas in a dreadful way.

He Kept At It

A gentlemanly-looking pedlar entered a business man's office and coughed slightly to attract attention. The occupant of the office kept at his work unti and then turned abruptly to his caller. "Well," he asked, "what can I do for you?" A writer in the Cleveland Leader tells the story.
$\because$ a patent electric hair-brush-" began, "a "What do I want with a hair-brush?", growled the business man. "Can't you see I'm bald?':
'Your lady, perhaps-"
'Bald too, except when she's dressed up." Yes, sir. But you may have at home alittle child-"" It's one month old and "We have. It's one month old and quite bald." "Of course, at that age," said the pedlar. "But,", he persisted," "maybe you "We do," said the business man. "A hairless Chinese dog.'

The pedlar dived into another pocket. "Allow me," he said, "to show you the
latest thing in fly-paper.".

## Taking It Out in Trade

The moral of the story printed below, Tribune, is that a young man who contemplates changing his occupation or position should take care that the bargain he makes with his new employer is for employers. The proprietor of a certain Turkish-bath establishment, seeing a strong-looking young man working in a butchers iminge, muscles, told him to resign
"I'll give you more than you are getting now," he said.
The young butcher, resigning in good bath-hourned up the next morning at the "Well," said the proprietor to him, "I'll put you on at once. What did you get at the butcher's?"
"Six dollars and my week's meat," eturned the young man.

What did that amount to?" "Well", said the lars." you more to come here, didn't I? "I I'll gived you six dollars in money and four dollars worth of baths weekly. That is a dolla
more than you got at your old place," more than you got at your old place.'

First Coal Mine Owner-"Isn't it bout time to advance the price of coal Senty-five cents a ton?"
S. M. O.-"Just about. Then make arrangements to bring, on another

Not To Be Forgotten
Mr. Hammond's face was so ugly as to ev almost grotesque, although nobody him talk. "If I hadn't known I was one of the homeliest people in the world, I might have been syrprised at a remark made by old Pomp, the body-servant of one of my Southern friends," he once said. and as I had grown from a boy to a man in that time, I did not expect him to rememer me, but he said, 'Howdy, Marse Hammond, sah!' the moment he caught sight of me.
"، 'Couldn't nebber forgit yo, I said. Marse Hammond, sah,' grinned Pomp. Marse Hammond, sah,' grinned Pomp.
Hit's so kinder complicated!'

## A Dubious Tribute

The young theological student who had been supplying the Bushby pulpit for two undays looked wistrully at Mrs. Kingman, his hostess for the me being. "Did ask?", heinquired. "You done real well with the material you selected," said Mrs. Kingman, with much cordiality. "As I said to Zenas on the way home, 'I've heard a dozen or more sermons preached on that text, and this
young man's the first one that ever made me realize how difficult 'twas to explain.'."

Needed Her At Once
When Bonaparte Bluebell announced his engagement to Lily Doe everybody in the blacksmith's shop congratulated him handed mate. But Erastus Coke remarked:

Peared lak you wouldn't never speak up, Bonaparte. It's going on six months sence you begun to fidaparte frankly mitted, "but' I didn't lose mah job till las' night.'

Seeing the Elephant
A few years ago, when Japan was getting in Eurodee of naval and military matters attached to a German training-ship on a cruise in tropical waters. The ship called at Trinidad while Lady Broome was mistress of the Government House, and a state dinner was given the ship's officers accompanied by his interpreter, and the colloquial part of the entertainment is described by Lady Broome.
He did not dance, nor seem to care about music or anything else which was going on, so it fell to my lot to walk with
him round the large salon and show him whatever I thought might possibly interest him. Of course his two gentlemen were in close attendance, or we should ndeed have suffered conversational shipWreck.
When I arrived at an enormous elechantsin foot, I thought that we had now ide of boredom which had evidently set in for the poor youth. But in spite
of my explanation of how the big beast of my explanation ol how the big beast various exciting details, all duly passed on by the other gentlemen, I could not see he faintest trace of interest or even of comprehension in that immovable ivory ountenance.
At ast the secretary murmured, '"Highwas indeed despairing, but my eye was caught by a clumsy little ebony model of an elephant, which I seized as an objectlesson, handing it to the secretary and
saying, "Please explain to hishighness that this is an elephant." The prince murmured some words in reply, which were
translated to me as: "Ah I see! A translated to me
large sort of pig."


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lt is necessary for those wishing sets of the dolls to order promptly as the comparatively limited number which we are able to obtain at a price which enables us to make this very liberal offer, will be disposed of in a very short time. These doll 'sell everywhere for 60\%. Send in y zur subscription while our stock lasts.

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## About the Farm

## Causes of Indigestion in Calves

Indigestion may occur from many causes, as costiveness, a too liberal supply of milk; too rieh milk; the fur-
nishing of the milk of a cow long after calving to a very young calf; allowing the calf to suck the first mikk of a cow that has been hunted, driven by road, shipped by rail, or otherwise lolently between meals, so that, impelled by hunger, it quickly overloads and clogs the stomach; feeding from pail milk that has been held over in unwashed (unscalded) buckets, so that it is ferof cows kept on unwholesome food; keeping calves in cold, damp, dark, filthy or bad smelling pens.

## Foot-and-Mouth Remedy

Cablegrams from Germany say that a cure has been found for the dread foot-and-mouth disease. We hope so but we been made by Prof. I. Brieger and Prof. M. Krause of Berlin. A preparation from saffron, termed tryposafrol, according to the Atlantic cable, curéd practically every case in which it was administered last year by the experimenters. The report states that in one foot-and-mouth all were cured in ten days and that in another instance 200 cows "began giving milk again in three days, whatever that may mean. If this is a bona fide cure it will mean a
great boon to the live stock industry of great boon to the live stock industry of really epidemic, and also in South America where it has to be frequently combated by slaughter of the afflicted animals and drastic quarantine regulations. The disease is seldom or never fatal but often leaves the animal a ously impaired or ruined. Our own quarantine measures against imported stock have so far kept the disease from gaining a foothold in this country.

## Bacteria on the Farm

Although not so numerous or so destructive to field and garden crops as
are certain parasitic fungi and various are certain parasitic fungi and various
insects, they are nevertheless of considerable importance from an economic point of view. The list includes the bacillus of "par blight," a bacillus which causes "wilt" in cucumbers and melons, a bacillus which causes "brown
rot" in cruciferous plants, such as the rot" in cruciferous plants, such as the invades the leaves of the tomato, the eggplant and the Irish potato
But there are other bacteria which have still greater interest for the farmer, and which he must learn to re-
gard as among his most efficient allies in preserving the fertility of the soil. Nitrogen, a gas which constitutes nearly four-fifths of the atmosphere, is an essential element of plant food, but it cannot be utilized directly, and it is mainly through the agency of bacteria that in combinations suitable for plant assimilation.
This is done partly by the bacteria already referred to, which cause the deomposition of einplex htrogenous suband animals, and partly by pacteria which are able to fix the by bacteria the atmosphere by causing it to combine with other elements to form plant food, or perhaps by directly assimilating it for their own use.
Again it has been demonstrated that certain parasitic bacteria which grow in
masses upon the roots of clover and other leguminous plants are able to fix the nitrogen of the air, and in some the nitrogen of the air, and in some
way make it available for the use of
these plants. Farmers have long known the fertilizing value of a crop of clover This is chiefly due to the restoration of itrogen through the agency of bacteria attached to the clover roots.
This is a very brief and incomplete outline of the progress of bacteriology as regards soil bacteria. Another phase of the subject concerns the bacteria those which are injurious, in the and aration of dairy produets.
The souring of milk and its coagula ion result frors the development of cially of one well-known species-the lactic acid one weillus. Every one knows now that milk which has been completely sterilized can be kept indefinitely with out turning sour or forming a coagu lated mass.
Some bacteria cause milk to undergo changes which result in the development in it of a bad taste or a disto become thick and glutinous; some give it a blue, red or yellow color. Of course all such milk is unfit for food, as The typhoid bacillus, the cholera bacillus, the bacillus of dysentery-and infantile diarrhoea-and various other disease-producing bacteria are able to multiply rapidly in milk, and it has been not infrequently, contracted as a result of the use of such contaminated milkusually contaminated by the addition of impure water.
But not all bacteria are prejudicial to the interests of the dairyman. Certain species are essentia- for the production agreeable flavor of cheese butter for the disagreeable taste and odor of rancid butter and of "cheesy" butter are due to the presence of other species. Finally, I would say that while wonderful progress has been made in our knowledge of bacteria during the past
thirty years,-progress which has creased in arithmetical if not in geometrical proportion since the early researches of Pasteur and Koch and other pioneers in this field,-many questions remain to be solved, and new problems are presenting themselves almost daily.
These are being subjected to gation in bacteriological laboratories all over the world by men of scientific tastes and training, and as a result of their zealous efforts there will, no doubt, be continued progress for many year teresting and important class of micro scopic plants.

## Individuality of Cows

Economy in milk production is of prime importance both to the producer wide range in the cost of production due to a large extent to the individ uality of the cow, have been previously iven in this series. The cause of this tudied in individuality has been areful by the Missouri station where and poor cows. Two Jersey cows from the same sires were found to digest their feed equally well, and both re quired about the same amount of feed The real cause in the difference in production was found to be in the amount of feed consumed above that year the better cow consumed 3,424 pounds of grain 2904 pounds of hay 8,778 pounds of silage and 4,325 pounds of green feed. The other cow consumed i,907 pounds of grain, 1,698 pounds of hay, 5,088 pounds of silage and 2,102 pounds of green feed. In general, the for one pound consumed by the other for one pound consumed by the other
cow, and produced 2.67 pounds of milk cow, and produced 2.67 pounds of milk
and 2.77 pounds of fat for each pound
produced by the inferior cow. The bet-
ter cow consumed 3.27 pounds of grai ter cow consumed 3.27 pounds of grain
per day for maintenance and the other 2.92 pounds. Both took hay and silage in the same proportion. The better
cow required for maintenance for the cow required entire period 1,200 pounds of grain 1,204 pounds of hay and 4,818 pounds of silage, which left available for milk production, 2,233 pounds of grain, 1,699 pounds of hay, 3,960 pounds of silage, and 4,323 pounds of green feed. The 1,065 pounds of grain, 1,065 pounds of hay and 4,292 pounds of silage, leaving available for milk production 841 pounds of grain, 632 pounds of hay, 795 pounds of silage, and 2,102 pounds of green feed. These figures show the large amount of food left for milk production in the
better cow, which was 8,522 pounds of milk, containing 5.51 per cent fat. The other cow produced 3,188 pounds of milk, containing 5.31 per cent fat.
A further illustration of the difference in the individuality of cows is shown in the records of a herd kept at the New York station. The best cow four per cent milk annually for three years on $\$ 58$ worth of food. The poorest cow averaged 3,350 pounds of 5.85 per cent milk on $\$ 52.40$ worth of food. If in one year the poorer half of the herd had been replaced by animals would have increased the yearly station revenue $\$ 237.40$, if the milk had been sold at current shippers' prices; or
$\$ 379.90$ if the milk fat had been sold,


## Prairie Chickens

with an added expense of only $\$ 40$, the
cost of the extra food consumed by the better cow. The practice of officially testing dairy cows has proved to be an efficient fac-
tor in weeding out the unprofitable members of the herd the unprofitable station has published during the year results of official testing in that state for the past 10 years. During the first dive years of the decade the average proday tests was 379 , 13.9 pounds of milk fat while in the last five years of the decade the average production of this class was 432.9 pounds of milk and 15.3 pounds of milk fat. This gain was due in large part of of the dairy sto fond Bulletin ${ }_{465}$.

## Lessons from Dry-Farming

From the dry-farming methods which are so necessary to success throughout districts of the East can often gaid valuable suggestions with regard to the proper conservation of moisture. One lesson which may be learned is in reference to the treatment of the small
grains. The Eastern farmer usually considers wheat, ats and barley as crops which cannot be cultivated. Consequently no attention is paid to them from the time they are sown until they are ready to harvest. Not so with the
up-to-date dry-farmer. up-to-date dry-farmer. He cultivates
his grain fields after every rain from the his grain fields after every rain from the
time they are well started in the

Three precautions are necessary in
harrowing small grain. $\cdot$ Drilled grain
spring until they are too high to allow
of further cultivation. harrow is used for the earlier workings as the grain grows larger the weeder is substituted. By means of the latter implement grain may be cultivated al most up to the time when it begins to
Tha

The advantages of this cultivation are $t$ wofold. In rhe first place it serves to freak the crust which is so likely to the cracks which the frost and to close the winter grain fields. This lessens
the evaporation the evaporation of moisture, which is
most rapid from crusted most rapid from crusted or cracked soil,
and conserves it until it is most needed by the growing crop. The advantage of this precaution is most apparent in the semi-arid districts, but in dry seasons In noticeable anywhere.
In the East rolling winter wheat as soon as it is safe to go on the ground
in the spring is prhaps to in the spring is perhaps to be preferred
to harrowing. If elover is planted with the wheat it should be sown before the rolling is done. The rolling covers the clover seed and also firms the soil about the roots of the wheat plants where it has ben loosened by heaving. The ther effeet of cultivation is in the keep
ing down of weeds, and for this purpose it is just as weeds, and for this purpose and just as necessary in the East as in the West. Small weeds are very easily killed with the harrow or weeder, and if the work is properly done the grain will not be in Thre
nly should be harrowed, for cultivation estroys a portion of the stand of that lessens the boen sown broadcast and so the harrowing . For the same reason direction of the drill rows rather than across them. Fields on which grass or clover seed has been sown should not be harrowed, for the young plants are as the weds by this tratment as are need be observed if the roller is used on need be observed in the roler is used on or no use in killing weeds. In the East, except in the driest seasons, it will not usually be profitable to harrow grain fields more than once. Another lesson which may be learned from the dry-farmer is the disking of
land which is to be plowed later in order to keep the soil from baking until the plowing can be completed. This practice was begun in the West on grain
stubble after harvest in order to whatever moisture was in the soil for usually little rain falls after that time. Since the disking can be done much more rapidly than the plowing, there is less chance for evaporation and the land then remains for some time in good condition for plowing. For several years a Mary-
land farmer has applied this method to his spring plowing, disking all- his to be plowed cultivated fields which are as he can get on to them. He is ting whereas his neishbors at any time pelled to postpone their are often comthe hard clay soil is softened, by rains In addition to remaining in condition
to plow for a much longer period, land

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which has been disked is much less in- - jars to prevent drying out. When
cined clined $t$ o break up in clods and lumps
than undisked soil hasily uudsed in condition for for planting. The
easid easise parth which is thrown to the bot-
low tom of the furrow unites much more
readily with the furrow slice and no readily with the furrow slice and no
large air spaces are left. - 1

## Pin Money at the Farm Sale

When in the early spring or late fall the local papers begin to publish the ing utensils the time is come for the housewife or neighbor or group of neighbors to get in line for the pin money to be had by serving lunches, at the different places where the sales are held If there are to be several sales in a
township it takes but́ little more effort to attend them all after the simple outfit is arranged and would mean a nice little sum of money for the pains if there is no expense for transportation. The amount of food to be provide can be approximately estimated by in sales as to the probable attendance, also taking into consideration that the weather plays an important part in the number present. Sandwiches, cookies, doughnuts, and pie and coffee make up the usual and acceptable bill of fare fo
the ocasion. With buns bakery and "wienies" and hamburg steak fresh from the butcher a large
part of the work can be done the mornpart of the work can be done the morn-

makes all your buildings lastingly weatherproof. The natural oils of this asphalt give it life The KANT-LEAK KLEET makes seams Barber Asphalt Paving Co, Phila., Pa. D. Hi, Ho iden \& Co., Lid. London, Ont,


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Prince Rupert of the G.T.P. S.S. Co.'s line.
on account of the weather reduced. Hot
roast beef sandwiches, hamburg and roast beef sandwiches, hamburg and "wienies" may be prepared at home and covered closely in a pan or a kettle;
baked beans can also be used as filling as can bacon and fried eggs.
This is a splendid place to demonstrate the possibilities of a fireless cooker and portable coffee urn, but these are by no means necessities, as a folding table and need in case the kitchen range at the house where the sale is held is not available. Wooden plates and paper
napkins add to the comfort of the buyer napkins add to the comfort of the buyer
and tin cups are very satisfactory for and tin cups
serving coffee

## Cracklings

Nothing of the hog is lost but th squeal, is the proud boast of the pack
ing-house. For the housewife to ado the above plan and waste nothing is one way to cope with the high cost of living. Use the cracklings in cookery instead of making soap or feeding them to chickens. Cut the rinds from the the cracklings ${ }^{\prime}$ from rendering the the should be nice and crisp. Run these cracklings through the sausage mill or food chopper, salt slightly and pack into
"Those broilers were perfect," continued Mr. Sanderson. "I wonder why we
can't have such chickens? Oh, I believe can't have such chickens? Oh, I believe
he said they were of his own raising, he said they were of his own raising,
didn't he?"
"Yes," Mr
"Yes," Mrs. Sanderson replied with awakening spirit, "that was what he said, and it vexed me so I could hardly keep still.",
"Vexed" you?" questioned Mr. Sanderson.
"Yes, and it would vex you if you had "Wy spunk," returned Mrs. Sanderson. "We raised those chickens, James San-
"What do you mean?" asked Mr. Sa derson, in bewilderment. "We've neve had a chicken on our place
have been there all summell!", chicken Mrs. Sanderson. "If it hadn't been for my garden those broilers wouldn't have been half so fine. And when everybody was praising them, all I could think of was the garden seeds and vegetables
those birds have devoured since they were hatched in the spring! And there complimehell sat, and took all those belonged to him
"I think
"I think it was very poor taste," Mrs
Sanderson concluded Sanderson concluded, with dignity, "with
us right there at the table. It woul us right there at the table. It would
have been merely decent to haye bought
chickens when we dined there "


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Surrels sond for our Roof Boob-Eroc
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Gerald S. Roxburgh ,B.A. Sc.

## Fort Whoopup and the Old Traders

##  <br> By Max McD.

## 

D EFORE the Canadian Pacific RailD way constructed a viaduct across Southern Alberta, the westbound train on the Crow's Nest branch, zig-zagging across sloughs, wiggling link by link,
like a measuring worm around deep cut like a measuring worm around deep cut
ravines, crawled across twenty wooden bridges in the St. Mary's river bottom ere it reached the Blood Reserve of the Blackfeet Indians. The traveller, peer ing through the coach window at the browned hills to the north and heaving civilization is receding farther and far ther rearward, and that the fenceless fields of the last west have been reached An owl hops up from a knoll by the oadside, and buzzards and eagles ar ilting overhead in a sort of dreary en joyment of desolation. A lone coyote is
retreating beyond the hills, and equines non de script breeding, with patches of white and brown for coloring, are eeding at intervals on the prairie grass ndian encampments with blankete braves and red-skirted sqraws lounging ge impession of utter primativeness In 1867 gold was uncovered in Las Chance gulch, Montana, and what is now the main street of Helena, the capital of the state, was merely the chief artery of the flow of gleaming yel ow meta, Chance gulch
All Western Canada once received its supplies from Fort Benton, the end of Fort Benton's only reason for existing at all in the first place was that the head of navigation necessarily was the distributing point for all the mining It in the mountaing
Southern Alberta was first penetrated by whitemen who sought trade among the Indians, but pioneer placer miners of Montana tell of adventurous and restless prospectors who left the mining camps at Helena, an, travelled north and west, panning every stream in
search of another Last Chance deposit of placer gold. These prospectors, retưrning, told of failure in their quest for gold, but related tales of vast prairies where buffalos made their breeding grounds and where their skins could traders followed in the footsteps of the prospectors, allured by the stories of the wealth of furs and the limitless range. These traders entered the coun-
try from Fort Benton and debauched the try from Fort Benton and debauched the Indians with whisky, but they did not many a hard fought fight with the aborigines. All the country, at that time from the Cypress Hills to the Rockies was controlled by the Blackfeet Indians, but their activities centered around trading posts which had been Out and Freeze Out each name being fairly indicative of its derivation.
Most famous of all these trading posts was Whoopup, on the Belly River
near Lethbridg?. The fort was built of near Lethbridg?. The fort was built of square timber, surrounded by a paiisade ketry with bastions and an alarm bell, and was about 100 yards square. The fortifications of this place, it is said, cost $\$ 12,000$, and it at once became the metropois of the whisky smugglers. It was very comfortable, and much good It derived its name from the fact that it was a central meeting place for traders where they had great carcusals and were accustomed to "whoop it up,"
hence the name, "Whoop Her Up," which "has for decency sake been changed to "Whoopup."
the liquor traffic in many incidents about Whoopup. It was, of course illegally sold. If an "informer" was caught, his punishment was sudden and summary. One such fellow was let down over a enquire whether or not traders did not

Whoopup was the centre for the whisky smuggling for the whole of south came in Canada. The trail by which it came in rom Fort
over the rolling prairie mainly following the bottoms of precipitous coulees and avines for a distance' of 100 miles, yokes of 15 to 20 oxen drew the freight of liquor through the devious passes that connected ravine with ravine. There were places where the defiles were exceptionally marrow and where the wagons got mired. Streams and swolien
sloughs had to be crossed and it was often necessary $t$ raft both freight and oxen. Law, there was none. The traders, till the coming of the North-west Mounted Police were a law urto themagreements something after the modern trade combinations and trusts, to regulate the prices of hides, and anyone
caught breaking the compact was tried and sentenced by a court and jury of
his associates in the agreement. As an
his illustration of the method followed in nd cases, the following story is told are pion fineers, fictitiou It being used for various reasons: It was at Whoopup. Smith had been had put more water in the whisky than the agreement permitted. No one seem ngly knows or cares to remember the exact nature of the offence. The tria was held in the post store, where whisky flour, powder in kegs, and everything umbled about in disnrderly hodge-podge The evidence appeared conclusive that Smith had broken the compact, and rown delivered the sentence which was out the effect that Smith should be taken The accuse
upturned powder was sitting upon an upturned powder keg, listened calmly to
the decree which the decree which did not suit his idea
of justice to at least one person con-



## 



## FIGHT FLIES WITH TANGLEFOOT:

For 30 years Tanglefoot has been America's surest, safest, most sanitary fly-destroyer. It is non-poisonous, easy to use, and costs but a trifle, Each sheet is capable of killing
1,000 flies. And Tanglefoot not only kills the fly, but seals ,000 files. And Tanglefoot not only kills the fly, but seals it over with a varnish the ask for the genuine "TANGLEFOOT"-it costs you no more and lasts twice as long as the no-name kinds sold merely as fly-paper, or sticky fly-paper.
Made only by the O. E W. Thum Co., Grand Rapids, Mich. Gasoline will quickly remove Tanglefoot from clothes or furniture.


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night. near window at night.
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one at the Tanglefoot wint one at the Tanglefoot win-
dow raised about a foot.
The early morning light attracts the morning light
Tanglefot, the
are caughe
are they $\begin{array}{ll}\text { are caught. } & \text { (31) }\end{array}$
)
cerned. He jumped to his feet, seized a lighted brand, and holding it over the
powder keg loudly declared that if he was going to be shot, he and his partners should go together to
unanimous consent of the jury the senunanimous consent of the jury the
Many tales of daring and nerve, ye and of heroism too, are told; of Indian attack and reprisal; but all is legend now for the country is given over to the peaceful settler
The Blackfeet were excellent horsemen, perhaps the best in the world.
The trail of the whisky smugglers led across their territory. Often in the difficult places on the trail the Indians would swoop down upon the troubled drivers with the yelling of incarnate sober brutes than oxen driving kegs of shisky. Sometimes the raids took place at night when pickets would be cut and


Curious Snow Formation on Moloch Glacier, B.C.
the oxen stampeded with the bellowing |"Perfume," "Painkiller," "Ginger," and of a frightened buffalo herd. If the "Medicine." smugglers made a stand there was a
fight. If they drew off, the savages cap--
The smugglers were on friendly terms
with police and visits were interfight. If they drew off, the savages captured the booty, and there was also a the Indians killed in their own drunke brawls. Then the smugglers organized their famous Spitzi Cavalry to escort the freighters and defend the fort. Officers were named and regulations drawn up after which the demoralizing trade went on merrily for the smugglers,
but to the utter degradation of the natives.
Whoopup lay in the bottom of a deep ravine. On one side was a defile through other side was a narrow. On the slide Out" When narrow pass called rode clanking through "Slide ${ }^{-}$In" the smugglers quietly slipped out through "Slide Out." Patrols scoured the boundary country to the south. Scouts changed police and visits were inter headquarters, and Whoopup. Some police surprising discoveries were Sometimes surprising discoveries were made during
these friendly visits. The story is told of an officer absently poking his cane in the ground as he stood talking to an old trader in front of his store. What the sensations of the trader were when the officer's cane suddenly clicked against the iron hoop of a buried barrel, one may guess. An excavation in front of tha kegs of liquor. kegs of liquor.
without life or comes down from the days of the old traders and smugglers. The timber is falling into decay and soon all will be wreck and ruin.

## The Baltimore Oriole

By Arthur Guiterman

Lord Baltimore has come! I know That mellow-noted bugle-horn! He hunts the bee above the
The snail upon the thorn.

Then curl beneath the wasted leaf, Base caitiff slug! thy doom is nigh Beware his eager eye!

Lord Baltimore is gay, I ween In livery of black and gold He fits among the branches green
Right gallant to behold.

A feathered athlete, lithe and light He frolies, hovers, lilts and swings; Anon, anon, in pure delight
Of air-borne life, he sings.
Lord Baltimore, a lover true. Of softer note and saddentle bride Together, side by side.

Where wattled branches lift a roof, With creeper, withe and raveled string
He weaves the warp and she the woof He weaves the warp and she the woof To frame a cradle-swing;
And there, beneath the mother's breast All warm and safe from lurking wrong Four spheres of future song.

Lord Baltimore is stern in fight Should danger menace brood or dame, As well befits the doughty knight
Who bears that lofty name;

His rush is swift; and strong the blow And sharp the beak when honor calls Then, braggart jay and thievish crow, Aroid his castle walls!
The prince of summer's tuneful bands He cleaves the air with golden oar:o brave Lord Baltimore!

## Household Suggestions

## Jellies for the Invalid

 To begin, not with the food which often is only a glass of milk or a taste of jelly, but with the service, specialdishes should be kept for the invalids. Everything should be on a miniature scale, having tiny moulds for everything in the way of jellies, blancmanges, etc. An untidy helping from a dinner, or breakfast table, is often quite sufficient to drive away what little appetite there on a tiny dish, garnished daintily on a spotless traycloth, it makes all the difference. The invalid is delighted, and eats her dinner without a murmur.
For the same reason in a busy house, the invalid's food should be prepared a as then it can be served nicely and at tended to, without the feeling of trying to do two things at once, which will happen if the meal is served at the same time as the other meals in the house. If the invalid has a fancy that she must put her clock forward a little. She will be satisfied and no one the worse.
When a milk diet only is allowed it is difficult to make much change in it although in cases where the doctor will permit the use of isinglass and rennet kets and milk jelly. Then the changes may be rung on barley, sago, and rice water and a little flavoring added.
In making dainty food for the sick room it is well to recollect the fact that raw meat always lends itself to savoury cookery better than cold meat reshould, in the early stages of convales cence, be made from previously cooked natural flavor of cookery I mean the enough and no more.
As all flavorings have to ber less left out in cookery for be more or wise to endeavor to retain this natural Isingl much as possible. also nice This is an old recipe used before cornfour became popular. Take one ounce of isinglass and pqur over it a quart of sweetened milk and let it stand for isinglass is dissolved. Take care the milk does not burn. A double saucepan sest for boiling the blancmange in. Flavor with a piece of lemon peel boiled with the milk. Pour into tiny moulds e added if it is not too rich for thay nvalid.
The small glass moulds in which various preparations of preserved meats are old, or egg cups or after dinner coffee ups, make nice shapes for sick room cookery. Always aim at serving just The and no more.
of grated chocolate to the above makes a nice ©change. The chocolate must be dissolved in a wineglassful of water and boiled for a few minutes until perfectly mooth before it is added to the blanc
mange.
A well beaten egg added just after the makes the old-fashioned dish "Jaune mange." This makes another change. The varying of the color in a dish plays a most important part in the tempting In sick appetite.
those prepared at home from to use eet. This has much more nourishment than gelatine. It is naturally a great eal of trouble to make, but sufficient an be made at one time to last for a week if kept in a cool, dry larder. Take them in a large pan with a gallon of water. Bring it to a boil slowly and then draw the pan to the side of the stove and let it simmer until the water s reduced to half the quantity. This generally takes six or seven hours. sieve into a basin large strain through to hold the whole. This is the foundation of all ways.

Fresh Vegetables and their Preparation. There is only one drawback to a din takes to prepare it. It is the time to busy housewives and cooks, but one that should never be allowed to stand in the way of our use of the wealth of fresh vegetable food at our command One the summer
Calmly told me, that with large family calmly told me, that with canned stuff fresh vegetables. There could hardly be a greater mistake, and I was not sur prised when I heard later on that F. and $\frac{A}{}$. would not eat beans or tomatoes but meat, and the others were fussy and ate more pudding than anything else for their dinner.
Another serious error is carelessness in preparing the green vegetables. A cabbage, a little green tuce, will set the younger members of your family against those particular things for the rest of their lives.
Make a pleasure of preparing your
vegetables, do it in the cool of the vegetables, do it in the cool of the morning, while they are crisp and fresh.
Use common sense and cut and brush Use common sense and cut and brus
off all the faded leaves and rough sand before putting them into the water Then don't forget to put on your glasses, if you can use them, and sit comfortably down. Do it out of doors if you can, in a shady spot, and get some of the
joy of a summer morning into the work You will do it faster and better than if you stand nervously with your back to a hot stove, and one eye on the clock. Even the lettuce and greens will keep better and be crisper if washed as soon
as brought in. Crush them as little as brought in. Crush them as little as possible and rinse thoroughly, then put
them on a plate or on a large pan and turn over them a bowl or tin pan. Let tuce will keep fresh and crisp for days if treated in this way and set in a cool
place. The inverted bowl keeps the place. The inverted bowl keeps the moisture in, and do it without making
the leaves mushy as laying them in water would.
Peas should be cooked as soon as possible after being shelled, and should be kept no longer than is necessary, as they quickly lose their sweetness. They an hour of picking from the vines and then reheated than they will if kept over for a day before cooking.
Have a small corn scrubbing brush for cleaning potatoes and a coarse nail brush for more delicate vegetables. A small corn whisk. Will take the place of
the nail brush and I personally like it hetter, but one thing must be insisted on: whatever brushes you buy for this use must be kept exclusively for it. They should have a brass ring to hang them up by and should always be hung
up to dry when not in use. It is any up to dry when not in use. It is any-
thing but clean to scrub vegetables with a wet, smelly, slimy brush.
New Green Peas.-Wash the pods thoroughly in cold water; shell out the peas and put the pods into a stew pa nd cover with water. Boil thoroughly put them on to boil. Boil them tender Season with a teaspoonful of butter alt and pepper, and serve. In this way he peas have a much richer flavor and nothing is wasted. The water will make day or may be used for making sauce for other vegetables.
Scrambled Green Beans-Cold boiled string beans, cut in small slices, may be mixed with beaten egg; the mixture seasoned with salt and pepper to taste,
and scrambled to a soft custard. Nice served with crisped strips of bacon. Onions on Toast.-Mince a bunch of onions rather fine and cover with cold water and set over the fire. When the water is at boiling point drain and cove with cold water. Boil ten minutes, then pepper. Add a small piece of butter rubbed in flour, and a few spoonfuls of milk. When it boils up heap on rounds of toast, sprinkle a little minced parsley
on each mound and serve very hot.


## Now Come Roses And Strawberries And Puffed Grains

With June, in the North, come the roses and strawberries And to millions of tables Puffed Grains will come with them.

Puffed Wheat or Puffed Rice adds as much to the berries as the sugar or the cream.

Puffed Grains have an almond flavor, much like toasted nuts. With the tart of the berries it forms a delightful blend.

The grains are like bubbles - so fragile, so thin. At a touch of the teeth they crush into millions of granules.

Always serve them with berries. Let your folks mix them just before eating, so the grains stay crisp.

Of course, Puffed Grains are good without berries. And the berries are good without Puffed Grains. But the two together form a royal dish.

## For Summer Nights

For suppers in summer serve Puffed Grains in milk. They are crisper than crackers-more porous than bread. They are nut-like and toasted. And they are whole-grain foods.

Use them like nut meats to garnish ice-cream. Use them in candy making. Let hungry children eat them, like peanuts, between meals. These are two of the greatest of summer delights. Let the young folks revel in them.

## Puffed Wheat, 10 c Puffed Rice, $15 \mathrm{c}{ }^{\mathrm{w}=}$

But these foods do more than please palates. In the making there occur-inside each grain-millions of steam explosions. Every food granule is blasted to pieces for easy, complete digestion.

They are Prof. Anderson's scientific foods. Served at any hour-between meals or bedtime--they do not tax the stomach Never before, in all the centuries, have wheat or rice been Never before, in
so fitted for food.

Order both of the Puffed Grains. They will give you variety. For some ways of serving the Rice is better, for some the Wheat. Before the summer is over we will supply you another, called Corn Puffs

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A skin you love to touch is rarely found
because so few people understand the skin
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Begin now to take your skin seriously. You can make it what you would love
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## \& $\begin{aligned} & \text { Elite } \\ & \text { Hairdressing }\end{aligned}$

## Parlors

207 New Enderton Building WINAIPEG WIGS, TOUPERS AND When in Wimnipeg do not friil to Masicuring and Chiropody Parlors: Correspondence inviled on matters
relating to hair. Advice free. Dr. J. KIEN, Proprietor


## Attractive Embroideries

## 


We are sure our readers will be interested in the articles illustrated in this column, as they show a new line of goods, which come already made up and the only work required is the simple effective design stamped for embroidery materials used are of the highest quality and the workmanship good. advantages of this garment will be easily understond, as the embroidering of advantages of this garment will be easily understood, as the embroidering of
scalloped edges usually supplied on stamped nightdresses requires much time and
patience, and unless beautifully worked, the as well as the corset cover and envelope combination, may be supplied made up from Nainsook o rthe popular Plisse Crepe, the latter material is very much in favor, as it does not requiring ironing so one need not explain its
advantages, being particularly adapted for travelling purposes. There is a strong fancy for colored embroidery carried out on-almost every garment, and these crepe nightdresses are very dainty, embroidered in colors, pale blue, pink, etc., being very effective, ribbons matchlace. The Lonsdale is, of course, embroidered in white, and corset covers also made up and trimmed to match the nightdresses.


Nos. 20-21


No. 14
Made Up Nightdress, Lace Edged
Made Up Nightdress, Lace Edged Nainsook
On Crepe On Crepe

Lustered cotton to embroider Corset Covers to match in | either material $\ldots \ldots . . . .$. |
| :---: |
| Lustered cotton to embroider |
| .50 | us

 Front and back. Cluny lace to edge Fringe for ends is preferre Ribbon frill the one for June is illustrated here. We are Corset Cover, Lace Edged Lonssure our readers will be interested in the floral sprays and suitable sentiments conveyed by these pillows. rom your dealer obtain these articles 15 Corset Cover shows the ready paid on realer they will be sent post- to embroider idea and it will be noticed address is given the prices quoted, the but of course these garments may this, Readers will please understand that had to match if preferred, the corset the prices quoted are for the articles as cover is completel buttons and buttonpieces, and unless otherwise specified, $\begin{aligned} & \text { holes, is a well fitting garment, and } \\ & \text { comes in sizes from } 34 \text { to } 42 \text {. }\end{aligned}$ as mentio embroider will be supplied requested med, if special shades ar requested, full information regarding these must be attached to the order
Write addresses plainly and allow at least a weekses plane time the order is alive ye are?", "Is it dead or received for filling.


NO. 211, ROSES TINTED IN SHADES OFF PINE, BROWN GIVEN
Pillow Top and Back Tha handom mopation ide pililem




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Belding Paul Coriceell Lto. Dept. 306, MONTREAL.


Every ten cent packet will kill more flies than $\$ 8.00$ worth of any sticky fly killer.

Refuse substitutes, which are most unsatisfactory.


| Fashions and Patterns |
| :---: |
|  |

Raglan sleeves are very popular this season. They appear on gowns, coats, wraps and blouses. A pretty costume in peach colored chiffon taffeta has this style of sleeve in full length, and cut open over a vest of striped silk in pretty, light tones. A Japanese collar and broad cuffs are also of the silk. A collarless chemisette of shadow lace is worn with this model. The skirt has plaits over the
Fine French serge in a new shade of
Fine French serge in a new shade of brown was used for a smart frock that
has a waist with Gibson plaits over the shoulders, and the fronts with diagonal closing. A design in brown soutache braid trims waist and skirt front edges. Collar, cuffs and a neat little vest are of three-piece model, with gathers at the back.
A stylish wrap is made of black moire. it has a raglan sleeve, and the fulness $t$ lower edge of wrap is joined to a ircular band fione wide over the


Means of Transportation in Railway Construction.
width at the back. The fronts are width at the back. The fronts are white faille which meet a collar of taffeta, topped by one of Irish lace. Green and white striped taffeta made a pretty little suit, composed of a short loose fitting coat, that is finished with The four-piece skirt has a tuck lap at side front and side back, and is cut with raised waistline.
A simple but becoming gown is made The unlined foulard dotted with white. sleeve is finished with collar and cuffs of Madiera embroidery. The skirt is in "peg top" style, and finished with a gracefully draped girdle and sash ends. Terra cotta charmeuse was selected or a blouse waist with Japanese collar, and headed ruffles over the hips. Frills and a narrow inserted vest of batiste supply the only trimming and contrast. The effect is neat and charming.
The newest departure in tunics are those in ripple and corkscrew style. hardly be termed boleros. These are fashioned in all kinds of materials, but are much favored for general use, in shepherd checks, mixtures and woolens. The sleeves in these coats vary from length to elbow length; some are in kimono style. Some indeed are sleeveless with the armscye edges piped in a contrasting color.

As a vermicide there, is no preparation that
equals Mother Graves Worm Exterminator.
It has saved the lives of countless children.

A new collar is shown that is called ares at the edges and forms a sort of est over the fronts.
Plain and flowered or figured matees for instance a tunic and waist of plain voile, with skirt of flowered crepe r silk. A pleasing afternoon dress was made white for waist, and a tunic cut in deep vandyke points and lengthened by a athered flounce of plain pink batiste; he skirt and waist trimming are also
f the plain material. A vest of fine tucked net goes nicely with this cool summery frock.
How welcome and practical a style is that of the separate blouse and skirt. With a little ingenuity they may represent several changes in costumes. A charming blouse of this kind is made f flowered silk, with under vest-blouse of net faced with the silk, The raglan tive features of this model.


## Let "Sunlight" Dispel the Gloom

$\square$
HE shadow of a blue Monday does not fall across the path of those who use Sunlight Soap. For this soap cuts labor in half.
And the nightmare of clothes being "rubbed to shreds," disappears when you leann the gentle Sunlight/way.
Sunlight Soap is as pure as sunilight itself. A \$5,000 guarantee says you cannot find a single adulterant or impurity in this cake of concentrated cleanliness.

## Sunlight 5. Soap <br> Sold by all grocers.

again in fashion although A late Paris middy blouse
Balma caan coats in smart checks nd plaids are fine for sport or outing war. A smart model has the back cut with form a yoke over sfect lengthened by one-piece sleave proper which is fin-one-piece sleeve proper which is fin-
ished with a very deep cuff. The coat 3 open at the throat and finished with open at the throat and frolled collar with tab frots. Big ockets and
Smart little frocks are made of inexSmart little frocks are made of inex-
pensive cotton materials. The skirts may have a ruffle at the foot, and above may have a ruffle at the foot, and above
knee heighth one or two ruffles. The ull waist cut with body and sleeve in ne, has a round yoke edge with a headVg of gathered net or sett this style is sweet and simple.
There are many pretty designs for children's summer dresses, that are effective in embroidery.
Soft fabrics, like Swiss, mull and dimity are nice and cool for children's dresses.
A cute dress of white pique is made with diaganal closing, and a flat round collar and cuffs. The plaited skirt
oins the waist portions under a sach belt.
A clever adaption of the bustle effect is shown in a simple two piece skirt,
that is arranged on a four-piece foundaion, to hold the drapery at the back. The front the drapery at the be he fronts are plain and straight, Plness being caught up from though many are merely ornamental. A late Paris middy blouse shows a form a yoke over the shoulder, and

The Acme of Comfort CHALLENGE, COLLARS ANDCUFFS

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## You Can Cure CONSTIPATION By The Use of mildurits laxh-LIVER PILL.

A tree motion of the bowels daily should A free motion of the bowels daily should do not move daily constipation is sure to tollow and bring in its train many other
troubles when the bow troubles mhen the bowels becomie clogged
ap. You zet Headaches, Jaundice, Pires, ap. You get Headaches, Jaundice, Piles, Eyes, Catarrh of the Stomach, and those tired weary feelings which follow the Wrong action of the liver. N.Brs, Elitiah A. Ayer, Fawcett Hill, N.B., writes:- I was troubled with conyears ano my husband and about three try Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills as they had cured him. I got a vial, and tools them, and by the time I had taken three vials I was cured. I always keep then I take one."
Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25. vial, 5 vials for \$1.00, at all dealers, o mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont

Ask To See
This New Skirt The idea is that the one size fits all waists from 20 to 28 inches. The skirt fits gracefull without any alterations. There is no uliness, no bunching. eye moires and Egyptine taffetas (both guaranteed) and in Silks and Sateens.
"FROM ALL BEST STORES', Fold-Ladies' Two-Piece Skirt, with fullness at the waistline in back is is splendid for a separate practical model held under the belt which fastens under
$\$ 5.50$ Baby's Outifits $\$ 5.50$
be finished without the flounce, and in $34,36,38,40,42$ and 44 inches bust raised or normal waistline. Serge, voile, crepe, duvetyn, eponge, challie, gingham,
ratine, model. or linen are all suitable for this 22, 24, 26, 28,30 , 30 and 32 inches waist fmeasure. The skirt measures about
half a yard at the foot. Pattern rehalf a yard at the foot. Pattern re-
quires $31 / 2$ yards of 44 inch material for a 24 inch size. Pattern 10c.

9919-Ladies' Costume with Long or new shade of nell rose would be pretty for this design, with a vest of white chiffon or shadow lace. The design is also good for voile, batiste, gingham, linen, erepe, duvetyne, cloth or silk.
Navy blue chiffon taffeta with trim of tan or green, or bordered goods in any of the prevailing materials, are also nice for this. The waist is in surplice

style, and may be finished with short or
long sleeve, and with a plain long sleeve, and with a plain or tunic
skirt. $T$ The pattern is cut in 6 sizes:
$34,36,38,40 ; 42$ and 44 inches bust $34,36,38,40 ; 42$ and 44 inches bust
measure. Pattern loc.

9770-Ladies' Kimono.-Figured crepe in blue tones, is herr shown, with trim-
ming of blue sateen. The model is good for ming of bue sateen. The model is good for
cashmere, silk, flannel or flannellette. The waist is in Empire style, and is finished with a pretty collar. The pattern is
cut in 6 sizes: $34,36,38,40,42$ cut in 6 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44
inches bust measure. Pattern 10c.

9931-A Good "Over All" Apron.—This simple serviceable model may be used as
a dress. It is suitable for seersucker a dress. It is suitable for seersucker,
linene, galatea, gingham, chambrey or linene, galatea, gingham, chambrey or
lawn, and with the short sleeves and lawn, and with the short sleeves and
round neck is quite comfortable. It is
eesy ${ }^{34,36,}$ measure. Pattern 10 c .
9906.-Ladies' Night Dress in Round or Square Neck Edge.-Cambric, crossbar
muslin, dimity, nainsook, crepe or silk are popular materials for garments of this kind with trimming of embroidery edging or lace. The design is made with kimono sleeve and deep armscye and has graceful and simple lines. The pattern large. Pattern 10 c

9921 - Girls Dress with Surplice Front and Three-Piece Skirt. - This model ${ }_{3}$ was attractively developed in blue elinen, em
broidered in white. It is simple in line and easy to make. The collar unique in its shaping and the prett
girdle that may be of soft silk or poplin, forms a neat finish. The design is also suitable for poplin, crepe, seersucker,
gingham, lawn, chambrey, voile, challi or cashmere. The pattern is cut in 4 sizes: 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Pattern 10c.
9924.-A New and Popular Waist. (In Blouse or Unbloused Style).-With or without peplum with two styles of col-
lar and with long or short cerized madras iong or short sleeve. Meris here shown. The model which is a goo style for sport, outing or business wear may be developed in linen, lawn, linene
ratine, or flamnel. The design shows sime silk
or variety in collar and slest shows some
will look well with sinish, and will look well with or without the pep
lum, and in blouse or unbloused style
Th Mh, and in blouse or unbloused style
The pattern is cut in 6 sizes: $34,36,38$ 40,42 and 44 inches bust measure. Pat
tern 10 c .
easy to adjust and simple in the making.
The closing is at the side front. The tern 10 c .

Films Developed 10 CENTSOPER ROLL vELime
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## 1 EndsOneHalf the Corns <br> Do you know that

 nearly half the corns in the country are now ended in one way?Blue-jay takes out a million corns a month. It frees from corns legions of people daily Since its invention it has ended sixty million corns.

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will forget the corn.
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danger in thare your corns. There is danger in it, and it brings only brief Don't use old-time treatments They have never been efficient. jay. It is modern, scientific Bluejay. It is modern, scientific. And
it ends the corn completely in an easy, pleasint way.

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Often Taid Up for Days at a TimeA Wonderful Tribute to Dr. Chase's

Few people were ever more enthusiastic in praising Dr. Chase's Ointment than the writer of this letter. When you read the description
of his case you will not wonder why. Mr. John Johnson, Coleman, Alta., writes: "Three years ago I was cured of blind, itching piles of 27 , years'
standing by using Dr Chases Oint standing by using Dr. Chase's Oint-
ment. I used to think that death would be the only relief I would ever get from the terrible misery of piles. Often I was laid up for three days at a time, and at other times work "Dr. Chase's Ointment is worth six ty dollars a box instead of sixty cents. I am a different man since using it. I am farming all the time, and never gratitude for the cure this ointment made for me. I cannot tell half as much about it as it deserves. Anyone doubting this can write direct to me." box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates \& Co., Limited, Toronto
A message to all Skin Sufferers All skin troubles, from slight ones like
chilblains and face
spots, to severe cases spots, to severe cases
of eczema, rashes, bad legs, and hands, are cured by Antexema. It stops
irritation instantly, and a permanent curequickly follows.
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 duty to your skin
and get Antexema to-day. Of all druggists Canada. Prices in Britain, 1s. $1 \frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~d}$. and 2 s . 9 d . Wholesale from Antexema Co. Antexema


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Face, Neck or Arms
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Delatone is an old and
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he quick removal of hairy growths-nommatter how
thick or stubborn they may
be. A paste is made with then spread on hairy surface. After two or hree minutes it is rubbed off and the hairs will be found to be white, firm and hairless. Delatone is used by thousands of people and
is highly recommended by Mrs. Mae Martin,
the authority on "Beauty," authority on "Beauty.
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| :---: |

-9932-Dress for Girls and Young Misses -This design may readily be developed will be pretty in blue voile or crepe with trimming of embroidered bands, and
equally effective in white linen with equbroidery in in white linen with design. - The skirt has plaited fulness over the hips, and is finished at the back with a deep lengthwise tuck. The waist at the centre front. The pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 12,14 , and 16 years. Pat-
tern 10 c . tern 10 c .
9934.-Ladies' House Dress.-Checked gingham in black and white with facings of white are here combined. The design
is made with a panel on the skirt front is made with a panel on the skirt front
and back, and the right waist front is crossed over the left at the closing. The neck is collarless, but finished with a shaped facing. The sleeves are desirable in either wrist or shorter length. It will
develop well in lawn, chambrey, seerdevelop well in lawn, chambrey, seer-
sucker, ratine, linen, percale, voile, pop-
9927.-Girl's One-Piece Dress.-Such a pretty dress was developed from this It is equally effective in gingham, percale, galatea, challie, lawn, dimity, voile, or crepe. Feather-stitching or insertion
would form a pretty trimming on this would form a pretty trimming on this model. The pattern is cut in 4
$4,6^{*}$ and 8 years. Pattern 10 .
9926.-Ladies' Apron.-Gingham, percale, cambric, drill, lawn, galatea or alpaca are all suitable for this style of garment. The front is cut high over the bust, meeting strap ends that cross over is a comfortable model, cool and affording sufficient protection for the dress worn beneath it. The pattern is cut"in 3 sizes: small, medium and large. Pat-
tern 10 c . tern 10c.

9909-Child's Rompers with Long or
9909-Child's Rompers with Long or
Short Sleeves. - Brown galatea with

lin, or tub silk. The pattern is cut in brown and white striped gingham, are 7 sizes: 32, 34, 36, $38,40,42$ and 44 here combined. The model is also good 9933-9929—A Costume. - This attractive creation is composed of Ladies' Bolero Waist 9933, dotted net, dimity, crepe or silk would be nice, with voile, crepe, linen, lawn or taffeta, for the bolero and skirt. A chemisette of tucked batiste or net ma be added. Blue linen embroidered in
self color would make a smart outing scit, with the waist of sheer batiste em
sroidered with blue dots. The skirt is Hraped in deep folds over the back, anl Hay be finished with or without the
Honnced tunic. The waist sleeves are
 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { The infur may be omitted. The waist } & \text { broidery in some simple casily worked } \\ \text { pattern is cut in } 6 \text { sizes: This model is not difficult to } \\ \text { pat }\end{array}$ 42 and it inches bust measure, and the
skirt in G sizes: $22,24,26,28,30$ and
32 32 inches
10 e each.

## Had Salt Rheum. Could Scarcely Do Work.

Skin diseases are invariably due to bad or impoverished blood, and while not usually attended with fatal result average person. Among the most prevalent are: Salt Rheum, Eczema, Tetter, Rash, Boils, Burdock Biter E. the humor from the blood, and makes it the humor fro
Mrs. Ellwood Nesbitt, Apsley, Ont., writes:-"I had Salt Rheum so bad could scarcely do my work. I took two
treatments of doctor's medicine, but they did me no good. A friend told me his wife had had Salt Rheum, and that Burdock Blood Bitters had cured her, so I got a bottle, and before I had it all Burdock Blood Bitters is
Burdock Blood Bitters is manufac Limited, Toronto, Ont.

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R. D. Evans

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HAVE YOU A BAD LEG


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OINTMENT and PILLS. which is a certain
 $2 / 9$ each. See Trade Mark of a Grasshopper on House. 73 Farringdon Street, London. England,


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## Correspondence

W E invite rêaders to make use of will be made to publish all inus has, hitherto, made it impossible for every letter to appear in print, and, in
future, letters received from subscribers future, letters received from subscribers will receive first consideration. Kindly note we cannot send any correspondents
the names and addresses of the writers the names and addresses of the writers
of the letters published. Persons wishing to correspond with others should send letters in stamped, plain envelopes under cover to the Correspondence Department and they will immediately be
We care not
What OXydonor has
done for Thousands done for Thousand
IIt thould do for
fous.
first step towards first step towar by
Health tod our
riting for our writing for or
book at once.
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donor in my house



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## FRECKLIES <br> Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly  Simply get an ounce of othine-double strength from your druggist, and apply a ilttle of it night and monning and you should soo see that even the worst freckles have hon see have va dished entirely. It it is seldom the the aore yanan an ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear com Re sure to ask for the double strength othine as this is sold money back if is guarantee of

me, but being a mere lad of twenty, me, but being a mere lad of twenty,
perhaps my ideas are not of much account. I think that anyone who is a native of our glorious Canada, has a good homestead, and is inclined to look son to be pitied, even if he is a half starved bachelor. This glorious Canada of ours (of whom all Canadians who are worth a snap are justly proud), af ords all kinds of opportunities to the willing and dauntless, lonely or other of the way a home should be ina ar fine, only a little more weight should be hrown on the man's side of it. Al hough not a subscriber I am a constant reader of your paper, and I find it very The Yelpul to me, especially Doctor Gordon's hould like to and his Problem." Sunshine" and "Maple Bud" if they will please write to me. I will sign myself, Canadian Frank.

From The Melting Pot
Winnipeg, Man., April 10th, 1914. Good The Western Home Monthly, mood evening, dear Editor. Can you fireside? One who has often listened through the keyhole but feared to venture in. You're right "Northonia"-for fear of "What would people think." And yes, I hear them say "Who is he anyyes, hear them say Who is he anysuppose!" Not this time, Miss, and if I were I do not think I should come here toadying for sympathy on that account. I think the average Western busy to think of such a thing. No I'm a city boy and come from "the melting pot"-the Gateway City to the Golden West! "Aha! some country pedagog looking for a Miss!"-Missed again, but never mind your guessing. It doesn't
matter anyhow so long as I can sit beside the fire and hear you talk. I like your golden hair and deep blue eyes fair Miss, so please2 sit beside me here and let me hear you laugh.: The truth is I am feeling iblue and disappointed smile to help me to need your sunny be afraid; I have no golden ring to dont your hand with, nor even one with sparkling diamond chips-cut from window glass mostly. No, just a plain, tall, gawky boy of 25 or thereabouts, with mouth with a taste for apple and a big hath charms, and so has poetry, but most of all I want your wine of loug ter, full of the rich sweet joy of lifethe joy that somehow I have missed.
Do you want my story? No, there isn' enough of one to psychology, or perhaps its mostly dry ing pains-but never mind. I know the cure even as Saul did when he found it in the music of a boy. The cause-I
leave you to guns that; only let med Ceave you to guss that; only let me
hear you laugh. My address is with the Editor

## -

An Example Worth Following
Sask., Canada, April 14th, 1914. To, the Editor,
Dear Editor: I have been a reader of your paper for three years and have
found much pleasure in the perusal. have enjoyed reading it so much that I have enjoyed reading it so much that I
wish to send it to a friend of mine in
the Old Country close together with a dollar for paym en of subseription. There is a great deal of iscussion in your correspondence column both the pros and cons with interest. supporter of the at College I was a before the militants committed so many outrages. I have been so disgusted
with their programme of campaign their utter disregard of campaign and otler folks' property, that I would not care to be they have ruined the cause instead of helping it forward. If they had spent
their energies and money in trying to
relieve the sufferings of the sters, encouraging them their poorer
their struggle against poverty and th
evils of their environment, they woll have accomplished more in a month legislation would have accomplished i a year. There is a great deal of tall about the loneliness of the Wester bachelors. We spinsters have a touch of the complaint also, especially in the winter. I came from London, $\overline{\text { England, }}$ homestead east of Moose Jaw on a the time, with the exception of of months I spent in Alberta. I am a eacher by profession, but $I$ have dis overed, that in order to be successfu in this prairie land, one must be pre ived in the country and I have lived have the city, and although the latter has many advantages, such as Church fel owship and social intercourse, I think life in the country is the healthier of the two. Last summer I stayed on a Canadian farm. The work is hard and the hours are long, but there are many compensations. I should be glad to correspond with readers of either sex, and in the long winter evenings music and in deal of reading and needlework 1 see that most of the correspondents give a description of themselves. I will not, however, because I should find the task somewhat irksome. I am still in Ine twenties, rather short and a blondethe pleasure., I enjoy a drive but am not an accomplished horsewoman by any means. I have no great objections to a man smoking, but I have no use at all for a man who drinks or gambles. As to a man or a girl who flirts, all I can acquaintance. I have seen the therrible tragic effects of the affections being played with by heartless people. This Western land needs earnest men and thinking women if it is to become "Hobble Skirt" and the "Suffref the men are losing their chivalrous attitud toward the weaker sex and it is not to be wondered at. Still there are women who are not slaves to the prevailing esty to styl prefer comfort and modesty to style. Trusting that you will find a space in your columns for thi
epistle, I will sign myself,

A London Lassie.

## A Reader and a Poet

Medicine Hat, Alta., April 20, 1914. Dear Editor: I would like just a I can pass a few remarks, regarding th letters written by other writers in the Column, so I hope you won't refuse. Yll ake "Spartan," first. I guess he's an Atheist, and religion never appealed to him. Eve was the only sex for ages, Bible, if you possess one, the oldest historical book a-going, and read in Genesi thus: "And God made Man in His own mage," then farther on we read: "And God saw it was not good for man to be mate unto him." woman to be an helpman was the first, and I presume all those who read the Bible, as a rule, believe the Bible to be true, or otherwise they are not Christians. I guess you lay under a tree, and smoked your pipe when you thought that letter out. guess you have tried that fishing in-
vention, you seem to know all about it I used to do a little of it years abo, and found it hard work to get my breakfast before I went to my regular work at 7 a.m. I guess you didn't get a long enough start in idleness, or you may wave been a philosopher, and that is
where the kick comes. You and Christobel Pankhurst would just fill the barrow, and it would wheel along fine. "Pould dearly love to see you under "Petticoat Government." What do you say, brother bachelors. Now lie quiet
and take vour medicin. I'm gid see "Sammy" on my side regarding to to riage failures, with a little sensible talk on it. "Northonia" talks good sense too I see "Canadian Girl" and" Contented"
both find The Western Home Monthly both find The Western Home Monthly a
great benefit. Glad to hear it. W̌ell now I'll have to quit, there's some

ACOLDDeveloped Into BRONCHITIS.

However slight a cold you have you should never neglect it. In all pos-
if you do not treat it in time it will develop into bronchitis, pneumonia, or some other serious throat or lung trouble.
Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is particularly adapted for all colds, coughs, bronchitis, pneumonia, asthma, whooping cough and all troubles of the throat Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup are: Its action is prompt. 2. It invigorates well as heals, and soothes the throa nd lungs. 3. It is pleasant, harmless
and agreeable in tast
Mrs. Albert Vait, Brockville, Ont., rites; Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syruw Our oldest little girl is now six years old. When she was four months old she got cold which developed into Bronchitis, and we tried everything we could think of and had two doctors attending her,
but it was no good. One day I read in your almanac about Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, so I tried it, and efore she had finished one bottle of it the dry hacking cough had nearly all gone. There is nothing equal to it, See that you get "Dr. Wood's" when ou ask for it, as there are numerous imitations on the market. The genuine is manufactured by The T. Milburn O., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

When through old
age the bodily
functions become sluggish
Na-Dru-Co Laxatives
give gentle, timely and
effective aid, without
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## Eddy's

Fibreware
Tubs
will gladden the washerwoman's day. They are made in one solid piece and cannot fall apart and

They Retain
The Heat
Of the Water
much longer than the old wooden variety

Guilty Gold.
Guilty gold, what can it buy? From the depths of Hell comes an Guilty to grind the poor, and crush The fallen, in life's frantic rush; Huilty to pillage, grasp, and rob Guilty to cut off orphan's sob, Guily to cut off youth in bloom Overworked-a pitiful wage, ictims all of a grasping age, Lies upheld to stifle truth, Youth and beauty; beauty and youth. Maidens you know are daily sold,
Sordid mothers like Guilty gold.) The monkey-like desire to prate Pose and strut, as a magnate great, Till "Nick" himself, in his warm spot Garvels "Am I devil, or what?" Guilty gold, what can it buy
List to another ans'ring List to another ans'ring cry
wealth,
All their gold won't purchase health, The sweet joy of a mother's love, Dearest gift from God abov
it cannot-though with age they're
bent,
Buy the rep
Doing your best each day you: livent. Some kindly act to pleasure give,
An honest heart and noble mind, Better than all the wealth combined. The Laborer in his humble
Happier in his lowly lot.
With merry babe, and loving wife,
Leading a quiet healthy life.
teresting letters in the Correspondence
department of The Western Home department of The Western Home them sometime, but I never got it started. I enjoy so much reading letters from other people telling of their experiences, likes and dislikes. I am a member of that lonesome tribe "the
bachelor homesteaders," and when The Western Home Monthly comes along it's like an old friend come back from a trip around the world. Everybody seems to have a word of pity for us poor bachelors, but why pity us? I think most of us are bachelors from our own choice, and it seems to me being a bachelor is O.K. Have lived on a homestead only since last fall, but I am well I think most bachelors would Of course change their state if they could find the right woman, but until they do they are well content to remain a bach have learned how to bake bread-good bread too, mind you-make flapjacks, pancakes, etc. But 1 do not care to show my bread to any of the women folks for their opinion. I am located in Southern Sask., five miles from the new Lethbridge-Weyburn C.P.R. line, in a country of the very finest farming their idea of an "Ideal Man." I think they ought rather to think about how to make an "Ideal Woman" out of themselves. An ideal woman must, of course, be healthy, but above all she


Says Mrs. Cornett, Arn "Frult-a-tives" "They Keep Me in Perfect Healli"

ans. ANNIE A. CORBETY
Avon, ONrr, May 14th, 1013 gestion and Constipation with mos excellent results, and they continue to be my only medicine. I am highly pleased with "Fruit-a-tives" and am to the world, When I first started, about six years ago, to use them, I too four for a dose, but I cured myself of the above troubles and gradually reduced the dose to one tablet at night salts and other pills but the treatment was too harsh. I thought I might as well suffer from the disease as from these treatments.
Finally, I saw "Fruit-a-tives" advertised with a letter in which someone
recommended them very highly tried them. The results were more than satisfactory and I have no hesitation in Theommending them to anyother person, They have done me a world of good,
get satisfaction from them, get satisfaction from them, and thet
quite a lot". ANNIE A. CORBEIT. 50c. a box, 6 for $\$ 2.50$, trial size, 25 c . At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.


Rice 25 cts. pint
 of
MINARD'S LINIMENT


## ${ }^{\text {mimmm }}$ <br> My Neighbor's Confession (After she had been Fortunate)

## Woman and the Home

Yes, this is what my neighbor said that night, shadow of her stately house,
her when her head was white)
What time dark leaves were weird in And each late rose sighed with its latest reath,
"This sweet world is too sweet to end
in death."
But this is what my neighbor said to me:
II grieved my youth away for that I grieved m
or this.
I had upon my hand the ring you see,
With pretty babies in my arms to
And one man said I had the sweetest
He was quite sure, this side of Paradise
"But then our crowded cottage was so And spacio Then one would fret me with an India And one fla
And one flash by me in a diamond's
light; And one wou
And one look coldly from her painted face.
"I did not know that I had everything
I did-I remembered it. Ah me! ah me!
I who had ears to hear the wild-bird
And eyes
A bitter fate that jewels the gray hair,
Which once was golden and had flowers to wear.
"In the old house, in my old room, for The hears, Would hardly let me look at it for tears. Oh , my lost
Only to miss you from the empty light
of my lone fire-with my own grave in my lone
sight.
"In the old house, too, in its own old place,
Handsome and young, and looking Handsome and young, and looking the gate
Through which it flushed to meet me, is a face
For which, ah me! I never more shall For which, ah me! I wait forever, I
Who, for the hope of it, can surely die.
"Young men write gracious letters here That ought
The youth in this one crowds all Italy!
This glimmers with the far Pacific's
shine.
The first poor little hand that warmed
Wrote this-the date is old; you know the rest.
"Oh, if I only could have back my boys,
With their lost gloves and books for
Their scattered playthings and their
I sit here in the splendor, growing With hollow ha
With hollow hands that backward reach For the sweet trouble which the children
make."

 conditions without which there can be no
comfort for the child, or hope of ronust
growth It is the most trustworthy of worm
exterminators.

## Children's Parties

Many a country mother would like to have parties for her children occasionally, but she hardly knows how to go
about it. She thinks if she were only in aown where the little folks could come
town whe and go easily parties would be very
enjoyable, but in the country it is imenjoyable, but in the country it is im-
possible to do anything. She knows little possible to do anything. She knows little children are delighted with the idea of a
party, and that asking in a dozen or party, and that asking in a dozen or
more children to play games and eat a few simple articles of food will pass for
a party with the average child, yet she a party with the average child, yet she shrinks from the undertaking.
Now a party in the country for little children is one of the easiest things imaginable, and it can easily be made a
double social affair. Either the mothers may be asked with the children, or the big sisters, and thus two "parties" are in progress at once. The ladies can amuse
good together as they are all sweet,
while custard, cocos and oranges are too soft and mussy. A little forethought will enable the mother to work out a good combination and one that will no be expensive or hard to manage.
And, last but not least, have And, last but not least, have your
party hours short. Do not expect to entertain the children from one o'clock to six, no matter how beautiful the day nor how much they may be out of doors. Two hours is a long enough period to and the party will be more successful if it is short. A happy, enjoyable little time with good things to eat and a desire to stay longer makes the ideal children's party and surely this is
the reach of any country mother-

## Preparing our Boys for Fatherhood

## Ida M. Haliburton, Caigary.

When we consider the question, I think we will admit that most of our
knowledge of children is derived from study of them and their actions. They cannot explain their thoughts and their reasons well enough to enable us to solve
our problems concerning them. They
always gives an exultant thump whe strangers remark of him "He's a boy, isn't he " I like to see him make all the noise he can with his toys. I like occasionally to see him break things. Mos
of all, I want him to be boyish; but of all, I want him to be boyish; but
want him to cuddle dolls and love them as fervently in his boy way as my little girls do in theirs. In my estimation, it will not detract one iota from his manli ness.
We
We all admit that the germ of
mothering is innate in every little girl mothering is innate in every little girls
heart. We foster it and coax it ints heart. Ve ory wisely, I think. The little girl may never be a mother but she' better for the development. Some one or some thing will benefit by that growth and she herself is wider and richer for' it. Inseast holds a similar germ; just as capable of growth, unless it is hilled and discouraged.
Very small boys, it seems to me, are I know a seven-year-old who has a teddy bear which he has taken to bed with him very night for four years. He lover
that teddy just as fervently as his sister oves her dolls. Once while she was sewing for her dolls, he made his teddy pair of overalls, which showed that he


Members of the Alpine Club around a camp fire themselves with fancy work or other
sewing and the young girls are delighted expess themselves most clearly by to help with the games, so the hostess 8 really has very little responsibility. She can even ask several friends to help with serving and the atternoon will be a pleasant to her as anyone.
The games should include all the dear, more quiet ones in winter. Just now picture puzzle, checkers, dominoes donkey contests, bean bags, parlo croquet, I spy, and all the other things hildren delight in may furnish the tising pages and given to children to fit together furnish much amusement, and block building, dolls, and mechanical toys may all be used effectively. If it is a oys' party marbles will be liked, while the girls like dolls or doll sewing The refreshments should be simple and four o'clock will not spoil the child's supper, and a heavy meal would Sandwiches made of good bread and jam, bread and boiled ham, bread and preserves, or bread and butter only are all good. Chopped nuts for a sandwich filing or nuts and cottagé cheese are Plain cookies, plain cake with frosting, and candies, the frosting decorations making it look festive, raisins, figs, oranges, apples, popcorn, home-made be used, depending upon the season be used, depending upon the season.
Two or three articles should comprise
the menu, and they should be the kind the menu, and they should be the kind
to combine well. For example, jam andwiches, well. for example, jam I have neither can I endure a "sissy." sundwiches, cocoa and candies are not $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { I have a little son seven months old and } \\ & \text { I want him to be all boy. My heart }\end{aligned}\right.$
object of his affection as the mother instinct had prompted in his sister. He was a very manly little fellow too
I also know a thirteen-year-old boy who, his mother tells me, is very much delivering our paper one night and I delivering our paper one night and I
remarked to him: "Well, George, you have a nice little baby at your house, haven't you?" George colored, looked shy but pleased and, twisting his bare toe around in the sand, said, as uncon-
cerned as he could: "Aw, she's all cerned as he could: "Aw, she's an ashamed to show his pleasure over an inquiry that would have delighted his sister? Just because he is a boy and has been taught that dolls and babies are beneath a manly boy's notice
Then, again, did you ever observe the difference between the attitudes of the parents when they have their baby in
public. Not one mother in a hundred public. Not one mother in a hund looks self-conscious.
Now I think that most of this condition of affairs is due to the fact that boys are taught to despise dolls. Early impressions are more vivid and lasting than those received later. The responsibilities of fathernood are almost as teach our boys of motherhood. Let me, it will not make him less manly. I'll risk him staying home from a good baseball match to make doll clothes. will also guarantee that his wife, when he gets one, will bless the day she was
chosen by a man who has had a little preparation for fatherhood.


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