

# The Carleton Place Herald.

"ONWARD AND UPWARD."

Vol. LXVI, No. 47.

Carleton Place, Lanark Co., Ont., Tuesday, May 9, 1916.

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Capt. J. H. Bates is taking a special

course in Kingston at present.

Renfrew has had a fire in the munitions factory, with a loss of \$30,000 or more.

Mr. D. G. Campbell has purchased from Mrs. Jas. Latimer her house on Emily street.

Mrs. J. C. Stewart, a well-known Pembroke lady, died a few days ago, aged 59 years.

The first thunderstorm of the season visited this section yesterday morning. It was succeeded by a cold blast.

All liquor licenses in Perth and Smiths Falls have been extended by the license commissioners until 10th of September.

Mr. Robt. Cavanagh is on the sick list at present, and underwent an operation Sunday evening at the hands of Dr. Webster of Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. David Gillies, and Mrs. Capt. W. R. Caldwell left yesterday for the old country, where they purpose spending a few weeks.

Rev. Robert Taggart, of Richmond, spent the week-end with Carleton Place friends. He occupied the pulpit in St. Andrews church on Sunday evening.

"September Morn" will occupy the boards in the opera house to-morrow evening. The musical comedy has had wonderful success, and will doubtless draw a big house.

The C.P.R. is distributing to its station masters throughout the whole system packages of flower seeds to be planted about the station yards so they may be brightened with the flowers.

Santa are now selling for the big musical comedy success, "September Morn," to-morrow night. Plan at the Rexall Store.

All the front windows of the public school are adorned with window boxes, and the scholars have filled them with plants, and hope to have them in good shape for Empire Day, when there is to be an all-day celebration.

Mr. Hilliard McDaniel has purchased from Mr. Geo. Warren the brick house on Charlotte street at present occupied by Mr. C. E. Sibbitt. The latter purpose moving to Ottawa shortly, having secured a good position with a wholesale fruit company.

Miss Meta Klemm, who attended our high school a few years ago and then entered the General Hospital, Kingston, as nurse-in-training, graduated last week and won the silver medal, being only seven marks behind the winner of the gold medal—Miss Klemm is a niece of Miss Louise Young, of North Bay.

Strict orders have been issued by the Militia Department to the effect that no birds or squirrels are to be shot by soldiers in any of the summer military camps.

It is held that all birds and squirrels summering in Canada should be treated as honored guests, and should not be used as targets, as such musketry practice is no British.

The Synod of Montreal and Ottawa

opens in Chalmers Church, Ottawa, this evening.

The Presbytery of Lanark and Renfrew is in session here to-day, in St. Andrews church.

The Choral Society put on their annual concert on Friday evening, with attractive programme.

The Renfrew Council has decided to purchase a Ford truck-runabout for Town Engineer Stewart.

Mr. J. H. Edwards is introducing the Overland car this week through the columns of THE HERALD.

A band of gypsies passed through yesterday. They had eight waggon and the whole outfit seemed bright and clean.

Do not fail to see "September Morn," the bright and funny musical comedy, in the Opera House to-morrow night. Prices 50c, 15c and 10c.

The local company of the 130th Battalion will attend service at Knox church, Blacks Corners, next Sunday morning.

The adjourned meeting of the Board of Education, fixed for Thursday evening last, did not materialize for lack of a quorum.

The Horticultural Society has distributed 1200 packages of flower and vegetable seeds among the public school children of the town.

The old house on Bell street, which has stood for 80 years, has been torn down by Mr. Pattie, and thus another of the old landmarks has been removed.

Rev. Mr. Taylor, of Braeside, occupied the pulpit in Zion church last Sunday, in exchange with Mr. Scott, who was preaching anniversary sermons at Braeside.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Henderson announce the engagement of their daughter, Janet Agnes (Nettie) to Mr. Alfred A. Powell, the marriage to take place on the 13th inst.

See the big Tango Chorus in the "September Morn," to-morrow night, at the Opera House to-morrow night.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wolfe have returned to Carleton Place after spending the winter at Wilson's Corners, Que., and after arranging his affairs here purpose leaving again for Ottawa, where he has secured a good position.

Sergeant Herb. Eastwood arrived home from Montreal Sunday morning, where he has been attending the Physical Training and Bayonet Fighting class.

In the final examinations held on May 3 and 4, he qualified with good percentage.

The annual meeting of the Northern Division, C.C.A., was held last Saturday night in Ottawa. Delegates were present from the different clubs of the division and were unanimous in the opinion that the annual divisional meet

be held as usual on July 22nd this year, the same to be held in Ottawa this year and the club to be decided upon later.

The Pembroke Board of Education has purchased a site for a public school in the west ward and also a site for a new collegiate.

John Havington of Smiths Falls who was up before Judge Scott at Perth on a charge of bigamy, was sentenced to two months in gaol.

A wedding was solemnized at the home of the bride's mother, in Kingston last Tuesday evening when Eleda Sarah Singleton, daughter of Mrs. J. H. Singleton formerly of Smiths Falls was united in marriage to William James Boyd, B. Sc., a lieutenant in the 53rd, Battery, and son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Boyd of Smiths Falls. Rev. S. Shibley, uncle of the bride, performed the ceremony.

The funeral of the late Michael Doyle was held last Thursday morning, to St. Mary's church, and was very largely attended. Deceased was a member of the Catholic Order of Foresters, Perth; the Ancient Hibernians, Almonte; and the Ancient Order of United Workmen, town, each society being well represented, and the floral tributes were numerous. The pallbearers were Messrs. J. E. Bennett, W. J. Burchill, Thos. Hughes, W. J. Welsh, J. S. Galvin, D. Sullivan. The body was sealed in a burglar proof, water tight vault. Among those from out of town that were present were Dr. Dunn, Almonte; D. C. Healey, D. Gray, R. Hill, J. Clint, M. Hussey, Smiths Falls; F. Lambert, Perth, and several others from other places.

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Le Comte and Flesher will present at the opera house, to-morrow night, Wm. Adams in the cyclonic dancing musical comedy, "September Morn," which is a revel of fun, songs and tangles, with Ruth Wilkins, "The American Gaby Desleays," in dances now the rage. Margaret Owens, Margaret Felch, Leslie Jones, and the smartest cast of the season. The chorus numbers some twenty pretty girls, the scenic environment is beautiful, and the costuming a riot in color and design.

The following is the Honor Roll for S.S. No. 9 Beckwith for the month of March: Sr. IV—1, Isabel McLaren, 2, Margaret Switzer, 3, Vera Lowe, Jr. IV—1, Violet Turner, 2, Dorothy McRae. Sr. III—1, Vera Campbell, 2, Jean Switzer, 3, Rebecca McLaren. Sr. II—1, Wilhelmine Switzer, 2, Gordon McRae. Sr. I—1, Peter Timmins, 2, Annie Robertson, 3, Annie Timmins. Sr. Primer—1, Orville Turner, 2, John Fumerton. Jr. Primer—1, Ernest Robertson, 2, Gerald Campbell.

Submarines warfare on commerce was denounced by an array of prominent jurists at Washington on Friday before the American Society of International Law.

Sir George Foster announced in the House of Commons that a trade commission, composed of six members, will visit Europe with a view to development of Canadian commerce.

## Married at Ottawa.

Miss Mary Wolfe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wolfe, was married at Ottawa on Saturday, to Pte. William George Jeuner, a young Englishman, formerly in the capital. Rev. W. A. McIlroy performed the ceremony. The young couple came up by the evening train to Carleton Place and are spending a few days with the bride's parents here.

## PATRIOTIC FUND.

Subscribers to the Patriotic Fund are reminded that their monthly payments are due on or before the 15th of each month, and are requested to be as prompt as possible so as to enable the Treasurer to make his report on time.

By order of the Committee.

D. B. OLIVER,

Treasurer.

## A Generous Subscription.

Dr. Wm. Moffatt, of Utica, N.Y., is another Carleton Place boy who feels the ties of patriotism, and last week sent to Mr. D. B. Oliver a cheque for the handsome sum of \$250, to be added to the Patriotic Fund here. This brings the total of the Carleton Place subscriptions on the last canvass up to \$20,884.

## Ashton Red Cross Society.

The following donations have recently been received by the Ashton Red Cross Society: Proceeds Munster Methodist church Christmas Entertainment, \$7; Munster Methodist Sunday School, \$10; Prospect Methodist Church Concert, \$18.35; Prospect English Church Concert, \$41.05; Ashton School Literary Society afternoon tea, \$2.30.

## Carleton Place Sets Good Ad.

In the annual report of the Ontario Horticultural Societies, just received, the Carleton Place Society receives double the average notice, in addition to which a full page picture is given of the bird houses shown at the bluebird bazaar last year. The picture is a feature and one of which the society, the school children and the whole town may well feel proud.

## The Casualties List.

The latest word received from those who survive, when the house that Capt. W. H. Hooper and his noble boys defended until blown up, is to the effect that Pte. Neil McPhee, son of Mr. Angus McPhee, lost his life in the explosion, as no trace has ever been had of him. The lists of last week contain the names of David Trotman, well known to us all, brother of Mr. Harry Trotman, of the 21st, killed in action. Deceased was a fine looking man, a model soldier, and was through the South African campaign. He leaves a wife and two children at Kingston. About the same time the death of Charles O'Leary, also of the 21st, was killed, a brother of Pte. J. F. O'Leary, town. Deceased was a well known athlete, and enlisted from Prescott. Yesterday's report gives the name of Ernest C. Reynolds, as wounded. Reynolds was also with Capt. Hooper in the first contingent. The honor roll keeps growing as the days roll by.

## Canoe Club Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Carleton Place Canoe Club was held last Thursday evening in the smoking-room, town hall. Although the attendance was not very large it was most representative and enthusiastic, and everything looks most favorable for the coming season. The club have lost a number of their best paddlers who have answered the call of the motherland and these are out of the championship crew. Last year was one of the biggest years in the history of the club, the divisional meet and trip to the C.C.A. in Toronto costing a lot of money, however the deficit was not very large considering the expenditure and this will be wiped off very shortly. The officers for the ensuing year are as follows:—Hon. Commodores—A. E. Cram, David Findlay, Robert Patterson, G. A. Burgess, C. W. Bates; hon. vice commodores, Messrs. Geo. H. Findlay, D. B. Oliver, J. C. Jeffrey, R. A. Galbraith, Dr. J. A. McEwen, Dr. M. H. Steele, J. A. Innes, Wm. Findlay, Mayor Smythe, Jas. E. Bennett, F. C. McDiarmid, Geo. T. Fulton, B. G. Michel; commodore, R. W. Bates; vice commodore, Harry Hickin; captain, Gilbert G. Gordon; 2nd captain, Lloyd Devlin; secretary, W. M. Allen; treasurer, Robt. McCallum; executive committee, L. Abel, G. W. Carson, J. B. Moore, Robt. McLaren, Roy Munshaw; trustees, Messrs. A. E. Cram, Robert Patterson and David Findlay; auditors, Dr. M. H. Steele and F. A. J. Davis. Paddling will be started just as soon as possible and the club is endeavoring to have the shower bath in the club house put in first class shape for the convenience of the boys.

We Sell Everything that Men and Boys Wear.

TRU-KN



## HOME CIRCLE COLUMN

Pleasant Evening Reveries dedicated to tired Mothers as they Join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

Of all places on earth, home is the most delicate and sensitive. Its chords move with a breath; its fires are kindled with a spark; its flowers are bruised with the least rudeness. Here our hearts wear no covering, no armor. Every arrow strikes them, every old wave blows full upon them. If we would have a true home, we must guard well our thoughts and actions.

The man who never praises his wife deserves to have a poor one. And the man who praises a good wife more than he deserves hasn't been born yet.

When crepe on the door tells of a mother gone, only those who have moistened a mother's grave with their tears can fully understand and read aright the black threads in the bow.

Sometimes the hasty word has been spoken, the sharp, snappish word I can scarcely remember in the home circle. The true wife's heart so often bleeds at the bitter, thoughtless, but cutting word of a husband. When she is gone to heaven, and he "weeps o'er her bier" he will remember it.

There are none of us so poor but we can train a few roses on the humble wall and their scent and beauty will long be remembered, and many a boy, instead of going to loaf upon the public highway will linger at home among the flowers. Moral degradation always begins at home.

There are many happy homes, thank God, in every community, and when they exist there goes out from them a blessed influence which can hardly be over estimated. "A real home with a mother in it," whose hospitable doors are ever open to those not so blessed, is a wonderful power for good.

Many a child goes astray, not because there is a want of prayer or virtue at home, but simply because home lacks sunshine. A child needs smiles as much as flowers need sunshine.

We know from sad experience that it is very inconvenient to be poor, but no man is poor who has a happy home and it does not require lace curtains or velvet carpets to make a home happy.

When hearts are broken and friends fall, this active stirring world of ours makes room for us all to go to work and forget our troubles. If it were not for something to do and the chance to do it, what would become of the mother when her baby dies? Do you think

she would ever recover from such an anguish if she found nothing to do but clasp the empty cradle and fondle the unused garments? Be taken up by doing then, Oh, broken hearted children of our common parent, sorrow. So shall the heart heal and the balm be yielded. Work will keep off pity's pension list and maintain in your bosom the soul of a steadfast soldier rather than that of a whimperer and a craven. Thank the destiny that sends you many perplexing things for wise adjustment, otherwise you would never forget the wound—that throbs—with fresh pain whenever night comes and the duties of the day are hushed to rest.

A happy home does not result from a large income. A large amount of love, plenty of good sense and a very little money will make a happy home circle.

Never think you can afford to be dowdy at home. Cleanliness, hair well dressed, and a smile will make calico look like silk in the eyes of a father or brother.

Why is it that we so easily forget that the little things in life are what make it easy or hard? A few pleasant words, a warm hand clasp, a cordial letter, are simple things, but they are mighty in their influence on the lives of those about us, adding a ray of hope to many desolate hearts, giving a bit of courage to disappointed, weary ones and helping to make our own lives sweeter at the same time.

You will never have a friend if you must have one without a fault.

It is one of the paradoxes of life that the more a woman keeps her husband in hot water the colder he grows toward her.

Most good men have had good mothers.

Let us take time to get acquainted with our families. The wealth you are accumulating may be a doubtful blessing to the son who is a stranger to you. Your beautifully kept house, busy mother, can never be a home to the daughter whom you have no time to caress.

The virtues grow about the home. They cluster, bloom and shed their perfume around the fireside. Love, husband, wife, father, mother, child and home—without those words the world would be a barren wilderness, and men and women but brutish beasts.

### THE POULTRY MAN'S OPPORTUNITY

From present indications Great Britain will require all the eggs and poultry Canada can produce during 1916. Last year, as a result of greatly increased production, Canada was able to ship to Great Britain the largest quantity of eggs exported since 1902, and at the same time reduced her imports for home consumption by nearly a million dozen.

Canadian eggs have found favor on the British market, and the prospects are that, providing they are available, much larger quantities will be shipped this year. The unusually high prices prevailing at the present time are largely due, to this anticipated export demand.

Prices for poultry are also high, and will likely continue so for the rest of the season. Last fall and winter all the surplus Canadian poultry was exported at highly profitable prices. Between fifty and sixty cars of live poultry were shipped from Western Ontario to the Eastern States alone, and in the Maritime Provinces, particularly in Prince Edward Island, the export demand for canned poultry has greatly enhanced prices to producers.

Although some uneasiness has existed on the part of the trade as regards transportation facilities in view of the high freight rates and the shortage of boats, it is now reasonably certain that an even greater demand for Canadian poultry and eggs will occur this year. It is important, therefore, that every poultry producer takes steps to profit thereby, by hatching as many chickens as possible this spring.

Now is the time, by hatching early, by hatching everything possible in the month of May, to guard against the marketing of so much small, undersized poorly finished poultry, which annually becomes a drag on the market in the fall of the year. Again it is only by hatching now, and giving the chickens every possible chance to thrive and grow that a maximum supply of eggs can be obtained in the winter time.

Given their proportionate amount of attention, the growing of poultry brings quick and profitable returns to the farmer. With the increasing cost of meats, milk, butter, etc. there is a constantly increasing demand for poultry and eggs. The labour problem is not critical, as the boys and girls on the farm can readily take care of the poultry. The cost of feed is nominal, prices for poultry and eggs are high, the highest in fact, for many years. It is obvious, therefore, that Canadians have a patriotic, as well as an economic duty to perform in making the year 1916 the banner year for poultry production in Canada.

Principal Gordon of Queen's University has tendered his resignation owing to continued ill-health.

### STILL ANOTHER.

This Hat Might Be a Modern Version of Moorish Taste.



SO ULTRA.

Headgear after this model resembles old Moorish styles somewhat. The jaunty high white feather is held by a knot of tan straw like the hat itself, which is of a pretty, fine weave. This design leaves no doubt in our minds about being one of the season's features.

### SHINING TRESSES.

A Doctor's Suggestions About Shampoo and Daily Care of Your Hair. Although it may not be possible or indeed desirable for every woman to have tresses of Godiva-like abundance, it is within the power of almost everybody to have a fine head of hair or to possess what looks like one, whether her locks are long or short, thick or thin, dry or oily, dark, fair or just mid-brown. The whole secret lies in the state of the health and the daily care of the hair.

If the hair is in an impoverished condition, abnormally greasy or abnormally dry, showing a tendency to become brittle and break off short; if it loses its color and bulk, then it is no good in beginning any hair treatment without first attending to the general state of the health.

One should take sufficient exercise and rest and correct any indiscretions in diet. Where an anaemic condition exists a tonic often does wonders, so will a course of cod liver oil, while raw eggs and unboiled milk are articles of diet which directly beautify the hair. As to the general care of the hair, it should be washed as often as it requires cleaning. Once a week is not too often for a very oily type of hair, and about once in three weeks is a good average for ordinary hair.

If it is washed at home liquid soap is the best thing to use. The hair should be thoroughly wetted with warm water, then a handful of the liquid rubbed in. If it does not lather at once use a little more water and a little more liquid till the whole head is in a perfect foam; rinse out the lather very thoroughly, take the worst of the moisture off with hot towels and dry by brushing and fanning. Do not on any account seek to dry it by the fire.

The daily care of the hair is most important. It should be well brushed every night, the scalp being first of all treated with a rather hard brush to stimulate the circulation and the long hair afterward brushed with long, sweeping strokes, two brushes with rather long, stiff bristles being used. This is to keep the hair clean and give it a natural gloss.

### Some Tasty Sandwiches.

The Midnight.—One cream cheese, twelve olives stoned and chopped fine, moisten and spread between thin buttered slices of white or entire wheat bread.

The Boston.—Mash cold baked beans, add two tablespoonfuls horseshoe to each cupful of beans, spread between thin slices of brown bread, buttered. Tomato catsup or prepared mustard may be used to season beans instead of horseshoe if preferred, seasoning to suit the taste.

The Walnut.—Butter the bread, spread over each slice a layer of cheese, then a layer of chopped nuts. Sprinkle with salt and cover with another slice. Serve with olives.

The Onion.—Soak finely cut Bermuda onions in ice water for an hour, the water being previously sweetened and salted. Drain and mix with mayonnaise and place between slices of white bread.

Smurche.—Two packages of cheese, one hard boiled egg, a ten cent bottle stuffed olives, salt and cayenne to taste, one tablespoonful melted butter and a little chopped onion. Chop and mix all together and spread between slices of bread.

### Homemade Tea Wagon.

A discarded gocart may be used for the purpose. Remove the seat part from the gocart, leaving the wheels and handle. Then saw the legs off from an old wicker table, about five inches from the ground. Fasten the table to the gocart and paint all a dark green. Place on top of the table first a piece of cretonne, then a piece of glass over that. Hold both in place with four strips of molding nailed on firmly and painted the same dark green.

### WOMEN AND THRIFT.

Upon the women of the land will rest the greatest burden of success in the campaign for thrift that has been inaugurated. As heads of the household they are the chancellors of domestic exchequers. It is for them to bear in mind that expenditure upon articles that are not actually needed is not alone lessening their own resources but also depriving the country of something that might be more profitably applied. The majority of men will agree that so far as the household is concerned their women are pretty thrifty. But stinginess, parsimoniousness, or miserliness is not thrift. The thrifty woman combines with a natural aptitude for economy the wisdom of selection and utilization. She knows when to save and when to spend. She knows what is necessary and what can be done without and she makes the best use of everything. Neither does she do all things herself. When help is at hand she utilizes it with discretion.

The great aid to thrift is thoughtfulness. In fact without that element thrift is utterly out of the question. The thrifty woman, too, not only exercises wisdom herself but sees that her children do the same thing not by indulging them but by delegating to them sundry offices of which they are capable, by making them self-reliant. But the woman cannot do all these things by herself. She must enjoy the support, countenance and influence of her menfolk. The greatest enemy to thrift is the promiscuous doling out of the money. It is not to boys and girls a sign of good nature; it is death to the recipient. It poisons their disposition and sows seeds of weeds that can never be eradicated. For that sort of thing women are but little responsible, but where their efforts shine is in allowing nothing to go to waste, in making use of everything, and in exercising ingenuity in food, dress, household labor and the bringing up of children. An incentive to the accomplishment of these things is reflection upon the times, upon the needs and experience of their male relatives at the front, and upon the fact that every ounce saved is a contribution to the welfare of the country and perhaps to winning the war.

### RAMSAY COUNCIL.

Council Chamber, Almonte, April 29th, 1916. Pursuant to adjournment the council met in the town hall, at 10 o'clock a. m., all the members being present.

The minutes of last meeting were read and adopted.

Mr. Henry Savage was heard before the council asking to have the sum of \$3 64 refunded to him, which amount

he had paid in taxes in 1915 upon a property in the village of Clayton for which he was assessed and which he did not own.

Mr. Fitzpatrick made application for a bonus for a wire fence opposite lot 9, in con. 3, which was granted.

On motion of Messrs. James and Cochran, Mr. Savage was refunded taxes to the amount of \$3.64.

On motion of Messrs. Syme and Young, it was decided to have the treasurer bonded to the amount of \$4,000.

On motion of Messrs. James and Cochran, an order for two junior graders and one spike plow was placed with the Sawyer Massey Company, Hamilton.

The following tenders for the old town hall and stable were received on:—

Robt. Templeman, for hall	\$51.00
James W. Bowes, for stable	45.00
Clement Bros., hall and stable	95.00
John Cannon, hall and stable	83.00
John Cunningham, stable	41.00
W. A. Gilman, stable	36.00
Alex. Metcalfe, hall	76.00

On motion of Messrs. Syme and Young, the tender of Mr. Robt. Templeman for the hall and that of Mr. James W. Bowes for the stable were accepted.

The following accounts were paid:

J. S. Scissons, roadwork	\$ 9.00
J. H. Symington, Jr., do	9.45
Robert Kellough, do	2.25
W. B. Paul, do	10.70
John Hamilton, do	2.10
F. A. Ross, do	23.27
F. A. Ross, commission	3.00
G. A. Murphy, assessor	86.38
J. S. Bowland, roadwork	19.80
John Sutherland, do	4.00
Alex. Cochran, roadwork	1.50
McMunn, do	10.50
W. J. Drynan, do	15.00
Edward McMunn, do	42.15
Herman Giles, S. No. 2	20.00
Henry Savage, refund taxes	3.64
Alex. McPhail, roadwork	25.80
Alex. McPhail, commission	2.00
T. S. Arthur, roadwork	1.50
Gordon Lowry, do	1.75
Gavin Hall, do	1.25
Hubert Syme, do	3.00
John Atkin, do	6.00
Wm. Neilson, do	3.00
Harry Kennedy, road through fields	5.00
James H. Kelly, S. No. 3	200.00
W. J. McNeely, S. No. 8	125.00
M. R. McParlane, postage and stationery	6.70
John Cunningham, roadwork	51.75
John Cunningham, commission	11.50
Thos. Curtis, roadwork	5.40
Robert Hillard, do	25.00
Andrew Yull, roadwork	1.00
James S. Patterson, do	2.20
Wm. McGill, do	3.00
A. S. Duncan, do	8.00
Fred Sadler, do	2.70
A. Stewart, do	3.00
John Turner, do	3.00
Ernest Symington	1.05
Wm. Galvin, cedars	7.30

On motion of Messrs. Syme and James, the council adjourned until Saturday, the 27th day of May, when it will meet as a Court of Revision.

T. A. Thompson, Tp. Clerk.

It is rumored that General Carranza is in danger of being assassinated.

## TOOK THE ADVICE OF HIS FRIEND

Stomach Trouble and Rheumatism Relieved By "Fruit-a-tives"



MR. L. LABRIE

594 Champlain St., Montreal.

"I have been restored to health by taking 'Fruit-a-tives'. For two years, I was a miserable sufferer from Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble. I became very weak, had frequent dizzy spells and when I took food, felt wretched and sleepy. I suffered from Rheumatism dreadfully, with pains in my back and joints and my hands swollen.

A friend advised me to try 'Fruit-a-tives' and from the outset, they did me good. After I had started the second box, I felt I was getting well and I persevered in the treatment. I can truthfully say that 'Fruit-a-tives' is the only medicine that helped me.

LOUIS LABRIE.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" is the famous medicine made from fruit juices. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

British prisoners were reported to be badly treated by the Bulgarians.

A plot to assassinate the Sultan resulted in the arrest of two Turkish Princes in Constantinople.

Parliament decided to go on with the Hudson Bay Railway, putting through estimates for that purpose.

General Lake and the Turkish Commander have agreed on an equal exchange of sick and wounded.

British cavalry boarded a train in Macedonia and took off a German Consul charged with espionage.

Damage to the extent of about \$5,000 was done by fire which broke out in the central militia store at Ottawa.



## A Complete Car in Every Particular And It's a Car You Will Be Proud to Own

It's the first complete car at anywhere near so low a price.

It stands out alone—boldly—unapproached—a powerful five-passenger touring car complete for only \$850.

Note that word "complete."

That means Electric Starter, Electric Lights, Electric Horn, Magnetic Speedometer—in fact, every necessary item. Nothing is lacking. There are no extras to buy.

Note that it is not a small car. The wheelbase is 104 inches. The tires are four-inch size—many cars costing more have smaller tires.

And it is a perfect beauty—snappy, stylish, speedy.

In every way it's a car you will be proud to own and ride in.

No wonder there's a rush to possess the car the world has been waiting for.

Don't delay—see us at once and talk it over.

J. H. EDWARDS, Agent  
Bridge Street. Carleton Place.  
TELEPHONE NO. 141.

Children Cry  
FOR FLETCHER'S  
CASTORIA



MAY 9, 1916

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

3

# Carleton Place Herald

(Established 1850).

Published every TUESDAY MORNING at the Office of the Proprietors, Bridge Street, Carleton Place, Ont. (next door to Post Office).

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE—In Canada, One Dollar a Year, payable in Advance; \$1.50 if not so paid. To United States, \$1.50 per year, payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES—Transient advertisements 10 cts. per line for first insertion; 5 cts. per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements will be changed once each month if desired.

READING NOTICES are inserted at 10 cts. per line, first insertion, and if the same matter is continued, at 5 cts. per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specified instructions will be inserted till forbidden and charged accordingly.

The business office of THE HERALD is open every evening from 7 to 9 o'clock, and on Monday and Tuesday evenings to 9 o'clock, to oblige town subscribers, advertisers and parties needing printing.

NOTICE.—All copy for changes of advertisements should be in on Saturday evening, or not later than 9 o'clock on Monday morning. As THE HERALD goes to press on Tuesday morning the necessity for this rule is obvious.

A file of this paper may be seen at McKim's Advertising Agency, Montreal, and at Gibbons' Agency, Toronto.

All money letters should be registered, and all correspondence addressed to

THE HERALD, Carleton Place, Ont.

## POTATO ROT AND SEED SELECTION FOR 1916.

Potato rot was very general throughout the Province of Ontario during the season of 1915. Weather conditions were such as to favor the development and spread of all the different causes of the rot. The wet, backward summer favored the development of "Blackleg" which caused the loss of many hills of young potato plants and the wet fall favored the development of the "Late Blight," the "Fusarium Wilt" and "Bacterial Soft Blight." As a consequence, many tubers were rotting in the ground at harvest time, and later, many tubers rotted in storage either with the wet or the dry rot.

Without doubt many that are intended for seed purposes for 1916 will be affected more or less with one or other of these diseases. The weather conditions during 1916, may not be so favorable for the development and spread of these diseases as during 1915, but to get a satisfactory return for the work and expense involved in planting and cultivating the potato crop, it will be necessary first to carefully examine the tubers that are to be used as seed, discarding those which are not thoroughly sound, and secondly, to plant on well-drained land that was not used for potatoes during 1915.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN SELECTING SEED POTATOES AGAINST BLACKLEG.

The black discoloration and rot of the lower part of potato stems commonly known as Blackleg may be induced by either one of two causes or by a combination of both. One of these is the fungus Rhizoctonia, which grows mostly on the outside of the stem, and the other is a bacillus which develops within the tissue of the stem.

The Rhizoctonia fungus may be present in the resting condition of the surface of a perfectly sound potato tuber. It is there seen as black or dark brown rough spots, irregular in shape and size. These spots look so much like small pieces of soil sticking to the skin of the potato that they are apt to be overlooked. If, however, the tuber is dipped in water, these spots will appear black in color and they will not wash off in the way that soil will, but on scraping them with the thumb nail it will be found that they stick fairly hard to the potato skin.

When a potato so affected is planted, these black specks germinate at the same time that the sprouts begin to shoot from the eyes of the tuber and then the fungus spreading over the surface of the potato and through the soil attacks the young sprout, producing there a brown discoloration which continues to grow in area as the potato shoot grows. This gives one type of Blackleg, and if the plant so affected does not die down, the disease is followed by the condition known as "Little Potato" and "Aerial Potato" when large numbers of small irregular-shaped potatoes are produced in bunches near the surface of the soil and also on the stems above ground.

Potato tubers that show the black specks above described should either not be used for seed or if they are used they should be previously soaked for three hours in a 1/2000 solution of Corrosive Sublimite in a crock or wooden vessel. (Note: Corrosive Sublimite is a strong poison and it will corrode iron vessels).

The other type of Blackleg, a soft rotting type is due to certain species of bacteria getting into the stem either from an infected seed tuber or from infected soil.

There is no remedial treatment for a seed tuber that is affected with this type of Blackleg. Any seed tuber which shows brown discolorations either on the outside or in the interior when cut should not be planted, as these discolorations may indicate the presence of the bacilli which cause the disease.

AGAINST SOFT ROT

Soft rot of potato tubers, in the late summer or fall may be due to anyone of several causes. It may be due to a primary invasion of the growing potatoes by a soft rot bacillus coming either from infected soil or from the affected seed tuber, it may develop as the result of a secondary invasion of the growing potatoes by decay bacteria following a primary attack by the Fusarium fungus which causes a wilt of the tops and a dry rot of the tubers in storage; or it may develop as a secondary invasion of growing potatoes by bacteria following

## A Railroad Novelist

PERHAPS the best known of the younger literary critics in America is Archie Bell of the "Cleveland Leader." For that reason his tribute to the work of a C. P. R. official is well worth attention. That work is a work of fiction, "Hearts and Faces" by name, and is as remote from Canadian railway life as anything could possibly be imagined. Here is what Archie Bell has to say:

John Murray Gibson was born in Ceylon. His father is a titled Scotchman. He is a graduate of Oxford, and he has taken special courses in philosophy at various German universities. And despite some of these things popularly considered handicaps to "getting on in the world," he came back to London and was soon editor of the well-known illustrated newspaper, "Black and White."

Realizing that he did not know as much as he wanted to know about art, a realization that came home to him each day as he sat at his editorial desk, he resigned and went to Paris to become an art student.

He lived in the famous Latin Quarter at night and spent the days in Colarossi's Atelier. Then he went to Italy and Algiers, Japan and China, and to many other countries.

Then one day, an official position was offered him by the Canadian Pacific Railway. At the age of forty-one he has achieved distinction as a practical railroad man, despite all those years of preparation that were spent in pursuits so popularly believed to unfit a man for the practical life.

The busiest men are the ones who find the most time. In the past two years, John Murray Gibson has been attending to his railroad duties with one hand, and with the other hand has been writing a novel, which has just been issued by the famous publishing house of John Lane in England and S. B. Gundy in Toronto.

"Hearts and Faces" is the story of an artist. It treats of the artistic temperament as it sallies forth into the warmer world from the somewhat unpromising environment of Scotland.

George Grange is found amid rather commonplace surroundings in the first few lines of the novel. There his character, or at least the foundation for his character, is being formed. He never escapes from this environment, because he carries its effect with him wherever he goes.

Delightfully true pictures of Scottish ideals are sketched in the earlier chapters, and then with the first fling at the biting satire which frequently illuminates subsequent pages, George Grange throws aside his university studies. He longs for freedom and life, and falling in with a lovable old character, a Scottish painter, he also learns to paint.

He goes to London in the great quest of success and gradually climbs the ladder by discouraging and diligent toil, until a committee waits upon him and offers him a commission to paint a portrait of the king for a fashionable club. Gibson draws a steady and grim picture of the intriguing London society folk—whom he knows well enough—and occasionally he pays his respects to the American "climbers" in the smart set. There is no venom in his satire of his own people, nor of the foreigners, but he paints portraits in words that are carefully chosen and forceful.

His hero is thrown into this pulsating, human pot pourri, and "keep his skirts clean" up to the great moment of his life, when he falls a victim of a designing woman and loses all.

Again Scotch pluck to the rescue, however, and he goes to Paris, where many of the scenes are doubtless somewhat autobiographical. It is the Latin Quarter life of reality. Not that musical comedy version which we too often mistake for "the reality," and not even that fascinating life sketched so indelibly by Henri Morger, which did more to popularize "Latin Quarter life" than any of the pictures ever painted there. But life on the banks of the Seine, as it is lived by the students of art and the girls who know no other world.

Sometimes these pictures are gay, sometimes sordid; but they are never vulgar. Through them move many characters with whom the reader has become acquainted in the earlier chapters. Amid these scenes, as in London, and later in Germany and Italy, George Grange moves as the most important figure. It is the adventure of a soul. And each adventure is traced with a canny knowledge of life as it is, rather than as many writers would like to believe it should be.

And it was written by a railroad man! Still, there are enough examples of versatility in the art world to prove that such an achievement is possible. A merchant of Russia composed music that is now sung in the opera houses of the world. It does not lessen Padrewski's ability as a pianist because he is a hotel keeper in Warsaw. John Alden Carpenter, of Chicago, is a "business man," yet he composed "Adventures in a Perambulator," which caused the staid music critics of the country to prick up their ears in the last two years. Caesar Franck was a school-teacher, even when he was writing his most famous symphony.

an attack of the "Late Blight" fungus. All these different types of rot are indicated in the seed tuber by brown discolorations of the tissue, both on the outside and the inside. These discolorations vary somewhat for the different diseases but there is no treatment of so affected seed that is of any use. All such affected tubers should be destroyed.

Note: Spraying with Bordeaux Mixture several times during the growing season will tend to prevent a spread of "Early Blight" but it will not affect the spread of the Fusarium Wilt, Dry Rot, or Bacterial Soft Rot. These later diseases develop within the tissues of the roots, tubers and stems, and cannot be reached by the spray. Therefore, take every precaution in the selection of the seed potatoes, and see that only sound tubers with no blemishes, are planted.

For further information apply to

FRED FORSYTH, District Representative, Ontario Department of Agriculture.

Of Course.

The inspector was examining school and all the class had been specially told beforehand by its teacher, "Don't answer unless you are almost certain your answer is correct."

The subject was history.

"Who," asked the inspector, "was the mother of the greatest Scottish hero and king, Robert Bruce?"

He pointed to the boy in front of him and then round the class. There was no answer. Then, at last, the heart of the teacher leaped with joy. The boy who was standing at the very foot indicated that he knew.

"Well, my boy," continued the inspector, "who was she?"

"Mrs. Bruce," said the lad. Chicago Journal.



## SWIFT AGRICULTURE.

Agriculture is trotting a two minute gait these days. It takes a hustler to keep up with everything agricultural. All kinds of educators are telling us how, all sorts of demonstrators showing us what is what. A host of investigators is busy digging up facts for us, and the farm management experts are surveying our business with their glasses on. No doubt much good will come out of all these things, but maybe we'd better try to assimilate it gradually than to get indigestion in an attempt to surround it all at once while we holler for more.—National Stockman and Farmer.

## ELECTRIC LIGHTS FOR FARMER.

Professor Indorses This System of Lighting for Farm Homes.

Safety and convenience are important factors to be considered by those who propose to install an improved lighting system in the home as well as in the outbuildings. With these facts in mind, an electrical authority strongly indorses the electric lighting system for the farm. On this subject he says:

Twelve years ago farm lighting plants were a novelty; to-day they are growing in popularity. They are usually operated by a gasoline engine, but in the east it is not uncommon to see water power used for this purpose. Where the people have water power the storage battery is not used.

In every province where farmers care at all for convenience one will find a number of lighting plants. Some farmers prefer the blaugas, acetylene or gasoline lighting systems, so that they may utilize the heat, but there is a certain element of danger in using these systems.

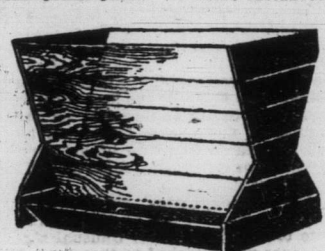
Plants, including engine, generator, battery, and switchboard, can be bought for \$134 up. One must bear in mind, however, that one gets only what one pays for, consequently it may prove poor economy to buy the cheapest plant. Such plants are of very small capacity, will operate only a few lights, and must be charged every day.

A plant such as the average farmer owns costs about \$400, which does not include the cost of installation, wiring of house, cost of fixtures, and similar items. Where a farmer can buy power from a company whose line runs near his house he will find it much more economical to do this than to put in his own plant. In the first place, there is no upkeep expense on the plant, and his yearly bill from the company will not equal the interest and depreciation alone for the private plant. The average bill for light to such a user would be about \$35 a year.

The housewife who has electricity on the farm does not have to bother with smoke or dirt from gas or oil lamps. She uses it for lighting her house, for doing her ironing, sewing, washing, sweeping, and toasting the bread for breakfast. The farmer finds the electric light a safe and convenient light for his barn.

## Boarded Sheep Rack.

A boarded up feeding rack in the sheep lots or pens will prevent dirt and chaff from getting into the wool while the animals are feeding. Dirt of this kind in the wool is one of the reasons usually given by buyers for low prices paid. In some instances



the chaff and dirt from the racks will work down into the wool, matting it near the hide and causing discomfort to the sheep as well as injury to the wool. Its use means a better looking flock and will also result in saving quite a good deal of feed that is ordinarily wasted.

The rack may be built double, giving as much feeding space on one side as the other. The double racks are best for the open lots.—Farm Progress.

## Pear Orchards Profitable.

Pear orchards, where conditions are favorable, may be more profitable than an apple orchard, for the reason that pears are not so generally grown as apples. The pear delights in a clay soil and is not so apt to crop regularly on a loamy soil, and trees on the latter seem more susceptible to attacks from disease than the former.

When the orchard is first set corn can be grown with the pear trees to advantage. Cultivation should be discontinued early in July and a cover crop of vetch or clover sowed. In cultivating in orchards of any kind care must be exercised not to cultivate deeply near the trees. Late cultivation is not desirable around trees of any kind, as it encourages late growth instead of permitting the wood to harden sufficiently before winter weather sets in. As the trees grow older more fertilizer will be required. Pear trees require but light pruning each year, shortening back the new growth some, and the trees must be regularly sprayed.

Where heavy crops set the fruit should be thinned, as is common with peaches.

## Remodel Stables.

It is a good time now to remodel your stables. Put in plenty of roomy box stalls.

## Fresh and Refreshing

# "SALADA"

is composed of clean, whole young leaves. Picked right, blended right and packed right. It brings the fragrance of an Eastern garden to your table.

BLACK, MIXED OR GREEN

The New Brunswick prohibition bill has been reported for third reading by a vote of 30 to 3.

Six hundred Canadian motorboat men are wanted by the royal navy for the auxiliary patrol service.

Britain and Germany have concluded an arrangement for sending wounded prisoners to Switzerland.

The House of Commons passed without opposition a vote of \$250,000,000 for the year's war budget.

The supplementary estimates call for \$1,500,000 for restoration of the Parliament Building at Ottawa.

The Postmasters' Association of Canada gave \$5,000 to the Canadian Patriotic \$1,000 more than last year.

**SERVICE THROUGH THE WHOLE YEAR**

**DUNLOP TREAD**

And a service you are proud to tell your friends about.

Notice the number of Traction "spare" that are not in envelopes on the car, but out in the open wearing the "V" smile that won't come off. Prize in possession accounts for this—the desire to have the car look its best.

**Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Co., Ltd.**

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Branches in London, E.T., 10; Montreal, 10; Winnipeg, 10; Vancouver, 10; Portland, 10; Seattle, 10; San Francisco, 10; Los Angeles, 10; New York, 10; Chicago, 10; St. Louis, 10; Philadelphia, 10; Baltimore, 10; Washington, 10; Boston, 10; New Orleans, 10; San Antonio, 10; Dallas, 10; Houston, 10; Fort Worth, 10; El Paso, 10; Albuquerque, 10; Santa Fe, 10; Denver, 10; Salt Lake City, 10; Portland, 10; Seattle, 10; San Francisco, 10; Los Angeles, 10; New York, 10; Chicago, 10; St. Louis, 10; Philadelphia, 10; Baltimore, 10; Washington, 10; Boston, 10; New Orleans, 10; San Antonio, 10; Dallas, 10; Houston, 10; Fort Worth, 10; El Paso, 10; Albuquerque, 10; Santa Fe, 10; Denver, 10; Salt Lake City, 10; Portland, 10; Seattle, 10; San Francisco, 10; Los Angeles, 10; New York, 10; Chicago, 10; St. Louis, 10; Philadelphia, 10; Baltimore, 10; Washington, 10; Boston, 10; New Orleans, 10; San Antonio, 10; Dallas, 10; Houston, 10; Fort Worth, 10; El Paso, 10; Albuquerque, 10; Santa Fe, 10; Denver, 10; 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# THE HERALD.

TUESDAY, MAY 9TH, 1916

**DURING** the twenty months of the war Europe has purchased \$240,000,000 of war materials in the United States. No wonder Uncle Sam is prospering.

CANADA'S trade for the last year was \$1,424,000,000 of which more than half was due to export. The effect of the war is seen in the increase of exports of manufactures from \$85,000,000 to \$242,000,000.

It is estimated that at least 45,000 men will be trained in the province of Ontario this summer for overseas service. The camp at Petawawa will have between three and four thousand artillerymen, and Barriefield camp will have about 12,000 infantry men.

## SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Rev. James Sieveright, a pioneer Presbyterian minister, is dead.

Four more Irish rebel leaders were sentenced to death and shot.

Lieut. E. G. Rychman, a Toronto aviator, was killed in action.

Twelve men were captured from the Zeppelin destroyed at Saloniki.

Right Hon. Lewis Harcourt is appointed to succeed Augustine Birrell.

The German winged two British aeroplanes in the Belgian coast region.

The \$250,000,000 war aid bill was passed by the Commons on Saturday.

The Bishop of Michigan announced himself strongly in favour of prohibition.

There were 739 fewer marriages in 1915 than the year before, the figures being 23,506 and 24,245.

It will cost \$3,500 a day or over \$100,000 a month to feed the soldiers at Barriefield camp this summer.

"Field punishment No. 1" has been abolished in the Canadian militia, as it has been already in the British army.

Washington advises that a new Note to Germany has been virtually completed and will go forward at once.

C.N.R. employees, several classes, east of Port Arthur have been granted an increase in wages of about 22 per cent.

Dr. Angus McKay, member of the Legislature sixteen years for South Oxford, died at his home in Ingersoll, aged 62.

The Senate passed the Federal temperance measure, defeating by a vote of 33 to 5 Senator Power's motion for a six months' hoist.

Sub-Lieut. K.M. Van Allen, 60 Bernard avenue Toronto, an aviator, who was in a recent raid upon German positions, is reported missing.

Dr. Edwin Seaborn has been appointed by the Board of Governors of Western University to command the new hospital unit authorized by the Government.

Gen. Nivelle, who has succeeded Gen. Petain, as French commander at Verdun, is a man of sixty whose marked ability led to his promotion by Gen. Joffre.

Supplementary estimates were tabled in the Commons totaling \$28,282,031 of which \$15,000,000 is for a loan to the C.N.R. and \$8,000,000 for one to the G.T.P.

Sir Robert Borden stated in reply to a question in the House that the Government does not intend to depart from the policy announced Jan. 1, to raise 500,000 men.

The principal activity on the British front has been around Iffulch and Loos. Irish regiments are specially mentioned as having ejected German troops from trenches near Loos.

Lon Sanderson, an unmarried farm laborer, aged forty-four, who had just enlisted in the Dufferin Halton Battalion died at a hotel in Orangeville of an overdose of laudanum, which he had taken for insomnia.

The British liner Clan MacFadyen has arrived in Gravesend from Africa somewhat damaged by the gunfire of two German submarines. The steamer returned after the fire, and it was believed on board that one of the submarines was destroyed.

## FARM LABORERS WANTED.

The Western Provinces of Canada are now experiencing an acute shortage of Farm Laborers for Spring and Summer work, which makes steady work and good wages a certainty. Saskatchewan has called for five thousand laborers, and an equal number is required in Manitoba and Alberta. After a thorough canvass of the Territory served by the Canadian Northern Ry. it was found that an average of 27 men is required at the points from which return were received. An average wage of \$45.00 per month, including board is being paid, the highest being \$30.00 per day. For further particulars as to the men required and the wages being paid at various points apply to F. A. J. Davis, agent, or write R. L. Fairbairn, general passenger agent, 68 King St. E., Toronto.

## \$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 70c.

# DRIVING AT HILL 304 IN DREAD OF DEFEAT

Crown Prince Manages to Take a Few Trenches.

Attacks of Thursday and Friday Covered by a Bombardment With Gas Shells Result in Teutonic Division Occupying Part of the North Slopes of the Hill—Heavy Shelling Preceded the Operations.

PARIS, May 8.—A determined effort is being made by the Crown Prince's army to take Hill 304, the important height on the west bank of the Meuse, south-east of Haucourt and between the Bois d'Avocourt and Le Mort Homme. As a result of the attacks made Thursday and Friday at this point, covered by a bombardment with gas shells, the Germans succeeded in occupying a part of the French trenches on the north slopes of the hill. In order to do this the Germans brought up a fresh division from another part of the front.

The preliminary bombardment against this sector began several days ago and continued all day Friday and Friday night, attaining a violence before the infantry attack described in the War Office communiqué as "unprecedented."

The German attack on Hill 304 was continued Saturday and Sunday, the attacking forces making another gain Sunday to the east of the hill.

The assault which gained this latest success for Crown Prince's troops on this side of the Meuse was made after an extremely heavy bombardment which had continued unceasingly for two days. The front attacked extended from Hill 304 to Le Mort Homme, with the Valley of the Bethincourt Brook in the middle of the line.

At first all the German attacks were repulsed, but after these had been repeated time after time the attacking forces won a foothold in the French positions on the eastern slopes of the hill as they slope down toward the Bethincourt Brook. It already has been remarked by military observers that this brook is obviously one of the weak points, tactically, of the French defensive line. This obvious weakness in the topographical situation, it is presumed, has been balanced in the defence plans by the use of the batteries on Le Mort Homme and Hill 304, and by whatever mobile force was regarded as necessary for the holding of the valley itself.

## BIG CAMP ABANDONED.

Turks Are Fleeing Before Russian Advance in Asia Minor.

LONDON, May 8.—The Russians continue to advance in the direction of Bagdad. After dislodging the Turks from their positions in the neighborhood of the village of Serin-alkerend, the Russians bayoneted the defenders and occupied the positions. Sunday's Petrograd official says: "In the direction of Bagdad since our occupation of the organized points of the Serin-alkerend position the Turks, having sustained heavy losses, retired hastily, abandoning a great camp of tents and other material. It has now been established that by the occupation of Trebizond we captured eight mounted coast guns, fourteen six-inch guns, one field gun, a thousand rifles, fifty-three caissons, and other important booty.

In the direction of Erzincan we repulsed a Turkish offensive supported by artillery."

## RUSSIAN TRANSPORT SUNK?

Berlin Claims to Have Destroyed One in Mediterranean.

BERLIN, May 8.—The sinking of an allied transport in the Mediterranean late in April, with the loss of nearly all the 600 Russian troops who were on board, is reported in advices from Corfu, says the Overseas News Agency Sunday. The transport was sunk by striking a mine about the same time the British battleship Russell met a similar fate, the advices state.

The news agency statement regarding the reported sinking is as follows:

"According to reliable reports from Corfu, in addition to the battleship Russell, a transport steamer with 600 Russians on board struck a mine and sank. Only a few were rescued. The bodies recovered were buried by the British at Malta."

This story needs confirmation from other sources before it can be given credence.

## Jealousy Causes Three Deaths.

PONZANO, Italy, May 7.—Captain Bettolo, a member of a leading Rome family, in a fit of jealousy Sunday slew his wife and committed suicide. Captain Bettolo returned from the front and sought the Abbe Giacomo Serra, of whom he was jealous. Arriving at the parish house of the Abbe, Captain Bettolo fired through the windows, one of his bullets killing the Abbe Nicolo Richetta. Abbe Serra was not hit. Afterward the captain returned to his home and killed his wife and then committed suicide. He was a nephew of the late Admiral Bettolo, once Minister of Marine.

## Brazilian Steamer Torpedoed.

RIO JANEIRO, Brazil, May 8.—The Minister of Foreign Affairs has received a telegram from the Brazilian Minister in London announcing that the crew of the Brazilian steamship Rio Branco sunk last week, presumably off the English coast, confirm announcements that the vessel was torpedoed by a German submarine.

A despatch from Rio Janeiro on May 4 stated that official telegrams received there announced that the Rio Branco had been sent to the bottom by a torpedo.

German Appeals For Peace a Sign of the End?

Lord Robert Cecil Dealing with Teuton Expressions of Peaceful Desires, Says Entente Allies Cannot Stop Until Aim is Achieved—Pope Sends an Appeal for Peace to President Wilson.

LONDON, May 8.—Lord Robert Cecil, Minister of War Trade, and Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, in a statement given to the Associated Press, deals with the charges against Great Britain and Germany's avowed desire for peace as contained in the German reply to the note of the United States on submarine warfare.

After recalling alleged inhumane practices by Germany, through employment of submarines, Zeppelins, poisoned gas, and high-explosive shells, Lord Robert, on the issue of peace says:

"Of the German peace overtures, if such they are to be called, I will say little. It was only in last December that their Chancellor declared that we believed it to be in our interests to attribute falsely to them peace proposals. Yet the German Government now says that twice within the last few months Germany has announced before the world her readiness to make peace. Which is the truth?"

"It may be that the Germans want peace. If so, it is because they fear defeat. It may be only that they want to appear peaceful."

"For us it matters not. Our attitude, at any rate, is unchanged. We drew the sword unwillingly. We shall sheathe it gladly, but we should be untrue to our trust, we should be betraying civilization, if we abandoned our task until we have re-established in Europe the supremacy of law, the sanctity of treaties, and the right of all nations, great and small, to live their lives, to fulfil their destinies, free from the intolerable menace of Prussian militarism."

The statement is a defence of the British blockade on the sea. In reference to the German claim of the British intention to starve millions of women and children, "who by their sufferings will force the victorious armies of the central powers into ignominious capitulation," Lord Robert quotes remarks of the German Chancellor last month in the Reichstag, in which the declaration was made that Germany had sufficient food for all with a surplus, and which concluded: "We have not run short of anything in the past, nor shall we in the future."

Statements by Prince Bismarck and Count Caprivi, dealing with the rights of belligerents to cut off the food supplies of any enemy, are also contained in the communication as a defence of the British stand.

## Pope Seeks Peace.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—A new appeal for peace from Pope Benedict to President Wilson was delivered at the White House Saturday by the Papal Delegate, Monsignor Giovanni Bonzano. The Pope urged the President to maintain his neutrality and to do his utmost by mediation to bring peace to Europe. Coming only 24 hours after the German note, in which similar hints appear, officials decided that the message was based on appeals from the Central Empires.

The President did not see Monsignor Bonzano, and it is unlikely that he will heed either the appeal of the Pope or the obscure hints of the German Government. He notified the belligerents early in the war that he was ready to act as mediator on the request of any one of them, but he has refused to interfere of his own initiative or on suggestions from outside sources.

The President read with careful attention Sunday the portion of the note touching on peace. Unusual significance was attached to that part of the note because it was taken to indicate officially that recent speeches of Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg before the Reichstag were intended as notices to the world that Germany was ready for peace on certain terms.

The note says: "The German Government, conscious of Germany's strength, twice within the last few months announced before the world its readiness to make peace on a basis safeguarding Germany's vital interests, thus indicating it is not Germany's fault if peace is still withheld from the nations of Europe."

It was thought Sunday the German note might possibly draw forth something from the Allies. The papal plea could well pave the way to such a course.

## TWELVE MEN SAVED.

Survivors of Zeppelin Crew Captured at Salonica.

LONDON, May 8.—A British official statement issued Sunday afternoon says: "A further report has been received from Vice-Admiral DeRobeck concerning the Zeppelin brought down at Salonica. It is now stated that survivors of the crew have been found and that four officers and eight men have been made prisoners."

A more detailed report has been received of the destruction of the Zeppelin L7, says an official statement given out here Sunday. "It now appears that, though severely damaged by H.M. ships Galatea and Phaeton, her destruction was completed by a British submarine commanded by Lieut. Commander F. E. Fissman, which rescued seven of the Zeppelin's crew and has returned with them."

"She was attacked and slightly injured by a German cruiser on her return voyage."

Mr. D. B. Hanna, third vice-president of the C.N.R., announces that the Cunard Company will take over the vessels of the former company.

Control of the Trent Valley power system, recently purchased by the Government of Ontario has been transferred to the Ontario Hydro-Electric Commission.

## BIRTHS.

TURNER—In Birth, Ont., at the Manse, May 2nd, 1916, to Rev and Mrs. W. E. Turner, a daughter.

## MARRIAGES.

JOHNSON-McGEE—At Zion Church Manse, Carleton Place, May 2nd, 1916, by Rev. A. A. Scott, M.A., Mr. George Arthur Johnson, of Carp Village, to Miss Edith McGee, of Carleton Place.

JEUNER-WOLFE—At Ottawa, May 6th, by Rev. W. A. McIlroy, Ples. William George Jeuner, of Ottawa, to Mary Louise Wolfe, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wolfe, of Carleton Place.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

### CARD OF THANKS.

TO ALL who assisted us in our recent bereavement we desire to return our most sincere thanks, especially to the Ancient Order of United Workmen, the Catholic Order of Foresters, the Order of Elks and all friends. The sympathy extended and the many kindnesses shown have been a solace in our hour of grief and will be gratefully remembered.

MRS. M. J. DOYLE AND FAMILY.  
Carleton Place, May 6th, 1916.

# Choral Society Concert!

In Aid of Red Cross Work  
Town Hall, Carleton Place

Monday Evg., May 15

40—VOICES—40

under the leadership of Mr. A. R. G. Feden. Assisted by Miss Florence Johnston, Cliftonist, of Toronto; Miss Gladys Hinton, Soprano, of Ottawa; Miss Helene Allen, Alto, of Carleton Place; and Rev. E. T. Newton, Tenor. In Duets, Solos and Readings.

The Readings are Entertaining; The Solos and Duets Excellent; The Chorus are Attractive; The Cause most Worthy.

## GLADIOLUS BULBS FOR SALE.

2,000 GLADIOLUS BULBS—All Named Varieties. The property of W. M. Moseley, will be sold at prices much below their value. These bulbs must be planted this spring to save them and will be sold at 10c per bulb. Apply to Mr. J. M. McDonald, the secretary of the Horticultural Society, or at Findlay Bros. Store.

## Canada's Hair Fashion Store

Glenn-Charles Hair Goods.

Our Miss Glenn will be in Carleton Place, Thursday, May 11th, Mississippi Hotel, with a full line of HAIR GOODS, including Switches, Partings, Pompadours, Motor Fronts, Transformations, Men's Wigs and Toupees.

You will appreciate the superior quality of our Goods. Moderate prices. Free demonstration.

## GLENN-CHARLES

100 King St. W., Toronto.

One Day Only.

Ladies desiring to have Miss Glenn call at residence kindly leave address at Hotel.

# RUPTURE

"J. Y. Egan, the Canadian rupture appliance specialist, will visit towns mentioned below. Mr. Egan's latest inventions, the "Curative" and the "Curative" forms, retain rupture perfectly and are intended to aid nature to close the opening in the shortest time known without an operation. These new appliances (entirely different from anything else in the world) have received the highest awards wherever exhibited. Testimonials from men, women and parents. Results are accomplished without inconvenience or loss of time. Why continue to experiment with so-called mail order cures when you can obtain better service right here at small cost? Never mind past failures—as there is a reason for such. There are many wrong ways—but only one right way. It costs you nothing to investigate my way. Delays may be dangerous. Now is the time to make yourself physically fit for your season's work. Tear off coupon now.

## SPECIALIST HERE

THIS FREE RUPTURE COUPON  
Upon presentation to J. Y. Egan, specialist, 445A Yonge Street, Toronto, who will visit the towns below, entitle bearer to free demonstration and examination of samples. Ask at hotel office for room number. Note dates.

Smiths Falls, Russell House, May 17.  
Carleton Place, Mississippi Hotel, Friday (all day and night) 1 day only, May 19.  
Arnprior, Campbell House, May 20, 21.  
Made in Canada.

Or if you prefer the "D. & A." make all the newer styles are here too.

The range includes all prices from 50c to \$3, and models to suit every figure.

Be particular to ask about the shape you ought to buy.

We have the Corset to fit you.

Take the time to find it!

**Baird & Riddell**

# THE CASH STORE

EGGS WANTED  
Highest Cash and Trade Prices  
—PAID FOR—  
FRESH EGGS

**Cameron & Thoms**  
Butchers and Grocers.  
BRIDGE STREET CARLETON PLACE

Remember your stock have been cooped up for the last few months and have been on dry feed, as hay and oats do not contain the laxatives supplied by grass, your Stock are pretty apt to be out of fix.

Be sure also that your Milch Cows are conditioned for the long heavy milking season.

Try DR. HESS' STOCK TONIC  
Also POULTRY PANACEA and INSTANT LOUSE KILLER  
At all Prices, for Sale by  
**W. J. MUIRHEAD,**  
HARDWARE.



MAY 9, 1916

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

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# SOCIETY REGISTER

**STELLA LODGE No. 125, I.O.O.F.**  
meets every TUESDAY Night  
in the Hall, in Taylor's Block.  
Visiting brethren always welcome.  
J. H. MOORE, Noble Grand.  
N. D. McALLUM, Rec. Sec'y.

**COUNTY MISSISSIPPI No. 78, I.O.F.**  
meets every 2nd and 4th Monday  
in each month, at 7:30 p.m., in the  
Chosen Friends Hall. Punctual attend-  
ance of members is requested.  
Visiting brethren invited.  
J. F. DUBREUIL, C.E. J. BENNETT, R.S.  
N. B. All Dues must be paid in advance on or  
before the 1st of the month. W. HARRISON, F.S.

**CARLETON COUNCIL, No. 27, C.O.C.F.** meets  
in the Chosen Friends Hall, second and fourth  
Tuesdays evenings in each month, at 8 o'clock.  
Visiting friends welcome.  
JOHN BAIRD, C.C. W. H. ALLEN, Rec.

**COUNTY ORION, No. 63, C.O.F.** meets in the  
Chosen Friends Hall, first and third Monday  
in each month. Visiting brethren always welcome.  
J. A. McLEARN, C.E. G. W. DAINES, R.S.

# DISTRICT NEWS.

## APPLETON.

Mr. W. H. Boyle, of Renfrew, spent the week-end at his home.  
Sgt. Jas. Lush, of Ottawa, spent the week-end with friends.  
Masters Arthur and Harold McFadden, of Ashton Station, spent Saturday with their sister, Mrs. L. Fumerton.  
A representative of the Temperance Alliance from Toronto, preached in St. Andrews church Sunday morning.  
Mrs. Donovan spent the week-end at White Lake.  
We congratulate Miss Christina Aitken, who has been successful in her Normal school examinations.  
Rev. W. C. Henderson gave a very interesting illustrated address in the Methodist church last Tuesday evening.  
The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed in the Methodist church next Sunday afternoon, at the close of the service.

## LANARK.

From the Era.  
Mrs. James Wright left yesterday for Carleton Place to join her husband, who is now employed there.  
We are pleased to note that Mrs. John MacLean, who underwent a serious operation some ten days ago, is able to be around.  
Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Smith of Carleton Place spent Sunday here with the former's parents Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith.  
Mr. Arch. Affleck, village assessor, has completed his work on the roll for this year and from it we have obtained the following figures: Total assessment, \$237,723; value of real property, \$50,305; value of building, \$160,730; value of taxable real property, \$211,035; business assessment, \$29,850; taxable income, \$5,838; No. of persons rated as resident, 716.

## BOYD'S

A trip through the country at present is beautiful, nature is putting on her spring dress which is in style every season.  
Mr. Park has a new Ford car, and is enjoying the balmy breezes of the good old summer time.  
The postponed annual telephone meeting was held last Monday evening, not many being in attendance.  
The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper was held in the Methodist church here Sunday. The quarterly board meeting was held Monday afternoon at the same place.  
Mr. W. J. McCall has carpenters engaged at present resinsing his house.  
The cheesemaker's house is being bricked at present, which will add very materially to the looks of the surrounding place.  
"Mother's Day" will be observed in the Methodist church here next Sabbath afternoon.  
Mr. Andrew Cochran, of Ramsay, visited friends here last week.  
Mr. and Miss Devine of Elphin, visited at Mr. J. Munro's here over the week-end.  
Mr. Mitchell, I.P.S., visited the school here Monday last.  
The farmers are busy at present, "sowing the seed," although the ground in many places is very wet.

## ALMONTE.

From the Gazette.  
Mr. D. MacFarlane, of Carleton Place, returned home Saturday after a few days' visit with his son, Mr. M. R. MacFarlane.  
Miss Maude Yuill left on Wednesday morning for Cochrane, Ont., where she has accepted a position as assistant in the General hospital there. Miss McLeod, formerly of the R.M. hospital staff, is matron of the Cochrane hospital.  
Mr. M. R. MacFarlane is in Toronto this week acting as examiner in the Pharmacy exams. This is the thirteenth year he has acted in that capacity.  
Last week Mr. L. W. Shipman sold the Peter Quinn property on Victoria street to Mrs. E. Cummings, and this week he sold the A. C. McPhail property on Church street to Mr. John Neilson for \$2,500 cash. He also sold the residence of the late M. Curry on corner of Brue and Colbourne streets, to Mr. E. Nicholson for \$850 cash.

## PERTH.

From the Examiner.  
J. J. Foy has been offered the senior judgeship of Renfrew.  
A valuable horse, one of a team, belonging to Mr. Alex. Moodie of Burgess, had its leg broken a few days ago when it was kicked by another horse.  
J. Noonan has returned to Perth as accountant in the Merchants, in succession to Mr. F. A. Robertson promoted to the management of the agency at Athens.

# The Women's Institute.

The annual meeting of the Women's Institute was held in the council chamber on Saturday, May 6th. The new officers are: Pres., Mrs. Finlay McEwen; vice-pres., Mrs. D. G. Campbell; Sec. treas., Mrs. H. W. Dummer; directors—Mrs. A. H. Edwards, Mrs. Alf. McNeely, Mrs. A. Neilson, Mrs. W. E. McNeely, Mrs. J. A. Duck, Mrs. Yuill; auditors—Mrs. Wm. Cameron and Mrs. W. J. Wilson; dis. rep., Mrs. F. Taylor. The past year has been the banner year in the history of the Carleton Place Women's Institute. Total amount received, \$1,153.05; expenditures \$990.07, balance on hand \$162.98. Articles either given to the boys or sent by post, 169 shirts, 369 prs. socks, 53 handkerchiefs, 60 mufflers, 155 prs. mitts, 49 sleeping caps, 10 knee caps, housewives, besides 119 Xmas stockings, soap, note paper, candy, gam salve, tobacco, etc. The meeting voted \$25 towards the Y.M.C.A. work at the front, also decided to send 6 prs. socks per month to Mrs. Capt. Bell, to be forwarded for the use of our own boys in the 73rd Highlanders. A vote of thanks was extended to the local printers, the town council, Mr. J. Patterson and Mr. Cliff, also to any one who assisted the work of the Institute in any way. The Institute wish to thank the following ladies who contributed jam, pickles and syrup for the convalescent home in Ottawa: Mrs. J. R. McDiarmid, Mrs. H. L. Sinclair, Mrs. A. Lowe, Mrs. J. C. Jeffrey, Mrs. A. C. Brown, Mrs. Muirhead, Mrs. Galbraith, Mrs. Jas. Cavers, Mrs. Cavanagh, Mrs. Jas. Hughes, Mrs. John Bennett, Mrs. T. Armstrong, Mrs. A. McNeely, Mrs. F. Warren, Mrs. J. M. Brown, Mrs. F. Taylor, Mrs. Star Stewart, Mrs. Peter McDonald, Mrs. John Virtue, Mrs. J. W. Wilson, Mrs. D. R. McNeely, Mrs. T. C. Maguire, Mrs. Switzer, Mrs. J. McDonald, Mrs. W. M. Cameron, Mrs. D. Gillies, Mrs. J. K. Findlay, Mrs. D. G. Campbell, Mrs. H. W. Dummer, Mrs. Matthew Miller. Also the following donations: Mr. Wm. McDiarmid, \$5; Mrs. W. J. Muirhead \$5; Mrs. G. R. Neilson, \$2; Mrs. Yuill \$1; Mrs. Emily Wilson, 1 pr. socks. Miss Bessie Menzies recited, a solo was sung by Miss Mildred Maguire, accompanied by Miss Allen; piano solo by Miss Marjorie McDiarmid.

# Faithful Services Remembered.

Some years ago Miss Jessie Robertson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arch. Robertson, was united in marriage here to Mr. W. H. Gemmill. Some time after they removed to Smiths Falls and later to Toronto, and being active as church workers they united with the Davenport Road Presbyterian church, then in course of construction, and became zealous members of the congregation. A few weeks ago they left Toronto for Canilla, Ont., and on the eve of their departure were given a generous send off, Mr. Gemmill being presented with a purse of gold by the officers of the church and Mrs. Gemmill with a mantle clock and a dozen each silver knives, forks and spoons, accompanied by the following address, which speaks for itself:—

Toronto, March 30th, 1916.

MRS. W. H. GEMMILL,  
Our Dear Sister in Christ,—It is with sincere regret that we learned of your anticipated departure from us, and we felt we could not allow the occasion to pass without in some way endeavoring to express our love and affection for you.  
You have been one of the first and most highly honored members of our church—a devoted and loyal worker in the Women's Association and the Women's Missionary Society and at all times a good samaritan to the afflicted and needy, never sparing yourself in times of illness and need of your neighbors.  
We shall all miss your cheerful presence and loving sympathy and shall always look upon you as one of whom the Master would say:—"She hath done what she could."

On behalf of the wives of the elders and managers, and the ladies of the Women's Organizations, we ask you to accept these gifts, as tokens of our love and heartfelt appreciation for you and your Christian co-operation in the work of the Lord in this congregation.

We trust in the loving providence of God, you may be long spared to enjoy them—and earnestly hope that in the not too distant future, you may find your way back to Davenport Rd Presbyterian church where a loving welcome will always await you.

ADA A. MAXWELL, President,  
ETNA HUBERT, Missionary Sec.,  
MARGARET J. BONNER, Women's Assoc. Sec.  
It is pleasant to hear of the continued good work of our erstwhile citizens, and to know that their services are appreciated.

The measles epidemic in Ontario shows abatement.

Wm. K. Pollis, a Toronto prospector, was drowned in New Ontario.

W. H. Perrin, a resident of Clinton for more than half a century, died at the age of eighty-five.

A group of sixty-five strong well-drilled Walpole Island Indians joined Lambton county's 149th Battalion.

James Oliver, of Paris, who on the 12th of July last attended his seventy-seventh Orange parade, is dead at the age of ninety-seven.

The financial statements of the C.N.R. and G.T.P. were submitted to Parliament in printed form as the Government brief for making the \$23,000,000 loans.

The body of Pte. Fredrick John Irvin, 111th Battalion, missing from the barracks at Galt since April 18, was found floating in the Grand River by two comrades.

Mrs. James E. Gillard of Montreal is said to have heard her husband, Private Gillard, call her distinctly three times the night on which he died of gunshot wounds in France.

There is a lull in the fight on the Eastern front, according to Vienna. Likewise there is comparative quiet on the Austro-Italian front, with no advances by either of the opposing armies reported.

# COMMERCE RAIDER OUT.

Fabre Liner Reports Being Chased by German Craft.

NEW YORK, May 8.—The arrival here Sunday of the steamship Venezia, of the Fabre Line, with the news that she had been chased and fired upon by a German commerce destroyer caused considerable uneasiness in shipping circles.

The Venezia was formerly a passenger steamship plying between Marseilles and New York; but since the war she has been converted into a freight vessel, and runs between Bordeaux and New York.

While the commander of the Venezia, Captain Boniface, refuses to discuss the pursuit of his ship by the commerce destroyer, one of the crew volunteered the information that the enemy appeared suddenly while they were off the Azores and about three days out from Bordeaux. He says the strange vessel loomed up without any flag showing, and bore down on the Venezia.

The raiding craft kept up with the apparent intention of getting closer to the Venezia, but the absence of her flag made Captain Boniface suspicious, and he made preparations for a sudden dash. The approaching steamship signaled to the Venezia to slow down, but Captain Boniface made out several guns on her deck and was convinced she was a German commerce destroyer and signaled for full speed.

As the Venezia started to bear away a shot passed over her. This was followed by another, which dropped close to the Venezia. Before a third shot was fired the Venezia had increased the distance between her and the commerce destroyer, so that the efforts to overhaul her proved unsuccessful.

For several hours the commerce destroyer pursued the Venezia, but the French steamship had the superior speed and managed to leave the pursuer far behind, not sighting nor hearing from her on the remainder of the voyage.

It was learned that the raider was evidently a merchantman which had been converted into an auxiliary cruiser.

# NEW MILITARY CAMP.

Twenty Thousand Acres Purchased at Pine Plain, Near Barrie.

TORONTO, May 8.—Ontario is to have a new military camp that will far surpass Valcartier in every respect as an ideal place for the training of troops for overseas service. It will supersede Niagara and other camps in the western part of the Province. The new camp will be at Pine Plain, in Simcoe County, some ten miles from Barrie, where the Government has acquired a site of 20,000 acres, approximately 28 square miles. Construction work is to be started immediately and rushed to completion with all possible speed. Everything must be completed and ready for the reception of 25,000 troops by June 1 next. This was the definite announcement made by General Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, Sunday night on his return to the city after making an inspection of the property.

It is about equi-distant from Barrie and Alliston west and south from the village of Angus. The soil is of a sandy nature, and was formerly heavily timbered with pine. It has good natural drainage and two rivers, the Dam and Pine, and Bear Creek, run through it. It is approached by the Grand Trunk Railway, Collingwood branch, and the company will construct additional tracks and sidings into the camp. There are a number of farms on the site, but it is not anticipated there will be any difficulty in getting the owners to vacate immediately. The new camp may also be reached by the C. P. R., which is not far from its western boundary, but, according to the present arrangements, the Grand Trunk will be the only company having direct access to it.

# TWO AEROPLANES LOST.

Naval Air Craft Are Missing, Says British Government.

LONDON, May 8.—The German Admiralty reports: "British submarine E-31 was sunk west of Horn Reefs (on the Danish coast) by artillery fire of a German ship on May 5."

This is untrue, the British Admiralty reports, the E-31 having returned safely to its base. The claim of the German Admiralty that one British aeroplane was destroyed and another captured by torpedo boats off the Flanders coast is admitted by the British.

The Germans admit that the Zepplin L-7, which has been reported by the British as destroyed in the North Sea, failed to return from a reconnaissance trip.

The British communication says: "With reference to the official German report published Sunday, it is a fact two naval aeroplanes are missing. The body of Flight Sub-Lieut. H. R. Simms has been picked up at sea and Observer Sub-Lieut. C. J. Mullens is missing. A lifebelt has been picked up in the vicinity."

Regarding the aeroplane reported captured by the Germans, the names of the officers concerned are Flight Sub-Lieut. Arthur T. N. Cowley and Sub-Lieut. Ronald Minge.

The German claim that British submarine E-31 was sunk by gunfire is untrue, the vessel having returned safely to her base.

Sick Arrive From Kut-el-Amara.

LONDON, May 8.—The War Office issued the following statement Sunday night:  
"General Sir Percy Lake, commander-in-chief of the British forces in Mesopotamia, reports that the second and third parties, composed of 453 sick and wounded, from Kut-el-Amara reached the British headquarters of the Tigris corps Thursday and Friday."

# Everybody's Corner.

**HOUSE TO RENT**—Comfortable Frame Dwelling on Rochester street, 3 bedrooms, bath, dining-room, kitchen, good cellar, Hot water, Electric Lights and water. For further particulars apply on the premises to J. W. WOLFE, Rochester St., Carleton Place.

**WANTED**—Immediately—Girl or woman for light housework for one month. Write at once to P.O. Box 234, Almonte.

**WANTED**—Young Man for Wool Sorting and Warehousing. Some experience preferred. Apply to BATES & ISSLES, Ltd., Carleton Place.

**WANTED**—An Apprentice for Wash and Door Factory. Apply to JAS. CAVERS & SON, Carleton Place.

**WANTED**—Girl as Cook, general. Also Nurse Housemaid. Small family. Excellent Wages. Apply at this Office.

**WANTED**—Women and Girls to mend and inspect Underwear and Operate Sewing Machines. Apply to BATES & ISSLES, Limited, Carleton Place.

# FOR SALE.

**FOR SALE**—One good growthy Year old Short-horn Bull. Priced low for quick sale. Apply to D. R. McLEARN, R.R. No. 2 Carleton Place.

**HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO RENT**—Brick Bungalow on Lake Avenue, with all modern conveniences. Apply on the premises to Mrs. R. C. H. McCLAIR.

**FOR SALE**—Beautiful Moose Head, mounted. Now on exhibition at D. LAFRADE'S Store, Bell Street.

**FOR SALE**—First Mortgage on Farm, bearing good rate of interest. Any person wishing to invest about \$5,000 in a first class security. Apply to Box "C," CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

**HOUSE FOR SALE**—Frame Dwelling, south of Carleton Place, on Lake Avenue, with all modern conveniences. Apply to COLIN McLEARN, Barrie, Solicitor, etc.

# NYLO Chocolates

SOMETHING new better and more delicious in chocolates. They literally melt in your mouth. Made from the first selection of nuts and fruits. The snowy white cream centers are luscious. These candies are absolutely pure and wholesome. Our stock is always fresh. Sixty cents to one dollar and a half the pound—these are Nylo prices. Take a box home today. Remember the name—NYLO CHOCOLATES

# McINTOSH'S Drug and Book Store

# J. A. DACK. Watchmaker and Jeweller.

Carleton Place.  
This week we specialize on RINGS anything from a plain Gold Band to the choicest Diamond. See our display. Prices to suit every pocket-book.

Having taken a special course in Optics, I am also prepared to test your eyes and fit you with glasses to suit your vision. No charge for examination.

# STAR CAFE

I have moved into my new stand next door, and can assure you of the best.

Special Business Man's Lunch, only 35 cents.

Served from 11:30 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

My new Dining Hall is cool and airy.

ICE CREAM, SOFT DRINKS and FRUIT.

Prompt Service at All Hours.

# JOS. DAVIS, Prop.

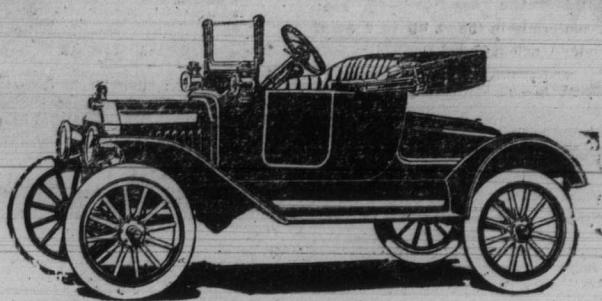
# CANADIAN PACIFIC

Present Time-Table to and from Carleton Place:

EAST BOUND		
No.	Time	
18	8:00	to Montreal and east
2	8:00	to Montreal and east
160	8:35	to Brockville
156	8:35	to Brockville
158	8:35	to Brockville
162	8:35	to Brockville
164	8:35	to Brockville
WEST BOUND		
17	12:30	from Montreal and west
1	12:30	from Montreal and west
155	9:05	from Brockville
157	9:05	from Brockville
161	9:05	from Brockville
163	9:05	from Brockville
165	9:05	from Brockville

Week Days only, other trains Daily.  
J. F. WARREN, Agent.

# FORD CARS are SELLING



"MADE IN CANADA"

This Car for \$555 at your door, complete with Electric Lights and Electric Horn.

No better quality materials are put into any car. The quantity production makes this price possible. Every day we prove to somebody that a Ford is the most dependable, and can go up grades in high gear that no other car can go up that way.

Parts for Repairs that cost 25c or 30c for a Ford, cost \$2.00 or more in other Cars.

We know a Ford Car that drove over 5,000 miles last season and did not cost one cent for repairs.

Buy a FORD and you will never regret it.

# CARLETON MOTOR SALES CO.

Sole dealers for

Ramsay, Beckwith, March, Goulbourne and Huntley Townships.

Competent Repair Man on duty.

# Just received a New Stock of Ladies' Wear in SUMMER DRESSES in Embroidered Voiles

Also Floral and Striped Effects in Voiles and Muslins.

A full range of WHITEWEAR, in Underskirts, Gowns, Corset Covers and Drawers.

White Underskirts, special 98 Cts.

# H. ABDALLAH

# SUNLIGHT FLOUR

Is made from the Best Wheat in the World.

In one of the Best Mills.

By Men who Know How.

Quality guaranteed satisfactory

# H. BROWN & SONS

# SPECIAL SALE

Big Stock of Men's and Boys' Boots and Shoes, prices ranging \$1.25 to 2.49.

Ladies' Boots, were \$3.50, now \$1.49.

Men's Waterproofs, were \$7 and \$8. Sale Price \$3.99.

Ladies' Waterproofs, were \$10.00, now \$3.99.

Big stock of Men's Suits will be sold 50c on the \$1.00. Prices ranging from \$3.99 up to \$12.00.

Men's, Ladies' and Boys' Straw Hats, were 15 and 20c. Sale Price 5 cts.

Whitewear and Ladies' Blouses, large assortment and prices that will surprise you.

—Watch Our Sign—

# Montreal Bargain Store

Between Doyle's and Rathwell's Hotels.

Cornell Block, Bridge St., CARLETON PLACE.



## Concerning Snipers

WHILE the charges, the bursting of shells and the hand-to-hand combats make up to a great extent the picture of war, one of the gravest dangers which the soldiers face in the field is the bullet of the sniper. They are the clever marksmen who select some position where they are almost invisible to their opponents and send a well-directed bullet at each target which is exposed for a fraction of a minute.

A Tommy recently returned home, tells an extraordinary story of the ingenuity and death of a German sniper," says the newspaper. "This particular sniper was encountered on Hill Seventy. When dawn broke the soldier was chilled to the bone and weakened with the loss of blood, as he had been wounded the night before. Unable to move, he lay flat on his back and tried to get some sleep. The rest and the warmth of the sun revived the soldier and he raised up his head. Another wounded soldier started to walk back to the trenches. A moment later he pitched forward, shot through the temple by a sniper.

"Five minutes later another man moved. He started to get to his feet, but seemed startled by something and lay down again quickly. The other wounded man followed his example. A moment later he saw the grass, about twenty yards away, move in a peculiar manner. Instead of moving sideways as it would from a body passing through it, the grass itself appeared to be coming forward.

"For a moment the movement of the grass stopped and then it began again, this time coming toward the wounded soldier. Suspicion was finally aroused to such an extent that the soldier finally took aim at the moving tuft of grass and fired three volleys in rapid succession. Crawling over to the spot where the mound of grass had suddenly stopped twitching, he found a dead German sniping. Continuing its anecdotes of the snipers the newspaper quotes from a long letter written by a soldier in which he explains the dangers presented to the men by the snipers.

"Along one stretch of front," he says, "we were kept puzzled by the angle at which the bullets were coming over. On the left was a line of leafless pollard willows, but we could see that there was nobody behind the trunks.

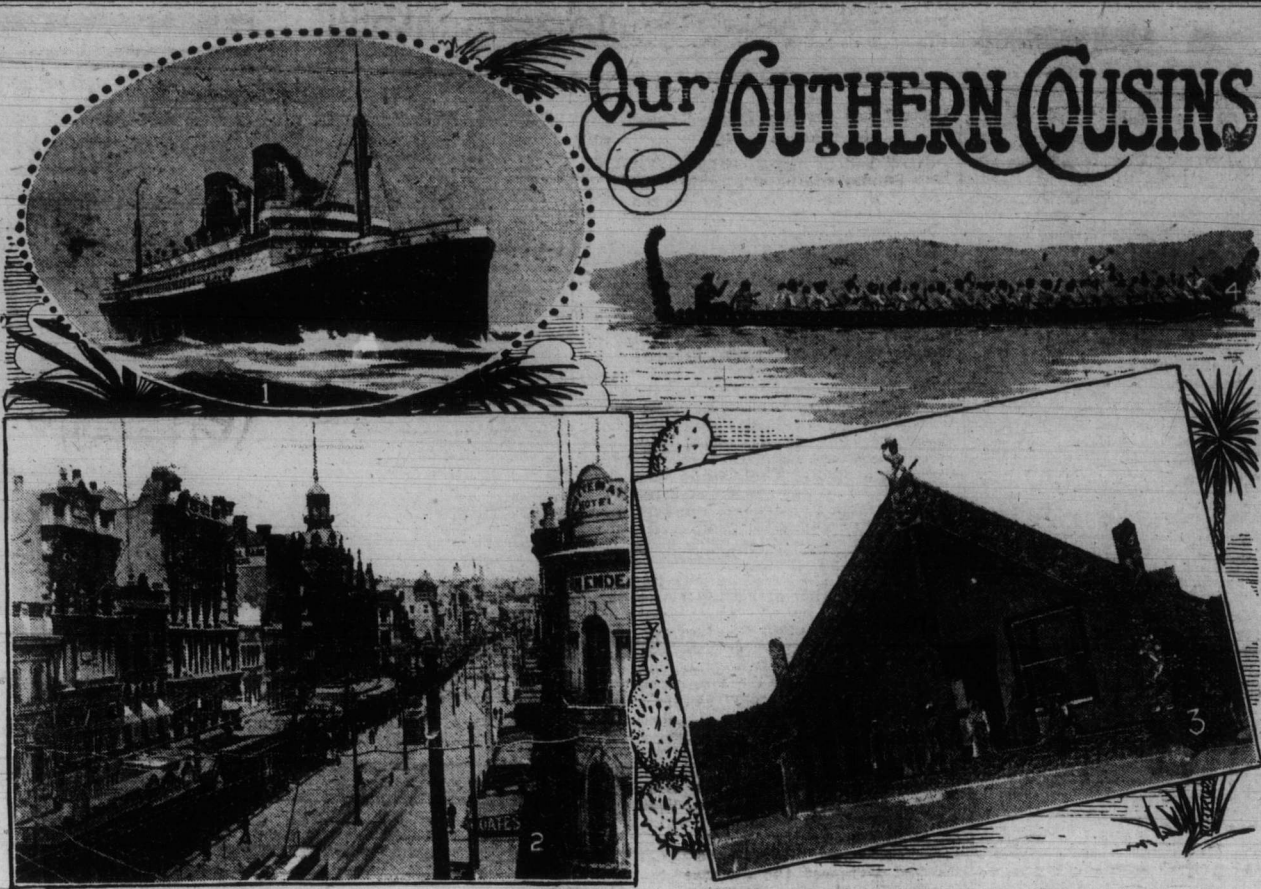
"Several of our officers tried to find a solution, but all to no purpose. At last Captain X—, who happened to be familiar with the ways of old willows, took charge and ordered three men to fire a few shots at each willow. The sniping ceased. Two of the willows were hollow and the Germans had crept inside the trees and were firing through cracks in the stem with automatic revolvers. For two days there was no more sniping, but on the third the fire was resumed as briskly as before and with just as deadly an effect. Fire was opened again on the willows, but this time there was no result. Captain X— was just as suspicious as ever, and he instructed the nearest battery to make short work of the willows. This was done, and the third to go revealed the enemy's cunning. Inside the willow we found not only a German, but a steel plate which fitted outside him and inside the willow. "While that was a clever trick, it was little better than the work done with the old door. At one spot where our trenches were not more than 100 yards apart an old door was lying. The top glass panels of it were broken, the wood beneath them was broken and over the woodwork a gaudy paper had been pasted. Its only use was as a test for our sights, which we got by hitting the door knob or breaking off a splinter of glass.

"One day, however, we were surprised to find that when a bullet struck the glass it left a white streak and brought no tink. Hitting the woodwork had the same effect, it brought a white smear, but no splinters. We knew something was wrong and that night decided to investigate. We discovered that the old door had been removed and a steel shield put in its place. It was painted to look like the wood, paper, and broken glass, with a hole near the knob for the sniper's rifle.

"We fixed a surprise for the artist. He evidently thought he was going to have things his own way. The next day when he began his work we were ready for him. Our trick certainly was a match for his. We did our act, for we sent both the artist and his picture flying back into the German trenches, and the picture was the more intact of the two. A well-placed bomb accounted for him.

"We caught a beast of a sniper in a curious manner a few months ago. Our regiment was stationed about eight hundred yards from the German trench, and, like all others, we suffered much for want of water. Half a mile in the rear ran a small stream and the men used to steal out at night for water. These men were constantly being sniped.

"A number of our men had been killed or wounded in this manner and it was agreed that the sniping came from somewhere behind our lines. Early one morning the command came that we were to make a great circle and beat inward, not leaving a bit of ground uncovered. Nothing came of it—that is to say, nothing except a shapeless old French farmer whom we found driving his riding plough for potatoes. When we questioned him he flew into a rage because we were trampling his beloved ground and demanded that we clear off at once as there was no "espion" around. In making his report to the C. O. the subaltern happened to mention the fine white teeth of the old farmer. This aroused the suspicion of the colonel, and the farmer was seized. He turned out to be a powerful young German, armed with automatic pistols."



(1) S.S. Niagara. (2) Queen Street, Auckland, N.Z. (3) Maori carved house at Whakarewarewa. (4) Maori war canoe.

BEING 1,200 miles from Australia—her nearest relative—New Zealand is probably the most isolated civilized region in the world, and for the reason that most of those who live there are of the same race as ourselves, we should be especially interested in this beautiful country and her people. New Zealand is made up of a group of islands, comprising in all about 14,761 square miles. The coast lines are very fat generally, and the total circumference of the three main islands is 4,330 miles. The interior of New Zealand is interspersed with hills, valleys and plains, all of remarkable beauty. It has been said that both the scenery and climate of those fair lands resemble those of Italy and Sicily. There is always ample rain but never superabundance of it; azure is the favorite color worn by the sky, and the islands are like emerald and golden gems set in the silver form of the Pacific.

New Zealand is a productive country; the finest sheep and cattle are reared on the rich pastures, and oats, barley and maize are grown in abundance. Along the hillside there are rich forests, and tracts of elevated ground that are too rocky to produce

vegetation that is of commercial value, never fail to grow plants that are delightful to the sight of man; no less than 140 species of wild fern are to be found in New Zealand, and many of these are 40 feet in height. There are volcanoes on some of the mountains, and down the sides of others noisy rivers take their rapid courses. Parrots chatter merrily on the tree tops, and pigeons coo in the recesses of the woods. These are practically the only native birds. Native animals are also few, but European birds and animals, and even fish, have been introduced with success. Gold, coal, copper and sulphur are the chief of the New Zealand minerals. Gold was first discovered in 1853, and since that time something like \$350,000,000 worth was found. Auckland is the principal gold mining area. The Canadian Australasian Line has a regular service of fine passenger steamers between Auckland City and Vancouver.

At present the population of New Zealand is something like 1,000,000 people, and nearly all are of British extraction. Still there are 45,000 colored folks. The early inhabitants of the country were the Maori tribe; they came there in their war canoes

in the fourteenth century. In 1642 the islands were discovered by Abel Jansson, a Dutch sailor, and Captain Cooke visited the place in 1769. It appears that when the famous captain returned to England he gave the English people a wrong impression of the place; he reported that the islands did not seem to be of much value, also that the Maori people would be a formidable race to attempt to conquer. Anyway, for 70 years after Captain Cooke's visit the British Government did not think it worth the trouble to annex the present proud possession. It was in 1840 that the Union Jack was first hoisted on the shores. At that time the Maori folks numbered 65,000. The decline in the race since then is due to disease and to war, for both have played a big part in the history of the Maori. Before the British came these people warred amongst themselves, and later they warred against the British. Up to 1770 they knew nothing about pottery or metal, and until that period their battle instruments were their fists, clubs and stones—they were even unaware of the existence of bows and arrows. For themselves this was all the better, for

immediately after the introduction of guns and swords amongst them fully one-fourth of them became no more. As time progressed those of the Maori who were left progressed also, and between 1830 and 1840 many of them became Christian. Now the Maori children go to school side by side with children of our Southern cousins. Maori representatives take their part in the government of their country. Some of the Maori people are skilled at wood-carving and dyeing; they are an imaginative race, and have delightful poetry and tales to recite and tell. Their homes are pretty and their home life simple.

New Zealand has many things in common with Canada; she is a new country rapidly developing; she is rich; she is patriotic; she has sent thousands of brave soldiers to fight for the Empire in this great war. In New Zealand there are more men than women, and it is quite likely that after the war she will be a resort for some of the superfluous ladies of the Old Country, who, unable to have the opportunity of blessing some man at home, will seek the chance of blessing one abroad.

## HUMORS OF WAR.

Cities Captured by Newspaper Correspondents.

The war correspondent's life in former days was not wholly made up of adventures that called for daring of humorous relief, as these episodes will show.

When the British army, with Lord Roberts at its head, was drawing near Bloemfontein, and it was known that, contrary to expectation, the town would make no opposition, two enterprising correspondents, Gwynne of Reuters' Agency, and Patterson of The Sydney Herald, rode ahead of the column with the object of being the first to enter.

As they approached Bloemfontein, the sight of these heralds of the British power caused such alarm that women and children fled in terror, and a couple of bicyclists fell off their machines and held up their hands in token of surrender. Preceded by scurrying inhabitants with cries of "The British are coming!" they entered the town with the air of conquerors, and were received by the mayor, Landrost, and other officials, all tumbling over one another in their eagerness to be the first to offer their submission. And it was by the two correspondents, shaking with internal laughter, that the rulers of Bloemfontein were escorted to Lord Roberts' headquarters, to make their formal surrender.

G. W. Stevens was Mr. Gwynne's companion on another occasion, when together they were the first to enter Volo, during the war between Greece and Turkey, in 1897. So anxious were the citizens to capitulate that, at their request, Mr. Stevens drew up the proclamation of surrender, which the mayor read to the inhabitants from the balcony of the town hall; and when the Sultan's troops made their appearance, it was to learn that the town had been peacefully "captured" some hours earlier by a couple of war correspondents.

## From the Gold Coast.

An officer in a Gold Coast regiment writes to a friend a very instructive and interesting account of the operations in which he has taken part. He is now at Duala invalided. The writer says:

It was then on the Sanaga River our troubles began. For two weeks we cut through the bush, forded rivers knee to waist deep, and were literally eaten by mosquitoes, flies, and huge ants. It was the most terrible march (admitted to be by the most experienced of the old coasters) ever made. Well, in two days we got to Sakkyenne, which we put in a state of defence. We turned the Basel Mission into a fort, and owing

to its position twenty men could hold it against 2,000. As long as the enemy had no artillery, it was absolutely impregnable. This took us two days' hard work. We left a small garrison and started off on a seven-days' march to Winn Biagas on the Nkell River, where we expected to meet with opposition. As Winn Biagas is on the Jaunde road, the main column marched against it, and we were to go round it on the left flank.

The day and night before we got there we met the Huns at a small place, but strategically important, called Muin. Here we fought an advance guard action, and drove them out—we had previously found rows of beautifully constructed trenches, which were left untenanted by the Germans, some considerable time previously—and as our rear guard went through we had to stave off a rather sudden and ferocious attack. This we did without a casualty on our side.

## Pigeons as Photographers.

The pigeon of war, though first cousin of the dove of peace, has become an important factor in modern warfare.

In this war he has acquired, it is said, special value as a photographer, a messenger, and a spy. Equipped with a camera peculiarly designed for his purpose, he can dodge shells and aeroplanes, and penetrate the enemy's lines until their innermost secrets are recorded by his lens.

The tiny camera is fastened under the bird's body, where it will not impede flying. Its shutters work automatically. The birds are trained as ordinary carrier pigeons—in fact they are still called "messenger" pigeons. So anxious have they become to be practically every army in Europe. The French have made the most thorough tests of the war pigeons' efficiency, and their conclusions have resulted in the addition of many automobile pigeon houses to the general army equipment.

## Big Gun Silencer.

A big-gun silencer which the French are using is so effective that no sound of firing can be heard over a greater distance than 100 yards or so. The silencer is attached to the muzzle of the gun. As the shell leaves the gun a small shutter springs up and prevents the explosive gases escaping in the usual way. It causes the "bang" when the gun is fired. The gas is the sudden fierce rush of gas which passes out through the two channels with nothing like the rush that is caused in the ordinary way. It is impossible to stop the gases escaping altogether, for the pressure is so terrific that the gun would be blown to pieces.

## First and Second Thoughts.

In matters of conscience first thoughts are best; in matters of prudence last thoughts are best.

## BUYING A HAT IN HAWAII.

It Cost More to Find the Article Than It Did to Purchase It.

In his eagerness to see a whale during the voyage between Honolulu and the island of Hawaii, Homer Croy, who tells about his adventure in Travel, leaped too far over the rail and lost his hat.

After arriving at the island he climbed into a taxicab and told the driver to take him to a hat store. "Do you understand?" he asked. "A hat store."

"Yes, for sure, all right," the Japanese chauffeur answered. They went bumping up the street, swung wildly round a corner and finally, at the far side of the town, drew up to the curb. In the window of the store was a bedstead, on which hung the sign, "This Week Cheap."

"What do you mean by taking me to a furniture store?" Mr. Croy demanded. "This Hata store," replied the Japanese driver and he pointed to the name of the proprietor, "K. Hata."

"I want a hat, not a bed," Mr. Croy said, with feeling. "I want it for this," pointing to his bare head.

"Yes, for sure, all right." With that the cab whirled down the street and away to the other side of the town, while the taxi bill was merrily running up. This time it stopped before a barber shop.

"No! I don't want anything taken off my head. I want something put on it," declared Mr. Croy, who was now quite irritated.

"Yes, for sure. I understand all right," replied the chauffeur, with a grin. They went clattering just as far to the other side of the town as they could and drew up before a store that as an afterthought apparently carried a line of hats. Mr. Croy had to pay twice the price of a hat on the way to buy it, but this did not seem to worry the driver, who, after the manner of automobile drivers, stood up under it bravely.

## An English Coal Mine.

Birmingham, England, has a mine in which one coal seam is twenty-eight feet thick.

## His Machine.

Knicker—Has Jones a runabout? Bocker—No, just a talkabout.—New York Sun.

## Record Gold Nugget.

When taken out of the mine the largest gold nugget in the world weighed 640 pounds.

## Philippine Forests.

The virgin forests of the Philippine Islands cover an area about equal to that of the state of Kentucky.

## Gold Leaf.

A floor fourteen feet square might be covered with a single ounce of gold leaf.

## Germans Rush Military Work.

The Belgian province of Limburg has become a German military centre of the greatest importance. In this most northerly corner of Belgium, adjoining the frontier of Holland, where there is no need to fear allied air raids, factories of many kinds have been built and large camps of military training have been laid out, with a big aviation school.

At Canille, German engineers have set the explosive factories of the Belgian firm of Koopla going again. Close by, a number of other munition factories have been built and equipped with material and machines taken from the Russo-Belgian cartridge factories, at Liege. The number of hands employed exceeds 2,000, but most of these are German, or Dutch, the Belgian workmen having refused to work there.

At Lemmell, a German firm of chemical manufacturers is running factories day and night with workmen from Westphalia, who are under military orders.

All railways to Liege from Louvain and Hasselt are crowded by trains carrying ammunition, military supplies, and reinforcements of troops westward in anticipation, it is supposed, of a new stroke for Calais. In the old Belgian military training camp at Beverloo, reliefs of troops in bodies of 20,000 are being trained one after the other in quick succession. New field and machine guns made in the old Cookerill factories are also tested here. Several railroad lines to Antwerp are practically finished.

## A Warm Spot.

The following letter has been received in Dublin from a driver in the R. F. A.:

"I have received your welcome letter and P.O.'s. I am going on well. I am in a very dangerous position at present; in fact, I'm in the most dangerous position on the field. The day before yesterday we were in a certain ruined house which the Germans wanted. They started throwing shells all round us; they threw about twenty shells within a radius of thirty yards of us. We waited for what was almost certain death. At last a shell burst, and broke in the front wall of the house. Luckily we had a sort of dugout inside, or we were done. It was the liveliest hour I ever had. When we came out after the bombardment the place all round was covered with bricks, mortar, and shrapnel. It would be a Paradise for a jerry builder, plenty of old brick ready to cart away."

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## GIVING UP ITS DEAD.

Germans Continue to Unearth Bones From the Ruins of Brest-Litovsk.

Eight months have passed since the Russian city of Brest-Litovsk was reduced to ruins by Russian troops, and the town is still giving up its dead, writes a correspondent.

In their work of removing unsafe walls and chimneys the Germans still unearth charred human bones. The work of destruction was so swiftly done by the Russians that some of the people were unable to escape from the town. They fled to cellars, the fire swept over them, and they perished. The conflagration was not the result of bombardment, but of the systematic firing of the houses. Hence the town presents an aspect unlike that of any other destroyed city I have seen in the war area. It is a gaunt, not a crumpled ruin.

The walls of almost every one of the hundreds of homes, stores, and factories which were burned in this city of nearly 60,000 inhabitants still stand. Window panes, doors, floors, roofs, and furniture have vanished in smoke and flame, but the walls seem as clean and solid as if the builders had just finished them.

In a word, it was in every instance a fire set from the inside, usually by means of cans of petroleum.

The idea of the Russians seems to have been to make the Brest-Litovsk region impossible for occupation by the Germans. Nothing like that happened. Sixty thousand men, women, and children were driven from their homes, a prosperous city was ruined, vital sections of an important fortress were blown up. And to what end?

The weather was warm when the Germans closed in on Brest. The fire raged and the Germans sat down in the fields and woods around the city until it had cooled. Then they marched in, cleared away the bodies of humans and horses, removed such walls as threatened safe passage, and settled themselves in the citadel, which had not been destroyed and which made comfortable quarters when once it had been cleaned and whitewashed.

All this loss and destruction of Brest gives support to the assertion of a Russian Minister of State that the Grand Duke Nicholas' order that towns and forts lying in front of the German advance should be destroyed has cost the Russian empire not less than 8,000,000,000 roubles (\$4,000,000,000). And again to what end? The Germans are in the territory and they are comfortable. The Russian policy that ruined Napoleon has not ruined the Germans. The reason is simple, and that reason is railroads. The Germans no sooner established themselves in a devastated area, than food, timber, and ammunition come promptly to them from Germany.

## His Line Was Spinach.

Applicant for Job on Agriculture Paper—Any chance to get on this sheet? Editor—Have you had any experience in growing things? Applicant—Why, er—I grew a small beard once.—Florida Times-Union.

## HAVE YOU WEAK LUNGS?

Do colds settle on your chest or in your bronchial tubes? Do coughs hang on, or are you subject to throat troubles?

Such troubles should have immediate treatment with the rare curative powers of Scott's Emulsion to guard against consumption which so easily follows. Scott's Emulsion contains pure cod liver oil which peculiarly strengthens the respiratory tract and improves the quality of the blood; the glycerine in it soothes and heals the tender membranes of the throat. Scott's is prescribed by the best specialists. You can get it at any drug store. Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont.

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FOR FLETCHER'S  
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FOURTH EPISODE

The Power of the People

By REGINALD WRIGHT KAUFFMAN.

Author of "House of Bondage,"  
"Jim," "The Girl Who Goes  
Wrong" and "My Heart  
and Stephanie"

SYNOPSIS.

Dudley Larnigan, district attorney, attacks the liquor and vice trusts. He is killed by an agent of a secret society, the committee of fifteen. His son, Bruce Larnigan, is elected district attorney and takes up the fight. Bruce is in love with Dorothy Maxwell, whose father is head of the insurance trust. Bruce Larnigan is deceived to an evil resort in an effort to frame him up. He has the police commissioner present. A fire starts in a tenement. Larnigan saves the children of Dow, one of the conspirators. This man agrees to expose the trust. He is murdered by the gang.

Stanford Stone, head of the graft syndicate, insists Larnigan must be killed. Graftsmen are posted in the park to kill Larnigan in his automobile. Dorothy Maxwell, over the dictaphone, hears the plot. Two more conspirators are killed and Larnigan again escapes.

BRUCE LARNIGAN, despite his successes over the graft syndicate since his election as district attorney, began to feel, after his miraculous escape from the plot to kill him in an explosion in the new subway, that his chances of success along the lines he had so far followed were almost hopeless.

Gradually, it seemed to him, tremendous forces were being arrayed against him. The whole power of the city administration was on the side of the enemy. The mayor, with all the departments he employed, showed open antagonism. The newspapers, with the single exception of the Independent, were either openly hostile or sneeringly indifferent. A great many people who, it seemed to him, should give him enthusiastic support were decidedly lukewarm in their attitude.

To Dorothy Maxwell, his fiancée and practically the only person in whom he was now able to confide, since he did not want to worry his mother with the details of his troubles, he told of his growing feeling that he was on the wrong road.

"We thought it was a wonderful thing when I was elected district attorney, dear," he said to her. "But the office has tied my hands again and again. Things that I could do if I were a private citizen I am barred from even attempting. Just for one thing—this graft conspiracy, I am convinced, is country wide."

"It isn't confined to New York alone. But as district attorney I can't go outside the city. My jurisdiction stops there."

"But you can go outside to get evidence," she suggested.

"The minute I do that they'll accuse me of neglecting my duty to pursue a fantastic conspiracy that, they say, has no existence at all except in my own brain. The best thing they say about me is that I'm visionary—a lunatic! Most of them say, whether they actually believe it or not, that I'm a crook."

"It's an outrage!" said Dorothy, with flashing eyes.

"Well, what do you think? It seems to me that I ought to resign as district attorney at once. I've been talking to Bart Nash. He's the editor of the Independent, you know—the man who gave Jim Stevens a job when Jim was fired for helping me to get the goods on the traction grafters."

"What does he say?"

"He agrees with me—that I ought to resign. He has promised me the support of his paper if I undertake to carry on the fight by a direct appeal to the people. That's my chance as I see it—to get the people stirred up, so that they will really demand action. So far they don't believe in me. But I can make them do it, I'm sure."

"Then if he thinks that and you feel as you do, I think you ought to resign," said Dorothy. "It's you that have got to make the decision. Bruce, I'm with you whatever you do!"

"That settles it," said Bruce. "I thought you'd agree with me. I shall resign at once. And the first move in my new fight will be against the grain trust."

"I didn't know there was one."

"There is, and a particularly mean one! It's responsible for the rise in the price of bread. There's plenty of grain, but they're creating an artificial shortage to send up prices. There's no reason at all for the rise. It's the worst sort of crookedness. I shall go to Chicago at once. That's the place where I can get the evidence, though it's St. John Dodson, right here in New York, who is my final quarry."

"Mr. Dodson!" said Dorothy, deeply shocked. "Why, he's one of papa's best friends!"

"That's just the trouble," said Bruce, grittingly. "It's because men who are universally supposed to be honorable and decent, and who occupy fine and high positions, are at the bottom of all the crookedness that it's so hard for me to reach them."

Stanford Stone, the secret head of the graft syndicate and Bruce's great enemy, was not deceived by Bruce's resignation of his office, which filled some of Stone's associates with delight.

"He hasn't given up," he said. "Don't be fooled for a minute by his resignation. That's just a blind. He's going to keep on fighting, and it's more important than ever to put him out of the way. I know, for instance, that he's going to Chicago tomorrow to try to get evidence against Dodson and his grain shortage. Black's gone, but I've got another man to follow him."

So it came about that there traveled with Bruce, following him as closely as his own shadow, a desperado known to the police of a score of cities as Red Mike. Mike meant to earn his money.

With Bruce gone, Stanford Stone left no move unmade in New York that might help to achieve his object. His first blow was struck at the Independent. A hint was enough. With one accord advertisers withdrew their support until the paper faced a staggering loss. And Stone went further. His agents approached stockholders, who, frightened by the loss of earnings, were glad to sell their holdings. So Stone came into control of a great block of Independent stock and was able to apply for a receivership and so force the suspension, for a time at least, of the paper's publication.

At his instance, too, suits were brought against Bruce for criminal libel and for heavy damages by the men he had accused in connection with the traction trust exposure. These were strike suits, which could not succeed when they were brought to trial, but it was not Stone's purpose to let them come to trial. They served as an excuse for attaching Bruce's bank account and his home, and this was done. Bruce's mother was terrified by threats of ejectment from her home, and Stone relied upon her pleadings to induce Bruce to abandon his fight, even if his well laid plans to put Bruce out of the way should not succeed.

Even so, however, Stone was not content. He felt that Bruce still pos-

sessed one thing that he coveted—the love of Dorothy Maxwell. The engagement of the two had not been announced, but it was a more or less open secret. And now Stone, relying upon his hold over Roger Maxwell, her father, ventured openly to go to Dorothy and ask her to marry him. He was promptly refused, but would not take his answer. He wanted reasons, and Dorothy reluctantly told him of the plot to kill Bruce that she had overheard by means of the dictaphone in his office. To her amazement, Stone made no denial.

"I am his enemy," he said coolly. "I admit it. What of it? Your own father is associated with me. Larnigan's success would mean even more to him than to me."

"I don't believe you!" cried Dorothy desperately.

But she did. It explained so much that had troubled and mystified her. And Roger Maxwell, when she begged him to deny what Stone had said, couldn't do it. Indeed, he let her see that he was, to some extent at least, in Stone's power. It was a dreadful dilemma that Dorothy faced, with Bruce a thousand miles away, engaged, as she knew, in a bitter and perilous struggle.

And, even so, she did not know how great were the perils that dogged Bruce's trail. Red Mike, like some skulking beast of prey, waited for his chance to strike. A dozen times he held his hand, inspired by the animal cunning that was his, waiting to make sure.

Meanwhile Bruce found plenty of evidence. He was disturbed by the news that came to him from Bart Nash and Jim Stevens, but decided that it was better for him to stick to his own part of the work instead of going back to help them. He felt that he was on the trail of real facts, which would prove terribly damaging to the enemy.

At last there came the chance he had waited. A man he had bribed told him of a plan to send a schooner out on Lake Michigan from Chicago heavily laden with grain.

"Go along," he told Bruce. "You'll see something worth while."

And Bruce did. Concealed in a boat, he saw the crew, under orders from the captain, dumping the perfectly good grain into the lake. It was so that Dodson's men were creating the shortage he was using as his excuse for raising the price of bread to the poor! This Bruce knew would serve



"I've ordered the price back. For God's sake take them away," said Dodson.

his cause; the facts would speak for themselves. And he had a small camera with him, with which he took photographs of the dumping.

It was that, however, which was his undoing. He had to expose himself as he took the pictures, and some keen eyes among the men saw him. In a moment he was dragged from the boat.

"It's a spy!" cried some burly ruf-

fian.

And a moment later Bruce was fighting for his life. He fought well, but the odds were too great. He was over-

powered in no time and savagely beaten. But then the plotters made a fatal mistake. Left alone Bruce might soon have died. But they threw him overboard.

The cold water revived him to some extent, and he was able to cling to a floating spar that came providentially within his reach. And an hour later he was spied from the deck of a yacht and picked up. He was unconscious when he was dragged on board. When he came to an hour later a strange man bent over his cot.

"Are you Bruce Larnigan," he said hoarsely, "like the papers in your pocket say?"

"I am," said Bruce, astonished at the other's emotion.

"Bruce—I'm Tom—you're my brother!" said the stranger.

It was a wonderful tale he made of it, between them. Tom left home in a fit of boyish passion years before. He had disappeared, and the family had long since believed him dead.

"I didn't have the heart to go home a failure, Bruce," he confessed after he had heard Bruce's story. "But, by the Lord, I'll go home now and do the work you set out to do! You'll be in a hospital for a spell, old chap, and you're lucky at that. But leave things to me. I'll get through somehow."

So Tom went east in Bruce's place. He carried a letter to Dorothy Maxwell, and he carried also an absolute determination to defeat the graft syndicate and do Bruce's work until Bruce recovered.

But his arrival at home dismayed him. He learned of his mother's sufferings, and he learned, too, that Dorothy Maxwell, the girl Bruce loved and trusted, was engaged to Stanford Stone.

"I'll play a lone hand, then," he said defiantly to himself. "I'll not deliver Bruce's letter. But I'll get this man Dodson by myself."

Chance guided him to a meeting of the poor held in protest against the rise in the price of bread. Tom Larnigan seized his chance. In a moment he displaced the speaker.

"This is a time to act—not to talk!" he cried. "Follow me! I'll lead you to the man who raised the price of bread!"

With a roar like that of a pack of wolves the crowd followed him, growing greater at every block, until at last it stormed the doors of the great office building in which St. John Dodson had his office, surged up to his office, and beat down all guards and barriers until it was at his very door. Then Tom went in alone to find the great man cowering at his desk.

"Shall I let them in," he asked, "or will you yield, you cur?"

"I've ordered the price back to the old figures!" cried the frightened Dodson. "For God's sake take them away!"

Tom believed him. He told the crowd they had won their fight. And, even as he spoke, a shot rang out. Dodson had killed himself.

At once Tom and his mother went to Chicago, to find Bruce somewhat improved. He smiled as he heard of Tom's first blow at the forces of graft.

[Episode No. 5 next week.]

SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson VII.—Second Quarter,  
May 14, 1916.

THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Acts xiii, 13-52.  
Memory Verses, 45, 46—Golden Text,  
Acts xiii, 47—Commentary Prepared  
by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

When they crossed over to the mainland from Cyprus John left them and returned to Jerusalem (verse 13). We are not told why, but it made trouble later even between such friends as Barnabas and Paul (chapter xv, 36-40). It is a relief to read in what was probably Paul's last letter, "Take Mark and bring him with thee, for he is profitable to me for the ministry" (II Tim. iv, 11). John Mark, having left them, Paul and Barnabas kept on their way to Antioch, in Pisidia, and our lesson today is Paul's Sabbath day talk in the synagogue there, which was followed the next Sabbath by a talk to a very large company of gentiles. It is said that almost the whole city came together to hear the word of God (verse 44). The Jews, seeing Paul get the crowd that next Sunday, were filled with envy and contradicted Paul's teaching and blasphemed. Then the apostle said boldly, "Seeing you put it from you, we turn to the gentiles." And he quoted a prophecy concerning the final gathering of the gentiles to the Lord at His coming and kingdom (Isa. xlii, 6; xlix, 6), for, as one has said, prophecy has many a germinating accomplishment throughout the ages, while the complete fulfillment is yet in the future.

As the gentiles heard the glad tidings many believed, and the word of the Lord was published throughout all that region (verses 45-46). The expression, "as many as were ordained to eternal life believed" (verse 48), is another way of saying, "All that the Father giveth me shall come to me" (John vi, 37). This is not the age of winning the world to Christ, but of gathering out from the world those whom the Father has given to the Son to be His bride. All should hear the offer of salvation, and whosoever will may receive Him, but He knows who will come. The adversary became so stirred by Christ being thus exalted that the Jews and chief men and devout and honorable women persecuted Paul and Barnabas and expelled them out of their coats. Therefore they departed and came unto Iconium, but the disciples were filled with joy and with the Holy Ghost. The word of the Lord will always accomplish His pleasure and never return to Him void, but to some it will bring life and to others death (Isa. lv, 11; II Cor. ii, 15, 16).

We will give the rest of our time to a consideration of some things in this great sermon of Paul's at Antioch, and we notice first that four times he speaks of the resurrection of Christ (verses 23, 30, 33, 37), the all important truth of the gospel, quoting from Ps. ii and xvi and Isa. lv concerning it and referring to the sure mercies of David, which David himself called an everlasting covenant, ordered in all things and sure (II Sam. xxiii, 5). All failure is ours, but God is faithful, and His purposes cannot fail. David in his last hours felt that he had come far short, but he rested all on the faithfulness of God and His sure, everlasting covenant. We saw in our recent study in I Cor. xv the importance of the resurrection of Christ, and in Him, the risen, living one, shall every promise to Abraham and David be fulfilled (Matt. i, 1; Rev. xxii, 10).

Speaking to Jews Paul always called their attention to God's purpose concerning Israel, and on this occasion he began with their deliverance from

Egypt and followed on through the wilderness, the times of the judges and the reign of the first two kings, Saul and David. And that brought him to the promise to David concerning the Messiah and His kingdom and to the assertion that this Jesus who had been crucified by the Jews, but raised from the dead by God the Father, was indeed the Messiah of Israel. He referred to John the Baptist's testimony concerning Him as the Messiah who had fulfilled all that the prophets had said concerning His sufferings and that He would as truly fulfill in due time all that had been predicted concerning His kingdom and glory (verses 16-37). Since their Messiah had actually come and been rejected what could now be done? Was there any hope for any one? Then he proclaimed through Jesus Christ the forgiveness of sins for all who would receive Him as the crucified and risen one, assuring them that He would come again to restore all things of which the prophets had spoken, be a light to all nations through Israel and bring salvation to the ends of the earth (verses 38, 39, 47).

The Jews would naturally be stirred to enmity and wrath by the accusation that they were guilty of the rejection of their Messiah, and the gentiles would be glad to hear that there was salvation even for them and a part in His kingdom and glory. Compare chapters iii, 19-21; iv, 12; Isa. lx, 1-3; lxii, 1, 2. And be sure for yourself, O reader of these lines, that you have in Him, by His precious blood, the eternal redemption, the forgiveness of sins, which He has purchased at such infinite cost for all who will receive Him. Then when He shall come in His glory to set up His kingdom of peace on earth you shall be with Him and share His kingdom and glory (Col. iii, 4; Rev. v, 9, 10).

Concession to Modernism.

A decree lately issued by Pope Benedict provides that priests in all countries, at Sunday mass, after reading the Evangel in Latin shall repeat it in the language of their hearers. This step is regarded as one of the greatest concessions to modernism made by the Vatican.

Too Polite.

"This is my coming out," remarked the facetious burglar, whose sentence had expired.

"Permit me to wish you many happy returns," said the prison keeper gallantly.—New York Mail.

Do as Mr. Gard

Mr. Anson A. Gard, the well known Litterateur of Ottawa, called the Wandering Yankee, says in an unsolicited testimonial for ZUTOO Tablets:

"Zutoo Tablets stop my headaches so completely that I do not mind having them any more."

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When a remedy has lived for forty years, steadily growing in popularity and influence, and thousands upon thousands of women declare they owe their health to it, is it not reasonable to believe that it is an article of great merit?

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential), Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

NEW CASTLE, IND.—"From the time I was eleven years old until I was seventeen I suffered each month so I had to be in bed. I had headache, backache and such pains I would cramp double every month. I did not know what it was to be easy a minute. My health was all run down and the doctors did not do me any good. A neighbor told my mother about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I took it, and now I feel like a new person. I don't suffer any more and I am regular every month."—Mrs. HAZEL HAMILTON, 822 South 15th St.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

More Like It.

"My ancestors were among the first settlers in this country," said the pompous one.

"You mean among the first settlers, don't you?" replied the meek one—Yonkers Statesman.

Mistaken Observation.

"What graceful, free movements your daughter makes in her dancing, Mrs. Comcup."

"They ain't no free movements. We pay her teacher \$5 a lesson."—Baltimore American.

In Boston.

Small William—Father, kindly convey to my mind the meaning of the word "hobo."

Paternal Ancestor—That is the customary designation of an indigent traveler, my son.—Judge.

Of Course They Did.

Tom—You say the bride and bridegroom looked nice. What about the guests? Will—Oh, they took the cake!

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Biliousness, Headache, Dizziness, Indigestion. They do their duty. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine must bear Signature

Wm. Wood

THE SUN LIFE

Is Canada's Leading Assurance Company

And if not already a Policy Holder it will pay you to interview the Local Agent.

W. M. ALLEN

Carleton Place.

Total assurance in force 1915—

Assets.....\$257,404,100.00

Assets.....\$74,326,423.00

JOHN R. & W. L. REID

Managers Eastern Ontario, Sun Life Building, OTTAWA.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR ADVISER, which will be sent free.

MARION & MARION, MONTREAL.



# UNION BANK OF CANADA

of Canada, in her name and your own.  
You will find it a very convenient arrangement, for then either can attend to the banking when in town, making deposits or withdrawing money. In case of death, the balance automatically goes to the survivor.

Carleton Place Branch—D. B. OLIVER, Manager.  
Stittsville Branch—W. A. BURCHILL, Manager.  
Kinburn Branch—T. McMILLAN, Manager.  
Pakenham Branch—A. C. HOFFMAN, Manager.

## Give Your Wife an Interest

in the family's financial progress by opening a Joint Account in the Union Bank

### CARLETON PLACE COUNCIL.

The regular monthly meeting of the Carleton Place Town Council was held last evening. The Mayor in the chair and every member present.

The minutes of previous meeting were read and approved.

#### CORRESPONDENCE.

The Brown Bros. Co. acknowledged an order for 40 poplar trees.

A letter was read from the Militia Department requesting a plan showing the drill hall site deeded to the Crown in 1912.

From Dr. McIntosh, notifying the Council that after 1st June the rent of his stable would be raised to \$3 per month.

Mr. Bates gave notice of his intention to introduce at next meeting a bylaw to give the ratepayers the option of paying part of their taxes in the middle of the year, with the privilege of a discount.

A number of accounts were read and referred.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

On motion Messrs. D. B. Oliver and J. S. L. McNeely were heard, who applied for the usual grant to the Horse Show.

The Street Committee reported that the water was too high to report on the drain north of Town Line, and no action on the Phillip's request as it would only benefit private property.

Mr. Nichols drew attention to the waste paper thrown upon the streets.

It was decided to notify the public through the public press and request the principals of the schools to draw the attention of the children to habit with a view to preventing the nuisance.

Mr. McNeely reported for the Fire and Light Committee that they had decided to continue the present fire alarm system for the balance of this year.

Mr. Robt. Devlin asked the Council to have the ditch filled on Moffatt street, as it prevented a driveway into his property. The matter was referred to the Street Committee, on motion of Messrs. Cameron and Bates.

The Mayor stated that he had been asked for the free use of the Park for Dominion Day for a public demonstration by the firemen.

The request was granted on motion of Messrs. Donald and Bates.

A deputation of ladies asked the use of the council chamber to serve refreshments the night of the regimental ball. The Mayor stated that he had previously granted it to Lieut. Wilson for a cloak room. The Council thought no change could be made, and they were averse to serving refreshments in the chamber.

The granting of the hall to the Regiment for the farewell ball was suggested by the Mayor, and

On motion of Messrs. Pattie and Nichols it was decided that the 130th Battalion be granted the free use of the hall for this purpose.

Moved by Mr. Pattie seconded by Mr. Nichols that the following accounts be paid and that the Mayor grant the necessary orders on the Treasurer.

Municipal World, blanks	\$ 1.25
Sinclair Bros., suit for chief	39 00
Waterson Engine Works Co., grate bars	7 50
Colin McIntosh, Premium on Treasurer's bond	40 00
D. R. Ferguson, drawing hose	1 50
Jas. Burrows, work streets	11 38
Pay sheet No. 5	32 91
John McLaren, meals to prisoners	5 25
The Central Canadian, printing	24 16
Patterson Bros., double carriage	2 50
Geo. A. Cornell, assessing and postage	227 42
Carried	

It was moved by Mr. McNeely, seconded by Mr. Baird, that the usual grant of \$75 be made to the Horse Show, same to be paid after the taxes are in.—Carried.

The Mayor stated that Mr. J. F. Forgie, of Renfrew, had asked him if a pool and billiard license could be obtained in Carleton Place, provided he rented the Queen's Hotel. No action taken.

Moved by Mr. Nichols, that the following be a Court of Revision, viz: W. Pattie, W. M. Cameron, F. C. Donald, W. A. Nichols and the mover, the first meeting of the Court to be held on the 6th June. Carried.

The matter of the rent of the stable for the town horses was left with the Street Committee.

Moved by Mr. Nichols, seconded by Mr. Pattie, that the Government be given a sketch of the property granted them on Town Park, for drill hall site, as requested.—Carried.

Council adjourned.

Major McBride, the Irish rebel, who aided General Prid in the Boer War, was executed in Dublin.

Major-General the Hon. Lionel Byng son of the Earl of Stafford, may command the Canadians at the front.

Warning is being sent out that physicians of the Province who fail to register births will be prosecuted.

### RED CROSS DONATIONS.

Previously acknowledged, \$5,580.85.  
Rev. J. J. Monds, \$6; Mrs. D. Findlay, sr., \$6; Mrs. Geo. Tait, \$1; Findlay Bros. Co. Ltd., life membership for Miss E. L. Findlay, \$25; Zion Church Juvenile Mission Band, re life membership for Mrs. S. A. Torrance, \$25.00; Thos. McCuan, \$10; Billy and Angus Quivers, Tennessee, \$1; Mrs. McKelvey, \$1; Red Cross Society, St. Patrick's Day Tea, \$25, life membership for Harold Miller, and \$101.80; Miss M. R. McFarlane, \$2; Mrs. David Gillies re life membership for Mrs. Austin Bain Gillies, \$25; Miss Jessie McGregor, \$5; John McDiarmid, Beckwith, \$5; Mrs. R. C. Patterson, \$10; Mrs. John McArthur, \$2; Mrs. Emily Wilson, \$1; Miss Bowland, \$1. Total \$5,834.25.

### RED CROSS ACTIVITIES

During the month of April the Carleton Place Branch of the Red Cross Society shipped eleven cases containing the following: 272 surgical dressings, 30 convalescent robes, 145 hospital pads, 415 triangular bandages, 60 night shirts, 260 pairs socks.

The donations to the Carleton Place Branch of the Red Cross Society for April were: 2 pillows; 1 pr. pillow covers, Mrs. Wm. Gibson; 2 pillows, Mrs. John McArthur; 2 pillows, Mrs. R. Baird, Appleton; 272 surgical dressings, Shakespeare Club.

The following is a list of the socks received on "Sock Day" April 22nd: Mrs. Fred Scott, Black's Corners, 2 pairs; Mrs. W. Wilson, 2; Mrs. John McArthur, 3; Mrs. Peter McDonald, 2; Mrs. Robt. Baird, Appleton, 6; Mrs. Frank Taylor, 2; Mrs. Donald Caldwell, Appleton, 30; Mrs. Shaw, Appleton, 6; Miss Mary Caldwell, Appleton, 12; Mrs. K. Galbraith, 6; Miss Isabel Galbraith, 2; Miss M. Cornell, 2; Mrs. G. Cornell, 1; Mrs. Geo. Kemp, Black's Corners, 1; Mrs. John McDonald, 6; Mrs. D. H. McIntosh, 6; Mrs. Geo. Godden, 4; Mrs. W. J. Hughes, 2; Mrs. R. C. Patterson, 6; Mrs. A. C. Brown, 6; Mrs. Charles W. Bates, 12; Mrs. A. W. Bell, 6; Miss Emma Neal, 1; Mrs. J. C. Jeffrey, 6; Mrs. W. Pattie, sr., 2; Baird & Riddell, 11; Mrs. David Gillies, 12; Miss Mabel Crews, 6; Miss May Riley, 6; Miss Florence Johnston, 6; Mrs. W. R. Caldwell, 6; Mrs. A. E. Cram, 12; Mrs. G. A. Burgess, 12; Mrs. Wm. McDiarmid, 1; Miss Jane McDiarmid, 1; Mrs. David Findlay, sr., 1; Mrs. T. C. Maguire, 2; Mr. A. C. Yuill, 4; Mrs. D. S. McFarlane, 2; Mrs. Wm. Findlay, 6; Mrs. James Loddell, 3; Miss Brisland, 3; Mrs. H. Abdallah, 12; Mrs. Elizabeth Graham, 6; Mrs. J. K. Findlay, 4; Mrs. J. M. Brown, 2; Mrs. F. McEwen, 3; Mrs. Glassford, 2; Mrs. T. Armstrong, 2.

M. J. GALBRAITH, Sec.

### SALVATION ARMY WORK.

The Salvation Army Dominion-wide Self-denial Campaign for home and heathen missions is about to be launched. Here are a few of the many reasons why you should donate towards this Fund:—

- Because it gives help irrespective of creed or nationality;
- Because it is the active foe of intemperance and allied evils;
- Because it influences the non-church going masses for good;
- Because its Slum Officers visit the poorest poor and the sick poor and gives relief in their hour of need;
- Because many thousands of homeless men, women and children are sheltered in its numerous homes;
- Because the lepers, the blind and halt in Eastern Lands are specially cared for in its homes and colonies;
- Because its medical missionaries are doing excellent overseas work;
- Because its motor ambulances, tents, huts and naval and military homes are great help to the service men;
- Because it wages ceaseless war against impurity in all its forms;
- Because it is the champion of the weak, the defender of the oppressed, the vindicator of the wrong, the savior of the lost;
- Because it can make a dollar go farther than any other agency.

The Salvation Army has the blessing and sanction of God upon it, and no one could give to a more worthy cause. The Officers of Smiths Falls will be canvassing this town, and trust your donation this year will be a very liberal one.

### SCHOOL ART COMPETITION.

To Editor Herald.

Dear Sir,—I have just received the Report from the Examiners and awarder of prizes, Mr. E. F. Fleming, Art Instructor, Normal School, Ottawa, as outlined in the circular sent to the schools of Carleton Place and Lanark East last autumn, under the auspices of the Teachers' Institute of this inspection. From the awarder of the prizes word has been received that there were 137 entries. The prizes are reproduced charcoal drawings of Ottawa, by the Normal Instructor, R. F. Fleming. The following are the results:—

#### ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS.

Nature in Water Colors—Pupils of fifteen years and under (20 entries)—1, Francis McCord, Carp Public School; 2, Vera Gilmore, Carp P.S.; 3, L. McCann, S.S. No. 1 Pakenham.

Pupils 12 years or under (17 entries)—1, Elizabeth James, 6-7 Ramsay; 2, Robert Mackey, 3 Marlborough; 3, Margaret Sutherland, 6-7 Ramsay.

Pupils 9 years or under (7 entries)—1, Elsie Craven 3 Marl; 2, Austin Purdy, 1 Goulbura; 3, John Purdy, 1 Goul.

#### COLORING DESIGN.

Pupils 15 years or under (17 entries)—1, Addie Caldwell, 3 Marl; 2, Ross Barber, 4 Montague; 3, Irene McCann, 1 Pakenham.

Pupils 12 years or under (23 entries)—1, Mabel Hammond (particularly mentioned by Examiner as good) Carleton Place P.S.; 2, Tena McCurdy, 4 Marl; 3, Robert Mackey, 3 Marl.

Pupils 9 years or under (3 entries)—1, Elsie Craven, 3 Marl; 2, May Wallace, 3 Marl; 3, Luella Beaman, 3 Marl.

#### HIGH SCHOOLS AND CONTINUATION SCHOOLS.

##### NATURE WATER COLORS.

Over 14 years (12 entries)—1, Marion Chapman, C.P.H.S.; 2, May Morrison, 3 Marl; 3, Donald McPhail, C.P.H.S.

14 years or under (18 entries)—1, Elsie Cameron, C.P.H.S. Eileen Morris, C.P.H.S.; 3, Alice Bennett, C.P.H.S.

##### COLORING DESIGN.

Over 14 years (8 entries) 1, Marion Chapman, C.P.H.S.; 2, Glen Allen, C.P.H.S.; 3, May Morrison, 3 Marl.

14 and under (10 entries)—1, Elsie Cameron, C.P.H.S.; 2, G. Williams, C.P.H.S.; Cecil Wallace, 3 Marl.

The Turks are concentrating their forces near Smyrna, on the Asiatic coast.

A Turkish transport loaded with troops was reported sunk by a British submarine.

It was announced that the British Government's wheat monopoly in India was at an end.

The C.P.R. staff in the general offices at Montreal has begun to "save daylight," by starting work an hour earlier but without altering the clocks.

Roland Martin, a farmer near Spencer-ville, aged forty-five, threw a fork from a mow and, jumping down, was impaled on the splintered handle, being fatally injured.

More than five hundred men are out now because of the strike of Italian laborers on Welland Canal, section 3 and the work on the whole section is stopped.

## Jas. Cavers & Son Sash and Door Factory

All Kinds of House Finish.

We Sell

NEPONSSET PRODUCTS  
SLATE COVERED SHINGLES,  
PAROID ROOFING and  
FINISHED SURFACE WALL BOARD.



## A NEW ISSUE of the Telephone Directory

is now being prepared, and additions and changes forth should be reported to our Local Manager at once.

Have you a telephone? Those who have will tell you that it is the most precious of modern conveniences.

Why not order to-day and have your name in the new directory?

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada

## SEED CORN

Just received a Car of CHOICE SEED CORN  
COMPTON EARLY WHITE CAP YELLOW DENT MAMMOTH S. SWEET  
LONGFELLOW KING PHILIP WISCONSIN NO. 7  
NORTH DAKOTA EARLY BAILEY CANADA YELLOW  
RED COB WHITE FLINT

This is all Choice Seed. Prices right.

C. F. BURGESS.

### HARD WORKING WOMEN

Will find New Strength Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

It is useless to tell a hard working woman to take life easily and not to worry. Every woman at the head of a home; every girl in offices, shops and factories is subjected to more or less worry. These cannot be avoided. But it is the duty of every woman and every girl to save her strength as much as possible, and to build up her system to meet unusual demands. Her future health depends upon it. To guard against a break-down in health the blood must be kept rich, red and pure. To keep the blood in this condition nothing can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They strengthen the nerves, restore the appetite, bring the glow of health to pallid cheeks, and renewed energy to listless people. Women cannot always rest when they should, but they can keep up their strength and keep away disease by the occasional use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mrs. A. Rhodes, Hamilton, Ont., says: "A few years ago on coming to Canada, working long hours, and close confinement began to tell upon me. I was completely run down, and finally could do no work. I was pale, suffered from headaches, did not rest well, and felt altogether very miserable. The doctor said the trouble was anaemia, and after doctoring for some weeks without getting any relief, I decided to drop the doctor and take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Very soon I began to notice a change for the better, and by the time I had used a half dozen boxes of the Pills I was again enjoying the best of health. I have never had any return of the sickness and never felt better in my life than I do now. I give my experience, therefore, that it may be used for the benefit of others."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Lord Kitchener paid a high tribute to all the troops in the Tigris campaign.

A French fishing vessel was sunk in the Atlantic by an enemy submarine, when 150 miles from the nearest land.

A German steamer that broke loose in a storm from the Canary Island was captured by a cruiser.

The arrest of a man and two women at Sudbury and another man at Kingston is believed to have effected the rounding up of a gang of cheque swindlers who have been working the Province of Ontario.



This is "Clean-up Time."

We have everything in Tinware that the careful house-keeper could desire at this busy season.

Sauce Pans, Pails, Dippers, Boilers, Carpet Sweepers, Carpet Beaters, etc.

Aside from completeness our stock is remarkable for its good quality and low prices.

Come and fill any deficiency in your kitchen, no reason why you should be short of anything when purchasing is so easy here.

J. C. WHITE & CO.

# TABER'S

Ready-to-wear Store

## COAT AND SUIT SPECIALS

A special purchase of

Navy and Black Serge Suits

In very attractive styles at

\$15.00 and \$17.00

White Chinchilla Coats at \$7.00.

RAINCOATS, in excellent Cloths, at no advance in prices, \$5.00 to \$12.50.

Piece Goods Store

Scarce Goods in Staples

Best Navy Blue Prints at 15 cents.

Wide White Saxony Flannelettes, 12½ and 15 cents.

Best Steel Clad Galateas, 18 and 20 cents.

Best Rockfast Ducks, 18 cents.

Best Feather Tickings, 25 cents.

Canadian Prints at 10 cents.

White Pique and Repp, 36 inches.

Indian Heads, 36 inches.

White and Colored Drills and Ducks, 15 to 20 cents.

Sheetings and Pillow Cotton at old prices.

Table Linens, old prices, 50c to \$1.50.

# TABER'S

## THE STORE OF PLENTY

Royal Purple Calf Meal

In 25 and 50 lb. Sacks and in bulk.

ROYAL PURPLE CHICK FEED

6 lbs. for 25 cents.

Can't be beat for young Chicks.

Good Apples. Dried Fruits.

## BOWLAND & McROSTIE

## Seeds. Seeds. Seeds.

We have now our annual supply of

Timothy, Alfalfa and  
Clover Seeds.

I guaranteed perfectly clean and good reliable seed. Iso full stock of

Field and Garden Seeds.

The Lowest Prices. Quality considered.

J. A. MCGREGOR,  
General Merchant,  
APPLETON.