2-025 STRACHAN. AND ATTORNEY AT

LAW,
Chaucery, Conveyancer,
ARY PUBLIC,
in West Street, Goderich,
January, 1850. 2v-n49 HOME LIZARS,

INEY AT LAW,

rr, Solicitor in Chancery,
 fc.,
 as formerly, in Stratford.
 anuary, 1850. 2v-n49
 itrachen, of the late firm of zare, continues to act as insel for Mr. Lizars in all to him from Stratford.

N & WILLIAMS, ATSON of Goderick,

ATSON of Goderich,
AT LAW, &c. &c. and
WILLIAMS, of Stratford,
Hector, Weller and Williams,
oronto, having this day entered
p, in the Practice, and ProfesHARGERY and CONVEXABEING,
) their Offices at Goderich and
ively, under the name, style
on, Goderich,
LIAMS, SIX STRATION,
LIAMS, SIX STRATION, on, Gotlerich, LLIAMS, Stratford, } 849. 2v-n47tf

VASMYTH, ABLE TAILOR: Wist-Strieby, GODERICH.

GOODING. ICTIONEER,
i SALES in any part of the
in reasonable Terms. Apence, Light-House Street, ril 4th 1849.

EL GORDON. ET MAKER: of the Canada Co's. Office, ST-STREET.

GODERICH. 1849.

tokes, and DRUGGIST. T.STREET, GODERICH.

. E. LINTON, ner Queen's Bench, ONVEYANCER, TRATFORD.

ID H. LIZARS, no inimate to the inhabitants of ind the surrounding country, raced business as Conveyancer, d Accountant, and by asside-wracy, and moderate charges, to such as may require his wishing to employ him in any aches will please call at the lighthouse street. March, 1850. v3-n6

OHN HYDE, CAL HALL STRATFORD.

M. REED, SIGN PAINTER, &c., USE ST. GODERICH.

DER WILKINSON, L LAND SURVEYOR, Civil Engineer. Mr. ROBERT ELLIS' ODERICH.

TICE.

ber having RENTED the USE and WHARF belong-is. Davenport, of this place ninself as a

ID COMMISSION MERCHANT. ommission from the Merrich, will receive prompt JOHN McEWAN.

uron Signal, MAS MACQUEEN.

AND PROPRIETOR.

LET SQUARE, GODERICH.

Job Printing, executed with stch. HURON SIGNAL .- TEN SHILim if paid strictly in advance, ix Perce with the expiration

continued until arrears are publisher thinks it his advan-

in the country becoming re-subscribers, shall receive a ddressed to the Editor must be will not be taken out of the

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E SIKENIN AN IC

TEN SHILLINGS

"THE GREATEST POSSIBLE GOOD TO THE GREATEST POSSIBLE NUMBER

TWELVE AND SIX PENCE

VOLUME III.

GODERICH, COUNTY OF HURON, (C. W.) THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1850.

NUMBER X.

any other motives and influences except the highest; but in the complex machinery of this world so much seemed to be influenced by secondary causes and subsidiary influences, that they should always do well to en-

VOLUME GORDANICAL COUNTY OF HUMBORY, ANGELL 11, 100 CM 100

suggration—worthy of the persons to whom its development in confided—it is most essential that it should be met by a corresponding amount of piblic spirit and liberality. (Cheers.) Although this country invites all nations of the earth to be competitors, yet it does not invite them to be competitors, yet it does not invite them to be contributors to the preliminaries. (Cheers.) The competition is to be international, but the preparations and arrangements ought to be national. (Cheers.) This country enters the lists of competition with the whole world, but it does not forget that it has to discharge the office of hospitality. I am happy to learn that a committee of ladies has been organised, who will shortly put iterate an appeal to the women of England a large to aid, according to their means, the requisite preparations for an exhibition in which the industry and ingenuty of their seez is likely to occupy so distinguished a place. The neble lord would toach, upon another point before he concluded his observations, which he would term the moral grounds. It was never judicious to exaging greats the effects of moral causes, and they nutted never the increase in a million and a half; in woollan mandactures is only to lead to the dissolution of the war and bloodshed which had ravaged the world, by any other motives and influences except the highest; but in the complex machinery of their ways centered to the influenced by secondary causes and aubstidary influent the highest; but in the complex machinery of their ways centered to be influenced by secondary causes and aubstidary influent the highest; but in the complex machinery of their ways centered to be influenced by secondary causes and aubstidary influent.

and keep a candle burning. I'll go to bed.'

the night. He advanced to the table for that pur pose, and was in the act of taking up the parch-ment; when the same unearthly voice exclaim-

ed—
'Let the will alone, old Pell &
He started back with such force as to upset
Peter, who, falling against the table, upset it the
candle on the table became extinguished and all What dis time ail you, massa ?' asked Peter,

What's de trouble, Massa Pell?' asked the negro.

'Get up,' said Pell shaking with fright, and come into my room.' Peter went in accordingly. Pell continued.

Did you hear nothing, Peter?'

'No—Massa. What you hear dat scared you so?'

No matter, I want you should stay with me, and keep a candle burning. I'll go to bed.'

ad that Eliza broke the silence, "You have come early, uncle, to pay your respects to the ornel. You can't tell how much I feel compelling her to marry Benson was overposed to find her so exceedingly tractable on this point, and in the exuberance of his joy promised her that the wedding should be at her away's. It was therefore arrang and keep a candle burning. I'll go to bed.' ed that Eliza should go to Farming lell Park, thought himself that it would be best to put e will again into the safe before he retired for municated by Pall to Berner soon communicated soon communicated by Pall to Berner soon communicated soon c municated by Pell to Banson, who was, o course, exceedingly selated at his coming prospects, and consequently put an extra degree of supercilious behaviour towards stead. classmates, and rubbed his hands and laugh-

Tim paid but one visit to Eliza and her aunt Winthrop, at Farmingdell Park before the evening of the wedding. How well he played his card when there, by insinuating himself into the good graces of Mrs. Winthrop, and the result the consultation had with the old lake and her and her are the homestead; and render up as executor, the possession of my wife's estate, you will meet with trouble of which you are not aware."

Mr. Ridgely spoke. "I have examined with the old lake and her and her are the form of the consultation had with the old lake and her and What dis time allyou, massa?' asked Peter, which sufficiently explains the unxiety, on the part of Mr. Pell, that Eliza should marry Benson, as he would thereby become possessed with a snug little property.

Tim visited Eliza one evening and found her in tears, On his enquiring the cause, she incommed him that Benson had that day repeated GERY! in large gleaming letters, picked up the evening of the wedding. How well he will moved with trouble of which you are minuself into the good graces of Mrs. Win.

Mr. Ridgely ended, you are minuself into the good graces of Mrs. Win.

Mr. Ridgely epoke. "I have examined with the old lady and her niece, will be ration wrote on the wall the ominons word FOR-formed him that Benson had that day repeated GERY! in large gleaming letters, picked up the ficient to say, that Mrs. Winthrop liked [Concluded on fourth page.]

solicitude for my happiness. As she said this, she bent an eye full of reguish mean-ing on Mrs. Winthrop and her husband. Old Pell's wrath was now up. "I've come to tell you, madam," said he address-

ing Eliza, " by your disobedience to me, you have forfeited all ciarm to your father's estate, which, by his will, has now become my property. You sind your husband will my property. please never show your faces at the home-

Tim replied. "If you were not an old ed when he saw Tim. 'Let them laugh man, my only answer would be by handing that will,' thought Tim, but he said nothing. you into the street. As it is, I have to

We regrat to learn that the rains of the last few days have done a great deal of damage to property in the vicinity of Toronto, and doub-less further eastward. In this vicinity, and eastward as far as the District life, w. have heard of no damage of consequence; but from the border of the Home District downward, the whole of the bridg-es, except the fine bridge over the Humber, treat being still in the ground, the water was unable to penetrate, and rushed along. The surface, ewelling the streams to an unsuad agree is the Lake being covered with the barn. have been carried away, and a great quantidifficulty in reaching this port vesterday, in consequence of the Lake being covered with timber, driven from the small rivers and creeks. A schooner, lying lifteen feet above the level of the creek at Oakville, was regularly founched and car ied note the lake by the flood. Mr. Gunble, of the Y rk Mills, is r p ted to have lost 8,000 barrels of flour, an i many other losses are reported.

What is the great regulator of prec!—

What is the great regulator of prec!—

There is but one answer—Money. This one political idea is his own party in power, and this idea he clings to as devoted by as the victim of supersition clings to the household god of his fathers, and to make it a reality will contendly to a reality mills.

which nasses through a por as far as it went, almost every bridge from the side-walks to the road, has also been swept away. Altogether the damage done. is very great, and will exhaust considerable means in repairing.

The Don River also rose to such an unprecedented height that many of the bridges and much property along its course were destroyed or ewept away. About Me shall be well whipped until we half past 9 o'clock yesterday morning, the new Don Bridge, situate a mile and a half above the old bridge, on the Kingston road, gave way, and was floated down the River, vicinity of the Bridge were inundated by water, and considerably damaged, especially the Morocco Leather Factory of Mr. Clark,

at New York Mills and Thornhill have On the Humber River, west of Toronto,

Our accounts, as yet, have been only partial, and the fear, that from all parts of the Province we shall hear of serious losses on the flood.

About two o'clock, vesterday afternoon.

that suffered from the flood. At the Humber the extensive mill belonging to Mr. Howland is said to have suffered considerably by the water, which had risen to a great height, running through it. It is impossible to certinate the amount of damage which has likely been done over the country that the contract of the contract of the country that is well, no this great calamity, but it will try by this great calamity, but it with the doubt, prove to be very large, including to the ruins, mills, houses, factories, mill-dams, &c. We sincerely trust that the damage may prove to be less than we we hope his enterprize may meet with the reward it merits. If Capt. Chrysler shall

"The English are the most practical pro-"The English are the most practical proble on the earth." This is a dictum which
requires some examination. The state of
Ireland—the discontent in Canada—the
irritation at the Cape of Good Hope—and
the ruin of the West Indies, are strange
commentaries on this text. At all events,
if we see the most practical people on the e of the earth, our practice is not very successful in its results.

successful in its results.

Again, looking at home, the revelations made by the Morning Chronicle and the Times as to the state of our agricultural labourers, and large masses of our town population, should read a lesson of modesty our national vanity.
Free Trade! What were we not pro

THE THE PERSONS ASSESSED IN THE PROPERTY OF TH

Free Trade ! and did we not go somewhat hast The Free-traders tell us to wait. How long, Mr. Coblen? Mr. Bright, when is wait. How long, Mr. Coblen 7 Mr. Bright, when is the millennium? Do we see the first rosy streaks of the coming dawn? We have legislated on trade in the hopes

of affecting prices:—we are to have univer sal cheapness;—the whole nation where is the benefit of universal cheapness? Can we reduce rent? Can we suddenly lower we reduce rent: Can we still delty lower wages; or, if we can, is it a pleasant operation? And then, taxes. Can we meet our taxes with the same ficility under the present rule of prices as before? Have we a larger sale! Ifardly so, when our custo mers are also subject to the same law of cheapness. Well! we have taken our own ease, upon the assumption that a man knows his own business best, and we see cheapness. that cheapness does us no good. On the contrary, it aggravates fixed charges.

Again, cheapness is a bottomless gulf.—

Again, cheapness is a bottomiess guilt.—
Where is it to stop? Shall we come at lake as a margin £150,000. Consequently the probable expenditure would be about whole day for a penny? Some of our readers will perhape, in that case, have the kindness to estimate the weight of our leaf to stop the probable europlus would be in round numbers £1,500, 000.—Globe.

EXTRAORDINARY FLOOD.—GREAT national debt. We confess to a reluctance DESTRUCTION OF PROPERTY: to enter upon this disagreeable computa-

Free trade is all vory well—it seems to be true: we cannot controvert it. It seems right and groper that nations should inter-change commodities: it looks like nature—

beheat, with the divine seal of truth upon

Why then these tame and impotent
conclusions? Must the farmer be ruined? From one end of the kingdom to the other they unanimously cry,—"Forty shillings ruin to us." "We cannot pay rent or 's ruin to us." "We cannot pay
taxes." "The landlord is taking our capi-

of flur, an i many other losses are repoted. We learn that the bridges on the man road outers. Esupply and demand are the outer Toronto are carried away, with the exception of the bridge on the Humber, whilst below that U ty as far as heard from, the destruction has been equally general. The Colonist of yesterday contains the following We greatly fear that fuller accounts will suppose sixty employed by swell the list:—Hamilton Spectator, April 6.

The averaging a great that fuller accounts will suppose sixty supply will cause the price to fall to fifty-five shillings, or over demand raise the price. Rectator, April 6.

The extraordinary, increasant and heavy to a xtv-five shillings; but the sixty shillings of Wednesday and Thursday, caused lings, where did it come from ? Is it not much damage in this city and neighborhoot. fixed that sum as the pivot by which to tion of the Potter's Field's firsting ground, and through the fields in the vicinity of swellen was a work in the provided and through the fields in the vicinity of swellen was a work in the provided and prossing business will be a work in the provided and prossing business will be a work in the provided and prossing business and the night provides, that it rushed down the provided and scarcest commodity to serve as the provided and provided and prossing business. Are we right in fixing upon the dearest and scarcest commodity to serve as the provided and pro so swollen vesterday moraing, from the rain of the night previous, that it rushed down younge Street in a torrent, from E'msley gate to E!ward Street, greatly and seriously injuring the portion of road over which injuring the portion of road over which the flowed. In some places nearly half the breadth of the road has been carried away by the flood, to the depth of three feet; and the flood, to the depth of three feet; and safe as it went, almost every bridge from as far as it went, almost every bridge from necessity of certificates being as costly as

the things they certify?

These are questions Free-trade is thrusting upon us, and we must find an answer. Till that answer is found, there is no peace for us, no hope, no permanent prosperi We shall be well whipped until we have

THE NAVIGATION.

ontil it struck the latter bridge, which, in a quarter of an hour after, fell, and was completely swept off. Many houses in the River Line of Steamers, to have commenc-It has been announced that it was the ed their season of Navigation on the 1st of April. The cold nights and the ice, how-over, have rendered it impossible to comhe Morocco Leather Factory of Mr. 1982 | Nor. 1982 | N appeared to be in imminent danger; and lying in port, every preparation is being many feared that it would share the fate of the bridge. While we stood beside the dition, and to sed to the elegance of their the bridge. While we stood beside the dition, and to add to the elegance of their river, we noticed much lumber, planks, saw appearance. There is but one boat to run logs and rails, borne along the turgid from this place which is not already known stream; and we understand that the flats, to the travelling public, and that is the stream; and we understand that the flats, to the travelling public, and that is the for many miles up, were entirely cleared of fences. The low grounds, above and below the old bridge, as far as the eye could reach, presented one wast sheet of turbid water which effectually, for the present at least, cuts off the communication between the city and country in that direction.

We hear, further, that the damage done there is extensive, beyond assisting of Gentlemen's Cabin, Extra Cabin. along Young Street is extensive, beyond sisting of Gentlemens Cahin, Extra Cabin, what is mentioned above, and the bridges Wash-room, Kitchen and Fore Cabin, extends from end to and connected by ci us openings, as in II. M. S. Cherokee.—
Above the promenade deck, neatly roofed, affords clear space for walking in any

comfortable as ever she was. Every exer-tion has been used to keep up her appear-ance, and certainly she looks well.

The steamer St. Lawrence, recently sold reward it merits. If Capt. Chrysler shall decide upon the Bay of Quinter roule, where he is so favorably known, we feel confident the inhabitants of Bellville and Picton will duly appreciate his endeavor to provide fo their accommodation by putting on a fast daily boat, every way worthy of their pat-ronage. The Kingstonians would also feel the convenience of such an afrangement .-Kingston Argus, April 2.

ARRIVAL OF THE EUROPA.

New York April 4. The steamer Europa arrived at Halifax vesterday. From the Continent there is little of mement. The elections in France have passed over quietly. Favorable reports of the Cotton Market. Much stead ness exists in the prices.

ENGLAND.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer has presented his budget for the ensuing year. and he had the pleasure of announcing a surplus of nearly £2.500,000. The Chancellor elected to proceed on two kinds of estimates, the income and expenditure of 15th April, 1850. He estimated that the income of the financial year, ending on the fifth, would amount to £52,755,560, and the be £50,533.651. He estiexpenditure to reduction of sugar, and partly from a re-fuced importation of the articles such as corn, brandy, &c. He estimates the re-cents from customs, including corn, at £20,000,009, making a total probable in-£20,000,009, making a total probable in-come of £52,285,000 for the year ending April 5, 1851. He estimated the expendi-tures at £50,616,513, but he proposed to take as a margin £150,000. Consequently the probable expenditure would be about £50,763,582—in which case the probable



HURON SIGNAL.

THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1850.

"However great may be the amount of taxation, however vicious the app in ments to office, or however ruinous the policy of a Tory Administration, the faith and prac; tice of the real genuine tory remains the same! He has no defined line of policy same! He has no defined line of policy that he is anxious to have carried out—no particular measure that he wishes to see passed. He contemplates no change, and consequently no improvement—Retrenchent, Reciprocity, Reform.of abuses, &c. &c., are merely matter-of-course phrazes, and, in his political vocabulary, are just equivalent to a certain quantity of course. a reality will contentedly toil on in eack-cloth and ashes to the end of his days."

This paragraph is from an article in the Signal of the 28th March, and upon which the credit for himself and his friends on the Retrench-Spectator in his issue of the 3rd inst., has indulged in some severe strictures with his usual earnestness. The purport or intention of our were in power, formed Leagues and held Conven article was merely to recall to the mind of our tions for the purpose of intimidating their Leadreaders, the fact that the avowed principle of ers into a retrenchment policy; then-and not Tories of Canada have not been, and cannot pos- the sincerity of their retrenching propensities. mousure the play of supply and demand ?-- sibly be the authors or advocates of any popular The Spectator is unwilling to believe that we diction. The Spectator assumes that we have looking into the past history and present condi-been guilty of "a gross libel" on his party, and tion of Canada, our conviction is, that, real, says, "When the Signal adduces facts in sup- genuine Toryism has been a withering, paralysport of the statements which he makes above, ing curse to this fine country, and we are not we shall endeavor to meet him." Now the aware that the nature of its policy is much Spectator is here wishing us to prove a negative, changed for the better. Our charitable coteni-which we are not inclined to attempt. We have porary, however, is careful to remind us that we asserted that the tories have no definite line of have "received a profitable office or two for our policy farther than the mere retention of power, adherence to the men in power," and in return and if our assertion is unsupported or contradict- we can only utter a little additional condemns ed by the history of their Government we have tion of the tories who neglected, when in powe no other proof to adduce. We think it rests to reward with a profitable office the taiented, with the Spectator to refute our assertion by zealous and untiring adherence of the Hamilto bringing forward a few particular facts in opposition to it. Let him point to some instance where his party, when in power, were defeated by the opposition in an attempt to carry some important popular measure. Let him point to the particular Tory Administration that was thwarted in attempting to break down the narrow bigottry and exclusive Sectarianism, with which the policy of the past had environed the civil and religious institutions of our countryand to confer on all her Majesty's subjects equal rights and priviliges, irrespective of all differences of country or creed. Let him point out some one instance where the tory party have demanded from their Leaders, when in power, some important change for the common good, or peti-tioned their Rulers or ressoned with them on the propriety of Reforming existing abuses or curtailing the public expenditure. If such instances do exist they can be produced with a twentieth part of the difficulty which we would necessari ly encounter in attempting to prove that they do

> not exist. The Speciator is aware that the proof rests with him, and he offers the following:-

"What was the conduct of the Tory pr and party, when the Draper Government at-tempted to set the country at defiance?— What were the comments of the Tory press weather.

The splendid Iron Streamer Passport, is that the Administration was opposed by slithough already favorably known to most persons who have of late years visited Monung came, the aforesail leaders were demonstrated by the significant of the significant

of Mr. Brunskill has been mentioned as one that suffered from the flood. At the Humber the extensive mill belonging to Mr. Howland is said to have suffered considerably by the water, which had risen to a great the Canada, now ready for a trip, is as allibitest prespect of success, and it was only e New Era is to turn out as spry as The Tory Press assisted and defended the fraud without hope, that the loaf would speedily be taken from them-and rather than lose all, they offered to half it with the French Canadians .-

Spectator does not claim any portion of the credit mate. the probable surplus at £2,250,000 of removing these Gentlemen from the "cares had, according to his own words, "attempted to set the country at defiance." They were remored, not by the Tory Press and party that
they had "attempted to disregard, but by the
utterly ignorant, at the time. They interest to set the country at defiance." They were remored, not by the Tory Press and party that
they had "attempted to disregard, but by the
utterly ignorant, at the time. The time electing row of the matter at once; as for instance,

"On the question of 'Retrenchment, Re-

sed their opinion. They were, indeed, the first to demand Retrenchment, and however nuch certain writers may choose to sneed at their motives, and disparage their exer-tions, we have abundant evidence that the country at large commends and supports

The courage of the tory party, or at least of the League Division of it, on the subject of retrenchment, has a strong resemblance to the courage of Sir John Falstaff-the man was dead before they killed him! The tories were aware that radicalism just means cheap Government and the reform of all existing abuses. They were aware that whether or not the Reform Government were willing to carry out a radica policy, the reform people were willing to de mand and determined to obtain reform and re menchment; and when they saw a reform Min istry in power, and discovered that even house burning and ruffianism could not put the said Ministry out of power, then, like Falstaff, they resolved to share the honor of a victory which hey were unable to prevent, and, in the great League Convention, to mitigate the extrava gance and virulence of their revolutionary rav ings, they bawled out lustily for retrenchment If our sagacious cotemporary wishes to obtain ment question, he must refer us to a few in Toryism is to keep things as they are. That the till then, can we afford to give them credit for

THE TOWN COUNCIL. THE Town Councillors, by mutual agreemen met in the Hall of the British Hotel on Tuesday

last, for the purpose of adopting means for form

About two o'clock, vesterday afternoon, the rain abated, after having fallen in tor rents for twenty hours, but it continued to fall partially during the evening.

By late accounts, we hear, that considerable damage has been done to premises in the hollow at Thornhill Mills. The Store of Mr. Bennakill has been mentioned as one of Mr. Bennakill has been mentioned as one of Mr. Bennakill has been mentioned as one of the fast of two o'clock, vesterday afternoon. It servedly removed from the cares and temptations of office."

Souncillors, and declared that if they servedly removed from the cares and temptations of office."

Shipley, and now the property of Mr. Horace Composition, their whole Acts would be illegal! Horton of the town of Goderich, has received this own party. Every reasonable man acquaints the four-hest prizes in the London District.

The Passport is capable of sleeping a hundred and ninety persons in her cab ns and declared that if they did elect a Mayor and proceed to act as a Councillors, and declared that if they did elect a Mayor and proceed to act as a Corporation, their whole Acts would be illegal! Horton of the town of Goderich, has received the four-hest prizes in the London District to be compass of a public journal, the four-hest prizes in the London District to be one of the best Fatire Horses in the London District.

As Councillors, and declared that if they did elect a Mayor and proceed to act as a Corporation, their whole Acts would be illegal! Horton of the town of Goderich, has received the four-hest prizes in the London District to the four-hest prizes in the London District to the town of Goderich, has received the town of Goderich the four-hest prizes in the London District to the town of Goderich the town of Goderich the town of Goderich the town of Goderich t petitioning the Legislature for assistance in the matter, although somewhat extravagant, was, stightest prospect of success, and it was only when the downfall of the Ministry was crossing the threshold of reality that the murmurs of the Spectator and his friends became audible. The "Caron Correspondence" was like the despretate effort of a drowning man. It was an attempt to the town of Goderich from receiving some sixty of a drowning man. It was an attempt to use the Freach Radicals as a prop to the tottering Tory Government—not with the intention of carrying out a liberal policy nor from a convection that the talents and influence of Mr. Lafoniaine justly entitled him to a share in the Government: but from the unqualified conviction that the do-nothing dynasty was doomed to go down. The half dozen individuals that composed an apology for a Government, beheld, wishout hope, that the loaf would speedly be to dispute your freedom of action in the premises in which you are elected?" And in the third offered to half it with the French Canadians.—
In short, the "Caron Correspondence" was a cunning, selfish attempt of the "fortorn hope" to quarter upon the enemy; but as it got prematurly exploded, and as it involved the evident disgrace and ultimate ruin of intriguing toryism, the Tory Press very consistently repudiated it—not because it was unjust or injurious to the country, but because, had it succeeded, the Government and been no longer a Tory Government. This, we think, is the full amount due to the Tory Press on account of the "Caron Correspondence."

It is true, that, "when the day of reckoning came the aforesaid (intriguing) leaders were declared by the highest legal authority of the land to have been illegally elected, and there is sextically and hone of authors. The "Accidents in the Bush" will be familiar to every reader; and blush" will be familiar to every reader; and blush will be familiar to every reader; and blush will be familiar to every reader; and the name of the author will remain in long point there can certainly be but one opinion.

The Radical party were the aggrieved party.—
They had fairly and honestly elected Mr. Parsons had unjurious to the country, but because, thad it succeeded, the Government had been no longer a Tory Government. This, we think, is the full amount due to the Tory Press on account of the "Caron Correspondence."

It is true, that, "when the day of reckoning came the aforesaid (intriguing) leaders were declared by the highest legal authority of the land to have been illegally elected, and there is exercisely a greative and the came of the author will remain in long but he name of the author will remain in long the name of the author will remain in long but he name of the author will remain in long the name of the author will remain in long and looping scores, as monuments of his standing. But he name of the author will remain in long the name of the author will remain in long and looping scores, as monuments of his standing. But he name of the author will remain in place " the mover of the motion should have de- Bush " will be familiar to every reader; and rity of the land to have been illegally elected, came the aforesaid (intriguing) leaders were de- and there is scarcely a speaking child in Godeservedly removed from the cares and temptations of office." But certainly our cotemporary of the seat at a Council Board, or in allowing himselt ginate with one,-"The author of Accidente to be put in nomination as a Councillor. Dr. in the Bush." None of your roundabout for the year ending April 5th, 1851. He for the year ending April 5th, 1851. He and temprations of office?" Our memory is not found he could not hold out a hope of a favorable state of customs, owing to the relative to the public funds of these United Counties, and hardly from a relative to the public funds of these United Counties, and that on the "day of reckoning" the Spectator, is, therefore, positively proscribed by the Status of such a bother-my-brain system, but our that on the "day of reckoning" the Spectator, is, therefore, positively proscribed by the Statute of such a bother-my-brain system, but our and every other Tory Press in Canada, stretched from offering himself as a Cauncillor. But in author, alias "correspondent," comes at the and strained every nerve and muscle to sustain this, as in every other respect, he is unable to essence of his subject matter; no physiologiand strained every nerve and investe to state this, as in every other recognise his true position in society, and auda-and return these same "aforesaid leaders" that ciously thrusts himself forward on the sufferages tation is requisite with such writers, to es-

> the land. Every man must be aware that if the inhabi- tice," here in a few words is developed.

party have boldly and unequivocally expres- of mere spleen or frolic, vote that Mr. Galt's have filled a page or two with ; and these ed, the Bruin should take his seat at the Council board, owever this frolic would not make Bruin a Councillor according to Act of Parliament ! Now, Dr. Hamilton stands exactly in the same position with regard to the legality of his election probiblts him positively from being a Councillor but he imposes on the simplicity of the electors gets a number of votes, and unblushingly acts in open violation of the law! Certainly there might be some cheaper and more effectual meth od of preventing or punishing such lawless aude

city, than the expensive and tedious process of an action in the Queen's Bench. Every man in Goderich knows that Dr. Hamilton and Mr. McLennan both voted against the election of Mr. Parsons three months ago, and that neither of them was legally or honestly entitled to vote at all, nor even to sit at the Coun eil board, and therefore, we repeat, that Mr. Par sons was then fairly and constitutionally elected The Radical party were, therefore, the aggrieved party-but they did not stand in the Hall on Tuesday last for the purpose of begging to be "conciliated." They stood in a majority of seven to four, or rather of seven to three, (for Dr. Hamilton was still one of the four.) They stood both able and willing, not to petition the Legislature for an Act of conciliation, but to do justice to themselves and to shew the triumph of truth over perjury and corruption, by re-electing the Mayor whom they had elected three months be

After Mr. Parsons had taken the oaths of office the following Gentlemen were elected, viz .:-Town Reeve-Mr. William Wallace. Town Clerk-Mr. Thomas Kydd, postmaster. Asses sors-Mr. John McDonald, Mr. George Bisset and John Longworth, Esq.

Communications.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HURON SIGNAL. Sin.-Having been from home for some time

I have not had an opportunity of either perusing r replying to Mr. John Rattenbury's letter of the 28th of March, in reference to my Entire Horse, Young Hero, and now having read his letter. I must state that I think a great deal more of my Horse now than I did, as he must possess many claims to a good Horse, or Mr. Rattenbury would not have allowed his jealousy to have vercome his good sense by inserting his letter which must have been with a view to injure my Horse in the estimation of the public. I am not my Horse to be the age he says, which I do not, election of a Mayor. "Better late thrive than vantage of the Tamworth in that respect, with never do well." Benjamin Parsons, Esq. was regard to the considerably the adversarial to morrow." "The Elder that was at 93" to morrow." "The Elder that was at 93" will well pay for reading, especially where ing themselves into a corporate body, by the the Hero has certainly got considerably the adregard to the quality and value of the Hero's he comes out in his new character; the use unanimously called to the Chair, and A. W. Otter, Esq. was solicited to act as Secretary. A have done, had I known that I should have had a prominent part in all that the w motion was then proposed by James Watson, to make this reply, but I am aware that two of religions : however inconsistent, or repug-Esq. to the effect that a petition be drawn up his colts have been sold for thirty-five pounds or conduct. Here he will be happy—to and forwarded to the Legislature, immediately each, and are owned by officers now in London, after the Meeting of Parliament, praying for a which have proved themselves fortunate as remedial Act to enable the Town Council of Hurdle Racers, and Colonel Cunningham of the Goderich to elect a Mayor ! and in order to pre- 20th Regiment now in London, has a pair of vent a recurrence of the former disagreeable carriage horses (colts of the Hero,) as beautifu tie" affair, it was also to be prayed that the a pair of horses as I ever looked at, and I have Government would appoint or nominate a person seen two 3 years old colts myself which I can to act as Chairman at the said election, with prove, whose owners have refused £30 for them. power to give a "casting vote!" It was then I attended the Spring Show in London, which very wisely proposed in amendment by Christo-pher Crabb, Eaq. that Mr. Parsons do leave the Chair, and that the Councillors proceed immediately to choose a Mayor. This amendment crewish to occupy your pages in extelling the qualices in this town as to his reliableness.

that this place is particularly favored as the The touches are inimitable, every stroke tells ; they are such in fact, as can only oriutterly ignorant, at the time, that in electing row of the matter at once; as for instance, country that they actually did set at defiance.— him they are acting in opposition to the law of The Spectator says, the land. (see Huron Signal 21st March), "The free and inquisitive disposition of the Chief Jusand inquisitive disposition of the Chief Jusciprocity, and Reform of abuses, the Tory tants of any of the Goderich Wards should, out what a Dickens, Bulwer, or Macaulay would

say, no sir, the Chief Justice's mouth in ed, and his conscience so interwoven with his "disposition," that any attempt at criticism, even by himself, would rather ee. tablish the fame of the "author" than otherwise; when comparisons are in requisition, look to " correspondent ;" he is inimitable in Rev. Wm. Dignum : "The Rev. table in Kev. wm. Dignum; Inc. Rev. Wm. Dignum, like the Trappers in the western prairies of the neighboring Republic, beyond the reach of civilization!!"—Then again, his graphic sketches, of the "Churches, Prieste, Parsons and Ministers; but those of the "congregations caps the climax of description. The dea caps the climax of description. The dexterity with which the Church of Scotland is concealed, by representing that body as pertaining to North Easthope only, is magnanimous! for while it leaves the reader ignorant of the Church of Scotland, (the most respectable of the Scotch) authority supposed to be, what they are not "Free." A flourish is now made of the "many hundreds" belonging to the Free Church; and and hide their destitution of a place of wor-ship, the writer comes out with a descripon of the Congregational Church, as being exquisite design of "correspondent?" matter is hid in these words ! refuse!" In the first place, you would im-agine "correspondent" to be a donor, and

would have failed in the description here given ; the very man himself has nothing to

inest, and well furnished, with not more than a congregation of half a dozen members!" Where is this to meet its equal for description! You must, Mr. Editor, know the "author," to know his work,—could the "author," to know his work,—could you for a moment imagine, that "half a dozen" possess "a will furnished Church," and the "many hundreds" be destitute of such a place? Don't you now perceive the exquisite dosign of "correspondent?" retuse: "In the Brist place, you would imagine "correspondent" to be a donor, and to have the means of carrying out his liberal and commended object; in the second place, that he venerated the zeal and perseverance of the Rev. Wm. Dignum; and in the third place, that he could hardly figure to himself the possibilly of religion having anything to do with pecuniary affairs .—In all this you may take the "author" as you would, "the Elder that was at the age of would, "the Elder that was at the age of 23." I have not time to go through with "correspondent," and therefore, Mr. Editor, must leave you to get acquainted with him. He will shortly be out in the character of "the Elder that was at 23," which by the by, you must not take for King David; I mean where he dances in the atreet to the Horse in the estimation of the public. I am not aware that you made any remarks in your editorial of the 14th March about the age of my Horse, which Mr. Rattenbury seems particularly anxious the public should know: admitting yes sel ye blackguard, or y'l nae be permit ted to attend the meeting o' the Presbyte to-morrow." "The Elder that was at 23" counterfeit is his forte, and therefore, his sublimity of style will be beyond concep-tion. A SUBSCRIBER.

From the Free Press

An article appeared on the first page of our last week's paper, from a correspondent at Stratford, which contained a remark or two reflecting rather ungenerously on the friends of Congregationalism in that rising village. Being very much hurried at the time of its reception, and the writer (a toated at once a mighty fuse, and a few solemn ties of my Horse or of underrating those of any article in question received only a cursory protests were entered against the legality of the other person's, but will conclude by giving you examination just enough to satisfy us of its proceedings. These protests were substantially a certificate of the Secretary of the London Disand willingly supported by the legal opinion of Disale Watson, Esq. Barrister, who peremptorily

Lognon, C. W., 2nd April, 1850. Dixle Watson, Esq. Barrister, who peremptorily desided even the right of the Councillors to meet as Councillors, and declared that if they and now the property of Mr. Horace of various denominations throughout the

all prosperity.

The writer says, in allusion, to the estab-In the present instance, I am informed, the Congregationalist minister now at Stratford, received a voluntary invitation and a nomination in Canada, where the support of religious teachers ("leaving the Clergy Reserves aside,") is in no case compulsory and where we fear not to predict, it never vill be. will be.

will be.

"As a matter of pecuniary speculation," the Congregational minister found no strong temptations beld out to him at Stratferd, and like most of his brethren throughout the country might "speculate" to for better advantage in some other, calling. Men of education and talent certainly make a very caviable "pecuniary speculation," of education and talent certainly make a very caviable "pecuniary speculation," when they secure a snug berth in a rising village or town, in which they are "passing rich" at some \$300 or \$400 a year.

If the writer intends by the language under consideration, simply to find fault with ministers for coming to Stratford in too great numbers, we see no reason why the Congregational body is to be singled out for rebuke. I am informed that their cause in Stratford has been in existence for some

W. 2 ...

L'est comer The stricture neellod for To the Edito er, John

of the 91st instruction of the 91st instructions partie short reference made is such a view of its that you should correct report religious interestant did you to the the beauty of the the correct report. do the charact you inserted as pease and a say anger.

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was invited to the church and since (not ") organized a ver wards of 40 of the kind in t by himself, side for their use. I ing the replenis pies of the Scrip tive steps for t to the Upper C: Dr. Hyde, his de dent, in which a united. His pi sermons mornio and a prayer me place as I am place early in th nearly six pound tional Home Mi It may be wel them attended as

considerable and Zirra furt want—and that A. C. Guikie de period. On the but leave you at elevolently th ent, in stating th Lam Sir. yo During all the last year, no one,

responsibility for agitators of the actuated. We b political maduese ing of some new o party weapons ;respect, and the heen cut asunder corned, and each good in his own question that a from the vitality of from the vitality control to the partial partial passed on the case exercise of self-is an urgent call popular liberty to ence that a wise made of this new throw not a reprofreedom by using wild and visionary. wild and visionary Let every Re Ministerial disrup election of 1844-

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Let us not be m est me not be me on the Ministers are abuses and injust their party, and held back one man any referen which selves to be necessary member of we say that they have no symbol held they have no symbol held they have been tested they be not they have been to be the same against they have been tested they have ge or two with ; and these id in the description here gi-nan himself has nothing to Chief Justice's mouth is conscience so interwoven sition," that any attempt at by himself, would rather ee. of the "author" than othcomparisons are in requieiorrespondent :" he is i m. Dignum ; "The Rev. like the Trappers in the of the neighboring Repubreach of civilization! is graphic sketches, of the leste, Parsons and M of the "congregations" of description. The dexrepresenting that body as orth Easthope only, is mag-while it leaves the reader while it leaves the reader Church of Scotland, (the of the Scotch) authority what they are not "Free," made of the "many hung to the Free Church; and titution of a place of worsomes out with a description of half a dozen memitton of half a dozen memitton of half a dozen memit this to meet its causal for is this to meet its equ is this to meet it.

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to know his work,—thalf a nt imagine, that "half a well furnished Church of "correspondent?"what a vast amount of e." what a vast amount of those words! "Who can first place, you would im-ident" to be a donor, and s of carrying not his libe-ed, object; in the second terated the zeal and perse-iv. Wm. Dignum; and in the could haville fingreat he could hardly figure ith pecuniary affairs;—In ake the "author" as you are that was at the age of er that was at the age of t time to go through with and therefore, Mr. Editor, get acquainted with him was at 23," which by the take for King David; I mes in the street to the host of children yelling, his unseeming conduct, sown bellows out. "hide neeting o' the Presbyter The Elder that was at 93"

red on the first page of per, from a corresponder h contained a remark er ungenerously on the ationalism in that rising ry much burried at the n, and the writer (a to received only a cursory lough to satisfy us of its A friend, in whom we ence, has requested an lowing in reference to it. dy to publish statistics and correct information influence, and increase

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lations throughout the ungs are quite within ablic journal, but would the paper a vehicle of ablic the enusion of paralt-findings of sectarias friendly to all and wish n allusion, to the estabongregational cause in latter fact induces it that as a matter of iometimes forced," (the I "on the inhabitant ong to other denomina-ng the Clergy Reserves clergymen, or what to, is often derived bodies?" Now so far with the principles and tionalists, no ministes f' on the inhabitants

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to him at Stratford brethren through peculate" to for bet-other, calling. Men int certainly make a nt certainly make a miary speculation," nug barth in a rising sich they are "pass-or \$400 a year, i by the language unily to find fault with to Stratford in too no reason why the med that the

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scuniary speculation,

years, and that then shoulthe settlement of its present minister (carly in last year) one of the other electromes communication, if not more, that focuted himself in the place. Surely if any of the ministers in Stratford are to be blamed for edging in unnecessarily, the latest comers ought to bear the censure.— The strictures appear invidious and wholly usealled fore to the contraction.

To the Editor of the Free Press.

STANTYON, March 23, 1850.

Str. Observing an article in your paper of the 21st instant, on the present state of religious parties at Stratford, containing a short reference to the Congregational body made in such a way as to give an incorrect (and as it was I fear intended) an injurious view of its present state. I am anxious that you should have the means of giving a correct report of that small but respectable religious interest. I cannot but imagine that did you know as the Stratford people do the character and habits of your informant, your would then and always pause ere you inserted any reported matters from his passe and I say this more in sorrow than in anger.

My we werent purpose having to do only

My present purpose having to do only with the Congregational body so unkindly misrepresented to you and your readers in the above article, I beg to furnish you with a very concise history of it and refer you to deed." This body was organized less than Two years since, its adherents have erected a very neat chapel, 80 x 30 feet, on an acre of ground, the gift of the Canada Company. and is the only place of warship yet finished in the place. Since the Rev. J. Durran was invited to take the pastoral oversight of the church and congregation about a year since (not "furced" upon them as your (not "forced" upon them as your pondent seems to insinuate,) he has zed a very efficient Sabbath school of dering the first five months nearly 200 co-pies of the Scriptures; and took the initia-live steps for the organization of a Branch to the Upper Canada Bible Society, with Dr. Hyde, his deacon, at its hoad as Presi-dent; in which all the religious bodies are united. His present order of services are: "sermons morning and evening on the Sab-bath, and a Scripture class in the atternoons, bath, and a Scripture class in the atternoons, and a prayer meeting on Priday evenings. At the Missionary meeting held in this place as I am informed, and which took place early in this year, there was collected nearly six pounds in aid of the Congregational Home Missionary Society.

It may be well also to state, since your informant is a page influential person among the Proc Church friends that during the challed of a missister in that holy, many of

wast of a missister in that body, many of them attended on his ministry, and that be yearly, until they were reduced to a reasonable period of going into Danier." was in the habt on Sabhath afternoons for a considerable period of giving into Downie and Zirra further to compense for that want—and that his predecessor, the Rev. A. C. Guikie did five same for a much longer period. On the principle that "facts are attributed by you said your readers to judge of the animus that seems to have guided—so uselevolently the pen of your correspondent, in stating that Mr. Durrants minister.

political madness set affoat—from the ateria individuals, and that the tarin should be sing of some new element of party strife up to the windication of murder and treason as party weapons:—and all tossed off with as party weapons:—and all tossed off with as your insertion of this yours. See, party weapons:—and all tossed off with as much indifference as if patriotism, and self respect, and the obligations of morality, had no claim at the hands of the propaga—

MALCOM CAMERON.

try suffered for many years—and the veri-est grumbler in the Reform ranks will feel ashamed at the unfair treatment the present Ministry have received, and the suicidal Ministry have received, and the suicidal folly of continuing such a course. Let every Reformer reflect that Mr. Lafontaine is the head of the Administration, and having nearly one-half of the house to back him, can choose his Upper Canada colleagues, there is the first consider whether, were the Upper Canada Ministers to retire, from the over-liberality of their measures, more extreme Liberals would be likely to come in as their successors; and having done all this, we think he will rejoice that no such

We deny not that the cry of the republican faction for "Elective institutions frot the head of the Government downwardsthe head of the Government downwards— Universal Suffrage—no property qualifica-tion—Bienial Parliaments—and fixed elec-tions," may be responded to by a few Reformers through the country, from the more novelty of the thing. But these are only means to the end of obtaining good measures and the wise administration of public affairs—all which can be obtained equally well under our present system.—
As we said before, we do not assert that all these topics are beyond the pale of constitutional agitation ; but we do say that they involve an entire revolution in our politics system—the exchange of British Constitu-tional Government for that of American republicanism,—and that an agitation for them will completely split up the party, and throw the country again into turmoil and confusion, most disastrons to its best interests. No honest Reformer would present, how-ever conscientiously he might advocate hem, for not only would he feel the hopelessness of obtaining his end, and that by attempting it he would simply split up his party and bring back the Torics,—but he would distinctly see that as much work is already before the country as can be accomplished for two years to come-work which can be accomplished if the Reform party-act unitedly, and not unless . — Globe.

To the Editor of the Globe. Toronto, 29th March, 1850.

Sin,-During an absence of some weeks your paper has teemed with misrepresenta tions and slanders against my character and conduct; and you have charged me with misrepresentation and falsehood on asser-

tions which are unfounded, untrue, and without a shadow of proof. You have invited me to your columns for defence, and I have this morning availed myself of your offer, in order to put myself right on two points, not before noticed, and by Monday next I will send you a letter on esery point which I have seen breached, con-

nected with my resignation, and having any reference to the Government. I have been charged with misrepresenting a fact stated by Mr. Wilson, by asserting that Mr. Wilson thought the office of Assistent commissioner was unnecessary.— My reply to this is the following extract from the London Free Press, from a report of Mr. W.'s speech at the declaration:

"There are more officers than are need.
We can dispesse with an Assistant emmissioner of Public Works. He Commissioner of Public Works. He thought the salaries paid to officers of the Government at present too high. He would have no salary [except the Governor's] to be higher than £750 a-year, but he thought that reductions should be

Mr. Wilson did not say this, he should have immediately corrected the report of his speech, as published in the Free Press. You also deny, that while in the Government, I made any proposition about local roads. In opposition to this gratuitous statement of yours. I assert that I did forstatement of yours. I assert that I did formally protest against the policy of my late colleagues, on the subjects of roads, harbours and tariff, and while (in consequence of the state of the country) I was personability for their actions by which the agitstors of the moment appeared to be actusted. We have seen severy species of political maddless act afforts the moment of party strife up to the political maddless act afforts the country of the case of the country of the state of the country of the s

in your paper of Tuesday, 26th inst., headed "Shameful Attack," in which allusion nists, as Colonies used to be, into the full exercise of self-government;—and there is an urgent call on every true friend of popular liberty to exert his utmost influence that a wise and judicious use may be made of this new got paver, and that we throw not a reproach on the noble cause of freedom by using it for the agitation of wild and visionary schemes of change.

Let every Reformer look back on the Ministerral disruption of 1843—the general election of 1844—the scenes of iniquity which diagraced our legislative halls from then to 1847; let him recall the open corruption, the high-handed injustice, the imbedite administraturen from which the country suffered for many years—and the verical manhand at the unfair treatures.

Ministry have

Yours, &c., PETER PERRY. Whitby, 27th March, 1850.
P. S. Friends and foes please copy the

bove. DR. WEBSTER FOUND GUILTY!

Upper Canada Ministers to retire, Jrons are over-librarility of their measures, and having done a verdict of Guity ysacretary. The third was the substance of the same of the state of the same of the We were informed by Telegraph last night that the Jury in the case of Dr. Webster, returned a verdict of Guilty yesterday. The report says—that "after the Attorney Gen-eral closed his concluding speech—Chief

ecuted; his punishment will probably be outed to imprisonment for life .- Globe,

GENERAL NEWS.

A sale of 23,000 bushels best Fall Wheat was made in Toronto on Friday last, at 91 cents, delivered in Oswego, in bond;marine insurance paid by the purchaser. Among the officers of the French Post office is a police-agent to examine all printed mottos on letters, and to seize on

all which displease the government! of need, by a loan.

house at Paris, last week and seized a fowl. when a young girl struck the intruder to the ground, and killed him.

Governor General, to imprisonment, at hard labor in the Provincial Penitentiary, for life .- Herald .

Important Decision. - It has been decided by the Court of Common Pleas, sitting at Toronto, that the Carriers of Her Majesty's Mails, in that section of the Province, are exempted from paving tolls, on Her Majosty's highways. The judgment was given by the Chief Justice, in the case of Lesslie, Toll-Collector, vs.

On Saturday evening last, the son. M. Coperon passed through this town on his by westward. The honorable gentleman states that there is but little doubt of the success of the negotiations now geing on with the Americans, for the obtaining of a reciprocity in trade.—Brantford Herald.

Robbery .- A most daring attempt at highway robbery was made at Etchemin, on Thursday before last. A per-son named Jas. Gorman, when pessing through what is known as the Sault bush was stopped by four men, one of whom was stopped by four men, one of whom was armed, and we believe essayed to fire at him, the others were provided with blud-Mr. Gorman received a blow from geons. Mr. Gorman received a blow from one of his assailants, whereupon he drew a freed, by a loan. A monument of Marshal Ney ger of two in succession, which missed fi the third took effect upon one of the ruffians in the leg, who fell, but speedly rewards and the attitude of the hero will, it is said, have reference to that event.

1,900 head of cattle, 100 horses, 800 sheep, 280 hogs, and 3,565 bushele of timothy seed, were exported from Csnada via Kingstin, from the close of the navigation up to the 20th of March.

Extraordinary Affair.—A surgiction in the legacy of the maximum to the 20th of March. the third took effect upon one of the ruffi-

ses, 800 sheep, 280 hogs, and 3,565 bushels of timothy seed, were exported from Canada via Kingston, from the close of the navigation up to the 20th of March.

Mr. How's Bill, admitting any one to practice in any court of law in Nova Scotia, has passed the Legislative Council.

On Monday next, navigation opens on the Welland Canal. It is perfectly free from ice, and in a state of readiness for operations.—Herald, April 3d.

A statute to the memory of Marshall Oudinot is about to to be crected in Paris.

It is stated that two officeres of the 28th regiment are under arrest for having "maliciously ill-treated" the statute of George the Second, which stands in the centre of the citided of Ply.nouth.

The survivors of those who were pared to the infant's clothes was a lotter containing two ten-pound notes; the box of the transition of a superior quality but not the infant's clothes was a lotter containing two ten-pound notes; the box containing two ten-pound notes; the box containing two ten-pound notes; the box of the containing two ten-pound notes; th A deaf and dumb couple were, for the deaf and the institution for the deaf and child, as he pretended, by authority of the Gardiner Freik chapiain of the institution for the deaf and dumb in that city.

In Paris a poor workman late-thority. The surgeon asked the Magistrate, how he should act in such a case?—The Magistrate advised him to take it to the authorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thank on the parish in which it was a thorities of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish of the parish in which it was a thank of the parish of the par

Resignation of Mr. Chabot.—
The hon. Mr. Chabot has resigned his office of Commissioner of Public Works, and his eact in the Provincial Cabinet. The pain ful circumstances which rendered this step a duty on the part of Mr. Chabot, will be learned with deep regret by the period on the night of Friday se'nnight.

Both vessels were English traders; one, the Floridian a large barque of 300 tons burther, belonging to Newcastle, the other lafters Wm. a duty on the part of Mr. Chabot, will be learned with deep regret by the numerons friends who know and esteem him.—filobe.

The eldest daughter of M. Guiboth heavily laden. It was between eleven The eldest daughter of M. Guiltant to be married to M. de Witt, the lineal descendant of the celebrated Dutchman, Jean de Vitt.

Captain Matthews, formerly of the Great Western, has been appointed to the command of the Glasgow and New York screw steam-ship City of Glasgow.

An intimation has been received from the Russian capsul general that the the rest many label the same and the present the received from the Russian capsul general that the very moment in the three carriers are received. ed from the Russian consul general, that the annual donation of a racing prize at Newmarket, by the Grand Duke Cesarewitch will henceforward be discontinued.

A vessel which arrived at London the other day, from Buenos Ayres, has brought among other South American prodon the other day, from Buenos Ayres, has brought among other South American produce, 40,000 shin-bones of cattle.

The Wesleyan Times state that the gross value of the chapel property belonging to that body of dissenters amounts in attempting to gain the Floridian; he fell between the wrecks, and was either crushed in attempting to gain the Floridian; he fell between the wrecks, and was either crushed Crabb Mr The Emperor of Russia, by to death or drowned: he was either crushed to death or drowned: he was never seen the advice of the Minister of Finance, has afterwards. By incessant working at the Cameron Donal! 4 thrown open all the harbours of Livonia, pumps, both crews managed to keep the Connel John Easthonia, and Courland to the importation of potatoes from foreign countries, duty of potatoes from foreign countries, duty free.

It is reported that her Majesty on being told that on the decision of the Gorham case either the Evangelicals or the Tractarians must leave the Church, said. "Then, my lord, if that is the case, and if I have any hand in it, you shall soon see which party shall leave the church."

The tobacco grown in New South Wales has hitherto been considered of very inferior quality; but the colonial manufactures have lately improved their were insured. Their loss and cargo is Dancy I Doney Jane A Deen John

and a shift became evident that the was no chance of saving her, and Cook William Cook William that there was no chance of saving her, and the morning of the 15th her perilous situation was observed by the schooner. Victoria, on her way to London from Vallaviciona, which bere down to her aid, and the master, Mr. Wait, with his boats, succeeded in taking off the wreck the crew of both vessels. The Floridian disappeared of very inferior quality; but the colonial manufactures have lately improved their were insured. Their loss and cargo is Dancy Jane A were insured. Their loss and cargo is Donoline Michael calculated at upwards of £17,000.—Euro-Drury Mrs Anne pean Times.

FLOUR—Several transactions under notice this week. 18s. 9d. has been paid for shipping parcels, superfine, in store. Miller's superfine to bags 19 s a 20s. Farmer's in bags and barrels 17 s a 18s. WHEAT-Receipts very limited in conse. Ford John

puence of the roads breaking up. 4s 4d has been feely paid for prime sample fall wheat.—Globe.

Montreal, April 1st.

Griffin Joseph Montreal, April 1st.
The past has been another very quiet week.
ASHES—both sorts 28s. Pearls scarce.
FLOUR—There have been offers of 21s for good brands, sellers ask 21s 3d. There are no transactions of consequence in flour or grain.

ATTACHMENT.

We have Acceived a letter of eight pages "closely written foolscap," of MARCH, in the year of sur Lord One of MARCH, in the year of sur Lord One of March, in the year of sur Lord One of March and Eight Hundred and Fifty, and to me directed, sgainst the ESTATE, REAL as well as PEREONAL, of Robert Cook, an absconding or concealed Debtor, at the Surt of Herry Page 1. Suit of Herry Dorr and Thomas F. Arbor Murray Catharin (and the channel through which the document came, leads us to believe the interest of the sure of Eights Theorem 1.

The Hon. John Catiline Calhoun died this morning at quarter past seven o'clock. His fu

DAVID H. LIZARS, AUCTIONEER.

IS prenared to attend Sales in any part of the United Counties on the most reason-able terms. Apply at the Registry Office, Lighthouse street. Goderich, April 11, 1850. v3-n10

NOTICE.

A LL Persons Indebted to the Subscriber, are hereby notified that Mr. O ter and Mr. J. Rattenbury are authorized to receive all Acounts due to him, and unless paid in-mediately, the above parties are instructed to sue for them in his name.
THOMAS DARK. Goderich, April 10.

LIST OF LETTERS
REMAINING in the Post Office at Stratford
up to April 6th, 1850.
Aitken Saml
Markay Thos Madason Jan Malloy Jno Jr Mackmarer Con McCauley Jas McCutcheon Robt McMillen El McDermid Mr. McIntosh Rav McIntyre Donl McVittie Win McAseer Jas McClatchy Samt McCarrick Ino McFadden Wm 2 McFarlane Jas McDermot Terence

McDowall Robt O'Donnell Simon O'Dea Michi Patterson Jas Phelan Jis Phelan Mr Paden Mr Patterson Robt Phelan Peter Patrick James Parker Jao Purdy Geo Quirk Timothy Quinlevin Jno Ritt Palk Roseburgh Win Robertson Jas Robertson Donl Robertson Jno Rutledge Peter Scott Jno Sutherland Augus Strathdee Jn Seegmiller Adam Simpson Jos Studoy Henry Jacob Mich Stewart Peter King Messrs H & JStudor Peter Simpson War Thom Chas Kury Valentine Leighman Christ Lupton Thos Vorm Augst Wright Alexe White Geo Williams Thos Liversage Geo Willson Joha

Malloy Jno Sen Maddeford Jas Whelan Finton Z.mmerman Christ Moore Wm A. F. MICKLE, P. M. LIST OF LETTERS. REMAINING in the GODERICH POST OFFICE, 1st April, 1850.

McGregor A M Maguire Michael McKinnon D Alexander William
Arnell Alex McKenzie John McNee Duncan McGrath Alice 2 McGlead Michael 2 McKay Archibald on James McLean John McClane Edward McEllilly Appy McKinley Robert McKinlin Thomas McCaul John McKenzie Jane 2 Moffat James McClellen Samuel Nicolson Mr Nicolson Angus Nicolson Kenneth Noone John Orr James Peck Leonard 3 Quigly Patrick Russel William 3 Rattenbury Isaac Rose Hugh Ryan John Rotertson William Read William Donohoo John Donley Marthey Reed Mr Smeltzer Joseph Sampey Thomas Shannon William Gourlay Willi Griffin Joseph Sampson George Schneider Rev P Grant James Smylie James Saunderson Robt 2 Gray John Gilmour Thomas Hunter W Junr Stodard William Stevenson Robert Scott William Harte Samuel F Hunter William Sexmith Matthew Hogan Patk 2 Swanso George Stothers William The Head of the M Thoman Martin

Johnston Hugh Keshegoobenais John nicipality, Goderic Kercher Mon Georges The Mayor, Goderic Linley Isabell Liddel Robert Taylor John Lavin Dominick Miller George Miller Daniel G Tewsley James Wilkinson Daniel Wikinson A Warkins Thomas Walter Sarah Wilson Abraham Wilson Charles Murray Peter Sen Iliams Francis Whitely Noble Mitchell John Muldoon John Young Eliza

McCoy Robert THOMAS KYDD, Post Master.

CAUTION.

THE public are hereby cautioned from taking or accepting two promiseory. Notes made by the undersingned in favor of James McGonnon or bearer, for the sum of twenty five dollars each, bearing date the 11th day of March, 1850, one whereof is made payable on the first day of January, 1851, and the other on the first day of June, as the undersigned has received :

value for the same.

JOHN GLIDDON. Stratford, 14th March, 1850 v3n7

WANTED IMMEDIATELY. To take charge of a SMALL FARM in Ashfield, A man who has a wife and family. He must be experienced in chapping, and the clearing of land, as he will be required to add to the present improvements. A Sec chman or Englishman will happeferred. For officialize and to the

be preferred. For particulars apply to JOHN CLARK, Crown Land Agent, April 10, 1850. 3.-n10 f

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore exist-THE PARTNERSHIP herotofore existing between JOHN STRACHAN of Goderich, Esquire, and DANIEL HOME LIZARS, of Stratford, Esquire, as Barrieter and Attornies at Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Notary Public, and Conveyaucers, is this day dissolved by Matoral consent. JOHN STRACHAN.

DANIEL HOME LIZARS.

Witness—A. W. STRACHAN.

Guderich, 2nd January, 1810. 2v-n49

NOTICE.

THE Dabts due by the late firm of STRACHAN & LIZARS, as Barristef and Attorness at Law, will be paid by John Strackans and Daniel Home Lizars, at their respective offices in Goderich and Stratford: And the debts due to them are equested to be forthwith paid. Those due the office at Goderich, to the said John Strachan, at Goderich, aforesaid, and those lue the office at Stratford, to the said Daniel Home Lizats, at Stratford, to the said Dan-iel Home Lizats, at Stratford, aforesaid. JOHN STRACHAN, DANIEL HOME LIZARS. Goderich, 2nd January, 1850. 2v-n49

Excellent Property FOR SALE.

THAT Handsome and COMMODIOUS BRICK COTTAGE situate on the Northern Limits of the Town of Goderich, lately occupied by John Riach, and belong-

ing to Henry Horton.

This Cottage stands in a beautiful and retired situation, and is well adapted for a genteel family. It will be sold on moderate Terms: or otherwise LET for a TERM of years at a reasonable Rent. The subscriber also wishes to dispose of a Span of good Working HORSES, one three and the other four years old, and well broke, both to harness and a saddle. Also one Pair nearly new Double Harness and a new Wagon set. new Double Harness and a new Wagon and Double Sleigh. Debentures will be taken in payment for the Horses, Wagon. Sleigh and Harness. For Particulars apply to the

Proprietor. HENRY HORTON. Goderich, 22nd Jan. 1850. 2v-n51t

A VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE!!

THE subscriber offers for SALE his GRIST and SAW MILL, situated in the Township of McGillivray, on the Big Sable, within three miles of Flanagan's Corner. The Mills are now in operation, and newly built. The Privilege is the best on the River, and situated in the best Township in the Counter Harden. ship in the County of Huron—well settled, and Roads opened in all directions to favour it. The Machinery and materials are of it. The Machinery and materials are of the very best quality, and put up by the ve-ry best Machinists. For Perticulars in-quire of James Crumbie, Esq., Galt, or ap-

PATRICK FLANAGAN, Proprietor. McGillivray, 15th January, 1850. 2v501f

above until forbid. CIRCULAR.

TO THE TOWNSHIP REEVES OF THE UNITED COUNTIES OF HURON, PERTH AND BRUCE.

WARDEN'S OFFICE, 1 ? GENTLEMEN-

I think it necessary under the present Financial circumstances of the UNITED COUNTIES, to call a SPECIAL MEET-COUNTIES, to call a SPECIAL MEET-ING of the COUNTY COUNCIL, to receive the Report of the County Officers appointed to Negotiate a Loan for the payment of the Debts due by the Council, and to take fugther action thereon, also to appoint the County Clerk in the place of Mr. Don, deceased,—and I have therefore, earnestly to request your attendance on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, at the Council Room at the Huron Hotel, at 12 o'clock, Noon. at the Huron Hotel, at 12 o'clock, Noon, I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,

Your obedt. servt. WILLIAM CHALK, Warden. United Counties Huron, Perth and Bruce. NOTICE.

THE Copartnership heretofore carried on THE Copartnership neretofore carried on in the town of Stratford by R. Boyce and J. Wilson, Cabinet and Chair makers, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 16th day March, and will hereafter be carried on by R. Boyce and J. Merchant. All ried on by R. Boyce and J. Merchant. All debts due to the firm to be paid to Boyce and Merchant, and all debts of the firm to be paid by the same, as witness our hands.
JOHN WILSON,
ROBERT BOYCE.

Stratford, March 18, 1850.

FOR SALE. THREE MILL PRIVILEGES, close to the Lake Shore, and at 6, 8 and 18 miles from Goderich, with small Farms attached? Also—ONE HUNDRED Building LOTS in the new laid out Town Piot of Wicklow, on the 18 mile River, and on the main road from Goderich to the flourishing settlements in the new country of Rues. Terms-One fourth of the purchase money down, the remainder in Four instalments with interest. Apply (if by letter postpair) to the proprietor

JOHN HAWKINS. Goderich, March 18, 1859. 31-18in6

NOTICE.

DERSONS desirons of settling on the Durham Road in the Townships of Glenely, Bentinck, Brant, Greenock, Kinloss and Kincardine, most apply personally at the Oili e of the undersigned, and no lo-cations will be confirmed except such as are made in accordance with this requirement, All assignments of interest in locations without the knowledge and approval of the Agent, will be considered as a forfeiture of

all right in the locator or assignee.

GEORGE JACKSON, Agent.
CROWN LAND OFFICE,
Bentinck, County of Waterloo.
March 14th, 1856.

v3n7

and estate.

They took their departure. In the afternoon Pell called upon Mr. Sampson, and
producing the will, told into that as he was the subscribing witness, he wished bim to go before the Judge of Probate, and prove the will. "Why," replied Sampson, I have done

that already, six weeks ago.

"What do you meen, Sampson ?"

"Just as I say; that about six weeks ago I swore to the will before the Judge

and Tim must have been the apparation who had taken it away. His rage was now without bounds; and not recollecting how he stood by what had transpired, and that his own crime of forgery might be made to appear, he mounted his carriage, and drove to Farmingdell Park. On arriving there he burst into the room where Mrs. Winthrop, Eliza, and Tins were seared at the tea table.

"You are very kind, uncle," said Eliza,

" one's friends do not often call twice in one day."
"You villain!' roared Pell. And so Mr. Jocelyn, you are the thief that stole the

weeks ago! You needn't think to escape, you will be called on by an officer to-morrow morning and go to jail."

Thank'ee," said Tim, "I've no occasion, to get it proved. Was it not returned the mext evening? Ask Peter."

Old Pell almost foamed at the mouth. "And so you conspired with my ervant to rob me of the will, did you? Very well, Mr. Jocelyn, there is a law for these

scen in that vicinity.

A DOUBTFUL CASE .- A county justice, who had been late invested with the title, was just trying his first case, when his wife thinking that she too was included in the office, came and very gravely scated herself by the side of her husband. She listened very attentively to the Witnesses for the plaintif; and by the time they had concluded their testimony, she had in her own mind fully decided the case in their fa-But the evidence for the defendant gave the question quite a different color: times. and doubtful what decision ought to be made under existing circumstances, she turned to her husband with a perplexed look, and with a very councillor-like tone and manner, asked, "Dad what are we going to do in this case ?"

10

WATTY MORRISON .- The facetious Wat ty Morrison, as he was commonly called, was entreating the commanding officer of a regiment at Fort George to pardon a poor fellow ordered to the halberds. The officer consented, on condition that Mr. Morrison should agree to the first favor he asked in return. This favor was to perform the ceremony of baptism on a young puppy.—
A merry party was assembled, and Mr.
Morrison desired Major —— to hold up the morrison desired Stajor — to find up the puppy. "As I am a minister of the Church of Scotland," said he, I must proceed ac cordingly," The Major said he desired no other. "Well, then, Major, I-begin with the usual question—You acknowledge your self the father of this puppy? The Ma-jor took the joke, and threw away the ani-mal,—failed in his attempt to throw ridicule

THE PARMER'S PAPER. he Canada Agriculturist; The best and cheapest Farmer's paper published in Canada, and the only one now published in Upper Canada.
THE second volume of the Agriculturist

on your part to litigate so plain a feature in the instrument would involve you in costs, and the mortification of failure. Madam, continued be, turning to Eliza, "you did very wrong in being so disobedient, and yet," he added turning his eye on Tim's noble figure, and frank, intellectual countenance, "there seems abundant excuse for your conduct—ha, ha, ha!"

Tim answered, "I entertain great respect for you Mr. Ridgley, and regret that you have not a more worthy client. Lucky will it be for him, if your services are not hereafter required to slield him from the penitentiary. I wish you both a good morning," and presenting his arm to Eliza and Mrs. Winthrop, left them arouptly in the parlour.

"The impertinent youngster!" exclaimed Old Pell, "let us go, Mr. Ridgley, and get the will proved. Mr. Sampson is the subscribing witness. Pil call upon him and have it established this afternoon, and then I'll see who is to possess the homestead, and estate."

They took their departure. In the afternoon the perfect of the columns of the Agricultures, in the story word and were more perfect that will be dispensed with. It will contain the dispensed with. It will contain the adventure, and contains 1820 using the present year, the advertising 1820 using the present year, t in its present form commences January, 1850. It is issued monthly, and containe 24 pages, double columns, imperial octavo During the present year, the advertising sheet will be dispensed with. It will contain numerous illustrations of Machines and

Farmers, subscribe and pay for your paper, and then write for it: all parties will thus be pleased and benefited.

The Agriculturist is devoted to the de-

velopment and advancement of the real in-terests of Canada. Much good has already been done by this paper, and those which it is a continuation. But the proprietors of the Cultivator, and the other papers alluded to, suffered great loss; and the proprietors of the Agriculturist have, so far, been out of pocket, besides the time, labor and anxieof pocket, besides the time, labor and anxiety spent in its publication. Is the reproach that the farmers of Canada will not support an agricultural paper of any kind, to continue that the farmers of Canada will not support an agricultural paper of any kind, to continue that the farmers of Canada will not support an agricultural paper of any kind, to continue that the farmers of Canada will not support an agricultural paper of any kind, to continue that the farmers of Canada will not support an agricultural paper of any kind, to continue. We hope not. Let those who love their country, and desire its improvement, make a little more effort this year, and the reproach may be wiped out forever. As an inducement to extra exertion, we offer the following Premiums:—Ose Hunger of the following Premium is improved the follo

Liber. M. of Wills, pages

17th day of June, A. D. 18—.

SOLOMON HALE.

Judge of Probates.

Pell was dumb with astonishment. At length he inquired, "who had produced the will at the time it was proven?"

"A Mr. Jocelyn," replied Sampson.

The whole truth now flashed upon Pell's mind. Tim it was who had frightened him on the evening the will was taken away and Tim must have been the apparation who had taken it away. His rage was now had taken it away. His rage was now had taken it away. His rage was now had taken it away. A man of the collecting how hounds; and not recollecting how had produced the subscription price of one DoL-Lars! Every procure 200 subscribers for the Agriculture of one procure 200 subscribers for the Agriculture is the subscription price of one DoL-Lars, and remit the money at the time of ordering the paper will be paid \$100; for 75 ditto, \$30; for 60 ditto, \$50; for 75 ditto, \$30; for 60 dit mentioned. No papers will be sent unless the subscription accompanies the order, un-til the smallest number [60] is realized; after that one half the price may be retained ter that one half the price may be retained by the competitor, till the completion of the list which he intends to forward. Who will try? Where is the township in Canada West, fo which no young man can be found willing to spend two or three weeks this winter to win at least \$25 prize?—Agricultaral Societies ordering 25 copies and upwards, will be supplied at half a dollar, these copies and upwards, 38 9d. lar; twelve copies and upwards, 3s 9d .-Single subscriptions, one dollar. Local Agents, who will procure over three sub-scribers, and remit us the subscription, free

of postages, will be allowed 25 per cent.— George Bucklanle, Secretary Agricultu-ral Association, Principal Editor, assisted by Wm. McDougall, Proprietor. All letters should be post-paid, and ad-dresse. "To the Editors to the Agricultu-rist, Toron."

things.

"Yes," replied Tim, sipping his tea very coolly. "Peter did assist me a little in the matter. I was in his room, and stood at the window of the door, as yen were about to commit the crime of "Forgery!"—
The last word was pronounced in the same unearthly voice that had frightened Pell on the evening alluded to. He saw that his trime was known and that he was in Tim's power.

TO BE SOLD,

A N excellent Farm, being Lot No. 12.
Maitland Concession, Township of General Insurance company, hereby to containing 100 acres—30 of which is cleared. The land is of a superior qualistic forms the town of Goderich on the covening alluded to. He saw that his the fluron Road, and at the junction of six different roads; and as it is in the center of a populous and prosperous locality, it is expected. power.

Tim saw his situation, and commiserated him. He promised not to divulge his crime on the condition that after surrendering the on the condition that after surrendering the condition of the condition that after surrendering the condition that after surr

TYPE FOUNDRY AND PRINTERS FURNISHING WARE HOUSE. THE Subscribers have opened a New Type Foundry in the City of New York, where they are ready to supply orders to any extent, for any kind of Job Fancy Type, Ink, Paper, Chases, Galleys, Brass Rules, Steel. Column Rules, Composing Sticks, Casee, and every article. necessary

for a Printing Office.

The Type, which are cast in new moulds, from entirely new sett of Matrixes, with deep counters, and warranted to be unsurpassed by any, be sold at prices to suit the

All the type furnished by usis hand cast." Printing Pressos furnished, and and also Steam Engines of the most approved pat

Composition Rollers cast for printers. Editors of Newspapers who will buy three times as much type as their bills amount to, may give the a-bove six-months'

insertion in their papers, and send their papers containing it to the Subscribers.

COCKCROFT & OVEREND No 78 Ann Street New York. December 7th 847'.

Blank Deeds and Memorials, A. BLANKS, and BLANK PROMIS-SORY NOTES, for sale at the Signal Office. Every discription of EOOK and JOB Printing executed with nextness and dispatch.

SUMMONSES required by the New Di trict Court Act, and all other BLANK FORMS used in the District and Division Courts, on Sale at the Signal Office Also, all kinds of JOB PRINTING executed on the

Fall Importations FOR 1848

JAMES PORTER & MARKET SQUARE, GODERICH,

MARKET SQUARE, GODERICH,

HAVE just received from the EUROPEAN and AMERICAN MARKETS, one of the Chespest and MOST SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of FANCY & STAPLE DRY GOODS.
GREY COTTON SHIRTINGS, Printed Calicoes, Printed Muelins, Saxony and Orleans Cloths, Silks, Satins, and Satin Turks, Linen Lawns and Handkerchiefs, Linen Cambries and Handkerchiefs, Swiss, Book, and Jaconet Muelins, STEAM LOOMS, DeLaine and Cashmeres, Alpacas of all colors, Worked Caps, Collars and Cuffs, Ladies Boots and Shoes, Dress Hdkls, and Scarts, COTTON SHIRTINGS, Balzoreens, Bareges and Crapes of beautiful styler, Beautiful Linen Laces and Lace Goods in variety, Gloves and Hosiery, Artificial Flowers, Ribboos.

A Spendid ASSORTMENT OF SHAWLS, BROAD CLOTHS & KERSEYMERES, OF

BROAD CLOTHS & KERSEYMERES, O BROAD CLOTHS & KERSEYMERES, OF FINE, FIRM, AND DURABLE FABRICKS, OF FASHIONABE STYLES, Beatiful and Fast Colours, and at prices that will surprise all purchasers for Cheapness. Fashionable Trowserings. Do. Vestings Cotton and Lambs Wool Drawers and Shirts. MOLESKINS, SATINETTS & TWEEDS, MADE 1P COATS, VESTS AND TROWERS. STOCKS, SCARF, and Hdkfs. Irish Linen. Buckskin Mits. Gloves. English, French and American Caps.

CARPETING. Table Linens, Towellings, Linen and Cotton Sheeting, Counterpanes, Marsailles Quilts, Damask Flannels and Blankets.

FIFTY SPLENDID BUPFALO ROBES and 500 BAGS Superior Liverpool SALT, all of which will- be sold at very reduced Prices for CASH or Marketable Farm Produce. Goderich, 28th November, 1849. 2v=n43tf

THE next Division Courts for the at the times and placesiollowing between the times and placesiollowing Court.

1st, Court house at Goderich.

2d. Doukin's Tavern Huron Road.

3d. Wood's Tavern Stratford 4th. Quicks' Tavern London Road.

5th. Rattenbury's Tavern Clinton.

5th. School house St. Mary's.

The Sittings of the Severnl Courts.

Clerks name.

T. G. Morgan. Esq., Clerk.
Robert Cana., Esq., Clerk.
George Williams, Esq., Clerk.
George Carter, Esq., Clerk.
James Gordon, Esq., Clerk.
James Gordon, Esq., Clerk.
James Coleman, Esq., Clerk.
James Gordon, Esq., Clerk.
James Coleman, Esq., Clerk.

NOTICE.

on the condition that after surrendering the will and estate, he would leave the country.

It is the bomested of the father, where they still reside: surrounded by wealthy and sincere friends.

As for poor Beson he never again returned to the college; nor was he ever the seen in that vicinity.

Type Foundry And Printers

attention of persons desirous of an eligible sold on will be sold on the property of the late Thomas Douglas, of the stratford, begs to return her thanks to the Inhabitants of Stratford, and the public generally, for the very liberal support which they received during the short time they have been in Stratford.

Mrs. Douglas begs to return her thanks to the Inhabitants of Stratford, and the public generally, for the very liberal support which they received during the short time they have been in Stratford.

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Mrs. Douglas begs to return her thanks to the Inhabitants of Stratford, and the public generally. hopes by strict attention to the comfort of her guests, and shoderate charges, to merita share of the public patronage. Stratford, 21st August, 1849. 2v-n29tf

> New Tailoring Establishment IN GODERICH.

THE Subscriber begs to announce to the inhabitants of Goderich, and its vicinity, that he has commenced business in the above line, in the Room adjoining H. HORTON'S Saddle Shop, Market Square, where he will be prepared to execute all orders in his line on the shortest notice, and at moderate charges.

N. B.—Cutting done on the shortest notice JOHN ADAMS.

Goderich, Oct. 17, 1849.

STRATFORD BREWERY THE Subscriber in returning his sincer acknowledgements to the inhibitants of Stratford, and to his customers generally, for the liberal paironage which he has received during the time he has been in business; wishes to intimate that the improved arrangements which have recently been made in his establishment, will enable him to make a superior quality of will enable him to make a superior quality BEER, and to furnish it on such terms as enti

him to a continuation of the business which he has hitherto erjoyed.

J. P. VIVIAN, Stratford, Nov. 28, 1849.

V2-n43

CASH PAID ON DELIVERY,

FOR GOOD CLEAN BARLEY, at the MAITLAND BREWERY, by the Subscriber.

J. F. BRITTAIN.
Goderich, Oct. 10, 1849.
24-a36tt

TRAVELLER'S HOME.

The Life. An Editor says:—"A far young friend of ours recently invited us to inside the first grance of first to lips; we did so with great unction, whereupon she boxed our ears, and affected to say she had aliasion to a pairty flower of that nature.—

'Alas, alas,' be thereupon moralizes, there is no truth in worken."

MILITIA MEDALS.

SUCH of the Militia of this Province as are entitled to a Medal for the following actions, viz:—Detroit, Chrysler's Farm and Chateaugusay, are required to send to the Adjutant General of Militia, at Toronto without delay, a statement of their claims, in order that they may be received in England by the 1st of May acxt.

Papers fit this Province, will please copy the above in the adjutant General of Militia, at Toronto without delay, a statement of their claims, in order that they may be received in England by the 1st of May acxt.

Papers fit this Province, will please copy the above in statement of the statement

LOST!

BELONGING to the subscriber, between his Store and the Division Court Office, on Friday last, 13th instant, Two PROMISSORY NOTES,

Viz.: One JOINT NOTE against JOHN Viz.: One JOINT NOTE against John Edgar and Charles Doehrary, for £3 188 9d., drawn payable to James Phelan or bearer, and endorsed by James Phelan, past due,—Also, one against Micharl Stoscorf Black Smith, for £3, 128 6d.,—drawn payable to Christian Sauger, or bearer, written in German, also past due. This is to caution any person from purchasing the same, or the above parties paying the Notes to any person but the subscriber,—and any person finding the above Notes will much oblige the subscriber by returning them to him.

Stratford, July 16th, 1849. 2v-n30tf Stratford, July 16th, 1849.

TME Subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of Goderich and its vicinity, that he has re-ceived a Large Supply of the LATEST IM-PROVED PATTERNS of

COOKING, BOX, AND PARLOUR STOVES, which he offers for SALE at very REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH. The Subscriber also keeps on hand, as usual this OLD STAND, a LARGE and very Su

TINWARE of every description. The whoseriber takes this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to the Public for the very liberal patronage he has received since he has been in business in Goderich, and hopes by strict attention—to—business, and—moderate prices, to continue to receive a share of the public patronage N. B.—GRAINING, PAINTING, GLAZING, PAPER and BELL HANGING carried on as hereinfore. WILLIAM STORY. Goderich, 6th Sept. 1849. 2v-n31tf

TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

A. NASMYTH
IN returning thanks to his friends and numerous Customers for the Liberal Patronage which he has received during the past year, begs to intimate that he has jast received an extensive Assortment

OF THUS FASHIOMS PORRESON, and is ready to Execute all Orders given to him with care and punctuality as formerly Goderich. April, 12th, 1849. 2v-n10ti TWO GOOD FARMS

FOR SALE. ONE within 2 miles, and the other within about 3 miles of Goderich Town Plot. The first is LCT 10 in 1st Conces-sion, Township of Goderich, CONTAINING 164 ACRES. Is bounced at the one end by Lake Huron, and at the other by a Public Road,—and the second is LOT 8 in 8th Concession, Colborne, W. Division,
CONTAINING 100 ACRES,

and is situated at the Junction of two Pub

For Particulars apply to
JNO. McDONALD, Esq.
Goderich, 12th June, 1849. n19-tf

HURON HOTEL GODERICH.

JAMES GENTLES, would respectfully inform the inhabitants of Goderich, and its vicinity, that he will constantly

Keep Horses and Carriages FOR HIRE, for which he respectfully solicit

the patronage of the public.

JAMES GENTLES. 18th Sept. 1849.

PURIFY THE BLOOM OFFAT'S VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS PHŒNIX BITTERS

The high and envied celebrity which these pre-eminent Medicines have acquired for their invariable efficacy in all the diseases which they profess to cure, has rendered the usual practice of puffing not only unnecessary, but unworking of them. They are known by their fruits; their good works testify for them, and they thrive not by the faith of the credious.

EN ALL CASES Of ASTHMA, ACUTE and CHRONIC RIEUMATISM,
AFFECTIONS of the BLADDER and KIDNEYS.
BILIOUS FEVERS & LIVER COMPLAINTS.—
In the south and least the state of the south and least the south and least the state of the south and least the state of the south and least the south and least the state of the south and least the state of the south and least th In the south and west, where those diseases prevail, they will be found Invaluable. Planters, furmers, and others, who once use these Medicines, will never afterwards be without them. BILIOUS CHOLIC, and SEROUS Locaceness, BILES, COSTIFENESS, COLDS & COUGHIS, CHULC, CONSINETION. Used with great success in the disease. CONSUMPTION. Used with great success in this disease. CORRUPT HUMORS, DROPSIES.

DYSPETELA. No person with this distressing disease, should delay using these medicines immediately. FLATU

FEVER and AGUE. For this scourge of the wes

FEVER AND ACUE. For this scourge of the western country these medicines will be found a safe, speedly, and sertain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these medicines is permanent.—TRY THEM. BE SATISFIED, AND BE CURED.

FOULNESS of COMPLEXION.

DEDILITY
GUIT, GIDDINESS, GRAVEL, HEADACHES, of court, thind, INWARD FEVER, INFLAMMATORY RIEUMATISM, IMPURE BLOOD, JAUNDICE, LOSS of APPETTE.

TITE.
LIVER COMPLAINTS,
LEPROSY, LOOSENESS,
MERCURIAL DISEASES.— Never fails to cradicate entirely all the effects of Mercury infinitely sooner than the most powerful proparation of Sarsagarilla, NIGHT SWEATS, NERYOUS DEBILITY, NERVOUS COMPLAINTS of all sinds, ORGANIC AFFECTIONS, PALPITATION of the HEART, PAINTER'S CHOLIC, PILIBS. The original proprietor of these medicines was crued of Piles of 38 years standing by the use of these Life Medicines alone.

PAINS in the head side, but, 100

was cured of Piles of 38 years standing by the use of these black Medicines alone.

PAINS in the head, side, back, limbs, joints and organs.

R HE U M A T I S M. These afflicted with this terrible disease, will be sure of relief by the Lafe Medicines.

RUSH OF BLADD to the HEAD, SCURVY, SALTRIEUM, SWELLINGS,

SCROFULA, on EING'S DVII, in its worst forms. ULCERS, of very decription.

WO IN MES, of all kinds, are effectually expelled by those Medicines. Parents will do well to administer them whenever their existence is suspected. Relief will be certain. THE LIFE PILLS AND PHENIX BITTERS

PURIFY THE BLOOD. And thus remove all disease from the system.

And thus remove all disease from the system.

A single trial will place the LIFE PILLS and PHCN X BITTERS beyond the reach of competition in the estimation of every patient.

The genuine of these medicines are now put up in white wrappers and labels, together with a painphild, called "Modfat's Good Samaritan," containing the directions, &c, cu which is a drawing of Broadway from Wall street to our Office, by which strangery sithing the city can very easily find us. The wrappers and Samaritans are copyrighted, therefore those who procure them with white wrappers and be awared that they are genuine. He careful, and do not buy those with yellow wrappers; but if you do, be satisfied that they come direct from us, or don't touch them.

DR. WILLIAM B. MOFFAT,
335 Broadway, corner of Antheny street, New York.

For Sale by BENJ. PARSONS, Sole Agent. Goderich, Jan. 20, 1848.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. THE Suberiber having been appoint

Goderich, Jan. 23, 1850.

Agent of the "CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO.," rance, and will be happy to afford to any person the necessary information, as to the principles of the Institution.

JAMES WATSONGoderich, 13th June, 1849.

v2n19tf

STRAYED from the subscriber on or about the lat of November last, One yoke of Black OXEN, brown streak on the back, six years old. Also three COWS, one black, spangled with white spots. One large Red Cow with a white Face. One lined back brindle Cow, and one Two years old Red Heifer. Any person leaving information of the above cattle at the Sig nal Office or with Mr. John Allan, Tavern Keeper, Goderich, will be satisfied for their trouble. SAMUEL McCOSKIERY.

Kincardine, 24th Dec. 1849. 2v-47 Kincardine, 24th Dec. 1849.

TO NOTICE AT To the Clerks and Bailiff's of

the Division Courts. THE increased demand for SUMMONSE and other BLANK WRITS, in con nection with the business of the several Division Courts in the District, has warranted us in printing them in much larger quantities than heretofore, and consequently charbles us to sell them much cheaper—therefore we intimate to the several Officers requiring these Blank Forms, that from this date, Summonses and all other Writs belonging to the Division Court, will be Seld at the Signal Office at the reduced price of Two Shillings and Sixpence per Hundred. nection with the business of the several Di

CASH for WHEAT

A T the Goderich Mills,—and C:sh for Cherry Saw Logs at Goderich and Bayfield Mills, by WILLIAM PIPER. Goderich Mills, 5th December, 1849. 46-tf

STRATFORD IRON FOUNDRY.

HOME MANUFACTURE.
THE Subscribers in returning thanks to their Customers for the liberal support they have received since commencing business, beg to intimate, that they have for sale at low rates,

Cooking, Box & Parlour Stoves,

also Ploughs of eight descriptions, and con-sisting of the most improved Moulds. Self-acting Mill Dogs, and various other cas-tings. Having engaged an experienced Machinist, the subscribers can confidently recommend their THRASHING MA-CHINES of the newest design, both sta-tionary and moveable, and would solicit call from intending Purchasers before buy ing elsewhere. All orders punctually at tended to and executed with neatness and

ORR & WILSON. Stratford, 13th Aug. 1849. v2-n28tf.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the Inhabitants of the District of Huron, and the neighboring Districts, that he has Established himself in Stratford. and is prepard to give Plans and Specifica-tions of Public or Private Buildings, Bridg-es, Mill Dams, &c. &c. &c., and will take the superintenderic of such Erections. on

the superintendence of such Erections, on the most reasonable terms.
His thorough knowledge of his profession and his practice as Builder, qualifies him for any undertaking in the line. Address post paid, PETER FERGUSON,
Builder, &c. &c. Stratford, C. W.
Stratford, March 18th, 1849. 2v-n7tf

STRATFORD HOTEL.

(LATE MAY's.)

"PHE Subscriber informs his friends and the Travelling Public, that he has leased the large BRICK TAVERN, at the East end of Stratford, (now the county town of Perth.) lately occupied by Mr. Isaac May, —where he will be ready at all times to afford the usual comfort and supplies and promote the personal convenience of his quests.

WINES and LIQUORS of the best decription. A steady Hostler always ttendance. ALBERT G. HATCH. Stratford, 18th July, 1849. 2v-n2

R. WILLIAMS & CO., CHEMISTS AND DRUGGIST

Drugs. Chemicals. Patent Medicines, Perfumery, Brushes, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye Stuffs, &c. &c.

THE subscribers beg to inform the inhabitants of STRATFORD and the surrounding Townships, as well as the public n general, that they have opened the above establishment in this Town, where vill also keep constantly on hand a choice

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, HARDWARE, &cc. &cc.
When they hope by keeping a good took at low prices to receive a share of

(Near the Wharf Goderich,)
BY H. MARLTON. HE above Hotel has good accemedation for travellers, Stabling, &c., &c.
The Packet Mary Ann will leave God rich (wind & weather permitting.) regular-ly twice a week for the Kincardine Settlement. For freight or passage apply to Capt. Rowan at the Kincardine Arms. Goderich, March 25th, 1850.

NOTICE.—Received in Store last No. dard pale box vember, per Schooner Annexation, A Lot of IRON, consigned to F. C., Goderich. If the same is not taken away forthwith, it DR. P. A. McDOUGALL, CAN be compiled at all house, Mrs. Fun. F. Gooding a. Front-St. Goderich, Sept. 13th, 1848. will be sold to pay costs.

CHRISTOPHER CRABB.

I. LEWIS. BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &C., June, 1848. GODERICH.

ALFRED W. OTTER, General Agent & Conveyancer. COLLECTOR OF ACCOUNTS, 40. 40. Oct. 1, 1849. GODERICH. 2-825

JOHN STRACHAN,

BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyencer,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Has his office in West Street, Goderich.

Goderich, 2nd January, 1850. 2v-n49 DANIEL HOME LIZARS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, and Conveyancer, Solicitor in Chancery, Ge., Has his office as formerly, in Stratford. N. B.—Mr. Stratchan, of the late firm of Stratchan & Lizare, continues to achae Agent and Counsel for Mr. Lizare is all matters referred to him from Stratchar

WATSON & WILLIAMS. DIXIE WATSON of Goderick, DIXIE WATSON of Goderich,

DARRISTER AT LAW, &c. &c. and

GEORGE WILLIAMS, of Straiford,
late of the firm of Hector, Weller and Wifflams,
Barristers, &c. Toronto, having this day outered
into co-partnership, in the Fractice, and Profession of Law, Chasekay and Convaranceso,
will in future keep their Offices at Goderich and
Straiford, respectively, under the name, style
and firm of Watsos and Williams,
Dixik Watsos, Goderich,
George Williams, Straiford,

24th December, 1849.

A. NASMYTH, FASHIONABLE TAILOR: WEST-STREET GODERICH.
Goderich, April 12, 1849. 2v-n10tf

J. K. GOODING. W LL attend SALES in any part of the County on reasonable Terms. Apply at his Residence, Light-House Street.
Goderich, April 4th, 1849. 8v-9a

DANIEL GORDON. CABINET MAKER:

Three doors East of the Canada Co's. Office, WEST-STREET, GODERICH. August 27th, 1849. Stokes,

CHEMIST and BRUGGIST. WEST-STREET, GODERICH.

March 8, 1849. JOHN J. E. LINTON, Commissioner Queen's Bench,
AND CONVEYANCER,
STRATFORD.

DAVID H. LIZARS, DAYED H. LIZARS,

WISHES to intimate to the inhabituate of Goderich and the surrounding country, that he has commenced business as Conveyancer, General Agent and Accountant, and by assistance as the surrounding for the country of the state of the services. Those wishing to employ him is any of the above branches will please call at the Registry Office, Lighthouse street, Goderich, 13th March, 1850. v3-s6

DR. JOHN HYDE, MEDICAL HALL, STRATFORD. July 31, 1849.

WM. REED. HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER, 4c. LIGHT-HOUSE ST. GODERICH.
Oct. 25, 1849.

ALEXANDER WILKINSON, PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR, And Civil Engineer.
Office at Mr. ROBERT ELLES' GODERICH. January 19, 1850. 2v-n52

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having RENTED the WAREHOUSE and WHARF belonging to the Mesers. Davenport, of this place has established himself as a FORWARDER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT. Any orders or commission from the Mer-chants of Goderich, will receive prompt attention. JOHN McEWAN. Windsor, March, 1849.

The guron Signal, IS PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY BY THOMAS MACQUEEN,

BY THOMAS MACQUEEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.
OFFICE MARRIET-SQUARE, GODERICH.
"." Book and Job Printing, executed with
neatness and dispatch.
TERMS or THE HURON SIGNAL.—TEN SHILLINGS per annum if paid strictly in advance,
or TWELVE AND SIX PERCE with she expiration
of the year.
No paper discontinued annil agreers are
paid up, unless the publisher thinks it has advantage to do so.

when they stock at low prices to receive a public patronage.

Physician's prescriptions and family recipes dispensed with the greatest accuracy and promptitude.

N. B.—Crawford & Imlach's Mustard wholesale and retail.

R. WILLIAMS & Co.

R. WILLIAMS & Co.

R. WILLIAMS & Co.

2 vn50

12 TAll letters addressed to the Editor must be post paid, or they will not be taken ant of the post office.

TOB PRINTING of every de

TEN SHILLIN

VOLUME III, AGRICULT

From the Canaca FEW PRACTICAL REAGRICULTURAL OSPRING. The busy and joyous seas increasing warmth and bri

the Vegetable Kingdom, vigor to a countless number ences, has again arrived; ar upon the resources, both of of the cultivator of the soi garded as the infancy of th and the golden fruits of Au ally influenced, both in res quality, by the degree of int which the farmer brings to tant occupation at the prewe propose in the present of practical and seasonable hi The winter that has now been distinguished in Uppe eral absence of severity, c and sudden changes of ten atmosphere: characteristic one of "Old Country" w every description has done tention has been paid; a part of the Province the was abundant, but in seve

tricts it was extremely ec

area of the British Provi

States. The farmers i therefore experience great up the condition of their ly as root crops must have with that of hay. Now the only way for arising from the extremes experienced in the season steadily pursuing a system rat outsivation. Root cre wurtzel, carrots and paret the strictest truth to be th In spring particularly, wh creases and the ordinary runs short, what an adv supply of succulent root such kin is of food for m stock of every description that they are given jud admixture of hay and stra lent for horses, particula purify the blood, and healthy state of the anim vation holds good as restock of every kind.

thoroughly prepared for t the dry, hot weather t summers of this climat deep cultivation and jud a well ascertained fact of summer, the most d (other circumstances the meisture in the eart of according within the plants by the force of w raction. The first ob farmer in spring is to of bed. Land ploughed generally to be recom require plouging again clea of heavy soils are s date by the action of b Cultivator, when gro

the fall, might be used

Those who pay pro

age of their land, eithe

under-ground drain benefit of that importar by having the soil bot more readily brought sowing. The advanta the final result, in cre of superior quality. V all circumstances of a the soil, and its clevat great lakes must be spring frosts incident be sure to destoy the t eral rule we should se climate of the countr superior cultivation; early sowing may be profit, and the growin in this climate, espec is a matter of very gr the periods of sowing rquently too short t a plump and heavy g

> and will cost a little a mixture of weeds. will be extra care and incurred. We may just adv small seeds with fin no doubt large qu palmed upon the pareless dealers, yes ony that the fault with the dealer, bu mitted by the farme

particularly such as both a fine tilth and

the seed of the various

common sense preci mentably neglected;

alone may be fairly

seantineer and inferi

We say to our read

clean, well grown as such seed may give