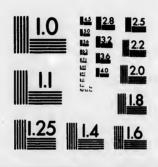


IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



STATE OF THE SERVICE OF THE SERVICE

Photographic Sciences Corporation

23 WEST MAIN STREET WEBSTER, N.Y. 14580 (716) 872-4503

OTHER STREET, THE STREET, THE



CIHM/ICMH Microfiche Series. CIHM/ICMH Collection de microfiches.



Canadian Institute for Historical Microreproductions / Institut canadian de microreproductions historiques



C 1981

Technical and Bibliographic Notes/Notes techniques et bibliographiques

Th

Th po of file

Oribe the sign of fire sign or

The share Till wh

Ma dif ent be rig red me

10X	14X	16X		22X		26X	П	30X	
have be it so per fore d'u mais, le pas été Addition Comme	een omitted from out que certaines par restauration a orsque cela était par il filmées. Include comments:/ entaires supplémentaires supplémentaires suppléments et the reduit est filmée au taux	filming/ pages blanches aj pparaissent dans possible, ces page intaires; ection ratio check k de réduction inc	outées le texte, es n'ont		Lee page obscurcie etc., ont obtenir is	e par un átá filmá n meilleur	feuillet d	'erreta, (reau de (possible.	une pelure leçon à
La reliu distorti	inding may cause nterior margin/ ure serrée peut cau ion le long de le m leaves added durin within the text. V	user de l'ombre o narge intérieure ng restoration ma	u de la		slips, ties ensure th	tion disp nolly or pa ues, etc., e best po	onible artially of have be ssible im	en refiirr age/	ned to
	Bound with other meterial/ Relié avec d'eutres documents			Includes supplementary material/ Comprend du matériel supplémentaire					
	Coloured plates and/or illustrations/ Planches et/ou illustrations en coulour				Quelity of print veries/ Quelité inégale de l'impression				
	Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/ Encre de couleur (i.e. eutre que bleue ou noire)				Showthrough/ Transparence				
	Coloured maps/ Cartes géographiques en couleur				Peges détachées Peges détachées				
	title missing/ de couverture ma	enque , `	34	1	Pages dis Pages dé	coloured color ées ,			
	restored end/or la ture restaurée et/				Pages res	stored an staurées (
	demaged/ ture endommagéd				Pages da Pages en		ios		
	ed covers/ ture de couleur	,	Ji.		Coloured Pages de				
copy which is which may a reproduction	may be bibliograp siter any of the im n, or which may si athod of filming, a	hically unique, lages in the gnificantly chang	je	de co point une i modi	et exemple	nire qui a ibliograpi roduite, d ans la mé	ont peut- nique, qui ou qui pe ithode no	être unic i peuver uvent ex	ques du it modifie iger une
	has attempted to variable for film		hie		lui a été p		e meilleu		

The copy filmed here has been reproduced thanks to the generosity of:

Library of the Public Archives of Canada

The images appearing here are the best quality possible considering the condition and legibility of the original copy and in keeping with the filming contract specifications.

du difier

une

1800

pelure.

Original copies in printed paper covers are filmed beginning with the front cover and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression, or the back cover when appropriate. All other original copies are filmed beginning on the first page with a printed or illustrated impression, and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression.

The last recorded frame on each microfiche shall contain the symbol → (meaning "CONTINUED"), or the symbol ▼ (meaning "END"), whichever applies.

Maps, plates, charts, etc., may be filmed at different reduction ratios. Those too large to be entirely included in one exposure are filmed beginning in the upper left hand corner, left to right and top to bottom, as many frames as required. The following diagrams illustrate the method:

L'exemplaire filmé fut reproduit grâce à la générosité de:

La bibliothèque des Archives publiques du Canada

Les images suivantes ont été reproduites avec le plus grand soin, compte tanu de la condition et de la netteté de l'exemplaire filmé, et en conformité avec les conditions du contrat de filmage.

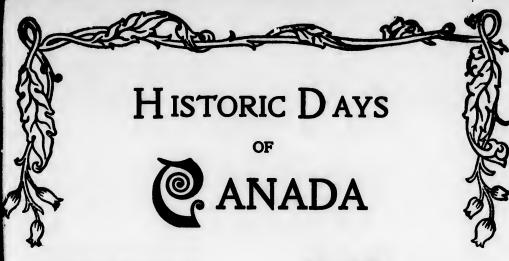
Les exemplaires originaux dont la couverture en papier est imprimée sont filmés en commençant par le premier plat et en terminant soit par la dernière page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'iliustration, soit par le second plat, selon le cas. Tous les autres exemplaires originaux sont filmés en commençant par la première page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'iliustration et en terminant par la dernière page qui comporte une telle empreinte.

Un des symboles suivants apparaître sur la dernière image de chaque microfiche, selon le cas: le symbole → signifie "A SUIVRE", le symbole ▼ signifie "FIN".

Les cartes, planches, tableaux, etc., peuvent être filmés à des taux de réduction différents. Lorsque le document est trop grand pour être reproduit en un seul cliché, il est filmé à partir de l'angle supérieur gauche, de gauche à droite, et de haut en bas, en prenant le nombre d'images nécessaire. Les diagrammes suivants lijustrent la méthode.

1	2	3		1
				2
				3
	1	2	3	
	4	5	6	





a Calendar 1898



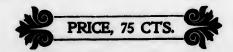
Compiled by Sara Mickle • • • Assisted by Mary Agnes FitzGibbon

J. D. AND PERCY KELLY

Illústrated in Gold and Colours



Designed and Executed by the GORONTO LITHOGRAPHING COMPANY



WILLIAM BRIGGS, Publisher richmond street west toronto, ont

Historic - Days - of - Canada

"Love thou thy land, with love far brought from out the storied past."

JHNUHRY.

L'HABITATION DU PORT ROYAL was the first permanent French settlement in Canada, then Acadia, and thus the first Canadian home. Founded in 1605, three years before Quebec and two years before the first English settlement at James own, it is, with the exception of St. Augustine and Santa F6, the oldest place on the continent. Here, for a time, lived De Monts, its founder, and here Champlain, filled with hopes of making new discoveries towards Florida, spent a winter, and, to pass the time, instituted his famous Ordre de Bon Temps. Hither, in the "Grace-a-Dieu," with a courage worthy of all honor, came Madame de Poutrincourt, one of the first women to seek a home in the New World.

The portrait said to be that of *Pierre du Guast*, *Sieur de Monts*, is perhaps not authentic, but it at least represents a gentleman of that period.

The French shield was found at Quebec after the Conquest. There is an account of it in Sir James Le Moine's charming book, 'Quebec, Past and Present."

FEBRUHRY.

These figures represent soldiers of different epochs of our history. Those from Gottfried's "Neue Welt" recall the period of Sir Francis Drake. Many writers are fond of calling Drake "freebooter," "half-pirate," and "buccaneer." But he should be remembered as the foremost of that daring band of navigators who first disputed with Spain the sovereignty of the sea, and struck blows which weakened the empire she was building up in the Western World, even before her power was irrevocably broken by the defeat of the "Invincible Armada."

THE DE LERY CREST. M. Joseph Gaspard Chaussegros, Sieur de Lery, a celebrated engineer, whose gallantry at the siege of Turin attracted the King's notice. Sent to New France, he planned and built up the fortifications at Quebec and elsewhere, and was the founder of a distinguished family.

MARCH.

BIENVILLE, the Founder of New Orleans, was one of the celebrated Le Moyne family. He helped his brother D'Iberville, the "Nelson of the North," in his great work of founding a new Empire for France, to the south, whose name, Louisiana, should ever perpetuate that of the "Sun King," Louis XIV.

FORT GARRY is the most historic spot in the great Western Provinces. The walls, with the modest towers flanking them, have disappeared; the gateway alone remains, and that is threatened, as are the walls of Quebec. These memorials belong not alone to Winnipeg, or to Quebec; they are our common heritage, and let every Canadian rise in his place and say that they shall be spared, to be, as in the past, a witness to the bravery and the heroism of the two great races that have united in the making of Canada.

HPRIL.

MONCKTON, one of the early Lieut.-Governors of Nova Scotia. He commanded a battalion at the slege of Louisbourg, and was Brigadier-General under Wolfe at Quebec, where he was wounded. In 1761 he was appointed Governor of New York.

The "Peace Anchor" in 1814 was being transported to the Upper Lakes. Peace being declared

it was abandoned, and remains still embedded in the sand near Holland Landing.

мнү.

LE DRAPEAU DE CARILLON, the consecrated banner borne by Montcalm's army, when with greatly inferior force he defeated Abercromby at Ticonderoga (Carillon), July 8th, 1758.

It was of this flag Sir Wilfrid Laurier spoke at Paris, as "The flag of the Old Monarchy which his countrymen preserved as the apple of their eyes, beloved by the French and respected by the English." The flag was lost for a time after the burning of the Recollet Church. Later it was discovered by M. de Baillairgé, and is now in Laval University. It is held sacred, and is unrolled once a year, at the Feast of St. John—the 24th of June. It is a matter of great regret that we were unable to procure a sketch of the right side of this famous banner. The present illustration is taken from a photograph of the reverse.

Below are two swords, sheathed; the one presented by Sir Augustus D'Esté, son of the Duke of Sussex, to Colonel James FitzGibbon, as to one whose "services will cause his name to be remembered with respect and admiration by the loyal inhabitants of Upper Canada"; the other, that of Major-General Sir Fenwick Williams, of Kars, was presented by the Legislature of Nova Scotia to

her distinguished son.

JUNE.

In this month an English ship first touched our shores, and the beautiful Map of the World illuminated by *Juan de la Cosa*, is the earliest extant which shows the discoveries of John Cabot. The original of Cosa's map is in Madrid, but there are *fac-simile* copies in the British Museum. Of its beauty too much cannot be said. It is worthy to be called "The Geographical Frontispiece of the

History of the Discovery of America."

The map bears the inscription in Spanish, "Juan de la Cosa made it, in the port of Santa Maria (S: mj) in the year 1500." Above is an illustration of St. Christopher bearing the Christ-child across the water. Ferdinand Columbus gives us the same idea that the old map-maker sought to convey by this picture. Speaking of his father's name he says: "As St. Christopher is reported to have received that name because he carried Christ over the deep waters with great danger to himself, whence came the name of Christopher, and as he conveyed over the people whom no other could have carried, so Admiral Christophorus Colonus, imploring the assistance of Christ in that dangerous voyage, went over safely himself and his company, that those Indian nations might become citizens and inhabitants of the Church triumphant in heaven."

In the tiny portion of the map here reproduced, the land explored by Cabot is outlined from the

cavo discubierta (cape of discovery) to the Cape of England (cavo de Inglaterra).

JULY.

SIR WILLIAM JOHNSON, whose stone house in the Mohawk valley was the centre of influence over the Six Nation Indians, no step being taken by the British Government without consulting him, nor by the Indians without his advice. He took Fort Niagara, July 25th, 1759. Dying in 1774, a critical period in our history, his last message to the Chiefs was "to take care and not be shaken out of their shoes."

The LANDING-PLACE OF THE UNITED EMPIRE LOYALIST refugees, 1783, at the mouth of the Niagara River.

ettlement in efore Quebec St. Augustine founder, and inter, and, to vieu," with a ek a home in

hentic, but it

at of it in Sir

n Gottfried's alling Drake most of that struck blows r power was

ery, a celeient to New the founder

family. He new Empire Sun King,"

ils, with the threatened, c; they are ared, to be, nited in the

HUGUST.

FIRST PARLIAMENT BUILDINGS, TORONTO. The first Parliament of Upper Canada met at Newark (Niagara-on-the-Lake). Governor Simcoe, believing Toronto, which he named York, to be a better place for the seat of Government, erected these buildings, where Parliament sat from 1797 until they were burned by an invading force from the United States in 1813.

A CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT. The Supreme Court of Canada was organized in 1875, and sits at Ottawa, the Federal Capital of the Dominion.

SEPTEMBER.

WOLFE and MONTCALM, heroes who in name and fame are inseparably connected. In the final struggle for Canada, Montcalm, the brilliant and experienced general, fretting in vain against the abuses that surrounded him, was pitted against Wolfe, "the gallant invalid," the aspiring young soldier, who knew that the time was short in which to accomplish his aim, and win the "walled city of the North."

On the 13th of September, Wolfe, dying, won imperishable fame; for Montcalm, "Le destin en lui dérobant la victoire, l'a récompensé par une mort glorieuse."

PITT, HARL OF CHATHAM, that great statesman of the Empire, whose wisdom was, unfortunately, too often rejected, was the power behind Wolfe; while behind Montcalm was—La Pompadour.

OCTOBER.

TRUNDER-OHILD (Pasic-wa-sis), a loyal chief of the Crees, who during Riel's Rebellion released the white prisoners taken by Poundmaker, and guided them into the British camp at Batoche.

THE SUN-DANCE TENT, the last erected, 1896, for the observance of the great religious fête of the Cree nation. In 1897, during the opening ceremony of gathering the poles for the erection of the great tent, the fête was stopped by the North-West Mounted Police, the Government believing its observance to be a hindrance to the civilization of the Indians.

NOVEMBER.

CHARLES POULETT THOMPSON, created LORD SYDENHAM of Kent and Toronto, under whose regime Upper and Lower Canada were united in 1841.

Below is the home of one of the Le Moyne family, so distinguished in our early history. It was of this house Frontenac said that it gave an idea of the fortified castles of France. The owner, Charles Le Moyne the younger, was created Baron de Longueuil by Louis XIV., and after the conquest George III. confirmed the grant, so brilliant had been the family record.

It is said that a wall of one of the large rooms was entirely covered with mirrors, and when the chateau was burned one of these was saved, and is still, with some furniture, in the possession of a descendant. The chateau stood nearly opposite Montreal, on the south shore of the St. Lawrence.

DECEMBER.

BOUGAINVILLE, whom his chief characterized as a "man of parts, pleasant company," was a celebrated navigator and founder of the Falkland Islands; at the period of the conquest he was aide-de-camp to Montcalm. He was no less brave in war than bold in his denunciation of the official abuses then rampant in the colony.

"rom his arrival in 1756 until the surrender of Canada, he is indissolubly and honorably connected with the story of that stirring period.

ent of Upper b, which he ings, where ates in 1813. ne Court of

connected.
ing in vain
the aspiring
he "walled

Le destin en

ose wisdom Montcalm

s Rebellion at Batoche. eat religious the erection t believing

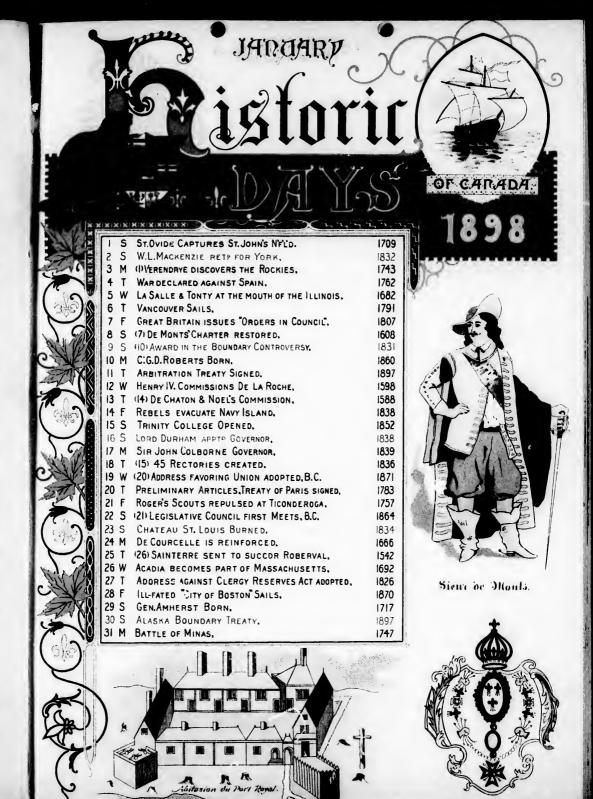
Kent and

y. It was he owner, e conquest

when the ssion of a rence.

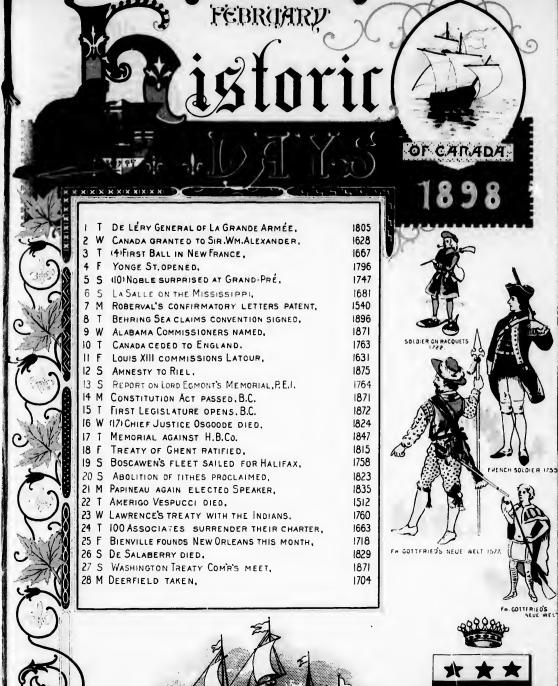
ompany,"
equest he
on of the

onorably



The French Shield 1755

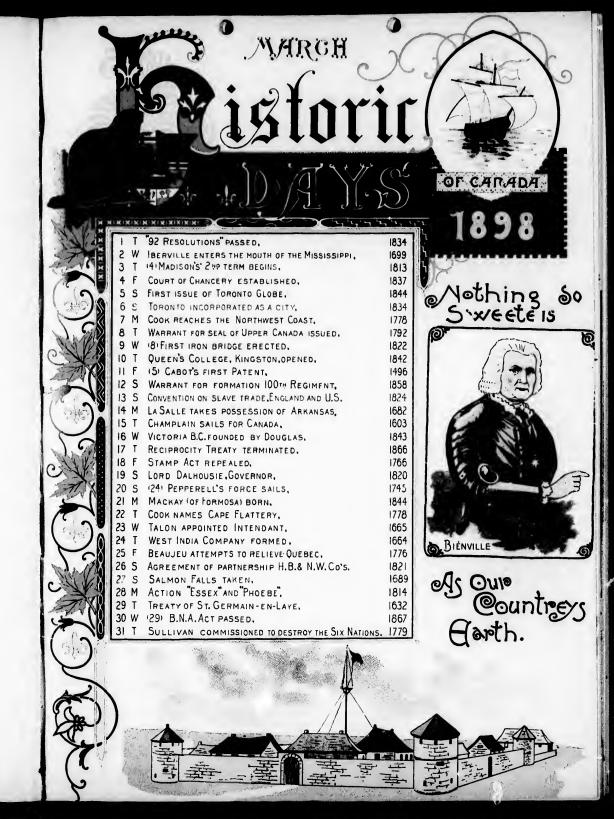


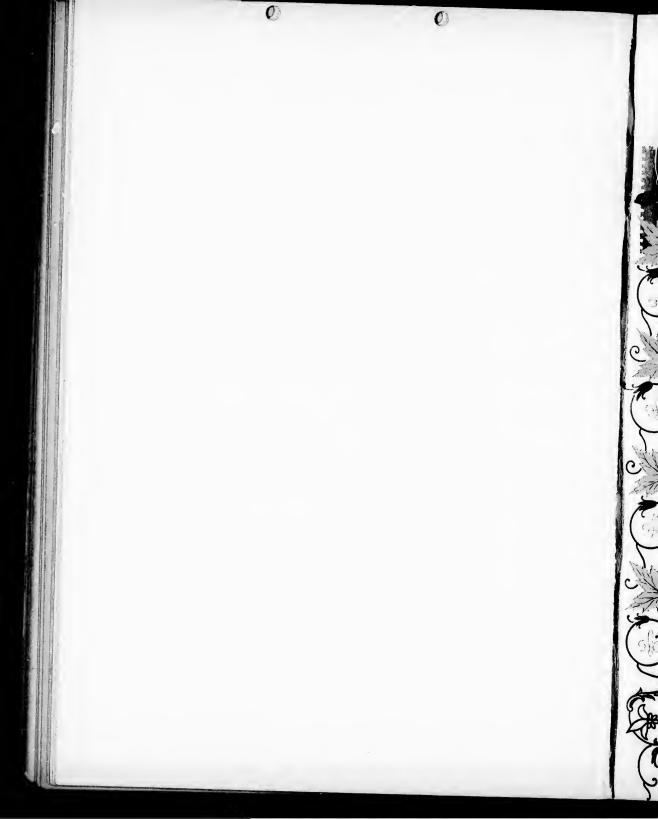














1	F	EDICT OF LOUIS XIV.	1663
2	S	O "ATLANTIC" WRECKED.	1873
3	S	EARL SELKIRK'S HOUSE RAIDED.	1815
4	Μ	BEHRING SEA ARBITRATION BEGINS.	1893
5	T	REPORT ON LORD BALTIMORE'S CLAIM TO AVALON, NELD.	1754
6	W	UNIFORM RATE OF POSTAGE ESTABLISHED.	1851
7	T	BAFFINS' VOYAGE BEGINS.	1615
8	F	LORD SELKIRK DIED.	1820
9	S	FRONTENAC APPIP GOVERNOR.	1672
10	S	(12) SIR GUY CARLETON APPTP GOVERNOR.	1767
П	М	TREATY OF UTRECHT,	1713
12	T	ADMIRAL SIR PROVO WALLIS BORN.	1791
13	W	SIR GEORGE PREVOST, GOVERNOR OF N.S.	1808
14	T	FORT LATOUR BESIEGED.	1645
15	F	(24) PEACE BETWEEN ENGLAND AND FRANCE.	1629
16	S	1177AGREEMENT BET COLUMBUS, FERDINAND & SABELLA	1492
17	S	ALEXANDER MACKENZIE DIED.	1892
18	М	FIRST ISSUE UPPER CANADA GAZETTE.	1793
19	T	BATTLE OF LEXINGTON.	1775
20	W	CARTIER SAILS FROM ST. MALO.	1534
21	T	FIRE AT HULL,	1880
22	F	(23) ASHUELOT ATTACKED,	1746
23	S	GUELPH FOUNDED BY GALT.	1827
24	S	SATTLE OF FISH CREEK.	1885
25	М	REBELLION LOSSES BILL PASSED.	1849
26	T	FRANKLIN'S LAST ARCTIC EXPEDITION SAILS.	1848
27	W	PONTIAC DECIDES TO ATTACK DETROIT.	1763
28	T	BATTLE OF STE. FOYE,	1760
29	F	(28) Siege of Fort Meigs begun.	1812
30	S	LAVAL BORN.	1623

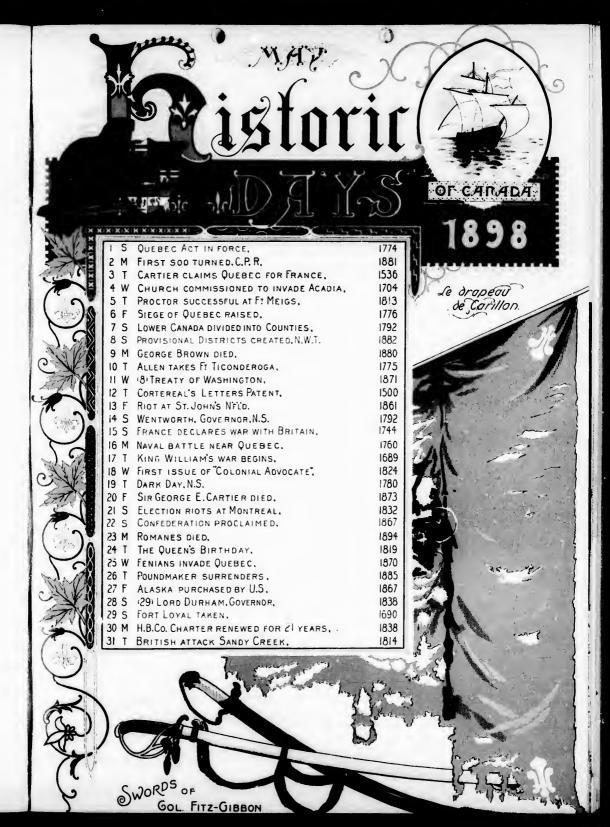


THE PEACE ANCHOR AT HOLLAND LANDING



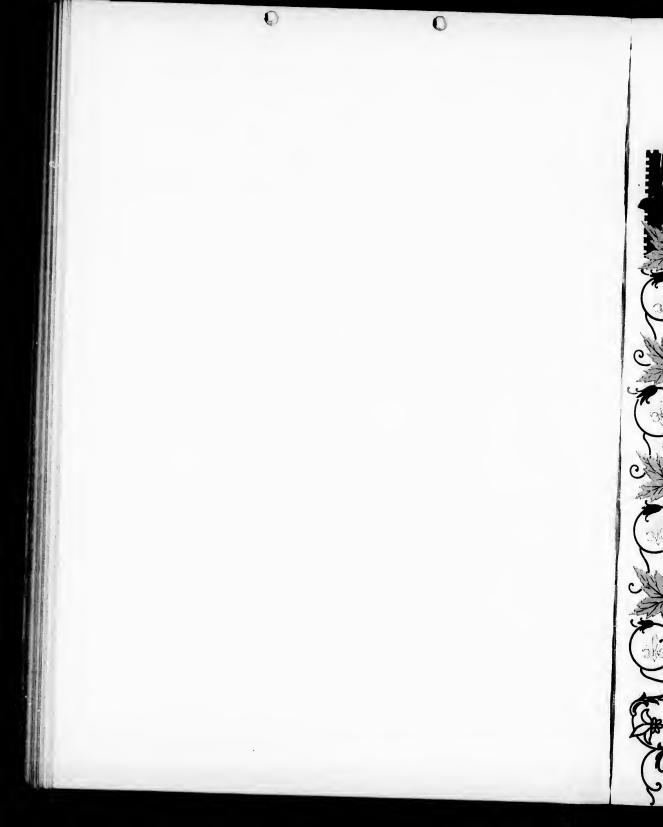
MONCKTON

















YORK (TORONTO) AGAIN TAKEN, 1813 1812 STORMING OF FT. MEIGS.

1492 COLUMBUS SAILS FROM PALOS. 1814 AMERICANS ATTACK FT. MICHILLIMACKINAC. ACTION DOMINICA & DECATUR. 1814 TREATY OF GRENVILLE. 1795 1777 HALDIMAND, GOVERNOR, 8 M 19 THE ASHBURTON TREATY. 1842 MONTCALM TAKES FT. WILLIAM HENRY. 1757 1764

MILITARY RULE CEASES. BOUNDARY BET ONTARIO & MANITOBA CONFIRMED.

1884 1814 NAVAL BATTLE NEAR FT ERIE.

1707 PORT ROYAL BESIEGED. 1683 CONFERENCE WITH THE IPOQUOIS AT MONTREAL. 1535 CARTIER DISCOVERS ANTICOSTI.

1654 SEDGWICK TAKES PORT ROYAL. 1775 FIRST LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL AT QUEBEC.

1818 CONVENTION OF LONDON. 19 F PHIPS FLEET SAILS. 1690 (16) PROVINCE OF N.B. ERECTED. 1783

20 S LAPEROUSE TAKES FT. CHURCHILL. 1782 1813 (24) SKIRMISH AT FT. GEORGE.

23 T REGINA SO NAMED, 1882 1870 24 W WOLSELEY'S FORCE ARRIVES AT FT. GARRY, BRADSTREET REACHES FT. FRONTENAC, 1758

1865 JUDGE HALIBURTON DIED. 1610 27 S JAMES IST GRANTS N'FL'D TO BACON, ETC.

28 S W.L.MACKENZIE DIED. 1861 29 M HAVERHILL CAPTURED. 1708

30 T OLD FT. SIMPSON ABANDONED. 1834 31 W FT. BOURBON, OR YORK, SURRENDERED. 1696



A Justice of the Supreme Court.























D & MONTGOMERY'S FORCES UNITE.

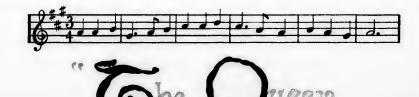
1898

1775

2 F	(4) PITT, SECRETARY OF STATE,	1756
3 S	CONFERENCE WITH THE PENOBSCOTS.	1741
4 S		1800
5 M	The state of the s	1812
6 T	INSURGENTS DEFEATED AT MOORE'S CORNERS,	1838
7 W	HEARNE BEGINS HIS THIRD VOYAGE.	1770
8 T	U.S. FORCES BESIEGE QUEBEC,	1775
9 F	FERNANDEZ PATENT FROM HENRY VII.	1502
10 S	FORT GEORGE EVACUATED BY MC CLURE.	1813
11 S	OSGOODE APPTO THE KING'S BENCH.	1794
12 M	SIR JOHN THOMPSON DIED.	1894
13 T	DRAKE BEGINS HIS VOYAGE ROUND THE WORLD.	1577
14 W	(I) TREATY OF WHITEHALL.	1687
15 T	REBELS SURRENDER AT ST. BENOIT.	1837
16 F	(18) SEIGNEURIAL TENURE ABOLISHED.	1854
17 S	FIRST LEGISLATURE MEETS B.C.	1868
18 S	ACT TO APPROPRIATE PROCEEDS CLERGY RESERVES PASS	SE0.1854
19 M	LEWISTON DESTROYED.	1813
20 T	EDWARD BLAKE, PREMIER, ONT.	1871
21 W	GRANT TO HUDSON'S BAY CO.	1821
22 T	"EMBARGO ACT" PASSED	1807
23 F	126 CONSTITUTIONAL ACT BECOMES LAW.	1791
24 S	TREATY OF GHENT,	1814
25 S	CHAMPLAIN DIED.	1635
26 M	RIOTS IN NEWFOUNDLAND.	1883
27 T	NAPOLEON ISSUES THE "MILAN DECREES".	1807
28 W	CHAUVIN'S COMMISSION RE-AFFIRMED.	1602
29 T	ACTION "CONSTITUTION" & "JAVA".	1812
30 F	129) THE "CAROLINE" BURNED.	1837
31 S	BLACK ROCK CAPTURED,	1813



DeBorg ainville



that





