Last Edition.

London Advertiser.

Honest goods honestly and intelligently advertised by an honest advertiser in an honest medium will bring the most satisfactory results, and cover the whole ground of legitimate advertising.

VOL. XXXVI., NO. 121. LONDON, CANADA, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 22, 1899. WHOLE NO. 11,099.

Births, Marriages, Deaths

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths which are inserted in The Daily Advertiser also appear in The Western Advertiser. Births 25c, Marriages and Deaths 50c.

DIED.

POWELL—On March 19, 1899, Lillian Alice, youngest daughter of Walter and Lettie Powell, 132 Colborne street, London.

HUTCHESON—In this city, on March 21, Robert M. Hutcheson, youngest son of Gilbert and Agnes Hutcheson, in his 24th year.

The funeral will take place from his father's residence, High street, South London, on Thursday, at 2:30 p.m. Service at 2 p.m. Friends will please accept this intimation.

WELDON—At his late residence, "Chestnut Hill," township of Westminster, on March 20, 1899, Andrew Weldon, aged 77 years.

Funeral will leave his late residence on Thursday, March 23, at 2:30 p.m. Services at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances will please accept this intimation. b

DARK—In Buffalo, on March 21, William Dark, formerly of this city, aged 39 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his son-in-law, E. Jarmain, 33 Becher street, South London, on Thursday, at 3:30 p.m.; service at 3 p.m. Friends will please accept this intimation.

Amusements and Lectures

GRAND OPERA HOUSE

Friday and Saturday, Saturday Matinee, March 24 and 25,

The Famous HERRMANNS

LEON AND ADELAIDE.

Leon Herrmann, the peer of all magicians, Adelaide Hermann and her wonderful spectacular dances. Night prices, 25c, 50c, 75c and $1. Matinee, children 25c, adults 50c, to all parts of the house. Reserved seats for all three performances now on sale. 99c

TWILIGHT ORGAN RECITAL — by MR. W. H. HEWLETT, in DUNDAS CENTER METHODIST CHURCH, Saturday afternoon next, at 4 o'clock, assisted by MRS. FRANK MACKELCAN, contralto soloist, of Hamilton. Silver collection at the door. b

DON'T MISS THE CONCERT GIVEN BY young ladies of St. Andrew's Y. P. S. C. E. in lecture room of church, Thursday evening, March 23. Best local talent. Collection only. 98u

PRINCESS—OPEN TONIGHT. SKATING good. b

KNOX CHURCH—LECTURE BY REV. J. W. Pedley, "The Make-Up of a Man," Thursday, March 23. Offering at the door. 99u

AUDITORIUM—PASSION PLAY REPRODUCED by cinematograph, at 2:30 and 8 p.m., today and every day this week. Admission 25c. 98i

MACCABEE CONCERT—TONIGHT AT Grand Opera House, 8 o'clock sharp. Miss Eva Roblyn, H. Ruthven McDonald, Imperial Quartet and other first-class talent. Admittance by complimentary ticket. b

VOICE CULTURE EVA N. ROBLYN. Studio, Bell Piano Parlors. Residence, No. 320, Dundas street. Concert engagements. Telephone 1,270. rt

SPECIAL CLOSING RECEPTION TERM for masters and misses begins at Palace Dancing Academy Saturday afternoon, March 25. Special rates, including closing reception day. Dayton & McCormick.

$45.00 MINIMUM FIRST CABIN rate Boston to Liverpool, via the popular Cunard steamships. Reduction for round trip tickets. Apply to F. B. Clarke, agent Cunard Line, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING—COME and learn the new dances, the Boston Schottische and the Society Cakewalk. The same careful attention given to teaching the waltz and two-step. Lessons any hour. R. B. Millard, teacher of dancing, 345 Princess avenue.

Meetings.

I. O. O. F.—DOMINION LODGE, NO. 48. Regular meeting this (Wednesday) evening. Visitors invited. Syd. Smyth, N. G.; Thos. D. Hastings, R. S. b



HEADQUARTERS 7TH Fusiliers, London, March 6, 1899. Regimental orders by Lt.-Col. A. M. Smith, commanding. No. 1—The regiment will parade for annual drill in drill order on Thursday, March 9, at 8 p.m., and thereafter on Monday and Thursday of each week at 8 p.m. until further orders. By order W. A. McCrimmon, Lieut.-Adjutant. b

School of Art & Design

Classes commencing March 6, 1899, in the Public Library. Evening classes, from 7:30 to 9:30.

Mechanical Drawing—Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Per term, $2.

Freehand Drawing—Tuesday and Thursday. Per term, $3.

Afternoon classes, from 2 to 4, Tuesday and Thursday. Per term, $5.

Morning classes, from 9:30 to 11:30, Saturday only. Per term, $2.

81tf E. ROSE, Principal.

Domestics Wanted.

RESPECTABLE WOMAN FOR GENERAL housework. Miss Priddis, Brook Farm, London township. 99k bw

WANTED — COOK — APPLY CITY HOSPITAL. 98c

WANTED—COOK AND KITCHEN GIRL—Apply Walsh House, King street. 97c

WANTED — HOUSEMAID — REFERENCE required. Apply Mrs. W. A. Gunn, 136 Kent street. 97c

WANTED—A GOOD COOK FOR OFFICERS' mess; good wages. Apply by letter to Mess Secretary, Wolseley Barracks, city. 97c

Miscellaneous.

DRESS SUITS TO RENT, IN FIRST-CLASS condition. A. P. Sainsbury, 90 King street.

We Take Pleasure

in informing you of the arrival of our superb stock of Spring and Summer Suitings and Overcoatings. The goods cover a wide range of strictly first-class fabrics, and the established reputation of the firm is a guarantee of satisfaction.

Your inspection is cordially invited.

Deeks & Munson,

393 Richmond Street

Two doors north of City Hall.

What Doctors Think Of Wearing Rubbers.

Here's the first law of health: Keep your feet dry. We all know it. We all know that pneumonia and consumption always start with a cold, and that the shortest cut to a cold is a pair of wet feet. But it's so important a matter that we can't be reminded too often, especially when the reminder carries the weight of authority.

Dr. Wendell C. Phillips, one of the most distinguished physicians in New York, was recently giving a lecture on "Colds, and How to Prevent Them." It was a rainy night, and he began:

"How many persons here wore rubbers tonight? Hands up.

"Not half of you. Now, that is what I thought. Every one of you should have rubbers on a night like this. To go without them is to invite colds, bronchial trouble, catarrh, and pneumonia. It is astonishing how people neglect their feet. Rubbers are 50 cents. You can save a lot of money on the investment—perhaps a ten-days' doctor bill, to say nothing of medicine."

We wish to remind you right here that we carry a most complete stock of the very best rubbers, and we always make it a point to fit the shoes properly.

J. P. Cook,

173 Dundas St.

What you want when you want it.

Agents Wanted.

IF YOU WANT MONEY, WE HAVE THE money-maker for live agents. We must have one in each municipality immediately in the twenty western counties of Ontario. It's the Cummings Churn. None ever made to equal it. Liberal contracts. Every agent protected in their territory. Butler & Wees, Thamesville, Ont. 93n xvz

AGENTS—WRITE US FOR PARTICULARS on our line of fast selling specialties; they sell in every house; agents now working are making $3 to $5 daily. The F. E. Karn Co., 128 Wellington street, Toronto.

Male Help Wanted.

WANTED — HORSESHOER — YOUNG man, good driver. Apply personally R. Mowat, 339 Talbot street. 97c eod

WANTED — TWO PRESSFEEDERS — Sentinel-Review office, Woodstock. 96u

CONFECTIONERS WANTED—A GOOD man on cocoanut and Jap work, etc., and a man for revolving pans. None but good, steady men need apply. The Lang Manufacturing Company, Montreal 96k

Articles For Sale.

FOR SALE—THREE HIGH-GRADE DIAMOND frame bicycles, slightly used; a bargain for cash purchaser. Apply 258 Dundas street, city.

FOR SALE—DELIVERY WAGON, HORSE and harness; also first-class phaeton buggy, very cheap. Box 162, this office. 99k

A SNAP—A NICE UPRIGHT PIANO—Walnut Burl Case, 7⅓ octaves. Practice pedal, only $175. Heintzman Co., 217 Dundas street.

BICYCLES, TIRES, CEMENT, GRAPHITE etc., etc. First-class bicycle repairing at lowest prices. D. McKenzie & Co., 374 Richmond street.

GO-CARTS AND BABY CARRIAGES from $1 75 to $20; some great snaps. Keene Bros.' Cash Bargain Furniture Store, 127 King street.

SAUSAGES AND BOLOGNA ARE ALL right when made right, and as fit to eat as fresh pork, ham or bacon. We sell the best pure Pork Sausages in the city, 7c lb., or 4 lbs. for 25c. We are still in the beef trade, but cut up nothing but front quarters of extra quality. Prices, 1c lb. higher all round, and still 1c lower than the shops. Fauld's Provision Store, 8 Market Lane. zxv

$5 PER TON—POCAHONTAS COAL for kitchen, ranges and furnaces. This coal sells quick. A car-load just arrived. Order immediately. Telephone 658, or call at F. B. Clarke's, Richmond street, next Advertiser. Bowman & Co. zxv

MERRY BELLS—WE MAKE BELLS and Brass Work. Our Babbit metals are equal to any, and cannot be beat. John Law, 121 Clarence street, London.

HAMS AND BACON, 10 CTS.; PICKELED pork, 9 cts.; long clears, 8 cts.; shoulder 6 cts. Pork sausage, bologna, jellied hocks, liver sausage, blood sausage, at Park's, corner Market Lane.

DIAMONDS REMOUNTED AND OLD jewelry made up-to-date at small expense J. T. Westland, 340 Richmond street, upstairs

BEST HARD COAL AND WOOD DELIVERED in all parts of the city. W. G. Eadey, 771 Dundas street. Phone 1,184.

FIRST-CLASS WOOD—HARD AND SOFT—stove lengths or cordwood. Prompt delivery to any part of the city. Prices reasonable. Phone 1,312. S. Gilles & Son, Sawmill, East London.

SHIPPING TAGS—AT CLOSE PRICES—Advertiser Job Department.

CUSTOM PAPERS OF ALL KINDS ALWAYS on hand at Advertiser Job Department. You can have them in large or small quantities.

Real Estate.

FOR SALE—FINE FARM AND CITY properties cheap. Easy terms. Low interest. G. W. Francis, 90 Dundas street, London.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST CORNER lots in London; Princess and Colborne; heart of city; cheap. E. J. L., this office. 81n

FOR SALE—FINE TWO-STORY BRICK residence, with all modern conveniences, near the park; will be sold cheap as owner is leaving the city. Nice new cottage on Richmond street; furnace, bath and closet. Call for particulars. J. F. Sangster, 403 Richmond street.

Houses, Etc., To Let.

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE, STANLEY street; nine rooms; four blocks from market and station. George Rowntree, grocer. 99ou

TO LET—TWO 2-STORY BRICK HOUSES, Piccadilly street. Also store on Dundas street. Apply J. P. Thompson, Pocock Bros. 95i vtzxv

TO LET—100-ACRE FARM SUITABLE FOR dairy purposes; also 5 acres of land with story and a half brick house; both within two miles of the city. Apply W. T. Westby, 109 Dundas street. 96tf

TO LET—JOHN BIGGS, THE FURNITURE mover, 22 years with London Furniture Co., will do you a good job. Call phone 310.

TO LET—493 TALBOT STEET—MODERN appointments. Possession on April 1. For particulars apply Mrs. Fitzgerald, present tenant. 95tf

TO LET—NO. 427 KING STREET—APPLY at 338 King street. 66tf

Insurance.

A. N. UDY—GENERAL INSURANCE Agent, over C. P. R. ticket office. Telephone 736.

Other Companies Issue

the 20-year instalment policies, so that your beneficiary is sure of an income for 20 years after you are called away. So do we. But if she lives more than the 20 years—ah, there's the rub!

The Ontario Mutual Life Issues the Continuous Instalment Policy

which guarantees to pay the amount of the policy in 20 annual instalments whether the beneficiary lives or dies. But if she lives longer than the 20 years the same annual payment is made to her AS LONG AS SHE SHALL LIVE. You see the excellence of the plan?

C. E. GERMAN, General Agent.

Female Help Wanted

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS SALESWOMAN for mantle department. Apply T. F. Kingsmill. 98c

THREE ACTIVE LADIES TO REPRESENT Robinson Corset Company of London. Good salary and expenses paid. Apply (personally) at 375 Clarence street. 93ba

Marriage Licenses.

MARRIAGE LICENSES AT SHUFF'S Drug Store, 540 Dundas street east, corner William. Trolley cars pass the door. No witnesses required.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED—OFFICE Adkins' Jewelry Store, East London. No witnesses required.

WM. H. WESTON, ISSUER OF MARRIAGE licenses, 64 Stanley street. No witnesses required.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOS. GILLEAN Jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 80 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Johnston's Shoe Store, 198 Dundas street. No witnesses required. Residence 394 Dundas.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. Residence 289 Dufferin avenue.

Educational.

A BUSINESS EDUCATION FOR $10—Ten dollars pays for a four months course at the London Business University, provided students enter not later than April 1. Thorough instruction; latest methods; satisfactory results. W. N. Yerex, B. C., Principal. 95i tzxvt

THE HARDING HALL GIRLS' SCHOOL LIMITED.

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL.

Summer term commences April 19. Physical culture and elocution classes have begun Kindergarten branch is held in a room in Conservatory of Music building, Dundas street. For calendars and other information apply to Mrs. J. E. Wells, 661 Talbot street, London.

Wanted.

WANTED—ROCK WELL AUGER BORING rig. Apply Mitchell Innes, Glencoe. 98c

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GENTLEMEN'S cast-off clothing. A. P. Sainsbury, 90 King street. Mail orders attended to

MORTGAGE SALE

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain mortgage dated the 8th day of August, 1890, made by Jacob Burkholder to the vendors, there will, under power of sale contained in said mortgage, be sold by public auction by Mr. J. W. Jones, Auctioneer, at his auction rooms, No. 242 Dundas street, on Thursday, March 23, 1899, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., the following property, viz: Those parcels of land and premises, situated in the City of London, being composed of parts of lots numbered twelve and thirteen on the south side of Maple street, described as follows: Commencing in the westerly limit of Richmond street at the distance of 120 feet from the southeast corner of said lot number thirteen, thence northerly along said westerly limit of Richmond street 20 feet, more or less, to the northerly limit of a brick wall, thence westerly parallel to Maple street 100 feet, more or less, to the easterly limit of a lane leading to Maple street, thence southerly along the said easterly limit of the said lane 20 feet, thence easterly parallel to Maple street 100 feet, more or less, to the place of beginning, together with a right of way in, over and upon the said lane, which said parcel of land hereby conveyed is otherwise known as lot number seven on the west side of Richmond street in the subdivision of said lots twelve and thirteen.

There is a fine brick shop on the premises. As a business stand it is excellent, being No. 491 on the west side of Richmond street. The building is three stories high, has gas, water, bathroom, etc., and has until lately been occupied as a retail drug store.

Terms of sale—Ten per cent of the purchase money will be required to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance within fourteen days thereafter. A portion of the purchase money may be secured by mortgage on the property.

For further particulars apply to GREENLEES & BECHER, Vendor's Solicitors, London, Canada.

Or to J. W. JONES, Auctioneer, 242 Dundas street.

Dated London, March 7, 1899. 88c wwx

SMALLPOX IN ROCHESTER.

Rochester, N. Y., March 22.—The health authorities discovered late last night that Angus McRae, a member of the United States cavalry, who came here from Montana ten days ago, was afflicted with smallpox. He was removed to the hospital and the inmates of the house put under quarantine.

JOCKEY STABBED TO DEATH.

San Francisco, Cal., March 22.—John Epperson, a jockey, and part owner of the horses Texarkana and Bessie Lee, has been stabbed to death by James J. Gilligan, a horse rubber. The men had been enemies for a long time. When they met a quarrel ensued, which soon led to a fight. Gilligan was getting the worst of the encounter, when he drew a pocket-knife and plunged its keen blade in the jockey's jugular vein, causing a wound which proved fatal in a very short time. Gilligan admits he killed Epperson, but claims he acted in self-defense.

Catarrhozone.

Will cure—absolutely cure—catarrh. You have found stuffs, washes and ointments disgusting and useless. You do not believe anything will cure catarrh. Well, SEND FOR A FREE PREPAID SAMPLE of Catarrhozone and see for yourself. It is like a whiff from the pine woods carried by the air directly to the diseased parts, but it cleanses as by fire. You breathe—it does the rest. Write at once to N. C. Polson & Co., Kingston, Ont.

Frontier Line Fixed

Great Britain and France Reach an Agreement

Regarding the Boundary Lines in the Nile Valley.

China Apologizes to Italy—Rhodes Makes an Arrangement With the German Government Re Telegraph Lines.

London, March 22.—The convention between Great Britain and France, defining their respective frontiers in the Valley of the Nile, has been signed by the Marquis of Salisbury and the French ambassador, M. Paul Cambon, respectively. The exact frontier from the northern line of the Belgian Congo to latitude 15 is to be determined by a mixed commission, it being agreed that Great Britain shall retain Bahr-el-Ghazel, with Darfur; France keeping Itadi (or Wady), west of Darfur; Begermi, south of Lake Chad; Kanem, north of Lake Chad, and, generally speaking, the territory east and north of Lake Chad, lying north of the 15th parallel. The French sphere will extend south of the tropic of Cancer to the western limit of the Libyan desert. The signatories agree to equality of commercial treatment from the Nile to Lake Chad, and between the 5th and 15th parallel of latitude. The latter clause permits France to establish houses on the Nile and its affluents. The signatories undertake to refrain from exercising political or territorial rights outside the frontier fixed by the convention.

FRANCE AND CHINA.

The Pekin correspondent of the Times says: France has withdrawn her objections to the extension of the cosmopolitan settlement at Shanghai, on conditions that have been accepted by the foreign consuls, and it now devolves on the British and German ministers to insist upon the immediate granting of the extension.

THE DERVISH SLAUGHTER.

The dispatch of Lord Cromer, embodying the reply of Gen. Lord Kitchener regarding the alleged mutilation and useless slaughter of dervishes in the battle of Omdurman, has been laid before parliament. The sirdar says that the only wounded dervishes killed by his troops were those who feigned death in order to obtain opportunities for killing. "Whatever was done," he continues, "was done with all possible considerations of humanity." The sirdar justifies the destruction of the tomb of the mahdi and the dispersal of the prophet's remains, on the ground that, if the mausoleum had been left intact and unharmed it would become the center of fanatical pilgrimages, causing endless trouble. He himself ordered the demolition. Lord Cromer indorses the statements of Gen. Kitchener.

THE INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION.

London, March 22.—In the House of Commons, Sir Charles Dilke (Liberal) asked regarding the report that the Anglo-American-Canadian commission had failed to agree over the Alaskan boundary issue. Mr. Broderick replied that the joint commission had agreed to preserve absolute secrecy as to its proceedings. Inexact accounts had crept out, but it would be extremely undesirable for him to give either contradiction or affirmation. These reports must be accepted with considerable reserve.

RHODES' SUCCESS.

In the reichstag, Herr Richter, German Radical leader, asked the government for information on the subject of the negotiations progressing with Mr. Cecil Rhodes. The minister of foreign affairs said that negotiations for a railroad through German East Africa were still in progress, but an agreement had been reached regarding the laying of the telegraph line through the East African protectorate, in which the rights and supremacy of German interests were fully safeguarded. The agreement arrived at includes the erection by the Trans-African Telegraph Company of a second wire through German territory for the exclusive use of the German Government.

Emperor William, it is said, will confer the Order of the Crown of Prussia upon Mr. Cecil Rhodes.

MISSIONARIES MURDERED.

The Liverpool correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says information has been received there from Sierra Leone, on the west coast of Africa, that two daughters of an American missionary are held in captivity by the natives of the Medni district, their parents being tortured and killed. The British colonial authorities are investigating the case.

THE POPE'S CONDITION.

Rome, March 22.—The pope's physicians report his general health good, and the seat of the recent operation in excellent condition. He expressed deep grief at the false stories circulated as to his health, especially the reports about a second operation, which had so disturbed Catholics. After their visit the physicians declared that his condition of health, all things considered, could not be better.

THOSE EXPLOSIONS.

Paris, March 22.—According to an official statement regarding the explosion last evening in a laboratory attached to the war department, it occurred in the course of experiments in mixing gases intended to light railway cars. Another account says it was due to experiments made for the purpose of ascertaining the cause of the Toulon and Bourges explosions, and that it shows that the Toulon catastrophe was the result of carelessness. Seven persons were injured, three of them seriously, by last night's explosion.

CABLE NOTES.

Baroness Von Donovokberg, according to a dispatch to the Rome Tribuna from Pisa, has just been robbed of jewels valued at 107,000 francs and cash to the amount of 3,900 francs. Suspicion points to a servant who has disappeared.

The Rome Opinione revives the story that Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, has secured several millions from English and French bankers, and will soon enter Spain.

Emperor William has just witnessed a practical demonstration of wireless tlegraphy on board the German third-class cruiser Grief at Keil.

In Berlin alone this month there were over 200 deaths from influenza. The schools have been closed in East Prussia this week owing to the spread of the disease.

Prince Henry of Prussia has started from Berlin for Nagasaki, Japan, to look after German naval interests.

Spain's financial situation, it is said, is very bad. She will need about $170,000,000 a year hereafter, and her revenues have never yielded more than $155,000,000.

W. H. Millais, the artist, brother of the late Sir John Everett Millais, president of the Royal Academy, is dead.

A splendid shield sent by the American Society of London occupied the place of honor at the head of the casket containing the remains of the late Baron Herschell, and in the railroad car scores of wreaths were placed about the casket. The emblems of the Queen and the Prince of Wales were the only ones placed on the lid of the casket.

News from Brussels revives the rumor that Cardinal Gibbons may be the next pope.

Spain's queen-regent has signed the decree giving Jules Cambon, French ambassador at Washington, full power to represent Spain at the exchange of the ratifications of the treaty of peace.

MARION BROWN BEFORE THE BAR

Proceedings in the Toohey Murder Case Begun.

Trouble Experienced in Securing a Jury—A Large Number of Jurors Challenged and Set Aside.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

The notorious one-legged colored tramp, Marion Brown, alias Thomas Allen, was placed on trial for his life this morning at the Middlesex spring assizes, before Mr. Justice MacMahon, charged with the murder of P. C. Michael Toohey, on June 24, 1898. At 8 o'clock curious spectators began to arrive at the court house, but the doors were kept locked, and the witnesses, lawyers and jurymen were admitted at the back entrance. At 10 o'clock fully 400 people surrounded the main entrance, waiting admission, and when the doors were opened a few minutes later there was a wild rush for the court room. The building shook with the vibration of the steady stamping, and the place was filled to overflowing when the judge took his seat, an exceptionally large number of ladies being present. The prisoner's counsel, Messrs. McPhillips and Toothe, and the crown counsel, Mr. W. Lount, Q.C., and James Magee, Q.C., occupied seats at the same table, opposite each other.

Brown was arrested on Sept. 24, at North Yakima, Washington, and brought here on Oct. 15, 1898.

THE PRISONER IN COURT.

At 10 o'clock the prisoner was led into the court room. Brown looks well, and is if anything a little stouter than when placed in jail here. He wore a grayish brown suit, white shirt, turn-down collar and black tie. He was visited by Rev. Robert Johnston a short time before his appearance in court today and appeared to be as cool and collected as ever.

When the judge took his seat at 10:10, Brown was engaged in sizing up the ladies seated in the jury box to the prisoner's left.

When the jury list was called, five of the 48 were absent. Prisoner's counsel asked for some reason for this. He wished to have them all present as he anticipated some difficulty in securing a jury. A smile overspread the prisoner's face as he stood looking at the jury while the judge and counsel were discussing a technical point respecting the challenging of jurors.

CHALLENGING BEGUN.

Twelve names were then called. John C. Scott, Strathroy, was challenged for cause by prisoner's counsel. The two next, William Gillespie and James McLeod, were appointed tryers. Scott was then put into the box and sworn. He had read the account of the preliminary trial to some extent, but not all.

Q.—Have you formed any opinion as to whether or not the prisoner is the man? A.—No, sir.

The judge and the crown counsel said this was an improper question. "All you can ask," continued the judge, "is whether this juryman has formed any opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner."

This question was put and witness replied that he had not. The tryers found Scott eligible.

The judge then told Mr. McPhillips that he could challenge him peremptorily. This he did, and Mr. Scott was asked to retire.

Wm. Gillespie was the first juryman sworn.

James McLeod, West Williams, and John McAuliffe, Parkhill, were also objected to by prisoner's counsel, and they, too, retired.

Wellington Hodgins, of Lucan, was challenged for cause. On being sworn he admitted that he had been a personal friend of the murdered policeman. The matter had been talked over in Lucan, and he had, after reading the papers, concluded that the prisoner was the guilty man. He did not think he was capable of an unbiased determination between the prisoner and the crown.

John Turnbull, Westminster, was challenged peremptorily by prisoner's counsel for cause. Mr. Turnbull admitted having formed the opinion that Brown was the murderer, and was still of that opinion.

Capt. Henry Garnet was set aside by the crown, after having satisfied the prisoner's counsel that he was indifferent.

Humphrey Badge, undertaker, of Mount Brydges, on being challenged, was put into the box. He admitted that he may have expressed an opinion, but was not certain. Mr. James Crawford, ex-policeman, was called, and it was shown that Mr. Badge and Mr. Crawford conversed about the matter, and something had been said then about the prisoner's guilt.

The Judge—If Mr. Crawford or anybody else went to any juryman for the purpose of getting an opinion it was highly improper.

Mr. McPhillips assured the court that such was not the case. Mr. Badge did not think he could give prisoner an impartial trial.

Anthony Niven, Biddulph, was allowed to take his place in the box unchallenged.

J. A. McAlpine, Glencoe, was challenged by the prisoner's counsel. He admitted having expressed an opinion that prisoner was guilty.

Fred Rapley, of Adelaide, was challenged for cause. Under oath he told Mr. McPhillips that he thought he could give the prisoner an impartial trial. A moment afterwards he admitted having formed a conclusive opinion that the prisoner was guilty. He was retired.

F. H. Walden, Elginfield, was challenged. He admitted, under examination by prisoner's counsel, that he never read the daily papers, and had formed no opinion as to the prisoner's guilt. He had admitted to a juryman that it would be difficult to secure evidence to convict the prisoner. This satisfied Mr. McPhillips. Mr. Walden was set aside by the crown.

The crown has the privilege of challenging . The defense has the privilege of challenging twenty without cause, and any number with cause.

Alex. Graham, Lobo, challenged for cause. He expressed an opinion that Brown was the guilty party, and still thought so.

Thomas Kennedy, Delaware, was the third juryman accepted.

Clayton Adams, North Dorchester, was retired by the defense. He admitted having an opinion that the prisoner was guilty.

J. D. Sifton, Metcalfe, being unchallenged by either side, was sworn.

Dougal D. Gray, Lobo, was challenged by prisoner's counsel. He admitted having formed an opinion on the prisoner's guilt.

James Breen, of London township, challenged by Mr. McPhillips. He had formed no opinion of the prisoner's guilt or innocence, but would much rather not be on the jury. If he must go, he would give the prisoner a fair trial. Mr. Breen was found eligible to sit. Mr. McPhillips objected peremptorily, and after some argument, the objection was allowed.

(Continued on Page 6.)

SKAGUAY MAILS

Story of Their Being Lost or Destroyed for Lack of Canadian Stamps Flatly Denied.

San Francisco, Cal., March 22.—The report from Skaguay, that tons of mail are being lost or destroyed at that place, and that Canadian mail carriers refuse to handle the letters unless they bear Canadian postage, is emphatically denied by Assistant Superintendent Harry Lewis, of the railway mail service. He admits that a large amount of mail accumulated at Skaguay during the winter months, and it was impossible to get over the summit in February. Three carriers are already on their way to Tana, on the Yukon, by way of Skaguay, Dawson, Circle City, Forty Mile, and other camps.

Mr. Lewis says the Canadian postal authorities have never refused to afford every facility for the dispatch of letters going through their territory.

Mrs. Augusta Schmidt, the German baroness convicted of murder five years ago, and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment, has been paroled by Governor Mount, of Indiana, out of consideration for her small children. Her defense at the time of the trial was that she acted in defense against criminal assault.

Brushes.

Everything That Bespeaks Quality In Hair, Cloth, Nail And Tooth Brushes.

We have a most complete stock to select from, at close prices.

Try our famous English Tooth Brush—each one guaranteed to be perfect. Your money back or a new brush if not satisfied.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE, Druggists, etc. 216 Dundas Street, London. Branch—Cor. Richmond and Piccadilly.



Something New.

BEST VALUE EVER OFFERED IN CANADIAN LAMP OIL.

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SIR CHAS. A. CAMERON, M.D.

Laurier's Speech

In Reply to Sir Charles Tupper.

The Opposition Leader Scathingly Rebuked.

The Achievements of the Government Set Forth.

The Infamous Gerrymander To Be Repealed—The Issues of the Day Treated in a Masterly Manner.

Ottawa, March 22.—The speech made yesterday by Sir Wilfrid Laurier was one of the best, if not the very best, he has ever delivered in parliament. It was eloquent, luminous, clear, aggressive, and marked by flashes of humor and satire that roused the frequent enthusiasm of his friends and brought the flush of anger to the faces of his opponents. The truth is that ever since the Liberal Government took office they have been defamed, misrepresented, pelted with abuse and ridicule, and subjected generally to such treatment as was never before dealt out to a Canadian Government. Sir Wilfrid Laurier showed yesterday that he could carry the war into the ranks of the opposition, and that he was well able to defend his administration against the bluster, audacity and misrepresentation of Sir Charles Tupper and his associates. It was time that the hue and cry of the Tupper partisans was checked, and the task was done most effectually by the prime minister. It was a sturdy, manly speech, a speech perfect in its plan and statesmanlike in its purpose.

It was noticeable that while Sir Wilfrid Laurier spoke almost every seat in the house was occupied, that the galleries were crowded, and that no member left the chamber during his speech, while Mr. Foster during most of the time he had the floor spoke to half-filled galleries, and not half of the Conservative members were in their places. The speech of the prime minister had a distinctly depressing effect upon the opposition.

TUPPER'S PROLIXITY.

When the premier rose to reply to the speech of Sir Charles Tupper he was greeted with tremendous applause from the ministerial benches, and it was some time before quiet was sufficiently restored for Sir Wilfrid to speak. The premier administered a stinging rebuke to Sir Charles for taking up so much of the house's time the day before. Said Sir Wilfrid: "There is no rule of this house, no law of man, to prevent redundancy and prolixity. Human nature can only suffer in silence; but if it be true that a day must come some time when every man has to account for every vain, idle and useless word spoken by him, I pity the fate of the honorable gentleman. The honorable gentleman spoke at great length. I do not mean to say that he said much. On the contrary, and in so saying I place myself in the judgment of every member of this house, that in that deluge of words there were more adjectives than ideas, more scolding than argument; and if I were to characterize the speech of the honorable gentleman, I think I would not be too severe in saying it was nothing but the vaporing of a much-disappointed man, seeking wide and far in order, if possible, to find a weak point in the armor of his opponents where he could plant a deadly blow. Looking at my honorable friend yesterday, and listening to him, I could not but be reminded of the old blind King of Bohemia on the battlefield, who was valiant, no doubt, but blind, and who rushed about striking right and left, but doing no harm to anybody but himself. Sir, notwithstanding my honorable friend's effort to be vicious, I may be permitted to pay him a compliment. There are many things to admire in him; but I admire his juvenile ardor, I admire his valor, but I cannot admire his logic, discretion or judgment. And, therefore, as his words were not the outcome of sound judgment, they cannot be more effective here than they were in West Huron.

My honorable friend is like the Bourbons—he has learned nothing and he has forgotten nothing. Certainly he has not forgotten his own speeches, because the speech of yesterday I have heard to my certain knowledge three or four, if not five, times already, even to the quotation from Mr. David A. Wells."

AN IDLE BOAST.

In reply to Sir Charles Tupper's statement that the Liberal party had done nothing for Canada, Sir Wilfrid said:

"Speaking of the administration, Sir Charles Tupper said we had done nothing whatever, and that in everything we had done we had shown utter and complete incapacity. Well, sir, I will be more courteous to the honorable gentleman. I accept his challenge, but I will be more courteous to him than he was to me. I will not charge him with utter and complete incapacity, I will say, on the contrary, that the honorable gentleman is an extraordinary man, a most marvelous man, a most unique man—for conceit, for vigorous talking, for waving his oratorical sword, for pulverizing his opponents, that the honorable gentleman never had his equal since the days of ancient Pistol, and I do not believe that even Pistol himself would do better than hold second place to him. But it is evident the honorable gentleman does not look at things from the common level of ordinary mortals; he does not look at things from the level of simple reason, but from the mighty altitude to which he has upraised his gigantic but childish vanity. From that altitude he once proclaimed to the world that he had made Canada. Why, there are men on the other side of the house who believed that Sir John Macdonald had something to do with making Canada, who believed that George Brown also contributed his share, who believed that George Etienne Cartier, was also instrumental in this great work. But the honorable gentleman dismisses them all with the wave of his hand, and from the altitude he has assumed, he says: 'I made Canada!' And from the same altitude he says, 'These gentlemen on the other side are incapable,' and there is as much truth in the one statement as in the other; people smile at one as they smile at the other."

"I am not in the habit—I think I can claim that, at all events, if nothing else—of blowing my own trumpet or of sounding my own praises. Though I do not admit my utter incapacity, yet I proclaim the capacity of the honorable gentleman more than he himself proclaims it, in one thing, and that is saying a great deal. But I have simply this to say: If in the discharge of the duties as advisers to the crown, as trustees to the people, as administrators of the affairs of this country, we had shown as little capacity as has been shown by the honorable gentleman when he was in office, I would go and hide myself for very vexation and shame."

Sir Wilfrid cited the settlement of the Manitoba school question, the inauguration of the imperial and domestic penny postage, the reform of the tariff, the perfecting of cold storage, the extension of the Intercolonial to Montreal, and the reduction of C. P. R. freights by which the people of the Northwest saved $600,000 a year, as among the achievements of the Liberal Government. On the prohibition question Sir Wilfrid said: "The government have broken no pledge to the prohibitionists, because the prohibitionists themselves never made any demand." Sir Wilfrid said there never was a man who expected at the time the plebiscite was taken that there would be the duty imposed on the government of introducing a prohibitory measure unless at least one-half of the electorate recorded their votes in favor of that policy. He quoted Rev. Dr. Potts, Rev. Mr. Patterson, secretary of the Canadian Temperance League, who all declared the vote did not warrant the introduction of prohibition.

SENATE REFORM.

Speaking of the "reform" of the senate, he said that the resolutions would be submitted to the senate, as well as the commons. It was not intended to destroy confederation, nor to abolish the senate, but to improve the senate and perfect federation. The senate as at present constituted was an anomaly, as it was not responsible to either the crown or the people, and, far from wanting to abolish it, he wanted to improve it.

THE INFAMOUS GERRYMANDER.

Speaking of the proposed redistribution of constituencies, the premier said: "He (Sir Charles Tupper) condemns it in advance, because to him, I regret to say, and to his party the word redistribution means gerrymander. There is a sinister import in the very word. Again, I say to my honorable friend that he may possess his soul in patience. He said we wanted to play with loaded dice. No; our effort is to unload the dice. (Cheers.) Who loaded the dice, I want to know? Who loaded the dice with the infamous franchise act? Who loaded the dice with the still more infamous redistribution bill? Who carved the province of Ontario into monuments of shapeless deformity to the eye, and of even greater deformity to every instinct of right and justice? Sir, the honorable gentleman asked me yesterday where was our constitutional power to pass the act we proposed. I answer the constitutional power of the House of Commons to undo every wrong and to give justice to those who have suffered wrong. (Hear, hear.) We do not propose, assuredly, to increase the number of members of the house, but it is our aim and purpose to undo the great wrong, the supreme injustice, which was done against the liberties of the people in 1882. (Cheers.) Let me say to the honorable gentleman that I should be ashamed of myself if we were to follow in the path trodden by himself and his friends. We do not want any loaded dice; what we want is to have fair play for them as well as for us. We are here in the consciousness of our strength, and, so help me God, I think we shall have that strength in the hearts of the people, but never by such methods as were resorted to by the honorable gentleman. (Cheers.)

OCEAN PROJECTS.

With reference to the fast Atlantic service, he admitted the government had done nothing, but he hoped it would be able to do something sometime.

As to the Pacific cable he promised that an announcement would be made shortly.

THE WASHINGTON COMMISSION.

Next he took up the Washington commission, and defended the commission from the charges made against it of taking a very long time to do very little. "We had ten or twelve subjects to deal with; we had the Atlantic fisheries for one, the Bering Sea fisheries for another, the Alaska boundary for another, the bonding privileges for another, the reciprocity question for another, the alien labor law for another, the inland water fisheries for another, and two or three more which I forget at this moment. Having to deliberate upon all these subjects within six months, it seems to me that we had not any too much time. But that is not all; we were much delayed by various circumstances; for instance, the untimely sickness and death of Mr. Dingley."

Sir Wilfrid paid eloquent tributes to the late William Dingley and to Lord Hehschell. Of the latter he said: "I was grieved to see in some Canadian newspapers last fall the statement that Lord Herschell was trying to settle some of the questions at issue by a sacrifice of Canadian interests. Sir, there never was a more false statement made in the press, and I hope the Canadian newspapers will at once endeavor to repair the evil which they have done in this respect and to proclaim, as I have a right to do, speaking from knowledge of Lord Herschell, that he thought of Canada not only with enthusiasm but with conviction and devotion."

Sir Wilfrid reviewed the history of the 1891 electoral campaign, quoting Mr. Blaine (the secretary of state of the United States) to Sir Julian Pauncefote, and a letter to Sir John Macdonald from Sir Charles Tupper, who was then at Washington, showing that the Conservative Government was at that time attempting to negotiate a treaty with the United States, the initiative in the matter having been taken by Canada.

A SPLENDID PERORATION.

In concluding Sir Wilfrid said:

Now, sir, I have nothing more to do at present. I have done; but before I close I must express my gratitude to the hon. gentleman that in this last speech which he has delivered he has shown himself once more, and perhaps more than ever, as he is—reckless, extravagant, unreliable, ever ready to pander to passion and prejudice, ever ready to gamble away the most sacred interests of this country for the chance of a party advantage. As to us, who have now been in office less than three years, upon our record, such as it is, I claim we can appeal with some degree of confidence not only to the impartial judgment of history, but to the fair verdict of men now living. I do not claim that we have been free from imperfection or infirmity, but I do claim that we have done some lasting service to this country — service which will live in the hearts and minds of the people, and which will still bear fruit a long time after the last of us has lain down in the grave. Sir, I claim this, and I claim it with some degree of confidence. We have closed an era, painful and dangerous in the history of our country; we have healed some burning sores which were fast eating into the very hearts of our people; we have brought harmony and peace where discord had long reigned; we have reconciled men long estranged by bitter strife; we have taught them to have confidence in themselves and one another, and, above all things, we have taught them to have faith, and an abiding faith in the institutions under which we have the honor to live. This further I claim, we have closed an area and have opened another in the history of the trade relations of the empire. We have removed from our limbs the shackles which were impediments to freer trade within the broad domains of our empire, and the policy we have thus introduced we shall pursue with care and confidence, and without undue haste, and with an ever-vigilent eye, and determination and courage to move and to act at the proper time and the proper season. (Loud and long continued applause.)

MR. FOSTER REPLIES.

Mr. Foster replied to the premier. He attacked the preferential tariff, saying it had not turned the tide in Britain's favor. Opinion was divided on the benefit of imperial penny postage. It was a boon to those whose business could have carried the burden of the old rate, but the difference would be made up by the poorer classes. The Liberals had not carried out their tariff reform pledges. The tariff was a protective one, and showed only a slight decrease of taxation by customs. Mr. Oliver and Mr. Richardson, both Manitoba Liberal M. P.s, called upon the government to redeem its pledges of tariff reform, while Mr. Sifton had called the tariff a dead issue. The items on the dutiable list had been only decreased from 486 to 462; out of 175 items bearing specific duties in the old tariff, 147 remain in the new. The amount of customs taxation was $19,800,000 in 1896, and over $22,000,000 in 1898. This year it would be $6,000,000 more than in 1896. Our total trade with England in 1897-98 had increased only $800,000, compared with 1895-96, while with the United States it had increased by $31,000,000. The government was going to prevent monopolies, but under its nose the Standard Oil Company had fastened its grip on the coal oil resources of the Dominion. The tinkered tariff had closed down some industries and opened up no new ones. Its real weakness would be shown in the test time of adversity. The preceding and not the present government should have the credit for introducing cold storage. Mr. Foster defended the action of the senate in throwing out the Drummond railway deal, by which he claimed the country had saved a million dollars by the revision of the bargain. The reduction of freight rates by the C. P. R. was no occasion for the government to boast, as the C. P. R. had resolved to reduce the rates before the government gave them two millions more to build the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. Mr. Foster ridiculed the government for its alleged bungling in the fast Atlantic steamship matter. He twitted Sir Wilfrid Laurier for saying there was no desire in Canada for reciprocity with the United States. The Liberal leaders had for years contended that reciprocity was indispensable to the welfare of this country. They had given to the United States free corn, free binder twine, and other advantages, so that they went to Washington with nothing to offer the United States. The speaker denied that the increased expenditure was caused by the deepening of the canals, for the canals were three-quarters finished when the government came into power. He charged Sir Wilfrid Laurier with breaking faith with the prohibitionists.

Sir Richard Cartwright spoke briefly, and moved the adjournment of the debate, which he will continue today.

Taking chances in business matters is bad policy. Taking chances with your health is the next thing to suicide. Don't let a little illness have its own way until it gets stronger than yourself. Stamp it out now. ABBEY'S EFFERVESCENT SALT will do it. It's daily use regulates health—cures and prevents disease. All druggists sell this standard English preparation at 60c a large bottle; trial size, 25c.

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And as the days speed on we redouble our efforts to clear out the immense stock as rapidly as possible; and realizing that sweeping reductions of stock means sweeping reductions of prices, we have applied the pruning knife vigorously in every department, and the saving which you can make on these purchases is of importance to every thoughtful purchaser.

THURSDAY MORNING

we commence a clearance of our complete stock of Toiletware, comprising upwards of

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which we intend to sell at PRICES NEVER BEFORE OFFERED. To come early is to get first and best choice, as the prices will quickly transfer the pick of these goods from our store to the homes of thrifty buyers.

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A CLASH

Between the Salvation Army and Volunteers at Chicago.

Chicago, March 22.—The recent clash between the Salvation Army and Volunteers during a street parade of the latter, and headed by General Ballington Booth, has resulted in a deal of trouble between the two organizations. The showing by magic lantern of a deathbed picture of Ballington Booth's mother at the moment of General Ballington Booth's appearance, has caused much bitterness, and at a council of the general officers of the Volunteers, the following statement was given out:

"We, the undersigned, 77 staff and field commanding officers, assembled in the regimental council, desire to express our opinion that, while it will be generally conceded by the many friends and associates of the Volunteers that General and Mrs. Ballington Booth have acted with discretion in withholding from the press and platform their feelings respecting the recent actions of the Salvation Army, both wishing to avoid any resurrection of public controversy, yet, that injustice to our many Volunteers and friends in and around Chicago, and in contradiction of certain statements, it is only right and fair that we should express our admiration of the Christian spirit exhibited by the Volunteers in the face of manifestations of the unchristian and unamerican spirit on the part of the Salvationists yesterday.

"We were having a peaceable parade, witnessed by hundreds of people, when we were grieved and shocked to witness the action of certain officers of the Salvation army. General Booth's mother's picture was put on the screen just as he passes, purposely to create the impression that he made vows to the Salvation Army at her death bed when, as we all know, at the time of her death he was in Maryland, United States of America. Further in the presence of our leader, General Booth, Brigadier General Fielding, Colonel James Keppel and others, one Salvation army staff officer said, with a hiss through his teeth, 'Hurrah for Major Moore's army,' a name associated with a reputed scandal. Another member shouted, shaking his fist in our faces, 'You devils, you," while a third, who was also an officer, pointing to the picture on the screen, said: 'Look at them, how can they do it, when you made vows at your mother's bed?'

"We take this as an insult to our leader and our visiting officers to the city of Chicago, and feel that as citizens we have a right to demand a public apology from Lieut.-Col. French, as it is a distinct breach of the contract made between General Ballington Booth and his father, General William Booth.

"It is such actions as these which have brought from the Salvation Army to the Volunteers during the last few weeks, Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. Keppel, Brigadier and Mrs. Marshall, Staff-Captain Thomas, Adjutant and Mrs. Johnson, Staff-Captain and Mrs. Leech, Adjutant Fryer, Major Lenox, Captain, and Mrs. Beedy, Captain and Mrs. Turk, Captain Tamming and many others, whom we could name.

"Furthermore, that this statement be tendered to the Associated Press.

"Signed by the Staff and Field Officers."

There are about 350 female blacksmiths in Great Britain.

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GET THE GENUINE.

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WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.

SPORTING MATTERS

Death of a Well-Known Jockey at Toronto—Lincoln Spring Meeting—Other Events.

TURF.

DEATH OF JOCKEY BLAYLOCK.

Toronto, March 22.—William Henry Blaylock, better known as Harry Blaylock, the well-known jockey, died Monday night, the result of a stroke of paralysis sustained on Friday last. Harry Blaylock in his day shared with McLaughlin the reputation as the premier jockey of America. He was as honest as he was capable and successful, and never threw a race. At one time he was chief jockey to Pierre Lorillard, the New York horse owner, who paid him $10,000 a year and allowed him the privilege of taking other mounts. Later he rode for Joseph Seagram.

NEW ORLEANS EVENTS.

First race, selling, 1 1-16 miles—Jessie S. won, Prince Zeno 2, Rushfields 3. Time, 1:50.

Second race, 1 mile and 20 yards—Uhlers won, Brown Vail 2, Caslin 3. Time, 1:45.

Third race, 1⅛ miles, over four hurdles—Udah won. Inflammator 2, Partner 3. Time, 2:03½.

Fourth race, 6½ furlongs—Gold Fox won, Merry Day 2, Takanasse 3. Time, 1:02¼.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs, selling—Meddler won, Bertha Nell 2, Alice 3. Time, 1:16.

Sixth race, selling, 6 furlongs—Frederick won, Chat of Me 2, Whirtemanteline 3. Time, 1:16½.

AT OAKLAND, CAL.

First race, 7-16 mile, selling—Prestome won, Rachel C. 2, Fidelia 3. Time, :43.

Second race, 5 furlongs, selling—Bonibel won, Casdale 2, Campus 3. Time, 1:02½.

Third race, 7-16 mile, selling—Basseda won, Bamboulia 2, Giga 3. Time, :42½.

Fourth race, 1 mile, selling—Obsidian won, Malay 2, Montanus 3. Time, 1:42.

Fifth race, Futurity course, selling—Stamina won, Sir Urian 2, Con Dalton 3. Time, 1:14½.

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling—Robert Bonner won, Ben Amela 2, Potente 3. Time, 1:42½.

THE LINCOLN SPRING MEETING.

London, March 22.—At the Lincoln spring meeting, the Sudbrooke plate was won by Lady Panet. Swirl, with Tod Sloane in the saddle, was unplaced. There were 19 horses in the event, and the betting was 5 to 1 against Swirl.

The Lincolnshire handicap was won by General Peace, owned by Captain Bewicke. Lord William Beresford's 6-year-old Knight of the Thistle, with Sloane up, was second, and H. V. Long's Lord Edward II. was third. Twenty-six horses ran. The Lincolnshire handicap is of 1,000 sovereigns, added to a sweepstake of 15 sovereigns each (ten forfeit) for 3-year-olds and up. General Peace is a brown colt by Gallinule, out of Moira, 5 years old, and carried 101 pounds. The betting was 100 to 7 against General Peace. General Peace won easily by four lengths.

EXETER CLUB.

At a recent meeting of the Exeter turf club, Dr. Rollins was elected president; Dr. H. K. Hyndman, vice-president; B. S. O'Neil, treasurer; A. E. Tennent, secretary. It was decided to hold a race meeting on May 24, when prizes will be offered for four events—2:20 trot, 2:30 trot, 3:00 trot, and running race.

FISTIC

GARDNER VS. BOGAN

Hot Springs, Ark., March 22.—Oscar Gardner, of Pittsburg, easily defeated Freddie Bogan, champion of the Pacific coast, in five rounds, at Whittington yesterday.

SIX ROUNDS.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 22.—Ed. Kennedy, of Alleghany, and Dave Hall, of Rochester, Pa., fought six furious rounds at the National Athletic Club. Hall was knocked out in the sixth.

NOTES OF SPORT.

Catcher Frank Boyd, late of Ottawa, is on the market.

The Toronto club has decided to give Pitches Voorhes a trial.

Syracuse has got rid of "Bad Bill" Eagan. His release has been sold to Detroit.

Unless Stratford can be induced to come into the organization, only five clubs will comprise the Canadian League—London, Hamilton, St. Thomas, Chatham and Guelph.

A great stir has been caused in Chicago recently over the reported engagement of Laurence Auchterlornie, the well-known English golf professional, by the Glenview Golf Club. The local labor union has taken the matter up and is raising a hue and cry over the importation of foreign labor.

Toronto Globe: According to the Buffalo Express, either Toledo, Cleveland or Toronto will succeed Columbus in the Western League. Toronto may be considered out of the question, as there is no desire on the part of President Irwin or his associates to join the Western. The Eastern League is good enough for this city.

The John J. Carter memorial fund has now reached a total of $3,100.

John Isaac, the huntsman of the Pytchley hounds, on completing his 20th year of service, was presented with a silver horn, a quantity of plate and an address signed by 81 of the ladies of the hunt.

The Irish 5-year-old Golden Ridge, by Almoner—Eileen Aroon, has been sold for $10,000 to a German sportsman, who wants to win the big Baden steeplechase. This race was won last year by another Irish horse bearing the Scotch name of Porridge.

Mrs. Daisy Cram Swartzell, who has held the woman's driving record of the world, died at her home in Knox, Ind. Mrs. Swartzell last summer performed the feat of driving the pacer Deck Wright a mile on the track at Rochester, Ind., in 2:12½. She was but 20 years of age.

Hali Adali did up Duncan McMillan and Hjalmar Lundin, Swedish strong man, catch-as-catch-can, in Duluth, Minn., Monday night. Adali was to throw both men twice in 90 minutes. He threw Lundin twice in 19 and McMillan in 30½ minutes.

The baseball muddle is nearing solution. Edward C. Decker has bought out all the other creditors of the St. Louis Club. He paid $35,000 for the claims and the new organization will be in corporated at once.

MACCABEES BURNED OUT

Two Ladies Killed and a Large Number Injured.

Omaha, Neb., March 22.—Fire broke out on the third floor of the Patterson block yesterday afternoon, and spread so rapidly that the occupants were compelled to jump for their lives. The dead and injured were all members of the ladies' branch of the Maccabees, who were holding a meeting in the building.

KILLED AND INJURED.

The killed are: Mrs. Thomas Taylor and Mrs. Anna Schamel.

The injured include: Mrs. C. F. Bruseas, Mrs. A. King, Mrs. A. L. Samuelson, May Samuelson, Mrs. G. D. Wilson, Mrs. J. C. Holt, Marguerite Holt (may die), Mrs. Mary Hopkins, Mrs. Mary Sullivan, Mrs. W. A. Read, Mrs. Ed. Schiner (may die), Mrs. French, Mrs. A. A. Smith (fatal), Mrs. C. E. Allen, Mrs. Thomas Thornton, Walter Scott, unknown man, Steve Williams, Fireman William Guider (suffocated and fell from ladder, will probably die), Lieut. J. Adams (injured about hips).

The blaze started shortly after 3 o'clock. A group of women, busy with the affairs of the order, were in a moment brought face to face with death. Sixty seconds later seven of them lay burned and bleeding on the pavement, to which they had dropped 40 feet below, and the others were rescued after they had been more or less seriously injured in their passage down the single flight of stairs. The fire originated in a gasoline stove exploding in a room on the third floor of the building, and next to the elevator shaft. About twenty members of the women's lodge of Maccabees were attending a committee meeting in the room on the same floor. They were unconscious of their danger until a janitor threw open the door and told them to get out before the flames cut them off. The warning came too late. The fire swept through the door and down the single stairway. Those nearest the door fled through the blinding smoke and reached the street with hands and faces burned and blistered. The rest faced

A SOLID WALL OF FLAME.

There was a fire escape at the south front of the building, but none of them thought of it. They rushed panic-stricken to the windows, while the fire, scarcely a foot behind them, caught their clothing and scorched their faces. In another instant the spectators were horrified to see one after another spring from the open window and fall heavily to the pavement. Not one arose. They were quickly carried into the office of a physician across the street. Most of them were bleeding from severe cuts and bruises, and all were burned until their skin hung in shreds.

ELEVEN MILLION MORE LETTERS

A Notable Saving in Expense and Increase in Revenue.

Ottawa, March 21.—The report of the postmaster-general for the year 1897-8 has been prepared, and it presents a striking contrast between the business methods of the late administration and those pursued by the present postmaster-general. The deficit, which for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, amounted to $781,152, was reduced to $47,602 at the close of the fiscal year 1897-8, a result rendering possible imperial penny postage and the reduction of the domestic letter rate from 3 to 2 cents per ounce. The deficit, which for the fiscal year 1895-6 amounted to $781,152 19, was in the following year reduced to $586,539 92, and in the fiscal year 1897-8 was further reduced to the sum of $47,602 30, being a reduction of $733,549 89 in the two years following July 1, 1896.

During the past year 1,064 mail services have been let by public tender for sums aggregating $139,923. The previous yearly cost of these same services was $167,647.

11,000,000 MORE LETTERS.

The estimated number of letters sent through the postoffice during the year exceeded that of the previous year by 11,145,000, the total number of 1898 being 134,975,000. Ten years ago the number of letters sent through the mails in Canada was 80,200,000. In addition to letters handled last year, there were 28,153,000 postcards, 3,534,500 registered letters, 5,673,000 free letters, 26,595,000 newspapers and periodicals, 3,372,000 packages of printers' copy, photographs, etc., 1,813,000 packages of first-class matter; 316,000 parcels by parcel post, and 33,000 packages for the United Kingdom and other countries.

The gross revenue of the department was $4,636,649, and the net revenue, after allowing for deductions, was 3,527,829, an increase over the revenue of the previous year of $324,871, equal to about 1.14 per cent. There was paid out by check from the parliamentary appropriation $3,575,411.

CAUGHT BY THE CLICKER

St. Thomas school board wants $24,431 from the council this year.

E. Ferris, the Windsor, Ont., smallpox patient, has been discharged from the pesthouse.

Shortage of steel bars, it is said, may cause a shut-down of every tin-plate mill in the United States.

The report that John Sherman, ex-United States Secretary of State is dead has been contradicted.

New York and Brooklyn are forming a milk combine. Provision is made for capital of nearly $30,000,000.

John Kratz, aged 48, shot and killed his 9-year-old son, and then committed suicide, at Belfrey, Pa.

With a capital of $12,000,000 the National Salt Company has been incorporated under New Jersey laws.

In Detroit mortgage loans have been reduced to 4 per cent and farm mortgages cut down from 6 to 5 per cent.

Capt. W. R. Abercrombie, regular army, has started from Washington to make a third military reconnoissance in Alaska.

Samuel Rosenthal, jun., of Baltimore, promoter of the giant clothing combine, says it is proposed to capitalize the company at $100,000,000.

Screw manufacturers of the United States, according to New Haven dispatches, are about forming a trust with a capital of $10,000,000.

H. B. Walker, formerly manager of the Bank of Commerce at Windsor, has secured a $10,000 position with the Canada Life Association of Toronto.

Morley Allison, of North Norwich, convicted at Hamilton in October, 1896, of arson, and sentenced to four years in the penitentiary, has been released.

Messrs. McMillan and LaFranc, of Winnipeg, bring news from Dawson of the find of a strange cairn, marked "Boundary," east of the present line.

Count de Zaremba, Polish nobleman, who recently married a rich New York woman, has been sent to Sing Sing for three years on a charge of grand larceny.

Knox Church, Queen street, Toronto (Rev. Dr. Parsons), has received legislative permission to sell its valuable down town property, and build elsewhere.

Annie Davis, 18-year-old daughter of Thomas Davis, living near Cass City, Mich., took strychnine, and died shortly after. She had forged an order on a store.

At Bridgeport, Conn., the trial of Dr. Nancy A. Guilford, on a charge alleging murder of Miss Emma Gill, of Southington, by criminal practice, was begun today (Tuesday).

The Goodrich passenger steamer Atlanta is on the beach, two miles south of Racine, Wis. The steamer was caught in the drift ice. A lifesaving crew has gone to rescue the passengers.

The funeral of Editor Joseph Medill, who died at San Antonio, Texas, was held on Tuesday at Chicago. Rev. Robert Collyer, of New York, officiated. The city hall was closed as a mark of respect.

Emil Cassin, rough rider, who was Teddy Roosevelt's trumpeter, and is now a Cuban policeman, shot a man in Havana Monday night because he wouldn't stop scrapping when ordered.

Papers from Dawson speak highly of the administration of Commissioner Ogilvie. Colonel Steele, another official, seems to be in high favor with the miners. Dawsonites want a public school and good fire system.

The independent telephone companies in Ohio have formed a combine, known as the Ohio Telephone Association, to fight the Bell Company. It has 121 independent exchanges, 2,500 miles of local toll lines, and 1,000 toll stations.

A farm house near Brighton, Ont., owned by W. H. Walter, and occupied by James Tinson, was destroyed by fire Tuesday, with all the contents, including 30 skips of bees. Mr. Tinson and family barely escaped with their lives.

Supt. Crouse, of the Gold Creek Mining Company, has returned to Republic, Wash., from the company's property, fifteen miles south of there and confirms the news of a rich gold strike. The assays run from $200 to $552.

The saloons of Des Moines, Ia., have been served notice by the Anti-Saloon League to discontinue business at once or prosecution will follow under the new law requiring a petition of 65 per cent of voters before a saloon license can be procured.

Albert Scott, an octogenarian and ex-slave, is dead at his home in Maidstone township. He fled from the south to that neighborhood in the early fifties. He engaged in farming, and acquired much wealth, and leaves to his son perhaps the best 200-acre farm in Maidstone township.

Windsor city council discussed for two hours the question of dismissing Dr. Carney from the position of medical health officer, before they decided to do it. They deprived him of his office of city physician as well. Dr. J. O. Reaume's resignation from the board of health was accepted.

An erecting gang from the Pencoyd iron works, will leave Philadelphia, Pa., in a few days, en route to Africa, for the purpose of building a bridge across the Atbara River, in the Soudan, near Khartoum. The seven spans of the bridge, with a total length of 1,100 feet, have already been shipped. The British war office wants to have the bridge completed before fall to facilitate operations against the mahdi.

TRADE BOOMING

[C. P. R. Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, March 21.—The trade and navigation returns for the year 1898 were presented to parliament by the minister of customs when the house was about to adjourn last evening. The principal figures have already been published. The aggregate trade, as already shown, was $304,477,736, as against $257,168,862 for the previous year, an increase of $47,306,874.

The exports were $164,152,683, and imports, $140,323,053. The duty collected amounted to $22,157,788, as compared with $19,891,996 for 1897—an increase of $2,265,792.

Of the aggregate trade of the Dominion, Great Britain contributed $137,409,735, and the United States, $124,410,926, showing that Canada's trade with Britain was nearly $13,000,000 greater than with the United States. Trade with Britain was made up of $104.998,818 in exports, and $32,500,917 in imports; and the trade with the United States comprised $45,705,336 in exports, and $78,707,590 in imports.

As aggregated the trade with Britain increased by over $30,000,000 as compared with 1897, and over $13,000,000 with the United States for the same period.

Exports to the United States decreased by $2,600,000, while imports increased by $17,000,000. Exports with Great Britain increased by $27,700,000, and imports by over $3,000,000.

The duty collected on goods from Great Britain was $6,649,428, an increase of $400,000 over 1897; and the duty collected on United States goods was $9,941,624, as against $8,147,075 during the previous year; so that the amount of duty collected on United States goods increased by $1,800,000 for 1898, while the duty of British imports increased by about $400,000. Canada's trade with France rose from $3,292,047 in 1897 to $5,000,613 in 1898.

There was a slight decrease with Germany, the figures being $7,538,800 in 1897, and $7,421,462 in 1898. With Newfoundland trade grew from $2,144,794 in 1897 to $2,632,184 in 1898. There was a drop with the West Indies from $4,322,230 to $3,829,346. With South America there was an increase of about $500,000, or from $2,026,085 in 1897, to $2,595,195 in 1898. With China and Japan there was a decrease of $500,000, from $3,300,331 in 1897, to $2,829,890 in 1898.

The percentage of duty on the true value of goods entered for consumption, dutiable and free, was 16.90 per cent, as against 17.87 last year, and the percentage of duty on goods imported, dutiable and free, was 15.79, as against 18.68 in the previous year.

Among the curiosities of the gold-mining region is a gold-mining boat. The craft is supplied with a dredge, with which the bed of the gold-bearing rivers is brought to the surface and washed for the precious metal.

THE ENORMOUS SALES

Of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine Prove It To Be the People's Favorite Remedy for La Grippe, Bronchitis, Croup and Asthma.

The question has arisen whether any prepartion for throat and lung troubles has ever had such a phenomenal sale as Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine now has.

That the public demands such immense quantities of this great medicine is the best proof of its inestimable value as a prompt and unfailing remedy for la grippe, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles.

Druggists will tell you that they sell more of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine than all cough and cold remedies combined. There can only be one reason for this great public demand. Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine has become known for its wonderful curative powers, and has established itself as a household necessity.

Mothers demand Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine because it has saved their children from croup, bronchitis, coughs and cold. 25 cents a large bottle, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

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25c WILL RENT A STEARNS WHEEL for afternoon or evening at Cunningham's bicycle livery, 778 Dundas street. Re-opens March 25. Large stock of new wheels.

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Terms to suit every person in all subjects.

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MUNYON'S INHALER

Indorsed by Doctors, Praised by Ministers,

Commended by Judges, Lawyers, Business Men and the Musical Profession.

NOTHING LIKE IT EVER DISCOVERED.

Cures Colds, Cures Grip, Cures Catarrh, Cures Asthma, and All Throat Affections.



Clouds of Medicated Vapor are inhaled through the mouth and emitted from the nostrils, cleansing and vaporizing all the inflamed and diseased parts, which cannot be reached by medicine taken into the stomach.

It reaches the sore spots.
It heals the raw places.
It goes to the seat of disease.
It penetrates obscure places where drugs taken into the stomach cannot reach.

It acts as a balm and tonic to the whole system.
Better than medicine.
Better than doctors.
Better than anything you have ever tried.

If you have a Cold, try it. If you have the Grip, try it. If you have Catarrh, try it. If you have Sore Throat, try it. If you have a Cough, try it. If you have any Throat or Lung Trouble, try it. At All Druggists, or

Mailed From Our Office, 11 and 13 Albert Street, Toronto, for $1.

MUNYON'S REMEDIES.

If you have Rheumatism my Rheumatism Cure will cure it in a few hours; my Dyspepsia Cure will cure any case of indigestion or stomach trouble; 90 per cent of kidney complaints, including Bright's Disease, can be cured with my Kidney Cure; nervous affections and diseases of the heart are controlled and cured by my Nerve and Heart Cure.

At all druggists, mostly 25c a vial.

Treatment by Mail.

Write Professor Munyon for advice, which is ABSOLUTELY FREE. The most obstinate cases successfully treated in the strictest confidence. "Guide to Health" free

1505 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa., U. S. A.

Beware of imitators who are using Munyon's methods and style of advertising. Professor Munyon does not desire that the public should be imposed upon.

Medical Cards.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND residence, 260 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Office hours, 12:30 to 4 p.m.

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DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

H. A. KINGSMILL, M.D.—443 Park avenue. Phone 210.

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T. W. SCANDRETT—BARRISTER—SOLICITOR, etc., 98 Dundas street, London.

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THE SINFULNESS OF ILL-HEALTH

Can Be Avoided by Using Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Which Digest the Food in the Stomach, Make New Rich Blood, Cure Constipation and Dyspepsia, Stimulate the Liver, and Invigorate the Entire Body.

No man has a right to be unhealthy, provided he can secure good health.

When the means of getting and keeping good health is within easy reach of every person, to be sick is little short of a crime.

Take the case of a man who has Dyspepsia. No one but himself knows how severely he suffers. Day and night, year in and year out, he bears the burden of his misery, finding only fiery agonies in what to others brings satisfaction and pleasure.

Yet, all this time, a cure positive and unfailing is within his reach. A few boxes of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets will banish every vestige of his complaint, give him robust, vigorous health, in place of sickness, misery and constant pain.

Dyspepsia is the result of the presence in the stomach of a quantity of partially-digested food.

Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets cure Dyspepsia by removing its cause. They promptly digest the food in the stomach, converting it into fresh, red, rich, nourishing blood, on which the entire body is nourished and strengthened.

By thus removing the cause of the ailment, they banish the disease itself.

But Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets do more than this. They tone, strengthen and stimulate the weakened muscles and glands of the stomach, and enable them to promptly digest the food.

With each box of Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets is a supply of small brown tablets, that correct all irregularities of the liver and bowels, and put them in harmonious working order.

Thus Dodd's Dyspepsia Tablets digest the food, cure Dyspepsia, make new, rich blood, cure Constipation, regulate the liver's action, and give health, strength and vigor to the whole body.

London Advertiser.

[ESTABLISHED BY JOHN CAMERON IN 1863.]

Managing Director and Editor, John Cameron

London, Wednesday, March 22, 1899

Retailers and Credit.

The subjoined reference to a recent action by the retail grocers in this city, with respect to the best way to buy, is of more than passing interest to readers of the Advertiser throughout Western Ontario, as well as to the traders in the city. The comments are by the Montreal Journal of Commerce:

The Grocers' Association, of London, Ont., is desirous of co-operating with the association in Montreal in securing better terms, discounts, etc., from the wholesale houses. The terms on groceries, excepting tea, have not been keeping pace with the inducements offered of late for short term payments in other staple lines. That better terms for ten days' dating should be given is the opinion of prominent retailers who have been interviewed. Every measure tending to cash or ten days' transactions should be carefully weighed by wholesale and retail grocers. A substantial difference in price between ten and thirty days' payments, or running accounts, would not only cause all who could to take advantage of the discount or avoid the interest, but would tend in a large measure to prevent the opening up of the numerous small stores that spring into being and out again each season with the regularity of summer weeds. In the weekly list of failures among retail grocers more than two-thirds is composed of persons who began either without sufficient experience, sufficient capital or both. Were they aware before embarking in business that to buy on longer time than ten days would mean a loss of 4 to 7 per cent, such as now obtains in some places on extended credit in men's furnishings, and certain lines of dry-goods, etc., their first reckoning would be to find whether they could buy all their requirements on cash or ten days' terms, for, if not, the loss would deprive them of from the half to one-third of their profits. This would either keep the undesirable trader out, or weed him out if he was in."

There can be no doubt that very many of the bad accounts made in trading arise from mistaken views with regard to purchasing supplies. No business nowadays requires more constant supervision in this regard than that of retailing.

Carscallen's Bad Break.

In the Senate resolutions debate yesterday in the Ontario Legislature, Mr. Carscallen, member for Hamilton, diversified his fluid observations by the assertion that the real object of the Liberals in advocating Senate reform was to mutilate the constitution in order the easier to sever British connection and promote annexation. An English school child recently defined a lie to be "an abomination to the Lord, but a very present help in the time of trouble."

Vive la Commune!

The Socialists of this city, Citizen Darch in the chair, have been celebrating the establishment of the Paris Commune in 1871. There were cheers for the Commune, and it was further glorified in an address by Citizen Woodley, of Toronto. The episode which excites the enthusiasm of our Socialist friends was a very stirring one indeed. The Communists rose against a constitutional republican government. They confiscated the possessions of the rich and forced banks and railways to stand and deliver. They massacred the Archbishop of Paris, the President of the Cassation, and about 200 other ecclesiastics and prominent persons. They armed women and children, who fought with fury against the troops of the national government. They released convicts from the prisons. They organized incendiary battalions, and committed some of the stateliest structures in Paris to the flames. Over ten thousand people, innocent and guilty alike, perished in this second reign of terror. Such are some of the features of the glorious Commune.

Vive la Commune! cry our Socialist brethren.

A Tribute to Canadian Poets.

In the current number of Literature, W. D. Howells, the American critic and author, pays an exquisite tribute to the late Archibald Lampman, whose death, he says, "silences the sweetest and clearest voice among those Canadian poets who, by their number, hardly less than by their quality, have given their country literary eminence of late." Mr. Howells links with Lampman the name of Mr. Bliss Carman, Mr. Wilfrid Campbell, Mr. C. D. S. Roberts, Mr. Henry Drummond, Mrs. S. Frances Harrison, Miss Pauline Johnson, Mr. Gilbert Parker and Mr. Duncan Scott. This is a group, he says, which could hardly be matched "among ourselves" for the fresh and distinctive quality of its work.

Mr. Howells maintains that in fiction and other forms of prose, the Americans are without rivals beyond the customs line parting the States from the Provinces. In history, he goes on to say, the Canadians have made creditable but comparatively slight attempts; in criticism they do not count; in other kinds of thinking and writing they have no standing; but in the poetry of the young writers he has named, of whom scarcely any has passed the line of forty, a just judgment must allow Canadians a collective advantage.

It was, perhaps, convenient for Mr. Howells to disparage us in some respects, lest he should too deeply wound American sensibilities. In fiction, no American today gives more promise than the Canadian, Gilbert Parker. We might also mention Grant Allan, Robert Barr, and other Canadian literary exiles, but it is true we have not been very prolific in prose. In history, we think of Irving, Motley and Prescott, and dare not challenge comparison with our neighbors. In criticism we have not yet made a name, though Mr. T. Arnold Haltain, of Toronto, is doing some very superior work in American periodicals. The Americans cannot plume themselves much with regard to the present status of criticism of the United States. It flourished a generation ago but, like their poetry, it has became almost a lost art. Mr. Howells himself is the only American critic who can speak with authority in the world of English letters.

To return to the subject, Mr. Howells' appraisement of Canadian poetry is absolutely just. "The poetry in which they excel," he says "is the poetry of a new people in the very delicacy which expresses its protest against crude conditions, its aspirations for the best terms which civilization has to offer literature. It is not the strange, spontaneous product of virgin earth and air, which a simple-hearted English criticism long vainly entreated us to offer as an earnest of our indigeneity. It has been a prime necessity of its existence as that it should refine upon its material, and at its best it has consciously or unconsciously sought to distill a perfume from a new life, or a newly-conditioned life, rather than to offer the world wilding flavors."

This exactly describes the quality of our poetical genius. In its ultra-refinement it shrinks from the rough vigor or our young life and prefers to dwell apart in the contemplation of nature, in her placid sunlit moods. Of Lampman Mr. Howells beautifully says: "Not a scent, or sound, or sight of the Canadian summer was lost upon his quick sense, and one saw how he could not bear to forbid any, in a world finding its way through his music into art for the first time. The stir of leaf, of wing, of foot; the drifting odors of wood, and field, the color of flowers, of skies, of dusty roads and shadowy streams and solitary lakes, all so precociously new, gave his reader the thrill of intense life in the northern solastice."

Europe, like America, seems to be having a hard winter this spring.

Chamberlain attaches about as much value to Kruger's promises as Kruger attaches to Chamberlain's threats.

The Ontario Legislature has passed the Senate reform resolution by a majority of 13. The Opposition may get some satisfaction of that figure.

The most conspicuous feature of Sir Charles Tupper's and Mr. Foster's addresses is the absence of any reference to the Yukon "scandal" which was to wreck the Government.

The duel of the session was fought in the House of Commons yesterday between Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. G. E. Foster. Mr. Foster is the only first-class parliamentarian in the Opposition ranks.

The Free Press makes the sapient remark that under our system of indirect taxation one might escape nearly all taxation if he were to dispense with luxuries. Such luxuries as fuel and clothing, for instance!

Lord Curzon calls the bounty system a vicious expedient for selfish interests. The people of Great Britain, who have profited by the sugar bounties of the continent, do not think so. They hold the sensible view that the vicious effects of the system are confined to those who practice it.

The city auditors' report is not very flattering to the financial management of the city in 1898. The council not only swallowed up the large surplus from the preceding year, but left an overdraft of more than $8,000 to be faced this year. The present City Council will have to practice rigid economy to make amends for the extravagance of its predecessor. Unless this is done we shall have a vaster tax rate than has been.

Observations.

The Advertiser has to thank its many friends who occasionally give it pointers, or prompt news items by note or telephone. Thanks! What the present of a brace of partridges, or a couple of trout, is from a sportsman to a friend, that, to The Advertiser staff, is the prompt present of a good news-item.

✦✦✦

Rockefeller—or luckyfeller, as some might say, perhaps mistakenly—may yet become, it is said, a billionaire, that is, a man "possessing" a thousand million dollars. The question arises, is is morally right that any man should possess, as his own, to do what he likes with, a thousand, or even a hundred, million dollars? There are those who say that Rockefeller only administers that money, only keeps it together and at work as capital, as it is impossible for him to use, or even to spend, more than a small fraction of even the interest on the interest. However, he can do what he likes with it, and therefore in the ordinarily accepted sense owns it. Has he morally a right to own so much? I say, no. He owes it mainly, after you take his skill or his "luck" out of consideration, to the industry and necessities of the community. This principle is recognized in the legislation, now general, which takes back in succession duties, a portion of a rich man's wealth to the service of the community. It may be said, On what principle can you allow a man to over-top his still poorer fellows, by owning even $5,000, if you will not allow Rockefeller to over-top other people by owning a billion? My answer is this: I cannot state the exact amount a man should be allowed to own; but clearly, if a man is to be allowed to own a thousand millions, he might equally be entitled to go on until he becomes owner of the entire earth, a proposition which justly raises the choler of the rest of mankind—is, in fact, absurd and unthinkable, but not more so than the idea of any man owning a thousand millions would have been thought a century ago. If the ramifications of the subject could be followed up, I have not the slightest doubt it would be found that Rockefeller has some of your money and mine in his pocket unjustly at this very moment.

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I went to hear Rev. J. W. Pedley preach at the Congregational Church on Sunday evening. There was a large attendance, and it was evident the speaker had the art of making the people listen attentively. There is always in Mr. Pedley, not only raciness and shrewdness of speech, but an element of the unexpected. He is thoroughly democratic, courageous, and modern in ideas.

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The London Times is sarcastic over the "glorious length" of recent Philharmonic Society concerts. Nearly all concerts are too long. They are usually too long, even as the programme stands, but when you add 50 per cent to the length, by process of "encores," the bulk of the audience yawn inwardly. What makes it worse, "encores" usually come from friends of the performers, and ordinarily have little relation to merit. I do not say it is not wise, on the principal of enlightened selfishness, to get all the singing you can for your money, in the case of say a Plunket Greene; but to have to listen to two or three hours of amateur singing—who would not prefer Purgatory, and risk it?

✦✦✦

A good judge, speaking from experience, considers the London Advertiser the best advertising medium in the world, as to results, in its own field.

✦✦✦

The member for London in the Ontario Legislature has been making many friends during his sojourn in Toronto. He is a capital host, according to the correspondent in that city of the Brockville Recorder, who has this to say about a late "function," of which the colonel was the organizer:

"Col. Leys, of London, is one of the brightest and biggest-hearted members of the House, and already he has entertained his friends twice to superb dinners at his quarters in the Iroquois Hotel, where he just runs things. He is a most genial and jolly host, and those fortunate enough to be counted among his friends are happy indeed. I was in it."

To be able to entertain and to know how to do it, are qualifications that the member from London possesses in an eminent degree.

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Two hundred and five people dying by consumption in Ontario in the month of February, seems considerably too many. No doubt the grip, and the general severity of the winter, had to do with the exceptional record. That "sure cure" somebody thinks he has invented, cannot come too soon. Meantime plenty of fresh air, in a moderately dry and even climate seems to be the best preventive. The best time to attack consumption is before you have it, or, rather, before it has you.

SWAM FOR LIFE

Dramatic Escape of a Missionary in China.

Tacoma, Wash., March 22.—The steamer Minshiu Maru brings news that Missionary Parsons, of the China Missionary Society, was attacked by imperial soldiers while en route from Chung King to Paoning.

Parsons left Chung King with an escort of four soldiers provided by the Chinese Government. At one point where they crossed a river they noticed a great number of militiamen of the regular army on the opposite bank. As they were landing, the soldiers started for Parsons with swords and knives. To save himself he jumped into the water and swam into midstream, while his escort ran away. A Chinese gunboat put out from shore and rescued him.

It is reported that the Emperor of Corea has caused a sensation by appearing in a full uniform cut in American fashion. His attendants have also been attired in American style. The emperor, it is stated, has cut off his topknot or short queue, which, from time immemorial, has adorned the top of the Corean emperor's head.

TWO RUNAWAYS

Simcoe Man's Team and Wagon Done For—A Tilsonburn Couple Badly Hurt.

Simcoe, March 22.—While Mr. Martin Smith, who lives about one mile from Nixon, was driving home with his team, after delivering a load of wood here, he met with an accident which cost him a team of horses and a wagon. He reached the railway crossing, near the Bethlehem Church, about half past nine on Friday night, when he noticed the headlight of an engine, and in going to turn around, his team became frightened, and plunged onto the track, and a terrible smash was the result. Mr. Smith jumped in the nick of time, sustaining some slight cuts and bruises on his head as a result, but the wagon was a total wreck, and both horses were killed. A Grand Trunk freight train did the damage.

Tilsonburg, March 22.—A serious runaway accident took place Sunday afternoon. Mr. Wm. McCallom was driving a pair of high-spirited horses, belonging to the livery of J. H. Matthews, and had driven up Broadway street for some distance, when turning around the staple on the end of the neck-yoke was pulled out, allowing the pole to fall. Mr. McCallom and the young lady who accompanied him were thrown from the cutter, but escaped without serious injury. The horses were both injured, one of them being penetrated, just above the heart by a snag, which, it is feared, may have entered a vital part.

2,000 SMALLPOX VICTIMS.

Dallas, Texas, March 22.—The city of Laredo, down on the Mexican border, is suffering from an epidemic of smallpox. No such extreme suffering has ever been known in a Texas community. The place has about 8,000 population, and fully 2,000 cases of smallpox have been under treatment since the disease started early this year. There have been approximately 200 deaths. There are now nearly 500 cases in improvised hospitals and pest houses.

THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

Resolution to Reform Dominion Senate Carried, 48 to 35.

Toronto, March 21.—Several bills were read a third time, and passed, including the London Y. M. C. A. incorporation bill.

The debate on the senate reform resolutions was then resumed. Mr. Carscallen (Hamilton) moved that the following be added to Mr. Whitney's amendment: "And this house deprecates any change in the constitution of the Dominion Senate, by which the equilibrium between the several provinces of the Dominion, as established by the British North America act, may be disturbed." He contended that such change should be first submitted to the people; that the change would remove a needed check; he favored a limited term; wondered why it would not do to have the provincial legislatures suggest names, by nomination, who could be appointed by the Dominion Government. He concluded by saying the Liberals wanted to mutilate the constitution in order more easily to carry out the severance of British connection and effect annexation!

Mr. Graham (Liberal, Brockville) reprobated the power of the senate to block the will of the people. He would prefer abolition, but at the least reform was imperative. The senate was out of harmony with democratic institutions. In its present form it was a relic of effete Toryism. The question had been discussed at the last general election, and the country was ripe for the resolution moved by Mr. Hardy. It was simply out of the question that Mackenzie Bowell, though in opposition, should practically hold the reins of power through the senate.

Mr. Powell (Conservative, Ottawa) endeavored to show that the senate was not so very partisan. He believed the provinces, other than Ontario, and especially Quebec, were opposed to the proposed reform. Mr. Lumsden (Liberal, Ottawa) thought the only trouble with the resolution was it did not go far enough. Mr. Lucas (Conservative) opposed the main resolution.

A division was taken at 12:45, when Mr. Carscallen's amendment was lost by 35 to 48. The original resolution, moved by the attorney-general in favor of senate reform, was then carried on the same division.

A GOVERNMENT MEASURE.

The attorney-general today introduced in the legislature an omnibus measure. The manhood suffrage registration act is amended by requiring prospective voters to swear to their different places of residences during the three months previous to registration. It enables the district judge to act in the revision of the voters' list in the districts where there is no stipendiary magistrate, and declares that the government shall have power to appoint more than one local master in a county or union of counties, and provides that in case of the illness or absence of a local master, a judge or junior judge, or deputy judge of the county may act as local master. It declares that moneys vester in a minor or guardian ad litem shall be deemed to be vested in them in trust for her Majesty, and authorizes the investment of court funds in municipal debentures. It provides that any person who has been a practicing barrister may be appointed a county judge if he is of seven years' standing at the bar of Ontario, and that a person who has been a practicing solicitor for ten years before becoming a barrister may be appointed if after five years' standing at the bar of Ontario, and enables a judge to be appointed in counties where two or more languages are in common use, where he is conversant with more than one language, if he is of seven years' standing at the bar. It prohibits the use of affidavits in the division court, if sworn before a solicitor or agent of the party on whose behalf the affidavit is made. It provides for substitution of service of a division court process, and enables the division court judge to order a nonsuit or dismiss the action, or to direct the jury to answer questions of fact submitted to them. It declares that no submission or reference to arbitration shall be revoked by the death of any party thereto. It declares that the giving of a mortgage or bill of sale on any part of the estate of a judgment debtor, after the receipt of the execution by the sheriff, shall not prevent subsequent execution creditors filing their claim under the creditors' relief act, or sharing in the distribution of the moneys realized by the sheriff under the first execution, the amount of the encumbrance to be deducted pro rata from the amount which would otherwise be payable to the subsequent creditors. It declares that where the office of a clerk or deputy clerk, or a district court and registrar of deeds are held by the same person, the judge of the district shall be one of the selectors of juries. It enables the lieutenant-governor in council to direct the times at which the division court shall be held in unorganized territories. It confirms certain marriages performed by persons who were not residents of Ontario. It enables the person with whom trust moneys have been deposited or into whose hands trust moneys have come, to pay the money into court where the trustee has been absent from the province for a year, and is not likely to return at an early date. It declares that a person shall not be disqualified from being elected a member of the council, of a corporation, or of a public, separate or high school board by reason of his being a proprietor of a paper which publishes advertisements called for by bylaws.

NEWS OF VICTORY.

When an excited messenger comes dashing in with glorious news of victory from a great field of battle nobody wonders at his enthusiasm. It is contagious. Every man who hears the grand tidings is ready to swing his hat and cheer and pass along the splendid story to his nearest neighbor. When a man has been through a terrible battle with sickness and at last has gained a glorious victory his first impulse is to tell the good news to others. He wants every man and woman of his acquaintance to know about the splendid remedy that brought him back from sickness and discouragement to sound and perfect health.



"I had rheumatism for three months," says Mr. James E. Crampton, of Sharpsburg, Washington Co., Md., in a recent letter to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. "I couldn't walk at all. I was in business in Baltimore. I tried the best doctors I could get but they did me no good. I took three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and it cured me sound.

"I came home to Sharpsburg and there were three cases of different diseases. I advised the patients to use Dr. Pierce's medicine, which they did, and all were cured. I have sold one hundred dollars' worth of your medicine by telling people how it cured me.

"You will find enclosed 31 one-cent stamps for one of your 'Medical Advisers,' cloth-bound."

This grand "Discovery" is the most perfect formula ever devised for the complete and thorough renovation of the blood from all unhealthy germs and lurking taints of every name and nature. By making pure and healthy blood free from bilious poisons it builds up strong and active manhood and blooming attractive womanhood.

If out of health, write to Dr. Pierce. He will send you good, fatherly, professional advice without charge. See his address above.

WHAT IS

CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. It is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. It cures Diarrhœa. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

EVERY WRAPPER BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR EDDY'S

"EAGLE" Parlor Matches, 200s. "EAGLE" Parlor Matches, 100s.
"VICTORIA" Parlor Matches, 65s. "LITTLE COMET" Parlor Matches.

The Finest in the World. No Brimstone.

The E. B. Eddy Company, Limited, HULL, P.Q.

SHE'S A HUSTLER

Michigan Woman Divorced and Married the Same Day.

Vernon, Mich., March 22. — Mrs. Mary Thorpe, of Venice township, walked into the court room at Corunna, at 11:45 a.m., and when she left 15 minutes later she carried a decree for divorce from her husband, Thomas Thorpe, on the ground of extreme cruelty and drunkenness.

When County Clerk Bliss appeared at his office for the afternoon work Mary was waiting for him. She soon had in her possession the little piece of paper which was to carry happiness into the heart of herself and one Arthur Hopson, of Hazelton. The wedding took place the same day.

AGAINST SUNDAY TRAINS.

Washington, March 22.—Frank P. Sargent, grand master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, appeared before the industrial commission at Washington and presented a report prepared by masters of the various brotherhoods, and signed by Chiefs Arthur, of the engineers, Sargent, of the firemen, Clark, of the conductors, Morrissey, of the trainmen, and Powell, of the telegraphers. It covered points involved in the relationship of employes to the transportation companies, and contains a statement of a scale of wages paid to railroad men in all branches of the service. There were complains on the long hours required of telegraphers and yardmen, but it was said that no fault could be found by trainmen in this respect. The chiefs united in recommending that the practice of running trains on Sunday should be abolished.

A Thousand Tongues.

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1,125 Howard street, Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give her no help, but she says of this Royal Cure: "It soon removed the pain in my chest, and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises throughout the universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50 cents and $1. For sale by W. T. Strong & Co.

Up-to-Date Laundry

All work done by hand and done up in any style to suit you. Parcels called for and delivered.

LEE LIN, 253 Dundas Street. xt

Marshall's Ceylon Bouquet... TEA

Best value in Canada. Put up in 5 and 10-lb boxes on the plantation and shipped direct to Montreal.

50c per lb

Used by best clubs and hotels. Write for box to—

James Marshall,

209 Commissioner St., Montreal. 93 x

Cancer Cured.

Burdock Blood Bitters again Vanquishes this Terrible Disease.

Mrs. E. J. Tufford, Paris, Ont., tells how it cured Cancer of six years' standing.

Not long ago we published in this paper an account of the case of Mrs. Gilhula, of Buxton, Ont., who was cured of cancer of the stomach 12 years ago by Burdock Blood Bitters, and who, up to the present time, has had no return of the disease.

Now we let MRS. E. J. TUFFORD, a fine old lady, 84 years of age, living at Paris, Ont., tell how B.B.B. cured her of cancer of six years' standing. This is her statement: "About six years ago last fall I was afflicted with that terrible disease, a cancer under my left breast, about as large as a saucer. It was between the skin and the body, and fast to the body.

"I wrote to a Chicago specialist about my case and he desired me to go to him and have an operation performed, which I decided not to do on account of my years.

"I had heard a great deal about wonderful cures being made by Burdock Blood Bitters and decided to try it.

"I can assure you if it had not been for B.B.B. I should have gone the way of all flesh long ere this.

"After I had taken seven or eight bottles I found I was greatly benefited, so I continued its use until I was cured.

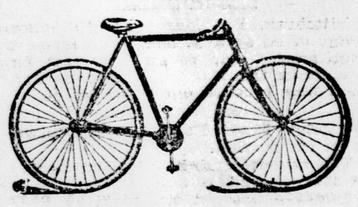
"People say to me 'you are wonderfully smart for a woman of 84.' I tell them I give B.B.B. all the credit.

"I tell folks they need not have boils, pimples, abscesses, cancers, salt rheum, scrofula or any blood disease if they will only use B.B.B. faithfully according to directions."

A case of such severity as the above ought surely be sufficient to convince the most skeptical of the thorough blood purifying properties of B.B.B.

There is no disease or disorder arising from impure blood, be it the smallest pimple or the worst scrofulous sore or cancer, but what B.B.B. can cure to stay cured.

Welland Vales



28 and 30-Inch Wheels.

PERFECT,
Chainless, - - - $75
Racer, - - - - - $65
GARDEN CITY,
DOMINION,
STANDARDS, - - $35

Dunlop Tires. Popular Prices.

Sundries Wholesale and Retail.

STRINGER'S,

3 Masonic Temple, Richmond street. And 141 King street. 93tf xt

EPPS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING

Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality, and Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in ½lb tins, labeled JAMES EPPS & CO., Limited. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER

EPPS'S COCOA

SHIRT COLLARS IRONED STRAIGHT so as not to hurt the neck. Stand up collars ironed without being broken in the wing. Ties done to look like new. Give me a call. If you are not suited no pay. Washing returned in 24 hours. All hand work. Best in the city. Parcels called for and delivered.

Lee Hing Laundry

467 Richmond Street.

"Only the First Step is Difficult."

The first step in Spring should be to cleanse Nature's house from Winter's accumulations. Hood's Sarsaparilla does this work easily. It is America's Greatest Spring Medicine. It purifies the blood, as millons of people say.

It makes the weak strong, as nervous men and women gladly testify. It cures all blood diseases, as thousands of cured voluntarily write. It is just the medicine for you, as you will gladly say after you have given it a fair trial.

Bad Blood—"Although past 70 years of age I am thoroughly well. It was three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla that made me so after spending over $60 in medical attendance. My trouble was a raw sore on my ankle." MRS. LOUISA MASON, Court Street, Lowell, Mass.

Running Sores—"After worrying four months I gave my children Hood's Sarsaparilla and it cured them of running sores. Hood's Pills cured me of dyspepsia and constipation." MRS. KATE E. THOMAS, 31 Governor St., Annapolis, Md.

Consumptive Cough—"Five years ago I had a consumptive cough which reduced me to a skeleton. Was advised to take Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did and recovered normal health. I have been well ever since." MATILDA BRIDGEWATER, Cor. Pearl and Chestnut Sts., Jeffersonville, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, the non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE MARKETS.

Mining Stocks.

Toronto, March 21.—Following are today's closing quotations on the Toronto Mining and Industrial Exchange:

	Asked.	Bid.
Decca	25	23½
Foley	56	52
Hammond Reef	48	43
Hiawatha	25	..
Golden Star	70	67½
Olive	98	89
Sawbill	..	26
Superior G. and C. Co	8	5
Cariboo	162	159
Minnehaha	31	27½
Waterloo	12½	12
Cariboo Hydraulic	148	142
Tin Horn	12	9½
Smuggler	5	4½
Knob Hill	98	92
Golden Cache	4	2¼
Athabasca	52	47
Dundee	35	31
Dardanelles	11½	11
Fern Gold M. & M. Co	33	32
Rambler-Cariboo Con	42	37
Two Friends	..	7
Van Anda	4½	3¾
Big Three	32	29
Sentinel	..	16
J. O. 41	12	8½
Deer Park	8	7
Evening Star	11½	10
Iron Colt	20	18
Iron Horse	18	17
Iron Mask	80	..
Montreal Gold Fields	32	29
Monte Cristo Con	11½	..
Northern Belle	3½	3
Novelty	5¼	4¾
St. Paul	3	2½
Silver Bell Con	6	..
St. Elmo	9	7½
Victory-Triumph	10	8½
White Bear	5	4½
B. C. Gold Fields	7	5½
Can. G. F. S	9	6
Gold Hills	10	4½
Crow's Nest Pass Coal	51.00	..
Empress	8½	7
Rathmullen	9	8

CLOSING SALES—Waterloo, 1,000, 750 at 12. Smuggler, 200 at 4½. Athabasca, 500 at 47½. Rambler-Cariboo, 500 at 37½. Novelty, 500 at 5. St. Elmo, 150 at 7½. White Bear, 1,000 at 4½. British Columbia Gold Fields, 500 at 6½; 400, 400 at 5½.

INS AND OUTS
—OF—
WALL STREET

REVISED edition just out: 80 pages, with charts and tables full of valuable information to the speculator and investor, mailed on receipt of ten cents in stamps. PUBLISHER, Postoffice Box, 196, New York. b

Local Market.

London, Wednesday, March 22.

Wheat, white fall, per bu....65c to 66c
Wheat, red fall, per bu.....65c to 66c
Oats, per bu .....32c to 32½c
Peas, per bu.....54c to 63c
Corn, per bu .....39¼c to 40¾c
Barley, per bu .....40¾c to 50½c
Rye, per bu .....56c to 56c
Beans, per bu .....75c to 90c

WEEKLY REPORT.

The only alterations in values of grain this week were lower oats and wheat. Peas, barley and corn were unchanged. Receipts were light and mostly wheat and oats.

Eggs were steady at the decline; 11c was the ruling price, wholesale.

Butter ranged from 16c to 19c wholesale; supply fair.

Poultry was higher and scarce.

Meats were slow; the supply was good in all lines except dressed hogs.

Potatoes show no change.

Hay has sold well this week, all good timothy going at $7 and occasionally over.

Seeds, quiet; very little came in this market. Quotations:

GRAIN.			
Wheat, white, fall, per 100 lb	1 08	@	1 10
Wheat, red, fall, per 100 lbs	1 08	@	1 10
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs	..	@	..
Oats, per 100 lbs	90	@	92
Peas, per 100 lbs	90	@	1 05
Corn, per 100 lbs	70	@	85
Barley per 100 lbs	85	@	1 00
Rye, per 100 lbs	1 00	@	1 00
Beans, per bu	75	@	80
PROVISIONS.			
Honey, comb	9	@	12
Honey, extracted	7	@	10
Cheese, per lb	10	@	12
Eggs, single dozen	12	@	..
Eggs, fresh, basket, dozen	11	@	12
Eggs, fresh, store lots, doz	10	@	10
Butter, per lb, retail	19	@	22
Butter, pound rolls, baskets	17	@	19
Butter, lb, large rolls or crocks	16	@	16
Butter, per lb, tubs or firkins	10	@	14
Lard, per lb	9	@	10
VEGETABLES AND FRUIT			
Potatoes per bag	80	@	90
Apples, per bag	75	@	1 50
Apples, per basket	..	@	..
Apples, per barrel	1 50	@	2 50
Onions, per bu	60	@	90
Celery, per doz bunches	40	@	50
Turnips, per bag	12½	@	30
Carrots, per bu	40	@	25
Parsnips, per doz. bunches	..	@	50
LIVE STOCK.			
Young pigs, per pair	2 00	@	3 50
Cows, each	20 00	@	40 00
Beef, per lb	3¼	@	4
Hogs, light, per 100 lbs	4 00	@	4 00
Hogs heavy, per 100 lbs	3 50	@	3 50
Pigs, young, per pair	2 50	@	4 00
Sows, per 100	3 25	@	3 50
Ducks, per pair	..	@	..
Chickens, per pair	50	@	70
Hens, per pair	40	@	50
HAY AND SEEDS.			
Hay, per ton	6 00	@	7 50
Straw, per load	2 50	@	2 50
Cloverseed, red, per bu	3 25	@	3 40
MEAT, HIDES, ETC.			
Beef, front quarters, per lb	4½	@	5
Beef, hind quarters, per lb	5½	@	6½
Mutton, quarters, per lb	5	@	6
Veal, quarters, per lb	5½	@	6
Lamb, quarter	9	@	10
Dressed hogs, 100 lbs, light	5 00	@	5 25
Dressed hogs 100 lbs, heavy	4 00	@	4 75
Hides, No. 1, per lb	7½	@	7½
Hides, No. 2, per lb	6½	@	6½
Hides, No. 3, per lb	5½	@	5½
Calfskins, green	8	@	8
Sheepskins, each	70	@	90
Wool, washed, per lb	15	@	15
Wool, unwashed, per lb	9	@	11
Chickens, per pair	60	@	90
Ducks, per lb	7	@	7
Turkeys, per lb	10	@	12
Geese, per lb	5	@	6

American Markets.

CHICAGO, March 21.—The leading futures closed as follows: Wheat—May, 68¼c; July, 67⅞c. Corn—May, 34⅝c to 34¾c; July, 35⅜c to 35½c; Sept., 35⅞c to 36c. Oats—May, 26½c; July, 24½c to 24½c. Pork—May, $8 95; July, $9 10. Lard—May, $5 27½; July, $5 42½; Sept., $5 55. Short ribs—May, $4 67½; July, $4 80; Sept., $4 92½. Cash quotations were as follows: Flour, better foreign demand and firm; winter patents, $3 50 to $3 60; straights, $3 20 to $3 30; clear straights, $3 to $3 10; spring specials, $4 to $4 10; patents, $3 20 to $3 60; straights, $2 70 to $3 10; bakers', $2 20 to $2 40. No. 2 spring wheat, 66c to 67½c; No. 3 spring wheat, 62½c to 67c; No. 2 red, 69c to 70½c. No. 2 corn, 33¾c; No. 2 yellow corn, 34c to 34¼c. No. 2 oats, 27½c; No. 2 white, 30c to 30½c; No. 3 white, 29c to 29½c. No. 2 rye, 51c. No. 2 barley, 30½c to 48c. No. 1 flaxseed, $1 17½; Northwest, $1 22. Prime timothy seed, $2 40. Mess pork, $8 80 to $8 85. Lard, $5 17½ to $5 20. Short ribs, $4 35 to $4 65. Dry salted shoulders, 4½c to 4¾c. Short clear sides, $4 85 to $5. Sugar—Cut loaf, $5 83; granulated, $5 33. Cloverseed—Contract grade, $5 65. Eggs, steady; fresh, 12c.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 26,000 barrels; wheat, 68,000 bushels; corn, 24,000 bushels; oats, 216,000 bushels; rye, 6,000 bushels; barley, 44,000 bushels.

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 19,000 barrels; wheat, 36,000 bushels; corn, 339,000 bushels; oats, 243,000 bushels; rye, 9,000 bushels; barley, 8,000 bushels.

Chicago, March 22.—Opening—Wheat, May, 69c; July, 68½c. Corn, May, 35c; July, 35½c; Sept., 36¼c. Oats, May, 26⅜c; July, 24¾c. Pork, May, $9. Lard, July, $5 42½. Ribs, May, $4 70.

It's Time to Sow

Cabbages, Cauliflowers, Celery and Tomatoes, for early use, in a sunny window.

Buy **HAMILTON'S** Seeds

373 Talbot St, near King St.

Oil Markets.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 22.—Oil opened today at $1 13.

PETROLIA, March 22.—Oil opened and closed at $1 40.

OIL CITY, Pa., March 21.—Oil opened and closed at $1 13.

English Markets.

Ruling prices for the past four market days—The following table shows the quotations per cental at Liverpool for the three previous market days. In the case of wheat highest prices are given.

	Mar. 17.		Mar. 18.		Mar. 20.		Mar 21.	
WHEAT—								
Red Winter	6	0½	6	0½	6	1½	6	0½
No. 1 Nor. Spring	5	10½	5	10½	5	10½	5	11
No. 1 Cal	6	7	0	0	0	0	6	6
March	5	0⅜	5	3½	5	4⅛	5	3¾
May	5	3	5	3⅜	5	4⅞	5	3½
July	5	3	5	3⅜	5	4⅞	5	3½
CORN—								
New	3	4¼	3	4¼	3	4½	3	4¾
Old	3	7	3	6½	3	6¾	3	7
March	3	3¾	3	3½	3	4	3	4½
May	3	3⅝	3	3⅝	3	3⅞	3	4
July	3	3⅝	3	3¾	3	4¼	3	4¼
Flour	17	6	17	6	17	6	17	0
Peas	5	9½	5	9½	5	9½	5	9
Pork	45	0	45	0	45	0	45	0
Lard	27	3	27	0	27	0	27	0
Tallow	23	6	23	6	23	6	23	6
Bacon, light	27	0	27	0	27	0	27	0
Cheese, white	51	6	51	6	52	0	52	0
Cheese, colored	51	6	51	6	52	0	52	0

Liverpool, March 22—12:30 p.m.

Wheat—Spot firm: No. 1 Cal., stocks exhaust ed; No. 1 red northern spring, 5s 1½d; spot No. 2 red western winter, stocks exhausted.

Corn—Spot firm: American mixed, new, 3s 5¼d; do old, 3s 7¼d; futures, steady; Jan., old, 3s 10d; March, 3s 5⅜d; May, 3s 5¾d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter, dull, 7s 6d.

Peas—Canadian, 5s 9d.

Beef—Dull; extra India mess, 62s 6d; prime mess, 60s.

Pork—Dull; prime mess, fine western, 45s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 lbs, firm, 26s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 40 to 45 lbs, 27s; short clear backs, 16 to 18 lbs, 27s; long clear middles, light, 35 to 38 lbs, 27s; short ribs, 20 to 24 lbs, dull, 27s 6d; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, dull, 27s 6d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, firm, 35s.

Lard—Prime western, 27s 3d.

Butter—Firm; finest United States, 90s; good, 65s.

Cheese—American, steady, finest white, 52s; do, colored, 52s.

Tallow—Prime city, 23s 6d.

Turpentine spirits—35s.

Rosin—Common, 4s.

Petroleum—Refined, 6s 3d.

Linseed oil—19s.

Cottonseed oil—Liverpool refined, 15s 6d.

Dairy Markets.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Butter firm; western, 16½c to 22c; do factory, 12c to 14c; Elgins, 22c; imitation creamery, 13½c to 17½c; state dairy, 14c to 20c; do creamery, 16c to 22c. Cheese steady; large white, 12c; small white, 12½c; large colored, 12c; small colored, 12½c to 12¾c; light skims, 8¾c to 10c; part skims, 7¾c to 9c; full skims, 4c to 5c.

CHICAGO, March 21.—Butter firm; creamery, 14c to 20c; dairies, 11½c to 17c. Cheese steady and unchanged.

Geo. McBean & Son.

We are open for offers of GRAIN, FLOUR and MILLFEED. If offering please state quantities and lowest prices.

P. O. BOX 807, - - MONTREAL

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Beeves—Receipts, 1,492; none for sale; feeling steady. Cables firm. Exports, 850 cattle, 1,027 sheep and 5,500 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 54; market steady; veals, $5 50 to $7 50. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 577; market firm; ewes and bucks, $3 50 to $4; common to prime lambs, $5 50 to $6 60; culls, $5. Hogs—Receipts, 2,203; market quiet, at $4 10 to $4 25.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., March 21.—Cattle—There were no fresh offerings today, but with a fair inquiry the feeling was steady; there were no calves on sale; nominal quotation for choice to extra, $6 75 to $7; good to choice, $6 to $6 75. Sheep and lambs—The offerings were four loads; the demand was fair, and price firm at yesterday's close; choice to extra were quotable at $6 25 to $6 75; good to choice, $6 to $6 25; sheep, choice to extra, $5 to $5 25; good to choice, $4 50 to $5; all sold, but the close was firm; these prices are here considered beyond the limits of safety, with probabilities in favor of a good-sized decline by the end of the week. Hogs—The offerings were light—12 loads; the market was even for the best part of the day, but barely steady at the close, which was lower; heavy were quotable at $4 05 to $4 10; medium, $4 05 to $4 10; Yorkers, $4 05; pigs, $3 90 to $4; roughs, $3 30 to $3 60; stags, $2 50 to $2 75.

CHICAGO, March 21.—The small supply of cattle today were easily disposed of at steady prices; fancy cattle brought $5 80 to $6; choice steers, $5 50 to $5 75; medium steers, $4 75 to $5; beef steers, $3 75 to $4 05; stockers and feeders, $3 50 to $4 75; bulls, $2 60 to $4; cows and heifers, $3 30 to $4 20; western fed steers, $4 25 to $5 60; Texas steers, $3 60 to $4 90; calves, $3 50 to $6 85. There was a good local and shipping demand for hogs and the late decline was fully recovered; fair to choice, $3 77½ to $3 90; packing lots, $3 50 to $3 75; mixed, $3 55 to $3 80; butchers, $3 60 to $3 85; light, $3 55 to $3 82½; pigs, $3 25 to $3 70.

TORONTO, March 21.—The receipts of cattle at the western stock yards today were represented by 54 loads, and business was rather slow during the early part of the day. The quality of the offerings was fair, and prices in all lines were generally unchanged. Cables report a firm market for cattle, both in London and Liverpool, but shippers did not show any anxiety to take the offerings. The best export cattle are quoted as high as 5c per lb, but the majority of sales were recorded around 4¾c per lb. Light exporters are quoted at 4½c per lb. For butchers' cattle there was a better demand, and in some cases for an exceptionally good animal 4½c per lb was given. The range was from 4c to 4¼c per lb, with ordinary stock selling at 3½c to 3¾c per lb. There was a fair inquiry for stockers, and dealers are quoting from 3½c to 3⅞c per lb. In the small meats market there was a good supply of sheep and lambs. Sheep are quoted at from 3c to 3½c per lb; for ewes 2½c to 2¾c per lb. Lambs are quoted at 4½c to 5c per lb. Calves are quoted at from $2 to $10 per head. The hog market is steady. The receipts were represented by about 1,700 head, with prices unchanged, the best selections selling at 4½c per lb. Milch cows, each, $25 to $45. Export cattle, per cwt, $4 75 to $5. Export cattle, light, $4 25 to $4 60. Butchers' cattle, choice, cwt, $4 to $4 50. Butchers' cattle, common, cwt, $3 50 to $3 75. Stockers, per cwt, $3 50 to $3 87½. Sheep, per cwt, $2 50 to $3 50. Lambs, per cwt, $4 50 to $5. Calves, per head, $2 to $10. Hogs, choice, per swt, $4 50; heavy fat, per swt, $3 87½; light, per cwt, $4 12½; sows, per cwt, $3.

PRIME CATTLE.

Chicago, March 22.—Six dollars per hundred pounds, the highest price ever paid for Texas cattle at Chicago yards, was paid for 16 steers Monday. They were 3-year-olds, weighed 1,543 pounds each and took $400 in prizes at the live stock show at Fort Worth last week.

THE ASSIZES

The Drennan Bigamy Case Falls Through.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

Harry J. Johnston, alias John W. Drennan, was placed on trial for bigamy, the case continuing all the afternoon. Drennan was alleged to have married Georgina Lucinda Griffiths, daughter of Mr. Colborne Griffiths, of Westminster, on Christmas Day, 1897, at Toronto, while he had a wife living, Sarah Herron, whom he married here on Dec. 24, 1886, Rev. Mr. Ryckman performing the ceremony. The plaintiff, Miss Griffiths, Mrs. Scott, her sister, and the father and mother were examined. According to their evidence, Drennan was made out to be a deceiver, whose word was worthless. Several letters which Drennan wrote to Miss Griffiths from Ohio and Michigan were put in as evidence. The judge questioned Mrs. Griffiths, and finally told her it would have been much better to have begun all this ding-donging before she allowed her daughter to go to Toronto with Drennan. The plaintiff's evidence showed that she went to Toronto on Christmas Eve, 1897, early in the evening; that she had gone out, met some strange people on Christmas Day, got married, and came back home. Drennan had represented himself to be a Free Press reporter, and the son of a minister.

Mr. Duncan Ross defended the prisoner, and produced evidence to show that the second marriage had never been performed, and proved an alibi. According to Mrs. Drennan's evidence, her husband, on the day in question, had gone to Courtland with her and the children. This was corroborated by a number of witnesses. J. McLarty, G. T. R. train dispatcher, deposed that it was an impossibility for the girl to have left at the time she alleged. Evidence was also on hand to prove that the girl had not left the place where she was employed until 9 o'clock on the Christmas Day that she swore she was in Toronto.

Mr. Lount at this point admitted the impossibility of conviction on the evidence.

The judge directed the jury to return a verdict of not guilty. His opinion was that the girl had been immoral, and had not told the truth. In discharging Drennan, the judge said: "You are not guilty of any offense against the criminal laws of your country, but you are guilty of most despicable and most disgraceful conduct."

Youth's Secret.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

restores color to gray hair.

Millinery Show Days.

London, March 20, '99.

We respectfully invite the presence of yourself and lady friends to our Spring Millinery Opening, on

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

March 22, 23, 24, 25.

We will have for your inspection a large number of Pattern Hats and Bonnets, including many Paris and New York novelties, which are worthy of attention, and hope you will favor us with a visit to our show rooms on one of the above dates.

Yours respectfully,

Bayley's,

172 and 174 Dundas Street.

THE HAT IN CHURCH

Revolutionary Notice in Calvary Church Vestibule, New York

New York, March 21.—Calvary Methodist Episcopal Church has a religio-social problem on its hands that will interest church-goers everywhere. This notice has been posted in the church vestibule:

"All persons worshiping in this church are requested to remove their head coverings."

Of course the notice points directly to the feminine members of the congregation, many of whom are not content to discard their expensive headgear in church hours. Others will take up the movement, as pastors generally agree that women should remove their hats in church. Whether the fair contingent of Calvary Church will obey the notice is a question.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS

Kingston will purchase an aerial truck.

Heaviest snowfall of the winter in England.

The Marquis of Salisbury has started for the Riviera.

Mr. Savard, M.P., is now Liberal whip for Quebec.

Madame Evanturel, wife of the Ontario Speaker, is ill.

The safety of all New York hotels are to be in vestigated.

Presbyterian home mission committee meeting at Toronto.

The Plains of Abraham have been surveyed into building lots.

German seamen must either wear beards or remove mustaches.

British Parliament has been considering the fire safety of hotels.

Mr. Tarte says the senate reform resolutions do not go far enough.

Hamilton is to renew its roads, and is discussing brick, tar and asphalt.

Premier Greenway supports senate reform, but would prefer abolition.

Canada's trade forty-seven millions ahead of last year, say the figures.

Toronto St. George's Society send condolence address to Lady Herschell.

Thomas Grant, sen., aged 84, a former well-known Woodstock merchant, is dead.

Britain sends a strong commodore to command the fleet in Newfoundland waters.

The local option bylaw was carried in the township of Reach by about 100 majority.

Sir Charles Tupper entertained 80 of his political friends at Ottawa, on Monday night.

Messrs. A. L. Small & Co., Montreal, have arranged to begin business again, creditors accepting 30 cents on the dollar.

Bedford Beale, at Norfolk, Va., died of hiccoughs yesterday. They continued fifteen days, and could not be stopped.

At Sierra Leone, several daughters of missionaries are in possession of savages, the parents having been murdered.

Grove Whaley, a prominent farmer and fruit grower at Olinda, Ont., dropped dead in his stable last night. Cause, heart failure.

Rev. Dr. Warden has announced his intention of retiring from the secretaryship of the home mission committee of the Presbyterian Church in June, his duties as general agent of the church taking up all his time.

Stubborn Coughs.

Some Coughs seem hard to shake off—stick right to you in spite of all you do to get rid of them.

Those are the kind of Coughs that are dangerous—that weaken the lungs so that the germs of Consumption find a ready foothold.

Now, there's no remedy will cure stubborn Coughs—Coughs that won't let go—like Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

It allays the inflammation, soothes the irritation, heals the diseased mucous lining of the Lungs and Bronchial Tubes, and rids the system completely of all the bad effects of lingering Coughs and Colds.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.



Price 25c. All dealers.

A. SCREATON & CO.

Are You Looking for Something Dainty in

Yellow and White Draperies?

If So, We Have Them. See Our East Window.

FOR SOFT HANGINGS....

MADRAS

is the popular material this season. We can give you this in

White, Cream or Colored Goods.

New Sateens

or Cushions, with silk and cotton cords to match; also

Novelty Fringe.

the newest and nobbiest thing for finishing cushions.

Art Silks, Art Denims, English Cretonnes, Linen, Scrim, Dotted and Fancy Muslins, etc.

WE INVITE INSPECTION.

A. SCREATON & CO.

PROHIBITION CAUCUS

Meeting of Dominion Alliance Committee at Ottawa.

The Usual Party Differences Make Their Appearance.

[C. P. R. Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, March 22.—A meeting of the legislative committee of the Dominion Alliance, composed of members of parliament favorable to prohibition, and members of the alliance, was held this forenoon in the railway committee room of the House of Commons.

There were present J. R. Dougall, L. J. Carter, G. M. Webster, J. H. Carson, Montreal; F. S. Spence and W. H. Orr, Toronto; Rev. John Hughson, C. B. Taggart and Rev. J. Wood, Ottawa, representing the alliance; and Messrs. Scriver, Wilson, Cargill, McIssac, Davies, Moore, Henderson, Bain, Bertt, Cochrane, Craig, Maxwell, McInnes, Tolmie, McMullen, McMillan, Oliver, Flint, Somerville, Hale, Dr. McDonald, members of parliament; and Senators Vidal, Perley, King and Lougheed.

Senator Vidal was called to the chair. He said that he did not believe in the formation of a third party to secure prohibition. His idea was to secure it from one of the present political parties.

Mr. Carson was appointed secretary, and Mr. Dougall explained the object of the meeting.

Mr. Spence, after referring to the taking of the vote, said the reply which the government gave to the prohibitionists, in answer to their request for a prohibitory liquor law, was not satisfactory. About 23 per cent of the names on the list were recorded for prohibition; about 44 per cent of the vote was polled. He went on to show that the present government had only 28 per cent of the vote. He showed that there was an entire absence of enthusiasm that would have existed had it been a contest between individuals. Of all the constituencies that were represented in parliament, 128 constituencies had declared in favor of prohibition. But for the vote in the Province of Quebec, that result would have been overwhelmingly in favor of prohibition. If the majority had no right to coerce the minority, then the minority had no right to force their views upon the majority. He closed by maintaining that the prohibitionists were entitled to a prohibitory liquor law.

In answer to a question, Mr. Spence said the alliance had not made any declaration on the question of having prohibition in those provinces that had declared for it, and not in those that were against it. They wanted to hear what this meeting had to say.

Mr. Craig (Conservative) said all this was very interesting; but he and others had come there to see what was going to be done about it, now they knew the vote and they knew the answer of the government. He suggested coming down to business.

Mr. Flint said that he was one of those who never believed that taking a plebiscite would influence any of the political parties. Still, when it was decided to take the vote, he did what he could to make it a success. There was no doubt that great difficulty stood in the way of the Province of Quebec. As for members of parliament, they were entirely influenced by results in their own constituencies. They were not influenced by what constituencies one hundred or one thousand miles away had to say on the matter. The vote, therefore, in the house would be guided by what their constituencies thought on the matter. He was of the opinion that the government made a mistake. He would have liked to see the government introduce a prohibitory liquor bill, but not having done so, he did not believe in making it a party question. If the Conservative party would take up prohibition and make it a plank in their platform, he would support them.

Mr. Craig (Conservative) said that all this was very fine, but he wanted to know what the Dominion Alliance was going to do.

Mr. Flint said that he would favor moving a motion in parliament in favor of prohibition, and that the vote on the plebiscite justified a prohibitory liquor law in all provinces except Quebec.

Dr. McDonald wanted to know what the Dominion Alliance proposed.

Chairman Vidal (Conservative) said the Dominion Alliance thought it best to consult today's meeting first, although believing that the vote justified legislation.

Mr. Spence moved that a resolution be asked, that in the opinion of the house the results in the recent prohibition plebiscite are such as call for the introduction into parliament of legislation by the Dominion Government.

Mr. Broder (Conservative), Dundas said the alliance had been supporting those who had swallowed their pledges, no matter although they had been picked out of the gutter, in preference to aiding men in their constituencies who had been temperance men all their lives. He had experienced this.

Mr. Holmes said he had been working for prohibition for 25 years, yet they did not support him in his contest.

Mr. McClure said that neither of the political parties were in favor of prohibitive legislation. He moved that as the government had declined to take any action, a committee of seven be appointed to consider how to bring the matter directly before parliament.

Dr. McDonald said that the sentiment of the people was not ripe for prohibition.

Mr. Orr would not like to see the present government introduce a bill, seeing they had declared against prohibition.

Mr. Moore seconded Mr. Flint's resolution.

Mr. Oliver would second Mr. McClure's motion if put as an amendment.

Mr. McClure's amendment was carried by 28 to 11.

Mr. Sutherland, who was not present as a prohibitionist, said the country ought to know the farcical nature of the proceedings. It was the same farce which was being played over every year. Anyone who saw those present voting as politicians, and not as prohibitionists, could see what the proceedings really meant.

The following committee was appointed to report on Mr. McClure's motion: Messrs. Moore Gagnon, McMullen, Flint, McClure, Christie, members of parliament, and Senator Vidal.

CURE THOSE UGLY PIMPLES.

By Using Dr. Agnew's Ointment—Any Form of Eczema Helped at Once, and Cured Eventually by Its Use.

Not a skin blemish caused by eczema, tetter, ringworm, salt rheum, scald head and other skin diseases that will not vanish as if by magic on the application of Dr. Agnew's Ointment. One application will give quick comfort and relief, and in a few days the skin heals up, and is as soft as a baby's. It will cure piles in from three to five nights—no matter what nature or how long standing. 35 cents. Sold by W. S. B. Barkwell.

The inhabitants of Cochin China, much prefer rotten eggs to fresh ones.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters'; and to my great joy and surprise the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents a bottle, every bottle guaranteed. For sale by W. T. Strong & Co.

America has 22,000 periodicals.

Osaka, Japan, has 28 shipyards.

New York has 3,000 oyster shops.

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when, by the timely use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing the affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

Lloyd's Weekly Newspaper, which was established in London 55 years ago, has an affidavit circulation of 1,152,959, and drawn regularly by the Howard family ever since, has just been compounded by the Duke of Norfolk, the Earl's representative, for $4,000 in cash.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

F. H. BUTLER,

STOCK BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for vest pocket manual. Long distance 'phone.

OFFICES, 15 and 16 Masonic Temple London

TODAY'S MARKETS

Toronto Stock Market.

TORONTO, March 22.

	Ask.	Bid.
Montreal	260	248
Ontario	127	124
Toronto	250	248
Merchants		180
Commerce	151	148½
Imperial	217	214
Dominion	272	267
Standard		190
Hamilton		191
British America	129	127¾
Western Assurance	167	166
Consumers' Gas		220
Montreal Gas	213	
Dominion Telegraph		133¾
Northwest Land Company, pref.	55	52
Canada Pacific Ry Stock	85	84⅞
Commercial Cable Company	185	181
Commercial Coupon Bonds	104¾	104¾
Com. Registered Bonds	105	103¾
Bell Telephone Company		176
Bell Telephone, new		
Richelieu and Ontario	110	108
Montreal Street Railway	200	
Toronto Street Railway	112½	112¼
London Street Railway	183½	178
London Electric	125	123
Dominion Savings and Invest.		76
Huron and Erie L. and S.		180
Huron and Erie, 20 per cent.		170
London and Canada L. and A.	70	
London Loan	120	110
London and Ontario	90	
Ontario Loan and Debenture		123

Montreal Stock Market.

MONTREAL, March 22.

	Ask.	Bid.
Canadian Pacific, xd	85½	85
Duluth, common	3½	3
Duluth, preferred	11	9
Commercial Cable	183	181
Com. Cable Coupon Bonds		
Commercial Reg Bonds		
Montreal Telegraph	180	175
Richelieu and Ontario	110	108½
Montreal Street Railway	315¾	315
Montreal St. Railway, new	314¾	312
Toronto Railway, xd	112½	112
Montreal Gas Company	212	211¾
Bell Telephone	180	177½
Royal Electric, xd	182	181¾
Bank of Montreal		250
Ontario Bank		
Molsons Bank		
Bank of Toronto		
Merchants' Bank	185	180
Merchants' Bank of Halifax		180
Quebec Bank		125
Union Bank		120
Bank of Commerce		
Northwest Land, pref	57	52
Montreal Cotton Co., xd	165	160
Canada Colored Cotton		70
Dominion Cotton	111	109

New York Stocks.

Reported by F. H. Butler, 15 and 16 Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser.

New York, March 22.

	Saturday's Close.	Open.	High.	Low.	2.30.
Atcheson	21¾	21¾	21½	21	21
Atcheson Pfd	60½	60	60¾	59⅞	60⅛
Brooklyn Tran	107⅞	107¼	109⅞	105¼	108⅜
Central Pacific	51	51½	51¾	50½	51
C., B. & Q	140¼	140	141⅞	140	141
C. & N. W	147¾	147½	147⅞	147¼	147⅝
Chicago Gas	118¾	118¾	119⅜	118⅝	118¾
Gen. Electric	116	117	117⅞	113¾	114⅝
Jersey Central	115	115	117⅛	115	117
K. & T., Pfd	38½	38⅜	38⅞	38¾	38⅜
L. & N	63⅝	63⅝	63⅞	63¼	63½
Manhattan	107½	107¼	109½	107⅜	109⅛
Metropolitan St.	255	253	254½	253¼	254
Mo. P	45⅞	45⅞	46¼	45¾	46
N. Y. Central	135⅞	135⅛	135⅞	135⅛	135½
N. P., Pfd	78	78	78½	77⅞	78½
Ont. & Western	27¼	27¼	28⅛	27½	27¾
P. M	48	47¾	48¼	47⅞	48⅛
R. I	116⅞	117⅛	117⅜	116¼	117⅛
Reading	23¾	23¾	24¼	23¾	24
St. P	127¾	127⅜	128⅛	127⅜	128¼
Southern Ry, Pfd	49¼	49½	49¼	48⅝	49
T. C. I	53	52¾	52¾	51⅞	52⅝
U. Pacific	80¾	80¾	81⅞	80½	80½
W. U	93¼	93¼	93¼	93½	93¼
TRUSTS:					
Lead	33½	42¾	34¾	33½	34½
Leather	71¾	71¾	72	71¼	71½
Sugar	164	165	164	158	161½
Federal Steel	52¼	53	53¼	52	53
Rubber	50¾	50¾	50¾	50½	50¾
Steel & Wire	62¾	62¾	64¾	62¾	64
Tobacco	210	210	210	208	210

English Markets.

Liverpool, March 22.—Closing. Wheat—Spot, dull; No. 1 Cal., 6s 7d to 6s 7½d; No. 2 red western, winter, 6s 1½d; No. 1 red northern spring, steady, 5s 10½d.

Corn—Spot, steady, American mixed, new, 3s 4¼d; do, old, 3s 6½d; futures, steady, March, 3s 5¾d; May, 3s 4¾d; July, 3s 4⅞d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter, steady, 3s 3d.

Peas—Canadian, 5s 9½d.

Beef—Dull; Prime mess, 60s; extra India mess, 62s 6d.

Pork—Dull; Prime mess, fine western, 45s; do, medium, western, 42s 6d.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., steady, 34s 6d.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 28 to 30 lbs., steady, 26s 6d; short ribs, 20 to 24 lbs, dull, 27s; long clear middles, light, 35 to 38 lbs, dull, 27s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 40 to 45 lbs, dull, 27s; short clear backs, 16 to 18 lbs, firm, 27s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, steady, 30s.

Shoulders—Square, 12 to 14 lbs, steady, 23s.

Lard—Prime western, dull, 27s.

Butter—Finest American, 90s; good, 65s.

Rosin—Common, steady, 4s.

Cheese—Strong; American finest white, 51s 6d; do, colored, 51s 6d.

Tallow—Prime city, strong, 23s.

Cottonseed oil—Liverpool refined, firm, 16s 9d.

Turpentine spirits—Firm, 33s 9d.

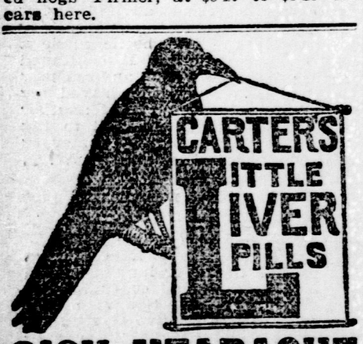
Hops—At London (Pacific coast) firm, £4 10s to £4 15s.

Linseed oil—19s.

Petroleum—Refined, 6⅝d.

Toronto Produce Market.

Toronto, March 22.—Wheat—Dull but steady, at 67c for red and 68c for white west; goose, 65c to 66c west; Manitoba wheat steady, at 80½c for No. 1 hard at North Bay, and 82½c grinding in transit. Flour—Quiet, at $2 90 for cars of straight roller in barrels west. Millfeed—Firm, at $15 to $16 for shorts, and $13 50 to $14 for bran west. Barley—Nominal, at 46c for No. 1 west. Buckwheat—Quiet, at 50c west. Rye—Steady, at 53c to 54c west. Corn—Steadier, at 35½c for Canada yellow west; 41½c for new American, and 42½c for old, Toronto freights. Oats—Steady, at 29c for mixed and 30c for white west. Peas—Steady, at 65c to 66c west. Butter—Steady, at 13c to 15c for large rolls, and 10c to 13½c for dairy tubs; creamery steady, at 20c to 21c for prints, and 19c to 20c for packed. Eggs—Steady, at 13c. Dressed hogs—Firmer, at $5 10 to $5 15 for cars here.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose, Small Price.

American Markets.

BUFFALO, March 22.—Spring wheat—No. 1 hard, 78½c; winter wheat, No. 2 red, 75c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 37¾c; No. 4 yellow, 37c; No. 3 corn, 36½c, on track. Oats—No. 2 white, 33½c to 34c; No. 3 white, 32¾c; No. 4 white, 31¾c; No. 3 mixed, 29½c, on track.

DETROIT, March 22.—Wheat—No. 1 white, cash, 71¾c; No. 2 red, cash, 72c; May, 72½c; July, 70c.

TOLEDO, March 22.—Wheat—Cash and May, 72c; July, 69⅞c. Corn—Cash, 24½c; May, 26. Oats—Cash and May 27½c.

MILWAUKEE, March 22.—Wheat—Cash, 69c.

NEW YORK, March 22.—Flour—Receipts, 21,869 bbls; sales, 1,700 pkgs; state and western firmer, but very quiet; winter straights, $3 50 to $3 60. Rye flour quiet; good to fair, $3 10 to $3 25; choice to fancy, $3 30 to $3 45. Wheat—Receipts, 60,800; sales, 525,000; options firm and higher again on a cold weather scare, strong cables and local covering; March, 81c to 81¼c; May, 74 1-16c to 74½c; July, 73⅛c to 73 7-16c; Sept., 71⅛c to 71⅜c. Rye steady; state, 59c; No. 2 western, 64½c, f. o. b., afloat. Corn—Receipts, 80,925 bu; sales, 40,000 bu; options advanced on light receipts and higher cables; May, 40c to 40 1-16c; July, 40⅛c to 40¼c. Oats—Receipts, 120,000; dull; track, white state and western, 35c to 38½c. Butter—Receipts, 7,475 pkgs; steady. Cheese—Receipts, 460 pkgs; firm. Eggs — Receipts, 13,845 pkgs; firmer; state and Pensylvania, 14½c; western, 14½c; southern, 13c to 14c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 3⅞c; refined steady. Coffee dull and easy; No. 7, 6 1-16c. Hops quiet. Lead steady; bullion price, $4 20; exchange $4 40 to $4 45.

Chicago Exchange.

CHICAGO, March 22.

Following are the fluctuations on the Chicago Board of Trade furnished by F. H. Butler, broker, Masonic Temple. Phone 1278.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—May	69	69½	68¾	69¾
July	68⅛	69	68¼	68¾
Corn—May	35	35½	35	35⅜
July	35¾	36⅛	35⅝	36
Oats—May	26⅜	26⅝	26⅜	26⅝
July	24¾	24⅞	24⅝	24⅞
Pork—May	9 00	9 00	8 95	9 00
Lard—May	5 27	5 39	5 25	5 27
Ribs—May	4 70	4 79	4 67	4 70

Live Stock Markets.

CHICAGO, March 22.—Hogs—Estimated receipts for today, 30,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over, 4,081; average steady; closed weak; mixed and butchers, $3 55 to $3 87½; good heavy, $3 80 to $3 90; rough heavy, $3 55 to $3 65; light, $3 55 to $3 80. Cattle—Receipts, 18,500; generally 10c lower; beeves, $4 to $5 75; cows and heifers, $1 75 to $4 25; Texas steers, $3 80 to $5 10; stockers and feeders, $3 25 to $4 75.

Strong's Pure Drugs

are and have been synonymous terms for twenty years.

Our Dispensing Department

is the best equipped in the city. You get what is called for. You cannot afford to experiment with medicines. We ask your prescription trade.

W. T. STRONG & CO.,

Dispensing Chemists,

184 Dundas Street, London.

☞ Marriage Licenses Issued.

Latest Probabilities

Toronto, March 22 — 10 a.m. — Probabilities for the lower lakes region for the next 24 hours: Unsettled and mild, with local falls of snow or rain.

Not much change in temperature tomorrow.

LATE LOCAL ITEMS

—Dr. Bray, of Chatham, called on Inspector Sanders this morning.

—W. A. M. Goode, the well-known New York journalist, is in the city.

—Mr. Harry Chapman has received an appointment in the city postoffice.

—Miss Cecilia Stinchcombe, of Cavendish street, West London, has returned home after a six weeks' visit to Newark, N. J.

—Mr. W. H. Hewlett, of this city, took part as organ soloist in a successful concert given last evening in Jarvis Street Baptist Church, Toronto.

—The friends of Mr. Andy Williams will be glad to hear that he is recovering from the injury to his hand, and will be around again in a few days.

—The quarterly meeting of the executive committee of the Synod of Huron will be held in Bishop Cronyn Hall on Thursday afternoon and evening this week.

—Sir Frank Smith, who was taken seriously ill in September last, is now recovering, and all danger is past. His condition for some time caused grave fears for his safety.

—Mr. Macfie, secretary of St. Andrew's Society, will be found at the office of the Ontario Electric Company, Masonic Temple, each day, until after the St. Andrew's ball, April 7.

—The Bishop of Huron will, at the invitation of the Archbishop of Rupert's Land, preach in the cathedral at Winnipeg on the 100th anniversary of the Church Missionary Society of England, on April 12.

—Word has been received here that Mr. George Brunton, a former London boy, died recently. He was well known in the minstrel profession, having been connected with Gorman Bros.' minstrels for several seasons.

—The remains of the late Robert Nicol Curry were laid at rest in Woodland Cemetery this afternoon. The funeral took place from his late residence, 272 Talbot street. Rev. Mr. Stuart, of Knox Presbyterian Church, conducted the services.

—The fifth and last of the series of monthly organ recitals to be given by Mr. W. H. Hewlett, in Dundas Center Methodist Church next Saturday afternoon, will no doubt be a fitting climax to this most successful series of recitals. Mrs. Frank Mackelcan, the popular contralto, of Hamilton, will assist in what promises to be an interesting programme.

—The funeral of the late Jane Wright took place this morning from St. Peter's Cathedral to the Catholic burying-ground. Grand high mass was celebrated by Rev. Father Tiernan. The following gentlemen acted as pallbearers: Messrs. M. Masuret, J. Beaton, James Eagan, Andrew Durand, D. Regan and Jas. Wilson.

—The annual meeting of the Woman's Missionary Association of the Diocese of Huron is announced for April 4, 5 and 6, in Bishop Cronyn Hall. April 4 will be observed as a "quiet day," with address by the bishop. The missionary meeting on Wednesday evening will be addressed by Rev. J. H. McLeod, of Lion's Head; Rev. E. H. Erle, of Algonac, Mich., and Rev. A. H. Baldwin, of Toronto. Papers will be read during the meetings by Mrs. Boomer and Miss Kingsmill, of this city; Miss Wier, of Brantford, and Miss Halson, provincial Dorcas secretary.

WANT BETTER WAGES.

The Brassworkers' Union of this city have asked the employers to increase wages, and expect an answer this week.

"MEN FOR THE AGE."

Rev. Jos. Edge lectured in the Wellington Street Church last night, on "Men for the Age," giving a very forcible and clear address. The speaker said that they should be men of character, honest men, physically strong men, and reading men, who keep up with the times. He believed that all men should marry, as 93 per cent of all criminals were unmarried men. Mr. James Park occupied the chair. The Imperial Quartet was in attendance, and rendered a number of selections, which were greatly enjoyed. Mr. H. R. McDonald also contributed to the programme. The lecture was given under the auspices of the Church Improvement society, and the proceeds were considerable. The attendance was fairly good.

DEATH OF WILLIAM DARK.

Mr. William Dark, a former resident of this city, died in Buffalo yesterday at the age of 89 years. He came to reside in this city 60 years ago, from Bath, England, and at one time owned considerable property in the east end. Mrs. Dark died three years ago, aged 89 years. Before removing to Buffalo, the worthy couple made their home for eighteen years with their son-in-law, Mr. E. Jarmain, of South London, where they celebrated their golden wedding. Mr. Dark surviving this event ten years. Deceased leaves two sons, Henry, of Buffalo; James, of Oklahoma, and one daughter, Mrs. E. Jarmain, of South London. Mr. Dark was a member of the Baptist Church, a conscientious and upright man, and one who held the esteem of all who were acquainted with him.

OSGOODE HALL ECHOES.

Village of Port Stanley vs. Herrick—Judgment on motion of plaintiffs to commit the defendant Alonzo Herrick for unsatisfactory answers upon his examination as a judgment debtor. Held, that the notice of the motion should have particularized the answers complained of. Foster vs. Van Wormer, 12 P. R. 597, followed. Motion dismissed without costs and without prejudice to the application being renewed. J. H. Moss, for plaintiffs; Tremeear, for defendant, Alonzo Herrick.

Hastings vs. Summerfeldt—Judgment in action by Edward Hastings, a farmer in Markham, against Abner Summerfeldt, who was deputy returning officer at polling subdivision No. 6, township of Markham, at the provincial election held on March 1, 1898, to recover a penalty of $400 for the refusal of the defendant to give the plaintiff a new ballot in place of one which he spoiled. Plaintiff spoiled his ballot by marking it for the wrong candidate, and the defendant deposited it in the box and counted it for the candidate for whom it was marked, notwithstanding the plaintiff's request for a new one. Held, that the defendant was liable to the plaintiff for three breaches of his duty as a deputy returning officer: 1. For disclosing the manner in which plaintiff had marked his ballot paper. 2. For not canceling the ballot paper which had been inadvertently dealt with. 3. For having, after he ought to have been satisfied of the act of inadvertence, refused to deliver another ballot paper to plaintiff, whereby he compelled the plaintiff to vote for the candidate whom he wished to oppose, and these breaches of defendant committed "willfully," within the meaning of the authorities. Judgment for plaintiff for $400 and costs. Thirty days' stay.

COOPERS' STRIKE TO CONTINUE

Mr. Forrestal Said to Have Gone to Get Machinery—A Statement Which the Men Regard as a Bluff—Company Again Refuse to Recognize the Union.

The strike situation at the London and Petrolia Barrel Works is unchanged today. It will be a fight to the finish. The strikers' committee waited upon Mr. Hawkins at the shops this morning for a final interview, and were told they were "too late." Mr. Forrestal had gone to the United States to get machinery, said Mr. Hawkins, and he asked the men if they had any new proposition.

The men replied that they had not. They must have their document signed, which Mr. Hawkins positively declined to do.

The men regard the company's statement that machinery will be purchased as a bluff.

Wheat-Killing June Frost.

The Advertiser asked for the exact date of the great wheat-killing June frost somewhere about 1859.

Mr. James Sherlock, 40 Pipe Line road, called on The Advertiser this morning and stated that he remembers well the heavy frost, which a subscriber in The Advertiser desired information about. He states that he is almost positive it was in the year 1859. There were two heavy frosts, one on the 10th of June and the other on the 20th. He was then living in Nissouri township, and the corn was well up. The first frost nipped it, but it commenced to grow again, but the later frost completely cut down everything, and froze the ground hard, ice being formed an inch thick. Apples, plums, and all kinds of fruit were completely ruined.

An esteemed correspondent also sends the following: "In reply to Inquirer regarding the exact date of the terrible June frost of 1859, I may state that I have a record of the event, written at the time. It took place on June 5, 1859, or more particularly on the night of June 4 and morning o June 5.

Spring tiredness is due to an impoverished condition of the blood, and is cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, which enriches the blood.

MARION BROWN BEFORE THE BAR

Continued from page 1.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

The crowd at the court house this afternoon was the largest since the Freeman murder trial. It was an impossibility at times either to get in or out of the court, the corridors being packed. Mr. McPhillips had made ten peremptory objections; the crown had set aside three. Only eight jurors are thus far chosen, out of 32 men called. The judge said he would request the sheriff to supplement the jury list immediately on the present list being exhausted.

The fifth juryman sworn was Wm. N. Aylesworth, North Dorchester.

Ex-Ald. John Heaman admitted that he had read the papers, and formed an opinion from what he read that the prisoner was guilty. In reply to Mr. McPhillips' questions, Mr. Heaman said his mind was in such condition concerning the prisoner that he could give him a fair and impartial trial. He was challenged peremptorily and retired.

John Garvey, challenged, expressed his desire to be off the jury. He would do justice to any man, but at the present time his mind was biased against the prisoner. He was held to be not indifferent.

Peter Abery was challenged, objected to peremptorily, and retired.

Malcolm Campbell, Caradoc, challenged. He was a relative of Malcolm Campbell, one of the principal witnesses for the crown, and had been told by him of how the peg-leg had been followed with shotguns and revolvers. He believed from what he had heard that Brown was guilty. To Mr. Lount he admitted that his mind was biased against the prisoner.

Samuel Broom, Caradoc, was challenged for cause. He was tried and the case not proven, and in consequence was sworn in.

Edwin J. Colton, of East Williams, challenged for cause, which was not proven. Mr. Colton was the seventh juryman selected.

George W. Heard, Wellington, challenged, but cause not proven. Mr. Heard, under oath to Mr. McPhillips, said that he could give an impartial verdict. The crown objected to Mr. Heard, and he stood aside.

J. W. Forsythe, Delaware, challenged; cause not proven. Sworn in.

Abraham Pettit, Appin, challenged. No cause proven; but he was retired on being peremptorily objected to by prisoner's counsel.

W. H. Raycraft, Mosa, challenged for cause. None shown. Challenged peremptorily and retired.

Thomas Daniels, Lobo, challenged. Cause not proven. Challenged peremptorily and retired.

Milton Sharp, Delaware, challenged. He believed the prisoner was guilty, and was retired.

George Willsie, Westminster, challenged. Had formed the opinion that the prisoner was guilty, but his mind was in such a state that he could give the prisoner a fair trial. Held not to be indifferent.

Thomas Smithers, McGillivray, challenged, prejudice; proved. Retired.

SETTLEMENT DEMANDED

Joint Note Addressed to the Chinese War Office

By British, German and American Ministers—European Expedition Cut Up by Arabs.

Pekin, March 22.—The British, German and American ministers at Pekin have addressed notes to the Tsung Li Yamen demanding a settlement of the Shanghai foreign settlement extensions question. The French minister, M. Pichion agreeing to withdraw the protest of the French consul against the extensions on the condition that the proposed extensions do not include that portion of the land forming the immediate hinterland of the present French concession.

Rome, March 22.—It is understood that the Chinese minister has informed the Italian Government that China absolutely refuses the demand of Italy for a concession of San Mun Bay.

CUT UP BY ARABS.

Algiers, March 22.—Telegramme Algierien announces that a number of Arabs arrived at Ghardeia yesterday, and that they were raiding the country. Ghardeia is situated about 300 miles south of Algiers, in the Sahara. It is further announced that a party of Touaregs recently attacked an European expedition which was on its way to Air, in the Sahara, and that after a fierce fight the Touaregs were beaten off, but the expedition lost 100 men killed, and part of the caravan was captured. The paper mentioned adds that the expedition must be Fourcauh-Lany's mission, which is said to be the only European mission at the present moment in the Sahara. When last heard from it had arrived at the town of Azion. Moreover, it is said, in conclusion, there are certain other grave indications tending to confirm the news.

Steamship Arrivals.

March 21.	At	From
Normandie	New York	Liverpool
Russia	Liverpool	Philadelphia
Norge	Stettin	New York
Southwark	Antwerp	New York
March 22.		
Anchoria	New York	Glasgow
Kaiser Frederick	New York	Bremen

Spring Term.

The Central Business College, Stratford, Ont., announces that the spring term in that institution will begin on April 4. Mr. W. J. Elliott, the principal of the college, will be pleased to send full information to anyone desirous of obtaining a business education or a course in shorthand and typewriting. bd&w

No, there is no use trying other kinds of flour. Hunt's Diamond is the only kind that will always turn out good Bread, Cakes or Biscuits. If your grocer says he has something that is just as good, and a little cheaper, don't take it. A bad bag of flour is dear at any price. **

Oak Hall Watches.

Manager Taylor, of Oak Hall, has a good watch which he is giving away with every purchase of $10. The watch is an excellent timekeeper, and is an extra inducement which purchasers will not regret when they secure one. The spring stock of clothing is a most superb one, and the styles and textures of the best make.

After a hard day's work there's nothing so refreshing as a cup of good hot Blue Ribbon Tea

OZONE—For Catarrh.

Catarrh is perhaps the most common malady which affects the Canadian people: in fact statistics show that 90 people out of 100 are affected by its taint in a lesser or greater degree. Ozone has proved itself a radical cure, not alone in a "cold in the head" stage, but many deep-seated cases have yielded to its almost magic influence. W. W. Lee, of Listowel, Ont., says: "I found Ozone a great benefit to me in a complication of catarrh of the head and throat and bronchitis. I think it a great remedy and take pleasure in recommending it."

Ask your druggist, or the

OZONE COMPANY, of Toronto, Limited, Canada Life Building.

FACING THE 'PINOS

Scare Reported in the Island of Negros.

Natives Threaten to Destroy the Crops—U. S. Forces Being Reorganized.

New York, March 22.—A Herald dispatch from Iloilo says: A scare is reported in the Island of Negros. Upward of sixty Spanish refugee planters have arrived at Iloilo, and state that a native tribe, 20,000 strong, living on the Montescos River, 20 miles south of Bacolad, threaten to destroy the haciendas and crops. They have a few firearms, but are mostly equipped with spears and bows. The Spaniards requested arms from General Miller to defend themselves and their property. There is no change in the situation here.

Reports of fighting in the Island of Negros, without any particulars, have reached Manila.

5 p.m.—While apparently inactive since Sunday, the contrary has really been the case with the American forces. A reorganization, entailing many changes, has been in progress since the abandonment of the flying column. The Oregon regiment have been concentrated at the camp of Luneta, at the water front, in readiness for immediate transportation when the plans of the military leaders shall have been formulated. Our troops are entrenched and the situation is practically unchanged. The enemy has refrained from making any attacks recently.

According to a prisoner captured by United States troops, Aguinaldo has announced that he will personally conduct the reserves and Malolos and march into Manila within twenty days unless the Americans withdraw in the meantime. The concentration of rebel forces in the vicinity of Malabon gives color to the statement of the prisoner.

Advices received from Cebu by a coasting steamer say all is quiet there.

The United States transport Sherman, from New York on Feb. 3, has arrived here. One child, two sailors and two privates died on the voyage, and one man was drowned in the Mediterranean.

MR. SHERMAN'S CONDITION.

Santiago de Cuba, March 22—10 a.m.—Mr. Sherman, at this hour, continues improving.

SEARCHING THE RUINS.

New York, March 22. — Work was continued all night amid the ruins of the Windsor Hotel through the successive precipitations of snow, hail and rain. The scene this morning was a dismal one. A number of bones were found in a "pocket" on the Fifth avenue side, but there was not enough pieces to make up a body. Bones were found now and then during the night in various parts of the ruins, one at a time, and not a great many in all. With few exceptions, they could not be classified.

The great lung healer is found in that excellent medicine sold as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It soothes and diminishes the sensibility of the membranes of the throat and air passages, and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness of the chest, bronchitis, etc.

The Central Vermont Railroad and all its belongings were sold under foreclosure proceedings on Tuesday. It was purchased by Ezra H. Baker, of Boston, chairman of the bondholders' committee, for $7,000,000.

That Throbbing Headache.

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves, and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. For sale by W. T. Strong & Co.

D. B. Tasker has been appointed waterworks engineer at Woodstock.

Near Braincon is the Alpine Glacier du Casset, which is regularly worked as an ice quarry, the product being shipped by rail to Paris. The ice vein is about 100 feet wide and 25 thick.

Every houshold should have on hand a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment. The diversity of uses to which it can be put and the many doctor's bills it saves warrant it in taking first place in the family medicine chest. All dealers sell and recommend it.

DIED.

WALDOCK—In this city, on March 22, Charles P. Waldock, in his 74th year. Funeral notice later. 99u

Columbus Bicycles

....AT....

$40.00 and $50.00

Huron - - - $35

Dunlop Tires and Fauber Hanger.

See our $30 Huron.

Call and examine before purchasing All wheels guaranteed.

A. WESTMAN,

111 Dundas Street West.

Branch store - - 654 Dundas street east.

A WELL-DRESSED MAN

is he who is suitably clothed for his means, his occupation and the season of the year.

We have just opened for your inspection two cases of the newest designs in English and Scotch Tweeds at prices that

Union Work. PROVOKE POPULAR PATRONAGE. Best Trimmings.

ROSS

Phone 1319. 196 Dundas Street.

Among the Good Qualities in

Excelsior Soft Coal

Are These

—It lights quickly.
—Hot fire it makes.
—No clinkers left.
—Lasts long time.
—Big flame.

Bowman & Co.

Clarence and Bathurst streets.
City office, F. B. Clarke's, next Advertiser.

New Spring Suitings and Overcoatings

F. FENECH

274 Dundas Street.

Formerly with J. H. Chapman & Co.

Are You Looking

FOR A GOOD CURRANT LOAF?

George Peters

Richmond Street,

makes Currant Bread that leaves nothing to be desired. Phone 948.

Wm. Slater, THE TAILOR,

Who can save you a few dollars on a suit of clothes.

Richmond street, Opp. the V.

Just Arrived Per G. T. R.,

50 Cars Fresh-Mined.....

Chestnut Coal

Call and get some at once.

Campbell & Chantler,

176 BATHURST STREET.

Phone 347.

Modern Methods.

When you use Electric Light you will never consent to any other artificial light. It is the best in every way. Never any dirt or smoke. Get our prices for wiring your house.

LONDON ELECTRIC CO.,

359 Richmond Street.

IF YOU DESIRE TO FEEL COMFORTABLE

purchase a pair of the Webb Glove-Fitting Corsets. Special price $1, worth $1 50. If you want a bargain now is your chance. E J. WEBB, 290½ Dundas street, between Wellington and Waterloo streets.

THE RUSSELL,

...OTTAWA...

Palace Hotel of Canada.

Fitted up in the most modern style. Contains accommodation for over 400 guests. Passenger and baggage elevators. Commands a splendid view of the City, Parliament Grounds, Park, River and Canal. Visitors to the capital having business with the government find it more convenient to stop at The Russell, where they can always meet leading public men. Entire hotel supplied with fire escapes. Electric cars to all points of city. Trains pass hotel door

F. X. ST. JACQUES, Prop.

NOTHING BUT LEAVES

of the purest and highest quality of Ceylon Tea.

SALADA

CEYLON TEA

Most delicious and economical tea in the world. Sold in lead packets only. 25c, 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c. All Grocers.

To Whom She Said "Yes."

Mrs. Aubrey, interested like every woman in a love story, looked up inquiringly, and Verna let the long lashes droop over her fine eyes, and bent down to button her glove.

"Yes, it is true," she went on, very softly; "and for a long time he declared that he would never forgive me; but I do not know why I should mind owning that he understands me better now. At first when he came to Aldenby, he tried to keep up a little coldness, and to make me jealous by his attentions to others; but his mother has been staying with me, and she, loving us both, and wishing earnestly for our happiness, has brought us together once more. He no longer mistakes my motives; and I—I am so happy that, as you see, I no sooner find myself with one who looks as if she could sympathize with me, than I begin to talk of it. What an egotist you will think me, my dear Mrs. Aubrey! But then I was so very miserable in my first marriage!"

"Nay, do not apologize," was the cordial response. "My neighbors often confide their sorrows to me, for they are kind enough to say that I am quick to comprehend them. Pray, then, believe that I can enter into your pleasure at this reconcilation."

"It is not that alone," said Verna, in the same low but distinct tones she had used before; "it is not the reconciliation only that rejoices me. It is the knowledge that Mr. and Mrs. Lyssendon's long-cherished wishes for their son and for me may yet be gratified, for they have always desired our union; and, more than that, the wealth I can bestow with my hands will make him rich, honored and happy. We had not seen each other for years when Frank came to Aldenby; but he had not put another in my place. To a few flirtations, of course, he confesses; for when did a handsome young fellow come in contact with a pretty, credulous girl, and be able to resist flattering her into the belief that he was madly in love with her? I daresay," she added, laughingly, "Miss Aubrey could tell tales out of school if she chose. My thoughtless cousin has implied as much; but as he is very penitent for his misdemeanors, I hope she will, for my sake, forgive him."

Mrs. Aubrey looked very grave at the turn the conversation was taking.

"Eden has too much self-respect to wish to hold any intercourse with a gentleman who is betrothed to another."

"She is very amiable and sensible," said Mrs. Merstham, politely, "and I regret that she should have been exposed to the meaningless attentions of Captain Lyssendon or any other of Mr. Stretby's military friends. But as you are leaving here so soon it cannot signify much."

She rose as she spoke, and with a profusion of apologies for the length of her stay, and cordially-spoken hopes that Mrs. Aubrey would like London, she turned to Eden, who still stood beside the table from which she had risen at the lady's entrance.

"Farewell, Miss Aubrey. I wish you every success. We shall often talk of you, I daresay; and if my cousin or I can further your interests, I can answer for him as for myself."

But Eden could not take the hand that was smilingly offered to her; and Mrs. Aubrey, shocked as well as astonished at the reproachful look she was bending on the now visibly-embarrassed Verna, hastily interposed:

"What are you thinking of, ma petite? It is in kindness Mrs. Merstham adresses you."

"Was it in kindness she came here to parade her happiness before me?" demanded Eden, wildly. "She is either heartless or a hypocrite! Bid her go away before she maddens me quite!"

"I do not think Miss Aubrey is quite well," said Mrs. Merstham, recovering her composure as the miserable girl sank on the floor, sobbing violently. "The excitement of this change has made her hysterical. I daresay she will be better when left to herself, so I will say adieu."

She glided away, and Mrs. Aubrey, sitting down beside her weeping daughter, insisted on knowing the meaning of her strange behavior.

"There is very little to explain, mamma," said Eden, wearily. "Captain Lyssendon told me that he loved me, and I believed him. One week ago I felt sure that he meant it, but since then—since then she has come betwixt us. Oh! cruel that she is; and he deserts me!"

"My child, you forget that theirs is but the renewal of an old engagement," Mrs. Aubrey reminded her daughter. "He loved her before. Oh! my foolish Eden! why did you not confide in me? I would have warned you that it is not to win a wife that a young man in Captain Lyssendon's station secretly woos a girl in yours. He has been deliberately deceiving you."

"He dare not!" cried Eden, starting to her feet; "he dare not! He told me yesterday that he owed me an explanation and an apology, and I will go and hear what he has to say. If his old affection for Mrs. Merstham has revived, and he will honestly tell me so, I will try and forgive him; but if he has been playing with me—duping me——"

Her voice died away in a hoarse whisper, and Mrs. Aubrey seized her hands as she was rushing from the room.

"What would you do, Eden? You must not—you shall not leave this house on such an errand! I forbid it! Have you no self-respect? If Captain Lyssendon had intended to behave honorably, he would have sought you here—not left it to his betrothed to tell us what he has done. You must never see him again, until you have forgotten that you threw your love away on one so unworthy."

Eden tottered to a chair, and, kneeling down beside it, hid her face in her hands. The clock struck three, and a shudder crept over her. Would he keep his appointment?—would he wait at the stile?—and for what would he come? To exonerate himself, or to amuse himself, as before, with her too credulous faith in his honesty? She did not—she could not believe all that Mrs. Merstham had asserted; but must she never know the truth?—never? Her mother had forbidden her to see him. A few more days, and she should be miles away, and Mrs. Merstham would be triumphant.

Once more Eden started up and looked wildly around. Mrs. Aubrey had gone away to fetch some sal volatile for her, and, after a moment of irresolution, she snatched up her hat, and appealed to Lottie, who was sitting upon the sofa, watching her with wondering eyes.

"Lottie, darling, tell mamma that I could not help it—that I felt I must see him!"

And, without waiting for a reply, she opened a glass door leading into the garden, and was quickly out of sight.

CHAPTER XIX.

The cold wind that fanned the flushed cheek of Eden, as she breasted it, somewhat abated the fever of excitement in which she had rushed from the cottage, and she was, outwardly, at least, quite calm and collected when she reached the stile. Within sight of it Captain Lyssendon, for the last half hour, had been riding backwards and forwards, impatiently watching for her, and looking, so poor Eden thought, more handsome, more lovable than ever. He alighted as soon as he saw her, and with one of those smiles, half saucy, half tender, which always made her blush, even while she thrilled with pleasure, he came with extended hands to assist her over the stile.

But Eden, who suddenly felt weak and breathless, grasped the top one for support, and by a gesture refused his aid. Alas! on one of his fingers glittered a ruby ring, which she remembered well to have seen Mrs. Merstham wear.

[To be Continued.]

Doan's Kidney Pills

Are Checking the Ravages of Kidney Disease in St. John, N. B.

Another Testimony as to Their Marvelous Power.

Anyone who desires to know anything of the curative powers of Doan's Kidney Pills in any form of kidney disease, or in any condition that arises from disordered kidneys, need not go far to look for information.

Almost every city and town in Canada sends its quota of cures. In St. John, N. B., many people are coming forward and testifying to the almost magic influence of Doan's Kidney Pills in relieving pain and eradicating disease.

One of these is Mrs. C. H. Gillespie, 204 Britain street. She says that she suffered from a severe attack of kidney disease, which was the result of La Grippe. She was so bad with the pain in her back that she could not stoop to tie her shoes, and at times suffered so much that she could not turn in bed without assistance.

For four months previous to taking Doan's Kidney Pills she was unable to attend to her household duties, and was almost a helpless invalid. "Doan's Kidney Pills have rescued me from this terrible condition," said Mrs. Gillespie, "and removed every pain and ache from my body. I am in perfect health today, and although my case was very serious, the pills checked the ravages of the dread disease almost immediately, so that I can highly recommend them."

Doan's Kidney Pills never fail to cure Bright's disease, diabetes, dropsy, backache, lame or weak back, puffiness and dark circles under the eyes, swelling of the feet and ankles, rheumatism, gravel, sediment, female weakness, urinary trouble, dizziness, headache, weakness of the kidneys in children and old people, etc. Price 50 cents a box, or three for $1 25, at all druggists', or sent by mail. The Doan Kidney Pill Company, Toronto, Ont.

Remember the name, Doan's, and refuse all others.

Henry Muller, of Montreal, the German, who threatened to kill President McKinley, has been officially declared insane.

Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents.

The annual meeting of the Supreme Circle, order Canadian Home Circle, is being held in St. Catharines.

A DINNER PILL. — Many persons suffer excruciating agony after partaking of a hearty dinner. The food partaken of is like a ball of lead upon the stomach, and instead of being a healthy nutriment, it becomes a poison to the system. Dr. Parmlee's Vegetable Pills are wonderful correctives of such troubles. They correct acidity, open the secretions and convey the food partaken of into healthy nutriment. They are just the medicine to take if troubled with indigestion.

The steamer Castilian, wrecked near Yarmouth, N. S., is reported to have broken in two.

Pain in the Back.

Being troubled off and on with pains in my back, caused by constipation, I tried several kinds of pills I had seen advertised, and to put the truth in a nutshell. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are the only pills that have proved effectual in my case. I can heartily recommend them.

JOHN DEVLIN,
Unionville, Ont.

THE REVENUE BILL

Able Speech by Mr. J. H. Pettypiece, M.P.P.

The Justice and Fairness of the Measure Pointed Out.

Corperate Wealth That Should Be Taxed and Can Bear It—The Incidence of the Taxation.

The following is a condensed report of the speech made in the Legislature last week on the revenue bill by Mr. Pettypiece, as taken by one of the members of the press gallery.

Mr. Pettypiece (West Lambton) said he desired to express his approval of the principles of the bill. If the only function fo the government was to make ends meet, it would be a very easy matter to curtail expenditure sufficiently to bring it within the amount of revenue received. The grants to educational, agricultural, library and charitable purposes might be curtailed by $300,000 and render this bill unnecessary, but the working classes of our people would suffer to that extent. Or, again, the government could easily borrow, but pay day would eventually come. The government having decided not to curtail the various grants to the people, and having decided also not to borrow money, it became necessary to raise a considerable amount from some source, owing to the export of logs being stopped. The burden of the proposed bill will bear not only on those who are best able to pay, but also on classes of our population who have hitherto to a great extent escaped both federal and municipal taxation. It is a well-known fact that if wealth once gets into the shape of stocks and bonds it almost entirely eludes

THE VIGILANCE OF THE ASSESSOR.

Capital invested in farms, factories or general business is now taxed about ten times greater than when invested in stocks and bonds. Under our systems of taxation, every farm, every factory, and every business contributes to the revenue of the Dominion through customs and inland revenue taxes, as well as to the municipal tax gatherer, while the banks, insurance and loan companies, etc., not being importers, escape federal taxation, and pay very little municipal taxes. Thus the wealth-producing classes are now more heavily taxed than those who do not add anything to the wealth of the country, but merely divert wealth from one channel to another. The corporations escape the succession duties, because prosperous

CORPORATIONS NEVER DIE.

Nothing in the way of succession duties will ever be received from the wealth invested in railways, telegraph and telephone lines, banks, insurance companies, loan companies, etc. Again, the money in the hands of the corporations is entirely free from these demands which every citizen morally feels more or less bound to meet. The vast amount of money required annually to maintain our religious institutions, missionary enterprises, charitable organizations, etc., is contributed by the individual members of the community and not by the corporations.

Not having souls to be saved these corporations are not subject to the conscientious scruples which impel many individuals to give a share of their wealth to the promotion of good works; not having souls to be damned they are free from superstitious fears which compel some individuals to make similar contributions. It is because this bill is calculated to reach wealth that has so far escaped its just share of taxation that it meets with such general approval throughout the province. Of course some objections to the details of the bill have been made by the various companies which will be made to assist more than they have been doing in bearing the burdens of the province, but it is a significant fact that none of the companies or corporations object to the principles of the bill, but merely to the amount their own particular company is asked to pay. While all of them admit the

JUSTICE OF THE BILL

in principle some of them appear to feel that they are called upon to pay more than their fair share, as compared with others. One of the leading insurance companies in a circular letter on the subject complains that "the tax bears more heavily on life insurance companies than on fire companies, banks or loan companies," and gives an array of figures in support of the assertion. This led him (Pettypiece) to look into the matter, in order to ascertain to what extent the life insurance companies were already taxed. From the Dominion Insurance report of 1896 he found that there were forty life companies doing business in Canada that year. Of these, twelve Canadian companies held real estate, over and above all encumbrance, to the amount of $3,739,496, and had a net income that year, over all expenditure, of $3,419,897, a total of $7,159,393 of directly assessable property and income, on which they paid that year in taxes, licenses, fees, etc., only $31,722, or less than five mills on the dollar.

In this calculation personal property, such as office furniture, etc., is left out altogether. Fourteen British companies doing business in Canada held real estate in Canada to the amount of $689,230, and had a net income of $878,400, a total of $1,567,630, on which they paid in taxes, licenses, fees, etc., the paltry sum of $5,200, or less than 3½ mills. Four of these British companies paid no taxes in Canada that year, one paid $3 40, and so on. Fourteen United States companies doing business in Canada held $477,700 in unincumbered real estate and had a net income in Canada of $1,098,192, a total of $1,575,892, on which they paid taxes, licenses, fees, etc., in Canada to the amount of $18,545, or about eleven mills. Three of these United States companies paid no tax in Canada, one paid 50 cents, one paid $5 and so on. These same fourteen United States companies paid taxes in the States the same year $2,534,500, which shows that they have been getting off very easily in Canada. Three of these companies which did not pay anything in Canada paid $600,000 in the States. To sum up, the

FORTY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES

doing business in Canada hold unencumbered real estate to the amount of $4,906,426, and had in 1896 an income in Canada of $5,396,489 over all expenditure, a total of $10,302,915, on which they paid in taxes, license fees, etc., $55,467, or 5½ mills. Bear in mind this is not all their real estate, but their own valuation of it above encumbrance, nor is it their total income, but the net income over all expenditure, or in other words, their profits. Under this bill the 40 companies are asked to pay into the provincial treasury $44,554, which will bring their total taxation up to $100,000, or one cent on the dollar. There is no other instance in which the same amount of wealth over and above the debts and expenditure is so lightly taxed in Canada, or anywhere else, for that matter. If the contention of the life companies that other companies get off still easier is true, then it is time that the

GOVERNMENT STEPPED IN

and compelled all these companies to aid in carrying on the affairs of the province in which they have done so well. Even if there was no probable decrease in provincial revenue owing to the new timber regulations, the legislature would be justified in making these corporations pay a fair amount of taxes, to be distributed among the wealth-producing and burden-bearing classes of the province. No matter how much the opposition members fight against the bill the country will approve of it because of its justice and fairness. (Applause.)

A Hundred Reasons.

Can be given why Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are the best and most efficient cure for every form of indigestion.

They are in the tablet form, which retains their good qualities indefinitely, while liquid preparations become stale and useless with age.

They are convenient, can be carried in the pocket and taken when needed. They are pleasant to take.

After each meal dissolve one or two of them in the mouth and, mingling with the food, they constitute a perfect digestive, absolutely safe for the most sensitive stomach.

They digest the food before IT HAS TIME TO FERMENT, thus preventing the formation of gas and keeping the blood pure and free from the poisonous products of fermented, half-digested food.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the only remedy designed especially for the cure of stomach troubles and nothing else.

One disease, one remedy; the successful physician of today is the specialist, the successful medicine is the medicine prepared especially for one disease,

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets make the complexion clear by keeping the blood pure.

They increase flesh by digesting flesh forming foods.

A whole package taken at one time would not hurt one, but would simply be a waste of good material.

Over six thousand men and women in the State of Michigan alone have been cured of indigestion and dyspepsia by the use of Stuart's dyspepsia Tablets.

Sold by all druggists at 50 cents per package.

DR. POTTS ON PROHIBITION

People Displayed an Apathy in the Plebiscite Vote Which Disappointed Him.

Ottawa, March 21.—Rev. Dr. Potts, of Toronto, head of the educational department of the Methodist Church, is in the city.

The doctor, who is a strong advocate of temperance and of prohibition, was asked:

"Do you think that Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the present administration are in duty bound to introduce a prohibition bill?"

He said: "Many of the leading prohibitionists think so, but I cannot say that the premier will be breaking faith with the temperance people if he does not do so. I stated before the vote was taken that unless a large majority and a substantial one was in favor of prohibition I did not think the government would be bound to crystallize the plebiscite into legislation for prohibition. In regard to the interest shown by the temperance people, I was greatly disappointed. The people exhibited an apathy which resulted in a vote which I do not think would warrant prohibition legislation. Leaving Quebec out of the question entirely, the vote was not as large as it should have been. While the people did not ask for a plebiscite, still, when one was offered to them, they should have placed themselves on record by polling the largest vote ever polled in Canada, and if this had been done Sir Wilfrid Laurier would have been compelled to introduce a prohibitory bill; but, as it is at present, I do not think Sir Wilfrid is breaking his pledge or promises."

On Wednesday morning the legislative committee of the Dominion Alliance meets in the tower room of the parliament buildings, when the matter of the policy of the alliance in connection with the plebiscite will be considered. It is expected that the meeting will be largely attended by representatives of constituencies to the number of 128, which have majorities in favor of prohibition.

JOHN SHERMAN DEAD.

New York, March 22.—A special from Caimanera, Cuba, reports the death of John Sherman on board the Paris. He was taken ill with pneumonia at Kingston, Jamaica.

MR. AND MRS. LAND ARE OUT.

St. Thomas, Marcl 22.—Robert Land, shoemaker, was charged at the police court with non-support of his wife. Mrs. Land said that if her husband would take his tools from the house, leave her the furniture and not bother her any more, she did not want a cent from him, but would provide for herself and children. A settlement was made on that basis.

FOREST MAN ASPHYXIATED.

Sarnia, March 22.—Robert Ironsides, of Forest, a bachelor, aged 45 years, went to bed at the Hotel Arlington here Monday night at 11 o'clock and was found dead yesterday morning. He was accompanied to his room by the hotel clerk, who warned him about turning off the gas. The reply was: "Young man, I was born before you were." These were the last words he was heard to utter, for when the clerk went to call him in the morning, he found the room full of gas and Ironsides dead in bed. He was well connected and highly respected.

Effects Were Wonderful.

"I had been troubled for years with pains in my sides and kidneys, and aches in all parts of my body, owing to stomach and liver troubles. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and its effects were wonderful. In a short time I was entirely cured." Mrs. Francke, 209 Ossington avenue, Toronto, Ont.

Hood's Pills are non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla. b

Henry Pace, a watchmaker of Lethbridge, N. W. T., formerly of Ottawa, was found dead in his store there. He was a hard drinker.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible Burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Boils, Felons, Corns, all Skin Eruptions. Best Pile cure on earth. Only 25 cents a box. Cure guaranteed. For sale by W. T. Strong & Co.

Willie Leith, the boy who disappeared from Dresden, has been located with friends in Aylmer.

ANGOSTURA BITTERS is known as the great regulator of digestive organs all over the world. Have it in your house. Ask for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

Messrs. Corbeile & Leville, sash and door manufacturers, have assigned. Liabilities $44,000.

THERE is not a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil —a pulmonic, of acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward specific, possesses most substantial results.

Navigation is open between Detroit and Cleveland.

Railways and Navigation

ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamers.

Leaving St. John and Halifax for Liverpool and calling at Moville. Also from Portland direct to Liverpool. Low rates. Quick service. Steamers from Liverpool to Quebec and Montreal, also from London and from Glasgow, will leave these ports about the 15th of April for Quebec and Montreal. Persons wishing to bring out their friends can obtain prepaid tickets at low rates. London agents E. De la Hooke, T. R. Parker and F. B. Clarke zxv

Railways and Navigation

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

EASTER RATES.

Round trip tickets will be issued as follows:

GENERAL PUBLIC

Single First-Class Fare,

Going March 30th to April 3, inclusive, returning up to and including April 4, 1899.

TERRITORY — From stations Mackenzie, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Detroit, Mich., and stations east; to all stations Fort William, Ont., Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Detroit, Mich., and east, and to, but not from, Buffalo, N. Y., Black Rock, N. Y., Suspension Bridge, N. Y., and Niagara Falls, N. Y.

TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

(On surrender of certificate signed by principal) Single First-Class Fare and One-Third between stations west of Montreal, and Single First-Class Fare and One-Third to Montreal, added to Single First-Class Fare from Montreal, from stations west of Montreal to Quebec, Levis, and New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

Going March 17 to April 1 inclusive, returning up to and including April 10, 1899.

C. E. McPHERSON, A.G.P.A., 1 King street East, Toronto.

Thos. R. Parker, city passenger agent, 161 Dundas street, corner of Richmond.

WHITE STAR LINE

REDUCED FARES.

New York to Liverpool via Queenstown

S.S. TEUTONIC, Mar. 22...
S.S. CYMRIC, Mar. 29.....
S.S. MAJESTIC, Apr. 5....
S.S. BRITANNIC, Apr. 12..
} NOON

Rates as low as by any first-class line. Berths secured by wire.

E. De La Hooke,

Sole Agent for London, "Clock" Corner.

zxv

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

On and After March 15

The following second-class rate will be in effect, and tickets issued from London to

Seattle.....
Tacoma.....
Vancouver.....
Victoria.....
Portland, Ore..
And Kootenay Points.....
} $41.30

Proportionate rates from other stations. For further information apply to agents G. T. Railway System.

E. DE LA HOOKE, C. P. and T. A., London.
M. C. DICKSON, Dist. Pass. Agt.

zxv

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Reduced Rates to

British Columbia, Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Washington,

From London,

$41.30.

Particulars at City Ticket Office, 395 Richmond street.

JOHN PAUL, City Passenger Agt.
O. W. RUGGLES, Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt.

"Blew Monday"

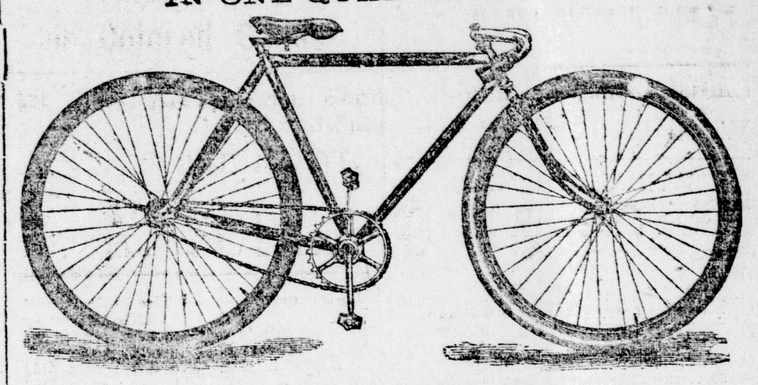
spell it as you will, that's the soap-users' washday —uses them up completely. Never a "blue Monday" with the right sort of Pearline washing. No rubbing to speak of, no wear, just soaking, boiling, rinsing. Things washed are cleaner and woman who washes is able to enjoy the time saved. 565



Millions NOW USE Pearline

Hobbs' Winchester Bicycles!

IN ONE QUALITY ONLY.



NEW MODELS. NEW FEATURES. NEW PRICES.

Standard 28 Wheels, with Dunlop Tires,

Model 26, $40. Model 24, $50.

New Winchester, with 30-inch Wheels,

The Handsomest Wheel in America. Price $60.

CALL AND SEE THEM McLean's Hardware, Dundas St.

SMOKE THE GREAT CRUSADER CIGAR



J. RATTRAY & Co. MONTREAL.

Magically Effective Treatment for Weak Men of all Ages.



NO MONEY in advance. Wonderful appliance and scientific remedies sent on trial to any reliable man. A world-wide reputation back of this offer. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Full strength, development and tone given to every portion of the body. Failure impossible; age no barrier. Full account, with copy of new medical book, sent under plain letter seal on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., 64 Niagara St., Buffalo, N. Y.

FRESH ARRIVALS:

Canned

Kippered Herring,
Herring in Tomato Sauce,
Herring in Mustard Sauce,
Herring in Shrimp Sauce,
Preserved Bloaters,
Barataria Shrimps,
Lobsters, Mackerel,
Anchovies, Salmon.
Full line Teysonneau Sardines.

Fitzgerald, Scandrett & Co

169 DUNDAS ST.

WE GIVE IN 1898 TRADING STAMPS

The Finer the Work

You wish done upon your home, the more anxious we are to do it. We've the facilities for doing the most artistic paper-hanging imaginable.

It's reasonable to expect us to claim to duplicate whatever we've already done. You're a right to expect us to do a little better, for we're constantly studying new effects, new treatments, new color schemes, new harmonies.

O. B. GRAVES.
222 Dundas street.

Please Send Your Bicycles for Repairs Now

Why we respectfully urge this on cyclists is . . . . .

1. That this is naturally the best time to give orders, as there is all the winter to carefully and quietly do the work and have it in fine condition for next spring.
2. That it saves all worry and haste, which all happens if things are sent at the last moment.

As we keep a special department and experienced hands do our own nickel-plating and enameling, we can give you better work for less money than any other house in the trade.

W. A. BROCK, 192 Dundas St. London, Ontario

W. B. LAIDLAW,

Barrister, solicitor, etc. Money to loan at low est rates. Bank of Commerce Bldg.

CANNOT BE DONE AT HOME FOR THE MONEY.

Table Covers, Napkins, Sheets, Pillow Slips, Towels and Rollers,

50 of the above pieces laundried for 50 cents by the well-known

Parisian Steam Laundry.

Work called for and delivered to any part of the city free.

73 and 75 Dundas street.
Telephone 559. J. K. Spry, Manager.

The Merit of the Designs

found in our Wall Paper is appreciated by the buying public. Buy a sample roll of our paper and find how much better it really is than anything you have bought for the same price.

H. & C. Colerick
443 Richmond Street.

COFF NO MORE

Do not experiment with other cough medicines. Syrup Linseed and Tar has been thoroughly tested and never fails to effect a cure.

WHITE DRUG STORE.
N. W. Emerson, Druggist
120 Dundas Street.

Chas. Hollister, mail clerk on the G. T. R. between Niagara Falls and Woodstock, has been transferred to the W., G. and B.

Many a Young Man.

When from overwork, possibly assisted by an inherited weakness, the health fails and rest or medical treatment must be resorted to, then no medicine can be employed with the same beneficial results as Scott's Emulsion.

A letter has been received at St. Thomas, Ont., from Joe Coffey, dated at Lesser Slave Lake, Feb. 23, when the thermometer was 60 degrees below zero.

LIFE SAVED—Mr. James Bryson Cameron writes: "I was confined to my bed with inflammation of the lungs and was given up by physicians. A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, stating that his wife had used it for a throat trouble with the best results. Acting on this advice I procured the medicine, and less than half a bottle cured me; I certainly believe it saved my life. It was with reluctance that I consented to a trial, as I was reduced to such a state that I doubted the power of any remedy to do me good.

THE REAL THING IN

NATIVE POULTRY AND MEATS

Can always be found at this market. It's one of our specialties to provide the real choice things in meat supplies.

GATECLIFF'S,
267 Dundas Street.

ENAMELWARE

is now the most useful for kitchen work. It saves over half the labor. Our stock is exceedingly large and well assorted. All kinds of such household furniture in stock. The largest and best in the city.

STEVELY'S,
362 Richmond Street. Phone 452

METEOROLOGICAL.

Toronto, March 21—8 p.m.—The area from the Southwest States has moved quickly northeastward, and is now centered over Illinois. It is causing a fall of rain or snow from Chicago eastward to Kingston, and will give the same unsettled weather throughout the Ottawa and St. Lawrence districts by the morning, and later tomorrow throughout the Maritime Provinces. The weather in the Northwest remains very changeable, whilst it was decidedly cold this morning, the tendency is now for higher temperatures. Minimum and maximum temperatures—Kamloops, 20-28; Calgary, 12 below-6; Battleford, 26 below-2; Qu'Appelle, 18 below-2; Winnipeg, zero-12; Port Arthur, 8 below-18; Parry Sound, 14 below-22; Toronto, 4-30; Ottawa, 4 below-20; Montreal, 2-16; Quebec, zero-16; Halifax, 16-30.

Local temperatures—The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the observatory on Tuesday, March 21, were: Highest, 26.5; lowest, 4.5.

Today sun rises 6:18 a.m.; sets 6:32 p.m. Moon rises, 2:14 p.m.; sets, 3:56 a.m.

Easter Flowers . . .

You must have them, and we'll book your order now.

.·. Easter Flowers .·.

GAMMAGE & SONS, Dundas and Clarence.

PENINSULAR STEEL OVEN RANGES ARE THE BEST BAKERS SEE THEM AT THOMPSONS

—SEE OUR—
Wickless Blue Flame Oil Stoves.
THOMPSON'S,
424 Richmond Street. zxv

London Advertiser.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

107.....Business Offices
134.....Editorial Room
175.....Job Department

UNION LABEL TYPOGRAPHICAL LONDON, No 133

A LOCAL BUDGET

—Mr. R. B. Smith, city, was in Ingersoll yesterday.

—Members of the Seventh have received their new uniforms.

—The L. E. and D. R. R. pay car covered 300 miles of road on its last trip in 12 hours.

—Polishers and buffers are warned to keep away from Lockport, N. Y. There is labor trouble on there.

—Mr. J. C. Woods has arrived home from New York and other eastern cities after a three weeks' business trip.

—Mr. H. O. Lindsay, of Ingersoll, attended the funeral of her sister, Mrs. (Sergt.) Crawford, in this city yesterday.

—In addition to other attractions, the Imperial Quartet will sing tonight at the Maccabees concert in the Grand Opera House.

—Mr. George W. Freeman, of Windsor, formerly of South London, has been engaged to attend to the Canadian advertising of the Sherwin Williams Paint Company.

—Mr. J. B. O'Higgins, of the Woodstock Sentinel-Review, has accepted a position on the Toronto Star. Mr. O'Higgins is a son of the late Mr. Jos. O'Higgins, of this city.

—The Walthamston, Leyton and Clingford (England) Guardian, of March 10, contains a notice of the marriage of a niece of Mr. David Sare, of this city, to Mr. James Arthur Hooker.

—"The Passion Play" was presented at the Auditorium yesterday afternoon and evening to large audiences. It will appear every afternoon and evening of this week, and is well worth the small admission charged.

—The funeral of Mr. J. W. Taylor, killed at Glanworth, took place from his late residence, con. 8 of Westminster, to St. Thomas cemetery. Rev. John Currie conducted the services, the pall-bearers being H. McTavish, W. Harkness, J. Strand, W. Martin, J. Black and J. Campbell.

Fire! Fire! Fire!

Beaton's Bankrupt Stock of

HATS AND CAPS

Damaged by Water.

Sale starts tomorrow (Thursday) morning. Call for bargains at Beaton's Old Stand.

Graham Bros

96tf

When Wanting Shirts—

Don't forget our "FAULTLESS" Dollar White Shirts—the best-fitting, most perfect-made White Shirts ever sold for a dollar. Your dollar back if not entirely satisfactory.

BOUGHNER.

EASTER CARDS.

Beautiful Designs.
Large Selection.

Complete line of Sheldon's works. Large line of Paper-Covered Books by Moody, Spurgeon, Meyers, McNeil, Talmage, etc., 15c each, 2 for 25c—are selling fast.

Anderson's,
183 DUNDAS STREET.

—Fanny Rice, one of the funniest little women that ever graced the stage of the Grand Opera House, made a decided hit in her play, "At the French Ball," and fully justified all the good words said of her. She is remarkably clever, and supported by a strong company. During the piece several specialties were introduced, which were well received.

—Guelph Herald: The manager of the National Hockey Club was not a little surprised when he received a letter from a fair undergraduate of the Hellmuth Ladies' College, London, asking for a photograph of the National hockey team. The maidenly modesty of the writer, of course, prevented her name being signed to the note, but she assures the manager that if the photo is sent she will pay any price asked. She also vows that her affections are not centered upon any one, but upon the players collectively. It will be too bad if the club does not comply with her wishes.

—"The Makeup of a Man," was the subject of an interesting lecture by Rev. J. W. Pedley, at the First Congregational Church last night, and despite the unfavorable weather there was a good attendance. The chair was taken by Rev. W. J. Clark, in his usual happy style. The points essential to the makeup of a man were held to be a sound body and a sound mind, companionships, books, amusements and religion, each being in turn dealt with. The lecture was given under the auspices of the Young Ladies' Auxiliary. The lecture was a treat to all who were fortunate enough to hear it.

—The Maccabees' reception and entertainment in the Grand Opera House tonight promises to be largely attended. An excellent programme has been provided, and a number of addresses will be given by prominent speakers. Mayor Wilson will preside. The first business session will be held at the city hall tomorrow afternon. Many brethren from outside places have arrived in the city. Among the speakers tonight will be Provincial Commander A. Weir, M.A., of Cobourg; Supreme Commander Hon. D. P. Markey, of Port Huron; Representative A. E. Mallory, M.D., of Port Huron; Provincial Chaplain Rev. W. J. Ford, city, and others. H. R. McDonald, Miss Eva N. Roblyn, and J. H. Cameron will contribute musical numbers.

SPECTACLES FOUND.

Last night's Advertiser contained an advertisement of a lost pair of spectacles, to be returned to Thomas Gillean's jewelry store. Mr. Gillean called this morning and said they were returned by Miss McNaughton, and to cancel the advertisement. Again The Advertiser leads.

DR. MUNHALL'S FAREWELL.

Dundas Center Church was crowded in every part last night at the farewell appearance of Rev. Dr. Munhall, who has been holding evangelistic services at that church for three weeks past. His address was particularly to those who have been converted during his stay in this city. He spoke on the beginning of a Christian life. "Quit ye like men; be strong," and gave some very helpful advice to beginners in following Christ. Dr. Munhall left last night for his home in Philadelphia.

THE IMPERIAL QUARTET.

From the Walkerton Herald, March 15: A large number availed themselves of the opportunity of listening to the Imperial Quartet, and without one dissentient voice they say the music was excellent. Everybody went home well satisfied with the evening's entertainment. It is a feeble way of expressing the satisfaction of all who heard this renowned band of high-class vocalists, that each one filled his part, leaving nothing to be desired. The many encores testified to the appreciation of the audience, which they never failed to respond to. It is not much to say that seldom indeed is a Walkerton audience favored with a visit of such musical experts as H. Ruthven McDonald and his Imperial Quartet.

RECITAL

Last evening's recital at the Conservatory of Music, given by Miss Alice Donald (pupil of Miss Katherine Moore), assisted by Misses Hotson and Fraser, and Mr. H. Traher, was much enjoyed by those present. The programme:

Schumann .....Arabeske, Ope. 18
Mr. Hubert Traher.
Wekerlin ..... Counsel to Nina
Miss Alice Donald.
Saint-Saens .....,
.....Mone coeur s'ourvre a la voix
Miss Constance Fraser.
Porter ..... Severance
Miss Alice Donald.
Dell Acqua ..... Villanelle
Miss Winnifred Hotson.
Schumann ..... Spring Night
Miss Alice Donald.
Dvorak ..... Good Night
Miss Alice Donald.
Chaminade .....Air de Ballet, No. 1

AT THE NORTH PRESBYTERIAN MISSION.

A farewell social for the workers of the North Presbyterian Mission was conducted by the members of St. Andrew's congregation last night prior to the mission building being handed over to St. James' Church. Mr. C. R. Somerville was chairman, and introduced an excellent programme, including solos and duets by Mrs. C. E. Wheeler and Mr. J. W. McIntosh, violin solos by Mr. Elliott, and addresses by Revs. Robert Johnston and George Gilmour and Mr. G. W. Armstrong. At the close of the programme the chairman, on behalf of St. Andrew's congregation, presented a handsome leather chair to Mr. Thomas Bland, who has been superintendent of the mission for some years, and Rev. Mr. Johnston, on behalf of the teachers, handed Mr. John A. Brimacombe a valuable clock. Both Mr. Somerville and the pastor spoke highly of the excellent staff of workers. Refreshments were served during the evening.

MRS. THOMPSON'S FUNERAL.

The funeral service of the late Mrs. Jane Thompson, of Derwent, on Tuesday afternooon, was attended by many friends and relatives, considering the cold and stormy state of the weather, assembled to pay the last tribute of respect to the memory of deceased. The public school of the section was closed in thoughtful recognition of the occasion. Rev. Wm. Quance, of Belmont, her pastor, conducted the service at the home, alluding in fitting and sympathetic words to her long life and Christian service, and to her many exemplary traits of character. He spoke specially from the words, "Precious in the sight of the Lord is the death of his saints." The interment took place at the family plot in the Webster cemetery, a few miles northeast of London, and not far from the Grove Church. Rev. A. G. Harris, pastor of the West London Methodist Church, an old pastor and friend of the family, assisted at the latter service. The bearers were the three sons of the deceased and her nephew, Mr. Wm. Carrothers, Thorndale.

WENT BEHIND $21,000

The Financial Movements of Last Year's Council.

As Shown in the City Auditor's Annual Report.

Actual Deficit $8,298—In Spite of an Unusual Revenue of Nearly $13,000.

The report of City Auditors Jewell and Dale for 1898 is not yet quite complete, but even in its abridged form it is enough to make the city fathers shiver when they think of the estimates for the present year. Some minor detailed statements are yet to be printed for the report, and will form a supplement to the present interesting and comprehensive volume of 82 pages.

With a revenue of nearly $13,000 that cannot be counted on this year, the deficiency was $8,298 65, so that practically the council for 1898 went about $21,000 behind. The revenue of $13,000 referred to above is made up of a surplus left by the council of 1897 of $2,756 57, afterwards unexpectedly swelled to $5,331 99, largely "by the care and diligence of Tax Collector Hayes," and of $7,500 appropriated from the sewer debentures for street improvements.

The situation to be confronted by the present council is this: The current expenses and a deficit of $8,298 65 is to be met this year with about $13,000 less to count on than was in command last year.

The investments of the sinking funds now amount to $265,095 15, and are steadily increasing. The auditors say that the entire system of sinking fund accumulations needs revision.

The receipts for the year totaled $375,469 43, of which sum $328,080 came in in taxes; $72,864 was received for 1897, and there is further to receive for 1898, $66,838 64. The disbursements totaled $464,003 16; streets and general improvements being charged with $30,525—$8,000 more than the appropriation.

The assets of the city are placed at $3,005,919 80, and liabilities at $2,802,990 40, leaving a balance of only $202,929 40 on the right side of the sheet.

YUKON MAILS

Seattle, March 21.—The mail that left Dawson on Jan. 15, under charge of a Yukon contingent of N. W. M. P., made Tagish (518 miles from Dawson) in nine days, and made Skaguay (590 miles) in ten days, reaching the latter place on Feb. 25. This is the fastest trip that has ever been made, beating all previous records by nearly a week. This mail traveled chiefly during the day, with halts of 15 minutes at each police post for change of dogs and drivers.

Frank Nantuck, the young Indian, who was sentenced to death by Judge McGuire, and whose sentence was afterwards commuted to life imprisonment, died at the police hospital, Dawson, on the morning of Feb. 13, of consumption. His three companions are still imprisoned, waiting the issuing of a second death warrant.



Rubbers First quality. New style..... 35c

JOHNSTON'S
198 Dundas Street.

Kingsmill's

"THE RELIABLE STORE"

Of Special Importance to Men

We take pleasure in announcing the arrival of our new spring importations of Suitings, and can confidently say that this department will be found to contain the very latest and the greatest variety of patterns shown in London. Under new and active management we are in a better position to attend the wants of our gentlemen patrons. Mr. George Ross, a cutter of large experience in Cleveland and Detroit, is in charge of this department, and we can assure you of the highest excellence in style, fit and finish.

Kingsmill's

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS.

AWFUL BUTCHERY

Of a Manitoba Family by Two Galicians —Both Culprits Convicted.

Winnipeg, March 22.—Czuby, the Galacian murderer and accomplice of Guszozack, was found guilty of helping Guszozack to kill the Bojezko family at Stuartburn, Man., some months ago. Guszozack was convicted on Saturday, and sentence was deferred. The prisoner Guszozack who testified against his accomplice said that Czuby reproached Bojezko for quarreling with his wife, whereupon Bojezko asked if he should kill his wife as Simon had done in Galicia. The two then began to fight, and he (Guzozack) shot Bojezko three times. The latter fell on his face, and Simon took an axe and finished him. The eldest boy wanted to run away, and witness shot at him three times. He shot once at the small children, and Simon finished the eldest boy with an axe. Then he gave the axe to Guszozack, who killed the two babies. While he was killing the little ones Cuzby got the money from under the pillow from under the Pillow which amounted to $68 25.

Leon Herrmann, the Great Magician



The Herrmanns, Adelaide and Leon, will be seen at the Grand Friday and Saturday, and Saturday matinee. Leon Herrmann is the greatest illusionist and master of magic of the present decade. Adelaide is probably best known for her remarkable dances, which have delighted audiences in all parts of the world. For several decades the name of Herrmann has stood for what is best in the domain of magic. The great dailies of the country are united in praise of the performance, pronouncing Leon Herrmann's tricks masterpieces of illusion and sleight-of-hand. Adelaide is the present season also a magician of no mean ability. The act in which she appears, "A Night in Japan," is a beautiful scene, full of the life and color of the Orient. Dressed in a magnificent Japanese gown, she performs a number of the feats and miracles of the Orient. Madame Herrmann will also present four new dances, for which she has long been famed.

20 TONS OF MAIL

Piled Up at Skaguay Because Lacking Canadian Stamps.

San Francisco, March 22.—It is said that the frequent failure of letters from the United States to reach the Klondike is largely due to the fact that the contractors who bargained to carry postal matter from Skaguay to Dawson refuse to handle mail which does not bear Canadian postage stamps.

It is alleged that mail matter from the United States is thrown aside when it leaves the steamer, and it is reported that about twenty tons of mail matter bearing American stamps is piled up in heaps at Skaguay.

A LONDON CASE.

Proving the Value of Dodd's Kidney Pills in Kidney Disease.

London, March 20.—Mr. Charles Dean, stableman at the City Hotel, comes forward to add his quota to the mass of evidence in favor of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mr. Dean states that he had for three years suffered from severe cutting pains in the small of his back. At times they were so great that he had to lie down to get relief.

Several remedies were used without benefit. A doctor prescribed for him, saying his kidneys were affected, but no good resulted.

Finally he took a friend's advice and used Dodd's Kidney Pills. The usual result followed. Three boxes cured him out and out.

Mrs. Thomas C. Platt is described as being a most unostentatious woman. She wears little jewelry, though she is the owner of some most famous diamonds.

FAGGED OUT.—None but those who have become fagged out know what a depressed, miserable feeling it is. All strength has gone, and despondency has taken hold of the sufferers. They feel as though there was nothing to live for. There, however, is a cure—one box of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will do wonders in restoring health and strength. Mandrake and Dandelion are two of the articles entering into the composition of Parmelee's Pills

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Feather and Down Cushions, 50 cents each—the best value in London. Goose feather pillows a specialty. Bedroom Suites, Fancy Rockers, Tables, Spring Beds, Stoves of every kind, at the Bed and Mattress Factory, 593 Richmond street north. JAMES F. HUNT & SONS, Telephone 997.

New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Easter Vacation Excursion to Washington, D. C. Friday, March 24th, 1899. Ten Dollars Round Trip.

On the above date the New York Central in connection with the Pennsylvania Railroad, will run their last excursion of the season to Washington. Tickets good on regular trains and also on special train leaving Buffalo at 8:45 p.m., Batavia 9:40 p.m., Rochester 10:35 p.m., arriving at Harrisburg 6:35 a.m. for breakfast. Arrive Washington at 10:30 a.m.

Passengers leaving Suspension Bridge at 7:30 p.m., Niagara Falls 7:35 p.m., Tonawanda 7:50, will connect with this train at Buffalo. Falls road passengers will take special at Rochester, Auburn road passengers take special at Canandaigua. Tickets good returning up to and including April 3. Only $10 round trip. Side trips from Washington to Richmond, Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Virginia Beach and Mount Vernon.

Call on New York Central ticket agents or address H. Parry, general agent, No. 308 Main street, Buffalo, N. Y., for all information. 94-g

Our new couches are just in. All styles at lowest prices. Come and see our Rococo couch, spring edge, velvet cover, or our adjustable head couch, tapestry cover. Trafford's, 95 to 97 King street.

PRETTY FACE AND PRETTY TEETH. Give care and attention to your teeth; when decay sets in use Andrews' Plugs. 10 cents a bottle. x

Li Wing Yow, the Chinese consul general at Havana, who has just been transferred to a similar post at Manila, has had more experience in the consular service than any of his countrmen.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done it will do again.

The price of whisky in Woodstock will be restored to 5 cents per glass.