

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 20, 1907

Vol. XXXVI, No. 47

Beautiful Japanese China

Exclusive Designs.

Only one piece of each decoration. Special importation. Most suitable for

Wedding Presents

Goods you cannot duplicate in any other store in Prince Edward Island.

Prices Low Quality High

A pleasure to show this ware, whether you purchase or not.

CARTER & CO., Limited.

HARDWARE!

Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

Fennel and Chandler

READY-MADE CLOTHING

Gents' Furnishing HATS and CAPS

Don't forget to give me a call first day you are in town.

When you buy your

SUMMER SUIT

I will save you a dollar.

When you want a HAT or CAP or anything in the Furnishing line I can show you by far the largest assortment of up-to-date goods in the city.

If you have any wool for exchange bring it along with you.

H. H. BROWN,

The Young Men's Man.

Queen Street, just around Hughes' Corner,

This Bedroom SUITE



3 pieces as shown. \$12.50, at any station on the P. E. Island Railway.

We are headquarters for everything in Furniture and Carpets!

And we guarantee you

Better Goods for Less Money Than you'll find anywhere else.

MARK WRIGHT Fur. Co.

OAK BRAND TEA.

In order to introduce our Oak Brand Tea we will ship and prepay freight to any station or shipping point on P. E. Island an 18 lb. caddy, and if you are not satisfied in every way return at our expense, and we will refund your money. Cut this out and enclose \$4.00 and mail to us.

McKenna's Grocery,

Box 576, Ch'town, P. E. I.

Enclosed find \$4.00 for which you will send us a caddy of tea as advertised in this paper.

(Sign full name)

(And Address)

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,

Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames, Interior and Exterior finish etc., etc

Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters Newel Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors, Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage home Industry.

ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.

CHARLOTTETOWN.

Spring & Summer Weather

Spring and Summer weather calls for prompt attention to the

Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We are still at the old stand,

PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN

Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

H. McMILLAN.

The Late Lord Brampton.

It is with deep regret that we have to announce the death of Lord Brampton, who passed peacefully away at six o'clock on Sunday evening. He was conscious to the last. He had received the Last Sacraments on the previous Tuesday, and on Sunday, the day of his death, received through Archbishop Bourne the Apostolic Blessing sent by the Pope.

The son of Mr. John Hawkins, of Hithin, Henry Hawkins was born at that town, on September 14, 1817, and received his early education at Bedford School. He was a devoted student of law, and like many eminent judges and counsel of an earlier generation, practised for some years before his call to the Bar, in 1843, the now extinct science of special pleading below the bar. He joined the Home Circuit, and after enjoying a large practice as a junior, received the honor of a silk gown in 1868. His name, as "The Times" points out, will be always associated with some of the most striking and memorable trials of his time.

The goal of his endeavour seems to have been a comfortable independence, and amidst the press of work he kept his health largely by his habit, as he tells us, "of no ridiculous ambition. What was to come would come as the result of hard work, for I was born to no miscellaneous interpositions of official friendship." After a long spell of vicar prius in all its phases, he entered upon a new sphere—compensation comes which, owing to the way in which railway, government, and municipal authorities were than taking land for their operations, offered a plentiful and lucrative field. His growing wealth in 1865 attracted the notice of Barnstable, on the look-out for an enterprising patriot of the long robe (eminent, respectable, and rich.) A deputation waited upon him to ask him to contest the constituency. He went down, and the story of his canvass is not the least amusing of the chapters of his autobiography. But he came back as he went, for he refused to disburse £200 to purchase the votes of the party which had invited him. "Up to this time," he tells us, "I had not felt those patriotic yearnings which are manifested so early in the legal heart. I was never a political adventurer. I had no eye on Parliament merely as a stepping-stone to a judgeship. There were so many candidates in the profession to whom time was no object that I left this political hunting-ground entirely to them." But the time was not lost. He turned his electioneering experience to good account in the conduct of the Parliamentary petitions which were shovelled upon him.

Then came the famous Tichborne case, which, had he had the chance, he could have snipped in the bud, but which, owing to blundering, entered upon a protracted second trial from which he emerged triumphant, though it was a professional loss to him, which we can understand when he refused to look at a brief marked with a fee of twenty thousand guineas, and refused it, after consideration, when the fee was increased to fifty thousand. It was only natural that an advocate and lawyer of such abilities should be sought after for the Bench. In 1874 he was offered a judgeship by Lord Cairnes, but declined. Two years later the offer was repeated and eventually accepted. It seems that Sir Alexander Cockburn wanted him on the Bench, and adds Sir Henry, "when I was there probably sometimes wished I was away."

Though conscious of the heavy responsibility of his new position, he was as unconventional not to see it as an eye-witness describes the first appearance, he showed "a spotless collar and cuffs, wig white as snow; face and features as fine as Chantry's best obelisk could carve them," but behind that was the same acute intelligence, the same faculty of going to the heart of things, the same determination to fulfil his duty that had marked his career at the Bar. As one of the most distinguished advocates said of his first and most sensational case, the Penge murder, "We felt, and the Bar felt, that a great power had come upon the Bench; he summed up that case as no living man could have done; every word told; every point was touched upon and made so clear that it was impossible not to see it." He was not only an acute but also a careful judge—sovereign to the cruel, but tender to the weak and the sorely tried. He earned the description of a hanging judge, but the volumes of his autobiography give us ample evidence of his humanity. In summing up the St. Neot's case the humanitarians accused him of going to the limits of the judge's rights, when, as a matter of fact, he merely fulfilled the elementary duty

of eliminating the false from the true. He brought to everything sterling common sense and practical judgment, and a determination above all to see substantial justice done.

After twenty-two years of the Bench he took his leave of it with a simple bow, silently but with real affection. That was the close of 1898. Letters poured in upon him, and amongst these was one from Lord Justice Mathew, who happily expressed the general feeling of those who knew him on his retirement: "It will always be a pleasure to me to remember the help you have given in securing a merciful administration of the criminal law, and showing that the interests of the community may be adequately protected without forgetting the poor devil in the dock. Your old friends have long felt that you should be invited to adorn another place, and I looked forward to an early opportunity of offering you my congratulations and good wishes."

This old friend had not long to wait. On the following New Year's Day Lord Salisbury announced that Her Majesty the Queen intended to raise him to the peerage, as acknowledgment of his long and brilliant services which were hailed throughout the land and to him "must ever be his greatest pride and satisfaction." He chose his title from his little estate of Brampton, left him by two old aunts, who, by their long lives, kept him so long out of it that he took it as his title as "the only thing he was likely to get out of it." Subsequently he was sworn of her Majesty's Privy Council, and for more than two years he attended regularly in the Final Court of Appeal in the House of Lords. Amongst the shower of letters of congratulation upon his elevation which, as Sir John Day says, was received "with applause at once impartial and quite unanimous," we may recall the following from Lord Russell of Killowen: "I shall be proud to act as one of your introducers. . . . I agree that Lord Hawkins is less euphonious than Lord Brampton (which sounds very well), but I confess to a feeling of regret that the name by which you were so widely known and with which you achieved your great reputation should have dropped out of sight."

But there is still another event in his life to chronicle, his reception into the Church early in the summer of 1898, and on that he speaks with no less reticence than decidedness. Amongst his many friends was Cardinal Manning, who, he says, was a real and good friend to him. "I often spent an hour with him on a Sunday morning or afternoon discussing general topics. At my request, when I had got thought of being converted to his Church, he marked in a book of prayer, which he gave me, several of his own selections, which I have carefully preserved but I can truly say he never uttered one word or made the least attempt to proselytise me. He left me my own free uncontrolled and uncontrolled action. My reception into the Church of Rome was purely of my own free will, and according to the exhortation of my own judgment. I thought for myself, or I should not have acted at all. I have always been and am satisfied that I was right. It was Cardinal Vaughan who received me into the Church after the death of my dear friend, Cardinal Manning."

Nothing could well be added to that in the way of definite and positive statement, but an outward sign of the inward satisfaction and gratitude for the grace vouchsafed is given in the following description of "Our Chapel": "When the late Cardinal Vaughan was showing Lady Brampton and myself over the beautiful structure, the new Cathedral, I thought I should like to erect a memorial obelisk, and made a proposal to that effect. My offer being accepted, I resolved to build it after consultation with Lady Brampton, and to dedicate it to St. Gregory and St. Augustine. It was afterwards called Our Chapel. The stone work was accordingly proceeded with, and afterwards, the plans for decoration were submitted to the Archbishop himself. For these decorations I subscribed a portion. The rest of the work was our own, and have the satisfaction of feeling that Our Chapel is erected to the honour and glory of God."

For some three years after his elevation to the peerage—until August, 1902—Lord Brampton took an active part in the judicial work of the House but never appears to have sat in the Privy Council. He was as acute and penetrating as ever, and missed no point of law or argument, and his judgments were exhaustive to the verge of prolixity. Indeed, they often resembled rather the summing up of a case to a jury than such a condensed exposition of legal principles as one expects from a final tribunal.

In August, 1904, Lord Brampton published the "Reminiscences" in two volumes, from which we have quoted above. He was twice married, the second time in 1897. Lady Brampton, who survives him, was the daughter of Mr. F. H. Reynolds of Hulme, Manchester. There was no issue by either marriage.—The Tablet.

Shows His Good Judgment.

According to the Rome correspondent of the New world, the following is a translation of the document by Don Romolo Marri, a brilliant young Italian priest who has been under ecclesiastical censure, proposed to submit himself to the decision of the Vatican and which he has already presented to the Holy Father.

"Greatly afflicted by the measures Your Holiness has thought fit to take against me, I feel it, above all, my duty to signify to Your Holiness my firm resolution to remain a devout son of the Church, and therefore to accept and recognize her authority and that of this Holy See to whose commands I submit both as regards my profession as a believer and the exercise of my sacerdotal ministry. And, as Your Holiness recently, with grave words, denounced and condemned certain errors, in which you saw the poison of all heresies, so do I reprove and condemn them, grieving and full of sorrow at the fact that any one should have been able to attribute either the one or the other to me, or presume to find traces of them in my writings.

Your Holiness has, moreover, judged that some of my recent writings, in which I make an analysis of some contemporary events and of certain forms of political action on the part of Catholics, were lacking due respect to the guidance, even political, of the Holy See, and I declare myself grieved to have caused, by these my writings, displeasure to Your Holiness, and I renounce the promised re-publication of the same. I resolve in future to hold in the highest esteem the guidance of the Holy See, even in politics, as becomes a Catholic and a priest, not opposing the rights constantly recognized by the Church herself of historical research and a just liberty of political and social opinions."

If Church of England laymen were all as zealous as Lord Halifax, the denominational school system, the only system under which religious education can be given in the schools without prejudice to the rights of any one, would be preserved. Unhappily, there are many Church of England laymen, and some Church of England bishops, who have joined hands with the Nonconformists in the attempt to force upon all the schools of the country a system of religious teaching which satisfies Nonconformists and Low Churchmen, but can never be accepted by Catholics and High Churchmen. On the subject of this system, Lord Halifax plainly spoke his mind at a recent meeting of the English Church Union. "Undenominational religious teaching," said his Lordship, "is just as much a positive religious system as any other, and we object to it for precisely the same kind of reason that the Nonconformists object to the teaching of the Church. They allege that Church teaching corrupts the simplicity of the Gospel by teaching too much. We assert that undenominational religious teaching mutilates essential Christianity by teaching too little. If such a Bill as that of last year is passed, there will be passive resistors in every part of the country." Caxton.

The Rt. Rev. John J. Collins, S. J., Vicar Apostolic of Jamaica, was recently raised to the episcopate. The ceremony was performed by His Grace Archbishop Farley of New York, assisted by the Rt. Rev. Charles E. McDonnell, Bishop of Brooklyn, and the Rt. Rev. Thomas Beavan, Bishop of Springfield, in the church of St. Francis Xavier, New York City. There was a large number of bishops and priests witnesses to the consecration, among them being a number of Jesuit Priests, Redemptorists, Franciscans, Dominicans, Capuchins and Carmelites. The sermon delivered by the Rt. Rev. Joseph T. Mooney, V. G., was on the Dignity of the Episcopate. Bishop Collins is the first American Bishop to rule over the Island of Jamaica.

Attend the Union Commercial College for a thorough business training with no waste time, no nonsense. College re-opens Sept. 3rd. send for new prospectus—W. Moran, Prin.

DYSPEPSIA AND STOMACH DISORDERS

MAY BE QUICKLY AND PERMANENTLY CURED BY

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

Mr. P. A. Labolle, Montreal, Que., writes as follows: "I desire to thank you for your wonderful cure, Burdock Blood Bitters. Three years ago I had a very severe attack of dyspepsia. I had tried all the best doctors I could find but they could do me no good. I was advised by a friend to try Burdock Blood Bitters and to my great surprise, after taking two bottles, I was so perfectly cured that I have not had a sign of dyspepsia since. I cannot praise it too highly to all sufferers. In my experience it is the best I ever used. Nothing for me like B.B.B. Don't accept a substitute for Burdock Blood Bitters. There is nothing 'just as good.'"

MISCELLANEOUS.

Lives of great men all remind us As we learn them day by day That they'd best be put behind us Out of sight and far away.

Mrs. Fred Laine, St. George Ont., writes:—"My little girl would cough so at night that neither she nor I could get any rest. I gave her Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup and am thankful to say it cured her cough quickly."

Beggy Sapp—Ah, Miss Rose, do you notice how the moon is smiling tonight? Miss Rose—Yes, indeed! And it shows the moon has a fine appreciation of humor even if it is dead.

Muscular Rheumatism.

Mr. H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills." Price \$2 a box.

The Royal Canadian Horse Artillery left Kingston last week on a ten days' march across Canada in February, a distance of 470 miles. The artillery is under command of Lieut. Col. Leslie.

On the trip bivouacs will be made at Brewer's Mills, Elgin, Oliver's Ferry, Perth, Carleton Place, Pakenham, over Sunday, Sand Point, Forrester's Falls and Pembroke. The force will remain at Petawawa until late in September.

While away Tete Du Pont barracks will be renovated. "B" battery, now in Toronto, will return to Kingston in September.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Sprained Arm.

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Haggard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

Minard's Liniment cures colds, etc.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CO., LIMITED. GENTLEMEN,—I have used MINARD'S LINIMENT on my vessel and in my family for years, and for the every day ills and accidents of life I consider it has no equal.

I would not start on a voyage without it, if it cost a dollar a bottle. OAPT. F. R. DESJARDIN, Sch. "Stroker", St. Andre, Kamouraska.

Never joke the man who is always joking everybody else. There isn't anybody in the world more sensitive to ridicule.

WEAK TIRED WOMEN

How many women there are that get no refreshment from sleep. They wake in the morning and feel tender when they want to bed. They have a dizzy sensation in the head, the heart palpitates; they are irritable and nervous, weak and worn out, and the lightest household duties during the day seem to be a drag and a burden.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

are the very remedy that weak, nervous, tired out, sickly women need to restore them the blessings of good health. They give sound, restful sleep, tone up the nerves, strengthen the heart, and make rich blood. Mrs. C. McDonald, Portage la Prairie, Man., writes: "I was troubled with shortness of breath, palpitation of the heart and weak spells. I got four boxes of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, and after taking them I was completely cured." Price 50 cents per box or three boxes for \$1.25, all dealers or The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1907

SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR, PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY JAMES MCISAAC Editor & Proprietor

Please don't delay your subscriptions for 1907. We need the money, we have earned it and shall esteem it a great favor if you remit now.

Government by Threat.

The by-election campaign, now on in Colchester county, N. S., affords an opportunity for accentuating the duplicity of the Laurier Government, their friends and their press, and of exposing to public view the lengths to which they are prepared to go to gain their ends, regardless of the rights and independence of the people.

The Grit manipulators, however, were not to be outdone and a new tactical move was made. This time it is nothing less than a threat to bring ruin upon a large number of the electors, and to destroy the great industry which Mr. Stanfield manages.

This manner of action on the part of the Government is by no means new; many instances are recorded in which recourse was had thereto at the last general election. On the other hand, wherever any of the Government's pets are engaged in manufactures special protection is given to them.

The movement in Colchester is surely a bold attempt to stifle free thought and independence, and a dastardly threat to bring poverty and ruin to all who dare to have opinions of their own.

Capital Punishment.

Colchester will resent this attempt to perpetuate government by threat.

Capital punishment is a subject that receives considerable attention from time to time, and a great deal of what is said and written about it is absolute nonsense.

In some states of the American Republic and in some other places the death penalty is not inflicted for murder. But in Great Britain and in all parts of the Empire, so far as we know, the life of a convicted murderer is forfeited.

Bearing these facts in mind, the attitude assumed towards convicted murderers by some people, and the hysterics indulged in by them in this connection must, to say the least, appear most extraordinary to reasonable people.

A very striking exhibition of this maudlin sentimentality and hero worship was afforded in the case of Collins, executed at Hopewell Cape N. B. on Friday last. This man had been twice found guilty of the atrocious murder of Maryann McAnlay, and paid the penalty by forfeiting his life.

Father McAnlay, whose relative and housekeeper Collins murdered, had been his benefactor; had taken him into his employ when he had no where to go, and this was his reward. Father McAnlay was not a robust man, and the worry caused by the terrible tragedy perpetrated on his premises doubtless shortened his days; for he died before the third trial.

While the Russian ship Lituanian, bound from Libau to New York, hung between two rocks, with a hole 11 feet across in her bow, through which the water was rushing in torrent, the ship's crew and men passengers formed a line from the stowage to the main deck and passed 200 babies and numbers of women up to safety.

certain women to mind their own business and not make themselves so extremely ridiculous in connection with condemned criminals. He thinks the prison door should be shut against them in such cases and that they should not be allowed to see such criminals. We entirely endorse that sentiment.

The Ontario government proposes to reduce the number of text books in the high schools from 37 to 7. The seven text books will be of superior quality and material, and the cost to the students will be reduced by 60 per cent. That is a move in the right direction.

At Birmingham, the home of Chamberlain, on Saturday last, Mr. Balfour Leader of the Opposition in the Imperial Parliament, declared himself unequivocally in favor of preferential trade arrangements within the Empire, and of broadening the basis of taxation so as to protect home industries.

As will be seen elsewhere in this issue a new Secretariat, as a special department of the Colonial office, London, has been created. This is the outcome of the late Imperial conference. A new status is given to the self-governing colonies and they are henceforth to be known as Dominions.

The output of cheese from our Island factories during the season just closed is estimated at about 30,000 boxes, about 3000 boxes more than last year. This quantity of cheese in each box at 70 pounds on an average, and putting the price at an average of 11 cents a pound, the result of the operations of the factories for the season is about \$231,000.

Thrilling Rescue from Wreck.

New York advices of the 16th, give the following account of a thrilling rescue of 126 passengers, including 200 babies, from a steamer, which had crashed into jagged rocks on the coast of Sweden.

While the Russian ship Lituanian, bound from Libau to New York, hung between two rocks, with a hole 11 feet across in her bow, through which the water was rushing in torrent, the ship's crew and men passengers formed a line from the stowage to the main deck and passed 200 babies and numbers of women up to safety.

thankfulness for their deliverance and safe arrival in this country. The Lituanian sailed Monday, Oct. 21st. The majority of the passengers were women coming to the United States to join husbands who had sailed before them.

The wireless operator kept his instruments working, and finally got Copenhagen. Owing to the fog and the darkness he could not give their exact location, and it was not until 48 hours later that two seagoing tugs and the Nicolai II of the Danish-American line found them.

The wireless operator kept his instruments working, and finally got Copenhagen. Owing to the fog and the darkness he could not give their exact location, and it was not until 48 hours later that two seagoing tugs and the Nicolai II of the Danish-American line found them.

Capt. Baehennoff was in command of the Lituanian, which was making her third trip. When off the Swedish coast, not far from the harbor of Copenhagen, with a heavy sea running, they encountered a dense fog. They lost their reckoning and drew too near to the treacherous coast.

German Emperor for Peace.

Emperor William of Germany, the guest of King Edward, made a speech on the 13th, at the Guildhall, where he was entertained by the city of London. He urged the strengthening of the Anglo-German relations and emphasized his unalterable desire to foster the peace of the world.

Greater than all others, is the case of negation. More harm is done by negative goodness than by positive evil. The world loses more by the good that adds nothing to the social welfare, than it gains by the evil that has been committed.

Smugglers Arrested.

By the arrest in Montreal, on the 15th, of Albert Korff, 32 years of age, and Samuel Davis, 28 years of age, the Canadian detective bureau officials believe they have secured two of the men who took an active part in the late campaign of smuggling opium, for a small consideration, free of passage money on the C.P.R. lines from Liverpool to Montreal.

The regular work of the letter carriers will commence in this city on Monday next. Yesterday, the carriers went over their routes and will continue to familiarize themselves with their sections from day to day, so that when they commence work they will be able to proceed without unnecessary delay.

The Curse of Negation.

During a congressional election in the United States there was a certain old lady who had two sons, and who evidently exercised a controlling influence over their franchise power.

In every great political contest, when human progress is being fought for and when the destiny of the nation hangs in the balance, it is the negatists who take no part in the struggle, in whose hands progress lies, and by whose inactivity failure comes.

We need positivism in politics today. These are times in the history of Canada when politics are being adopted that will decide the future of the country.

In every realm of life there is evident the curse of negation. Evil thrives because of it. Good languishes because of it. Many splendid altruistic movements lack vigor and strength because of it.

Greater than all others, is the case of negation. More harm is done by negative goodness than by positive evil. The world loses more by the good that adds nothing to the social welfare, than it gains by the evil that has been committed.

Greater than all others, is the case of negation. More harm is done by negative goodness than by positive evil. The world loses more by the good that adds nothing to the social welfare, than it gains by the evil that has been committed.

Bad Accident on C. P. R.

Seven were killed and eleven injured in the wreck last Saturday night as the Soo train, C. P. R. No. 8, was approaching Moore Lake, Ont., one of the most serious railway accidents for years in this locality.

The German Navy estimates payable for an average of 1906 of \$95,000,000, which is \$15,000,000 more than in 1907. There will be a progressive increase in the estimates until in 1912 they will reach \$97,000,000.

old charge against the two men is that they stole \$400 worth of goods, furnishings and steward's apartments from the vessel. When brought before Judge Lafontaine this morning the two men pleaded not guilty to the charge of theft.

New Status of Dominions Beyond the Seas.

Lord Hign's dispatch to Earl Grey and the other governors, dated September 21, was published in London on the 14th inst. It is a formal official recognition of the new status of Canada, Australia, New Zealand and South Africa, as dominions of the King, as distinct from crown colonies like the West Indies.

Back From the North.

Ernest Thompson-Seton, the author, who has returned to the United States from his exploration trip of seven months through Northwest Canada, into the great plains of the Arctic region, is enthusiastic over that part of Canada below the Arctic Zone, calling it the "White man's last opportunity."

Bad Accident on C. P. R.

Seven were killed and eleven injured in the wreck last Saturday night as the Soo train, C. P. R. No. 8, was approaching Moore Lake, Ont., one of the most serious railway accidents for years in this locality.

Smugglers Arrested.

By the arrest in Montreal, on the 15th, of Albert Korff, 32 years of age, and Samuel Davis, 28 years of age, the Canadian detective bureau officials believe they have secured two of the men who took an active part in the late campaign of smuggling opium, for a small consideration, free of passage money on the C.P.R. lines from Liverpool to Montreal.

The German Navy estimates payable for an average of 1906 of \$95,000,000, which is \$15,000,000 more than in 1907. There will be a progressive increase in the estimates until in 1912 they will reach \$97,000,000.

Meet Me at the Always Busy Store.

Stanley Bros. The Opening of THE NEW Fall Coats. This week we are showing you the first instalment of the New Coats. They are the very latest direct from the markets, and are perfection in Quality, Style, Assortment, Fit, Finish, And Workmanship. All sizes from 32 to 44 inch. All prices from \$4.00 each and up.

Bargains In Boots. We have secured a large shipment of Boots and Shoes (about 40 cases) at extremely low prices. We are going to give our customers the benefit of this purchase. Come in And look Them over. You will find Women's Fine Boots for \$1.00 and \$1.25 a pair, Boys' Boots at 75 cents, Men's Long Boots \$2.25, Men's Laced Boots (fine) worth \$2.50, now \$1.75. ALLEY & CO. October 20, 1907.

We Are Not Magicians! We cannot take Poor Leaf and make it into GOOD TOBACCO. Therefore we put BEST LEAF OBTAINABLE into our manufactured TOBACCO. Hickey & Nicholson, Manufacturers, Charlottetown. Phone 345. Oct. 30, 1907. See the Mystery Cloak in E. W. Taylor's window. Can you tell what makes it go.

Calendar for Nov. 1907.

Table with columns for Day of Week, Sun, Moon, High Water, Low Water. Includes moon phases and tide information.

Get the Most Out of Your Food

You don't eat and can't if your stomach is weak. A weak stomach does not digest all that is ordinarily taken into it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Strengthens and tones the stomach and the whole digestive system.

other hand, hardly more than a stone's throw of the kind George Washington was said to have made.

him if he can raise the Teutonic. More sparks, more racket, and a faint brimstone-like odor such as is sometimes noticed after a heavy thunder shower.

France Preparing to Rob the Dead. Writing in Le Patriote, of Paris, Senator G. de Lamarzelle says it seems certain that when the French Chambers meet again they will formulate new laws for the further spoliation of the Church.

A DIABOLICAL SCHEME. But what are we to think of M. Briand's indignation when, to-day, we read his signature among those of his colleagues who have subscribed to this iniquitous law in contemplation?

although forty miles at sea and almost twice that distance from the rays of the great electric beacon that marks the entrance of New York harbor, his plight is now known on shore and that all the resources of human wisdom are being marshalled to save his life.

France Preparing to Rob the Dead. Writing in Le Patriote, of Paris, Senator G. de Lamarzelle says it seems certain that when the French Chambers meet again they will formulate new laws for the further spoliation of the Church.

A DIABOLICAL SCHEME. But what are we to think of M. Briand's indignation when, to-day, we read his signature among those of his colleagues who have subscribed to this iniquitous law in contemplation?

LIVER COMPLAINT.

The liver is the largest gland in the body; its ability to secrete from the blood the bile which is used in the digestion of food.

MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS

are pleasant and easy to take, do not grip, weaken or sicken, never fail in their effect, and are far the safest and most reliable remedy for all diseases of the liver.

MISCELLANEOUS

There is nothing harsh about Lixa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickening.

Tea Party Supplies.

We have bought out the Aerated Water Business formerly conducted by Ferris & Frederickson, and we are now in a position to supply the trade with a full line of

SODA DRINKS,

Advertisement for Iron Brew featuring an image of a bottle and the text 'DELICIOUS AT HOTELS, CAFES, RESTAURANTS, AND EVERYWHERE THE IDEAL DRINK'.

Such as Ginger Ale, Raspberry Soda, Lemon Soda, Iron Brew and a variety of other flavors. We will also be in a better position than ever to contract for the supplying of Picnics and Tea Parties.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase.

Preserves.

We manufacture all our own Preserves, and can guarantee them strictly pure old wholesale and retail.

R. F. Maddigan & Co. Eureka Grocery.

QUEEN STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN.

Advertisement for New Buildings Hardware featuring an image of a building and the text 'We carry the finest line of Hardware to be found in any store.'

Architects, Builders and Contractors, will find our line of goods the newest in design, the most adaptable and improved, and of the highest standard of merit in quality and durability.

Stanley, Shaw & Peardon.

Also a full line of pumps and piping. Sun 12, 1907.

The Messenger, \$2.00 a Year

Issued Monthly—128 Pages. A high-class, illustrated periodical, embracing everything in history, literature and art that can be of interest to Catholics.

Manager THE MESSENGER, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York.

WITH your co-operation The Messenger will endeavor to double the number of its readers.

WE will send free a copy of The Messenger to each person whose name and address you may send us.

WE have a special offer, covering both new subscriptions and renewals—a permanent business can be established.

ADDRESS The Messenger, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B. Sun Fire offices of London. Phoenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.

JOHN MACRACHERN, AGENT.

Mar. 22nd, 1906

Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.

Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless.

A. J. FRASER, D. D. S. Aug. 15, 1906—3m

Morson & Duffy

Barristers & Attorneys Browns' Block, Charlottetown, P.E.I.

MONEY TO LOAN. Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada

Snappy Styles

—OF— Solid Footwear

Ladies! Here is your chance, one week only. Box Calf Boots, neat, up-to-date. Cheap any time at \$2.25, now \$1.50, all sizes.

These Boots arrived a few days ago, a little late of course, but they are yours at the above price. See them anyway.

A. E. McEACHEN,

KING EDWARD HOTEL. Mrs. Larter, Proprietress.

Will now be conducted on KENT STREET Near Corner of Queen.

Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first class accommodation at reasonable prices.

June 12, 1907.

JOHN T. MELLISH, M. A., LL. B.

BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND. Office—London House Building.

Collecting, conveyancing, and kinds of Legal business promptly attended to. Investments made on best security. Money to Loan.

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office.

Charlotteville, P. E. Island

Tickets

Dodgers

Posters

Check Books

Receipt Books

Note Heads

Note Books of Hand

Letter Heads

Wireless Messages Between Ship and Shore.

The modern transatlantic traveller who partakes of the news of the world as part of his daily fare, and who, scores and perhaps hundreds of miles from land, exchanges messages of business or friendship with his acquaintances ashore, has a very limited idea of the means and methods employed to thus keep him in touch with the world at large.

It is not the purpose here to describe or explain the mechanical part of wireless telegraphy, about which much has been written, but rather to give a little idea of the human side of the machine, a view of the life of the man who works the instruments that make these unseen, scarcely comprehended forces of nature to do their bidding.

There are on the American side of the Atlantic several wireless stations, which are in touch with the outgoing or incoming steamers for from two to three days distance from New York. There is one at Sea Gate, Coney Island, one at Sagaponack, L. I., about ninety-five miles from Sandy Hook, two more far at sea, at Nantucket and on Sable Island, and the last outpost far down on the gray Newfoundland coast above the dreaded rocks of Cape Race.

At the foot of the pole are a few small white buildings, from which thin strands of wire rise to its summit; near the road is a tiny cottage, formerly a "summer cottage," but now the residence of the operator, into which the telegraph line that has accompanied us from the island finally disappears.

Rapid changes of temperature are hard on the toughest constitution.

The conductor passing from the heated inside of a trolley car to the icy temperature of the platform—the canvasser spending an hour or so in a heated building and then walking against a biting wind—know the difficulty of avoiding cold.

Scott's Emulsion

strengthens the body so that it can better withstand the danger of cold from changes of temperature.

It will help you to avoid taking cold.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.

By this law, which is already drawn, and needs but the vote to be put in force, the rights of the collateral heirs are brushed aside; the rights of the universal legatees to contest such high-handed action against them are utterly disregarded, say, the rights of the deceased are trampled upon, because their bequests are turned away from the object for which they were primarily intended, and made to serve purposes which, in life, they would have abandoned.

Revolving as it may be to our sense of justice, this law will be enacted at the next meeting of the Chambers, and will take its place among so many others that have disgraced France in the eyes of the civilized world.—Translation from the Morning Star.

Every place you go you hear the same question asked: "Do you know that there is nothing so dangerous as a neglected cold?"

Do you know that a neglected cold will turn into Chronic Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Disrupting Catarrh and the most deadly of all, the "White Plague," Consumption?

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup

This wonderful cough and cold medicine contains all the best principles which make this pine syrup so valuable in the treatment of lung affections.

Combined with this is Wild Cherry Bark and the soothing, healing and expectorant properties of other potent herbs and barks.

For Croup, Colds, Bronchitis, Pain in the Throat, Laryngitis, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, any affection of the Throat or Lungs. You will find a sure cure in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Mrs. G. M. Loomer, Hartford, Ct., writes: "I have used Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup for coughs and colds, and have always found it to give instant relief. I also recommended it to one of my neighbors and she was more than pleased with the result."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup 25c. per bottle of all druggists. Put up in yellow wrapper, and three pins across the trade mark. Refuse substitutes. There is only one Norway Pine Syrup and that one is Dr. Wood's.

THE BRITISH LIBRARY