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NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made at the next session of the Parl ament of the Dominion of Canada for an Act to amend the Act passed in the 40th year of her Kajesty's reign, initialed "An Act respecting the Beaver and Toronto Mutual Fire-Insurance Campany," helps chartes 79 MURRAY, BARWICK & LYON,



THE WEEKLY MAIL to published every Thursday morning in time for the English mail, second edition on Friday, and de-spatched by first trains and express to all parts of the Dominion. Price \$1.00 a year. Advertisements for casual insertion are charged at the rate of twenty cents per line; confract rates by the year made known on application. Condensed advertisements are inserted at the rate of fifty cents THE WEEKLY MAIL forms an ex

VOL. VIII. NO. 412.

EDRUNTO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1880.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

### Farms for Sale.

neute of Farms for Sale, inserted in 20 words for 50c.; each additiona Parties replying to advertisements will hat they saw them in The Mail. PARM FOR SALE- IN THE ACRES ON LAKE SHOKE

DARM TO KENT-IN THE township of Adjala; about 70 acres cleared, acres under clover, 11 acres fall wheat; good uildings; two miles from rai way station. For

VALUABLE FARM ON

half of lot 7, in the 4th concession of Albion, acres, 75 cleared, balance good hardwood. There on the premises frame house, barn, stable, sheds

MARM FOR SALE OR RENT-Pive hundred and fifty acres, nearly two hundred cleared, over 100 acres seeded down with clover and timothy, 40 acres of fall wheat; good frame building, good spring and Saureen river run across the farm; well adapted for a cheese factory, which is much needed in this part, only 3½ miles from Walkerton station and 2½ from Hanover on Gravel road, and a new station to be built there next summer. If seld, time on part; if rented, some need apply but first-class farmers and in good circumstances. R. B. CLEMENT, Maple Hill, Bruce Co., Oct.

DARM FOR SALE—200 ACKES

A GOOD INVESTMENT IN

### farms Wanted.

WANTED TO RENT. A FARM of 100 to 200 acres. WILLIAM WENMAN,

TMPROVED FARMS WANTED before 15th February, for catalogu's being pre-pared for distribution amongst British emigrants. W. J. FENTON, and Agent, Hamilton. IMPROVED FARMS WANTED FARMS PURCHASED - PER-

SUFFOCATED BY CHARCOAL

Dr. Howard Russell and Sir Garnet Wolseley.

THE VETERAN CORRESPONDENT'S DEFENCE The British Army Demoralized by Drink.

New York Herald Bureau, London, Feb. 16.

The sensation of the hour is "Bull Run" Russell's letter to the Daily Tele-graph, in reply to Sir Garnet Wotseley's charges. This has just appeared. It will be compared that the collection

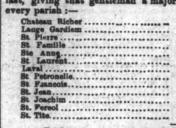
charges. This has just appeared. It will be summabled that appeared the state of the contract of the contract

An Newsards, I have been informated for the street of the

is to blame. The real point to be ascertained is the condition of the troops on the new model, and how far th country can place its accustomed confidence in them. Whether the story is exaggerated or not, it is plain that serious defects existed in the South African battalions, and it is most important that similar abuses should not occur in future. The faults of the campaign have been victorious, and it is extraordinary that they have not ere now been known at the Horse Guarda, where the present revelations seem to have fallen like the bolt of Jove."

Opening of the filiament.

OTTAWA, Feb, 14.—The Gazette to-day annous ces that his Excellency the Governor General will be at his office, in the eastern departmental building, on Tuesdays and Fridays of each week, during the months of February and March, be-



**FORTY SOLDIERS KILLED AND WOONDER** 

IMPORTANT RISE IN WOOL

ET CABLE TO THE MAIL

For the first problem of the problem

A Lahore despatch says a Turcoman force, believed to be accompanied by Abdul Rahman Khan, has reached Akweha in Afghan Turkestan. There is great excitement at Cabul over this

PROTECTION IN GERMANY.

A despatch from Constantinople says the British authorities at Larnica, Cyprus, have detained the Austrian mail steamer, because the captain resisted arrest, and an English engineer was placed on board.

Petroleum has been struck in north-western Holstein.

A Copenhagen despatch says a new steamship company has been established here, with a capital of 800,000 crowns. They will establish direct communication with New York.

THE ITALIAN PARLIAMENT.

### EUROPEAN ITEMS

The Manchester Guardian reports that a serious complication has arisen between England and Persis touching Herst. A St. Petersburg despatch says the Vedomosti declares the idea of a Persian occupation of Herst under British guidance cannot be entartained.

MR. WEBSTER'S VISION. An Interview with the Reverend

### Gentleman.

QUEBEC, Feb. 16—The announcement by the Rev. R. W. B. Webster that he would preach last night upon the subject of "Visions," succeeded in filling the church with an immense congregation and, daubtiess, produced a very much larger offertory than usual. Be that as it may, the congregation appeared disappointed

a Vienna despatch states that it is said Gen. Ignatieff will shortly proceed on an important political mission to Teheran. It is reported the Russian ambassador at Teheran is prepared to leave the Persian Court at a moment's notice. Twelve thousand Persians are concentrating at Khorassa.

A St. Petersburg despatch says it is stated on good authority, that no measures for re-organizing the political administration are to be expected on the 25th anniversary of the Czar's accession. All rumers relative to contemplated new financial measures are declared, in well-informed circles, unfounded.

Bdward Conolly, one of the heroes of Rorke's Drift, where he was shot through the body, has been sentenced to six weeks' hard labour for violently assaulting a policeman with his cretch—he is lamed for life—and biting the man's finger nearly off. He brother got a month, and his mother fourteen days, for being concerned in the same offence.

A Berlin despatch says the object of the bill presented in the Bundesrath by

THE ITALIAN FABILIANENT.

THE REALIANENT COLUMN ASSESSMENT OF THE STALLANENT COLUMN ASSESSMENT COLUMN

J. J. C. Abbott's

HACKENZIE AS MARK TAPL AIRS AT THE CAPITA read various quotations from speeches made by the hon, gentleman in 1875, whereby he differed from the view of the hon. Premier and his Government, and therefore he couldn't be in sympathy with them in their Ministerial actions. The hon, gentleman represented the greater importance of having a Canadian representative in Washington, whereby the difference which now exists might be removed. He also drew attention to the contract for the construction of railways in British Columbia, and to the fact that the railway was only to be undertaken on receiving aid from the Imperial Government. If such aid had not been obtained, the Government, therefore, was not sanctioned by Parliament to undertake this great work, and therefore he could not but hope that the centracts spoken of as having been awarded in British Columbia would not be undertaken until the aid from the Imperial Government was secured. He, therefore, trusted that the paragraph in the Speech from the Throne which stated, "That contracts had been awarded for 127 miles, from Emery's Bar to Savonas Ferry," did not imply that a formal execution of the contract had taken place, but that they had yet to be laid on the table, as the policy representing English aid had not succeeded, then Parliament must have the opportunity of determining whether they weuld sanction the execution of the contract without such as-

istance.

Mr. MACKENZIE, in referring to the paragraph regarding Irish relief, hoped the Government would not wait until the regular estimates were presented. He hoped a vote would be granted unanimously and that as speedily as possible.

Sir S. L. TILLEY said it was the intention to ask the House to vote a sum of money at the earliest

the resolutions are brought down.

Mr. MILLS thought Canada should immediately
vote 50,000 pounds sterling.

Mr. ANGLIN urged that ne delay should occur n sending relief.
Sir S. L. TILLEY said that not one hour would
be lost in sending the relief which Parliament would

vote.

Mr. MILLS objected to the insertion of the phrase "returning prosperity" in the Address.

Mr. CASEY quoted from Quebec journals to show the condition presented by that city notwithstand-the National Policy.

Mr. CARON said that as a resident of that city he was able to state that less poverty prevailed there this winter than during last winter or the winter before. He strongly advocated the granting for relief to Ireland.

percease. He strongly advocated the granting for relief to Ireland.

Mr. PLUMB deprecated the introduction of party politics into the discussion on Irish relief, and ex-pressed his conviction that the whole Parliament would give liberal aid to Ireland, and that out of our presently. our prosperity.

Messrs. McDONELL and ANGLIN protested gainst the wording of a large portion of the Ad-

dress.

On the paragraph respecting the Pacific railway,
Mr. BaRNARD replied to Mr. DeCosmos, and
challenged him to find a baker's dozen in British.
Columbia who would declare that the line had not
been properly located. Wheaver delays were
sought for, that hon gentleman assisted in finding
them in hope that the route would meanwhile be
changed, so as to more closely meet his views. It
ill became the hon. member to take grounds against
a location which was selected by two Governments
and advocated by him (Mr. DeCosmos) in his first
speech on the railway question.

In the next paragraph,

speech on the railway question.

In the next paragraph,
Mr GAULT spoke of the prosperity of Montreal
trade and manufactures under the tariff. The
number of vacant houses had largely diminished;
all the manufacturers were fully employed. One
was being employed on castings for 400 ears for the
Grand Trunk. The Finance Minister was the most
popular man in Montreal, and if his policy was
continued, in a few years the country would occupy
a high and prosperous position. continued, in a few years the country would occupy a high and prosperous position.

The several paragraphs of the Address were adopted, and the reply was ordered to be presented in the usual form.

On the motion of Sir S. L. Tilley, it was resolved to go into Committee of Supply on Friday, and also to consider the Ways and Means.

Sir S. L. TILLEY laid on the table the Public Accounts, the report of the Auditor-General, and some minor documents.

Mr. BOWELL presented the Trade and Navigation returns. The House adjourned at 10.10 p.m.

(Continued on Fifth Page.) PARLIAMENTARY REPORTS.

rade and Navigation Returns for 1879. OTTAWA, Feb. 15.-The report of the avigation returns forms a volume of more than a thousand pages. The total returns of the Dominion for 1878 were \$79,323,667 and for 1879, \$71,491,225, a decrease of \$7,752,442. The imports for 1878 were \$93,081,787 and in 1879 they were \$81,964,427. or a decrease of \$11,117,360. The duty collected was, in 1878, \$12,795,693.17, and in 1879 it was \$12,839,540.66, an increase of \$143,847.49. The country with which we did the largest trade was the United States, the figures being \$70,904,720. Great Britain comes next with \$67,288,848. The value of our exports was greatest to Great Britain, being \$36,295,718 and with the United States \$27,165,501. The value of goods purchased for consumption was greatest from the United States, being \$43,739,219, compared wish \$30,993,130 from Great Britain.

COST OF THE COMMONS. A statement of the receipts and disbursements of the accountant of the House of Commons of Canada for the year ending 30th June, 1879, has been published. The receipts were \$396,891.36. The expenditures were, indemnity, \$195,524; milage, \$21,830 40; by amount transferred to credit of contingencies, \$10,645 60. The contingencies amount to \$155,540.41, including \$16.696.71 for debates.

ACCIDENT TO THE PRINCESS.

The Viceregal Sleigh Upset Going to a Drawing-room. Drawing-room.

OTTAWA, Feb. 15.—The covered sleigh in which her Royal Highness and his Excellency, attended by Colonel McNeill, and the Hon. Mrs. Langham, were going to the drawing-room, was upset as it passed out of the grounds of the Gevernment House, and was dragged about four hundred vards, when it was most provi-House, and was dragged about four hundred yards, when it was most providentially stopped by the Hon. Mr. Bagot and a groom, who were in one of the sleighs which preceded the viceregal sleigh. The Princess received a severe contasion on the side of the head, and the lobe of the right ear was also cut. Mrs. Langham was much bruised on the left arm. His Excel-

mediate attendance, the former remaining all night at the Government House. The following bulletin was issued this morning at nine a.m.:—
"Her Royal Highness much recovered from the shock. Her ear is slightly cut and the side of the head bruised. The muscles of the neck were considerably strained. Her Royal Highness passed a good night, and is at present progressing most favourably. iost favourably.

"J. A. GRANT, M.D.

"M. BALDING, M.D."

Last Saturday night the first drawingroom was to have taken place. The Senate
Chamber had been all prepared for the occasion, and a large number of ladies and
gentlemen had assembled for the purpose
of being presented, when the intelligence
was received of the accident to the Princess. A postponement, of course, had to
be made, As the Hon. C. Harbord, A.D.C. to his

As the Hon. C. Harbord, A.D.C. to his Excellency the Governor-General, was driving into town on Friday evening, the horse took fright, and despite the desperate efforts of Mr. Harbord and the groom to check the fiery animal's mad career, they succeeded in reaching the St. Lawrence and Ottawa railway station. At this point an engine which was shunting some empty trucks from the main line to the siding, commenced whistling, which, it is needless to add, further increased the animal's terror. The situation of the occupants of the sleigh was at this moment one of imminent danger. Luckily, the Hon. Mr. Bagot, another of his Excellency's A.D.C.'s, who happened to be returning to Rideau, now came to the assistance of his friends, and in the pluckiest manner, and at the risk of being trampled to death by the infuriated animals, sprang for their heads, seized the bit, and with the united efforts of Mr. Harbord and the groom succeeded in turning the horses into a snow-drift, where, thoroughly exhausted, they at last succumbed. The hon. gentleman, though receiving a severe shock, was not seriously injured.

PREPARING FOR EMERGENCIES.

The Complete Returns.

LACHUTA, Que., Feb. 13. — Following is t'ae complete result of the polling in Argenteuil:—

Service the control of the control o

Three years ago a pariy of Germans were attacked one Eunday in the huckeberry swamp in the township of Ellice and Brutally beaten, one of them being stabbed no variously that his life was despaired of; growth of the gang were arrested, among them Furtall and Maher, and when tried better the Folice Maglitrate, they were o nvicted and sentenced to six months in the Central Prieca, where they both served their full time. Putball's record while residing in this section was remarkable for ruffanism and cowardly conduct in several rews in which he was mixed up. It is not known whether the junior Maher under arrest in London, is the same parker who was convicted here.

APPROVED THE CAPITAL

1. RECEIVE M THE CAPITAL

2. RECEIVE M THE CAPITAL

2. RECEIVE M THE CAPITAL

3. RECEIVE M THE CAPITAL

4. RECEIVE M THE CAPIT

Unfavourable Weather fer Operations.

PETERBORO, Feb. 14.—Lumbermen from the nerth report that much loss and difficulty have been occasioned by the unfavourable weather during nearly the whole of the present winter, and it is probable the produce of timber and logs will not be more than half that originally

tion.

The Deliy News owns the Southwark election was an unmistakeable Liberal defeat. The Times says the return of a Censervative for Southwark is a heavy blow for the Opposition. The Government are justified in regarding the battle so keenly fought as a vote of confidence more decided than that at Liverpool.

Wife. "But my dear I shall catch

Infavourable Wesither for Operations, Particularly Service Report of Landson, Part No. Service Report of Service Report

so be likely to show her hand. In the spease, and the country, under careful manipulation to assume the state of restoring policy of the Philiss printed in labels (1994) on the Country and proparing for further on movements on the part of Edmin. It is the country would be finished the colorina against the country would be finished to the control of the part of Edmin and For "sweet figgs tere leads to the control of the part of Edmin and For "sweet figgs tere leads and the property of the Philiss proved figgs tere leads and the property of the property

The Committee of the Illinois State Teachers' Association decline to recom-mend any movement towards spelling re-

The State Association of Teachers in California passed a resolution that in their opinion no language should be taught in the public schools but English.

THE WEEKLY MAIL

TORONTO, PRIDAY, PEBRUARY 20, 1880

OUR PORTON FRANCE

TO STANDAY PEBRUARY 20, 1880

OUR PORTON FRANCE

TO WARDER STANDAY

TO WARDER STANDAY PEBRUARY 20, 1880

OUR PORTON FRANCE

TO WARDER STANDAY PEBRUARY 20, 1880

OUR PORTON FRANCE

TO WARDER STANDAY PEBRUARY 20, 1880

TO WARDER STANDAY

See All and the second of the product of the produc

remained in power, making no change and preserving the depression?

THE DECEASED WIFE'S SISTER.

M. GIROUARD has introduced a bill upon this subject, which has not yet reached us. We imagine, however, that it is intended to make the marriage with a deceased wife's sister legal all over the Dominion, as it has always have in some parts of it.

units of Brancaccia pine for more controlled to the control of the

### DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

(Continued from Second Page.)

HOUSE OF COMMONS. OTTAWA, Feb. 16.

Mr. COLBY introduced a bill regulating the inspection of petroleum. According to the law as it now stands, he said, there were separate tests for domestic and foreign oil. By the present bill there would be uniformity in the matter of inspection. The bill was read a first time. THE MACDONELL CASE.

Sir JOHN MACDONALD moved that the Journals of the House for the 12th and 13th May, 1879, be now read. The Clerk's assistant read from the Jour-

Sir JOHN MACDONALD said it would Sir JOHN MACDONALD said it would be remembered that last session the motion read was passed on the 12th May, that two days afterwards, on the 15th, Parliament prorogued. On the day the House prorogued the Speaker informed the House that he had, in obedience to its order, issued a summons to bring Mr. Macdonell to the Bar of the House, and a summans having been issued by the Clerk, a reply was received from the officer charged with the duty of serving the summons, stating that he had up to that time been unable to find Mr. Macdonell. He moved that Mr. John A. Macdonell be summoned to attend at the Bar of the House to morrow week. The SPEAKER read an affidavit to show that the summons had been served show that the summons had on Mr. Macdenell, The motion was carried.

MR. LETELLIER'S REMOVAL. Sir JOHN MACDONALD presented a message from his Excellency the Governor-General transmitting to the House a copy of the order of the Privy Council of July 25th, 1879, containing the cause assigned for the removal of the Hon. Luc Lettellier De St. Just from his office of Lieut. Governor of Quebec.
Mr. MACKENZIE asked the Pren if he would bring down other papers con-mected with the case without a special Sir JOHN MACDONALD-Oh, cer

NEW MEMBER. Mr. J. J. C Abbott, the new member for Argentenil, was introduced by the Hon. Mr. Pope and Mr. Brooks. ONTARIO PACIFIC JUNCTION RAIL. WAY.

Mr. COCKBURN (Muskoka) asked whether it is the intention of the Government to aid, by way of subsidy or otherwise, the construction of the Ontario Pacific Junction railway between Gravenhurst and some point on the line of the Canada Central or Canada Pacific railways.

Sir CHARLES TUPPER said he was very much afraid it would not be in the power of the Government to give the desired aid. CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE SCOTT ACT.

Mr. ROSS (Middlesex) asked whether the Government have engaged counsel to argue the constitutionality of the Temperance Act of 1878 before the Supreme Court, and if so, when and whom.

Mr. McDONALD (Pictou) replied that counsel were engaged on 7th January last.

Mr. Christopher Robinson would appear on one side, and Mr. Lash, Deputy Minister of Justice, on the other.

RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION IN BRIT-ISH COLUMBIA. Mr. BLAKE asked whether the cons for the construct

Sir CHARLES TUPPES said contracts had been entered into for the construction of 127 miles of railway in British Columbia, and had been executed both by the Government and the contractors. Copies of the contracts would be laid before the House. They were not made subject to the sanction of Parliament, but were executed under authority given last session.

PRINTING CONTRAGTS, Mr. BLAKE asked whether in view of

Mr. Blake asked whether in view of the recent developments as to the prac-tices by which the contract for the print-ing of Parliament was procured, the Gov-ernment intend to propose to Parliament any steps to remedy the injurious con-sequences to the public of such practices in the present instance, and to prevent their repetition in the future. Sir JOHN MACDONALD—I would answer that it is the intention of the Gov-Sir JOHN MACDONALD—I would answer that it is the intention of the Government to ask for the re-appointment of the House of Commons members of the Printing Committee of last year, and a motion will be submitted to the House instructing them to press upon the Joint Printing Committee of both House for an inquiry into the recent developmenta to use the language of the question, and to report upon the best means of avoiding a repetition of such developments in future. (Loud laughter.) I mean to avoid a repetition of such practices. etition of such practices, ONTARIO'S BOUNDARIES.

Mr. BLAKE asked whether it is the in Mr. BLAKE asked whether it is the intention of the Government during the present session to propose a measure ratifying the award on the subject of the boundary between Canada and Ontario.

Sir JOHN MACDONALD replied that was not at present the intention of Government to propose any such measure.

THE GEORGIAN BAY BRANCH.

Mr. COCKBURN (Muskoks) moved f an address to his Excellency praying f a copy of the orders in Council, etc., re a copy of the orders in Council, etc., respecting the pestponement and abandon ment of the Georgian Bay branch of the Canada Pacific Railway. He was confident that in the abandonment of this work a great mistake had been made. The road could easily be built, and the contract price for it was only \$16,180 a mile. By the stopping of the railway, too, a loss is money had been incurred, the full extent of which would be seen when the return to the motion came down. se motion came down.

Sir CHARLES TUPPER said the paper ould come down at an early day, and it would be most convenient to discuss the abject when they were before the House. The motion was carried.

AMERICAN CATTLE. Mr. CARON moved for papers and cor respondence between the Imperial Government and the Government of Capada is reference to the admission of cattle from the United States into Canada, and from Canada into England.—Carried. THE COTEAU BRIDGE.

Mr. MACKENZIE moved for copies of the reports of C. S. Gzowski or other en neers on the subject of bridging the S swrence near Coteau du Lac. The que on of the construction of a railway cide over the St. Lawrence at Coteau data was before the Railway Cemmitte at session, and when the evidence weral engineers had been taken on the labject, the Government promised an intelligible that the construction. He was not aware the lay decision had as yet been given, but he oticed that Col. Gzowski had been a pointed to make the examination. For the collinear construction of the lagrence of the was not at all inclined to place he or the same of the same qualifications on the same property of the was not at all inclined to place he or the same control of the same cont Mr. MACKENZIE moved for copies gineering qualifications on the stall with those of Mr. Shanly or go. He was not known as an able of the second of the secon

as small means. The Post Office Savings tank is good in many respects, though ampered by needless restrictions, and only accepting a limited amount. It was aggested that the opportunity should be pen to small investors to place their capital in national securities, as had been done o successfully in France. In the States, mething in the same direction has been one by the issue of 4 per cent. bonds for mall amounts, which were quickly taken p. The land reforms proposed by the inperial Government may form an additional incentive to thrift by facilitating and despening the cumbrous and coatly method to conveyancing which at present forms a act to the acquisition of small lets.

A fact which has been strangely overooked during the last Presidential cam-aign is that Samuel J. Tilden, the Demooratic candidate, who was defeated either in the vote or the count on that occasion, is of U. E. Loyalist decent. His hiographers trace his descent from one Thomas I'lden who settled in Scituate, Mass., in 1623, but prudently omit to notice the part played by the family during the Revelution. Sabine's "History of American Loyalists," however, states that there were four of the name in Scituate in 1775, three of whom fied to Boston, but returning, were committed to gaol. Another, Israel Tilden, was procurbed and banished in 1778. It is not clear from which Samuel is descended, but it is certain that all of the family from which he claims descent were actively loyalist during the struggle. Some of the journals opposed to Tilden's nomination are trying to make a point on this score against him, but if he loses favour with the Democrate it will probably be on other grounds than the political course of his grandfather. The spirit of the Revolution is a misty memory rather than an active principle with most Americans of to day, who care a great deal more for wealth and position than for the "rights of man." ic candidate, who was defeated either

Mr. Mowat treated the deputation which aited upon him the other day to solicit aid for Ireland rather curtly, but for all that he may not only "give the matter his best consideration," but come down with a small appropriation in the supplementary estimates. Of course the starving wretches of Connaught and Munster are not to be mentioned in the same breath with Lieutenant-Governors, Judges, Ministers of the Crown, Government officials, and Globe reporters; but what a number of stomachs might have been filled with the money paid for whiskey and champagne on his Honour's little trip to Manitoba! Eleven hundred pounds sterling, the amount of the whiskey bill, would have been a tidy sum for the Mariborough or Mansion House fund; and just contrast these two accounts:

What was. What might have been. for Ireland rather curtly, but for all

What was. What might have been, # nat was.

# nat was.

# nat was.

To relieving 2,200 destitute families for two
weeks at 10s, per week.

# to that giveth to
the poor lendeth to the
bottles of lime

# nat was.

To relieving 2,200 destitute families for two
weeks at 10s, per week.

# He that giveth to
the
Lord."

Still, it is not too late for Mr. Mowat to

om of terrorism carried on by the Chinese Six Companies," towards the Chinamen of the United States, prevails also in of the United States, prevails also in British Columbia. A correspondent of the Victoria Standard writes that, being conversant with the ways of the Chinese, he recognized in the recent murder of a Chinese man and woman in that city an "execution" by the Companies. The hacking and partial burning of the bodies, which inspire more terror in the Chinese mind than death itself, were evidently which inspire more terror in the Chinese mind than death itself, were svidently done with the object of making a conspicuous example of the vengeance of the Companies. The version of the affair current among the Chinese, he says, is that the woman, upon whom one of the Companies had a claim, defied them and refused to pay. Six men were thereupon detailed to put her te death, and the c mpanies, so lar from concealing their hand in the affair, parade the deed, in order te terrify others upon whom they have claims. It is said that the free Chiaamen—those not under oblig tion to the companies are a raid to communicate with the police, and that the in erpreters are in the pay of these much dreaded insi utions. It is a shameful system of slavery, but the reticence of the Chiname, under terror of the mysterious power, and the difficulties of communicating with them, are formidable obstacles in the way of breaking it up.

An interesting account of what the Government farm, near Fort MacLeod, is doing for the agricultural training of the Indians of the section is furnished by a correspondent, who for over thirteen years has been intimately acquainted with that region. He bears the strongest testimony to the exemplary patience and endurance of the Indians, whose sufferings from hunger and privation are extreme, owing to the absence of the buffalo and the dishunger and privation are extreme, owing to the absence of the buffalo and the disappearance of other game. He has witnessed the most heartrending scenes of distress at Fort MacLeod, women and children at the last extremity of starvation, eagerly pouncing upon the garbage thrown from the houses of the whites, and begging piteously for food. The Indians are eager to learn farm work, and are industrieus and docile. The Government farm is located about thirty-five miles south-west from Fort MacLeod, at the foot of the Rocky Mountains. The spot selected is a good one, in every respect suitable for agricultural purposes, the soil being heavy black loam, about five feet deep, with good natural drainage. Mr. H. J. Taylor, the Superintendent, arrived last summer, and began work at once. Two log houses have been erected, with sheds, corrals, &c., abundred acres of land turned ever, and 10,000 rails out for fencing. Had it not been for the unaccountable delay in forwarding oxen and horses, much more could have been done. Our correspondent says it is the opinion of the settlers that an Indian ring has been formed with the object of preventing progress in this direction. The settlers, he writes, strongly favour the farm, as a means not only of solving the Indian problem, but of aiding in the development of the country. A coal mine has been discovered about one mile from the farm, yielding a superior quality of bituminous coal, and gold has been found in the sand thrown up in digging a well on the farm.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—The "boom" in New York, Feb. 16,—The "boom" in straw paper has run up prices 75 per cent. since October for all common grades. This is attributed to the scarcity of good straw in this State, where the great bulk of com-mon straw paper is made. Great quantities of straw paper are exported to Cubs, where it is saturated in a decoction made from the stems and refuse of choice Havana seed leaf, and when properly treated with flavouring extracts of licorice roots, senna, &c., makes filling for cigars.

Mr. D. A. O'Sullivan, barrister, of this ity, is at Peterboro' at present dangerously. I. and under the care of his brother, Dr. 'Sullivan, ex-M.P.P., who fears his sym-Common sense and the science of chemitry when applied to butter making, reduce time of churning one-half, increase the roduct 6 per cent, the quality of the proDOMINION PARLIAMENT.

(Continued from Second Page.) HOUSE OF COMMONS.

OTTAWA, Feb. 16. The Speaker took the chair at three

indicated; and while he would be opposed to obstructing the St. Lawrence, still it was to be remembered that transportation by railway was quite as important as transportation by water. He did not think, therefore, the obstruction of the St. Lawrence should be locked upon as an obstacle to the bridge, and he trusted that such would be the opinion of the Government. It was proposed by those interested in the building of the bridge to connect the Coteau and Ottawa railway with the railways now being constructed or projected through the centre of Ontario. The very large opposition to that proposal came from a rival line, the Grand Trunk, an institution with which Col. Gzowaki, by the way, was in intimate connection.

Sir CHARLES TUPPER said the papers would be brought down at a very early day. On this question, there was a great diversity of counion among the members of the connection.

The motion was carried.

Trains and asfety from accidents, the operation of the trains would compare very favourably with previous years. While the Government had been obliged in former years to pay large sums on account of accidents to passengers, no account of that class had occurred during the past year. Experience showed it was impossible to operate railways without accidents occurring to employée, but in this particular the records of other records of other records. In regard to the running of trains, instructions had been given that class had occurred during the past year. Experience showed it was impossible to operate railways without accidents of operate railways without accidents of operate railways without accidents of that class had occurred during the past year. Experience showed it was impossible to operate railways without accidents of operate railways without accidents of that class had occurred during the past year.

Experience showed it was impossible to operate railways without accidents of passengers, no account of accidents to pay large sums on account of the class had occurred during the past year.

Experience

Mr. COLOT I students of the supplication of th

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ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

BELLEVILLE CONTRACTOR OF STATE ASSETS OF THE

FIRST SESSION—FOURTH LEGISLATURE

THE BEDULPH TRAGEDY.

(Continued from Third Page.)

LONDON, Feb. 16.—Michael Heenan was discharged from oustedy to day on the charge of being concerned in the Donnelly massacre, it appearing that he had no connection with the tragedy, and was miles away when it was committed. Immediately after his release he started for his home in Biddulph.

LUCAN, Feb. 16.—Nothing new has granspired here regarding the tragedy; but the police are working up evidence for the coroner's inquest on Wednesday.

LUCAN, Ont., Feb. 17.—There are no new developments to day in connection

Medical.

VEGETINE.

CONDUCTORS TAKE IT. Blotches, Pimples, Humours

on the Face and Neck Disappear. A Sovereign Remedy for

Rheumatism.

the Dear Sir—I most cheerfully add my testimonia to the great number you are daily receiving in favour of your Veserus. I have been troubled with rheumatism for several years; also with blotches and pimples breaking out upon my face and neck.

A friend recommended Veserus, and, after using several bottles, I have had no more trouble with rheumatism, and the blotches on my face and neck have disappeared. I have recommended Veserus to some of my friends who were troubled with rheuma ism and they have used it with good success, and I will recommend it to all who are troubled in the same way.

Vegetine Cured His Daughter Calliersville, Chilton Co., Ala., May 15 1878
Dear Sir—My daughter has been afflicted with nasal catarrh, affection of bladder and hidneys, and is of serotulous diathesis, and, after having exhausted my skill and the most eminent physicians of Schma, i at last restorted to she use of your Vesstrats (without confidence), and to my great surprise my daughter has been restored to health. I write this as a simple act of justice, and not as an advertising medium.

Respectfully, T. E. CALLIER, M.D.

VEGETINE PREPARED BY H. R. STEVENS, Toronto, Ont.

PUPE COD LIVER OIL PUPE COD LIVER OIL
With HYPOPHOSPHITES of LIVE and SODA
Is combined in a perfectly palabable form that is taken
readily by children and most sensitive persons without
the slightest nausea. It is the finest food and medicine
ever offered to the weak and debilitated patient. Itrestores feeble digestion, enriches the blood, adds flesh
and strength, and for Consumption and all affections of
the throat, Scrofula, Rheumanism, and all disorders of
the Blood and General debility, no remedy has been
found to equal it. For sale by all Druggists at \$1.00
per bottle.

RESPOUS DEBILITY

Tital Weakness and Prostration to the contract of the c

Medical.





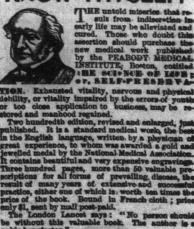
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AMERICAN (\$1.25, or \$12 per doz.) Contains enough casy authoms of fine quality, to pro-ANT HEM vide one per-Rinday for two ANT HEMP vide one per-Rinday for two AN

The Weekly WU-BO. L. RDCORD gives nearly. 30 pages of good music per month. \$2 per year. OLIVER DITSON & CO.,

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Address Dr. W. H. PAR. KER, No. 4 Enginent Street, Boston, Mass. The author may be consulted on all discenses requiring skill land

financial.



plying for hire, was I?

I heard the porter say, "Poor little gal," too, which was the fare to Peckham he would have let me in for, I a'pose.
Wot was a poor little gal to do with me? I wanted rich gals, and old uns, and unpertected uns in my wehicle, if I carried any gals at all. "Poor little gal," indeed! I quite laughed at the notion when I had got out of sight and hearing of 'em.

Presently I turned. A boy was tearing along the roadway after me, and I nearly run him down at fust.

"Hi, cab! you're wanted. 'Old 'ard—wait a bit."

"Who wants me?"

"Can't J help you?"

"Can't I help you?"

"Can't I help you?"

"Oh, Lor' no! Sit still, and be happy.'

"It won't go over."

"It won't go over."

The control of the co

| Column | C

MOTHERS' DEPARTMENT. AN INFANT'S DIET.

Have you any more hints to offer with regard to the management of a wet-nurse?

A wet-nurse is frequently allowed to remain in bed until a late hour in the morning, and during the day to continue in the house, as if she were a fixture! How is possible that any one, under such treatment, can continue healthy? A wet-nurse ought to rise early, and, if the weather and season will permit, take a walk, which will give her an appetite for breakfast, and will make a good meal for her little charge. This, of course, cannot, during the winter months, be done; but even then, she ought, some part the of day, to take every opportunity of walking out; indeed, in the summer time she should live half the day in the open air.

She ought strictly to avoid crowded rooms; her mind should be kept calm and unruffled, as nothing disorders the milk so much as passion, and other violent emotions of the mind; a fretful temper is very injurious, on which account you should, in choosing your wet-nurse, endeavour to procure one of a mild, calm, and placid disposition.

A wet-nurse ought never to be allowed

A wet-nurse ought never to be allowed to dose her little charge with medicine of of any kind whatever. Let her thoroughly understand this, and let there be no mistake in the matter. Do not for one moment allow your children's health to be tampered and trifled with. A baby's health is too precious to be doctored, to be experimented upon, and to be ruined by an ignorant person.

At what age ought a shild to be weaned?

At what age ought a shild to be weaned?

This, of course, must depend upon the strength of the child, and upon the health of the parent; on an average, nine months is the proper time. If the mother be delicate, it may be found necessary to wean the infant at six menths; or if he be weak, or labouring under any disease, it may be well to centinue suckling him for twelve menths; but after that time, the breast will do him mere harm than good, and will, moreover, injure the mother's health, and may, if she be so predisposed, excite consumption. sumption.

How should a mother act when

How should a mother act when she weans her child?

She ought, as the word signifies, do it gradually—that is to say, she should, by degrees, give him less and less of the breast, and more and more of artificial food; at length, she must only suckle him at night; and lastly, it would be well for the mother either to send him avery

at length, she must only suckle him at night; and lastly, it would be well for the mother either to send him away, or to leave him at home, and, for a few days, to go away herself.

A good plan is, for the nurse-maid to have a half-pint bottle of new milk—which has been previously boiled—the previous boiling of the milk will prevent the warmth of the bed turning the milk sour, which it otherwise would do—in the bed, so as to give, a little to him in lieu of the breast. The warmth of the body will keep the milk of a proper temperature, and will supersede the use of lamps, and other troublesome contrivances.

If a child be suffering severely from "wind," is there any objection to the addition of a small quantity either of gin or of peppermint to his food to disperse it?

It is a murderous practice to add either gin or peppermint dissolved in spirits) to his food. Many children have, by such a practice, been made puny and delicate, and have gradually dropped into an untimely grave. An infant who is kept, for the first five or six months, entirely to the breast—more especially if the mother be careful in her own diet—seldom suffers from "wind;" those, on the contrary, who have much or improper food, suffer severely.

Care in feeding, then, is the grand preventive of "wind;" but if, notwithstanding all your precautions, the child be troubled with fistulence, the remedies re-dommended under the head of flatulence

(To be Continued.) USEFUL RECEIPTS. POULTRY.

(Continued.) BONED TURKEY.

With a sharp knife alit the skin down the back, and raising one side at a time with the fingers, separate the flesh from the bones with the knife, until the wings and legs are reached. These unjoint from the body, and cutting through to the bones, turn back the flesh and remove the bones. When bones are removed, the flesh may be re-shaped by stuffing. Some leave the bones in the legs and wings, as they are most difficult to remove. Stuff with forcement, made of cold lamb or veal and alittle pork, chopped fine and seasoned with salt, pepper, sage or savoury, and the juice of one lemon; sew into shape, turn ends of wings under and press the legs close to the back, and tie all firmly so that the upper surface may be plump and smooth for the carver. Lard with two or three rows on the top, and bake until thoroughly done, basting often with salt and water, and a little butter. This is a difficult dish to attempt. Carve across in slices and serve with tomato-sauce. BONED TURKEY.

rith tomato-sauce.

Boil a turkey in as little water as pos-Boil a turkey in as little water as possible, until the bones can be easily separated from the meat, remove all the skin and alice, mixing together the light and dark parts, and season with salt and pepper. Take the liquid in which the turkey was boiled (having kept it warm), pour it on the meat, mix well, shape it like a loaf of bread, wrap it in a cloth, or put it into an oval-shaped dish, and press with a heavy weight for a few hours. A spoonful of butter and flour, braided together, and stirred into the water before boiling is an improvement. When served, cut in thin slices, and garnish with parsley.

BOILED TURKEY.

BOILED TURKEY. Wash the turkey thoroughly and rub salt through it; fill it with a dressing of bread and butter; moistened with milk and seasoned with sage, salt and pepper, and mixed with a pint of raw oysters; tie the lege and wings close to the body, place in salted boiling water with the breast downward, skim often, beil about two hours, but not till the skin breaks; serve with overter-sauce.

Moiston bread-crumbs with a little milk, Moiston bread-crumbs with a little milk, butter a pan and put in it a layer of crumbs, then a layer of chopped (not very fine) cold turkey seasoned with salt and pepper, then a layer of crumbs, and so on until panis full. If any dressing or gravy has been left add it. Make a thickening of one or two eggs; half a cup of milk, and quarter cup butter and bread-crumbs; season and spread it over the top; cover with a pan, bake half an hour and then let it brown.

After picking and singeing the turkey plump it by plunging quickly three time into boiling water and then three times in to cold, holding it by the legs; place to dram and dress as in general directions propare stuffing by taking pieces of dr bread and crust (not too brown) cut of a loaf of bread fully three or four day old (but not mouldy); place crust an pieces in a pan and pour on a very little boiling water, cover tightly with a cloth let stand until soft, add a large lump of butter, pepper, salt, one or two fresh eggs and the bread from which the crust wa cout, so as not to have it too moist. Mix well with the hands and season to suit taste; rub inside of turkey with peppe and salt, stuff it as already directed, an and sew up each slit with strong thread; tie the legs down firmly and press the wings closely to the sides securing them with a cord tied aroun the body (or use akewers if at hand steam from one to three hours (or untertain the course of the strong of the sides accurring them with a cord tied aroun the body (or use akewers if at hand steam from one to three hours (or untertain the sides are the sides accurring them with a cord tied aroun the body (or use akewers if at hand steam from one to three hours (or untertain the sides are the sides are the sides are the sides accurring them with a cord tied aroun the body (or use akewers if at hand steam from one to three hours (or untertain the sides are the side ROAST TURKEY.

THE TRIBLE MAIL PRINCIPLE PRODUCT AND RECEIPT AND

Republics in Africa.

French Democrat travelling just sent home a description A French Democrat travelling in Alperia has just sent home a description of a kind of Utopia, or group of model republics, whose existence has not yet been entirely swept away by the advance of civilization. The information afforded by the writer may one day, perhaps, be useful in the mother country, when the legislators of the future frame a new constitution. The republics in question, situated in a mountain district, are inhabited by Kabyles, or Berbères, who appear to have enjoyed the blessing of universal suffrage long before it was introduced into France, and who, "thirsting after liberty, organized a system of government on bases so broad that the boldest Communist of 1871 would have recoiled from applying them." We are then teld that these microscopic republics form an autonomous federation, and that so severely is universal suffrage practised, that all able-bodied men are obliged to take a direct part in public affairs. There are not two Chambers, but one—the Djema—a vast assembly composed not of the delegates of the electors, but of the electors themselves (so the writer puts it), who meet in a place

assembly composed not of the delegates of the electors, but of the electors themselves (so the writer puts it), who meet in a place specially set apart for the purpose, and settle all important questions without tunult. The Djama decide everything without appeal—municipal works, taxes, peace, war, and questions concerning the community at large or individuals. The deliberations of the Chamber, we are told, are seldom troubled, the elders being listened to with respect. A young man who imprudently interrupted their discourse was quickly reduced to silence and fined. The executive power resides in the hands of an Amin, elected, but receiving no salary, and who is aided by delegates. He is generally a man of wealth, and one of his duties is to relieve the poor out of his own pocket. A matter curious to note is that the religious and the civil law are kept perfectly distinct; there is separation of Church and State, and no priestly interference is allowed in the administration of terrestrial affairs. There is a good deal of resemblance between this form of government and that which some of the French Radicals would like to see flourishing in Paris.—Pall Mall Gazette.

Palace Life at Stamboul.

If the Journal of Geneva is to be believed, the interior arrangements of the Imperial Palaces at Constantinople are, notwithstanding all that has been said to the contrary, kept up in a decidedly sumptuous style, and still challenge comparison with the time when Turkey was supposed to be rich and solvent. The luxury with which the Commander of the Faithful still contrives to surround himself is perhaps best attested by a list of the numerous attendants, who, as in the palmy days of Constantinople fifteen centuries ago, glitter with all the resplendency of titles and decorations, although the gold and silver of their uniforms is perhaps a little tarnished, and the silk and velvet of their apparel may be somewhat the If the Journal of Geneva is to be beand silver of their uniforms is perhaps a little tarnished, and the silk and velvet of their apparel may be somewhat the worse for wear. An accurate description of the whole domestic staff of the palace of Yildez, from the majestic and gallant Grand-marshal down to the 300 cooks and scullions, shows a whole hierarchy of varied talent, retained at an expense which the Geneva Journal estimates—perhaps rather handsomely—at considerably more than two millions sterling. Amongst them are five mussaffils, or "talkers," whose business it is to entertain the Sultan with extracts from the foreign journals and all the latest scandals from Stamboul and Pera, a buffoon and a company of Turkish musicians, or rather singers, altogether distinct from the orchestra, which is led by an Italian maëstro. There are also five professors of the pianoforte, who are privileged to give instruction to the young princes and princesses. The health of Abdul Hamid, which, as we know, has been a subject of some solicitude, is now watched over by four doctors, the principal of whom is a Greek; while the ailments of other illustrieus inmates of the palace are dealt with by a Franch physician lataly other illustrieus inmates of the palace are dealt with by a French physician lately arrived. The science of astrology is not, in deference to any new-fangled notions, deprived of its due honours. Its mysteries are expounded by four experts, none of whom, however, is of the true Ottoman descent. In fact, in this department, as in others, there is manifested a most impartial desire to give each nationality its due share of honours and emoluments. Tunisians, Arabs, Maronites, Armenians, Greeks, Italians, and Frenchmen are all appointed to various posts according to their various talents, and the four imaums, or chaplains, are perhaps the only official servants of the Sultan who are all chosen from the ranks of the thoroughbred Ottoman families.

Corporal Blank's Little Story.

Shortly after the civil war had ended, syoung rustic in army blue, with a musket, stopped, on his homeward way, at our house. That faded dingy blue was the most interesting colour in the world them, and the veriest ne'er-do-well in the village was a hero, and as this soldier, scarcely more than a boy, ate his dinner, we felt grateful to him. He had a simple narrow mind, which all his experiences of camp and field had not deeply impressed. Presently he said he'd got somethin' he didn't know but we'd like to see, and pulled out of a breast pecket a leather case, which he opened, disclosing a large bronze medal. We read the inscription; it was to the effect that the Congress of the United States presented this medal to Corp. — for bravery in the field. Then, of course, he had to tell us the story, something after this fashion: —"Wal, ye see, it was down ter the peninselar, one of them days when we didn't seem to be dein'nothing 'twas any use. We was most way up the side 'f a hill, an' exquiet as a graveyard, but sometimes if a feller ony showed his head over the top, he see and heared enough, I tell ye. I kep' creepin' up and lookin' down, and I zee a lot of rebs 'twant doin' any more'n we, and a big feller in the middle, he stood kind o' careless and sassy, holdin' a haadsum flag. I told the feller next me, sez I, 'I snum'! I'm goin' to get that flag!" He sez, 'Don': you be a darned fool! But I jest dropped my gun and run down hill—I tell ye, 'twaz e sight further 'n I sposed down to that field—'n I was right inter 'em 'fore they seemed to notice it, 'n I run right up to the big feller an' says, 'Here, you give me that flag!' 'n he jest let go, 'n I put it—I tell ye I didn't wait to say 'Thankee' ner asything', 'n if the bullets didn't sing 'round my way for awhile! But they didn't take no sort of aim, 'n I got up to the boys all right. I tell ye, that big feller must have felt kinder sill; when he thought on 't!' And this was the ren! "fight for the standard." (From the Springfield (Mass.) Republishm.) Shortly after the civil war had ended, a

O. Y. B.

The Grand Lodge-Election of Officers The following are the officers elected for the ensuing year:—Henry Eilber, of Creditton, M. W.G.M.; R. W. Fee, of Montreal, M. W.D.G.M.; R. W. Fee, of Montreal, M. W.D.G.M.; A. McCurdy, of Port Hope, Grand Chaplain; Peter Arms of Toronto, Grand Secretary, re-elected; F. E. Lloyd, of Toronto, Grand Treasurer, re-elected; W. F. Allen, of Guelph. G. D. of C.; W. H. James, of Hemilton, G.L.; W. J. Butler, of Brighton, G.I.T.; J. F. Harper, of Hamilton, G.O.T. Associate Officers—T. R. Foy, of Teronto, G.D.M.; B. Feyland, of Kinggton, G. A. Seo., re-elected; W. Colville, of Cookstown, G. A. Treas.; R. Galt, of Cookstown, G. D.L.; J. L. Barnum, of Brighton, A. G. Chaplain; W. A. Jankins, of Brighton, D.D. of C. The following were elected G.D.L. Messrs. J. Campbell, G. R. Allan, F. J. Storey, W. Crawford, John Skelton. The following are the officers elected for

The Detroit Free Press is wrong in con-demning the whistling so extensively prac-tised in this country. Why, when a man-whistles he can't make a speech,—Blunica. Free Press.



THE WINDLY MAIL TOROND PAINTY THROUGH S. 1.1.

A STREET TOROND TO





# PINANCIAL AND COMMER MAL.

2.5%。	WEDNESDAY, Feb. 18
The following is t	the official report of the Toron
Stock Exchange, F	ob. 13 , 1880 :
	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

Banks.	Seller.	Buyons.	1		
Bontreal	1394	138			
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Jones / Autorit		TAUE	*****		
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Aw alten was	102	101	*****		
or adard was		75			
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Soon Was I Saminen Con.					
Ganada Permanent		180			
Prefitte Western Canada		1474	*****		
Western Canada		1804	*****		
Union	135 1×6	184			
Briff no and Loan	79	775			
Diperial		107			
Partners'	115	113	*****		
Lendon & C.L. & A. Co	184	133	*****		
Huron and Erie	****	1133	-		
Buminion Savings and In-	1010	191			
Ont. Loan and Deben. Co	1210	128	******		
Oan. Sav. and Loan Co	113	100	*****		
London Loan Co		106	*****		
Mamilton Pro & T. Soc		118	1		
National Investment Co		108	*****		
Anglo-Can. Mortgage Ge		****			
Insurance, de.		100			
British America	1843	180			
Canada Life	29-3152598-02	208	*****		
Confederation Use		182			
Consumer's Gas		124			
	66	621			
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County (Ont.) Stock, Sin.o.	1	102			
County (Ont.) Stock, Sp.c. Trip (Ont.) Stock, Sp.c. Olty Toronto Stock, Sp.c.					
City Toronto Stock, 6 p.c.		104			

London — Floating cargoes—Wheat and maize, stiff; cargoes on passage—wheat and maize, quiet and firm. Mark Lane—Wheat and maize, firm. Imports into the United Kingdom during the week -Wheat, 255.000 to 260.000 qrs; maize, 90,000 to 96,000 qrs.; flour, 120,000 to 125,000 bols. Liver. pool—Spot wheat, firm; average red winter and apring, ld. dearer; maize, unchanged. Laves.—Liverpool—Wheat, firm; maize, firmer.

stood on Monday morning as follows:—Flour, 1,740 barrels; fall wheat, 173,385 bushels; spring wheat, 263,528; cats, 11,468; barrey, 145,853; peas, 48,443, and sys, 2,756 bushels, against on the corresponding date last year :-- Flour, 21,950 barrels; fall wheat, 81,713 bushels; spring wheat, 223,782; ate, 12,430 ; barley, 184,189 ; peas, 45,112 ; and one an sidvance of 1d on red winter and whit teadily improving during the last three days. During last week markets were improving, and sirly active at the advance; a large business was ion wheat was taken more freely for consumptiding week trade was very dull ; the only emand seems to have been one for continental tarkets. English wheat still continued in bad endition; really dry samples were practically un-btainable, and even fair average lots rose. Supolice continued to run low. The imports into the United Kingdom for the week ending Feb. 7th, 1980, as per Seerbohm's cable, were 110,000 to 115,000 barrels of flour, 200,000 to 205,000 quarters of wheat, and 140,000 to 145,000 quarters of maize. The farmers' deliveres in the United Kingdom of wheat for the same week were placed at 140,000 to 160 600 quarters, and the total supply of wheat and flour (heme and foreign) for the week was equa to 401,875 to 425,885 quarters, against about 454,000,quarters weekly consumption. The quan-tity of wheat and flour in transit has took a turn upwarus last week, and stood on the 12th mst. at 2,100,000 quarters, against 2,027,000 the corresponding date in 1879. The expe ot ports of call in the United Kingdom, for orders, for the four weeks from Jan 29 to Feb. 26, were as follows:—Wheat, 457,000 qrs., comprising 35,000 qrs. from the Azov, Danube and Black Sea; 2,300 qrs. from Egypt, 94,600 qrs. from American At-lantic ports, 800,000 qrs. from California and and 8,000 mm only, all of which were from America, and 1,000 cpr. of harder, including 7,000 me only, all of which were from the continued, and in record for the United Kings of the Harder of the Continued America, and 1,000 cpr. of harder, including 7,000 me only of the Harder of the United Kings of the Harder of the Hard Oregon ; and 26,060 qrs from Chili and Australia ; and \$1,000 grs maize, all of which were from America, and 16,000 qrs. of barley, including 7,000 que. from Az w Sea, and 9,000 from Chili and Aus-

ners morrer on so toe her herr.	
FLOUR, Lac	
Superior Extra, per 196 lbs	60 65 70 5 55
Spring Wheat, extra \$ 50	5 70 5 55
Superline	4 25 2 50
BAG PLOUR, by our lot Lo.s.	85 35
Spring Wheat, extra GRAIN, Lo.b.	5 84
Fall Wheat, He. I, per 60 lbs	1 80
Red Winter 1 28	1 26 none.
No. 2	1 27
Oate (Canadian) per \$4 lbs	0 364 0 78
Baten No. 8 0 68	9 64
No. 3 0 48	0 5A

8	Oate (Canadian) per 84 lbs 0 86	0 36
ä	Barley, No. 1, per 48 lbs 0 77	0 78
3	No. 2, 0 68	0 64
2	- Extra No. 8 0 55	9 00
ı	Mo. 3 0 48	0 54
в	Pena, No. 1, per 60 lbs	0 67
q	Epp 8 78	-
8	PRICES AT PARKERS' WASGONS.	Berliete
3	COLLEGE OF A SECOND CONTRACT OF THE PROPERTY O	16.36
3	Wheat, fall, new, per bush	\$1.9
а	Wheet, spring do 1 24	1 2
9	Oats, do 0 58	0.7
4	Onts, do	
ø	Bye, do 0 78	0.8
8	Dressed hogs, per 100 lbe 5 00	5 7
d	Beet, hind grs, do 5 00	6 0
	Mutton, by carcase, 100 lbs 5 75	7 0
и	Chickens, per pair 0 40	0 5
i	Ducks, per brace 0 60	0 7
4	Geese, each 0 50	15
а	Butter, lb. rolls 0 75	0 2
	do. large rolls 0 17	0 1
	do. tub dairy 0 17	01
ø	Eggs, fresh, per dos 0 18	0 2
3	Potatoes, per bag 0 55	0 6
셑	Apples, per bbl 2 25	27
ă	Onione, per bag 1 75	20
я	Tomatoes, per bush non	0.

PROVISIONS.

SEEDS—Clover has been inactive and decidedly lower; cars have been effering at \$4.10 and not taken; and on the sirrest prices have fallen from \$5 to \$2.

The week has been an inactive period, and also the week ended on Wednesday. Since then the demand blar fallen off, and buyers have reduced their bids, while holders have generally been firm, and refused to make concessions. The consequence has been the demand blar fallen off, and buyers have reduced their bids, while holders have generally been firm, and refused to make concessions. The consequence has been the first been that for transactions have been firm, and refused to make concessions. The consequence has been the first been that for transactions have been firm, and refused to make concessions. The consequence has been that transactions have been firm, and refused to make concessions. The consequence has been that transactions have been firm, and refused to make concessions. The consequence has remained in the former dullness in flour, which has recorded a point that none can understand. Stocks have, on the whole, decreased alightly duri g the week, but receipts and shipments have nearly balanced each other. They stood on Monday morning as follows:—Flour, L,160 barrels; fall wheat, 173,535 bushels; spring large of the former large and other large and the support of the former large and other. They stood on Monday morning as follows:—Flour, L,160 barrels; fall wheat, 173,535 bushels; spring

Montreal Markets.

PLOUR—Receipts, 525 bbls. There is fair inquiry for local trade and prices steady. Quotations are as follows:—Superior extra \$8.074 to \$8.10; extra superfine, \$9.95; spring extra, \$5.80; superfine, \$5.50 to \$8.60; extra superfine, \$5.50; superfine, \$5.10 to \$5.20; middlings, \$4.40 to \$4.50; Ontario bags, \$2.50 to \$2.90; city bags. delivered. \$3.20 to \$3.25. The following sales were reported: =200 bbls superior extra at \$6.10; 100 bbls superior.

\$8.35.5 to \$1.00 bbls extra superfine at \$6.02\frac{1}{2}; 200 bbls superior.

\$8.35.5 to \$1.00 bbls extra superfine at \$6.02\frac{1}{2}; 200 bbls superior.

\$8.35.5 to \$1.00 bbls extra superfine at \$6.00\frac{1}{2}; 200 bbls superior.

\$8.35.5 to \$1.00 bbls superior.

\$8.55 to \$1.00 bbls superior.

\$8.55

DETERM SMALL SMALL

DETROIT MAPRETA.

DETROIT. Feb. 18, 12 50 p.m.

WHEAT—Quiet; No 1 white at \$1.275 for cash or February; \$1.29 for March; \$1.325 for April; \$1.335 for May.

Milwankee Warkets.

Milwankee Warkets.

Milwankee, Feb. 18, 9.32 a m.

Whear-\$1.22 for March; receipts, 35,000 bush;

shipments, 400 bush.

Milwankee, Feb. 18, 1.06 p.m.

Whear-Hard, \$1.22; No. 1, \$1.24; No. 2,

\$1.24 for April; No. 3 at \$1.08.

Milwankee, Feb. 18, 285 p.m.

Whear-Hard, \$1.25; No. 1, \$225; No. 2,

\$1.25 for ash or February; \$1.212 for March;

\$1.25 for ash or February; \$1.22 for March;

\$1.25 for ash or February; \$1.22 for March;

\$1.25 for ash or February; \$1.22 for March;

Buffalo Markets.

WHEAT—Unchanged; red and white state at \$1.37.
CONN—Steady; mixed western at 57c.
BARLEY—Dull; 2,500 bush prime No. 2 Canada at 77c.

Europeam Markets.

Levenroot, Feb. 18, 5 p.m.—Flour, Be 9d to 12s 3d; spring wheat, 16s 3d to 10s 10d; red winter, 10s 3d to 11s 6d; white, 10s 3d to 10s 10d; cimb, 10s 10d to 11s 4d; corn, 5s 84d to 0s 0d; barley, 5s 3d; cata, 6s 0d; peas, 6s 9d; pert, 59s; bacon, 35s 6d to 37s 6d; bect, 80s 0d; lard, 30s 0d; thallow, 35s 0d; cheese, 73s.

Lomnon. Feb. 18, 5 p.m.—Consols, 98 5-16 for money; 98 7-16 for account; bonds, new 44's, 110½; new 9's, 106½; Erie, 49; Illinois Central, 1055.

Dituations Oacant.

Hill and Mount Morre, at 0.3 mil. St. 16 leave our, at 1.2 mil. St. 16 leave our miles of the state of the st

-AND- Sto 87 per acre. I 20 to 50 bushels; Coru 40 to 100 bush, per acre. No Manusce meodeca. Good climate, pura water, fine achous, churches, and good society. Rallroad and market facilities excellent. Maps and full information FREE, Address & GILMORE, Land Commissioner, Salina, Kansas.

\$ 8 8-18 eow GOLD, AND HOW TO MAKE IT Toung's great book of Secrets contains over 400 methods of making money easily, honestly, and quickly. No capital required No experience wanted. Meiled postpaid on receipt of 50c or 3 for \$1.

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Most fashionable and elegant—card in the market.

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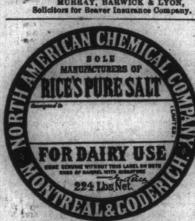
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sarbly salts.

(Signed)

Late Professor of Chemistry,

Jan. 29. 1880

DAIRY SALT—Dry, in bble., 246 lbs. Note that
the above label. in c lours, appears on ends of barrel.

BAGGE SALT—Dry and finely ground; never
pa ks or hardens; 28 lbs., 38 in bbl.

TABLE SALT—Dry and extra finely ground; 2 lb.
boxes, with certificate; 4 dcs in case.

Miscellaneous.

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the line of the T., G & B. railway, in the township of Melancthon. In the county of Grey; one year old, for \$1.300. Must be sold at once Apply to A. G. HUNTER, Dundalk P.O., county Grey. A SPLENDID CHANCE—FOR sale or to rent—the National Hotel, with good barn, water, etc., at Stévensville; also a good two-story brick store, fitted upstairs for a residence, and a first-class cellar; both places are admirable business stands, and commanding a good trade; terms very easy; reasod for selling retiring from business. Apply to J. F. HUFFMAN, Proprietor, Stevensville P.O.

findings; an old established business, in the City of Hamilton, to be disposed of on favourable terms; if not shortly sold, the remaining stock will be offered to purchasers at greatly reduced prices, as it is the intention of the proprietor to close the business without delay. For particulars and terms, apply to WM. GUNNER, 32 Merrick street, Hamilton.

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Hamilton.

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Said mill and machinery first-class and new; in a good locality; has at present a great number of logs on the premises; on the leading road from Monut Forest to Shelbourne; also machinery on premises for grist mill; also good frame dwe ling house, frame black-mith shop and frame stable and good well, all in the same village. The whole or part of the above property can be purchased, or traded for a good hote. As my health has failed I have decided or renting, selling or tradire, For further particulars apply to the proprietor, BOBERT HASSEED, Conn P. O., Ont.

FOR SALE-DWELLING house and lot in the thriving village of Oxford Mills, Grenville Co., Ont; two story frame house, 24236; on stone foundation, with large kitchen attached; also good barn and out-buildings; lot one-fifth of an acre. This property being situated on the main street of the village, could easily be converted into a first-class business stand. The country in the vicinity is old settled and wealthy, within easy distance of Ottawa by the St. Lawrence and Ottawa railway. Will be sold at a great bargain. For part culers address the owner, C. J. Mager, London, Ont.

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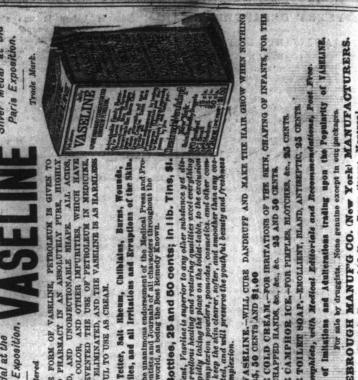




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this TRADE MARK has been SEASON 1880 The first through Special Passenger train for Emerson, Winnipeg, and the North-West, will leave Paris at 5 p.m., on TUESDAY, MARCH 2nd, 1880,

TUESDAY, MARCH 2nd, 1880, and will be accompanied by Mr. Robert Patterson, Town Agent, Paris, who so successfully conducted through trains from the line of this road during the past year. Passengers from Main Line and Branches east of Paris must arrange to reach Paris be ore 5 p.m. Those from 1 cop Line and London, Huron and Bruce and Sarnis Branches should be at London at 6.30 p m. on that day.

A Special Freight train, with settlers' effects, will leave Paris on 1st March.

For full particulars as to fares, rates for freight, stc., asply to Robert Patterson, Town Agent, Paris, any of the City, Town, or Depot Agents of the Company, or to Wm. Edgar, General Passenger Agent, and G. B. Spriggs, General Freight Agent, Hamilton. Hamilton:
A second special train will leave on Tuesday,
March 16th, and another on April 6th, 1880.

F. BROUGHTON, THE LORD'S PRAYER ment will only appear for the next 30 days. MONTREAL NOVELTY CO. P.O. Box 1,120, Montreal

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THE WHELLY MAIL—Printed and published by Chemistry of King and Bay streets in the City of Toessee.

### VOL. VIII. NO. 4

farms for Sale.

dvertisements of Farms for Sale, insert column. 20 words for 50c.; each addit a, 31c. Parties replying to advertisement use state that they saw them in The Mail. MPROVED FARMS FOR SAI DOR SALE - CHEAP - S acres, Clinton township; excellent land; g dwellings, barns, orchards; suitable for two fa-or one. H. TEETEK, Smithville, 412 DARM FOR SALE-IN TI 50 ACRES ON LAKE SHO A CHOICE FARM AN

MARM FOR SALE north-east half of lot 12 on the 4th MARM FOR SALE - WI half of lot No. 19, 5th con., Caledon, uron ontario street, 40 acres cleared, use and para. Ap ly to ROBERT RISES MARM FOR SALE-IN T

\$1,600 WILL BUY MARM FOR SALK- 96 ACR DARM-FIRST CLASS-NEA MARMS FOR SALE-A FU MARM FOR SALE-IN TOW

SHIP of Burford—50 acres; 30 acres frame house, and stable; soil, sandy loam; from village of Cathcart, four from P(6. W. R.); good location; gravel roads. 500 down, balance to suit purchaser. Aw S. MILLER, Goble's Corners. MOR SALE-23 FARMS OF ONE OF THE BEST FARMS rich clay loam; joining a thriving railroad vis of nearly 1,00 ishabitanta. Price \$3,600, worth \$5,000; balf cash Must of necessity be seen. Address Bex 24, Dingwall, Ont.

100 agree, 76 cleared, balance good hardwood. To are on the premises frame house, barn, stable, st and driving house, good o oung orchard and a ne failing spring well, fenced and in a good state cultivation. If not sold before the 9th of March will be sold on the 10th of March, jon the p misses by auction. W. J. EDWARDS, Albion P. MARM FOR SALE-200 ACK — Lot 24, concession 14, Towesend, Norf County. Good brick house, driving house is stable; frame house, two large barns, sheds is other buildings requisite for first-class farm; is orchards, good wells, one 5 inch bore, 500 feet de from which flows a strong stream of minesal was next concessed with the control of the control. from which flows a strong stream of mineral war Manticoke creek runs through farm; 180 acres cloof stumps and stones; some miles picket and straight rail fence. One and a half m from Jarvis, where are two railways. No bet farm for grain or grazing in the country. Thus the country is the country in the country is the country. The figure acres when the farm stock, implements and fur furn will be sold at a valuation. Address, Jul MURPHY, Jarvis 20, Ont. MARM FOR SALE-LOT I TARM FOR SALE—LOT N

20 in 3rd concession of Seymour, in cou
of Northumberland, about 220 acres. This farm
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land. The premises consist of a new brick hot
with good outbuildings and large and commod
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barnyand. This is an exseat chance for farm
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ville; JAMES MASSON, Barrister, Owen or
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Photons Day, of Oshawa For particulars
BDWIN R. MARTIN, Canning P.O., Ont.