

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 22, 1911

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The Cardinale.

Empowered to designate the Head of the Church, and constituting with him as auxiliaries and co-adjutors the spiritual body known as the Sacred College, the Cardinals of the Catholic Church rank next to the Sovereign Pontiff in ecclesiastical dignity and official importance. Though not of divine origin nor essential to the constitution of the Church, the office grew with the Church's external development as by natural necessity, and had risen to its present eminence before the discovery of America was born. The official announcement that three American prelates will be elevated to the Sacred College at the approaching Consistory makes an outline of its historical evolution appropriate and opportune.

It was only in the twelfth century that the Sacred College was definitively constituted substantially as it exists to-day; but the beginnings from which it grew had their roots in the Catacombs. The word "cardinal" (from *cardo*, a hinge) was first applied, in the sense of principal, to the clergy who were permanently and officially attached to a particular church, then to the archbishop of that church. In Rome, according to some, twenty-five "titles" or churches in which the Sacraments were administered and the liturgical offices celebrated, were established in the first century, according to others from the second to the fifth, and the priest in charge was called the presbyter Cardinalis. Such presbyters were entrusted by the Pope with the supervision of discipline and other ecclesiastical and administrative functions in the Roman See. The title of Cardinal priest, which was at first extended to archbishops elsewhere, was soon restricted to the arch-presbyters of Rome, and was definitively confined to the Roman Cardinals by Pius V. The number of "titles" was increased, but the rearrangement of titular churches, begun by Innocent III and completed by Paul V, remained fixed until Leo XIII added the Church of San Vitale. The titles are now fifty-three, though by the ordination of Pope Sixtus V the total number of Cardinal priests is limited to fifty.

Of equal antiquity are the Cardinal deacons, who may be said to have sprung from the graves of the martyrs. Pope St. Clement (88-97) is said to have divided Rome into seven regional districts, in each of which a rotary or deacon was appointed to collect the Aids of the martyrs. St. Evaristus, his successor, charged them also with bearing witness to the teaching of the bishops, and Pope St. Fabian (236-250) enlarged their duties, appointed seven subdeacons to assist them, and had buildings (diaconia) erected, in connection with a neighboring church, for the reception of the poor and other charitable works, in the cemeteries of the martyrs whose Aids they recorded. Besides being official executors of the Papal charities the regional deacons assisted the Pontiff at Mass and at the liturgical services in the principal Papal churches, and being gradually assigned to disciplinary and other ecclesiastical functions of continually extending scope, attained a fixity of relation to the Church of Rome, which made the term Cardinal Deacon analogous to that of Cardinal Priest. With the change of Roman topography other charitable institutions replaced the original deaconies. There were eighteen under Gregory the Great, and these are still existent, but the total number of Cardinal Deacons were reduced to fourteen by Sixtus V.

At the Papal headship of the Church became more externally manifest and ecclesiastical business accordingly increased, the Pope called in the seven neighboring or "suburbicarian" bishops to assist them in counsel at special meetings and represent them at episcopal functions, and these were known as Cardinal Bishops. When Pius IV was in Rome he fixed it at this reducing the Cardinal Bishops to six, a number which was made permanent by Sixtus V. By a Decretal of Alexander III, 1159, the three orders of Cardinals were definitively unified into one body, to which the election of the successors of St. Peter was exclusively attached. Thereafter they were the only official legates and coadjutors of the Pope. Sixtus V fixed their number at seventy, which has been seldom reached; the additions to be made at the Consistory of November 27 will bring them to within four of the canonical limit.

From the earliest period, therefore, the Cardinals, in various degrees, were assistants of the Pope in the care of the poor, in liturgical functions, in the administration of Papal finances and possessions, and the disposition of important ecclesiastical business. Their manifold activity was exercised in the Consistory, that is, the formal assembly of the Cardinals under the presidency of the Pope. There they dealt with practically all the affairs of Christendom, for when Christendom was Catholic religious and secular matters usually touched or overlapped, and hence they gradually outranked bishops and archbishops, and towards the fourteenth century, even patriarchs. Innocent III granted them the privilege of the red hat, and extended to all the scarlet robe previously worn by Papal legates. They have a ring with sapphire stone, and may wear the pectoral Cross even in the presence of the Pope. Leo X placed them immediately after the Pope in order of precedence; in secular courts they rank with princes of the blood royal, and they were long acknowledged as equals of Emperors and Kings.

The Cardinals have charge of the Roman Congregations, and the Pope alone is their ecclesiastical judge. Among other rights and privileges, they have place and vote in general councils, and they alone can be sent abroad as legates a latere. In private Consistory they counsel the Holy Father on the nominations of cardinals and bishops, on the conclusion of concordats, and on all important ecclesiastical and political ecclesiastical matters; and on the death of the Pontiff they assume the management of necessary church affairs and proceed to elect his successor. Their powers and duties were increased and simplified in our own day. The Congregations of Cardinals, including among others the important Consistorial Congregation and the Holy Office, established or regulated by Sixtus V, have been completely reorganized by Pius X according to the great Constitution Sapienti Consilio, June 29, 1908, which enlarged and demarcated the powers of the Roman Cardinals and made the famous Immensus of Sixtus V applicable to modern conditions.

The Pope has been always free in the nomination of Cardinals, but the Tridentine decrees, enforced by Sixtus V and ratified by the Vatican Council, ordained that all Christian nations should be represented in the Sacred College. It was also established that the college of Cardinals should contain doctors of theology, four, at least to be taken from the mendicant orders, and that every person nominated must possess the qualifications required of a bishop. Their creation, which is the function of the Pope, is effected by the publication of their names in secret Consistory. The new dignitary, who has been informed of his nomination some weeks in advance, is invested by the Pope with the red hat and red biretta, and a few days later, in public Consistory, with the Cardinal's hat, while the Holy Father pronounces the words: "To the glory of the omnipotent God and the honor of the Holy See receive the red hat, the mark of the singular dignity of the Cardinals, whereby it is signified that, for the exaltation of the holy faith, the peace and quiet of the Christian people and the increase and permanence of the Holy Roman Church, you should show yourself fearless even unto death and the shedding of your blood, in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Ghost."

The Pope makes the sign of the Cross three over the new Cardinal, and in secret Consistory confers on him the ring, assigns him his title or diaconia, and performs the ceremony of the opening and closing of the mouth, signifying his duty and right to observe secrecy and express his opinion on matters presented to his consideration: A Papal Ablegate conveys the red biretta to foreign Cardinals who cannot attend the Consistory, but the red hat is always conferred in public Consistory by the hands of the Sovereign Pontiff.

On November 27, 30 the Consistory will be conferred on the Appellate Delegate to the United States, and the Archbishop of New York and Boston. The Pope sometimes announces that the reserves in petto (in picture or in his breast) a certain number of Cardinals which he will publish later. There is some reason to hope that our Holy Father has "in his breast" and in his heart a still further number of American Cardinals, whom he will summon to assist him in the government of Christendom.

M. KENNY, S. J., in America.

Mary Anderson
Sees Stage Evil.

Mary Anderson de Navarro, who is visiting New York, gave out an interview last week in which she said she thought any kind of work for a woman was better than the stage. "Two things are necessary in every

woman's life to round out her existence perfectly," she said. "Every woman must have her work and her love. But any work, it seems to me, is preferable to a stage career. The little home duties, the tending of personal philanthropies and interests—these mean true happiness."

Surely every woman is entitled to live in her own life, the heart throbs and the love and the joy that she would set upon the stage. A real life, away from sham emotions and painted scenery, a real life with a real home, with real work and real love in it, is the only possible existence for a woman."

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Any one troubled with any itching, burning, irritating skin disease can place full reliance on Burdock Blood Bitters to effect a cure, no matter what other remedies have failed. It always builds up the health and strength on the foundation of pure, rich blood, and in consequence the cures it makes are of a permanent and lasting nature.

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The lawyer, pronouncing the coin to be quite genuine, coolly deposited it in his pocket, adding with great gravity, "If you will send your boy round to my office I'll return the three shillings and fourpence change."

Home-seekers' Excursions.

The Grand Trunk Railway has issued a circular authorizing all Agents in Canada to sell Home-seekers' Excursion Tickets to points in Western Canada. This is interesting information for those desiring to take advantage of these excursions on certain dates from April to December 1911. The Grand Trunk route is the most interesting, taking a passenger through the populated centres of Canada, through Chicago, and thence via Duluth, or through Chicago and the twin cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul. Ask Grand Trunk Agents for further particulars.

The only time that a man feels ashamed of a kind action is when he is chasing another man's hat that is blowing along in the wind at thirty miles an hour, with an interested crowd of observers on either side of the way offering him facetious advice.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after-effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25 and 50 cts.

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Hostess—"No; but I fear we are keeping you from yours."

There is nothing harsh about Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickness. Price 25 cts.

Did Hawkins take his punishment like a man? asked Lollerby. "You bet he did," laughed Dubleigh. "He hollered and yelled and used strong language to beat creation."

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Thanks, dear, for your self-restraint.

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STIR IT UP BY THE USE OF
MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS.

They stimulate the sluggish liver, clean the coated tongue, sweeten the breath, clean away all waste and poisonous matter from the system, and prevent as well as cure all sickness arising from a disordered condition of the stomach, liver and bowels.

Mrs. Matthew Sullivan, Pine Ridge, N.B., writes:—"I had been troubled with liver complaint for a long time. I tried most everything I could think of, but all of them seemed to do me any good, but when I at last tried Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills I soon began to get well again; thanks to The T. Milburn Co. I would not be without them if they cost twice as much."

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THE HERALD

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Please Send In Your Subscriptions.

Grand Conservative Victory

In the by-elections, in the Belfast and Fort Augustus districts, on Wednesday last, 15th, the Local Liberal Government received its death blow. The Conservative candidates, Dr. Dewar and Professor Alexander McPhail, were elected by overwhelming majorities. Dr. Dewar's majority over Premier Palmer was 378 and Professor McPhail's majority over Mr. Nash in the Belfast district was 240. In the Fort Augustus district the election was run on the franchise vote; and in the Belfast district on the property vote. It will thus be seen that the majorities in both districts were splendid. At the general election in 1908, Mr. Palmer had a majority of 106 over his opponent, and in Belfast Mr. Hazard, then Premier, had a majority over his opponent of 116. The vote on Wednesday stood as follows: In the Fort Augustus district, Dewar 892; Palmer 514; and in the Belfast district the vote was: McPhail 568; Nash 328. Dr. Dewar had a majority in every one of the fifteen polls but one. The exception was Brackley Point Road, where Palmer had a majority of 9. In 1908 this same pole gave Palmer a majority of 60. This will give some idea of the change in public feeling towards the moribund Government. In like manner, Prof. McPhail had a majority in every poll except Pownall, where Nash had a majority of 19. In this poll Hazard had a majority of 74 in 1908. These facts furnish fair evidence of the wonderful revulsion of feeling against what was left of the twenty year old Liberal Government.

The result of the two by-elections is the exact reversal of the standing of parties in the Legislature, as compared with last session. Then the Government had sixteen, including the Speaker and the Opposition had fourteen, leaving the Government a majority of one on the floor of the House. Now the Conservatives have sixteen and the Liberals have fourteen; consequently the Liberal Government is defeated, being in a minority in the Legislature. The people have withdrawn their confidence, and whatever usefulness the Government has had is now completely gone.

Mr. Palmer's premiership was beset with difficulties from the beginning. The Government was as good as defeated when he took it over in May last. It had only been held together by Mr. Hazard long enough to secure a good office for himself; the rump that was left was then turned over to Mr. Palmer to do the best he could with it. Instead of trying his luck with the by-elections, at once, Mr. Palmer allowed matters to drift, hoping for something to turn up. Something did turn up that proved disastrous to him. The Dominion elections came on; Laurier was hurled from power, and poor Palmer was left on the rocks. The last prop was knocked from under the moribund administration; and as soon as the electorate got a chance they left nothing of the Government but a memory.

As a matter of fact, the results of the by-elections on Wednesday last show that the Local Government had long

since lost whatever confidence the people had in it. It was only the influence and patronage of the Federal Government that kept it in existence at all. The advantage of the two "Governments in line" constituted the stock in trade of the arguments used by the members of the Local Government in their appeals to the people for support. Whenever the Government at Ottawa changed, the local combination lost its cohesion, and at the first breath of public opinion fell to pieces like a house of cards.

Nothing is yet known as to the course determined upon by the defeated Government. Probably they themselves have not decided upon their course of action. But it surely cannot be very long till they hand in their resignation and advise the Lieutenant Governor to send for the Leader of the Opposition to form a new Administration.

The Speech From The Throne.

In another column we publish the speech with which his Royal Highness, the Governor General, opened the Parliamentary session at Ottawa. A perusal of this document will show the most casual observer that the legislative programme foreshadowed therein is of the utmost importance to the people in every Province of the Dominion. The speech clearly indicates that the platform, with which Mr. Borden won his great victory on September 21st, was not made up of mere pre-election promises, having no meaning. Premier Borden has proved himself a man of his word. Parliament will have before it during the present session legislation of far-reaching importance, in which every Province of the Dominion has a vital interest. We can scarcely present the matter under review in more concise language than the following from the St. John Standard:

Notably it is this case in the announcement that a bill will be introduced to provide the country with better highways. The Government, in fulfilment of Mr. Borden's promise, is prepared to cooperate with the Provinces in the construction of permanent roads. The impetus which will be given to the work of improving the highways by the addition of Federal aid cannot be overestimated. It will mean much to the farmers, and in fact to the rural population throughout the length and breadth of the country.

Of equal, if not greater importance, is the promised introduction of a measure for co-operation between the Dominion and the various Provinces for the encouragement of agriculture. The Government recognizes that success in this great industry is the basis on which the prosperity of Canada rests. The bill, which will be introduced into Parliament at an early date, is designed to accomplish two notable objects—the assistance and encouragement of the farmers to secure the best results in production, and the preservation of the fertility of the soil. A campaign of education and co-operation along these lines, with the addition of substantial aid from the Dominion treasury, is a policy every farmer will appreciate.

The introduction of a bill to establish a permanent tariff commission is a guarantee that every industry in Canada will receive due consideration, and that complaints and discrepancies in the tariff will be adjusted before an impartial tribunal. The Canadian people will not fail to contrast Mr. Borden's prompt and business like announcement with Sir Wilfrid Laurier's failure to grapple with this great question. During his tour of

the West the late Premier gave a definite pledge to appoint a commission before any change in the tariff was made, subsequently confirming this decision on the floors of Parliament. The contempt with which Sir Wilfrid treated this solemn pledge is now history. Without warning or mandate, the pilgrimage to Washington was arranged, and all the strength of the Liberal Government was combined to force Reciprocity on an unwilling people. The ignominious defeat of the Liberal Administration was the direct result. In Mr. Borden's manifesto, issued prior to his tour of the West, the promise of a permanent tariff commission, if returned to power, was definitely given and reiterated by the Conservative leader at every meeting. His prompt acknowledgment of his responsibility, as outlined in the speech from the throne, is convincing evidence that in Mr. Borden the people have a man whose word they can rely upon, and whose pledge they can trust.

Other matters of importance to come before Parliament include the improvement of trade arrangements with the British West Indies and British Guiana; a revision of the acts relating to the inspection of grain, and a bill to establish a commission to secure Government control and operation of the terminal elevators on the Great Lakes. The selection of the best routes for the Hudson Bay railway will also be the subject of enquiry. The Government starts on its legislative career with a well considered and practical programme, progressive in the subjects dealt with and appealing in its scope to every section of this wide community. No speech from the throne for many years has placed before the people so comprehensive and popular an announcement of coming legislation.

Niobe Court Martial.

In the court martial proceedings at Halifax, relative to the stranding and damaging of the war ship Niobe on the dangerous ledges off Cape Sable, on July 10th, last, Lieutenant Lord Allister Graham was found guilty of causing or suffering to be caused, the stranding and damage in question. He was sentenced to be reprimanded. Lord Allister Graham was officer of the watch up to fifteen or twenty minutes of the time the cruiser went ashore. Navigating Lieutenant White was found guilty of suffering the Niobe to be stranded through negligence. The sentence is that he be severely reprimanded and dismissed from the Niobe. In view of his former good character he is not dismissed from the service or reduced in rank. Capt. Macdonald was found not guilty. His sword was returned to him.

Prince Edward Island is not the only Province in which demoralization has invaded the local Liberal party since the downfall of the Laurier Government. As stated in a previous issue, by elections for the Alberta Legislature in four constituencies, three previously held by Liberals, all went Conservative. Nova Scotia follows suit. In two by-elections held on the 15th, two Conservatives were elected in constituencies previously held by Liberals. Thus the good cause goes on triumphing.

Mr. Wm. Pugsley is quoted as saying that there is much good work to be done by a party in Parliament sitting on the Opposition side. Recent events have evidently given a philosophic bent to Mr. Pugsley's mind. It is to be hoped he will like the work. He may have a long turn at it. Montreal Gazette.

The sum of \$11,761,000, representing the amount of the catch of Canada's sea fish, will give some idea to inlanders of the value of this asset to the country for the past six months.—Hamilton Spectator.

If the old proverb holds that imitation is the sincerest form of flattery, Hon. W. J. Hanna is receiving it in plenty for his achievement in connection with the prison farm work. Manitoba is the latest to take up the idea, and a strong sentiment is developing in the Western Province in favor of the humanitarian plan that has proven so successful in Ontario.—London Free Press.

Dominion Parliament.

Brilliant Opening Ceremonies.

The Speech From The Throne.

Wednesday last 15th inst. was the opening day of the Parliamentary session at Ottawa. But as this was the beginning of a new Parliament, the first day proceedings were of a simple routine character. First the members elect the House of Commons were sworn in; they were then summoned to the Senate chamber, where Sir Charles Fitzpatrick, Deputy of the Governor General presided. After asking the usual question on such occasions, whether or not the members of the Commons had chosen a speaker, and being answered in the negative, the members returned to their chamber and elected Dr. Spruille Speaker. The House then adjourned till Thursday.

The following account of the formal opening on Thursday is from the Ottawa correspondent of the St. John Standard:—In the Dominion capital at 3 o'clock a big gun pounded the crisp winter air proclaiming that a British prince had come to open a Canadian Parliament in Canada. At the sound the great crowd

which had assembled about the parliament building broke into a cheer, before the second gun of the salute boomed out a cavalry escort attired through the east gate and with pennons snapping at their lance ends whirled up the hill. Close after the troop came the Royal coach, a blast of scarlet, black and gold, four blooded bays with scarlet clad postillions on their backs, drew the coach in which were seated their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught and military secretary, H. C. Lowther. The carriage was open and the crowds were able to see the fine figure which the duke made in the scarlet uniform of a British Field Marshal. The Royal coach attracted almost as much attention as the Royal party. It is a mass of decoration worked out in gold on a black ground, which is most striking. The guarded equipage drove up to the Senate entrance where a guard from the Governor General's Foot guards was drawn up with the regimental band. The guard presented arms and the band broke into the royal anthem as the royal party dismounted and entered the building. The picture was as fine as has ever been seen on a bright Canadian winter's day. Inside the scene was no less brilliant. The Duke and Duchess found the Senate chamber packed with Senators, officials, their wives and daughters on the floor, while the galleries were jammed with the privileged public which has succeeded in obtaining tickets for the occasion. The military were there in brilliant uniforms, the judges of the Supreme Court in scarlet and ermine were seated upon the woolpack before the throne. Representatives of foreign countries and of the churches were present in ceremonial garb. The Senators in conventional black provided the sombre contrast needed to set out the uniformed gorgeousness of official persons and the bank of female loveliness on either side of the chamber. The ladies in evening dress were seated on the ascending side of the room where the Senators usually sit. It was a brilliant picture.

The Duke and Duchess took their places on the two thrones which had been placed at the head of the room upon the dais. It was the first occasion since the time of the Marquis of Lorne and the Princess Louise that a woman

has sat beside a Governor General at an opening of parliament. It is a privilege reserved for princesses.

At the command of Speaker Landry Major St. Denis Lemoine, the Acting Black Rod, was sent to summon the Commons. He delivered his message in two languages to the waiting members and the Speaker of the Commons, following the sergeant at arms and unseated, led the Commons to the senate chamber, where His Royal Highness, having been officially informed that the Commons had elected their speaker, read the speech from the throne, first in English and then in French. The Royal party then retired and the Commons returned to their chamber where Premier Borden introduced the formal bill respecting the oaths of office which preserves the traditional rights of parliament to deal with its business before that of the crown.

In the senate the formal bill, which relates to railway, was introduced by Government Leader Loughheed.

The speech with which His Excellency the Duke of Connaught opened Parliament was as follows: Honorable Gentlemen of the Senate: Gentlemen of the House of Commons:

It is with much satisfaction that I meet for the first time the Parliament of Canada and avail myself of your advice and assistance in the fulfilment of the important charge which has been entrusted to me by His Majesty the King. I can assure that I esteem it a privilege to administer the affairs of this prosperous and growing Dominion and to associate myself with you in the important duties which you are about to approach. It affords me great pleasure to congratulate you upon the continued and increasing prosperity of the country. Our trade both with British and with foreign countries is rapidly expanding and there is every prospect that its volume in the present year will be largely in excess of that attained at any time in the past.

Although there has been some damage to the crops in certain districts, the harvest has on the whole been abundant and it is believed that the returns to the husbandman will exceed those

of any previous year. The results of the census taken during the present year will be laid before you so far as they have been tabulated. While the increase in population has not fulfilled all the sanguine expectations that had been formed, yet it has been substantial and encouraging. You will be pleased to learn that the revenues for the current fiscal year have, up to the present, largely exceeded those during any similar period in the past, with every prospect that this increase will be maintained. The advantage that will result from a wider exchange of products between the various countries of the Empire are undoubted in view of the wonderful variety and extent of those productions and negotiations have been opened for improved trade arrangements with the British West Indies and British Guiana, which should prove advantageous to those colonies as well as to this Dominion.

The importance of providing our country with better highways is manifest. A bill will be introduced for the purpose of enabling the Dominion to cooperate with the Provinces in the accomplishment of this desirable object. It is essential to recognize that in a country possessing so great an area of fertile land as that with which this Dominion is happily endowed, the great basic industry is agriculture. My advisers are convinced that the time has come when greater aid and encouragement should be given to those who are engaged in the cultivation of the land. To this end, a measure will be introduced under which it is hoped that there may be co-operation between the Dominion and the various Provinces for the purpose of assisting and encouraging our farmers to secure the best results in production and at the same time preserve the fertility of the soil.

A measure will be introduced revising and consolidating the acts relating to the inspection of grain and providing the means by which the government can secure, through a commission, the control and operation of the terminal elevators upon the great lakes. A bill will be introduced to establish a permanent tariff commission whose duty it shall be to ascertain by investigation and inquiry such information as will

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The Overcoats we are showing now, in convertible, College and Chesterfield styles, are absolutely the best we have ever displayed. Scores who in ended to have a custom tailored coat this year changed their minds when they saw this stock. They have all the good tailoring, fine materials, smart styles and perfect fitting qualities of a made to measure garment at a far lower price.

The gray coats, in the three styles are very popular just now—they're worn by all dressy men. Our gray Chesterfields have velvet collars and artistic trimmings—have all the "class" associated with the custom-tailored coats.

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Here is a chance you will never get again.

150 Pairs of Men's American Lace Boots

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We have also RUSSIAN CALF and PATENT at the same price. All new stock. They've got the lead, they've got the style, They've got all others beat a mile.

Hockey Boots! Hockey Boots!

We lead for Low Prices on Hockey Boots. A good Boy's Hockey Boot at \$1.65. Men's \$3.00 a pair. Others at \$1.75, \$1.85 and \$2.25 a pair.

A. E. McEACHEN THE SHOEMAN

82 Queen Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I.

A Word In Season.

While thanking those of our friends who have so promptly responded in the matter of subscription, we are obliged to confess that the number of those remitting is not as large as we might reasonably expect.

Fall and Winter Weather

Fall and Winter weather calls for prompt attention to the repairing, cleaning and making of clothing. We beg to remind our numerous patrons that we have REMOVED from 23 Prince Street to our new stand.

H. McMILLAN

THE C. B. C. DIPLOMA Is a Passport to Success.

Look up the record of nearly all graduates of the C. B. C. and you will find that they are holding down the most responsible, prominent and lucrative positions that an appreciative business world can bestow.

Wherever you go you will find men and women who owe their present success and prosperity to the practical business training which they secured at the C. B. C.

There's no need of staying in the ranks with the common crowd, no need of slaving away for a pittance when practical training will enable you to create your own opportunities for a richer, bigger and better future.

C. B. C. courses cover bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, business correspondence, banking, reporting, modern office practice, navigation and engineering.

Write today for our free prospectus, C. B. C. blotter and full information.

Charlottetown Business College AND INSTITUTE OF SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING.

L. B. MILLER, - - Principal. RICHMOND STREET

EVERYONE

Who really enjoys a goo. smoke should try our

BRIGHT CUT TOBACCO! 10 cts. per package

All Grocers and Druggists sell it.

HICKEY & NICHOLSON Tobacco Co., Ltd.

MANUFACTURERS.

Ch'town, Phone 345.

LOCAL & OTHER ITEMS.

The market prices yesterday were scarcely changed from last quotations.

Eighteen men were killed in a coal dust explosion which occurred at Bolton Creek Coal Co., West Virginia. Over 100 men were in the mine at the time of the explosion, but all escaped except 18 or 22.

The Canadian Northern Express from Regina to Winnipeg was wrecked at Ladysmith. All the cars left the track, the sleeper being turned over on its side. Several passengers were injured, but none fatally.

A despatch to London from Copenhagen says the Russian steamer Leitch, bound from Rotterdam to St. Petersburg, foundered in the North Sea during the recent gale, and twenty-six members of the crew were drowned.

Immigrant settlers to the number of 260,888, arrived in Canada during the first seven months of the current fiscal year. These figures show an increase of 17 per cent. as compared with corresponding months of the last fiscal year.

During the terrific gale and blinding snowstorm of Thursday night the Norwegian bark Antigua was driven ashore and completely wrecked at Martin River, Quebec. Capt. Krizis and eleven sailors were drowned. Only three were rescued from the wreck.

Three vessels were sighted flying signals of distress off Monomony Point, Mass., at dawn Friday. One was taken in tow, the second was abandoned and the third was wrecked.

The schooner North America, 170 tons, owned by H. H. Acorn, laden with coal for J. J. Hughes, went ashore on Scorsie beach in the gale on Thursday evening, 16th. The crew were saved. The vessel is a total wreck. We understand there was no insurance on vessel or cargo.

\$50,000 worth of automobiles were burned at Ottawa Friday afternoon, when the garage of Park & McVeety, on Sparks Street, caught fire by the explosion of a gasoline torch held by a mechanic on the premises. Fifty automobiles were stored on the premises, but half of them were saved.

Last Wednesday evening, the 16th inst., the residence of John W. McIntyre, about five miles from Mount Stewart, was destroyed by fire. A considerable amount of household furniture was also burned. The fire is supposed to have started in the roof from sparks from a fire. There was some insurance.

Three murderers were led to the death chamber in N. Y. Sing Sing prison on Monday and put to death by electricity. The executions began at 6.28 o'clock, and lasted only twenty minutes.

It was the first triple electrocution at Sing Sing since the electric current suspended the gallows, nearly twenty years ago.

During last Thursday night of its routine at balancing a ball on the end of its nose in a north side theatre, Chicago, a trained sea lion flopped through a window pane and into an alley. When it felt the snow it started at a lively gallop for Lake Michigan. A crowd of men captured it when within a minute or two of the lake.

The Senate Chamber at Ottawa, on Saturday night, witnessed the greatest sensation in its history from a social point of view, and the largest drawing room ever held in Canada. There were 1920 persons present at their Royal Highnesses. Every one of any prominence in the capital and many from other parts were there.

Fearing that Steven Swanson, a propertarian who had been sentenced when his home was destroyed by fire, the police and firemen of Pittsburgh are searching the ruins for the body. Mr. Swanson recently received a demand from the Black Hand, which he ignored, and the police believe that the organization is responsible for the fire.

Owing to the decision of the United States Government to fortify the Panama Canal, the defenses on the Island of Jamaica are being improved. The forts commanding the outer channels of Port Royal and Kingston will be remodelled, and more guns placed in them, and when the work is completed the island will be one of the most strongly fortified of the British possessions.

The police of Paris are confronted by a most baffling problem in the robbery of three vans of Indian mail run in connection with the Postmaster express to Brindisi. The robbery was one of the most daring known in European police annals. It was perpetrated in the early hours of Saturday morning, while the mail was running sixty miles an hour between Paris and Lyons. The thieves devoted their attention to the van containing the mails for India and the far east, which were full of valuable bonds for the Lurbar and Christmas presents. The stolen goods are worth \$600,000.

McDONALD—Suddenly, at the Parochial House, St. Teresa's Nov. 9th, Joseph McDonald, aged 84 years. R. I. P.

SMITH—At the home of Isaac Smith, North Wilshire, on Nov. 11, 1911, Leslie Wayne, aged 17 years.

JENKINS—A Pious November 19th, 1911, W. A. Jenkins, aged 48 years, leaving to mourn a sorrowful widow, three sons and one daughter.

CULLEN—At North Wilshire Monday morning, November 20th, William Cullen, in the 88th year of his age. R. I. P.

KELLY—In this on Sunday 19th inst. after a few days illness of paralysis, John J. Kelly, aged 68 years leaving a widow, three sons and two daughters to mourn. May his soul rest in peace.

Miner's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

Fabulously Valuable Jewels

The date for the sale of the jewels found at the Palace of Yildiz after the dethronement of Abdul Hamid has been fixed for November 25. They will be put up at auction at the Georges Petit Gallery Paris and it is certain that never before has anything been approaching the quantity and value of the jewels that will come under the hammer.

COAL!

All kinds for your winter supply. See us before you place your order.

C. Lynos & Co.

Charlottetown, P. E. I. Nov. 30, 1910.

W. J. P. McMILLAN, M. D. PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 148 PRINCE STREET CHARLOTTETOWN. June 15, 1910—4

New Waltham

Other Watches RECEIVED

We have tested them and they are now READY FOR THE POCKET

New Gold Filled Frames and 1st quality Lenses JUST RECEIVED.

We make no charge for testing each eye separately to see if you need glasses, and they can be ordered or not at a future time, just as you please.

E. W. TAYLOR, South Side Queen Square, City.

COAL. COAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED DEALERS IN Hard and Soft Coal HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND

At their Old Stand, Peake's No. 2 Wharf

A large supply of Coal suitable for all purposes. Orders, verbal, by mail or by telephone promptly attended to. Our telephone No. is 312, and we should be pleased to have our orders.

Peake Bros. & Co.

Ch'town, July 19, 1911—3m

Prince Edward Island Railway

Beginning Tuesday, October 31st, 1911, all trains will depart from Murray Harbor at 6 a. m. and will handle freight, except on Saturdays. The train on Saturday will continue to run as an express on the same time as usual.

Mortgage Sale.

There will be sold at the Court House at Georgetown, in King's County, on Thursday, the Thirtieth day of November, A. D. 1911, at the hour of twelve o'clock, noon: All that tract, piece and parcel of land situate, lying and being on Township Number Sixty-three in King's County aforesaid, bounded and described as follows:—Commencing on the north shore of Murray River, at the southeast angle of Fifty acres of land formerly in the possession of Henry Saunders, now sold to James E. McLeod; thence north to the road leading to Greek River, known as Clow's Mill Road; thence eastward along the said road eleven chains and sixty-one links; thence south to the north shore of Murray River aforesaid; thence following the course of the said river westwardly to the place of commencement, containing Fifty acres of land, a little more or less. Also all that other tract of land situate on Township Number Sixty-three aforesaid, bounded and described as follows:—Commencing on the north shore of the said Murray River, and at the southeast angle of the above described tract of Fifty acres; thence running north to the Clow's Mill Road aforesaid; thence along the said road northwestwardly to land now or formerly in possession of Matthew Goble; thence south to the said river, and thence following the course of the said river westwardly to the place of commencement, containing Sixty-three acres of land, a little more or less.

The Market Prices.

Table with market prices for various goods like Butter, Eggs, Flour, etc.

Land For Sale!

The undersigned executor of the estate of the late Angus McIntyre of Cable Head, offers for sale 75 Acres of Wood Land part of the said estate, situated on the west side of Bourke's Road Lot 43, near St. Charles siding of the P. E. Island Railway. If not previously disposed of by private sale, this land will be sold at public auction on December 15th, 1911. For all information apply to JOSEPH McMILLAN, Executor Head St. Peter's Bay Nov. 15th 1911. 5i

Hard Coal

Daily expected per schooner "R. Bowers" and "Freedom," one thousand tons best quality Hard Coal in Egg, Stove and Chestnut sizes.

C. Lyons & Co.

July 28, 1911—4f

Fraser & McQuaid, Barristers & Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc.

JAMES H. REDDIN Barrister, etc.,

Has Removed his Office from the City Hotel Building, Great George Street, to rooms over Grant's Implement Warehouse, Corner of Queen and Sydney Streets.

STEWART & CAMPBELL, Barristers, Solicitors, etc.

Offices in DeBrisay Block, Corner Queen and Grafton Streets, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Charlottetown, P. E. Island

Mathieson, MacDonald & Stewart,

Newson's Block, Charlottetown. Barristers, Solicitors, McDonald Bros. Building, Georgetown

McLEOD & BENTLEY

Barristers, Attorneys and Solicitors. MONEY TO LOAN Offices—Bank of Nova Scotia Chambers.



Price \$2.50 Amherst Boots

Are the Farmer's friends.

Made from Solid Leather throughout, counters, insoles and heels. They stand up and stand the strain of hard wear through all kinds of mud, slush and wet.

Men's Amherst Boots, \$1.60 to \$2.75 Women's " " 1.25 to 1.75 Boys' " " 1.50 to 2.00 Girls' " " 1.10 to 1.35 Childs' " " 1.00

Alley & O.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Royal Insurance Company of Liverpool, G. B. Sun Fire offices of London. Fidelity Phenix Fire Insurance Co. of New York.

Combined Assets \$100,000,000

Lowest rates and prompt settlement of Losses.

JOHN MACBACHERN AGENT.

Telephone No. 362. Mar. 22nd, 1906

Hired Wedding Garments.

(Concluded.)

She was now abreast of him, and with a feigned swagger, he lurched out, brushed roughly against her, jerked from her hand the pocket-book which, feminine-wise, she carried so, and disappeared.

"Ob!" she cried. But the street was dark, the robber was out of sight, the houses closed to appeal. "If Norman knew," she thought, "I must never tell him." It was he who let her in, panting like a frightened bird.

"It is a pity to have to hurry so," he said coldly, relighting a little at sight of her pallor. She essayed to laugh, passing on.

Beyond a touch of ceremony in manner, he noticed no further her late arrival. "Now that is very nice in him," she reflected, with warm gratitude. "He must never know about the big wayman, but I will let Schneider send me the dress without final trial on Thursday."

So these ripples would now have smoothed themselves but that the pair were to dine out on Wednesday night, and it was Norman Keith's habit to shave himself, while he wore the lather and the intent look accompanying that operation, his wife, in wrapper, came softly into the dressing room.

"Did you find that other collar button for me, dear?" he asked indistinctly. "This one won't do." She remembered with dismay that the other had been for alteration in the lost pocketbook.

"Oh, I can't find it; that one must do. Norman—lightly and mistakenly, for he was again absorbed—it would be a good time for you to stay out late again when you are shaving, for you would never know."

"There is no good time for you to stay out late," she said with a slight scorch, for he said with almost stern decision: "It must not happen again."

"Must not?" flushing. "Is it the Car or only a grand duke?" "It is just your husband," coolly, and it might have been effectively but for the fact that he turned and presented a face with one cheek clear, the other white with lather.

"She burst into a little laugh. 'You will be more majestic when you have finished.' It was his turn to flush, but he completed his toilet silently, and only went into their room in time to find her, more-rose like, in pale green draperies. He held something in his hand and said quietly: 'I have been more successful than you in finding the button, and this is yours, I think.'

"My pocketbook" completely bewildered. "How—when—why—lost—it was stolen. Oh!—a ray of comprehension coming—it was you? Can it be possible? To frighten me in such a way! I did not know it was in you to be so ungenerous, so ungentlemanly, so inhumanly."

"Stop, stop!" commandingly. "Cai va piano va sano. You have so disregarded my protests that I thought a lesson might be useful to show you the possibilities."

"They were undressed of, certainly, in your case, and I owe you a thousand thanks for the lesson, which cost me a cracking headache for a day or two." She swept him a little mocking courtesy. Her eyes shone, and a crimson spot burned on either cheek. "But we had better postpone this discussion indefinitely, or our friends may think ill breeding another of our pleasant little ways."

Pains in the Back

Are symptoms of a weak, torpid or stagnant condition of the kidneys or liver, and are a warning that it is extremely hazardous to neglect, so important is a healthy action of these organs.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures kidney and liver troubles, relieves the back, and builds up the whole system.

with this difference, might have been a failure but for the host unobtrusively exerting all powers of entertainment, conversational and otherwise.

The man who came in last were full of description of scenes witnessed during an exciting hour or two about dark on Broadway. "Western steers they were," said one, "and just blind crazy with being put up in the cars and then let loose. The drivers could do nothing when they got away from them, and the police little more. To see that crowd flying here and there and not knowing where was safety, and the animals charging among them, and now and then selecting some special victims to pursue, and then hear the cries and bellowing and smashing of doors and windows, or any obstruction in their way, was very like a night-mare. I have that three or four persons were killed and several hurt. But the most serious misadventure I saw was a languid lady suddenly come to life, ranning and calling her coachman, who whipped up his horses and fled, leaving her to her fate."

"Isabel," thought her husband grimly, "did well to die with her mother, otherwise she would have had another fright coming home, and none of my contrivance."

"His guests left at midnight, but he lingered over a cigar. He had thought he heard her come in quietly an hour ago, and his resentment, still hot, prompted him to delay their meeting."

"She might better stayed all night," he muttered as he finally went. But the opened door disclosed an empty room. "Not come yet, Egbert was to bring her."

"He lit another cigar, but when 1 o'clock sounded could no longer smoke. 'I certainly will not compromise my attitude by going for her,' and straightway put on a great coat and started for Mrs. Prescott's."

The house was dark, as though all had retired. On the steps he paused. "She is safe in bed, and will smile coldly to learn that I was disquieted," then rang the bell.

"Egbert, who, more or less unconventionally draped, opened the door after some delay, stared at him. 'What's wrong? Is Isabel sick? Shall I call mother?'"

"Certainly not. Was only in for an hour or so this afternoon. Stop, give me a minute and I'll be with you. Now, then—as they stood together in the street—tell me about it."

"For answer Keith drew her little note from his pocket and handed it to her brother. 'She would have spent the evening nowhere else,' commented the latter briefly, 'for mother said she decided to return on account of the Chasing Dish, and left word for me to come and bring my violin, but I was engaged. Let us see. It was early then; she may have gone down Broadway first.' Their eyes met, the same thought stabbing them. The tormented, angry steers; there had been casualties—some fatal. 'Now,' pursued Egbert with tonic quietness, 'there's a stable near here; we can get a cab.'

"Drive to Ridge street first," ordered Keith. "When this, after some trouble, had been accomplished, a peevish voice from a window replied that no customer had stayed late. 'It is a feast day with us tomorrow,' we closed long before the first star. 'Hospitals next,' said Keith, speaking with difficulty. There were patients in several from that afternoon's accidents, but no one answering the description given. The two men drove on through the night in almost silence, sharing a mutual dread. 'Don't look so white,' said Egbert, when they came out from the last casualty ward. 'We will find her never fear.'

Suffered With Nerve Trouble For Two Years.

Mr. Chas. W. Wood, 34 Torrance Street, Montreal, Que., writes: "For two years I suffered with nerve trouble, and it was impossible for me to sleep."

"It did not matter what time I went to bed, in the morning I was even worse than the night before. I consulted a doctor, and he gave me a tonic to take a half hour before going to bed. 'It was all right for a time, but the old trouble returned with greater force than before.'"

"One of the boys, who works with me, gave me half a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I took them and I got such satisfaction that I got another box, and before I finished it I could enjoy sleep from 10 p.m. until 6 a.m., and now feel good."

"The price of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills is 50 cents per box, or 3 boxes for \$1.25. They are for sale at all dealers, or will be mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont."

"The indications are that there will be a great many cases this winter. How many will depend largely upon the intelligence with which we combat this scourge to child life. Parents should give the health authorities their very best help in carrying out the instructions and advice given by the Department of Health. Don't neglect the child's sore throat. Call your doctor early and have antitoxin administered as soon as possible. Do not allow a sick child to mingle with well children. Obey with great care the instructions of the quarantine officer. In other words, be as careful to protect your neighbor's children as you would have him protect yours."

"A Sensible Merchant. Milburn's Sterling Headache Powder gives women prompt relief from monthly pains, and leave no bad after effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25 and 50 cts."

"Our whole neighborhood has been stirred up," said the regular reader. The editor of the country weekly seized his pen. 'Tell me about it,' he said. 'What we want is news. What stirred it up?'"

"Plowing," said the farmer. MENARD'S LINIMENT Co., Limited. Gentlemen,—In July, 1905, I was thrown from a road machine, injuring my hip and back badly, and was obliged to use a crutch for 14 months. In Sept., 1906, Mr. Wm. Outridge of Lachute urged me to try MENARD'S LINIMENT, which I did with the most satisfactory results, and today I am as well as ever in my life."

"Young Doctor—'Why do you always ask your patients what they have for dinner?' Old Doctor—'It's a most important question for, according to their meals I make out my bill.'"

"Minard's Liniment cures Diphtheria. 'What is your ideal man?' One who is clever enough to make money and foolish enough to spend it."

"Some Good Advice for the Cold Weather. Although winter is not yet here, the days are cool and fires are needed for indoor comfort. This means that indoor conditions are not so good as they were when doors and windows were open for the admission of air at the time."

"SEVERE COLD DEVELOPED INTO PNEUMONIA DOCTOR SAID HE WOULD NOT LIVE. Next to consumption there are more deaths from pneumonia than from any other lung trouble."

"Montague Dental Parlors. We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless. A. J. FRASER, D. D. Aug. 15 1908—3m"

"Scott's Emulsion. In the cure of consumption, concentrated, easily digested nourishment is necessary. For 35 years Scott's Emulsion has been the standard, world-wide treatment for consumption. All Druggists."

Prince Edward Island Railway.

Commencing Monday, Oct. 2nd, 1911, trains will run daily, Sunday excepted, as follows:—

Table with 3 columns: Trains Outward, Trains Inward, and Road Down. Lists train numbers and destinations like Charlottetown, Summerside, and Port Hill.

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HARDWARE! Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices. WHOLESALE and RETAIL Fennel and Chandler

Fall and Winter Weather Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN

For New Buildings Hardware We carry the finest line of Hardware to be found in any store.

Stanley, Shaw & Peardon. A full line of pumps and piping. June 12, 1907.

Montague Dental Parlors. We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless. A. J. FRASER, D. D. Aug. 15 1908—3m"

KING EDWARD HOTEL, Mrs. Larier, Proprietress. Will now be conducted on KENT STREET Near Corner of Queen. Look out for the old sign, King Edward Hotel, known everywhere for first class accommodation at reasonable prices. June 12 1907.

CITY SCHOOLS.

1911-TERM-1912

Educational Books, INCLUDING THE Newly Authorized TEXT BOOKS for School and College.

We have an immense Stock on hand. All School and College Books sold by us at Publishers Prices. Scribblers, Exercise Books, Penmanship Pads, Pads, Palmer Method of Business Writing, Pens, Inks, Pencils, Foolscap, Examination Paper, Fountain Pens, School Maps, Erasers, Rulers, Note Books, Book Keeping Blanks and Text Books, Slates, Pen Holders, Note Paper, Pencil Boxes, School Bags, etc., all at lowest possible prices.

Wholesale and Retail BY CARTER & CO., Ltd. DEALERS IN Books, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Seeds, etc. Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

COAL. COAL. THE UNDERSIGNED DEALERS IN Hard and Soft Coal HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND

At their Old Stand, Peake's No. 2 Wharf. A large supply of Coal suitable for all purposes. Orders, verbal, by mail or by telephone promptly attended to. Our telephone No. is \$12, and we should be pleased to have our orders. Peake Bros. & Co. Ch'town, July 19, 1911—3m

A BIG TEN DAYS' SHOE SALE! Here is a chance you will never get again.

150 Pairs of Men's American Lace Boots. Goodyear Welted, Velvour Calif, made on two different lasts, medium heavy oak sole — "a beauty" comfort. Compare them with any Five Dollar Boot in the city. Ten Days Only—\$3.50 a Pair. We have also RUSSIAN CALF and PATENT at the same price. All new stock. They've got the lead, they've got the style, They've got all others beat a mile.

Hockey Boots! Hockey Boots. We lead for Low Prices on Hockey Boots. A good Boy's Hockey Boot at \$1.65. Men's \$3.00 a pair. Others at \$1.75, \$1.85 and \$2.25 a pair. A. E. McEACHEN THE SHOEMAN 82 Queen Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I.