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WEATHER—SHOWERS

PRICE TWO CENTS

BRITISH FORCE THE GERMANS BACK 800 YARDS ALONG FRONT OF 3,000 YDS. AND TAKE GUILLEMONT

GREEK GOVERNMENT HAS ACCEPTED NEW DEMANDS MADE BY THE ENTENTE

French and British Agents Now Control Post Office and Telegraph Systems—Head of the German Propaganda in Greece Captive on Allied Cruiser.

London, Sept. 4.—The Greek government has accepted the new demands of the Allies, and French and British agents have taken control of the post office and telegraph systems.

The Allied Demands.

Athens, Sept. 2.—Representatives at Athens of Great Britain and France this evening presented to the Greek government a note demanding control over the Greek ports and telegraphs and insisting on the deportation from Greece of agents of the central powers. The note reads as follows:

"By order of their governments the undersigned ministers of France and Great Britain have the honor to bring the following communication to the attention of the Greek government: "First, the two allied governments having, from a sure source, learned that their enemies receive information in divers ways and notably, through the agency of the Greek telegraphs, demand the central control of the telegraphs, including the wireless system.

"Second, enemy agents employed in corruption and espionage must immediately leave Greece, not to return until the cessation of hostilities.

"Third, necessary measures have been taken against such Greek subjects as rendered themselves guilty of complicity in the above mentioned corruption and espionage."

The note formed the subject of a conference between King Constantine, Premier Zaimis and Dr. Strel, former minister of foreign affairs. It is understood that there will be no objection on the part of the Greek government to acceptance of the Anglo-French note.

German Arch-Conspirator a Captive.

Athens, Sept. 3, via London, Sept. 4.—Baron Von Schenk, chief director of the German propaganda in Greece, has been arrested and placed on a cruiser of the Entente Allies. Sixteen more Allied warships have arrived at Piraeus.

Diplomats of the Entente Allies had demanded that Baron Von Schenk and sixty co-workers in behalf of the Central Empires be expelled from Greece. It was reported that he had barricaded himself in his house in Athens, and surrounded it with a score of armed guards and his friends to protect him.

People Ready for Anything.

Athens, Sunday, Sept. 3, via London, Sept. 4.—Seizing the opportunity offered by the presence at Piraeus, with a gunboat of Athens, of a large fleet of the Entente nations, Premier Zaimis has assumed unobtrusively what amounts virtually to dictatorial powers. All is now in readiness for the final act to end the neutrality of Greece.

While the people of Athens were being mildly amused at the spectacle of allied soldiers and secret police pursuing German agents about the streets of the city a profound change in the status of affairs was effected quietly.

Premier Zaimis is now in a position to swing the whole country as he will, unembarrassed by any dissenting popular opinion or hostile parliamentary control. The first step which placed full powers in the hands of Premier Zaimis was when he forbade public gatherings last Wednesday. The arrangements of Friday, whereby the issuance of the decree dissolving the now adjourned parliament and calling new elections was postponed indefinitely disposed effectually of any parliamentary interference with the policy of the government. Finally, the premier yesterday requested and received the unqualified support of the leaders of the Venizelos party, and of the party opposed to Venizelos, thus giving the present temporary cabinet a politically representative character, and completing the necessary preparations which may be decided on by the ministry behind closed doors. Greece may now find herself at war over night at the bidding of a single individual, who is neither King Constantine nor

BLOODY BATTLE IN PROGRESS ON BOTH BANKS OF SOMME

British in New Drive Capture German Trenches to Depth of 800 Yards Along 3,000-Yard Front, Including Village of Guillemont.

FRENCH ALSO MAKE NOTABLE GAINS CARRYING VILLAGE OF SOYECOURT BY A BRILLIANT CHARGE AND CAPTURING 5,000 PRISONERS — ENEMY COUNTER-ATTACK ON BRITISH NEW POSITIONS COMPLETELY FAIL.

London, Sept. 4.—As the result of the fighting yesterday, north of the River Somme, in France, says the British official statement issued today, British troops captured German defenses on a 3,000 yard front for an average depth of 800 yards and including the village of Guillemont.

The whole of Ginchy at first was captured, but the British were compelled to give ground, retaining hold of part of the village, despite heavy counter-attacks in the course of the night. More than 800 Germans were taken prisoners.

Fighting between the Somme and the Ancre was very severe, the British advance being stubbornly contested, and the enemy making repeated determined counter-attacks, supported by very heavy artillery fire, says the statement, which concludes: "The British advance almost everywhere was successful at the outset, and most of the enemy's counter-attacks, which cost him heavy losses, completely failed to shake the hold of the British troops on the ground won. The British line is the same as reported last night."

Bitter Battle Developing Berlin Reports.

Berlin, Sept. 4, via London.—In an extensive and bitter battle developing from the Anglo-French attacks begun yesterday, says the German official statement, issued today, the Germans retained mastery over all their positions on both sides of the Ancre Brook, and recaptured ground which they had lost near Mouquet Farm. South of the Somme, the statement adds, German artillery broke down French attacks, except in the sector southwest of Barleux.

The text of the German official statement, dealing with the western front, says: "Anglo-French attacks begun yesterday led to an extensive and bitter battle. North of the Somme the battle has been in progress on a line of almost 30 kilometers (18 miles) from Beaumont to the Somme. The Germans, commanded by General Von Stein and General Baron Von Marshall, retained mastery of all their positions on both sides of the Ancre and especially against Thiéval and northwest of Fontiers. The German capture of the lost ground near Mouquet Farm. "South of the Somme German artillery held down the French attacks, except in the sector southwest of Barleux. Forces advancing to attack near Barleux were sanguinarily repulsed.

"Attempts made by the enemy against Thiéval and our positions southeast of Fleury (northeast of Verdun) failed.

"At Souville a defile in the French salient was cleared and 500 prisoners were taken.

"Thirteen enemy aeroplanes were brought down in the Somme region on Saturday and Sunday. Captain Boske brought down his twelfth machine. "Regarding the military operations in the eastern and Balkan theatres today's German official statement says: "Russian efforts to the southwest of Lutsk ended in favor of our troops.

"Army of Archduke Charles: Southwest of Broany fighting continues.

"In the Carpathians fighting is in progress south of Zilona.

"Bulgars: The German-Bulgarians have advanced between the Danube and Black Sea. Near Kosmar Bulgarian cavalry drove back the Roumanian infantry capturing 110 men."

Bulgars Make Another Attack.

Salonki, Sept. 4, via Paris.—Bul-

ROUMANIAN TROOPS TAKE HERMANSTADT

Vienna Admits the Loss of Former Capital of Transylvania.

TWO OTHER TOWNS HAVE BEEN CAPTURED

Roumanian Army Getting its Stride is Pushing Forward in Transylvania.

Berlin, Sept. 2.—The Roumanians have captured Hermanstadt, the former capital of Transylvania, it was officially announced at Vienna today.

Bucharest, Sept. 3, via London, Sept. 4.—The Roumanian war office announced today that Roumanian troops have occupied Borszek and Sekel in Transylvania. The Teuton-Bulgarian allies have been repulsed at Basardjik, in Dobruja, but elsewhere continue their attack along the whole frontier between Dobruja and Bulgaria.

A raid by the three hostile hydroplanes upon the city of Konstanz, on the Rumanian coast of the Black Sea, with the wounding of several civilians and children, is announced. The official statement says:

Other Gains Reported.

"On our northern and northwestern fronts, after somewhat lively fighting, we occupied the locality of Borszek and the heights west of that town. We captured four officers and 150 men, and entirely occupied the inhabited region of Sekel (Sz Lelek) in Haromszek.

"On the southern front the enemy attacked along the whole Dobruja frontier, south of Basardjik, but was repulsed. On the remainder of the front the fighting continues.

"The enemy bombarded Isacz and Kalafat.

"Three hostile hydroplanes dropped bombs on Konstanz. Several children and civilians were wounded."

The towns of Bors Zek and Sz Lelek are in the extreme eastern portion of Transylvania, and the first named is the most frequented watering place in that province, and is situated in a romantic valley of the eastern Carpathians. It exports great quantities of mineral water, and has a population of 1,600.

Basardjik is a town fortified in the extreme southeastern portion of the Dobrujan district of Roumania, while Isacz and Kalafat are Roumanian frontier towns on the Danube river.

Gertrude's church tomorrow morning, Rev. J. J. Ryan officiating.

The following pupils went to Froedrickton today to attend the Normal School: Hubert Seely, Leonard Sillip, Susie Sharp, Helen Smith, Gladys Haloy, Aurilla Gibson, Mary Cogger, Gladys Gilman, Marian Dunphy, Bessie Shaw, Georgia Plummer and Mary Howard.

Coley Wetmore, formerly civil engineer on the Valley Railway, after a strenuous time in the trenches with the Mounted Rifles, arrived home tonight, and will be connected with the Killies.

ZEPPELIN BROUGHT DOWN IN FLAMES DURING RAID OVER ENGLAND SATURDAY NIGHT

Most Formidable Attack Yet Made by Hun Airmen With London Their Objective—Thirteen Machines Took Part—Scores of Bombs Dropped—Two Persons Killed and Thirteen Injured.

London, Sept. 3.—A squadron of German Zeppelins raided England shortly before eleven o'clock last night, with London and the Eastern counties apparently as their objective, an official statement announces. One of the raiders was brought down in flames. Many bombs were dropped, but no reports of casualties have been received. The text of the official statement says:

"The attack last night was made by a larger number of airships than ever previously raided England. The eastern counties of London apparently were their objective. The attack on London was beaten off, and one raider was brought down in flames."

London, Sept. 3.—Thirteen Zeppelin airships took part in the raid over the eastern counties last night, and, an official statement issued late this afternoon says the casualties, so far reported, are one man and one woman killed, and eleven men and women and two children injured. It was the most formidable air attack ever made on England. Only three of the Zeppelins were able to approach the outskirts of London. One of these was shot down, and the other two were driven off by aircraft guns and aeroplanes. The following communication was issued by the field marshal commander-in-chief of the home forces, at six o'clock this afternoon:

"Careful inquiries show that the casualties and damage caused by the air raid last night were quite disproportionate to the number of ships employed. The number of casualties, which have been reported are as follows:

"Killed—One man, one woman and two children.

"No casualties occurred in the metropolitan police district. Latest reports show that in the metropolitan police district twenty-five houses and some outbuildings were slightly damaged. Two water main were cut and three houses were killed.

"Elsewhere the damage was very slight, a certain number of cottages being damaged, as well as a church, while a fire occurred at some gas works.

"There was no military damage of any sort."

Washington, Sept. 4.—President Wilson, at 9:23 yesterday signed the eight hour bill for railway employees, and left for Hodgenville, Ky., at 10:30 a. m. An order revoking the call for a country-wide railroad strike Monday was sent out by labor union officials Saturday, after congress had passed the Adamson eight-hour day bill and sent it to the president.

The Adamson eight-hour day bill, enacted from congress last week by the railroad brotherhoods as the price of calling off the nation-wide strike, was signed by President Wilson in his private car at the Union station, where he stopped on his way from Shadow Lawn, N. J., to Hodgenville, Kentucky.

That there may be no question as to the legality of the measure as a result of it having been signed on Sunday, the president will affix his signature again upon his return to Washington next Tuesday. How long peace shall reign as a result of the bill apparently is dependent upon developments in the proposed measure to test the constitutionality of the act. Should the railroads take no action, but await the beginning of an investigation of the workings of the eight-hour day bill by the special commission for which the measure provides, the brotherhoods will remain inactive. The employees' leaders declare, however, that should the law be held unlawful and the railroads attempt to restore the ten-hour day a strike will follow promptly.

The legislative expedient to avoid the strike was passed in the senate Saturday night by a vote of 43 to 28—almost a strict party vote—amid striking scenes, after many senators, democrats and republicans, had fought desperately to amend the measure by a provision designed to prevent industrial disasters in the future.

Some senators, thoroughly aroused, declared contempt of legislation that it did not desire, and that it knew would return to plausibility in the future. The bill that stopped the strike provides that after January 1, 1917, eight hours shall be regarded as the basis of reckoning for a day's pay of men engaged in the operation of railroad trains in interstate commerce (excepting roads less than 100 miles long, and electric lines); that they shall receive pro rata pay for work in excess of eight hours, and that their rate of compensation shall not be changed pending an investigation for from six to nine months of the effect of the eight hour day upon the railroads by a commission to be appointed by the president.

London, Sept. 4.—Two more British air raids over Belgium have been made successfully, it was announced officially today in the following statement:

"On Saturday the shipbuilding yards at Hoboken, near Antwerp, were successfully bombed by naval aeroplanes.

"On Sunday the enemy aerodrome at Ghistel (eleven miles southwest of Bruges) was bombarded with good effect by a large squadron of our machines.

"All returned safely in both cases."

CAPITAL OF GERMAN EAST AFRICA FALLS

Dar-Es-Salaam, Seaport and Military Station of the Enemy Surrendered to British Yesterday.

London, Sept. 4.—Dar-Es-Salaam, capital and chief town of German East Africa, surrendered to the British at nine o'clock this morning. It was officially announced today.

Dar-Es-Salaam is a seaport and military station, with a population of about 24,000. It has a good harbor and is the terminus of an important caravan route.

The statement says that British naval forces, in co-operation with troops from Bagamoyo and Saadani, are now occupying Dar-Es-Salaam.

"South of Morogoro, 100 miles west of Dar-Es-Salaam, pursuit of the r sin German forces continues. The south-east main body, the statement adds, is in the region of Matombo, on the eastern slopes of the Uliguru mountains.

"Lieut. Col. Vandoverster, in command of a British force, has reached Kikumi, 42 miles south of Kilossa. Brigadier General Northey, at the head of another British force, has occupied Neuringa."

Dar-Es-Salaam is the most important seaport of German East Africa. Before the war it was the residence of a governor and contained a military station. It is on the Indian Ocean about 275 miles below the frontier of British East Africa. The town evidently fell before the British column which has been pushing down the coast, one of several expeditionary forces sent out by the British, French, Belgian and Portuguese, which are gradually surrounding the remaining German forces.

KILBANE SCORES A KNOCKOUT OVER CHANEY IN EIGHT MINUTES

Cedar Point, Ohio, Sept. 4.—In less than eight minutes of actual fighting, Johnny Kilbane, of Cleveland, spoiled the hopes of George Chaney, of Baltimore, for the world's featherweight championship today. A terrific right smash to Chaney's jaw settled the battle near the end of the V' round.

The champion's longer reach and greater defensive skill offset the spirited fight Chaney began with the sound of the first gong.

In the third round Kilbane cut loose and rushed the challenger to the ropes with the opening of the round and drew blood with a left to Chaney's face. Four times the men clinched in the third and Chaney tried, by a vicious attack on the kidneys, to weaken the champion. But Kilbane ran out easily from this attack, and, bidding his time, swung over to the point of the challenger's chin a welop that spelled knockout and victory.

It was announced that both men weighed in under 132 pounds.

former Premier Venizelos.

Meanwhile the allies are rapidly riding Athens and Piraeus of Austrian and German agents.

BRITISH CARRY OUT SUCCESSFUL AIR ATTACKS

LIBERAL EX-M. P. FOR
SOUTH GREY DEAD.

Hanover, Ont., Sept. 4.—Mr. Henry Horton Miller, ex-M. P. for South Grey, and Liberal candidate for the federal house in the next general election, died at his home here this morning. He was fifty-five years of age.

Mr. Miller was elected to the House of Commons in 1904 and re-elected in 1908, sitting until the general election of 1911. From 1905 he was chairman of the commons committee on banking and commerce. He was the author of the famous Miller bill to restrict race-track gambling.

RUSSIANS BREAK ACROSS THE THENOVKA RIVER

Seize an Important Position of the Austro-German Troops

OVER 2,700 PRISONERS AND SIX MACHINE GUNS CAPTURED—RUSSIANS IN CARPATHIANS TAKE WHOLE SERIES OF MOUNTAIN HEIGHTS AND ADVANCING ON HUNGARIAN FRONTIER

Petrograd, Sept. 4, via London, 2.55 p. m.—The Russians have broken across the Thenovka river, a western tributary of the Zlota Lipa, and seized a position of the Austro-German troops, the war office announced today. They took 2,721 prisoners and six machine guns.

The Russian force in the Carpathians, the announcement also says, have captured a whole series of mountain heights and are advancing to the Hungarian frontier.

The Russian army of the Caucasus has made further progress, the war office reports, pushing forward south of the River Elieu. In the region of Ognott, 548 Turks were captured.

Between Thursday and Sunday the troops of the Russian Gen. Brusilov, captured 385 officers and 1,902 men. In this number were eleven German officers and 1,500 German privates. Twelve cannon, seventy-six machine guns and seven bomb mortars also were taken.

BAD WEATHER IN WEST.

Paris, Sept. 4.—Operations on the Somme front have been retarded by bad weather, the war office announced today. In the new action fourteen guns have been captured by the French.

Prisoners continue to arrive at the rear. East of the Meuse, on the Verdun front, the French yesterday took 400 prisoners.

S.S. Empress Sustains Accident.

While docking Saturday afternoon a wire hawser got entangled round one of the propellers of the C. P. R. steamship Empress. On Sunday the hawser broke and the ship was driven by the wind. Several unsuccessful attempts to clear the wire. The Empress made the trip to Digby and return yesterday with only one propeller in working order, and on her return to this port was docked in Kenedy's slip, where at low water the wire will be cut and the propeller cleared. Repairs will be completed so that she will be able to sail at her scheduled time this morning.

WHAT DYSPEPTICS SHOULD EAT

A PHYSICIAN'S ADVICE

"Indigestion and practically all forms of stomach trouble are, nine times out of ten, due to acidity; therefore stomach sufferers should, whenever possible, avoid eating food that is acid in its nature, or which by chemical action in the stomach develops acidity. Unfortunately, such a rule eliminates most foods which are pleasant to the taste as well as those which are rich in blood, flesh and nerve building properties. This is the reason why dyspeptics and stomach sufferers are usually so thin, emaciated and lacking in that vital energy which can only come from a well fed body.

"For the benefit of those sufferers who have been obliged to exclude from their diet all starchy, sweet or fatty food, and are trying to keep up a miserable existence on gluten products, I would suggest that you should try a meal of any food or foods which you may like, in moderate amount, taking immediately afterwards a teaspoonful of bisurated magnesia in a little hot or cold water. This will neutralize any acid which may be present, or which may be formed, and instead of the usual feeling of uneasiness and fullness, you will find that your food agrees with you perfectly. "I know of nothing better than plain bisurated magnesia as a food corrective and antacid. It has no direct action on the stomach; but by neutralizing the acidity of the food contents, and thus removing the source of the acid irritation, which inflames the delicate stomach lining, it does more than could possibly be done by any drug or medicine.

"As a physician, I believe in the use of medicine whenever necessary, but I must admit that I cannot see the sense of dosing an inflamed and irritated stomach with drugs instead of getting rid of the acid—the cause of all the trouble. Get a little bisurated magnesia from your druggist, eat what you want at your next meal, take some of the bisurated magnesia as directed above, and see if I'm not right."

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

HOTEL CHELSEA

West Twenty-third St., at Seventh Ave. New York City. European Plan. 500 rooms. 400 baths. Room with adjoining bath \$1.00 and \$1.50. Room with private bath, \$2.00. Suites parlor, bedroom and bath, \$3.00 and upward. Club Breakfast, 25c. up. Special Luncheon, 60c. up. Table d'Hotel Dinner, 75c. up. Cafe attached.

To Reach Hotel Chelsea—From Pennsylvania Station, 7th Avenue car south to 23rd Street; Grand Central 4th Avenue car south to 23rd Street; Lackawanna, Erie, Reading, Baltimore & Ohio, Jersey Central and Lehigh Valley R. R. Stations, take 23rd Street crosstown car east to Hotel Chelsea. Principal Steamship Piers, Foot West 23rd Street, take 23rd Street crosstown car. Write for Colored Map of New York.

FURNISHED ROOM—With home privileges in private family. Phone M. 2494-41 or address A. G. care of The Standard.

LOST—In King Square Thursday evening, lady's ring set with emeralds. Valued especially for its associations. Finder please leave at Standard office, Box X.

ITALIANS MAKE GAINS IN ALBANIA

Villages of Kuta and Drizar Occupied and Monte Gradits Also is Captured.

Rome, Sept. 4, via London.—Italian troops have made additional successes in Albania, east of Aviona, says an official statement given out today.

The villages of Kuta and Drizar have been occupied and Monte Gradits has been taken. Later, the statement says, the Italians retired to the right bank of the Vojussa, having accomplished their objective. The text follows:

"Yesterday in the Fiemme Valley the enemy having received reinforcements, launched an intense artillery preparation, against our new positions on Monte Cauriol. They were stopped each time by our fire and eventually were dispersed with heavy loss by a counter-attack with the bayonet. On the remainder of the front the artillery was active.

"Albania: On Saturday detachments of Bersaglieri and Territoriali made a raid on the right bank of the Vojussa. The Territoriali crossed the river between Scoffi and Regopal, taking the village of Kuta after severe fighting. Meantime the Bersaglieri occupied Drizar and took Monte Gradits, repelling violent counter-attacks. During the evening the troops having achieved their objective returned to the right bank of the Vojussa. One Bersaglieri detachment remained undisturbed on Monte Trube, until Sunday afternoon, returning subsequently to our lines. We took thirty-four Austrian prisoners and captured much material.



YOUR boy who "plays the game," your active outdoor chap, needs something besides the regular three-square. He finds in Kellogg's Toasted Corn Flakes an ever-ready and tasty food to repair the waste of the energy which his healthy nature demands.

10c. a package. The only product made in Canada by THE BILLY CREEK TOASTED CORN FLAKE CO., Limited London, Ont.

Kellogg's TOASTED CORN FLAKES

ANOTHER GRIT "SCANDAL" DEVELOPES INTO BUBBLE

JOINT STATEMENT OF PARLIAMENTARY BUILDING COMMITTEE A COMPLETE ANSWER TO THE CHARGES OF IMPROPRIETY BROUGHT FORWARD BY THE LAURIER PRESS.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, Sept. 3.—Hon. Rudolf Lemieux has reconsidered his position as member of the parliamentary buildings committee and tendered his resignation. Mr. Lemieux submitted a resolution that tenders be called for the construction of the building. He felt it desirable to secure for his resolution and retired. Neither Messrs. Pugsley nor Watson would second Mr. Lemieux's resolution.

Mr. J. B. Hunter, deputy minister of public works, and secretary of the joint committee on the reconstruction of the parliamentary buildings, has been authorized to issue the following statement on behalf of the committee:

"The joint committee appointed by the Right Hon. the Prime Minister and the Right Hon. the Leader of the Opposition, to supervise the restoration and reconstruction of the parliamentary buildings under the authority granted by parliament at its last session, think it desirable at the present time to submit to the public a brief statement of the proceedings and of the reasons which have induced them to take the course adopted to secure such restoration and reconstruction.

"It will be borne in mind that very shortly after the fire by which the parliamentary buildings were destroyed, a statement was submitted by the architects, Messrs. John A. Pearson and J. O. Marchand, who had been appointed by the Minister of Public Works to make a report upon the condition of the ruins, that there would be salvage to the extent of two million dollars. This report was based upon what the architects at the time deemed to be a sufficient examination to enable their report to be relied upon, and it is important to bear in mind, contemplated the restoration of the building to its former state and upon the same lines as the building stood before the fire.

"In order to fully appreciate the present situation, it is necessary to analyze the items making up the two million dollars of probable salvage as reported by the architects to the committee.

"For the library building \$650,000; for the west wing, \$425,000; for the heating and ventilation plant, chimney stack and boiler rooms, \$225,000; for the external walls and the lower portion of the tower, \$240,000; for the internal division walls (about) \$410,000; total estimated salvage, \$2,000,000.

"This estimated salvage was made before the preparation of the plans for the reconstruction of the building. After the appointment of this committee, Messrs. John A. Pearson and J. O. Marchand were employed as architects for the preparation of plans and doing the necessary work of architects in connection with the reconstruction. They proceeded as speedily as possible to prepare such plans and a number of sketches were prepared by them and exhibited for the inspection of the members of parliament and for consideration by the committee. In this connection it should be remarked that while architects were instructed by the committee to, as far as possible, preserve the outer design of the former building, they were impressed with the necessity for obtaining additional accommodation for the houses of parliament and better light and ventilation for the chambers. This involved the placing of the chambers in a different location from that which they occupied in the former building, and the plan which seemed to meet with the general approval of the members of parliament and which was adopted by the committee provided for the placing of the committee chamber in the western end and the Senate in the eastern end. Looking not only to the plan but having regard to the future, it seemed to the committee imperative that an additional story should be placed upon the building, which, in the opinion of the architects, could be done without materially interfering with the exterior design. The committee accordingly determined to have such additional story provided. The adoption of this plan necessitated the removal of the west wing. It also necessitated the removal of the tower, under any circumstances would have been almost entirely taken down, owing to the effects of the fire.

"The adoption of the present plan also necessitated many changes, including the removal of the interior divisional walls. It was also considered that, the better to avoid danger from fire, it would be desirable that a boiler house for light, heat and power purposes should be constructed outside the building, which necessitated the removal of the former heating and ventilation plants, chimney stack and boiler room. The placing of an extra story upon the building necessitated the taking down of the top story of the external walls which had been left standing, but which had been, in many portions, seriously damaged. In doing this the work the architects discovered many defects therein, as well as serious damage from the fire, and in the performance of their professional duties determined that it would not be possible to utilize the external walls, and directed that they should be taken down. The committee, after very careful consideration have no hesitations in recommending that the external walls be removed, and that the taking down of these walls was an absolute necessity. In view of their dangerous condition to have attempted to utilize them would, in the opinion of the committee, have been wholly unjustifiable.

"The amount of estimated salvage of two million dollars made by the architects before the adoption of the present plans is therefore disposed of as follows: Library buildings saved, \$650,000.00; West wing, \$425,000.00; Heating and ventilation plant, chimney stack and boiler room, \$275,000.00; Tower and upper story of external walls, \$130,000.00. Total, \$1,880,000.00.

"This leaves an amount of one hundred and ten thousand dollars represented by the remaining portions of the adopted plans, but which the architects, as above, decided it was necessary to remove.

Why Other Items of Salvage Were Not Utilized. "The question will naturally arise why the remaining items of salvage, apart from the library, were not utilized. The reasons are as follows:—Sets of plans prepared by Mr. Ewart and the chief architect of the Department of Public Works respectively contemplated adhering practically to the lines and restoration of the building. These plans were exhibited for the information of the members of parliament, but they did not meet with approval, because it was generally felt that the new building, if constructed according to these plans, would prove very unsatisfactory and would be subject to the many objections and criticisms so often heard against the previous location of the House of Commons and Senate Chambers, and the inadequacy of accommodation and conveniences afforded by the former building. The committee were impressed by the fact that parliament and the public would not hesitate to approve of the larger expenditure which would be involved in the construction of a more modern and thoroughly fire-proof building with ample accommodation and furnished with the conveniences reasonably adequate for the meeting place for years to come of the nation's parliament. The committee therefore concluded that they would not adequately meet the views either of the members of parliament or of the public, if they allowed the question of the utilization of the salvage to stand in the way of having the reconstructed building designed in the best possible manner. These considerations, no doubt, influenced the members of parliament to approve of the plans prepared by Messrs. Pearson and Marchand in preference to the others, and the committee have the confident belief that their action in carrying out

what they understood to be the wish of the great majority of the members by adopting the present plans will meet with public approval.

Using Much of the Old Material.

"The committee have given directions that the stone which has been removed from the walls which were demolished shall be utilized as much as possible in the reconstruction, that the heating plant shall also be utilized, and it is expected that from these items a very considerable amount will be saved. As to the salvage of the following statement, made in a published report by the architects, is important. This report having reference to the salvage of material is as follows: "There will be re-used some thousands of cubic feet of buff Ohio sandstone, all the nepean rock faced chert that faced the old walls, about enough stone to face the power house, and the crushing for all the concrete foundations, also all the boilers, etc. that were in the boiler room."

Non-partizan Board to Supervise Purchase of Materials.

"The committee would observe that shortly after their appointment and pursuant to the authority granted by parliament having in view the magnitude of the work, the desirability of having first class construction, with as little delay as possible, and keeping in mind the fact that as the building progressed there would necessarily be many suggestions and alterations as to accommodation to be given to members and officials of parliament it would be desirable to obtain the services of a contractor of high reputation and large experience and employ him to attend to the work of construction subject to proper supervision and making provision at the same time for the supply by public tender of all materials to be used. Accordingly the firm of P. Lyall & Sons Construction Co., Ltd. was employed for this purpose under the usual conditions applicable to the construction of buildings of the force account system. It was also determined that as the work of reconstruction was being done by a committee representing both political parties patronage should be eliminated and that so far as possible the employment of labor should be subject to the usual considerations. Accordingly a non-partizan board has been appointed composed of Mr. J. B. Hunter, deputy minister of public works; Mr. D. Ewart, Dominion consulting architect, who has been very many years in the public service; Mr. John A. Pearson, chief architect of the public works; and Mr. J. O. Marchand, the two architects who are to prepare all calls for tenders and submit the same with their report and recommendation to the committee.

"The committee have also given instructions to the contractors that in the employment of labor, they are to exercise their judgment in obtaining the services of the best men available, irrespective of political considerations. The board above referred to have completed their organization and have since their appointment caused weekly reports to be sent each member of the committee as to the progress of the work for the week. The board have advised for, and received tenders for stone, brick and other materials and in each case, the committee are happy to say, the board has recommended and the committee have accepted, the lowest regular tender.

"The committee would point out that, owing to the cost of building having considerably increased since the commencement of the war, under the system by which they are now proceeding with the work, they will secure the benefit of any reductions in price which may occur.

"The committee would observe further that this is the first time in the history of Canada that an attempt has been made to construct a large monumental public work with the cooperation of both political parties, and that the public have been able to state that up to the present time the labor of the committee have been most harmonious to that end.

"The committee feel highly honored in having been entrusted by the leaders of the two parties with the duty and responsibility of supervising this work of national importance. They have taken every precaution in the selection of the architects, contractors, the organization of a board to obtain materials by public tender, to secure efficient supervision of the work, to free the erection of this building from all party influences and considerations, in order to ensure its completion at the lowest possible cost consistent with the best workmanship; and they have the utmost confidence that the steps which they have taken will achieve the results desired."

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Ottawa, Sept. 3.—An order-in-council has been passed by the government here which is designed to cope with interruptions which may occur at recruiting meetings. The order declares that the holding of recruiting meetings to encourage enlistment is legal not only indoors but in any public square or open space of any city, town or municipality.

It also states that it shall be lawful for any member of the expeditionary force to stand or remain on any public street or highway and there accept interview or converse with any man of military age who is willing to consider recruiting proposals. Further it states that it shall be an offense for any person by interruption or otherwise to interfere with or disturb the proceeding of its speakers who are advocating the recruitment of recruiting or to speak against or to obstruct, impede or interfere with any military officer, non-commissioned officer or member of the expeditionary force while lawfully engaged at any place where he is entitled to carry on his work of recruiting.

In such cases any military police or peace officer or any man belonging to the expeditionary force may arrest upon view and without warrant any person who so offends. Such person may be taken before a stipendiary magistrate or justice of the peace and punished in accordance with the regulations.

The punishment shall be imprisonment not exceeding two months, or a fine not exceeding \$100 or both fine and imprisonment. Second and subsequent offenses shall be punished by two months' imprisonment.

I. C. R. SUBURBAN CHANGES. Effective Monday, Sept. 4th.

The following suburban service between St. John and Hampton will go into effect. Train No. 338 leaves St. John, 9:00 a. m.; arrives Hampton, 9:55 a. m. Train No. 332 leaves St. John, 12:30 p. m.; arrives Hampton, 1:30 p. m. Train No. 340 (Sat. only), leaves St. John, 1:15 p. m.; arrives Hampton, 2:15 p. m. Train No. 334 leaves St. John, 6:15 p. m.; arrives Hampton, 7:15 p. m. Train No. 336 leaves St. John, 11:00 p. m.; arrives Hampton, 11:59 p. m. Train No. 331 leaves Hampton, 6:50 a. m.; arrives St. John, 7:50 a. m. Train No. 337 leaves Hampton, 10:20 a. m.; arrives St. John, 11:20 a. m. Train No. 335 leaves Hampton, 1:40 p. m.; arrives St. John, 2:40 p. m. Train No. 333 leaves Hampton, 7:20 p. m.; arrives St. John, 8:20 p. m.

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BULGARIANS ARE RETIRING BEFORE SERBS

Sorovitz Evacuated Every-thing Points to Bulgar Retreat Towards Monastir and a Possible Rout.

London, Sept. 4.—The Daily Chronicle publishes the following: "The Bulgarians began retirement from Sorovitz yesterday afternoon and are falling back toward the defiles of Kirildaven and Paniza. Late last night detachments of Serbian cavalry arrived before Sorovitz. The Bulgarians, it is stated, evacuated their positions at three important points of the line, namely, Tealtstar, Kieves and Patel. Their retreat toward the low-lying spurs of hills towards the east, and those bordering Florina and Monastir plain, continues. Bulgarian outposts in the Kastoria region are being withdrawn toward the north.

"In a ravine near Gornichevo, the Serbs discovered three Krupp guns, abandoned by the Bulgarians. Everything points to a retreat toward Monastir, and this may quite possibly be soon turned into a rout."

Pauline Frederick Signs Two-Year Contract with Famous Players.

Contrary to current rumor that she was to accept flattering offers from legitimate managers to return to the stage Pauline Frederick, the emotional actress who became a big screen star over night when she made her motion picture debut in the Famous Players adaptation of Hall Caine's drama "The Eternal City," has decided to remain upon the screen and has signed a two-year contract with the Famous Players Film Company. By the terms of this contract Miss Frederick becomes one of the few highest paid screen stars and automatically assumes her appearance in Paramount Pictures for the next two years.

The sudden rise of Pauline Frederick to a position among the very foremost emotional actresses on the screen and the tremendous popularity which she has won, has astounded to one who was not familiar with her stage career before she became a photoplayer. Having been successful in legitimate comedy, Miss Frederick has proved a positive sensation in "Innocent" and as Zuleika in the celebrated "Joseph and His Brothers" called as incomparable among the younger actresses of the emotional screen, and as the very height of her popularity on the stage. Miss Frederick surprised many of her friends by accepting the offer of the role of Donna Roma in "The Eternal City."

But the success which she scores in the production more than justifies Miss Frederick's decision and prompts her acceptance of an offer to remain exclusively upon the screen.

Thomas Melghan Returns to Lasky Studios in Hollywood.

After a vacation of several weeks, including a trip to New York, Thomas Melghan, leading man of the Jesse L. Lasky Feature Play Company, has returned to the studios of that concern at Hollywood, California, to begin work at once on a new production in which he will be featured.

The next photoplay in which Mr. Melghan will be seen, however, is "The Storm" in which he appears with Theodore Roberts in the principal support of Blanche Sweet. During his stay in New York Mr. Melghan was entertained by some of his former associates at the Lamb's Club.

Before joining the Lasky Company more than a year ago Mr. Melghan was well-known on the stage, having appeared in leading roles in support of some of the most famous American stars.

DIED. HEFFERNAN—At his parents' residence, 4 Bay Shore road, Ronald Francis, youngest son of Thomas and Effie Heffernan, aged 1 year and 18 days. Funeral today (Tuesday) at 2.30 p. m. from his parents' residence.

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BETW

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The following war flight in a written by Mr. H. correspondent of "News":

NEWS AND COMMENT FROM THE FINANCIAL WORLD

BRITISH BANKS AFTER TWO YEARS OF WAR

The Situation as Summed up by the London Statist—Deposits of 28 Banks increased £206,000,000.

Special to The Standard. London, Sept. 2.—The London Statist has a review of the British banks position as it is after two years of war, which presents some slightly different facts to those quoted from the Economist in the Gazette of a week ago. The details of the twenty-eight larger banks selected make a most remarkable showing. Deposits of these twenty-eight banks, in two years, have increased no less than £206,000,000 from £263,000,000 to £469,000,000, while, on the other hand, they have retained nearly £75,000,000 as cash in hand at the Bank of England, and their investments have shown the substantial increase of almost £178,000,000.

NEWS SUMMARY

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.) Sears Roebuck August sales increased \$1,988,768. Eight months' increase \$17,682,631. Midvale Steel directors are understood to have no intention of placing stock on dividend basis at their regular meeting, which has been called for September 5th. Senate agrees to vote on eight hour bill not later than 6 p. m. Bill passed house yesterday. Indications are that amendment increasing powers of Interstate Commerce Commission relating to hours and wages will be eliminated before bill passes the Senate. Railroads individually will begin attack on eight hour law as soon as President signs bill to its constitutionality. All railroads operating from St. Louis lift freight embargo except on perishable and live stock. Strike effective today called at Pittsfield, Mass., plant of General Electric Co. Failure of management to recognize union said to be cause. Fifteen L. and N. conductors file suit in circuit court at Louisville restraining union from issuing strike order. Summaries from 12 federal reserve districts show business good in the United States during month of August. Subway, elevated and surface cars in New York City vote to present to Interboro and New York Railways Co. ultimatum demanding an abandonment of two year contracts which company will ask. Bradstreet reports failures in United States this week at 230 against 337 last week, and 276 last year. Twelve Ind's 129.62 up 3.14. Twenty active rails 104.01 off 1.04. D. J. & Co.

KHAKI PROMINENT IN FREDERICTON LABOR DAY CELEBRATION

Labor Council in Church Parade Sunday and Picnic the Big Feature Yesterday.

Special to The Standard. Fredericton, Sept. 4.—Labor Day was generally observed in Fredericton as a public holiday, there being many visitors in town, including a large number from St. John. The Fredericton Labor Council held a church parade on Sunday, attending the Brunswick street Baptist church at the morning service. Today's big feature was the picnic held by the labor unions, the Fredericton brass band and the 236th O. S. Battalion, (New Brunswick Killies). The Fredericton brass band and the Killies pipe band headed a procession this afternoon to the Old Government House grounds. Scottish dances were given by Miss Myrtle Ross, daughter of Pipe Master W. H. Ross, and a party of boys from the Killies. All were attired in kilts and the dancing was heartily applauded by the several thousand people on the grounds. About dusk rain started and the evening's festivities had to be confined to inside the building.

DEATH OF CAPT. THE HON. ROLAND PHILLIPS.

The death, recently of Capt. the Hon. Roland Phillips, who was killed in action at the front, removes one of the most gallant members of the great Brotherhood of Boy Scouts. Capt. Phillips was, in every sense, a "good Scout." It was due mainly to his efforts that many troops sprang into existence throughout the British Isles. The point about his life, which should commend itself to every Scout in the world is that throughout his career as a "Scout" the ten Scout Laws were to him the guide in all that he did; therefore, he knew what he was talking about when he urged every Scout, whatever his work or place in the world might be, to stick to his promise and carry out those laws.

MUNICIPAL BOND SALES FOR MONTH OF AUGUST

Total Sales in Canada Last Month were \$807,297 as Compared with \$1,087,415 Same Month Year Ago.

Special to The Standard. Toronto, Sept. 2.—The Municipal bond sales in Canada for August as compiled by the Monetary Times amounted to \$807,297 compared with \$1,485,225 for July and \$1,087,415 for the corresponding period of last year. The following are the particulars of the sales in Canada by provinces: Ontario, \$483,746; Saskatchewan, \$123,426; Quebec, \$108,000; Manitoba, 79,525; Nova Scotia, \$12,500—total \$807,297. Comparing the record of August, 1916, with that for month just ended, the bond sales are as follows:

N. Y. QUOTATIONS

Table with columns: Open, High, Low, Close. Lists various commodities like Am Beet Sugar, Am Car. Fy, Am Loco, etc.

AUGUST INLAND REVENUE RECEIPTS.

Spirits	1915	1916
Raw Leaf	147.84	117.58
Cigars	570.00	468.00
Bonded mfrs.	401.45	339.44
Other receipts	4,761.86	4,562.10
Total	\$18,204.52	\$27,057.04
Increase for 1916		\$8,822.52

HIGHER MARKET PRICES FOR RAILROAD SHARES

Confidently Predicted in best Informed Circles—Companies Said to be in Strong Position Intrinsically.

(McDOUGALL & COWANS.) New York, Sept. 2.—Regardless of the burden put upon the railways at the present session of Congress in the way of new legislation higher market prices for representative railway shares are being confidently predicted in circles which often have prior knowledge of the plans of the large interests. The railroad stocks seem to be most favored for bullish commitments next week; U. P., N. Y. C., Rdg, Atch, and Norfolk. The companies represented are held to be in a strong position intrinsically, more so than most of the remainder of the list, and are in a condition to sustain increased burdens. The technical position of the market should be of a great strength upon the resumption of business next week. Very little foreign selling of stocks is reported. Careful investigations suggest that the Allies have held back this liquidation until the market is more "absorbent" after the railway crisis has passed. N. Y. F. B.

RICHARD RUDOLPH ESQ.

Dick Rudolph, Brave twirler, would now be Richard Rudolph, Esq., attorney-at-law, if his father had had his way. Rudolph, who will be twenty-seven tomorrow, was born in New York city, and from his infancy his father, a lhotype pounder on one of the New York papers, proposed to make a lawyer of him. He sent Dick to Fordham college, but, as Dick says, "I won so many ball games that I didn't have time to monkey with the law." He spent only a year in college, and then accepted an offer to twirl for Toronto. The Leafs sold him to the Giants in 1911, but he was turned back to Toronto and stuck there until sold to the Braves in 1913.

WORLD'S FIELDING RECORD.

Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 29.—Steve Yerkes, second baseman for the Atlanta Southern Association team, once with the world champion Red Sox and later a Federal Leaguer, has accepted 111 chances, twenty-two games without an error, and sport writers here claim the world's fielding record for him.

How Much Will You Be Worth After the War?

Here is an exceptionally attractive investment—a chance for good profits.

RUSSIAN BONDS

Investigate J. M. ROBINSON & SONS

LAST WEEK'S MARKETS AND WAR DEVELOPMENTS

General Feeling One of Confidence—Opening of the Dardanelles Now Regarded as an Early Possibility.

Special to The Standard. Montreal, Que., Sept. 2.—While there has been much in the way of developments during the week to keep the stock markets in a state of suspense, the general trend of values was upwards and despite the uncertainties the general feeling regarding shares is one of confidence. Abroad the markets of the Allied nations were greatly cheered by the entrance of Roumania into the conflict, the feeling being that this event would tend to shorten the war, although the Germans pretended to believe that it would prolong it. The outcome, however, was a sharp improvement in Russian exchange and a corresponding break in German and Austrian exchange. This more clearly than anything else, reflected the neutral feeling regarding the importance of the week's events from an international standpoint. The belief is that the entrance of Roumania will mean a much quicker solution of the Balkan problem and permit of the disposal of Bulgaria and Turkey. Following hard on the heels of the action of Roumania came the report of the abdication of the King of Greece with the accompanying assurance that no longer would the Allies be worried by the double-dealing of a court prevaricating with Teutonic intrigue. In fact it now seems assured that the long suffering disgrace which Greece has endured in the estimation of the world on account of the action of the court party will be wiped out and that in future her sympathies will be with the Allies.

The early disposal of Bulgaria and Turkey would mean the opening of the Dardanelles to Russia with all that means not only in a military but a commercial sense; the great stores of grain which cannot now be moved out of Russia would be freed and it was easy to see by the way wheat prices tumbled this week that it is regarded as within an early possibility that the Russian wheat will enter the market and thus make up the shortage which now exists and has been causing such high prices for foodstuffs.

CEMENT DIVIDEND A VERY LIVE ISSUE

Board's Policy Bitterly Assailed of Late—Friends of the Company Staunch in Defense of Line of Action.

Montreal, Sept. 2.—Further progress in the way of dividends took place this week, notable among which was the declaration of the arrears on Dominion Iron and Steel preferred. Then there was the much discussed Cement dividend of three per cent, which kept the market for the shares of that company on teeterhooks for a long time. It can be stated without fear of dispute that seldom has a dividend been so much discussed and criticized in the street. Not only has the policy of the board been bitterly assailed, but personalities indulged in which would be unfair to repeat. On the other hand, it is claimed by friends of the company that the board must know what it is doing, and being composed of responsible men, must be given credit for sufficient business integrity and perceptibility not to do anything out of range with sound finance.

DOMINION BRIDGE AGAIN TO THE FRONT

Feeling on Street that Some Action of Interest to the Shareholders May be Looked for Soon.

Special to The Standard. Montreal, Sept. 2.—The initiation of a dividend policy by Price Bros. was among the constructive incidents of the week just passed, this being the second pulp and paper issue to start payments on its common stock lately. Rlordon Paper having been placed on a 4 per cent. basis not long since. The feeling that Dominion Bridge will be in line for some action of interest to the shareholders before long brought that issue to the front again. The general industrial list moved within narrow price limits through the week.

FRANCIS S. WALKER

Sanitary and Heating Engineer
No. 16 Germain Street

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For each village or district where there is no one selling Saturday Evening Post, Ladies' Home Journal and Country Gentleman.
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G. ERNEST FAIRWEATHER

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THE VAUGHAN ELECTRIC CO. Ltd.

Electrical Engineers
Germain St. St. John, N. B.

EDWARD BATES

Carpenter, Contractor, Appraiser, Etc.
Special attention given to alterations and repairs to houses and stores.
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St. John, N. B.

Paul F. Blanchet

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT
Telephone Connection
St. John - and - Rothesay

Contractors' Supplies

Drill Steel in round and octagons, All sizes in stock. Steam drills, best kinds, Concrete Mixers, Ditching Machines, Steam and Air Drill Hoses, Wheelbarrows, Scrapers, Crane Dredging and Loading Chain, Steel Beams and Re-inforcing Steel.
ESTEY & CO., 49 Dock Street.

EXTENSION LADDERS

All Sizes.
H. L. & J. T. MCGOWAN, Ltd.
139 Princess St. St. John

ELEVATORS

We manufacture Electric Freight, Passenger, Hand Power, Dumb Waiters, etc.
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LATE NEWS AND VIEWS FROM SPORTING WORLD

HORSE RACING AT SACKVILLE YESTERDAY

Two Events on the Card and Both Well Contested—Good Crowd Saw the Races

Special to The Standard.

Sackville, N. B., Sept. 4.—Labor Day races on Sackville speedway this afternoon drew a large crowd and proved most interesting from start to finish.

Following is the summary of results:

Free-for-All (Mile Heats).

Lacopla, P. A. Belliveau, Moncton 1 1 1
 Tylas, A. W. Dixon, Sackville 2 2 2
 Red Light, Simpson Bros, Amherst 3 3 3
 Abegweit, Simpson, Bros, Amherst 4 4 4
 Dawn Ambulator, Thomas Dobson, Jolicoeur 5 5 5
 Time—2:20, 2:25, 2:23.

Trot and Pace (Half-Mile Heats).

Fredanno, N. B. Gould, Napan, N. S. 1 1 1
 Sable, A. Gray Prescott, Middle Sackville, N. B. 2 2 2
 Lonzella H. P. A. Belliveau, Moncton 3 3 3
 Fritz, E. C. Cook, Dorchester, N. B. 4 4 4
 St. Ratton, B. Thomas Dobson, Jolicoeur 5 5 5
 Time—1:11, 1:13, 1:12.

WHY THERE IS BUT ONE.

Many baseball fans have often wondered just why there is only one Ty Cobb. Dave Robertson is one answer. Dave has everything that Ty has in the way of physical ability—greater speed, a better arm, greater physical strength, a batting eye that should be supreme.

But when Ty comes upon a slump it means for him merely the beginning of a harder fight. His head never sags and he never eases up for a moment in his battle against a brief decline.

Robertson was batting .353. He looked to be one of the greatest of all time. Then the ever arriving slump came along and Dave became discouraged. He didn't sink and you couldn't say that he quit. But the discouragement was so heavy upon him that most of the rest, for the time being, went out of his life. While Ty was hacking away at his faults and fighting back grimly, Dave was wondering moodily when the slump would pass.

A FAMOUS SIRE.

The trotting horse world may well feel proud of Peter the Great (2:07 1/4). As a sire he has forty 2:10 performers to his credit, of which thirty-five are trotters. In 1915 sixty new standard performers sired by Peter the Great, entered the list. The fastest of his offspring is Peter Volo, 4 (2:02), the world's champion two, three and four year old trotter. Among the greatest futurity winners to the credit of Peter the Great are Peter Volo, 4 (2:02), Grace (2:04 1/4), Sadie Mac (2:06 1/4), Czarna (2:06 1/4), Peter Thompson, 3 (2:07 1/4), Olga, 2 (2:07 1/4), and Miss Harris M, 3 (2:07 1/4).

BASEBALL IN THE BIG LEAGUES

AMERICAN LEAGUE—MONDAY.

Detroit Takes Two Games.

Detroit, Sept. 4.—By defeating Cleveland, 11 to 8, this afternoon, after winning from the Indians, 7 to 5, this forenoon, Detroit swept within one game of first place. The score:

Morning game—
 Cleveland 02001100—5 10 3
 Detroit 11100000—7 11 1

Batteries— Morton, Bagby, Lambeth, Boehling and O'Neill, Coleman; Boland, Debus and Spencer.

Afternoon game—
 Cleveland 03000104—8 10 2
 Detroit 20010602—11 13 1

Batteries— Morton, Bagby, Lambeth, Boehling and O'Neill, Coleman; Mitchell, Boland, Daus and Stanaer.

Washington Wins Double-Header.

Washington, Sept. 4.—Washington easily took both holiday games from Philadelphia today, winning in the morning 2 to 0 and in the afternoon 3 to 1. The score:

Morning game—
 Philadelphia 00000000—0 5 1
 Washington 00000200—2 8 1

Batteries— Nabors and Pielnich; Shaw and Gharriy.

Afternoon game—
 Philadelphia 00100000—1 6 1
 Washington 30000000—3 7 1

Batteries— Bush and Pielnich; Ayers and Williams.

New York and Boston Break Even.

New York, Sept. 4.—New York broke even with Boston on the day, also on the four games, by defeating the world's champions this afternoon before a big crowd, the score being 4 to 3. Boston won the morning game 7 to 1. The score:

Morning game—
 Boston 000010510—7 11 1
 New York 00000100—1 5 1

Batteries— Ruth and Carrigan; Russell and Walters.

Afternoon game—
 Boston 00000000—3 6 2
 New York 00300001—4 8 1

Batteries— Leonard, Gregg, Wyckoff, Mays and Carrigan, Thomas; Shawkey and Alexander.

Chicago Wins Two from St. Louis.

St. Louis, Sept. 4.—Chicago outplayed St. Louis today, taking both games, 3 to 2 and 2 to 1. The score:

First game—
 Chicago 000001110—3 7 2
 St. Louis 10000001—2 6 1

Batteries— Williams and Schalk; Koob, Davenport and Hartley.

Second game—
 Chicago 11000000—2 6 0
 St. Louis 00001000—1 7 1

Batteries— Benz and Schalk; Plant and Rumlur.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Toronto Wins Both.

Toronto, Sept. 4.—Toronto won two games today from Rochester, the morning game 5 to 4, and the afternoon game, 9 to 0. The score:

Morning game—
 Rochester 10001100—4 11 1
 Toronto 00102000—5 9 1

Batteries— Way and Hale; McTigue, Herbert and Kritchell.

Afternoon game—
 Rochester 00000000—0 5 1
 Toronto 00011000—2 7 2

Batteries—Hill and Hale; Thompson and Kritchell.

Two for Buffalo.

Buffalo, Sept. 4.—Buffalo took two games from Montreal today, shutting them out 2 to 0 this morning, and winning this afternoon by a score of 3 to 1. The score:

Morning game—
 Montreal 00000000—0 5 1
 Buffalo 10000100—2 6 2

Batteries— Colwell and Howley; Pennock and Onslow.

Afternoon game—
 Montreal 00000001—1 5 1
 Buffalo 00021000—3 7 1

Batteries— Fullenweider and Madden; Tyson and Onslow.

Baltimore Wins Two.

Newark, Sept. 4.—Baltimore won twice from Newark this afternoon, taking the first game 3 to 1, and the second 5 to 4. The score:

First game—
 Baltimore 01000020—3 7 1
 Newark 00100000—1 5 1

Batteries— Crowell and McAvoy; Enright and Egan.

Second game—
 Baltimore 10001010—5 10 2
 Newark 00001002—4 8 1

Batteries— Tipple and McAvoy; Smallwood and Schwert.

Richmond and Providence Break Even.

Providence, Sept. 4.—Richmond and Providence broke even today, the Grays taking the morning game, 2 to 1, in the tenth inning, and Richmond capturing the afternoon contest, 7 to 2. The score:

Morning game—
 Richmond 00010000—1 7 2
 Providence 01000001—2 8 1

Batteries— Leake and O'Donnell; Peters and Brinard, Ricco.

Afternoon game—
 Richmond 10010110—7 13 1
 Providence 00000110—2 6 1

Batteries— Ross and O'Donnell; Schult, Billard and Ricco.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

(Monday.)

Boston Jumps into First Place.

Boston, Sept. 4.—Boston went into first place today by splitting even while Brooklyn was losing twice to Philadelphia. The Braves won the morning game, three to two, while New York took the afternoon contest, 8 to 2. The afternoon game was loosely played, each team making six errors. The score:

Morning game—
 New York 00001010—2 7 3
 Boston 00201000—3 7 1

Batteries— Tesreau and Ralriden; Hughes and Gowdy.

Afternoon game—
 New York 01001104—8 11 6
 Boston 10011000—3 8 6

Batteries— Sallee, Perritt and McCarty; Reulbach and Gowdy.

Philadelphia Wins Two.

Philadelphia, Sept. 4.—Before crowds which broke the record for a holiday at the National League holiday park today, Philadelphia twice defeated Brooklyn, 3 to 1, in the morning, and 10 to 3 in the afternoon. The score:

Morning game—
 Brooklyn 00000001—1 5 1
 Philadelphia 00110000—2 8 0

Batteries— Marquard, Pfeffer, Ruck-

er and Meyers; Miller; Mayer, Alexander and Kitcher.

Afternoon game—
 Brooklyn 10002000—3 10 4
 Philadelphia 00300100—10 10 0

Batteries— Cheney, Smith, Dell, Appleton, Malls and Miller; Rixey and Kitcher, Adams.

Pittsburg Wins Both.

Pittsburg, Sept. 4.—Pittsburg shut out St. Louis twice here today, the score in the morning game being 7 to 0, and the afternoon game 2 to 0. The score:

Morning game—
 St. Louis 00000000—0 4 4
 Pittsburg 10051210—7 11 1

Batteries— Meadows and Gonzales; Brottem; F. Miller and Fischer.

Afternoon game—
 St. Louis 00000000—0 4 1
 Pittsburg 10001000—2 6 1

Batteries— Watson, Lotz and Gonzales; Cooper and Fischer.

"Matty" and Mordcael Brown Meet Again.

Chicago, Sept. 4.—Christy Mathewson, the former idol of the New York fans, and now manager of the Cincinnati Reds, and Mordcael Brown, of the famous old Cub machine, met on the slab today, in the second game of a double-header here, their first meeting since 1912.

Mathewson was returned the winner, the score being 10 to 8. The score:

(First game)
 Cincinnati 00000000—0 5 1
 Chicago 20000100—8 15 2

Batteries— Schulz and Wingo; Prendergast and Archer.

(Second game)
 Cincinnati 01212011—10 14 1
 Chicago 20102000—8 15 2

Batteries— Mathewson and Wingo; Brown and Wilson.

American League Standing.

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Boston	72	57	.561
Detroit	74	57	.565
Chicago	72	58	.554
New York	68	60	.531
St. Louis	69	62	.526
Cleveland	68	63	.519
Washington	64	63	.504
Philadelphia	58	98	.222

National League Standing.

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Boston	71	48	.597
Brooklyn	72	49	.595
Philadelphia	72	49	.595
New York	58	60	.492
Pittsburg	58	67	.464
St. Louis	56	73	.434
Chicago	58	69	.457
Cincinnati	49	79	.383

International League Standing.

Team	Won	Lost	P.C.
Buffalo	73	52	.584
Providence	68	57	.544
Toronto	67	57	.540
Montreal	64	57	.529
Baltimore	66	61	.520
Richmond	57	69	.452
Rochester	54	67	.446
Newark	48	77	.384

RICO LOANED TO PROVIDENCE.

Chicago, Aug. 29.—Arthur Rico, the Braves' youngest catcher, is to be loaned to the Providence team of the International League. He left here with the rest of the squad and will go with it as far as Columbus and then continue the journey alone to Providence, reaching there tomorrow.

WELSH RETAINS HIS CHAMPIONSHIP TITLE

Accorded Decision on Points—Portion of Bleachers Collapses, Injuring More Than 100 Spectators.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Sept. 4.—Freddie Welsh retained his title of champion lightweight pugilist of the world today, after going the full scheduled 20 rounds with Charlie White of Chicago.

Referee Billy Roche, of New York, awarded Welsh the decision on points. As the gong sounded at the close of the twentieth round, Roche stood for several moments as if undecided. He then reached out both hands toward the boxers, and many of the spectators believed he was about to award a draw. Suddenly Welsh rushed over to Roche, and placed his glove in the referee's hand, and it was raised aloft, while the official appeared to be reaching for White.

The next instant jubilant friends of the champion swarmed into the ring. An unfortunate accident and unpleasant incident marred the beginning and end of the day's programme. Shortly before 2 o'clock a portion of the bleachers on the south side of the arena collapsed. More than a hundred persons were more or less seriously injured.

When Referee Roche announced his decision in favor of Welsh, the challenger's adherents appeared for the moment spell-bound. Then began a fusillade of hundreds of cushions, which were hurled from all directions at the referee. He was rushed through the crowd by friends and the police to a waiting automobile.

From a spectacular standpoint the battle was considered one of the poorest that has ever been fought for the highest ring honors in the lightweight division. For fully two-thirds of the time the fighters were locked in a succession of clinches. For this many spectators thought Welsh was largely to blame. Throughout the contest of 20 rounds scarcely a blow was struck by either man that did any damage. Of the blows exchanged White's carried the greater power. While Welsh frequently was on the aggressive, and did his share of the leading, it was noticeable that many of his blows fell short and failed to reach their mark. Roche stated after the fight that he awarded Welsh the decision for the reason that he did most of the leading.

SHUTOUT GAMES.

Now the dopsters are in with a denial that Alexander, when he turned in his thirteenth shutout, set a record for that sort of thing. They have discovered that back in 1910, when he was at his best, Jack Coombs figured in thirteen American league contests in which no run was made off him. The figures appear to be correct, but do not affect Alexander's record.

All of the Philly star's games were victories for his club. Coombs won only eleven, two of the battles going into overtime, and ending with neither team possessed of a run. Technically they were not shutouts, as there was no result. Alexander's record will stand.

A FREAK FEATURE.

A freak feature of the White Sox victory at New York recently was the scoring of three runs by the Sox on four pitched balls, with no hit good for more than one base. Here is the way it happened: Eddie Collins hit the first ball pitched by Morrige in the fourth inning for a single to center. Jackson hit the next one to center and Collins rapped on second. Felch hit the next one to center and when Magee's throw rolled through Baumann and to the stands Felch pulled up at third, both runners having scored. The first ball pitched by Fourmier was turned into a long sacrifice fly and Felch scored. Here were three runs and one out on four pitched balls. It cannot be done on less than, and such scoring is as rare as an unsatisfied triple play.

HOLIDAY RACING ON MOOSEPATH

Little Jimmy Wins Free-for-All—Victor Captures 2.25 Class—Billy the Kid Won from Binger Light.

The somewhat cool weather did not deter a large number of sportsmen from attending the races at Moosepath yesterday. There were four events on the card, including an automobile race. These brought forth keener competition than the placing indicates. The auto race was particularly exciting. Results are as follows:

Free for All.

Little Jimmy 1 1 1
 Border Prince 2 2 2
 Jennie Perrin 3 3 3
 Time—2:31 1/4, 2:28 1/4, 2:26 1/4.

2.25 Class (Half Mile Heats).

Victor 1 1 1
 Nan Patterson 2 2 2
 Time—1:16, 1:13, 1:16.

Match Race (Half Mile Heats).

Billy the Kid 1 2 1
 Binger Light 2 1 2
 Time—1:05 1/4, 1:12, 1:12, 1:12.

Auto Race, (5 Miles).

There were three competitors in this event, all driving Ford cars, the result being as follows: John Jones, first; E. Wilson, second; George Lawson, third. No time taken.

FLAGS TO BE PRESERVED.

Arrangements have been made whereby the flags which have flown over the Canadian Boy Scouts' hut at the front will be preserved as mementoes of the war and of the share that the Boy Scouts of Canada had in it. This action was suggested by Sir Robert Baden-Powell and was heartily approved of by the Canadian General Council of the Boy Scouts Association. At the end of the war the flags will be sent back to the Canadian Scout Headquarters. It is quite probable that they will be used as challenge flags for presentation to deserving troops.

SHAMROCKS AND THISTLES WON TWO GAMES EACH

Series of Five Games Was Opened Yesterday Morning—Four Played During Day.

The Shamrocks and Thistles began their series yesterday morning at nine o'clock. Two five-inning games were staged in the morning and two more in the afternoon. Each team won two games. This means that a fifth game will have to be played to decide the winners. It will probably be played on a Saturday afternoon.

The first game was won by the Thistles, 3-1, with McGuigan pitching and Dever catching.

The second game of the series fell to the Shamrocks with the score 4-1. Knudson and O'Toole played the heavy part.

In the afternoon the Thistles blanked the Shamrocks 2-0, and the Shamrocks reversed the goose egg, defeating the Thistles 9-0. Batteries for the Thistles, McGuigan and Dever, for the first game and O'Connor and McAnulty for the second.

For the Shamrocks Elliott and O'Toole played both games.

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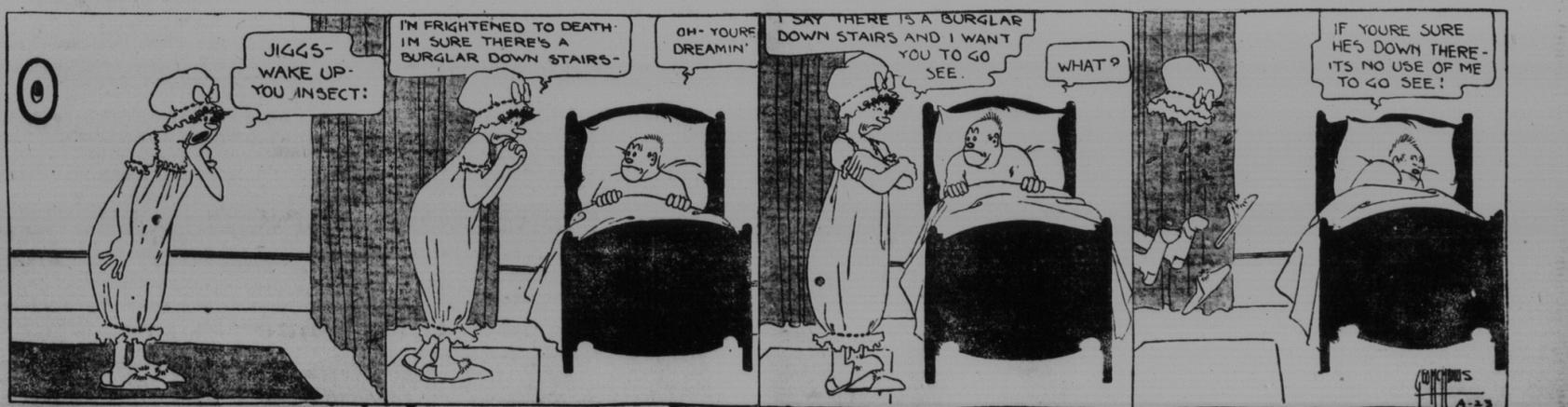
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Bringing Up Father



The St. John Standard

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ST. JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1916.

"We are fighting for a worthy purpose, and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved."—H.M. The King. TO THE PEOPLE OF THE EMPIRE—Every fighting unit we can send to the front means one step nearer peace.

THE VALLEY RAILWAY.

In the course of the present by-election campaign many references will necessarily be made to the Valley Railway, and the good people of Carleton County generally, and more particularly those living along the immediate route of the railway, will not be unmindful of the fact that they owe the great conveniences which the new transportation facilities afford them entirely to the good work of the present Government. Neither will they forget that throughout the whole period since the Government's proposals for the construction of the line were first announced by Hon. J. D. Hazen in 1910, its most bitter opponent has been Mr. F. B. Carvell, who has left absolutely nothing undone to prevent and hinder by every possible means—fair or foul, and mostly the latter—the acquisition by the people of the additional railway conveniences which this railway now affords. When the Hon. Mr. Hazen brought down legislation to permit of the road being built, Mr. Carvell's political friends were in power at Ottawa, and all the influence he, himself, possessed there and whatever other influences he could bring to bear, were concentrated in an effort to frustrate Mr. Hazen's proposals. Had Mr. Carvell and his political friends still been in power at Ottawa, the good people of Carleton would still be no nearer the acquisition of the excellent travelling facilities which the Valley Railway now gives them than they were twenty-five years ago.

Throughout his whole parliamentary career, Mr. Carvell has been a traitor to his constituents as far as the provision of increased railway facilities is concerned, and probably on very many other matters. When the route of the Transcontinental Railway through this province was under discussion in parliament, and an endeavor was being made by the Conservative representatives from the river counties to have that road brought down the Valley of the St. John River, one would naturally have thought that, knowing the tremendous convenience it would be to his constituents to have the additional railway facilities, he would have given his whole-hearted support to the movement to bring the railway down through his county. So he did at the outset; but as soon as he found that his political friends were more concerned with gaining some partisan advantage than considering the public convenience, and were determined to take the route of the road through the centre of the province where it serves no settlement, he threw the interests of his constituents to the winds and joined forces with those who were determined to keep the proposed additional travelling accommodation from the people of Carleton. And he has maintained the attitude of open and blatant hostility to the project ever since. Is it not about time that the people whom he misrepresents at Ottawa should demand of him the reason why?

Possibly, however, the fact that despite all his efforts to prevent them, they have now, thanks to the present Provincial Government, acquired the additional railway facilities which the Valley Railway gives them, is making the people of Carleton somewhat indifferent to Mr. Carvell and his follies. At the same time they cannot be unmindful of the fact that had they had to trust to Mr. Carvell and his friends to give them these facilities, they would not now have them. For years Mr. Carvell's political friends were in power in the province and also at Ottawa, and could—had they been so disposed—have taken steps to provide the railway. Instead of doing so, however, in the provincial arena they did absolutely nothing, and at Ottawa not only did they not try to provide the railway themselves, but did all in their power to destroy the efforts of those in the province who were trying to provide it.

The support of the electors of Carleton will go to the Hon. Mr. Smith and his colleague who support the Government which has provided these facilities which are now enjoying, facilities which are playing a considerable part in aiding in the development of the country and the welfare and prosperity of the residents in it, a condition of affairs that could not have come about had Mr. Carvell and his friends been allowed to have their way.

GRIT CORRUPTIONISTS.

One cannot but be impressed by the persistency with which the opposition press of New Brunswick seek to convey the impression that the Liberal party alone holds a monopoly of the virtue of honesty, and the words Conservative and corruption are synonymous. These newspapers have ignored the shameful revelations before the Haultain Commission in Saskatchewan, a court of inquiry which is engaged in probing the misdeeds of the government of that province, and which has brought much wickedness to light.

The report of that commission has just been handed in, and the Montreal Gazette, an absolutely safe and sane newspaper, in commenting upon it says in part: "Either through their political partisanship or because of poor material from which to choose, the voters selected as representatives so many men on the make that the Province of Saskatchewan has suffered in reputation from their doings. Two representatives, including one who held the office of Speaker, were declared by both commissioners to have obtained money for the use of their political influence in securing licenses to sell liquor. One was condemned as a briber, one was found guilty both of bribery and of taking money to secure the stalling of prosecutions."

In the case of Mr. McNab, a member of the Government, one commissioner says his evidence was by no means satisfactory, and indicates that certain prosecutions were withdrawn after an interview between Mr. McNab and a license holder. The other commissioner finds there was no evidence to support the charge on which he would be warranted in imputing wrongdoing. Mr. McNab's is a case of a verdict of not proven rather than of not guilty. His usefulness as a political man henceforth will and should be small. In Saskatchewan one party has been in power for many years. Its members have become careless as to their conduct. In like circumstances in other provinces, offenses involving greater sums have been charged and proven. None more dangerous have been alleged anywhere, however. When representatives undertake to advance their financial or political fortunes by tampering with the course of justice the punishment should be severe and swift.

The Standard recently published a resume of the evidence adduced before that commission. It made a complete case against the grafting Grits in control of Saskatchewan affairs.

To date the New Brunswick opposition press has found it convenient to ignore the whole matter. Why? The answer is obvious.

GERMANY AND THE NETHERLANDS. Cable reports of increased tension between the Netherlands and Germany should be taken with the proverbial grain of salt. Either of them is of too much commercial advantage to the other to make a rupture probable, despite accounts of Zepplins hovering over the land of dykes, or the occasional sinking of its ships. Such may possibly be but drawing a Dutch herring across the trail. Cold trade returns from an unimpeachable English source are more convincing, and are worth reproducing. They are as follows: "The difference between the figures for the first six months of 1914 and 1916 is amazing. In butter, Holland's export to Germany rose from 8,000 to 19,000 tons; cheese, 6,000 to 46,000; cocoa powder, 1,000 to 3,000; eggs, 8,000 to 20,000 tons; meat, 6,000 to 40,000, and potato flour from 21,000 to 62,000 tons. The exports to England in the same period are no less remarkable. The export of butter fell from 3,625 tons to 97 tons; cheese, 9,703 to 688; cocoa powder, 3,068 to 2,020; eggs, 4,591 to 591; meat, 34,434 to 1,630 tons; potato flour, 15,535 to 6,932."

As the same authority states, Holland—glad enough of the English market in peace—has deserted it for the higher prices offered by Germany in its desperation. It is a familiar saying that it is hard to beat the Dutch in commercial deals, but it is not at all improbable, in the final analysis, that they will find they have over-reached themselves.

TRAVEL IN ENGLAND IN WAR TIME

London, Aug. 30.—If there had been no war, the great London railway terminals would have presented, for several days at the beginning of August, the most animated spectacle of the year. Christmas, Easter, Whitsuntide—the traffic on these festivals bears no comparison with that at the period of the main summer vacation. Now, far more than at any other time, families migrate en masse, in response to the attractions of the seaside and the country. The schools have just broken up, and the children have the chance of a thorough holiday. Accordingly, in normal times, a caravanserai who wished to represent the utmost congestion, confusion, bewilderment, and general chaos that can attend traveling by rail would take his stand at one of the big stations in the early days of August.

Such would have been the scene this year if there had been no war. It is necessary to add that it has been just the same though there is a war. All reports agree that the trains have never been more overcrowded or the baggage departments more hopelessly overwhelmed by the demands of passengers. Great stocks of baggage have been dumped on some of the station platforms and left there for hours or even days together. Yet there have been no cheap excursions this year. Officially there have been no August holidays. Both the ordinary bank holiday and the supplementary public holiday announced to take the place of that forfeited at Whitsun were cancelled by royal proclamation. The cancellation has not been a mere pretence, for the business of stores and offices has gone on as usual and the munitions workers everywhere have been keeping their noses closely to the grindstone.

Explanation of the Congestion.

How, then, is all this congestion to be accounted for? For one thing, a good many people not employed on specific war work or in Government offices have come to the conclusion that their health requires them to take rest and change under present conditions no less than formerly, and they have packed up their trunks accordingly. For another thing, large numbers of munitions workers have been making a much bigger wage than in their previous occupations, and so, though not taking any time off themselves, they have been able to spend more than usual on a holiday for their wives and children. For such passengers as are traveling there are fewer year-fewer trains to carry them, fewer porters to handle their baggage, and fewer taxis to bring them to the station—hence, in large measure, the general aspect of chaos. The shortage of taxi-cabs results from new restrictions on the supply of petrol, which are producing such far-reaching effects that they deserve to be noticed in some detail. In one instance a family from Hampstead—one of the most "high-toned" of the London suburbs—were observed making their way to the station with their baggage on a slow-going vegetable cart, which they had hauled when in despair of any other means of transport.

Since August 1 the whole country has been placed "on rations" as regards the use of petrol. The main cause is the enormous consumption of this fuel by the army. According to the Motor, the British advance north of the Somme increased the consumption of petrol at the front by a million gallons a week. The same journal states that the huge "caterpillar" tractors, which haul up the big guns with every forward movement, have a tank capacity of ninety gallons and use up a gallon of petrol per mile.

Boom in Cycling.

The petrol restrictions ought certainly to stimulate the use of electric motors and to quicken the ingenuity of inventors of carburetors. One thing they have always done is to create a boom in cycling. This has come about in two ways. Many motorists—especially motor-cyclists—have had to take to their discarded "push-bikes" to meet their own needs. Other persons who had been driven off the roads by the aggression of the motorists are resuming pedalling exercise now that it has become comparatively safe and comfortable again. A newspaper correspondent who has been touring for a week in the north of England cheerfully reports that "it is now possible for the weary cyclist to push uphill, taking the whole width of the road in his meanderings without being irritated from the rear by the snappy snort of a car while he is smothered at the front by a plunging motor bicycle." The cycle firms are inundated with demands for new machines, especially for women, some of whom want them to ride to city offices or to munition works and others to carry their purchases home from the stores. Juvenile machines are also selling well in consequence of the roads having become so much safer for young people.

Without a doubt the petrol order now in force is only the prelude to more drastic limitations. Mr. Harcourt warned the House that it might presently be necessary to stop Sunday motoring. The one gleam of hope for the motorist is the announcement just made by an official of the Licensed Vehicle Workers' Union that a satisfactory substitute for petrol has been found in the form of an entirely British chemical production, not paraffin, which is obtainable in large quantities at a reasonable cost.

SERBIA'S ADVANCE.

By Claude Askew. The hour so earnestly desired by every Serbian has begun. The Bulgarian posts on the ridge running parallel with the Greek frontier north of Videna have been attacked by the Serbians and carried. First blood has been drawn, and the Serbs are now holding the ridge, even against the

Little Benny's Note Book

Me and pop and ma was going to the movies, and pop sed, Cant you wate a half an hour, mother, I want to smook a cigar ferst and put a finger on the pulse of the world with the aid of the evening paper. Then Ill start now and save a seat for you, sed ma. But how can you give a seat, the seats arent reserved, sed pop. Ill save one for you, dont worry, sed ma, you know about wate we always sit, well, look for us eround there. And me and her went to the movie place, not being meny people there yet, and ma sat down and took her hat off and put it on the seat next to her, and pritty soon a lot of people started to come in, but not pop, and after a wile the only seat left was the one with mas hat on it, and a man came up and sed, Fardin me, madim, but is that sed reserved? It is, sed ma. I jest wanted to know, sed the man. And he went eround looking for another one, being a little man with his stummok to big for him, saying, Maybe people will stand things like that in Prussia, but it wont be here. Pritty soon another man came up, saying, Is this seat taken, Med-im? Most assurantly, sed ma. I jest thawt Id inquire, sed the man. Being a tall skiny man with a gold tooth, and he went away, and pritty soon a lady came up, being a lady with a pointy chin and a little black hat, saying, Id like to sit down heer, please. But this seat is reserved, sed ma. Nonsensia, theres no reserved seats heer, sed the lady, and ma sed, But dont you see my hat is on it, Im expecting my husband. Thats to bad, but you shoof of brawt your husband with you, these seats are for whoever gets heer ferst, do you want me to sit on your hat? sed the lady. I dont advise you to zy it, and I dont think mutch of your man-saying, sed ma. And she took her hat off the seat and the lady sat down. What really rejoices the heart of the army, however, are the "crapouillots," or "little toads," the new kind of small but particularly effective cannon which have now been introduced by the French—the original system being German.

I was shown these guns the other day by a most obliging French officer who was in command of the division of mounted artillery attached to the Serbian army, and not only were the weapons thoroughly explained to me, but the whole process was gone through of preparing one of them for action, and now the next time I see these guns working it will not be in mimic warfare—it will be the real thing—it will be Serb against Bulgar!

French have most scrupulously carried out their undertaking to Serbia. The horses that have recently arrived are well selected, and the cavalry are delighted with their new mounts. What really rejoices the heart of the army, however, are the "crapouillots," or "little toads," the new kind of small but particularly effective cannon which have now been introduced by the French—the original system being German.

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Bulgars Alarmed. It is a fact that the Bulgarians are disturbed in spirit by the knowledge that the Serbs are once more buckling on their war harness. The whole tone of their Press indicates this. Latterly they have taken to saying that there is no Serbian army at all—a lie they will soon have to eat. The Serbian soldiers look very fit and capable today. It is impossible to believe that they are the same men who staggered, frozen and famished, across the Albanian mountains. Many of the troops are difficult to recognize as Serbs since with their general new outfit, they have adopted the metal helmets which have been presented to them by the French, and it is strange to see a Serb without his characteristic "koplj."

The commissariat is in fine working order today. The Serb, who cannot live without his bread, has now all he needs and more. There have been days when, owing to the political situation, the townspeople at Salonika have found it difficult to obtain bread, but the army has not been allowed to suffer. The new field kitchens are excellent—in fact, the

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The Police Court.
In the Police Court Saturday three drunks were fined the usual amount. A sixteen year old youth was fined \$8 for lying and lurking in an alley off Elm street. Arthur Bowes, Cornelius Muse, James Hogan and Thomas

Green were charged with stealing an automobile. The car is owned by Mr. Hamm and was taken from Frank Donnelly's stable on Coburg street Friday night. The arrest was made by County Policemen Saunders. The prisoners were remanded.

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It not only softens the water but doubles the cleansing power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

LABOR DAY FETE WAS ONE OF MOST SUCCESSFUL YET HELD

Barrack Square Thronged With People Gathered to Enjoy Amusements Provided Under Auspices of Rotary Club, Labor Unions and Other Organizations.

Labor Day, Monday, September 4th, will long be remembered as an epochal event in the history of this city. It was a day set aside by the various labor organizations, patriotic societies and citizens in general to swell the funds of the organizations working for patriotic purposes, and they achieved their object.

The Barrack Square was chosen as the place to hold the fete. It was an ideal location. The spacious grounds furnished plenty of room for promenading, besides affording ample space for the amateur booters to sell their wares.

Preparations had been carried on a week previous for the event. Stands had been erected, booths and according to the vendors' own style of architecture, Greek architecture giving way to that of the present day, viz. square booths covered with the colors of the host nations. However, notwithstanding last week's preparations, as early as eight o'clock yesterday morning a busy body of workers were on the grounds putting on the finishing touches. After seeing the way in which the ladies worked during the forenoon one would almost believe in votes for women. There was a lady here with a saw, another over there with a hammer, all working for success.

The men looked after the heavy work. The way the tents were erected would make the canvas boss of Barnum and Bailey's circus go some to equal the performance. Everyone worked with a will; each had his work to do and he did it.

The gates were thrown open to the public at sharp 10 o'clock and citizens at once commenced to gather there. From every corner of the square one could hear the ending of the patriotic money-rollers. "Here you are, three balls for ten"; "Step right this way, the ladies play as well as the men"; "Win a pair of blankets, or a box of chocolates and a dollar bill"; "Get your seats on the grandstand early"; and the old familiar along the pike "Hot dogs right from the fire." Such were the selling phrases hurled at one from every side.

Seated in the western end of the grandstand was the Calais band. The St. John Brass Band was also present with one of the best programmes of musical numbers played by them this season. The music was popular and lively, just the kind for such a day. The people wanted lively music and they got it in good measure.

Attractions.
The only imported act for the day was the dog show. This act was mediated upon by the management when it was found impossible to get the Southern Minstrels. This novel act is known as Gansler's Canine Stars, and the name "Stars" is justified by the act. The dogs, pure white, and seven in number, perform numerous difficult feats. One would almost expect them to say "Thank you," for the encore which they regularly evoke. They drew good crowds during the afternoon and the show was still meeting with the approval of the public during the early part of the evening.

The attractions numbered twenty-three. When entering the gate the first booth was the "hot dogs." This was conducted by the capable and efficient culinary expert, Miss Grace Kubring, assisted by four young ladies, neatly attired in white dresses and wearing chefs' caps. There was no need of anybody leaving the grounds hungry. A nickel would satisfy the inner-man until one reached home.

Booth No. 2 was in charge of the Red Cross ladies, members of the Valcartier Chapter, I. O. D. E., and De Monts Chapter. Here one could purchase a light lunch, consisting of cake, sandwiches, nutbread, milk, coffee and cocoa. Besides the above named societies members of the Canadian Club, St. Monica's Society and Young Women's Patriotic Society assisted in serving. The following ladies were in charge of the tent in the afternoon: Mrs. J. McAvity, president of the Red Cross Society; Mrs. A. W. Adams, regent of De Monts Chapter, and Miss R. McAvity, regent of Valcartier Chapter.

The next booth, which was artistically decorated with bunting and flags was in charge of the Soldiers' Comfort Association. Reproductions of scenes at the front, as well as picture post-cards were here offered for sale by Mrs. W. H. Shaw.

The check booth was next on pickers' row, but owing to the cool weather very few wraps were cooked. Miss D. Brown and Miss B. Dobson were in charge.

The wheel of fortune came next. It was operated by Mr. John Kemp, who made a splendid booster for the mode of money raising. It was a case of playing a quarter with a chance of winning a dollar. Some won, others did not, but the cause was good.

The ice cold drinks conducted by the European War Veterans' Association was next in line. In spite of the cool weather this booth did a fairly good business. Joseph Tebo and George Curran, both returned soldiers, supplied the weary travellers with a long cool refreshing drink for a five cent piece.

The big wheel of chance came next, and it sure was a money producer.

This wheel was operated by Charles Whittaker, who fairly made his listeners pawn their watch for a chance to win a pair of cotton blankets, or a box of chocolates and a dollar. The wheel of chance helped materially to swell the patriotic fund.

Booth No. 7 gave the ladies an opportunity to win a silver cake basket. This was known as a bean board. The winner of the cake basket was the one making the highest aggregate score.

The bowling alley gave those in need of physical exercise an opportunity to develop their muscles. Following the bowling alley was the men's bean board, operated by F. W. Ferris. The prize for the bean board for the men was a pair of boots.

The doll rack, under the care of A. P. Saunders, was the next attraction. "Tuna Sally" could be heard at the farthest corner of the field.

Break-his-heart was the next stunt to separate a man from his money. There was many a man broke his pocketbook trying to break his heart. J. E. Tigue, assisted by W. M. Halliday of the Painters' Union, was in charge of break-his-heart.

The Plumbers' Union had charge of the next three booths, viz.: "Ring the hook," "Cover the can," and "Pin the donkey's tail." The last amusement furnished any amount of fun. The three attractions were well patronized. J. P. O'Brien was in charge of the "Cover the can."

Booth No. 15 was in charge of J. G. Dryden and L. Gorman, representatives of the European War Veterans' Association. Here the usual cool drinks were dispensed by the active clerks.

The Young Women's Patriotic Association were in charge of the home-made cooking booth and reported a thriving business. Miss J. Church, Miss Moore, Miss McKay, Miss Ferris and the Misses G. Wales, L. Clarke, W. Dunbrack and K. Murdoch, acted as salesladies.

Booth No. 17, "Cover the stars and circles," or "Spot the spot," for a valuable prize, operated by J. Burrs, representing the Plumbers' Union, did a rushing business. The crowd were reluctant to leave the "Spot the spot."

Booth No. 18, that of the Loyalist Chapter, I. O. D. E., gave the buying public a chance to win a half a ton of coal for ten cents. The winning number is not known, but with coal selling in price, the party is certainly in good fortune.

The "Lucky Star" was without a doubt the prettiest booth on the grounds. The Brunswick Chapter deserve credit for the artistic way in which the booth was decorated. The trimmings used were bunches of gold, green and golden red with yellow and white bunting.

The Royal Standard Chapter, I. O. D. E., were in charge of the home-made candy booth.

Business in the confectionery line was never better. Candy was offered for sale to suit every pocketbook. The fortune telling booths were in charge of the same society.

The Sports.
The results of the sports held during the afternoon in front of the grandstand were as follows:
120 yard hurdle—First heat, W. Smith, 1st, 19:15; R. J. Murray, 2nd, 20:00.
Second heat, H. Porter, 1st, 23:25; B. Garnet, 2nd.
Final—R. J. Murray, 1st, 17:25; H. Porter, 2nd.

250 yard hat, valued at \$2.50, second, a pair of gent's outing shoes.
The running high jump—D. Smith, 1st, height 5 ft. 1 in., 2nd, J. C. Somerville, 5 ft. 2 in. This event furnished considerable excitement as it was closely contested. Both athletes jumped 5 ft. 2 in., but neither was able to clear 5 ft. 4 in., so the judges decided to start the men again at 5 ft.

The first prize, a pair of boots, was won by Smith; the second prize, an umbrella, was awarded to Sommer ville.
P. Perry won the 12lb. shotput, with 36 ft. A. McInnes won second prize, putting the shot 35 ft. 10 1/8 in.
First prize a half ton of coal, second prize a safety razor.
100 yards dash—First heat—F. Perry, 1st, 10:25 sec.; F. Garnett, 2nd, 11:00 sec.
Second heat, B. Garnett 1st, 10:35 sec. J. Anglin 2nd.
The final heat was won by Perry. Time 10:35 sec., with Anglin 2nd.
First prize a silver cup, second a leather suit case.
The running hop, step and jump

SONS OF ENGLAND DECORATE GRAVES

Marlborough Lodge Pays Tribute to Departed Members — Decoration Day Brings Profusion of Flowers

Marlborough Lodge No. 207, Sons of England, on Sunday, 2nd inst., observed its annual decoration day. A committee composed of E. A. Lawrenson, F. J. Punter, C. W. Till, A. F. Webb, W. Shepherd and C. Ledford attended Fernhill cemetery in the morning, and G. Maxwell, G. H. Lewis, A. E. Logan, A. F. Webb, F. J. Punter, C. Ledford, C. W. Till at Cedar Hill cemetery in the afternoon. They appreciate the assistance given them by Frank Fisher, St. John, and Mr. Nelson, of New York, who is visiting C. W. Till, of Summer street.

The graves decorated at Fernhill were those of J. Hamblet Woods, J. H. Murray, J. H. Scammell, R. A. Mathers, H. Noakes, C. J. Ward, J. Stephens, J. Aiston, Jr., W. T. Gard and Theron Walker.

At Cedar Hill the graves decorated were those of R. T. Jackson, Geo. Pile, C. J. Knott, E. Goodens, J. Hargreaves, Thos. Duffin, W. R. Brown, J. E. Stubbs, Wm. Boone, Louis Thoroughgood, S. H. Elderfield, H. W. Simmons and R. Rawlings.

The Field of Honor Lot was also visited at Fernhill cemetery and the eight graves of the soldiers were each decorated.

The contributors of flowers were so numerous that it would be impossible to mention all the donors.

Buried in France somewhere are the bodies of Geo. South and C. L. Whittaker, who were killed in action; A. Haydon, Calgary; L. H. Belyea, Brown's Plate, N. B.; R. P. Peake, North Sydney, N. S.; W. A. Ronkey, Lunenburg, N. S.; W. E. G. Hartley, Montreal, whose graves will be decorated by friends of the lodge. One member was lost at sea, viz. A. S. Major.

The beautiful service at each cemetery was conducted quietly as usual by Messrs. Lawrenson, Punter, Ledford, Webb, Till, Lewis, Maxwell and A. E. Logan, and was most impressive. The graves of several friends were also decorated.

was cancelled as there were no entries.

The Tug of War.
The much talked of tug-of-war between the police officers and the St. John Street Railway Company was the last event for the afternoon. It took three pulls to decide the winners. Both teams were in fine fettle. There was considerable excitement among the police officers and railway employees when this event was called. The teams pulled for three minutes. The policemen won the first pull the railway men the second, and the final was won by the policemen.

The line-up of the victors was: Officers McLeese, Ross, Journeay, Hayes, McInnes and Donahue. Sergeant Baxter acted as captain with Officer Hopkins as chief coach.

The railway employees' team was made up of the following: Ira Ferris, Fred Campbell, T. Mitchell, P. Moore and J. Wood. The team was coached by Z. Toole and captained by C. B. McLean.

It began to rain after the tug-of-war was over and the crowd dispersed. A few remained reluctant to leave a place furnishing so much enjoyment. It was decided to bring the fete to a close at six o'clock, much to the disappointment of the promoters, who were doing a thriving business. Notwithstanding, the affair was a brilliant success socially and financially and the people of St. John should feel highly gratified to learn that a large sum has been raised for a worthy cause.

Humphrey's Solid School Shoes

Sensible, shapely, strong, and keep their shape.

Ask Your Dealer

if You Want
Glasses to prevent headache, or for any other purpose, a broken frame repaired, or lens replaced. Bifocal lenses re- cemented, a new part for your glasses. An artificial eye. To know if you need glasses, call on
S. GOLDFEATHER,
Graduate Optician, 625 Main St.
Out of the high rental district.
Store open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

FUNERALS

The funeral of Grace Doris Pollock, aged five years, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Pollock, took place on Saturday from her parents' residence, Champlain street, West St. John. Services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Jenner and interment was at Cedar Hill.



OPENING FALL FASHIONS

Just take a peep at the new fall suits for men and young men.

Prosperity togs — the kind you'll enjoy wearing and we enjoy supplying.

A credit to our customers and a credit to this store. Prices \$12.50 to \$32.

Close fitting suits for young men at \$20 that are the best style Canada can produce.

GILMOUR'S
68 King Street

The Child's Sight

There should never be any question in the mind of any parent concerning the advisability of having their children's eyes examined from time to time.

Good eyesight is essential to good health and good school work.

Watch the children, bring them to us at the first indication of eye-strain.

The Optical Shop
107 Charlotte St.

Sugared Corned Beef and Cabbage
Good for Dinner

We have Raspberries, Blackberries and Blueberries arriving fresh daily

Vanwart Bros.
Cor. Charlotte and Duke
Sts. Tel. M. 108

A Pure Food Bread
With a Taste of Its Own
BUTTERFUL
Pure Nourishing
TRY IT. Cleanly

D. J. HAMILTON
Dealer in
Poultry, Meats, Hides and All Kinds of Country Produce.
STALL A, CITY MARKET, Phone M. 1358.

FRESH FISH
HALIBUT, CODFISH, SHAD AND SALMON.
JAMES PATTERSON,
19 and 20 South Market Wharf, St. John, N. B.

A. L. CODWIN
WHOLESALE FRUITS
36-38 Germain St.
St. John, N. B.

S. Z. DICKSON
Produce Commission
Merchant
STALLS 8, 9, 10 AND 11 CITY MARKET
Telephone Main 252 Terms Cash.
ST. JOHN, N. B.

HAY, OATS and FEED

At Lowest Cash Prices

St. John Milling Co. Ltd.

Tel. West 8
Rodney Wharf

First Aid!

In case of severe toothache rush your patient to one of our offices where instant relief may be obtained.

We do work painlessly and well.
Boston Dental Parlors

Head Office Branch Office
527 Main Street 35 Charlotte St.
Phone 683 Phone 38
DR. J. D. MAHER, Proprietor.
Open 9 a. m. Until 9 p. m.

J. LEONARD HEANS
ARCHITECT.
84 Germain Street St. John.
Phones:
Office M 1741 Residence M 1239-11

DO YOUR FALL CLEANING ELECTRICALLY WITH A FRANTZ PREMIER. ASK **HIRAM WEBB & SON** 91 GERMAIN ST. FOR FREE DEMONSTRATION.



Crutches, Trusses, Elastic Stockings.

Best quality always in stock
The ROYAL PHARMACY
47 King St.

Salmon
We still have a good supply of choice Harbor Fish.
Smith's Fish Market
Sydney St. Phone 1704

LANDING
50 Tons
MIDDLINGS
50 Tons
BRAN

C. H. PETERS SONS, Ltd.
Peters Wharf

"STRAFFING" OF N. C. O.'S CAMPS

Lord Grey and a Broken Agreement.

Viscount Grey has taken up serious... through the American Embassies in London and Berlin, the question of the treatment of British non-commissioned officers in German camps for prisoners of war.

The Foreign Secretary wrote to the American Charge d'Affaires in London on August 14 as follows:— There is abundant evidence that the German Government are not observing the agreement into which they entered with His Majesty's Government that British and German non-commissioned officers who are prisoners of war should not be employed in any capacity other than that of supervisors.

From the report on the camp at Langensalza it appears that prisoners who are unwilling to work ("unwilling") are removed from the main division of the camp to a part specifically set apart as "Strafarbeiten" for unwilling. These "unwilling" among whom thirty British non-commissioned officers are included, are not permitted to smoke, to play cards, to have hot water for tea, or to attend or play games.

At Glissen, as appears from Mr. Page's note of July 27, the non-commissioned officers are compelled to do six or seven hours' exercise every day in order to make them volunteer to work. A similar complaint has been received from Wittenberg.

At Neu-Strelitz, where there are a considerable number of non-commissioned officers, from Mr. Page's note of June 13 that no theatre, music, or other recreation is permitted on the ground that no special privileges are to be accorded to non-commissioned officers unwilling to volunteer for work.

At Minden, as appears from Mr. Page's note of the 2nd May, 301 British non-commissioned officers have been assembled from other camps, and to amusements or recreations are permitted them on account of their refusal to volunteer for work. It is clear that their concentration at Minden and their treatment there are designed to convince them that it is to their interest to volunteer to work.

It is to be noted that of these 301 non-commissioned officers five are sergeant majors, who are entitled to, but are not receiving, preferential treatment in accordance with the Note Verbale from the German Government of the 22nd January.

At Cologne, as appears from Mr. Page's note of the 7th June, no fewer than six British non-commissioned officers are imprisoned in the Festungsgefangnis for refusal to work. His Majesty's Government have hitherto observed the agreement as regards non-commissioned officers both in the spirit and in the letter, and had confidently looked for a similar observance on the part of the German Government.

No German non-commissioned officer in the hands of His Majesty's Government is compelled to work, nor is any pressure, direct or indirect, brought to bear to induce him to volunteer to work. His Majesty's Government hold the view that the refusal of a non-commissioned officer to work cannot justify the withdrawal of any of the privileges of his rank or of any of the amenities in the way of recreation or otherwise which would ordinarily be accorded to him.

If the German Government refuse to accept this view and to act in accordance with it, His Majesty's Government will to their regret be compelled to adapt their treatment of German non-commissioned officers to that accorded to British non-commissioned officers by the German Government.

Viscount Grey would be greatly obliged if Mr. Gerard could be requested to bring the foregoing to the notice of the German Government and to inform them that, unless a reply is received from them within a reasonable time, His Majesty's Government will have to assume that the German Government do not intend to perform their part of the agreements which His Majesty's Government have concluded with

them respecting the treatment of non-commissioned officers. Viscount Grey has the honor to add, in reference to Mr. Gerard's despatch of the 23rd June, that lance corporals are not non-commissioned officers. Their rank is that of private, and they are not exempt from manual labor under the agreement with the German Government relative to the employment of non-commissioned officers.

Sour Food and Sick Men.

The Erfurt and Langensalza camps were visited on behalf of the American Embassy in Berlin on May 18 and 19 by Dr. A. E. Taylor and Dr. D. J. McCarthy. The main complaints were from the men at Langensalza. In the "unwilling" (or north) division—the "Strafarbeiten"—61 of the 575 prisoners were British, and the British were in the middle, which was dark and stuffy. Dr. Taylor tasted the food, which is supplied by a contractor and "was composed largely of sauerkraut and potatoes with a small amount of dried fish. The dish presented the appearance of a soft potato mush. It had not only the sour taste of the sauerkraut, but had in addition an acrid and disagreeable flavor."

Writing to the American Ambassador in London on June 27 the Foreign Secretary said:— Sir E. Grey has the honor to draw attention to the unsatisfactory features referred to in the reports, having no doubt that Mr. Gerard will take any action which may be possible with a view to their removal.

Sir E. Grey notes that no letters had been received by the British prisoners of war at Erfurt for six weeks, and that this circumstance was stated by the German authorities to be possibly due to the transfer of the prisoners from Erfurt to Langensalza. Inasmuch as a similar complaint was made by the prisoners at Langensalza, the delay in delivering the letters must be attributed to some other cause at present unexplained.

It is evident from the report on Langensalza that the light and ventilation of the central barracks of the North Division of the camp are very defective, and that the food provided is very unsatisfactory.

Sir E. Grey hopes that a fresh water supply for night use in the North Division may be provided, as it is natural that the prisoners should be reluctant to use a supply which was previously under suspicion of being typhoidal.

The complaint of Corporal E. Snowden, 13th Canadian Battalion, that he had been roughly handled and kicked by a German under-officer is a serious one.

Sir E. Grey hopes that the new Commandant at Langensalza will investigate the complaints of the sick and wounded men in the Northern Division who appear to have been penalized for refusing to perform work, which, having regard to their physical condition, they should not have been required to perform, and that Mr. Gerard will be able to communicate the result of the investigations in due course.

Putting Back the Clock. People were busy on Sunday night at about eleven o'clock re-adjusting their timepieces by putting the hands back one hour. It was not necessary, however, for all owners of clocks and watches to make any alteration, as throughout the recent period of daylight saving many, either for business reasons or because of sentimental objections to even a temporary interference with the methods of Old Father Time, took no notice of the request made earlier in the year to help in forwarding the aims of the daylight advocates. As has been pointed out from time to time, although some inconvenience has been occasioned to a few the general consensus of opinion is that the plan has worked well and that it will continue to find favor both for business and private purposes.

Rough For Small Boats. With Sunday and Labor Day making a double holiday a large number of people took advantage of the same and "took" up the river in motor boats on Saturday and Sunday. The weather proved anything but pleasant and during the two days it was very cold. The high wind caused a heavy sea to run in Grand Bay and the Reach and it at times proved too rough for the smaller boats, some of them being obliged to remain up river longer than intended.

Company Incorporated. Henry Meating, Charles A. Epps, Emma Meating, Harry B. Epps and George F. Meating, all of St. George, have been incorporated as Meating, Epps Company, Ltd., with capital of \$20,000 to carry on a general granite and marble business.

NO SETTLEMENT TO FILL UNITS IN FISHERIES MATTER YET

Sir Jos. Pope and W. A. Found Back from Washington After Discussing B. C. Matter with U. S. Officials.

Special to The Standard. Ottawa, Sept. 3.—Sir Joseph Pope, under secretary of state for external affairs, and Mr. W. A. Found, superintendent of fisheries, have returned from Washington where they were conducting negotiations looking towards an amicable settlement of the difficulty which has arisen over the fishing regulations on the British Columbia coast. No settlement was reached, however, and none is expected until after the presidential election with its accompanying political turmoil is over.

Canadian regulations demand that when an American vessel gets bait and supplies at a Canadian port it must unload its catch of fish at that port unless it can be shipped by rail to any point in the United States. Recently some Seattle owners have been disobeying the regulations in this respect. These will not get bait until they give an understanding to keep good faith.

AMERICAN COLONEL GIVES FREE ADVICE TO RHEUMATICS

SAYS IT'S SHEER FOLLY FOR ANYONE TO SUFFER THESE DAYS.

Rheumatism can't be cured so long as your system is weak and run down. You must first build up comfort and strength to fight off this disease. Ferronze cures because it builds up, because it renews the blood and dissolves the Uric Acid and the poisons that cause rheumatism. It is proved right here that Ferronze does cure.

Col. H. M. Russ, of Edwards, St. Lawrence Co., one of the fine old heroes of the Civil War, was completely restored by Ferronze. Read his statement: "I couldn't get around without a cane, and then only with difficulty. "Rheumatism took complete control of my limbs. "Suffering was more intense than hardships on the battlefield. "When my doctor had done his best I got Ferronze. "Then came a quick change. "Ferronze gave me comfort at once, eased the pain and took the stiffness out of my muscles. "I am well today. Ferronze cured me completely. I can jump and run like I did forty years ago." Be sensible about your case. If your present medicine is useless give it up.

Don't experiment again. Ferronze is known on all sides to be a cure that does cure. Why not get a supply today. The sooner you begin Ferronze the quicker you'll get well. Price 50c per box or six for \$2.50, by mail direct by mail from The Cattaraugus Co., Kingston, Ont.

MARRIAGES.

James-Macaulay. At six o'clock on Saturday morning Miss E. Beatrice Macaulay, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Macaulay, 112 Orange street, was united in marriage to Cyril M. James, captain of the dredge Leaconfield. Rev. W. H. B. Reddough performed the ceremony at Centenary church. The bride wore a travelling suit of Belgian blue, with white picture hat and carried a shower bouquet of white roses. She was attended by her little sister Mildred, who acted as flower girl, and wore white and carried a basket of pink rose buds. After the ceremony a dainty wedding breakfast was served at the home of the bride's parents. The dining room was prettily decorated with plants and cut flowers. The happy couple left on the Digby boat, and sailed in the Prince Arthur from Yarmouth for Boston and New Hampshire. On their return they will reside at 178 Wentworth street.

MacDonald-Reitz. At the home of the officiating clergyman, Rev. Dr. Hutchinson, yesterday afternoon, Walter Kenneth MacDonald, of Dorchester, Mass., was united in marriage to Mrs. Beesie Pearl Reitz, of Hampden, Queens county. After the ceremony they left on the Ocean for a honeymoon trip up river. Later they will go to Dorchester, Mass., where they intend to make their home.

Installing New Water Meters. A start was made yesterday installing the new Venturi meters at the Catholic cemetery. It is expected that it will take about a week to do this work and the department will then be in a position to measure practically every drop of water which flows into the city. Engineer McInnes has approved of the plans for the work at Lancaster and the recommendation will probably be brought before the council in a short time.

Sworn in on Saturday. Hon. Mr. Justice McKenna, Chief Justice of the King's Bench Division, and Mr. Justice Chandler were sworn in at noon on Saturday in the Equity Court rooms by His Honor Chief Justice McLeod. Several lawyers were present and extended congratulations.

W. F. HATHEWAY WRITES OF TRIP TO ENGLAND

Canadian Trade Commissioner Gives Interesting Particulars of Places Visited—Home This Month.

Writing from Leeds, England, to a member of The Standard staff, W. F. Hatheway, Canadian trade commissioner, states that he had just (August 22nd) returned from Hull where the commission had good meetings. The latter city, he says, had many attacks by Zeppelins, but without serious loss. The last attack was about August 9 when eight persons were killed and many houses were wrecked.

Mr. Hatheway was at Scarborough for a short time, this being the place which German warships bombarded for half an hour, throwing 500 shells and destroying much property. The Grand Hotel, he says, had sixteen shells thrown into it and was damaged to the extent of about \$60,000. "There is great bathing at Scarborough," he continues, "and an old twelve century castle attracts many visitors. I saw some of our men in the hospital. Will be home in September."

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Royal. Gary Russell and wife, E. A. Hilton and wife, Ben Everett and wife, Wm. Bruckett and wife, Mrs. Wood, Miss Greenwood, Northworth, Me; Miss Cheney, Portland; A. S. Bruce, Toronto; Miss Edward, Miss McKetrick, Halifax; Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Snow, New Haven; F. H. Albert and wife, New York; Miss J. W. Ramsay, Miss M. Ramsay, Miss May E. Mackay, New York; Mr. and Mrs. E. S. Terhune, Hackensack; P. N. Brimley, D. C. Brewster, R. W. Chipman, Geo. C. Daniels, Anna Johnson, Alice M. Hirst, Boston; Lela M. Willey, Hartford; Mrs. M. A. LeFevre, Milton; Katherine MacLeod, Dorchester; Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Edwards, New York; Mrs. C. S. Fraser, J. L. Maurice, Philadelphia; Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Cooke, Millford; L. B. Miller, Lynn; J. S. Hawthorne and wife, Pittsburgh; C. A. Perkins, Boston; Mrs. and Miss Atwood, Brooklyn; A. H. Bourque, Boston; P. P. Cook, Woonsocket; John B. Byrne, Boston; H. M. Hilliard, Toronto; W. J. Wall, W. P. MacLaren, W. B. Bishop, Henry Holgate, A. D. Swan, E. G. Clarke, Montreal; Misses Coney Felix, Williamson Jawlin, Cincinnati.

Clifton House. J. F. Willis, Halifax; J. W. Provan, Oklahoma, Ont.; Lee D. Thibodeau, Mrs. J. B. Thibodeau, Boletstown; Mrs. D. M. Richards, Miss Mildred M. Holt, Miss Ada Schlayer, D. F. Conner, Mrs. J. M. Davis, Miss Emily Harshaw, Mrs. Harriet Bristol, Rochester, N. Y.; Mrs. A. Latzke, New York; Mrs. P. Latzke, do; E. B. Soler, Boston; J. D. Rutherford, St. Thomas, Ont.; Mr. and Mrs. A. E. L. Jacques, Haverhill, Mass.; Chas. White, Montreal; D. F. Conner, Digby; J. A. McClelland, Montreal; Mrs. M. Riley, New York; Clarence M. McLaughlin, St. Stephen; C. Robertson, Digby; J. D. Walker, Hamilton; H. Tomkinson, Pictou; C. C. Weaver, New York; M. A. McDonald and wife, Halifax; E. C. Leary, New York; Mr. and Mrs. Horace King, Mrs. S. B. MacCosh, Boston; R. T. Baird, Fredericton; A. G. Woodworth; A. E. Carpenter, Jennie K. Belmore, Margaret M. Kelly, Nan Kirke, Fredericton; F. L. Belyea, Montreal; Chas. Tobias, Annapolis; Mrs. Arthur C. Dyke, Bridgewater; Mr. and Mrs. Gilchrist, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Shaw, W. S. McCallan, River Charles; Miss E. Gidden, Summerside; Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Burnett, Bangor Falls; Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Lyon, Ottawa; Helen McKinnon, Fredericton; Carrie A. Currie, Fredericton; J. T. Norman Hallett, Miss Helen McFarlane, Fredericton; A. McFarlane, wife and children, Fredericton.

Engagement Announced. Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Slessen of Andover, N. B., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Ellis Gienna, to J. F. Whitney Beasley, of Hantsport, N. S., the wedding to take place the latter part of September.

Thousands Are Ailing From Constipation. No condition causes so many diseases as constipation. It not only prevents proper kidney action, but causes Anemia, Stomach Trouble and Indigestion. Why not use Dr. Hamilton's Pills and cure? This excellent medicine restores normal bowel action in one night; thousands say so. Just think of it! Your system will be pure and clean. You'll be free from headaches, sour stomach, biliousness—in short, you'll have jovial spirits and perfect good health. Get a 25c. box of Dr. Hamilton's Pills today. At all dealers.

A GIRL SWIMMER. Miss Thelma Darby is the wonder of girl swimmers. The Indianapolis lassie is a long way from a Fanny Durack, but she is one of our best swimmers in spite of her tender age of 14 years. Miss Durack's world's record for women for the half-mile is 12m. 52s. Miss Darby swam the distance in St. Louis Saturday in 16m. 5s. She was a world beater when she is as old as Miss Durack.

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Victoria. W. R. Mathers, Rothesay; F. H. Springer and wife, Auburn, N. S.; J. Earle, Torryburn; J. Davidson, T. M. Torrey, Rothesay; R. R. Bostwick, Truro, N. S.; J. J. Letch, Moncton; Robt. Smith, Sussex; D. W. Mersereau, P. W. Norman, Fredericton; J. C. A. Gorham, Gorham's Bluff; E. M. Grotty, McAdam; J. L. Frank, Rothesay; H. P. Morton, Penobscot; A. L. Brown, New York; A. L. Brown and family, Worcester; J. E. McDonald, Whitley, Ont.; H. N. Lamb, Chicago; E. M. Archibald, E. R. Reid, H. G. Steeves and wife, Moncton; W. P. Grant (Capt), Aldershot; J. L. Chisholm, Truro; W. A. Potter and wife, Providence, R. I.; M. G. Sharpe, T. M. Brundage, C. M. Murrak, Aldershot; J. Pace, Moncton; V. K. Forsythe, A. W. Duffy, Fredericton; W. P. DeVine, M. C. Wallace, Sussex; W. C. Crawford, Hammond River; W. W. Wallace, Sussex; L. H. Randall, Boston; D. A. Gorrie, New Glasgow; W. R. Fry, St. Hyacinthe, Wm. Ince, Montreal; J. W. Gallagher, Miss Gallagher, Miss Mamie Gallagher, Norton; Miss Belle Brittain, Mrs. W. Brittain, Hampton; S. E. Forbes and wife, Geo. Proud and wife, Moncton; Miss Hampden, London, Ont.; S. M. Moffett, H. Berry, Sussex; E. B. Dekin, New Jersey; W. M. Walsh, New Glasgow; E. Lockhart, New Glasgow; D. D. Grannis and wife, Brooklyn, N. Y.; A. Vernee Gay, Carendish, Vt.; I. M.

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Cut two or three into dice, place the whole into six medium-sized them in two chop fine. Put with part of on should be fresh convenient sliced potatoes; sprinkle the onion. Season pepper, add just to top of fish. a quart can of ly and allow to it takes to boil quarts milk; an Season with salt and pepper.

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THE HOME THE WORLD

NEWS OF SPECIAL INTEREST

THE MOVIES THE PLAYERS

Here are Related Facts and Fancies Concerning the Activities of Individuals and Organizations, the Home, Fashions and Other Matters.

Uncle Dick's Corner.

Who's Who and What's What in the Picture World and on the Stage--Favorites and What They Say and Do.

RECIPES

VIVIAN MARTIN'S COOKING CHATTER.

Most everyone knows that "Dusty" Farum is an ardent fisherman. Should any "doubting Thomases" ever visit his bungalow in Los Angeles, they would readily find there proof of the popular film idol's abhorrence with the rod and line in the way of silver cups, buttons and mounted specimens of past triumphs.



the only union in Canada, affiliated to the Congress, composed entirely of female workers.—Ottawa Citizen.

The University of Chicago will soon open a course on practical motherhood which will include instruction on the care of growing girls, care of women during approaching motherhood, and the care of mothers after childbirth.

Mole skin and grey suede combined to make a very fetching motor coat.

From a Woman's Point of View.

"I don't approve of women knitting in public, they only do it for show. If they did a little more work at home they would not have to take their knitting to places like this." This is actually a remark heard at the Opera House during the intermission of a delightful play last week.

A soldier's mother and sister who were sitting near could not restrain their indignation and asking pardon for speaking to the stranger told him the following facts: That the lady who was knitting is a well-known patriotic worker and the member of a family noted for their generosity and willingness to assist every charity or philanthropic enterprise in St. John.

In answer the man who had made the stirring remark said, "Oh, well, she may be sincere, but there's too much of it done for show." Upon which he was told that the grateful men in the trenches did not ask where the socks were knit but wrote most thankful letters home and asked for more.

This is not the first time that such reports have been made here as well as elsewhere and it is just as well that the patriotic women have the reward of knowing the real comfort they give to the men who are fighting for them.

Writing from the front a soldier told his mother that the women who were not knitting socks must feel like slackers. One would feel that it should be the absence of knitting that should be commented upon rather than its presence.

When our men who are soldiers have proved themselves to be most chivalrous it seems rather too bad that those who are at home, (with good reasons, or otherwise), can't find something better to do than criticize the women workers in their city.

It is easy finding reasons why other folks should be patient.—George Elliot.

An enameled saucepan that has become discolored can be restored in the following way: fill with water, add a little chloride of lime and allow to boil for a few minutes.

Kernels of peach and apricot stones and of dried pumpkin seeds have a delicious flavor all their own and may be used as substitutes for nut meats in candy or cake.

Silk stockings washed in the following fashion will look their best: Soak them in rather strong borax water for about ten minutes. The water should be warm, but not hot. Then wash in tepid water until clean and rinse in clear. Pull the garment into shape and dry in a warm place. Hot water makes silk things harsh.

Grace George has never been in pictures. Probably never will consent to work in studio.

Nathan Hale was hanged again at Lexington last week—for the movies.

Governor Dunne, of Illinois, spoke to motion picture exhibitors and said he would never endorse a censor bill—until man almost perfect was created to act as censor.

Jane Grey just finished her first superb picture. Has started new one.

ADAMSS FAMOUS FLOOR POLISH

WILLIAM ROBERTSON & SONS, Water street, Halifax.

TODAY'S LITTLE JOKE.

Cow Astonished City Lad. Little Willie, being a city boy, had never seen a cow. While on a visit to his grandmother he walked out into the fields with his cousin John. A cow was grazing there, and Willie's curiosity being greatly excited, he asked:

"Oh, Cousin John, what is that?" "Why, that is only a cow," John replied.

"And what are those things on her head?" "Horns," answered John.

"Before they had gone far, the cow moored long and loud. Willie was astonished. Looking back he demanded in a very fever of interest: "Which horn did she blow?"

Returned Soldier Framed Certificate.

Dear Uncle Dick, I received the certificate of merit and like it very much. Frank Ashley, returned soldier of the 31st Battalion, framed it for me and it looks very nice.

I am painting the picture this week and hope to win the camera. Our school starts today and I and my two sisters, Clara and Edna, go. We have a new teacher this term; her name is McKenzie. Miss Welle, Uncle Dick, as my letter is getting long, I will say thanks once more for the nice certificate.

With much love to you and the corner. Your loving nephew, HEDLEY A. SCHOFIELD.

BIRTHDAY GREETINGS.

Uncle Dick wishes many happy returns to the following birthdays, who are celebrating their birthdays today: Dorothy Blanchard, Perry's Point. Cara Park, Fair Vale. Edna Heffer, Sussex.

THE AFTERNOON TEA.

"Bow-wow-wow!" said Teddy, the brown dog, as he looked at the tiny table on the front veranda. And "Bow-wow-wow!" he said again, as he spied the little pink cup cakes, and the tiny sandwiches.

What did it mean? Here was a feast fit for a king and nobody to enjoy it. Everybody had gone away in a big, red motor car and the children had forgotten the little table. Only the four dolls were left on the veranda, and they were sleeping.

"One small dog can never eat such a feast," said Teddy to himself. "I'd just like to have an afternoon tea. Such a chance as this doesn't come often." And the more he thought about it the more he wanted it, so he trotted out to the front gate and called in his most polite way: "Bow-wow-wow! Bow-wow-wow! One and all, please answer to my call!"

He had hardly finished calling, before Cuff, the Maltese cat, came hurrying around the corner of the house.

"Bow-wow-wow!" said Teddy, with a bow. Cuff answered in Kitty words: "Miew-miew-miew-miew! I'm very much obliged to you for asking me to come to tea, and I shall be glad to see how very nice a Cat can be!"

So she gave Teddy a nice fat mouse that she had just caught. Teddy didn't care for mice, but he bowed as politely as he could. Then Cleo, the old white duck, waddled up to the veranda very sociably. Teddy hurried to meet her.

"Bow-wow-wow-wow!" he said, and Cleo answered: "Quack! Quack! Quack! Quack! I'm glad to be here. For the door to my house was shut very tight, and I just had to push with my nose. And she found a very comfortable seat on a blue sofa pillow that had fallen from the couch. Her mucky feet left spots on the sofa pillow.

Then came Bunny, the Rabbit. In his mouth he held a big cabbage leaf, which he gave to his host. So Teddy said "Bow-wow!" which meant "thank you," and left the cabbage leaf on the steps.

Of course, by this time, Beauty, the little cow, had arrived and she bowed very low, saying: "Moo! Moo! Moo! How do you do? I feared all the time that I should be late. I knew that tea parties never can wait. But the rope was so strong and it took very long to break it, to break it—Moo! Moo!" And she nibbled the fresh grass of the lawn and trod on the flowers.

When the guests were all there the party soon began, and almost at once time at all the sandwiches, and cup cakes, and raspberry tarts were all gone. Only a tiny pitcher of lemonade was left for the poor dolls, who were lying in a forlorn, sleepy heap under the table. The dainty white table cloth was stained and the floor was covered with crumbs.

"Let's play tag," Teddy suggested when there was nothing left to eat. So he chased Bunny, the Rabbit, around the house, while Cuff, the Maltese cat, had a quarrel with Cleo, the Duck. But these games didn't last very long, for the big red motor car came buzzing down the street. Very soon somebody was leading the little Cow

OPERA HOUSE.

Seven Keys to Baldpate.

"A night of wild occurrences" is the way the hero of this comedy describes the time after his arrival at Baldpate. He was looking for "the lonesome spot on earth," which was a summer resort upon the top of a mountain in the dead of winter. But it was not so unfrequented as he thought and the visitors to the inn and the complications thereof make up the story of this excellent comedy.

This is the first offering of the Klark-Urban Company on their two weeks' engagement in St. John and it is the kind of story which would be spoiled by the telling of it beforehand. It is full of surprises and "punch," that indefinable quality which makes a good play. The lines are very funny indeed, the situations amusing and exciting incident follows incident with startling rapidity. You just think you "see it all" when you find you don't "see it all" at all.

The central part was taken by Harden Klark, who gave a fine representation of William Magee, the novelist. A most cheery individual at home in all circumstances. He certainly had his nerve with him and he kept it too.

The whole cast is very good. Miss Missa Cecil was excellent as the newspaper woman. Miss Pearl Young as "Myra Thornhill" made an attractive villainess, Frank Urban and Clara Snow acted the parts of the caretaker and his wife very well. Cliff Boyer as Peter the Hermit created some fun.

This is the play, written by George M. Cohan, which has had such a long run in New York and been so popular wherever it has been shown.

Mr. Klark made a short speech between the acts, saying they were glad to be back in St. John and telling of the play to be put on.

UNIQUE.

The Making of Maddalina.

Pretty Edna Goodrich in a play that suits her perfectly. She looks like an Italian and this is the part she took in this picture at the Unique yesterday. She is the daughter of an Italian peasant living in Rome. She is employed as an artist's model and meets George Hale who marries her on being lilted by his fiancée in America. In course of time by troubles and sorrow Maddalina is made into a fine woman. The small baby in the picture is a dear child and the close-up views were much admired by the audience.

The spread of disease by the handling of milk was well illustrated and was fairly wanted to warn the grandfather not to let the baby have the milk. Forrest Stanley is at his best as Hale. Howard Davies, John Burton and Colin Chase are prominent in the large and adequate supporting cast. The direction is by Frank Lloyd. The settings, handsome and tasteful, are typical of Moscoso photoplays.

IMPERIAL.

The Woman Pays.

Valli Valli is the woman in this case. She is called "Beth," and while she does pay, her husband, John Lanton, also paid and paid deeply for his wife's vanity. This to me was a very good picture. I like Valli Valli, and the story allows her to show her versatility to a marked degree. The wedding scene at the beginning of the story is beautifully staged and the tears of the old aunt and the rice-throwing are most realistic.

The story is one of love, intrigue and high finance. The heroine is one of those women who having married a poor man long for wealth and haven't the strength of mind to keep these wishes to themselves but throw their poverty in the husband's face. The sin of vanity is paid for and through the punishment comes happiness.

One of the big scenes in the picture shows a wonderfully realistic storm where a large tree is struck by lightning back to the barn. Somebody else was saying "Shoo! Shoo! Shoo!" to Cleo and Cuff. So the afternoon tea was ended, and Teddy, the brown dog, found himself all alone in the dark cellar. As he thought about his party and all the trouble it had made, he said soberly: "Bow-wow-wow! It never did pay to give a tea-party when folks were away. Bow-wow-wow! I'll try to be good and mind my own business as wise dogs should."

As for Cuff, the little cow, stood in her stall saying: "Moo! Moo! Moo! There's one thing really true—I'm sure it does not pay to break a rope and roam too far away from home. I'll stay at home and chew—Yes, chew my cud and Moo! Moo! Moo!"

As for the little kitty, she said: "Miew! Miew! Miew! I know what I will do when dogs ask me to tea. Those very dogs will see how deaf a cat can be."

What Cleo, the old white Duck, thought I do not know. What Bunny, the rabbit, said I cannot tell, for no one told me, but I think they were both glad to be safe in their own little homes. To this very day, Teddy has never given another afternoon tea. But the dolls often give Teas because they do not soil table cloths, or get sofa pillows muddy, or leave poor little dead mice on Mother's tidy veranda—neither do You, I am sure.

ALICE ANNETTE LARKIN.

THE BILLINGS.

The Billings at the Lyric offer a rather startling acrobatic aerial novelty somewhat suggestive of a side issue from one of Barnum and Bailey's shows. The feats presented were remarkable in more respects than one.

William Collier, who devotes the bulk of his time to furnishing anecdotes for magazines by making snapshots retorts to somebody or other at the Lambs, is about to return to the stage in James Montgomery's farce "Nothing But the Truth." Mr. Collier, having spent last year in the films, has not been seen on the stage since the days of "Hello, Broadway." "Nothing But the Truth" is a dramatization of a novel by Frederick Isham, and met with reasonable success in Chicago last season.

Appropriate for Sports wear is "sport satin," in plain colors or designs, with a double-faced material—wool jersey on one side and rubberized silk on the other.

ALICE FAIRWEATHER.

Mr. Winthrop Webb made a favorable impression yesterday. He is a lyric tenor with a pleasing voice. His songs "Whisper and I Shall Hear" and "The Slave Song" were well given.

The children at the matinee enjoyed the antics of Clowns at the circus in the "Peg" chapter yesterday.

LYRIC.

The Dead Alive.

"Speak, speak thou fearful guest," might have been the words addressed by the bereaved husband to what he thought was the apparition of his wife. It was her sister who had been hypnotized by a crook. The picture stars Marguerite Courtot and Franklin Ritchie, and has many scenes of interest, particularly one on board a

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. In Use For Over 30 Years. Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Williams.

Home-Again Crowds Mean "Capacity" Audiences!

Noted English Artist Today - IMPERIAL - British Soldiers

Valli Valli, One of London's Favorites, Supported by Edward Brennan and Marie Empress

"THE WOMAN PAYS"

In which a woman's vanity shapes a man's career. A truly great production by the Metro Co. Lightening visits a crowded ball-room floor. Sumptuously staged and richly costumed.

A STORY OF HIGH LITERARY QUALITY.

SEEING AMERICA FIRST Section No. 48

The City of New Orleans, La. and Along the Mighty Mississippi.

PATHE'S BRITISH GAZETTE - And Allied News - The Czar Inspects Army, General French, Patriotic Women, Queen Alexandra.

WINTHROP WEBB IN 10-MINUTE MUSICALS

MATINEE ONLY - "PEG O' THE RING" TWELFTH CHAPTER

COMING - Francis X. Bushman and Beverly Bayne "MAN AND HIS SOUL" WED.

FRI. "The Vallants of Virginia." More Boxing, Tennis, Billiards, Wrestling, FRI.

? How Did Lieut. Hope, Cleo and Party Escape from the Sunken Submarine?—See Friday.

OPERA HOUSE

KLARK-URBAN CO. TONIGHT Tomorrow Matinee Night "7 KEYS TO BALDPATE"

Thursday, Friday Nights "MY LADY'S GARTER" From the Famous Novel by Jacques Futelle

Saturday Matinee and Night "WITHIN THE LAW"

50-35-25-10c WED. MATINEE 10-20c

Today-UNIQUE BEGINNING TWO WEEKS of Famous Stars in Famous Pictures

EDNA GOODRICH in an elaborate adaptation of a celebrated play "THE MAKING OF MADDALINA"

COMEDY IN ADDITION NO ADVANCE IN PRICES

First Evening Performance at 7 o'clock Thurs.-Fri.-Sat. Cus. Chaplin in "One A. M." Coming-Louise Huff in "Destiny's Top"

THE MOVIES

THE PLAYERS

The Billings at the Lyric offer a rather startling acrobatic aerial novelty somewhat suggestive of a side issue from one of Barnum and Bailey's shows. The feats presented were remarkable in more respects than one.

William Collier, who devotes the bulk of his time to furnishing anecdotes for magazines by making snapshots retorts to somebody or other at the Lambs, is about to return to the stage in James Montgomery's farce "Nothing But the Truth." Mr. Collier, having spent last year in the films, has not been seen on the stage since the days of "Hello, Broadway." "Nothing But the Truth" is a dramatization of a novel by Frederick Isham, and met with reasonable success in Chicago last season.

Appropriate for Sports wear is "sport satin," in plain colors or designs, with a double-faced material—wool jersey on one side and rubberized silk on the other.

ALICE FAIRWEATHER.

Mr. Winthrop Webb made a favorable impression yesterday. He is a lyric tenor with a pleasing voice. His songs "Whisper and I Shall Hear" and "The Slave Song" were well given.

LYRIC.

The Dead Alive.

"Speak, speak thou fearful guest," might have been the words addressed by the bereaved husband to what he thought was the apparition of his wife. It was her sister who had been hypnotized by a crook. The picture stars Marguerite Courtot and Franklin Ritchie, and has many scenes of interest, particularly one on board a

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. In Use For Over 30 Years. Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Williams.

Home-Again Crowds Mean "Capacity" Audiences!

Noted English Artist Today - IMPERIAL - British Soldiers

Valli Valli, One of London's Favorites, Supported by Edward Brennan and Marie Empress

"THE WOMAN PAYS"

In which a woman's vanity shapes a man's career. A truly great production by the Metro Co. Lightening visits a crowded ball-room floor. Sumptuously staged and richly costumed.

A STORY OF HIGH LITERARY QUALITY.

SEEING AMERICA FIRST Section No. 48

The City of New Orleans, La. and Along the Mighty Mississippi.

PATHE'S BRITISH GAZETTE - And Allied News - The Czar Inspects Army, General French, Patriotic Women, Queen Alexandra.

WINTHROP WEBB IN 10-MINUTE MUSICALS

MATINEE ONLY - "PEG O' THE RING" TWELFTH CHAPTER

COMING - Francis X. Bushman and Beverly Bayne "MAN AND HIS SOUL" WED.

FRI. "The Vallants of Virginia." More Boxing, Tennis, Billiards, Wrestling, FRI.

? How Did Lieut. Hope, Cleo and Party Escape from the Sunken Submarine?—See Friday.

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CONFECTIONERY FOR PICNICS—Chocolate Bars, Packages, Penny Goods and Ice Cream Cones—Just the goods you require to make the candy table a success. EMERY BROS. GOODS ALWAYS FRESH! 82 Germain Street.

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Wickedest Old Man in the World

Francis Joseph, the Hun of Austria—A Woman's Curse

In one of his historic Mid Lothian orations thirty-six years ago, Mr. Gladstone challenged mankind to place its finger on any spot in Europe and say, "There Austria did good." No one has captured the challenge, for no one could point to such a spot, either in Europe or elsewhere.

The challenge was one of Mr. Gladstone's splendid indiscretions. He had to explain it away; but his indictment of Austria was true.

Today Francis Joseph, who became Emperor of Austria thirty-two years before Mr. Gladstone's denunciation, reaches his eighty-sixth year. He has reigned for sixty-eight years. At the end of his reign Austria has reached depths of infamy which even Mr. Gladstone never suspected of her.

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The story of the Hapsburgs since Francis Joseph came to the throne has been a story of scandals and sudden deaths. When he heard that his wife had been killed he exclaimed, "Is there no calamity known in this world which is to be spared to me?" There was at least one more calamity in store; the ruin of his empire, now being brought about, Francis Joseph earned his curse. His life does not entitle him to much pity.

Notorious Life.

It is not merely known, it is notorious, that he has lived the life of an unbridled libertine. Vienna has won the title of the most dissolute capital in Europe. It took its tone from Francis Joseph.

He married a beautiful girl of sixteen. Within five years he broke her heart, and she fled from him. She went in her yacht to Corfu. Francis Joseph, who has always liked to keep up an air of respectability, chased after her. She eluded him, and for eight years they lived apart. Then she prevailed on to return, but she and Francis Joseph lived as strangers under the same roof. Appearances were kept up—and Francis Joseph led the loose life of a hog, with none of the restraints which are imposed on that animal.

His name has been associated with many women, to their discredit. He maintained a long association with one, the Empress, but Katti Schratz, Francis Joseph's two days a week lover, was one at the palace who had complaints to make. Katti Schratz, a pretty actress, was received at one of these audiences. She soon became the uncrowned Empress of Austria, and she held her place.

After the real Empress' assassination it was even suggested that Francis Joseph would marry Katti, but Francis Joseph did not think that at

But Francis Joseph's latest pupils have not stopped at flogging women; they broke their arms and legs, and otherwise mutilated them. They had Francis Joseph's orders to give the Serbians a lesson. Truly Francis Joseph may be called the wickedest old man in the world, for the Serbian women and children were massacred by royal desire.

After Francis Joseph had dipped his hands in the blood of his Hungarians, the Countess Karolyi uttered a famous curse upon him. Her son had been one of the victims who were "repressed" to death so that Francis Joseph might have a comfortable throne. This was the terrible curse:—

May heaven and hell blast his happiness! May his family be exterminated! May he be smitten in the persons of those he loves! May his life be wrecked, and may his children be brought to ruin! The countess' curse has been to some extent fulfilled.

His brother Maximilian was executed by the Mexicans.

His son and heir, the Crown Prince Rudolf, committed suicide.

His wife, the Empress Elizabeth, was assassinated.

His son, Archduke John, was drowned at sea.

Two other royal relatives committed suicide, one was burned to death, and one was killed by a fall from a horse, and another by an accident with a gun while hunting.

His heir, the Archduke Francis Ferdinand,

was assassinated at Sarajevo.

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all necessary. That would have registered the scandal, and he liked to pretend he was respectable. Austria, however, knew all about his old procreant. Once Katti was driven away by the Emperor's sisters. One of the wags of Vienna put an advertisement in the agony column of the Vienna "New Press":—"Katti—Come back to your sorrowing Franz."

A writer in the "Near East" described Francis Joseph a few years ago. No one who had followed his career, he said, could accuse him either of kindness or stupidity, however kind and very true he is also the perpetual enemy of the qualities of a peasant. He is crafty, superstitious, bigoted, spiteful, conscientious, insincere, anything but intellectual, almost illiterate, fussy about trifles, a gross feeder, a martinet, utterly destitute of humor, coarse, moral, peevish, selfish, a strange emulor of contrasts and inconsistencies, an inhuman document. Remembering his many sufferings, you forget his savage cruelties. He is for ever tempting us to make allowances for him, like a professional widower and orphan, like a professional Jew, the result of fiction without the polish and subtlety of that bugbear, but persistently struggling to do evil that good may come to his house and empire.

Francis Joseph may be remembered as the last and the worst of the Austrian emperors. The countess' curse is on him still.

Department of Railways and Canals, Canada.

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Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.

Department of Railways and Canals, Canada.

Dartmouth Branch Line Railway.

WATER TANKS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tender for Water Tanks on the Dartmouth Branch Line," will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon on Wednesday, September 27, 1916, for an enclosed water tank, capacity 40,000 imperial gallons, at each of the following points:

1. East Lawrencetown.
2. Meagher's Grant.
3. Upper Musquodoboit.

Plans, specifications and form of contract to be entered into can be seen on or after this date at the office of the Chief Engineer of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, at the office of the Chief Engineer, Canadian Government Railways, Moncton, N. B., and at the office of the Engineer in Charge, Dartmouth, N. S.

An accepted bank cheque on a chartered bank of Canada for an amount equal to ten per cent of the total sum tendered must accompany each tender, which sum will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work at the rates stated in the offer submitted.

The cheque of the successful tenderer will be held as security, or part security, for the due fulfillment of the contract to be entered into.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
J. W. PUGSLEY,
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Death of Youngest Child.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Heffernan will sympathize with them in the loss of their youngest son, Ronald Francis, who passed away yesterday at their home, 4 Bay Shore road, aged 1 year and 18 days. The funeral will be held this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from his parents' residence.

Ceremony Postponed.

Owing to unforeseen circumstances the ceremony of unveiling a memorial tablet at the western site of the old Suspension Bridge has been postponed. It had been announced that this ceremony would take place yesterday morning. The time selected for the purpose will be published in due course.

Soldiers' "Xmas. Stockings" Fair.

Curling Niak, West St. John, Sept. 13-16. City Cornet and Temple bands in attendance. Supper served each night 15 cents. A shoe prize and other valuable prizes. "Pike" and other attractions. Admission 10 cents.

Department of the Naval Service.

NOTICE OF SALE.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to noon of the 1st October, 1916, for the purchase of the

Dog-Fish Fertilizer

to be produced at the Dog-Fish Reduction Works at Canso, N. S., and Clark's Harbour, N. S., during the season of 1916. The total quantity that will be produced is estimated at between 150 and 200 tons of 2,000 pounds.

No particular form is necessary for use in tendering, but envelopes should be distinctly marked across the face, "Tenders for Dog-Fish Fertilizer."

The fertilizer will be put up in bags of 100 pounds each, and a charge of 15 cents will be made for each bag, additional to the price paid for the fertilizer.

Consistent with the price offered, tenders from bona fide agriculturists will receive first consideration; the right is reserved, however, to reject any or all tenders.

Tenders from non-residents of the provinces of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island, will not be considered, and guarantees must be given that the fertilizer will not be disposed of or used outside of these provinces.

Tenders should state the quantity required in bags, and the minimum quantity acceptable at the price offered, and from which point it is desired shipment should be made. The price offered should be on the basis of so much per 100 pounds.

Terms of sale are cash within ten (10) days of acceptance of tender for specific quantities, all charges for transportation from Works to be borne by the purchaser. Failure to remit within the time specified will result in the cancellation of tender without further notice, and the allotment of the fertilizer to the next highest tenderer or such other as may be in order.

Remittances should be made payable at par to the Department of the Naval Service at Ottawa. Bank cheques will not be accepted unless certified.

G. J. DESBARATS,
Deputy Minister of the Naval Service,
Department of the Naval Service,
Ottawa, August 28, 1916.

Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Department of the Naval Service.

NOTICE OF SALE.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to noon of the 1st October, 1916, for the purchase of the

CLASSIFICATION OF THE CROWN LANDS, NOW BEING MADE, AN IMPORTANT WORK

REALIZING HOW VALUABLE AN ASSET OUR CROWN LANDS ARE, PRESENT PROV. GOV'T IS HAVING CLASSIFICATION MADE—WORK BEING CARRIED ON ALONG LINE OF PROGRESSIVE LEGISLATION INAUGURATED BY THE GOVERNMENT.

The proper management and protection of the Crown lands is one of the most important questions with which those administering the affairs of the province have to deal. Yet in the history of New Brunswick governments have come and governments have gone and this great asset has been treated as if its preservation was of no importance. So long as it remained a source of revenue the determination seemed to be to exploit it to the fullest degree without regard to consequences. The utmost carelessness prevailed in the cutting, and incalculable quantities of valuable timber have been ruthlessly destroyed without a dollar's worth of return to the province, while in days still with in the memory of men yet young large revenues which might have been collected have been lost through the carelessness or incompetence of those charged with their collection. It was not until the present progressive government came into power that a policy looking to the preservation of the timber belonging to the province was inaugurated, that the revenue was fully collected, and that business principles were applied to the administration of the Crown lands. And only by a continuation of this policy can the people be assured of their own.

A Progressive Government.
It can be said without fear of successful contradiction that since Confederation no government has held power in New Brunswick to which credit can be given for as much progressive and beneficial legislation as to the government administering provincial affairs today. No previous government has ever so effectively entered into the life of the people as this, introducing latest methods in every department of the provincial service and thus producing results which are shown in improved agriculture, improved roads and methods of road making, improved conditions for working men, increased revenue and efficient administration of provincial affairs generally. But among all the progressive and advanced steps taken by the government, that involving the scientific and soil classification of the Crown lands of the province is one of the most important steps along the line of conservation yet undertaken in Eastern Canada.

Second Biggest Asset.
The value of our forest products at the present reaches the magnificent sum of \$12,000,000 and yields in revenue to the province over \$500,000 annually. Lumbering therefore ranks next to agriculture as our most important industry, giving directly or indirectly employment to a large portion of our population and paying in wages alone to the men directly or indirectly employed in logging and the manufacture of wood products over \$6,000,000. It provides a ready market to the farmer for his products giving him in return nearly \$2,000,000 in ready money. In addition the lumbering industry has considerable influence in supporting other factories, such as the manufacture of logging equipment, boots and shoes, harness.

Everyone Should Drink Hot Water in the Morning
Wash away all the stomach, liver, and bowel poisons before breakfast.

To feel your best day in and day out, to feel clean inside; no sour bile to coat your tongue and sicken your breath or dull your head; no constipation, bilious attacks, sick headache, colds, rheumatism or gassy, acid stomach, you must bathe on the inside like you bathe outside. This is vastly more important, because the skin pores do not absorb impurities into the blood, while the bowel pores do, says a well-known physician. To keep these poisons and toxins well flushed from the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, drink before breakfast each day, a glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This will cleanse, purify and freshen the entire alimentary tract, before putting more food into the stomach. Get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from your pharmacist. It is inexpensive and almost tasteless, except a sourish twinge which is not unpleasant. Drink phosphated hot water every morning to rid your system of these vile poisons and toxins; also to prevent their formation.

To feel like young folks feel; like you felt before your blood, nerves and muscles became saturated with an accumulation of body poisons, begin this treatment and above all, keep it up! As soap and hot water act on the skin, cleansing, sweetening and purifying, so limestone phosphate and hot water before breakfast, act on the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels.

slights; it helps to maintain our railways and is one of the greatest influences in the promotion of new roads which depend on local freight. The importance of conserving and placing the industry on a permanent basis can be readily seen. No large business can be intelligently handled without definite knowledge of all the conditions affecting it. The quantity and quality of the raw material available for development, the cost of manufacturing, the possibility of utilizing waste material, transportation, markets, etc. It was to gain a knowledge of these factors that the forest survey was undertaken.

The field work is already well under way. Three parties are in the field, one working on the South West Miramichi, one at Anderson on the International Railway, and one in Madawaska county, in all twenty-two men are employed and up to the present 138,000 acres covered. The work is being done under the charge of experienced foresters, who have graduated from the New Brunswick Forest School and have had several years experience in the field. The survey plans show the general topography, the types of timber with an estimate of each type by species, forest improvements, information is also gathered regarding the cost of logging, stream driving and the growth of timber on the various sites.

Soil Classification.
Of scarcely less importance is the soil classification which is being made at the same time. The importance of soil classification will be admitted by all who have seen what are called abandoned farms, prevalent in Eastern States and many of which may be found in this province. Each abandoned farm is in reality the historic record of a human tragedy. Each tells the taking up of a piece of land by someone with hopes of a happy, prosperous home, who, after years of hard work in clearing and bringing his land under cultivation, finds that the land is too poor to ever repay him for the labor required to produce a crop. It is thus abandoned and grows up to timber again, which is the natural crop, the owner with his early hopes blasted, and the better part of his life wasted in useless effort must seek a living elsewhere. Nor is this all for in the meantime this area has been removed from timber production, the industry has been robbed for years of this source of raw material, and the government deprived of the revenue therefrom, must increase the burden of the taxpayer.

That it is the duty of any government to ascertain the quality of the land on which they are placing settlers is now generally conceded and the present soil survey has been undertaken with an idea of preventing in the future the mistakes of the past in opening for settlement areas of absolute forest land. The soil map will show the conditions of the soil and what are suited for present day cultivation and what are absolute forest land; the former will be opened for settlement as the demand requires it; the latter will be kept under forest management.

The soil classification is being done by the forest officers in co-operation with the Conservation Commission and the Central Experimental Farm. During the present summer Messrs. F. C. Nunnick, agriculturist, and W. L. Graham, assistant in field husbandry at the Experimental Farm, spent a month with the various field parties instructing them in soil work, and getting first hand information regarding soil conditions that will assist them in the analysis of the soil samples sent to Ottawa from time to time for expert opinion.

MAN POWER OF THE EMPIRE

There is a great deal more fighting to be done, and the Empire will have to put the whole of its man power in the field.—Major (late Commander) J. C. Wedgwood, M. P., D.S.O., who has now retired from the Army, after having seen service in Belgium, France, the Dardanelles, and East Africa.

A certain famous man, after making his first trip round the world, said the thing that created the deepest impression on his mind was the little Union Jack he saw flying at every port. Wherever he landed, in whatever of the world's seas, he saw this proud symbol of liberty and justice, and as he wandered about the strange streets of the different colonies, he felt just

STRICKEN IN THE STREET

Completely Restored to Health By "Fruit-a-lives"

"Indeed, it was England all the time," he said. "If I had my way I would call every self-governing and Crown Colony and dependency England. India, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, the Straits Settlements, Hong-kong, and all other possessions should be marked England on the map, so that England would appear on every page of the world's atlas. People would then realize, as many do not even now, the vast extent and real solidarity of the British Empire. They would learn that what we call 'the British Empire' is just as much a part of England as Scotland, and that every other possession, great or small, is a portion of the homeland—all linked together by the seas and by bonds of enduring family affection.

If the Germans had possessed this English traveller's reasoning faculty, they would not have uttered the stupid phrase about our 'contemptible little Army.' They would never have committed the fatal mistake of underestimating their enemy's strength, but would have studied a map of the world and looked ahead to the future. They would have appreciated the fact that the manpower of the British Empire is inexhaustible. We have, after two years of war, a first-class, thoroughly trained, and superbly equipped fighting army of six million men—more than Germany, the greatest of all military Powers, has in its trenches at the present moment! In addition there are the great forces of the Navy. Where have all these men come from? They have all come from England—the England which has London, Edinburgh, Dublin, Calcutta, Ottawa, Sydney, Wel-

ington, Singapore, Pretoria, and other far-flung towns east and west and north and south for its centres, and there are many millions more who can be called upon if necessary arises to put on khaki and become soldiers of the Empire.

The population of the British Empire is 435,000,000. The population of the German Empire is 65,000,000, exclusive of the 15,000,000 who lived in her now lost colonies. So that on the basis of population alone the British Empire is nearly seven times stronger than Germany.

According to the latest census returns there are no fewer than 8,100,000 men in the United Kingdom between the ages of eighteen and forty. Make a liberal allowance in deducting from this total those medically un-

fit, those making munitions, and those engaged in transport, food, and other services, and there are still available in this country enough men to form another very large-sized 'contemptible' army. Let us now turn to some of the dominions and Colonies.

Canada has a population in round figures of 7,500,000. The Canadians already in the field and in training number nearly 500,000, and there will be no difficulty in doubling this number if the Mother Country so desires. Major-General Sir Sam Hughes, the Canadian Minister of Militia and Defence, has up to the present demanded a very high standard of physique for recruits in the Canadian army, and yet the trouble has not been to get the men but to stem the rush. The potential strength of Canada is enormous.

Australia and New Zealand have a population of more than 6,000,000. Their contribution to the strength of the Army has been prodigious, but their resources are not by any means exhausted, nor will they ever be striking things about the Anzac army is that all the time heroic legions of them have been fighting in France and Egypt or in Gallipoli, there was never a day when one could not encounter hundreds of these brave sons of the Empire in the streets of London.

South Africa's population is 6,000,000. The precise strength of the South African army has not been stated, but we do know that Boer and Briton together are fighting side by side with equal gallantry, and that it is now only a question of time before the last of Germany's colonial possessions—East Africa—will fall into our hands. Then we shall hear South Africa's appeal to send many thousand more troops to whatever part of the fighting line they are mostly needed. South Africans are already fighting in France. Their numbers could doubtless be raised to a million tomorrow if the occasion required. Then there is that great reserve of strength, India, with her population of 315,000,000. Indian soldiers have covered themselves with glory on many battlefields, but the proportion

of men in the army is small compared with the hosts who would come forward cheerfully enough at the beckoning of their King-Emperor. So it is with all the other British possessions. Young men have come home from the other ends of the earth to take their share in the great war, and they will continue to come in ever-increasing numbers until Germany is beaten to her knees and the world is freed from the menace of Prussian militarism. Germany will not be able to stand the pace.

INTERESTING CONTESTS For the Word Makers

How would you like another word-making contest? Alright here is one for you. Make out the most number of words found in the word STANDARD, only using the same letter in your word as often as it is found in "Standard," for instance "state" would be wrong, as there is only one "T," and no "E." To the boy or girl who sends in the longest list of words, I shall award a Camera, and the next in order of merit will receive a splendid game. All entries to have the usual coupon attached, and arrive at this office not later than September 15th, 1916, addressed to

UNCLE DICK, THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B.

whose decision must be considered as final.

For The Artists

To the boy or girl who colors this picture the best, with either water colors, or chalks, I shall award a Splendid Camera, and to the next in order of merit, I shall send a large ping-pong set. Now get busy, and let me have a record number of entries, even if the schools are just commencing again.



All entries must have the usual coupon attached, and reach this office not later than September 6th, 1916, addressed to

UNCLE DICK, THE STANDARD, ST. JOHN, N. B.

Whose decision must be considered as final.

COUPON.

STANDARD COMPETITION. For Boys and Girls.
Full Name
Address
Age Birthday

WILSON'S "The National Smoke"

BACHELOR

CIGAR

Made to satisfy the man who knows a really delightful cigar.

Every "Bachelor" Cigar BACHELOR is stamped as above

ANDREW WILSON & CO. TORONTO MONTREAL



New Prices August 1, 1916

The following prices for Ford cars will be effective on and after August 1st, 1916

Chassis	\$45000
Runabout	47500
Touring Car	49500
Coupelet	69500
Town Car	78000
Sedan	89000

f. o. b. Ford, Ontario

These prices are positively guaranteed against any reduction before August 1st, 1917, but there is no guarantee against an advance in price at any time.

Ford Motor Company of Canada Limited

St. John, N. B.

Assembly and Service Branches at St. John, N. B., Montreal, Que., Toronto, Ont., London, Ont., Winnipeg, Man., Saskatoon, Sask., Calgary, Alta. and Vancouver, B. C.

WHYTE & MACKAY'S

Its fine flavor, high quality and perfect purity have made it the choice of those who know good Whisky for half a century.



First impressions make many lasting friends. Your first taste of delightful

FOUR CROWN SCOTCH

will form a lasting acquaintance which will ever prove faithful in time of need.

FOSTER & COMPANY, ST. JOHN

Sole agents for New Brunswick.

THE WEATHER.

Forecasts: Maritime—Moderate winds, mostly south and southwest, local showers, but partly fair.

Toronto, Sept. 4.—Since last night the weather has been showery throughout the western provinces, with very heavy rains in Northern Alberta. Showers and thunderstorms have also occurred in North-east and Eastern Ontario, as well as in many portions of Quebec and the Maritime Provinces.

Table with columns: Location, Min., Max. Includes Dawson, Prince Rupert, Victoria, Vancouver, Kamloops, Edmonton, Battleford, Prince Albert, Calgary, Medicine Hat, Moose Jaw, Regina, Winnipeg, Port Arthur, London, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, St. John, Halifax.

Around the City

Obscene and Drunk. On Saturday night Archibald Fraser was arrested on Rockland road and is charged with being drunk and using obscene language.

A Man Ejected. The police were called to Albert Carpenter's house on Main street Saturday evening to assist in ejecting a man not wanted there.

Another Wife Beater. Thomas Ferris was taken in custody by the police on Saturday night and in addition to being charged with drunkenness is also charged with assaulting his wife.

Drunk and Disorderly. Justin McCarthy was given in charge of the police on Sunday by G. W. Wamamaker for being drunk and creating a disturbance in the Wamamaker restaurant on the North Side of King Square.

Articles Found. The police report having found a purse containing a small sum of money on Douglas avenue, also a toy wagon on King street. The owners of these articles can procure the same on application at police headquarters.

Was Only a Dog. Quite a large crowd gathered about an automobile on the corner of Sydney and St. James streets yesterday morning, and it was thought by many who hastened to the spot that a child had been run over and injured. The real cause of the gathering was that a dog had been run over and badly injured.

Disturbances Quelled. The police were called into George McAulay's house on Water street Saturday evening to quell a disturbance between Mrs. McAulay and Mrs. Hubley, the latter being a tenant in the same house. The police were also called to James Bourne's house on the Spar Cove Road to quell a disturbance that Clarence Watts was creating.

Young Lady Injured. About 9.35 o'clock Saturday night Miss Warren, of South Bay, stepped from street car No. 83 while it was in motion on the corner of Douglas avenue and Main street, with the result that she was thrown violently to the pavement. She received a severe cut on the face, but after the wound had been dressed she was enabled to proceed to her home.

Three Days Arrests. The police managed to take fourteen persons into custody on Saturday, Sunday and yesterday, one was for assault, another for obscene language, one for creating a disturbance, and eleven for being drunk. Two of the drunks were gathered in yesterday, and of the lot two obtained their liberty on leaving a deposit of eight dollars each, to appear in the police court this morning.

Deserters Captured. Two members of the 140th Battalion, who took French leave from that battalion, were rounded up at Hartland on Saturday by military police. Both prisoners will be sent to Partridge Island today. Jack Foster, one of the prisoners, ran away from the hospital here and went to Hartland, where he obtained a position in a mill. He is credited with the following statement: "That I can be a soldier in the winter and work elsewhere in the summer." As this is his second offense he will be given a longer term of imprisonment. Kenney, the other prisoner, was taken at his home. He jumped the service at Valcartier.

Cheap Solid Gold Expansion Bracelet Watches Are a Poor Buy. GUNDRYS Gold Filled Expansion Bracelet Watches are much less expensive and JUST AS GOOD. The movements are generally better. The cases will wear as long as needed. The bracelet will last longer than a light solid gold one. Our line runs from \$12.00 to \$23.50 in gold filled.

GEORGE M'CLUSKEY BREAKS LEG BY BRAVE DEED IN FALLS

Well Known Commercial Man Had Thrilling Experience on Saturday—Saved Boatman from Certain Death, but Was Injured While Doing It.

George D. McCluskey, traveller for the McClary Manufacturing Company, was the victim of a bad accident Saturday evening when his left ankle bone was badly broken in two places. In company with his wife and daughter, and his father, William T. McCluskey, they had been up river on a cruise in Mr. McCluskey's motor boat Clayola. They were returning down Indian town harbor and were about heading into Marble Cove to the St. John Power Boat Club landing when Mr. McCluskey noticed a motor boat in trouble. The boat contained four young men and, as it was low water, was drifting towards the Falls. There was no time to lose and immediately the Clayola was headed to the rescue. William T. McCluskey was at the helm and instructed his son to throw the disabled craft a line, and as they were getting close to the pitch in the Falls, he stated that he would not stop the engine of the Clayola for fear it might not start again, and if that happened both the Clayola and the boat they set out to rescue would go through the Falls to certain death. When they reached the disabled boat George McCluskey threw a line to the occupants of the other boat. In doing so his foot became caught in the bight of the line

and when the strain came it broke his ankle. He was being hauled over the side of the Clayola into the water when his wife and daughter caught and saved him.

Mrs. McCluskey then released a jawlitch which stopped the engine of the boat. There was no time to lose, and although suffering intense pain from his injuries, Mr. McCluskey realizing the danger of being swept through the Falls, did not for a moment lose his nerve, for he crawled to the engine and started it again, his father being unable to leave the helm. The disabled boat was towed alongside a raft of logs near the Murray and Gregory mill where it was left safe, and the Clayola was rushed to the Power Boat Club landing. Mr. McCluskey was conveyed to his home where he was attended by Dr. Allingham of Fairville. Sunday morning he was taken to the General Public Hospital for further treatment and in the evening back to his home on Douglas avenue.

It will be some weeks before Mr. McCluskey will be able to be about again.

Mr. McCluskey said last night that he did not know the young men they saved, and owing to the accident was unable to make inquiries.

ST. JOHN VESSEL TWO MEN SIGN ASHORE ON THE ROLL OF HONOR COAST OF N. S. ON SATURDAY

Large Barkentine Sighted in Recruiting Still at Low Ebb Bad Way on Rocks Near Dinner to Capt. Corbett Port Maitland, N. S.—General Military News. Identity Not Known.

The 199-ton tern schooner Alvia Theriault arrived in port yesterday morning from Barbados with a cargo of molasses consigned to L. G. Crosby and reports that on Sunday afternoon last sighted a large barkentine ashore at Port Maitland, N. S. When the stranded vessel was sighted the Theriault was about seven miles away and her identity was not known to those on the schooner. The mate of the schooner last night stated that although the barkentine appeared to be in a rather bad position he thought she could be saved. It was learned that the barkentine is bound to St. John with a cargo of molasses consigned to a Montreal firm.

MERCHANTS PLAN BIG TIME FOR RALLY DAY

On Sep. 19th and 20th it is Hoped St. John will See Large Gathering of Retail Merchants from all over Province.

At the eleventh annual convention of the Dominion Board of the Retail Merchants Association of Canada, held at the Fort Garry Hotel, Winnipeg, last month, with all provinces represented except one, the main theme of the address was co-operation of manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers. Representatives from the Canadian Credit Men's Association and the Manufacturers, spoke of the necessity for the three classes to get together. Each mentioned that the bodies they represented were anxious to co-operate and discuss problems of mutual interest. The executive committee of the New Brunswick branch having this aim in view for the commercial rally they are working on, to be held in St. John Sept. 19th and 20th, and hope that the result of this rally will be that the bodies above referred to will get together and work together in all matters pertaining to their mutual welfare. It is hoped that Sir George E. Foster will be able to be here at the time of the rally and give an address.

President A. O. Skinner of the St. John branch, has called a meeting for this evening to make arrangements for assisting the provincial executive in making this rally a big success and also bringing to the city the largest gathering of retailers ever held in St. John. To that end a one fare rate has been arranged on the railroads. It is expected to hold a large banquet during the rally.

Deaths Last Week. Eight deaths were reported to T. M. Burns, secretary of the Board of Health, last week. There were two from cardiac failure and one each from apoplexy, toxemia, erysipelas, mania, arterio, sclerosis and ching-nephritis.

SPORT SKIRTS. The indication is that sport skirts, distinctly different from those worn in the past, will be much in vogue for fall wear. The styles that are most popular can be seen at F. A. Dykeman Co.'s, in plain brown, navy and black, brown with very large white plaids. In New York they call these sport skirts, and they are made in a sporty style. The price is only \$4.75. This firm is also showing an excellent range of tweed skirts at \$2.95 to \$5.75.

English Malls. The English mall will close on Wednesday morning, Sept. 6th, at 5 o'clock.

MILK DEALERS OFFER TO MAKE A COMPROMISE

Will Pay 40c. Per Can for Six Months and 35c. for Balance of Year—Producers Refuse to Agree.

A meeting of the Kings County Milk Producers' Union was held last night at Norton, at which a delegation from the St. John dealers attended and made a compromise offer of 35 cents per can for six months, and 40 cents for the other six.

F. E. Sharp presided at the meeting, and the spokesman for the dealers was A. E. Macauley.

Quite a discussion took place participated in by most of those in attendance. The dealers argued that it was impossible for them to pay the forty cents the year round without raising the price to the consumer, and they did not want to do that. The farmers on the other hand contended it was impossible for them to produce milk at a profit at any less figure, and finally decided in view of this fact and that some of the dealers had already agreed to pay the price asked, that they could not accept the offer of the delegation, and members of the union would ship only to those dealers who promise to pay the forty cents the year round.

REPORT OF DROWNING ACCIDENT ON RIVER

Rumor that Body had been Brought to City Could Not be Verified and is Probably Untrue.

There was a rumor about the city last night that there had been a drowning accident on the river some time yesterday, that Walter M. Fleming's motor yacht was seen coming down river with the body of a boy aboard. The report also was to the effect that the boat and body arrived at the St. John Power Boat Club house in the evening. Members of the boat club who were there during the early part of last night stated they had heard nothing of an accident and that Mr. Fleming's yacht had not arrived during the evening.

Coroner W. F. Roberts stated he had heard the rumor, but it could not be verified. If a body had been brought to the city he would have been notified, but up to 11.30 o'clock last night he had received no such notification. It was learned late last night that Walter M. Fleming had taken a yachting trip to Fredericton and was not expected back until today.

All attempts to get into communication with Mr. Fleming's home at Riverview last night were fruitless, as the telephone call was not answered.

PERSONAL

Hon. J. D. Hazen arrived in the city at 8.30 on Saturday night having motored from Fredericton. He left for Ottawa on Sunday night.

Mrs. Hewlett, Winslow Scovill, Upper Hampstead, will be at home to her friends for the first time since her marriage on the afternoons of Thursday and Friday, Sept. 7th and 8th.

Mrs. Geo. H. Smith of Fredericton, N. B., left on Saturday night for Montreal and Toronto. She will stay a few weeks at the summer home of her mother, Mrs. D. Denis, on Lake St. Francis, Ontario.

The Misses Austin of 184 Carmarthen street have left for a month's visit to friends at Grand Lake. Harold S. Clark and Jack R. Nugent have left for Montreal to resume their studies at McGill University.

Major C. E. Doherty, assistant director of medical services of the overseas Canadian contingent, arrived in New York on the steamer Adriatic and left immediately for Canada. His mission will take him from coast to coast. He is a brother of Manning W. Doherty.

Miss May Small, who spent the last five weeks at her home here, left by train for New York.

Rev. J. Edward Hand, now of Calais, has arrived home, after spending a month at Campbellton. The trip to Campbellton and return was made by automobile.

Mrs. David P. Chisholm is spending a week in Boston with friends. J. F. Palfrey, formerly of this city, but at present residing in Truro, returned home after spending a pleasant week-end at Moss Glen, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Merritt.

Wanted. Bright, reliable boys, 16 to 18 years of age, for work in mail and delivery department. Apply, Mailing Clerk, Standard Office.

To Continue Fair Tonight. The patriotic fair will be continued tonight on the Barrack Square. Should the weather prove unfavorable it will be held the following night. The committees in-charge have still a number of prizes to be drawn and it is hoped that a large crowd will be present.

Special Sale of TINWARE At Less Than Half Price. Here is an unusually favorable opportunity to replenish tinware requirements AT VERY SUBSTANTIAL SAVINGS. The exceptional price reductions are due to the fact that this particular lot has been SOMEWHAT DAMAGED, and we desire to move it quickly in order to gain floor and shelf space. The assortment consists of Cake Cutters, Strainers, Potato Mashers, Soap Shakers, Mixing Spoons, Trays, Cake and Bread Pans, Covers, Skimmers, Flour and Sugar Scoops, Watering Cans, etc. KITCHENWARE DEPARTMENT—FIRST FLOOR—MARKET SQUARE STORE. Market Square—W. H. THORNE & CO., LTD.—King Street

Now On Display All the New Season Features In Millinery Marr Millinery Co., Ltd.

Ever Ready Lights Are Safe. There is absolutely no chance of fire from them. NO FLAME, NO OIL. They can be used in perfect security in contact with the most inflammable substances, such as hay, gasoline, gas or gunpowder. Vest Pocket Flashlights, 85 cts. to \$1.65. Electric Candles, \$1.15. Pistol Flashlights, \$1.85. Tubular Flashlights, \$1.00 to \$2.65. Conductor Lanterns, \$3.50 to \$4.50. Portable Flashlights, \$3.50 to \$4.50. Extra Batteries—35 cts to 85 cts. The light of an Ever Ready Light can be directed exactly where needed. Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited. M. R. A. stores will now be open Saturdays until 10 p.m. Closing the other days of the week at 6 p.m. AUTUMN OVERCOATS For Men Top Notch Fashion in a Good Range of New Models. It is so near to Fall Overcoat time that it will be quite all right to buy now while our assortment of the new coats is entirely complete in the new cloths, patterns and exceptionally smart models. Almost every evening this weather, a light weight overcoat can be utilized, and having selected early will give you the advantage of appearing out with the first wearers of this season's styles. We show the conventional "Chesterfield" in a new way, also the "Huddler," "Robin Hood," "Joffre," "Asquith" and others in Fancy Tweeds, Coverts and Cheviots. The Covert Cloth is going to be very popular this year, and in this material we offer a coat certain to become extremely popular. It is a slip-on style, with semi-English shoulders, loose fitting body, with either velvet or self-collar, altogether a comfortable and smart appearing garment. Come and look all through this Overcoat display. You do not exactly have to buy, but we think that you'll be strongly tempted. PRICES ALL THE WAY FROM \$10.00 to \$26.50. MEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

New Fall Blouses. BLOUSES in White Madras and White Pique, also in Colored Striped Duck. All tailored styles. Sizes 34 to 44. Each \$1.15 to \$1.35. BLOUSES in Black Poplin, convertible collar, suitable for mourning and for maids' uniforms. Sizes 34 to 44. Each \$1.15 and \$1.50. The same style Blouses, with high neck, \$1.50. BLOUSES in Black Sateen, for maids' uniforms. Sizes 34 to 42. Each \$1.10. BLOUSES in Cotto Flannel, white, black and colored stripe effects. Sizes 34 to 44. Each \$1.10 and \$1.15. Blouse Section—Second Floor. Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited