

The HURON SIGNAL

DEVOTED TO COUNTY NEWS AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

FORTIETH YEAR.
WHOLE NUMBER 2088.

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THE HURON SIGNAL

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FRIDAY, MARCH 4th, 1887.

Let's see! Didn't Sir John have 71 of a majority after the election of 1882?

That natty little rooster "bubbed up serenely," all the same. And you'll see him again before a great while.

PROCEEDINGS, having for their object the unseating of Mr Porter in West Huron, have been instituted by Messrs Garrow & Proudfoot.

Mr J. H. SCOTT, of Kincardine, who contested West Bruce with Hon. Edward Blake, raised his deposit by 7 votes, Blake's majority being 1034.

The Grits did not get a city candidate elected anywhere throughout the country with the exception of Quebec where Laurier, the rebel, was elected by a handsome majority.

Please add Halifax and St. John to Quebec, and tell the truth next time.

The Tory News, of Kingston, after the election, admitted that in that city "the battle was fought and won." In the matter of West Huron, "the battle was fought and won in Clinton."

There isn't one newspaper in Canada today that sides with the Government that is not pap-fed. Hence the loyalty of the organs to the cause. Even our own goody-goody Star would have gone to the wall had it not been for the fostering care of the Government.

The statement is made that whereas Conservatives nominated Irish Catholics where they could be elected, and were elected, the Grits nominated them where they could not be elected.

We suppose that is the reason why nine Catholic Reformers were elected recently to the Ontario Legislature, and only one Tory Catholic.

The shadow of the "hired man's" hand was plainly discernible in the columns of our contemporary, the Star, last week. When "real work" has to be put in the cat's paw editor has to take a seat in the far a-way corner, and allow the brainy "hired man" to do the work. We don't mean "Clericus"; we mean the other cuss.

It is understood Hon. Geo. Kirkpatrick, late speaker of the House of Commons, will succeed Sir Charles Tupper, in the position of High Commissioner, and it is further understood that his holding of the position will only be until such time as Sir John Macdonald shall direct himself of the terms of the decision which the High Commissioner grants.

The London Free Press is shouting itself hoarse over the fact that Tories have captured some of the preserves that Sir John made Tory by act of parliament in 1882, such as, East Bruce, North Bay, East Lambton, West Middlesex, South Norfolk, South Ontario, South Westworth, and West Huron. The Free Press has mighty little to gloat over. It took two acts of parliament (the German and the Franchise act) and a gilded voters' list to make each of the above constituencies go Tory. And the result of the thing is, they won't stay Tory.

Even the Tory Star was constrained to approve the action of the Tory party in its "jubilee" over the defeat of Mr Cameron. For our part we can contemplate the exhibition of blackguardism by the Tories on the evening of Feb. 2nd with equanimity, for it shows that they appreciate having been successful once in thirty years. But what does the "great victory" amount to, after all? In 1882 Sir John Macdonald "bowed" the Grits in South Huron, and made, as he thought, East and West Huron Tory by the gerrymander act, West by 117 on the figures of the previous election. M. C. Cameron relinquished his claim upon South Huron, and faced the contest in the gerrymandered West, where, notwithstanding the odds against him, he succeeded in carrying the Riding 29 of a majority. In the present election the Tories have succeeded by debauching the town of Clinton to the extent of 80 votes, in carrying the gerrymandered riding by 27 of a majority. And for this they are shaking hands with themselves and raising jubilation. Verily a little pleaseth some people much.

AFTER THE CONTEST.

Now that the smoke of battle has begun to clear, we are in a position to get an idea of the result of the late elections. There are many empty saddles on both sides, and a number of members in the last House have failed to score majorities on the present occasion. Perhaps the greatest loss to the Liberal party has been sustained in our own constituency in the defeat of Mr M. C. Cameron by the trifling majority of 27. None were greater surprised at Mr Cameron's defeat than his opponents, for up to election day, in betting circles odds were always asked and given in his favor. But while we regret the defeat of Mr Cameron, we feel assured the reverse to Liberalism in the Riding is only temporary, and that ere long the old member will regain the position and again occupy the old seat.

Over the Dominion a not discouraging view meets the eye. 204 members have thus far been elected, and of these the Globe and L'Etendard, the organ of the Nationalists, claim that the Government has obtained 102, the Opposition 101, and that 1 Independent has been elected. The Tory press claim Governmental majorities ranging from 35 to 12, and, as when doctors differ, all may be wrong, we prefer, under the circumstances, to take the figures of the Globe and L'Etendard. And for the reason that in the recent Quebec elections we noticed that figures bulletined by these journals held good when the Legislature met, notwithstanding that exception was taken to them for two months by the entire Tory press. We also remember that when the Globe published the result of the Manitoba elections, and claimed that the Norquay administration was sustained by five of a majority, the Tory press first disputed the classification, and then were compelled to accept it.

For these reasons we hold to the figures of the Globe, and nothing short of an adverse decision in a division in the House will cause us to change our belief.

There are yet 11 elections to be held, and present indications point to an unworkable majority on the part of the Administration. In the language of the Mail, "The life of the Government hangs upon a thread."

We find no fault that arrangements are on foot to have a jubilee rejoicing throughout British possessions on the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of the coronation of Queen Victoria, which takes place in June, but we can't for the life of us understand what Canada has done to Her Majesty that a threat comes across the Atlantic that we are to be inflicted with another plague of Canadian knights. Yet we are informed that twenty-five new "Sirs" are to be pitched into the Canadian social circle, so that the Dominion will have something to remember the jubilee year of good Queen Victoria by. There are many ways of punishing a crown colony, but the infliction of twenty-five new knights upon a country like Canada is to our mind like the taking of a mean advantage indeed. We are weak, and our population isn't numerous, our national debt is large, and our annual expenditure yearly increasing, the price of wheat is low, and eggs are not a good average, the potato bug and weevil have not yet left for parts unknown, but the Dominion is young and sturdy, and might possible gather itself and wiggle through, were it not for this new pestilence of titled nobodies which spreads the dark shadow of its wing over the destiny of our common country. Canada doesn't want any more knights. The glist we have already received have been no credit to the Dominion. This is a straight out democratic country, and plain "Mr." is good enough for any of our people.

The Peterboro' Review, edited by Carnegie, the defeated Model Farm critic, claims that a huge Grit corruption fund was in existence during the recent election and that it was obtained from the United States! Oh, my! And in proof of that fact it states that many of the deposits of Reform members were actually paid in "United States gold." Goodness, gracious! And the sapient Review, although edited by an ex-M.P.P., wasn't aware that the deposit had to be made in Dominion notes, and that "United States gold" would not be taken in lieu thereof. The London Free Press, to pad out an editorial article, also endorses the Peterboro' Review's fiction about "United States gold."

FOR REVENUE PURPOSES ONLY.

The vain efforts of Messrs. Edmund Campion, of Goderich, and Patrick Kelly, of Blyth, to sell the Catholic vote of West Huron and deliver the goods, has made these two wretched the laughing stock of the riding. The day has gone by when one or two impudent place-hunters, looking for booty, could palm themselves off upon their fellow-countrymen as patriots, and prevail upon them to vote at the will of the political bell-wether. We have before us a circular signed by the former of these, addressed to the Roman Catholics of West Huron, and it is sufficient to say that it reflects credit neither to his heart nor his intellect, to the creed which he professes to be so devoted an adherent of, nor to the instincts that prompted him to bring so prominently before the public the name of the rev. gentleman whom he takes from the seclusion of his private dwelling place and attempts to drag into the front of a political contest. But it has been ever thus. The cause of Ireland has always been cursed by the presence of self-seekers of the Campion-Kelly stripe, who are Irishmen for "revenue purposes only," and who endeavor to show that it is a good trade to be a professional Irishman. Fortunately these two wretched have by this time discovered that few of the Irish-Catholic voters in West Huron know less than they do themselves, and if they have not so learned we will give them a few figures to digest. The Irish Catholics in West Huron are principally to be found in Ashfield, the Wawanoshes, and in Goderich town; in Goderich township, Colborne and Clinton they do not enter to any extent into the voting population. Kelly and Campion, it is supposed, did missionary work in the municipalities where the Irish Catholic element obtained, and what was the result? In 1882 Ashfield gave Cameron 65; on the 22nd Feb., Ashfield increased that majority to 97—an increase of 32. In 1882 the Wawanoshes gave Cameron 87; at the recent election they rolled up 118—an increase of 31. Goderich in 1882 gave Cameron a majority of 24; on the 22nd it gave him a majority of 24—an increase of 23. If the labors of Campion and Kelly were worth anything, how do they account for these increases in the municipalities in which it was believed their influence would be felt. Campion and Kelly had no influence in Clinton, where a change of 80 in favor of Porter was effected, nor in Goderich township, where an increase of 27 was given for Porter; nor in Colborne where a decrease of 26 was made in Cameron's previous majority. We have given these figures and made these remarks to show that the efforts of place-hunters like Campion and Kelly and their "pilot" are estimated at their full value by the intelligent Irish Catholics of West Huron. The people all know that Campion, Kelly, and the "pilot" are after the bag of beans.

The Tory papers are having a good time endeavoring to constitute a Ministerial majority. The Montreal Gazette, Hon. Thomas White's organ, still claims that Farrow has been re-elected in East Huron, that Dr. Orton has been re-elected in Centre Wellington, that Mulock, of North York, is a Tory, and other equally absurd contentions; the Ottawa Citizen goes further, and says that Jas. Trow, of South Perth, the Liberal whip, is a Tory; the Hamilton Spectator also makes peculiar claims, and amongst them that Landry, of Montserrat, is amongst the elect; and the London Free Press—well, we've got tired of trying to keep up with the claims of the Free Press, for it wants the entire House of Parliament and the fulness thereof. Suffice to say, that notwithstanding all these contentions the Liberals are within easy reach of the capture of the Cabinet seats, and are in a better position to storm the citadel today than they were when a purchased majority of 70 barred the way before dissolution. "Turn the Rascals out!" must now be the Reform rallying cry.

The HURON SIGNAL's false prophets let themselves down as easy as possible in their last issue by crying "protest," "recount," "scrutiny," etc. Better snip the crow like men!—London Free Press.

The scrutiny takes place to-day before Judge Toms. The Free Press may have to eat crow before it is over.

Dr Sloan, the veteran Blyth Reformer, dropped in to see THE SIGNAL Wednesday last. He was of opinion that Pat Kelly had defeated Cameron in West Huron until we proved an alibi so far as Mr Kelly was concerned. Kelly has a lot of political sins to answer for, but he's innocent of the charge of influencing the vote in West Huron.

WHAT'S UP?

Things That Are Happening Around Us.

A Scrutiny on Deck—A Sympathiser with Farrow—A Political Retrospect—Will History Repeat Itself?

—I'm told there's a scrutiny on deck in West Huron, and behind that there's a protest and an unsettling and disqualification unless the "outside member" for West Huron comes down from his perch. But, nabobish, I'll let you know more about this by-and-by.

—The most disgusted man in East Huron on election day, not excepting the ex-member, was my old and esteemed friend, Patrick Kelly. My Milesian friend, had, I understand, been helping Ed. Campion to revoke Irish Catholic sentiment in Ashfield and Wawanosh, without avail, and allowed his corner of the vineyard over in East Huron to go by default. As a result he believes his attorney to his friend—and I was going to say, partner—Thomas Farrow. For the benefit of Mr Kelly, I beg leave to tell him to wipe away his tears of regret, for his absence from East Huron was not the cause of Mr Farrow's defeat. The real reason for Farrow's defeat lies in the fact that the people of East Huron have had their eyes opened to the fact that he was a politician "for revenue purposes only," and legislated not so much in the interest of the country as for the benefit of Thomas Farrow and family. Under these circumstances the doubtless reverend of Blyth couldn't have saved him from defeat. Saltpetre couldn't have saved him.

—And now, a word or two on the political outlook throughout the Dominion. They say that every now and then history repeats itself. I believe we're on the eve of a repetition of history, and I'll tell you why. If you will allow your mind to go back to the elections of 1872, you will remember that Sir John was sustained by a majority of over 40 members. When the House met the following winter, the disclosures of the charter selling deal between Sir John and Sir Hugh Allan were made by the then member-for Shefford, Lucius Seth Huntington. The discovery of the compact between the two knights caused a sensation throughout the country, and on the floors of parliament, members began to shake in their allegiance. Sir John saw that doom was impending, and under pretext of giving scope for enquiry, adjourned the session to the fall of 1873. The real reason for adjournment was to give him a chance to cover up his tracks. In the fall, when the House met, so far from strengthening his position the Premier found that it had been materially weakened. Death had in the interval claimed Sir John's trusty lieutenant and colleague, Sir George Cartier, from whom there was none could give counsel more sage in a dire crisis; and looking around him he saw no one to aid him to stem the tide of opposition that had so rapidly arisen, and was now at its flood. Of the 40 majority, no remnant was left, for men seldom stand by a tottering cause. During the first week of November, as the accusers became aggressive, and his supporters weakened, the Charter-seller became sick at heart, and when on the night of the 5th of that month, Mr Blake rose in his place, and decreed the doom of the derelict Government, the last spark of hope died in Sir John's heart. A hurried consultation was held with his colleagues, and the Pacific Scandal Administration gave up the ghost. I have given you history on this point, for I want to show you the resemblance between then and now. Then there were 40 of a majority that dwindled to a minority; now the Tories claimed 40 of a majority which has already dwindled to very near zero—if not quite. Then a member of the Government—Hon. Leonard Tilley—left the Cabinet to seek a harbor of refuge in the Lieut.-Governorship of New Brunswick; now another Minister—Sir Alexander Campbell—forsakes his colleagues in distress to find a safe retreat in the Lieut.-Governorship of Ontario. Then the better judgment of the newly elected Conservative members revolted against sustaining a Government which was proved to be "steeped to the lips in corruption" and festering with political putridity; and as it was then, so it will be now. In the successful candidates of the recent election there are good men and true on the Conservative side who,

THE "STAR" IN THE PILLORY.

The Star, in its last issue, has the following reference to THE SIGNAL's attitude toward Mr Porter during the recent political campaign:

"His treatment by Mr Cameron's organ, THE SIGNAL, was, of course, no exception to that accorded by that journal to all who dare to disagree, even on matters other than political, with its conductors. We risk nothing in saying that the result was to Mr Porter a benefit rather than an injury. This is taken as a matter of course nowadays by those of the public who know that sheet."

For the information of THE SIGNAL we might state that in not one case during the whole campaign was Mr Porter personally attacked. We defy THE SIGNAL to cite a solitary instance, and the failure of that sheet to back up its contention will be the best proof that the "pious editor" has, as usual, lied.

It will soon be time for Mr. Porter to move in the matter of bringing in the C. P. R. to Goderich. We are willing to wait until the ice lifts before we ask him to attend to the dredging at the mouth of the harbor, but he must hustle in the matter of the railroad, so that the work be inaugurated before he removes from Simcoe to Clinton. After that date he may not feel inclined to throw his earnest efforts in favor of Goderich as against the self-elected "Hub of the Universe."

If a "High Commissioner" to England is one of these positions that Canada cannot do without THE SIGNAL would like to know who is doing the work and drawing the salary for the billet now. We have no knowledge of the appointment of a successor to occupy the \$42,000 mansion in London, England, lately vacated by our Canadian Pooh-bah, and it is not possible that our relations with the Old Land might get into a tangle in the absence of an able-bodied Canadian representative. It looks to us as if Sir Charles Tupper by his last move has demonstrated the absurdity of further maintaining the "High Commissioner" to England.

West Huron.

The following are the official figures for West Huron:

Polling Division.	Cameron.	Farrow.	Cameron's majority.	Farrow's majority.
Ashfield	1 64 102	38 1	179 81	
"	2 56 80	24	32	
"	3 50 69	19	31	
"	4 80 66	14	66	3
"	5 104 36	68	36	2
"	6 127 30	97	30	2
Colborne	7 84 49	35	49	31
"	8 27 58		31	
"	9 83 83		83	2
"	10 50 57		57	2
Clinton	11 78 58	29	33	1
"	12 70 91	21	70	7
"	13 62 69	9	62	44
"	14 48 92		44	20
Goderich t'p	15 43 92	49	43	49
"	16 39 80	41	39	41
"	17 32 77	45	32	45
"	18 40 92	52	40	52
"	19 50 79	29	50	29
Goderich	20 55 43	12	55	43
"	21 43 56	13	43	13
"	22 56 51	5	56	5
"	23 59 38	21	59	21
"	24 52 43	9	52	43
"	25 56 55	1	56	55
"	26 34 45	11	34	45
Wan'gh W.	27 55 95	48	55	48
"	28 74 71	3	74	71
"	29 73 56	16	73	56
"	30 99 35	64	99	35
"		81		40
"	E 31 83 54	32	83	54
"	32 79 65	14	79	65
"	33 69 51	18	69	51
"	34 59 49	10	59	49
"		74		18
"		439 466		439
Majority for Porter				27

ELECTION ECHOES.

What they are Saying After the Battle.

Various Opinions Gravely and Gaily Expressed—Some of the Crotchets of Our Contemporaries.

WHAT BLAKE SACRIFICES.

People are saying that they would not be surprised if Mr Blake would decide to quit politics and devote himself to the practice of his profession. It would be a matter of twenty-five thousand dollars a year if he did. Those Reformers who find fault with Mr Blake because he did not win, overlook the fact that he is making a greater sacrifice for his party than any one else in it. He has said true and again that if he were to follow his personal inclinations he would give up politics; but of this his party will not hear.—Toronto Telegram (Ind).

WHY TORIES JEALOUS.

We notice that the Tory press exhibits a savage triumph over the defeat of Mr Cameron, of West Huron, but that triumph will undoubtedly be of very short duration. Mr Cameron has long been a terror to those whose heads are evil. Mr Cameron has long been a terror to those who have undertaken to make gain at the expense of the country out of their Parliamentary positions. No better proof need be given of this than the savage and gross way in which reference is made to his defeat by the organs of the Administration.—London Advertiser.

FILMY BALLOT PAPERS ALL OVER.

One thing about the ballot papers that must have struck a good many who voted the other day was the tissue-like quality of the paper which was used. It is probably not a matter of profound importance to most voters that the mark of the pencil could be plainly seen through the ballot, but as so much has been said about the secrecy of the ballot-box in Dominion elections, it is not desirable that the idea should get abroad that a means exists by which the vote may be detected. The majority of people who vote do not care whether it is apparent or not on which side they cast their ballots, but in the case of many employes such may not be the fact. The ballot papers should be of reasonable thickness.—Tor. Telegram.

WHY TORIES JUBILATE.

Election of 1882.	Election of 1887.
Min. Opp.	Min. Opp.
Ontario..... 54	38
Quebec..... 49	16
Nova Scotia... 16	5
New Brunswick 11	5
P. E. Island... 3	3
Manitoba..... 2	3
British Columbia 6	1

Government majority 1882..... 71
Government majority 1887..... 3

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

Mr Farrow the Tory candidate for East Huron, denounced Sir Charles Tupper, and declared his opposition to Sir Charles as a leader of the party. Mr Farrow, who sat in East Huron for many years, was in the recent contest defeated. Are we to understand the defeat of Mr Farrow as an endorsement by the Tories of East Huron of Sir Charles Tupper as leader? Mr Farrow declared that purity of life and character must henceforth be guaranteed before any politician could receive promotion in Canada. We may not think about the fairness or unfairness of Mr Farrow's criticism, but we think that it is pretty apparent that his party either discredits his statement or rejects his principles or rejects his principles.—London Advertiser.

HOW CAMERON WAS "DOWNED."

Mr M. C. Cameron was defeated in West Huron by a very narrow majority. The constituency was gerrymandered in 1882, but Mr Cameron managed to save his seat in the election of that year. Last week the seat was bought from under him. From Saturday till Tuesday the constituency swarmed with hoodlums, including scores of men who had never been seen before. Those bribers must have been sent in by the order of Sir John Macdonald, who has good reason to want to keep Mr Cameron out of the House of Commons. The ex-member for West Huron, in the habit of calling a spade a spade, and he has an ugly fashion of proving his statements in the presence of the men he accuses. How the Tories do hate him! There are men in Hamilton who used to be Reformers, men who profess to be Christians, who voted confidence in Sir John Macdonald last week. If asked why they did so, they will say they wanted to preserve the National Policy of protection. It would be interesting to know just how much those Christian men are prepared to pay for their idol. Is there no point at which they draw the line? In supporting Sir John Macdonald, they make themselves accomplices in the rascality that was perpetrated in West Huron. Perhaps some of their own election contributions were disbursed in that very county. They cannot plead innocence of what Sir John Macdonald does, so long as they help to keep him in a position to do what they would be ashamed to do themselves. It seems to us that any man with a knowledge of right and wrong—any man with a conscience—must feel that he is paying dearly for his National Policy. Is it worth the price?—Hamilton Times.

INDIA LETTER.

A Visit to the City of Madras.

A Ride in a Surf Boat—Juggernaut and His Car—The Zoo—Among the Brahmins.

From our Own Correspondent.

INDIA.

After an uneventful sail of three days, the "Khedive" dropped anchor off Madras and we got our first view of India's pioneer British colony. Over 280 years ago the first fort and afterwards the first Indian Presidency was established here by the British. The East India Company here invested their first £30,000, and today the original Fort St. George has widened and increased to a vast Empire with a population of over two hundred and forty millions, and is in many ways the brightest gem in Victoria's crown.

There is neither breakwater nor harbor here, and for a distance of four or five miles can be seen the long rolling white surf breaking along the low shore. A breakwater and a harbor has been attempted several times, and something over a million pounds sterling has been expended in the hitherto fruitless efforts to remedy this singularly unfortunate drawback; but the formidable breakers, sometimes fourteen feet high, roll in and sweep away in a day, what has taken months to build. In the distance we can see a score of masts in Victoria's crown.

BLACK OBJECTS.

bobbing up and down with the billows, now on the crest, now out of sight; and as we watch they are drawing near our ship. In fifteen minutes the vessel is surrounded by a crowd of "surf boats," all filled with chattering "niggers" clothed only in sunshine and their own loveliness, varied now and again by a red cotton cloth tied about their loins. The surf knocked their boats against one another and against the vessel so that every minute we expected to see some of the occupants straggling in the water, but amidst an incessant rattling and babel they kept themselves "right side up with care." Soon forty or fifty were on board laying hold of the passengers' luggage and each one setting forth the superior advantage to be derived by going with him. The officers of the vessel in a marked way illustrated that the dominant race in India is the British. They seemed to take particular delight in kicking and beating these unfortunate naked boatmen, who

TOOK THE ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY,

and as though they were specially ordained to long suffering forbearance. One poor old naked nigger in his anxious solitude to secure a passenger for his boat, for an instant forgot to keep a vigilant eye on the movements of the ship's officers. He suddenly had a ropes' end vigorously laid about him for no apparent reason. He kept on rubbing his bare, bruised legs as he limped about on the ship's deck soliciting passengers. We will never forget our boater in the surf at Madras. Having chosen a boat and settled the price of passage, we clambered down into the boat prepared for us at the stern. These

SURF BOATS

are more like small barges than boats—each one requires ten to twenty men to man it; it can hold thirty or forty passengers. Each rower has for his oar a long bamboo stick to the end of which is tied a triangular shaped blade. The boat is held together by cocoa nut fibre cordage. The rowers are perched up on bamboo oars pieces four or five feet from the bottom of the boat. The whole turn out with heavy rolling of the surf was not calculated to inspire the uninitiated traveller with pleasant prospects for the future welfare of his wife and family. The rowers accompanied their stroke by a very monotonous song making useful although were going to a funeral. This, for beauty of tone, perfection of harmony, melody, and range of fanciful impressions can only be compared to Moore's Canadian boat song, as sung by the French voyageurs on the St. Lawrence. After ten minutes of harrowing suspense we were rowed and rolled within fifty yards of the shore: the boatmen then

JUMPED INTO THE SURF

up to the waist, and the passengers were obliged to trust their precious eleven stone live weight to the shoulders of two thin, wiry, natives. We trembled, lest a false step should send us head first into the brine, but all were as cleverly beached high and dry as could be desired. This is the only means of landing at Madras and the traveller is not likely to forget it. The city is a large straggling place with a population of half a million. The strand, facing the sea is the widest part. Along this are built the post office and the principal government buildings. Hotel accommodation is very bad. We engaged a gharry—as the native four-wheeled carriage is called—and a guide and proceeded to "do" the sights. Every European residence is surrounded by a large garden or enclosure called a "compound," which give the European quarter a very scattered appearance. The streets are

WREATHING BELLY

and everything, houses, trees, gardens, vehicles, mosques, temples, churches, men, women and children, are mantled with a sombre, brick colored coat of dust. It is Sunday, but the day is not here observed by the workers, we see tinmiths, basket makers, traders of all kinds and descriptions are plying their trade in the open bazaars as we drive about the city. We pass by a fine Presbyterian church, built in 1818, and a large new hospital and many pleasant residences, but are glad to get out of the ill-kempt streets into the country road. Our guide agrees to take us to the burning ghaut, where the Hindus are cremated.

CREMATION

is the universal custom among the Hindus, and has been for ages to burn their dead. The Europeans here are adopting this method of disposing of the mortal remains, and in a hundred years from the present, what with fire and electricity, our descendants will have little to say for "do" the dead—

summation devoutly to be wished. After a drive of a couple of miles and a walk of five minutes under a burning sun, the crematory was reached. "Business," it appeared, had been recently going on, for the remains of two bodies were stirred up with our sticks from a pile of smouldering ashes. Here is a part of a skull, here a part of a thigh bone, here we see some of the teeth and numerous other nondescript pieces of human framework. There was but one attendant watching the heap. He busily assisted in fishing out these charred remains, which if left for an hour longer would have been in ashes. This was the first time we saw of the solemn and impressive sight of cremation, but afterwards saw several bodies in the holy city of Benares, on the banks of the Ganges, placed on their last resting place—the wood pile—from whose burn so traveller returns. We were just a day late to see the notorious Juggernaut procession, but missing that the next best thing was to look upon the famous car. There are several

JUGGERNAUT CARS

in Madras residency. It appears they are principally confined here, none of the other residencies, as far as we know, boasting such a popular institution. The great car brings us to a standstill with a shudder as we look at it and review the missionary stories told about it. Well may it be called "Lord of Creation" by the Hindu worshippers, for it is a lordly looking piece of machinery. It was standing in a street near one of the temples where a number of hideously fashioned and painted gods were being made ready for worship. The car is a huge four wheeled structure over thirty feet high. The wheels are seven feet in diameter, made of thick pieces of timber held together by heavy iron bands, stays and bolts. They make a track about ten inches wide. The car is three times the size of Barnum's circus chariot, and would no doubt put many thousand dollars in the great showman's pocket if he could buy out the Hindu devotees' interest. The upper structure seems to be in three separate divisions or stories, all covered with hideous carvings of horrible serpents and unknown animals, and bristling with spiky balls and sharp points. The whole was surmounted by

A MORE NIGHTMAREISH, GHOULISH

than we had hitherto seen. His month was open, apparently ready to make mince meat of the universe. In front of the car, coiled up, was the rope, five and a half inches in diameter, and about two hundred feet long, used yesterday in the state of distressing of the "Lord of Creation" on his yearly outing. It is commonly believed and reported that every year many deaths occur in India through the frantic devotees committing suicide by throwing themselves into its present quarters. One of the Juggernaut cars, but this appears to be not the case. Official police returns from India show that

RARELY A DEATH OCCURS

at these car festivals, and when there are deaths they are due to accidents, and not to self-immolation. In the courtyard of the temple close by, are some twenty or thirty coolies quarrelling over the pay they are to receive for carrying the hideous monkey god from another temple to its present quarters. One of them, to satisfy our curiosity, pulls off a dirty white cloth veiling his godship, that we may see him in all his loveliness. The Hindu's bump of reverence is certainly not largely developed, for he seemed delighted in exciting our wonder and admiration at the intimacy of his god by fingering his tail, climbing up and patting his head, and feeling the bird-like claws, and by putting his hands in the mammoth mouth. He, however, showed the little peculiarity of ten fingers in good Methodist descent—he came round with the hat. We had to do something religious in turn. A visit to

THE BOTANICAL AND ZOOLOGICAL GARDENS

is necessary to complete Madras. The gardens are not in their best appearance, for it is approaching the hot season, and the grass and every tree and shrub is beginning to show signs of the extreme heat. A number of tame deer are grouped here and there under the shade trees, looking very lazy and sleepy. Like the natives, the heat has almost deprived them of the vivacity with which their species was created. A miserably poor elephant chained to a stump, some cages of Indian birds and monkeys, a large rhinoceros, three alligators in a tank, and a general assortment of lean, lank looking bears, lions, tigers, hyenas, etc., completed the Zoo. At each of the cages was an attendant who expected to be "backsheshed" for the trouble of rising from the ground to stir up his pets. In one instance our impulsive nature got the better of our pure string. An Indian lad opened a cage in which was a number of

YOUNG BENGAL TIGERS

about six months old, and dragging one out by the ear, affectionately embraced it. The animal was about as much as he could lift, but seemed as tame as a kitten. After some persuasion he prevailed on us to embrace a likeness, but it was not with the fond delight shown to the prodigal on his return. He brought out the three or four brothers and sisters, but we took a favorable opportunity to withdraw without delay to get a drink. We saw as a description of the Bullfight which a week ago we are now in the land of

THE HINDOO, OR BRAHMIN.

a race of people, very similar in physical respects to the English, but differing in their religious beliefs. In India the Hindus are the bulk of the population. They came into the country from the northern part of Asia, and found aborigines inhabiting the land. They were in turn succeeded by the Mahomedans, who had to give place to the all powerful Europeans. Consequently we find throughout all India four different peoples, namely, the Aborigines, the Hindus, the Mahomedans and the Europeans. The aborigines are illiterate—they can neither read nor write—and numerically are few compared with the Hindus; their being, it is estimated, about nine millions, while the Hindu number over one hundred millions. I intend to devote a letter wholly to the

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MISSIONARY DEPARTMENT.

THEIR LUNCH PARTY.

"Lou," said pretty little Mrs. Walton, to her young guest and sister-in-law, "I believe I'll give a lunch party."

"Everybody has been so very polite to you," went on Mrs. Walton, "I would like to do something in return, and—"

"A lunch is the very easiest thing, you indolent female," finished Lou. "I know your tricks and your manners, and now when shall it be?"

"Let me see," began Mrs. Walton. "Tomorrow will be Saturday, and in next week Tuesday is the church festival, Wednesday that picnic—"

"And Thursday Mrs. Doctor Appleton goes back to Boston. She has said it, and the laws of the Medes and Persians are brittle compared to her word," interpolated Lou.

"How about her son? There, don't blush, my dear. Of course we must have Mrs. Appleton, and there is no alternative but to set our furnaces for Monday. It is a poor day for such an undertaking, for everything will have to be done the same day, but it is Henson's choice. You write the notes, like a good soul, and we'll have Tom send up his office boy at noon to deliver them."

So that Friday afternoon thirty-two of the elite of Brockton's permanent and summer adult female residents were duly informed that Mrs. Thomas Walton would be happy to see them at luncheon Monday, at one o'clock, to meet Miss Walton.

"We'll just have one extravagance," said Mrs. Tom, coaxingly, to her big, handsome husband, the same evening. "You must write down to Kappier's for three dozen of his chicken, pates, to come up on the 9.05 train, Monday. Be sure it's the 9.05. That'll be such a relief, Lou, one thing to depend upon made out of the house."

"Yes, indeed," acquiesced Lou, "and your Aunt Helen said to me a little while ago she would get up early Monday morning, and make two large loaves of her famous White Mountain cake, send it over fresh and frosted by eleven o'clock."

"She a darling," said Mrs. Tom, enthusiastically. "Now I feel as if I should distinguish myself. I'm counting on you for your unapproachable peach ice cream and shrimp salad, and I'll manage to worry through the wine jelly. Sarah must attend herself on the raised biscuit, small and fresh, but not warm, you know."

"Yes," said Lou, "and I've got a new idea about the salad—that clever Mrs. Henson gave to me. Take perfect, firm tomatoes, not too ripe, salad and peel them and slice off the tops; then scoop out the inside and mix it with the strings and chopped hard boiled eggs. Pour over the filling a mayonnaise dressing and return to the tomato shells. It makes such a pretty looking dish, and the salad is easily eaten out of its red cup."

"Lou, you are an inspiration," cried Kate, "the fame of this luncheon will go thundering down the ages. Brockton has never eaten salad from a tomato. Tom, I'm glad I married into the family. Your sister's intellect makes up for your—" but Tom had fled.

The first set-back occurred Sunday morning, and it came double. The milkman who had been spoken to on Saturday, to bring cream, announced when he came Sunday morning that he couldn't promise it, and Mrs. Tom, who had made her wince jolly Saturday evening, when she slipped down cellar after breakfast just to take a peep at the condition, felt her heart drop away down into her little brown slippers as she confronted the rows of watery-looking moulds.

She flew up stairs and beckoned Lou from the dining room. "It won't harden!" she whispered hoarsely. "What?" demanded Lou, startled by her tragic manner. "The jelly," and then two pair of slipper heels clicked down the wooden stairway.

Lou looked and shook her head. "It must be taken out and melted up, and more gelatine added, and more wine." "It ought to be done today," suggested Mrs. Tom. "Now," said Lou, laconically, "You go and get the wine, and I'll put the gelatine to soften. Then just before church I'll slip out and put it together again. Yes, I know it's Sunday, but it's got to be done, and I'll go straight to church from the cellar."

Kate laughed, and the programme was duly carried out. In the afternoon Mrs. Tom and her sister-in-law were obliged to discuss the cream question. "We must have it tonight, or very early in the morning," said Kate. "The only place I know of is down at Sammy Dunn's, over the creek. He keeps cows and sells cream."

"Oh, yes, I know the place," said Lou, "beyond the old mill. I'll take the children and walk down there now. Don't frown, we always go for a walk,

you know, and I'll tell them Sunday school stories all the way." And this irrepressible young woman picked up her hat, calling to the three young Waitons as she ran down the steps.

In about an hour the party returned. They brought some, with promise of more in the morning, and they also brought young Doctor Appleton. The former was put on the ice, and the latter on the piazza with Lou to entertain him, while Mrs. Tom gave the children their early supper of bread and milk.

The shadows were lengthening when Tom Walton came up the walk. "Kate," he said to his wife when the presently appeared, "I've been over to your Aunt Helen's. She's in bed, trying to fight off one of her nervous headaches."

A simultaneous exclamation of dismay burst from the lips of the two ladies. "Why, what's the matter?" asked Tom, surprised. "Aunt Helen's nervous headaches are not alarming."

"Must go right over there," said his wife, jumping up. "Doctor"—a sudden thought striking her—"don't you know of any remedy that will ward off a regular nervous headache for a day? It is positively necessary that Aunt Helen does not absent for another twenty-four hours."

"Oh, positively," broke in Lou, who saw visions in a careless lurch, "There will be no reward too great for you, Dr. Appleton, if you can delay this attack."

"Will there not?" asked the young man, quickly looking down at Lou in a way that made the treacherous color show in her cheeks. If my compensation is to be unlimited," he went on, taking his hat and facing Mrs. Tom at the foot of the steps, "I shall certainly try for it."

He did not come back, but sent a goodnight by Kate, who reported Aunt Helen sleeping quietly from the Doctor's potion.

By ten o'clock Tom yawned and believed he would go up stairs, and when he had fairly gone Lou unfolded a startling scheme.

"Kate, we can't depend on your aunt," she began. "We may have the cake to make in the morning. At any rate there's the house to put in order, the flowers to arrange, the table to lay, the salad to make—and noon comes soon. If you'll help me a little I'll make the cream tonight, and then in the morning it will only be a question of twenty minutes to re-pack it. Sunday really ends at sundown, you know, and besides, we've been so wicked all day about this dreadful luncheon, a little extra back-sliding won't make much difference."

Two hours later Tom Walton, aroused by a heavy thud-thud! opened his eyes. His wife was not at his side, and the thud-thud came now spirally from some where at the back of the house. Thoughts of burglars, midnight assassins and what not, flitted through his brain as he hurried into some clothes and, taking his pistol, he stole softly down the stairs.

The sitting and dining rooms were dark; the kitchen, also, had no light, but from the wood-shed beyond came a little glimmer, and he caught the subdued murmur of voices and the regular thud-thud! that had awaked him.

He crossed the kitchen and gently pushed the door ajar to see—the lovely wife of his bosom, with skirts kilted above her ankles, and rubbers on over her slippers, lading broken ice and salt into a patent ice cream freezer, while his stylish young sister, equally kilted and rubbered, was swinging an axe with all her force, broadside upon an old canvas bag, filled with ice.

"There," said Kate, "You've got enough, Lou—and now we're through." And then they both turned and saw Tom standing in the doorway, pistol in hand.

Tableau. "Kate," whispered Lou, tapping at her door by six o'clock the next morning, "it has poured all night—it is raining now; hot water, too; a nasty, sultry, August day, and the vegetable man has just come, with no tomatoes."

That was the way the morning began, and the plot thickened as it progressed. There was so much to be done and so little time to do it in; the rain kept the children indoors and under foot at every turn; the 9.05 train came in without the pates; every store in the village was ransacked in vain for tomatoes, Monday being a poor day for vegetables; and at eleven o'clock Ben, Aunt Helen's gardener, came over with only a handful of flowers—"for you see, Miss Walton," he explained to Kate, "the rain has beat down everything, all the jeanyams and the verbenas and roses and everything."

But he brought the cake, tempting and delicious, and Lou's heart beat with a sudden thick throb, as she saw this fruit of Dr. Appleton's skill, and her cheeks flushed, then paled, as she recalled his meaning look of the night before, when he had started out to try his remedy!

And whether there was a secret magic in the snowy loaves or not, from the moment they arrived things bettered. Ben solved the tomato problem and made the new salad possible, by trudging back to Aunt Helen's vines and

gleaning sufficient for their use; a friend who had a greenhouse thoughtfully sent down a great box of lovely flowers, and Tom came in with a despatch that the pates would come at 12-15, and also a basket of choice fruits, which was that gentleman's contribution to the entertainment.

And the jelly hardened beautifully, the ice cream was smooth and solid, the yellow salad in its ruby nests would have tempted a king, and the first guest did not suspect that the tall, dignified young woman in a cool looking, lavender muslin, with a bunch of scarlet flowers in her belt, had left the kitchen after a long morning of unremitting toil, only fifteen minutes before, to rush up stairs and don the furberlous.

"A most charming lunch-party," said Mrs. Dr. Appleton to her son that evening, "and Miss Walton is really a very well bred young person. I like dignity and self-possession, and she has both, and I believe she made the peach ice cream, which was simply worthy of a coronation."

So young Dr. Appleton had his august mamma's approval when he asked Lou that same evening, a little later on the moonlighted piazza of her brother's home, if he might name the reward he claimed for the restoration of Aunt Helen.

You can guess what it was, but not everyone knows that a wedding before next Christmas was the outcome of "their lunch party."

Don't rack and ruin your lungs with a tight, harrowing, distressing cough, when a few doses of Hayzard's Pectoral Balsam will loosen the phlegm, soothe the irritation, and heal the sore throat and bronchial pipes, and may avert that destructive disease, consumption.

Opprobrious Epithets. Strikes bring out the technical slang of the trades, and particularly the opprobrious epithets by which the different classes of workmen distinguish the unskilled men who labor at the same trade. In most cases it will be found that these slang terms originate in some technicality of the trade. Thus the telegraphers call a poor operator a plug, after the little metal plug or pin in the switchboard, good only to open and shut the circuit. They are also called "chair-warmers," the meaning of which is apparent to everybody.

Printers designate an unskilled typesetter a "shoemaker" or "blacksmith." The derivation of the former appellation is from the fact that a compositor who makes errors is obliged to correct them after the type is set up by taking out the misplaced letters and "pegging" the proper ones into their places. Tailors also use the word "shoemaker" to distinguish a poor hand, as an unskilled workman makes his stitches too far apart, and is therefore better adapted to sew leather, where he can punch the holes with an awl before pulling his needle through. The appellation "blacksmith" is applied to a printer whose fingers are clumsy, and a jeweller also terms an unskilled worker at his trade a "blacksmith" for the same reason.

A term of opprobrium which was used by old New York printers to denote an unskilled compositor was the word "boarder," from the fact that a poor hand was generally a drinking man and spent his time loafing or "boarding" in liquor saloons. All striking workmen in common use the generic word "scab" to distinguish those who take the place of strikers. The derivation of this word is obviously from the fact that the scab is a morbid growth, and lives only at the expense of the general well-being of the rest of the body.

Shakespeare uses the word scab as a term of opprobrium, and Webster defines scab as a "mean, paltry fellow" which has suggested the application of the word to its present use. Different occupations have, however, special names to particularize the scabs of their respective callings. Thus compositors call a scab a "rat," in contemptuous allusion to the rodents that infest printing-offices.

The telegraphers have only recently invented a term for scab operators. They call them "contaminists," though the term is not of technical derivation, but is probably an attempt to manufacture a word from the Latin *contaminare*, the root of *contaminatus*, to describe a stubborn and obstinate person. There is, however, a strong current among some of the operators that there was a noted scab in the big strike in 1883 by the name of Con Toomey, and hence one who follows in his footsteps is called a "contaminist," which is certainly a more humorous derivation than the former.

The iron-workers, especially the nailers, term a scab a "black sheep," while the latter says he is "foul." This custom of designating those who work contrary to the rules and wishes of their fellows by some uncomplimentary name is not confined to those who are wage workers. The lawyers term the one who works contrary to the ethics of the profession a shyster, while the doctors expressly call one who pretends to be a healer, without belonging to their medical society or union a quack. The same idea runs through all classes of society.

Something About Washing. A very good washing fluid may be made by bringing to a boil one pound salisod, a half pound unslacked lime, a small lump of borax and five quarts of water. When cool, pour off and bottle. Use one tea-cupful to a boiler of clothes. This will not injure the clothes. To wash blankets, put boiling hot suds into the washer with a table-spoonful of borax to each gallon of suds. Put in the blankets, one at a time, and wash each five minutes, adding more liquid soap (that is, soap dissolved in hot water) as it is needed. Wring from the suds and put into a tub of scalding water. Rinse thoroughly in this, squeezing the goods up and down with the clothes-stick. Pass through the wringer and hang upon the line. Quits can be washed in the same way easily. The soap in which flannels are washed should contain no resin, as resin hardens the fibre. If this precaution is used and bluing put in the scalding rinse-water, blankets may be washed a great many times, and still retain the original softness and whiteness. The nap on them may be raised, as it wears off, with a pair of fuller's cards. These are excellent to raise nap on the inside of woollen hose, thus adding greatly to their softness and warmth.

Ladies troubled with Pimples, Blisters, Rough Hands or Face, or sores of any description, should use McGregor & Parko's Carbolic Cerate. It will leave the skin in perfect health, smooth, clean and good color. Be sure and get the genuine, made by McGregor & Parko. Price 25c. Sold at Geo. Rhyans' Drug Store. (3)

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Neatness. The following remarks by Emily Hayes in the Household are so sensible that they are well worth quoting: A lady's couch is very soon discovered in the arrangement of a dining room—the appointments of the table, though of the most ordinary kind, the neatness, the spotless purity of the table linen, the polish which the coarsest ware will show if properly washed and wiped, the arrangements of the dishes—all tend to show the deft hands, the nice tastes of the woman whose charge it is. And by fine tastes I don't mean acquired ones. Many a girl or woman who couldn't quote a line of Emerson or use a French phrase, to save her existence, may have a nature refined and beautiful enough to make itself felt in all the drudgery of her daily life. And, in these days, when many women are judged by their outward elegance, it is well to look at their home life. Not that it is necessary that every woman should bake bread and wash dishes, but the lady who can do such things properly should occasion no reproach, it is far more ladylike than she who looks upon it as a menial labor, fit only for servants.

Invisible but Instantaneous. All pains or aches will instantly be removed by drops of Fluid Lightening applied over the affected parts. No time lost; no nauseous medicines needed; no poulticing or using greasy liniments. It will not blister or discolor the skin. Sold at 25c. per bottle by Geo. Rhyans, druggist. Sufferers from Neuralgia assure us that they never fear it when their home contains a bottle of Fluid Lightening. (4)

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can get their Bill Heads, Letter 100, Front Street, Goderich, Ont. 2056-1m

WALL PAPER.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS SUCCEEDED IN SECURING THE FINEST LINE

EVER SHOWN IN GODERICH

Samples will be cheerfully shown to anyone.

They are the Pick from Ten Different Makers. JAS. WIRE.

Lesson.

An open meeting of the Lodge will be held here this evening. Admission free, but a silver collection will be taken up to defray expenses.

The teamsters say the 22nd Feb. was the best sleighing of the season. Joe Cook's fine boys drew to the sawmill at Dunlop a load of logs six in number, two being 20-ft. in length, measuring altogether 1040 ft., being the best record of the season.

Friday last the genial Dunlop architect and two Salford sportsmen, with the jovial commodore, enjoyed a day's sport. The keen frost deterred the scent from the hounds, so that only five rabbits were shot.

The annual meeting of the congregation of the Presbyterian church will be held Monday evening.

By a printer's error the name of D. Cumming was inserted last week in connection with the management of the social hop on Commercial-st. The name should have been D. Carney. The architect's sporting proclivities run to quill-pitching, and not to the exhibition of the "light fantastic."

Our medico had a visit from a brother med. from Toronto last week, and had an interesting discussion on the alina mater. He was also out for a drive with the Dunlop scribble, taking Joe to inspect a quilt that was on the frame, and made by a gudewife and a maiden in a day and one reported. They also fulfilled an important promise by a call. More anon.

Sunday's Star.—The morning saw only the caretaker, librarian and one Sunday-school scholar by the side of the stove in the schoolroom. Punctual to the minute for holding the Bible class Rev. Mr. Black drove in from Goderich with Hector Hays, the former remarking that he had for 36 years had a country charge, and had always been in time, wind or weather never preventing him. The kirk bell was rung, and answered by eleven persons, two ladies being among the number. At the close of the service the pastor said he was sorry to say that he had been unexpectedly called to Hamilton, and could not, on that account, visit among the parishioners this week.

The election contest in this ward was sternly fought out. 104 voters marked their ballots, the result being 50 for Cameron, 52 for Porter, and 2 spoiled ballots. The interests of the Reform candidate were faithfully looked after by D. Cummings and R. Fuldor, and Conservation was upheld by A. Allan and J. Campbell. The officials were R. Williams, R. O., St. Q. Williams, poll clerk, J. D. McManus, constable. Ex-actly 50-50 was the number of votes on the list were polled. In the election of 1882, Porter obtained a majority of 17 in this ward out of a polled vote of 84 on a list of 105. The Reform gain is attributable to the organization of the section and the indomitable work put in on election day by the commodore, who was indefatigable from morning to evening in hauling voters to the poll.

A TRYING SORROW.—The winsome maidens of this section sorrow and are unable to shake hands with some of the handsome lords of creation in the following reasons. One prominent and popular bachelor had his hand injured by a kick from an equine; the tall Laird also got one of his "bunch of five's" jammed between two logs, to such an extent that he has been compelled to "hang up his middle and his bow" for the time being; and a few weeks ago Joe Cook opened his palm with an axe. The wound was dressed by one of our local medics, and is doing well, and the patient is now set tling along nicely. Even though the bachelors were tempted to give their hearts to the fair ones, they cannot at present give their hands.

Goderich Markets Reported by Telephone from Harbor Mill—

Table with market prices for various goods like Wheat, Flour, Potatoes, etc.

30 DAYS SALE Great Sale

A discount of Ten per cent will be allowed on all purchases over one dollar.

J. C. DETLOR & Co.

Goderich, Feb. 17th, 1887.



Fall Millinery!

MRS. SALKELD Has now on exhibition at her Show Room a Full Assortment of the LATEST SHAPES & STYLES of Hats and Fall Millinery.

Felt Hats Trimmed with Astrachan, and Untrimmed. Astrachan for Trimming Purposes. Felt Hats Trimmed from \$1.00 upwards.

A cordial invitation is extended to all.

WINTER MILLINERY

1886 NEW FALL GOODS 1886

I greet the public with the announcement that I have opened out a Choice Assortment of NEW AND STYLISH DRESS GOODS

Suitable for Autumn and Early Winter Wear. The range of Textile Fabrics are so varied this season that even the most fastidious can be SUITED. PLAIN AND BROCADED SATINS, Black and Colored, Plain and Striped Plushes and Velvets. Buttons from a 5c. Size up to a Trade Dollar. Metal, Pearl and Jet Clasps for Dresses and Mantles.

Gloves & Fine Hosiery Full range, and at prices unprecedented in the annals of the Hosiery and Glove Trade. ALL DEPARTMENTS WILL BE FOUND WELL ASSORTED.

An unusually large stock of Canadian and Imported KNITTING YARNS—Best Makes. KEY NOTE—Goods sold on their merits, no misrepresentations made, and strictly one price.

A. MUNRO, Draper and Haberdasher.

TOWNSHIP OF COLBORNE. ABSTRACT AND AUDITORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR A. D. 1886.

Table with financial data: RECEIPTS, PAYMENTS, and Balance on hand.

We, the undersigned Auditors of the Township of Colborne for the year A. D. 1886, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of each and every particular of the Receipts and Payments of the said Municipality, as shown and as appears by the original copies of the Treasurer's Books, and of the vouchers produced for the financial year ending 31st day of February, A. D. 1887.

Witness our hands and seals, at Goderich, Ontario, this 4th day of February, A. D. 1887.

Wm. Campbell, Clerk.

Geo. W. Thomson, Auditor.

The Wanzer Lamp No. 100, Front Street, Goderich, Ont. 2056-1m

Wanzer C & White Machines

Pianos and Organs, all from the most celebrated makers—cheap for Cash.

GEO. W. THOMSON, Residence—First House East of Sneath's Planning Mill, 2074-1m

ANCHOR LINE U. S. MAIL STEAMERS SAIL EVERY SATURDAY FROM NEW YORK TO GLASGOW AND LONDON DERRY.

TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing is a true copy of a proposed by-law which the first public meeting of the Goderich and Huron Signal newspapers on Friday, the 11th day of February, 1887, and by which the said newspapers are authorized to accept of the passage of this by-law respectively.

Great Sale

OF DRY GOODS.

We are closing up our Ingersoll business, and will move the stock here shortly. In order to make good for it we must reduce our Goderich stock. This is a Genuine Clearing Sale.

REGARDLESS OF COST. THE GOODS MUST BE SOLD TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR INGERSOLL STOCK.

We have a large assortment of Dress Goods, Black and Colored Velveteens, Silks and Muslin Cloths, that must be sold for whatever they will bring.

Blankets, Comforters, Shirts and Drawers, and all Woolen Goods, at Less Than Wholesale Prices. Immense Bargains in Sheetings, Pillow Cases, Prints, Crotches, Tablings, Gingham, Shirtings, Ducks, Denims, and Cottonades.

A Complete Stock of Hosiery and Small Wares, Ribbons, Gloves, and hundreds of things we cannot name here, at your own price.

Be Sure and Come Early to the Sale, and get some of the Best Bargains, which are sure to be first. NO RESERVE. GOODS MUST BE SOLD. TERMS CASH.

Colborne Bros., GODERICH.

NOW FOR BARGAINS AT PROF. CLARKE'S MUSIC EMPORIUM.

A HANDSOME XMAS GIFT The Genuine Bell Organ, The Mason & Risch, Dunham, Fischer, Evans Pianos.

Prof. C. only handles the very best Instruments. Why buy trash when you can buy the GENUINE, using by calling on or writing to PROF. CLARKE, Violins, Flutes, Fife, Mouth Organs, Scrap Albums, Sheet Music, Music Books, &c.

THE CHEAPEST HOUSE IN CANADA. 100, Front Street, Goderich.



A Large and Varied Assortment of Goods suitable for Xmas and New Years Presents

Just Received at the Medical Hall by F. JORDAN, and will be sold at Prices to suit the Hard Times. Call and see them before making your purchases.

F. JORDAN, Medical Hall, Goderich.

HUGH DUNLOP, FASHIONABLE TAILOR.

Free! Free! SAUNDERS & SON 20,000 FEET of Picture Moulding

And they are going to give everyone a chance to have their Pictures Framed for Nothing.

For two months they will make no charge for making up frames to those who purchase their moulding from them.

The price of mouldings have been put AWAY DOWN! Bring along your Pictures.

A Large Stock of Ready Made Frames at Cost.

The Cheapest House UNDER THE SUN. West-st., next door to the Post Office. Goderich, Jan. 20th, 1887.

To the Citizens of Goderich AND SURROUNDING COUNTRY:

Having purchased the good will and business of our well-known townsman, H. Clucas, we are prepared to do all kinds of PAINTING & DECORATING embraced in our line.

We wish to inform the good people of this community that we are here to stay, consequently we are prepared to meet the lowest prices going. Solliciting a fair share of your patronage, we are yours to command. ELLIOTT & PRETTY, Goderich, Jan. 27, 1887. 2034-3m

PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS, GODERICH.

EAST HURON.

Dr. Macdonald Carries the Old Conservative Riding. Grey Township Whoops up a Majority of 219, and Decides the Day.

From the Wingham Times.

Last Tuesday was a great day for the people of East Huron in general, and a greater day for the Reformers of East Huron in particular. It marked the climax of one of the most bitter contests that has ever been fought in the riding, and it brought to the Reformers such a victory that they had hardly dared more than just hope for. The organization of both parties was perfect, and while the Conservatives felt confident of victory, they knew that the contest would be close, and that success could only be attained through hard work on their part. The greatest excitement prevailed in Wingham on the day of polling, and both parties worked determinedly to reap the harvest they had been sowing, and reports from all over the riding show that every constituency shared equally with Wingham in this respect. Shortly after the polls had been closed it was announced that Wingham had given Mr. Farrow a majority of 36. This kind of put a dinner upon Reform enthusiasm, while the Conservatives were jubilant. Early in the evening large crowds assembled in the Gallopian hall, where the Reformers were to receive the returns, and in Taylor's vacant store, where the Conservatives made their headquarters. The same returns were read out in both places. The village of Blyth was the first outside place to report. It gave Farrow 36 of a majority. This was looked for by either party, and the Reform thermometer began to register a lower temperature. Then Brussels gave 7 for Farrow, Turnberry gave 42 for Macdonald, and Wrochester reported the door 32 ahead, while Morris gave in with 12 for Farrow and Howick with 141 against for the same gentleman. During the receipt of these announcements the Reform thermometer kept going down, down, while it was easily discerned from the wild shouts of joy that repeatedly arose a little further down street that the Conservatives were wild with delight. So far Farrow's majority was 158, and there was only Grey to hear from. That township gave a Reform majority of 100 in the last Dominion election, and, of course, it could not be depended upon to wipe out that 158 and have a few over. The Tories claimed the day, and the Grits did not seem at all disposed to dispute their claim. Grey seemed to be a long time in sending in the returns, but when it did report it did so with both feet, to use a vulgarism. When it was announced that Grey gave Dr. Macdonald the magnificent majority of 219, the excitement became most intense. The Tory shouts suddenly ceased, and at the same time the shouts were given by hundreds of voices that had been given a shout all evening, and which were fresh and strong. It was the Reformers' turn to feel jubilant, with their eyes elevated beyond dispute by G. I. of a majority. Dr. Macdonald, up in a sleigh, and perched in this position the successful candidate was escorted through the streets, headed by a torchlight procession, and followed by hundreds of admirers who made the town ring with their cheers and shouts of delight. It was long after midnight before the town assumed its usual quiet.

A TRIUMPHAL PROCESSION. Word was received on Wednesday morning that a procession of over 100 sleighs and cutters, headed with electors from Howick, Wrochester, Turnberry and other places would reach Wingham shortly after noon. At one o'clock preparations were made to receive them: the town band was engaged, quite a number of teams were pressed into service, and at 1:30 o'clock a procession containing over 50 rigs, and headed by the band, drove out the Bluevale road to meet the visitors, who met out at the "Y." The procession was formed and started back to town, cheering and shouting all the way. The procession was the largest that has ever been seen in Wingham, and every rig was loaded to its utmost capacity. They drove through all the principal streets, which were thronged with people, and finally drew up at the town hall, where a congratulatory meeting was held. Dr. Macdonald, who was in the procession, received a continued ovation all along the line of march, and for an hour the town resounded with cheers and shouts expressive of the delight of the people over the great victory of their townsman. The town hall was incapable of holding one-half of the immense crowd, although every available inch in the building was occupied. Geo. McKay, J. P., officiated as chairman. Speeches were delivered by Dr. Macdonald, M. P., A. L. Gibson, of Wrochester; Thos. Strachan of Grey; Dr. Sloan, of Blyth; Thos. Gibson, M. P.; P. E. Wade and P. Thompson, of Brussels; James Mitchell, of Howick, and J. A. Morton, of Wingham. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed, and the meeting broke up about 5 o'clock, when all repaired to their homes.

Is your hair turning gray and falling out? Hall's Hair Renewer will restore it to its original color, and stimulate the follicles to produce a new and luxuriant growth. It cleanses the scalp, eradicates dandruff, and is a most agreeable and harmless dressing.

Doubly Beneficial. There is no other remedy known that has more curative power over dyspepsia and liver complaint than Burdock Blood Bitters. I had liver complaint and my husband was so bad with dyspepsia that he could not labor. One dozen bottles of B. B. B. has enabled us both to attend to our usual work," reports Mrs. John A. Campbell, of Brighton, N. B. 2

It is spring. A resurrection of nature's latent forces is taking place. Like the world around you, renew your complexion, invigorate your powers, cleanse the channels of life. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the means to use for this purpose.

How to Deal With Children.

Coddling, pampering, and gratifying every wish of a child is more the result of selfishness than love. A love that cannot see in present disciplines future good is both narrow and stupid. True love can deprive the present minute of pleasure for future good and true happiness.

"I try so hard to make my children happy!" said a mother with a sigh, one day in despair at her efforts. "Stop trying," exclaimed a practical friend at her elbow, "and do as a neighbor of mine does." "And how is that?" she asked, dejectedly. "Why, she simply lets her children grow and develop naturally, only directing their growth properly. She has always thrown them, as far as practicable, upon their own resources, taught them to wait upon themselves, no matter how many servants she had, and to construct their own playthings. When she returns home from an absence they await but one thing—their mother's kiss. Whatever is bought for them is bestowed when the needed time comes. Nothing exciting is allowed to them at night, and they go to bed and to sleep in a wholesome mental state, that insures restful slumber. They are taught to love nature, and to feel that there is nothing arrayed so finely as the lily of the field, the bee, and the butterfly; that there is nothing so mean as a lie, nor anything so miserable as disobedience; that it is a disgrace to be sick, and that good health, good teeth, and good temper come from plain food, plenty of sleep, and being good."

Let a child learn that future good is the sacrifice of a momentary pleasure that will not bring lasting gain.

"O earthly goods, the best is a good wife; A bad the bitterest curse of earthly life." How many wives who to-day are almost distracted because of their many ailments, all tending to make home unhappy, would become the best of all earthly goods if they got rid of their troubles by using Dr. Pierce's "Prescription," which is an infallible remedy for those diseases and weakness which afflict the female sex. Send ten cents in stamps for Dr. Pierce's complete treatise on these diseases, illustrated by numerous woodcuts and colored plates. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

The distressing paleness so often observed in young girls and women, is due in a great measure to a lack of the red corpuscles in the blood. To remedy this requires a medicine which produces these necessary little blood constituents, and the best yet discovered is John's Tonic Bitters. Price 50 cents, and \$1 per bottle at Goddard's drug store, Albion, Goddard, Goddard. Sole agent. [b]

9 THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind., says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE." For sale by J. Wilson, Druggist.

THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE. Thoroughly cleansed by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and good health, vigor, and vitality are restored. Its, and vital strength, will be established.

CONSUMPTION, which is Scrophulous of the Lungs, is treated and cured by this remedy. It cleanses the lungs, and drives out the phlegm. From its marvelous power, over this fearful disease, when first offering this new and reliable remedy to the public, Dr. Pierce thought seriously of calling it "Consumption Cure," but abandoned that name as too limited for a medicine which, from its wonderful combination of tonic, or strengthening, stimulant, or blood-cleansing, antiphlogistic, and expectorant properties, is unrivaled not only as a remedy for consumption, but for all Chronic Diseases of the

Liver, Blood, and Lungs. If you feel dull, drowsy, debilitated, have yellow color of skin, or yellowishness about face or body, frequent headache, nervousness, bad taste in mouth, indigestion, loss of appetite, or if you are afflicted with any of the following symptoms, such as cough, spitting of blood, or any other pulmonary complaint, you are afflicted with Consumption, and you need Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. For Weak Lungs, Spitting of Blood, Hemorrhage, Cough, Phlegm, Asthma, Severe Coughs, and kindred affections, it is an infallible remedy. Sold by Druggists, at \$1.00, or SIX BOTTLES for \$5.00. Send for details in stamps to Dr. Pierce's book on Consumption. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 603 Main Street, Lowell, Mass.

\$500 REWARD. Is offered by the proprietors of Dr. Sugi's Catarrh Remedy for a case of catarrh which they cannot cure. If you have a discharge from the nose, offensive or otherwise, partial loss of smell, taste, or hearing, weak eyes, dull pain or pressure in head, you have Catarrh. Thousands of cases terminate in consumption. Dr. Sugi's CATARRH REMEDY cures the worst cases of Catarrh, Cold in the Head, and Catarrh of the Throat.

C. L. McINTOSH, Next door to Rhynas' Drug Store, keeps constantly adding to his well-selected stock, choice

Fresh Groceries, TEAS AND SUGARS A SPECIALTY.

In returning thanks to my customers for their patronage, I would also invite any other who will, to call and inspect my stock.

C. L. McINTOSH, South-West side of the Square, Goderich, Feb. 15th, 1886.

GODERICH PLANING MILL ESTABLISHED 18

Buchanan, Lawson & Robinson MANUFACTURERS OF Sash, Doors & Blinds

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF Lumber, Lath, Shingles and builder's material of every description. SCHOOL FURNITURE A SPECIALTY. Order promptly attended to. Goderich Aug. 2, 1885.

The People's Livery LIVERY STABLE

JOHN KNOX, Proprietor. The subscriber is prepared to furnish the public with

The Finest Rigs AT REASONABLE PRICES CALL AND SEE US—Opposite the Colburn Goderich, Feb. 15th 1886

HURON AND BRUCE LOAN AND INVESTMENT COMPANY This Company is Lending Money on Farm Security at Lowest Rates of Interest.

MORTGAGES PURCHASED. SAVINGS BANK BRANCH. 3, 4 and 5 per Cent. Interest Allowed on Deposits, according to amount and time left.

OFFICE—Care of Market Square and North Street, Goderich. HORACE HORTON, MANAGER Goderich Aug. 5th 1885. 1894

HARNESSES, HAIR EMULSION Restores grey hair to its natural color, restores Don't move Don't stop the hair from falling out, increases its growth, and will not soil the skin. As a hair dressing it has no superior. Gear's auted harnesses

Prepared by Harkness & Co. London, Ont. Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

GODERICH BOILER WORKS Chrystal & Black, Manufacturers of all kinds of STEAMERS, MARINE, UPRIGHT and TUBULAR BOILERS.

SALT PANS, SMOKE STACKS and all kinds of Sheet Iron work. STRAIN AND WATER PIPE FITTINGS constantly on hand.

On hand, ready for delivery: 1 20 H.P. New Steel Boiler. 1 8 H.P. New Boiler.

A Complete 2nd-hand Threshing Outfit. Boiler, Engine, Separator, &c., all in good working order. Will be sold cheap. Main orders will receive prompt attention. Works: Opp. St. J. R. Station. P.O. BOX 331. Goderich, May 29th, 1885.

HIGGINS' EUREKA SALT FOR PURITY, SWEETNESS & FLAVOR IS UNEQUALLED. DAIRYMEN BUTTER & CHEESE. Agency for Western Canada: Oakland's Jersey Dairy, HAMILTON, ONT.

Persons wishing good cord wood at the lowest rates can have the same promptly supplied by leaving their orders at

GEO. OLD'S STORE. Our agent will call at the store daily for orders. Also on hand a lot of cheap wood such as short lath, edge wood, &c. All the wood can be bought at the mill or delivered, as the buyer desires. Promptness guaranteed. XAVIER BAECHLER, Falls Reserve 3 Mills, June 2nd, 1886.

Have you Toothache? Use Fluid Lightening. Have you Rheumatism? Use Fluid Lightening. Have you a Stiff Joint? Use Fluid Lightening. Have you Neuralgia? Use Fluid Lightening. Have you Lumbago? Use Fluid Lightening. Are you troubled with Headache? Use Fluid Lightening. Have you any Pain? Use Fluid Lightening. It will cure you the instant it is applied. Try it. 25c per bottle at G. Rhynas' drug store.

Be on Your Guard. Don't allow a cold in the head to slowly and surely run into Catarrh, when you can be cured for 25c. by using Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. A few applications cure incipient catarrh; 1 to 2 boxes cures ordinary catarrh; 2 to 3 boxes is guaranteed to cure chronic Catarrh. Try it. Only 25c and sure cure. Sold by Jas Wilson, druggist.

How a Dude Caught Cold. A slim young man in the height of fashion was strolling in a street car, when a companion remarked, "Ah, Charles, dear boy, how d'ye catch that dreadful cold." "Ah, dear fellow, left my nose in the lower hall to-day, and in sucking the ivory handle, so I caught cold." It chanced that Dr. Harvey's Red Pine Gum his cold would not trouble him, very much. For sale at J. Wilson's prescription drug store.

A Reward—Of one dozen "TRABERY" to any one sending the best four lymphons to "TRABERY," the remarkable little gem for the Teeth and Gums. Ask your druggist or address

In the history of medicines no preparation has received such universal commendation, for the alleviation it affords and the permanent cure it effects in kidney diseases as Dr. Van Buren's Kidney Cure. Its action in these distressing complaints is simply wonderful. Sold by J. Wilson. 2m

Home Rule. In Great Britain the question of Home Rule is commanding attention. To the man with a cold in the head or chest the safest way to ensure Home Rule over a cold is to have on hand a bottle of Dr. Harvey's Red Pine Gum. For sale at J. Wilson's Prescription drug store, if

To the Medical Profession, and all whom it may concern. Phosphatine, or Nerve Food, a Phosphate Element based upon Scientific Facts. Formulated by Professor Austin, M. D. of Boston, Mass., cures Pulmonary Consumption, Sick Headache, Nervous Attacks, Vertigo and Neuralgia and all wasting diseases of the human system. Phosphatine is not a Medicine, but a Nutrient, because it contains no Vegetable or Mineral Glycerine, Opium, Narcotics, and no Stimulants, but simply the Phosphate and Glyceric Elements found in our daily food. A single bottle is sufficient to convince. All Druggists sell it. \$1.00 per bottle. LOWDEN & Co., sole agents for the Dominion, 55 Front Street East, Toronto.

1885. GODERICH WOOLEN MILLS. The Wool Growers of the Surrounding Country: We wish to say that we are prepared to take your Wool in exchange for Goods, or work it for you into any of the following articles, viz: Blankets—White, Grey, or Horse, Shirtings—Grey or Check, Cloths—Tweeds or Full Cloths, Light or Heavy, Flannels—White, Grey, Colored, Union, Plain or Twill, Sheetings—Broad or Narrow, Stocking Yarn—White, Grey, Colored or in Colors, Carpet Warps made to order.

Our facilities for this work cannot be surpassed. We will endeavor in most cases to do it the day it is brought in, if required. Custom Spinning and Kesting or Spinning on the Cap, coarse or fine, hard or soft twist, as required. We are in a position to do all kinds of custom work, usually done in a full set custom mill, and we will guarantee to do for you fully equal, if not a little better than any in our surroundings. A call especially invited.

E. McCANN East End Woolen Mill, Goderich, May 15th, 1885.

THE KEY TO HEALTH. BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS. Unlocks all the clogged avenues of the Bowels, Kidneys and Liver, carrying off gradually without weakening the system, all the impurities and foul humors of the secretions; at the same time Correcting Acidity of the Stomach, curing Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Headaches, Dizziness, Heartburn, Constipation, Dryness of the Skin, Dropsy, Dimness of Vision, Jaundice, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Scrophula, Fluttering of the Heart, Nervousness, and General Debility; all these and many other similar Complaints yield to the happy influence of BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS.

2. MILBURN & Co., Proprietors, Toronto.

ABRAHAM SMITH, TAILOR & CLOTHIER.

New Goods, New Styles, Low Prices.

Gents' Furnishings, Hats and Caps, &c. If you want a cheap yet stylish suit, call at

ABRAHAM SMITH'S. 2500 Goderich, June 3rd, 1886.



W.M. KNIGHT, West Street, two doors east of P.O., Goderich.

BEWARE OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS. As there are many inferior goods, we have decided to sell our goods as 'Crompton' by some unprincipled merchants trading on the reputation of our genuine 'Crompton'. We were the first to introduce such a reputation by drawing their attention to the necessity of seeing that the name

'CROMPTON CORSET CO.' is stamped on inner side of all Corset goods. Without which none are genuine.

West Street Meat Market. Andrews & Johnston. ALL KINDS OF MEATS. Care Attention and Prompt Delivery. A CALL SOLICITED. Dec 21st 1885.

Keep Your Feet Dry! You can do this at a very trifling cost by buying your

BOOTS & SHOES, AT THE STORE OF

E. DOWNING, Crabb's Block.

I have now on hand the largest stock ever shown in Goderich, and comprises every line usually found in a first class shoe store, from the most art, through all the intermediate grades to the most practical and durable. I will sell at

Prices that Will suit Everyone. Ladies' Boots, in Button or Laced, from \$1.00 to \$5.00. Misses and Children's Strong School Boots, from 75c. up. Boys do., \$1.00, up, all other Lines Proportionately Cheap.

I can and will suit you, both in goods and prices.

E. DOWNING, Crabb's Block, Corner East street and Square. N.B.—To the trade. Leather and findings in any quantity at Lowest Prices.

EASE AND SECURITY. ROLL CARDING. Our facilities for this work cannot be surpassed. We will endeavor in most cases to do it the day it is brought in, if required. Custom Spinning and Kesting or Spinning on the Cap, coarse or fine, hard or soft twist, as required. We are in a position to do all kinds of custom work, usually done in a full set custom mill, and we will guarantee to do for you fully equal, if not a little better than any in our surroundings. A call especially invited.

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2. MILBURN & Co., Proprietors, Toronto.

Extensive Premises and Splendid New Stock.

GEO. BARRY, CABINET-MAKER AND UNDERTAKER, Hamilton Street, Goderich

A good assortment of Kitchen, Bed-room, Dining Room and Parlor Furniture, such as Tables, Chairs, Hair, cane and wood seats, Cupboards, Bedsteads, Mattresses, Wash-stands, Lounges, Sofas, What-Nots, Looking Glasses, &c. N.B.—A complete assortment of Coffins and Shrouds always on hand, also Hearse for hire at reasonable rates. Picture Framing a specialty.—A call solicited. 1751

MOCCASINS, Overshoes and Rubbers, Canadian and American.

Men's Felt Boots LADIES' AND GENTS' SLIPPERS

JOHN DOWNING & Co. in Kidd, Crocodile, Felt, Fish and Carpet.

Some Pretty Stories of The Princess Mary, Duchess of Teck, is a attractive figure of the interesting group of the English. She is no between fifty and six she has of late years. But the sweet, sunny expression, and also; ness that distinguishes Princess Mary of Cambridge as the best family of England. Princess Victoria, ne Princess Elizabeth of Grand Duke Sergius, tinction of being the lish Royal race. She of a soft shade of bro plexion, delicate and and much of her m pression and grace of The Princess Mary Prince George, were Queen Victoria's. Th hearted and pleasant suit Her Majesty, who stiff etiquette and stat of German royalty, of Wales first made i society, the Queen t "not to make himsel Cambridges." It is, in their youthful days sister used to indulge dignified frolics. Th that they once rode omnibus one summer of the longest route harmless, "if unprinced Well would it be f England if the rest of princesses never did Sometimes, too, the would descend to theatricals, and, like I would forget the can birthright, by reason o in the distractions of h story is told of her! She was staying at t one of the great nobles amateur theatricals, i to take part had The guests were all the performance a begin, when the Pr in hot haste for her duke," she cried, with heaved impetuosity, "servants! Are they n the play?" The duke had made no arrangement present. "Then do ob come in; and we will before we begin." A waited till all the maid ants were comfortably she would go on with used to call her after Hears, from the chara in the piece she play and never was a name er more fully deserved.

Worthy of Col The preparation is known as Hazard's Y of all confidence as a h for pain. It has been a century in the mark to cure or relieve rheu sore throat, quinsy, scalds, bruises, frost or external pains and i

More than 40 For the past four Mrs Emery, of Cottam been subject to kidney advised to try Burdock It has done me more was claimed for it. I I can recommend to al diseases"

Get your sale bill This is my office. The promptly and at low drawn to sales through of charge, which is rea

McGregor's Spe When we say McGre ingly perfect cur Liver Complaints, Ind pure Blood, we are tel which hundreds upon l tify who have been health by its use. W advise you strongly if any of the above tr Gregor's Speedy Cure vined. It is sold in 5 at G Rhynas' drug sto

13 SHILOH'S CA BY—a positive cure (hectic and Canker M J. Watson, druggist.

14 SHILOH'S CUR relieve Croup, Who Bronchitis. For sale 'ruggist.

Portable clocks of fashion were used century.

4 Catarrh Cured I breath secured, by Sh medly. Price 50 cent free. For sale by J.

Up to the close of t sun dials and hour gla 15 FOR DYSPE Complaint, you have i tes an every bottle of. It never fails to cure. Wilson, druggist.

11 WHY WILL I Shiloh's Cure will civ Price 10 cts., 50 cts. by J. Wilson, druggist

Some Pretty Stories of the Duchess of Teck

The Princess Mary of Cambridge, Duchess of Teck, is one of the most attractive figures in the large and rapidly increasing group of the Royal family of England.

The Princess Mary and her brother, Prince George, were never favorites of Queen Victoria's. They were too frank-hearted and pleasant to everybody to suit Her Majesty, who is wedded to the stiff etiquette and stately punctiliousness of German royalty.

Worthy of Confidence. The preparation sold by druggists known as Hagar's Yellow Oil is worthy of all confidence as a household remedy for pain.

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McGregor's Speedy Cure. When we say McGregor's Speedy Cure is the only perfect cure for Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Indigestion and Impure Blood, we are telling plain facts.

12 SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY—a positive cure for Catarrh, Dysentery and Canker Mouth. For sale by J. Wilson, druggist.

14 SHILOH'S CURE will immediately relieve Croup, Whooping Cough, and Bronchitis. For sale by Jas. Wilson, druggist.

Portable clocks of rude and heavy fashion were used in the fourteenth century.

Up to the close of the tenth century sun dials and hour glasses also existed.

11 WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cts., 50 cts., and \$1. For sale by J. Wilson, druggist.

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This agreeable yet potent preparation is especially adapted for the relief and cure of that class of disorders attendant upon a low or reduced state of the system, and usually accompanied by Pallor, Weakness and Palpitation of the Heart.

Sold by all Dealers in Family Medicines. Price, \$1 per Bottle, or Six Bottles for \$5.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER

IS RECOMMENDED BY Physicians, Ministers, Missionaries, Managers of Factories, Workshops, Plantations, Nurses in Hospitals, in short, everywhere everywhere who has ever given it a trial.

CAMPBELL'S CATHARTIC COMPOUND

is effective in small doses, acts without griping, does not occasion nausea, and will not create irritation and constipation as do many of the usual cathartics administered in the form of Pills, &c.

CAMPBELL'S TONIC ELIXIR

This agreeable yet potent preparation is especially adapted for the relief and cure of that class of disorders attendant upon a low or reduced state of the system, and usually accompanied by Pallor, Weakness and Palpitation of the Heart.

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Dunlop.

Miss Sarah Penock, of Bayfield road, has been visiting here. A TRAMP, INDEED.—Monday of last week saw a strange specimen of the genus tramp in our midst. He was apparently hale and hearty, about fifty years of age, but a victim of intemperance. Twenty-four years ago he had imbibed so freely that he had lain out one winter's night, the result being that both feet were so badly frozen that amputation a few inches above the ankle became necessary. Science had, however, found a substitute for his pedal extremities, and by the aid of tin blocks or plates fixed to the stumps he had been enabled to move about and earn a living. He had done some work this winter sawing cordwood near Port Elgin, and was now making his way toward Petrolia. On the way down he was cared for by Capt. A. Bogie and W. Strachan, the latter giving him a ride for the night. By removing one of the tin blocks he made one leg shorter than the other, and by walking with the leg in the furrow made by the other runners, and the short leg in the ridge he priginated slowly but surely on his way, aided by a stout staff. Our genial host, during the trip, told him to get him a pass by rail, but the mayor could not grant it. The stranger declined to be a lodger in the good inn, the warm weather set in. He was seen, the Bayfield road, and a well with a steady moderate flow of water, the quantity depended on the clarity of the farmers by the way rather than on the amount of the good. He refused to give his name, and some of those who met him are anxious to learn more of him, if any of the Bruce papers can give the desired information.

A Huron Salvationist.

The last copy of the *Huron Cry* has the following notice of an old Huronic and former resident of Goderich: Edward Van Bredon is the second son of Col. Van Bredon of the celebrated Waterloo family, his ancestors were all military men of superior rank in the Dutch and French armies. He was born in Montreal on the 24th May, 1812, during the time of its occupation by the Great Napoleon and was an infant in that city at the time of its destruction and the consequent disastrous retreat of that renowned Emperor. In 1819 he left Montreal for the United States, and in 1827 removed to Canada. He settled at once in his present location, and at that time Huron was a wilderness. He is the only survivor of the band of pioneers who first opened the Queen's Bush, the side of which to-day is covered by prosperous towns and villages and many smiling homesteads. He drove the first team from Goderich to Galt in 1828, and being appointed perambulating mail carrier, he used to tramp over the country with the mail bag, of which he carried the key, and delivered the mails to the various homesteads on his route; and when on his appointment he carried the first mail in that district there were only three white settlers on his route from Goderich to Galt, a distance of some 60 or 70 miles. When he first squatted upon the site of the present flourishing town of Goderich, 500 Indians in full war paint, bearing war on the party, but they were purchased peace with a few trinkets, but as he says, "never thought of the souls of these poor savagians, or of their leaving Salvation for those latter-day cranks, called the Salvation Army, in whose ranks I through God's mercy, am to-day a soldier." He goes on to say, "the first Presbyterian church in Huron, was built at Harpurville, I drove the scattered inhabitants eight miles to church on Sunday, carrying with us folder for our horses. In those days there were no grand hotels at which to refresh ourselves as now, anywhere than there were no cushioned pews in church, or fiery for fashionable christians. I also assisted in teaching school with Dr. Scott, of Goderich, who was medical man and school master combined, being the only one in the county of Huron, but he was of such intemperate habits that we had to dissolve partnership. I next attended the Methodist church in Goderich, and afterwards the Episcopal Church in Clinton.

Literary Notices.

The Canadian Methodist Magazine for March 1887. Price \$2 a year; \$1 for six months 20 cents per number. The leading article in this number is one on Edinburgh and its memories. The numerous engravings of the picturesque old town are of special interest. Lady Brassey grows enthusiastic over the lovely scenery of the West Indies, the engravings of which are very fine; as are also those of the magnificent scenery of the Rocky Mountains, accompanying the Editor's "Across the Continent." The striking paper by Dr. Clark, Superintendent of the Toronto Asylum for the Insane, on "Half-hours in a Lunatic Asylum," with specimens of "lunatic literature," will attract much attention. General Superintendent Dr. Williams contributes another admirable paper on Minor Forts of Methuen, and T. Bowman Stephenson, LL.D., one on Aspects of Social Life at the Antipodes. A number of other papers and a strongly-written story, editorial notes on the fishery question, etc., make up a capital number. Something About Watches. Mr Morgan has in his collection a gold watch in the shape of an acorn, which discharged a diminutive wheel lock pistol at a certain hour. The Earl of Stamford possessed a small egg shaped watch, the cases cut out of jacinths and the case set around with priceless diamonds on an annealed border. The earliest watch known was called the "Nurenberg Egg." The odd name given to these watches was due partly to the city where they were made, and partly their shape, which resembled an egg. A curious looking watch, believed to be of the time of Queen Elizabeth, and now in the hands of Fitzgibbon, is in the form of a silver duck. The feathers are chased on the silver. The dial plate is encircled with a gilt ornamental design of floriated scrolls and well executed angels' heads. The wheels work on small rubbers.

COUNTY NOTES.

Local News From Many Sources.

Items from all Parts of Huron get on the News-Exchange. E. Chesser has sold his 40 acre farm in Goderich township, near Clinton, to Thomas Churchill, who owns the adjoining property, for the sum of \$8,025. Mr Chesser intends to move to Toronto. The new Presbyterian church, Hensall, is to be opened for Divine service on the 6th of March. The church is fine one and reflects credit on all connected with it. Mr J C Klausin has the contract of upholstering the seats. Gideon P. Rie, Huron's heavy-weight athlete, has been distinguishing himself at athletics in the Sunny South. At a tournament in Livermore, California, he carried over, thing before him and defeated Carroll, the "Brooklyn Giant," in every contest. Mr L. Hunter, of Uxborne, has sold the fine Canadian heavy draught entire colt which he purchased some time ago from Mrs Mustard, of Brucefield, to an American buyer for the sum of \$300. This colt was just 29 months old, and weighed the day it was sold 1,855 lbs. This is ahead of many imported horses of the same age. SCOTT ACT CASE.—Last week, Mr Milne, of the Queen's hotel, was summoned before the mayor, on information laid by inspector Paisley, for violating the Scott Act, a quantity of liquor also being seized. The offence was clearly proven and the statutory fine of \$50 imposed, but the mayor reserved the decision as to the disposal of the liquor until Wednesday when he decided that it should be destroyed.—Clinton News.

Mr Wm Logie, sr., one of Huron's early pioneers passed away on Tuesday last at the ripe age of 90 years. Since the death of her aged partner who died a few years ago, she lived with her son, Rev John Logie, East Thbury. Her remains were brought to her grand daughter, Mrs Wm Eder, Hensall, on Wednesday, and buried on Thursday morning in the Rodgerville burial ground. Mr A. Thompson, of Exeter, was severely kicked by his horse last Saturday. It appears he was about to start for home when he found that the animal was ill. He called Dr MacArthur, who administered a dose of medicine and left another to be given in an hour, which Mr Thompson attempted to administer, when the struggling beast kicked him in the face, inflicting a fearful gash, which he bled profusely. From the fact that he was so far from the animal as to escape the full force of the blow he owes his life. He was able to start for home the following day.

Reformed by the Election. Several thousand men living in Canada, who were thieves, corruptionists, blackguards and lars a few days ago, will now be able to settle down as respectable citizens.—Canadian-American.

A Tribute to M. C. Cameron.

Every Reformer, not only in Huron, but in Ontario, who leans with regard to the defeat of that sturdy champion of the people's rights, Mr M. C. Cameron. The old war horse has fought many hard battles and won many glorious victories, but defeat is something new to him. We are assured, however, that the defeat is only temporary and that the old war horse will be seen in the arena of the Courts. He had a hard and bitter fight. Every weapon, fair and foul, was unparingly used against him, but, despite the efforts of his opponents, he would have been safe but for the interference, caused no doubt by the uncertainty of some of his friends. We hope that all such have now learned a lesson they will not soon forget, and that they will be led to severely repent of their folly.

Goderich Township.

HOLMESVILLE, Feb. 21st, 1887. Council met today, pursuant to adjournment. Members all present. Minutes of last meeting read and passed. A board of health was appointed, consisting of reeve, clerk and Messrs Whiteley, Churchill and McClean. Dr Whiteley was appointed medical health officer. The Star's tender for printing office. The Star's report was read and accepted; it was the only one received. Auditor's report was read and passed, and 100 copies to be printed for distribution. Moved by Jas. Lathwait, seconded by Thomas Churchill, that the part of by-law giving twenty cents per rod for wire fences as a bonus be rescinded—Carried. No bonus for wire fences will now be given. Andrew Key's account for broken buggy, &c., was laid over to next meeting of council. Moved by James Lathwait, seconded by John McClean, that Albert Halstead be paid ten dollars for a winter road through his farm, said amount to be refunded if council by the road—carried. Moved by Jas. Lathwait, seconded by Joseph Whiteley, that where the concessions or side lines require turning up, breaking up the road from house or barn to the road the owner will have to fix the same with culvert at his own expense—carried. The following account were paid, viz., A. M. Polley, 80 rods wire fence, \$16; Star printing, \$6.75, clerk, reg. births, marriages and deaths, \$9.20; James Fair, Clinton, lumber, \$12.33; R. McRae, use of house for provincial election \$4; John McCann, for turning up on Elliott's hill and drawing gravel, \$10; Henry Cook, repairing two culverts con. 10, and drawing gravel, \$8; treasurer, extra work, \$8. Council adjourned to meet again first Monday in April. JAMES PATTON, Clerk.

While we have reason to feel pleased with the large gains secured by the Liberals as a whole, we are sorry to see Mr M. C. Cameron, of West Huron, defeated by 27 votes. Mr Cameron is one of the ablest parliamentarians in the Dominion and his defeat was the especial object of the whole Conservative party. But Mr Cameron is not defeated, and even should he not succeed in sitting for West Huron in the next parliament he will certainly have another constituency placed at his disposal.—Luckin's Sentinel.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Events Occurring at the U. S. Capitol.

The Dependent Pension Bill—Illness of Hon. S. S. Cox—Trouble all Along the Line. From our Special Correspondent. WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb 23rd, 1887. The sensation of the week at the Capitol was the attempt and failure in the House of Representatives to pass the Dependent Pension bill over the President's veto. Crowds of spectators filled the galleries, and the debate, which was quite interesting, at times became exciting by interruptions, personalities and stinging retorts. There was much noise and confusion, and the scenes upon the floor were such as have not, within a long while, been witnessed there. Three hundred members were present at the time the vote was taken, and 290 affirmative votes were therefore necessary to pass the bill over the veto. But the final vote was 195 yeas to 125 nays, which showed that 29 Democrats changed their votes since the bill originally passed. To what extent this veto by the President and the support given him by the House will enter as elements into the great political campaigns of the coming year cannot be clearly predicted, but that these points will be worked for all they are worth by the leaders of the Republican party admits of little doubt. It was a right courageous act on the part of the President to veto this bill, knowing the hostile sentiment that would arise against him throughout the country. It is conceded that the Democrats also who first voted for the measure and then de-crowded to sustain the President, exhibited a good deal of courage, although it will be charged in the case of some of the Northern members who changed their votes that their motives were not wholly disinterested. Hon. S. S. Cox, the New York Congressman, who has been quiet all ever since New Year, left his room for the first time to be driven to the Capitol so that he might vote to sustain the President's veto. He looked wan and worn and required the aid of a strong cane to get to the floor. He entered the Hall quietly and almost unnoticed, so that when his name was announced in the roll-call and his voice responded "No," everybody looked up in surprise. In a moment he was surrounded by his colleagues who were disposed to subject him to a more vigorous handling than his weak condition justified. President Cleveland was the first to learn that the Pension bill had been defeated. Before the roll call had been completed Speaker Carlisle handed a small piece of paper to his clerk who was writing, and who rushed immediately to the telegraph office in the corridor. Immediately the instrument was ticking, and before the reading clerk had finished the list, and before the vote had been announced in the House, the President in the Executive Mansion knew the result of the day's work. Work is accumulating with great rapidity upon the President's hands as the Congressional session draws to a close. He remains at his desk long into the night examining bills and transacting other business. His determination last week to veto the Capital bill during the last hours to hurriedly sign bills which he had not been permitted to examine, gave great satisfaction then, and he will doubtless adhere to the same course at the approaching adjournment. The best men in Congress of both sides thoroughly approved of his resolve, and many laws by affixing his name to measures which he had had no chance to learn anything about. The President has said in the last few days that he did not see any special necessity for calling an extra session of the adjournment of the Senate. Some of the members of the Senate, however, who he may ask the Senate, which is a permanently organized body, to remain in session beyond the fourth of March. There are some important nominations which he wants to submit, but which he is not sure he will have to decide upon before the end of this session. Among them are the Interstate Commerce Commission and those for Secretary of the Treasury and United States Treasurer. The question has arisen as to the President's power to appoint the Interstate Commerce Commissioners after the adjournment of the Senate. Some of the senators argue that the Constitution does not empower the Executive to appoint, during vacation, to a newly created office which is to be filled by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Others hold that there is no difference between filling a new office and a vacancy that may occur during a vacation of the Senate, and that there are decisions by Attorney Generals covering the point.

Malcolm Colin Cameron, whom Rufus Kelly assassinated, was found in Toronto Telegram (Ind.). On Tuesday a six-year-old daughter of John Doren, hotelkeeper, Sharonville was drowned in the river while coasting with her brother. It is understood in London that Hon. G. A. Kirkpatrick will temporarily succeed Sir Charles Tupper as High Commissioner, to give place in turn to Sir John Macdonald when the latter is in a position to hand over the leadership of the party to Sir Charles.

The ninetieth anniversary of the birth of Emperor William of Germany, which falls on March 22, will be observed with unusual ceremony by the Austrian Court. A state dinner will be given at Vienna in honor of the event, and the entire staff of the German Embassy will be invited to attend. Mr Labouchere writes to the New York World: "I bear that Lord Edmund Fitzmaurice, brother of the Marquis of Lansdowne, who is now residing at Rowood, intends to re-enter the House of Commons at the first opportunity, having quite recovered his health. I understand he is now converted to the Home Rule doctrine, so he will figure as a supporter of Mr Gladstone."

WEST HURON.

Opinions of the Press on the Defeat of Mr. Cameron.

TONY FUN. We are informed that the patriotic young Tories of London have forwarded a coffin to Mr M. C. Cameron, of Goderich. We dare say that this piece of ruffianism is regarded by its authors as a severe condemnation of Mr Cameron's political conduct, but Mr Cameron will not fail to consider who the authors of this insult are, and will treat it with the contemptuous indifference it deserves. If Mr Cameron had not made himself a terror to evil doers, he would not have been so hated by the leaders of the Tory party. We don't suppose the parties who perpetrated the "joke" are capable of dislike on their own account any more than so many oysters. They merely reflect the feelings of those who have thriven by political fraud and political corruption. It is, we dare say, a source of gratification to Mr Cameron to know that every-boddy in the country dislikes him, and is ready to exhibit that dislike after his own idiotic fashion.—London Advertiser. THE CONTEST IN CLINTON. All day Tuesday the politicians were very active, a great many rigs were brought into requisition and the streets presented a very lively appearance. Both sides worked hard, but early in the day it was noticeable that very unfair and improper means were resorted to by the Conservatives. Some laboring men were shamefully intimidated by their employers, others were sent away out of town, and still others by the payment of a large day's wage, were coaxed not to vote. Two or three cases of direct bribery have been brought to light. In one a man was paid \$10 for a bag of potatoes, to be delivered next fall, and in another a voter received \$4 for a day's work for which he was ordinarily paid 75 cents. In a third case a man was wearing these very men who were bribed, so that under dread of a charge of perjury they could not declare how they had been tampered with. These things will be brought to light in good time, and much more that at present need not be referred to.—New Era. One of the good men who fell before the enemy on Tuesday was M. C. Cameron, of West Huron, who was defeated by 27. The greatest exertions were made to defeat him. The whole strength of the Government was thrown against him, because of his fearless exposure of the corruption of the Government and the hoodling of its supporters.—St. Marys Argus. The Tories are making a great crowd over Mr M. C. Cameron being defeated in West Huron. They have nothing to crow about. West Huron was a Tory seat by the gerrymander five years ago, and Mr Cameron went in and carried it, against a large Conservative majority to begin with, by a majority of 29. Now that he has lost the seat by a small majority, it can only be said that he has been defeated in a Conservative constituency made to order by Sir John.—Mitchell Recorder. London Advertiser: Three good men were defeated in the West in the persons of Messrs. D. M. Cameron, M. C. Cameron and J. H. Fairbanks. Their loss in the House will be seriously felt, and all lovers of good and honest government must regret their defeat.

A SMALL DOG.—Mr David Martin of Guelph, writes to the World as follows: "I see in your issue of Saturday, Feb 12, that the smallest dog in the world died in Boston. Now I own a bitch 10 months old—and she is as lively a little thing as anyone ever saw—that weighs 1 lb. 5 oz., lighter than they boast about. She will never be any larger and is perfect."

The Rev. Joseph Cook lately said of Henry Ward Beecher in Boston: "One almost thinks he would have lived longer if he had died earlier."

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FINE TAILORING! Gents' Furnishings. I am now prepared to show a complete assortment of FALL GOODS OVERCOATINGS in all the New Shades and Styles. An endless variety of English, Irish and Scotch Tailoring. An immense stock of New and Stylish Canadian Tweeds. CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!!! Remember, all Goods bought by the yard cut free charge. B. MacCormac. Goderich, Sept. 30th, 1886.

THE TORIES CLAIM ONE. Judging by the telegram sent by Mr Simon X. Cimon, member elect for Charlottetown, to De Justice, he will not be found in Parliament to fall in with the Tories' classification as a supporter of the Government. He says:—"The candidate of the *capilla*, representing Sir A. P. Coran, practised corruption on a large scale. The new bills of the Union Bank are now extensively circulated in the country."—Montreal Post. The London papers are now receiving the minutiae of the Tory election. Prof. Youmans, just deceased, at one time was entirely deprived of his eyesight, and he invented a machine, as did Prescott, the historian, which enabled him to write. Baring Brothers, of London, cleared \$5,000,000 on the job of floating Guinness's Stout company, and were so pleased that they gave on Christmas a year's salary to each of their employees. Mr G. G. Charteris, the Treasurer of Kent county, died the other day. He had been a resident of Canada over 40 years, held the Treasurer's office 30 years, and was the second Mayor of Chatham.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS FACTS WORTH KNOWIN. The half of the breakages caused to Mowers and reapers is caused by the want of a good IRON LAND ROLLER, AND D. K. STRACHAN, GODERICH, has the very article you need. Call early and see them. 205-211. The Canadian Pacific Railway. The People's Favorite Route between MONTREAL, - TORONTO, QUEBEC, OTTAWA, - KINGSTON, DETROIT, BOSTON, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, KANSAS CITY, AND ALL POINTS EAST AND WEST. For Maps, Time Tables, Fares, Tickets, etc., apply to R. RADCLIFFE, Agent. OFFICE—West Street, Opposite Telegraph Office. Don't forget the Place. Goderich, Jan. 11th, 1887. 2038.

PROF. GUSTIN, The Great Magnetic Healer, GRAND UNION HOTEL, CLINTON. FOR THREE WEEKS COMMENCING ON THE 23rd INST. Paralysis and other Invalids beyond the reach of ordinary skill, are all benefited and some of them miraculously cured by his treatment. No medicine used. Help for all. The most sceptical convinced. No case hopeless. The illness can be made to recede, the deaf to hear and the lame to walk. Charges very moderate. Remember only three weeks. For the benefit of people similarly afflicted, I wish to state that Prof. Gustin has restored to me my hand, which has been partially paralyzed and almost powerless for five years by the use of other treatment. JAMES STRICKTON, St. Queen's Hotel, Brussels. John Hayward, lot 21, concession 6, Grey, static pains that for nearly six months had reduced me to a state of incapacity for any work, were weak back, general debility, and diabetes. With three treatments from Prof. Gustin I am as well as ever. J. McFADISON, of the 17th con., Grey, testifies that he has suffered so severely with rheumatic pains that for nearly six months he could scarcely eat anything, and has visited the best medical skill in Toronto without relief. Two treatments from Prof. Gustin had removed all pain, and his appetite is completely restored. He recommends all suffering similarly to visit the Professor. Richard Morris, who lives near Goderich, has had his hearing saved by Prof. Gustin's treatment. I certify that I am personally acquainted with Prof. Gustin, and know him to possess the power of Diagnosing Disease, the patient being at a distance, and kind of different parties that have been cured by him without the use of medicine. N. B. McCASLAN, M. D. M. R. C. P. S., Ingersoll, Ont.

AMUSEMENTS. GODERICH MECHANICS' INSTITUTE LIBRARY AND READING ROOM, cor. of East Street and Square (up stairs). Open from 1 to 6 p.m., and from 7 to 10 p.m. ABOUT 2000 VOLS IN LIBRARY. Leading Daily, Weekly and Illustrated Papers, Magazines, &c., on File. MEMBERSHIP TRICKET, ONLY \$1.00, granting free use of Library and Reading Room. Application for membership received by Librarian in rooms. S. MACCOMSON, GEO. STIVENS, President. Secretary. Goderich, March 17th, 1885.

SOCIETIES. AN ANCIENT ORDER OF UNITED WORKMEN. MAPLE LEAF LODGE, No. 27, A. O. U. W. Meets in their Lodge on over Tax SIGNAL Office, Goderich, on the SECOND AND FOURTH MONDAYS OF EACH MONTH. VISITING BRETHREN ARE ALWAYS WELCOME. W. JOHNSON, REES PRICE, M. W. G. W. THOMPSON, Recorder. GRATEFUL-COMFORTING. EPPS'S COCOA. BREAKFAST. "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicious and most nourishing beverage which saves many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal fall by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette. Made simply with boiling water or milk, sold only in packets by Grocers, labelled thus:—JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, 257-17, London, England.

WEST HURON! Reformers' Convention. A Convention of the supporters of Mr. M. C. CAMERON, in West Huron, will be held at The Young Liberal Club Rooms, GODERICH, Friday, 17th March, inst., at 11 a.m., to take into consideration and decide upon a course of action in the present emergency. ROBT. HARRISON, Sec'y West Huron Reform Ass'n. Auctioneering. JOHN KNOX, GENERAL AUCTIONEER and Land Valuator, Goderich, Ont. Having had considerable experience in the auctioneering trade, he is in a position to discharge with thorough satisfaction all commissions entrusted to him. Orders left at Martin's Hotel, or sent by mail to my address, Goderich P. O., carefully attended to. JOHN KNOX County Auctioneer. 1887-4

FORTIETH YEAR. GODERICH. FRIDAY, MAI. At the Reform de Blenheim last week the following tribut C. C.: "He regretted the loss. There was no so sincerely hated of as M. Cameron was done his opponent because he had exposed Mr Cameron incur a tity of all who w hands in the public! The Tory trustee School have almost a tion through politica Having in a "constit tically bounced M Connelly, the Tory t ing that they had go but for their astoin that many puple l their teachers. God resping the benefi, a pile who otherwas w today. There isn't one newsp that sides with the go pap-ty. Goderich whi That is not true; I isn't one newspaper s sides with the opp willing to be pap-td tator. Perhaps our counte a case in point of p organs. The Spectat in one year for Gover "confidential rates," year Mr Freed the ed write a lying pamph west in defence of the many thousands of circulated throughout Spectator and its edit of feeders at the publ Mr. H. C. C Hamilton Evening Time Our Goderich corre that the Tory majori last, on a recent bea in the election of whi could be coasted by th ings had already been election on charges of sonating, of which o there is already abun an election trial can in the close of the new Parliament, as t busy on circuit for a come; and as it will b of the country that so Cameron should not seat fill the protest in agency. The Tories h because of Mr Cam withdrawal from the l how severe a critic he ing, and how mercies bery in high places. the present success of the gerrymandered new Parliament, as t busy on circuit for a come; and as it will b of the country that so Cameron should not seat fill the protest in agency. 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