

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 16, 1901.

Vol. XXX, No. 3

Calendar for Jan., 1901.

MOON'S CHANGES.
Full Moon, 4th, 8h. 13m. a.m.
Last Quarter, 12th, 4h. 35m. a.m.
New Moon, 20th, 10h. 36m. m.
First Quarter, 27th, 5h. 52m. m.

Day of Week	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat
1 Tuesday	7 49	4 21	8 29	19 58			
2 Wednesday	48	22	9 36	29 49			
3 Thursday	48	22	10 35	21 38			
4 Friday	48	24	11 27	22 27			
5 Saturday	48	27	12 11	23 15			
6 Sunday	47	27	1 12	52			
7 Monday	47	29	0 04	13 29			
8 Tuesday	47	30	0 51	14 04			
9 Wednesday	47	31	1 40	14 38			
10 Thursday	46	33	2 32	15 13			
11 Friday	46	34	3 18	15 50			
12 Saturday	46	35	4 05	16 29			
13 Sunday	44	37	4 56	17 08			
14 Monday	43	39	5 47	17 52			
15 Tuesday	43	40	6 36	18 38			
16 Wednesday	42	41	7 25	19 25			
17 Thursday	41	42	8 14	20 13			
18 Friday	39	43	9 02	21 05			
19 Saturday	38	44	9 51	21 57			
20 Sunday	38	45	10 40	22 49			
21 Monday	37	47	11 28	23 39			
22 Tuesday	36	48	12 16	24 30			
23 Wednesday	35	50	0 31	13 35			
24 Thursday	34	51	1 28	14 15			
25 Friday	33	52	2 18	14 57			
26 Saturday	32	54	3 13	15 42			
27 Sunday	31	55	4 08	16 29			
28 Monday	30	57	5 06	17 19			
29 Tuesday	29	59	6 09	18 14			
30 Wednesday	28	6	7 18	19 16			
31 Thursday	27	2	8 25	20 23			

Sale of 70 Acres of Land, STOCK, etc.

To be sold on TUESDAY, the 29th of JANUARY, inst., 1901, at 11 o'clock a. m., on the farm of the late John J. McDonald, Little Pond, Lot 56, two mares, 8 and 9 years old, two milch cows, five head of dry cattle, ten sheep, five pigs, one mow, one reaper, one horse rake, one plough, one cart, three sets of harness, one spring tooth harrow, four tons of hay, three tons of straw, oats in sheaf, potatoes, turnips, and sundries too numerous to mention.
Terms all sums under \$5 cash, and over \$5 in 12 months credit on approved joint notes.
The undersigned also offers her farm of 70 acres at Little Pond, Lot 56, by private sale, 30 acres clear, balance covered with a good growth of hard and soft wood, good dwelling house, two barns on premises. Also Orchard Farm, formerly owned by John J. McDonald.
For particulars apply to undersigned on premises, or to Joseph J. McDonald, Little Pond, Lot 56.
Jan. 2-4 SARAH McDONALD.

The New Year AND NEW CENTURY ARE HERE,

and Gifts are here in abundance that will please both the giver and receiver.

GLOVES

In Kid, Mocha, Buckskin, Silk Lined and Fur Lined, Prices from 50c. to \$4.50.

Fur Collars, Silk and Cashmere Mufflers, Silk Handkerchiefs, Silk Umbrellas.

NECKWEAR

SHIRTS, COLLARS and CUFFS, NIGHT ROBES, CUFF LINKS, SCARF PINS, etc.

GORDON & McLELLAN,

Manufacturers of High Grade Clothing, and dealers in Men's Furnishings.

"We treat you white, wherever you may hail from."

Grocery Satisfaction

In this store means something more than simply **LOW PRICES**. It means strictly high-class goods—the guaranteed kinds. It means prompt attention, quick delivery. It stands for all you can possibly expect from the best Grocery Store you ever heard of.

Everything guaranteed to be the best of its kind.

20th Century.

BE UP-TO-DATE AND SEE OUR EXCELLENT STOCK

Heavy Overcoatings
Suits and Trousers
Underclothing
Hats, Caps, Gloves, Ties, etc.

John McLeod & Co.

WE ARE IN THE

Monumental Business

We devote all our time and energies to this line only. We employ tradesmen who thoroughly understand their business—some of them having served their time with the old reliable firm of Cairns & McLean.
Proportion is one of the most particular branches of our trade; without it a Monument cannot look well. This is one of the places where some competitors are continually going astray.
We do not import condemned stock full of cracks and stains because it is cheap, but we pay the right price and get the right goods.

THE BALANCE OF OUR STOCK WILL BE CLEARED OUT AT COST

To wind up the season's business and make room for our large Fall Stock for winter cutting. Come quick if you want a bargain.
We don't advertise very much, but when we do we mean just what we say.

CAIRNS & McFADYEN,

Cairns & McLean's Old Stand, Kent Street Charlottetown.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

NATIVE AFRICAN PRINTERS.

The Catholic Fathers have a flourishing mission station on the west shore of Lake Tanganyika, at a place where the forest comes down nearly to the water's edge. This place has been known for fifteen years on the maps as Mpala, and has been the scene of a station where the Catholic missionaries have been trying to introduce civilization in a most practical manner. Here in the depths of Central Africa they have been teaching the natives how to make brick and lumber, how to improve the quality of the iron they dig from their hills, how to make better implements from this useful metal, and the best methods of tilling their crops. A great many natives have come from far around to enter the schools at Mpala. A year ago this month the natives, who had been taught to set type in the printing-office, made their first book. A few copies of it have reached Europe and attracted considerable attention. The little book is a geography. It tells, in the native language and in the simplest manner, something about the world. It gives the most interesting facts about the geography and peoples of some of the great nations. There are only fifty-six pages in it, but they contain a great deal of information without being crowded with so much detail as to make the story hard to read. Father G. Van Acker wrote the little volume, superintended the typesetting and printing, and made the map which adorns the work. The natives under his tuition attended to every mechanical detail, from typesetting to binding. The book is an excellent specimen of typography, considering that it is the first effort of the black printers who made it, and it furnishes conclusive evidence that progress is making in the heart of Central Africa.—New York Sun.

DUST ON SHIPBOARD.

"A dusty" ocean highway sounds almost incredible. Yet those who are familiar with sailing vessels know that, no matter how carefully the decks may be washed down in the morning, and how little work of any kind be done during the day, nevertheless if the decks are not swept at nightfall an enormous quantity of dust will quickly collect. Of course on the modern "liner" the burning of hundreds of tons of coal every twenty-four hours and the myriads of footfalls daily would account for a considerable accumulation of dust, but on a "wind-jammer," manned with a dozen hands or less, no such dust-producing agencies are at work. And yet the records of sailing ship show that they collect more dust than does a steamer, which is probably accounted for by the fact that while the dust-laden smoke blows clear of the steamer, the large area of canvas spread by the sailor sets as a dust collector. To quote an instance in support of this contention, we may mention that no less than twenty-four and a half barrels of fine dust were swept from the decks of an American sailing ship during a ninety-seven days' voyage from New York to San Francisco. The captain of this vessel, a man of scientific tastes, made careful observations on the mystery of sea dust, and beyond the wear and tear of the sails and rigging, a quite negligible factor, he could assign absolutely no perceptible cause for the formation of dust on board his ship. It has been asserted that the dust which falls on the decks of vessels emanates from the interstellar spaces. This sounds both scientific and plausible, but it is at variance with certain known facts. Bits of leather, oak, wood and vegetable fibre are almost always present in sea dust.—London Shipping World.

A LITTLE PLAIN TALK.

The Catholic who refuses to take his local paper because he is getting a larger and a better one published.

"Deride Not Any Man's Infirmities."

Tell him, rather, how to get rid of them. Most infirmities come from bad blood and are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Every person who has scurfy, salt rheum, humors, catarrh, dyspepsia or rheumatism should at once begin taking this medicine that the infirmity may be removed. Weakness—"I have given Hood's Sarsaparilla to my boy whose blood was poor. He was very weak, could not keep warm, and suffered from pains in his stomach. Hood's Sarsaparilla made him strong and well." Mrs. W. C. Stratton, Thomas St., Des Moines, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Never Disappears

elsewhere, is no more doing his duty towards the support of the Catholic press, than is he properly supporting the Church who rents a pew and attends services in another parish, because there they have a larger and more beautiful edifice and a more eloquent preacher, and fully remarks the Los Angeles Tidings. By all means rent pews in as many churches as you please, but don't on that account help to keep your own church small and its pastor in poverty by refusing to support them. The many Catholic papers and magazines are no worse off than you are, but do not make this an excuse for neglecting your home paper. On the contrary, help to make it bigger and better by your support; and instead of trying out and magnifying its mistakes and shortcomings, try rather to find out what there is of use in its pages and commend it. Be assured that you will not find what you are looking for in any paper, or in any man, be he priest or layman. There is no Catholic paper without its commendable features, while all papers and all men, God help us, have their faults and imperfections.

MEN WHO MOVE THE WORLD.

The great want of this age is men. Men who are not for sale. Men who are honest, sound from centre to circumference, true to the heart's core.

Men who will condemn wrong in friend or foe, in themselves as well as in others.

Men whose consciences are as steady as the needle to the pole.

Men who will stand for the right if the heavens totter and the earth reel.

Men who will tell the truth, and look the world and the devil right in the eye.

Men that neither brag nor run. Men that have courage without shouting to it.

Men in whom the current of everlasting life runs still, deep and strong.

Men who do not cry nor cause their voices to be heard on the streets, but who will not fail nor be discouraged till judgment be set in the earth.

Men who know their message and tell it.

Men who know their own business. Men who will not lie.

Men who are not too lazy to work nor too proud to be poor.

Men who are willing to eat what they have earned, and wear what they have paid for.

These are the men to move the world.

MULHALL THE GREAT STATISTICIAN IS DEAD.

A cable despatch from Dublin on Thursday, Dec. 13, announced the death there of the distinguished Irish Catholic statistician and journalist, Michael G. Mulhall. Mulhall was one of the world's greatest authorities on the statistics of the English speaking countries. Mulhall was an Irishman and a Catholic, though commonly known as an Englishman.

Michael Mulhall was born in Roscommon, Ireland, in 1836, and was educated at the Irish College in Rome. For many years he lived in the Argentine Republic, where he was engaged in journalism. The Buenos Ayres Standard, the first English daily paper printed in South America, was founded in 1861 by Mr. Mulhall. He afterwards returned to Ireland. Since 1880 he contributed articles on scientific and statistical subjects to various Irish, American and English magazines and newspapers. Mulhall's first important work, published in 1880, was entitled "The Progress of the World." His greatest work, the "Dictionary of Statistics," was published in 1888 and has gone through many editions. It is regarded as the best work on the subject published. One of Mr. Mulhall's latest performances was a paper on the progress of the Catholic Church in the last half of the nineteenth century, which was read at the recent Catholic Congress in Australia and published a few weeks ago in the columns of this paper. He made a remarkable prediction about the United States census. Writing in the North American Review last July, he said that the figures would be 76,200,000, a "S statistical Abstrax" having forecasted it at 77,500,000. The result of the actual count has been 76,295,000, only a trifle comparatively above Mr. Mulhall's estimate. Recently he was honored with a title by Leo XIII.

Rev. Father Gross, S. J., Superior of the Jesuits Institute at Turin, was the victim of a most audacious "confidence trick" several weeks ago. Two elegantly-dressed gentlemen called on him and, explaining that they were the trustees of a wealthy orphan whose father had been killed in the Transvaal, expressed the intention of confiding the boy's education to Father Gross, and at the same time of depositing the sum of £40,000 with the Jesuits. Father Gross consented, and the two mysterious gentlemen, after having carefully placed several large bundles of bank notes in the safe which Father Gross opened for the purpose, took leave of the father, saying that they were going to Milan, where they had left their ward. As several days elapsed without their returning, Father Gross opened the safe, and to his intense astonishment found that all the institute's funds—nearly £10,000—had disappeared, and that the £40,000 deposited were nothing but



No other aid so great to the housewife, no other agent so useful and certain in making delicious, pure and wholesome foods, has ever been devised.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

There are imitation baking powders, sold cheap, by many grocers. They are made from alum, a poisonous drug, which renders the food injurious to health.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 120 N. 11th ST., NEW YORK.

Interesting Happenings The World Over.

Among the many international congresses held during the past few months, a notable one was that on medical ethics, whose deliberations were carried on in Paris. One point insisted upon was that medicine is an honorable profession, not merely a money-making business; and that abnegation and charity should characterize the practice of a Christian physician. Two eminent French doctors were cited by Professor Lereboullet, who presided over the congress: the illustrious Rogamier, who never accepted fees from the poor, and who used, between visits, to say his beads for the intention of the patient whom he had just left and of him to whom he was going; and Dr. Cruveilhier, of whose generosity and charity a charming instance was given. Having attended a poor woman for a month, Dr. Cruveilhier noticed that her husband, a poorly paid clerk, was growing uneasy at the thought of the doctor's bill. To relieve the man of his embarrassment without humiliating him, the good doctor had recourse to an expedient as delicate as it was generous. Noticing on the table an Algerian cloth worth perhaps three dollars, he exclaimed: "What a splendid table-cover that is! What a superb cloth!" "Why, doctor," said the man, "if you would like to have it—" The physician interrupted: "Like to have it! Of course I'd like to have it. Now, look here: you owe me forty dollars for my visits and your tablecloth is worth sixty. Here are twenty dollars: I take the cloth, and so we are square."—(From the Ave Maria.)

Archbishop Redwood, of Wellington, New Zealand, during a discourse at Sydney on "Devotion to the Holy Rosary" referred to the realists who Daniel O'Connell always persisted in showing for the Blessed Virgin. The Rosary was the favorite prayer of the great liberator. On some occasions, when O'Connell was preparing in Westminster one of those eloquent discourses which were to electrify the House of Commons, a favorite practice of his was to stroll up and down the lobby reciting the Rosary with his beads, so as to bring upon him the blessing of God in the speech he was about to deliver.

At a meeting of the trustees of the Marquette Monument Association, held in Chicago last week, it was decided to erect a shaft and statue, to cost \$80,000, in the National Park on Mackinac Island. The monument will consist of a shaft of New England granite, thirty feet high, crowned with a heroic figure representing Father Marquette. \$3,000 were subscribed at the meeting. The rest of the money will be raised by public subscription. Another meeting of the trustees will be held early in February, when designs submitted by noted sculptors will be considered.

Mgr. Barry, rector of St. James' Church, London; provost of the Cathedral Chapter of Westminster and vicar general of that diocese, is dead. One of the late prelate's sisters is the renowned mother superior of the famous Mater Misericordiae Hospital of Dublin, an institution which she has administered for many years and largely extended.

Do you read what people say about Hood's Sarsaparilla? It is curing all forms of disease caused or promoted by impure blood.

When we knocked competition out of sight, off everything in the store. The best stock in the city to select from, and our regular price is a little lower than elsewhere—while a 25% competition is buried.

W. C. Stratton, Thomas St., Des Moines, Iowa.

Hood's PILLS

Round the top rid liver, and cure biliousness, sick headache, indigestion, nervous, indigestion, flatulency, etc. They are invaluable to prevent a cold or break up a fever. Mild, gentle, certain, they are worthy your confidence. Purely vegetable. They can be taken by children or delicate women. Price, 25c. at all medicine dealers or by mail of G. L. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

1901 Diaries

FOR THE Pocket FOR THE Office FOR THE Home.

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Furniture Bargains

But we don't like to use the word, So many advertisers use it and don't mean it. Webster says, "a gainful transaction"—that's how we mean it—a gainful transaction for our customers. We would like you to call and satisfy yourself that what we say is true.

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JOHN T. MCELISH, M. A. LL. B.

Barrister & Attorney-at-Law, NOTARY PUBLIC, etc.

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ARSENAULT & MCKENZIE

Barristers, Solicitors, etc. (Late of the firms of Charles Buntel & Co., and F. V. Knox, London, Eng.)

OFFICE—Cameron Block, Charlottetown. Tel. 20, 1899-7

Perfection Bifocals.

THESE ARE THE New Lenses For Seeing both at a distance and near. They are made as perfect as science can make them. Orders for them fitted in gold, silver or other frames, or your own frames if suitable, filled in rotation. When you call ask to see the NEW EYE PROTECTOR. Just the thing to face a snowstorm with.

E. W. Taylor,

OPTICIAN, Cameron Block, Ch'town.

HOW IS THIS?

Ladies' Hooky Boots with straps, warm lined, worth \$2.85; now \$1.25; now is your chance to secure a bargain; cost us far more money; want to clear them out. Headquarters for Ladies' Gaiters. We have them as low as 90 cents a pair.

A. E. McRACHEN,

THE SHOE MAN.

FIRE INSURANCE, LIFE INSURANCE.

The Royal Insurance Co. of Liverpool.

The Sun Fire office of London.

The Phenix Insurance Co. of Brooklyn.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

Combined Assets of above Companies, \$200,000,000.00.

Lowest Rates. Prompt Settlements.

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Nov 22-17

THE HERALD

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 16th, 1901.
SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY
JAMES McISAAC,
Editor & Proprietor.

Those of our subscribers who have remitted their subscriptions have our sincere thanks. But "there are others," and to these also we would be pleased to extend our thanks if they will only afford us the opportunity by sending in their dollars.

The Provincial Government took a most unfair advantage in bringing on the late elections towards the close of the financial year when no statement of the year's financial transactions were available. The electorate were called upon to vote in the dark, so far as the Government's conduct of public business for 1900 was concerned. Now, however, that we have entered upon the 'New Year,' the Government has no excuse for longer delaying the report of the Provincial Auditor on the public accounts; for they themselves passed an act providing for the publication of this report any time after the end of the financial year and before the meeting of the Legislature. Surely the members of the Executive who have taken office will not have the temerity to ask their constituents to reelect them without giving a full statement of the Government's administration of public affairs for the year 1900.

The annual meeting of the Charlottetown City Council was held on Monday night last. The different reports were presented, and they showed that the financial operations of the city for the past year were satisfactory. The amount of money received by the city from all sources was \$93,303.28, and the payments were \$93,007.44, leaving a balance in favor of the city on the year's transactions of \$295.86. To this balance is to be added the amount at the credit of the city in Bank on the 31st day of December, \$10,925.17. These figures show that the balance is on the right side of the ledger in our civic government. In the Mayor's address many civic improvements are suggested and outlined. It is to be hoped that these improvements so far at least as our streets are concerned, will be carried into effect in accordance with our financial resources. Our city is capable of improvements in many ways, and it is to be hoped they will be inaugurated in a prudent and business-like manner.

It is pleasing to find that the members of the Ontario bar, regardless of political affiliation, have placed themselves on record in opposition to the practice which so largely prevails under the present Government, of appointing to offices of responsibility persons whose chief, and in many instances only, qualification is their ardent partisanship. The members of the bar of Ontario have evidently taken alarm at the danger of appointing to the bench those incapable of upholding its dignity and its excellent record in that Province. With this view, they seem to have invited Sir Wilfrid Laurier to Toronto, where they tendered him a banquet, and took advantage of the occasion to give him some advice, as the following despatch from that city shows: "Sir Wilfrid Laurier was waited upon to-day by a deputation headed by Hon. S. H. Blake and Z. A. Lash, who presented to him a memorial signed by over two hundred members of the Ontario bar practising in this city, and which reads as follows:—The signatories to this memorial recognize the fact, that in the past, appointments to the high court bench in Ontario have been merited by distinction previously attained at the bar and have been made without regard to other consideration than the public interests. Your signatories wish to express to you as first minister among his excellency's advisers, their hope and trust that when the present, or other vacancies, upon the Ontario bench come to be filled the government will not depart from the traditions surrounding this high office in the past, but will continue to deserve the confidence of the people by selecting for such exalted positions, men of standing and eminence in the profession without attaching any weight to other considerations which may be urged." It remains to be seen whether or not Sir Wilfrid will take kindly to this advice. The "traditions surrounding this high office in the past" show that the appointments made thereto "have been merited by distinction previously attained at the bar," and in consideration of the "public

interests." It is well known that Sir John McDonald was scrupulously particular in regard to appointments to the bench, and in more than one instance appointed political opponents to the judiciary, when he found such persons possessed in an eminent degree of the qualifications necessary for such an exalted office. The members of the Ontario bar who presented their memorial to Sir Wilfrid Laurier bear testimony to the wisdom and prudence of Sir John McDonald in preserving and maintaining an excellent judiciary by appointing thereto only men of standing and eminence in the profession. The rule that applies to appointments to the bench should also apply to other appointments of importance under the crown, and the public will be much interested in observing what effect the advice of the members of the Ontario bar will have on Sir Wilfrid Laurier in the matter of appointments.

Mr. Sifton's Investigations.

(St. John Sam.)

It appears that Mr. Sifton some time ago appointed his deputy and his crown timber agent to investigate and report upon the late government's transactions in connection with western town cities and land trusts. The government press now informs us that the report has been prepared and submitted to the minister of the interior. The minister, who delays his own departmental reports until about the end of the parliamentary session, did not even wait for parliament to meet in this case, but handed out the reports of his employees to the press of his party. He is, however, sufficiently reserved to withhold the evidence on which the report is based. Those who know what were the relations between Mr. Sifton and Mr. Smart before the latter's appointment to office, and who have kept the run of transactions in the department since, will not place too much value on any report which the deputy minister and the minister give to the public without the evidence. It would have been surprising if the commissioners had not found many wrongful acts committed by ex-Minister Daly, Mr. Davin, Mr. Scarth, Mr. Oester and any other opponent of Mr. Sifton who might have had a part in the matters. They seem to have done the work they were set to do, and it only remains to publish their story, without the evidence of course, and to provide a fitting reward for their services. Mr. Sifton is not too modest, or he would not rush into an unjustified investigation of western land transactions. Mr. Sifton has a record of his own in these matters. It is charged by his officers that Mr. Davin got an advance from the land trust on a mortgage, and as far as can be gathered from what appears to be an intentionally ambiguous statement of the commissioners, the security was not sufficient. Now it is known that Mr. Sifton was also a borrower from public trust funds on the security of western lands. The trust in his case was vested in the city council of Winnipeg; Mr. Sifton did not pay the debt or the interest. He remained a debtor while he was attorney general of Manitoba. When he became a dominion minister he had a compromise arranged, paying fifty cents on the dollar or thereabouts. The arrangement was worked through the council chiefly by the active assistance of two members of that body. These two did not remain long in the Winnipeg council, but were appointed by Mr. Sifton to offices in the department of the interior. We do not know whether Mr. Davin's debt to the trust was fully paid or not, but presume that it was. But we know that Mr. Davin would pay it if he could, and that if he could not he would not live like a rich man. Mr. Davin is not keeping up a fifteen thousand dollar a year establishment. He has not been able to purchase a splendid mansion, and to drive the finest team of horses to be seen at the capital. These splendors are reserved for Mr. Sifton.

The two boys Anselm Morgan and Eusebe Carroll, aged 9 and 10 years, who were up before the Supreme Court for homebreaking and larceny on the premises of Saunders & McWhart and Sanders & Newson have been acquitted. The Chief Justice before discharging the boys, considered them most severely for keeping late hours, pointing out that were it not for their youth they would not have been acquitted. He warned them that upon their next appearance before the Court their youth would not save them. He also spoke of the great responsibility of parents in the training of children, and said they were deserving of punishment for such crime among the youth. John Gormley, indicted for assaulting Simon Joseph, is now on trial. Attorney General Peters for the crown; Mr. J. J. Johnston for the prisoner.

Canadians Recommended for Victoria Cross.

The Canadian Mounted Rifles who returned on the Rosslyn Castle have a record of which they are proud, and well they might be. They had taken part in twenty engagements, fighting through thick and thin, meeting the Boers under all conditions, and vanquishing them. In General Smith-Dorien they had found a friend who never for a moment forgot their worth, and who held out all sorts of inducements to them to remain with him. Who have done better service at the front than the "Riders of the Plains"? Their scouting excelled that of any other corps in the service, and artillery and dragoons were loud in their praises of those straight-limbed, active cowboys, who feared neither privation nor their crafty enemy.

Perhaps no better tribute of the worth of the Canadians can be cited than that from General Smith-Dorien, who recommends four from their number for the Victoria Cross and another for distinguished decoration. The communication was as follows: BELFAST, November 17, 1900. From Major-General Smith-Dorien, Commander Flying Column, to C. S. O., 4th Division, Middleburg, Bay.

A telegram Saturday morning says that the Dutch there received the British troops there suddenly, and it is reported that there are rumors that the Colonial rebels in the neighborhood are joining the invaders. The Pretoria correspondent of the Morning Post wires that members of burghers on the peace committee, whom he interviewed, frankly confessed that there was no hope of many burghers surrendering. The following despatches have been received from General Kitchener: Pretoria, Jan. 9.—On the night of January 7th the Boers made determined attacks upon all of our posts at Belfast, Wonderfontein, Nootgedacht and Wildfontein. Intense fog prevailed, and taking advantage of the cover it afforded, the Boers were able to creep up close to our positions. A heavy fire continued until 3.40 a. m., when the Boers were driven off. One officer was killed and three wounded, while twenty men were killed and wounded. The loss of the Boers was heavy, 24 dead being counted. A convoy taking supplies to Gordon's brigade, north of Krugersdorp, was attacked by the Boers yesterday, Tuesday. The Boers were driven off, leaving eleven dead on the field. Our casualties were four slightly wounded.

Pretoria, Jan. 10.—The Boers attacked Machadodorp last night but were driven off before dawn. Herzog's commando is in the neighborhood of Sutherland, Cape Colony. Settle is organizing a column to head him off. In the Midlands and eastward the Boers have broken up into small bodies, some returning north and some biding in the mountains north west of Jamestown. A despatch from Pretoria dated January 14th says: Last night the Boers cut the wire between Irene and Olifant's-Pontein station. Early this morning eight hundred Boers under commandant Brier invested Kaalfonstein station. A hot rifle fire and shell fire with two field pieces and maxim was maintained for six hours. An armored train and reinforcements were sent from Pretoria, but before they had arrived on the scene the garrison had driven off the Boers who retired unaccompanied with a transport train a half mile long. The Boers blew up the line beyond Kaalfonstein compelling the mail train to return here. It is supposed their object was to obtain supplies, great quantities of which are stored at Kaalfonstein. The British had no casualties.

Lieutenant H. Z. O. Cockburn, of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, with a handful of men, at a most critical moment, held off the Boers to allow the guns to get away, but to do so he had to sacrifice himself and his party, all of whom were killed, wounded or taken prisoners. Lieutenant Turner, 2. Lieutenant R. E. W. Turner, later in the day, when the Boers again seriously threatened to capture the guns, although twice previously wounded, dismounted and deployed his men at close quarters and drove off the Boers, thus saving the guns.

Private W. A. Kinley, 3. No. 185, Private W. A. Kinley, of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, in a most gallant way, carried out of action under a heavy and close fire, No. 172 Corporal Percy R. Price, of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, getting wounded himself in doing so. Sergeant E. Holland, 4. No. 176, Sergeant E. Holland, of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, did splendid work with his colt gun. He kept the Boers off the 12-pounders by fire from his gun at close range, and then, when he saw the Boers were too near for him to escape with the carriage, he calmly lifted the gun off the carriage and galloped off with it under his arm.

Lieut. Morrison, 5. Lieutenant E. W. B. Morrison, Royal Canadian Artillery, for the skill and coolness with which he worked and finally saved his guns. I have the honor to be, sir, Your obedient servant, H. L. SMITH DORIAN, Major-General Commanding Flying Column.

LORD ROBERTS' PRAISE But it was "C" Battery which, by its famous march to join Colonel Plumer, and which decided the relief of Mafeking, brought so much glory to the Canadian arms. It was that march which brought them to Gen. Baden-Powell's relief one-half day before the historical siege was raised. Their guns were galloped for hundreds of miles, with the aid of relays of mules, sixteen to each team, and stationed twenty-five miles apart. It was the ride which brought forth from Lord Roberts the exclamation: "The wonderful, almost incredible march of these Canadians!"

At Pretoria, when the majority of the second contingent were drawn up before him, the British Commander-in-Chief again took advantage of the opportunity to express his high regard for the services of the Canadians, and thanked them for their efforts in behalf of the Empire. YOUR BEST WORK Cannot be done unless you have good health. You cannot have good health without pure blood. You may have pure blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now. You cannot realize the good it will do you until you try it. Begin taking it today and see how quickly it will give you an appetite, strength and vigor and cure your rheumatism, catarrh or sore throat. All liver ills are cured by Hood's Pills. 25c.

According to a Cape Town despatch Strathcona's Horse will sail for Halifax on the 21st.

In South Africa!

It is understood that Lord Kitchener now holds securely all the railway lines in South Africa, having recovered possession of the Delagoa Bay line which had been cut on Jan. 7th.

According to the Pretoria correspondent of the Daily Mail, Lord Kitchener is now organizing a force of 30,000 irregular horse which will occupy some weeks. When this force is ready he will resume offensive operations. Meanwhile the invasion of Cape Colony looks more threatening. The news that commandant Herzog has two guns is rather startling, as it was strongly asserted that invaders had no guns.

The defences of Cape Town, including two 4.7 naval guns are now completed, and recruiting volunteers is active throughout the colony. According to a despatch to the Daily Express the Admiral's Cape fleet is prepared, in an emergency, to land a naval brigade of 2,800 men with six Hotchkiss guns at Murray's Bay.

A telegram Saturday morning says that the Dutch there received the British troops there suddenly, and it is reported that there are rumors that the Colonial rebels in the neighborhood are joining the invaders. The Pretoria correspondent of the Morning Post wires that members of burghers on the peace committee, whom he interviewed, frankly confessed that there was no hope of many burghers surrendering.

The following despatches have been received from General Kitchener: Pretoria, Jan. 9.—On the night of January 7th the Boers made determined attacks upon all of our posts at Belfast, Wonderfontein, Nootgedacht and Wildfontein. Intense fog prevailed, and taking advantage of the cover it afforded, the Boers were able to creep up close to our positions. A heavy fire continued until 3.40 a. m., when the Boers were driven off. One officer was killed and three wounded, while twenty men were killed and wounded. The loss of the Boers was heavy, 24 dead being counted. A convoy taking supplies to Gordon's brigade, north of Krugersdorp, was attacked by the Boers yesterday, Tuesday. The Boers were driven off, leaving eleven dead on the field. Our casualties were four slightly wounded.

Pretoria, Jan. 10.—The Boers attacked Machadodorp last night but were driven off before dawn. Herzog's commando is in the neighborhood of Sutherland, Cape Colony. Settle is organizing a column to head him off. In the Midlands and eastward the Boers have broken up into small bodies, some returning north and some biding in the mountains north west of Jamestown. A despatch from Pretoria dated January 14th says: Last night the Boers cut the wire between Irene and Olifant's-Pontein station. Early this morning eight hundred Boers under commandant Brier invested Kaalfonstein station. A hot rifle fire and shell fire with two field pieces and maxim was maintained for six hours. An armored train and reinforcements were sent from Pretoria, but before they had arrived on the scene the garrison had driven off the Boers who retired unaccompanied with a transport train a half mile long. The Boers blew up the line beyond Kaalfonstein compelling the mail train to return here. It is supposed their object was to obtain supplies, great quantities of which are stored at Kaalfonstein. The British had no casualties.

Lieut. Morrison, 5. Lieutenant E. W. B. Morrison, Royal Canadian Artillery, for the skill and coolness with which he worked and finally saved his guns. I have the honor to be, sir, Your obedient servant, H. L. SMITH DORIAN, Major-General Commanding Flying Column.

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No further news has been received regarding the invasion of Cape Colony. Sir Alfred Milner writes to a correspondent in England, says: "It would be useless for me to notice the whole sale lies that are spread about concerning me. If I attempted to do so, I would have no time for anything else."

Why but imitations of doubtful merit when the Genuine can be purchased as easily?

The proprietors of MINARD'S LINIMENT inform us that their sales the past year still entitle their preparation to be considered the BEST and FIRST in the hearts of their countrymen.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

ANOTHER DISASTER.

A Yokohama despatch of the 14th says:—It is officially reported that 400 fishermen are missing and that they are supposed to have perished in the storm of Jan. 10th, off the west coast.

ARMY CANTEN DOOMED.

A Washington despatch announces that the Army canteen is to be abolished in the U. S. Army as the Senate by a very decisive vote, concurred in the house provision relative to the army canteen. Only fifteen could be mustered in the senate in favor of the canteen while thirty-four were cast against it.

KRUGER'S ILLNESS.

Nothing is yet known in London to confirm the Paris report published in the United States that Ex-President Kruger is seriously ill and in great danger. He had practically recovered from his illness Jan. 6th, when his physicians ceased issuing bulletins regarding his health. Inquiries on the subject are being made.

BARGE COLLAPSED.

Three foremen and twenty-three workmen were precipitated in the Monongahela river at Pittsburg, Pa., on Friday while loading a barge with steel rails for the Carnegie Steel Co. at Braddock. Two men are known to have been drowned and a third was injured so badly that he died a short time later. One man is missing, and it is feared that his body is beneath the rails at the bottom of the river. The accident was caused by the collapsing of the barge owing to the heavy cargo.

TRIAL OF A SUBMARINE BOAT.

The Cherbourg correspondent of Paris Figaro describes a voyage of two hours in the submarine boat Morse during the trials at Cherbourg recently—"In less than two minutes," says the correspondent, "the vessel reached a depth of eighteen feet, when she performed her evolutions with perfect safety. While under water everything above was visible. The problem of the supply of air has been solved satisfactorily, and the crew were able to remain submerged for sixteen hours without fatigue of the lungs."

BOSTON NEWSPAPER MAN KILLED.

Chas. E. Bookus, for many years an editorial writer on the Boston Herald, was instantly killed Friday night by an express train on the New York, N. H. and Hartford railroad at the Garrison Square station. Mr. Bookus was awaiting to take an in-bound train for Boston, and although the gateman shouted to him not to cross the tracks Mr. Bookus did not hear the warning, and stepped upon the outward track just in time to be struck by the swiftly moving train. His body was thrown fully fifty feet, and death was instantaneous. The gateman, Edward Rickard, in attempting to save the unfortunate man, sustained a fracture of both legs. He was removed to the Massachusetts general hospital, Mr. Bookus' body was taken to his residence, only a short distance away from the scene of the accident.

ANDREWS' LAST TESTAMENT.

The Berlin correspondent of the London Standard says that Andrew, before starting on his balloon voyage for the North Pole, enjoined that his will should not be opened until the end of 1900. It was engaged in a packet which was opened a few days ago in the presence of relatives. Some of the documents in the packet were sealed and inscribed, "To be burned unread." In addition to these there was a series of letters from scientists encouraging the expedition, and one from his friend Fourville, warning him against the proposed trip. This was endorsed, "I think he is right, but it may be late to withdraw." The will is very short. The opening paragraph includes the following: "My presentiment tells me that this terrible journey will signify my death." The testator's small fortune of a few thousand marks is divided between his brother and sister. He bequeaths his large library of scientific works to his nephew, on condition that he in turn bequeath it to a public library.

LARGEST BATTLESHIPS TO BE BUILT.

The British admiralty has decided to build two battleships, which are intended to be the largest in the world. The distinction of having the largest warships has hitherto been held by Italy, with the Lepanto and her sister-ship the Italia. Great Britain's two projected warships, to be named the Queen and the Prince of Wales, will be 2,000 tons heavier than the Italian ships, reaching the enormous displacement of 18,000 tons, which is 3,500 heavier than America's biggest armor clad vessel. These tremendous British vessels will carry nothing larger than 12-inch guns. Their batteries will chiefly be composed of these guns and of 7.4-inch and six-inch guns. The determination to increase the bulk of the battleships was only arrived at after much discussion, for, since the days of the Royal Sovereign (of 14,140 tons) the admiralty has been inclined to favor battleships of smaller displacement, of which the Canopus (of 12,960 tons) is the best. In the meanwhile, Russia, France, the United States and Japan have all been increasing their displacements, till Great Britain has been almost left behind. Now she

steps in, taking the lead with the Queen and the Prince of Wales, to say nothing of the London and the Formidable, both of 15,000 tons, now nearing completion.

After a night with "the boys" there Macomber, ready to clear the head and settle the stomach than Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders. Price 10c. and 25c. at all dealers.

Doctor the Horses.

Mrs. Thos. Thompson, Roland, Man. writes: "My husband would not be without Haysard's Yellow Oil in the house, as he uses it a good deal for doctoring up the horses and considers it splendid. Price 25c."

DIED.

At Kelly's Cross, on the 24th ult., Mrs. Francis Cross, aged 89 years, relict of the late Francis Trainor, leaving four sons and four daughters. R. I. P. At Crumpton, Dec. 14th, after a lingering illness which years ago with Mrs. Christiana fords and submission to the Divine Will, Miss Ida Louise Fall, in the twenty third year of her age, eldest daughter of the late Mr. John Fall. She leaves behind her a mother, two sisters and five brothers. At Clear Spring, on the 29th ult., Mary Cross, aged 75 years. R. I. P. At Georgetown, on the 8th inst., Albert, aged 3 years, only child of Dr. and Mrs. Stewart.

At New York, on the 9th inst., Mary Archibald, Chief Preceptor and Vice-Principal of Mount Allison Ladies' College, Sackville, N. B., relict of the late A. N. Archibald, M. B., and first daughter of the late James L. Mallish, of Pownal, Prince Edward Island.

In this city on the 14th inst. Elizabeth, beloved wife of John G. Eckhardt aged 88 years. Deceased was a native of Cologne, Germany, and emigrated with her husband in 1855. At first they resided in Nova Scotia, but in 1875 they came to Charlottetown. For some years Mr. Eckhardt conducted a profitable business; but for some years back he has been incapacitated for business on account of illness. In their days of prosperity Mr. and Mrs. Eckhardt were most generous to the poor and distressed and gave liberally of their means to relieve want. Mr. Eckhardt was among the first to join and interest himself in the St. Vincent de Paul Society when established here by the late Father McGillivray. Mrs. Eckhardt seconded her husband in every charitable work. She died after a brief illness fortified by the last Sacraments and consoled by the rites of our holy religion. May her soul rest in peace.

Neuralgia.

"I had been suffering about six months with Neuralgia when I started taking Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. They did me more good than any medicine I ever used. Mrs. Annie Ryan, Sand Point, N. S."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

The Prices.

The market was well attended yesterday. The only notable change in price is that of pork, which has advanced to 72c. There was a large amount of sale. Hay by the cwt. remains at 69 to 66c. Apples (dog) 00.8 to 0.10 Butter (reg.) 0.23 to 0.24 Butter (lib.) 0.21 to 0.22 Beef (small) per lb. 0.05 to 0.10 Beef (quarter) per lb. 0.04 to 0.08 Calf (small) 0.63 to 0.67 Ducks 0.90 to 0.70 Eggs, per doz. 0.23 to 0.24 Geese 0.40 to 0.65 Hens 0.85 to 0.90 Hides 0.61 to 0.07 Lard (reg.) 0.60 to 0.65 Lard (qr.) 0.40 to 0.60 Mutton, per lb. 0.05 to 0.07 Pork (small) 0.28 to 0.30 Pork (large) 2.00 to 2.25 Potatoes (buyers price) 0.16 to 0.18 Pork (small) 0.08 to 0.10 Sheep (small) 0.60 to 0.65 Turnips 0.10 to 0.12

Laxo-Liver Pills are a positive cure for Bile Headache, Biliousness, Constipation, Dyspepsia, and all stomach and liver complaints. They neither gripe, nor sicken. Price 25c. at all dealers.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

EPPS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality and highly Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in quarter lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & CO., Homocultural Chemists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER Epps's Cocoa

Oct. 24, 1900—301

"Imitation is the Sincerest Form of Flattery."

MINARD'S LINIMENT

has extraordinary merits, and is in great repute with the public, in that IT IS EXTENSIVELY Imitated. The imitations resemble the genuine article in appearance only. They lack the general excellence of the Genuine.

This notice is necessary, as injurious and dangerous imitations liable to produce chronic inflammation of the skin are often substituted for MINARD'S LINIMENT by Dealers, because they pay a larger price.

They all Sell on the Merits and advertising of MINARD'S.

INSIST UPON HAVING MINARD'S LINIMENT,

MADE BY C. C. RICHARD'S & CO., YARMOUTH, N. S.

A. L. FRASER, B. A. Attorney-at-Law.

BOURIS, P. E. ISLAND, Dec. 26, 1900—17

LADIES! YOU CAN BUY Fur Jackets AND Cloth Jackets CHEAP AT STANLEY BROS.

Male Minds DIFFER Over almost every question that arises in business, politics or religion. But Ladies' Agree. Ladies' skilled by knowledge and trained by experience—that our collection of FURS for men, women and children, is simply superb; it embraces

The World's Best Therefore Come direct to headquarters for your NEW FUR CAPS OR JACKET. Ruffs, large and small, 30c. up. Muffs, large and small, \$2.75 up. Collars, large and small, \$2.75 up. Caps, large and small, \$1.00 up. Our FURS show their quality, and you'll find them a purchase that pays.

PROWSE BROS. IT PAYS TO BUY AT PERKINS'

Now Stock-Taking. BARGAINS - IN ALL - Departments THIS WEEK.

SPECIAL VALUES IN Dress Goods, Silks, Coats, Costumes, Furs, Blankets. F. PERKINS & Co MILLINERY LEADERS.

OUR GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

In Full Swing.

Bargains In Everything

— AT THE —

Busiest Store

In Charlottetown.

Sentner, McLeod & Co.

Charlottetown's Fur Store.

New Year Supplies.

The festive season is now here, and with it comes the usual special requirements for this happy season. We wish to call your attention to the fact that we have in stock a full supply of the following lines:

- Layer Raisins, Seeded Raisins, Cleaned Currants, Ground Cocoanut, Powdered Sugar.
- Flavourings, Spices, Baking Powder, Cake Chocolate, Citron, Lemon and Orange Peel.

Also Oranges, Lemons, Grapes, Figs and Confectionery, Cooking Apples (12 and 15 cts. per peck), Raspberry and Strawberry Jam, 10 cts. per lb.

A word about Tea.

Are you dissatisfied with the Tea you are now using? Then try "Eureka Blend" at 25 cents per lb., or "Red Rose" at 28 cts. per lb. Then will you be happy.

Herring! Herring!

We have in stock 250 half barrels of good Cape Breton Herring; also in pails at 80 cts. and \$1.25.

WANTED, 5,000 lbs. Geese and Turkeys for Christmas Trade.

MAIL ORDERS.—Mail orders will receive our prompt attention. Write us for prices or anything you may want. Free delivery of goods to all parts of the city. Telephone connection.

R. F. MADDIGAN & CO.
Lower Queen St. Successors to W. Grant & Co.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Imported hay in Sydney is selling for \$12 and \$15 per ton.

Sir Charles Tupper leaves for England tomorrow on the S. S. Tunisian.

The price paid for live hogs at the Charlottetown Packing House is six cents per lb.

Lord Wolsley, the late Commander-in-Chief of the British Army intends to visit Canada shortly.

The output of the Roseland, B. C., mines in 1900 was \$3,500,000, an increase of \$300,000 over 1899.

Col. Oter will receive from the Imperial Government a gratuity of \$200 in consideration of his wounds.

During the year 1900 the emigrants to Canada numbered 16,121 English, 933 Irish, 1,734 Scotch and 31,627 foreigners—a total of 50,465.

The Monsieur Acadian says that Bishop Rogers, of Chatham, N. B., announces that he will resign the episcopal office as soon as he shall have received from Rome the permission for which he has asked.

The Parks Cotton Mills of St. John, N. B., the largest industry there, employing four hundred hands has closed down in consequence of the Bank of New Brunswick being unwilling to make further advances.

The fire bell sounded on Saturday morning for a slight blaze on Kent St. in a room connected with the B. I. S. Hall. A hole was burned through the floor but the early discovery of the fire prevented any serious damage. The fire was caused by the throwing of a match or cigar into a box of sawdust.

The Molokans, a Russian sect something similar to the Doukobors are thinking of emigrating to Canada. This sect secured state lands in the Caucasus almost rent free, but recently the Russian government announced that the rents would be increased threefold or fourfold. Now the Molokans are petitioning the Government to return to their former rentals or to be permitted to emigrate.

Another Island soldier has returned.—Private Wm. A. McEachern. He came out from Cape Town on the Roselyn Castle with the Mounted Rifles. Several of the other Island veterans were at the station to welcome him. Major Mackay, Privates Brown and Lord are the only members of the Island contingent who have yet to return. Major Weeks and Brown are now on their way to England on the steamer Galika. Lord is in England.

EDMUND B. Kierstead, of St. Stephen, N. B., of the firm of Gannon Bros., candy manufacturer was killed in St. John last Wednesday night. He came from his home to St. John, to see his son off to Acadia College, and left by train to return home. He should have changed cars at McAdam, and it is thought he jumped off on finding himself on the wrong train. The train cut off his left arm and right leg and broke his back and badly crushed the body.

This report of the Morrell Dairying Company for 1900 shows that 761,827 pounds of milk were received from May 29th to November 2nd from 120 patrons. This contained 43,884.5 pounds of butter fat. The average of butter fat was 5.77 per cent. The amount of cheese made was 72,135.4 pounds, an average of 10.93 pounds of milk for one pound. The average net price of cheese was 10.09 cents. During the season \$5,797.53 were divided among the patrons.

In the first hockey match of the season on Friday night the Seals Abegweit were defeated for the first time in their history by a Charlottetown team—the Senior Victorias. In the first half the Victorias by superior play in combination and clever rushes rolled up a score of 4 goals to 0. In the second half the Abegweit made 3 goals and the Victorias two more. The score at the end of the game was 6 to 3 for the Victorias. In the game between the second teams the Abegweit defeated the Victorias 10 to 4.

A MONTREAL despatch states that probably the largest industrial combine ever contemplated in that city is now in progress of organization. It is the further development of the deal explained the other day to the effect that H. M. Whitney was endeavoring to secure control of the Montreal gas company. The scheme in its present development is vastly more important than was thought. The company being organized is to be known as the "Lighting and Power Company of Montreal," with a capitalization of \$25,000,000, to take over all the lighting and power companies in the city. It is stated that Mr. Whitney is the instigator and leading spirit of the gigantic scheme, though, so far, his name is kept out of it. The companies which will be absorbed are the Chamblay Manufacturing company, the Royal Electric company, the Montreal Gas company and the Machine Repairs Hydraulic and Land company.

This Roselyn Castle's arrival in Halifax with over eight hundred officers and men of the Second Canadian Contingent was not an incident of unmingled joy as was the case on the arrival of the other troops. Two of the brave men who sailed from Cape Town, apparently in good health, died on the passage home. The first man to die was Sergeant-Trumpeter Ingles, of Winnipeg, whose death occurred after a short illness of enteric fever on New Year's Day. He was buried at sea. The other victim was Lieut. Sutton, of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, who succumbed to typhoid fever on the Sunday previous to the ship's arrival in Halifax. Sutton belonged to Toronto, Ont. His wife was at Halifax to meet him and was carried to the troopship's side, and a heart-rending scene followed. The news was broken to the young widow by Father Sheehan, the Catholic chaplain in the most tender words. On hearing the announcement she was overcome with grief and swooned away. She was afterwards removed to the city in a dazed condition and it was feared that her reason would give way. Lieut. Sutton during his stay in South Africa had been in every march and every engagement and had never lost a day. He contracted fever 170 days after leaving Cape Town. Twelve other men were also laid up, but as they got nearer the northern climate they began to recover. Seven nurses also returned on the Roselyn Castle, among the number being Miss G. Pope of this city who left here with the first P. E. Island contingent.

Sick with Worms.

Mrs. J. D. Mayo, South Stokely, P. Q., wrote the following: "One of my children took sick with worms and after trying everything without getting relief we procured Dr. Low's Worm Syrup which acted promptly and effectually."

Minard's Liniment relieves Distemper.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

Scorfula in the blood shows itself sooner or later in swellings, sores, eruptions. But Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cures it.

The Sydney Daily Post has suspended publication in order to straighten out affairs prior to appearing under new auspices.

The Militia Department have received from the War Office in London, the terms of enlistment for service in the South African Constabulary.

We are indebted to the authorities of the P. E. Island Railway for an excellent calendar, issued by the executive of the great "Burlington Route."

The Shamrocks, hockey champions of the world last year, were defeated at Montreal Saturday night in the presence of 3000 spectators, by a score 4 to 2.

It is rumored in London that Sir William will be appointed Lieut. General commanding the troops in Canada, in succession to Lord William Frederick Ernest Seymour.

ADVICE received at Ottawa from the seat of war, state that Col. Steele, the commander of Strachan's Horse is down with an attack of enteric fever, fortunately of a mild type however. Col. Gordon is now in command of the Regiment.

A WINNIPEG despatch of the 15th says: Military men here say that the Government is going to give Manitoba a chance to distinguish herself by supplying the 1000 men wanted for Baden-Powell's constabulary. Strong representations are being made to the authorities on the matter and that Manitoba can do it is certain. Major Gardiner has already over 700 names of men anxious to go. Many of them are experienced soldiers, good riders and good shots. Some are men just returned and want to go back again.

Minard's Liniment cures Burns, etc.

Wreck of the Rosette.

The passengers and crew of the French steamer Rosette which ran ashore at Faraman, on the coast of France, have all been landed in safety. The story of the wreck is thus told by Lieut. Gunthorpe, one of the ships officers: "The steamer ran ashore at 5 o'clock Monday morning. Only the watch was on deck at the time. The passengers rushed up and down when they felt the shock and a panic ensued. The captain and officers finally succeeded in calming the people and the boats were prepared for launching.

"It was found, however, that the sea was too rough. A signal gun was fired and Bengal lights were burned, which were perceived from the lighthouse. During the day people could be seen dragging boats along the shore, but no attempt was made to launch them.

As night came on, the Rosette began to sink. The after hold and the engine room were ruined, and the Rosette, which rolled badly, heeled to the starboard. The passengers took refuge in the first cabin and the smoking room.

"Tuesday morning a violent wave burst in the door of the saloon. The passengers, who were again stricken with a panic, rushed on deck. We reassured them and barricaded the doorway with mattresses. All day we were obliged helplessly to watch attempts to reach us with rockets and lifeboats from the shore, and by tugs.

"We passed the night in a state of the deepest anguish. The waves increased in fury and dashed over the vessel, which was thumping on her starboard, until in the early morning the plating was away and the stern of the vessel went to pieces. The utmost consternation now prevailed among the passengers, who fled to the fore-castle deck amidships and the fore-deck, clinging to the rails and stanchions. Again we witnessed desperate efforts all day long to rescue us.

"When night fell without relief and the tempest still raging, the general on board was frantic. The passengers seemed heartbroken, the women weeping convulsively.

"Thursday morning the cruiser Galilee hove in sight. Hope revived as she was seen approaching us with engines reversed. The lamentations of the passengers changed to rejoicings. The women cried "Bravo" and "Long live the French nation." But suddenly the Galilee stopped. The water was too shallow and the waves threatened to engulf her. She made for the open sea, and the passengers were again plunged into the deepest despair.

"The efforts on shore with lifeboats and rockets were renewed, but without success. A rain of small shot from the rockets fell on the deck, endangering the seamen. Finally the crew of a lifeboat got alongside and gave us a line. This we hauled in order to drag the hawser attached to it, but the hawser broke. Toward evening a big sea swept all the holds except the forehold.

"Our provisions now were almost exhausted. We had only a few biscuits and tins of preserves, with wine and some githoches and oranges, a portion of the cargo in the forehold. All our solids were consumed at the last meal.

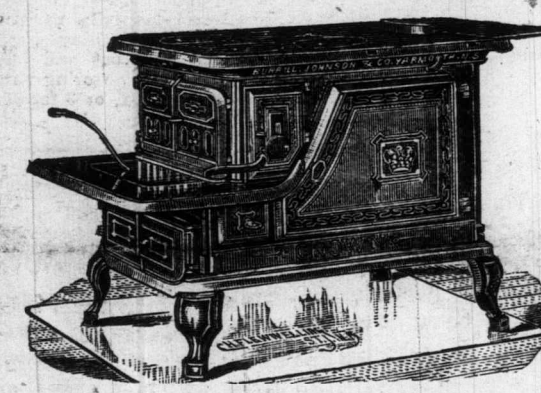
"Thursday evening we passed an atrocious night, but were rescued Friday morning. All the cargo was lost and only a part of the mail and the passengers' baggage was saved. The accident was due to mistaking the Faraman light for the Flanier light, a mistake which has caused the loss and wreck of more than twenty steamers and given to the coast the name of "The mariner's graveyard."

All kinds of Gongs and Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Pains in the Chest, Whooping, Hoarseness, Sore Throat and Asthma, yield to the Long-haired prophylaxis of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Price 25c.

Great Stove Sale FOR CASH ONLY

Having done a tremendous business in the Stove line the past few months, it has left us with some odds and ends which we will clear out regardless of cost. This is a GENUINE BARGAIN SALE, as you will see by the figures. All our Stoves are guaranteed, if not satisfied come back and get your money.

THE CHANCE OF A LIFETIME. Cooking Stoves and Ranges FOR COAL.



- 1 No. 8 Favorite Range, former price \$27.00 now \$22
- 2 No. 8 Gem Range, former price 19.50 now 15
- 1 No. 8 Jubilee Range, former price 24.50 now 19
- 10 No. 3 Crown Stoves, former price 19.00 now 15
- 6 No. 7 Dominion Stoves, former price 11.50 now 10
- 2 No. 8 Gem Steel Stoves, former price 30.00 now 21

Cooking Stoves for Wood.

5 No. 8 Farmers, former price \$12, now \$10.

Heating Stoves for Halls.

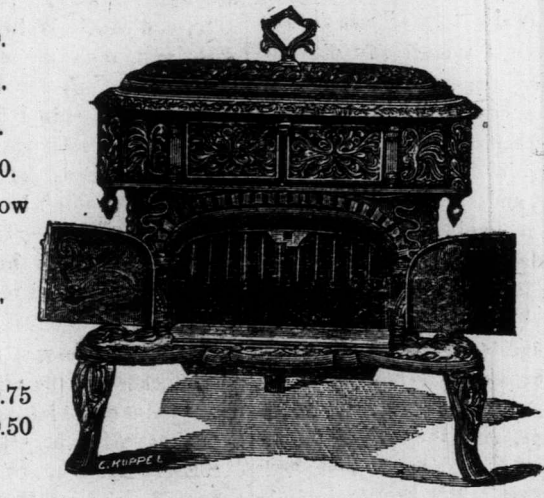
- 4 No. 2 Irvings, former price \$ 9, now \$ 7
- 3 No. 3 Irvings, former price 11, now 9
- 2 No. 4 Irvings, former price 13, now 10
- 1 No. 11 Eureka, former price \$10, now \$7
- 4 No. 13 Peri, former price 9, now 7
- 3 No. 14 Peri, former price 10, now 8

Heating Stoves for Rooms.

- 2 No. 1 Standard, former price \$13, now \$10.
- 1 No. 2 Standard, former price \$14, now \$11.
- 1 No. 3 Standard, former price \$15, now \$12.
- 1 No. 16 Coronet, former price \$13, now \$9.50.
- 2 No. 23 Sunlight, former price \$10.50, now \$7.50.
- 6 No. 6 Coral, former price \$4.25, now \$2.75.
- 3 No. 7 Coral, former price \$5.25, now \$3.75.

Room Stoves for Wood.

- 1 Windsor Franklin, former price \$13, now \$9.75
- 1 No. 26 Delight, former price \$14, now \$10.50
- 2 No. 25 Sunlight, former price \$10, now \$7
- 1 Clarendon, former price \$10, now \$7



All the above Stoves and Ranges were bought before the advance of Pig Iron, and in a great many instances we cannot buy them for what we are advertising them at. Please remember the sale is for cash only. Anyone wanting a Range or Stove changed will have to pay regular price. If you cannot personally call, send us the money and we will send you the Stove. **BUYING WILL BE LIVELY, GET HERE EARLY.**—You'll never be displeased with the chances offered here. **AN OPPORTUNITY TO SAVE.**—The early buyer gets the choice in Granite Kitchen Utensils. We are away below our competitors; for example, a nice Granite Tea Pot 18 cts.

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We have decided closing out our present business. **Ready-made Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Boots and Shoes.**

And we'll hold a great Slaughter Sale of **ALL OUR STOCK** of Ready-made Clothing, in Overcoats, Ulsters, Suits, separate Pants, Coats, Vests, 30 per cent. discount. **ALL OUR STOCK** of Men's Furnishings, in Undereclothing, Top Shirts, Collars, Ties, Gloves and Mitts, Hats and Caps, 25 per cent. discount. **ALL OUR STOCK** of Boots and Shoes, Men's, Women's and Children's, Heavy Fall Boots and Fine Dress Boots, 25 per cent. discount. A lot Boots, in Men's and Women's (small sizes), Trunks and Valises. This stock is nearly all new, and affords a great chance to buy new stock cheap. Prompt settlement of all accounts is requested.

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CHOICE Table Codfish! FOR SALE AT Monaghan's Crockery Store.

You are missing a great treat for breakfast if you do not try our Table Codfish. They are fine—the real genuine article. When held to the light they appear almost as transparent as china, so carefully cured are they. Most people now-a-days, to save time and labor, sell you boxed or prepared fish, called boneless fish. The old fashioned article beats it all hollow. This lot we have now on hand is exceptionally fine, and are delicious any way you cook them.

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We are now busy Stock-Taking.

We thank you one and all for your liberal and esteemed patronage for the past year, soliciting a further continuance of same, and **Wishing You the Compliments of the Season.**

WEEKS & CO.,

The People's Store, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

LIFE.

On, on, with the stream of life
Our sad lives flow;
On, on, with eternal hope,
The hope we all might know.

—ANON.

Treasure Island

BY ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON. PART IV.

THE STOCKADE.

CHAPTER XX.—(Continued). SILVER'S UMBRELLA.

We could see the man who carried the flag of truce attempting to hold Silver back. Nor was that wonderful, seeing how cavalier had been the captain's answer.

I will confess that I was far too much taken up with what was going on to be of the slightest use as sentry; indeed, I had already deserted my eastern loop-hole and crept up behind the captain, who had now seated himself on the threshold, with his elbows on his knees, his head in his hands, and his eyes fixed on the water as it bubbled out of the old iron kettle in the sand.

Silver had terrible hard work getting up the knoll. What with the steepness of the incline, the thick tree stumps, and the soft sand, he and his crutch were as helpless as a ship in stays.

"Here you are, my man," said the captain, raising his head. "You had better sit down."

"You ain't a-going to let me inside, cap'n?" complained Long John. "It's a main cold morning, to be sure, sir, to sit outside upon the sand."

"Well, well, cap'n," returned the sea-cook, sitting down as he was hidden on the sand, "you'll have to give me a hand up again, that's all. A sweet, pretty place you have of it here. Ah, there's Jim! The top of the morning to you, Jim. Doctor, here's my service. Why, there you all are together like a happy family, in a manner of speaking."

"If you have anything to say, my man, better say it," said the captain. "Eight you are, Cap'n Smollett," replied Silver. "Dooty is dooty, to be sure. Well, now, you look here, that was a good lay of yours last night. I don't deny that it was a good lay. Some of you pretty hands with a handspe-end. And I'll not deny neither but what some of my people was shook—may be all was shook; may be I was shook myself; may be that's why I'm here for terms. But you mark me, cap'n, it won't do twice, by thunder! We'll have to do sentry go, and ease off a point or so on the rain. May be you think we were all a sheet in the wind's eye. But I'll tell you I was sober; I was only dog tired; and if I'd awoke a second sooner I'd a caught you at the set, I would. He wasn't dead when I got round to him, not he."

"Well, here it is," said Silver. "We want that treasure, and we'll have it—that's our point! You would just as soon save your lives, I reckon; and that's yours. You have a chair, haven't you?" "That's as may be," replied the captain. "Oh, well, you have, I know that," returned Long John. "You needn't be so husky with a man; there ain't a particle of service in that, and you may lay to it. What I mean is, we want your charts. Now, I never meant you no harm, myself."

man," interrupted the captain. "We know exactly what you meant to do, and we don't care; for now, you see, you can't do it."

And the captain looked at him calmly, and proceeded to fill a pipe. "If Abe Gray—" Silver broke out. "Avast there!" cried Mr. Smollett. "Gray told me nothing, and I asked him nothing; and what's more I would see you and him and this whole island blown clean out of the water into darkness first. So there's my mind for you, my man, on that."

This little whiff of temper seemed to cool Silver down. He had been growing nettled before, but now he pulled himself together.

"Like a nongb," said he. "I would set to limits to what gentlemen might consider ship-shape, or might not, as the case were. And, seein' as you are to take a pipe, cap'n, I'll make so free as to do likewise."

And he filled a pipe and lighted it; and the two men sat silently smoking for quite a while, now looking each other in the face, now stopping their tobacco, now leaning forward to spit. It was as good as a play to see them.

"Now," resumed Silver, here it is. You give us the chart to get the treasure by, and stop shooting poor seamen, and stoving of their heads in while asleep. You do that and we'll offer you a choice. Either you come aboard along with us, once the treasure shipped, and then I'll give you my aff-davy, upon my word of honor, to clap you somewhere safe ashore. Or, if that aint your fancy, some of my lads being around, and having old scores, on account of heezing, then you can stay here, you can. We'll divide stores with you, man for man; and I'll give you my aff-davy, as before, to speak the first ship I sight, and send 'em here to pick you up. Now, you'll own that's talking. Handsome you couldn't look to get, not you. And I hope—raising his voice—that all hands in this here block-house will overhaul my words, for what is spoke to one is spoke to all."

Captain Smollett rose from his seat and looked out the ashes of his pipe in the palm of his left hand. "Is that all?" he asked.

"Every last word, by thunder!" answered John. "Refuse that and you've seen the last of me but musketballs."

"Very good," said the captain. "Now you'll hear me. If you'll come up one by one, I'll engage to clap you all in irons, and to take you home to a fair trial in England. If you won't my name is Alexander Smollett, I've flown my sovereign's colors, and I'll see you all to Davy Jones. You can't find the treasure. You can't sail the ship—there's not a man among you fit to sail the ship. You can't fight us—Gray, there, got away from five of you. Your ship's in irons, Master Silver; you're on a lee-shore, and so you'll find. I'll stand here and tell you so, and they're the last good words you'll get from me; for, in the name of heaven, I'll put a bullet in your back when next I meet you. Tramp, my lad. Bundle out of this, please, hand over board, and double quick."

Silver's face was a picture; his eyes started in his head with wrath. He shook the fire out of his pipe. "Give me a hand up!" he cried. "No!" returned the captain. "Who'll give me a hand up?" he roared.

Not a man among us moved. Growing the foulest imprecations, he crawled along the sand until he got hold of the porch and could hoist himself again on his crutch. Then he spat into the spring.

"There!" he cried, "that's what I think of ye. Before an hour's out, I'll stove in your old block-house like a rum puncheon. Laugh, by thunder, laugh!" Before an hour's out, ye'll laugh upon the other side. Them that die'll be the lucky ones."

And with a dreadful oath he stumbled off, plowed down the sand, was helped across the stockade, after four or five failures, by the man with a flag of truce, and disappeared in an instant afterward among the trees.

CHAPTER XXI. THE ATTACK.

As soon as Silver disappeared, the captain, who had been closely watching him, turned toward the interior of the house, and found not a man of us at his post but Gray. It was the first time he had ever seen him angry.

"Quarters!" he roared. And then, as we all slunk back to our places, "Gray," he said, "I'll put your name in the log; you've stood by your duty like a seaman, Mr. Trelawney, I'm surprised at you, sir. Doctor, I thought you had worn the king's coat! If that was how you served at Fontenoy, sir, you'd have been better in your berth."

The doctor's watch were all back at their loop-holes, the rest were busy loading the spare muskets, and every one with a red face, you may be certain, and a flea in his ear, as the saying is.

The captain looked on for a while in silence. Then he spoke. "My lads," he said, "I've given Silver a broadside. I pitched it in red-hot on purpose; and before the hour's out, as he said, we shall be boarded. We're outnumbered, I needn't tell you that, but we'll fight in shelter; and, a minute ago, I should have said we fought with discipline. I've no manner of doubt that we can drub them, if you choose."

Then he went the rounds, and saw, as he said, that all was clear. On the two short sides of the house, east and west, there were only two loop-holes; on the south side where the porch was, two again; and on the north side, five. There was a round score of muskets for the seven of us, the firewood had been built into four piles—tables, you might say—one about the middle of each side, and on each of these tables some ammunition and four loaded muskets were laid ready to the hand of the defenders.

In the middle, the cutlasses lay ranged. "Toss out the fire said the captain, "the chill is past, and we mustn't have iron in our eyes."

The iron fire-basket was carried bodily out by Mr. Trelawney, and the embers smothered among sand. "Hawkins hasn't had his breakfast. Hawkins, help yourself, and back to your post to eat it," continued Captain Smollett. "Lively, now, my lads: you'll want it before you've done. Hunter, take the east side, there. Joyce, you stand by the west, my man. Mr. Trelawney, you are the best shot—you and Gray will take this long north side, with the five loop-holes; it's there the danger is. If they can get up to it, and fire in upon us through our own ports, things would begin to look dirty. Hawkins, neither you nor I are much account at the shooting; we'll stand by to load and bear a hand."

As the captain had said, the chill was past. As soon as the sun had climbed above our girdle of trees, it fell with all its force upon the clearing and drank up the vapors at the door. Soon the sand was baking, and the resin melting in the logs of the block-house, jackets and coats were flung aside; shirts were thrown open at the neck, and rolled up to the shoulders; and we stood there, each at his post, in a fever of heat and anxiety. An hour passed away.

"Hang them!" said the captain. "This is as dull as the doldrums. Gray, whistle for a wind."



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"Three!" repeated the captain. "And how many on yours, Mr. Trelawney?"

But this was not so easily answered. There had come many from the north—seven, by the squire's computation; eight or nine, according to Gray. From the east and west only a single shot had been fired. It was plain, therefore, that the attack would be developed from the north, and that on the other three sides we were only to be annoyed by a shower of hostilities. But Captain Smollett made no change in his arrangements. If the mutineers succeeded in crossing the stockade, he argued, they would take possession of any unprotected loop-hole, and shoot us down like rats in our own stronghold.

Nor had we much time left to us for thought. Suddenly, with a loud buzz a little cloud of pirates leaped from the woods on the north side, and ran straight on the stockade. At the same moment, the fire was once more opened from the woods, and a rifle-ball sung through the door-way and knocked the doctor's musket into bits.

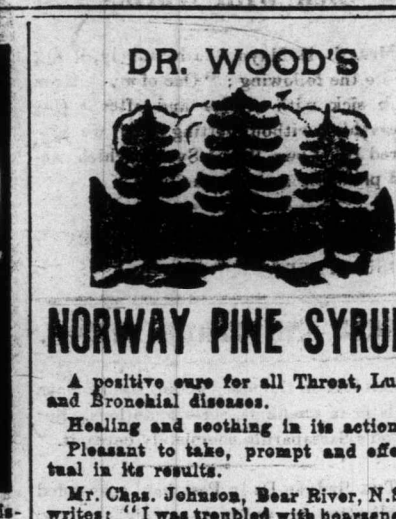
The boarders swarmed over the fence like monkeys. Squire and Gray fired again and yet again; three men fell, one forward into the inclosure, two back on the outside. But of these, one was evidently more frightened than hurt, for he was on his feet again in a creak, and instantly disappeared among the trees.

"Two had hit the dust, one had fled, four had made good their footing inside our defence; while from the shelter of the woods seven or eight men, each evidently supplied with several muskets, kept up a hot though useless fire on the ship-house."

The four who had boarded made straight before them for the building, shouting as they ran, and the men among the trees shouted back to encourage them. Several shots were fired, but such was the hurry of the marksmen, that not one appeared to have taken effect. In a moment the four pirates had swarmed up the mound and were upon us.

The head of Job Anderson, the boatswain, appeared at the middle loop-hole. "At 'em, all hands—all hands!" he roared, in a voice of thunder.

At the same moment another pirate grasped Hunter's musket by the muzzle, wrenched it from his hands, plucked it through the loop-hole, and with one stunning blow, laid the poor fellow senseless on the floor. Meanwhile a third, running unarméd all round the house, appeared suddenly in the doorway, and fell with his outlaws on the doctor.



This positive cure for all Throat, Lung and Bronchial diseases. Healing and soothing in its action. Pleasant to take, prompt and effective in its results.

"Round the house, lads! round the house!" cried the captain, and even in the hurly-burly I perceived a change in his voice.

Mechanically I obeyed, turned eastward, and, with my outlaws raised, ran round the corner of the house. Next moment I was face to face with Anderson. He roared aloud, and his hanger went up above his head, flashing in the sunlight. I had not time to be afraid, but, as the blow still hung impending, leaped in a trice upon one side, and missing my foot in the soft sand, rolled headlong down the slope.

When I had first sallied from the door, the other mutineers had been already swarming up the palisade to make an end of us. One man, in a red night-cap with his cutlases in his mouth, had even got upon the top and thrown a leg across. Well, so short had been the interval, that when I found my feet again all was in the same posture, the fellow with the red night-cap still half way over, another still just showing his head above the top of the stockade. And yet, in this breath of time, the fight was over, and the victory was ours.

Gray, following close behind me, had cut down the big boatswain ere he had time to recover from his last blow. Another had been shot at a loop-hole in the very act of firing into the house, and now lay in agony, the pistol still smoking in his hand. A third as I had seen, the doctor had disposed of at a blow. Of the four who had scaled the palisade, one only remained unaccounted for, and he, having left his outlases on the field, was now clambering out again with the fear of death upon him.

"Fire—fire from the house!" cried the doctor. "And you lads, back into cover."

But his words were unheeded, no shot was fired, and the last boarder made good his escape and disappeared with the rest into the wood. In three seconds nothing remained of the attacking party but the five who had fallen, four on the inside and one on the outside of the palisade.

"The doctor and Gray and I ran full speed for shelter. The survivors would soon be back where they had left their muskets, and at any moment the fire might recommence. The house was by this time somewhat cleared of smoke, and we saw at a glance the price we had paid for victory. Hunter lay beside his loop-hole, stained with blood, his hand shot through the head, never to move again, while right in the centre the squire was supporting the captain, one as pale as the other.

"The captain's wounded," said Mr. Trelawney. "Have they run?" asked Mr. Smollett. "All that could, you may be bound," returned the doctor; "but there's five of them that will never run again."

ENGLISH Mince Meat. We have just received our stock of Mince Meat. It is put up in one and two pound tins, and also ten pound tins. It is very nice stock, and is put up by a good, reliable firm.

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