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The Reporter Office
Athens, Ont.

The Athens Reporter

—AND—

COUNTY OF LEEDS ADVERTISER.

Vol. XXIX. No. 11

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Wednesday, Mar. 12, 1913

G. F. Donnelly, Publisher

BROCKVILLE'S GREATEST STORE

A Great Pre-Easter Sale of

Linen Seconds

Just arrived! Our big semi-annual shipment of Table Linen Seconds. Beautiful, high grade double damask cloths with border all round.

Table Linen by the yard; also Table Napkins and Tray Cloths

These are the highest grade manufactured and on account of slight imperfections, which are easily remedied, are sold at one-third under the regular price.

Don't fail to see the big showing. There are wonderful bargains waiting for you.

Slightly Imperfect—Linen Table Cloths,
Table Linen by the yard; Table Nap-
kins; Tray Cloths— $\frac{1}{3}$ under regular.

SALE NOW ON

ROBERT WRIGHT & CO.
BROCKVILLE, CANADA.

House Cleaning Sale

Semi-annual house cleaning of all odd lines and broken lots of shoes. Ladies' \$3.00 shoes for \$1.95. Men's \$4.00 shoes for \$2.95 at Kelly's.

KELLY'S

The Shoe Store of Quality
Next Door West of Robert Wright's. BROCKVILLE

Special!

Boys' Suits

Boys' 2-piece Tweed Suits, bloomer pants, well tailored and cut on clean smart lines, new brown and greys all sizes \$3.50

Navy Blue Serge

Navy, Blue Serge Suits, double breasted, good twill lining and with bloomer pants, a good serviceable serge \$5.00

Norfolk Suits

Norfolk Suits, new rough serges and Scotch Tweeds. Some really nice effects with yoke and pleats, Norfolk suits are correct for this spring. \$7.50

COLCOCK'S

Brockville Ontario

APPOINTED SUPERINTENDENT

The Regina Leader publishes an excellent photograph of our former young townsman, Mr. Arthur E. Fisher, and with it makes the following announcement:—

"The appointment is announced of Arthur E. Fisher to the position of Superintendent of Insurance under the Fire Insurance Act. Mr. Fisher has had an excellent training in insurance both fire and life, and is well qualified for the position. Coming west from Ontario in 1889 he taught school at Qu'Appelle and in the Yukon for a few years. Later, coming to Regina, he was appointed to the district management of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., which post he has since held. Mr. Fisher will commence his new duties about the middle of the month. Mr. Fisher has been acting as District Manager for The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York, with headquarters at Regina, for some years and being a graduate of the Toronto University he will be well equipped and make a good Superintendent for the Province. It is a position which will require a lot of work. The appointment is made by the provincial government and carries with it a substantial salary.

MOST BEAUTIFUL EASTER PRESENT

The Mysterious, Luminous 'Crucifix of the Cross of the Eternal Light

The most marvellous mystic light of the twentieth century. Our Saviour nailed to the Cross, a beautiful, marvellous work of art, that has mystified the whole world with its startling luminous effect which is everlasting. The figure of Christ as well as the Cross itself are of imitation marble material, showing WHITE in daylight and in a GLORIOUS LUMINOUS MYSTIC LIGHT IN THE DARKEST ROOM. The luminous effect is everlasting. The greatest work of art ever known to science. It is indeed a glorious and most precious article of true devotion. Science has long been puzzled at this mysterious work of art.

There are two different sizes: The larger one (11 $\frac{1}{2}$ by 6 inches) has been reduced to only \$2.00 from the original price of \$10.00 and the smaller one (4 by 8) from \$5.00 to but \$1.00 in order to enable every Christian Family to have one in their home. These prices will hold good only till 1st April. A. Netkow, 832 Yonge St. Toronto, Ont. Please mention the Athens Reporter when answering this advertisement

A TWILIGHT MEDITATION

No preacher's footprints mark the snow,
Within the horizons bound,
No prayer where evening fires glow,
Nor gospel's welcome sound;
Yet able-bodied men reside,
And called of God, they say,
To preach the gospel to the world,
Scarce one short league away

With ease and peace on either hand
And plenty in their stores,
Their footprints seldom bear them far
Beyond their cottage doors.
The erring ones are left alone,
A sinful course to run,
Nor told there is a Heaven to gain,
Or yet a hell to shun.

The faithful preachers who once stood
Behind the gospel plow,
Would do more work and far more good
Than half a dozen now.
If they are called, indeed, to turn
Their fellow men from sin,
How will they meet their God and hand
Their listless records in?

Yet many a weary mile was trod
By Him who set them free,
O'er old Judeas lonely hills
And the shores of Galilee.
If they would rest at last in peace
Where heavenly breezes blow,
Then should they leave behind, at least,
Some footprints in the snow.

E. R.

Hard Island, March 7, 1913

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

Addison

Sen. 4th—John Scott, Hugh Campbell.

Jun. 4th—Mary Brown, Leita Percival.

3rd—Lucy Hall, Edna Church.

2nd—Willie Hall, Rhea Mullen.

Sen. 1st—Delorma Brown, Arthur Scott.

Jun. 1st—Myrtle Church, Florence Brown.

Primary—Erma Brown.

Bernice Taplin, Teacher.

Hard Island Honor Roll

IV—Edna Whaley, Harold Hollingsworth, Hazel Yates, Marjorie Hollingsworth, May Hollingsworth, Matthew Dunham, Florence Foley, Pearl Cowie, Charlie Cowie.

III—Eva Cowie, Bertha Besley, Hazel Darling, Celestia Foley.

II—Ernest Hughes, Ivin Darling, Erma Wood, Edgar Swinburne, Bella Darling, Willie Goderich.

Pt. II—Stanley Swinburne, Mary Besley.

Primer—Lily Dunham, Anne Swinburne.

Average Attendance 24.

Violet A. Robeson, Teacher.

CHARLESTON

The farmers are drawing gravel for the purpose of building a cement walk in the village in the spring.

Mr. John Slack, Outlet, is drawing hay for R. Foster.

Miss Daisy Masterson, Athens, and Miss Lillian Masterson, Elgin, were recent guests at Mrs. E. Webster's.

W. Roberts has moved his family to Briar Hill.

The recent snow storms have made the roads rather heavy.

Miss Eulalie Cox's recovering from an attack of pneumonia.

Miss Aggie Cox of Morrisburg is spending a few weeks under the parental roof.

Messrs Thomas and James Hudson and sister, Miss Frances E. are taking up housekeeping on the Hudson homestead after Easter.

Mr Percy Finley has returned after a couple of weeks absence visiting friends.

The show in Oak Leaf hall, conducted by Messrs Vollich and Stewart, has been the attraction for the past week.

T. D. Spence is pathmaster this year.

What To Take This Year

Take this paper.

Take comfort—if your can.

Take things easy—within reason.

Take the girl you love to be your wife.

Take care of your health. It is the most valuable thing you have.

Take a hint when it is intended for you. Don't wait to be knocked down.

Take flattery as an insult, and an honest compliment as something to be grateful for.

Take pains to be faithful and conscientious in business. It will bring you success.

Take offence only at things worth being offended at. It is a sure evidence of a small mind to notice trifles.

Take hold of any work that comes to your mind rather than be idle. Luck always waits upon the busy.

Take time to be polite and kind always. Rudeness never pays: the boor may think so, but he is wrong.

Take trouble like a man. Don't go whining about when it comes, but shut your mouth and stand up under it resolutely.

Take a trip now and then, try to see something outside of the town you live in. Travel is one of the best educators.

Brockville Recorder:—Mrs Jennie Moody, a resident of Mallorytown, who was run out of the vicinity of Athens a year ago, was charged at police court on Friday morning with being the keeper of a disorderly house. She failed to appear, but the case was proven and a fine of \$20 with \$12 costs was imposed. A committal was issued.

The Ogdensburg Journal of Saturday announces the arrival and detention by the police of that city of Jennie Moody, Roy Miller, Rose Daly and Alva Daly. They had been guided across the river during the night and registered at a hotel as two married couples. Their deportation will follow and Brockville police will probably meet them at Prescott.

The New Tailored Suits are Selling

Last week we mentioned through these columns that our Women's and Misses' Tailored Suits were ready for your inspection. Wonderful has been the response to this advertisement. Wise people are choosing their

EASTER SUITS NOW

while the assortment is at its best. Over one hundred and fifty new Spring Suits to show you, and scarcely two alike.

A "Sommer" Suit is the highest standard in ready-to-wear garments—so different from all other makes. Exact copies of imported models.

Our Special Order Department is at your disposal. We guarantee a fit equal to the best custom tailor. Should you want your suit for Easter, let us have the order now. Suits from \$10.00 to \$35.00.

Our Special Suit at \$15.00 is the best quality Dry Goods.

C. H. POST

Phone 54

BROCKVILLE

ONTARIO

Final Clearing Sale of ALL

- Overcoats -

Every Overcoat for Men and Boys must be sold. We haven't got many left over, but if your size is among the lot you will certainly get a great snap. Price is no consideration now, we must have the room for our New Spring Suits which are coming in every day. It will pay you to come and see, you might find a coat just what you are looking for and get at less than half price.

GLOBE CLOTHING HOUSE

The Store of Quality

BROCKVILLE

ONTARIO

Suits That Stand Out

From the ordinary in the crowd are the regular products of our work rooms. You get none but fashionable clothes here, because that is the only kind we produce. Try us on your new suit and see how perfectly we fit you, and how well the clothes are made.

M. J. KEHOE

Men's Suits a Specialty.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON XI—MARCH 16, 1913

The Test of Abraham's Faith.—Gen. 22: 1-19.

Comm. — I. The command given (vs. 1, 2). 1. After these things—After the birth of Isaac and the events subsequent to it as shown in the preceding chapter. God did tempt Abraham—"Did prove."—R. V. The word "tempt" is commonly used in the sense of solicitation to evil, but that is not the meaning here. A test was about to be made of Abraham's faith; and in the light of the oft-repeated promise made to Abraham of an abundant posterity, and the birth of Isaac, through whom the promise would be fulfilled, no greater test could be made. Here I am—Abraham was in such a state of devotion to God that he recognized his voice when he spoke, and was ready to respond at once to what might be required of him.

2. Take now—Thine only son Isaac—Isaac was the only son of Abraham and Sarah. Ishmael had been born to him and Hagar, Sarah's servant. Whom thou lovest—This is the first time that the word love is used in the scriptures. Abraham loved Isaac, not only as his son, and the son of his old age, and the son through whom he was to become a great nation, but as the child of an especial promise. The land of Moriah—the prevailing opinion, which is doubtless the true one, is that it was one of the mountains upon which Jerusalem was later built and the site of the temple, near to Calvary, where Christ was offered up. Offer him there for a burnt offering—There is nothing here, when the whole account is considered, to sanction the practice of offering human sacrifices. The command to offer up Isaac was given to test Abraham's faith, and when he stood the test, the offer was countermanded, and a victim for sacrifice was at hand (vs. 13).

II. Abraham's faith and obedience (vs. 3-10). 3. Rose up early in the morning—An early start on a journey is all important in the east. Thus would the traveller avoid the heat of the day in the sun, by travelling before the sun was up, and resting in the heat of the day—Whedon. The early start shows that there was no delay in obeying God's command. Saddled—Bound upon the beast of burden the baggage necessary for the journey. Young men—Servants. Clave the wood for the burnt offering—A supply of wood was provided. 4. On the third day—From Beer-sheba to Mount Moriah was forty-five miles. The journey was made on foot, so that three days was none too long a time to reach the place and offer the sacrifice. Saw the place afar off—Some have supposed that the particular place was designated by a cloud or pillar of fire, but this is rather fanciful. The hill called Moriah can be seen at a distance of three miles by one travelling toward it from Beer-sheba. 5. Abide ye here—The hill may have been fertile and accessible, so the ass was left at the base in charge of the servants; then, too, Abraham desired to be alone with Isaac.

6. Upon Isaac—It is probable that Isaac was twenty-five years old at this time and better able to carry the wood than was his father, who was one hundred years old. We are reminded of Christ's carrying his cross up the hill of Calvary. Took the fire in his hand—Matches were not then invented and fire was carefully preserved. Abraham probably carried the live coals in a brazier. 7. Where is the lamb for a burnt offering—Isaac's appeal was tender and pathetic, and his father's heart must have melted and failed, had it not been for his faith that God was able to fulfill his word. The son's query was most natural. Wood, fire and a knife had been provided, and stones were abundant, but no provision had been made for a victim. 8. God will provide himself a lamb—The time had not yet come for Abraham to make known to Isaac his purpose in detail of going to Moriah. Abraham's answer was complete enough for truthfulness, and guarded enough for the occasion. It expressed the great faith of his heart and went far beyond his knowledge. The word which Abraham here uses for God is "Jehovah-jireh" (v. 14), which means the Lord will provide or the Lord will see. "In the very change of God we see a progress in faith and love." Giver and receiver, commanded, as it seemed to Abraham, but Jehovah, the covenant God, provides the way of escape—the doubt. They went both of them together—Abraham went with implicit faith in God, and Isaac with full faith in his father and in his father's God. The place—God had made it perfectly clear where the offering should be made. Built an altar—The actual preparation of the sacrifice of a son, his life being made by a father, but with full confidence that Isaac's life should be sacrificed, it would be restored. Laid the wood in order—No part of the preparation was omitted. Bound Isaac his son—Every act in this series must have been full of co-operation of the son with the father at this point. It was doubtless superior to his father in physical strength, and could easily have resisted his father's efforts to bind him and place him upon the altar. We may see in Isaac a type of Christ as a sacrifice for sin. 10. Stretched forth his hand—So far as Abraham's consecration of Isaac to God as a sacrifice was concerned it was complete. The sacrifice had virtually been made, and the end that God had in view.

Abraham's faith and obedience had stood the test. The sacrifice provided (vs. 11-14). 11. Here am I—Abraham's recognition of the voice of God and his response were immediate. 12. Lay not thine hand upon the lad—No human sacrifice was demanded, nor would it have been pleasing to God; now I know—God speaks after the manner of men. He knew all the time what Abraham was, and what he would do. This was all for Abraham's benefit and the benefit of succeeding ages. It shines out as an illustrious example of faith. 13. A ram caught in a thicket—It was alive and fit for sacrifice, hence it had not been there long. God had his capture perfectly timed. 14. The covenant renewed (vs. 15-19).

In consequence of Abraham's enduring the trial and maintaining his faith in God unimpaired, the promise, given to him a half-century before this time and several times repeated, was again renewed. God made an oath, swearing by himself "because he would swear by no greater," that he would make of Abraham a great nation.

Questions.—What was Abraham's dwelling place now? What command did God give to him? How long was this after the destruction of Sodom? What was Mount Moriah? Describe the journey to the mountain? What question did Isaac ask his father? What was the reply? What occurred after Abraham and Isaac arrived upon the mountains? What shows that Isaac was willing to be sacrificed? What purpose had God in making the demand upon Abraham? In what ways is Abraham's faith in God shown?

PRACTICAL SURVEY. I. The test of spiritual character. In this lesson we contemplate one of the greatest tests, the last of a series which began when he was called to leave his country and his kindred at God's command. It was the crowning test of Abraham's life. In which all preceding tests culminated. It was a protracted trial, accomplished with pain and self-sacrifice. The greatness of the test appears in the exceptional character of the demand. It appeared as a direct contradiction of God's promise. It is the most extraordinary command which we find in scripture. It seemed to read his very religion in lie. His faith in the promise on which he had been living for many years drew one way, while faith in this last command drew another. After these years Abraham had to take a yet higher place in the school of faith, where every part of his character was put to proof. He was called upon to make a sacrifice that seemed to clash with reason, affection and religion. It was a test that put the severest possible strain upon him in the tenderest relations of his natural and spiritual life. He obeyed actually and promptly the letter and the spirit of the command by which he gave full evidence that he loved God sincerely and supremely. All the elements of piety were in his act. He did not wait for a repetition of the command, nor demand additional evidence concerning it. He did not question the love or wisdom of God. His obedience portrays all the virtues in one, blended in a marvelous harmony. The acceptance of the sacrifice which God provided was the true test of his spiritual character. Abraham prepared with a cheerful forethought everything for the sacrifice. He had learned that the way that led to the perfecting of his faith was the way of penitence and self-denial. It was the kind of self-surrender known only to those who know God in a close friendship, and who repose in him with an unflinching trust. The crucial test could only take place in that which he loved and which he valued. Abraham had learned that all power to be right or to do right came from the offering up of himself. The heart of Abraham was the primary point of the assault in his trial of faith. He did not allow his affection for Isaac to hinder his faith.

II. The open door to divine revelation. Isaac's deliverance was an integral part of the divine purpose from the beginning of the trial. The ram caught in the thicket was all that was needed in the symbolical expression of the inward oblation. When Abraham lifted the knife, his sacrifice was complete. Isaac had already been sacrificed upon the altar of a father's heart. God's "lay not thine hand upon the lad," was the final decree that human sacrifice was forbidden. By this time Abraham had increased in faith and understanding, until the meaning of the duty God required was plain. On Mount Moriah the religious life of Abraham reached its maturity, and his knowledge of the divine nature attained its greatest spiritual depth. It was the scene of revelation. By the interposition of the divine voice, Abraham learned that obedience was complete when the inward surrender was complete. His faith was rewarded by receiving again the surrendered sacrifice, made more precious because it had been laid on the altar. Isaac became a living memorial of God's faithfulness. To living memorial of God's faithfulness. Abraham this was a victory revealing the truth that God had placed in him, a victory which obtained fresh tokens of divine love. From Mount Moriah there went up the sweet savor of acceptable sacrifice before any fire was kindled on the altar. On his return Abraham had the consciousness that he had recognized God's absolute claim upon him, that he had followed the path of rectitude through his trial, and that he had obtained the approval of God. Through a signal interposition he had the assurance of future blessing, and was told of a glorious future, when the great Sacrifice should be offered on Mount Calvary. T. R. A.

III. The sacrifice provided (vs. 11-14). 11. Here am I—Abraham's recognition of the voice of God and his response were immediate. 12. Lay not thine hand upon the lad—No human sacrifice was demanded, nor would it have been pleasing to God; now I know—God speaks after the manner of men. He knew all the time what Abraham was, and what he would do. This was all for Abraham's benefit and the benefit of succeeding ages. It shines out as an illustrious example of faith. 13. A ram caught in a thicket—It was alive and fit for sacrifice, hence it had not been there long. God had his capture perfectly timed. 14. The covenant renewed (vs. 15-19).

IV. The covenant renewed (vs. 15-19).

THE POULTRY WORLD

KEEPING POULTRY PAYS THE FARMER.

Why should a farmer keep hens? For the reason that he keeps a pig, or a cow, or sheep, because it pays. How many farmers have said that it does not pay to keep hens? They make the statement as a general proposition, applying to all classes and kinds of farmers under all conditions and circumstances, not as a specific case. If they would only say, "It does not pay me to keep hens," they could easily be believed, for no doubt they would be telling the truth. The trouble is they blame the hens, and not themselves, as it is a base slander on the greatest branch of animal industry in which mankind is engaged. More people are employed in poultry-keeping to-day than in any other part of the world's work. Last year's poultry products amounted to 650,000,000, an increase of 50,000,000 over the previous year.

It has been said that the critics of any trade, profession or calling are those who have been unsuccessful, and this applies with full force to poultry-keeping. Those who have failed condemn it. There are farmers who fail in business, teachers who fail in teaching, mechanics who fail at their trade, lawyers and physicians who fail in their profession, and yet in any one so stupid as to hold as to claim that there is no money in any of these callings? The thought is preposterous. Then why say there is no money in poultry-keeping? It is the individual that fails—not the class.

The better knowledge of the value of an egg as food has been a large factor in the growth of the industry. "Fresh eggs" that is the cry, and they are taking the place of meat at the breakfast table at a price that should make the Meat Trust sit up and take notice. At 40 cents a dozen eggs are now considered as cheap for food as beefsteak at 20 cents a pound, which is the price in most large cities. Besides, the large waste in bone and gristle, the cost of the "trimmings" in preparing steak in proper and palatable form makes eggs usually the cheaper, as well as the more palatable food. Fresh eggs form an important part of the dietary in hospital and sick rooms, from which fancy prices can be obtained for strictly fresh stock. In this connection it may be in place to add that no egg is considered fresh when over six days old. Those who supply these markets, and others where this grade of stock is fully appreciated, such as leading hotels, restaurants and fancy grocery trade, obtain from five to ten cents per dozen over the market price. The importance to the producer of cultivating and catering to this trade is so plain that he who runs may read.

Of all people who are in a position to make money on poultry, the farmer sits in the "driver's seat." He possesses advantages beyond those of any other man on earth and possessed only by him. Here is the proof: In the first place, the farmer has the best and cheapest part of the land of little value can be used for buildings and runs. In the next place, the cost of feed is not more than one-half, but he says, he has to grow it. Much of it would be lost if he hens did not pick it up, scattered around the buildings and in the fields after harvesting, when for several weeks a large flock can pick almost their entire living. Even though the farmer had to raise all his own feed, he would still be able to produce it cheaper than others can buy it.

If the farmer charged his dairy with the value of all the hay and grain fed it, and all the labor expended in caring for it, he would go into bankruptcy every year, and yet the farmer makes money in dairying. Somehow there is a difference, and a vast difference, whether a thing is produced or bought, a difference between theory and fact in the same way as food and this the farmer generally has without expense. Chaff, which is valueless for fodder, is just the thing for litter. In the next place, the cost of labor is nothing to the farmer, which is an important item to the professional poultry man. It is a side line to the farmer, and the work, if not done by himself, can be performed by his boy or girl, who will be paid by him only an interest in this department to take an interest in his share of the profit, and his wife has taken hold of it and has put to shame the profits of the dairy, considering the investment. There are three reasons why the farmer should keep fowls. Let us look at the figures where all the feed has to be bought. The fowl of the average size will consume 75 pounds of grain food per year, or 18.75 bushels, or \$1.87 per hundred, or \$1.20 per acre. A five, six or seven year old hen will lay 125 eggs per year, on an average for a large flock. Many obtain averages as high as 150 to 175. Eggs are never less than 15 cents and as high as 50 cents in winter. With a right market an average of 25 cents per dozen can be maintained for the year's production, and if eggs can be secured at 24 cents per dozen, the annual product is sure to bring \$250, leaving a net profit of \$1 per year per hen. This is a low estimate, and can be verified by any practical poultry-keeper.

Now, suppose it costs the farmer 60 cents a year to keep a fowl, he would obtain a profit of \$1.90 per head. By keeping 100 hens the farmer can pay from the profits the entire grocery bill for the average family. Certainly it pays the farmer to keep fowls, or he may pay him if he would keep them properly. The entire cost of equipment for buildings, incubators and brooders is now placed at \$150 per head. Where both labor and material have to be purchased the total investment for keeping 100 hens would be \$150, with an annual profit of \$190, or 120 per cent. Does any farmer claim that his dairy, or any other branch of agriculture pays him 150 per cent, upon his investment for his work? Does it pay one-half or one-fourth, or one-tenth the profit for his labor?

Why the farmer above all others because it is a side line, with less outlay for both labor and feed. The farmer reaps an indirect profit of considerable extent on increased fertility of soil from fowls, and as destroyers of insect life that threatens his crop. Turkeys, in particular, will practically exterminate

grasshoppers, and have saved many crops. Now, the day has gone by when a hen is a cow, and an egg is an egg. There is a difference in hens, and in eggs, and many enterprising farmers are waking up to the fact. A standard or thoroughbred flock will grow uniform in size, as well as color; mature more quickly and produce eggs more uniform, both in size and color, and more of them on less feed than any scrub or mongrel stock that ever existed, and all you need to do to prove it is to try it. It is this uniform, attractive product that brings this extra price in both eggs and meat. Nice, large eggs, all of one size, shape and color, that is what brings the top price, and there is always a demand for this grade of stock.

FAIRGARDEN EXPERIMENTS IN LAMB

Extensive experiments have been carried on by the Agricultural Experiment Station, at Purdue University, Indiana, in connection with the feeding of lambs. Timothy hay was tried out against clover hay, corn silage was tested as a supplement to other rations for fattening of market lambs, and the lambs fed were of Western origin. The following summary constitutes the condensed results of the experiments. Timothy hay, in all rations where it was fed, proved a very satisfactory feed for fattening lambs. Lambs fed shelled corn and timothy hay were very unthrifty. Lambs fed shelled corn and clover hay matured rapidly and made economical gains than those fed shelled corn and timothy hay. A ration of shelled corn and clover hay produced better finish on lambs than a ration of shelled corn and timothy hay. A ration of shelled corn, cotton seed meal and clover hay, produced faster and more economical gains on fattening lambs than a ration of shelled corn, cotton seed meal and timothy hay. The addition of corn silage once daily to a ration of shelled corn and clover hay did not effect, to any appreciable extent, the rate of gain or the finish on lambs. The addition of corn silage once daily to a ration of shelled corn and clover hay produced better finish on lambs, but did not greatly affect their selling value. Lambs receiving once daily and clover hay once daily, at approximately the same quantity of hay as silage. The grain consumption was affected little by the addition of silage to a ration of corn and clover hay. Lambs fed silage were never unhealthy and showed any unfavorable symptoms. The addition of corn silage to a ration of shelled corn, cotton seed meal and clover hay, did not greatly affect the rate of gain nor the finish on the lambs, but did affect a small saving in cost of feed. Lambs receiving ration of shelled corn, cotton seed meal, clover hay, and silage twice daily, as when it was fed once daily. Lambs receiving silage twice a day less hay than those receiving silage once a day. Lambs fed silage twice daily made approximately the same gains as others which received once daily, and produced more and acquired a better finish. No bad effects were produced by feeding silage once daily, or twice daily. The ration of shelled corn, cotton seed meal, clover hay, and corn silage, proved to be the best of the seven rations fed in these trials. The addition of cotton seed meal to a ration of shelled corn and timothy hay, increased the appetence of the lambs for both grain and hay. The addition of cotton seed meal to the ration of shelled corn and timothy hay improved the thrift of the lambs. It increased the rate of gain, decreased the cost of gain, and added greatly to the selling value of the lambs. The addition of cotton seed meal to a ration of shelled corn and clover hay, did not greatly affect the appetence of the lambs for either grain or hay. The addition of cotton seed meal to a ration of shelled corn and clover hay, did not greatly affect the rate of gain, but made slight increase in cost of grain when the ration was above 30 cents per bushel. The addition of cotton seed meal to a ration of shelled corn, clover hay and silage, did not affect the cost of grain silage, but made a slight decrease in cost of grain when corn was above 30 cents per bushel.

NOTES ON BEES. The winter so far has been remarkably quiet on the part of wintering bees. Says Morley Pettit, the Provincial Apiarist. What is causing uneasiness at present is the naked condition of the clover. It remains to be seen how it will get through the freezing and thawing of spring. Bees are reported to be had in some parts and the little rascals can do a lot of harm in boxes where bees or combs are stored. They are a fond of honey and dead bees and will destroy combs to get to either. They also find the packing material in the boxes and will make a close cluster of bees. Of course this kind of thing would not be tolerated by the bees in summer, but not they are wintering and will not defend themselves and suffer heavy loss from being so disturbed. Wintering boxes should be kept in a mouse-proof place, but not always in a mouse-proof place. The alternative is a free use of mouse traps and poison. Out-of-door wintered bees must by all means be sheltered from cold winds. This is especially necessary on the approach of spring when blood rearing will be starting and all the best possible must be retained in the hives to aid incubation. Remember that the brood chamber of a hive is an incubator whose temperature is kept up by natural heat generated by the nurse bees who "sit" on the eggs and young larvae. If the hive is cold the brooders have to sit closer to gether and cannot cover so many eggs of larvae as they would in a warm hive. If the hive is warm they can spread out and cover more brood. This means more young bees will hatch in the same time. Then when summer comes they will be more workers in the hive to gather honey. Anyone who thinks that bees are a nuisance, will find that all the hives should be kept warmly packed and sheltered from cold winds. For covers, the most durable and simple is exposed to weather should be well coated with a light colored durable paint. For covers, the most durable and simple is exposed to weather should be well coated with a light colored durable paint. For protection from hot sun in summer and cold spring and fall a cover should be packed.

Every Weak Throat Quickly Strengthened And Bronchitis Cured

Grand Results Follow the Direct Breathing Remedy, Which Cures Without Drugging.

The country is fairly wild over the wonderful recovery that throat sufferers are making every day with Catarrhose. From ocean to ocean come letters telling of rapid cures—and cures when the complaint was chronic and long standing. It's a brand new principle upon which Catarrhose works—not a single dose of medicine to take—nothing to upset the stomach or spoil digestion. You can breathe through the Catarrhose Inhaler, soothing balsams, full of piney antiseptic essences that resemble the air of the pine wood in the Adirondacks. The piney vapor has a truly marvelous action on weak throats. It brings strength and health to the bronchitis, stops that hacking, irritating cough, prevents hoarseness and difficult breathing. You can't find anything for weak-throated people on earth more beneficial than Catarrhose. It means heaven on earth to the man that has had bronchitis, catarrh or throat irritation. You will realize this the first time you use Catarrhose, which is a scientific preparation specially designed for diseases of the nose, throat and bronchitis tubes. Get the large size, it lasts two months, costs \$1.00; medium size, 50¢; sample size 25¢. All storekeepers and druggists, or The Catarrhose Co., Buffalo, N. Y., and Kingston, Canada.

MARKET REPORTS

TORONTO MARKETS. FARMERS' MARKET. Dressed hogs, heavy 12.00 12.50 Do, light 12.50 13.00 Butter, dairy 0.28 0.30 Eggs, new-laid 0.20 0.22 Chickens, lb. 0.18 0.20 Turkeys, lb. 0.25 0.30 Apples, bbl. 2.00 3.00 Potatoes, bag 0.85 0.90 Celery, dozen 0.50 0.60 Cabbage, dozen 0.40 0.50 Beef, forequarters 7.50 9.00 Do, hindquarters, cwt. 11.00 12.00 Do, choice sides, cwt. 10.50 11.50 Do, medium, cwt. 8.00 9.00 Do, common, cwt. 6.50 7.50 Mutton, light, cwt. 9.00 11.00 Veal, common, cwt. 6.50 7.50 Do, prime, cwt. 12.00 14.00 Lamb 15.00 17.00 SUGAR MARKET. Sugars are quoted in Toronto, in bags, per cwt., as follows: Extra granulated, St. Lawrence \$ 4.60 Extra granulated, Redpath's 4.60 Extra granulated, Acadia 4.20 In barrels, 5c per cwt. more; car lots, 6c less. LIVE STOCK. Export cattle, choice \$6.50 \$7.10 Do, medium 5.50 6.25 Do, bulls 2.75 3.75 Butcher cattle, choice 6.50 7.10 Do, medium 5.50 5.75 Do, common 4.00 5.00 Butcher cows, choice 4.50 5.40 Do, medium 4.00 4.50 Do, canners 3.00 3.50 Do, bulls 2.75 4.25 Feeding steers 5.25 5.60 Stockers, choice 4.00 5.25 Do, light 3.00 3.50 Milkers, choice, each 40.00 75.00 Springers 40.00 60.00 Sheep, ewes 3.00 4.00 Bucks and culs 3.50 4.00 Lambs 8.50 9.75 Hogs, fed and watered 9.50 Hogs, f.o.b. 8.15 Calves 3.00 9.00 OTHER MARKETS. WINNIPEG GRAIN EXCHANGE. Open, High, Low, Close. Wheat— May 87 1/2 88 87 1/2 88 1/2 July 88 1/2 89 88 1/2 89 1/2 Oct. 85 1/2 86 1/2 85 1/2 86 1/2 Oats— May 35 35 1/2 34 1/2 34 1/2 July 35 1/2 36 35 1/2 35 1/2 Oct. 33 1/2 34 1/2 33 1/2 34 1/2 MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET. Minneapolis—Close—Wheat, May, 87 1/2; July, 88; Sept., 84 1/2 to 85; 38c; No. 1 hard, 84 1/2 to 85; No. 1 northern, 84 1/2 to 85 1/2; No. 2 northern, 82 1/2 to 83 1/2. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 46 1/2 to 47. Oats—No. 3 white, 38 to 40. Rye—No. 2, 53 to 56. Bran—\$17.50 to \$18. Flour—Unchanged. DULUTH GRAIN MARKET. Duluth—Close—Wheat—No. 1 hard, 83 1/2 to 84 1/2; No. 1 northern, 84 1/2 to 85 1/2; No. 2 do, 80 1/2 to 81 1/2; May, 86 1/2 bid; July, 83 1/2 asked; Sept., 83 1/2 bid. LONDON WOOL MARKET. London—The offerings at the wool auction sales to-day amounted to 13,111 bales, including a fine selection of merinos. Bidding was active and prices were firm. Victorian secured sold at 2s 4d and New South Wales secured at 2s 9d, while Victorian greasy was taken at 1s 7d. The home trade bought some of the most desirable grades. Several lots recently sold to Americans are being re-offered here. Today's sales follow: New South Wales, 1,700 bales—Secured, 11 1/2 to 2s 9d; greasy, 7d to 1s 3d. Queensland, 1,600 bales—Secured, 1s 4d to 2s; greasy, 81 1/2 to 1s 9d. South Australia, 100 bales—Greasy, 91 1/2 to 1s 2d. West Australia, 300 bales—Greasy, 9d to 1s 1 1/2. New Zealand, 5,300 bales—Secured, 1s 1 1/2 to 1s 7d; greasy, 7 1/2 to 1s 2 1/2. Cape of Good Hope and Natal, 900 bales—Secured, 1s 4d to 1s 10d; greasy, 8d to 1s 1 1/2. CHICAGO LIVE STOCK. Cattle, receipts 4,000 Market steers 7 15 to 9 20 Texas steers 5 30 to 6 25

Western steers 6 30 to 7 90 Stockers and feeders 4 25 to 5 25 Cows and heifers 3 40 to 4 75 Calves 7 00 to 10 50 Hogs, receipts 2,300 Market strong Light 8 40 to 8 75 Mixed 6 35 to 8 70 Heavy 8 30 to 8 65 Rough 8 20 to 8 55 Pigs 6 70 to 8 50 Bulk of sales 8 50 to 8 65 Sheep, receipts 1,800 Market steady Native 5 75 to 7 00 Yearlings 7 00 to 8 25 Lambs, native 7 75 to 8 85 BUFFALO LIVE STOCK. East Buffalo dispatch: Cattle steady. Veals—Receipts 100, active and steady, \$4.00 to \$12.00. Hogs—Receipts 2,600; active and 10c to 15c higher; mixed, \$9.10 to \$9.25; Yorkers and pigs, \$9.20 to \$9.25; roughs, \$8.10 to \$8.25; stags, \$6.50 to \$7.25; dairies, \$9.00 to \$9.25. Sheep and lambs—Receipts 3,000; active, 10c to 25c higher; lambs, \$6.00 to \$9.35; yearlings, \$5.00 to \$8.50; wethers, \$6.75 to \$7.25; sheep, mixed, \$6.00 to \$6.75. LIVERPOOL PRODUCE. Wheat, spot steady. No. 2 Manitoba 7 5/8 No. 3 Manitoba 7 5/8 Futures, steady March 7 5/8 May 7 5/8 June 7 5/8 American mixed 4 1/2 Futures old 6 1/2 Futures new 6 1/2 Futures firm, March 4 3/4 May 4 1/2 June 4 1/2 Flour, winter patents, 10 to 12 1/2 Hams, short cut, 14 to 16 Bacon, Cumberland cut, 25 to 30 lbs 68 Lard, prime western, in tierces 55 American, refined 57 1/2 Cheese, Canadian, finest white 59 1/2 Colored 58 Tallow, prime city 32 Australia, London 26 1/2 Turpentine, spirits 23 1/2 Rosin, common 11 1/2 Petroleum, refined 27 1/2 Cottonseed Oil, Hull rd. spot 23 1/2

Shiloh GAME AND FISH. The Annual Ontario Report Warns Water Polluters. Toronto, March 10.—The sixth annual report of the Game and Fisheries Department of Ontario, just issued, has some interesting remarks on the subject of enforcement of the game laws, and of the need for greater care in the conservation of the supply of fish in the Province. Pollution of public waters is dealt with, and the fact that a strong public sentiment is growing up against this causes well for the future. It is stated that unrestricted sewage has already destroyed many of the best spawning grounds in the Great Lakes and rivers, and the report goes on to say that this will continue until it is made too expensive for individuals to thus endanger the public welfare. Suggestions as to a remedy are also made. In discussing the question of conservation of game the suggestion is made that licenses be required for all persons killing any kind of game, also for trappers. Persons killing insectivorous birds or collecting their eggs should also buy permits. The report makes a strong plea for the establishment and enforcement of a close season for fish, the practical extermination which has taken place in certain lakes and rivers to the south being a warning which should be taken by Ontario. Moose, deer, ducks and the common Ontario game animals, such as beaver, otter, muskrat, mink, etc., are all reported as holding their own, and in some cases increasing. Bass hatching has been placed upon a satisfactory basis, and it is expected that next year very substantial stocking of the various waters will be possible.

Shiloh CURES COUGHS & COLDS MAWSON REPORTS. Antarctic Explorer Gives Details of Hardships. Sydney, N.S.W., March 10.—Details of the tragic ending of Lieut. E. S. Ninnis, of the British Antarctic Expedition, and Dr. Xavier Mertz, champion ski jumper of the world, who met with death in the frozen South Polar regions while members of the Australian Antarctic Expedition, were told in a wireless telegraph message received here to-day from Dr. Douglas Mawson, the leader of the expedition, who also suffered great hardship. The wireless message received from Dr. Mawson, who is now in Aden, said: "On Dec. 4, 1911, while we were exploring a new coast line 300 miles to the southeast of our winter quarters, Lieut. Ninnis, with a dog team and with almost all our food, disappeared in an unforseen avalanche. "Dr. Mertz and myself, with an inadequate supply of provisions and with six starving dogs, then started over the plateau for our hut. Bad weather retarded our progress and we subsisted chiefly on dogs. "On Jan. 15, 1912, Dr. Mertz died the cause of his death arising from malnutrition. "On Feb. 7 I arrived at the hut alone having traveled through snow and fog, by providing miraculously been guided by Providence through the heavy crevasses across. "The steamer Aurora waited at the base until the weather conditions made it no longer safe. She left a few hours before my arrival at the hut. Six men were left there by the Aurora to prosecute a search for the members of our party."

A Racking Cough And Sore Throat Cured in Five Hours Use the Proper Remedy and Colds and Sore Throat Disappear.

"When I came home last evening," writes Mr. Thomas E. Jarvis, "I was all used up with a cold and a racking cough. I felt sick all over. My wife rubbed my throat and chest every hour, and made me gargle with Nerviline and water. I was soon warmed up and made comfortable with the Nerviline, and the chilly sensation passed away. At 11 o'clock, after five hours' treatment, I was practically well. I therefore wrote you at once in order that it may be publicly known that Nerviline will knock out a bad cold or night."

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ROYAL YEAST
MOST PERFECT MADE
MAKES LIGHT WHOLESOME BREAD.
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

Winsome Winnie

"Madam would not be selfish if those she loved were in trouble or danger, I am sure," answered Winnie. "She does not feel her sympathy excited, as yours is, about poor strangers whom she never saw or heard of. If you or—her nephew, Captain Tredennick, were in trouble or danger, she would act very differently. It is a lack of sympathy."

"I should say so, decidedly!" Lady Mildred exclaimed indignantly. "I wonder if any one has been saved. I wonder if they know anything about the vessel yet. What are they doing down there on the shore, Winnie? Will you ask someone you know—a coast-guard or someone else—to tell us?" she said impatiently. "Are they letting people die whilst they save casine and barrels?"

But John Richards, of whom Winnie had inquired, informed Lady Mountrevor, with a despondent shake of his head, that there was no one saved.

"Leatways, my lady, there be no one but fower drowned dead corpses—all white and gashly to look at, my lady—'e daren't go near of 'em."

"But the men that were seen coming in?" Lady Mildred asked, eagerly.

"Bless 'e, my lady—I means," John Richards replied, with a more desponding shake of the head, "they couldn't a come a-nigh the foot of the Head; they be dead corpses long ago, my lady."

But John Richards seemed fated to make incorrect statements this morning, and burly Ned Boscawen to hear and reprimand him.

"Who told of 'e that they was dead?" he demanded of his subordinate, with much acrimony. "Bog'er pardon, my lady, they was seen alive by young Will Treglyn haafe an hour ago, one on 'em wavin' a white cloth or flag—on help, I s'pose, poor fellows! The young Will Treglyn he see 'em when he climbed out as far as he could on that spur of rock below there."

"And are you doing nothing to help them?" Lady Mildred asked, with flashing eyes. "Those people below there are risking their lives a'ter the rubbish from the wreck, while the crew perish within sight of aid!"

"We are a sivin' of the cargo as comes in," Ned Boscawen retorted, doggedly; "but that doesn't say as how men can swim haafe a mile through breakers. We can't do nothin' to help the cutter can get out a bit."

"The tide will not be out yet for an hour, nearly, and you must wait until it is full again!" Winnie said, laying her thin little hand, like a flake of snow, entreatingly, on the boatswain's rough blue sleeve. "Oh, Ned, can nothing be done before that?"

"Test no manner of use in 'e bein' asken of that of me? I respone to you, testily. Can 'e fly over the cliff like a gull? Can 'e swim like a fish? Then, ef 'e can't, 'e can't do nothin', I tell 'e, Miss Winnie, tel full tide."

"Does no one know anything about the vessel—even her name, or no-anything?" Lady Mildred inquired again.

"She's bleev'd to me a merchantman—her cargo's tea and such like—as far as we can tell—we've seen no name. 'cept her cargo's London bound," Ned replied briefly, edging away from her ladyship's inquiries.

Disconsolately irresolute, they stood where the gruff boatswain had left them in the scant shelter of a high bank—Winnie looking sadly at the raging waves, high and fierce as ever; Lady Mildred, in angry despairing impatience, watching the eager groups on the shore below, between which and the Head intervened the furious seething water and the rocks of the Black Reef, when they both noticed the scattered groups of men, women and boys running together, beckoning and gesticulating in excitement over something which had just been snatched from the returning sweep of the waves—something which had floated in from the wreck, now lying half bottom upwards, her broken masts smashing away in splinters; and emerging from the excited crowd around the salvage came John Richards, the blundering, simple minded constable, running from the strip of beach up the cliff path.

Winnie, seeing him coming, rushed forward to meet him. Her hot seemed to pass beneath the weight of the presentiment that was the herald of that swift comer's awful news.

"What is it, John Richards? What have they found?"

John Richards, charging past her in blind confusion and dismay, pulled up short, with a white face and gasping utterances.

"'Lor bless 'e! Aw, my dear—aw, Miss Winnie—how are 'e to tell of um—the 'poor lady, her ladyship there, an' the 'old Madam Vivian? Aw, 'tes saad! Miss Winnie, my dear, 'tes the cap'n's ship—her name's Miss Winnie, 'tes the cap'n of the Chittoor as haave been los in this wist night!" and John Richards, gulping down sobs, was obliged to pause for breath.

For one minute the white angry ocean, the bleak bare land, seemed to whirl and fade away before Winnie's Caerlyon's eyes, and the icy breath of the sea mists to enter within her and freeze every warm pulse of life into stillness; but the calm presence of mind, the ability to rule and guide the breaking heart and burning brain, which is the merciful gift of those frail, gentle womanly natures which always cover so strong and yet so meek a soul, did not desert her now. There was something to be done yet, by and by, and she had time enough for agony and despair.

"Lady Mountrevor, dear Lady Mountrevor—she put her slender arms around the tall Juno-like form—they have learned the name of the ship."

"What is it?" Lady Mildred asked, in momentary amazement. "Winnie, why do you look so? Oh, Winnie, Winnie," she cried with an imploring shriek of terror and dismay. "do I know the name? Winnie, answer me! Oh, Stephen, Stephen! Is it cousin Stephen's? Winnie, I don't believe it. They are mistaken. It could not be—it could not be!" he went on, wildly. "What are they talking of? The merchantman, Chittoor? Nonsense, nonsense, I tell you!"

Fiercely and angrily in her grief and bewilderment, she caught Winnie's arm, and at reckless speed hurried her down the steep path to the strip of beach and the excited crowd below. Respectfully and with muttered exclamations of sympathy, the people fell back as she approached, and two Cornish miners held up to the cold morning light a dripping piece of wood, the stern and name of a ship, with lengths of splintered timbers attached.

"What is the name? Can you read it, Winnie? It is all scratched and battered—no one can make it out!" Lady Mildred cried, in desperation, against the evidence of her senses.

By Winnie Caerlyon, looking with tearful eyes on those large white and gilded letters on a dark painted background, they could be deciphered as easily as the letters of a child's alphabet, as readily as a message in a well known casing, as surely, as accurately as the dread words of a death warrant. She did not doubt or disbelieve; it was death—Stephen Tredennick's death that she was looking on—that stormy sea his grave, the black dismantled bulk lying on Tregarthen Reef his only coffin, if indeed his dead body was not the sport of those fierce leaping scolding billows.

Perhaps he had been drowned early in the night, and those fierce waves had been beating on that dead, motionless face, face, so fixed and white, and in a moment! Oh, what shall we do—what shall we do? The tide is on the turn and no chance of rescue! Winnie, Winnie, tell me what are we to do on the broad, strong breast whose kindly heart was stilled for ever, through the dreadful hours of darkness? Perhaps that was why she had felt that unearthly terror of the cruel storm? Perhaps that was why her blood had run cold at each crash of the breakers, each shriek of the tempest because they had been murdering Stephen Tredennick!

Death had been abroad in the wild night—death within and without! Death-darcs were ringing through the air—death-cries coming on each sweeping blast of the storm! Had not some one else died? Albert Gardiner was dead, and Stephen Tredennick was dead—how many had died? Was everybody dying? How many more were to die? In a kind of delirious trance she had sunk on her knees on the wet sand, staring vacantly at it seemed, to him so clearly that it seemed to burn through her sight and write his fatal message on her brain, thinking of the cruel, tossing waves—tossing, tossing, all through the long, dark, pitiless hours—tossing something which had become their prey—while she—oh, merciful Heaven!—sat sheltered from the storm, warmly wrapped, on a couch by a bright fire! The horror of the thought seemed to numb her faculties, as she uttered slowly as if her lips refused to pronounce the words—"Chittoor the Chittoor—Lady Mildred!"

"The Chittoor! Is it the Chittoor that is lying over there? Winnie, is it?" Lady Mildred cried. "But they escaped—some escaped—Stephen may have escaped! Some were saved—Stephen may be amongst them! Perhaps he may—don't you think Stephen escaped, Winnie?" she reiterated, piteously.

"I don't know," Winnie replied, in a stumped, dreary way; "we must ask the survivors—we must reach them first."

"Yes—yes, et once!" Lady Mildred cried, eagerly. "I will give a hundred guineas to the first man who will reach them by the cliffs!"

There was eager disputing, clamoring, persuading, dissuading—women crying, men vociferating—amongst the group for several minutes, and at the height of the discussion Winnie Caerlyon put her hand on John Richards' arm again and drew him aside.

It required repeated directions to reach willing John's dull understanding, but he finally set off at a steady trot, shaking his head dismally and muttering hopelessly to himself and the white.

"Ropes—strong new ropes—there are none long or strong enough here. I sent him to tell my father what we are going to do," Winnie said, in reply to Lady Mildred's questioning; "there are two or three new coils always in the boat house."

"But those cowardly creatures," Lady Mildred exclaimed, passionately, dashing away the blind tears from her eyes—"we cannot make them go down the cliffs—no reward will make them attempt it! A brave sailor would go, Winnie, it is Stephen Tredennick who is perhaps down there amongst those few half-drowned, half-starved men! Oh dear Stephen, what shall I do?" she wrung her hands and sobbed aloud.

"I'll shall get news very soon, please Heaven—very soon we shall know the truth, Lady Mildred."

"How—how! They are afraid to venture, the miserable wretches!" Lady Mildred cried, with a wail of despair.

"They are only poor miners and a few fisher-lads, besides the Coastguard men; and Tregarthen Head is a tremendous height above the Reef," Winnie Caerlyon explained. "But don't fear, Lady Mildred, I know one who will go, if no one else will."

"Why?" she asked, looking round eagerly. But Winnie Caerlyon turned away without a reply. Presently she perceived the distant forms of men hurrying from the Coastguard station with the coils of rope.

"Now, Lady Mildred," she called, "here are the ropes. Offer your reward, and let us see who will volunteer. Will any of you risk your life to save the lives of the poor fellows on the Black Reef?" Winnie asked, walking in amongst the crowd. "Will any one of you men volunteer to go over the cliff with a rope?"

A kind of shuddering silence ran through the crowd, each man looking into his neighbor's face.

"A hundred guineas to him who does it, my men!" Lady Mildred said, passionately, trying to compel herself to coax and entreat, when she would fain have ordered instant obedience. "Is there not one that will try? You know whose ship is the one lost and broken over there on the rocks—you know who I would fain dare hope is amongst the few who have escaped—you know him as well as I," she said; and, in spite of pride and fierce impatience, she burst into tears before them. "If you will not try to save Captain Stephen Tredennick—Tredennick of Tregarthen—for his own sake, for your memory of him, my entreaty, I fear, useless. Five hundred pounds to him who saves him!"

"I'll do it," my lady!" The brave words came from the youngest man in the crowd—a mere lad in years—only-haired Will Treglyn, a poor crippled miner's only son.

"Oh, not you, Will, not you, and your poor father with no one else!" the women cried.

"I'll do my best, I tell 'e," cried sturdy Will. "I'll have a try for 'e, any how."

"Oh, Will, your poor mother—it will be her death!" the women chorused again.

"Is his mother here?" demanded Lady Mildred, turning on the frightened group so that they quailed into muttering silence. "Then hold your tongues, and let the brave fellow alone!"

Winnie Caerlyon grasped his hand and pressed it tightly.

"God bless you, Willie Treglyn!" she said fervently. "Your mother may well be proud of you."

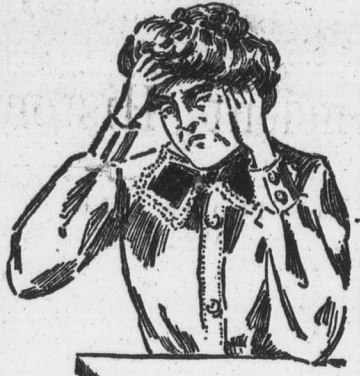
"It's madness—madness, I tell 'e, sir," Ned Boscawen grumbled to his officer.

"Will Treglyn may go swinging over the Head for a few feet, but of the rope don't cut and smesh him, below there, he'll have to be hauled up as wise as he went down."

Dizzy Headaches Cured in One Night

If Troubled With Head Fullness, Ringing Noises, Specks Before the Eyes, the Stomach is at Fault.

Quick Relief and Certain Cure Came From Dr. Hamilton's Pills.



"I had terrible pains in my head. My appetite faded away, and when I did eat anything it disagreed and made me very sick for hours after each meal. The pains in my stomach and the dizzy headaches I had to endure almost set me wild. Sometimes attacks came on so severely that I had to go to bed. I would feel so worn, depressed and utterly miserable that for hours I wouldn't speak to my family. My system was poisoned with wastes, and nothing helped me till I used Dr. Hamilton's Pills. With this grand system-cleaning remedy I would still be sick, but each day brought me better health and spirits. I was cured and made strong, ruddy, and healthy, and will always use and recommend Dr. Hamilton's Pills."

"MRS. B. C. CURRAN, Westport P. O."

Thousands who are in an ailing, low state of health need nothing else but Dr. Hamilton's Pills. 25c. per box, or five boxes for \$1.00, at all druggists and storekeepers, or the Catarthoome Company, Buffalo, N. Y., and Kingston, Ont.

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"It's madness—madness, I tell 'e, sir," Ned Boscawen grumbled to his officer.

"Will Treglyn may go swinging over the Head for a few feet, but of the rope don't cut and smesh him, below there, he'll have to be hauled up as wise as he went down."

The rope was around young Will's waist, and Lady Mildred, standing by his side, was uttering promises and encouragements, whilst Winnie gave him some branly food from the sack secured to safely to his waist-belt, adjusted the ropes with her little fingers so that they should not gall him, and was shaking his hand and bidding him "God-speed" when, warned by an alarmed officious neighbor of her boy's intention, Molly Treglyn, bare-headed and in her scanty cotton gown, came running up the road to the Head, and in a minute had him in her arms, shrieking, sobbing, and protesting that not for twice five hundred—ten times five hundred pounds—would she stand to look at her child's murder, tearing at the ropes, kissing him, scolding him violently, crying over him, and giving him smart blows and shakes alternately.

"Mother, do 'e be quiet!" brave young Will said, trying to wrest himself away from her hold. "I be goin' only to see ef 'e can be done. They'll haul me up as soon as ever I give 'em the signal to 'em. Do 'e be quiet, mother—and hark!" he whispered—"her ladyship's goin' to offer a hundred pound, mother, if I only try to go down a bit! Tesn't nothin', I tell 'e—I've gone high as bad pieces for gull's eggs," said Will, drawing on his imagination. "Twen' take me very long neither. A hundred pound, mother! Twell set 'e and futher up for the rest of 'er lives!"

"An' wheer 'e be when we've the hundred pound? Aw, Willie, my lady!"

A band of men hoisted the great rope wound in and out around their arms as they stood one behind the other. Out crept young Will Treglyn to the crumbling edge of the precipice. Holding their breaths, the men watched him drop himself over the edge, while his mother, sitting on the ground with staring eyeballs, moaned with every breath from the anguish of her suspense. Waist, shoulders, head, slowly slipped away out of sight, and the Cornish miners commenced slowly to "pay out" the rope.

Slowly, carefully, with jerks from below, the rope went down, down; then came a jerk, a sudden strain; then more rope was paid out, followed by a terrible strain, a violent jerk that threw one of the rope-holders on his face, and a terrible strain again, and then a long pause.

"Somebody haave happened to um," the men muttered; "there ain't a hundred foot of rope paid out yet."

There was a long pause, with only straining and jerking at the rope, and then, after another long pause, without waiting for the signal, the men commenced to pull up. Slowly up came the rope and it burden again, and, with a cheer, and a renewed outcries and tears from his mother at the sight of her "lad" dripping with seawater, his arms and face covered with blood, and one arm hanging useless, broken, at his side, they hauled Will Treglyn on to the sod.

"Twas they breakers," said poor Will, in his Cornish dialect. "They gev' un a blow here; a law ther, an' aflung me here, an' twisted they rope around they rocks; an' a tried to clear 'e, an' a sudden—a sudden—clear 'e was to try haafe a day. An' then a got a-top ev a grut rock, an' a tried to hold on, an' 'e was pitched clane agen the cliff, an' an arm swished; an' then a accident do nothin' more. I be sorry."

HOW TO OBTAIN GOOD DIGESTION

The Stomach Must be Toned and Strengthened Through the Blood.

The victim of indigestion who wants to eat a good meal, and will suffer if he eats one, finds poor consolation in picking and choosing a diet. As a matter of fact you cannot get relief by cutting down your diet to a starvation basis. The stomach must be strengthened until you can eat good nourishing food. The only way to strengthen the stomach is to enrich the blood and tone up the nerves and give strength to the stomach—strength that will enable it to properly digest any kind of food—is through a fair use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The one mission of these Pills is to make rich, red blood, that reaches every part and every organ of the body, bringing renewed health and activity. The following case illustrates the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in indigestion:

Miss Lottie Carr, of Lequille, N.S., says: "For several years I have been a great sufferer from chronic indigestion. At times I almost loathed food, and no matter how hungry, I found that to eat even lightly was followed by great distress and often nausea. I tried many so-called cures, but did not get more than temporary relief, and naturally I was going down both in health and strength, and was greatly discouraged. While in this despondent condition I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I bought them, and they cured me after so many medicines had failed, but as I wanted health and the Pills were highly recommended, I decided to try them. I am thankful that I did so, for after taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for five or six weeks every vestige of the trouble had left me, and I was again blessed with the best of health from my own experience. I believe there is no case of indigestion Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will not cure, if given a fair trial."

You can get these Pills from any medicine dealer or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

KEEP BABY'S SKIN CLEAR



CUTICURA SOAP

With Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. A liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of the skin and scalp, sent post-free. Address: Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 1111, Toledo, O.

Alifetime of disfigurement and suffering often results from the neglect, in infancy or childhood, of simple skin affections. In the prevention and treatment of minor eruptions and in the promotion of permanent skin and hair health, Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are absolutely unrivaled.

OUR PRECISE ARTIST.



SHE TOOK HER FRIEND'S ADVICE

AND DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED HER SON.

Springshaven, Yarmouth Co., N. S.—Mar. 10.—(Special)—Simple and straight to the point is the statement of Mrs. Evelyn C. Trefry, of this place, but it tells of another grand cure by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"My fifteen-year-old son, Angus," Mrs. Trefry states, "suffered from pain in his back, headache, and a pain over his eyes."

"He was so bad he could not walk across the flood. My friends advised me to give him Dodd's Kidney Pills. They cured him."

"That young Trefry's kidneys were wrong is evidenced by the fact, Dodd's Kidney Pills only cure diseased kidneys. They never fail to do that."

The reason they cure rheumatism, backache, gravel, dropsy, Bright's disease, diabetes, and kindred diseases, is that these all spring from disordered kidneys.

If you have any of these diseases you haven't tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. Ask your neighbors. They'll tell you Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure them."

SNOWFALL AT NIGHT.

(By J. C. M. Danneberg.)
 From the breathless height
 Of the brooding night,
 Fluke upon fluke of silvery snow,
 Over the town,
 Into the street,
 Here at my feet,
 Keep settling down,
 Like white-winged dreams from the
 upper deep,
 Through a stillly atmosphere of sleep.

The paths of the night,
 Grow spotless and white,
 The stains of day are hidden from sight,
 While over the town,
 Till morning breaks,
 The silvery flakes
 Keep settling down,
 And make, when the still white night
 gives way,
 A faultless path for the feet of day.

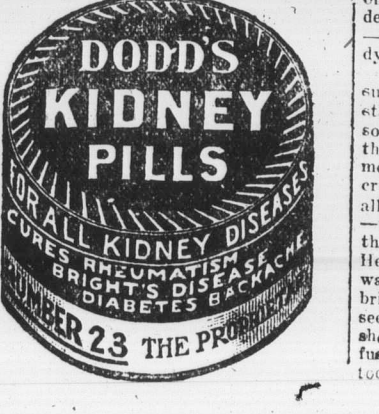
—Canadian Magazine.

PRESERVING AN INDUSTRY.
 "These haven't been any of our better violins, the speed being for more than a week," said the collector. "What'll we do?"

"Arrange to lower the speed limit," replied the scientist.

WIDE OPEN.
 (Boston Transcript.)
 Caller—What an open country your baby has.
 Pop—Yes, especially about midnight.

Many a man's religion is based on the assumption that a dollar will make more noise when it drops into the collection plate than a five dollar bill.



DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
 CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
 BRONCHITIS, RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, BACKACHE.
 PREPARED BY DR. J. C. DODD, 23 THE PRUDENTIAL BUILDING, NEW YORK, N. Y.

900 DROPS

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The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Watson

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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Vegetable Preparation for Assisting the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Fac-Simile Signature of *Dr. J. C. Watson* NEW YORK.

16 months old 35 Doses - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Dr. J. C. Watson

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE GENUINE COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



Ancient History of Athens

A Paper Prepared and Read by Mrs. Charles F. Yates at a Meeting of the Women's Institute.

The present age is pre-eminently characterized by a spirit of investigation and research, and in no department is this spirit more apparent than that of history. To lift the veil which shrouds the misty past and bring to light the facts connected with the birth and infant days of a nation is a task possessing peculiar charms, not only to the antiquarian who traces the steps well worn by time, but also to those who love the legendary tales of long ago.

Canada is rich in pre-historic mounds, in scattered relics, in memorable adventures, and in pioneer struggles; above all, in the half-forgotten and never recorded sufferings, privations and heroism of our forefathers. Proof is not wanting that Ontario was at one time the home of a race similar in civilization to the tribes inhabiting Peru, Central America and Mexico, and who left behind them architectural remains which the aborigines were unable to explain to their conquerors, the Spaniards.

Hundreds and thousands of years before the white man's foot had pressed the soil of the new world there lived and flourished a race of men who called this continent their home. Had they a written history, what deeds of chivalry might we not peruse. One of the principal relics of this race is a mound situated 8 1/2 miles northwest of Prescott. Nearer home, we have an interesting relic of an antique causeway which is situated one mile south of our village. It emerges distinctly in the swamp opposite the residence once occupied by the late John Wiltsie, Esq., now by Michael Hoffmann. It runs South-West in the direction of Charleston Lake, crossing the highway but a little distance from the stream flowing into Mud Lake. The causeway was evidently intended for a road, being perfectly straight, and although the fields through which it passes have been under cultivation for a number of years, yet its course is easily traced, being raised about one foot above the surrounding land, and in many places paved with round stones in a way that would have done credit to the ancient builders of military highways. In the swamp the causeway has growing upon it at the present time elm trees between two and three feet in diameter. When the township was first settled by Bononi Wiltsie and Wm Parish they questioned the Indians as to the origin of the structure, but could obtain no satisfactory reply. A curtain is drawn over the past, yet these traces of civilization are indicative of great antiquity—mute but eloquent symbols of nations and tribes who have left us a legacy to us one of the most stupendous and unsolved problems of the age.

Coming to the ancient history of our own village, we have it more plainly recorded in the biographical sketches of a few of its early settlers. The first actual settler in the County was Thomas Sherwood, who came here in 1784, 129 years ago, and settled near Brockville. A brother of this man owned one of the few slaves ever owned in Leeds. His name was Caesar Congo. After 20 years' service he was given his freedom, when he married a free colored woman and settled, lived and died in Brockville. The first settler in Athens was John Dixon, who put up the first building 127 years ago. It was a log building and stood within a few feet of the present site of Lamb & Johnston's store. It was used for a hotel and dwelling until 77 years ago. For his business sign he had an old iron tea kettle suspended from a peg driven into one of the logs of the building. This represented "hot drinks." He cleared the greater portion of the land and got out the first orchard in the township, some of the trees still standing in the lot owned by A. E. Donovan.

At this time the nearest trading post was what is now Kingston. Farmers from this section, and far as seven miles below Brockville, got all their grinding done there. They were obliged to carry their wheat or flour on their backs, the journey occupying a week. The first mill in this district was built 79 years ago by Mr. Joshua Bates near where Mr. Gordon's Mill now stands. A few years afterwards a saw mill was added and the combined mill was run about 20 years when it was burned down, but was never rebuilt on account of disputed ownership of the land. Some three or four years later, Mr. Bates built the old carding mill on the same stream. This mill has passed through many and strange transformations, having been run by water, steam, wire cable from an adjoining mill, and then again by steam. The old mill now stands tottering above the dry bed of the stream that once caused its hundreds of wheels to revolve and made of it a very hive of industry. 71 years ago Mr. Bates opened the road now called Church street, from near his residence (where Charles Wilson now lives) to his old mill. This was the first street laid out in the village.

The first frame building was on the spot where Kendrick's store now stands, built 84 years ago, and used as a store by Joshua Bates. A few years afterwards a Mr. Roe erected four frame buildings, one of which stood where Taylor's store now stands. One of the buildings was used for many years as a tavern by Joseph Derbyshire and was finally moved to Elgin street, the same building now used by Samuel Boddy as a residence. The first frame building put up on the south side of Main street was built by Archibald Kincaid, 76 years ago, and is now used for our Post Office. The first stone building was owned by S. A. Toplin. The first brick building was a school house afterwards remodelled as a residence, and is now the Yates property on Victoria street. A peculiar fact is that Mrs. Gerabon Yates, when about seven years old, attended this school which is now her home. Mrs. Yates remembers distinctly that at this time Centre street extending westward was all swamp, and where the Judson cabinet shop now stands was a marsh in which grew cat-tails and long grass.

In 1888, 78 years ago, a large section of land on the North side of Main street was owned by Henry Wiltsie, who settled in a small log house near the present site of Karley's store. Later, he built a frame house on the spot where the dwelling of Joseph Thompson now stands. Arza Parish settled in Athens 80 years ago and remained here until his death, 24 years ago. When he settled, there was only the log tavern on the south side of the village, and he could distinctly remember all the land on that side of the village cleared and sown to fall wheat.

RELATIVE TO THE SCHOOLS OF ATHENS AND VICINITY

The first country school was situated on a farm about 2 miles out now owned by Wm Towriss, then owned by Mr. Tidd. The means of heating the school for the first few years was a large potash kettle with a hole in the side and turned upon a large flat stone. Another school was built on Wight's Corners and was used by the Mormons as a meeting house. This building was moved to the farm now owned by Thomas Howarth and was for many years used as an ashery. This building can be seen standing in the field north of the Howarth house.

REGARDING CHURCHES

The first Sunday school was started by Mrs. Arza Parish and a Mr. Swan, in the building then used as a school (near where is now the residence of C. L. Lamb). 71 years ago the old M. E. Church was built. The Baptists used the frame building on the spot where their church now stands for a place of worship. Later it was moved and veneered with brick and is now occupied by Mrs. Clow. The Baptist church was then built through the exertions of the Rev.

Civil Service Examinations

These examinations are held every May and November and allow persons to enter the employ of the Dominion in Outside Service positions as: messengers, porters, sorters, packers, assistant inspectors of weights and measures, railway mail clerks, clerks in city post offices, landing waiters, excisemen, positions under Customs and Inland Revenue Depts. and post office inspectors' clerks, etc. A higher examination is held for those wishing positions as clerks in the different government departments at Ottawa. A special examination is given stenographers who do not wish to take all the regular examination subjects.

Last November one of our students passed his exam for Outside Service taking 100% on every subject, another of our students passed the exam for Inside Service standing 4th out of the list of the candidates throughout the whole Dominion.

Young people desiring to become candidates for these examinations should enroll with us.

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W. T. ROGERS, PRINCIPAL

HAY'S EASTER FLOWERS

In lavish profession and in an abundant supply—Fresh, sweet and beautiful.

Flowers for the House
Flowers for the Church
Flowers for Gifts

A superb lot of stately
Easter Lilies

ROSES, VIOLETS, CARNATIONS AND SPRING BLOSSOMS.

Orders for Express receive painstaking attention—Price List mailed on request.

Hay Floral & Seed Co.

FLORISTS
Brockville - Ont.

D. D. Munro and his congregation, the first minister in Leeds was Mr. Smart who settled in Brockville.

RANDOM NOTES

In 1834, —79 years ago, Joshua Bates entered into a contract to carry the mails from Brockville to DeLia, from which place they were taken to Westport. The mail was carried on horseback in a small canvas or deer-skin bag strapped to the saddle. Joshua Bates was the first Postmaster, and to him is accredited the naming of the village. Richard Giles succeeded him, then Arza Parish, who received his commission from England.

The first blacksmith shop was on the rear of the lot on which the Armstrong house now stands. In 1834, 77 years ago, Arza Parish started the erection of the building, now Armstrong House.

In 1866, 47 years ago, the first express wagon was run between Athens & Brockville by Peter Johnston. 75 years ago Philip Wing had a store on the spot occupied by the old store of A. Parish & Son.

The first address ever delivered in Canada was a temperance address given by Dr. Peter Schofield to the inhabitants of Bastard, and led to the organization of the first temperance society.

The first marriage in Leeds was celebrated 20th of Sept., 1811, 102 years ago, the parties being Geo. Munnard and Jennie Korison.

Many other notes of interest might be given but time will not permit the reading of them to-day.

In closing we may say that the future of Athens will to a great extent be moulded by its citizens. The system of our educational institutions goes much towards making its progress and adornment. Let the past and private enterprise of our citizens be developed into aggressive life and activity. Quite frequently we hear such remarks as "Oh, Athens is dead." "It

LUMBERING and SAW-MILLING

I am installing a
New Mill
near Athens

and am now in a position to guarantee the best of good work.

Custom sawing will be given prompt attention.

I am in the market for the purchase of all kinds of logs. Arrangements for sale and delivery may be made now.

WOOD—Orders will be taken for 1,000 cords of wood. Will begin delivering with first sleighing.

SHINGLES—When you want shingles, learn what we have to offer.
F. BLANCHER, Athens

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Are you going to benefit by the enormous development of 1913? Investment opportunities were never better. I handle safe investment property only. Am offering 28 close in lots away below market value, good for increase of 50 per cent this year. Enquire of Mr. H. R. Knowlton. Can loan any amount of money at 8 per cent on first mortgage, gilt edge security. If interested in Calgary, write me. Mixed farming in Alberta pays big, and land is cheap. Milk averages \$40 per ton, Beef 7 1/2¢ on the hoof, Hogs 9 1/2¢. Should like to interest you in a farm proposition.

E. S. CLOW, 924 18th Ave. West, Calgary, Alta
Calgary City Investments and Alberta Farm Lands.

YOUR BLOOD IS TAINTED
ULCERS, BOILS, SWOLLEN GLANDS, BLOTCHES, PIMPLES, AND ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES ARE COMPLETELY CURED BY THE NEW METHOD TREATMENT

We desire to call the attention of all those afflicted with any Blood or Skin Disease to our New Method Treatment as a guaranteed cure for these complaints. There is no excuse for any person having a disfigured face from eruptions and blotches. No matter whether hereditary or acquired, our specific remedies and treatment neutralize all poisons in the blood and expel them from the system. Our vast experience in the treatment of thousands of the most serious and complicated cases enables us to perfect a cure without experimenting. We do business on the plan—Pay Only for the Benefit You Derive. If you have any blood disease, consult us Free of Charge and let us prove to you how quickly our remedies will remove all evidences of disease. Under the influence of the New Method Treatment the skin becomes clear, ulcers, pimples and blotches heal up, enlarged glands are reduced, fallen out hair grows in again, the eyes become bright, ambition and energy return, and the victim realizes a new life has opened up to him.

YOU CAN ARRANGE TO PAY AFTER YOU ARE CURED

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If unable to call, write for a Question List for Home Treatment

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NOTICE All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:
DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.

Write for our private address.

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EYE, EAR, THROAT AND NOSE.

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By-Law No. 532

Being a By-law for the approval of the
electors of the expenditure of \$6000.00 in
the addition to the High School Building
and other permanent improvements.

WHEREAS High School District No.
2, Athens, is composed of the Municipalities
of the Incorporated Village of Athens and
the Townships of the Rear of Yonge and
Leeds and Grenville.

AND WHEREAS The High School
Board of Athens High School have by
resolution requested the Municipal Councils
of the afore-mentioned Municipalities to
submit a By-law to the vote of the qualified
electors of the respective municipalities
to raise by the issue of debentures the
sum of \$6000.00 on the rateable property
of the High School district for building an
addition to the High School and other
permanent improvements.

AND WHEREAS The said sum of
\$6000.00 to be raised (or levied) and paid
by the respective Municipalities in proportion
to their equalized assessment.

AND WHEREAS to make the said
permanent improvements the Council of
the Village of Athens require to raise
\$6000.00 and to do so intend to create a debt
upon the said Municipalities of the Village
of Athens and the Townships of the Rear
of Yonge and Leeds and Grenville.

AND WHEREAS The whole rateable
property of the said Municipality of the
Rear of Yonge and Escott according to
the last revised assessment roll of the said
Townships of the Rear of Yonge and Escott,
is the sum of \$415,725.

AND WHEREAS there is no existing
debt secured by debentures of the Municipality
of the Rear of Yonge and Escott.

AND WHEREAS The whole rateable
property of the said Municipality of the
Incorporated Village of Athens, according
to the last revised assessment roll of the
said Village of Athens is the sum of
\$349,724.62.

AND WHEREAS The present existing
debt of the Incorporated Village of Athens
secured by debentures of the Municipal
Corporation of the Village of Athens is the
sum of \$16,095.56.

AND WHEREAS for the paying off
the said sum of six thousand dollars and
interest thereon it will require to be raised
in each of the several years hereinafter
mentioned, the following sum viz: Three
Hundred and Sixty-eight dollars and
thirty-five cents (\$368.35).

THEREFORE The Municipal Council of
the Rear of Yonge and Escott enacts as
follows:

1. It shall and may be lawful for the
Athens High School Board to expend in
the erection of an addition and other permanent
improvements to the said High School building
the sum of six thousand dollars.

2. It shall and may be lawful for the
Council of the Incorporated Village of
Athens to borrow for the purpose aforesaid,
the sum of six thousand dollars and
interest thereon at four and one half per
cent per annum, payable in thirty equal
annual instalments by the issue of debentures
to the amount of \$11,050.50 (being the
sum of six thousand dollars and interest
thereon at four and one half per cent per
annum) in sums of not less than one
hundred dollars each, payable in the above
manner and for the amounts and at the
times respectively set forth in the above
recitals to this by-law.

3. That the said debentures shall be
payable at the agency of the Merchants
Bank of Canada at Athens on the 31st day
of December in each of the thirty years
hereinbefore mentioned and shall be
signed by the Reeve and Clerk of the
Village of Athens and sealed with the
Corporation seal and countersigned by the
Treasurer.

4. That there shall be raised and levied
in each year hereinafter mentioned the
sum of \$368.35 (being the sum of the
rateable property of the Municipality of
the Rear of Yonge and Escott and the

Incorporated Village of Athens, in proportion
to their equalized assessment, a sum
sufficient to discharge the several instalments
of principal and interest accruing
on the said debentures as the same
becomes due respectively payable according
to the provisions of this by-law.

5. That this by-law shall take effect
immediately on the passing thereof and
the said debentures may be issued at any
time after the first day of March, A. D.
1913.

6. That the votes of the ratepayers
of the said Municipality of the
Rear of Yonge and Escott qualified to
vote on money by-laws shall be taken on
this by-law in the several polling sub-
divisions appointed in the said Municipality
for election purposes on the Sixth day
of January A. D. 1913, commencing at
nine o'clock in the forenoon and closing at
five o'clock in the afternoon and for that
purpose the following persons shall be
deputy returning officers, and the follow-
ing shall be the polling places for taking
the votes, namely:

John Rowsom, D.R.O., for No. 1. Pol-
ling Sub-division, at Elisha Stevens' resi-
dence, and Wallace C. Brown, poll clerk.
Thomas D. Spence, D. R. O., for No. 2.
Polling Sub-division, at Albert Morris'
residence, and Charles Howard, poll clerk.
James K. Redmond, D.R.O., for No. 3.
Polling Sub-division at Wallace Darling's
residence and Frederick Hollingsworth,
poll clerk.

7. That the Reeve of the said Municipality
of the Rear of Yonge and Escott shall
attend at the Township Hall in the Village
of Athens on the 16th day of December,
1912, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the fore-
noon for the purpose of appointing persons
to attend at the different polling places on
behalf of the persons interested in and
desirous of promoting or opposing the pas-
sing of this by-law respectively, and also
persons to attend at the final summing up
of the votes by the Clerk of the said
Municipality.

8. That the Clerk of the Municipality of
the Rear of Yonge and Escott shall sum
up the number of votes given for and
against the by-law on the Seventh day of
January, A. D. 1913, at the hour of ten
o'clock in the forenoon at the Township
town hall in the Village of Athens.

9. That this by-law shall be finally con-
sidered by the Council and if the same
shall have been assented to by the electors
shall then be passed on the 10th day of
February, A. D. 1913, at the hour of two
o'clock in the afternoon.

By-law read a first time in open council
this 4th day of December, A. D. 1912.

R. E. CORNELL,
Clerk.

By-law read a second time in open
council this eleventh day of December,
A. D. 1912.

R. E. CORNELL,
Clerk.

By-law read a third time and finally
passed in open Council this 15th day of
February, A. D. 1913.

(Signed) A. M. FERGUSON,
Reeve.

(Signed) R. E. CORNELL,
Clerk.

NOTICE

The above is a true copy of a By-Law
passed by the Municipal Council of the
Township of the Rear of Yonge and Escott,
on the 15th day of February A. D.
1913.

And all persons are hereby required to
take notice that any one desirous of ap-
plying to have such By-Law, or any part
thereof, quashed, must make his applica-
tion for that purpose to the High Court of
Justice within three months next after the
publication of this notice once a week for
three successive weeks, in the newspaper
called The Athens Reporter, or he will be
too late to be heard in that behalf.

R. E. CORNELL,
Clerk.

By-Law No. 184

WHEREAS High School District
No. 2, in the United Counties of
Leeds and Grenville, is composed of
the Municipalities of the Incorporated
Village of Athens and the Township
of the Rear of Yonge and Escott.

AND WHEREAS The High
School Board of Athens High School
have by resolution requested the
Municipal Councils of the aforemen-
tioned Municipalities to submit a by-
law to the vote of the qualified electors
of the respective Municipalities to
raise by the issue of Debentures the
sum of six thousand dollars (\$6,000.00)
on the rateable property of the said
High School District for building an
addition to the High School Building
and other permanent improvements.

AND WHEREAS The said sum of
six thousand dollars to be raised, or
levied, and is to be paid by the respec-
tive Municipalities in proportion
to their equalized assessment.

AND WHEREAS to make the
said permanent improvements the
Council of the Village of Athens require
to raise \$6,000.00 and to do so
intend to create a debt upon the said
Municipalities of the Village of Athens
and the Township of the Rear of
Yonge and Escott of \$6,000.00 and in-
terest thereon at four and one half per
cent per annum, payable in thirty
equal annual instalments, by the issue
of debentures to the amount of
\$11,050.50 payable as herein provided.

AND WHEREAS The majority of
the Municipal Councils have deter-
mined that the said debentures shall be
payable in annual instalments within
thirty years from the day on which
this by-law takes effect, such instal-
ments to be in such amounts that the
aggregate amount payable for principal
and interest shall be the same in each
of the thirty years.

AND WHEREAS The whole rateable
property of the Municipality of the
Incorporated Village of Athens accord-
ing to the last revised assessment roll
of the said Village of Athens is
\$349,724.62

AND WHEREAS The present
existing debt of the said Village of
Athens secured by debentures of the
said Municipal Corporation of the Vil-
lage of Athens is the sum of
\$16,095.56 (being the sum of the
rateable property of the Municipality of
the Rear of Yonge and Escott and the

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debt of the said Village of Athens secured
by debentures of the said Municipal
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Interesting Will Case

Lydia Phillips, Athens, Ont., died
on April 1st, 1912, leaving a will dis-
posing of her estate to nine persons—
six nephews and nieces and to three per-
sons not related she left the sum of
\$50 each, and in the clause following
directed that the balance of her estate
be equally divided "among my afore-
said heirs."

The executors applied to the court
to learn whether the residue was to be
divided into six shares for the nephews
and nieces, or into nine shares for all
the legatees. The nieces and nephews
contended that the word "heirs"
should be construed narrowly, and
that they alone were entitled to share
the residue. On the other hand, the
three persons declared that the word
"heirs" was equivalent to the word
"legatees," being used colloquially
therefor.

Justice Middleton, in a judgment
given at Osgoode Hall, decided in
favor of the nephews and nieces.

"The amount of the legacies given in
the first instance," he says, "fifty dol-
lars each is comparatively small, and
it is unlikely that she would have in-
tended the comparatively large benefit
to be conferred upon strangers."

He adds that if the testatrix had in-
tended the sum to have been equally
divided among the nine persons it
would have been easier to have said so
than to have used the more elaborate
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than to have used the more elaborate
form of will.

Wiltsetown Honor Roll

Sr IV—Leslie Earl, Kate Halliday.
Jr IV—Maggie Gibson, Mary Al-
guire, Raymond Rowsome, Jasper
Parish.

Sr III—Cecil Earl, Jonas Stacey,
Maria Alguire.
Jr. III—Elmer Parish, Alfred
Prieo.

Sr. II—Bessie Parish, Morris Earl,
Jr. II—Wilfred Hoffmann.
Primer—Marrion Earl.

Aggregate, 291; Average, 14.55,
Starling Morris, Teacher.

the Village of Athens on the 17th day
of February, A. D. 1913: And all
persons are hereby required to take
notice that any one desirous of ap-
plying to have such By-Law, or any part
thereof, quashed, must make his applica-
tion for that purpose to the High
Court of Justice, within three months
next after the publication of this
notice once a week for three successive
weeks, in the newspaper called The
Athens Reporter or he will be too late
to be heard in that behalf.

G. F. DONNELLEY,
Clerk of the Village of Athens.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Council
of the Township of Rear of Leeds and
Lansdowne intend to pass a By-Law
diverting the road allowance as at present
travelled at the rear of the Ninth Conces-
sion of the Township of Lansdowne on the
West side of the Lyndhurst River, at or
near what is known as the Old Latimer
Bridge (crossing said river) along a course
on the West side of said River as already
laid out to what is known as Latimer
Rapids of the present location and cross-
ing said Lyndhurst River at Latimer Rap-
ids and returning in a North-easterly di-
rection to the road allowance as now
travelled, on the East Side of said River.

And Take Notice that a meeting of the
Council of the said Municipality will be
held at the Council Room, Lyndhurst, on
Wednesday the 2nd day of April A. D.
1913, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the fore-
noon at which time and place the council
will hear those interested in or opposed to
the proposed diversion of said road.

Dated this 24th day of February A. D.
1913.

R. J. GREEN,
Clerk of Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne

Notice To Creditors

In the Matter of the Estate of Elizabeth
McBratney, late of the Village of
Athens in the County of Leeds, Spin-
ster, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to
the "Statutes of Ontario" I, George V.
Chapter 25, Sec. 55, that all creditors and
others having claims against the estate of
the said Elizabeth McBratney, who died
on or about the 27th day of December,
1912, are required on or before the fifth
day of April, 1913, to send by post pre-
paid or deliver to T. R. Beale of the Vil-
lage of Athens, Solicitor for the executors
of the Will of the said deceased, their
Christian and surnames, addresses and
descriptions, the full particulars of their
claims, the statement of their accounts,
and the nature of the securities, if any
held by them.

And further take notice that after the
last mentioned date the said Executors
will proceed to distribute the assets of the
said deceased among the parties entitled
thereto, having regard only to the claims
of which they shall then have notice, and
that the said Executors will not be liable
for the said assets of any part thereof to
any person or persons of whose claims
notice shall not have been received by
them at the time of such distribution.

T. R. BEALE
Solicitor for James F. Gordon and
Ormond Moore executors of the will of the
said deceased.
Dated at Athens the fifth day of March,
1913.

**MADAM LAVAL'S
Cotton Root Compound Tablets**

A RELIABLE REGULATOR
These Pills are compounded with the greatest
care from the most reliable remedies known to
science: such as are being used with much success
by the most celebrated physicians known.

They are a specific for the distressing disorders
to which the female constitution is liable.
Price \$2 a box. No. 2 (much stronger), \$5 a
box. Sold at all drug stores, or by mail from The
Laval Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

**SEASONABLE
FASHIONS**

The latest fashion plates now here,
Call and select the style of Suit you
want for Winter wear.

LATEST FABRICS


We have in stock a line of new
goods of extra value. Leave your
order at "The Old Reliable" and you
will get garments that will fit well,
look well and wear well.

A. M. CHASSELS

Electric Restorer for Men

Phosphonal restores every nerve in the body
to its proper tension; restores
weakness averted at once. Phosphonal will
make you a new man. Price \$2 a box, or five for
\$10. Mailed to any address. The Seebell Drug
Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

Washington



EASTER VACATION TOUR
Going Friday, March 21
Return limit April 4th. Stop-overs allowed on return
trip at Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Albany.

Railroad **\$13.75** Round Trip from
Fare Morrinstown
PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOUR
Covers supper at station restaurant, Utica; 4 1/2 days' board
and lodging in Washington and luncheon in Philadelphia.

\$10.50 — \$12.50 — \$14.50 (According to hotel selected)
In addition to railroad fare shown above.

Various sight-seeing trips will
be arranged by representative
in charge at low rates.

NEW YORK
CENTRAL
LINES

For particulars consult ticket agents or
write W. H. Northrup, General Agent,
Watertown, N. Y.

HARDWARE

The attention of
Farmers - and - Builders

Is directed to my stock
Shelf and Heavy Hardware
Paints and Oils
Glass and Putty
Gardening Tools
Spades, Shovels, Forks etc.

All my goods are of the latest design
the product of reliable manufacturers
and will give good satisfaction.

Choice line of outlery and many
articles for the household.

We ask only a fair price and in
vite inspection of the values offered.
Open every evening.

W. G. JOHNSON

Sale Register

On Saturday, March 15, B. J. Campo
Athens, will sell a horse, and vehi-
cles, etc. Sale at 3 p.m. E. Tay-
lor, auctioneer.

On Wednesday, March 19, Fred Hall-
Addison, will sell 13 milch cows,
1 Reg. Holstein bull, and 2 colts.
E. Taylor, auctioneer

On Tuesday, March 18, Geo. B. Old-
Greenbush, will sell all his live
stock, implements, etc. D. O.
Healy, auctioneer.

On Saturday, March 15, Mrs Sarah
A. Webster will offer for sale at
the Armstrong House, Athens, her
farm of 75 acres, near Soperton.
Sale at 2 p.m. E. Taylor, auction-
eer.

**CANADIAN
PACIFIC RY.**

SETTLERS

SPECIAL TRAINS TO THE
CANADIAN WEST

will leave every Tuesday during
March and April should sufficient
business offer. Passengers without
live stock or effects should travel by
regular trains.

Homeseekers'
Excursions
TO THE CANADIAN WEST

By regular trains leaving EVERY
TUESDAY beginning in March and
continuing until October.

Brandon and return..... \$20.00
Calgary, Edmonton and return..... 45.00
Edmonton, Kamook, and return..... 45.00
Lethbridge and return..... 45.00
Moose Jaw and return..... 45.00
Winnipeg and return..... 45.00
ETC.

Tickets good for 60 days and good to stop
over at certain points.

GOOD HEALTH
Vim and Vitality

are assured if you will cleanse your
stomach of undigested food and foul
gases; the excess bile from the liver
And the waste matter from the in-
testines and bowels by the use of

FIG PILLS

the great fruit kidney, liver, stomach,
and bowel remedy.
At all dealers 25 and 50 cent boxes
or mailed by The Fig Pill Co., St.
Thomas, Ont.

Colonist Rates

ONE WAY
ON SALE DAILY
March 15 to April 15

Vancouver }
Victoria, Seattle } \$51.25
Spokane, }
Portland, Ore. }
Los Angeles, }
San Diego, } \$53.20
San Francisco }

For complete information apply
to

GEORGE E. M'GLADE, CITY AGENT
Brookville City Ticket and Telegraph
Office, east corner King St. and
Court House Ave.
Agency for all Steamship Lines

Dr. de Van's Female Pills

A reliable French regulator never fails. These
pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the
generative portion of the female system. Refuse
all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at
a box, or three for \$10. Mailed to any address.
The Seebell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

B. W. & N. W.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

GOING WEST

	No. 1	No. 8
Brookville (leave)	9.55 a.m.	8.45 p.m.
Lyn	10.05 "	4.00 "
Seelleys	10.15 "	4.07 "
Fortthorn	10.35 "	4.18 "
Elbe	10.42 "	4.28 "
Athens	11.00 "	4.30 "
Soperton	11.20 "	4.46 "
Lyndhurst	11.27 "	4.52 "
Delta	11.37 "	4.58 "
Elgin	11.57 "	5.12 "
Forfar	12.05 "	5.18 "
Crosby	12.18 "	5.23 "
Newboro	12.23 "	5.38 "
Westport (arrive)	12.40 p.m.	5.45 "

GOING EAST

	No. 2	No. 4
Westport (leave)	7.20 a.m.	2.30 p.m.
Newboro	7.30 "	2.47 "
Crosby	7.40 "	3.00 "
Forfar	7.45 "	3.06 "
Elgin	7.51 "	3.18 "
Delta	8.05 "	3.40 "
Lyndhurst	8.11 "	3.50 "
Soperton	8.18 "	3.59 "
Athens	8.35 "	4.30 "
Elbe	8.42 "	4.36 "
Fortthorn	8.47 "	4.43 "
Seelleys	8.58 "	4.54 "
Lyn	9.05 "	5.15 "
Brookville (arrive)	9.20 "	5.40 "

*Stop on signal

Canadian Northern Steamship
Royal Line For information regard-
ing rates, etc. apply to any of our
agents, or write direct to Brookville
office.

**SEASONABLE
FASHIONS**

The latest fashion plates now here,
Call and select the style of Suit you
want for Winter wear.

LATEST FABRICS

We have in stock a line of new
goods of extra value. Leave your
order at "The Old Reliable" and you
will get garments that will fit well,
look well and wear well.

A. M. CHASSELS

Electric Restorer for Men

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to its proper tension; restores
weakness averted at once. Phosphonal will
make you a new man. Price \$2 a box, or five for
\$10. Mailed to any address. The Seebell Drug
Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

DR. FRIEDMANN GIVEN TRIAL

Treated Three Patients in New York Hospital.

M. D.'S SKEPTICAL

Unconvinced, But They Think Him Sincere.

New York, March 10.—Dr. Friedrich Frank Friedmann, of Berlin, fulfilled his promise to treat tuberculosis sufferers with a serum he claims is a cure for the white plague when he gave the treatment to three patients, two men and one woman, at the People's Hospital at 208 Second avenue. The three into whose veins and muscles he injected his serum were chosen from a group of fifty tuberculosis patients who had been gathered at the hospital at the instigation of Dr. Max Landesman, the superintendent, and the board of directors. Dr. Friedmann spent nearly two hours in examining these 50 patients and passing upon their records.

The two men whom he finally chose were in the incipient stages of consumption, and were admittedly gaining weight under the regular treatment to which they had been subjected for the past two or three months. The third patient, a woman, who tried Dr. Friedmann's treatment, was supposed to be suffering from tuberculosis of the knee joint, though the physician who brought her in refused to sign a statement before the Berlin scientist asserting that he knew she was a tuberculosis patient.

The patients who were refused treatment by Dr. Friedmann were of all stages of tuberculosis. One case which he flatly refused to have anything to do, and the case which caused more tongues to wag than any other, was that of a young woman who was terribly afflicted with the disease, and who apparently had but a few weeks to live. This patient was brought in by Dr. Julius Broder, one of the house staff of the People's Hospital.

One of the conditions under which Dr. Friedmann agreed to make his tests was that no newspaper men or other than professional men be admitted. Consequently what went on in the clinic is known only from what the doctors present said. That there were fifty patients waiting for the treatment is the statement of Moses Greenbaum, the president of the hospital. Dr. Landesman, the superintendent, said there were two dozen.

PHYSICIANS UNCONVINCED.

However large or small the number of would-be patients, it was clear that all of the score or more physicians who were present were unconvinced that a positive cure for tuberculosis had been demonstrated, most of them were sceptical as to the results to be expected, and some even went so far as to use the word "fakir."

The point upon which the all agreed was that Dr. Friedmann was unskilled in the handling of his instruments, and was without technique. He was very nervous all through the administration of the serum, and to this fact many attributed his unfavorable professional appearance. It was evident that one of the Berlin doctor's immediate reasons for undertaking the tests was that he had been goaded into sudden action by the faunts that he was a "fakir." He was irritable and petulant, and once or twice got into wordy arguments with doctors who remonstrated with him for failure to follow the common regulations of an operating room.

It was on account of Dr. Friedmann's highly nervous state that many of the doctor's present preferred to withhold judgment until such time as the patients treated could be heard from again. Dr. Max Wolf, one of the State Civil Service Commissioners, who was present, said that he thought Dr. Friedmann had got somewhere in his work, but that he lacked all technique. He said that he ought not to be judged too quickly, and that he might do better another time.

Dr. M. Girdansky seemed to sum up the attitude of the majority of the doctors present when he said: "It is an outrage to call Dr. Friedmann a fakir. My criticism is that he did not take test cases; second, he used a syringe that was useless. He seemed to have a great aversion to accurate American instruments, preferring his own glass syringe, the use of which reached the point of idiosyncrasy. When held upside down it leaked, and if it leaked through the force of gravity, what would it do against the gravity? He measured the liquid before he injected it, but he did not know how much had entered the patient. My third criticism is the lack of sterilization by the doctor."

TRIPLE FUNERAL AT STRATFORD

Stratford despatch: A triple funeral was held at noon to-day when the body of Mrs. Herbert Thompson, of Stratford, together with her 17-month-old daughter and her father, James Riddell, of South Easthope, were all laid to rest in the family plot in the Shakespeare cemetery. The little daughter died ten days ago, but the body has been resting in the vault ever since. Father and daughter died within 20 hours of each other.

NEARLY TOOK HEIR.

Vienna, March 10.—It is reported that the Crown Prince Danilo of Montenegro, recently had a narrow escape from capture in the fighting at Bradina, in the neighborhood of Scutari. His command was hard pressed, but a battalion of 800 Serbians hastened to his rescue and enabled him to escape. Meanwhile Turkish reinforcements surrounded the Serbians and all of them were put to death. They have since been murdered.

PERRY'S FLAGSHIP

An Historic U. S. Vessel Raised From Lake.

Erie, Pa., March 10.—Working in one of the worst blizzards of the winter, a local contractor and his gang to-day raised the Niagara, the ship which turned defeat into victory for Oliver Hazard Perry in the Battle of Lake Erie, September 10, 1813. A crowd of half frozen curio-seekers were held back with difficulty when the gun parts became visible, as they established beyond doubt that the battered bulk was that of the Niagara.

The blinding snow and cracking ice halted the work, and the old craft was lifted but four feet above the water. She extends 110 feet, has a 30-foot beam and is about 10 feet deep. The bottom is off the lake level for the first time in nearly a century ago.

Four pontoons are located amidships, and at the stern and bow, from which chains suspend, holding the Niagara up six feet. Within five days it is expected that the battered craft will be raised and propelled to the shore on pontoons. From there she will be floated to a local shipbuilding yard, where she will be overhauled preparatory to her last cruise along the Great Lake ports from Erie to Duluth during the Perry celebration next summer. The Interstate Board of the Centennial Commission is in charge of the work.

THE AIRSHIP SCARE

Britain's Nervousness is Amusing Europe.

London, Mar. 10.—The Home Office's regulations concerning airships and aeroplanes are the cause of much merriment among Englishmen. Their laughter is tempered, however, by a realization of the fact that Europe, including Germany, is laughing with them.

In the first place, the regulations, formidable as they seem, cannot be enforced. In the next, the Home Secretary's list of places which airships must not approach also happens to be a complete list, never before supplied by the British Government, of strategic localities. It included several harmless but necessary railway stations hitherto not accused of being military strongholds, but which the united wisdom of the Home Office and the War Office has determined shall be regarded as domestic Gibraltar.

Among them is Newhaven Station, that outpost of empire, that keystone of Britannie domination. Twice daily already it is invaded by ruthless hordes of Frenchmen crossing the channel in steamboats from Dieppe. Trains penetrate it, automobiles desecrate it, and yet the Home Secretary does not say a word; but hereafter if an aviator should come near it, even by accident, he will be shot as the subject of half a dozen complicated regulations and the vague chances of marksmanship.

CANCER IN RATS

Scientist's Experiment With Cockroach Eggs.

Berlin, March 10.—Prof. Johannes Fibiger, director of the Pathological Institute of Copenhagen, has communicated some interesting results of cancer research to the Klinische Wochenschrift. Prof. Fibiger found that tumorous affections in the stomach and esophagus of rats were associated with a particular species of worm which develops from the egg to the larval stage in the bodies of cockroaches. He fed healthy cockroaches with the eggs of these worms, and then healthy rats with the infected cockroaches. The result was that the rodents developed tumors of an unmistakably cancerous type. Thus he asserts he has demonstrated for the first time that cancer can be produced at any rate in rats and mice by the operation of these parasites.

The German Medical World is very reserved in its opinions as to the importance of this discovery, past experience with the claims of cancer investigators having rendered it very sceptical.

CUT OUT FRILLS

New President to Reduce Military Aides.

Washington, March 10.—There will be a marked reduction in the amount of gold lace to be seen around the White House during the present administration, if President Wilson carries out his plan to reduce the number of military aides, which have attended the two former Presidents.

It became known to-day that Major Thomas E. Rhodes, U. S. A., who was military aide and medical adviser to President Taft, had recommended that the present corps of twelve officers of the army, navy and marine corps be cut in half. Furthermore, President Wilson probably will dispense with the presence of a uniformed aide in his travels about the country.

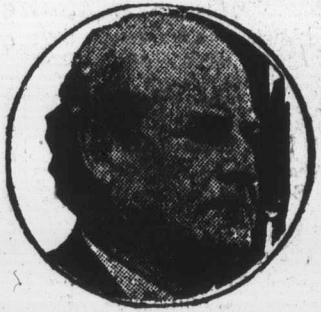
The present system of a personal military staff at the White House was created by President Roosevelt, and continued by President Taft. Major Archibald W. Barr, who lost his life in the Titanic disaster, was responsible for establishing the present custom of wearing full dress uniform while accompanying the former President.

TOWNS MAY UNITE.

Sarnia despatch: There is a good deal of talk these days both in Sarnia and Point Edward as to uniting the two towns under one charter and incorporating as a city. Sarnia at the present time has a population of about 11,000 and Point Edward between 700 and 800, which would be enough for the purpose of forming a "baby" city.

No matter how ambitious a woman is, she can never run things until she has had a husband to practice on.

SOME OF WILSON'S CABINET



WILLIAM J. BRYAN, Secretary of State.



WILLIAM J. McADOO, Secretary of Treasury.



ALBERT BURSLESON, Postmaster-General.



JOSEPHUS DANIELS, Secretary of Navy.



JAMES C. McREYNOLDS, Attorney-General.



WILLIAM D. WILSON, Secretary of Labor.

SNOW BLOCKS TRAINS.

Toronto despatch: The heavy snow-storm which swept over the northern sections of the province demoralized railway traffic from divisions in that section last night. The Sudbury line of the Canadian Northern was completely blocked by the storm filling a cut at Brechin, a station 72 miles north, and the passenger train due in the Toronto terminals at 9:30 was not expected to arrive until the early morning hours. It was reported that a freight train became blocked in the cut early in the evening and delayed the passenger train. The Winnipeg Express of the Canadian Pacific Railway is also hours behind the schedule owing to the storm, and is not expected to arrive until the early morning.

DOWN ON POOLROOMS.

Montreal, March 10.—"Poolrooms are the hotbeds of vice and the rendezvous of young criminals," said Judge Barron in sentencing Albert Trepanier to five years for stealing a number of merchandise markers. Trepanier was an habitual frequenter of poolrooms, and was arrested in one of them.

NURSE MAY HAVE SMALLPOX.

Berlin, despatch: While preparing to leave the Isolation Hospital after having discharged her duties as a trained nurse, and after the five smallpox patients had been freed, Miss Ellbert, a trained nurse, was stopped at the door by the Medical Officer of Health. He had detected the symptoms of a mild case of infection and she was ordered under quarantine. The nurse had been successfully vaccinated.

BALANCE OF POWER

Basis of French Cabinet Appeal to People.

Paris, March 10.—An appeal to the people of France to submit cheerfully to the patriotic sacrifices called for by the new military bill increasing the term of service in the active army to three years instead of two, was made to-day, when the Cabinet submitted the measure to Parliament.

When the bill was laid on the table of the Chamber of Deputies it was accompanied by a declaration from the Ministry, expressing the profound conviction that the proposal must be adopted, not only for the security of France, but for the peace of Europe, which depended entirely on the equilibrium of the great nations of Europe being maintained.

The Government did not endeavor in any way to conceal the fact that a heavy task was about to be laid upon the French people, whose clear vision and patriotism would, in the Government's opinion, undoubtedly overcome all hesitations and all contingencies.

The measure will add to the peace effective of the French army 160,000 men and not 210,000 as was at first stated. The system of two years' service, which has been in existence since 1896, has, according to the Government, proved insufficient for the complete training of the men, while the decrease in the birth rate in France also tended to make an additional year necessary.

The Government asks that men now serving their second year in the active army be kept with the colors for a third year.

RYAN IS PRESIDENT

Convicted Dynamiter Heads Structural Workers.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 10.—Frank M. Ryan, of Chicago, one of the labor leaders convicted in the "dynamite conspiracy" trials here, was re-elected president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers at its session here to-day.

Other officers elected at the session, which was held behind closed doors, were:

Harry Jones, New York, secretary-treasurer, succeeded Herbert S. Hokin, who now is serving six years in the Federal penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for his part in the dynamite conspiracy; James E. McCarty, of Cleveland, who has been acting secretary-treasurer, first vice-president, and P. J. Morris, St. Louis, second vice-president.

The convention passed a resolution to raise \$50,000 with which to care for the families of the men convicted of conspiracy in the dynamite trials, and also voted to raise whatever amount of money is needed to defend the convicted men in case a new trial is granted them. The families of all the men will be cared for until after the cases have been decided finally.

BANK RUN ENDED

Big Business Heads Saved Montreal Institution.

Montreal despatch:—The run on the City and District Savings Bank petered out to-day. A vital fact, explaining in some degree the quick subsidence of the rush in so short a time, omitted in press reports, was the prompt intervention of prominent local captains of industry, bringing about the finish of the run. In fact, prevented the original run from assuming the proportions which looked forward to by the directors and management of the bank. The City and District Savings Bank is largely a bank of the working and poorer classes. Thus it was that Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific by his personal advice and guarantee, reassured thousands of depositors gathered from among Canadian Pacific Railway employees in the city. E. J. Chamberlin, of the Grand Trunk Railway, took similar steps immediately the run was announced, while the head of these two railway men was followed by the management of the Dominion Textile, the Canadian Northern Railway and numerous industrial concerns operating in the city.

From all the branches of the bank come reports that business has started to assume normal proportions, whilst the incoming deposits have increased. At the head office these deposits were particularly heavy, and the receipts for the day by far outbalanced the amounts handed out to withdrawing depositors.

MAYOR DISQUALIFIED.

Montreal despatch: Under the Indian Act, which says a commitment disqualifies a man from holding office, Caughnawaga is without a Mayor, as Mayor Dr. Angus O. Paton was today committed to stand trial at the June term of the Court of King's Bench for assault on Mrs. Angus Deer, who alleges the accused kissed her boy, the New Year custom among the Indians.

Dr. Paton, in his statement before Judge Leck, said he was not guilty of the charge, and if he was, every woman in Caughnawaga could bring a case against him, as he had kissed pretty nearly all of them between January 1 and 6.

MISS ROOSEVELT'S WEDDING.

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"The men," said Mr. Hall, "are encouraged in the belief that if they behave themselves the job is permanent. They save some money, buy homes, and then when nicely settled have to move to another town. The sale of their property, if it can be sold at all, is often made at a sacrifice. Our idea is that there should be some law whereby compensation could be provided. The men do not object to incommutation, that is part of the railway life—but they should not have to suffer financially every time a railway wants to move a terminal or divisional point."

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Hamilton Firm Has Made a Large Purchase.

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The wounded men, together with their guards, disappeared, and nothing has since been heard of them.

General Franchot D'Esperey is accused by the newspaper of first ordering the chief army surgeon with the column to abandon all wounded in the desert, without medical care or guard, but the surgeon refused to obey the order.

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The candidates in stating their qualifications, frequently were interrupted by questions from the women, who were members of the Seagwick County Equal Suffrage Association.

One of the aspirants for office was a candidate for mayor, and the others were seeking nominations for city commissioners. A Mayor and four commissioners are to be elected.

KAISER TO HAVE AIR

Berlin, March 10.—The Kaiser hitherto yielded to the outcry of the Empress to abstain from air-trip in the air, for which, according to the Kaiser's physician, she is suffering from a cold. The Kaiser, however, will, according to reports, take a voyage in airship to-morrow. He is accompanied by the Princess of Bavaria, and will pass over public life in a greatly excited announcement.

DR. FRIEDMANN GIVEN TRIAL

Treated Three Patients in New York Hospital.

M. D.'S SKEPTICAL

Unconvinced. But They Think Him Sincere.

New York, March 10.—Dr. Friedrich Franz Friedmann, of Berlin, fulfilled his promise to treat tuberculosis sufferers with a serum he claims is a cure for the white plague when he gave the treatment to three patients, two men and one woman, at the People's Hospital at 208 Second avenue. The three into whose veins and muscles, he injected his serum were chosen from a group of fifty tuberculosis patients who had been gathered at the hospital at the instigation of Dr. Max Landesman, the superintendent, and the board of directors. Dr. Friedmann spent nearly two hours in examining these 50 patients and passing upon their records.

The two men whom he finally chose were in the incipient stages of consumption, and were admittedly gaining weight under the regular treatment to which they had been subjected for the past two or three months. The third patient, a woman, who tried Dr. Friedmann's treatment was supposed to be suffering from tuberculosis of the knee joint, though the physician who brought her in refused to sign a statement before the Berlin scientist avowing that he knew she was a tuberculosis patient.

The patients who were refused treatment by Dr. Friedmann were of all stages of tuberculosis. One case with which he flatly refused to have anything to do, and the case which caused more tongues to wag than any other, was that of a young woman who was terribly afflicted with the disease, and who apparently had but a few weeks to live. This patient was brought in by Dr. Julius Broder, one of the house staff of the People's Hospital.

One of the conditions under which Dr. Friedmann agreed to make his tests was that no newspaper men or other than professional men be admitted. Consequently what went on in the clinic is known only from what the doctors present said. That there were fifty patients waiting for the treatment in the statement of Moses Greenbaum, the president of the hospital, Dr. Landesman, the superintendent, said there were two dozen.

PHYSICIANS UNCONVINCED.

However large or small the number of would-be patients, it was clear that all of the score or more physicians who were present came away unconvinced that a positive cure for tuberculosis had been demonstrated, most of them were sceptical as to the results to be expected, and some even went so far as to use the word "fakir."

The point upon which all agreed was that Dr. Friedmann was unskilled in the handling of his instruments, and was without technique. He was very nervous all through the administration of the serum, and to this fact many attributed his unfavorable professional appearance. It was evident that one of the Berlin doctor's immediate reasons for undertaking the tests was that he had been goaded into sudden action by the faunts that he was a "fakir." He was irritable and petulant, and once or twice got into stony arguments with doctors who remonstrated with him for failure to follow the common regulations of an operating room.

It was on account of Dr. Friedmann's highly nervous state that many of the doctor's present preferred to withhold judgment until such time as the patients treated could be heard from again. Dr. Max Wolf, one of the State Civil Service commissioners, who was present, said that he thought Dr. Friedmann had got somewhere in his work, but that he lacked all technique. He said that he ought not to be judged too quickly, and that he might do better another time.

Dr. M. Girdansky seemed to sum up the attitude of the majority of the doctors present when he said: "It is an outrage to call Dr. Friedmann a fakir. My criticism is that he did not take test cases; second, he used a syringe that was useless. He seemed to have a great aversion to accurate American instruments, preferring his own glass syringe, the use of which reached the point of idiosyncrasy when held upside down it leaked, and if it leaked through the force of gravity, what would it do against the gravity? He measured the liquid before he injected it, but he did not know how much had entered the patient. My third criticism is the lack of sterilization by the doctor."

TRIPLE FUNERAL AT STRATFORD

Stratford despatch: A triple funeral was held at noon to-day when the body of Mrs. Herbert Thompson, of Stratford, together with her 17-month-old daughter and her father, James Riddell, of South Easthope, were all laid to rest in the family plot in the Shakespeare cemetery. The little daughter died ten days ago, but the body has been resting in the vault ever since. Father and daughter died within 20 hours of each other.

NEARLY TOOK HEIR.

Vienna, March 10.—It is reported that the Crown Prince Danilo of Montenegro, recently had a narrow escape from capture in the fighting at Braditsa, in the neighborhood of Scutari. His command was hard pressed, but a battalion of 800 Serbians hastened to his rescue and enabled him to escape. Serbians and Turkish reinforcements surrounded the Serbians and all of them were captured. They have since been murdered.

PERRY'S FLAGSHIP

An Historic U. S. Vessel Raised From Lake.

Erie, Pa., March 10.—Working in one of the worst blizzards of the winter, a local contractor and his gang to-day raised the Niagara, the ship which turned defeat into victory for Oliver Hazard Perry in the Battle of Lake Erie, September 10, 1813. A crowd of half frozen curio-seekers were held back with difficulty when the gun parts became visible, as they established beyond doubt that the battered bulk was that of the Niagara.

The blinding snow and cracking ice halted the work, and the old craft was lifted but four feet above the water. She extends 110 feet, has a 30-foot beam and is about 10 feet deep. The bottom is off the lake level for the first time in nearly a century ago.

Four pontoons are located amidships, and at the stern and bow, from which chains suspend, holding the Niagara up six feet.

Within five days it is expected that the battered craft will be raised and propelled to the shore on pontoons. From there she will be floated to a local shipbuilding yard, where she will be overhauled preparatory to her last cruise along the Great Lake ports from Erie to Duluth during the Perry celebration next summer. The Interstate Board of the Centennial Commission is in charge of the work.

THE AIRSHIP SCARE

Britain's Nervousness is Amusing Europe.

London, Mar. 10.—The Home Office's regulations concerning airships and aeroplanes are the cause of much merriment among Englishmen. Their laughter is tempered, however, by a realization of the fact that Europe, including Germany, is laughing with them.

In the first place, the regulations, formidable as they seem, cannot be enforced. In the next, the Home Secretary's list of places which airmen must not approach also happens to be a complete list, never before supplied by the British Government, of strategic localities. It included several harmless but necessary railway stations hitherto not accused of being military strongholds, but which the united wisdom of the Home Office and the War Office has determined shall be regarded as domestic Gibraltar.

Among them is Newhaven Station, that outpost of empire, that keystone of British dominion. Twice daily already it is invaded by ruthless hordes of Frenchmen crossing the channel in steamboats from Dieppe. Trains penetrate it, automobiles desecrate it, and yet the Home Secretary does not say a word; but hereafter if an aviator should come near it, even by accident, he will be shot as the subject of half a dozen complicated regulations and the vague chances of marksmanship.

CANCER IN RATS

Scientist's Experiment With Cockroach Eggs.

Berlin, March 10.—Prof. Johannes Fibiger, director of the Pathological Institute of Copenhagen, has communicated some interesting results of cancer research to the Klinische Wochenschrift.

Prof. Fibiger found that tumorous affections in the stomach and esophagus of rats were associated with a particular species of worm which crept from the egg to the larva stage in the bodies of cockroaches. He fed healthy cockroaches with the eggs of these worms, and then healthy rats with the infected cockroaches, with the result that the rodents developed tumours of an unmistakably cancerous type. Thus he asserts he has demonstrated for the first time that cancer can be produced at any rate in rats and mice by the operation of these parasites.

The German Medical World is very reserved in its opinions as to the importance of this discovery, most experience with the claims of cancer investigators having rendered it very sceptical.

CUT OUT FRILLS

New President to Reduce Military Aides.

Washington, March 10.—There will be a marked reduction in the amount of gold lace to be seen around the White House during the present administration, if President Wilson carries out his plan to reduce the number of military aides, which have attended the two former Presidents.

It became known to-day that Major Thomas L. Rhodes, U. S. A., who was military aide, and medical adviser to President Taft, had recommended that the present corps of twelve officers of the army, navy and marine corps be cut in half. Furthermore, President Wilson probably will dispense with the presence of a uniformed aide in his travels about the country.

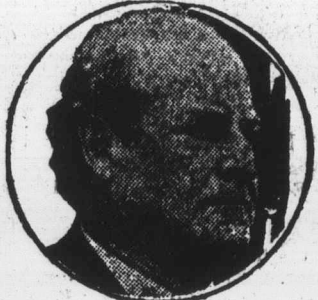
The present system of a personal military staff at the White House was created by President Roosevelt, and continued by President Taft. Major Archibald W. Pitt, who lost his life in the Titanic disaster, was responsible for establishing the present custom of wearing full dress uniform while accompanying the former President.

TOWNS MAY UNITE.

Sarnia despatch: There is a good deal of talk these days both in Sarnia and Point Edward as to uniting the two towns under one charter and incorporating as a city. Sarnia at the present time has a population of about 11,000 and Point Edward between 700 and 800, which would be enough for the purpose of forming a "baby" city.

No matter how ambitious a woman is, she can never run things until she has had a husband to practice on.

SOME OF WILSON'S CABINET



WILLIAM J. BRYAN, Secretary of State.



WILLIAM J. McADOO, Secretary of Treasury.



ALBERT BURSLESON, Postmaster-General.



JOSEPHUS DANIELS, Secretary of Navy.



JAMES C. McREYNOLDS, Attorney-General.



WILLIAM WILSON, Secretary of Labor.

SNOW BLOCKS TRAINS.

Toronto despatch: The heavy snow-storm which swept over the northern sections of the province demoralized railway traffic from divisions in that section last night. The Sudbury line of the Canadian Northern was completely blocked by the storm filling a cut at Brechin, a station 72 miles north, and the passenger train due in the Toronto terminals at 9:30 was not expected to arrive until the early morning hours. It was reported that a freight train became blocked in the cut early in the evening and delayed the passenger train. The Winnipeg Express of the Canadian Pacific Railway is also hours behind the schedule owing to the storm, and is not expected to arrive until the early morning.

DOWN ON POOLROOMS.

Montreal, March 10.—"Poolrooms are the hotbeds of vice and the redoubts of young criminals," said Judge Bazin in sentencing Albert Trepanier to five years for stealing a number of mercury cigarette-holders.

NURSE MAY HAVE SMALLPOX.

Berlin despatch: While preparing to leave the Isolation Hospital after having discharged her duties as a trained nurse, and after the five smallpox patients had been freed, Miss Hilbert, a trained nurse, was stopped at the door by the Medical Officer of Health. He had detected the symptoms of a mild case of infection and she was ordered under quarantine. The nurse had been successfully vaccinated.

BALANCE OF POWER

Basis of French Cabinet Appeal to People.

Paris, March 10.—An appeal to the people of France to submit cheerfully to the patriotic sacrifices called for by the new military bill increasing the term of service in the active army to three years instead of two, was made to-day, when the Cabinet submitted the measure to Parliament.

When the bill was laid on the table of the Chamber of Deputies it was accompanied by a declaration from the Ministry, expressing the profound conviction that the proposal must be adopted, not only for the security of France, but for the peace of Europe, which depended entirely on the equilibrium of the great nations of Europe being maintained.

The Government did not endeavor in any way to conceal the fact that a heavy tax was about to be laid upon the French people, whose clear vision and patriotism would, in the Government's opinion, undoubtedly overcome all hesitations and all contingencies.

The measure will add to the peace effective of the French army 160,000 men and not 210,000 as was at first stated. The system of two years' service, which has been in existence since 1895, has, according to the Government, proved insufficient for the complete training of the men, while the decrease in the birth rate in France also tended to make an additional year necessary.

The Government asks that men now serving their second year in the active army be kept with the colors for a third year.

RYAN IS PRESIDENT

Convicted Dynamiter Heads Structural Workers.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 10.—Frank M. Ryan, of Chicago, one of the labor leaders convicted in the "dynamite conspiracy" trials here, was re-elected president of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Ironworkers at its session here to-day.

Other officers elected at the session, which was held behind closed doors, were:

Harry Jones, New York, secretary; treasurer, succeeded Herbert S. Hookin, who now is serving six years in the Federal penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., for his part in the dynamite conspiracy; James E. McHenry, of Cleveland, who has been acting secretary-treasurer; first vice-president, and P. J. Murrin, St. Louis, second vice-president.

The convention passed a resolution to raise \$50,000 with which to care for the families of the men convicted of conspiracy in the dynamite trials, and also voted to raise whatever amount of money is needed to defend the convicted men in case a new trial is granted them. The families of all the men will be cared for until after the cases have been decided finally.

BANK RUN ENDED

Big Business Heads Saved Montreal Institution.

Montreal despatch:—The run on the City and District Savings Bank petered out to-day. A vital fact, explaining in some degree the quick subsidence of the rush in so short a time, omitted in press reports, was the prompt intervention of prominent local capitalists of industry, bringing about the finish of the rush—in fact, prevented the original run from assuming the alarming proportions looked forward to by the directors and management of the bank. The City and District Savings Bank is largely a bank of the working and poorer classes. Thus it was that Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific by his personal advice and guarantee, reassured thousands of depositors gathered from among Canadian Pacific Railway employees in the city. E. J. Chamberlain, of the Grand Trunk Railway, took similar steps immediately the run was announced, while the lead of these two railway men was followed by the management of the Dominion Textile, the Canadian Northern Railway and numerous industrial concerns operating in the city.

From all the branches of the bank come reports that business has returned to assume normal proportions, whilst the incoming deposits have increased. At the head office these deposits were particularly heavy, and the receipts for the day by far outbalanced the amounts handed out to withdrawing depositors.

MAYOR DISQUALIFIED.

Montreal despatch: Under the Indian Act, which says a commitment disqualifies a man from holding office, Caughnawaga's without a Mayor, as Mayor Dr. Angus O. Paton was to-day committed to stand trial at the June term of the Court of King's Bench for assault on Mrs. Angus Opat, who alleges the accused kissed her beyond the New Year custom among the Indians.

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Building Lumber
Sash and Doors
Cedar Shingles
Asbestos Plaster
Portland Cement
Land Fertilizers

Athens Grain Warehouse

Hay, Straw and Oats
Horse Feeds
Cow and Calf Feeds
Hog and Pig Feeds
Hen and Chicken Feeds
Best kinds of Bread Flour

VERY LOWEST PRICES

A. M. EATON
FUNERAL DIRECTOR
MAIN STREET - ATHENS
Rural Phone. Day or night calls responded to promptly.

A. TAYLOR & SON
Agents for

BELL AND DOMINION
Pianos and Organs
Main Street Athens

Cattle and Horses
For Holstein cattle any age, pure bred or grades; also horses, any style for any purpose—Apply to
S. HOLLINGSWORTH, Athens

Plants:
Azaleas
Tulips
Daffodils
Hyacinths, etc.
Cut Flowers:
Roses
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Violets, etc.
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BROCKVILLE, ONTARIO

Kingston Business College Limited
KINGSTON - ONTARIO

Canada's Highest Grade Business School
offers superior courses in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Civil Service, General Improvement and all Commercial Subjects.
Our graduates secure best positions.
Particulars free.
H. F. METCALFE, Principal

Tenders Wanted

Bulk and separate sealed tenders, marked "tender" on the envelopes, for High School Building, and addressed to H. H. Arnold, Esq., Secretary of High School Board, Athens, Ont., will be received up to Saturday at six o'clock p.m., on the 15th day of March next, for the various trades required in the erection of an addition to the Athens High School, and for the necessary alterations to the existing building, including a complete system of steam heating and ventilation throughout. All tenders for addition to be for cement block superstructure, and also separately for brick superstructure.
Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Secretary, or at the office of the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
B. DILLON, Architect.
Brockville, Feb. 22nd., 1913.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED
In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.
MARION & MARION,
384 University St., Montreal.

The Merchants Bank of Canada

NOTE THE FOLLOWING
Paid Up Capital \$6,747,680
Reserve 6,559,478
Total Assets (30th Nov. 1912) over 84,000,000
Your DEPOSITS are SAFE in the MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.
MONEY LOANED on favorable terms.
Seven Branches and Agencies in the district. CHEESE FACTORY cheques cashed as par on all local branches, and at BROCKVILLE if desired. Number of branches in Canada 186.
Sub-Agencies at Frankville and Addison—open every Wednesday.
ATHENS BRANCH JOHN WATSON, Manager.

Local and General

Mrs J. H. Ackland left this morning for a visit with friends in Ottawa.

Mr G. N. Foley, Newboro, was a visitor in Athens over Sunday.

Cash paid for cow-hides, horse hides, sheep pelts and deacon skins—at Willson's Meat Market.

The excursion train for this evening is billed to land passengers in Brockville at 7.50.

A number of farmers have been fined from \$1.00 to \$4.00 each for driving in Brockville without bells.

A group of prospective tenderers for the High School improvements were here last week.

Spring is near. Crows have appeared in this section and the boys are playing marbles.

Hockey excursion to Brockville this evening for the greatest match of the season. Tickets also good for afternoon train.

Provender composed of Corn, Wheat and Oat Feed—Our own mixing. Extra good value. Try it. Athens Grain Warehouse.

On Thursday night last, the High School Hockey team had their visions of future glory dispelled in a match with the village team, being beaten by a score of 3-0.

"Wood is wood," of course, this spring but it's hardly worth the price that some people are disposed to ask for it.

On Sunday next, Rev. Mr Kettlewell, travelling in the interest of the Alliance, will conduct service in the Methodist church.

For Sale—A High-Arm Davis Sewing Machine. Very low price for quick sale. Apply at the Reporter office.

A Chantry correspondent says: We regret very much to lose our esteemed neighbors Mrs Schofield and daughters, who owing to the death of the late John Schofield have taken up residence in Athens, but our loss is Athens' gain.

The big hockey excursion to Brockville takes place this (Wednesday) evening, when the local team will meet the New Edinburg players in a championship game.

Come to the basement of the Presbyterian church on Tuesday evening, Mar. 18th at 7.30, and hear Miss Minnie Mackay speak on "China—Past Present and Future."

Friends of Mrs Charles Heffernan, Chelsea, P. Q., will be pleased to learn that her little son, Eugene, aged four year, who has been ill with scarlet fever for about a month, is now improving in health.

The High School hockey team put up a good argument for first position in a match with Lyndhurst team, played at that place on Saturday last. The home team won by a score of only 6-5.

The promoters of the Morrisburg and Ottawa Electric Railway are asking bonuses from the municipalities through which the line is surveyed. At a meeting of directors it was decided to call for the first fifteen miles of the road.

A Warning—Of late, the Epworth League meetings have been disturbed by young men, loitering about the doors and windows and acting in a very unmanly way. This week two young men were caught throwing snowballs against the door, and if any disturbance is caused in the future by anyone, the party will be made an example of, as the law provides.

Many boys of the village and vicinity have manifested an interest in the compact and convenient little hen-house which Mr W. H. Smith, B.S.A. has had erected at the rear of his office. This interest was reflected in the attendance of quite a number of youths at the poultry meeting held in the town hall. Mr Smith has decided to give the boys an opportunity of starting a Poultry and Pet Stock Club in Athens, and invites all interested in the matter to attend a meeting to be held in his office at 4.30 p.m. on Friday next. Several of these Clubs have been organized throughout the province and are proving interesting and highly educative to the members.

"Inglewood," the fine residence of Wm. Polke of New Boyne, was completely destroyed by fire on Thursday last.

Mr William Yates of Lyn, agent for the Frost and Wood Co., of Smith's Falls, has leased Mr N. G. Earl's brick residence on Sarah street.

Mr Joel McCulloch, conductor on the B. W. & N. W. express is taking a holiday trip to Edmonton, Alta., and Mr D. J. Carty is filling his place.

Tenders have been called for a new mail service between Caintown and Graham P. O., which will be inaugurated on July 1st next.

The Brockville Co-Operation Society Limited, is the latest organization about to apply to the Ontario Legislature for incorporation. It will conduct stores.

On Saturday afternoon last the "Mud Shiners" from Glen Morris again met in a friendly clash with the "Beaupolers," the result being 13-0 in favor of the home team. The game was decidedly the Beaupolers' from start to finish, their opponents hardly getting a shot at the nets.

In response to a telegram, announcing the critical illness of her brother, Dr A. W. Bellamy, Mrs G. E. Donnelly left for Rochester, N. Y., on Saturday evening. A message received at noon to-day says that he is slowly sinking, with no hope of his recovery.

Mr R. D. Judson was warmly welcomed by his many friends on his return home on Saturday evening from St. Vincent de Paul hospital where he had been successfully treated for a hernia that he had nursed and trusted for about fifty years. He speaks in highest terms of the kindness he received from the Sisters and nurses.

The township of Elizabethtown lost an old and esteemed resident Saturday afternoon, when Mr Henry Maud passed away after a brief illness. He was born and resided on the eighth concession, his life extending over a period of 73 years. His wife who was Miss Jane Asselford, predeceased him by several years, and two sons survive their father. They are Henry, at home, and Robert, Smith's Falls.

A joint meeting of Dairymen and Cheesemakers of Brockville North and East will be held in Delta Town Hall on Saturday, March 15th. The following speakers will be present—Prof. G. G. Publow, Senator Derbyshire, Dis. Representative W. H. Smith, John R. Dargavel, M.P.P., and George Leggett, Newboro, Chairman of the District. Meeting opens at 1 p.m. All farmers requested to be present.

The pastime of snow-shoeing is being revived here this spring, and trails lead in all directions from the village. On Friday evening a quartette of Boy Scouts introduced an equal number of young ladies to the joys of one of their exploring expeditions. The party headed for Mud Lake and in the darkness depths of the woods surrounding that secluded ice-field the scouts built a fire, produced their billie-cans and served a sylvan supper in sumptuous style. The party returned about midnight, delighted with their outing.

In the case of Susannah Moulton, widow of the late W. H. Moulton, of Athens, heard before the appellate division of the high court in Toronto on an appeal from the judgment of the judge of the surrogate court of these united counties, in which the judge allowed the claim of the widow in full at \$897 against the estate of her husband, the appeal was allowed as to \$120 of this claim and dismissed as to the balance of the claim. W. A. Lewis represented the appellants, F. W. Hercourt the infants, and Hutcheson & Driver the widow.

Easter Service
The musical part of the Easter morning service in the Methodist Church is to be given by about forty children.
What does Easter morning bring
To the children of the King;
What great gifts were brought this day
To the garden far away?
Joy was brought from heaven to earth
By redemption's glad new birth,
Music through creation rang,
When the Easter angels sang.

Mr Norman Stowell of Montreal visited friends in Athens on Sunday.

Easter Cantata
A cantata entitled "Love Triumphant, a tale of the First Easter-tide," by Florence Morse Kingsley, with musical illustrations by various composers, is to be rendered by the choir of the Methodist Church on Easter Sunday, March 23rd at 7 p.m.

A Note from Edison

Mr Minor Bates, writing from his home at Edison, Alberta on March 1st says:—
Please extend my subscription two years. The Reporter comes to me like an old friend. This winter has been very mild with very little snow. East of Edison five miles runs the Edmonton and Athabasca Landing R. R. The station is Clyde. West of Edison 3 1/2 miles is West Lock, mile 50, on the Edmonton, Dunvegan and B. C. Ry. making for the far-famed Peace River Country. Track-laying is going on at a rapid rate north of West Lock toward mile 80, the end of the grade; so you can see this north country is not being neglected as far as railroads are concerned.

Choral Innovation

For several months the congregation of the Methodist church has had, at intervals, the pleasure of hearing a male choir, composed of young men of village and country. As a natural sequence, the suggestion came that, in turn, a choir composed exclusively of ladies be given charge of the choral service. This idea was carried out on Sunday evening, when a splendid service of song was rendered by twenty-four ladies, among whom were several who had been leaders in the church choir thirty years ago. The full-toned alto section balanced nicely the volume of soprano, and the whole constituted a musical treat, which included a duet by Mrs (Rev.) Edwards and Mrs. Towriss and a solo by Mrs M. C. Arnold.

The personnel of the choir was appropriate to the address of the pastor, whose discourse was devoted to the worthy part that woman is playing in the work of the Church, and particularly emphasized the good being accomplished by the Women's Missionary Society and the Ladies' Aid.

On Thursday, March 13, Michael Cox, Charlottetown, will sell 23 head of cattle, 6 horses, implements, vehicles etc E. Taylor, auctioneer.

YOU CAN DEFY HEADACHE!

Yes you can, with a box of ZUTOO Tablets in your pocket or home. Taken when you feel a headache coming on, one little tablet will ward it off—nip it in the bud. Taken later it will cure the headache in twenty minutes. Why then, continue to suffer when a box of ZUTOO will make your headache proof. You would be surprised to know how many people, who never before used a headache remedy, are now using ZUTOO Tablets. Why not you?

The People's Column

Tenders Wanted

The Council of Rear Yoke and Escott will up to March 20th next, receive tenders for crushing and spreading 500 to 600 cords of stone for road purposes this season. Address R. E. CORNELL, Clerk Athens.

For Sale

Heavy Platform Spring Wagon, pair of Bob-sleighs, Double Harness, etc. Apply to JOHN FREEMAN, Athens.

For Sale or To Rent

The undersigned offers for sale or rental his dwelling house on Mill Street, Athens. Apply to W. L. STACY, Athens.

NOW IS THE TIME to get ready to give your horse

A SPRING HAIR CUT

You should have one of our Power Crank Horse Clipper Machines. Our Clippers are driven by a mechanism consisting of a number of gear wheels so arranged that a great speed is attained. The whole conveniently enclosed in a dustproof gear box. The cogs in the machine are cut from solid metal. The flexible shaft is 6 ft. long, fitted with patent clipping head.
Our price \$7.50
Sheep shearing attachments extra \$4.25
New Market hand clippers 1.65
Hand Fetlock clippers 1.25
We have a large stock and our assortment will please you.

Let us sell you YOUR HARNESS for Spring.

Our make, wear well, look well, and fit well. We carry a full line both single and double, together with all kinds of Harness parts.

Our prices are the lowest and quality the best.
We solicit your patronage, and can save you your dollars.

CEAS. R. RUDD & CO.
BROCKVILLE

"The House of Hats"

We are nearing the last stretch of our successful

ALTERATION SALE!

We find we have but to mention casually the particular bargains we are offering and the intelligent buying public avail themselves of the opportunity.

THIS WEEK WE OFFER

10 dozen Men's Fancy Imported Flannel Shirts, regular \$1.50 values, sale price 79c.

10 dozen Men's Medium Weight Combination Suits, regular \$3.00 values, sale price \$1.50.

All lines of Winter Underwear reduced below cost, \$1.00 lines 75c.

WINTER CAPS HALF PRICE

R. CRAIG & CO.
KING STREET BROCKVILLE

Quality IN Evaporators

Be wise this year and instal an "EARL" outfit in your sugar bush. Why? Because it is less expensive to make first class syrup in one of our outfits than an inferior quality by using old fashioned methods. Now is the time to give your maple syrup business your consideration. Our evaporators are the greatest time and money savers on the market.
Call and see one of our outfits or write us for further information and prices.
We make pans to fit any arch.

The Earl Construction Company

ATHENS - ONTARIO

FURNITURE

CALL AND SEE our stock of High-Class Furniture

For the trade of this season we have a stock of furniture well worthy of your attention.

Whether you require a complete suite for the Parlor, Dining Room, Bedroom, or simply an individual piece, we can meet your requirements.

Our long experience enables us to buy only reliable goods, and we offer them at very attractive prices.

Your inspection invited.
T. G. Stevens

PICTURE-FRAMING

Equipped with Howard Straining Rod which aid in creating the tonal and constructional superiority of the "Newcombe."

NEWCOMBE PIANO is the Best PIANO

MADE IN CANADA

If you are open to conviction and can be reached by a logical argument, we can convince you that it is the best, if you will call at our Warerooms and examine its merits.

Equipped with Howard Straining Rod which aid in creating the tonal and constructional superiority of the "Newcombe."

KNABE PIANO

The World's Best Piano, Patronized by Royalty
H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught having purchased three for Rideau Hall.

Blundall Pianos

Is a High-Grade Piano of Distinctive Tone Quality, Exquisite Design and Finish.

Also a few carriages to sell at greatly reduced prices rather than carry them over.

A Home for the Summer

It will not cost you much more to be really comfortable for the summer vacation than to "rough it" in a tent.

A small Want Ad. in our classified columns will bring you replies from people who have desirable places to rent.
W. B. Percival