

# The Standard. OR FRONTIER GAZETTE.

VOLUME 10

NUMBER 20

Price 15s. in Town]

SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK, THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 18, 1843.

[17s. 6d. sent by Mail]

## EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

From Willmer & Smith's European Times.

### SCOTLAND.

There is some prospect that the Non-intrusionists will be in a minority at the next meeting of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland. A recent decision of the Court of Session against the competency of ministers of *quoad sacra* parishes, (parishes separated by the Church, from larger parishes—a sort of district to chapels-of-ease,) to act in the affairs of the Church, has had a considerable effect. Many Presbyteries have obeyed the decision, and excluded the *quoad sacra* ministers from the election of their representatives in the Assembly; and in others defections from the Non-intrusionist ranks have been numerous. The *Edinburgh Observer* says—

"Scarcely had the tidings of the rebuke given them in the House of Lords reached the different provinces of Scotland, when they received mortal blows in the house of their friends." Of these, the most disheartening, perhaps, was that inflicted at Auchtermoider on Tuesday last; when 'our morality,' that had stood out for years against the authority of the law, dwindled into a helpless minority, and deserted their post and their colours in a state of utter impotency. Every arrival of the post during the past week brought tidings either of defeat or of defection in the different Presbyteries of the Church, in the election of Commissioners to the ensuing General Assembly; and it is now quite evident, that when that Assembly shall meet, the Incendiaries and Destructives of the Church will be in a most decided minority."

### FRANCE.

"The opening of the whole line of the Paris and Rouen railroad to the public," says the *Presse*, "is positively fixed for May 3."

Viscount Dubouché presented on the 3rd inst. a petition to the Chamber of Peers, signed by several persons at Bourges, complaining that the Infante Don Carlos was detained as a state prisoner in that town, and praying that he might be set at liberty to change his residence, or leave the country.

Private letters state that Don Carlos is detained at Bourges against his will, however it may suit the French Ministry to deny the fact. He cannot leave the country without passports, which the government refuse, and he cannot go a certain distance from Bourges without being exposed to the interference of the police.

The *Echo de la Frontière* of the 7th inst., announces that, on the preceding evening, the old bellry of the Cathedral of Valenciennes gave way, and fell with a tremendous crash, burying under its ruins a number of workmen engaged in repairing it, and destroying several houses contiguous to the church. The number of persons injured was not yet known; eight had been already taken from under the ruins, and the two regiments of the garrison had been called out to clear away the fallen materials, in order to rescue several others whose groans were distinctly heard.

The disorders that had broken out in St. Domingo have caused some alarm in France, independently of financial considerations. The Minister of Marine had forwarded orders to the Maritime Perfect of Brest to despatch two men-of-war to Hayti to protect the French residents.

The *Toulonnais* of the 6th inst. states that the Emperor of Morocco had given satisfaction to the United States for the insult offered to their Consul by the Governor of Tangier. The latter had been superseded in his post, and the flag of the Union having been hoisted on the Consular house, was saluted by the batteries of the place.

### SPAIN.

The Spanish Cortes were opened on the 3d with great pomp and formality. A detachment of cavalry and six carriages accompanied the Regent and the young Queen from the palace. The Regent read the royal speech. After alluding to the zeal of the magistracy, and the penury of the treasury, the speech states that the late insurrection had paralyzed the economical schemes of the government, and created an additional debt, in consequence of the necessity of raising a large military force. The speech concludes by stating that—"The fortunate moment has come when the Cortes and the Government will find a glorious opportunity (which their patronage will not suffer to escape) of fulfilling the wishes of the nation and the duties which we owe to the august and youthful princess now seated on the throne of her ancestors. Laws which will consolidate the state on its basis—laws calculated to open the sources of public prosperity, behold, gentlemen senators and deputies, which the country desires that which is worthy and becoming of the nation, and of Queen Isabella II. May her Majesty, when assuming the reigns of government at the fortunate period now approaching, experience no obstacle to her carrying into effect the beneficial measures which her generous mind prepares for

the nation, may she find in the blessings and the applause which she will receive, the precious fruit of our labours and of our sacrifices."

It was generally reported in Madrid, that the present Ministers had placed their resignation at the disposal of the Regent, to deprive the enemies of the Constitution in the new Cortes of any pretence for attacking it and his Government through them, but that "nothing was yet settled as to who can stay in, or who will relieve them."

S Calatrava, the Finance Minister, has issued a decree, the chief object of which is to revive the credit of Spain, by providing for the punctual payment of the interest on the New Three per Cent Stock. The decree devotes to the purpose, first, the whole proceeds of the quicksilver of the mines of Almaden and Almaduecos; secondly, twenty millions of reals on the Treasury of the island of Cuba; and thirdly, four millions of reals on the department of the Cuzco. A fourth article declares that the Government will augment their appropriations, if the Cortes shall approve of the capitalization of the interest on the Four and Five per Cents, as is proposed to them.

Accounts from Portugal to the 3d inst., state that the three months which the Charter requires the Cortes to sit having expired yesterday, a royal decree was published extending the session for a month further. It is not probable that the prorogation will be much longer postponed. Yet of the new financial measures not one has yet been touched, though their extent and importance would require full three months to discuss them alone. The Deputies are already betraying signs of weariness, frequently failing to make a house.

The Deputies have been occupied with a bill for reducing the number of administrative districts and dioceses throughout the kingdom. The first part of this project will involve a saving of expenditure. The second will render existing funds more available for the maintenance of the church in circumstances of becoming dignity. The project has likewise a political object, viz., to get rid of the inconvenience of an external nomination of any portion of the hierarchy.

The Finance Committee of the Chamber of Deputies has approved a project of law for a new organization of the Junta of public credit, by which the functions and salaries of the members will be at once contracted. According to the same project, the bulk of the Junta's revenues will in future pass directly from the Custom-houses to the Treasury.

The Peers have rejected a project for the exclusion of Government employees from the right of voting in the Chambers. Lisbon news to the 10th inst. has been received, brought by the Lady Mary Wood steamer. The final answer of the British government respecting the Tariff Convention was expected with some anxiety at Lisbon. It was known that among the further offers proposed on the part of the Portuguese to our government, in place of the ultimatum sent from England, a reduction of duties to the amount of two fifths was proposed on brass manufactured goods. The British merchants at Oporto had petitioned against breaking off the negotiations on slight grounds. The Donro Wine Company bill had passed the Peers without alteration, but it was expected that the royal sanction would be deferred until the final result of the Tariff negotiation was known.

RUSSIA AND SERBIA.

The Augsburg Gazette of the 5th inst., publishes the following precise details of the Russian ultimatum relative to Serbia:—1. Russia demands that the authors and abettors of the revolution of September be brought to trial. 2. The Emperor demands that Prince Alexander Kara Georgewitch should be immediately deprived of his command. 3. That a new sovereign should be elected according to the existing laws. But the Sultan may annul the firm of his father, the Sultan Mahmoud, which rendered the throne of Serbia hereditary in the family of Obrenowitch, and if the complaints made against Prince Michael be well founded, the Sultan will be permitted to exclude Prince Michael from the number of candidates. M. de Boutenief received at the same time with this ultimatum, instructions to give the Ottoman Porte but twenty-four hours to return an answer, and, in case of a refusal, to break off all diplomatic relations with the Divan, and withdraw provisionally to Bujukdere, where a Russian ship of war is stationed.

BRAZIL.

The packet-ship Linnet arrived at Falmouth on the 10th from Brazil. Mr. Ellis was expected to leave Rio about the beginning of March in her Majesty's ship *Malabar* for this country, having been unable to effect II. May her Majesty, when assuming the reigns of government at the fortunate period now approaching, experience no obstacle to her carrying into effect the beneficial measures which her generous mind prepares for

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ger, which request has been refused. An announcement of the failure of two influential houses for very large amounts has been received by this conveyance, and which events were followed by the defalcations of several coffee dealers. The exchange was firm at 27, the first house having appeared anxious to draw at that rate, and the amount of transactions for this packet have been considerable.

## POETRY.

For the Standard.

### ODE TO SPRING.

O Spring, sweet Spring, thou art surpassing fair!  
Thou dost thy melting, magic garland fling  
O'er mountain, river, ocean, earth and air;  
And gladness spreads her downy wing  
O'er every heart, and every living thing.

The Boreal blasts and freezing storms are gone,  
Those howling ministers of breath and dread;  
Once more, I feel the warm enlivening Sun,  
And see his glory burst above my head,  
Not as when storm and cold around his disk were spread.

Awakes my harp as from a grave entombed,  
Exalts in life as once again 'twas young,  
No more in dark Eolian cave engloined,  
Where feebled by gelid winds it careless hung,  
Frost-shattered, voiceless, desolate, unstrung.

Awake, awake to God, the rapturous lay,  
And pour forth all thy soul in grateful song  
To Him, who rules the natal, mortal day,  
Or bids man die, or doth his life prolong—  
Praise Him to whom life, light, and truth belong!

Stern Winter, thou hast swept with harshest hand  
Of howling storm, keen wind, and raging flood,  
O'er the flint frozer, snow-heaped groaning land,  
While near thee, haggard, night pall'd death hath stood,  
His dart triumphant! dyed in human blood!

Methinks I hear that loud blast whistling still,  
As faithful gusts swept o'er the icy morn,  
And hark the dying shrike rise wildly shrill,  
(The quenched in still silence shall be no more.)  
Of strong and brave who yield life's precious boon.

Nor yet on storm-riven ocean's frightened breast  
On wintry wild, or frost-trusted cave,  
Alone has thou lift up thy gloomy crest,  
O Death!—no tender care had power to save;  
And many a heart weeps o'er its loved one's grave!

Once more 'tis Spring! and bursts triumphant forth  
From wintry death—believing mourners sing!  
Look round, and see the season shadow forth  
The sacred triumphs of Immortal King;  
Faded is the grave, and death has lost his sting.

Those tender buds whom late ye wet with tears,  
All pale in death, shall bloom in deathless clime;  
"I am the life," the soul exulting hears;  
And springs beyond the bounds of lagging time,  
To hail the glories of the eternal prime.

May 1, 1843.

Extraordinary Power of Recognition in a Tiger.—One day last week, a singular occurrence happened in Wombwell's Royal Menagerie corroborative of the retentive memory of the animal tribe, the tiger. A sailor who had been strolling round the exhibition loitering here and there to admire and identify some of the animals with those he had seen in far distant climes, was attracted by the strange noise made by a tiger who seemed irritated beyond endurance. Jack somewhat alarmed, sought the keeper to inquire the cause of so singular a display of feeling, which he remarked became more boisterous the nearer he approached the animal, the keeper replied that the behaviour of the tiger indicated either that he was vastly pleased or annoyed; upon this the sailor again approached the den and after gazing at the tiger a few minutes, he discovered it to be the same animal brought to England under the especial care of the weather-beaten tar. It now became Jack's turn to be delighted as it appeared the tiger was in thus recognising his old friend, and after making repeated applications to be

permitted to enter the den for this purpose, as he said, of shaking a fist with the beautiful animal, he was suffered so to do, the iron-door was opened and in jumped Jack, to the delight of himself and striped friend, and the astonishment of the lookers on.

The affection of the animal was now shown by caressing and licking the pleased sailor when he seemed to welcome with the heartiest satisfaction, and when the honest tar left the den the anguish appeared almost insupportable.—*Davenport Independent*.

ST. ANDREWS.

METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

from 27th April 1843, to 10th May, 1843.

(both inclusive)

April & May	Barom at Ther. at	Wind at
1843	A. M. P. M. A. P. M.	A. M. P. M.
Tuesday 27	29.86 29.23	41 40 SSW S S W
Wednesday 28	29.41 29.44	38 36 NNE N
Thursday 29	29.70 29.95	32 31 N N E
Friday 30	30.00 30.33	39 38 SE S E
Saturday 1	30.00 29.94	38 45 SE S E
Sunday 2	29.94 30.11	32 41 N W S by W
Monday 3	30.11 29.92	40 40 SE S S W
Tuesday 4	30.12 30.43	43 43 N W S W
Wednesday 5	30.30 30.32	40 40 N W S W
Thursday 6	30.37 30.44	44 44 S W S E
Friday 7	30.57 30.56	44 42 S S W
Saturday 8	30.76 30.56	44 42 S S W
Sunday 9	30.60 30.53	36 41 NNE S W
Monday 10	30.96 30.95	39 45 W S W

REMARKS &c.  
A.M. Light, thick fog, dazzling rain.  
P.M. Mod. cloudy, rain.

A.M. Mod. fine, cloudy, par. clear. P.M. Mod. fine, clear.

A.M. Light, fine, clear. P.M. Mod. fine, clear.

A.M. Light, overcast. P.M. Mod. cloudy, par. strong.

A.M. Fresh, cloudy. P.M. Moderate, cloudy.

A.M. Light, fine, cloudy. P.M. Light, cloudy.

A.M. Light, cloudy. P.M. Mod. cloudy, par. fresh rain.

A.M. Fresh, fine, clear. P.M. Mod. fine, clear.

A.M. Mod. fine. P.M. Fresh, fine, clear.

A.M. Light, fine, clear. P.M. Mod. fine, clear.

A.M. Mod. cloudy, light, rain. P.M. Light, cloud.

A.M. Fresh, cloudy, small rain. P.M. Mod. cloudy, rain.

A.M. Light, cloudy, rain. P.M. Moderate, cloudy.

A.M. Light, fine, clear. P.M. Light, very fine.

Thursday 11th, this morning the Thermometer stood at 40°—Barometer 30.01

MOMENTS OF TERROR.

A small schooner was chartered in New York, in 37, to take a company of players to Texas. I forget the managers name, but he was with his troop, and contemplated a junction with Corri, who is of some standing as a public caterer in the young republic. Among the company were Mr. and Mrs. Barry, Mr. and Mrs. Gibson, Messrs. Page, Dougherty, and Williams, with the manager and several others. The little craft was caught in a gale off Cape Hatteras; a heavy sea struck her stern and forced her head into the wind—her bows were seized by the gale, and she went down stern first. Being light freighted she soon rose to the surface, keel upwards.

The captain, with all his little crew, and some of the passengers who were on deck were swept away like so much chaff; but the suddenness of their destruction was mercy compared to the sufferings endured by the unfortunate in the cabin. The companion-way had been left open, and the rushing water soon engulfed the inmates, already sorely bruised by the loose furniture and luggage that knocked against them in the capsize.

When the water in the cabin reached its level, it was found that by standing on it, of about six inches between the top of the beam or roof, there was a vacancy in it, consequently full grown persons could find breathing room by holding their faces in a horizontal position, but were liable to lose their standing every instant from the rolling of the vessel in the trough of the sea. But few of the passengers could avail themselves of this tantalizing assistance for any length of time: the weak-bodied and short-sized men gradually sunk, maugre all the assistance that the strongest class could render.

The husbands fought with death most manfully in behalf of the wives—but were unable to save them. One of the ladies had an infant, and intent upon its salvation, literally drowned herself in endeavoring to hold her babe above the water. Thrice did her husband dive and rescue all he held dear on earth and three times he was compelled to let them sink. Now, I affirm that no imagination can picture a scene of more perfect horror than this floating chamber of death presented to the survivors, who were struggling to maintain life for a few seconds in almost hopeless agony.

Without a ray of light to cheer them—dashed from side to side as the vessel gave to the fury of the sea, with the dead bodies of their wives, and comrades rolling about them, the howling of the storm without rendering the despair within more terrible, by forbidding the hope of rescue—the occasional moments of silence interrupted by the muttered prayer or agonized supplication of the sufferers, with the bubbling struggling deaths of the victims, as they writhed about the limbs of the survivors—all this is truly horrible!—no romance can equal it, and the annals of suffering cannot afford a parallel case.

Death was gradually dwindling the numbers of the passengers, when one of them proposed to dive down under the companion ladder, swim along beneath the bulwarks, and come up in the open sea, by the side of the capsize hull. The attempt was difficult to a practised swimmer, and but two of the survivors were able to swim at all. There was also the chance of being caught in one of the sails, or getting entangled in the rigging—and, supposing all these difficulties conquered, what certainty, was there that the swimmer would be able to secure a holding-place on the hull, in that fierce, raging sea? But, on the other side, the scene afforded a hope of escape—while certain death awaited them inside. The best swimmer volunteered to make the first essay; and if successful, he was to knock loudly upon the upturned keel. He made several attempts before he was able to clear the ladder; at last, he succeeded in getting out of the cabin, but they waited in vain for the encouraging sound. One of them declared he heard a wild shriek mingle with the gale shortly after the adventurer disappeared. Another ventured, and was fortunately thrown on the hull by a wave as soon as he reached the surface. He kicked loudly against the side of the craft, and in a few minutes beheld another of the sufferers struggling furiously to reach the hull—he was successful! The third and last appeared and also gained a hold upon the vessel; but he was too exhausted to remain. He fell off in the course of the night, and Williams and Dougherty were the only survivors of that ill-fated company and crew.

For four days, these poor fellows were tossed about, clinging to the upturned vessel, and suffering from famine, thirst, fatigue, and cold. A brig, bound to New Orleans, rescued them, but Williams never recovered!—he was too exhausted to speak, when picked off the wreck, and died shortly after he reached the brig. Dougherty still survives.

Cows.—The following is from one of our exchanges—it is good advice. The point at which farmers are most at fault, and that for which our correspondents and hundreds of others blame them, and with reason too, is that they overstock their farms—only half feed their animals—let skeleton cow-frames drag themselves over the premises, and complain because the dry bones do not give milk abundantly. Wherever cows are kept for the dairy, it is possible and proper—yes, it is a duty, to keep them well.—This can be done. If you cannot keep four well, try two; the two, well kept, will give more income than four half starved ones. The goodness of the cow is determined partly by her native properties—but the food also has much, and very much to do, in making her good or otherwise. Keep no more than you can feed well—very well.

Pruning Fruit Trees.—It has been my humble lot to spend the most of my time in the spring and fore part of summer, in engraving and pruning fruit trees, and my experience goes to prove that the best time for pruning is when the leaves are full grown, and the tree is in a vigorous and growing state. For at this season, when the sap has been spent in the foliage, and the pores of the wood are filled, so that when the limbs are taken off, the sun and warm weather will dry the end of the limb and close the pores of the wood against the weather, and the sap will keep the limb alive to the very end, and the healing will be perceived immediately.—*[Boston Cult.]*

Sir J. Newport, on Thursday, breathed his last, at his seat, Newport, near Waterford.—Sir John was upwards of ninety years of age. He was a distinguished member of the Irish parliament, in which he advocated the claims of the Roman Catholics, and in fact every whig measure which was agitated in that assembly. The parliamentary and public career of Sir John, after the Union, is a matter of public notoriety in England. He was the recipient of a pension of £1,000 a year since his resignation of the Comptrollership of the Exchequer.

Lieutenant Murray, in his "Drings in China," gives the following proof of the aptitude for civilization possessed by the juvenile branches of the celestials.—"The children are very intelligent and sharp: they pick up English easy. Almost all the young Blackguards about this place could swear in very good English."

the American publication, and depend

open Times will be referred to by address-reference for pay-er and Smith's Exchange, Church Street,

received at all the & Co, in the United Kingdom, the Editor may be in Dignan, 5 South

## ND'S

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Produces and restores the hair from falling off, or period of life; change color from its roots, SOFT, CURLY, and AIR, it keeps it firm in weather, cloudy rooms, so of riding. To Child, says a foundation for a HAIR.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.  
LORD & MACANER Oils are on the envelope, idress, thus—

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ed ALEX. ROWLAND, article, see that the words are engraved on the 15 1600 times, containing this work is genuine.

Bottles, containing four that size, 21s. per bottle.

### KALYDOR,

and Exotic, is now only sale and efficient pro-SKIN and COMPLEXION, displayed in thoroughness, redness, tan, freckles, and other defects, in healing rendering the most rough skin soft and smooth. To a juvenile rosacea, tan, and a delicacy and fairness

innovating and refreshing or exposure to the sun after the heated atmosphere—GENTLEMEN, will after shaving in allaying

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of Oriental Herbs of this. It eradicates Tartar and Teeth, preserves the Enamels in their sockets, removes. Being an Anti-Scurvy from the Gums renders them of a healthy and taste from the mouth, it favors, taking medicine help fragrance to the breath box, duty included

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NOTICE

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Clerk of the Peace

Let.

on the 1st of May:—

HOUSE and premises, present in the occupa-

Thomas Hudson Esq.

ly to JOHN DUNN.

THE

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EVERY FRIDAY, BY

W. P. Smith.

in Saint Andrews, N. B.

E. R. M. S.

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inued until arrears are paid

for on delivery.

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# Standard Extra!

ARRIVAL OF THE GREAT WESTERN.

10 Days later from Europe.

BIRTH OF A PRINCESS ON 25th APRIL.

ST. ANDREWS,  
Monday Morning, May 15, 1843.

We learn from the Boston Mercantile Journal of Saturday Evening last, kindly lent us by F. A. Babcock Esq., that the Steamship Great Western, Capt. Hosken, arrived at New York on Thursday night, making the remarkable short passage from Liverpool in 12 days and 13 hours! bringing London dates to the 28th, and Liverpool to the 29th April, the day of her departure.

Two events of a local but important character have occurred in England, which occupy a large space in the public papers, viz. the death of a Royal Duke and the Birth of a Princess. As Parliament was condoling with the royal family upon the death of the Duke of Sussex, uncle to the Queen, it was receiving congratulations on the birth of another daughter to Victoria!

There has been no improvement in the Cotton market—the corn market was in a depressed state—provisions generally were low. The advices from the Continent, both political and commercial are devoid of interest.

The Princess was born on the morning of the 25th ult., and the event was immediately made known in the following London Gazette Extraordinary:

"Buckingham Palace, April 25, 1843.

This morning, at five minutes past four, the Queen was happily delivered of a Princess—His Royal Highness Prince Albert, several Lords of her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and the Ladies of her Majesty's Bedchamber being present.

This great and important news was immediately made known to the town by the firing of the Park and Tower guns; and the Privy Council being assembled as soon as possible thereupon, at the Council Chamber, Whitehall, it was ordered that a form of Thanksgiving for the Queen's safe delivery of a Princess, be prepared by his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, to be used in all churches and chapels throughout England and Wales, and the town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, on Sunday, the 30th of April, or the Sunday after the respective Ministers shall receive the same.

Her Majesty and the infant Princess, are God be praised, both doing well.

The latest bulletins represent the Queen and Princess as both doing perfectly well.

Parliament met after the Easter holidays

on Monday, April 24, and the following night Sir Robert Peel entered into a somewhat detailed explanation of the reasons which frustrated the commission.

The discussion of the right of visit, or the right of search—has been revived with vigor upon the arrival of Mr. Webster's despatch to Mr. Everett.

The Duke of Sussex, died on the 21st April of erysipelas—after a protracted illness—no hopes of his recovery having been entertained for several days before his death.—He was the ninth child and fifth son of Geo. the Third, and was born January 27th, 1773; being in the 71st year of his age, at the time of his death.

The American ship Hewes, from N. York to Hull, was wrecked on the 17th ult. on the Goodwin Sands. The value of the ship and cargo is estimated at £9,000. no insurance effected on the vessel at Lloyd's, but it is supposed she is fully insured at New York.—The crew of the Hewes was taken off by the Deal boatmen.

The news from France is unusually uninteresting. The debates in the Chambers, to their results confirm the stability of the Guizot party. An order has been issued to discharge all married seamen from the navy, and although this measure will denude the Mediterranean of French cruisers, it is intended to despatch a respectable force to the recently acquired or pillaged islands in the Pacific.

The news from Algiers is favorable. Some excursions which the French have hazarded have been successful.

The Moniteur publishes the details of the marriage of the Princess Clementina of Orleans with Prince Augustus of Saxe-Coburg, which took place at the Palace of St. Cloud.

The Paris journals state that the Marine Minister has asked for £240,000—five millions of francs—for the expense of establishments at the Marquesas and Tahiti. He estimated the annual expense at £100,000 a year. The force to be sent was 1,200 men.

The King of Greece has applied to Russia for a loan. The Emperor replied that he had determined to make no more useless sacrifice for so insignificant a government.

A letter from Aleppo, dated the 23rd of February, states that after three days' fighting the Arabs of the Desert succeeded in carrying off about 170 camels with the merchandise they bore, valued at £10,000, from the caravan between Damascus and Bagdad.

Ship News.—Arrived at Liverpool, 24th April last, Huron, Blair, New Orleans.

At Dept. 25th April, lye. Express, Scott, of Yarmouth N. S.

Fire.—The Dwelling House of Mr. James McGowan in St. James was accidentally destroyed by fire on Thursday last with all its contents. Mr. McGowan in addition to his House and Furniture, lost about 25 bushels and 100 bushels of seed potatoes. —*Courant*

LAUNDRY.—On Monday, the superior built, Coppered and Copper fastened Barque "Father Mathew," owned by William Todd Junr. Esquire, for Model, Material, and workmanship, the Father Mathew is rarely surpassed in this Province. —16

STRAWBERRIES are becoming plentiful in the Savannah market.

GREEN PEAS had made their appearance in the New Orleans market.

CONCERT.—By an advertisement in this days paper it will be seen, that the last Concert of the Amateur Band for the Season, will take place this Evening.

#### MARRIED.

This Morning, by the Rev. Dr. Alley, Mr. ABRAHAM H. MARKS, to Miss MARY HITCHINGS, both of St. David.

On Tuesday, the 16th inst. by the Rev. Dr. McLean, Mr. DAVID McLANE, to Miss SARAH ANN, eldest daughter of Mr. John McFarlane, all of this Parish.

At St. Stephen, on Tuesday 2d May by the Rev. W. Smithson, Robert M. Todd Esquire to Mrs. Mary Bellour all of that Parish.

At Windsor, N.S. on Tuesday 2d inst. by Rev. Richard Knight, Wesleyan Minister, Mr. James Hale, of Fredericton, Merchant, to Elizabeth Ann, eldest daughter of the Rev. John B. Strong, Wesleyan Minister, of the former place.

#### DIED.

At St. Stephen, on Monday last, very suddenly Nathaniel only son of Mr. Simeon McLENNY, aged 7 years.

At Fredericton, on the 5th inst. after a painful illness, Joanna, wife of Mr. Henry Jackson, in the 26th year of her age, deeply regretted by her friends and acquaintances.

At St. John, on the 11th inst. after a lingering illness, which she bore with pious resignation to the Divine Will, Mary, wife of Mr. Bernard Reynolds, aged 51 years, leaving a husband and 5 children to mourn the loss of a kind partner and an indulgent parent.

At Cape Town, Queens County, on the 9th inst. Mrs. Richard Birdsell, relict of the late Dr. Birdsell, Esq., in the 77th year of her age, much respected by all her friends.

At Lunenburg, on the 12th April, awfully sudden, near the Canal Office, Mr. J. H. McDermott, (brother of Mr. Francis McDermott, of St. John), in the employment of the Shannon Commissioners, as Clerk and Head Collector. While standing at the office door he was attacked by a fit of apoplexy, and before medical aid could be afforded him, he expired on the spot. He was formerly of the 9th Regt. and was a man of excellent character.

#### SHIPPING JOURNAL.

##### PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

May 13, schr. Mary Jane, McMaster, Eastport, Sundries to sundry.

—15, " Ann, Digby, Smalle, Wood, Master.

—15, brig Rose Bud, Cathness, Harlepool, Coals, to E. & J. Wilson.

—15, brig Beaver, Shield, Sunderland, Coals, to E. & J. Wilson.

—15, brig Elizabeth Porter, Pathison, Jamaica, Lumber.

—15, schr. Drudge, Smith, Eastport, Laths, to Frye & Co.

—15, " Bee, Clements, Yarmouth, Ballast, Master.

—15, schr. Margaret Jane, Dermont, Westport, Ballast.

—15, " Edward & Mary, Crosby, Yarmouth, Ballast.

—15, schr. Ann, Smalle, Digby, Ballast, Master.

—17, brig. Emerald, Baltimore, Antigua, Lumber & Fish, Thomas Sime, Junr.

ENTR NEWS.—Arrived at Liverpool, 22d April, Britannia, McBean, New Orleans; 24th Apr. Huron, Muir, New Orleans; 28th Lord Seaton, Balmor, St. Andrews.

At Deal, 26th April, bge. Express, Scott, of Yarmouth N. S. from Boston for London with loss of foremast, bowsprit, &c. and other damage having been in contact off the start.

Bque. Flora McDonald, Abbot, spoke by the Pilot boat Hornet, ashore on Campo Bello, on the 17th since got off without damage.

An appalling shipwreck, with great loss of life, took place at Robin Hood Bay, near Whitby, a short time ago, in which not only all the persons on board perished, but all the lifeboat-men who went to their assistance, except one. The calamity was caused by the drunkenness of the crew, most of whom were in a state of intoxication at the time.

POST OFFICE.

ST. ANDREWS, 17th MAY, 1843.

THE Mail to meet the sailing of Her Majesty's Steam Packet Columbia, from Halifax on the 3d Proximo will close at this office, on Sunday the 26th inst. at 6 P. M.

GEO. F. CAMPBELL, Postmaster.

MR. T. B. WILSON,

Has removed his Office, to Mr. Treadwell's new building, fronting on Water Street.

May 18, 1843.

### LAST CONCERT FOR THE SEASON.

THIS EVENING, Thursday, May 18.

The AMATEUR BAND, will give their Last Concert for the Season, THIS EVENING, AT THE TOWN HALL, —8—

Performance will commence at 8 o'clock. Tickets to be had at Copeland's Hotel, & D. Miller's Store, May 18, 1843.

### NEW GOODS.

New-Brunswick CLOTH & FANCY STORE. JOHN IRWIN,

Has just received his Summer Stock of STAPLE & FANCY GOODS,

Of latest fashions and style, which he offers for sale at unusually low prices. The above goods having been recently purchased in the best Markets in Great Britain, enables the Subscriber to dispose of them at such prices as will give general satisfaction. Call and examine for yourselves.

Water Street, St. Andrews, } May 18, 1843.

### S. T. GOVE,

Has just received from Boston, One Case DRUGS &c, principally productions of the Spanish Main.

Also from London, via St. John. 2 HDS. and 4 Cases Medicines, Chemicals &c. &c.

Among which are Refined Liquorice: Pure Turkey Rhubarb: Isinglass: Sallad Oil: Pink and Straw colored Sausers: Luxenby's Pickles and Sauces, King of Onda Sauce: French Olives: Durham Mustard in bottles: Metcalfe Tooth Nail Brushes: Hair powder: 1 Cwt. old Brown Windsor, and fancy Soaps.

2 Cwt. Epsom Salts, 1 cwt. East India Senna &c.

Persons requiring Mr. G's professional services, are requested to knock at the Hall door, whenever the shop may be locked.

St. Andrews, May 17.

### HARDWARE.

By the "Princess Royal" from Liverpool the Subscriber has Received as follows:

4 CASES Hardware Assorted.

1 Case Shoe Thread.

5 Casks, } Nails and Spikes.

23 Bags, } 1 Cask Shot Assorted.

Spades, Shovels, Pick Axes, and Covers, Smith's Axes, &c. &c.

The above with his former stock, comprises a very General Assortment of Hardware, among which are G. Silver Table and Dessert Forks, G. Silver Soup Ladles and Chamber Candelsticks, Ivory Handle Table and Dessert Knives (without locks) &c. &c.

JAMES W. STREET, St. Andrews, May 10, 1843.

### PAINTS, OIL, &c.

The Subscriber has received by the "Syrinx" from Liverpool.

5 Hds. Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil.

5 Hds. } Cognac Brandy.

2 Bbls. } " Martell" and other Brandy.

3 Hds. best Geneva.

40 Kegs best White LEAD.

28 " } Yellow and Black PAINT, &c. &c.

Also.

Ev the "Canton" from the Clyde, via St. John.

22 Kegs Gunpowder.

JAMES W. STREET, May 10, 1843.

### Turnip Seed.

JOHN BOLTON, begs respectfully to inform the Public, that he has for Sale, a large quantity of Turnip Seed consisting of Swedish, White, Globe, and Yellow Aberdeen, which can be had at his own House or at the Store of Mr. Thomas Turner.

Turnip Machines of the best construction can be had by applying to Mr. John Fortune, St. Andrews.

St. Andrews, May 10, 1843.

### NOTICE.

ALL Persons are hereby forbid purchasing a Note of Hand drawn by the Subscriber in favor of Moses P. Perkins, for \$20 in November 1841, and payable on or before the 1st day of September 1842, as the said note has been paid some months since.

THOMAS LINTON, St. George, April 26, 1843.

### CONFECTIONARY STORE.

CHARLES SIMMONDS, Respectfully informs the Inhabitants of St. Andrews, that he has opened a Confectionary store, in the building opposite the store of Win. Babcock & Son, where he will keep Cakes and Fruit of all kinds, Confectionary, Sarsaparilla, Mead, Lemonade, Ginger & Spruce Beer, Cigars, Hot Coffee, Beefsteaks, and Pies. Oysters when in season.

Lunches and Suppers can be had at the shortest notice.

C. S. having served as a WAITER for several years in Hotels and private families, will attend in that capacity, and also furnish parties if required; unexceptionable references as to character &c. from gentlemen in this Province.

St. Andrews, May 11, 1843.

### NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of JOHN PEN-DLETON, Seaman, late of the Parish of West Isles, in the County of Charlotte, deceased, are requested to present the same, duly attested to the Subscriber within six months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said Estate, are required to make immediate payment to

MEHETABLE P FENDLETON, Sole Administratrix.

St. Andrews, May 9, 1843.—1943.

### CHARLOTTE COUNTY.

IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW-BRUNSWICK, IN BRITISH NORTH AMERICA, SS.

In the matter of JOHN YOUNG, a Bankrupt.

WHEREAS, under the Provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of this Province of New-Brunswick, intitled "An Act relating to Bankruptcy in this Province," JAMES YOUNG, of the Parish of St. David, in the County of Charlotte, aforesaid, has been declared a Bankrupt, and has accordingly surrendered himself to me; Now, therefore, I do hereby give Public Notice, that by virtue of the power and authority to me given in and by the said Act, I have appointed Samuel H. Whitehead, of St. Andrews, in the County aforesaid, Gentleman, Provisional Assignee of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt, and I do hereby require all persons indebted to the said Bankrupt to pay to the said Assignee, on or before the first day of June next, all such sums of money, debts or duties as they may owe to the said Bankrupt, and all persons who have in their possession, power or custody any property or effects of the said Bankrupt, to deliver the same up to the said Assignee on or before the said first day of June next. And I do hereby further require all the Creditors of the said Bankrupt resident in the said Province, or in any other of Her Majesty's North American Provinces, or in the West Indies, or in the United States of America, within three months from the date hereof, to deliver to the said Assignee, and to give to my satisfaction their respective claims and demands, whether the same be actually due or to become due against the said Bankrupt.

Given under my hand at Saint Andrews the 5th day of May 1843.

HARRIS HATCH, Commissioner of the Estates and Effects of Bankrupts for the County of Charlotte.

In the matter of James Fraser, an Absent Debtor.

THE Trustee of the Estate and Effects of James Fraser, an Absent Debtor, will proceed to sell Public Auction, at the new Court House in St. Andrews, on Friday the twenty-sixth day of May next, at 12 o'clock, at noon, All the right title, interest, property, claim and demand of James Fraser, of, in, and to all that certain house, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of St. George, in the County of Charlotte, bounded and beginning at a marked Ash tree, distant on a course by the Magnetic Needle, north 2 1/2 degrees, 25 minutes West, 316 chains and 5 1/2 links, from the northern angle of Lot No. 15 on the road leading from St. Andrews to Fredericton, granted to John Hume, thence north 61 chains to a marked cedar tree, thence West 53 chains to the place of beginning. The said piece or parcel of land having been granted to Moses Shaw, containing 300 acres more or less and commonly known as Shaw's Meadow.

Terms made known at time of Sale.

Dated this 9th day of May, 1843.

CHARLES DUFF, Solicitor for the Trustee.

### A. C. O. TRENTOWSKY,

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, AUCTIONEER & BROKER, No. 5, Sand's Fir: Proof Buildings, WATER STREET.

HAVING arranged all former engagements, I beg to offer my services to the Mercantile community and the public generally, in the above capacities, confident that my long experience in business, and general knowledge of the Province, will enable me to do every justice to those who may entrust me with their business.

Having large Fire Proof Buildings in a central part of the City, I shall be prepared to receive GOODS ON CONSIGNMENT, furnish Storage on most reasonable terms, and accommodate those (whose business requires) their remaining here for any length of time, will want a place to dispose of their Goods, either at Auction or private sale.

I am further prepared to give the most satisfactory references.

In connection with the above I shall be constantly on hand a supply of Spruce SPARS of all sizes, Spruce POLES and RICKERS, OARS, Our Rivets, Handspikes, and every description of LUMBER.

On Wharf, end of Charlotte st., Lower St. John, May 9, 1843. Cove.

### Brig "SUSAN WATT,"

BY AUCTION.

ON SATURDAY 20th May next, at 11 o'clock will be sold by Public Auction the new Brig "Susan Watt," 183 Tons O. M. (Copper fastened) together with Masts, Spars, Riggers, Oars, Water Casks, &c. lying at the Wharf of Mr. T. Watt.

JAMES W. STREET, Auctioneer.

St. Andrews, 26th April, 1843.

### Garden and Field Seeds!

The Subscriber has received from the New England Seed Store, Boston, his usual supply of

GARDEN AND FIELD SEEDS. Of last years growth and the best quality, which he will dispose of low, for Cash. As this old established House from which he received these Seeds, is well known in this Province, and having been supplied from the same Establishment for upwards of 22 years, and the Seeds incessantly proving of the best description and fresh, any further notice is deemed unnecessary. The Seeds which he imported last year gave very general satisfaction.

ALSO.

63 Bushels of excellent OATS weighing 42lbs. per bushel, of the Subscribers own raising.

SAMUEL GETTY, St. Andrews, April 27, 1843.—17th.

### Copartnership

THE Subscribers beg to intimate to their friends and the public generally, that they have entered into Copartnership, to carry on the SAIL making business, in this Town and St. Stephen under the firm of

J. & R. Jarvis, They intend to keep on hand a good supply of Goussack Canvas, Bolt Rope, Twine, &c.

JOHN JARVIS, ROBERT JARVIS, St. Andrews, April 26, 1843.

### STORE TO LET.

A TO Let, and possession given immediately, that Store in Water St., recently occupied by James Boyd Esq.

apply to THOMAS WIER, St. Andrews May 1, 1843.

### Public Notice

IS hereby given, that the Subscribers have received from the Clerk of the Peace for this County, Warrants of assessment requiring the following to raise the sum of Two Hundred and twenty eight pounds fifteen shillings, within the Parish of St. Andrews. All persons liable to assessment, are therefore requested to furnish the assessors with statements of their property and income pursuant to the directions of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

S. FRYE, } Assessors of Rates. EDW. WILSON, } GEO. D. STREET, } St. Andrews, April 21, 1843.

### Canvas, Bolt Rope, &c.

To arrive Brig "PRINCESS ROYAL," 110 B. & Goussack CANVAS, 40 Coils Bolt ROPE and Spun YARN, TWINE, MARLINE, &c. &c. J. & R. JARVIS April 25, 1843.

### MARCH 31st 1843.

RUM, SUGAR, TEA, &c.

In Store, and for sale, by the Undersigned

8 PUNCHIONS Jamaica Rum, 4 Hds. } Porto Rico Sugar. 1 Hhd. Refined Sugar 2 Casks Congo & Souchong Tea. Boxes London Spiced Candles, Do. } Moulds & dips do. Do. Soap, and Starch. Hhds. & qr. Casks Madeira & Sherry Wine. Bottled Wine &c. 50 doz. best Old L. P. Madeira. Best Old Port Do. Sherry. Claret sparkling Hock &c. Arrack—Sir John Hope's Old Rum. 100 Doz. London D. B. Stout Porter, } Qts. and Do. Pale Ale. 5 Bags Beer Cakes 7 Gross each. 60 Gross best Wine Corks. Window Glass Assorted Sizes. London White Lead. Black, Yellow and Red paints &c. &c. J. W. STREET. St. Andrews, April 5, 1843.—14th.

### Boards.

150 M. MERCHANTABLE Pine Boards and Plank.

180 M. Long Shingles, For Sale by J. W. STREET. St. Andrews, April 5, 1843.—14

### TO LET,

And possession given on or about the first of May.

THE HOUSE owned by the Subscriber at Antigua Point, at present occupied by Mr. William Young. JACOB PAUL, St. Andrews, April 12, 1843.—15th.

### Steam Notice.

THE "SAXE GOTHIA," having been put in first-rate order, will leave here on TUESDAY next, for Yarmouth, Liverpool, Lauenburgh, and Hildes.

JAMES WHITNEY, St. John, 29th April.

### THE "METEOR"

will start on her first trip for Fredericton on MONDAY Evening next, leaving here on her regular nights as formerly, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, and returning the opposite nights.

### STEAM!

Bay Arrangement.

THE new and substantial Steamer H. T. will commence plying on Saturday next, the 8th instant, leaving Saint John for Digby and Annapolis on Saturday Evenings and Wednesday Mornings, and leaving Annapolis for Saint John on Monday Mornings and Wednesday Evenings, leaving Windsor on Monday Evenings, leaving Windsor on Tuesdays at high water, leaving for Eastport and Saint Andrews on Friday Mornings, and returning same evening.

Time of leaving in the mornings, six o'clock.

April 1, 1843. JAMES WHITNEY.

### FARM

FOR SALE

At Public Auction.

THE Subscriber will offer for sale at Public Auction, (if not previously disposed of) at the Court House in St. Andrews on Saturday, the 5th day of January next—All that certain FARM situate in the Parish of St. James being Lot No. 8 originally granted to the late Niel Morrison, senior, containing Two hundred Acres more or less, together with all improvements, Houses, Barns &c.

The above Farm is at present under high Cultivation, and is one of the most desirable situations in the County of Charlotte, as a farming Establishment being in the heart of the Scotch Settlement.

Apply to JOHN WILSON, W. McLEAN, Auctioneers.

The above Sale is Postponed, until further notice. W. McLEAN.

### WANTED.

A Licensed SCHOOL MISTRESS, to teach a School in a central District, in this Parish—should a suitable one not offer within a few weeks, a Master will find employment.—Apply to the Trustee, or the Subscriber,

JOHN DUNN, Grand Manan, April 20, 1843.

### Five New Works,

For 12 1-2 cents Monthly. Or One Dollar per annum In Advance.

The Publisher of the New World, having determined to exclude all continued stories in the regular weekly issue, announces his intention of giving the whole series of the new works by their popular authors, Dickens, Lever, Annandale and Lever—in one Extra Number, immediately on the arrival of the English steamer, and continue with the same each month hereafter—thus furnishing the latest productions of these authors in advance of every other establishment in this country, and at a price which will not fail to meet the public approval. The following are the Titles of the Novels, the first numbers of which appeared in London on the 1st of January, 1843 and will be re-issued in the Extra New World, in 24 hours after their receipt by the Steamers:

MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT, BY CHARLES DICKENS.

TOM BURKE OF "OURS," BY CHARLES LEVER ESQ.

E. S. D. OR, ACCOUNTS OF IRISH HEIRS, BY SAMUEL LOVER, Accountant for Irish Land Agency.

WINDSOR CASTLE, AN HISTORICAL ROMANCE, BY H. H. ANSLY ORTH.

Author of "The Miser's Daughter," "Gay Fancies," "The Tower of London," &c.

THE ADVENTURES OF ARTHUR O'LEARY, BY CHARLES LEVER.

Author of "Our Men," "Charles O'Malley," &c. &c.

As this edition will be issued in a beautiful octavo form, at one-fourth the cost of any other, we justly anticipate a very large sale; therefore we would our Agents, and others, immediate orders. This will be the last and best American edition.

TERMS.—12 1-2 cents single—\$4 per 100. Post masters, and others, who will procure five numbers for one year and remit the amount (\$4) free of postage, shall receive a sixth copy gratis.)

Ships Articles, Bills of Lading, Discharges for Seamen, Manifests &c. For Sale at this Office.

