

The Times

VOL. 32.

VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, MARCH 11, 1902.

NO. 51.

OBJECT OF THE PRINCE'S VISIT

SEEKS ARRANGEMENT WITH UNITED STATES

Whereby Large Fleet of German Warships May Be Maintained in Caribbean Waters.

New York, March 7.—A special cable to the Herald from Berlin says:

"I am informed from a trustworthy source that the ultimate object of Prince Henry's visit to Washington is to bring about an agreement by which Germany will be permitted to maintain a large fleet in Caribbean waters to serve for the protection of German settlers and property rights imperilled by the frequent revolutions in South American republics. In official correspondence the fleet of German warships assembled at La Guayra is styled as the 'American station.'"

"Capt. Stieg, of the Yinet, has received the title of commander and will be in command of the South American fleet, henceforth flying his own ensign. Although the fleet sent to Venezuela for the enforcement of the rights guaranteed to German capital and citizens already consists of five vessels, it is intended to steadily increase this number. The difficult issue is the acquisition of a repair dock and coaling station. Hope is entertained here that no objection will be made to the maintenance of the fleet in the West Indies, because it is intended to be entirely for defensive purposes and not to acquire territory."

"It is claimed that representations made by Prince Henry and Dr. Von Holleben, the German ambassador at Washington, have convinced the officials in Washington that no covert designs are entertained and that protection only is desired, especially because the Berlin government now undertakes the task of directing the German migration movement to South America. Heretofore the work had been performed by the Hansatic League and Colonial Society's bureau, the home office, of which Count Von Buelow is ex-officio president of."

The affair was attended by a peculiar incident. When the will of General Washington was read after his death it was found that he had willed his five acres to his five nephews with the provision "That they should not be drawn from their seaboard unless in the defence of their country."

The sword presented by Frederick the Great has been strictly kept in its scabbard in compliance with the provisions of the will. When it was handed to Prince Henry he drew the blade from its scabbard and he did not know of the provisions of the will, but he had nevertheless violated them. No mention of the occurrence was made to the Prince."

STEEL CORPORATION.

Reports of Proposed Conversion of Preferred Stock Into Bonds Are Premature.

NEW YORK, MARCH 7.—Leading interests in the United States Steel Corporation say that reports of a proposed conversion of the preferred stock into bonds are premature. It is said that the proposition has been discussed by the financial committee, and has been taken up in a casual way by the directors, but beyond this nothing has been determined.

Accorded to report it is not unlikely that it may be deemed advisable to issue bonds to the extent of \$250,000,000 without any disturbance of the present preferred shares issued. This can be done, it is pointed out, by charging the bonds to the account of one of the subsidiary companies of the steel corporation, but the purchaser of such a move has not been made clear. A report of the leading interests in the steel corporation said today: "It is too early to talk about these things. Measures have not taken any definite shape and may never do so. Besides, final action rests with the stockholders."

Reports from the West telling of the probable resignation of A. H. Garry from the chairmanship of the steel corporation's executive committee are exaggerated.

THE PREMIER OPPOSES THE COWICHAN LINE

He Wants the Railway to Alberni to Run From a Point North of Nanaimo.

Nanaimo, March 7.—Hon. James Dunsmuir assured the delegation from the local board of trade that he will carefully consider the proposed Nanaimo-Alberni railway and will give a conference next week, when he will say what can be done.

He assured the delegation that he will not support the route proposed by Cowichan lake, which Victorians so earnestly desire. He will favor one instead from a point north of Nanaimo.

The delegates expect definite action to be taken almost immediately in the matter. The members on both sides are generally favorable to it.

WASHINGTON'S SWORD.

Prince Henry Violated Will When He Took It From Scabbard.

Albany, N.Y., March 7.—Prince Henry, at the executive building today, was shown the sword presented General Washington by Frederick the Great. The affair was attended by a peculiar incident. When the will of General Washington was read after his death it was found that he had willed his five acres to his five nephews with the provision "That they should not be drawn from their seaboard unless in the defence of their country."

The sword presented by Frederick the Great has been strictly kept in its scabbard in compliance with the provisions of the will. When it was handed to Prince Henry he drew the blade from its scabbard and he did not know of the provisions of the will, but he had nevertheless violated them. No mention of the occurrence was made to the Prince."

STRIKED AT COLLIERIES.

Shamokin, Pa., March 6.—One thousand men and boys went on a strike today at the Natino colliery, operated by the Shamokin Coal Company, because of the five-monthly payments law not being strictly observed. During the past year the employees went on strike to receive their pay regularly, and now they say they will not return to work unless the company guarantees there will be no trouble in the future regarding the disbursement of funds at a stated time, twice a month.

Despite the two-foot snowfall yesterday twenty-five collieries in this region would have been operated today had the railroad company furnished cars. The past two weeks there has been a car famine in this field owing to floods and storms, and the recent storm will prolong the period of scarcity of cars.

MORMONS BUSY.

Urging Young Danish Girls to Attend Their Meetings.

Copenhagen, March 6.—The Mormon missionaries' propaganda here has become so active that they are distributing literature within the Danish churches urging young girls to attend Mormon meetings. Statistics show that one out of every twenty-two Danish immigrants to the United States becomes a Mormon. The clergy, in connection with the government, are continuing their plans to put an end to the proselytizing.

DIGNITY KILLED.

Moyda Merida, Yucatan, March 6.—An engagement of federal troops and the warlike Mayas, commanded by Chief Leon, is reported in which the rebels lost 80 killed and 150 wounded. The encounter took place on the road to Guatemala, near Santa Cruz.

THE ETRURIA'S PASSENGERS.

New York, March 7.—The New York agents of the Cunard line were besieged today with inquiries for information from the disabled steamer Etruria and her passengers. The agents said they had received no further information of the Etruria and all they were able to say was that the steamer Elbe will take off the Etruria's passengers and transport them to Liverpool.

VERY GRATIFYING STATEMENT MADE

INCREASE OF OVER TWO MILLION DOLLARS

The Writ for Beauharnois Election Issued—A B.C. Case Before the Supreme Court.

Ottawa, March 7.—The financial statement of the Dominion for eight months ending February 28th last shows revenue to be \$36,066,737, an increase over the same time last year of \$2,948,300. The expenditure for the same time was \$29,067,067, an increase of \$2,402,223 so that there was a betterment of about half a million dollars. The revenue for the month of February was about one quarter of a million greater than for February 1901. The expenditure on capital account for eight months was \$5,354,872—over two millions greater than for the same time last year—so that there is a surplus of nearly eight millions on ordinary revenue which, when applied to capital expenditure, leaves only a small deficit over all expenditures.

MINER'S ACTION.

In the Supreme court of Canada today Washington vs. Palmer was proceeded with. The plaintiff, a miner, recovered \$4,000 the verdict of a special jury for injuries sustained through falling down a deep shaft in defendant's mine near Van Anda, B. C., called Marble Bay mine, on account of the want of proper buckets and appliances for lowering miners. The majority of the full court in B. C. set aside the verdict and ordered a new trial on grounds of contributory negligence and excessive damages, and plaintiff appeals. Davis & Macdonald for appellant, Cline, K.C. for respondents. The appeal was allowed to the extent of \$3,000 and costs in all courts.

BEAUHARNOIS ELECTION.

The writ for the election in Beauharnois has been issued. Nomination is on the 19th and the election on the 28th.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA FISHERIES COMMISSIONERS HAVE MADE AN INTERIM REPORT TO THE GOVERNMENT, AND ASK THAT THE MATTER BE ALLOWED TO STAND UNTIL THE COMMISSIONERS HAVE TIME TO VIEW THE TRAPS.

SERIOUS WRECK OF A TRAIN IN TEXAS

Cars Were Ditched and Burned, and Thirty-Eight Persons Lost Their Lives.

El Paso, Tex., March 7.—The west-bound Southern Pacific passenger train from San Antonio was wrecked 20 miles west of Sanderson, Tex., this morning. The entire train was ditched and burned. The fireman, engineer and thirty passengers are missing. The wreck was discovered by the telegraph operator at a small station, who wired El Paso for assistance. The wrecking train left immediately for the scene. Only a meagre report has been received here.

THIRTY-EIGHT KILLED.

El Paso, Tex., March 7.—Later reports are to the effect that 38 persons were killed and 40 injured in the wreck. It is now known that the wreck was caused by a broken rail.

CABIN DEMOLISHED.

Miners Buried by Snowslide in Colorado—Disaster at the Liberty Bell.

Telluride, Colo., March 6.—The bodies of Reddin, Bonchen and John Nixon were found yesterday in the ruins of their cabin, which had been crushed by a snowslide. The men were working a mine in Bear Creek basin, about five miles from Telluride. The basin is full of snow and it is feared that other miners have been killed there.

MASONS FOR JERUSALEM.

Eight Hundred American Tourists Reach Jaffa to Attend Gathering.

Jerusalem, March 7.—The steamer Celtic, having on board 800 American tourists destined for this city, arrived at Jaffa yesterday afternoon. One hundred Free Masons, representing every grand lodge in North America, will hold a Masonic meeting at King Solomon's quarries under the auspices of the Royal Solomon mother lodge of Jerusalem.

THE CULTIVATION OF THE PINNACLES IN THE BAHAMAS IS A VERY PROFITABLE UNDERTAKING.

At 24, each acre of pinesplines returns \$40 to \$50.

AGAINST CLAIMANTS.

Spanish Treaty Claims Commission Gives Decision in Maine Case.

Washington, March 6.—The Spanish treaty claims commission has handed down a decision adverse to the claimants on account of death and injuries received on the battleship blown up in Havana harbor. The commission holds that individuals or citizens of one nation may arise against the government of another nation for redress of injuries to persons or property which such citizens may have sustained from such government or any of its agents, but such individual claims do not arise in favor of the officers or seamen of a ship of war who receive in the line of duty injuries to their persons for which a foreign government is responsible. The claim against the foreign government is wholly national and all injuries to such officers and seamen are merged in the national injury; and they can look only to their own government for such remuneration as it may choose to give them.

The claims so far filed with the commission which will be affected by this decision amount to about \$2,500,000, which would probably be increased to \$5,000,000 had the decision been favorable to the claimants.

MARCONI TO VISIT PACIFIC COAST

RUSH OF IMMIGRANTS INTO CANADIAN WEST

The Forestry Association—Paper by Sir Henri Joly—Army Veteran Killed on Railway.

Winnipeg, March 6.—The rush of immigrants into the Canadian west for the season of 1902 has commenced. The Dominion immigration offices are already the scene of great bustle and activity, and the officials are preparing for the greatest season of settlements since its establishment. Nearly 500,000 Ontario settlers arrived today.

IT IS LIKELY THAT MARCONI, THE INVENTOR OF WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY, WILL BE IN WINNIPEG BEFORE VERY LONG.

It is stated that the inventor remarked that on his return to Canada he intended to visit the Canadian west and the Pacific coast.

JUDGE PRENDERGAST, OF ST. BONIFACE, A MEMBER OF THE WINNIPEG COUNTY COURT JUDICIARY, HAS BEEN ELEVATED TO THE SUPREME COURT OF THE NORTHWEST TERRITORIES TO FILL THE VACANCY CAUSED BY THE DEATH OF JUDGE ROULEAU.

Last night the new judge was presented with an illuminated address and a gold watch by St. Boniface citizens. He will take up residence at Prince Albert.

RECEIVED KNOCKOUT BLOW IN A FIGHT ON SATURDAY NIGHT.

Chicago, Ill., March 6.—Samuel Upshaws, known in pugilistic circles as the "Brighton Slasher," is dying at his home as the result of a knockout blow he received in a fight at Bricklayers' hall on Saturday night. The police are searching for his opponent in the battle, but can only learn that he is known as "Young Choyinski," and no one knows where he can be found. It was in the fourth round of the fight that Upshaws received injuries likely to prove fatal. He had received terrific punishment in the second and third rounds, and in the fourth round was sent to the floor. His head struck the floor sharply and he was carried from the ring unconscious and taken to his home. Since that time his condition has been serious and this morning he was reported dying.

VISIT TO BOSTON.

Prince Henry of Prussia and Party Received a Hearty Welcome.

Boston, Mass., March 6.—Prince Henry and party arrived here today. Mayor Collins, with Secretary Curran and President Dole, of the board of aldermen, and President Dolen, of the common council, received the distinguished guests and party. There was a delay of several minutes during which the visitors were escorted to their carriages. The visitors were cheered at every part of their short walk and Prince Henry acknowledged the greetings by saluting. As the line of carriages moved out of the driveway at the end of the station the immense crowd outside began to cheer and the procession made its way through crowds of persons making most hearty demonstrations of welcome.

PAUNEFOTE SUCCESSOR.

Hon. Alfred Lyttelton May Be Next Ambassador at Washington.

(Associated Press.) London, March 7.—The Yorkshire Post today says it learns that Hon. Alfred Lyttelton is likely to succeed Lord Pauncefote as British ambassador at Washington.

DENSE FOGS.

London, March 6.—Dense fogs in the channel are causing numerous mishaps to shipping. At Holyhead a steamer grounded today and her passengers were landed in the vessel's boats. Railroad and street traffic is impeded.

THE COURT-MARTIAL.

Officers Charged With Brutal Treatment of Filipinos.

Washington, March 7.—Acting Secretary Darling, of the navy department, has received a cablegram from the rear-admiral commanding the Asiatic squadron, confirming the press dispatch to the effect that Major Waller and Lieut. Gray, of the marine corps, have been ordered before a court-martial to meet on the 17th inst. This is the extent of the information communicated in Admiral Rogers's dispatch. Nothing is said with regard to the composition of the court, the place of meeting or the charges against officers named.

From other sources, however, it is understood that the court-martial proceedings were instituted by Gen. Chaffee because of charges that the officers named were unnecessarily severe and brutal in their treatment of certain natives in their memorable march across the island of Samar.

DR. JOSEPH PARKER'S REBUKE TO THE KING

Says He Deals a Deadly Blow at the Englishmen's Sunday By Attending Sunday Concerts.

London, March 7.—There was a striking scene in the City Temple yesterday when, during the course of his sermon, the Rev. Joseph Parker, D.D., the minister, administered a pointed rebuke to King Edward, which was loudly applauded by the congregation. Having alluded to public houses as "trap doors of Hell," Dr. Parker referred to the King's recent brewing of beer while visiting Lord Burton.

"Pray for me," said the divine, "that I may speak delicately, loyally. If the King brews beer, what can be wrong in the subject drinking it? What the King does is likely to be imitated by others. His Majesty is more than a man and must regard all questions from a kingly standpoint. If the King goes to a Sunday concert, as he did recently, he deals a deadly blow to the Englishman's Sunday. The King cannot be expected to give up his Sunday concert, but he can go to a Sunday concert."

This remark called forth cries of "shame," and Dr. Parker continued: "If the King, who is the head of the church and defender of the faith, can violate the English Sunday, what can the people do but follow in his steps? I would rather give a great sum in gold than appear to be worldly, but I cannot be loyal to Christ, and it is better that these things should be said."

FUGILIST DYING.

Received Knockout Blow in a Fight on Saturday Night.

Chicago, Ill., March 6.—Samuel Upshaws, known in pugilistic circles as the "Brighton Slasher," is dying at his home as the result of a knockout blow he received in a fight at Bricklayers' hall on Saturday night. The police are searching for his opponent in the battle, but can only learn that he is known as "Young Choyinski," and no one knows where he can be found. It was in the fourth round of the fight that Upshaws received injuries likely to prove fatal. He had received terrific punishment in the second and third rounds, and in the fourth round was sent to the floor. His head struck the floor sharply and he was carried from the ring unconscious and taken to his home. Since that time his condition has been serious and this morning he was reported dying.

VISIT TO BOSTON.

Prince Henry of Prussia and Party Received a Hearty Welcome.

Boston, Mass., March 6.—Prince Henry and party arrived here today. Mayor Collins, with Secretary Curran and President Dole, of the board of aldermen, and President Dolen, of the common council, received the distinguished guests and party. There was a delay of several minutes during which the visitors were escorted to their carriages. The visitors were cheered at every part of their short walk and Prince Henry acknowledged the greetings by saluting. As the line of carriages moved out of the driveway at the end of the station the immense crowd outside began to cheer and the procession made its way through crowds of persons making most hearty demonstrations of welcome.

PAUNEFOTE SUCCESSOR.

Hon. Alfred Lyttelton May Be Next Ambassador at Washington.

(Associated Press.) London, March 7.—The Yorkshire Post today says it learns that Hon. Alfred Lyttelton is likely to succeed Lord Pauncefote as British ambassador at Washington.

DENSE FOGS.

London, March 6.—Dense fogs in the channel are causing numerous mishaps to shipping. At Holyhead a steamer grounded today and her passengers were landed in the vessel's boats. Railroad and street traffic is impeded.

THE PROHIBITION REFERENDUM BILL

SECOND READING IN ONTARIO LEGISLATURE

Dominion Board of Trade—Vice-President for Western Provinces Elected—Want Outsiders Barred.

Toronto, March 5.—The second reading of the prohibition referendum took place in the legislature today. In moving the reading, Premier Ross said the bill had been well received by the three parties interested, the people who wanted prohibition at any cost, those who wanted it on fair terms and those who objected to prohibition. He believed the bill could be enforced. The basis of vote would be that of the election of 1898, which was 453,976. One more than half of this would carry prohibition. The vote on the referendum would take place early in November.

J. B. Bull Dead.

John B. Bull, J. P., 80 years old, is dead. It was Mr. Bull who first introduced the late Hon. Clark Wallace to public life.

Contracts Go To Chicago.

Local contractors are much worked up over the fact that Chicago firms got 19 out of 31 paving contracts recently given out. They are yelling that outside contractors should be barred.

Coadjutor Elected.

Montreal, March 5.—The synod of Montreal this morning elected Rev. Dean Carmichael as coadjutor bishop of Montreal. Among votes were six for Rev. S. U. Tucker, ex-Vancouver, formerly assistant to the successful candidate in St. George's church.

Public in City.

The city was wrecked today for \$10,000 damages. Madame P. P. Bourque, widow of a late civil employe, claims her husband's death was due to the unsanitary condition of the city hall, in which he was employed.

New Stock.

It was learned today on good authority that the new issue of \$10,000,000 common stock of the Dominion Iron & Steel Company will be made to holders of common stock on the basis of two shares to every three held on the date of allotment. The price will be \$25. Three banks—Montreal, Bank of Commerce and Royal Bank—have underwritten \$4,000,000 of the issue, \$2,000,000 each, and it is understood that the remainder of the issue has also been underwritten. A meeting of shareholders to approve of the new issue will be held next week. If the Nova Scotia legislature passes as quickly as expected.

Fatalities.

Copper Cliff, Ont., March 5.—George Legault, an employe of the Ontario Smelting Works was fatally burned by hot nickel dust. He succumbed shortly after the accident. Hayes, an employe of the Canadian Copper Company, was smothered to death in an oil bin.

Wants Fifty Cents.

Ottawa, March 5.—Frances Lablache has taken action against the city for 50 cents damages for the loss of a clay pipe which was broken by the snow falling from the roof of Byward market and striking it.

Dominion Board of Trade.

The Dominion Board of Trade has been reconstituted and officers were elected this morning. John Coats, Ottawa, is president, and Thomas F. Earle, M. P., Victoria, is vice-president for the western provinces. It was recommended that the membership fees be 25 cents, instead of 75 cents. The following boards have affiliated: Vancouver, Victoria, Orillia, Windsor, Hamilton, London, Waterloo, Iroquois, Lindsay, Three Rivers, Pembroke, St. John, North Sydney, Collingwood, Nelson, B. C., and Oakville, Ont.

TORONTO TOPICS.

Toronto, March 6.—Capt. Barker, of the Argonauts, is anxious to raise some American crew before leaving for Honolulu. The club has money for the trip, but does not want to spend it if the crew isn't good enough. For the purpose of finding out it is expected crews of big American universities will be asked to enter into competition with the Argonauts.

The prohibitionists are much disappointed with the latest changes made by the Ross government in the referendum bill. They wanted a vote taken on municipal election day, and object to the vote taken in 1898 being adopted as the standard. The railway subsidies to be granted this season by the Ontario government, according to a statement brought down today, aggregate \$613,000. The second reading of the Prohibition Bill to-night carried by a majority of 13. Mr. Martz, the Conservative member from North Toronto, voted with the government, otherwise the division was on party lines.

Advertisement for 'The Times' newspaper, mentioning 'Signature' and 'Upper'.

Advertisement for 'The Times' newspaper, mentioning 'Victoria' and 'Toronto'.

Advertisement for 'The Times' newspaper, mentioning 'People who' and 'Briggs'.

Advertisement for 'The Times' newspaper, mentioning 'Form good' and 'Flower'.

Advertisement for 'The Times' newspaper, mentioning 'Growers' best' and 'Season's supply'.

Advertisement for 'The Times' newspaper, mentioning 'Wealth' and 'Cabinet'.

Advertisement for 'The Times' newspaper, mentioning 'H. BOWES' and 'Remist'.

Advertisement for 'The Times' newspaper, mentioning 'ONEY IN IT' and 'YOUR'.

METHUEN WOUNDED AND A PRISONER

FOUR GUNS WERE ALSO CAPTURED BY BOERS

The British Lost Forty-one Killed and Seventy-seven Wounded—Story of the Fight.

(Associated Press.) London, March 10.—4.33 p. m.—Gen. Methuen and four guns have been captured by General Delarey.



GENERAL LORD METHUEN.

beach and Palmietkail. The Boers charged three sides. Five hundred and fifty men have come in at Maribog and Kraaipan. They were pursued by the Boers four miles from the scene of the action.

released the major and his companions. General Methuen was wounded in the thigh. Three British officers and 88 men were killed, 5 officers and 72 men wounded and one officer and 200 men are missing.

GERMAN VIEWS

Of Prince Henry's Visit to the United States. Berlin, March 8.—A progressive newspaper that usually is not a particular admirer of the monarchy finds compliments of the way in which Admiral Prince Henry of Prussia has pleased the Americans.

COAST-KOOTENAY WILL COME FIRST

Deemed at Ottawa to Be of Greatest Importance to Province—Authoritative Statement From Ottawa.

(Special to the Times.) Ottawa, Ont., March 9.—Premier Dunsmuir has applied to the Dominion government for a subsidy of \$6,400 a mile for his railway from Comox to Cape Scott. This is the only railway the Premier has formally applied for assistance to. It is pretty well understood in the lobbies that there will be no railway subsidy this year.

DUNSMUIR OPPOSED UNION.

Ottawa, March 9.—Ralph Smith is in Toronto. He wires as follows: "Cannot understand McInnes's statement. Have been trying for years to amalgamate Island miners. Dunsmuir always refused such union. I contended with him personally many times in favor of it."

A NEW TRIAL

Granted in Case of Miss Morrison, Charged with Murdering Her Rival.

Topoka, Kan., March 8.—Jessie Morrison, who was convicted of the second degree murder for the killing of Mrs. Clara Wiley Castle, of Eldorado, a year ago, has been granted a new trial by the supreme court. The court holds that there was an error in the empanelling of the jury, which tried Miss Morrison.

PAPER DEALERS.

Wholesalers in New York Decide to Form Association.

New York, March 8.—Forty-two of the large wholesale dealers in paper today formed an organization to be known as the Wholesale Paper Dealers' Association of the City of New York.

GRANBY SMELTER.

Grand Forks, B. C., March 8.—The weekly tonnage of the Granby smelter shows a marked increase now that the three furnaces are in operation. For the week ending to-day the plant treated 7,940 tons of ore, an average of 1,003 tons daily. The total tonnage treated to date is 333,350.

THE TRAIN DISASTER.

San Francisco, March 8.—The following statement has been issued by the Southern Pacific officials with reference to the disaster near Maxon on Friday morning: "Superintendent Martin reports that the accident occurred two and a half miles east of Maxon at 2.35 a. m. Conductor Stockwell reports that the speed was not fast at the time of the derailment, and in his opinion the derailment was due to an obstruction on the track. The two day and mail cars, one coach, one chair car, three tourists' sleepers and one first class sleeper were completely destroyed by fire."

SHAMAKA EARTHQUAKE.

Over Three Thousand Dwelling Houses Were Destroyed.

Baku, Russian Trans-Caucasia, March 8.—The official report of the committee which has been investigating the recent earthquake at Shamaka indicates that 123 villages, with a total of 9,048 houses, were included in the area of the disturbances; that 3,496 houses were destroyed and 3,943 damaged. Beside the dwellings, 4,163 farm buildings, 11 churches, 22 mosques, 4 factories and 3 schools were seriously damaged.

KAISER'S YACHT.

New York, March 8.—The foremost of the German Emperor's yacht Meteor was stepped to-day. The mast is 80 feet high and 22 inches in diameter and is of Oregon pine. There was no ceremony on the placing of the mast into position. The mainmast will be stepped on Tuesday, and it is expected that the bowsprit will be put in place on that day.

Free. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser in paper covers is sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of cutting and mailing only, or 50 stamps for cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Nothing in the world is such a comfort and joy as a healthy, hearty, rosy-cheeked, happy baby. Babies can be kept in perfect health only by having at hand and administering when needed some purely vegetable harmless remedy and of all this class of medicines Baby's Own Tablets are conceded to be the best.

FOR CONSTIPATION,

colic, diarrhoea, simple fevers, sour stomachs, teething babies, indigestion and sleeplessness these tablets are a really wonderful cure. You can give them to the smallest baby without the slightest fear. Dissolved in water, they will be taken readily. They contain absolutely not a particle of opiate or other injurious drugs. They are small, sweet lozenges that any baby will take without objection and their action is prompt and pleasant. They will tone up the whole system and make the little one as hearty and free from infantile disorders as any mother could wish. They cost 25 cents a box. All druggists sell them or they may be secured by sending the price direct and the tablets will be forwarded prepaid.



SITUATION IN IRELAND.

It Is Believed the United Irish League Will Be Proclaimed.

London, March 8.—It is understood that the cabinet council which was called for yesterday has been postponed until next Tuesday, owing to the continued illness of A. J. Balfour, the first lord of the treasury, and the absence in Ireland of Earl Cadogan, lord lieutenant of Ireland.

SPANISH REGENCY.

Report That the Queen Regent Will Continue to Rule.

London, March 8.—The Daily Mail this morning publishes a letter from its Madrid correspondent saying that all the important newspapers discuss the necessity of prolonging the regency, owing to the incapacity of King Alfonso to exercise the functions of a sovereign. There is talk of forming a sort of King's council, says the latter, to be composed of the Queen Regent, the president of the cortes, the Archbishop of Toledo and the ex-president of the council of ministers.

UNFORTUNATE ERROR.

Last Body From Mine, Believed to Be Blakeley, Identified as James Pollock.

Nanaimo, March 10.—An unfortunate mistake in connection with identifying the bodies of the miners taken from extension mine occurred. Among those interred a week ago yesterday was what was believed to be Jas. Pollock, whose widow now lives in Comox.

ANOTHER DEFEAT.

Panama, March 8.—For the last two days it has been persistently rumored here that the government forces have sustained a severe defeat. It is said that when the Colombian gunboat Boyaca landed reinforcements at Chiriqui, the civil and military chief of the province, R. Lastra, prepared to attack the revolutionists at San Pablo, about five miles from David, and sent Col. Luque forward with 200 recruits. The latter, not knowing the country well, are said to have been surprised by 500 of the enemy between two embankments, from which position the revolutionists were able to shoot down the government soldiers. Many of the latter are understood to have been made prisoners.

MINISTER AT WASHINGTON.

Washington, March 8.—The state department has as yet received no intimation of the selection of a successor to Lord Pauncefote. It has had the impression that the choice, when made, would fall to one of the four under-secretaries of the British foreign office, as it was understood that each of them desired the post. If Mr. Littleton has been selected for the part at Washington the action marks a departure from the usual custom of consulting the other government as to the acceptability of the appointee. As far as can be learned Lord Pauncefote's plans for the coming summer do not contemplate a journey beyond the shores of this country.

TOD SLOAN.

No Decision Yet Reached by Jockey Club Regarding His Reinstatement.

London, March 8.—The American jockeys in England express little hope of Tod Sloan's reinstatement on the turf. It is considered among Sloan's friends that he followed Lord Marcus Beresford's advice to apply for a license and that the jockey club is suspending its decision, pending a reply from the Paris Jockey Club concerning its desire in the matter.

ROSSLAND SHIPMENTS.

Rossland, March 8.—The shipments from the Rossland camp for the eight days ending to-night are 8,030 tons, as follows: Le Roi, 6,000 tons; Le Roi No. 2, 1,250 tons; Cascade, 90 tons; Bonanza, 30 tons. The aggregate for the year is thus brought up to 55,928 tons. Shipments will be commenced from the Centre Star and War Eagle mines on Monday.

REGULATING

The action of the late commissioners in passing resolutions to the police to "regulate" the city has been excused. The Colonist says the regulations are unjust; Mr. Price was hastily done, that passed at the same time published would have some other forms of vice, gambling, etc. Well, we consider the commissioners were most anxious to do their duty. It was wrong, it is to defy the sentiments of the city. The day has gone, what it really amounted to in any part of Canada. The fact that of the officials were included in itself proves that something more than "Price is also entirely wrong that if there had not been nothing would have been solution. It would have in the Times and in the we believe, because both themselves on record in has been represented to the ling is an "industry," an brings people to a town lively. All we have to do if our existence depended tenancing of such practices for us to give up the permit them. It is true forms of vice, gambling, etc. credit places; and it can a credible thing to be for many of those who pass community can be saved from the curse it brings. All these things have in the experience of other can do all in our power to a certain kind by preventing society from openly parts. Would that have been "hastily prepared?" We cannot understand what he considered a political except in the sense that it governments to their, making agreement. This element cannot be a very in a community, this is not even a miniature Mo do not believe we shall

BRITISH POLITICS.

Report That Chamberlain Will Succeed Salisbury is Speculative.

London, March 8.—With reference to a report that William Waldorf Astor had signified his willingness to become a candidate for parliament for the Epsom division of Surrey, the chief agent of the Conservative party, Mr. Richard W. E. Middleton, said to-day that there would be no vacancy in the Epsom division until the next general election, and that he had heard nothing about Mr. Astor's candidacy.

GENERAL ARRESTED.

Taken Into Custody By Order of the Sultan—Unpleasant at Constantinople.

Constantinople, March 4.—General Chakir Pasha, a brother of the late Grand Vizier, has been arrested at Kiosk, Island of Prinkipos, about 12 miles from Constantinople, in the sea of Marmora. The Sultan ordered Said Edin Pasha, the military commander of Constantinople, to personally arrest General Chakir Pasha. Accompanied by 15 officers he started from Constantinople in a launch, crossed the Bosphorus and landed on the Skurtari shore at 2 o'clock in the morning. The party took a special train to Kartal and then in small boats proceeded to the Island of Prinkipos, where they effected the arrest. The successive incarcerations and banishments of important dignitaries are causing widespread uneasiness here.

OVER ONE HUNDRED LOST.

Honkong, March 8.—It is reported from Canton that a river steamer, plying on the Canton river, ran down a native passenger boat and that 150 passengers were drowned.

12 Minutes for Lunch.

That is the average time spent in a large city restaurant by three thousand lunchers. It takes three hours to digest a fresh egg, soft boiled; three hours to digest fresh roast beef. In fact, three hours is about the time required to digest the average twelve minute lunch. The object of the busy lunch is to let the busy man get back to his office work. But when the brain is active, the stomach is inactive for lack of necessary blood. The natural consequence is indigestion, and indigestion opens the door to many diseases.

INDIGESTION IS CURED BY THE USE OF DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

Indigestion is cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, and enables the perfect digestion and assimilation of food.

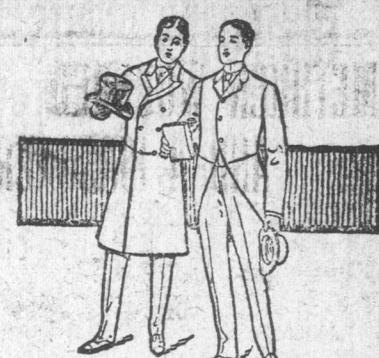
"It is with heartfelt gratitude that I send this testimonial which I wish you to publish with my name and address," writes Mr. Willis Seaman, of Washingtonville, Orange Co., N. Y. "I had stomach trouble from childhood and suffered with it more or less as I grew up. At the age of 16 I was unable to eat without distress. My food was not able to work half the time. Every thing I tried only gave me temporary relief. My wife finally persuaded me to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and 'Pleasant Pellets.' I took a bottle of Milk Golden Medical Discovery and two vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and in a few days I was able to eat any kind of food, and I am 27 years old and this is the first time I have ever been well."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser in paper covers is sent free on receipt of 31 one-cent stamps to pay expense of cutting and mailing only, or 50 stamps for cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



B. WILLIAMS & CO., CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND OUTFITTERS, 63-70 YATES STREET.

A Large Shipment of "ROYAL BRAND" and "20TH CENTURY" Clothing just to hand. Perfect fitting! Ready to wear!! Eastern Tailor-made Suits to measure. Fit guaranteed.



A WIDE-OPEN TOWN!

The Police Commissioners of this city have passed a resolution ordering the Chief of Police to permit the gambling houses to conduct their nefarious business openly. It is not necessary for the Times to say one word in condemnation of the action of these public-spirited and enterprising gentlemen. If there be not a sufficient number of people in this place having proper regard for the reputation of our city to rise up and demand, not the rescinding of such a reactionary resolution, but the immediate dismissal by the provincial government of commissioners who have but recently been appointed by it, and have such a perverted idea of their duty to the community, we shall be very much disappointed. It is not necessary to comment upon the matter further. God knows there are plenty of secret pitfalls digged and nets spread for the feet of the young men of Victoria without the doors of gambling houses being thrown invitingly open. We really believed we had passed the stage when such an outrageous attempt to throw back the hands of the clock on time and place us upon the level of a western mining town of the United States had forever passed away. It seems we were mistaken. The citizens of Victoria had no conception of the manner of men who have been placed over them, although they might have guessed if they had not wittingly shut a position where they can be reached; and if the law-abiding and self-respecting people of Victoria do not reach forth and grasp them and deal with them as they deserve to be dealt with, then we have been very much mistaken in regard to the sentiments of this place. It is time for a thorough clean-up, and before it is completed we believe a certain element which has managed to lodge itself by some means or other high up in the councils of the province will be sorry it did not remain in the obscurity in which it can only thrive.

We congratulate Mayor Hayward on the firm stand he has taken in this matter. He truly represented the attitude of the people and he deserves, and will receive, the thanks of the people.

"REGULATING" VICE.

The action of the late police commissioners in passing resolutions instructing the police to "regulate" gambling in the city has been excused on two grounds. The Colonist says the resolutions were injudicious; Mr. Price says the work was hastily done, that other resolutions passed at the same time if they had been published would have shown that the commissioners were anxious to do their duty in the matter of the suppression of other forms of vice, and that if there had not been a political contest on nothing would have been heard of the matter. Well, we consider the action of the commissioners was more than injudicious. It was wrong. It was an attempt to defy the sentiments of the community. The day has gone by when an excuse to license gambling—for that is what it really amounted to—will be tolerated in any part of the Dominion of Canada. The fact that the commissions of the officials were immediately cancelled in itself proves that the work was something more than injudicious. Mr. Price is also entirely wrong in saying that we had not been heard of the resolution. It would have been published in the Times and in the Colonist, too, we believe, because both papers have put themselves on record in this matter. It has been represented to them that gambling is an "industry," an attraction. It brings people to a town and makes it lively. All we have to say is that even if our existence depended upon the countenance of such practices it were better for us to give up the civic ghost than permit them. It is true that, like other forms of vice, gambling can be made to hide its head. It can be driven into secret places; and it can be made a discreditable thing to be found in the company of those who practice it. The community can be saved to some extent from the curse it brings upon its votaries. All these things have been proved in the experience of other cities. We can do all in our power to save the young and inexperienced from temptations of a certain kind by preventing the harpies of society from openly practicing their arts. Would that there had been accomplished under the resolutions which were "hastily prepared?"

We cannot understand why this should be considered a political matter at all, except in the sense that it should awaken governments to their responsibilities in making appointments. The gambling element cannot be a very influential one in a community of this size. We are not even a miniature Monte Carlo, and we do not believe we shall ever become one. The liquor business has no immediate connection with that of gambling, although in the minds of many ill-informed and well-meaning people there is always such an association. In isolated instances there may be a remote connection. The respectable hotel and saloon keepers will be the first to disavow such an association. They know that it is in their material interests, even if they have no higher aim, to conduct their businesses in a lawful and respectable manner. Therefore we say it is lamentable if there be any political significance in the agitation that has arisen on account of this gambling scandal.

We join with the commissioners in demanding the fullest investigation. Let the rumors that are being circulated to the effect that one place was to be compelled to pay \$50 a week, another \$75 a week, and the Chinese lotteries \$300 a month for police surveillance, be traced to their source. We know nothing as to their authenticity. They may be merely the result of the ill-advised action of the commissioners. Such a regulation could not but set people talking and asking to what purpose this fund was to be devoted after it was collected. Speculation is also bound to ensue as to the immense extent of the floodings of the lambs who venture within the evil precincts when single institutions are considered able to pay such enormous sums for the "legalising," in as far as the commissioners could do it, of their business. All things considered, it is probably not surprising that young men sometimes are found to be short in their accounts. While such places are long, other places are bound to be short. In the interests of the public, therefore, we say that this most insidious form of vice, this most demoralising of all the vices, must be stamped out, and that no attempt to regulate it should be countenanced.

Information received from Quesnelle is to the effect that there is serious trouble with the Indians in the vicinity of Fort George. E. L. Kepner, the Hudson Bay Company manager at Fort George, arrived at Quesnelle and stated that the Indians were endeavoring to take possession of the fort. One Indian, holding that the rest, attempted to throw Mr. Kepner out of his office, and having been defeated in this came again with an ax, and threatened to kill him. This Indian also threatened to gather the other members of his tribe and take possession of the fort. Mr. Kepner, seeing that the Indians were in a serious mood, made the fort as strong as possible, left his Chinese cook in charge and came down to Quesnelle. From Quesnelle he got into communication with the provincial authorities, and Attorney-General Eberts forwarded instructions to send several specials from that point to the scene of trouble, and they were to quell the disturbances and punish the Indians. James Thompson, the general manager of the Hudson Bay Company, was seen today in reference to the matter. He corroborated the report of trouble, having received a statement from Mr. Kepner. There were no particulars besides those given above. Mr. Thompson was through that district last year, and in his opinion the Fort George Indians are the worst in British Columbia. They are continually giving trouble. He instructed Mr. Kepner to return with the specials to Fort George to assist the officers in bringing the offending Indians to justice.

Fort George is situated at the confluence of the Nechaco and the Fraser river. It is about ninety miles north of Quesnelle. The nearest Indian agencies are at Clinton and Hazelton, both a considerable distance from Fort George. Travelling is very difficult at this season of the year, so that the Indians take advantage of the lack of supervision and give trouble without prosecution.

OBOL RHODES.
Company Officials Say He is Conducting Business as Usual.

London, March 8.—While private telegrams from Capetown to-day report that Cecil Rhodes is in a critical condition, the officials here of the British Chartered South African Company say Mr. Rhodes is conducting his business as usual. In two cable dispatches received from Mr. Rhodes this morning his illness was not mentioned.

FOUL, LOATHSOME, DISGUSTING CATARRH!
SECURE RELIEF IN TEN MINUTES AND A RADICAL CURE.

Does your head ache? Have you pains over your eyes? Is there a constant dripping in the throat? Is the breath offensive? These are certain symptoms of Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will surely cure you of Disordered Throat, Stomach, or Lungs. It is a most powerful remedy. If you have had Catarrh a week it is a sure cure. If it is only a day it is a sure cure. It is never failed. Sold by Jackson & Co. and Bell & Co.

A LONE MARINER'S TERRIBLE TRIALS
SUSPENDED THIRTEEN DAYS ON FLOUR ONLY
His Sloop Twice Turned Over on Voyage From Nome—Sighted a Derelict.

A terrible tale of hardship, of starvation and shipwreck is told by C. Anderson, a Swede, who arrived from the West Coast on the steamer Queen City on Sunday. Anderson left Nome on or about the 23rd of November last. He voyaged south in a small sloop of his own construction, and made fair headway until reaching the latitude of the Straits, some three or four months ago. Here his little craft was struck twice by a hurricane and capsized, but righted herself in a miraculous manner. On the last occasion, however, everything but a little flour was lost, and for thirteen days, until picked up by a tugboat, Anderson subsisted on this alone.

INDIAN UPRISING AT FORT GEORGE THREATENED TO KILL THE RESIDENT MANAGER
Of the Hudson's Bay Company—Specials Sent up to Quell the Disturbance.

Information received from Quesnelle is to the effect that there is serious trouble with the Indians in the vicinity of Fort George. E. L. Kepner, the Hudson Bay Company manager at Fort George, arrived at Quesnelle and stated that the Indians were endeavoring to take possession of the fort. One Indian, holding that the rest, attempted to throw Mr. Kepner out of his office, and having been defeated in this came again with an ax, and threatened to kill him. This Indian also threatened to gather the other members of his tribe and take possession of the fort.

REVELSTOCKE.
Mrs. Hopkinson, a passenger on No. 2 on Sunday, March 2nd, died on the train. She was on her way from Revelstoke to Vancouver, accompanied by her husband, to enjoy a fortune which had been left her. The body was taken off at Revelstoke, embalmed and coffined and taken on to Liverpool on Monday morning.

GREENWOOD.
The Greenwood Miners' Union, No. 22, elected its officers and trustees for the ensuing term as follows: Donald McClelland, president; Samuel McClelland, vice-president; James F. Dougherty, secretary; H. C. Morrison, recording secretary; George Davidson, conductor; Nels. Larson, warder; S. McClelland, N. Larson, Murdoch Kempf, H. E. Egnellier and J. D. Whelan, trustees. During the six months just closed, Greenwood Miners' Union has paid out \$1,150 as sick benefits on account of sick members. Its membership has during the same period been about doubled, the numbers having increased from somewhere near 125 at the commencement of the period to 250 at its close.

ANOTHER HOLD-UP.
Another hold-up occurred on the Skeanich road on Saturday night last, but from the standpoint of the highwaymen it was not as successful as the one in which Jos. Ball was the victim. James Fraser, an employee of the Truck & Dray Company, was driving toward town, and was almost on the spot where the other hold-up took place when two men sprang out, grasping the bridle, brought the horses to a standstill.

PROVINCIAL NEWS
REVELSTOCKE.
Rev. A. E. Green, of Vancouver, temperance organizer for the province, addressed a large meeting in the Methodist church on Tuesday evening. A lodge of Good Templars was organized with a charter membership of twenty-five, with Mr. Lindemerk as president.

REVELSTOCKE.
The death occurred on Wednesday morning of Mrs. Peter Serrold, aged 31 years, from pneumonia. She was a native of Christiania, Norway.

NELSON.
At the residence of her father, Wm. Ebbs, on Wednesday night, Miss Essie Ebbs was united in marriage to E. J. Boren, of Leo, Bell & Co., Rev. J. H. White officiating.

KAMLOOPS.
The residence of F. Dyon was the scene of a happy gathering on Saturday night last, at 9 o'clock, when Charles Armstrong and Miss Alice McCaughey, both of this city, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony, the Rev. A. W. McLeod tying the nuptial knot. Miss Agnes Latremouille acted as bridesmaid and F. E. Counter acted in the capacity of best man.

TRAIL.
A large tower and belfry is being built to the Methodist church for the reception of their magnificent 750 pound bell, which has been standing in the church all winter. The plans for the tower, which a good foundation could be made to support the tower.

TROUT LAKE CITY.
It is surprising what energy will do when applied. Last week a committee was appointed to look after the preliminary arrangements for establishing a hospital in Trout Lake, now there is 600 on the list. The hospital will be built without the shadow of a doubt, whether we obtain assistance from the government or not. It has not been definitely decided yet what the Union intend to do, but it is likely that they will support the present hospital until such time as they decide to erect and run one themselves.

REVELSTOCKE.
Mrs. Hopkinson, a passenger on No. 2 on Sunday, March 2nd, died on the train. She was on her way from Revelstoke to Vancouver, accompanied by her husband, to enjoy a fortune which had been left her. The body was taken off at Revelstoke, embalmed and coffined and taken on to Liverpool on Monday morning.

GREENWOOD.
The Greenwood Miners' Union, No. 22, elected its officers and trustees for the ensuing term as follows: Donald McClelland, president; Samuel McClelland, vice-president; James F. Dougherty, secretary; H. C. Morrison, recording secretary; George Davidson, conductor; Nels. Larson, warder; S. McClelland, N. Larson, Murdoch Kempf, H. E. Egnellier and J. D. Whelan, trustees. During the six months just closed, Greenwood Miners' Union has paid out \$1,150 as sick benefits on account of sick members. Its membership has during the same period been about doubled, the numbers having increased from somewhere near 125 at the commencement of the period to 250 at its close.

PROVINCIAL NEWS
REVELSTOCKE.
Rev. A. E. Green, of Vancouver, temperance organizer for the province, addressed a large meeting in the Methodist church on Tuesday evening. A lodge of Good Templars was organized with a charter membership of twenty-five, with Mr. Lindemerk as president.

REVELSTOCKE.
The death occurred on Wednesday morning of Mrs. Peter Serrold, aged 31 years, from pneumonia. She was a native of Christiania, Norway.

NELSON.
At the residence of her father, Wm. Ebbs, on Wednesday night, Miss Essie Ebbs was united in marriage to E. J. Boren, of Leo, Bell & Co., Rev. J. H. White officiating.

KAMLOOPS.
The residence of F. Dyon was the scene of a happy gathering on Saturday night last, at 9 o'clock, when Charles Armstrong and Miss Alice McCaughey, both of this city, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony, the Rev. A. W. McLeod tying the nuptial knot. Miss Agnes Latremouille acted as bridesmaid and F. E. Counter acted in the capacity of best man.

TRAIL.
A large tower and belfry is being built to the Methodist church for the reception of their magnificent 750 pound bell, which has been standing in the church all winter. The plans for the tower, which a good foundation could be made to support the tower.

TROUT LAKE CITY.
It is surprising what energy will do when applied. Last week a committee was appointed to look after the preliminary arrangements for establishing a hospital in Trout Lake, now there is 600 on the list. The hospital will be built without the shadow of a doubt, whether we obtain assistance from the government or not. It has not been definitely decided yet what the Union intend to do, but it is likely that they will support the present hospital until such time as they decide to erect and run one themselves.

REVELSTOCKE.
Mrs. Hopkinson, a passenger on No. 2 on Sunday, March 2nd, died on the train. She was on her way from Revelstoke to Vancouver, accompanied by her husband, to enjoy a fortune which had been left her. The body was taken off at Revelstoke, embalmed and coffined and taken on to Liverpool on Monday morning.

GREENWOOD.
The Greenwood Miners' Union, No. 22, elected its officers and trustees for the ensuing term as follows: Donald McClelland, president; Samuel McClelland, vice-president; James F. Dougherty, secretary; H. C. Morrison, recording secretary; George Davidson, conductor; Nels. Larson, warder; S. McClelland, N. Larson, Murdoch Kempf, H. E. Egnellier and J. D. Whelan, trustees. During the six months just closed, Greenwood Miners' Union has paid out \$1,150 as sick benefits on account of sick members. Its membership has during the same period been about doubled, the numbers having increased from somewhere near 125 at the commencement of the period to 250 at its close.

PROVINCIAL NEWS
REVELSTOCKE.
Rev. A. E. Green, of Vancouver, temperance organizer for the province, addressed a large meeting in the Methodist church on Tuesday evening. A lodge of Good Templars was organized with a charter membership of twenty-five, with Mr. Lindemerk as president.

REVELSTOCKE.
The death occurred on Wednesday morning of Mrs. Peter Serrold, aged 31 years, from pneumonia. She was a native of Christiania, Norway.

NELSON.
At the residence of her father, Wm. Ebbs, on Wednesday night, Miss Essie Ebbs was united in marriage to E. J. Boren, of Leo, Bell & Co., Rev. J. H. White officiating.

KAMLOOPS.
The residence of F. Dyon was the scene of a happy gathering on Saturday night last, at 9 o'clock, when Charles Armstrong and Miss Alice McCaughey, both of this city, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony, the Rev. A. W. McLeod tying the nuptial knot. Miss Agnes Latremouille acted as bridesmaid and F. E. Counter acted in the capacity of best man.

TRAIL.
A large tower and belfry is being built to the Methodist church for the reception of their magnificent 750 pound bell, which has been standing in the church all winter. The plans for the tower, which a good foundation could be made to support the tower.

TROUT LAKE CITY.
It is surprising what energy will do when applied. Last week a committee was appointed to look after the preliminary arrangements for establishing a hospital in Trout Lake, now there is 600 on the list. The hospital will be built without the shadow of a doubt, whether we obtain assistance from the government or not. It has not been definitely decided yet what the Union intend to do, but it is likely that they will support the present hospital until such time as they decide to erect and run one themselves.

REVELSTOCKE.
Mrs. Hopkinson, a passenger on No. 2 on Sunday, March 2nd, died on the train. She was on her way from Revelstoke to Vancouver, accompanied by her husband, to enjoy a fortune which had been left her. The body was taken off at Revelstoke, embalmed and coffined and taken on to Liverpool on Monday morning.

GREENWOOD.
The Greenwood Miners' Union, No. 22, elected its officers and trustees for the ensuing term as follows: Donald McClelland, president; Samuel McClelland, vice-president; James F. Dougherty, secretary; H. C. Morrison, recording secretary; George Davidson, conductor; Nels. Larson, warder; S. McClelland, N. Larson, Murdoch Kempf, H. E. Egnellier and J. D. Whelan, trustees. During the six months just closed, Greenwood Miners' Union has paid out \$1,150 as sick benefits on account of sick members. Its membership has during the same period been about doubled, the numbers having increased from somewhere near 125 at the commencement of the period to 250 at its close.

PROVINCIAL NEWS
REVELSTOCKE.
Rev. A. E. Green, of Vancouver, temperance organizer for the province, addressed a large meeting in the Methodist church on Tuesday evening. A lodge of Good Templars was organized with a charter membership of twenty-five, with Mr. Lindemerk as president.

TO TRACK BOERS.
The suggestion of Lord Kitchener that a number of native trackers should accompany the new contingent of bushmen from Australia for service in South Africa is a splendid one and one which should be fully compensated for the use of the ground by the increased passenger receipts.

THE HUMAN BLOODHOUNDS OF AUSTRALIA
On the Trail
The suggestion of Lord Kitchener that a number of native trackers should accompany the new contingent of bushmen from Australia for service in South Africa is a splendid one and one which should be fully compensated for the use of the ground by the increased passenger receipts.

THE HUMAN BLOODHOUNDS OF AUSTRALIA
On the Trail
The suggestion of Lord Kitchener that a number of native trackers should accompany the new contingent of bushmen from Australia for service in South Africa is a splendid one and one which should be fully compensated for the use of the ground by the increased passenger receipts.

THE HUMAN BLOODHOUNDS OF AUSTRALIA
On the Trail
The suggestion of Lord Kitchener that a number of native trackers should accompany the new contingent of bushmen from Australia for service in South Africa is a splendid one and one which should be fully compensated for the use of the ground by the increased passenger receipts.

THE HUMAN BLOODHOUNDS OF AUSTRALIA
On the Trail
The suggestion of Lord Kitchener that a number of native trackers should accompany the new contingent of bushmen from Australia for service in South Africa is a splendid one and one which should be fully compensated for the use of the ground by the increased passenger receipts.

THE HUMAN BLOODHOUNDS OF AUSTRALIA
On the Trail
The suggestion of Lord Kitchener that a number of native trackers should accompany the new contingent of bushmen from Australia for service in South Africa is a splendid one and one which should be fully compensated for the use of the ground by the increased passenger receipts.

THE HUMAN BLOODHOUNDS OF AUSTRALIA
On the Trail
The suggestion of Lord Kitchener that a number of native trackers should accompany the new contingent of bushmen from Australia for service in South Africa is a splendid one and one which should be fully compensated for the use of the ground by the increased passenger receipts.

THE HUMAN BLOODHOUNDS OF AUSTRALIA
On the Trail
The suggestion of Lord Kitchener that a number of native trackers should accompany the new contingent of bushmen from Australia for service in South Africa is a splendid one and one which should be fully compensated for the use of the ground by the increased passenger receipts.

THE HUMAN BLOODHOUNDS OF AUSTRALIA
On the Trail
The suggestion of Lord Kitchener that a number of native trackers should accompany the new contingent of bushmen from Australia for service in South Africa is a splendid one and one which should be fully compensated for the use of the ground by the increased passenger receipts.

Generous

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Press Gallery, March 6th.

The bulk of this afternoon's session was taken up with Mr. McPhillips's contribution to the debate on the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne. His speech was punctuated with frequent interruptions from the government side, which he generally succeeded in turning on his interrupters. The close of the afternoon session was remarkable for the insistent fight put up by the opposition for the full details of the government's railway negotiations and the refusal of the government to disclose the same. There was a murmur of dissent when the Speaker intimated that the House would sit again in the evening.

The night session developed the absolute inefficiency of the administration. The opposition assailed the treasury benches for failing to produce telegrams regarding the Canada Northern, and Capt. Tatlow accused the Premier of venting the Comox & Cape Scott railway charter to Mackenzie & Mann. The damaging accusation elicited no reply, but caused manifest discontent on the government benches. Finally to avoid further trouble the Premier moved an adjournment till Tuesday, and this finally carried.

NORTH VICTORIA WARRANTY.

Speaking to the motion regarding the issuance of the North Victoria writ, Mr. Murphy marvelled that the constitution had to be invoked to justify the opposition's position when for months the government had been breaking that constitution. He pointed out that a redistribution bill was promised for next week, yet North Victoria would be deterred from a voice in framing that. The House was asked to accept the assurance of the government, but the speaker thought in view of the assurance of the government in the case of Victoria and their conduct in that respect that this assurance was scarcely worthy of acceptance.

The Provincial Secretary again rose and said the Speaker's warrant was issued only on the 4th, and on the 6th, to-day, steps had already been taken to fill that vacancy, and an order-in-council drawn up for the signature of the President of the Council.

Mr. McPhillips—It doesn't need an order-in-council. The Provincial Secretary ridiculed the opinion of the "junior member, and by-and-by the ex-member for Victoria."

Mr. McPhillips—There may be an examination of mines on Monday, but the delay of the government with the celebrity manifested in the case of New Westminster. An assurance of an election in two weeks would be satisfactory, but it is not forthcoming. The motion would be brought up day after day and the government be forced to record their vote against it day after day. Not only was the redistribution bill proposed was also before the House, and it was most important that the seat be filled at once. He asked the House to resent the high tone the Finance Minister had adopted in refusing to accept a suggestion from the opposition.

The Finance Minister said he had no real objection to the resolution—(opposition applause)—but to the motion, and again asked the House to vote against it.

The Attorney-General characterized the conduct of the opposition as unseemly, considering how recently some members of the government had been interred. The members were actually fighting over his political remains. Besides a returning officer could not be got in a day.

The leader of the opposition—How long did it require to get a returning officer for New Westminster?

The Attorney-General, continuing, said it was necessary to affix the seal of the province which could not be affixed without an order-in-council.

Mr. McPhillips—It takes you six months to do that.

The Attorney-General, continuing, said that they need not be so anxious for an election in North Victoria, as it was sold government.

Opposition members—Oh, oh! Open it, open it.

Mr. Curtis rose to a question of privilege and complained that the Attorney-General, himself guilty of most unseemly conduct, had charged the opposition with acting in an unseemly manner.

Mr. Green said if there had been unseemly conduct it was on the government side. They had paid their respects to the late Speaker. Was it a mark of respect to him to deny representation to the district for which he sat?

The government had withheld the writ in Victoria until six months after the Speaker had issued his warrant.

Mr. Martin recalled instances when the leader of the opposition, then a member of the government, had withheld a writ for nearly four months.

Hon. members—But the House wasn't sitting.

Mr. McPhillips—You needn't complain, you have the patronage of the House.

Mr. Martin—That is a sore point. The opposition, he said, opposed this government as a bad government, yet there was scarcely a sin with which the government was charged for which the leader of the opposition was not responsible. That was his practice.

Mr. Curtis—You'd act on his practice if it had.

Continuing, he said the member for Rossland was supporting the leader of the opposition.

all claptrap for election purposes. This motion was then negatived on the following vote: Ayes—Messrs. E. C. Smith, Haythornthwaite, Neill, Gifford, Hayward, Garden, Fulton, Curtis, Munro, Tatlow, Green, McPhillips, Murphy, McPhillips, Nays—Messrs. McInnes, Gilmour, Stables, Oliver, Martin, Prentice, Duns-muir, Eberts, A. W. Smith, Ellison, Clifford, Kidd, Houston, Wells, Hall, Rogers, Hunter, Dickie, Mounce—19. The result was received with government applause.

MORE DATA WANTED. The leader of the opposition then moved that the House adjourn until all papers, telegrams and data relating to the Canada Northern deal be brought down.

The Speaker asked where the urgency for this order came in.

The leader of the opposition reminded the Speaker that a draft contract had been submitted and was being used in connection with the Victoria bye-election. If this agreement were submitted surely it was necessary to have all the data and to know exactly the terms of the contract. He couldn't think they were keeping him in the details although they had manifested no particular anxiety to bring them down. There was about an hour and a half's stenographic work in the document, yet it took an hour and a half to get the Attorney-General to bring it down, which was in line with the government's great haste in the matter of the Victoria bye-election.

Mr. Martin thought the motion was out of order, and a discussion ensued on that point. Mr. McPhillips finally amended his motion as follows: "That the House adjourn, for the purpose of discussing the advisability of the production of all telegrams and other communications between the government, or any member thereof, and any person or persons, relating to any alterations in the draft agreement laid on the table yesterday, with the Canada Northern Railway Company."

The Speaker ruled the motion out of order as not appearing to be one of urgent public importance.

THE ADDRESS. Mr. McPhillips resumed the debate on the address. First, on privilege, he expressed an admiration for the press, and the second member for Vancouver, but he complained of the unfair report of his remarks in the Colonist, although that paper's representative and all the newspaper reporters, with the exception of that of the Times, had been absent from the gallery when he was speaking.

It might be said he was necessary to have official reports.

Mr. Martin—No, no. You would never get through the Speaker's warrant. Mr. McPhillips then turned up a speech Mr. Martin delivered last session, which by its length must have taken three or four hours to deliver. It would be unfortunate to have that speech read in the House, but Mr. Martin would give the government on the railway deal.

The Attorney-General—Read it all.

Mr. McPhillips—He delivered an able speech, but he could not have been delivered from the government themselves, although he was then masquerading as leader of the opposition.

That speech, Mr. McPhillips continued, was a violation of the government's policy for incorporating safeguards in the Loan Bill, and had declared railways as useless without the safeguards he praised. Where were these safeguards when the Mackenzie & Mann deal? Employment of Orientals? Where was the control of rates?

In that speech he had declared that the C.N.R. was the only railway with which they could contract.

Provoked by an interjection from the Attorney-General the speaker referred to the fact that the government had to permit the C.N.R. to "ordinary supporters" to usurp the position of leader of the opposition while the latter was obliged to take his place out of the seat which by the laws of decency and courtesy was reserved by the usage of parliament.

He then reverted to the alleged agreement made by the government with the Canada Northern railway.

The Attorney-General—You'll vote for it.

Mr. McPhillips—I will not. I will vote for a railway to Victoria from the north with Victoria as its terminus, but I will not support an agreement which is such a palpable attempt to deceive the public as to support a government strong enough to develop the province north, south, east and west. (Applause.)

The act of last year exposed the company to the control of rates. It forbade the employment of aliens. Where was that clause in the present act?

The Attorney-General—It was unconstitutional.

Mr. McPhillips asked why then was it inserted in last year's bill? They would see whether or not the people of Victoria would accept a statement that such a clause was unconstitutional.

Mr. Martin—He had claimed that the government was inoculated by his principle and he could support them. So could his first lieutenant with a portfolio in his pocket, but his conduct had been repudiated by the people of New Westminster.

In 1880 an agreement was made with the C.P.R. to build 3,000 miles of railway; the present road was about 500 miles long. The C.P.R. gave security for \$100,000; this government had accepted for a one-sixth the length of the C.P.R. security for only \$50,000.

In the same proportion as the C.P.R. it should be \$100,000. The C.P.R. security was \$200,000; the Canadian Northern, after this long lapse of years, received \$220,000 in money. The C.P.R. got in land 25,000,000 acres. The Canadian Northern would get 10,000,000 acres.

Last year Mr. Martin had claimed that a bridge was given in return for that portfolio, yet that provision was in the bill long before Mr. Brown entered the cabinet. Yet it was agreed the member for New Westminster had been bribed with a portfolio. Whatever material others were built of those around the speaker were not built that way. (Hear, hear.)

Regarding the support that he had given the Loan bill, he himself had instructions from his constituents to vote for it, provided certain provisions were inserted in it.

Mr. Oliver—I think you will find I did.

A bill went through the House without any amendments from the members, who now criticized the support of the opposition to it. They had not abandoned their principles in supporting that bill. This was the same Mr. Martin who had said that cash rents were made they should be hedged around with such conditions as protected the public. If that bill was so onerous the opposition should have been at the head of the parade.

It had been claimed that Mr. Martin spoke in favor of the C.P.R. at that time. Yet he had done no such thing. He declared himself in favor of the principle of government ownership. The conditions made this afternoon from that speech had been misleading because they were from his settings.

Mr. McPhillips—Hon. gentlemen Those members who were now so anx-

ious for competitive roads had repeatedly thrown out applications for charters in 1900 by men who did not ask the opposition to champion the Canadian Pacific railway's claim, to that Coast-Kootenay line, and had never given any indication of changing his views.

The whole business of the country had been so chaotic, the condition for a paltry excuse by the Minister of Mines, who had little idea of his responsibilities.

Coming to redistribution, what was the record of the honorable gentleman? Mr. Curtis—And of yourself, this session?

Mr. Oliver—I can defend that.

Continuing, he said that among those who had previously voted against redistribution, two sessions ago, were the following: Messrs. McBride, McPhillips and Helmecken. And the conditions are unchanged.

Voices—No. What about the census? Mr. Oliver said they voted against the introduction and first and final divisions on that measure. Judging these men by their records, what confidence could be placed in them?

Mr. Neill—How did your honorable leader vote? (Laughter.)

Mr. Oliver—My honorable leader sits in the House and he can answer it.

That fact which was actually used was voted against by Messrs. Neill, Tatlow, McPhillips, Taylor and McBride. At the last session the same record appeared.

Mr. Neill—How did your honorable leader vote? (Laughter.)

Mr. Oliver—My honorable leader sits in the House and he can answer it.

That fact which was actually used was voted against by Messrs. Neill, Tatlow, McPhillips, Taylor and McBride. At the last session the same record appeared.

Mr. Neill—How did your honorable leader vote? (Laughter.)

Mr. Oliver—My honorable leader sits in the House and he can answer it.

That fact which was actually used was voted against by Messrs. Neill, Tatlow, McPhillips, Taylor and McBride. At the last session the same record appeared.

Mr. Neill—How did your honorable leader vote? (Laughter.)

Mr. Oliver—My honorable leader sits in the House and he can answer it.

That fact which was actually used was voted against by Messrs. Neill, Tatlow, McPhillips, Taylor and McBride. At the last session the same record appeared.

Mr. Neill—How did your honorable leader vote? (Laughter.)

Mr. Oliver—My honorable leader sits in the House and he can answer it.

That fact which was actually used was voted against by Messrs. Neill, Tatlow, McPhillips, Taylor and McBride. At the last session the same record appeared.

Mr. Neill—How did your honorable leader vote? (Laughter.)

Mr. Oliver—My honorable leader sits in the House and he can answer it.

That fact which was actually used was voted against by Messrs. Neill, Tatlow, McPhillips, Taylor and McBride. At the last session the same record appeared.

Mr. Neill—How did your honorable leader vote? (Laughter.)

Mr. Oliver—My honorable leader sits in the House and he can answer it.

That fact which was actually used was voted against by Messrs. Neill, Tatlow, McPhillips, Taylor and McBride. At the last session the same record appeared.

Mr. Neill—How did your honorable leader vote? (Laughter.)

Mr. Oliver—My honorable leader sits in the House and he can answer it.

That fact which was actually used was voted against by Messrs. Neill, Tatlow, McPhillips, Taylor and McBride. At the last session the same record appeared.

Mr. Neill—How did your honorable leader vote? (Laughter.)

Mr. Oliver—My honorable leader sits in the House and he can answer it.

That fact which was actually used was voted against by Messrs. Neill, Tatlow, McPhillips, Taylor and McBride. At the last session the same record appeared.

Mr. Neill—How did your honorable leader vote? (Laughter.)

Mr. Oliver—My honorable leader sits in the House and he can answer it.

That fact which was actually used was voted against by Messrs. Neill, Tatlow, McPhillips, Taylor and McBride. At the last session the same record appeared.

don't make speeches, of course, but they must make interjections when others are speaking.

The Attorney-General—We don't get a chance.

Mr. McPhillips—You got a chance yesterday. The Speaker rang the bell three times without an honorable member of the ministry daring to rise, and a division would have been taken had I not risen. (Hear, hear and applause.)

Mr. Rogers here objected to what termed campaign literature being distributed in the House, and thought the speech of Mr. McPhillips was good literature for Col. Prior.

Mr. Neill—The honorable member just now objected to campaign speeches being delivered in the House. Campaign literature is now being delivered in the House, while I understand that literature emanating from the opposition side is not permitted. (Applause.)

The Speaker said there was no objection to either the morning or evening Times being distributed in the House.

Proceeding, Mr. McPhillips continued his analysis of the bill, and contrasted it with the act under which the C.P.R. was subsidized.

The government to-day could not declare whether or not the draft agreement submitted was a copy of the one made by Mr. Greenfields. He asked the Attorney-General if he would sign that contract.

The Attorney-General failed to reply. The "contract," so called, was nothing but an option up to November, 1902, to the company, until which time the Canadian Northern could decide whether or not they were disposed to build, and this in spite of the declaration of Edgar Dowling, who in speaking for Col. Prior, declared the route was known ever since 1881. Yet the company could ignore this so called agreement.

The speaker then came to the consideration of section 15 of the draft agreement, which provided for a ferry after one hundred miles of railway had been constructed. What an absurdity for a railway which was to have its terminus in Victoria! And even when the ferry was installed it connected with an un-built road, the Comox & Cape Scott line. If they really intended to make a terminus in Victoria they would have provided for the construction of a continuous line to Victoria. Neither was any objection to operate the railway, even if built. Terminal facilities were spoken of. Where were they to be? The terms referring to terminal facilities were such as to pre-prepare Crown lands. Were there any Crown lands in the city of Victoria? Section 15 specifically referred to "the terminus of their railway on the sea shore of the Mainland," namely, at Bute Inlet. That was where the terminus would be, and where the interests of the company would be. To be binding, the contract should have compelled the company to build down to Victoria, or to acquire a road to this city.

He was here interrupted by Mr. Hunter, and in reply intimated that the gentleman was one of the incorporators of the Comox & Cape Scott railway. This Mr. Hunter denied.

Mr. McPhillips then read the names of the incorporators, which were Messrs. Dunsmuir, Lindsay, Solly and Prior.

He held that unless \$5,000 was put up under six months, after the incorporation of the Comox & Cape Scott railway, this was dispensed by the Attorney-General.

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then read the names of the incorporators, which were Messrs. Dunsmuir, Lindsay, Solly and Prior.

He held that unless \$5,000 was put up under six months, after the incorporation of the Comox & Cape Scott railway, this was dispensed by the Attorney-General.

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

Mr. McPhillips then referred to the argument being advanced in the Victoria bye-election, that the opposition cabinet would be one of lawyers. It showed the desperation to which they were driven. But surely Messrs. Martin, Gilmour and Melnes were supported by a cabinet at Ottawa, presumably a good one, of whose fourteen members eight were lawyers. (Applause.)

bring them down? The Premier—At the proper time.

Hon. Members—Which is that? A Voice—After the Victoria election. (Laughter.)

Continuing, Mr. McBride said the proper time to bring down the papers was today. The Attorney-General was laughing, but he had dragged an important commercial project in the mire of a political campaign. He was asking the people of Victoria to buy a pig in a poke, and they were not going to be treated that way.

Mr. Curtis—The Premier has said that that was not a business proposition to bring down the agreement. What he should have said was that the agreement brought down was not a business proposition. (Laughter.)

Mr. Martin attacked the procedure, and thought Mr. McBride should withdraw the motion.

Mr. McBride—I will withdraw if the Premier will promise to bring down the papers.

The Premier—No.

Mr. McBride—Well, I am going to have those papers. (Applause.)

Mr. Helmecken read from the Montreal Star a statement that Mr. Greenfields was counsel for Mackenzie & Mann in the people of Victoria and saying that as far as Mackenzie & Mann were concerned the contract was complete. The only other party to the contract was the people, and they were vitally interested in knowing the full facts.

Was the government afraid to bring down the contract? He would ask the Premier if the contract submitted to the House had been signed by Mackenzie & Mann.

The Premier refused to answer.

Continuing, Mr. Murphy said the Minister of Mines had been on the platform and said he had seen the contract, and gave its terms. They did not agree with the Chief Commissioner's theories.

Let the government go with their full throats to the jury. If they were not afraid to do so. (Applause.)

Capt. Tatlow here quoted Col. Prior as saying during the Dominion bye-election that Mr. Greenfields made \$100,000 out of the Drummond County railway deal. What had led honorable gentlemen opposite to change their views of that gentleman so suddenly.

The Speaker—I see 6 o'clock. The House will meet again at 8.30.

EVENING SESSION. The Speaker took the chair at 8.35.

He intimated that a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Mr. Neill, resuming the debate, said he had the honor to have a petition tabled by the member for Nelson, being addressed to the Premier and not the House, was not receivable.

Local News.

CLEANINGS OF CITY AND PROVINCIAL NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM.

(From Saturday's Daily.)

The regular meeting of the local branch of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employees of Victoria will be held in Labor hall on the first and last Tuesdays of every month.

Council No. 42, A. T. of T., will give a social at the Old Men's Home on Tuesday evening, 12th inst. A good programme of vocal and instrumental music has been prepared and refreshments will be served. Members of the council are requested to meet at their hall at 7:30 sharp.

Tenders are being invited by the officer commanding the troops at West Point barracks for the supply of land transport, including trucks, carts and wagons with horses and drivers, and hacks as required for military purposes at Esquimalt for the year beginning on the first of next month. Tenders have to be in by noon on Tuesday, the 15th.

A meeting of the executive of the Tourist Association was held on Friday evening in Mayor Hayward's office, when the secretary submitted copies of booklets and pamphlets he proposed to issue and circulate in the city and county. This was referred to the printing committee for report. A committee was appointed to secure a permanent information office. The treasurer, A. B. Fraser, sr., reported a number of additional subscriptions. The executive will meet on Tuesday evening in the mayor's office.

The death occurred at Manila on February 13th of John Macleod, youngest son of Rev. P. Macleod, formerly pastor of the St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, of this city. He attended the public school and subsequently the Victoria College. He was an ardent participant in the sporting field, being an enthusiastic cricket and football player. The news of his untimely death will be received with keen regret by his large number of friends and acquaintances in this city. He was 23 years of age. Rev. Mr. Macleod, his father, is now a resident of London, England.

B. R. Simpson, B. A., of the staff of the North Ward school, who is leaving to assume the duties of principal of the Wellington schools, was on Friday presented by his colleagues with a beautiful set of Seaton-Thompson's works, as a slight token of respect. Principal Tait, in a short speech, alluded to the excellent work done by Mr. Simpson and to the general respect felt by the teachers and all interested in his departure. Supt. Eaton also complimented Mr. Simpson upon his past work, and upon his new appointment. The teachers had provided a tempting lunch, which all enjoyed. The happy proceedings closed by singing "Auld Lang Syne." Mr. Simpson in the afternoon received a beautiful sealskin pocket-book suitably inscribed and a nicely bound copy of Scott's poems.

(From Monday's Daily.)

Steamer Otter returned yesterday from Alberni, where she had taken Mr. Mohler, the president of the O. K. & N. railway, and his party.

The local Council of Women will hold a meeting in the city hall this afternoon commencing at 2:30 o'clock, and all members are requested to attend.

Now that there is sufficient material on hand work the family B. retaining wall is proceeding apace. The first course has been completed and the second started. There are two scow loads of granite and rubble available, and a couple more are expected to-morrow of the next day.

A report from Chemainus yesterday afternoon states the Indians report the Leuca Pike and nine miles west of that point. They are getting the timber and other things out of her. She broke away from the rocks and went on the beach.

R. E. Stephens launched six new yachts on Friday and they were towed to Esquimalt, where they are receiving lead keels. The owners are: S. E. Baird, Capt. Boydell, Messrs. Langley and Drake, McIntosh and Brown, and Leuts, French and Blandy.

The funeral of the late Eliza Jane, wife of H. J. Brady of this city, will take place to-morrow morning at 10:45 a.m. from the family residence, 176 Yates street. Appropriate services will be conducted at the Roman Catholic cathedral at 11 o'clock by Rev. Father Aidhoff.

A large consignment of machinery arrived from the East via the C. P. R. and Ladysmith ferry, consisted in the Victoria Machinery Depot, yesterday. It included a lathe which will be added to the already large amount of machinery in operation at that company's headquarters.

Mrs. Eliza Jane Brady, wife of H. J. Brady, died on Saturday night, aged 32 years. She was the eldest daughter of the late John Smith and was born in this city. She leaves besides her husband, four children, the eldest of whom is seven years of age. The funeral will take place to-morrow morning at 10:45 o'clock, and 11 o'clock at Christ Church Cathedral.

One of last week's trains on the White Pass & Yukon railway, when about four miles north of White Pass Summit, ran down two men who were hauling their sleds over the road. The track was clear of snow, but the snow plow had cleared a trench for the train, and on either side of it there was a snow embankment of about three feet high. One of the men managed to get over the snow embankment in time to miss the train, but the other evidently became confused and failed to make his escape from the embankment trackway before the train caught and killed him. Both the body and the man who effected his escape, were taken aboard the train. The name of the deceased is Hauser, a resident of Chelan, Wash. The name of the survivor of the catastrophe is Weber. Both are Germans. The accident occurred on "the meadows."

The remains of the late Mrs. Elizabeth N. Fraser arrived in the city yesterday by the steamer Umatilla from San Francisco last evening, accompanied by her son, Miss McDonald, and daughter of the deceased. The funeral will take place from the residence, 45 Menzies street, on Wednesday afternoon next, and from St. Andrew's Presbyterian church at 3 o'clock. Rev. W. Leslie Clay will conduct the religious services.

The local government has appointed the two members of the licensing board who will act in that capacity as members of that body with His Worship the Mayor. The two new members are Aid. P. W. Vincent and Aid. A. G. McCandless. Formerly only one alderman was appointed, but a new departure was evidently made on this occasion. Both the gentlemen mentioned are regarded as excellent men, and should give satisfaction as commissioners. The new board met at its first meeting on Wednesday afternoon.

A very interesting event took place at the residence of Mr. George Winter, Fairfield road on Thursday evening last, when Rev. Elliott S. Rowe visited in matrimony George Winter, the pioneer black proprietor of this city and Janet Graham McKee, also of this city. Miss Dora West was bridesmaid, while Mr. J. West presided at the table. The ceremony concluded the wedding party, which consisted of only the immediate relatives of the pair, all down to a family supper to which full justice was done. Mr. and Mrs. Winter were the recipients of many useful and handsome presents, which testified to their popularity.

The Metropolitan Methodist church was crowded last evening when Rev. Elliott S. Rowe dealt with the recent action of the police commissioners. The speaker in his dispassionate and judicious review of the circumstances attending the passing of the resolution, and the fact that the executive had disclaimed responsibility for the commissioners' act, while the latter have since resigned. He pointed out how judicious agitation was bringing its own fruit. He also emphasized the fact that great numbers in the past had come down here in inferior races because they had allowed their vitality to be sapped by institutions which degraded the manhood of their citizens, and in an eloquent way appealed to the consciences of his hearers, such dire results in this young country.

The Metropolitan Methodist church was crowded last evening when Rev. Elliott S. Rowe dealt with the recent action of the police commissioners. The speaker in his dispassionate and judicious review of the circumstances attending the passing of the resolution, and the fact that the executive had disclaimed responsibility for the commissioners' act, while the latter have since resigned. He pointed out how judicious agitation was bringing its own fruit. He also emphasized the fact that great numbers in the past had come down here in inferior races because they had allowed their vitality to be sapped by institutions which degraded the manhood of their citizens, and in an eloquent way appealed to the consciences of his hearers, such dire results in this young country.

SUPPOSED MURDER BY INDIAN UP THE COAST

Ran Amuck and is Believed to Have Shot a Man—Another Wounded.

Vancouver, March 10.—News of the remarkable running amuck of an Indian, with the death of at least one man and the severe wounding of two others, was received this morning by the steamer Cassiar from up the coast. The man was Johnnie Lakum, who served six years in the penitentiary for manslaughter. He was sent down from Hussey's and John Card's camp to Red Island on Friday to bring back some boom chains. He somewhere obtained a Winchester rifle and ammunition. On the way back he took a shot at a rancher named Gallagher, and how badly he wounded him is not yet known. He arrived back at Hussey's, it appears, saw him beating his wife with a club. Hussey ran up and the Indian shot him, and is supposed to have killed him instantly. Card saw what happened and rushed down to canoe and started away. The Indian fired after him and the bullet went through the side of the canoe, and passed through Card's groin. Card paddled away and travelled fourteen miles to Hussey's camp arriving in a terribly exhausted condition. From there he was brought to the hospital here, and will probably recover. A posse of men started out after him, but they were supposed to have unlimited ammunition. He is desperate, and the men who know him up the coast hardly think he will be captured alive. Mill owners are arranging a petition to the Dominion government asking that the lumbering regulations so that American companies cannot forbid local operators in the purchase of timber limits for the purposes of speculation.

STRIKE AT BOSTON.

Ten Thousand Men Will Probably Be Idle Before Night.

Boston, March 10.—The strike of the freight handlers of this city which, according to reports passed by the labor unions yesterday, threatens to involve 10,000, was begun early today. The Team Drivers' Union, embracing about 3,000 men, laid off. Other unions followed in the strikers' train that by to-night fully 10,000 will be out. The strike grows out of the trouble that the transportation companies had with its contractors several weeks ago, but was precipitated by the refusal on Saturday of members of the Freight Handlers' Union to take care of merchandise carted off by non-union teamsters employed by the Bryne Co. A large force of police are on duty to prevent disturbances.

BRIDGE BUILDER'S DEATH.

Vancouver, March 8.—R. James, a C. P. R. bridge builder, fell off a boom of logs in five feet of water at Pitt river last afternoon. He was unconscious when he fell from the launch, and was rescued along at that moment, and the man was put aboard the express car. Dr. Fagan was on the train bound for the interior, and he worked over the man until he died. It was ascertained that it was impossible. The body was left at Mission.

On a clear night a red light can be seen at a great distance than a white light, but on a dark night the reverse is the case.

A Special Offer

The Times for Ten Months for 75 Cents.

In order to still further extend the wide circulation of the twice-a-week Times, the publishers have decided to, reduce the subscription price for new cash subscribers from now until the close of the year, nearly 10 months, to 75 cents.

This reduction in price of forty per cent. for the purpose not only of extending the paper's circulation, but of giving those residing outside the capital an opportunity of following the proceedings of the legislature, a full report of which will appear in each edition.

In addition to the full reports of the debates, the Times will continue to give the current political gossip at the seat of government, which is frequently more interesting and important than the actual proceedings in the House. Most of the noteworthy political developments of the past few years have been foreshadowed in the Times before they were forecasted by any other paper.

A series of political cartoons by the Times's own artist will further increase the attractiveness of the paper.

The half-tone illustrations of public men of the province, with sketches of their careers, snapshots, views, etc., will be maintained. The special telegraphic service from Ottawa from the Times staff representative there will be continued.

This service is unsurpassed by that of any other paper in Canada.

The full foreign telegraphic news, as well as that of the Dominion, will appear regularly.

The market reports will be improved and will be given particular prominence.

Other features are contemplated which will further increase the attractiveness of the paper, to the editing of which special attention will be devoted.

This offer is good for a limited period only. Those who wish to subscribe should do so at once. Remittances by mail should be by P. O. Order or Registered letter to THE TIMES PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY, VICTORIA, B. C.

THEY HAVE DEMANDED AN INVESTIGATION

Police Commissioners Have Placed Resignations in Hands of the Government—Give Their Side.

Ald. Thos. I. Worthington and W. H. Price, the two members of the board of police commissioners who passed the resolution authorizing wide-open gambling in the city, have placed their resignations in the hands of the provincial government, requesting an investigation into their action.

Such action, they allege, has been misconstrued, and used as ground on which to base a political attack. They point out that together with the resolution which caused such stir, there was another to the following effect: "That the police continue strict action in ridding the city of vagrants and persons with no visible means of existence, and that the attention of the board be drawn to a house on the corner of Store and Chatham streets, used by prostitutes."

Mr. Price denies that the commissioners desire to run a wide-open town, and asks whether the passing of the foregoing resolution and the fact that gambling was stopped directly by their appointment, indicated that they were men who favored the wide-open policy.

As a matter of fact, the appointment of Mr. Price nor of Ald. Worthington stopped gambling in the city. The various places were closed down during the incumbency of the previous board, who gave instructions to the chief to abstain as far as possible the practice. This was at a meeting attended by Rev. W. Leslie Clay, who brought the matter to the attention of the board. Subsequently a Chinese gambling den, was raided, and a majority of Chinese games closed down. Public opinion on the streets regarding the passing of that remarkably worded resolution, and its intricate and involved nature, despite the attempts of the commissioners to explain their action.

It is recognized by all those interested in the city's welfare that the scattering broadcast of knowledge that gambling can be carried on publicly in this city under the protection of the police is bound to bring here an undesirable class whom the commissioners themselves claim they want to keep out. One of their resolutions clashes against the other. To crown all, it is pointed out that the ones who are thrown on the shoulders of the chief, who will be asked to explain why the law is not better preserved, and little allowance will be made for the fact that his instructions require him to wink at wide-open gambling. The public appears to be just as anxious for now that an investigation as the commissioners.

IMITATIONS ABOUND, but insist upon getting the genuine D. & L. Metal Plaster. "The D. & L." has stood the test of years. Its imitations are innumerable. "The D. & L." is made by the well known Davis & Lawrence Co., Ltd.

William Davis, of Hamilton, who was visiting his brother-in-law, Stephen Furlonger, of St. Catherine's, was instantly killed yesterday by the accidental discharge of a gun he was using to kill rats.

The temperature of Norway varies little, and statistics show that the average duration of life there is greater than in any other part of the world.

A victorious nation is liable to do many things to taunt and humiliate the vanquished. The Roumanian crown is made of metal from the cannon captured from the Turks at Plevna in 1877.

For every fine writing there is no instrument equal to a crowquill. It requires the assistance of a microscope to make a proper pen out of such a quill, but when made it is of wonderful delicacy. The microscopic writing told of in books of literary curiosities has all done with a crowquill.

YOUNGSTER RAN AWAY FROM THE BAY CITY

A little boy of ten years, neatly dressed, fine, open countenance, and bearing every evidence of good bringing-up, is in the custody of the police at the Cornorant street station. He was taken in charge by Deputy Sheriff Purdon on the arrival of the Umatilla from San Francisco last night, upon the receipt of a telegram from the Bay City authorities.

The youngsters had misappropriated some of his mother's money and started out to see the world, his first move being to the great north, of which he had heard so much.

Now that a full sense of what he has done has come home to him, he bitterly regrets it, and with many sobs told the chief how it all came about. He said he was always a good boy, had never been in trouble before, always attended day and Sunday school, and had used bad language. He did not know why he had done it, but he saw the money and something moved him to take it and buy a ticket for the north. "I was sorry for me as soon as I got on the steamer," he said, "and I have been sorry for it ever since."

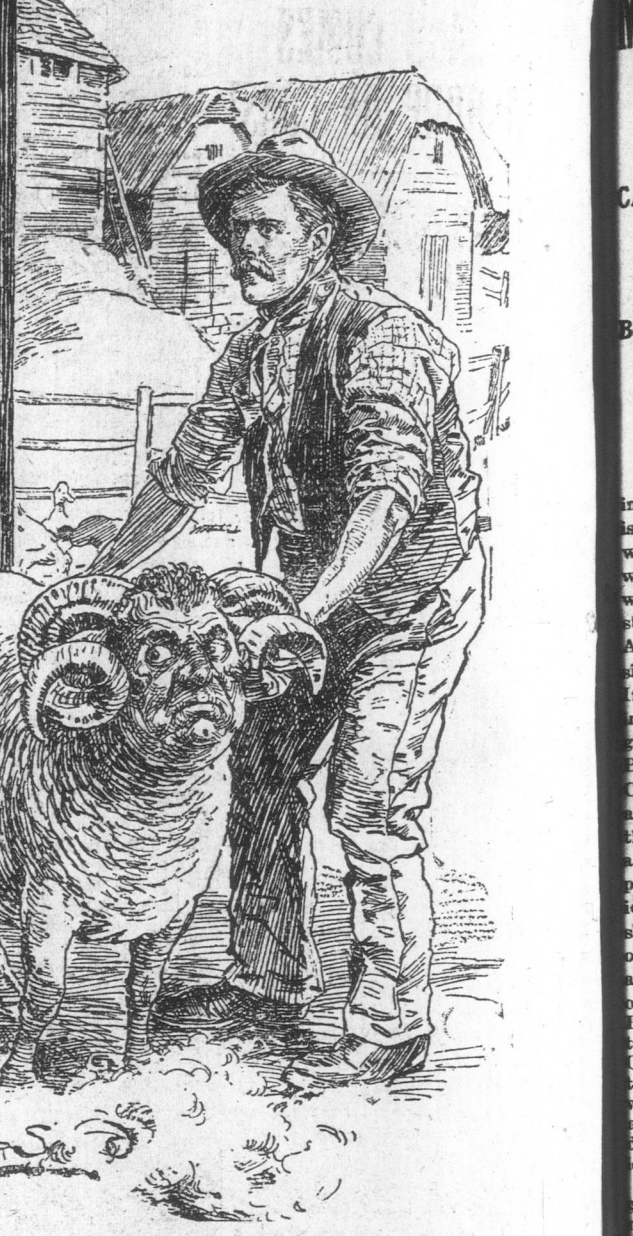
It is the thought that he has robbed a kind mother which accentuates his grief, and he wishes to go back and atone for his sorry escapade.

His name is Eugene Kerrigan, and he will be sent to the Bay City on the next outgoing steamer. His appearance is sufficient to convince one that this is a boy who has never had a chance to be like that of the Canadian Pacific mountain section—none of the best. I do not think that there should be one yard of this route built in Butte Inlet without the most exhaustive examination of other places. I have the best reason for supposing that these efforts could be made to meet with success if properly directed.

I am much impressed with the conviction that any government making a contract for a through route in British Columbia should first and foremost consider the general geographical position, as otherwise the route may turn out to be like that of the Canadian Pacific mountain section—none of the best. I do not think that there should be one yard of this route built in Butte Inlet without the most exhaustive examination of other places. I have the best reason for supposing that these efforts could be made to meet with success if properly directed.

It is easily conceivable that the contractors for a transcontinental line might not understand this subject properly. They may be better posted than the C. P. R. Company was during the days of construction, and they made errors of judgment against their own interests as regards routes, for which there is no precedent either in North or South America.

In the latter country the government of Chile, for instance, would not think of allowing a contractor to define his own route while getting government aid. It is defined by the government for the purposes of getting proper value for the assistance given, and the line is located generally by the engineers of the government before being given over to contractors for construction. Such an engineer who is the chief of a commission must give written reasons for the justification of his location by a certain route. He is expected to deal not only with engineering features, but further with commercial prospects, colonization and every future effect upon the development of the surrounding country. I submit that this question of route is too important a consideration to be left to persons who are generally not much interested in any scheme further than choosing that one which is likely to yield to them the greatest percentage of profit, while constructing. The choice of routes if improperly used leads not only to irreparable continual loss to the country suffering, but also for the company obliged to work the line, and it is not enough to say that if they put it in the wrong place it will be the worse for them, because that does not make it better for the country. The route as reported to be chosen is not the best, either in or out of British Columbia. The line along the route is not agricultural, but mineral. It would be difficult to find in all British Columbia a section of country more uninviting for settlement purposes. Now the objection has been raised that the Peace and Frie-



CLIPPING HIM CLOSE.

H. C. B. CH. (SHREWER) TO DR. B. C. K. "I'VE GOT A GOOD DEAL OF HIM ALREADY, BUT I'LL HAVE TO GO OVER HIM AGAIN."—Punch.

AN ENGINEER'S OPINION.

To the Editor:—The British Pacific railway route as defined by way of Quenelle is not to be found upon record in any office of the Dominion government. It is about one hundred miles shorter than the Dominion government surveyed line, and is as much as seventy miles south of that route in certain places. The only maps published of the British Pacific route are those of Bell's exploration for the Northwest Colonization Survey, and they belong to and are upon official record only in the government offices, Victoria, B. C. There should be no obligation imposed upon a contractor to come down Butte Inlet. It is as near as may be certain that a much better route can be got for less money and with the same objective point in view.

The Yellowhead Pass section as at present located is impracticable. A part of it is upon the face of Rock slide. It would be as easy to take the keystone out of an arch and expect it to stand as to take a railroad cutting out of one of your rock slides. No contractor should be obliged to build this route if they can find a better, and they can probably do so.

The Butte Inlet profile was on exhibition in the government offices in Ottawa before being burned in 1878. The writer and other engineers saw and handled it many times and afterwards examined the ground. There were in that office in those days some men who had seen construction work as difficult as any upon the Canadian Pacific railway, and the majority of these men considered that Butte Inlet work as impracticable on account of cost.

I am much impressed with the conviction that any government making a contract for a through route in British Columbia should first and foremost consider the general geographical position, as otherwise the route may turn out to be like that of the Canadian Pacific mountain section—none of the best. I do not think that there should be one yard of this route built in Butte Inlet without the most exhaustive examination of other places. I have the best reason for supposing that these efforts could be made to meet with success if properly directed.

It is easily conceivable that the contractors for a transcontinental line might not understand this subject properly. They may be better posted than the C. P. R. Company was during the days of construction, and they made errors of judgment against their own interests as regards routes, for which there is no precedent either in North or South America.

In the latter country the government of Chile, for instance, would not think of allowing a contractor to define his own route while getting government aid. It is defined by the government for the purposes of getting proper value for the assistance given, and the line is located generally by the engineers of the government before being given over to contractors for construction. Such an engineer who is the chief of a commission must give written reasons for the justification of his location by a certain route. He is expected to deal not only with engineering features, but further with commercial prospects, colonization and every future effect upon the development of the surrounding country. I submit that this question of route is too important a consideration to be left to persons who are generally not much interested in any scheme further than choosing that one which is likely to yield to them the greatest percentage of profit, while constructing. The choice of routes if improperly used leads not only to irreparable continual loss to the country suffering, but also for the company obliged to work the line, and it is not enough to say that if they put it in the wrong place it will be the worse for them, because that does not make it better for the country. The route as reported to be chosen is not the best, either in or out of British Columbia. The line along the route is not agricultural, but mineral. It would be difficult to find in all British Columbia a section of country more uninviting for settlement purposes. Now the objection has been raised that the Peace and Frie-

CURE THE NERVES and you will control almost every disease that death is hereto. The foundation of health is a perfect stomach. 86 diminished by 7.7 is 78.8 degrees. The rule according to geology is to allow 3000 feet of vertical height for one degree of latitude, 2.300 divided by 300, is 7.7 degrees. The latitude of Fort Dunevegan is about 53 degrees, and 86 diminished by 7.7 is 48.3 degrees. That is to say that the climate of Fort Dunevegan is equal to that of a place of 2,600 feet altitude 50 miles south of the boundary line between British Columbia and the United States. That the rule is correct the evidence taken before the committee above referred to goes to prove.

PHILLIPS—At Nelson, on March 3rd, the wife of Frank Phillips, of a daughter.

MARRIED. POSTER-MEESSE—At Quenelle, on Feb. 22nd, by Rev. F. Folland, Capt. Foster and Miss Jean McEwen. ARMSTRONG-McGADGERTY—At Kamloops, on March 1st, by Rev. W. Wood, Charles Armstrong and Miss Alice McCaugherty.

MAN'S HAND COAST UP ON BEACH OF JOHNSTON

CAST UP ON BEACH OF JOHNSTON.

Boat's Hook Taken to Victoria, Which Returned to Coast on Sunday.

A man's hand badly discolored in a condition almost black was one of the West Coast wreck off the stormy seas of weeks ago cast up on the beach of Johnston Island, at the entrance to the Strait of Juan de Fuca. The Indians found it washed up by itself, their net attached to indicate that it became detached from the boat. But along the surrounding Coast a lot of wreckage had been picked up, and it has been stated that the mark of the navy on it, as belonging to the lost cruise of the "Albatross," and one which was identified as belonging to an Albatross, was a square block of hard wood about three feet long and three inches wide, and with considerable work on it. Among the wreckage was a boat hook. The hook was taken to Victoria on the steamer City, which arrived from the coast yesterday afternoon. The hook was a long log-shaped piece of timber, 14 feet long, 4 inches wide, and 2 inches thick, but has no identification.

The Queen City brought news from Seattle of a wreck in Dutch Harbor in a small steamer named C. Anderson in the stormy Pacific ever since the arrival of the Albatross. His boat was wrecked in the storm, and the reason which are being investigated by the Victoria customs officer. Another passenger was Captain S. W. Clark, who was on the steamer. Other passengers were the party. Other passengers were McLean, T. J. Wilson, G. I. McDonald, J. Goldsworthy, J. J. W. Leach, Col. Hayes, and W. Clarke.

DAMAGED CRAFT. Fresh wreckage has been seen on the West Coast, with the steamer Queen City, which from Cape Scott and interned last night, that a boom, saw the bowsprit of a vessel, has been seen on the beach. The wreckage with the name of the ship undoubtedly came from that wreck. A number of broken pieces of a vessel were seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

A number of broken pieces of a vessel were seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach. The wreckage was seen on the beach.

MAN'S HAND COMES ASHORE ON COAST

CAST UP ON BEACH OF JOHNSTON ISLAND

Boat's Hook Taken to Victoria on Queen City, Which Returned from the Coast on Sunday.

A man's hand badly decomposed and in a condition altogether unrecognizable is one of the mute evidences of shipwreck off the West Coast of the Island which the stormy seas of the last few weeks have cast up on the beach of Johnston Island, at the entrance of Ucluelet Arm. The Indians found it and have since shown it to many visiting Ucluelet. It washed up by itself, there being nothing attached to indicate that in a struggle it became detached from the arm. But along the surrounding part of the Coast a lot of wreckage has been seen, and it has been stated that some has the mark of the navy on it, stamping it as belonging to the lost cruiser Condor. A peculiar find, and one which cannot be identified as belonging to any part of a ship, was a square block of timber made of hard wood about three feet square, and with considerable workmanship upon it. Among the wreckage on Long Beach was a boat hook. This has been taken to Victoria on the steamer Queen City, which arrived from the Coast yesterday afternoon. The hook is supplied with a long home-made center handle, and is 12 or 14 feet long. The hook is double pronged, but has no marks of identification.

The Queen City brought as a passenger from San Juan a shipwrecked mariner named C. Anderson, who left Dutch Harbor in a small boat several months ago, and has been drifting about on the stormy Pacific ever since. When he arrived at San Juan he was in a very bad condition. His boat was seized for reasons which are being investigated by the Victoria customs officials to-day. Another passenger was Capt. John Irwin, who was down to Albatross on the steamer Otter, accompanying Mr. Mohler's party. Other passengers were Miss McLean, T. T. Wilson, G. Kelly, A. D. McDonald, J. Goldsworthy, D. McDonald, J. W. Laid, Col. Hayes, F. J. Murton and W. Clarke.

DAMAGED CRAFT.

Fresh wreckage has been cast by the sea on the West Coast of the Island in many places. Information is brought by the steamer Queen City, which arrived from Cape Scott and intermediate points last night, that a boom, something like the bowsprit of a vessel, has been picked up on Long Beach. The boom is stamped with the name of the Condor and undoubtedly came from that ship, as the other wreckage found from the Condor has been found very far from the same locality. Near where the boom came ashore were several cases of salmon which, being unmarked, were unidentified. A number of broken cases were washed ashore at Aatchup point, while at different points along the route the Queen City met several sailing schooners in port needing repairs. It is estimated that the schooner Queen City, which has been damaged in the same storm off the Oregon coast, in which the Umbria and Oscar and Hattie were disabled. The C. D. Rand was probably the most unfortunate. She was blown down by the wind and reported having been struck by a sea of the Columbia river which carried away eight canoes and two boats. She had put back to port to secure cargo when she was struck, and after obtaining what she would go to sea again, as otherwise she was unharmed. The Mary Taylor, as previously reported, was at Bamfield creek with her head gear carried away waiting for the necessary material to be sent down to her on the Queen City to-night. The Otto, too, had suffered. She had been damaged in a blow and her engine cylinders reached Clayouque, where she was anchored, had about completed repairs. The Fawn is still on the beach at the entrance to Esperanza inlet and nothing has so far been done to get her afloat. The Sadie Turpe, which had been sent down to her, not having arrived up to the time the Queen City called. The stranded schooner had been carried by the sea high up on the beach out of all danger and with remarkably little injury on a point where she will likely remain until the high spring tides. The Queen City passed one of the derelicts reported on the coast and in all probability the one seen off Carmanah. The wrecked schooner had drifted with the trend of the currents for several hundred miles along the coast and when seen by the Queen City was about a mile off Nitinat. The crew of the steamer thought that she would drift ashore in a very short time.

NEW TUGBOAT COMPANY.

A new tugboat company is to be formed with Seattle as headquarters. It will be known as the Admiralty Tugboat Company. Capt. John E. Libby is slated to be manager, says the Vancouver Inquirer, though he will continue as general manager of the Puget Sound Tugboat Company, the position which he has so long filled. The new concern will include in its list of stockholders those of the Puget Sound Tugboat Company and a number of the stockholders of the Shipowners' and Merchants' Tugboat Company, San Francisco. Three tugs, the Tacoma, Eagle and Dolphin, of the Puget Sound

Tugboat Company's fleet, are to be taken over by the Admiralty company, and to these two new tugs are to be added, making a fleet of five. Capt. Libby recently called for bids for the new tugs, which are to be known as the Waaddah and Baaddah. Both are native names, and taken from Waaddah island, which partly forms Neah bay, and Baaddah, the eastern head of the bay.

PURCHASING NEW MACHINERY.

According to advisers from London W. F. Bullen, manager of the Esquimaux Marine railway, is in England and has purchased a large amount of machinery to further equip his plant already described in these columns. He was interviewed concerning the matter at the British Columbia agency in London, and stated that he had secured plans, specifications and models for a large modern salvage plant, including a combined tug and wrecker. Mr. Bullen explained that the plant would be operated by the British Columbia Salvage Company. For some time past the management of the company has been impressed with the possibilities which awaited the establishment of a more complete wrecking plant in these northern waters, and as upon investigation the idea assumed most encouraging shape, it was decided to carry out the project without loss of time.

PACIFIC ONLY IN NAME.

Reports brought by vessels arriving from sea indicate that during the past month the entire Pacific ocean has been the scene of one continued storm. The ship Tamara which has arrived at Port Townsend, 37 days from Callao, reports that from the day of sailing until her arrival, one continual gale was encountered. For two days and nights the Tamara ran under bare poles, and a portion of the time her rigging was under water. She was bound for Royal Roads, but was towed to Townsend.

MORE WRECKAGE.

Tell Tale Flotsam on West Coast Tells of a Loss on the High Seas.

Wreckage from some of the many ships which have been lost off the Cape, the entrance to the Straits, is still coming ashore in the vicinity of Carmanah, but with some unsatisfactory results in respect to the identity that has characterized so much of that which has washed ashore. One of the Daykin boys has just completed a tramp along the coast for a distance of seven miles to the east of Carmanah, and has found a great quantity of the flotsam referred to. Considerable of this is white painted wood. He picked up one piece with the brass figure "22" on it, as though it was the number of some stove on a steamer. Included among the other wreckage were several pieces of hardwood in maple and walnut, which also look like the cabin fittings from a steamer.

One of Mr. Daykin's sons proposed to continue searching the beach to the westward to see if something further could be found that would be recognizable. Possibly considerable of that comes from the lost Matewan and a quantity comes from the missing cruiser Condor, as both these ships must have been somewhere off the entrance of the Straits.

WE SHRINK AT NIGHT.

It is an understood fact that the human body is shorter at night than in the morning, and this is due to the weight of the body compressing the intervertebral cartilages, small discs of cartilage which between the bodies of the backbones, and serve as cushions to protect the spinal column from shock and jar. During sleep, or while in a recumbent position, the pressure being removed, their natural elasticity enables them to resume their normal size; consequently the height of an individual will vary from three-eighths to half an inch between morning and night.

FOR YOUNG WOMEN

Honest Words of Advice from One Who Knows.

Algoma Young Lady Speaks Strongly of Her Sister's Sufferings—Tells Them Her Own Experiences as Proof.

Blind River, Ont., March 7.—(Special.)—Any one who might to-day see Miss Emily Liddell, of this place, for the first time would find it hard to believe that only a few months ago she was an invalid. Miss Liddell suffered with Female Weakness and Backache, and for months she was unable to attend to her household duties, the slightest thing being too much for her in her weakened condition. She was terribly run down and nothing seemed to do her any good or afford her the slightest relief till she tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. From the very beginning they seemed to help her and, although at first the improvement was slow, she persevered and gradually grew stronger, till to-day she is in better health than she has ever known before. "Miss Liddell is very grateful for her remarkable deliverance, and strongly recommends Dodd's Kidney Pills to all her lady acquaintances who need help. She has given for publication a very strong letter of recommendation in which she says:—

"I would most heartily and conscientiously advise all young women troubled with Female Weakness in any form, to try the remedy that cured me after everything else had failed, and that remedy is Dodd's Kidney Pills. "For months at a time I was so low and weak that I found it impossible to attend to my household duties, my back would ache something dreadful. Now I feel strong and better than ever I did, and Dodd's Kidney Pills did it all. They are worth their weight in gold to any young woman suffering as I used to suffer. "They built me up wonderfully and I cannot speak too highly of Dodd's Kidney Pills as a medicine for sick women."

SPORTING

PING PONG.

J. B. A. A. TOURNAMENT.

The J. B. A. A. will hold a ping-pong tournament in the near future, and all those desiring to compete are enjoined to hand in their names to the committee in charge. Of this popular game a San Francisco specialist writes as follows: "Never, in modern times, has a game captured the public fancy so completely and speedily as ping-pong. It is undoubtedly the best indoor game ever invented, being less intricate and a hundred times less expensive than billiards, no special room is required, it may be played on an ordinary dining table of near 4 by 8 feet as possible. "Table tennis" is the real official appellation of the game, but the monotonous "ping-pong" sound of the battledores striking the ball gave some inspired idiot the idea of bestowing a ridiculous name which has quite displaced the other. As the official name implies, the game is played like tennis, a miniature net being stretched across the table, while each player, armed with a "racket"—or, more properly speaking, a "battledore"—returns a pressed celluloid ball over the net and within the confines of the table surface. The rules of play are similar to those in tennis, with a few important exceptions, as follows: In serving, no smashing is allowed, all service must be underhand. There is no second service as in lawn tennis. No volleying is allowed. To the experienced lawn tennis player ping-pong seems ridiculously easy, and merely a pastime for children, but a few trials will convince him of his error. After he has blackened the eye of his host's daughter with a mighty swat across the net, and knocked over a few china ornaments with a comprehensive sweep of his arm, he finds that the game demands extreme delicacy of touch, coupled with great adroitness. All the tricks, twists and shoots of the lawn tennis player can be duplicated with much greater effect, such as the "Laford swing," which is simply unplayable on a table, and a peculiar "chop," curling the ball back toward the net, after it has bounced on the farther side. In England interest in the game has reached such a pitch that large sums are wagered daily on the results of matches and tournaments held in private houses, and even in clubs established specially for the game. Our Eastern friends, at first regarded ping-pong as a mere fad incidental to an aggravated case of Anglonomania, but they are now most earnest devotees of the shrine of the battledore. Our side of the hemisphere ping-pong is sweeping over the land like an epidemic. The agents for the game in San Francisco disposed of 2,500 sets within twenty-four hours of their arrival in the city from the East, and the San Francisco dealers in sporting goods, having sold out their stocks of ping-pong goods, are so besieged by those hurrying to the doom of contracting it, that they are unable to supply. At half time, however, that score was the same. In the second half the intermediate team, having the wind behind them, soon evened the score. The first try for them was made by Powell, but was not converted. The kick was taken by W. Blackburne. The next try was made by N. Gowen and was not converted. The intermediate's third try was made by W. Blackburne, and was converted by T. Winsby with an excellent kick. W. Todd scored another try, but again the effort to convert resulted in failure.

HOCKEY.

HIGH SCHOOL VICTORIOUS.

The High school girls' hockey team in a game contested on Saturday afternoon lost at Oak Bay the score being 3 goals to 2. From the bully of the High school started a rush on their opponent's goal, and succeeded after some three minutes play in securing a point. Miss B. Roberts did the work. The ladies then rattailed. A rush on their goal, the High school goal and Miss Nason evened matters. The High school was again put in the lead shortly after by a point made by Miss Tully after a splendid run. Shortly after resuming Miss Tully added a third goal to the High school account, while Miss Sharpnel added another goal to the ladies' score. The absence of Miss Watson, one of the High school full backs, who had sprained her wrist considerably weakened the High school aggregation. Miss C. Harrie, M. Tully, E. Black, Dalby and Roberts played well for the High school, while for the ladies Misses Reade, Nason, M. Love, Baise and E. Sharpnel worked hard. Harold Marling acted as referee to the satisfaction of all concerned.

THE GUN.

ANNUAL SHOOT.

The announcement is made in the Sound papers that the eighteenth annual shooting tournament of the Sportsmen's Association of the Northwest, will be held on June 26th, 27th and 28th at Portland this year. The shoot will be held under the auspices of the M. A. A. C. Rod and Gun Club. There will be \$100 in cash prizes and \$2,000 worth of medals, trophies, etc. When seen this morning a local sportsman stated that as yet nothing had been decided with regard to who would participate in the shoot from Victoria. The season was not advanced sufficiently to make even a guess as to how many local shots will try their luck. He anticipated, however, that Victoria this year will well represented compared to last year. Last year Mr. Lenesty was the only local shot who took to the tournament. Seattle will send a team of six men and Tacoma, it is expected, will send about the same number. Arrangements are down to enter three men. What arrangements have been made by which the novice will have a chance to take away some of the richest prizes and on this account a larger number of shooters than usual will attend.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.

A HARD STRUGGLE.

On Saturday afternoon last at Oak Bay the Victoria Intermediate Rugby team and the High school organization met in a Rugby game. The score, which was 14 points to 5 in favor of the Victoria team, does not give a fair idea of the nature of play during the greater part of the game. During the first half the High school team had the advantage. The Victoria team, however, showed their mettle in the second half. The Victoria team decided upon a defensive game until the circumstances changed.

BASEBALL.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

The following officers were elected at a meeting of the Baseball Club held on Saturday: Honorary president, P. R. Brown; president, A. G. Sargison vice-president, T. B. McCabe; treasurer, F. R. Sargent; secretary, Charles Holmer; manager, A. C. Chislett; captain, C. Overall. Practice will commence next week.

HOCKEY.

STANLEY CUP GAMES.

Winnipeg, March 8.—The referee of the Montreal-Victoria (Winnipeg) series of games for the Stanley Cup next week will be W. Macfarlane, of this city. After due consideration, Mr. Macfarlane this morning decided to accept the position, to which he was appointed by the referee. The Montreal leave for Winnipeg tomorrow. THE MATCH AT VANCOUVER. The Vancouver News-Advertiser gives the following description of the hockey

HEART TROUBLES

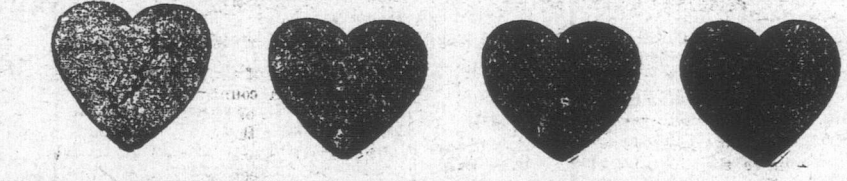
There are many forms of heart disease, some of which manifest themselves by symptoms which are misunderstood by the sufferer and ascribed to indigestion or some similar cause, when the heart is really affected. The slightest derangement of this important organ is extremely dangerous. If at times the action of the pulse is too rapid and the heart beats violently, resulting in a suffocating feeling, or, if the heart seems inclined to stop beating, the pulse becomes slow and you feel a faint, dizzy sensation, you should take the best course in the world, and that is to take

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills For Pale People.

You will find that the distressing symptoms promptly disappear and that the heart at all times acts normally.

Adelard Lavoie, St. Patome, Que., bears strong testimony to the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of heart trouble. He says:—"For nearly three years I was greatly troubled with a weak heart and in constant fear that my end would come at any time. I placed myself under the care of a good doctor but did not get the desired relief. In fact I grew worse; the least exertion would overcome me and finally I had to discontinue all work. While in this condition a neighbor advised me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I procured a supply. They simply worked wonders in my case, and when I had used six boxes I was enjoying the best of health. I have had no sign of the trouble since, and I cheerfully recommend these valuable pills to other sufferers."

Blood troubles of all kinds are also cured by these famous pills. If you suffer from headache, dizziness, languor, boils or skin diseases of any kind your blood is in an impure condition, and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are what you need. But you must get the genuine which always bears the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on every box. Sold by all dealers, or sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



The first point of the match was secured by A. Levy for the High school and was converted by the same player with a very neat and accurate kick, making the score in favor of the High school by 5 points. At half time, however, that score was the same. In the second half the intermediate team, having the wind behind them, soon evened the score. The first try for them was made by Powell, but was not converted. The kick was taken by W. Blackburne. The next try was made by N. Gowen and was not converted. The intermediate's third try was made by W. Blackburne, and was converted by T. Winsby with an excellent kick. W. Todd scored another try, but again the effort to convert resulted in failure.

For the intermediates W. Todd, E. Foote, N. Gowen, W. Newcombe, A. Newcombe, D. Willenar, J. B. Corbet, W. Blackburne, D. Kerfoot, L. Bell and A. Kay played well, while the following were most noticeable for the High school, Anderson, Gidley, Walker, Levy, Marchant, Wilson and S. Winsby. J. Cornwall gave satisfaction as referee. The High School Girls' Hockey Club entertained the boys at afternoon tea after the game.

ASSOCIATION FOOTBALL.

AN EVEN MATCH.

The Intermediate Association football match at Beacon Hill on Saturday between the Columbia and Victoria West aggregations was a fine struggle. After one hour and a half's play the whistle blew announcing time without a goal. The Victoria West team played well in the first half and took the opportunity to play an aggressive game. This tactic was unsuccessful, however, the Columbia defense held them back. The only thing that saved the Columbias from defeat in the second half was splendid play of Crocker, the custodian, who repeatedly saved the Victoria West goal. W. Williams and Okell, as usual, played well for Victoria West, while K. Hughes, B. Wilson and V. Wolfenden were most prominent for Columbias.

DISAPPOINTING GAME.

The senior league association football, which took place at the Caledonian park on Saturday afternoon between the Columbias and Garrison teams, resulted in victory for the Garrison aggregation, the result being 7 goals to 1. As the score indicates the game was completely in the Garrison's hands all through, the Columbias only once pushing their opponents hard enough to score.

BASEBALL.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

The following officers were elected at a meeting of the Baseball Club held on Saturday: Honorary president, P. R. Brown; president, A. G. Sargison vice-president, T. B. McCabe; treasurer, F. R. Sargent; secretary, Charles Holmer; manager, A. C. Chislett; captain, C. Overall. Practice will commence next week.

HEART TROUBLES

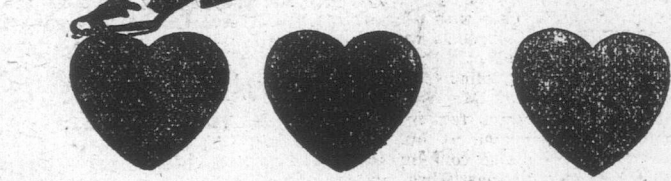
There are many forms of heart disease, some of which manifest themselves by symptoms which are misunderstood by the sufferer and ascribed to indigestion or some similar cause, when the heart is really affected. The slightest derangement of this important organ is extremely dangerous. If at times the action of the pulse is too rapid and the heart beats violently, resulting in a suffocating feeling, or, if the heart seems inclined to stop beating, the pulse becomes slow and you feel a faint, dizzy sensation, you should take the best course in the world, and that is to take

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills For Pale People.

You will find that the distressing symptoms promptly disappear and that the heart at all times acts normally.

Adelard Lavoie, St. Patome, Que., bears strong testimony to the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of heart trouble. He says:—"For nearly three years I was greatly troubled with a weak heart and in constant fear that my end would come at any time. I placed myself under the care of a good doctor but did not get the desired relief. In fact I grew worse; the least exertion would overcome me and finally I had to discontinue all work. While in this condition a neighbor advised me to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I procured a supply. They simply worked wonders in my case, and when I had used six boxes I was enjoying the best of health. I have had no sign of the trouble since, and I cheerfully recommend these valuable pills to other sufferers."

Blood troubles of all kinds are also cured by these famous pills. If you suffer from headache, dizziness, languor, boils or skin diseases of any kind your blood is in an impure condition, and Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are what you need. But you must get the genuine which always bears the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People" on every box. Sold by all dealers, or sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



putting, while Sears covered the 40 yards dash in 4 3/5 seconds.

THE RING.

FORFEIT POSTED.

Philadelphia, March 8.—Jack O'Brien today posted a \$500 forfeit to bind a match with Tommy Ryan for the middleweight championship of the world. O'Brien says he is ready to meet Ryan at any time before June 1st, or after the hot weather, before the club offering the largest purse. O'Brien says 158 pounds at the ringside is satisfactory to him.

MUSIC IN A BARBER'S SHOP.

If we go from the gentleman's parlor to the barber shop of the sixteenth century we find unmistakable evidences of the popularity of music. People would seem to have had more time in those days than now, and do not appear to have minded waiting as much as bricker moderns; and so the barber provided means to amuse those who were waiting their turn. For this purpose he had the originals in one corner, the virginal being a stringed instrument, the precursor of our piano, in which, by pressing keys like our piano keys, the strings were struck, not by a hammer as in our piano but by a quill, or elastic piece of wood, of leather, or of metal. A virginal of Elizabeth's time is still preserved in the South Kensington museum in England. —Lippincott's.

ASKS FOR INQUIRY.

Washington, March 8.—Representative Burleson, of Texas, to-day introduced in the House a resolution of inquiry calling upon the secretary of state for information as to whether he declined to request the British government to grant passports to Rev. Hiram A. Thomas and wife, who are alleged to have requested permission to go to South Africa for the purpose of distributing funds raised in the United States for the relief of non-combatant prisoners.

THE CURSE OF CANCER OF MODERN TIMES.

Reliable statistics recently published show that cancer is greatly on the increase not only in Europe but also in Canada. Medical men seem powerless to stem the terrible tide of mortality. Old-fashioned methods of treatment by surgical operation, caustic pastes or plasters while involving frightful suffering do not cure, as in nearly every instance the disease returns with severity. Internal medication is the only rational way to treat a disease of germ origin as cancer undoubtedly is.

A new constitutional remedy has been perfected by cancer specialists who have devoted years to the study of this disease. It supersedes all the old-fashioned methods, involves no pain nor danger, it cures cancer by killing the cancer germs and clearing the poisons they elaborate completely from the system. Messrs. Scott & Jure, Bowmansville, Ont., will be pleased to send full particulars of this new treatment to any one sending two stamps.

POLICE COMMISSIONERS AND GAMBLING.

To the Editor:—Every right thinking person in our city must be indignant at the action of the police commissioners at their meeting last night when they passed resolutions to authorize and instruct the chief of police to allow gambling to be carried on anywhere and everywhere in the city. While condemning the action of the majority of the commissioners, I do not think we need be alarmed, for the result, as gambling is an offence against the laws of the country and the criminal code of Canada defines very clearly how such offences are to be dealt with.

Any resolution authorizing an infringement of the criminal laws, whether passed by police commissioners or any other body, is altogether ultra vires, and not worth the paper it is written on, and if His Worship the Mayor, who so vigorously opposed the resolutions last night, will promptly exercise the authority vested in him by virtue of his office as chief magistrate of the city, and instruct the chief of police to strictly enforce the laws against gambling, as the resolution of the police commissioners is worthless, and if the chief acts upon such instructions they will be supported by nearly the whole community in their efforts to prevent the attempt to make Victoria a wide-open town with its thwarted as far as gambling is concerned how such mischief is done.

CHAS. E. REDFERN.

Victoria, March 8th.

FRISCO'S CARS.

Syndicate Secures Control of Principal Lines of City.

San Francisco, March 5.—Under the name of the United Railroads of San Francisco, syndicate which has obtained control of the principal car lines of this city has filed articles of incorporation with the county clerk. The capital is \$4,000,000. The incorporation is controlled in the East, the incorporators being George E. Starr, H. Whitfield, Wm. Abbott, George K. Ford and Charles P. Gale. The men are presumed to be acting for others. The enumeration of the properties includes the lines of the Market street, the San Mateo, the Sutter and the Sutter street systems. The only lines not included are those on California, Geary and Union streets.

AIRSHIP CONTEST.

Prize of Four Thousand Pounds Offered for Voyage from London to Birmingham.

London, March 8.—Through the Aero-naut club, C. A. Pearson, the publisher, has offered Santos Dumont a prize of £4,000 for an airship voyage from London to Birmingham. No time limit is fixed. The distance is 100 miles. This will be the greatest feat Santos Dumont has yet attempted. By consent of Santos Dumont the competition is open to all aeronauts.

So late as the middle ages cats were comparatively scarce in Europe, and were so highly prized that any person who killed one was obliged to pay a fine. This penalty sometimes was required to be paid in the shape of a life of what big eunuchs covered the state animal when it was held vertically by the tip of its tail, the nose touching the ground.

IMMIGRANTS ARE ARRIVING FAST

OVER THREE HUNDRED AT WINNIPEG TO-DAY

Delegates Sent to Select Country For Settlers—Man Frozen to Death Near Peterboro.

Winnipeg, March 7.—To-day's train from the East was again to two sections. The first had two hundred immigrants on board, the majority being Europeans. The second section had 125 Eastern home seekers. The stream of immigration is likely to continue with renewed force. Sixty men who arrived from the south yesterday were practically all delegates as well as intending settlers. They reported over 1,000 persons who are waiting for their report as to which is the best place to locate. They say that immigrants are going in via the Soo road in great numbers.

Post-Mortem.

St. Thomas, Ont., March 7.—The post-mortem examination on the body of David Valentia, who was frozen to death near Peterboro some days ago, and whose death was considered suspicious, was held here yesterday. The doctor found he was not fully dead with.

Father Ryan Ill.

Toronto, March 7.—Rev. Father Ryan, dean of St. Michael's church, is critically ill.

Doctor's Sudden Death.

Dr. George S. Jackson died suddenly to-day. He made his usual calls this morning and shortly after reaching home was stricken with apoplexy.

Amalgamation.

It was reported to-day that amalgamation had been arranged between the Toronto Light company and the Canadian General Electric and Toronto Street Railway company.

Girl's Suicide.

St. Mary's, March 7.—Miss C. E. Fernan, the 18-year-old daughter of Jos. H. Fernan, asked her father for the use of a horse for a couple of days. The father refused and the girl, much disappointed, told her mother she would poison herself. The threat was not taken seriously. The girl went upstairs, barricaded a door by placing a bed against it and took strychnine mixed with apple sauce. Her screams called the household to her. The door was forced and medical assistance summoned, but the girl died before it reached her.

Bureau of Mines.

Montreal, March 7.—It is learned on good authority that the Dominion government has decided to meet the request of the Canadian Mining Institute and establish a bureau of mines. Prof. Hennell, at one time in the employ of the Ontario government, and who has been living in the United States for some time, will have charge.

Union Label.

The city council some time ago passed a resolution that all city printing should bear the union label. The city attorney to-day reported the provision was illegal.

Committed For Trial.

Winnipeg, March 7.—As the outcome of a dispute over a horse deal, Neil Morrison, of Strathclair, was accused by a farmer of the Canadian Mining Institute, with the intention of poisoning him. The case was heard before Magistrate Wilson and the accused was committed to Brandon for trial, but was released on bail.

Visitors Entertained.

At a meeting of the Western Canada Press Association held in the city to-day, H. C. Clay, of Rapid City, was appointed president. The visiting editors were banqueted by city newspaper men to-night.

Grand Orange Lodge.

The Grand Orange lodge adjourned to-day. The regular celebration will be held in Winnipeg.

SCHOONER BURNED.

San Domingo, March 8.—It is reported here that the British schooner Cavalier, ashore on the south coast, has been burned by natives with the intention of plundering her.

When the Harmonides arrived here her decks were crowded with half-clad passengers. The Harmonides crashed and haggard faces told the story of their trying experiences. So hurried was the departure of the passengers from the sinking ship that in some cases they were only covered by blankets, and handkerchiefs were their only headgear.

When the disaster occurred on Wednesday night the two vessels were steaming slowly off the coast of the island of Anglesmo. The Harmonides crashed head on into the Waesland, and backed away, but once again struck the then sinking ship, making a great gap in her side. The Waesland was perfectly smooth, but the density of the fog added to the terrors of the passengers of the Waesland. The women rushed on deck screaming, but were soon reassured by the officers. The boats were quickly lowered, but while this was being done the end of one of the lifeboats slipped from its davit and precipitated the occupants into the sea. A steerage passenger, Ed. Duzorof, of Kansas, struck his head against the boat's fittings and was instantly killed, and Elsie Emmett, 12 years old, daughter of the Rev. A. Emmett, was drowned. The other persons who had been in the boat were picked up.

The behavior of the passengers, many of whom were Scandinavian emigrants, was exemplary. Precedence was given to the women and children.

PLEASED WITH RECEPTION.

Kaiser's Brother on His Visit to the United States.

New York, March 7.—Through Captain von Mueller, his aide, Prince Henry, to-night made a statement as to his tour. Captain von Mueller said: "His Royal Highness is very much pleased by his trip into the interior of the United States. He is fully aware of the fact that he has had only a superficial glimpse of a very small portion of the United States and that he might perhaps have used his time to greater advantage had he remained in one of the larger cities of the East. But he is convinced, nevertheless, considering the character of his mission, that the trip was the right thing for him to do. In making it he has obtained a very fair idea of the vastness of the country and its resources, and the great commercial centres of the East alone could not have given him. But more than this impression, he values the hearty welcome which he met in all the places he went through."

THE POPE'S JUBILEE.

His Holiness Receives Envoys Sent to Congratulate Him.

Rome, March 6.—The Pope to-day received a number of extraordinary missions sent to congratulate him on his jubilee. They all brought costly gifts and autograph letters from the heads of the states they represented. Emperor William sent a porcelain clock. His Holiness, in thanking the German envoy, referred to the friendship existing between Germany and the Vatican, and said he congratulated himself on the good relations existing between Emperor William and his Catholic subjects.

WANTED NINE-HOUR DAY.

The Strike in San Francisco Iron Works Came to Formal End Yesterday.

San Francisco, March 5.—The strike of the iron workers of this city, which began on May 1st of last year to enforce a demand for a nine-hour day, came to a formal end to-day. Two-thirds of the unions composing the Iron Trades Council have acted upon a recommendation made by that body advising that the strike be prosecuted no longer, and have allowed their members to return to work.

EXCLUSION OF CHINESE.

Washington, March 5.—Representative Kahn, who introduced the Chinese exclusion bill in the House, has received a dispatch from Canada saying the special committee of the Dominion has just submitted its report and that it takes a position similar to that taken by the government to regard exclusion from the United States. As many Chinese come to the United States by way of Canada, Mr. Kahn regards the action of the Canadian government as having an important bearing on the exclusion subject in the United States.

CHANGED HER MIND.

London, March 6.—Two announcements in the same column of the newspapers here to-day are causing considerable comment. One reads: "The marriage arranged between Mr. George Chas. Montague, M. P., and Miss Orestes, will not occur." The second says: "Lord Alfred Douglas was married to Miss Olive Custance on Tuesday at St. George's church, Hanover Square. The marriage was extremely quiet. Lady Edith Fox-Pitt, daughter of the late Marquis of Queensbury and sister of the bridegroom, witnessed the ceremony. The bride is the daughter of Col. Custance, late of the Grenadier guards."

LOSS OF THE WAESLAND.

Sank Half-an-Hour After Collision—Coolness of Officers Averted Panic.

Liverpool, March 7.—The British steamer Harmonides, from Brazilian ports, which was in collision with and sank the steamer Waesland on Wednesday night about 40 miles southwest of Holyhead, and which was towed to this port early this morning, has a great hole in her bows.

One of the rescued passengers of the Waesland, who was on board the Waesland, said the Waesland was run into amidships in a fog at midnight, and sank half an hour afterwards, her boilers bursting as she went down. The report says only two of the passengers of the Waesland, a man and a child, lost their lives, appears to be confirmed. In addition, one woman was injured. Some of the Waesland's boats were in the water a couple of hours before owing to the fog they could not get alongside the Harmonides.

When the Harmonides arrived here her decks were crowded with half-clad passengers. The Harmonides crashed and haggard faces told the story of their trying experiences. So hurried was the departure of the passengers from the sinking ship that in some cases they were only covered by blankets, and handkerchiefs were their only headgear.

When the disaster occurred on Wednesday night the two vessels were steaming slowly off the coast of the island of Anglesmo. The Harmonides crashed head on into the Waesland, and backed away, but once again struck the then sinking ship, making a great gap in her side. The Waesland was perfectly smooth, but the density of the fog added to the terrors of the passengers of the Waesland. The women rushed on deck screaming, but were soon reassured by the officers. The boats were quickly lowered, but while this was being done the end of one of the lifeboats slipped from its davit and precipitated the occupants into the sea. A steerage passenger, Ed. Duzorof, of Kansas, struck his head against the boat's fittings and was instantly killed, and Elsie Emmett, 12 years old, daughter of the Rev. A. Emmett, was drowned. The other persons who had been in the boat were picked up.

The behavior of the passengers, many of whom were Scandinavian emigrants, was exemplary. Precedence was given to the women and children.

PLEASED WITH RECEPTION.

Kaiser's Brother on His Visit to the United States.

New York, March 7.—Through Captain von Mueller, his aide, Prince Henry, to-night made a statement as to his tour. Captain von Mueller said: "His Royal Highness is very much pleased by his trip into the interior of the United States. He is fully aware of the fact that he has had only a superficial glimpse of a very small portion of the United States and that he might perhaps have used his time to greater advantage had he remained in one of the larger cities of the East. But he is convinced, nevertheless, considering the character of his mission, that the trip was the right thing for him to do. In making it he has obtained a very fair idea of the vastness of the country and its resources, and the great commercial centres of the East alone could not have given him. But more than this impression, he values the hearty welcome which he met in all the places he went through."

WILL RECOVER HIS GOLD IN SIBERIA

ISLAND PROSPECTOR HAS REQUIRED PERMIT

Found a Rich Vein Four Years Ago But Was Forced to Abandon It.

When the steamer Queen City arrived at the West Coast a few days ago she brought news from Winter Harbor, Quatsino Sound, of a little mining excitement among the miners in that part of the country over an expedition soon to leave this city for Siberia. A large number of those now residing at Winter Harbor are anxious to join in the venture and might be found going there if not for the very important fact that in Siberia mining operations are not allowed to enter the country indiscriminately, and after a more complete survey of the regulations which govern the mining industry in that country, it is understood that a permit for such operations has to be procured and this requires much influence and time. Occasionally, however, the shores of the Pacific are invaded, and once in a great while the invader or invaders escapes with a good haul.

Samuel Price, a prospector of Winter Harbor, was one of these, although owing to the vigilance of the Cossack guards in the country he was not allowed to enter the country indiscriminately, and after a more complete survey of the regulations which govern the mining industry in that country, it is understood that a permit for such operations has to be procured and this requires much influence and time. Occasionally, however, the shores of the Pacific are invaded, and once in a great while the invader or invaders escapes with a good haul.

Samuel Price, a prospector of Winter Harbor, was one of these, although owing to the vigilance of the Cossack guards in the country he was not allowed to enter the country indiscriminately, and after a more complete survey of the regulations which govern the mining industry in that country, it is understood that a permit for such operations has to be procured and this requires much influence and time. Occasionally, however, the shores of the Pacific are invaded, and once in a great while the invader or invaders escapes with a good haul.

PHILIPPINE SITUATION.

Official Account of Recent Operations in Laguna.

Washington, March 6.—Governor Tatt has received the following cable dispatch from Acting Governor Wright, of the Philippines, in response to an inquiry as to the recent reported military reverses.

"The facts are: 'The operations in Laguna drove a band of insurgents in the Morong, about twenty-five miles from Manila, in a line. Small bands of ladrones, driven from Cavite by the constabulary, joined them. Twenty-five of the constabulary, under a native sergeant, attacked them, but on account of having only fifteen rounds of ammunition each, soon exhausted it and were forced to retire without loss.

Assistant Chief Adkinson, of the constabulary, with reinforcements, immediately took charge and drove the band, with loss to the latter, into Laguna. The inhabitants of Rizal province have been giving information and assisting as much as possible. Florio, governor of the province, with municipal police, joining in the pursuit. There are now 900 arms in the hands of insurgents and ladrones in the entire Luzon island to-day. This number is reduced daily by surrenders, captures or destruction of arms. The aid of Trias, governor of Cavite, and native police, during the last two weeks, have routed ladrones bands existing in Cavite for many years, capturing and receiving by surrender over 100 arms. The situation was never so good since American occupation, and is very encouraging, notwithstanding the persistent attempts to create a contrary impression."

Governor Tatt presented the dispatch to the house insular committee to-day when a question on the reverses came up.

SUNDAY CONCERTS.

The King Will Attend Opening Performance at the Queen's Hall.

London, March 8.—While Dr. Parker, minister of the City Temple, is scoring King Edward for attending a Sunday concert, the King has already intimated the desire of the Queen and himself to attend the opening performance of one of the most elaborate social-musical events London has known for some time. This is a scheme for a season of private subscription concerts, beginning at 10 p. m. Sundays at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and partner in the firm of H. M. Rothschild & Sons, whose private Sunday concert has long been a feature of social life, has consented to associate himself with the new venture, and Princess Louise (the Duchess of Argyll) has also consented to associate herself with the venture. It is expected that the concert will be given at the Queen's Hall, which will be fitted up with lounges and easy chairs and converted into a palm garden. The subscriptions are limited to 150 members, each being permitted to take a restricted number of guests. Alfred Charles de Rothschild, the Austro-Hungarian consul-general here, and